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A

NEW ABRIDGMENT

OF

AINSWORTH'S DICTIONARY,

ENGLISH AND LATIN,

FOR

THE USE OF GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

INTO THIS EDITION ARE INTRODUCED

SEVERAL ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE SPECIAL PURPOSE OF
FACILITATING THE LABOUR AND INCREASING THE KNOWLEDGE
OF THE YOUNG SCHOLAR.

BY JOHN DYMCK, LL.D.

NEW AMERICAN EDITION, WITH CORRECTIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS,

BY CHARLES ANTHON,

JAY-PROFESSOR OF LANGUAGES IN COLUMBIA COLLEGE, NEW YORK.
AND Rector of the GRAMMAR-SCHOOL

PHILADELPHIA:

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PREFACE

TO THE GLASGOW EDITION.

Of this new Abridgment of Ainsworth's Dictionary, it will not be necessary to give any very lengthened or detailed account. The plan was suggested by the Proprietor, who considered, that, if he furnished the Tyros in Latin with all that was required for them in a convenient form and at little more than one half the usual price, he would do a service to the community. With this view, he has spared no expense, and the Editor has exerted his best efforts, that the Work may be both complete and accurate.

In the English and Latin part, the Editor was to retain the best Latin words and expressions; but to exclude all which he might judge superfluous or inappropriate. At first sight, the last appeared easy, but was found often difficult. It frequently required much consideration before a choice could be made of the words to be retained, and those that would fall to be blotted out. In several instances, many suitable words or expressions were added, for which the Editor is, of course, responsible. The Abridgment formed an essential part of the plan, yet it was not intended to suppress any thing which, to the young scholar, was of importance. Studying particularly the interest of the latter, and trusting to the liberality of the Proprietor, the Editor has allowed this part of the Work to remain considerably more extended than we either wished or anticipated.

With respect to the Second Part, nothing was expected from the Editor except removing all the Latin examples. To accomplish that, little time or mental exertion seemed necessary. As he proceeded, the duty required deeper thought and more anxious consideration, than would have been previously imagined. Of the explanations, many were nearly synonymous, others did not depend on the proper meaning of the word under discussion, but on the other terms with which it was conjoined in a particular sentence. To change such translations, and to adhere as closely as possible to the original meaning, was judged a benefit to the young student. Too many senses given to one word often bewilders the untutored mind, particularly at first, and with boys of slow capacity. Perhaps the Editor might without injury to the Work have carried retrenchment in this respect still further, had the original design permitted.

In the inflections of verbs, especially those of the first conjugation, every classical scholar knows, that Ainsworth varied his mode as the work proceeded. Towards the beginning, he gives only the first and second persons singular of the present of the indicative active, leaving the scholar to infer that the verb is regular, a supposition which, in some instances, would lead to mistake, yet no blame can attach to him. The fault lies with the lexicographer. As the Author advances, he frequently gives the first person singular of the present of the indicative, and the present of the infinitive. It may be added, that in the passive voice, he sometimes has only the first person singular of the present of the indicative, in others the present of the infinitive is likewise given, and not unfrequently the perfect participle. To obviate these difficulties, extremely perplexing to the weak mind, all the verbs are

fully conjugated. From his own experience, the Editor knows it will save much labour both to Teacher and Scholar. To adjectives which are irregular in declension, the genitives are almost uniformly subjoined. Adverbs are frequently compared, and their roots inserted; the same method has been followed with adjectives, unless when they fell under general rules. Several other alterations have been introduced for the sake of the young Latin scholar, which the Editor hopes will meet the approbation of the candid and impartial judge.

Of the other improvements, whether from supplying omissions or correcting inaccuracies, some perhaps original, or the effect of careless printing, the Editor shall say nothing. What to the advanced scholar may appear trivial, to beginners may be of important advantage, by quickly solving a difficulty, or superseding tedious and sometimes fruitless research, exceeding the power of their intellect.

Considering the smallness of the Volume and nature of the Work, some may be of opinion that greater detail has been given than propriety demanded. The Editor has only to add, that, for the sake of the learner, he has neglected nothing which accurate and complete information, or readiness of consultation appeared to acquire.

From the great reduction in size, the public may be apt to suppose that there has been not only an abridgment of the articles, but a diminution of their number. On examination, the reverse will be found to be the case; for several additional articles have been inserted, which will not be found in former Editions, but were deemed necessary to complete the intention of the Editor.

J D.

Glasgow, 1st January, 1830.

NOTE

BY

THE AMERICAN EDITOR.

The object and plan of the present work are so fully developed in the preceding preface, as to render any farther remarks in relation to them quite unnecessary. It was believed by the American publishers, that this dictionary would be an acceptable present to the young scholars of our country, and would supply a deficiency which had long been felt. In order, however, to render the volume as useful as possible, various additions have been made. The Roman calendar, and several tables have been prefixed to the English-Latin part; and at the end of this portion of the work will be found some remarks on the Latinization of Proper Names. Observations on synonymes, &c. are interspersed throughout the second part of the volume, and are marked by brackets. A dictionary of Proper Names is also added, with corrections and improvements, from the work of Dr. Niblock. In this last division, the object of the editor has been, as will readily be perceived, to blend conciseness with accuracy, and to furnish the young student with an outline which so ever studies on his part should one day fill up.

Col. Coll., N. Y. }
January 18, 1831. }

Roman measure of Length reduced to

										Eng. paces.	ft.	inch.	dec.
Digitus transversus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	725 $\frac{1}{2}$
1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Uncia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	967
4 3	Palms minor	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	2	901
16 12	4 Pes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	11	604
24 15	5 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Palmipes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	2	503
24 18	6 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 $\frac{1}{3}$ Cubitus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	5	408
40 30	10 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 1 $\frac{2}{3}$ Gradus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	2	5	01
80 60	20 5 4 3 $\frac{1}{3}$ 2 Passus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	4	10	02
10,000 7,500	2,500 625 500 416 $\frac{2}{3}$ 250 125	Stadium	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	120	4	4	5
50,000 60,000	20,000 5,000 4,000 3,333 $\frac{1}{3}$ 2,000 1,000 8	Milliare	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	967	0	0	0

The Roman square measure was the Jugerum, which, like their libra and their as, was divided into 12 parts, called uncia; as the following table shows:

	As or	Uncia.	Sq. ft.	Scrup.	Eng. rds.	Sq. pls.	Sq. ft.	dec.
11	As or	12	28,800	288	2	15	280	05
11	Denix	11	25,400	254	2	10	183	85
11	Dextans	10	21,600	216	2	2	117	64
11	Dodrans	9	21,600	216	1	34	51	42
11	Bes	8	19,200	192	1	25	257	46
11	Septunx	7	16,800	168	1	17	191	25
11	Semis	6	14,400	144	1	9	125	03
11	Quincunx	5	12,000	120	1	1	58	82
11	Triens	4	9,600	96	0	32	264	85
11	Quadrans	3	7,200	72	0	24	198	64
11	Sextans	2	4,800	48	0	16	132	43
11	Uncia	1	2,400	24	0	8	66	21

N. B. The actus major was 14,400 square feet, equal to a semis. The clima was 3,600 square feet, equal to a semuncia, or an uncia and a half, and the actus minimus was equal to a sextans.

The Roman as or ses was so called, because it was made of brass.

Roman Measure of Capacity, for things Liquid, reduced to English Wine Measure.

									gals.	pts.	sol.	ln.	dec.
1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	0	117	5
4	Cyllus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	0	469	2
6	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Acetabulum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	0	704	1
12	3 2 Quartarius	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	1	409	
21	6 4 2 Hemina	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	2	818	
43	12 8 4 2 Sextarius	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	5	633	
248	72 48 24 12 6 Congius	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	7	4	912	
1,132	243 192 96 43 24 4 Urna	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	5	33	
2,304	576 344 192 93 43 8 2 Amphora	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	10	66	
46,080	11,520 7,360 3,840 1,920 960 480 240 2 Culeus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	143	3	11	093	

N. B. The quadrantal is the same as the amphōra. The cadus, congiarius, and dolium, denote no certain measure. The Romans divided the sextarius, like the libra, into 12 equal parts, called cyāthi, and therefore their calices were called sextantes, quadrantes, trientes, &c. according to the number of cyāthi which they contained.

Roman Measure of Capacity, for things Dry, reduced to English Corn Measure.

								pcks.	gals.	pts.	sol. in.	dec
Ligūla	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{8}$	0	01
4	Cyāthus	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	$\frac{1}{12}$	0	04
6	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Acetabūlum	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	06
24	6	4	Hemina	—	—	—	—	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	24
48	12	8	2	Sextarius	—	—	—	0	0	1	0	48
384	96	64	16	8	Semimodius	—	—	0	1	0	3	84
768	192	128	32	16	2	Modius	—	1	0	0	7	68

The most ancient Grecian Weights reduced to English Troy Weight.

								lbs.	ozs.	dwt.	grs.
Drachma	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	2	$14\frac{2}{3}$
100	Mina	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	0	$44\frac{4}{9}$
6,000	60	Talentum	—	—	—	—	—	65	0	12	$54\frac{3}{4}$

Less ancient Grecian and Roman Weights reduced to English Troy Weight.

								lbs.	ozs.	dwt.	grs.
Leve	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	$11\frac{5}{12}$
4	Siliqua	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	$3\frac{1}{8}$
12	3	Obolus	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	$9\frac{3}{8}$
24	6	2	Scriptulum	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	$13\frac{3}{4}$
72	18	6	3	Drachma	—	—	—	0	0	2	$6\frac{9}{16}$
96	24	8	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Sextula	—	—	0	0	3	$6\frac{7}{8}$
144	36	12	6	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Scilleus	—	0	0	4	$13\frac{7}{8}$
192	48	16	8	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Duella	—	0	6	$15\frac{7}{8}$
576	144	48	24	8	6	4	3	Uncia	—	13	$5\frac{1}{2}$
5,712	1,728	576	288	96	72	48	36	12	Libra	16	$13\frac{5}{8}$

N. B. The Roman Ounce is the English Avoirdupois ounce, which was divided into 7 denarii and 3 drachmæ, and, as they reckoned the denarius equal to an Attic drachma, the Attic weights were one eighth heavier than the correspondent weights among the Romans.

The Greeks divided their obolus into chalci and leptæ or minūta, some into 6 chalci, and every chalcus into 7 leptæ, but others divided it into 8 chalci, and each chalcus into 8 leptæ.

TABLE.*

	Martius. Maius. Julius. October.	Januarius. Augustus. December.	Aprilis. Junius. September. November.	Februarius.
1	Kalendæ.†	Kalendæ.	Kalendæ.	Kalendæ.
2	6 ^o Nonas.	4 ^o Nonas.	4 ^o Nonas.	4 ^o Nonas.
3	5 Nonas.	3 Nonas.	3 Nonas.	3 Nonas.
4	4 Nonas.	Pridie Nonas.	Pridie Nonas.	Pridie Nonas.
5	3 Nonas.	Nonæ.	Nonæ.	Nonæ.
6	Pridie Nonas.	8 ^o Idus.	8 ^o Idus.	8 ^o Idus.
7	Nonæ.	7 Idus.	7 Idus.	7 Idus.
8	8 ^o Idus.	6 Idus.	6 Idus.	6 Idus.
9	7 Idus.	5 Idus.	5 Idus.	5 Idus.
10	6 Idus.	4 Idus.	4 Idus.	4 Idus.
11	5 Idus.	3 Idus.	3 Idus.	3 Idus.
12	4 Idus.	Pridie Idus.	Pridie Idus.	Pridie Idus.
13	3 Idus.	Idus.	Idus.	Idus.
14	Pridie Idus.	19 ^o Kalendas.	18 ^o Kalendas.	19 ^o Kalendas.
15	Idus.	18 Kal.	17 Kal.	15 Kal.
16	17 ^o Kalendas.	17 Kal.	16 Kal.	14 Kal.
17	16 Kal.	16 Kal.	15 Kal.	13 Kal.
18	15 Kal.	15 Kal.	14 Kal.	12 Kal.
19	14 Kal.	14 Kal.	13 Kal.	11 Kal.
20	13 Kal.	13 Kal.	12 Kal.	10 Kal.
21	12 Kal.	12 Kal.	11 Kal.	9 Kal.
22	11 Kal.	11 Kal.	10 Kal.	8 Kal.
23	10 Kal.	10 Kal.	9 Kal.	7 Kal.
24	9 Kal.	9 Kal.	8 Kal.	6 Kal.‡
25	8 Kal.	8 Kal.	7 Kal.	5 Kal.
26	7 Kal.	7 Kal.	6 Kal.	4 Kal.
27	6 Kal.	6 Kal.	5 Kal.	3 Kal.
28	5 Kal.	5 Kal.	4 Kal.	Pridie Kalendas.
29	4 Kal.	4 Kal.	3 Kal.	
30	3 Kal.	3 Kal.	Pridie Kalendas.	
31	Pridie Kalendas.	Pridie Kalendas.		

* The Romans divided their months into three parts by *Kalends*, *Nones*, and *Ides*. The *Kalends* were so termed from an obsolete verb *calare*, to call over, and were on the first day of moon or month; for Romulus began his months on the first day of the moon. On this day, one of the chief priests used to assemble the people in the capitol, and proclaim or call out to them, that a new moon, naming at the same time the number of days between the *Kalends* and the *Nones*. This was done because it behoved the people, who lived in the country, to assemble in the city on the *Nones* of every month, in order to be informed by the *Rex Sacrorum* of the feasts and holidays; and to learn in general, what they had to do in regard to sacred matters, during that month. The *Nones* were so called, because, counting inclusively, there were nine days between them and the *Ides*. In March, May, July, and October, the *Nones* fell on the 7th, but in the other months on the 5th. The *Ides* were so called from the obsolete verb *idare*, to divide, because they divided some, and nearly divided others, of the months. In March, May, July, and October, the *Ides* fell on the 15th, in the other months on the 13th. It is to be observed, that the Romans in computing their time, always included the day from which, and also the day to which, they reckoned; thus they called the 1st of January, *Kalendæ*; the 31st of December *pridie Kalendas* (or *Kalendarum*;) the 30th, not *secundo*, but *tertio* (ante) *Kalendas*.

† In reckoning the days of their months, the Romans counted backwards. Thus, the first day of the month was, *Kalendis* or *Ipsis Kalendis*, and the name of the month either follows as a noun in the genitive singular, or else as a plural adjective agreeing with *Kalendis*. The 2d of the month is so many days before the *Nones*; and after the *Nones*, each day is so much before the *Ides*. After leaving the *Ides*, each day is so much before the *Kalends* of the next month.

‡ Every leap-year, (called in Latin *Bissextilis*;) in which February has 29 days, both the 24th and 25th days of that month are written, *Sexto* (ante) *Kalendas Martias*. Hence the name *Bissextilis*, i.e. *Bis sexto Kalendas Martias*.

ROMAN COINS REDUCED TO FEDERAL MONEY.

BRASS.

								dols. cts.	
1 $\frac{1}{2}$	A Quadrans† or Teruncius, is equal to	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	60,35 of a cent.
1 $\frac{1}{3}$	A Triens	-	-	-	-	-	-	.47	"
2 $\frac{1}{2}$	A Semissis, or Semi-as	-	-	-	-	-	-	.71	"
	An as or as	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.43	"

SILVER.‡

2	A Teruncius, is equal to	-	-	-	-	-	-	.35	of a cent.
2 $\frac{1}{2}$	A Sumbella	-	-	-	-	-	-	.71	"
2 $\frac{1}{2}$	A Libella	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.43	"
2 $\frac{1}{2}$	A Sestertius§	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.57	"
2	A Quinarius	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.17	"
2	A Denarius	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.35	"

GOLD.

1	An Aureus	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 53.79	of a cent.
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GREEK COINS MENTIONED BY ROMAN AUTHORS.

6	An Obolus, is equal to	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.39	of a cent.
4	A Drachma	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.35	"
25	A Tetradrachma, or-um	-	-	-	-	-	-	57.40	"
	according to Livy,	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.05	"
60	A Mina	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 85,13	"
	A Talentum	-	-	-	-	-	-	861 11 $\frac{1}{9}$	"

* These numbers show how many of each denomination it takes to make one of the next following

† Quadrans signifies a quarter of an as; triens, a third; teruncius, three uncia of brass, (12 of which made an as,) or a silver coin of that value; libella, a diminutive of libra, being equivalent to the as, which originally weighed a pound; sembella, semi-libella: sestertius, three asses and a half, from semis tertius, i. e. the first an as, the second an as, the third a half as; quinarius, five asses, called also Victoriaus, from the image of Victory, its usual device; denarius, ten asses.

‡ The silver is reckoned at one dollar, eleven cents, and one ninth of a cent, an ounce; and the gold at seventeen dollars, seventy seven cents, and seven ninth of a cent, an ounce.

§ Marked L.L.S. (i. e. *Libra, Libra, Semis*, a pound, a pound, a half-pound, or two pounds and a half,) or 11S, which is commonly written 11S. The Romans usually computed sums of money by sestertii, or sestertia. Sestertium is the name of a sum, not of a coin. When a numeral adjective is joined with sestertii, it means just so many sesterces; thus decem sestertii=10 sesterces; but when it is joined with sestertia, it means so many thousand sestertii; thus, decem sestertia=10,000 sesterces. If a numeral adjective of another case is joined with the genitive plural, it denotes so many thousand; as decem sestertium=10,000 sestertii. If a numeral adverb is joined, it denotes so many hundred thousand; as decies sestertium=ten hundred thousand sestertii. If the numeral adverb stands by itself, the signification is the same.

AINSWORTH'S

ENGLISH-LATIN DICTIONARY.

ABH

Ab or *an*, before a vowel, is an article prefixed to nouns, and used in a vague sense to point out one single thing of the kind; in other respects it is indeterminate; nor is it otherwise expressed in Latin than by the singular number of the noun or adjective; as *a dog*, *canis*; *an eagle*, *aquila*; *a man*, *homo*.

Abast [eds.] *a tergo*, *a puppi*, *poppin* verus.

To abandon, derelinquere, deserre, destituere.

Abandoned, flagitiosus, infamis. *Abandonment*, derelictio, destitutio.

To abase, deicere, deprimere.

Abasement or *abasing*, dejectio.

To abash, roborem alicui incutere, confundere, consternare.

To abate [act.] detrahere, demere, minuire; [neut.] decrecere, languescere, quiescere, minui, declinare.

Abatement, detractio, diminutio.

To abbreviate, contrahere, in compendium redigere.

Abbreviation, constructio, compendium.

Abreviator, qui contrahit v. in compendium redigit.

To abdicate, abdicare, depone.

Abdication, abdicatio, alienatio.

To abet [aid or maintain] adjuvare, favere, sustinere; alicujus partes tueri; concitare, instigare.

The act of abetting, instigatio.

An abettor, factor, suador, impulsor.

To abhor, abominari, aversari, detestari, abhorrere, execrari, fastidiere, odi, defect.

Abhorrence, abhorrence, execratio, detestatio; odium.

Abhorrent, abhorrens.

ABO

To abide [continue] morari, manere. [Dwell] habitare, residere. [Last] durare.

Not to abide [endure or suffer] ægre ferre, pati. [Hate] abominari, odi, defect. odio habere.

To abide in, inhærere. *An opinion*, perseverare v. persistere in sententiâ suâ.

Abject, vilis, sordidus.

Abjectly, abjecte, humiliter, demisse.

Ability [power] facultas, potentia. [Riches] divitiæ, facultates, census. [Strength] robur, vires, pl.

Abilities [skill] peritia, scientia.

Abjuration, abdicatio, ejuratio.

To abjure [swear] abjurare. [Renounce] renuntiare, inficari.

The ablative case, sextus v. Latinus casus.

Able [fit] idoneus, potens. [Skilled] peritus. [Strong] robustus. [Wealthy] dives, opulentus.

To be able, posse, quire, valere, pollere, eualere.

To be very able, præpollere, prævalere.

To be aboard, in nave esse v. versari.

To go aboard, navem conscendere.

Abode [dwelling-place] habitatio, sedes.

Abode [tarrying] commoratio.

To abolish [abrogate] abolere, antiquare. [Destroy] perdere. [Raze out] delere.

Abolition, abolitio, abrogatio, dissolutio.

Abominable, abominandus, detestabilis, execrabilis, nefarius.

Abominably, odiose, turpiter.

To abominate, abominari, abhorre, detestari, fugere.

ABO

Abomination, detestatio, odium. *Abortion*, abortio, abortus.

Abortive, abortivus, frustra conceptus, frustratus.

An abortive [s.] infans immaturus, imperfectus, offa.

An abortive design, negotium infelicitur susceptum.

Abortively, parum prosperè.

Above, super, supra.

Above [in place or honour] major, prior, præstantior, superior.

Above [more or longer than] plus, amplius, magis, quam.

Above [beyond or more than ante, præter, ultra, super, ex.

Above all [more especially] præsertim, potissimum, ante omnes v. omnia.

Above [upwards] sursum.

From above, desuper, superne.

Over and above, extra, insuper.

Above mentioned, supra roemc ratur v. dictus.

To be above [appear higher extare. [Excel] eminere, præ stare, superare, superior eva dère.

To get above [surpass] antecedere.

To abound with, abundare, scater, exuberare. [Be superfluous] superesse, redundare.

About, may be rendered when applied to time or place, by ad; circa, circum; circiter.

To be about [employed in] in aliquâ re laborare, occupari.

versari; [ready to do] is generally rendered by the future in -rus. *The history we are about to write*, historia quam scripturi sumus.

To go about [attempt] aggredi, tentare, accingere se ad aliquid agendum. [Walk round] obambulare, perambulare.

To lie about [be dispersed] dis-

pergi. [*Be near the borders of*] circumjacere, adjacere.
Round about, circumcirca, circumquaque, in gym.
Abreast, æquâ fronte.
To abridge [deprive of] privare, orbare, spoliare. [*Shorten*] contrahere, decurtare, brevare, compendium facere, in compendium redigere.
An abridgment, compendium, epitome, synopsis.
To set abroad, or *tap,* vas terebrare, relinere.
Abroad [without doors] foris, in publico, sub dio. [*From within*] foras. [*In or from foreign parts*] peregre.
To come abroad, ex ædibus egredi, domo prodire, e foribus excedere.
To disperse abroad, dispergere.
To publish abroad, divulgare, evulgare.
To abrogate, abrogare, abolere, antiquare, rescindere.
Abrogation, abolitio, abrogatio, abdicatio.
Abrupt, abruptus, præruptus.
Abruptly, abrupte, prærupte, raptim.
Abruptness or abruption, abruptio.
Abscess, abscessus.
To abscond, delitescere, aufugere.
Absence, absentia. [*Or want of a thing*] desiderium.
Absent, absens.
To be absent, abesse, deesse.
To absent himself, abdere se, non comparere.
To absolve [acquit] absolvere, liberare, a pœnâ eximere.
Absolution, absolutio, liberatio.
Absolutely, absolute, prorsus.
Absoluteness of condition, vid. *Independency.* In government, dominatio.
To absorb, absorbere.
To abstain, abstinere, sibi temperare, a se rejicere.
Abstemious, abstemius, sobrius, temperatus.
Abstemiously, sobrie, temperate.
Abstemiousness, abstinentia, temperantia; sobrietas.
Abstergent or abstersive, abstergens, detergens.
Abstinance, abstinentia, continentia, temperantia.
Abstinent, abstineus, continens.
An abstract, vid. *Abridgment.*
Villany in the abstract, summum scelus.
To abstract, contrahere, vid. *Abridge.* [*Separate*] abstrahere, separare.
Abstractedly or abstractly, separatim v. per se consideratus.
Abtruse, abdus, abstrusus, occultus, reconditus.
Abtrusely, abdite, obscure, occulte.

Absurd, absurdus, ineptus, a ratione abhorrens. *Somewhat,* subabsurdus. *Very,* perabsurdus.
To be absurd, absurdus esse, a ratione abhorrere.
Aburdity, res absurda v. inepta; repugnantia; ineptie.
Aburdly, absurde, inepte, parum congruenter. *Somewhat,* subabsurde.
Abundance, abundantia, copia, opulentia; ubertas.
Too great abundance, redundantia, nimia copia.
Abundant, abundans, copiosus, uber.
Abundantly, abunde, affatim, copiose, effuse.
To abuse [misuse] abuti. [*Or deceive a person*] aliquem decipere, fallere. *Carnally,* stuprare, temerare. *To one's face,* scurrari, illudere. In language, conviciari, dictis v. conviciis aliquem læcessere.
In action, malefacere.
An abuse [wrong use] abusus, abusus. [*Injury*] injuria, fraus.
In language, convicium, maledictio.
Abusive, dicax, scurrilis, maledicus.
Abusively, male, injuste, contumeliose, scurriliter.
Abusiveness, petulantia, ludificatio; scurrilitas.
To abut [border upon] adjacere.
Abutting, continerinus, confusus.
Abyss, profundum.
Academy, academia.
Academic, academicus.
To accede, accedere.
To accelerate, accelerare, festinare.
An accent, tonus, apex.
To accent [pronounce] verba accurate pronuntiare.
To accept, accipere, capere.
Acceptable, acceptus, carus, gratus.
Acceptably, apte, grate.
Acceptance, acception, acceptio.
Acceptation [meaning] sensus, significatio.
Access, accessus, aditus, via.
To have access to, admitti, accedere; ad congressum admitti.
Accessible, affabilis, comis.
Accession, accessio, additamentum.
An accessory, culpe v. conjunctionis cōsort, affinis; sceleris cōscius; criminis v. facinoris socius, pariceps.
The accidents or accidents, grammatices introductio v. elementa prima.
Accident, casus fortuitus.
Accidental, contingens, fortuitus. [*Not essential*] adventitius.
Accidentally, casu, forte, fortuito.

Acclamation, acclamatio, exclamatio.
Acclivity, acclivitas.
To accommodate [fit] accommodare, instruere. [*Furnish with*] suppetitare. [*Make up a difference*] controversiam dirimere.
Accommodation of lodging, commodum hospitium.
Accommodation [fitting up] accommodatio. [*Furnishing with*] suppetitatio, instructio.
To accompany [go with] comitari, comes ire.
An accomplice, vid. *Accessory.*
To accomplish, absolvere, implere, finire, conficere.
To have one's desire accomplished, votis frui v. potiri.
An accomplished person, homo ad unguem redactus.
Accomplishment, consummatio, perfectio.
To account, compute, vid. Account.
Accord [agreement] assensus, concordia, consensus. *Of my, thy, his, her, our, your, or their own accord,* ultro, sponte. In music, concentio.
To accord, assentire; concordare, convenire.
Accoraant, assentens, consentiens.
According as, prout, perinde ut.
Accordingly, ideo; sic, pariter; merito; rite.
To accost [approach] aggredi; accedere. [*Speak to*] aliquem adire, compellare, alloqui.
The act of accosting, compellatio, congressus.
To account [reckon] numerare, supputare, computare.
To account [esteem] æstimare habere, facere.
To account for, causam explicare.
The act of accounting, computatio, rationum subductio.
An account [reckoning] ratio calculus.
A little account, ratiuncula.
To adjust or settle accounts, rationes exæquare, componere.
To cast accounts as at school, arithmetiam discere, computandi artem ediscere.
To call one to account [for evil practices] ad rationem reddendam vocare. [*For expenses*] sumptuum rationem exigere.
To give an account of one's doings, rationem reddere. *Of a thing,* rem ordine exponere, narrare.
To place to account, in rationes alicujus inferre.
To state an account of, rationes linere.
To take an account of, rationes

aire, rationes ad aliquo accipere.

Accountable, rationi reddendus obnoxius.

Bills of account, scheda rationum.

A book of accounts, liber accepti et expensi, rationarium.

To make great account of, magni aestimare, facere.

To make no account of, flocci, nauci, nihili, pendere; nihil pensi habere.

To turn to account, in rem aliquis esse; prodessere.

An account [estimation] premium.

Of great account, carus, gratus, magni v. quantivis pretii. *Of no account*, res vilis, nullius pretii, nihili.

An account [cause or reason] causa, ratio.

An accountant, numerandi, arithmetice peritus, ratiocinator.

To accoutre, armis apparare, instruere, ornare.

The act of accoutring, apparatus, instructio.

Accoutrements, arma, pl. ornatus.

To accrue, accrescere, ex aliqua re oriri, accedere, venire.

To accumulate, accumulare, concervare; congerere.

Accumulation, accumulatio, conervatio.

Accuracy, accuratio, rei accurata ratio v. descriptio.

Accurate, accuratus, exactus, verus.

Accurately, accurate, exquisite.

To accrue, execrare, devovere, accreare.

Accusable, accusandus, accusabilis.

To accuse, accusare, criminari; arguere, postulare, in jus aliquem vocare; diem alicui dicere.

The person accused, reus.

Accuser, accusator, accusatrix, l. delator.

A false accuser, calumniator.

An accuser, corrupted by the person accused, pravaricator.

A secret accuser, delator.

Accusation, accusatio, criminatio. *Secret*, delatio. *False*, calumnia. *Railing*, maledictio.

To consult accusations alleged, criminationes allatas refellere, repellere, coarguere.

The accusative case, accusandi casus v. quartus.

To accusom one, assuefacere, consuefacere.

To be accustomed, solere, assuecere, consuecere.

Not accustomed, inusitatus, insolitus, inusuetus, insolens.

The ace point on dice, canicula.

On cards, scolas, adie, f.

Acerbity, aceroitas, rigor, severitas.

An ache, dolor.

The belly-ache, tormina ventris.

The head-ache, &c. capitis dolor, stomachi, dentium, &c.

To ache, dolere.

To achieve, patrere, facere; conficere, peragere, complere.

The act of achieving, confectio, consummatio, patratio.

A notable achievement, facinus praeclarum, egregium.

Achievements or exploits, res gesta.

Acid, acidus.

Somewhat acid, acidulus.

Acidity, acrimonia, acor.

To acknowledge, agnoscere; confiteri.

To acknowledge an obligation, acceptum aliquid benignitati, &c. referre; imputare aliquid alicui.

Acknowledgment, agnitio, recognitio. [Or grunting] consensus. [Grateful return] grati animi significatio.

Acorn, glans. *A little acorn*, glandula.

Bearing acorns, glandifer.

To acquaint, admonere, indicere, aliquem de re aliquem certiorum facere.

Acquaintance, notitia, consuetudo, necessitudo; commercium, usus.

To get acquaintance, amicos sibi parare.

To seek one's acquaintance, ad alicujus familiaritatem se applicare.

Acquainted before, praecognitus.

Well acquainted, perfamiliaris, pernecessarius.

To make acquainted, significare, certiorum facere.

To become acquainted together, notitiam inter se adsciscere.

To be made acquainted with or informed, certior fieri; cognoscere.

The act of acquainting, admonitio, indicium.

Acquests, res acquisitae, opes paratae.

To acquiesce, acquiescere, assentiri.

Acquiescence, assensio, assensus.

To acquire [get] acquirere, comparare, assequi; lucrari. [Learn] discere.

Acquirement, adeptio, comparatio, emptio.

Acquisition, accessio, lucrum, fructus.

To acquit, solvere, absolvere; liberare, dimittere.

To acquit one in judgment, ex reis eximere, aliquem insolentem declarare.

To acquit himself handsomely in a business, laute munus

munum administrare; officio laute fungi. *Of his vow*, votum solvere, reddere; voto se liberare.

An acquitting, solutio, liberatio.

Acquittance for money received, syngrapha pecuniae acceptae v. solutio.

An acre, jugerum. *Acre by acre*, jugeratum.

Acrid or *acrimonious*, acer, acidus.

Acrimony, acrimonia, acor.

Across, oblique, oblique, trans.

Acrostich, acrostichis, idios, f.

To act or *do*, agere, facere.

To act his part, officio suo fungi, munus suum administrare.

To act or speak against, obviare.

To act [imitate] gesticulari, imitari.

To act stage plays, ludos scenicos agere, histrioniam exercere.

An act, or *deed*, factum, gestum.

[Decree] Decretum, senatusconsultum. *Of the common*, plebis-actum. *Of indemnity* or *oblivion*, injuriarum et offensionum oblitio, lex obliuionis. *In a play*, actus.

A great act, or *exploit*, facinus magnum v. memorabile.

A wicked or *heinous act*, flagitium, facinus turpe.

Acts registered, acta, pl.

An action, actum. *A handsome* or *great action*, facinus praeclarum, egregium, illustre, laudabile, memorabile, nobile, laude dignum. *A man fit for action*, homo gravis et strenuus; ad quidvis agendum aptus.

An action, [fight] praellum, pugna. [In ordinary] gestus, actio. [Suit at law] lis, formula, actio forensis. *Of covenant*, formula pacti et conventi. *Personal*, actio condictionis. *Of trespass*, injuriarum formula.

An action withdrawn, actio recessa.

Which will bear an action, propter quod aliquis in jus vocari potest.

To bring or enter an action against one, litem intendere; in jus vocare, ducere, rapere.

To answer to an action, restituere.

To gain or recover an action, in lite stare, iudicio vincere v. superare.

To sue upon an action of trespass, injuriarum cum aliquo agere. *Of debt*, debitorem interpellare.

To lose his action, lite v. causa cadere.

Actionable, actioni forenal v. iudicio obnoxius.

Active [nimble] agilis, gravis,

promptus, strenuus. *In grammar, activus.*
Actively [nimble] **gnaviter,** prompte, strenue. *In grammar, active.*
Activity, mobilitas, agilitas, dexteritas, gnavitas, strenuitas.
An actor, actor, auctor. [*Stage player*] **histrio, mimus, ludius;** persona.
An actress, mima, ludia.
To be an actor, sustinere personam v. partes alicujus.
Actual, ipso facto. **Actually,** re ipsa, reapse.
To actuate, animare, incitare.
Actuated, animatus, incitatus, incensus.
Acute [sharp] **acutus.** *In Judgment, subtilis, sagax;* perspicax. *In reply, salsus, acutus, aculeatus.*
Acutely, subtiliter, sagaciter, salse, acute.
Acuteness, sagacitas, subtilitas.
Adage, proverbium, oraculum.
Adamant [loadstone] **magnes.** [*Diamond*] **adamas.**
Adamantine, adamantinus, adamanteus.
To adapt, aptare, accommodare. *One's self, se fingere.*
To add or put to, addere, apponere, adjicere, acquirere. [*Or join to*] **adungere, connectere, attexere.** [*Or reckon to*] **adscribere, annumerare, accensere.**
To add his judgment, judicium interponere.
To add over and above, superaddere, superinjicere. *In speaking, superdicere.*
The act of adding, adjectio, adjunctio, accessio.
An addition or appendage to a book, building, &c. **appendix, adjectus.**
Addition [ornament] **additamentum, incrementum.**
Additional [supernumerary] **adscriptitius, conscriptus.**
Adder, vipera, coluber, colubra.
A water adder, hydrus, hydra, natrix.
Of or like an adder, vipereus, viperinus.
An addicee or adz, dolabra; ascia victoria. *A little adz, dolabella.*
To addict or give himself, se alicui rei addicere, devovere; ad aliquid animum adjungere, se applicare.
Addle, irritus, vacuus, cassus, inanis.
Addle-headed, fatuus, stultus, putidus.
To address [direct unto] **inscribere.** [*Make ready*] **parare, accingere.** [*Speak to*] **compellare, alloqui.**
An address [direction] **forma**

directionis. [*Petition*] **libellus supplex.** [*Speaking to*] **compellatio.**
Address [behaviour] **comitas, dexteritas.**
A crafty address, insinuatio.
With address, dextre.
Adequate [equal] **adæquatus.**
Adequately, perfecte.
Adept, peritus, usu promptus.
To adhere, adherescere, adherere.
Adherent, adherens, affixus.
An adherent, particeps, socius.
Adherence or adhesion, adhesio.
Adjacent [lying near] **adjacens;** **contemminus, contiguus, vicinus, affinis.**
Adieu [farewell] **vale; salve et vale.**
To bid adieu, valedicere.
To bid adieu to, renuntiare.
To adjoin [add to] **adungere, addere, adjicere, adnectere.** [*Lie close to*] **adjacere, attingere.**
Adjoining, adjacens, finitimus, continuus, admotus.
To adjourn [put off] **differre;** **prolatum, prorogare.**
Adjournment, in law, dilatio, comperendinatio.
To adjudge, adjudicare, addicere.
To adjure, adjurare.
To adjust [make fit] **accommodare, aptare.** [*Set in order*] **componere, ornare.** *An account, rationes conficere.*
Adjustment, accommodatio.
An adjutant [helper] **adjutor, coadjutor.** *In the army, præfecti vicarius.*
Admensurement, mensura.
To administer or solicit a cause; to manage, govern, or dispose of affairs, administrare, procurare, dispensare. *Physic, medicinam adhibere.*
Administrator, administrator, curator, procurator.
Administration, administratio, procuratio. *Of justice, juris dictio v. administratio.*
Administrators, munus procuratoris.
Admiral, classis præfectus, v. dux. *Of a squadron, classarius. Of the red, white, blue, classis, rubro, albo, ceruleo signo insignitus præfectus.*
Lord high admiral, summus classarius.
Vice admiral, classarii summi legatus. *Rear, qui extremæ classis præest.*
An admiral [ship] **navis prætorialis.**
Admiralship, classis præfectura.
Admiralty [court] **curia summi maris præfecti.**
Admirable, admirabilis, insignis.
Admirably, insigniter, egregie,

mirabiliter, mirandum in modum.
Admiration, admiratio, admirabilitas.
To admire, mirari, suspicere.
Admired, clarus, egregius.
Admirer, mirator, miratrix, f admirator.
Admission, admissio, accessus.
To admit, admittere, adscribere, accingere; adhibere.
To be admitted into orders, sacris initiari.
Admittance, admissio, accessus.
To admix, admiscere, immiscere.
To admonish, admonere, monere. [*Exhort*] **hortari.**
Admonisher, admonitor, monitor.
Admonition, admonitio, admonitum.
Ado. *What ado is there in the court? quid turbæ est apud forum?*
Much ado or with much ado, vix, ægre, difficulter.
To make much ado, magnas concitare turbas. *About nothing, magno conatu magnas nugas agere.*
To adopt one for an heir, adoptare.
Adoption, adoptio.
Adoptive, adoptivus.
Adorable, adorandus, colendus.
Adoration, adoratio, veneratio.
To adore, adorare, venerari.
Most respectfully, summâ observantiâ.
Adorer, cultor, venerator, mirator.
To adorn, ornare, decorare, excolere.
Adrift. *The ship is adrift, navis ad arbitrium venti fertur.*
Adroit [dextrous] **solers, callidus.**
To advance [put forward] **promovere.** [*Go forward*] **progredi, proficisci.** [*Lift up*] **attollere; exserere.** [*Pay money beforehand*] **pecuniam præ manu repræsentare.** [*Prefer one*] **evehere, erigere.** *An opinion, &c. exhibere, proponere.*
An advance or advancement, profectus, progressio.
Advantage [gain] **lucrum, emolumentum.**
To have an advantage of, præstare, superior esse.
To give or yield one the advantage, superiorem alicui conditionem cedere; herbam porrigere.
To let slip an advantage, occasionem rei bene gerendæ amittere.
Advantageous, commodus, utilis.
Advantageousness, commoditas, utilitas.
Advantageously, commode, utiliter.

Advent, adventus.
Adventitious, adventitius, aliunde quæsitus.
To adventure [essay] audere, snæcipere, aggredi. [*Hazard*] periclitari, periculum facere.
The act of adventuring, periclitatio.
An adventure [enterprise] periculum, ausum. [*Hazard*] dis-crimen.
Adventure [chance] casus, sors.
At adventure, temere, casu.
By adventure, forte, fortuito.
Adventurous, audax; fortis.
Adventurously, audacter, periculose.
Adverb, adverbium.
Adverbial, adverbialis.
Adversary [he or she] adversarius, adversatrix; inimicus, inimica.
To be an adversary, adversari.
Adverse, adversus; infestus.
Adversity, infelicitas; angustia; res miseræ, adversæ, angustæ.
To advertise [give notice] edocere, commonefacere, significare; certiorare facere.
The act of advertising, nuntiatio.
Advertisement, monitum, signifi-catio.
Advertiser, monitor.
Advice [counsel] consilium, monitum, monitum.
To take or ask advice, aliquem de aliquâ re consulere.
Done with advice [deliberation] deliberatus. **Without advice**, temerarius, inconsultus.
Advice [news] nuntius, novæ res.
Advisable, commodus, utilis.
To advise or give advice, suadere, monere, hortari; alicui consilium dare.
To advise with [consult] con-sultare aliquem, in consilium advocare.
To advise to the contrary, dis-suadere, debortari. **Before-hand**, præmonere.
To be well advised, sapere.
Well advised, sapiens, cautus, circumspectus.
Ill advised, incautus, male cau-tus, temerarius.
Advising [bringing advice] nun-tias, mensæ, admonens. [*Con-sulting*] deliberans.
Advisedly, caute, consulte, cogitate, sapienter, circum-specte.
Adviser [giving advice] con-sultor, auctor, monitor. [*Tak-ing advice*] deliberator, con-sultor.
An adviser to the contrary, dis-suasor.
Adulation, adulatio, assentatio.
Adult, adultus, ævo maturus.
To adulterate [corrupt] com-

miscere; adulterare, inqui-nare.
An adulterator, mango.
Adulteration, admistio.
An adulterer, adulter, constu-prator, mæchus.
An adulteress, adultera, mæcha.
Adulterous, stuprosus, incestus.
Adultery, stuprum, adulterium.
Of a woman, pellicatus.
To commit adultery [of the man] adulterare, adulterari, stuprare, mæchari, nuptias in-quinare. [*Of the woman*] stu-pro pollui.
Taken in adultery, stupro com-pertus v. deprehensus.
Advocate, advocatus, patronus; causidicus.
To plead as an advocate, patro-cinari alicui.
To avow or avow, advocare.
An avowson, jus patronatus.
Aerial or airy, æurius, ætherius.
Æra, certum temporis initium.
Ætherial, ætherius.
Afar off, procul, protenus; **adj.** disjunctus. **From afar**, e longinquo.
Affable, affabilis, comis, blan-dus.
Affability, affabilitas, comitas, urbanitas.
Affably, urbane, comiter.
Affair, res, negotium.
To affect [design or seek after] affectare. [*Love*] diligere. [*Make a show of or avow*] præ-se ferre.
To affect with joy, grief, love, &c. gaudio, mœrore, amore, &c. afficere.
An affected person, homo puti-dus, molestus, odiosus.
Maliciously affected, lividus, malignus.
How stands he affected? quid habet animi?
Affectation, affectatio, appetitio; ambitio.
Affectedly, curiose, odiose.
[Fondly] ambitiose.
Affection [love] amor, caritas; affectio, voluntas; deside-rium.
To gain the affections of a per-son, animum, voluntatem, bene-volentiam, alicujus sibi conciliare.
To take an affection for, ali-quem v. aliquid diligere, carum habere v. amore com-plecti.
Evil affection, voluntas aliena.
Fatherly affection, amor pa-trius, animus paternus. **Natu-rally**, pietas.
Affectionate, alicujus amans v. studiosus, alicui benevolus.
Affectionately, amanter, bene-vole, pie.
To affiance, spondere, despon-dere.
Affiance, fœdus, confusio.

To have affiance in, alicui v. ali-quâ re confidere.
An affidavit, testificatio v. testi-monium cum jurejurando.
Affinity [alliance] affinitas, con-junctio. [*Likeness*] conveni-entia, similitudo.
To affirm, affirmare, asseverare.
Affirmation, affirmatio, assertio.
Affirmative, affirmans, asseve-rans.
Affirmatively, affirmate, asseve-ranter.
To affix, affigere, annectere.
To afflict, affligere, cruciare, vexare.
Afflicter, afflictor, vexator.
Afflicting or afflictive, ærumno-sus, calamitosus, acerbus.
Affliction, afflictio; res adversæ, acerbitas.
Affluence, abundantia, affluen-tia, copia.
Affluent, abundans, affluens.
To afford, reddere, præbere, ministrare, suppeditare.
The act of affording, suppeditatio.
To affright, terrere, perterre-facere.
An affright, timor, pavor, con-ternatio.
To affront, irritare, provocare; incessere; alicuius probis app-etitus, lacerare, in alicuius petulantiam illudere.
An affront, contumelia, injuria, petulantia.
To receive an affront, contume-liam accipere, injuriâ affici.
To put it up, injuriam inultam dimittere v. pati.
To take affront, aliquâ re offen-di; alicui molestæ, graviter v. ægre ferre.
Affrontive, contumeliosus, in-juriosus; petulans.
Afloat, fluctuans, fluitans.
To set afoot, in medium afferre.
Aforetime, olim, quondam.
Afraid, timidus, trepidus, pavi-dus.
Somewhat afraid, trepidulus.
Not afraid, intrepidus, impari-dus.
To be afraid, pavere, timere, metuisse, tormidare.
To be sore afraid, expavescere, extimescere, exhorre, perhor-rescere, pertimescere.
To be afraid beforehand, præ-formidare, prætimere.
To begin to be afraid, pavescere.
To make afraid, perterre, hor-rificare.
Afresh, denuo, iterum.
Aft, a puppe v. puppi.
Aft [adj.] posterior, inferior.
After [prep.] post, ad, de, ex, ab. **After that**, afterwards, postquam, posteaquam, exinde.
Behind, pone, a tergo.
A little while after, paulo post non ita multo post.

The day after, postridie.
After two or three days, paucis interpositis diebus.
One after another, alternus; alternis vicibus, invicem, ex ordine.
After all, post hæc; denique.
Afternoon, tempus pomeridianum.
In the afternoon, post meridiem.
An afternoon's luncheon, merenda, cœna pomeridiana.
Again, iterum, rursus, de integro, deinde. [*Hereafter*] post, posthac, postea. [*In turn, likewise*] contra, invicem, vicissim, mutuo.
Again, after verbs, la often expressed by *re*; as *To come again*, redire. *To fetch again*, repetere.
Again and again, iterum atque iterum, etiam atque etiam.
As big, small, high, &c. again, duplo major, minor, altior, &c.
Back again, retro.
Over again, denuo, de novo.
Against [contrary to] adversus, contra, præter. [*To the prejudice of*] adversus, adversum, in. [*Denoting defence or preservation*] a, ad, adversus, adversum. [*Referring to time*] ante, dum, in.
Against [or over against] e regione, ex adverso, contra.
To be against, oppugnare, impugnare, adversari.
To go or run against, occurrere.
To dash one against another, collidère.
Age [of a person or thing] ætas; ævum.
An age, seculum, ævum.
Non-age, infantia, pupillares anni.
Under age, impubes.
Great age, senectutis diuturnitas, longinquitas ætatis.
A declining age, ætas vergens.
Of the same age [as old as] æqualis, æquævus.
Of the same age [living at the same time] qui in eodem cum alio seculo vivit.
Of one year's age, anniculus, hornotulus. *Of two years*, biennus, &c.
Of the first age, primævus.
In this age, hodie.
Of full or ripe age, adultus, maturus.
From our tender age, a teneris unguiculis.
Aged, grandævus, annosus, canus.
Very aged, prægrandia natu.
An aged man, senex.
An aged woman, anus.
To become aged, consenscère.
Agency [action] actio. [*Acting for another*] curatio, procuratio.
Free agency, liberum arbitrium.

An agent, agens, actor. *For another*, curator, procurator.
To aggrandize, dignitatem aliquis amplificare, aliquem divitiis et honoribus augere.
To aggravate a matter or crime, aggravare, exaggerare, asperare. [*Provoke*] incendère, provocare. [*Pain*] augere.
Aggravation, commotio, provocatio.
To aggregate, aggregare.
The aggregate, summa aggregata.
Aggressor, obsessor, oppuginator.
To aggrieve, dolore, mœrore, tristitiâ aliquem afficere; contristare.
Aghast, i. e. amazed, attonitus, stupefactus.
Agile [nimble] agilis, vegetus.
Agility, agilitas, dexteritas.
With agility, dextre, agilitè.
To agitate an affair, agitare, tractare. [*Stir up*] incendère, concitare.
Agitation, agitatio. [*Stirring up*] commotio, concitatio.
Ago, abhinc.
Long ago, jampridem, jamdudum.
It is not long ago since, haud sane diu est cum.
How long ago? quam dudum?
So long ago, tamdiu.
To be agog, avidè concupiscere.
Agony, angor, cruciatus.
To agonize or be in an agony, cruciari dolore.
In the agonies of death, animam agens.
To agree [assent] assentire, astipulari, accedère. [*Together*] congruère, coherere, inter se consentire. [*And suit fitly*] congruère, quadrare. [*Make a bargain*] pacisci, depacisci; ad pactionem accedère.
To make persons agree, in gratiam redigère, similitates dirimère.
To agree upon a thing, condicere.
To agree on [resolve] statuère, constituère.
To agree in one tune, concinère.
To agree with [answer to] respondere, quadrare.
It is agreed, consentitur, consensus est, convénit.
Agreed as a bargain, pactus, transactus. *As a difference*, compositus, reconciliatus.
Agreeing, concors, consonus, consentiens, congruens.
No agreeing, dissentaneus, discrepans.
Agreeable [acceptable, pleasant] gratus, acceptus, jucundus. [*Convenient*] consentaneus, congruus, aptus.

To be agreeable or fit, compertère, convenire.
Agreeableness [fitness] convenientia. [*Pleasantness*] gratificatio, jucunditas.
Agreeably [fitly] apte, congruenter, convenienter. [*Pleasantly*] grate, jucunde, placide.
An agreement, consensus, consensio. [*Bargain*] sponsio, conditio. [*Covenant*] pactum, conjuratio, sœdus, stipulatio. [*Reconciling*] reconciliatio, compositio; pax. *In tune*, concentus, consonantia.
Articles of agreement, fœderis conditiones, capita.
To come to an agreement, reconciliari, in gratiam redigi.
To make an agreement, stipulari. *A maker of agreements*, arbiter, transactor, sequester.
According to agreement, ex pacto, ex compacto.
Agriculture, agricultura.
Aground, humi jacens, prostratus.
To run a ship aground, in terram navem adducere v. appellère.
To run aground as a ship, in terram v. vadum impingere, ad scopulos allidi.
An ague, febris, horror in febris. *Stiguit*, febricula.
The fit of an ague or other distemper, accessus, impetus, paroxysmus.
To have an ague, febricitare, febre laborare v. corripì.
The shivering fit of an ague, horror febris, rigor.
Aguish, febriculosus.
Ah, ah!
Aid, auxilium, adjumentum, subsidium.
To aid, auxiliari, juvare, succurrere, sustentare; subvenire alicui, sublevare aliquem.
An aide de camp, ducis in exercitu adjutor.
An ail or ailment, morbus, malum.
To ail, dolere.
To aim at a mark, collineare. [*Or design*] conari, designare; petere, moliri.
An aim [or design] conatus, propositum; intentio.
Air, aer, æther, aura.
In the open air, sub dio.
A free open air, aer vacuum.
To take the air, apricari, deambulare, spatari.
To take air, [be discovered] patetèri, retegì, evulgari, palam enuntiare.
An air of the countenance, faciei forma v. species. [*The mien*] gestus. [*Good grace*] concinnitas, venustas. *In music*, suavis modulus.

To put on airs, iracundiæ indulgere.

To air abroad, aëri exponere.

To air linen, ad ignem exsiccare. *Liquors*, calefacere, igni exponere.

An air-pump, machina ad aërem exhauriendum.

Aired abroad, soli expositus.

Airiness of a place, amenitas, apricitas. *Of a person*, festivitas, lepor, levitas.

An airing, deambulatio, apricatio.

An airy [subst.] nidus accipitrinum.

Airy [thin or light] tenuis, exilis. [Large] spatiosus. [Cheerful, merry] hilaris, lepidus.

Alabaster, alabastrum, alabastrites.

An alabaster box, myrothecium ex alabastro confectum; onyx.

Alacrity, alacritas, hilaritas.

À la mode, more novo et eleganti, ad formulam concinnam, exacto cultu; secundum usum hodiernum.

An alarm in war, classicum, conclamatio ad arma.

A false alarm, inania ad arma conclamatio. [Sudden fright] irrepitatio, pavor, terror.

To take alarm, aliquā re moveri, commoveri, perturbari.

To sound an alarm, classicum canere.

To alarm, perterrefacere. In war, ad arma vocare, conclamare.

Alas, ah, heu, eheu.

Alas for shame! proh dedecus! pro pudor!

Alas for sorrow! proh dolor! Adicit, tamen, etiam, etiamsi, quamvis, quoniam.

Alcove, locus fornicatus.

Alcedon, senator uroanus, civis paricius.

Alder tree, alnus.—Made of alder, alder, alneus.

Ale, cerevisia, vinum hordeaceum, zythum, Nappy, cerevisia generosa.

Negale, mustum. Gill ale, cerevisia hederacea. Strong, prima. Small, tenuis et secundaria. Stale, vetula.

Alehouse, caupona; zythopolium. A mean alehouse, a tippling-house, caupoula.

To haunt alehouses, in caupona vivere, habitare popinis.

Belonging to an alehouse, popinialis.

An alehouse keeper, caupo.

Alconner, qui munus cerevisiarum gustandi gerit.

Alambic, a still vas extrahendis per distillationem succis; vas distillandi succia.

Alert [brisk] alacris, vegetus.

Alertness, alacritas.

Algebra, arithmetica speciosa.

An alien [stranger] exterus, peregrinus; alienigena.

Alienable, quod alienari potest.

To alienate [withdraw iron] alienare; avertēre, alienum facere. [Sell away] emancipare; alieni juris facere.

Alienation, abdicatio, alienatio To alight as a bird, subsidere.

From a horse, desilire. ab equo descendere.

Alike [adj.] par, compar; æquus, equalis, similis.

All alike, communis.

To be alike [equal] concurrere.

Alike [adv.] æque, pariter, perinde.

Aliment, alimentum, nutrimentum, pabulum.

Alimentary, alimentarius, pabularia.

Alimony, alimentum.

Alive [living] vivus. [Surviving] superstes.

To be alive, vivere.

All, omnis, cunctus. [The whole] totus, integer, universus. [In general] universi, cuncti. [As much as, so much as, &c.] quantumcumque, quicquid.

All in all, prora et puppis.

To be all in all with one, plurimum posse apud aliquem; apud aliquem gratia maxime valere.

To all intents and purposes, omnino, prorsus.

All is well that ends well, exitus acta probat.

All covet, all lose, qui totum vult, totum perdit.

All is not gold that glitters, fronti nulla fides.

This is all, tantum est.

All about, undique, passim, undique.

All alone, solus, solitarius.

All at once, simul et semel.

All along, usque, continuo, perpetuo, nunquam non.

[Lying prostrate] pronus, prostratus.

All the while, per totum tempus.

All under one, unâ aque eadē operâ.

By all means, quocumque.

On all sides, quaquaversus, quaquaversum, undique.

On all hands, ex omni parte.

All on a sudden, de improvviso.

To go upon all fours, quadrupedantini more incedere.

All over [throughout] passim.

All the better, tanto melius.

It comes all to one, eodem recidit, redit, spectat.

Most of all, præcipue, præsertim.

All saints' day, dies festus omnium sanctorum memorie consecratus.

All souls' day, feralia febrina.

All-knowing, qui omnia scit.

(2)

All-mighty or all-powerful, omnipotens.

All-seeing, omnituens; omnia uno intuitu lustrans.

To allay [abate or lessen] sedare, mitigare; allevare.

An allaying or allay [abating] lenimentum, lenimen, allevatio.

[Mixture] temperatio, mixtura.

Allegation, allegatio, allegatus.

False, calumnia.

To allege [by way of excuse] excusare; rationem subicere.

An author, auctorem asserere, citare, ponere. Maliciously, calumniari. Falsely, auctoritatem eimentiri, falso citare.

Allegiance, fides, fidelitas.

To alleviate, allevare, levare.

Allevation, allevatio, levatio.

Alley [walking-place] ambulacrum. [Narrow passage] angiportum.

Alliance [near] necessitudo. By marriage, affinitas. In blood, consanguinitas. Of states, &c. societas, foedus; amicitia.

An alligator, crocodilus.

To allot one some business, delegare, assignare.

To allot to one, sortito tribuere.

To have allotted to him [to have by lot] sortiri.

Allotment, sortitio.

To allow [approve] probare, comprobare, agnoscere. [Grant or yield] concedere, admittere.

[Permit] permittere, concedere, recipere, sinere.

To allow in reckoning, de summa aliquid minuire v. deducere; totum non exigere.

Allowable [approved] probabilis, laudabilis. [Just] justus, legitimus.

Allowance [approbation] approbatio. [Gift] donatio, demensum. [Granting or yielding] doni v. mercedis attributio, concessio. [Permission] licentia, potestas.

To keep one at short allowance, arcte, contenteque aliquem habere.

To allude, alludere, attingere.

Allusion, ius in verbis, indicium. To the name of a thing, agnominatio.

To allure, illicere, allicere, allectare, luvitare, sollicitare; delectare.

Alluring, illecebrosus, blandus, pellex.

The act of alluring, allectatio, sollicitatio.

Allurement, blandimentum, incitamentum.

An allurer, allector, sollicitator.

Alluringly, blande, illecebrose.

An ally, by marriage, uisus. Of the state, socius, amicus.

To ally, conjungere, devincire, adiacere.

Almanac, fasti, p. ephemeris.
Almond, amygdalum.
Almond-tree, amygdala. *Belonging to almonds*, amygdalinus.
The almonds of the ears, more properly of the throat, aurium glandulæ, tonsillæ.
Almoner, stipis largiendæ administrator. *Lord almoner*, summus.
Almost, fere, ferme, pene, prope, propemodum, tantum.
Alms, stipis pauperibus data.
To ask alms, stipem rogare.
To give, mendico stipem porrigere.
Alms-house, ptochotrophium.
For old men or women, gerontocomium.
Alot, alot, *es. f.*
Aloft [on high] *adj.* altus, excelsus, supernus, *prep.* supra, *adv.* supra, sursum.
Alone, solus, solitarius, unicus, unus.
All alone, per solus.
To leave alone, derelinquere, deserere.
To let alone, mittere, prætermittere.
Alone [*adv.*] solum.
Along, per, secundum, secus, cum; or, *by an ablative case*; *ns*, publicâ via, *along the highway*.
Aloof, eminus, longe.
Aloud, clare, magnâ voce.
Alphabet, literæ ordine dispositæ, elementa literarum ex ordine collocata.
Alphabetic, ex ordine v. serie literarum collocatus.
Already, jamdudum, pridem, jampridem.
Also, item, etiam, quoque, necnon, pariter, idem.
Altar, altare, *is. n.* ara.
To alter [change] mutare, variare; vertere. *By turns*, alternare.
Altered for the worse, permutatus.
Alterable, mutabilis.
Alteration, mutatio, variatio, conversio.
Altercation, altercatio, jurgium, rixa.
Alternate or alternative, alternus.
Alternately, alterne, alternâ vice.
Although, licet, quantumlibet, quamquam, quamvis.
Altitude, altitudo, excelsitas.
Altogether, omnino, prorsus.
Alum, alumen.
Always, semper, perpetuo.
Am [the sign only of a verb passive or neuter] as, *I am taught*, doceor.
I am [exist] sum, existo.
Amanuensis, ab epistolis.
To amass, accumulare, concervare.

The act of amassing, accumulatio, concepcio.
To amaze, obstupescere. [*Daunt*] perterrefacere.
Amazed, stupescens, attonitus.
Amazement, animi perturbatio v. stupor.
Amazing, mirabilis, mirandus.
Amazingly, mirabiliter.
Ambassador, legatus.
Ambassy or *embassy*, legatio.
To send, legare, legationem mittere.
Amber, succinum, electrum.
Made of amber, succinus.
Amber *acc.*, ambo asses.
Ambidexter, sinistra manu perindè ut us ac dextrâ.
Ambitious, ambiens.
Ambiguity, ambiguitas, amphibolia, amphibologia.
Ambiguous, ambiguus, dubius.
Ambiguously, ambigue, perplexim.
Ambition, ambitio.
Ambitious [proud] ambitiosus; honorum appetens. [*Desirous of*] avidus, cupidus.
To be ambitious, honores ambire.
Ambitiously, ambitiose.
To amble, gressus glomerare, totum incedere.
An ambling pace, incessus numerosus.
Ambrosia, ambrosius.
Ambuscade or ambush, insidie.
To lie in ambush, insidiari, insidias alicui struere.
A man lying in ambush, insidiator.
Amen [so be it] ita fiat, esto, amen, *indecl.*
To amend, reparare, reficere. [*Make better*] emendare, corrigere. [*Change his way of living*] resipiscere. *In health*, convalescere.
That may be amended, emendabilis.
Not to be amended, inemendabilis.
The act of amending, correctio, castigatio.
Amender, censor, corrector, emendator, castigator.
Amends, compensatio, satisfactio.
To make amends, compensare, pensare.
To amerce [fine] multare, v. mulcare, punire, multam alicui imponere.
Amercement or ameriament, multa, pœna, multatio.
Amercer, multator.
Amiable, amabilis, venustus.
Amiability, decor, pulchritudo.
Amiably, amabiliter, decore.
Amicable, amicus, benevolus.
Amicableness, bona gratia.
Amicably, amice, benevole.
Amidst, inter, in medio.
Amiss [*adj.*] pravius, vitiosus.

Amis [*adv.*] prave, mendose, perperam.
To do amis, offendere, peccare.
Amity, amicitia, familiaritas.
Ammunition, apparatus bellicus.
Belonging thereto, castrensis, militaris.
Amnesty, lex oblivionis.
Among or amongst, apud, in, inter.
From among, e, ex.
Amorous, amatorius, mollis.
Amorously, amatorie, blande.
An amount [total sum] totum, summa.
To amount, crescere, exurgere.
Amour, amor lascivus.
An amphibious creature, animal anceps.
Amphitheatre, amphitheatrum.
Ample, amplius, copiosus, largus.
To amplify, amplificare, exaggerare.
Amplifier, amplificator.
An amplification, amplificatio.
Amplitude, amplitudo.
Amplify, ample, abunde, copiose.
Amputation, amputatio.
An amulet against witchcraft, amuletum.
To amuse, avium detinere.
Amusement, detentio, occupatio.
Analogy [an agreement] similitudinis proportio, comparatio convenientia.
Anarchy, anarchia.
Anatomy [the art of dissecting bodies] anatomice. [*A skeleton*] sceletos, i. m.
To anatomise, humanum corpus incidere, et singulas partes scrutari.
Ancestors, majores natu; patres, avi.
To imitate his ancestors, majorem vestigiis inherere. *To excel them*, familiæ dignitatem augere.
Belonging to ancestors, gentilitius, avitus.
Unlike his ancestors, degener.
Ancestry, prosapia, stirps.
Anchor, anchora, navalis uncus.
Of an anchor, anchoralis. *The cable*, anchorale, *is. n.*
Ancient, antiquus, vetustus, vetus, priscus.
An ancient man or woman, senex, grandævus, grandæva, longæva.
The ancients, antiqui, prieci; veteres, majores.
To grow ancient, inveterascere.
An ancient estate, opes avitæ.
Anciently, olim, antiquitus.
Ankle, talus, tibia.
Ankle bones, malleoli.
Coming down to the ancles, talaris.
And, et, ac, atque, que, turn.
And if, si, quod si.
And withal, simul.

And not, et non, nec, non autem, &c.
And so forth, et sic deinceps; et quæ sequuntur.
And therefore, proin, proinde, ideo, idcirco.
And yet, tamen, etsi.
Note, and is omitted when the former of two words, coupled by it, is changed into a participle.
Note, the English idiom and is sometimes translated by ut; as, How can we go out and not be seen? quomodo ita possumus egredi, ut non conspiciamur?
And why so? nam quid ita? quomobrem talem?
Andiron, subex.
Anecdotes, res gestæ nondum vulgatæ.
Anes, de integro, denuo, de novo.
Angel, angelus.
Good angel, bonus genius, angelus custos.
Evil angel, malus genius.
Angel [coin] nummus aureus angelic, angelicus.
Anger, ira; indignatio; furor.
Extreme exandescencia. Incurred, offensæ.
To be moved to anger, irritari, irascendi.
Aptness to anger, iracundia.
To anger or move to anger, acerbare, irritare, exacerbare; incensare.
To angle, piscari.
An angler, piscator.
An angling line, linea piscatoria.
An angling rod, arundo, pertica piscatoria, calamus piscatorius.
An acute angle, angulus acutus.
An angle [corner] angulus.
An angle [or hook] hamus.
Angry, iratus, indignabundus; indignans.
Somewhat angry, subiratus, [Pecish] tristia.
Soon angry, irritabilis, iracundus.
To be angry, irasci, succensere, stomachari.
To cease to be angry, deservire.
Angry, iracunde, irate. In look, torve. In speech, aspere.
To look angrily at a person, torve aliquem intueri. As a sore, multum inflammari.
Anguish, angor; afflictio, cruciatus.
Angular, angularis.
Animadversion [correction] castigatio. [Observation] animadversio.
To animadvert [take notice of] animadvertere, animus ad aliquid advertere.
Animal, animal, animans.
Belonging to animals, animalis.

Animal life, anima.
To animate [give life] animare. [Encourage] cohortari, incitare, incendere.
The act of animating, cohortatio, incitatio.
Animosity [heat] ardor, impetus. [Grudge] odium, stimulas.
Anise, anisum.
Anker [of brandy] doliolum.
Annalist, annalium conditor, fastorum scriptor.
Annals, annales, pl. fasti, pl.
Annates [first fruits] primitiæ, pl.
To annex, annectere, apponere; adjungere. [Assign] ascribere.
Annexion, annexus, appositio.
To annihilate, aliquid ad nihilum redigere, funditus extinguere.
To be annihilated, perire, interire.
Annihilation, extinctio.
Anniversary fest. Jejunium anniversarium v. solenne. Feast, annum festum.
Annotation, notatio, commentarium.
Annotator, annotator.
To announce, annuntiare.
To annoy, incommodare, irritare.
Annoyance, noxa, damnum, incommodum.
Annual, annuus, solennis.
Annually, quotannis.
Annuit, pensio annua, redditus annuus.
To annul, abrogare, rescindere.
The act of annulling, abrogatio.
Annular, annularis.
The annunciation [Lady Day] annuntiatio Mariæ virginis.
To anoint, ungere; linere, illinire. About, circumlinere, circumlinere. All over, perlinere, perungere. Often, unctitare. Upon, superlinungere.
The act of anointing all over, perunctio.
The act of anointing, unctio, unctura.
Belonging to anointing, uncturius.
An anointer, unctor. Of a dead body, pollictor.
Anomalous [irregular] abnormalis, enormis.
Anon, vid. Immediately.
Ever and anon, identidem.
Anonymous, anonymus.
Anonymously, sine nomine.
Another, alius.
One another, alius, alius; alter, alter. One does good to another, alius alii prodest.
One after another, alternis vicibus.
At another time or place, alias.
Another man's, alienus.

To answer or return answer, respondere, responsa dare.
To answer [suit] congruere, convenire.
To answer for or to be security for, spondere.
To answer, as an echo, assonare, resonare.
To answer again, as servants, obloqui, proterve respondere. [Rail at] regerere convicium in aliquem.
To answer, an action at law, restipulari. Objections, adversarii nodos dissolvere. A foreseen argument, præcurrere.
An answer, responsio, responsum. From god, praculum.
Answerable, congruens, consonus, consentaneus.
To be answerable for, præstare.
Answerably, pariter, similiter; congruenter.
A person who answers for another, pæres; vas.
The answering of an action at law, restipulatio.
An ant [pismire] formica.
Like ants, formicinus.
Antagonist, adversarius.
Antecedence, primatus, principatus.
Antecedent [subst.] principium. Antecedent [adj.] antecedens, præcedens.
Antecedently, antea, prius.
Antechamber, antèrèus conclave; antichalamus; prætoron.
To antedate, tempus antiquius quam par est adscribere.
To anticipate [prevent] anticipare, antecapere, præoccupare.
Anticipation, anticipatio, antè occupatio præoccupatio.
Antics [in building] signa antiqua, grylli.
An antic [mimic] histrio, n mus, ludio.
Antidote, antidotum, alexiphas macum.
Antimonarchical, regie dominationi adversarius, unius dominatui inimicus.
Antimony, stibium, stimmi, in-l-cl.
Antipathy, fastidium; repugnancia, aversio.
Antiquary, antiquarius, antiquitatum studiosus.
Antique, antiquus, exoletus.
Antiquity, antiquitas, vetustas.
Antlers, rami primigenii cornuum cervi junioris.
An anvil, incus.
An anvil's stock, truncus incudis.
To hammer upon an anvil, incudere aliquid subigere, mollire, tundere.
Anxiety, anxietas, sollicitudo, agritudo.
Anxious, anxius, sollicitus.
To be anxious, trepidare.

Anxiously, anxie.

Any, ullus, quilibet, quiscumque, quivis.

Any man, body, one, equis, equisnam, quispiam, quivis, quivis unus.

Any thing, quocumque v. quidquam, quidpiam, quippiam, quodvis.

Any further, ulterius, amplius.

Any how, quocumque modo.

Any longer, diutius.

Any more, amplius.

Any where, usquam, alicubi, ubivis, ubilibet, uspiam.

If any where, sicubi. *If from any quarter*, sicunde.

If at any time, siquando.

Any whither, quocumque, quopiam.

At any time, unquam, quandoquocumque.

Aorist [Greek tense] indefinitum.

Apace, cito, celeriter, propere, festinanter.

Apart, seorsum, separatim, singillatim.

Apart from, se junctus, sepositus, segregatus.

To stand apart, distare, distitare.

Apartment [any lodging] ædium pars, ædificii membrum.

Ape, simius, simia. *A little ape*, simiolus, simiola.

To ape a person, imitari, aliquid imitando effingere, imitatione consequi v. assequi.

Aperture, apertura.

Aphorism, placitum; brevis definitio.

Apiary, apiarium.

Apish, mimicus.

Apish trick, gerræ, pl. ineptiæ, pl.; mimi, pl.

Apishly, ridicule, mimice.

Apishness, gesticulatio inimica v. ridicula.

Apiece [each] singuli.

To apologize, aliquem v. aliquid purgare, tueri.

Apologist, defensor.

Apologue [fable] apologus, fabula, fabella.

Apology [excuse] defensio.

Apophthegm, dictum acutum et breve alicujus viri illustris.

Apoplexy, nervorum resolutio.

Apostacy, ab instituto religioso defectio.

Apostate, Christianæ fidei desertor.

To apostatize, desciscere, deficere, fidei naufragium facere.

Apostle, primus Christianæ doctrinæ præceptor, xpostolus.

Apostleship, apostoli munus.

Apostrophe, elisæ alicujus vocalis nota.

An apostrophe, sermonis ad aliquem v. aliquid conversio.

To apostrophe a word, vocalem elidere.

Apothecary, pharmacopola, medicamentarius.

An apothecary's shop, pharmacopolium.

Apozem, decoctum.

To appal [astonish] consternare. [Daunt or discourage] percellere.

Apparel, vestis, amictus; vestimentum. [Tackle of a ship, &c.] apparatus.

Apparent, manifestus, liquidus, evidens, conspicuus, perspicuus. *A crime*, crimen flagrans v. flagitiosum. *An heir*, cui jus est proximum ad hæreditatem.

To be apparent, parere, comparere; elucere.

To make apparent, patefacere, demonstrare, ostendere.

Apparently, aperte, perspicue.

Apparition, spectrum, visio, visum.

To appeal to, appellare, provocare.

An appeal, appellatio, provocatio.

Appellant, appellator, provocator.

To appear, apparere, comparere. parere. [Against] se sistere contra aliquem. [For] alicui favere, tutari partes alicujus. *Before a judge*, se sistere in judicio ad aliquem defendendum, vadimonium obire, ad vadimonium venire v. occurrere. [Seen] videri. [Become visible] illucere, illucescere, effulgere. *Openly*, in medium prodire; in luce versari. [Arise] exoriri, oriri; emergere, emicare, surgere. *To begin to appear*, patescere.

It appears, constat, liquet, patet, videtur, liquido patet, patescit. *It appears by this*, illud indicium est.

Appearance [look] aspectus. [Outward show] species, vultus.

Appearance [concourse of people] frequentia, concursus. [Likelihood] similitudo, verisimilitudo. [Figure] persona.

First appearance [rising] exortus.

To make one's appearance, se sistere.

To be bound for one's appearance, vadimonium promittere.

A default of appearance, vadimonii desertio.

To make a default of appearance, vadimonium deserere.

To appense, compescere, restringere, placare, sedare, pacare; pacificare; lenire; mulcere.

The act of appensing, pacificatio, placatio, sedatio.

That which appenses, placamen, placamentum.

Appeaser, pacificator; pacator.

Appeasable, placabilis, ingenie flexibilis.

Not appeasable, implacabilis.

To append, appendere.

Appendent, appendens.

Appendix or appendage, appendix. *A small appendix*, appendicula.

To appertain [belong] pertinere, respicere, spectare.

It appertains, interest, refert.

Appetite, cibi appetentia, aviditas, cupiditas, fames. *To get*, famem opsonare. *To have*, esurire, cibum appetere.

To make one lose his appetite, alicui ciborum fastidium asferre v. ciborum appetentiam hebetare. *To stir up or whet the appetite*, stomachum acutere, famem opsonare.

An insatiable appetite, ingluvies, elendi rabies.

To applaud, plaudere, applaudere; complaudere; neut. admurmurare, plausu comprobare.

Applauded, plausus.

Applauder, plausor, laudator.

Applause, applausus, plausus.

Vain applause, ventus popularis.

To excite applause, plausus movere. *To seek*, plausum captare, affectare.

The act of seeking applause, popularis jactatio.

Deserving applause, plausibilis.

Apple, pomum, malum.

The apple of the eye, acies.

An apple-core, pomi locus.

Pye, poma crusta farreâ incocta. *Loft*, pomarium.

Nonger, pomarius.

An apple ground, pometum.

Bearing apples, pomifer.

Full of apples, pomosus.

An apple-tree, malus, i. f.

Belonging to an apple-tree, malinus.

Applicable, quod applicari v. accommodari cupiam rei potest.

Application [the act of putting to] applicatio, accommodatio.

[Attention] diligentia, cura; studium.

To make application to a person, aliquem adire, compellere.

To apply [put a thing to] applicare, utare, accommodare.

To apply [one's attention] se ad aliquid applicare, accommodare; rei alicui operam dare.

To appoint, statuere, constituere; proponere.

To appoint [or name] nominare, determinare. [Order or design] assignare, designare.

By law, lege præscribere, sancire. *Upon agreement*, coadecere.

To appoint or set, præstituere, præfinire, præscribere, prædicere.
 To appoint in another's place, substituere, sufficere v. supponere, aliquem in alterius locum.
 The act of appointing, assignatio, designatio.
 Appointment, constitutum, compactum. [Assignment] diei et loci constitutio. [Or order] iussum, mandatum.
 To apportion, equalibus partibus dividere v. distribuere.
 Apportionate, equaliter divisus v. distributus.
 Apposite, appositus, idoneus.
 Appositely, apposite, idonee.
 Apposition, appositio.
 To appraise, æstimare, alicui rei pretium imponere, statuere.
 Appraiser, æstimator. Sworn, iurjurando constitutus.
 Appraisement, æstimatio.
 To apprehend, intelligere; rem tenere, comprehendere. [Fear or suspect] timere. [Or seize] apprehendere; capere, corrumpere. [Or take unawares] interceptere.
 Apprehension, ingenium, caput, facultas, intelligentia.
 [Seizing] captura, prehensio. [Opinion] iudicium.
 To be apprehensive of, animadvertere, observare. Danger, metuere, formidare, timere.
 Apprehensively [acutely] acute, sagaciter.
 An apprentice [boy] tiro, discipulus. [Girl] discipula.
 To bind apprentice, aliquem arte aliquâ imbuendum v. erudiendum artificii dare, tradere.
 An apprenticeship, tirocinium.
 To serve an apprenticeship, sub aliquo tirocinio ponere, rudimenta addicere.
 To be out of one's apprenticeship, tirocinii rudimenta depone-re.
 To apprise one of a thing, certiorum aliquem facere de re aliquâ.
 To be apprised of any thing, certior fieri de re aliquâ.
 To approach, appropinquare, advenire; accedere.
 An approach, appropinquatio, accessus, aditus.
 To have an approach to one, ad aliquem admitti; copiam aliquem adveniendi habere.
 Approaching [near at hand] iuvans.
 Approbation, approbatio, commendatio.
 To appropriate, aliquid sibi vindicare.
 Appropriate [fit, proper] propria, idoneus.
 Appropriation, proprietas.

To approve, approbare, commendare.
 An approved author, auctor classicus v. idoneus.
 A man of approved integrity, spectate fidei vir.
 Thoroughly tried and approved, perspectus.
 An approver, approbator; auctor; applausor.
 Appurtenance, appendix.
 Apricot, malum Armeniacum.
 Tree, malus Armeniaca.
 April, Aprilis.
 Apron, præcinctorium, ventrale.
 A workman's apron, semicinctum artificis.
 Apt [fit] aptus, idoneus, congruens, consentaneus. [Inclined] pronus, propensus. [Active] agilis; alacer.
 Apt to break, fragilis.
 Too apt to indulge, nimis indulgens.
 Apt to learn, docilis. To be merry, hilaris, facetus.
 To be apt to fall, propendere.
 To make apt or fit, aptare, accommodare, concinnare.
 Aptness, habilitas, natura habilis. Proneness, propensio. To do good or evil, indoles. To learn, docilitas.
 Aptly, apte, idonee, apposite, accommodate.
 Aquatic, aquaticus, aquaticus.
 An aqueduct [conduit] aquæ ductus.
 Aqueous, aqueus.
 Arable, arabilis, ager cultura idoneus.
 An arbiter or arbitrator, arbiter, æstimator; arbitratix, arbitra.
 Arbitration, arbitrium, arbitratum.
 To agree to an arbitration, compromisso stare.
 Arbitrarily, arbitrarius, ex arbitrio, pro libitu. [Lordly] imperiose.
 Arbitrary, arbitrarius. [Lordly] imperiosus, libidinosus.
 To arbitrate or end a dispute by arbitration, arbitrari.
 An arbour, pergula. Vid. bower.
 Arch [adj.] vaser, subtilis, callidus, astutus.
 Arch [subst.] arcus, fornix, camera.
 The court of arches, curia de arcibus.
 To arch, arcuare, fornicare, in arcum curvare.
 An arched roof, camera fornicata; laquear.
 To make an arched roof, concamerare.
 An arching over, fornicatio.
 In the shape or manner of an arch, arcuatim; fornicatim.
 Archness, astutia, calliditas.
 An archangel, angelus primarius.

An archdeacon, diaconus primarius.
 Archdeaconry, archidiaconatus.
 Archetype, typus primarius, archetypus.
 An archer, sagittarius.
 An archer on horseback, hippotoxota.
 Archery, ars sagittaria.
 An arch-heretic, heresiarcha.
 Archiepiscopal, archiepiscopa-lis.
 An architect, architectus.
 Architect-like, adiabre, eleganter.
 Architecture, architectura, architectonice.
 Architrave, epistylum.
 Archives, tabularium.
 An arch-priest, flamen.
 The arch-priest's office, flaminium.
 The arctic [northern] pole, polus borealis; cardo septentrionalis.
 Ardency, see Ardour.
 Ardent [eager] acer, vehemens. [Hot] ardens, candens, fervidus.
 Ardently, fervide, acriter, vehementer; ardentier.
 Ardour [eagerness] ardor animi, mentis fervor. [Heat] ardor æstus. Of a speaker, vis.
 Arduous, arduus, difficilis.
 An area, area, superficies.
 Are; we, ye, they, are, sumus estis, sunt.
 Are is likewise the sign of all persons plural in the present tense of verbs passive; as, We are loved, amamur; ye are taught, docemini; they are heard, audiuntur.
 Argent, argenteus, candidus.
 To argue [dispute] argumetari, disceptare, disputare, ligare. [Or prove] arguere evincere, probare.
 To argue the case, expostulare.
 The act of arguing, disceptatio, ratiocinatio.
 An arguer, disputator, disputatrix, f.
 An argument [presumptive proof] argumentum, ratio. [Subject] argumentum; materia.
 A cunning argument, elenchus, sophisma. [From contraries] commentum.
 A substantial or forcible argument, argumentum grave.
 Argumentation, argumentatio, disceptatio.
 Argumentative, argumentis elenchus.
 Arianism, Arii doctrina.
 Arians, Arii sectatores.
 To arise, surgere, exurgere.
 To arise again, resurgere. Together, consurgere.
 To cause to arise, excitare, excusitare.

Aristocracy, optimatum principatus.

Arithmetical, arithmeticus.

An arithmetician, arithmetice peritus.

Arithmetic, arithmetica, ars numerandi.

An ark, arca, cista.

Noah's ark, Noëmi navis v. navigium.

An arm, brachium, lacertus.

A little arm, brachiolum.

An arm of the sea, sinus, fretum. [*Of a tree*] ramus. [*Of a vine*] palus.

A bracelet for the arm, brachiale.

Having long arms, brachiatus.

An armful, manipulus.

The armpit or armhole, ala, axilla.

To arm [take arms for war] armare; bellum adornare, parare. [*Put on arms*] armis accingi; arma induere. [*Furnish with arms*] armis aliquem instruere, tela alicui suppeditare.

To arm one's self against [act cautiously] cavere. [*Prepare for*] se ad aliquid sustinendum parare.

Armed cap-a-pie, perarmatus.

Armed with a buckler, scutatus, clypeatus. **With darts**, pilatus. **With a sword**, enses v. gladio instructus. **With a coat of mail**, loriceatus.

Armada, classis armata.

Armament, bellicus apparatus.

Armorial, ad arma pertinens.

Armour, armatura, arma, pl.

For the thigh, femorale, is. n.

A coat of armour, lorica.

Armourer, faber armorum.

Armoury [blazonry] ars insignia gentilitia in scuto recte depingendi. [*Place for keeping arms*] armarium, armamentarium.

Arms [weapons] arma, pl.

To bear arms under a general, sub aliquo v. sub alienius signis militare, stipendia mereri.

Deeds [feats] of arms, res bellicæ, gesta militaria.

To call to arms, conclamare ad arma.

To take up arms, arma capere v. sumere.

To be in arms, in armis esse.

To lay down arms, arma ponere v. abicere; ab armis descendere.

Bearing arms, armifer, armiger.

Fire-arms, bombardæ, scloppus.

By force of arms, vi et armis.

An army, exercitus. **On march**, agmen. **In battle array**, acies.

Aromatic, aromaticus.

Around, circumclera, circumquaque, undique.

To arraign, postulare, in jus aliquem vocare.

Arraignment, actio, questio judicialis.

Arrangement, digestio, series.

Arrani, merus.

Note, *Arrant* is used for *very*, the sign of the superlative in a bad sense; as, *An arrant thief*, furacissimus.

Arras [hangings] aulæa, tapes.

Array {dress} vestis, vestimentum. {Order} acies, ordo, dispositio.

To set in array, aciem disponere, componere, ordinare, instruere.

Out of array [adj.] incompositus, paluis; [adv.] incomposita, incondite.

To array [himself] vestem induere, sibi vestem induere.

Arreage or arrears, reliqua, pl.

To arrest [as a bailiff] aliquem prehendere; manum alicui injicere; in jus aliquem trahere. [*As a plaintiff*] dicam alicui impingere, aliquem in jus vocare.

An arrest, comprehensio.

An arrest of judgment, ampliatio.

Arrival, adventus, accessus, apulsus.

To arrive, aliquo advenire; accedere, venire, pervenire, in v. ad. [*As a ship*] appellari; applicari. **At** [attain to] adipisci.

Arrogance, arrogantia, superbia; fastus.

Arrogant, arrogans, superbus, fastosus.

Arrogantly, arroganter, superbe.

To arrogate, sibi aliquid arrogare, sumere.

An arrow, sagitta. **Broad and barbed**, tragula.

An arrow-head, sagittæ ferramentum, mucro, cuspis.

To shoot with arrows, sagittare.

Bearing arrows, sagittifer, telifer.

Belonging to an arrow, sagittarius.

Arsenal, armarium, armorum repositorium.

Art, ars, facultas.

Art [cunning] ars, artificium. [*Skill*] intelligentia, peritia.

The black art, ars magica.

The liberal arts, artes ingenue, liberales. **Mechanical**, sordide, vulgares.

A master of arts, artium magister.

Thou art, es. It is also a sign of the second person singular in the present tense of verbs passive; as, *Thou art taught*, doceris.

An artery, arteria, arterium.

The great artery, arteria magna, aorta. **The rough**, aspera.

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Artichoke, cinara, cactus, l.

Artful, artificial, arte factus artificialis.

Artful [ingenious] callidus, astutus, sagax.

Artfully [like an artist] affabre, eleganter. [*Cunningly*] subtiliter.

Article [joint] articulus. [*Head of discourse*] caput.

Articles of faith, Christianæ fidei capita. **Of peace**, conditiones pacis. **Of agreement**, conventa, pl. capita fœderis. **Of account**, rationum capita. **Of marriage**, pactio nuptialis.

Articulate, articulate, articulatum, distincte.

Articular, articularis.

Articulate or distinct, distinctus.

To articulate, distincte voces efferre v. pronuntiare.

Artifice, artificium, ars. [*Cunning*] strophæ; fraus.

An artificer, artist, or artizan, artifex, opifex; faber, operarius.

Artificial, artificiosus; arte elaboratus, concinnus, affabre factus.

Artificially, artificiose, artificiale.

Artillery, machinæ bellicæ. **A train**, tormentorum bellicorum series.

The artillery company, societas militaris. **Ground**, palestra.

The master, machinarum præfectus.

Artless, sine arte v. artificie.

An artless person, insulsus, hebes, crassus, iners.

As [implying time of action] dum, ut, cum, in, ubi, super, inter, &c.

As, in comparisons, and answering to *such*, *so*, &c. is made by *qui* or *qualis*.

As, in one part of a sentence answering to *so* in the other, is made by *atque*, *quemadmodum*, *quomodo*, *sicut*, *ita*, *velut*, *ut*.

As, in the latter clause of a sentence, answering to *so*, or *c.* *great*, *much*, *little*, *soon*, *fast*, &c. is made by *quam*, *quantus*, *qui*, or *ut*, with a superlative.

As, redoubled, with an adverb or adjective betwixt, and the particles, *it is*, *they be*, &c. after it, is made by *quamlibet* or *quamvis*.

Sometimes it is put for *howsoever*, and is made by *quantumcunque* or *quantuliscunque*.

As, in *this regard* or *respect*, is made by *ut*, *quâ*, or *tantum*.

As, answering to *so* or *as*, where equality is intimated, or comparison of one thing with another, is made by

æque ac, æque atque, æque quam; tam, quam; nou, haud, or nihilo minus, quam.

As, signifying accordingly or proportionably as, is made by ut, ui, sicut, ita ut, pro, propt, pro eo ac, pro eo atque, perinde ut, perinde atque, proinde. proinde ac. utcumque, &c.

As, for if, si.

As sure as can be, quam certissime.

As for or as to, de, quatenus, quantum, quod ad. ad.

As being, ut, utpote, quippe, scilicet.

As far as, quâ, quantum, usque, usque ad, usque eo.

As if, as though, quasi, perinde quasi, perinde ac si, tanquam, ut si, tanquam qui, tanquam si, non secus ac si, juxta ac si, ita ut si.

As it were, ut, ceu, quasi, tanquam.

As long as, quamdiu, tamdiu, tantisper dum, quoad, usque dum, dum.

As big as, as bad as, instar.

As many as, tot, totidem, quotquot, quodcumque.

As much, tantum.

As much as ever, ut cum maxime, quantus maxime.

As often as, quotiescumque, quoties quoties.

As soon as, ubi, cum, cum primò, ut, simul ac, simul ut, simul atque.

As soon as ever, ubi primum, ut primum, cum primum, simul ac primum, statim ut.

As well as, ut, tam quam, æque ac.

As yet, adhuc.

Not as yet, necdum.

Such as it is, qualis qualis.

To ascend, ascendere, conscendere.

Ascendant [of a nativity] horoscopus, sidera natalitia.

Ascendant [power] auctoritas.

To gain the ascendant over one, plurimum apud aliquem posse v. valere.

An ascension, ascensio, ascensus.

An ascent, ascensus.

To ascertain, affirmare, confirmare, certum facere.

An ascertaining, confirmatio.

To ascribe, ascribere, tribuere, imputare. To himself, aliquid sibi sumere, arrogare.

The act of ascribing, ascriptio, attributio.

To be ashamed, erubescere; verescere; pudet, dispudet; pudore affici v. suffundi.

To make ashamed, pudore aliquem afficere; pudorem alicui inlicere.

I am half ashamed, suppuet me.

Shameful, pudendus, probrosus, turpis.

An ash or ash tree, fraxinus, i. f. A wild or mountain ash, ornus, i. f.

Ash-colored, pale as ashes, cinereus, cineraceus.

Ashen, fraxineus, fraxinus.

Ashen keys, fructus fraxineus.

Ash Wednesday, dies sacrorum cinerum.

Ashes, cinis.

Ashore, in tellure, super terram.

To come ashore, terrâ potiri, e nave egredi.

Aside [apart] separatim, seorsum. [Awry] oblique.

To ask or desire, rogare. Reasonably, postulare. Earnestly or threateningly, flagitare.

One's own, poscere. Again, reposcere, repetere. More, over and above, apposcere.

Require, requirere. So as to obtain, exorare, impetrare.

Frequently, requirere. Humbly, supplicare; niqueum supplicibus verbis orare. Industrious, percontari, perquirere. Mournfully, implorare.

Secretly, suppetere. As a suitor or wooer, procare.

Asked, rogatus, interrogatus, postulatus.

The act of asking, rogatio, petitio, postulatio. Of advice, consultatio. A question, percontatio. Humbly, supplicatio. [Inquiring] inquisitio, rogatio. [Entreating] as a favor, obsecratio, petitio, supplicatio; preces. One's due, postulatio. Often, rogatio.

An asker, petitor, postulator, rogator. Of questions, percontator. Saucy, petitor procax; flagitator.

Askeo [adv.] limus, obliquus.

Askeo [adv.] oblique, transverse.

Asleep, sopitus, soporatus, somno oppressus.

To be asleep, dormire.

To fall asleep, dormire; obdormiscere.

Almost asleep, sleepy, or half asleep, somniculosus, semisomnis, semisopitus. Fast asleep, somno gravi sopitus.

To lay or tuck asleep, soporare; consopire; somnum alicui afferre, inducere.

Aslope, oblique, in obliquum.

To make aslope, obliquare.

Asp or aspic [a serpent] aspis.

Asp or aspen-tree, populus alba, tremula.

Belonging to an aspen-tree, populeus.

Asparagus, asparagus.

Aspect, aspectus, vultus. Of a place, prospectus.

Asperity, asperitas, duritas.

To asperse [sprinkle] aspergere conspergere. [Speak unhand-somely of] aliquem infamâ aspergere.

Aspersio, aspersio. [Speaking ill of] infamia.

An aspirate [in grammar] spiritus asper.

Aspiration or breathing, aspiratio.

To aspire or blow upon, aspirare.

To aspire at, to, or after, cupere, appetere.

Aequit, oblique, transverse.

To look aequit, transverse in- tueri.

To look askint at, limis oculis aliquem v. aliquid spectare.

An ass, asinus. A little ass, asellus. A she ass, asina, asella. A wild ass, onager. An ass colt, pullus asini.

Of an ass, asinarius.

An ass [or fool] stultus, fatuus, ineptus.

To assail, adoriri, &c. See Assault.

Assailant, grassator, oppugna- tor.

An assassin, percussor, sica- rius.

To assassinate, aliquem ex insi- diis interficere, interimere trucidare.

An assassination, cædes v. in- teremptio ex insidiis.

To assault or assail, aggredi, grassari, adoriri, invadere, in- grui.

An assault or assaulting, ag- gressio, oppugnatio, impetus.

To defend against an assault, propulsare.

An assay or essay, specime- tentamen.

To assay [make trial] aliqui conari, tentare, experiri. Vi Essay. Again, retentare. Pi- vily, subteniare. Beforehan prætentare; præludere.

Not assayed, intentatus, inex- pertus.

An assayer, tentator, probator.

Of coin, monetâ cudendâ in- spector.

The act of assaying, tentatio, tentamen, prælusio.

Assemblage, coactatio, coag- mentatio, conjunctio.

To assemble, convocare, con- gregare, aggregare; cogere; concire; conducere; [neut.] convenire, congregi, coire.

The act of assembling [act.] convocatio.

An assembly, conventus, fre- quentia. Of the people [to choose officers, &c.] comitia, pl. To hear a discourse, con- cio, ecclesia.

A disorderly assembly, tumult- us, cœtus.

A small assembly, concluncula; conventiculum.

Belonging to an assembly, con-
cionalis.

To assent, acquiescere; annu-
ere, concedere.

An assent, assensio, assensus.

By the assent or consent, astipu-
lati.

Too forward assent, opinatio.

To assert, aliquid asserere, as-
severare v. affirmare.

To assert [vindicare] defendere,
tueri, vindicare.

Asserted, defensio, vindicatus.

Assertion, assertio, affirmatio.

The act of asserting [vindican-
ting] defensio, conservatio.

Assertor, assertor, conservator,
iudex.

To assess [tax] censere.

Assessed, census.

Assessment, census, tributum.

Assessor of taxes, censor. [*In*
an assembly] assessor.

Assets, bona solvendis debitis et
legatis restantia.

Asservation, asseveratio.

Assiduity, assiduitas, sedulitas.

Assiduous, assiduus, sedulus.

To be assiduous, deservire.

Assiduously, assidue, sedulo.

To assign [enjoin] imponere.
[Appoint] constituere; dele-
gare. *The time and place*,
diem et locum alicui rei facien-
dae praestituere. indicare. *A*
pension, honorarium alicui at-
pendium statuere. *A lease*,
locationem sedium v. agri ali-
cui assignare. *A reason for*,
rationem v. causam dare, red-
dere.

An assignee or assign, alicui rei
assignatus.

Assignment [distribution] as-
signatio, distributio, attributio.

To assimilate [liken] assimila-
re.

Assimilation, assimilatio.

Assize or assizes, iudicium; ju-
ridici conventus.

An assizer, edilis.

To assist, juvare, optulari,
auxiliari. [*Stand by*] assistere;
a parte v. partibus alicujus
stare.

Assistance, auxilium, adjumen-
tum, subsidium.

An assistant, collega, adjutor.

Associable, congregabilis.

An associate, familiaris, socius.

To associate or keep company
with, societatem cum aliquo
contrahere, confilare v. inire.

Association, hominum inter se
convocatio.

To assume [take upon himself]
aliquid sibi sumere, arro-
gare.

Assurance [warranty] cautio.
[Certainty] certa v. explorata
rei alicujus notitia.

With assurance, certo, induoi-
tanter, confidenter.

Assurance [affirmation] asse-
veratio. [Confidence] audacia,
confidentia. [Security] secu-
ritas, fiducia. [Resolution] fi-
dentia. [Pledge] pignus.

Aman of great assurance, audax.

Assurance of a thing lent, cautio.

*To give assurance for the per-
formance of a thing*, vadimonium
praestare.

*The act of giving security for
performance*, satisfactio.

To assure [affirm] asserere, af-
firmare. [Protect] tueri, de-
fendere.

Bound to assure, pignoratus.

Assuredly, certe, perfectio, ex-
ploratio. [Boldly] fidenter, af-
firmate.

An assurer, confirmator. Or in-
surer of money, confirmator pec-
uniae ex contractu, cautor.

An assuring, confirmatio.

To assuage, mitigare, sedare,
placare.

To be assuaged after swelling,
detumere, deturgere.

Assuaging, mitigatorius.

An assuaging, assuagement, le-
nimen, levamentum, mitigatio,
sedatio.

Asthma, anhelatio.

Asthmatic, anhelator.

To astonish, aliquid contur-
bare, consternare, terrere.

To be astonished, commoveri;
aliquid mirari, demirari.

Astonishment, consternatio, ex-
animatio, perturbatio, animi
stupor, pavor.

Asray, errabundus, errans, de-
craius.

To go astray, errare, vagari,
pallari. *To lead*, in errorem
inducere.

A going astray, erraticus. Vid.
Stray.

Astringent, astringens, alvo si-
stenda utilis; stypticus.

To astringe, alvum v. ventrem
astringere, comprimere.

Astringency, astrictio, vis as-
trictoria.

Astride, cruribus v. tibis vari-
catia.

Astrologer, astrologus, mathe-
maticus.

Astrologically, secundum artem
astrologiam.

Astrology, sideralis scientia; as-
trotologia. *Judicial*, divians.

Astronomer, astronomus.

Astruer, separatum, seorsum,
dispersim.

At, is answered by divers Latin
prepositions; viz. a, ab, ad,
ante, apud, de, cum, ex, in,
inter, sub, super, pro, &c.

The preposition is sometimes
understood; as, *At first sight*,
primo aspectu. *At one blow*,
uno ictu.

At home, domi.

At, before a city or town: the
first or second declension,
and singular number, is re-
quired by putting it in the ge-
nitive case; as, *At London*,
Londini. But of the third de-
clension, or plural number, is
the ablative; as, *At Carthage*
Carthagine.

At hand, presto, prope.

At second-hand, secundâ em-
ptione.

At all, omnino. prorsus.

Least at any time, nequando.

At first, primo, primum.

At last, ad ultimum, ad extre-
mum.

At the least, minimura.

At no time, nunquam.

At most, summum, plurimum, ul-
timum, omnino.

At that time, tunc, tum; eo tem-
pore.

At present, in presenti, in pra-
esentia.

At this time, nunc, diem, jam,
hodie.

At least, saltem, certe, vel.

At leisure, otiose.

At length or at last, aliquando,
tandem, demum, denique.

At once, simul, semel, pariter.

At the worst, ad extremum.

Atheism, scelus eorum qui De-
um esse negant.

An atheist, qui divinam natu-
ram aut Deum tollit; athet-
e impius.

Athlet, athletes, athleta.

Athletically, athleticè.

Athletic, athleticus.

Athwart, transverse, oblique.

Atmosphere, aër.

Atom, corpusculum, atomus.

To atone or make atonement, ex-
plare, luere, conciliare. [*Make*
amends for] compensare.

Atonement, expiatio. [*Sacrifice*
piaculum.

That which cannot be atone
for, inexcipiabilis.

Atrocious, atrox.

Atrociously, atrociter.

To attach [detain] aliquid de-
tinere, demorari, tenere. [*Take*
prisoner] vid. *Arrest*.

*To be attached to a person or
thing*, alicui adherere; alicu-
jus partibus favere.

Attachment [detaining] retentio.

An attachment, vid. *An arrest*.

Attachment to a person or thing,
adhaesio.

An attack, aggressio. [*The*
charging of an enemy] impul-
sus, impetus. [*Made on a*
town] oppugnatio. *Of a dis-*
temper, morbi tentatio.

To attack [begin a quarrel] al-
quem provocare, impugnare.

An enemy, hostem aggredi; it
hostes impetum facere.

A town, oppidum oppugnare.

To attain unto, aliquā re potiri; aliquid attingere, assequi.
Attainable, assequendus, obtinendus.
Attainder, crimen majestatis procerum suffragiis judicandum. *A bill of*, libellus accusatorius apud regni proceres.
Attainment, impetratio, consecutio.
To attain, accusare; reum agere. *Of high treason*, lesa majestatis aliquem accusare.
To attempt, miscere, commiscere.
An attempt, inceptum, conatus.
A desperate attempt, facinus audax v. periculosum.
To attempt, conari, moliri, attentare.
An attempter, inceptor, molitor.
To attend or wait on, prestolari, manere, expectare, famulari.
Attendance, expectatio; ministerium.
Attendance on business, cura, diligentia, assiduitas.
Attendant [subst.], assecuta, ministrator, assecutor, satellites, pedisequus, pedisequa.
Attendant or effect of any thing, effectus, exitus, eventum.
Attention, attentio, intentio.
Attentive, attentus, intentus, arrectus, vigil.
Attentively, attente; arrectis auribus.
Attentiveness, attentio, animi intentio.
To attenuate, attenuare, extenuare.
Attenuation, attenuatio, extenuatio.
To attest, anquid testari, testificari, attestari.
The act of attesting, testificatio, testimonium. *By writing*, consignata litteris testificatio.
That cannot be attested, intestabilis.
Attire, ornatus, amictus, cultus.
To attire one, ornare, vestibus ornare.
Attired, ornatus, exornatus, amictus.
The act of attiring, exornatio.
Attitude, corporum situs in pictura.
Attorney [at law] procurator rerum forensium; litium procurator.
Attorney-general, cognitor regius.
A Scotch attorney, procurator praevaricans.
A spratting attorney, rabula, æ. m.
To attract, ad se aliquid trahere, attrahere v. pertrahere.
[Allyre by fair speeches] aliquid ad aliquid allicere, pellicere v. invitare; aliquid oblectare.

Attraction, attractio. [*By fair words*] blanditiæ, pl. lenocinium. [*Attracting*] illecebra, incitamentum.
Attractive [drawing] attrahendi vim habens, vi præditus. [*By fair words*] blandus, pella x.
Attractively, illecebrose, blande.
An attribute, ornatus, titulus.
To attribute, aliquid alicui attribuire, adscribere, imputare, assignare.
Attribution, the act of attributing, attributio.
Attrition [rubbing] attritus.
To attune, modulationem dare.
Auction, auctio.
Auctioneer, venditor vicarius, auctionarius.
To sell by, or put up to, auction, auctionari; sub hasta vendere.
Audacious, audax, confidens.
Audaciously, audacter, confidenter.
Audaciousness, { audacia, confidentia, im-
Audacity, { probitas.
Audible, audiendus, auribus percipiendus.
Audible [loud] canorus.
Audibly heard, clarissime auditus.
Audience [assembly] cætus, concursus, conventus, frequentia.
Audience of leave, audientia valleditendi.
An audit, testium auditio; rationum examinatio.
To audit accounts, rationes examinare; ad calculos vocare.
Auditor of accounts, rationum inquisitor, calculator, ratiocinator.
Auditor of the exchequer, fisci procurator.
An auditor's clerk, scriptuarius.
An auditory, concio, auditorium.
Auger or augre [tool] terebra.
Aught [vulg. ought] res; quidquam, &c.
To augment [increase] augere, cumulare, adaugere.
To augment [enlarge] ampliare, amplificare.
To augment or be augmented, accrescere, augescere.
An augmenting, augment, or augmentation, auctus, accretio, adjectio, incrementum.
An augments, amplificador.
An augur [soothsayer] augur.
Auguration or augury, augurium, omen.
The dignity of an augur, auguratus.
Belonging to an augur, auguralis, augurium.
August, augustus, magnificus.
August [month] Augustus [mensis].
Aulic [belonging to court] aulicus.

An aunt by the father's side, amita. **By the mother's side**, matertera.
Auricular, auricularis.
Auricularly, privatim.
Auricle, auricula.
Auspice [protection, influence] auspiciū.
Auspicious, felix, fastus, auspiciatus.
Auspiciously, feliciter, satste, auspiciato.
Austere, austerus, durus, asper, severus.
Austerely, austere, duriter, severe.
Austerness or austerity, severitas, austeritas, asperitas.
Authentic or authentic, comprobatus; verus; res certæ fidei.
Authentically or authentically, summâ fide.
Authenticallness or authenticallness, certa v. explorata rei cognitio.
An author [writer] auctor, scriptor. [*Contriber or inventor*] conditor, inventor.
An author of the purest ages, auctor classicus.
The first author of mischief, caput sceleris.
The chief author, dux et signifer.
The author of a law, legislator.
Authoritative, auctoritate firmatus, probatus, comprobatus.
Authoritatively, auctoritate.
Authority, auctoritas, imperium, jus, potestas, potentia. [*Leave*] licentia. [*Credit*] fides.
Chief authority, primatus, principatus.
A man in great authority, vi magnæ auctoritatis v. potentie. *Of small authority*, vi parum pollens.
One in authority, magistratus.
Chief men in authority, viri optimates, magnâ auctoritate polentes.
To be in authority, auctoritatem habere v. obtinere; plurimum polere; auctoritate valere.
To cite or quote authorities, auctoritatem v. auctorem laudare, citare, proferre, allegare.
To put in authority, aliquid alicui rei præficere; auctoritatem alicui dare, tribuere.
To authorise, auctoritatem alicui dare v. tribuere; aliquid auctoritate munire.
Authorization, auctoritas, licentia, copia.
Autography, propriâ manu scriptio.
Autumn, autumnus.
Autumnal, autumnalis.
Auxiliary [helping] auxiliaris, auxiliarius.

Auxiliary forces, copiae auxiliares; auxilia, pl.
To avail, prodessse, conferre, valere, juvare.
Available, valens, efficax, utilis.
Availment, availability, emolumentum, fructus, utilitas.
It availeth, confert, conducit, refert, interest.
Avarice, avaritia; pecuniae aviditas v. cupiditas.
Avarice [niggardliness] nimia parsimonia; sordes, pl.
Avaricious [fond of money] avarus; cupidus, avidus, appetens. [Niggardly] parvus, deparcus; sordidus, tenax.
Avariciously, avare, parce, sordide.
Avast [hold a little] mane; ne quid temere; sat, satis.
Avast [away] apage, abi.
To avenge, ulcisci, vindicare; par pari referre.
Not avenged, inultus.
An avenger, ultor, ultrix, vindex.
The act of avenging, ultio, vindicta, vindicta.
An avenue, aditus, introitus.
To aver, asserere, aio, affirmare.
Average [duty of carriage] portorium.
Average [equal share] aequa ejusdem rei portio, distributio.
An averring or averment, confirmatio, probatio, testimonium.
Averse, aversus, alienus; ab aliqua re abhorrens.
Aversion or averseness, aversatio, fastidium.
Deserving aversion, aversandus, aversabilis.
To avert, avertère, abducere, abstrahere, deprecari, detestari.
An averting, ab aliqua re avocatio.
Aviary, aviarius.
Avidity, aviditas.
Avocation [calling away] avocatio, avocamentum. [Hindrance] impedimentum.
To avoid, vitare, fugitare, fugere, cavere; evadere.
Easily avoided, avoidable, evitabilis, vitabilis.
Not to be avoided, inevitabilis.
The act of avoiding, avoidance, evitatio, devitatio.
Avoirdupois.—A pound avoirdupois, libra sedecim unciarum.
To avouch, asseverare, attestari, autumare, defendere, confirmare. Vid. Vouch.
Avouchable, quod affirmari potest.
An avoucher, sponsor; qui affirmat.
The act of vouching, sponsio.
An avouching, a vouch, testimonium.

To avow or justify a thing, affirmare, confirmare, approbare, asserere.
To avow [own or profess] profiteri, agnoscere, prae se ferre.
Avowedly, aperte, ex professo.
To await, expectare, innere.
Awake [adj.] vigil, vigilans.
To awake [act.] excitare, exsuscitare, expergefacere.
To awake [neut.] expergisci.
To be or keep awake, vigilare.
To award, adjudicare, iudicare.
To award or ward off a blow, ictum avertere. [Adjudge] adjudicare.
An award, sententia, arbitrium.
Aware, sciens, providens, praescius.
Not aware, ignarus, nescius, nec opinus.
To be aware of, cavere, providere.
Away [begone] apage.
Awe, reverentia, metus, timor.
To be in awe, timere, metui.
To awe or keep in awe, reprimere, coercere, terrere.
To stand in awe of, revereri.
Over-awed, magno metu astrictus.
Aweful, terribilis, horribilis, sacer.
Awefully, horrifice.
Awefulness, horror.
Aweless, timore vacuus, veneratione carens.
Awehard, ineptus, inhabilis, incallidus, perversus.
Awehardly, inepte, perverse, sinistre.
Awehardness, ineptia, perversitas.
An awl, subula.
An awn of wine, mensura vini circiter 390 librarum.
Awn or beard of corn, arista.
An awning, velorum praetentura.
Away [crooked] distortus, obliquus, inclinatus.
A making away, distortio.
Away [crookedly] oblique.
An axe, ascia, securia.
A broad or squaring axe, dolabra.
A battle or poll-axe, bipennis.
A chip-axe, dolabella.
A pick-axe, bipennis.
A little planing-axe, dolabella.
An axle, axle-tree, axis, is, m.
An axiom, effatum, enuntiatio.
The axis [diameter of a sphere] axis; media linea dimetiens sphaeram.
Ay [yes] immo, maxime, etiam.
For aye [ever] in aeternum.
Ay [ay me] hei mihi, heu!
Azure [blue] caeruleus, cyaneus.
An azure stone, lapis lazuli.

To baa or bay like a sheep, balare.
To babble, garrare, blaterare.
A babbler, garrulus, loquax, gerro, blatero.
A babbling or babble, loquacitas, garrulitas.
Mere babble, nugae, pl.
A babe or baby, infans, tis, c. g.
A little babe or baby, puerulus.
Babish, puerilis.
Babyship, infantia.
A baboon, cynocephalus.
A bachelor, caelebs, ibis.
A bachelor of arts, primam lauream adeptus v. consecutus.
A bachelor of divinity, theologus baccalaureus.
A bachelor's degree, baccalaureatus.
Bachelorship, caelibatus.
To back or assist, adjuvare, sustentare; succurrere.
To back a horse, equum concendere. Or break, equum domare.
To put back, repellere.
Backward or backwards [adv.] retro.
Backward [averse to] alienus; aversus. [Negligent] otiosus, remissus. [Slow] piger.
To be backward in doing a thing, tergiversari, cunctari.
A being backward, tergiversatio, cunctatio.
Backwardly [unwillingly] tergiversanter, cunctanter. [Negligently] otiose, negligenter, remisse.
Backwardness [aversion] aversatio. [Negligence] negligentia. [Slowness] pigritia, tarditas.
The back, dorsum, tergum.
The back of the hand, manus pars aversa.
To bear on one's back, humeris ferre, gestare, portare.
To break one's back, delumbare.
Broken-backed, elumbis, delumbatus, delumbis.
Crump-backed, gibber, gibberosus.
To backbite, alicujus existimationem laedere v. violare; aliquid quem obtrectare, clam vituperare, mordere.
A backbiter, obtrector, male-dicus.
A backbiting, obtrectatio, alienae famae violatio.
The back-bone, spina dorsalis. Or belonging thereto, spinalis.
The back parts, posteriora, sm. n. pl.

Tied back to back, aversi colligati.
A binding back to back, aversorum colligatio.
Back stairs, scalæ posticæ.
A backside or yard, postica; chors postica.
The backside of a leaf in a book, pagina aversa.
The backside, podex, scis, m.
On the backside [behind] pone, post, retro.
Drwelling on the backside, posticus.
Back [adj.] posticus, posterior, aversus.
A back blow or back stroke, ictus aversus.
Bacon, lardum v. lardidum.
Rusty bacon, lardidum rancidum.
Somewhat rusty, rancidulum.
A fitch of bacon, succidia.
A gammon of bacon, petaso.
Bacon grease, axungia.
Bad, pravus, malus, nequam. [improperly used for sick] vid. Sick.
Bad, vid. Bid.
Badly [wickedly] male, prave, improbe. [Difficulty] vix, disculter. [Sickly] egre.
Badness, vitium, pravitas.
Badness of roads, viarum asperitas. *Of weather*, cal. tempestas v. intempestas.
A badge or token, indicium, signum, tessera, insigne, is, n.
A badger [beast] taxus, melis.
A badger [one that buys corn and sells it again] mango frumentarius.
To baffle, ludificari; aliquem fallere, fraudare; alicui verba fere.
A baffle, nugo, pl.
The act of baffling, deceptio, fraus, dolus.
A baffler, deceptor, lusor.
A bag, saccus, perz.
A leather bag or purse, marsupium.
A little bag, loculus, sacculus.
A cloak bag, mantica.
A meal bag, saccus fromentarius.
A sweet bag, sacculus ad odorem continenda.
A bag-bearer, portitor crumenæ.
A baggage [a worthless woman] mulier impudica, meretrix.
Baggage [lumber] scruta, pl.
Bag and baggage, impedimenta, pl. sarcinæ, pl.
Bag by bag, peratim.
To truss up bag and baggage, vasa v. sarcinas et saccos colligere.
To give orders to march with bag and baggage, vasa conclamare.
To march with bag and baggage, sarcinis v. vasibus col-

lectis proficisci, abire, discedere.
A bagnio, balneum.
Bail, vadimonium, satisfactio.
Bail [surety in a criminal matter] vas. [For debt] præstas, dis, m. sponsor.
To bail a person, vadem se pro aliquo sistere.
Bailable, res in quâ vadimonium interponi potest.
A bailing, vadimonii interpositio.
A bailiff [magistrate] prætor urbanus. [Serjeant] licitor, apparitor. [Steward] dispensator. [Of a hundred] villicus.
A water-bailiff, aquarius.
To do the office of such a bailiff, villicare, villicari.
The office of a bailiff, villicatio.
A bailiwick, prætoris v. villici jurisdictio.
A bait. Vid. Allurement.
A bait [to catch a thing] esca, perlecebra.
To bait [lay a bait] inescare, insidias struere. Vid. To allure.
To bait [at an inn] divertere, diverti, diversari.
To bait a bear or bull, ursum v. taurum cum canibus committere.
To bait a hook, escâ hamum obducere.
To bait [or set upon] one, aliquem conviciis impetere, lacescere, proscindere.
A bear-baiting, &c. certamen inter ursum et canes.
A baiting-place [by the way] diversorium, hospitium, taberna diversoria; caupona. [For wild beasts] arena, amphitheatrum.
To bake, torrere, coquere.
A bakehouse, pistrinum.
A small bakehouse, pistrilla.
Of or belonging to a bakehouse, pistrinensis.
Easy to be baked, coctibilis.
Baked meats, pista, pl.
A baker, pistor. *Of sweet meats*, pistor dulciarius.
A baker's trade, panificium, ars pistoria.
A baking, coctio.
Of or belonging to baking, pistorius.
A balance, libra, trutina, statera.
The beam of a balance, scapus.
The hole, trutina. *The tongue*, examen. *The scale*, lanx.
To balance, pondus æquare.
That which is put into the balance to make even weight, sacomma.
A balancing [even weight] libramen, libramentum, æquipondium.
A balancer, libripens, dis.
A balcony, podium, meniana, pl.

Bald, calvus, depilis, glaber.
Bald before, præcalvus. *Behind*, recalvus.
To be bald, calvere.
To grow bald, calvescere. *Be come bald*, calvescieri, calvus fieri.
Balderdash [of drink] potus mixtus. [A confused heap of things] farrago.
Baldness, calvities.
A baldrick, balteus.
A bale of goods, mercium colligatarum fascis; colligata mercium sarcina.
A little bale, fasciculus.
Baleful, tristis, mæstus, funestus. [Hurtful] noxius.
A balk or ridge of land between two furrows, porta, lira.
A balk or beam, trabs, bis. f. tignum.
To balk [make a balk] imporcare.
To balk [pass by] omittere; siceo pede præterire. [Disappoint] aliquem decipere, frustrari, fallere.
A balking [passing by] omissio, præterminissio.
A ball to play with, pila.
A little ball, pilula, orbiculus.
A hand-ball, pila palmaria.
To play at hand-ball, datatim ludere.
Ball playing, pilæ lusio.
A ball-player, pilarius.
The rebound of a ball, pilæ re-sultus.
The tosser of a ball, dator.
A foot-ball, pila pedalis follis.
The ball of the hand, palma, vola. *Of the eye*, pupilla. *Of the foot*, planta.
A ball or bullet, globus. *A small bullet*, globulus.
A cannon-ball, globus ferreus e tormento explodendus.
A musk-ball, pastillus.
A wash-ball, smegma.
A snow-ball, globulus niveus; pilula nivaria.
A ball [a dance] choreæ.
To keep balls, choreas celebrare.
To go to balls, choreas frequentare.
A ballad, cantilena trivialis; canticum, menia.
A ballad-singer, qui v. quæ cantilenas in trivis canit.
Ballast, saburra, sabulum navale.
To ballast, saburrare, saburrâ gravare.
Ballasting, saburræ libramen v. libramentum.
A ballot-box, cista.
To ballot, suffragia in cistam v. urnam mittere.
A balloting, suffragiorum immissio.
Balm, balsamum.
Balm [herb] apinistrum.
Balmly balsamic, balsaminos.

A baluster, clathrus. A balustrade, clathri, clathrorum septum.
To baluster, clathris sepere.
A ban [proclamation] edictum. [A curse] imprecatio, diræ, pl. [An interdiction] interdictio. [The bans of matrimony] futurarum nuptiarum denunciatio.
To ban [curse] execrari, aliquem diris devovere.
A band [tie] copula, ligamen, vinculum.
A neck-band, collare, collarium.
A head-band, fascia caput cingens; anadema.
A hat-band, petasi cingulum.
A little band, fascicula, tæniola.
A band of soldiers, caterva, cohors, manus.
To divide into small bands, decuritare; in curias dividere.
Of a band or company, catervarius, turmalis.
A band of footmen, peditatus.
A band under one captain, manipulus.
By bands, turmatim, catervatim.
A bandage, fascia.
Banditti, latrones.
A bandy, clava falcata.
To bandy a ball, clavâ pilam torquere.
To bandy reports about, rumores spargere, disseminare.
Bandy legged, vagus.
Bane [poison] venenum. [Death] mors.
To bane [to poison] veneno tollere.
Baneful, pestifer, noxius.
A bang, plaga, ictus, verber.
To bang, aliquem cedere, verberare, pugnis contudere.
** banging, verberatio.*
To banish, aliquem in exilium mittere, pellere, relegare.
A banished man, exul.
A banisher, proscripitor, exterminator.
A banishing, relegatio, proscription; exportatio.
Banishment, exilium, fuga.
To recal from banishment, in patriam revocare v. reducere, exulem in patriam restituere.
Banisters, vid. Baluster.
The bank of a river, ripa.
A bank to hold water back, moles, agger.
A bank [hillock] grumulus, tumulus.
A bank or shelf in the sea, arenarum cumulus, arenacea moles.
A steep bank, præcipitium.
The raising of a bank, terræ aggestio.
One that dwells on the side of a bank, riparius.
A bank of oars, remigium.
A bank of money, sors; pecunie æraria.

A bank of exchange, taberna argentaria.
A bank-bill, syngrapha publica pecuniaria. Bank bills, tessere argentariæ.
A banker, argentarius, mensarius.
The trade of a banker, ars argentaria.
A bankrupt, homo æratus; deceptor.
A cheating bankrupt, creditorum fraudator.
A desperate bankrupt, obærat.
To be or turn bankrupt, decoquere; conturbare, sc. rationes; foro celere.
Bankruptcy, rationum conturbatio; a foro cessic.
A banner [colours] vexillum bellicum; signa v. insignia militaria.
A banquet, epulum, epulæ, pl. convivium, concenatio, daps, dapies, f.
To banquet, convivari, epulari, epulas celebrare.
To banquet riotously, commissari, luxuriose convivari v. epulari.
A riotous banquet, commissatio, luxuriosum convivium.
A rich banquet, pollectum; votivum epulum, convivium opiparum.
A banquet without wine, convivium abstemium v. siccum.
A banquet-maker, convivor, obsonator.
A banqueter, conviva, epulo, Ænie, m.
A riotous banqueter, commissator.
A banqueting, epulatio, conisatio.
Banqueting stuff, dapies, pl. belaria, pl.
Of or for a banquet, convivialis, epularis.
A banter, jocularis cavillum; æomma ridiculum, jocosum.
A bantering, jocatio, irrisio, sauna.
To banter, delicias facere.
By way of banter, jocosè.
To turn into banter, in ridiculum convertere.
A banterer, jocularis, homo jocularis.
A bantling, pusio, puerulus.
Baptism, baptismus, baptisma.
Baptismal, baptismalis.
The day of one's baptism, dies lustricus.
To baptize, aliquem baptizare; sacro baptismatis fonte abludere; Christianæ religionis sacris initiare.
A baptistery, sacer baptismi fons; baptisterium.
A baptist or anabaptist, qui infantem baptizandos esse negat.
A baptizer, baptizator qui al-

quem Christianæ religionis sacris initiat.

A baptizing, baptizatio; Christianæ religionis initiatio.
A bar, vectus, m.
A bar to prevent people advancing too near a court, clathri, pl. curiæ repagula v. clausura.
A door-bar, obex, repagulum.
To break open the bars, repagula convellere.
The bar of a haven, repagulum.
A bar [hindrance] impedimentum, mora.
The bar in a public house, abacus rationalis.
A bar in law, cavillatio; exceptio dilatoria.
To bar [keep from] interdicere, excludere.
A little bar, pessulus.
A bar [starting place] repagula, pl. [Where causes are pleaded] clathri, pl. cancelli in foro.
To plead at the bar, causas agere; defendere.
Cross-barred, clathratus, cancellatus.
A barb, spiculum, barba.
To barb, tondere, abradere.
Barbs [for a horse] phaleræ, pl. tegumenta equorum.
Barbarian, barbarus, barbari, barbaric, cus.
A barbarism, barbarismus, solecismus.
Barbarity or barbarousness, crudelitas, inhumanitas.
Barbarous, crudelis, sævus, immanis, barbarus.
Barbarously, inhumaniter, atrociter, truculenter.
A barbel, nullus barbatus, barbatus.
A barber, tonsor.
A woman barber, tonsrix, tonstricula.
A barber's shop, tonsstrina.
Of or belonging to a barber, tonsorius.
A barberry, spilus acidæ pomum.
A bard, poeta.
Bare [naked] nudus, nudatus.
[Only] solum, tantum, tantummodo. [Without grass or hair] glaber.
To make bare, nudare, denudare. [To uncover] aperire.
To be bare [without hair, &c.] glabrere.
To begin to be bare, glabrescere.
Bare [lean] macer, gracilis.
To become bare or lean, macere, macrescere, emacrescere.
To make bare or lean, emaciare.
A bare plat without grass, glabretum.
Bare of money, inops, pauper.
Thread-bare, tritus.
Bareboned, strigosus.
Barefooted, discalcatus, nudipes.

Barely [scarcely] vix. [Poorly, slenderly] tenuiter, exiliter. *Bareness in clothes*, pauper cultus v. vestitus. *Of hair*, calities. *Of money*, inopia. *A bargain* [agreement] pactum, commercium, stipulatio. *A small bargain*, stipulatio-cula. *A bargain* [jesting on a person] ludificatio. *To bargain, make or strike up a bargain*, pacisci, stipulari; pactum cum aliquo facere, conuenire, sancire. *To bargain for* [hire] conducere. *A bargain-maker*, pactor, stipulator. *A bargaining*, pactio, sponsio. *A deceitful bargaining*, fraudatio. *A barge*, linter, navigium, cymba. *A ferry-boat*, ponto, *Onis*, m. *A barge-man*, naviculator. *The bark of a tree*, cortex, *icis*, f. *The inner bark*, liber. *A little bark*, corticula. *To bark* [peel trees] decorticare; corticem detrahere. *Having a thick bark*, barky, corticosus. *Barked or having a bark*, corticatus; cortice obductus. *A barking of trees*, decortificatio. *A bark or little ship*, navigium, lembus. *A swift bark or pinnace*, myosaro, *Onis*, m. *To bark* [as a dog] latrare. *At*, aliquem allatrare v. latrare. *Against*, oblatrare, obgaunire. *A barber*, latrator. *A barking*, latratu. *Barley*, hordeum. *Barley-flour*, polenta. *Barley-water*, ptisana, ptisanarum. *A barley-corn* [in measure] hordei granum. *Belonging to barley*, hordeaceus, hordearius. *A barn*, horreum, granarium. *A hay-barn*, fenile. *A little barn*, horreolum. *A barometer*, instrumentum ad gravitatem incumbentis aeris mensurandum. *A baron*, *baro*, *Onis*, m. dynasta, e, m. *Of the eschequer*, quæstor fiscalis. *Baronage*, baronatus. *A baroness*, baronissa. *A baronet*, barunculus, baronetes. *A barony*, baronia, satrapia. *A barrack*, casa militaris. *A barrator*, vitiligator, rabula; causarum conciliator. *Barratry*, calumniatio. *A barrel*, dolium, cadus. *A little barrel*, doliolum. *Of a barrel*, doliaris.

The barrel of a drum, tympani lignea compages. *Of a gun*, tormenti fistula. *Of a jack*, fusus qui versat veru. *Of a clock*, fusus horologii. *To barrel up*, in dolia v. cadis recondere. *Barren*, sterilis, infœcundus, efficitus. *To grow barren*, sterilefcere. *Barrenly*, sterilitate, efficit. *Barrenness*, sterilitas, infœcunditas. *Barriers* [boundaries] limites, pl. fines, termini. *Before a house*, prothyrum. *To play at barriers*, palæstrâ concertare. *A barrister at law*, jurisconsultus, causidicus, causarum actor, patronus. *A barrow*, vehiculum. *A hand-barrow*, vehiculum manibus portandum. *A wheel-barrow*, vehiculum unâ rotâ instructum manu trusabile. *To barter*, merces commutare; mercem merce permutare. *A barterer*, mercator; qui merces commutat. *A bartering*, mercium commutatio v. permutatio. *A base* [foundation] fundamentum, basis. *A base-court*, curia inferior. *A base tenure*, clientela servilis. *Base* [mean] humilis, vulgaris, obscurus. [Cowardly] ignavus, timidus. [Counterfeit, as metal] adulterinus. [Knaveish] fraudulentus, fallax. [Shameful] infamis, fœdus. [Stark naught] nequam, pravus. *Base or vile*, turpis, vilis, sordidus. *O base!* O indignum! nefarium! *Money of base alloy*, nummi sequioris metalli. *A base trick*, versutia, dolus. *One who uses base tricks*, versutus, venerator. *A base wretch*, nebulo infamis. *Basely* [meanly] abjecte, demisse, humiliter. [Cowardly] ignave, timide. [Knaveishly] improbe, nequiter. [Shamefully] fœde, turpiter, indigne. *Baseness of birth*, ignobilitas, generis humilitas, obscuritas. [Cowardliness] ignavia, timiditas. [Knaveishness] fallacia, fraudulentia. [Shamefulness] turpitudine, fœditas. *Bashful*, modestus, verecundus. *Bashfully*, modeste, verecunde, pudenter. *Bashfulness*, modestia, verecundia, pudor, timiditas. *A basilisk*, basiliscus, regulus. *A basis*, basis, is, f. *To bask*, ad ignem v. solem foveri; apicari.

A basking in the sun, apicatio. *A basket*, corbis, qualus saligenus; scirpiolum. *A little basket*, corbula, sportula. *A basket of reeds*, quasillus v. quasillum. *A bread-basket*, panarium. *A hand-basket*, corbis palmaria. *A dust-basket*, corbis ad sordes recipiendus aptus. *A basket-woman*, femina mercendulâ conducta ad abaria domum portanda a mercatu. *A basket-maker*, cophinari. *A basin*, pollubrum, pelvis, is, f. *A little basin*, concha. *A basin of a fountain*, crater, *eris*, domus. *The bass* [in music] sonus gravia. *The thorough bass*, scnus imus. *A bastard*, nothus; notha. *Bastard children*, insitivi liberi. *Basterdized*, ortus infamiâ notatus; adulterinus. *Bastardly*, more spuriorum. *Bastardy*, ortus infamiâ; natalium infamiâ. *To baste meat*, carnem ante ignem versantem butyro liquo molire v. humectare. [Beat] fuste aliquem cedere, verberare. *A basting or bastinado*, fustuarium. *A bastion or bulwark*, propugnaculum, agger. *A bat* [bird] vespertilio. *A bat* [club] clava, fustia. *A whirl-bat*, cestus. *To bat* [as threshers] tribulare. *To bate* [neut.] decrefcere. *To bate* [money] de summâ remittere, detrahere. *Bate* [strife] lis, contentio. *A bath*, balneum, balineum. *A little bath*, balneolum. *A knight of the bath*, miles de balneo. *A hot bath*, thermæ. *A little hot bath*, thermule. *A cold bath*, cella frigidaria. *A bath-keeper*, balneator. *To bathe*, balneo lavare; balneari aqua se proluere. *To bathe or soak*, macerare. *A baton*, fustis, baculum. *Battalia*, acies instructa. *A battalion*, agmen. *Of foot*, phalanx. *Square*, agmen quadratum. *Triangular*, cuneus. *The middle battalion*, consisting of 300 among the ancients, phalanx, *gis*, f. *To batten* [grow fat] pinguescere, crassescere. [Make fat] saginare. *To batter*, collidere, contundere, verberare. *To batter down*, diruere, evertere, pervertere, destruere, demoliri, disturbare.

A battering, concussio, quassatio.
A battery [oreach] ruina, fenestralia.
Battery [besieging] oppugnatio.
Assault and battery, assultus et verberatio; injuria personalis.
A battery [bulwark] tormentorum bellicorum sedes.
To raise a battery, tormenta bellica locare, disponere v. constituisse.
A battle, prælum, pugna, certamen.
The front of a battle, prima acies.
A battle between two [duel] certamen singulare; duellum.
A general battle, dimicatio universa. *Doubtful*, prælum anceps. *Bloody*, prælum cruentum. *Decisive*, ultima dimicatio.
To give an enemy battle, or *to fight a battle*, cum hoste conficere; acie congressi; prælio dimicare; signa conferre; manum conserere; prælum committere.
It came to a battle, res ad manum atque pugnam venit.
To provoke to battle, hostem ad certamen provocare, ad pugnam lacessere.
To gain a battle, vincere, superare; prælum secundum facere; diacessere superior.
To lose a battle, vinci, cædi, fundi.
The battle was doubtful, vario, æquo, dubio Marte pugnatum est.
To make one's self ready for battle, ad certamen se accingere.
To draw up in battle array, aciem instruere, dirigere, ordinare.
To refuse a battle, certamen detrectare.
A pitched or set battle, instructa acies.
The beginning of a battle, velatio, pugne prælusio.
Of or belonging to a battle, præliaris.
A battle-axe, bipennis, is, f.
A battledore [at tennis or shuttlecock] palmula lusoria, quâ pila emittitur ac repellitur.
Battlements, lorica, corona, pinna murorum.
Baubles, trica, pl.
A female baud, lena, lupa.
A male baud, leno.
To play the baud, lenocinari.
Bawdry, lenocinium. *In speech*, obscenitas, spurcitia.
Bawdy, impudicus, obscenus, spurcus.
A bawdy-house, lupanar, lustrum; fornic.
A haunter of bawdy-houses, scortator, ganeo.
Bawdily, obscene, fade.

Talking bawdy, spurcibus.
To bowl, clamare, vociferari; clamores edere v. tollere.
A bowler, clamator, clamosus.
A bowling, vociferatio, clamatio, exclamatio.
Of or belonging to bowling, clamosus.
A bay [roar for ships] statio. [Creek] sinus. [Dam] pila, moles, is, f.
A bay-tree, laurus, baccalia.
A place where bay-trees grow, laureum.
A bay-berry, bacca lauri.
Bearing bays, laurifer.
Crowned with bays, laureatus, lauriger.
To hold or keep at bay, morari, sistere.
To stand at bay, hostium impetum sustinere.
A bright bay, fulvus.
A dapple bay, fulvus albis maculis distinctus.
A bayonet, aica.
Bayes [cloth] pannus villonius.
To be [exist] esse, fieri, existere.
To be at [present] adesse, interesse.
To be out [mistaken] errare, falli.
To be without [want] carere, egere.
So be it, ita fiat.
A beach [or shore] litus.
A beacon, specula. *Burning*, ignis speculatorius.
A signal from a beacon, speculæ significatio.
Beaconage, tributum speculare, speculatorium.
To fire the beacon, hostium adventum igne acenso in speculâ nuntiare.
To watch at a beacon, de speculâ observare.
A watcher at a beacon, excubitor, speculator.
A bead, sphaerula perforata.
A pair of beads, tesserae v. sphaerulae precatoriae.
A necklace of precious beads, monile ex gemmulis.
A string of beads for the arm, armilla.
A beadleman, orator.
A beadle, lictor, viator, præco.
A beadle of beggars, flagellarius, lictor pistrinarius, virgator.
A bead-roll, catalogus precum.
A beagle, canis venaticus.
A beak, rostrum. *A little beak*, rostellum.
The beak [of a ship] rostra, pl.
Beaked, rostratus.
A beaker, cantharus.
To beat [gather matter as a sore] suppurare.
A large beam, trabs.
A small beam, trabecula.

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The principal beam of a house, lacunar.
A weaver's beam, jugum textorium.
The beam of a carriage, temo, m. *Of a ship*, trabs ratia. *Of a balance*, scapus. *Of a great balance*, stater, eris, m.
A beam [meteor] trabs ardens.
A draught-beam [wind beam] ergata.
A sun-beam, jubar, radius solis.
Of or like a beam, trabalis.
Compassed with beams, radiatus.
To beam, radiare.
Beamy, radians.
A bean, faba.
A French, Guinea, or kidney bean, phaseolus.
A little bean, fabula.
The black of a bean, hilum.
Of a bean, fabalis.
A bean cake, fabacia, siliqua.
Shell, faba coucha, valvula.
Stalk, fabale.
Bean straw, stipula fabalis.
Porridge, puls fabacen. *Meal*, lomentum. *Chaff*, tunica fabæ.
A bean plat, fabetum.
To bear [carry] portare, gestare, ferre. [Suffer] ferre, sufferre, tolerare; pati. *Down*, deprimere, opprimere. *Up*, f. 'cire, sustentare. *About*, circumferre. *Away*, auferre, abducere.
To bear or bring forth [as animals] parere.
To bear or behave himself, se gerere.
To bear the loss of a thing [make it good] damnum prestare. [Take it patiently] damnum æquo animo ferre.
To bear off a blow, ictum avertere.
To bear a part in, partem aliqujus rei sustinere.
To bear rule or sway, dominari, imperium exercere; rerum potiri.
To bear towards a coast, adnavigare, adnare.
To bear down, sustinere. *Up against*, resistere, obniti; obistere. *Up to*, ad aliquem cursum dirigere.
To bear or lean upon, inniti, incumbere.
A bearer [porter] bajulus, gestator.
The bearer of a corpse, vespillo.
A bearing [carrying] bajulatio, portatio, gestatus.
A bearing [suffering] perpassio. *Past bearing* [of trees, females, &c.] ætatis.
A bear [male] ursus. [Female] ursa.
The bear [constellation] arctos arctophylax.
Of or like a bear, ursinus.
A beard, barba. *A long*, pro-

mina, immissa, proluxa. Lit-
ta, barbula.
A poet's beard, spirillum.
A cut's beard, genobarbura.
A beard of corn, spica, aristata.
A rough beard, barba hirsuta v.
herma.
Bearded ears, aristæ spicatæ.
Beardless, imberbis.
The first bearding of men,
tubæ, prima lanugo.
To beard a person, convicia co-
nam lacerare.
A beast, bestia.
A great beast, bellua.
A little beast, bestiola.
A wild beast, fera.
A tame beast, bestia domestica.
A beast of burden, jumentum.
All kind of tame beasts [flocks
v. herds] pecus, ovis, n. pe-
ca, ovis, f. Note, Flocks
[chiefly sheep] are generally
expressed by the former.
A beast for sacrifice, victima.
A herd of beasts, pecuaria. pl.
Beasts of chase, feræ campe-
stræ. Of forests, silvestres.
Beastliness, feritas, immanitas.
Beastness [lascivia, impudici-
lia. [Nastiness] immunditia,
verdes, is, f.
Beastly or bestial [lewd] lasciv-
um, impudicus, obscenus, sa-
nu, spurcus. [Nasty] im-
mundus, sordidus.
In a beastly manner, turpiter,
berbe, lascive, impudice.
Beat of drum, tympani sonus.
To beat, verberare, pulsare,
cadere; pugnis contundere.
[Bruise] terere, pilo aliquid
contundere. [Conquer] vin-
dicare, superare.
To beat against, allidère, illi-
dere, impingere.
To beat an alarm, ad arma con-
tinuare; bellicum canere.
To beat back, repellere, reper-
cire, avertere. [Back again]
reverberare. [Back often] re-
versare.
To beat the breast for grief,
vaagare.
To beat black and blue, sugil-
lare.
To beat or hammer a thing, to
make it longer or thinner, pro-
cedere.
To beat [as the pulse] lentius v.
celerius moveri, micare.
To beat or knock, plangere.
Optem, pulsare. With the fist,
pugnis contundere. To the
ground, affigere. Out [search
for, as hunters] indagare. With
a hammer, tundere, pertun-
dere. Much, compulsare, de-
verberare.
To beat out, excudere, exterere.
To beat out the brains, excere-
brare.
To beat together, collidere.
To beat as the waves, illidere.

Weather-beaten [at sea] ventis
quassatus. By a journey, cœli
intempestate fatigatus v. delas-
satus.

Worthy to be beaten, verheran-
dus; plagis dignus; verbera-
bilis.

A beater, plagiosus, verberator.
A beater down, demolitor.

A beater [rammer] fistuca, pa-
viculæ.

A beating, verberatio, pulsatio,
pulsus. Back, repercussio.

Black and blue, sugillatio. Of
the breast, plangor, planctus.

With a cudgel, fustuarium.
Down, demolitio. One thing
against another, collisio, con-
tusio. Of the pulse, arteriæ v.
venæ pulsus. [Quick] creber
pulsus.

To beatify, beare; aliquem in
v. inter beatos referre.

Beatitude, beatitudo; beata vi-
ta, summa felicitas.

A beau, homo nimis in vestibus
elegantis studiosus.

Beauish, bellus; in vestibus
elegantior.

A beaver [beast] castor, fiber.
[Hat] pileus v. petasus casto-
reus.

Of a beaver, castoreus, fibrinus.
Beaver-oil, castoreum.

Beauteous or beautiful, formo-
sus, pulcher, venustus.

Somewhat beautiful, venuat-
ulus, floridulus.

Beauty, beautifulness, or beaute-
ousness, pulchritudo, formosi-
tas, venustus, decor.

The beauty of a place, loci
amœnitas.

To beautify, ornare, decorare.
A beautifying, ornamentum, or-
natus.

To be beautiful, nitere, splen-
descere.

Beautifully, decore, ornate,
pulchre, venuste.

To lose one's beauty, deflores-
cere.

To be calm, pacare, sedare, tran-
quillare.

A becatming, sedatio.
Because, quia, quod, quoniam,
propterea quod.

Because of, ob, propter, gratiâ,
ergo. Note, ergo in this sense
is put after the genitive case it
governs.

A beck or rill, rivulus.
A beck, nutus.

To beckon, to beck, nutare, in-
nutere. Again, renutare. Back
or from, renutere, abnutere. To
annutere.

A beckoning, n. itatio.
To become [to be fit, fitting, or
becoming] decere; par, dig-
num, v. decorum esse. [To
grow or be made] evadere,
fieri.

Note, To become, before a verb,
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is often rendered by turning
the verb into an inceptive, *in*
sco.

It ill becomes, dedecet.
A becoming, decor, decus.

Becoming [convenient] decens.
[Graceful] decorus.

Well-becoming, perdecorus.
Becomingly, decore, venuste.

A bed, lectus, torus, cubile. Of
state, pulvinar. In a garden,
area, arcola.

To go to bed, inire lectum, in
lectum se recipere.

To make a bed, lectum sternere,
concinnare.

Bed-time, hora decumbendi.
The bed of a river, alveus.

A little bed, lectulus, torulus.
A truckle or trundle-bed, lectus
versatilis.

A down-bed, culcita mollioribus
avium plumis referta. Feather,
culcita, plumea. Flock, cul-
cita lanæ. Pallet, grabatus
Press, lectus ad formam scri-
nii vestiarii formatus. Straw,
lectus stramineus.

A bride-bed, torus genialis v.
nuptialis.

A settle-bed, lectus sellæ for-
mam habens.

A stately bed, lectus dapilis.
A table-bed, lectus mensæ for-
mam referens.

To be brought to bed, eniti, pa-
rere, partum edere.

A being brought to bed, puerpe-
rium.

One brought to bed, puerpera.
A bed's head, cubitale, cervical
The bed's feet, lecti pedes.

A bed's tester, lecti umbella.
A bedstead, pluteum, lecti ful-
crum, spouda.

A bed-post, lecti columna.
A bed-maker, lecti strator.

To keep one's bed, lecto assigi.
To bed with one, concumbere.

A bed-chamber, cubiculum.
A gentleman of the king's bed-
chamber, nobilis a regio cubi-
culo.

Belonging to a bed-chamber,
cubicularis.

Bed-clothes or bedding, stragu-
la, pl.

Bed-ridden, clinicus.
To be sick in bed, decumbere.

A bed-fellow, bed-mate, consors
lecti.

To bedaggle, oram vestis col-
lutare; vestem luto asper-
gere.

To bedash, aspergere. All over,
luto cooperire.

A bedashing, aspersio.
To bedaub, inquinare, conspur-
care, maculare.

A bedaubing, inquinamentum,
labes.

To bedaub with colly or smut,
denigrare. With ink, atramento
commaculare.

To bedew, rorare, irrorare.
To be bedewed, rorescere, irrorari.
Bedewed, rorulentus, roratus, rocidus.
A bedewing, roratio, irroratio, roris aspersio.
Bedlam or **Bethlehem**, hospitium insanorum.
A bedlamite, insanus, furiosus.
Bedlam-like [adj.] furibundus, furiosus; [adv.] furibunde, furiose.
To bedung, stercore inquinare; sordibus volutare.
A bedunging, inquinamentum.
To bedust, pulvere conspergere.
A bee, apis.
A drone bee, fucus.
A little bee, apicula.
A gad bee, asilus, tabanus.
A humble bee, bombylus.
Young bees, nymphae, pl.
A swarm of bees, apum examen.
To drive bees, favos ex alveis eximere.
A bee-hive, alveare, alvearium, alveus.
A bee-master, apiarius.
Of bees, apianus.
A beech-tree, fagus.
Beech-mast, glans fagea.
Beechen, fageus, faginus, fagineus.
A beech-grove, locus fagis constitus.
Beef, caro bubula v. hovilla.
Beer, cerevisia, zythum, xythus. *New*, mustum. *Hopped*, cerevisia lupulata. *Fresh*, potius, recens. *Strong*, cerevisia primaria. *Small*, cerevisia tenuis. *Stale and hard*, potus acrior v. acri sapore.
Dead, vappa. *Table-beer*, cerevisia cibaria.
A beetle [fly] cantharus, scarabæus.
A dung-beetle, scarabæus stercorearius.
A beetle or mallet, malleus, tudes.
A little beetle, malleolus.
A bucking beetle, tudicula.
A pavior's beetle, pavicula.
Beetle-browed, cuperatus, superciliosus.
Beetle-headed, fatuus, stipes.
To besal, contingere, accidere, evenire.
It besall, evenit, accidit, factum est.
To besit, decere, congruere, convenire.
To besoul, aliquem ridere, irridere, ludere, ludificari.
A besouling, irrisio, iusio.
Before is variously rendered in Latin, sometimes, and most commonly, by ante. But it may also be translated by apud, coram, in, ob, palam, prae, præter, pro, sub, supra;

[ade,] antequam, citius, priusquam.
Beforehand in the world, opulentus, dives.
To besoul, coquinare, commaculare.
To befriend, favere, gratificari.
To be befriended, gratiâ sublevari, commodari.
A besfriending, gratificatio, benevolentia.
To beg, mendicare. *On the highway*, propter vias.
To beg [entreat] orare, rogare. *Humbly*, supplicare, implorare. *Earnestly*, obtestari.
To begin by begging or entreating, exorare.
To beg the question, principium petire.
He began [to speak] infit. Vid. *Begin*.
To beget [as a father] gignere, generare, procreare. [*Procure*] conciliare, parare.
A begetter, genitor, procreator.
A begetting, generatio, procreatio.
First-begotten, primogenitus.
Only begotten, unigenitus, filius unicus.
A begger or beggar, mendicus.
A little or young beggar, mendiculus.
To beggar, ad egestatem v. mendicitatem redigere.
To be beggared, bonis exhausti; pauper v. inops fieri.
Beggartiness or beggary, mendicitas, paupertas, egestas.
Beggarly, inops, pauper, mendicinus.
A beggarly fellow, homo pauperculus.
Beggarly [mean] vilis, abjectus, proletarius.
Beggarly, beggingly, mendice.
A begging, mendicatio.
A begging the question, petitio principii.
To begin, incipere, occipere, exordiri, aggredi, inchoare.
I have begun, coepi.
Began anew, novitius, integer.
To begin [take beginning from] oriri, nasci. *Again*, redordiri, redintegrare, repetere.
To rise [as the sun] auboriri.
A design, institutio. *A journey*, iter ingredi. *A battle*, prælium iure.
A beginner, auctor, inceptor, princeps.
The chief beginner, productor.
A young beginner, tiro, urunculus.
A beginning, initium, principium, exordium.
The first beginning of an art or science, alicujus artis v. scientie prima rudimenta, elementa.
A beginning or rise, origo, primordium, principatus.

A fresh beginning, redintegratio.
Of a beginning, principalis.
To begin, cingere, circumdare, obsequire.
To begrease, adipe ungere.
To begrime, aliquid denigrare.
To beguile, fraudare, circumvenire, fallere, decipere, lacerare.
A beguiler, homo fallax, fraudator, planus.
A beguiling, dolus, fraudatio, fallacia.
In behalf, vice.
To behave, se gerere, se præbere.
Ill-behaved, male moratus, inurbanus.
Well-behaved, bene moratus.
Behaviour, mores.
Good behaviour, morum urbanitas.
Pase behaviour, morum impunitas.
To behead, decollare, obtruncare.
A behest [promise] promissum. [*Command*] jussum, maudatum.
Behind, pone, post, a tergo.
Behind [remaining] reliquus.
To be behind, or inferior to, another in point of learning, alicui cedere.
Behold, ecce, en.
To behold, aspicere, spectare, conspiciari, animadvertere, *As far off*, prospicere, speculari. *Above*, suspicere, spectare. [*Look about*] circumspicere, illustrare. *Earnestly* contemplari, obtineri. *With compassion*, respicere, alicuius misereri.
Plainly to be beheld, conspicuus.
Worthy to be beheld, spectabilis, spectatu dignus.
To behold often, respicere, spectare.
To make one beholden to him, de aliquo bene mereri.
To be beholden to one, alicui obligari, obstringi, devinciri.
A being beholden, obligatio.
A beholder, spectator, speculator.
A beholding, spectatio, conspectus.
A beholding upward, suspectus.
An earnest beholding, intuitus, obtutus.
Behoof, commodum, gratia, utilitas.
It is behovable, interest, refert.
It behooves, decet, expedit, oportet.
Being [essence] natura, essentia.
Being [seeing that] cum, quoniam, quando, quandoquidem.
Being may be expressed by the ablative absolute; as, oppido expugnato, the town being taken

by storm; or, by the perfect participle; as, scriptus, being written on.

Related.—*I was belated*, nox me occupavit.

To belay [waylay] alicui in viâ insidiari, insidias struere v. parare.

A belch or belching, ructus.

To belch, ructare, ructari. *Often*, ructitare. *Out*, eructare.

A belcher, qui ructat; ructatrix, f.

Given to belching, ructuosus.

A beldame, bellona, anicula, vetula.

To beleaguer [besiege] urbem obsidere; obsessam tenere.

A beleaguerer, obsessor.

A beleaguering, obsidio, obsessio.

To belie, alicquem calumniari; falsam crimem in alicquem intendere.

To belie a thing or pretend that which is not, ermentiri.

A believing, calumnia, falsa criminatio.

Belief or a believing, fides.

To be of little belief, diffidère, suspectari.

capicari, incredibilis.

Lightness or easiness of belief, credulitas.

Light or easy of belief, credulus.

Hard of belief, incredulus.

lack or hardness of belief, diffidentia, dubitatio.

The belief [apostles' creed] symbolum apostolicum v. apostolorum.

To believe [give assent to] credere. [*Trust*] alicui confidère, fidem dare. [*Think*] existimare, opinari.

To make one believe a thing, aliquid alicui persuadere; fidem alicui rei facere.

Believable, credibilis, credendus.

Not to be believed, incredibilis; fidei absonus; absurdus.

A person not to be believed or credited [as a witness] intestabilis.

A believer, credens. [*Among divines*] fidus v. fidelis Dei servus.

To make believe [pretend] simulare, prae se ferre.

Belike [adv.] veritati consonus; verisimilis.

Belike [adv.] ut videtur.

A bell, es campanum.

A little bell, tintinnabulum.

A pealing bell, campana funebris.

A saint's bell, campanula sacra.

A little clock-bell, horologii tintinnabulum.

An alarm-bell, tintinnabulum ad familiam excitandam.

A child's bell, crepitaculum.

To hear away the bell, ferre pretium certaminis; victoriam reportare; palmam ferre.

A bell-founder, campanarum confector v. faber.

A bell-man, præco.

Bell-metal, metallum ex quo campanæ conficiuntur.

A bellry, locus in templo unde campanæ pulsantur.

A bell-weather, dux gregis, ver-vex sectarius.

A ringer of bells, campanarum pulsator.

A belle [handsome female] virgo v. mulier venusta, insignis, egregia.

To bellow, mugire. *Again*, remugire. *Out*, emugire. *To*, admugire.

A bellowing, mugitus.

A pair of bellows, follis.

The nose or pipe of the bellows, crater follis.

A smith's bellows, follis fabrilis.

A belly, venter, alvus, i. f.

Great-bellied, ventricosus.

Great or big-bellied [as a woman with child] gravida, prægnans.

A woman's great belly, gravidus uterus, venter tumidus.

A little belly, ventriculus.

A belly-band or girth, cingulum.

Troubled with the belly-ache, alvinus, alvi dolore laborans.

Belly-cheer, belly-timber, cibaria, pl.

A belly-god [a glutton] belluo, gulosus, vorax.

A belly-friend, parasitus.

A belly-full, satietas.

Full-bellied, satur, a. um.

To belly out with fat, ventricosus esse. [*As a wall*] prominare.

To belong, atinere, competere.

Beloved, dilectus, amatus, gratus, carus.

Dearly beloved, carissimus.

Below [adv.] infernus, inferus.

Below [adv.] infra, subter, deorsum.

Below [prep.] sub, subter, infra.

From below, inferne, de sub.

A belt, balteus v. balteum, cingulum.

A belt-maker, balteorum confector.

Bemadding, ad insaniam agens.

To bemire, se inquinare, in cœnum immergi.

A bemiring, inquinamentum.

To bemoan, deplorare, lamentari.

A bemoaner, qui deplorat.

A bemoaning, plaudus, luctus.

Like one bemoaning, deplorabundus.

A bench, subsellium, scamnum, seville, sella.

A bench [of justice] tribunal. [*Of justices*] consensus.

The king's bench, bancus regius. *A little bench*, scabellum.

A benches, assessor, consessor.

Benches [in a ship] juga, transtra, pl.

A bend, plica.

The bend of a ship, iterum navis curvatura.

To bend, flectere, curvare, inclinare. *One's mind* to. animus ad aliquid adjungere, appellere; ad aliquid incumbere.

Back, reclinare, reflectere. *retorquere*. *A bow*, arcum tendere, flectere. *Round*, in orbem flectere. *Forwards*, inclinare, proclinare. *From*, reclinare, declinare. *Inwards*, incurvare, inflectere. *Towards*, acclinare. *His study*, annui, conari; [neut.] vergere. *Or be bent in the middle*, pandare. [*Shrink*] under a burden, sub onere v. pondere nutare; oneri succumbere.

To begin to bend, incurvescere. *Easy to bend or easily bent*, flexilis.

Benders [muscles] musculi digitorum flexores.

Bending, pronus, curvus, flectens. *Down*, proclinans, inclinans. *Forwards*, vergens, procurvus, proclinatus. *Forwards* [as a descent] declivis, præceps. *As the heavens*, concavus. *Inwards*, acclivis. *To*, acclinans. *Or leaning*, innitens, cunivus. *Downwards*, declivis. *Upwards*, acclivis.

A bending or bowing, curvatio, curvatura, flexura.

A bending archwise, sinuatio.

A bending down, devexitas, deflexus.

A bending forward, proclivitas.

A bending from, declivitas, deflexus.

A bending unto, inclinatio.

A bending in the middle, pandatio.

Bendings or turnings, diverticula, pl.

Bending like a bow, arcuatio flexus.

Beneath, the same with *Below*.

Benediction, fausta precatio.

A benefactor or benefactress, qui v. quæ alicquem beneficiis affecit v. beneficia in alicquem contulit.

A benefaction, beneficium, benefactum. *Vid. Benefit*.

A benefactor to learned men, patronus; Mæcenas.

A benefice, cura ecclesiastica, munus ecclesiasticum.

Beneficence, beneficentia, liberalitas.

Beneficent, beneficus, benignus, liberalis.

Beneficial, commodus, utilis, fructuosus.

A benefit [good turn] benef

To beoken, significare, portendere.
 A betokening, significatio, indicatio, presagium.
 To betray, prodere, tradere. [Discover a thing] indicere, proferre.
 A betrayer, proditor, traditor.
 A betraying, proditio.
 To betroth, despondere.
 A betrother, sponсор.
 A betrothed woman, sponsa.
 A betrothing, sponsalia, pl.
 Better, melior, potior, præstantior.
 Better [cheaper] villior.
 Better [adv.] melius, satius, pulchra, præstantius.
 Nearer the better, nihilo melior.
 Somewhat better, meliusculus.
 To better, amplificare, probare.
 To better one's fortune, rem familiarem augere; rem suam exaggerare.
 To be better, præstare.
 To get the better, superare, vincere; superior evadere.
 To grow better, meliorescere.
 In health, convalescere.
 To make better, corrigere, emendare.
 It is better, præstat.
 To have the better of it, præmare, præcellere, excellere.
 Between or betwixt, inter, medium, in medio, &c.
 Between both, medius.
 Between the one and the other, alternus.
 Being or lying between, intermedium, interjacent.
 To come or go between, intercedere.
 A coming between, intercessio.
 Put between, interpositus, interjunctus.
 Of a middle nature between gods and men, medioximus.
 A bever, becerage, or beaver drink, potus succo malorum et aqua dilutus; vinum vapidi et acidum cum aqua mixtum.
 Beverage [any drink] potus.
 A bery [as of quails, &c.] grex, caterva.
 To bewail, plorare, deplorare, lamentari, flere, lugere, planere.
 Bewailable, sebilis, lamentabilis, lugubris.
 A bewailing, fletus, lamentatio.
 To beware, cavere, prospicere.
 One that bewareth, cautior.
 To beware of [shun] vitare.
 To bewet, madefacere, humectare.
 To bewilder, seducere. To be bewildered, errare, deerrare.
 Bewildered, errabundus; devius.
 To bewitch [enchant] fascinare, effascinare, excantare.

A bewitcher, magus, veneficus.
 A bewitching, bewitchment, or enchanting, incantamentum, fascinatio.
 To bewray, [disclose] prodere, divulgare, enuntiare, revelare, retegere, patefacere. [Defile] fedare, conspurcare.
 A bewrayer [revealer] arcaneum proditor. [Defiler] qui conspurcat.
 A bewraying [disclosing] proditio, indicatio, patefactio.
 Beyond, extra, præter, supra, trans, ultra.
 Beyond sea, transmarinus.
 To go beyond, transire. Overreach, circumvenire, decipere. [Excel] præstare, superare, vincere.
 That is beyond, ulterior.
 A bias, inclinatio, momentum.
 To bias a person, aliquem ad aliquid seducere.
 A biasing, inclinatio, propensio.
 A bib, infantis pectorale; fascia.
 To bib, pitiasare, potitare.
 A bibber, bibax, potor.
 A bibbing, potatio, temulentia.
 The bible, biblia, pl. scriptura v. pagina sacra, sacra littere.
 To bicker, cum aliquo altercari, concertare, contendere.
 A bickerer [masc.] altercator, litigator, disceptator; [fem.] disceptatrix.
 A bickering, altercatio, concertatio, velitatio, contentio verborum.
 To bid, jubere, imperare, mandare, præcipere. [Invite] invitare, vocare. Adieu or farewell, alicui valedicere; jubere aliquem valere v. salvere. [Renounce] renuntiare.
 The bans, matrimonium promulgare. One good morrow, salutare. Money for wares, licitari; mercem pretio liceri.
 For a thing, plus pecunia v. majorem summam offerre.
 To do as he is bid, morem momenti gerere; monitis alicujus parere.
 Not hidden, injussus, invocatus.
 A bidder, qui jubet; imperator. [Inviter] vocator, invitator.
 A bidder of money, licitator.
 A bidding [commanding] mandatum, jussum. [Inviting] invitatio, vocatio.
 A bidding of a price, licitatio.
 Biennial [of two years] biennus.
 A bier for the dead, feretrum.
 Bieat or bieating, colostrum.
 Big, magna, grandis, ingens.
 Big in bulk, crassus, magnus.
 In authority, amplius, potens, præpotens.
 Big with child, gravis, gravis, prægnans, feta.

Big, [with expectation, pride, &c.] inflatus, turgidus, tumidus.
 To grow big, tumere. With child, gravescere.
 Bigamy, iteratum conjugium.
 A bigmist, qui duas uxores duxit.
 Bigger, major, grandior.
 To grow bigger in bulk, turgescere, crescere. In stature, adolescere.
 To make bigger, amplificare, extendere.
 Bigness, amplitudo, moles.
 A biggin, linea puerorum calantica.
 A bigot or bigotted, superstitiosus.
 Bigotry, superstitio.
 A bilander [sea-vessel] navigium.
 Bilboes, cippi navales.
 A bile, [swelling or ulcer] tuberculum, furunculus.
 Bile [choleric] bilis.
 A little bile, ulcusculum.
 A pestilent bile, papula.
 A venomous bile, ulcus pestilens.
 The pricking of a bile, æstus v. dolor ulceris.
 To break out into biles, extubere, exulcerare; in ulcera erumpere.
 The breaking out into biles, exulceratio.
 Full of biles, ulcerosus.
 Bilious, biliosus.
 To bilk, aliquem dolis fallere, decipere.
 A bilker, fraudator.
 A bilking, fraudatio.
 A bill or scroll, scheda, syngrapha.
 A little bill, schedula.
 A bill of debt, cautio alicujus manu subscripta; chirographum, syngrapha.
 Bills of exchange, tesserae nummarie.
 Bank-bills, tesserae argentarie.
 A bill in chancery, actio in curia cancellarii illata. Of costs, tabula impensarum. Of entry, tabella mercium inscriptionum. Of divorce, repudiium uxori missum; divortii libellus. Of fare, cibarium tabella.
 A bill [catalogue] catalogus. [Or indictment] libellus accusatorius.
 The bill was thrown out, senatus legem propositam reject.
 To bring in a bill to the house, ad senatum referre; legem rogare.
 The bills of mortality, tabulae mortuarie.
 A bill upon a door, programma.
 A bill or hook, falx.
 A bill or halberd, pilum longum recurvo ferro prætutum.

A hedging bill, runca, runcina.
A little hand-bill, falcula.
A bill-man, falcarius, falcifer.
Like a bill, falcatus.
To bill [as doves] rostrum rostro insertere.
To bill or lop, falcare.
He that lops with a bill, frondator.
A bill or beak, rostrum.
A little bill, rostellum.
A billet or note, schedula.
A billet-doux, epistola amatoria.
A billet, bacillum, truncus, talea.
A little billet, taleola.
Soldiers' billets, tesserae militares.
To billet soldiers, militibus hospitium per tesseras assignare.
A billet of wood, fasciculus virgarum.
A billing, rostri rostro insertio; suavia super suavia.
Billiards, lusus ludicularis; pilae eburnae pulsatio.
A billiard-table, mensa quâ pilis citreis v. eburneis luditur.
A billingsgate [scold] rixosa, trivialis.
Billingsgate language, verba rixosa, sordida convicia.
To act the billingsgate, maleolictum ex trivolo arripere.
A billow, fluctus.
A bin or hutch, panarium.
To bind, ligare,nectere, connectere, vincire,nectere. *One hand and foot, or neck and heels*, quadrupedem constringere. *About*, circumligare, circumvincire. *The belly*, alvum astringere. *Back*, restringere, revincire. *Before*, praeligare. *Books*, libros compingere. *Fast*, stringere, distringere, destringere. *By friendship*, demereri. *A garment*, praetextare. *Hard*, astringere, coercere. *Himself to appear*, vadi. *Himself by promise*, repromittere. *One's legs*, praepedire. *One by oath*, iurjurando obstringere; iurjurando exigere v. dare. *A servant by giving earnest*, obare, auctorare. *With oaths*, viere. *By promise*, stipulari. *With rushes*, scirpare. *To*, alligare, subnectere. *Together*, conjungere, connectere, colligare. *Underneath*, subligare, substringere. *Upon*, superalligare. *Up*, deligare. *Up a wound*, vulnus obligare.
A binder of books, librorum concinnator.
A binding, ligatura, lligatio, nexus, vinctura. *Again*, religatio. *Fast*, constrictio. *Hard with a cord*, asurictio. *By*

friendship, vinctio. *By promise*, repromissio. *Together*, connexio, colligatio.
Binding [costive] astrictorius; alvum astringens; stypticus.
A biographer, vitarum scriptor.
Biography, vitarum scriptio.
Birch-tree, betula v. betulina.
Birchen, e betulâ.
A bird, avis, volucris, ales.
A little bird, avicula.
A young bird, pullus.
A bird of prey, avis rapax.
A bird-cage, cavea.
A bird-call, fistula.
A jail-bird, furcifer.
A birder or bird-catcher, auciceps.
A birding, aucupium.
To bird, aucupari; avibus insidiare facere; aucupio indulgere v. vacare.
Of birding, aucupatorius.
Bird-time, viscus, viscum.
Birth, ortus, partus, nixus.
A birth-day, dies natalis.
To keep one's birth-day, diem natalem quotannis agere v. celebrare; natalitia dare.
The hour of one's birth, hora natalis.
A birth [parentage] natales, pl. genus.
Of or belonging to one's birth, natalis, natalitius.
Of good birth, nobilis, generosus, summo loco natus, illustribus majoribus ortus.
Of mean birth, ignobilis; homo infimo loco natus; terrae filius; ignobilis atque humili loco natus; obscuro genere ortus.
By birth, natu.
Birth-right, ius majori v. maximo e fratribus ob ætatem debitum; ius ad majorem v. maximum fratrum ratione ætatis pertinens.
A birth-night, nox natalis.
Birth-place, soium natale.
A new-birth, generatio nova.
An untimely birth, partus abortivus.
The after-birth, secundæ, pl.
The birth or bringing forth of any thing, partio, fœtura.
To give birth to a thing, principium, initium, exordium, alicui rei dare.
Birth [a sea-term, convenient sea-room] spatium in quo navis huc illuc ferre potest. [A bed] lectus.
Discut, panis bis coctus v. nauticus.
To dissect, dissecare; in duas æquales partes secare.
A dissection, dissectio; in duas æquales partes sectio.
A bishop, episcopus, pontifex.
To become a bishop, episcopari.
An archbishop, episcopus primarius, archiepiscopus.

A bishop's house or see, episcopus palatium v. aedes.
A bishop of the chief city, rex tropoites, æ, m. metropolitæ nus.
Of a bishop, episcopalis, pontificalis.
A bishopric, episcopatus.
Bissextile [leap year] bissextilis.
A bit, frustum, boius.
By bits, carptim.
A little bit, frustulum.
A tid bit, cupidæ, pl. pulpa-mentum.
To tear a thing to bits, frustatim discerpere.
The bit of a bridle, lupatum.
A bitch, canis femina.
A little bitch, canicula.
A proud or salt bitch, canis pruriens.
A bite, morsus.
A bite [cheat] ἰσομοι fallax; v. terator.
To bite, mordere. *Again*, remordere. *Off*, demordere præmordere; mordicus auferre, abripere. *One's lips*, labia corrodere. *One's nails*, ungues arrodere. *To the quick*, admordere. *Round*, ambeldere. *Often*, morsitare. *Into little pieces*, frustatim discerpere. [Cheat] aliquem fallere, decipere. [As pepper] frost, &c.] urere.
A biting, morsus.
Biting in taste, mordax; edax asper.
A biting or stinging, mordacitas.
Bitingly, mordicus.
Bitten, morsus, demorsus. *By little and little*, carptus. *Off*, præmorsus. *Round*, ambeus. *Hunger-bitten*, esuriens.
Frost-bitten, gelatus, frigore usus.
Bitter [in taste] amarus. [Severe] acerbus, aculeatus.
A little bitter, subamaras.
To make bitter, asperare, exacerbare.
Note, These words are more generally used metaphorically.
Bitter-etch, errum.
Bitterly [in taste] insuaviter. [Severely] acerbe.
To inveigh bitterly against, distis mordacibus aliquem lace-ssere.
Bitterness [in taste] amarities, amaror. [In speech] verborum asperities.
Bitter sweet, dulcis amarities.
A bittern or bittour, ardea stellaris.
To blab, garrive, effutire, blaterare.
A blab, blabber, futilis, loquax.
Blabber [vulg.] blobber and blabber-tipped, labeo, brochus.
Blabberlips, labra demissa.

Black [of colour] ater, niger.
Wicked scelestus, improbus, acinosus.
Black-browed, niger fronte; tristis, horridus.
Black-mouthed, niger ore.
Somewhat black, nigellus, sub-niger.
To be black, nigrere.
Every bean has its black, nemo sine vitii nascitur.
To black or make black, denigrare, infuscare.
Clothed in black, atratus, pulcratus, sordidus v. sortidus velle.
To be made black, nigrescere.
To grow black, nigrescere.
Black and blue, lividus.
To beat black and blue, sugillare.
To be black and blue, livere.
A blackberry, vaccinium.
A blackberry-bush, rubus vulparia.
A blackbird, merula.
A black brown, furvus.
A black or blackmoor, Maurus, Ethiops.
A blackmoor woman, Maura.
A black-guard, pannosus, balatro.
The usher of the black-rod, ostiarius parliamentarius v. magni senatus.
To blacken, denigrare.
Blacking, astrumentum.
Blackish or of a blackish hue, nivosus, nigellus, subniger.
Blackness, nigror, nigritia.
Blackness and blueness, livor.
A bladder, vesica.
A little bladder, vesicula.
A bladder blown, uter.
A blade of corn or grass, caulis, scapula.
Bearing but one blade, unicalvis.
Bearing many blades, multicaulis.
To be in the blade, caulem emittere.
The blade of an herb, folium.
Of an onion or leek, thallus.
The blade of an ear, remi tonsa.
The blade of a flower, capillamentum.
The blade of a sword or knife, lamina.
The shoulder-blade, scapula.
An active young blade, juvenis promptus, alacer. *Gallant*, bellus homo. *Cunning*, homo nasutus, sagax. *Lusty*, homo robustus, fortis, validus.
A cunning old blade, veterator.
A blade [sword], ensis.
A blain, ulcus, *bris*. n.
Full of blains, ulcerosus.
Blamable, accusabilis, vituperabilis.
Blamably, vitiose.
Blame, culpa, crimen, vitium.
To blame, culpae, incusare, redarguere, reprehendere. Or

chide, increpare, accusare, causari, reprehendere, vituperare.
A little, subaccusare. *Often*, increpitare.
To bear the blame of, vituperationem subire.
Blamable, vid. *Blamable*.
Blameless, inculpatus, innoxius, irreprehensus.
Blamelessly, sine culpa, integre.
Blamelessness, integritas.
A blamer, vituperator, criminator.
Blameworthy, vid. *Blamable*.
A blaming, criminatio, oburgatio, vituperatio.
To blanch [whiten] aliquid candefacere, dealbare. [*Take off the rind*] decorticare.
A blancher, hincorum, &c. mundator.
A blanching, albedinis inductio, insolatio.
Bland, blandus, lenis, placidus.
To blandish, adulari, blandio sermone delinire.
Blandiloquence or blandiloquy [flattery] blanditiæ, pl. blandiloquentia.
Blandishing or blandishment, verborum lenocinia.
A blandisher, blandiloquus.
A blank, tessera pura. [*Aim*] album.
Blank [white] albus, candidus. [*Pale and wan*] pallens, pallidus. [*Out of countenance*] confusus; rubore suffusus.
A blank, [in a lottery] sors cassa. [*In writing*] spatium relictum ad aliquid inscribendum.
Blank verse, carmina non eodem sono terminata.
Point blank or blankly, plane, omnino, penitus, prorsum, prorsus, ex toto, in totum.
To blank [damp, confuse] confundere; stupefacere.
To grow blank or white, albescere, albere, albicare.
Blankish or somewhat blank, subalbicans; candidulus.
A blanket, stragulum, lodix lancea.
A little blanket, lodicula.
A child's blanket, fasciæ pueriles.
To blaspheme, execrari; impii verba in Deum profundere; divinum numen verbis violare.
A blasphemer, divini numinis obrectator.
Blasphemous or blasphematory, in Deum contumeliosus.
Blasphemously, nefarie.
Blasphemy, vox in Deum contumeliosa; verborum impietas.
A blast of wind, venti flatus; flabrum.
A contagious blast, afflatus noxius; sideratio.

A contrary blast, refusus.
A blast or sound, flamen, *bris*. n.
To blast, urere, amburare, exurere, rubigine ferire. *With lightning*, de celo ferire.
To be blasted with lightning, fulgure percussus v. tangi.
To blast a design, consilium frustrari.
To blast one's reputation, infamare.
Blasted [planet-struck] sideratus.
A blasting, sideratio, carbunculationio.
A blast or blasting of corn or trees, rubigo, uredo.
A blasting by thunder and lightning, fulguratio.
A blaze, flamma.
A little blaze, flammula.
To blaze [as fire] flammare, flagrare.
To blaze abroad, divulgare, pervulgare, promulgare, publicare; palam facere.
A blazer abroad, vulgator.
A blazing abroad, promulgatio, publicatio.
A blazing star, cometa v. cometes, æ. m.; sidus crinitum.
A blazon [coat of arms] insignia gentilitia in acuto descripta.
To blazon [display] virtutes v. vitia alicujus edisserere, enarrare, promulgare.
A blazoner of arms, fecialis.
Blazonry, ars gentilitia insignia explicandi.
To bleach [whiten] dealbare, candefacere.
A bleacher of linen, qui lintea dealbat.
A bleaching, insolatio.
Bleak, frigidus, algidus.
Bleak or pale, pallens, pallidus, lividus.
To grow bleak or cold, frigescere. Or *pale*, pallescere.
Bleakly, pallide.
Bleakness, pallor.
Bleary-eyed, lippus.
Blearedness of eyes, lippitudo.
To be bleary-eyed, lippire.
To bleed like a sheep, balare.
Like a goat, caprisare. *Often* or *much*, balitare.
A bleeding, balatus.
To bleed, sanguine fluere.
To bleed one [let blood] alicui venam incidere, sanguinem emittere.
To bleed [be let blood] sanguinem amittere.
A bleeding heart, cor vulneratum.
To stop or stanch bleeding, sanguinem sistere.
A blein or blain, pimple, *push*, or *rash*, pusula, pustula.
A blein or ulcer, ulcus, *bris*. n.
A blemish [spot or defect] macula, labe, vitium. [*Dis-*

grace] calumnia, infamia, ignominia.

To blemish, maculare, contaminare, inquinare.

A little blemish, labecula, nœvus.

Great blemishes, tubera.

Full of blemishes, maculosus.

A blemishing, alicujus existimationis violatio.

To blend, rem aliquam aliâ v. alii miscere, confundere.

A blending, mixtio, mistura.

To bless, benedicere. [*Wish*

good success to] aspirare, secundare, fortunare. [*Consecrate*] solennibus precibus aliquid consecrare.

Blessed with a good wife, felix uxore bonis moribus prædita.

The blessed in heaven, cœlites, pl. sancti cœli cives.

Blessedly, feliciter, beate.

Blessedness, felicitas, beatitudo.

A blessing, benedictio. [*Wishing success to*] fausta precatio.

[*Benefit*] beneficium, benefactum.

A blight, rubigo, uredo, lues.

To blight, urere, rubigine ferire, percutere.

Blighted corn, seges rubiginosa.

Blind, cæcus, oculis captus, luminibus orbis. [*Dark*] cæcus, obscurus, tenebrosus.

Blind-born, cæcigenus.

To become blind, oculos perdere, amittere.

Stark blind, luminibus orbatus.

To be half-blind or dim-sighted, cæcutire.

Pur-blind, vid. *Poreblind*, luscus.

Blind in one eye, luscus, cocles; altero oculo captus; unoculus.

A very blind question, quæstio perobscura.

A blind for windows, velum fenestris pretensum.

To blind [deceive] fallere, decipere.

A blind [false pretence] prætextus, obtentus, prætextum, species.

To blind or make blind, cæcare, excæcare, obcæcare, cæcum reddere. Or *blindfold*, oculos obvolvère; velamen oculis inducere.

To be blind, caligare.

To be poreblind or sand-blind, lippire.

Blinded, cæcatus, excæcatus, occæcatus.

Blindman's buff, myinda.

Blinded or blindfolded, obvolvè oculis; andabatarum more.

Blindly [with respect to sight] clausis oculis. [*Rashly*] temere.

Blindness, cæcitas, caligo. Of mind, cæcitas v. caligo mentis.

Blind side, imbecillitas.

To blink, connivere; oculos distorquere; crebro nictare.

A blinkard, blinker, or *one blink-eyed*, strabo, luscus, pectus.

Bliss or blissfulness, felicitas.

Blissful, beatus, felix.

Blissfully, beate, feliciter.

A blister, pustula, pusula.

A little blister, papula, ulcusculum.

Blister-flies, cantharides, pl.

To blister or apply a blister, vesicatorium admove.

[*Rise in blisters*] in vesiculas surgere.

To raise a blister, vesicam excitare; pustulum facere.

To raise blisters, ulcerare.

A blister-plaster, vesicatorium.

Blistered, vesicatorio laceratus.

A blistering, vesicatorii applicatio.

A blistering [rising in blisters] inflammatio.

Full of blisters, pustulosus.

Blithe, blithesome, alacer, hilaris.

To be blithe, lætitiâ efferi, lætari.

Blithely, læte, hilariter.

Blitheness or blithesomeness, hilaritas, lætitia, gaudium.

To bloat, tumefacere. *To be bloated*, tumere, turgescere.

Bloatedness, membra tumida et turgida.

A block, truncus, stipes.

A blockade, urbis circumclusio.

A block [for a hat] forma pilearis, typus pilearis.

To bring to the block, in periculum capitis inferre; in discrimen vitæ adducere.

To block up passages, aditus præcludere, obstruere, præsepire.

To block up or blockade a place, locum præditiis circumcludere, circumsepire, obaidere.

A blockhead, hebes, stipes, fungus.

A block-house, arx, munimentum.

A blocking up, obsessio, præclusio.

Blockish, fatuus, insulsus, stolidus, stupidus.

To make blockish, infatuare.

Blockishly, insulse, stolidè.

Blockishness, insulitas, stupiditas.

Blood, sanguis.

Life-blood, sanguis vitalis.

Of or belonging to blood, sanguineus.

A distemper that runs in the blood, morbus gentilitius.

Blood [gore] cruor.

Black blood, tabum.

Blood corrupted, sanies.

Bad blood, vitiosus sanguis. [*Enmity*] invidia, simultas.

Clotted blood, grumus.

Good blood, integer sanguis.

To blood or let blood, venam secare, incidere.

Blood-letting or letting of blood, venæ sectio.

To blood or daub with blood, sanguine aliquem polluere, fœdare.

Loss of blood, profluvium sanguinis.

Of noble blood, genere insignis illustri familia ortus; clara sanguine genitus.

One of the blood royal, regis stirpe ortus.

Defiled with blood, sanguinolentus, cruentus, tabo squalidus.

Not defiled with blood, incruentatus.

An inflammation of blood, inflammatio, suppuratio, tumor.

A spitting of blood, sanguinis exputio.

A blood-stone, hæmatites, æ. m.

A blood-sucker, hirudo, sanguisuga.

Blood-warm, tepidus.

Blood-red, sanguineo colore.

Blood-thirsty, sanguinis avidus, cupidus.

Bloodshed, sanguinis emissio.

Bloodshot [eye] sanguinis in oculos suffusio.

Bloodshotten, *blood-boltered*, cruentatus, sanguine suffusus.

A bloody flux, sanguinis profluvium.

Bloody, cruentus, sanguineus, sanguinolentus.

Bloodily, cruenta, sæviter.

Full of corrupt blood, saniosus.

Bloodless or without blood, exanguis.

Not bloodied, incruentatus.

Blood [or kindred] prosapia; natales, pl.

Nest in blood, consanguineus.

Blood or bloodguiltiness [murder] cædes, homicidium.

A bloom or blossom, flos, flosculus.

The bloom of plums, grapes, &c. newly gathered, prunorum, arvarum, &c. recentior carptorum floridus color.

The very bloom of youth, flos ipse matas.

To bloom or blossom, florere, florescere, germinare.

To be in the bloom of youth, juvenili vigore florere.

Bloomed or blossomed, floridus.

Blooming, floridulus.

A blooming or blossoming, germinatio.

Bloomy, flosculus abundans.

A blot, litura, macula, labes.

A blot in one's reputation, infamia, ignominia, labes.

A little blot, labecula.

To blot, aliquid maculare v. lituris conspergere.

To blot out, delere, expungere.

inducere, obliterare. A fault in writing, mendum scripturae tollere.

A blotting, macularum aspersio. A blotting out, abolitio, obliteratio.

A blotting paper, chartula bibula.

A blow, colaphus, plaga, ictus.

A blow with a club, fustuarium.

A blow on the cheek or ear, alapa.

A side-blow, ictus obliquus.

To avoid a blow, ictum declinare, eludere.

To give a blow, colaphum v.

alapa alicui impingere.

To deal blows, ictus geminare.

To blow, flare, sufflare. Upon

(despise) temere, spernere, despiciere. Against, reslare.

Army, diffare, dissipare.

Down, statu dejicere, ejicere, versare. Up, sufflare. In

or upon, inspirare. Into, in-

flare. Out, efflare. Or puff

and blow, anhelare, anhelum

ducere. Together, confare,

conspicere. Up a bladder, in-

flare. One up [reveal one's

secrets] arguere alicuius con-

silia detegere, vulgare. [Ruin

one] aliquem fortunis omnibus

funditus evertere. Vehement-

ly, perfare. A trumpet, horn,

&c. bucinam v. cornu inflare.

The fire, ignem confare, suf-

flare. As a flower, efflorescere,

calycem aperire, seec pandere.

A blow of a horn, cornicen.

A blowing, sufflatio, flatus.

Back, reflatus. On, afflatus.

The nose, naris emunctio.

The blowing of flowers, calycum

apertio.

Easy to be blown, flabilis.

A blowee, puella rubida et tu-

mid facie.

Blubber [the fat of a whale]

supra cetaceus.

To blubber, genas instar infan-

tum lacrymas suffundere.

A bludgeon, fustis plumbatus.

Blue [subs.] caeruleum.

Blue [adj.] caeruleus, ceruleus,

cyaneus.

Blackest or darkest blue, lividus.

Blue, more inclining to purple,

hyacinthinus.

Blue, with a coat of grey, caesus.

Faint blue, caeruleum evanidum.

Palest blue, bluish, subcaeruleus.

To be blue or black and blue, li-

vere.

Blackness and blueness from a

blow or a similar cause, livor.

Black and blue, lividus.

Bluely [badly] male.

Blueness from a stripe, livor.

The blue or blueness of fruits,

fructuum floa.

A bluff fellow, homo agrestis,

rusticus.

A blunder, error, erratum.

To blunder, hallucinari.

To blunder upon any thing, ali-

quid conjectura asequi v.

consequi.

A blunderbuss, sclopus grandior.

A mere blunderer, blunderbuss,

or blunderhead, blunt-witted,

bardus, stupidus.

A blundering, hallucinatio, er-

ratio.

Blunt, obtusus, hebes.

Blunt in speech, naper, durus,

rudis, agrestis.

To blunt [assuage] mitigare,

lenire.

To be blunt as a tool, hebere.

To grow blunt, hebescere.

To blunt or to make blunt, he-

betare, obtundere.

A blunting, hebetatio.

Bluntly [clownishly] asperse,

dure, rustice.

Bluntly [freely] libere, audaci-

ter.

Bluntness [clownishness] aspe-

ritas; morum rusticitas. In

speech, libertas loquendi.

A blur, macula, labe.

To blur or stain, maculare, com-

maculare.

A blurring, macularum asperse-

sio.

To blush, rubere, rubescere,

erubescere, rubore suffundi.

Blush colour, bluish, color rub-

er, rubidus, rubens instar

rosae.

A blush or blushing, rubor.

To make one blush or put to the

blush, rubefacere; ruborem

alicui movere, inducere.

To bluster or bluster about, fre-

mere, strepere.

A blusterer or blustering fellow,

homo turbulentus, Thraso.

A bluster or blustering, fremit-

us, tumultus; turbus, pl.

A boar, aper.

A wild boar, aper silvestris.

A young boar, verres, is. m.

A boar-spear, venabulum.

Of a boar, aprugnus.

A board, tabula, assis.

To board [or floor with boards]

contabulare. In, tabulis cir-

cumspire v. circummunire.

Over, tabulis circumtegere.

A boarded floor, tabulatum.

A boarding, tabulatio, coassatio.

On board the admiral, in navi

pratoriâ.

To cast over-board, e nave deji-

cere.

To board a ship, in navem insi-

lire.

To go on board, ascendere na-

vem.

The boarding of a ship, navis

occupatio.

A board [of commissioners, &c.]

collegium, concilium.

To summon a board, concilium

advocare.

A side-board, abacus cui appa-

ratus epularis imponitur.

Board or boarding in a family

pretium ob victum domi alienæ

ministratum.

To board with, in convictum

admitti.

To take to board, aliquem pacti

pretio in convictum admittere.

To pay for one's board, pretium

pro convictu solvere.

A boarder, convictor.

A boarding, convictus.

Boarish, crudelis; arro similis.

Boarishly, aporum more.

To boast, gloriari, jactare, oe-

tentare.

To take a boast of, aliquid de

se predicare.

To be boasted of, prædicabilis.

A boast or boasting, jactatio,

gloriatio, jactantia.

A boaster, gloriosus; jactator

ostentator; magnificus.

Boastingly, gloriose, jactanter.

A boat, cymba, navicula.

A little boat, linter, cymbula,

scaphula.

An advice boat, navis explorat-

oria.

A passage-boat, navis vectoria.

A cock-boat, scapha, scaphula.

A long-boat, scapha.

A ferry-boat or skiff, navis vec-

toria, ponto, onis. m.

A fisher-boat, navigiolum pis-

catorium.

A packet-boat, navis actuaria ad

fusces comportandos.

A pleasure-boat, navigiolum ad

animû oblectandum.

A fly-boat, myporo, onis. m.

A tilt-boat, navicula cooperta.

To hale a boat ashore, cymbam

subducere.

A boatman, remex.

A boat-pole, trudes, contus.

A boatswain, proreta.

To bob [mock] aliquem delu-

dere v. ludificari; alicui illu-

dere. [Strike] aliquem ferire,

cadere.

A dry bob, facetia, pl. dicterium.

A bob [or float] sanna.

A bob [ear-ring] inauris, is. f.

Bob-tail, canis cauda curta.

Bobbed [mocked] illusus, dic-

terilis exceptus.

A bobbing [instrument] cala-

mus textilis.

A bobbing [mocking] illuso.

[Jogging] succussio.

To bode, præagere, augurari,

ominari.

A bode, bodement, præsagium,

omen, augurium.

Bodice, thorax muliebris sine

manicis.

Bodiless, corporis expers.

Bodily, corporeus, corporatus.

A bodkin, subula.

A woman's bodkin, calamistrum.

A bodkin to curl the hair, acus

crinalis.

A body, corpus.
Any body, aliquis, aliqua; quicumque, quicumque.
A little body, corpusculum.
A dead body, cadaver, n.
The body of a tree, truncus, stirps.
A body of foot, peditatus.
A body of horse, equitatus.
A body [company] societas.
Body [of divinity, law, &c.] corpus.
Every body, unusquisque, singuli.
Nobody, nemo, nullus hominum.
Somebody, aliquis, aliqua; quidam, quidam.
A busy-body, ardelio.
Having two bodies, bicorpor.
Big-bodied, lusty-bodied, immanis, corpulentus.
Bigness of body, corpulentia.
An able or strong-bodied man, robustus.
Strong-bodied wine, vinum firmissimum.
A bog, palus.
A bog-house, forica, latrina.
To boggle, hēitare, utubare, dubitare.
A boggling, tergiversatio.
A boggling fellow, a boggler, hēitator.
Boggy ground, humus paludosa, locus palustris.
A boil or bile, furunculus, ulcus.
To boil, bullire, fervere.
To begin to boil, effervescere.
To cease to boil, deservescere.
To boil over, ebullire. Again, recoquere. Well, coquere. Much, percoquere, excoquere. Little, subservefacere. Vehemently, mātare, exmātare, inmātare. Beforehand, præcoquere. In, incoquere. Often, coctitare. Together, concoquere.
To make to boil, aliquid servefacere.
Easily boiled, coctilis.
Half or par-boiled, semicoctus, semicrudus.
Under-boiled, parum enixus.
A boiler [kettle] leſea.
A boiling of meat, ciborum coctio.
Boisterous, violentus, turbidus, furens, tumultuosus, imperiosus.
A boisterous wind, turbo.
Boisterously, violenter, turbida.
Boisterousness, violentia, impetuositas.
To boke, nauscare; ad vomitum tendere.
Bold, audax, impavidus, intrpidus. [Free] audaculus; liber. [Rash] temerarius, consilio præceps. [Saucy] impudens, insolens, inverecundus.
To be bold, audere.

Boldly, audacter, impavide.
To speak boldly, libere loqui.
Boldly or freely, libere, confidenter. [Rashly] temere. [Saucily] impudenter. [Stoutly] fortiter.
Boldness [rashness] temeritas. [Sauciness] impudentia. [Stoutness] audacia, animi fortitudo.
In asking, procacitas. In speech, writing, &c. licentia.
A boll of flax, lini culmus, calamus, caulis.
A bolster, cervical, pulvinar, pulvinus. Of a saddle, ephippii farcimentum. For a wound, linteum obductum vulnerei.
To bolster up, suffulcire, sustentare.
To bolster up a wound, vulnus linteis obducere.
The boll of a door, pessulus, obex.
The boll of a lock, seræ pessulus.
A bolt [dart] pilum, jaculum, spiculum.
A bolt or fetter, compes; manica, pl.
Bolt ropes, retinacula, pl.
To bolt [shut a door] oppressulare, pessulum ostio v. foribus obdare. In upon, continuo se intro conjicere. Out, subito se proripere v. egredi. In, aliquem in loco includere. Out [shut out] aliquem foras excludere. Or sift out, excernere.
Bolting, disceptatio juridica.
A thunder-bolt, fulmen.
A bolter [sieve] incerniculum, cribrum farinarum.
Of or belonging to bolting, cribrarius.
A bolting-house, pistrinum.
A bolus in physic, bolus.
A bomb, globus excavatus ingestoque pulvere nitrato confertus; gians igniaria.
To bombard a castle, city, &c. bombardis dispoſis lacessere, oppugnare.
Bombardiers, qui bombardas dispoſiunt.
Bombardment, oppugnatio.
Bombast or bombastic expressions, ampullæ, pl. verba ampullata.
A bond [obligation for a debt] chirographi cautio, syngrapha, syngraphus.
A bond [tie] vinculum.
A bond of appearance, vadimonium.
To give bond, satisfacere.
To make a bond, syngrapham conscribere.
An arbitration-bond, compromissum.
Bondage, servitium, servitus, captivitas.
To be in bondage, servire.
To free one from bondage, ma-

numittere; e servitute liberare.
To deliver from bondage, ex vinculis liberare, eximere.
Of or belonging to bondage, servilis.
A bond-man or bond-slave, servus, mancipium, verna.
A bond-woman, serva.
He that sets a bond-man free, patronus.
The making a bond-man free, manumissio.
Bonds [fettlers] compedes, pl. manica, arum. f. pl.
A bone, os, ossis, n.
A little bone, ossiculum.
The back-bone, spina dorsalis.
The channel-bone, trachea.
The cheek-bone or jaw-bone, os maxillare.
The cuttle-bone, testum.
The hip or huckle-bone, os coxæ v. coxendicis.
The share-bone, os pubis.
The shin-bone, tibia.
The shoulder-bone, os humeri.
A whole-bone, os cetaceum.
Of or belonging to bones, osseus.
Bone by bone, ossiculatim.
Bones or scraps, analecta, pl.
To bone or pluck bones, exossare.
Bony, osseus.
Boneless, exos, ossis.
A bon-fire, ignis festus v. triumphalis.
A boning or taking out bones, exossatio.
A bonnet, galericulum, redimiculum, pileus.
A book, liber, codex, volumen.
To get or learn without book, ediscere; memoriam mandare.
To say without book, ex memoria recitare; memoriter repetere.
To learn one's book, ediscere lectionem.
To read over a book, librum perlegere.
To book a thing down, aliquid in commentarius referre.
A little book, libellus, codicillus.
A book of accounts, codex rationarius.
A bound book, liber compactus.
A day-book or memorandum-book, diarium.
A news-book, novellæ, sc. literæ.
A note book, adversaria, n. pl.
A pocket-book, libellus in loculis portandus.
A shop-book, mercium emptarum et venditarum commentarius.
A stitched book, liber consutus.
Books of record, tabulæ publicæ.
A book of remembrance, commentarii, pl.
Statute books, capitularia, n. y. i.
To mind his book, studio incumbere.
A book-worm, blatta.

a book without the author's name to it, liber anonymus.
A book published after the author's death, opus posthumum.
Bookish, legendi cupidus.
A book-binder, qui libros compingit; librorum glutinator.
A book-keeper, qui mercedem emptorum et venditarum rationes curat.
A bookseller, bibliopola, m.
A bookseller's shop, taberna v. officina libraria.
Of or for books, librarius.
A boom of a ship, malus.
A boom [favour] donum. [Petition] petitio.
A boom companion, compotor bellus v. facetus.
A boor [a clown] colonus.
Boorish, rusticus, agrestis.
Boorishness, rusticitas.
Boot or advantage, emolumentum, commodum.
Boatless, incassum, frustra.
Boatless [adj.] inutilis, irritus.
A boat, ocrea.
The boat of a coach, rhedarium claustrum.
To boot, draw or put on boots, ocreas induere.
To pull off boots, ocreas exuere.
A boot-catcher, qui ocreas detrahit.
A freebooter, prædator, prædo.
A booth, tabernaculum, tentorium.
Boat-cloths, velaria, pl.
A booty, præda, spoliū. Rich booty, præda opima.
Boots belonging to the general, masulæ, pl.
To get booty, prædari, prædam facere v. agere.
A brachio, uter coriaceus.
A board, board, or board, focus, præteritum in sequiori sensu.
To board, jocari, illudere.
A bordel [brothel] lupanar, lustrum.
Boreal, Borealis.
The border of any thing, ora, margo, extremitas.
The border of a country, finis, terminus, lines.
Pertaining to such borders, confinis.
The borders of a garment, limbus, fimbria.
A border [brim] crepido, dîvis. f.
To border upon, adjacere, contingere.
The borders or marches of a country, confinis. Of or belonging to such borders, confinis.
Bordered with fringe, fimbriatus.
A borderer, accola.
Bordering near or upon, confinis, conteminitus, finitimus, vicinus.
To bore or make a hole [with an auger, &c.] perforare, terebrare [To pierce or pierce

through] terebrâ pertundere. Through a wall, parietem perforare.
The bore of a gun, oris sclopeti amplitudo. Of a lock, serm foramen.
Borable, forabilis.
A boring, terebratio.
To be born, nasci, oriri. Again or grow again, renasci. Of, enasci. Nigh to, adnasci. Or bred in, innasci. Before the time, abortivus, sc. abortiu nasci.
Born after his father's death, posthumus.
Born after us, poster. pl.
Lately born, recens natus.
Well born, loco honesto ortus, bono genere natus.
Born of mean parentage, infimo v. humili loco natus.
First-born, natu maximus v. maxima.
Base-born, vid. Bastard.
Born and bred in the same place, indigēna.
Born in the country, rurigēna.
Born of the earth, terrigēna.
Still-born, natus mortuus.
Born or descended from, oriundus.
To be borne down, opprimi, deprimi.
To be borne [tolerable] ferendus, tolerandus.
Not to be borne, intolerabilis.
A borough, municipium.
A headborough, decurio.
To borrow, mutuari, mutuum accipere. Upon use or interest, scenerari, argentum scenore sumere. Of one to pay another, versuram facere.
A borrower, qui mutuo aliquid amittit.
A borrowing, mutuatio.
A bosom, gremium, sinus.
A bosom of the sea, sinus maris.
A bosom friend, intimus amicus, familiaris.
A bosom enemy, amicus perfidus.
Boson [corrupted from boat-swain] vid. Boatswain.
A boss, bulla.
A little boss, clavus.
A boss or hunch in the body, gibbus, gibber, dîvis. n.
The boss of a buckler, umbo.
To boss or bunch out, prominere, extare.
Bossed, gibber, gibbus, gibbosus.
Botanical or Botanic, ad herbarum scientiam pertinens.
A botanist, herbarum peritus.
Botany, herbarum scientia.
A botch [swollen ulcer] ulcus. [Caruncle] carbunculus. [In the groin] bubo. [In the mouth] apthas, pl. [About the ears] parotis, idis..
To make a botch, exulcerare.

A making of botches, exulceratio.
Full of botches, botchy. ulcerosus.
A botch [patch] pannus.
To botch, sarcire, reconcinare, interpolare.
To botch [bungle] opus corrumpere.
A butcher, sartor, veteramentarius.
A butcher or bungler, imperitus, rudis.
A butcher's stall, taberna sartoris veteramentarii.
A botching, resectio, interpolatio.
Botchingly or bunglingly, imperite, inepte.
Both [two] ambo.
Both [conjunction] cum tum, et et, quâ quâ, vel vel.
On both sides, utrinque, utrobique.
Both-handed, qui lævâ dextrâque æque utitur.
Both-ways, bifariam, utroqueversum.
The bots [in horses] ascarides, pl.
The wringing of the bots, verminatio.
To be troubled with the bots, verminare, verminari.
A bottle, uter, tris. m.
A great bottle, lagenâ.
A little bottle, laguncula, phiala.
A glass bottle, ampulla vitrea.
A leather bottle, laguncula e corio confecta.
A bottle of hay, fœni fasciculus v. manipulus.
A smelling bottle, olfactorium.
The mouth of a bottle, ampullæ os.
Of or like a bottle, ampullaceus.
A bottle-maker, ampullarius.
To bottle liquors, in ampullas infundere; in ampullis conservare.
Bottle-nosed, nasutus.
A bottling up, liquorum in ampullis infusio v. conservatio.
The bottom, fundus, solum.
A bottom [ship] navis.
The bottom of a ship, carina.
The bottom or depth of a thing, profundum, profunditas.
[Dregs] fœx, crassamentum, sedimentum.
To bottom [put in a bottom] fundo munire, instruere. [Ground a discourse] fundamenta orationis jacere.
A bottom [valley] vallis, convalis.
At the bottom, in imo.
The bottom of the belly, hypogastrium.
The bottom of a mountain, radices montis.
From top to bottom, a capite ad calcem.

A body, corpus.
Any body, aliquis, aliqua; quicumque, quæcumque.
A little body, corpusculum.
A dead body, cadaver, n.
The body of a tree, truncus, stirps.
A body of foot, peditatus.
A body of horse, equitatus.
A body [company] societas.
Body [of divinity, law, &c.] corpus.
Every body, unusquisque, singuli.
Nobody, nemo, nullus hominum.
Somebody, aliquis, aliqua; quidam, quædam.
A busy-body, ardelio.
Having two bodies, bicorpor.
Big-bodied, lusty-bodied, immanis, corpulentus.
Bigness of body, corpulentia.
An able or strong-bodied man, robustus.
Strong-bodied wine, vinum firmissimum.
A bog, palus.
A bog-house, forica, latrina.
To boggle, hæsitare, titubare, dubitare.
A boggling, tergiversatio.
A boggling fellow, a boggler, hæsitator.
Boggy ground, humus paludosa, locus palustris.
A boil or bile, furunculus, ulcus.
To boil, bullire, fervere.
To begin to boil, effervescere.
To cease to boil, defervescere.
To boil over, ebullire. Again, recoquere. Well, coquere. Much, percoquere, excoquere. Little, subservescere. Vehemently, æstuare, exæstare, inæstare. Beforehand, præcoquere. In, incoquere. Often, cocillare. Together, concoquere.
To make to boil, aliquid fervescere.
Easily boiled, cocillilis.
Half or par-boiled, semicoccus, semicrudus.
Under-boiled, parum exius.
A boiler [kettle] telæa.
A boiling of meat, ciborum cocillio.
Boisterous, violentus, turbidus, furens, tumultuosus, imperiosus.
A boisterous wind, turbo.
Boisterously, violententer, turbide.
Boisterousness, violentia, impetus.
To boke, nauseare; ad vomitum tendere.
Bold, audax, impavidus, intrepidus. [Free] audaculus; liber. [Rash] temerarius, consilio præceps. [Saucy] impudens, insolens, inverecundus.
To be bold, audere.

Boldly, audacter, impavide.
To speak boldly, libere loqui.
Boldly or freely, libere, confidenter. [Rashly] temere. [Saucily] impudenter. [Stoutly] fortiter.
Boldness [rashness] temeritas. [Sauciness] impudentia. [Stoutness] audacia, animi fortitudo.
In asking, procacitas. In speech, writing, &c. licentia.
A boll of flax, hui culmus, calamus, caulis.
A bolster, cervical, pulvinar, pulvinus. Of a saddle, ephippii farcimentum. For a wound, liuteum obductum vulnerei.
To bolster up, suffulcire, sustentare.
To bolster up a wound, vulnus linteo obducere.
The bolt of a door, pessulus, obex.
The bolt of a lock, seræ pessulus.
A bolt [dart] pilum, jaculum, spiculum.
A bolt or feller, compes; manicæ, pl.
Bolt ropes, retinacula, pl.
To bolt [shut a door] oppæsulare, pessulum ostio v. foribus obdere. In upon, continuo se intro conjicere. Out, subito se proripere v. egredi. In, aliquem in loco includere. Out [shut out] aliquem foras excludere. Or sift out, excernere.
Bolting, disceptatio juridica.
A thunder-bolt, fulmeus.
A bolter [sieve] incerniculum, cribrum farinarium.
Of or belonging to bolting, cribrarius.
A bolting-house, pistrinum.
A bolus in physic, bolus.
A bomb, globus excavatus ingestoque pulvere nitrato confectus; glans igniaria.
To bombard a castle, city, &c. bombardis dispositis laceßere, oppugnare.
Bombardiers, qui bombardas disponent.
Bombardment, oppugnatio.
Bombast or bombastic expressions, ampullæ, pl. verba ampullata.
A bond [obligation for a debt] chirographi cautio, syngrapha, syngraphus.
A bond [tie] vinculum.
A bond of appearance, vadimonium.
To give bond, satisfacere.
To make a bond, syngrapham conscribere.
An arbitration-bond, compromissum.
Bondage, servitium, servitus, captivitas.
To be in bondage, servire.
To free one from bondage, ma-

nmittere; e servitute liberare.
To deliver from bondage, ex vinculis liberare, eximere.
Of or belonging to bondage, servilis.
A bond-man or bond-slave, servus, mancipium, vernæ.
A bond-woman, serva.
He that sets a bond-man free, patronus.
The making a bond-man free, manumissio.
Bonds [fetters] compedes, pl. manicæ, arum. f. pl.
A bone, os, ossis, n.
A little bone, ossiculum.
The back-bone, spina dorsæ.
The channel-bone, trachea.
The cheek-bone or jaw-bone, os maxillare.
The cuttle-bone, testum.
The hip or huckle-bone, os coxæ v. coxæ iliacæ.
The share-bone, os pubis.
The shin-bone, tibia.
The shoulder-bone, os humeri.
A whale-bone, os cetaceum.
Of or belonging to bones, osseus.
Bone by bone, ossiculatim.
Bones or scraps, analecta, pl.
To bone or pluck bones, exossare.
Bony, osseus.
Boneless, exos, ossis.
A bon-fire, ignis festus v. triumphalis.
A boning or taking out bones, exossatio.
A bonnet, galericulum, redimiculum, pileus.
A book, liber, codex, volumen.
To get or learn without book, ediscere; memoria mandare.
To say without book, ex memoria recitare; memoriter repetere.
To learn one's book, ediscere lectionem.
To read over a book, librum perlegere.
To look a thing down, aliquid in commentarios referre.
A little book, libellus, codicillus.
A book of accounts, codex rationarius.
A bound book, liber compactus.
A day-book or memorandum-book, diarium.
A news book, novellæ, sc. literæ.
A note book, adversaria, n. pl.
A pocket-book, libellus in loculis portandus.
A shop-book, mercium emptarum et venditarum commentarius.
A stitched book, liber consutus.
Books of record, tabulæ publicæ.
A book of remembrance, commentarii, pl.
Statute books, capitularia, n. pl.
To mind his book, studio incumbere.
A book-worm, blatta.

A book without the author's name to it, liber anonymus.
 A book published after the author's death, opus posthumum.
 Bookish, legendi cupidus.
 A book-binder, qui libros compingit; librarium glutinator.
 A book-keeper, qui mercurii empturum et venditarum rationes curat.
 A bookseller, bibliopola, m.
 A bookseller's shop, taberna v. officina libraria.
 To or for books, librarius.
 A boom of a ship, malus.
 A boom [favour] donum. [Petition] petitio.
 A boom companion, compotor bellus v. facetus.
 A boor [a clown] colonus.
 Boorish, rusticus, agrestis.
 Boorishness, rusticitas.
 Boor or advantage, emolumentum, commodum.
 Bootless, incassum, frustra.
 Bootless [adj.] inutilis, irritus.
 A boot, ocrea.
 The boot of a coach, rhedarium claustrum.
 To boot, draw or put on boots, ocreas induere.
 To pull off boots, ocreas exuere.
 A boot-catcher, qui ocreas detrahit.
 A booter, prædator, prædo.
 A booth, tabernaculum, tentorium.
 Boot-cloths, velaria, pl.
 A booty, præda, spoliū. Rich booty, præda opima.
 Booty belonging to the general, munus, pl.
 To get booty, prædari, prædam facere v. agere.
 A borachio, uter coriaceus.
 A bord, board, or board, jocus, præsertim in sequali sensu.
 To bord, jocari, illudere.
 A bordel (brothel) lupanar, lustrium.
 Boreal, Borealis.
 The border of any thing, ora, margo, extremitas.
 The border of a country, finis, terminus, limes.
 Pertaining to such borders, confinis.
 The borders of a garment, limbus, ambra.
 A border [brim] crepido, dînis. f.
 To border upon, adjacere, contingere.
 The borders or marches of a country, confinia. Of or belonging to such borders, confinia.
 Bordered with fringe, ambriatus.
 A borderer, accola.
 Bordering near or upon, confinis, coterminus, fluitimus, vicinus.
 To bore or make a hole [with an auger, &c.] perforare, terebrare [To pierce or pierce

through] terebrâ pertundere. Through a wall, parietem perforare.
 The bore of a gun, oris scopeti amplitudo. Of a lock, seræ foramen.
 Borable, forabilis.
 A boring, terebratio.
 To be born, nasci, oriri. Again or grow again, renasci. Of, enasci. Nigh to, adnasci. Or bred in, innasci. Before the time, abortivus, sc. abortu nasci.
 Born after his father's death, posthumus.
 Born after us, posterî. pl.
 Lately born, recens natus.
 Well born, loco honesto ortus, bono genere natus.
 Born of mean parentage, infimo v. humili loco natus.
 First-born, natu maximus v. maxima.
 Base-born, vid. Bastard.
 Born and bred in the same place, indigēna.
 Born in the country, rurigēna.
 Born of the earth, terrigēna.
 Still-born, natus mortuus.
 Born or descended from, oriundus.
 To be borne down, opprimi, deprimi.
 To be borne [tolerable] ferendus, tolerandus.
 Not to be borne, intolerabilis.
 A borough, municipium.
 A headborough, decurio.
 To borrow, mutuari, mutuum accipere. Upon use or interest, fœnerari, argentum fœnore sumere. Of one to pay another, verumram facere.
 A borrower, qui mutuo aliquid sumit.
 A borrowing, mutuatio.
 A bosom, gremium, sinus.
 A bosom of the sea, sinus maris.
 A bosom friend, intimus amicus, familiaris.
 A bosom enemy, amicus perfidus.
 Boson [corrupted from boat-swin] vid. Boat-swin.
 A boss, bulla.
 A little boss, clavus.
 A boss or hunch in the body, gibbus, gibber, eris. n.
 The boss of a buckler, umbo.
 To boss or bunch out, prominere, extare.
 Bossed, gibber, gibbus, gibbosus.
 Botanical or Botanic, ad herbarum scientiam pertinens.
 A botanist, herbarum peritus.
 Botany, herbarum scientia.
 A botch [swollen ulcer] ulcus. [Carbuncle] carbunculus. [In the groin] bubo. [In the mouth] aptham, pl. [About the ears] parotis, idia.
 To make a botch, exulcerare.

A making of botches, exulceratio.
 Full of botches, botchy. ulcerosus.
 A botch [patch] pannus.
 To botch, sarcire, reconcinare, interpolare.
 To botch [bungle] opus corrumpere.
 A butcher, sartor, veteramentarius.
 A butcher or bungler, imperitus, rudis.
 A butcher's stall, taberna sartoria veteramentarii.
 A botching, refectio, interpolatio.
 Botchingly or bunglingly, imperite, inepte.
 Both [two] ambo.
 Both [conjunction] cum tum, et et, quâ quâ, vel vel.
 On both sides, utrinque, utrobique.
 Both-handed, qui lævâ dextrâque æque utitur.
 Both-ways, bifariam, utroque-versum.
 The bots [in horses] ascarides, pl.
 The wringing of the bots, verminatio.
 To be troubled with the bots, verminare, verminari.
 A bottle, uter, tris. m.
 A great bottle, lagena.
 A little bottle, laguncula, phiala.
 A glass bottle, ampulla vitrea.
 A leather bottle, laguncula e corio confecta.
 A bottle of hay, fœni fasciculus v. manipulus.
 A smelling bottle, olfactorium.
 The mouth of a bottle, ampullæ os.
 Of or like a bottle, ampullaceus.
 A bottle-maker, ampullarius.
 To bottle liquors, in ampullas infundere; in ampullis conservare.
 Bottle-nosed, nasutus.
 A bottling up, liquorum in ampullis infusio v. conservatio.
 The bottom, fundus, solum.
 A bottom [ship] navis.
 The bottom of a ship, carina.
 The bottom or depth of a thing, profundum, profunditas. [Dregs] fæx, crassamentum, sedimentum.
 To bottom [put in a bottom] fundo munire, instruere. [Ground a discourse] fundamenta orationis jacere.
 A bottom [valley] vallis, convallis.
 At the bottom, in imo.
 The bottom of the belly, hypogastrium.
 The bottom of a mountain, radicem montis.
 From top to bottom, a capite ad calcem.

A bottom of thread, glomus, tris. n.
Bottomless, fundi expers, fundo carens.
A bottomless pit, vorago, barathrum.
Bottomry or *bottomage* [money borrowed upon a ship] fidejussio pavalis.
A bough, ramus.
A little bough, ramusculus.
A bough plucked with fruit on, termes, tris. m.
A green bough of bay or olive, thallus.
A dead bough, ramale, is. n.
Full of boughs, ramosus, ramulosus.
To be or that may be bought, mercabilis.
A thing bought, merx, cis. f.
A bounce or bouncing noise, crepitus, fragor.
To bounce, crepare, insultare, tundere. *Often*, crepitare. *Or make a noise*, strepere, strepitare. *Up*, resilire. *Or vapour and romance*, jactare, gloriari.
A bouncer, gloriosus.
A bouncing lad or lass, pugil.
To bound, finire, terminare, determinare.
A bound or boundary, meta, terminus, finis, limes.
To bound upon [border] adjacere, contingere.
To keep within bounds, coercere.
To break its bounds, prosilire.
Bounded by or bordering upon, confinis, conterminus, contiguus.
A bounding, limitatio, terminatio.
The feast of bounds, terminatio, pl.
Boundless, interminatus, immensus, infinitus.
To bound again or back, resilire.
A bounding back again, resultus.
A bounding upon or near, vicinia, vicinitas.
Bountiful or bounteous, beneficus, benignus, munificus.
Bountifully, benigne, large, liberaliter, munifice.
Bountifulness, } benignitas, li-
Bounteousness, } beralitas, be-
Bounty, } neficentia.
A bourg, vicus.
A bourgeois or bourgeois, civis, rouniceps.
To bourgeon [bud] germinare.
A bourn [brook] torrens, tris. m.
[A boundary] limes.
To bouse, potare.
A bousing, potatio.
Bousy, temulentus.
At one bout, una vice.
A drinking-bout, compotatio.
A merry-bout, hilare tempus.
A bow, arcus.
To bend a bow, arcum tendere.

To wind a bow, arcum tendere v. laxare.
Made like a bow, bow-bent, arcuatus.
The rainbow, iris, idis. f. arcus cælestis, arcus pluvius.
A bow for a violin, plectrum.
A cross-bow, balista.
A steel-bow, arcubalista.
A bow-case, corytus.
Bow-like, arcuatus.
A bow-man [archer] sagittarius, sagittifer.
A bow-string, arcus nervus.
A bowyer or bow-maker, arcum faber.
The bow of a key, annulus clavie. *Of a saddle*, sellæ equestris arcus. *Of a ship*, prora.
Bow-sprit, boltsprit, malus navis anterior.
To bow [make to bow] flectere, torquere. *One's knees*, genua, poplites, flectere. [*Band towards*] inclinare, se inflectere.
A bow [salutation] salutatio.
To bow or to make a bow, aliquem corpore inclinato salutare. *Backward*, reclinare.
Down [act.] incurvare; [neut.] incurvescere. *Round*, circumflectere. *To*, acclinare.
Easily bowed, flexilis, flexibilis.
A bowing, curvatio, flexura.
Downwards, devertexitas. *Inwards*, inclinatio. *Outwards*, prominentia.
To bowl [embowel] eviscerare, exenterare.
Bowelled, evisceratus.
The bowels, intestina, pl. viscera.
Bowels of compassion, miserationis, misericordia.
Within the bowels, intestinus.
A bower or arbour, umbraculum v. tabernaculum frondeum.
A bower [anchor] anchora ad arcum navis.
To bower, includere, præcingere.
A bowering, arborum concameratio.
A bowl [for drink] poculum, scyphus. *To wash in*, labrum.
For play, globus, sphaera.
A little bowl, globulus.
To bowl, globum volvere, mittere, jactare.
A bowler, globorum jactator.
Bowling, globorum mittendorum certamen.
A bowling alley or green, sphaeristerium.
A box, arca, cista.
A little box, cistula, arcula.
A spice box, narthecium.
A christmas-box [the gift] strenna. [*The receptacle or box itself*] strenarum arcula.
A coach-box, currus sedile.
A dice-box, fritillus, orca.
A balloting-box, situla.

A sand-box, pyxis v. theca arenaria.
A snuff-box, pyxidula pulveris sternutatorii.
A tobacco-box, pyxidula tabaci.
The box of a screw, cochleæ striatum receptaculum.
Boxes in a play-house, cæmæ theatrales.
The poor's box, pauperulorum arca publica.
Boxes in a press, locelli loculamenta, pl.
Boxes for grocers, &c. nidi, pl.
A box maker, arcum, &c. faber.
Box-bearers, cistiferi, pl. pyxiferi.
Made like a box, pyxidatus.
A box on the ear, alapa, colaphus.
To box on the ear, palmā aliquem percussere, colaphum alicui impingere.
To box together, pugnis certare.
To box it out, pugnis depugnare.
A boxer, pugil.
A boxing-bout or match, pugnis concertatio.
Box wood, buxum.
A box-tree, buxus, i. f.
Box or of box, buxeus.
Full of box, buxeus.
A place where box grows, buxetum.
A boy, puer.
A little boy, puerulus, puellus.
A soldier's boy, calo, lixa.
A priest's boy, sacerdotis ministrus.
A school-boy, discipulus literarius.
A servant-boy, puer, famulus.
A boy under fourteen years of age, impubes.
A boy of about fourteen years of age, puer v. pubes.
To play the boy, pueriliter facere.
Boyish or boy-like, puerilis.
Boyishly, pueriliter.
Boyishness, boyhood, *boyism*, puerilitas, pueritia.
A boy or buoy of an anchor, index anchoræ v. anchoralis.
A brabble, rixa, lis.
To brabble, jurgare, altercari, litigare.
A brabblor, altercator, rixator.
A brabbling, altercatio, cavillatio.
A brace, to join things together, copula.
A brace [couple] par.
A brace or hook, uncus, hamus.
A little brace, hamulus.
A brace, in building, fibula.
A brace, in printing, uncus.
To brace, alligare, colligare, constringere, conjungere, vincture.
A bracer, alligator.
A bracing, alligatio, vinctio.
A bracelet, armilla, brachiale apulther.

Wearing a bracelet, armillatus.
Braces, brachialia, pl.
A brack, vitium, mendum.
Bracken [fern] filix, f. f.
A bracket [in building] mutulus.
Brackish, salsus, amarus.
Brackishness, salsitudo. Vid.
Braie.
To brag, gloriari, jactare, ostentare, exultare.
A brag or bragging, jactantia, gloriatio.
A bragger, braggart, braggadocio, jactator; gloriosus; Taraso.
Braggingly, gloriose, jactanter.
Brainless, modestus, humilis.
A braid of hair, cincinnus; circina.
To braid, inter se decussatim implicare.
A braiding, braid, complicito, implicatio.
The brain, cerebrum.
To brain or dash out one's brains, cerebrum extundere, aspergere.
The brain-pan, cranium, calvaria.
The hinder part of the brain, cerebellum.
Brainless, inconsultus, temerarius, stultus.
Brainick or crack-brained, cerebrosus, furiosus, demens.
Have-brained, temerarius, levis.
Brain-sickness, phreusis.
A braining, elisio cerebri.
A brake [for flax] instrumentum quo linum confringitur.
Brake [fern] filix.
A brake [thicket] dumetum.
Braky [thorny] dumosus.
A bramble, rubus.
A little bramble, veprecula.
A place full of brambles, senticetum, vepretum, rubetum.
Brambly or full of brambles, spinosus.
Bran, furfur.
Full of bran, furfurosus.
A branch of a tree, &c. ramus.
A little branch, ramusculus.
A branch [of a discourse] capitulum.
Of a vine, palmes, sarmen-tum.
A fruitless branch, stolo.
A branch bearing only leaves, palmes pampinarius.
A branch with fruit on, termes.
Having the leaves and branches cut away, pampinatus.
Be that cuts away leaves and branches, pampinator.
The branch of a pedigree, stemma, n.
To branch or put forth branches, germinare, egerminare.
Branch [division of a discourse] in membra distributio.
To have branches, frondere.
To begin to have branches, frondescere.

Of or like a branch, frondeus.
Bearing branches, frondifer.
Branches, frondeus, ramosus.
Branching, germinans.
A branching, germinatio.
Branchless, without branches or leaves, infructuosus, infrons.
Branchy, frondeus.
A fire-brand, torris.
A smoky-brand, titio.
A brand [mark of disgrace] ignominia.
To cast a brand upon, infamare.
A brand for cattle, nota, signum.
To brand [stigmatise] existimationem alicujus loddere, aliquem infamia aspergere.
Brand new, omnino novus.
To brand cattle, nota signare.
Branded, as a branded slave, stigmata inustus.
Branded with a crime, infamis, famosus, diffamatus.
A branding iron, cautatorium.
To brandish, vibrare, coruscare, crispare.
Brandy, vinum adustum.
To brangle, rixari; dictis provocare.
A brangler, altercator, vituligator.
A brangling or brangle, rixa, jurgium.
A brangling person, rixosus.
Bravny, of or like bran, furfurosus.
Brass, æs, orichalcum.
Brass-ore or brass-stone, cadmia, lapis æreus.
Brass-scales or cinders, squama æris.
A brass-pot, ahenum.
A little brass-pot or posnet, cucuma.
Brass-work, ærificium.
Bearing brass, æviler.
Covered with brass, æratus.
Full of brass, æreus.
Brass, brassy, or brazen, æneus, æhenus.
A brazier or brasier, faber æarius v. vasorum æreorum.
A brat or beggar's brat, mendici filius.
A cross brat, infans vagitans.
A bravoed or bravade, insultatio petulans.
Brave [fine] concinnus, lantus, nitidus, elegans. [Excellent] eximius, egregius. [Skillful] peritus, sapiens. [Valiant] fortis, animosus, strenuus.
Passing brave, perornatus.
A brave, bravo, sicarius, Thraeo.
To brave it, plumas extendere; sese ostentare.
To brave one, lacerare; ferociter aliquem appetere.
Bravely, [fluently] concinne, laute. [Excellently] excellenter, eximie. [Skillfully] perite, scienter. [Valiantly] fortiter.
Bravery [fineness] concinnitas, ornatus. [Excellency] excel-

lentia, præstantia. [Valour] fortitudo, magnanimitas.
A woman's bravery or fiery, ornatus muliebris; munditia, pl.
A braving, insultatio ferox v. petulans.
A brawl, rixa, jurgium.
To brawl, altercari, jurgare, rixari.
A brawler, rabula, altercator, rixator.
A brawling, altercatio, jurgium, rixa, convicium.
Brawling, contentiosus, rixosus.
Brawlingly, more rabularum.
Brasen, aprugna, scil. caro, calum aprugnum.
Brazen or hard flesh, callus, cal-lum.
Brazen [of the arms] lacertus.
Of the lege, poples. *Of a capon*, pulpa caponis.
Brawny, callosus.
Braviness, callosa cutis.
To Bray [pound] terere, tundere.
As an ass, rudire. *As an elephant*, barrire. [Cry out] emugire, fremere.
A brayer [pounder] tritor.
A braying [pounding] tritura, contusio.
The braying of an ass, ruditus.
Of an elephant, barritus.
A braying [crying out] mugitus.
A breach, ruina, labefactatio.
A breach of friendship, alienatio. *Of promise*, Punica fides; violatio fidei.
A breach made by a river, aggerum everalo.
A breach of peace, pacis violatio. *Of treaty*, laceris violatio.
To make a breach in a wall, murum labefactare, prosternere, deturbare.
To enter or mount the breach, ingressum murorum ruinâ pug-nare moliri; dejectam muri partem invadere.
To make a breach between men, certamen inter aliquos serere.
Bread, panis. *Barley*, panis hordeaceus. *Wheat*, panis triticeus. *Biscuit*, panis nauticus. *Brown or household*, panis ater, plabelus. *Coarse*, panis sordidus. *Ammunition*, panis castrensis. *Dough*, panis rubidus. *Light*, panis spongiosus. *Shew*, panis propositus. *Leavened*, panis fermentatus. *Unleavened*, panis non fermentatus. *Fine*, panis siliquiosus. *Mouldy*, panis mucidus. *Stale*, diu coctus. *Ginger*, panis gingibere conditus. *Oaten*, panis avenaceus. *Rye*, panis secalicus. *White*, panis candidus, primarius. *Second*, panis secundarius. *Of this day's baking*,

panis hodiernus. *Of yesterday's baking*, panis hesternus. *The sweet-bread*, pancreas. *Bread-corn*, frumentum, far. *A crust of bread*, frustum panis. *The crum*, panis medulla. *The making of bread*, panificium. *A place to keep bread in*, panarium. *Breadth*, latitudo. *To break* [act.] frangere, rumpere. [Enfeble] debilitare. *The back*, delumbare. *The belly*, ventrem dirumpere. *Off*, abrumpere. [To discontinue] intermittere, interrompere. *Asunder*, interscindere. *Down*, diruere, evertre. *Open*, effringere. *In pieces*, or to bruise, comminute, contundere. *Before*, praefringere, prerumpere. *Up*, dirumpere. [As an assembly] dimittere. *In*, irruere, irrumpere. *Loose*, extricare. *Out*, erumpere. *Through*, perrumpere; [neut.] crepere. *To break* [become bankrupt] foro cedere. [As ice] regelare. *Forth* [as water] exundare. *Wind upward*, ructare. *Backward*, pedere. *A break*, interstitum, intervalum. *Break of day*, diluculum. *To breakfast*, jentare. *A breakfast*, jentaculum. *A breaker*, ruptor. *Of doors*, aedium perfossor. *A breaker down*, demolitor. *A breaker of the peace*, pacis publicæ violator. *Of horses*, equorum domitor. *Of the laws*, legum violator. *A house-breaker*, parietum perfossor. *A breaker of a league*, sœdifragus. *A breaking*, infractio, fractura. *Asunder*, diruptio, abruptio. *Of a horse*, equi domitura. *Down*, demolitio. *In*, irruptio. *Of the laws*, legum violatio. *With a noise*, fragor. *Off*, abruptio. *For a time*, intermissio. *Out*, eruptio. *Into a scab*, ulceratio. *In the head*, siriasis. *Out of waters*, scaturigo, scatebra. *Of a ship*, naufragium. *Small*, tritura. [Violating] violatio. *Up of ground for tillage*, aratio, fossio. *For a siege*, terra fossio ad urbem copias cingendam. *Up of a school*, scholæ dimissio. *Up of a will*, tabularum apertura. *The breast*, pectus. *A woman's breast*, uber, mamma. *A little breast*, mammula. *Having large or full breasts*, mammosa. *The breast-bone*, scutum cordis. *A breast-plate* [armour] lorica, pectorale.

Having a broad breast, pectorosus. *Of the breast*, pectoralis. *Breath*, halitus, spiritus, anima. *To fetch breath or to breathe*, spirare, respirare. *Between*, interspirare. *Into*, inspirare. *On or upon*, aspirare, afflare. *To stop the breath*, spiritum intercludere. *To breathe one's last*, expirare. *A breath of air*, aura. *Shortness of breath*, anhelatio, suspirium. *A person troubled with shortness of breath*, suspiriosus; anhelator. *Like a person troubled with shortness of breath*, suspiriosus. *A stinking breath*, anima fetida. *A fragrant breath*, odor suavis. *The passage of the breath*, respiramen. *A taking breath between*, interspiratio. *Breathable*, spirabilis. *A breathing*, halitus, spiritus, respiratio. *Deep* [or sigh] suspirium. *A breathing-hole*, spiraculum, spiramen. *Breathless*, exanimis. *To be bred of*, nasci, oriri. *Bred in or inbred*, ingentius, ingeneratus, lunatus. *Well bred*, bene moratus. *Ill bred*, male moratus. *The breech*, podex; clunæ, pl. *To breech*, puero braccas induere. *Breeches*, braccæ, pl. femoralia, pl. *Wearing breeches*, braccatus. *A breeches-maker*, braccarum confector. *To breed*, engender, or bring forth, generare, concipere, gignere, parere. *To bring up*, alere, educere. *To breed or cause*, producere. *To breed or be bred*, gigni. *A breed*, genus, gens. *A breeder*, generator. *A female breeder*, genitrix. *A breeder* [stallion] admissarius. *A breeding*, generatio. *Breeding* [education] educatio, institutio. *A breeder of cattle*, pecorum nutritor. *A breeding-place for cattle*, pecunarium. *Breeding of cattle*, foetura. *Of or for breeding*, fructuarius. *A breeze* [gentle gale] aura. *Breezy*, aurâ leni pulsus. *Brethren*, fratres, pl. *A breed*, rescriptum. *A breviary or breviary*, compendium. *A breviary* [Roman] breviarium. *Brevatures*, notæ. *Brevity or briefness*, brevitās.

To brew [mingle] miscere. & or cerevisiam coquere. *A brewer*, cerevisia coctor. *A brew-house*, zythæstator. *A brewing*, cerevisia coctio. *Brewis*, offusæ adipatæ, panis pingui jure intinctus. *A bribe*, munus; largitio. *To bribe*, aliquem muneribus corrumpere. *Beforehand*, præcorrumpere. *For an office*, donis aliquod munus ambire. *A briber*, muneribus corruptor, sequester. *Bribery*, corruptio iudicii; ambitus. *Of bribes*, munerarius. *A brick*, later, tris, m. *A little orick*, laterculus. *Brick-coloured*, figlius, gilvus. *A brick-bat*, laterculus. *A brick-tiln*, furnus laterarius. *A bricklayer*, laterum structor. *A brick-making*, laterum coctio v. fabricatio. *Made of brick*, lateritius. *Belonging to bricks*, laterarius. *A brick-wall*, murus coctilis. *A bridal*, nuptiæ, pl. sponsalia, pl. *A bride*, sponsa. *A bride or bridal-bed*, lectus genialis. *A bride-chamber*, thalamus. *A bridegroom*, sponsus. *A bride-maid*, pronuba. *A bride-man*, pronubus. *A bridal-song*, epithalamium. *A bridewell*, pistrinum, ergastulum. *The master of bridewell*, ergastularius. *A bridge*, pons, tis, m. *A little bridge*, ponticulus. *A draw-bridge*, pons versatilis. *A bridge of boats*, pons ex navibus constructus. *Of stone*, pons lapideus. *Of wood*, pons sublicius. *The bridge of the nose*, nasi septum. *A bridge-master*, pontis curator. *A bridle*, frænum. *A curb-bridle*, lupatum frænum. *A bridle-rein*, habenæ, lorum. *The head-stall*, frontale. *To bridle*, frenare, refrenare. *A bridler*, frenator. *A bridling*, coërcitio. *A brief* [writ] schedula iuridica. *A brief or letters patent*, capitula, tituli, n. *Brief*, brevis, modicus. *A counsellor's brief*, litis summa. *A brief account*, summarium, compendium. *To be brief*, anguste dicere; carptim transire. *To reduce in a brief*, in compendium redigere. *Briefly*, or in brief, breviter, anguste, strictim. *A briar*, rubus, sentis, vepres.

A brier-plot or *place for briars*, menticum, spinetum, rubetum.
Briery or *full of briars*, spinosus.
A brigade, turma, manipulus.
A brigade [of horse] equitum turma. [Of foot] peditum cohortes.
A brigadier, turmae v. cohortis duxtor.
Bright, clarus, nitidus, splendidus.
Brightish, nitidiusculus, subrutillus.
Thorough bright, translucidus.
To be bright, clarere, collucere, fulgere, nitere.
To brighten or *grow bright*, lutescere.
To shine bright, lucere.
To be very bright, perlucere.
To brighten [make bright] polire, illustrare.
A brightening [making bright] politio.
Brightly, clare, lucide, nitide, splendide.
Somewhat brightly, nitidiuscule.
Brightness, claritas, fulgor, nitor.
The brim of a thing, margo, ora, labrum.
Having a brim, marginatus.
Brimful, ad summam vasis oram impletus.
A brimmer, calix potu coronatus.
Brimestone, sulphur, *stris*. n.
A brimestone mine, sulphuraria.
Dome with brimestone, sulphuratum.
Brimestony, sulphureus, sulphureus.
Brinded, brindled, varius, variegatus.
Brine, muria, salsa, alex.
A brine-pit, salina.
As salt as brine, salsissimus.
To season with brine, salire, sale condire.
Being long in brine, muraticus.
Brinish or briny, salinus.
To bring [of a thing] ferre, asferre, apportare. [Of a person] adducere. *About* or *to pass*, efficere, conficere. *Against one's will*, trahere, pertrahere. *To end, perficere*. *To nought*, perire. *Away*, abducere, auferre. *Back*, reducere, reportare, revocare. *Down* [lessen] imminuere, diminuere. [Weaken] attenuare, accidere. *Down* [destroy] diruere, demoliri. *By force*, adigere, rapere. *Forth* or *out*, educere, efferre, proferre, producere. *Up*, alere, educere. *Forth young*, parire, pignere, edere. *To be ready to bring forth*, parare.
To bring forth flowers, florere, florere.

To bring forth plentifully, fundere, effundere. *Forward*, promovere. *From*, deferre, deportare. *From afar*, avehere. *In*, inducere, inferre, importare. *In place of another*, substituere. *Into danger, trouble, &c.* aliquem in periculum adducere, inferre. *Into debt*, res alienum conflare. *In question*, examinare. *Into subjection*, sub imperium redigere. *Into use or fashion*, in morem inducere. *To bring back into fashion*, [revive an old custom] vetus exemplum renovare. *Low*, deicere, deducere. [Bring to decay] labefactare, diminuere. *Off or disengage*, expedire, liberare. *Off or dissuade from*, aliquid alicui dissuadere. *Over*, traducere, trajicere. *Over to a party*, flectere, adjungere, pervertere. *Out*, proferre. *To pass*, efficere, conficere. *Together*, conferre, conducere. *Under*, subigere, subjugare.
A bringer [carrier] qui aliquid apportat. *Back again*, reductor. *Against one's will*, perductor. *Down, dejector*. *From one place to another*, traductor, translator. *To pass or about*, effector, effectrix. *Up* [of children] educator, educatrix. *On one's way*, deductor, comes via. *Up of the rear*, agminis duxtor.
A bringing, portatio, advectio.
Back, reductio. *Or leading forth*, deductio. *Forth of young*, partus, setura. *Over*, traductio, translatio. *In*, inductio, introductio. *To pass*, effectio, confectio. *Down*, diminutio. *Together*, collatio. *Under*, subjectio. *Up*, educatio, institutio.
Bringing forth all things, omniparens.
A brink, extremitas, ora, margo.
Brisk, agilis, alacer, vividus, celer, lepidus.
To be brisk, vigere.
A brisk gale of wind, ventus flatus vehementior.
Briskly, acriter, late, vivide.
Briskness, agilitas, alacritas, lestitia.
The brisket, pectus cœli animalis.
A bristle, seta.
A little bristle, setula.
To bristle or *set up the bristles*, horrere.
To bristle up to, aliquem ferociter aggredi.
Bristly, horridus, hirsutus, hispidus, setosus.
A staring like bristles, horror.
A Briton, Britannus, Brito.
British, Britannicus.
Brittle, fragilis, caducus.

Not brittle, infragilis.
Brittleness, fragilitas.
A brize [gad-bee] a breeze, a brie, or beer, asilus, tabanus, cestrus.
To broach, vas terebrare.
A broacher [of beer, &c.] qui vas vas terebrat.
A broacher [of errors] auctor, inventor.
A broaching [of beer, &c.] vas terebratio.
Broad, amplus, latus, patulus.
Broad awake, expectatus, vigilans.
Broad-footed, planus.
A broad street or *broad way*, platea.
As broad as long, quadratus.
Broad leaved, latifolius.
To make broad, dilatare, amplificare.
To grow broad, to *broaden*, latescere.
A making broad, amplificatio.
Broad-faced, homo lato ore.
To speak broad, pinguis justo pronuntiare.
The broad end of an oar, scalmus.
Broadly, late.
Broadness, latitudo, amplitudo.
Broadness in speech, libertas loquendi.
Broadwise, secundum latitudinem.
Brocade, pannus aureo v. argenteo filo intertextus.
A brock [badger] taxus.
A brocket [fawn] cervus bimulus.
A brogue [sort of shoes] crudus pero.
A broil [quarrel] rixa, iurgium. [Tumult] turba, seditio.
Given to broils or quarrels, rixosus, contentiosus.
Full of broils or tumults, tumultuosus.
To raise broils, tumultuari; seditionem commovere.
A raiser of broils, seditiosus, turbulentus.
To broil meat, torrere.
To be broiled, torrescere, torreris.
A broiler, qui v. quæ carnem torret.
Broken-backed, delumbis.
Broken-hearted, abjectus.
Broken-winded, auhelus, illa dæcena.
Broken-bellied, ramicosus.
Easily broken, fragilis.
To speak broken English, Anglice loqui insecte, inepte pronuntiare.
Broken sleep, somnus inquietus.
Broken teeth, dentes mutilati.
Brokery ware, scruta, pl.
A broker [of bargains] proxe neta, mango, ônis. m. *Of clothes*, veteramentarius.
Brokerage or *brocage*, mangonium, proœneticum.

A hedging bill, runca, runcina.
A little hand-bill, falcula.
A bill-man, falcarius, falcifer.
Like a bill, falcatus.
To bill [as doves] rostrum rostro inserere.
To bill or lop, falcare.
He that tops with a bill, frondator.
A bill or beak, rostrum.
A little bill, rostellum.
A billet or note, schedula.
A billet-doux, epistola amatoria.
A billet, bacillum, truncus, talea.
A little billet, taleola.
Soldiers' billets, tesserae militares.
To billet soldiers, militibus hospitium per tesseras assignare.
A billet of wood, fasciculus virgarum.
A billing, rostri rostro insertio; anavia super suavia.
Billiards, lusus tudicularis; pilae eburnae pulsatio.
A billiard-table, mensa quâ pilis citreis v. eburneis luditur.
A billing-gate [scold] rixosa, trivialis.
Billingsgate language, verba rixosa, sordida convicia.
To act the billing-gate, malevolentum ex trivio arripere.
A billow, fluctus.
A bin or hutch, panarium.
To bind, ligare,nectere, connectere,vincire, religare. *One hand and foot, or neck and heels*, quadrupedem constringere. *About*, circumligare, circumvincire. *The belly*, alvum astringere. *Back*, restringere, revincire. *Before*, praeligare. *Books*, libros compingere. *Fast*, stringere, distringere, destringere. *By friendship*, demereri. *A garment*, praetextare. *Hard*, astringere, coercere. *Himself to appear*, vadi. *Himself by promise*, repromittere. *One's legs*, praepedire. *One by oath*, iurjurando obstringere; iusjurandum exigere v. dare. *A servant by giving earnest*, obsecrare, auctorare. *With oiers*, viere. *By promise*, stipulari. *With rushes*, scirpare. *To*, alligare, subnectere. *Together*, conjungere, connectere, colligare. *Underneath*, subligare, substringere. *Upon*, superalligare. *Up*, deligare. *Up a wound*, vulnus obligare.
A binder of books, librorum concinnator.
A binding, ligatura, ligatio, nexus, vinctura. *Again*, religatio. *Fast*, constructio. *Hard with a cord*, astrictio. *By*

friendship, vinctio. *By promise*, repromissio. *Together*, connexio, colligatio.
Birding [captive] astrictorius; alvum astringens; stypticus.
A biographer, vitarum scriptor.
Biography, vitarum scriptio.
Birch-tree, betula v. betulula.
Birchen, e betulâ.
A bird, avis, volucris, ales.
A little bird, avicula.
A young bird, pullus.
A bird of prey, avis rapax.
A bird-cage, cavea.
A bird-call, fistula.
A jail-bird, furcifer.
A birder or bird-catcher, aucupus.
A birding, aucupium.
To bird, aucupari; avibus insidiâ facere; aucupio indulgere v. vacare.
Of birding, aucupatorius.
Bird-lime, viscus, viscum.
Birth, ortus, partus, nixus.
A birth-day, dies natalis.
To keep one's birth-day, diem natalem quotannis agere v. celebrare; natalitia dare.
The hour of one's birth, hora natalis.
A birth [parentage] natales, pl. genus.
Of or belonging to one's birth, natalis, natalitius.
Of good birth, nobilis, generosus, summo loco natus, illustris majoribus ortus.
Of mean birth, ignobilis; homo infimo loco natus; terrâ filius; ignobili atque humili loco natus; obscuro genere ortus.
By birth, natu.
Birth-right, jus majori v. maximo e fratribus ob ætatem debitum; jus ad majorem v. maximum fratrum ratione ætatis pertinens.
A birth-night, nox natalis.
Birth-place, solum natale.
A new-birth, generatio nova.
An untimely birth, partus abortivus.
The after-birth, secundæ, pl.
The birth or bringing forth of any thing, partio, foetra.
To give birth to a thing, principium, initium, exordium, aliquid rei dare.
Birth [a sea term, convenient sea-room] spatium in quo navis hinc illuc ferre potest. [A bed] lectus.
Biscuit, panis bis coctus v. nauticus.
To bisect, dissecare; in duas æquales partes secare.
A bissection, dissectio; in duas æquales partes sectio.
A bishop, episcopus, pontifex.
To become a bishop, episcopari.
An archbishop, episcopus primarius, archiepiscopus.

A bishop's house or see, episcopii palatium v. ædes.
A bishop of the chief city, ræ tropolites, æ, m. metropolitæ nus.
Of a bishop, episcopalis, pontificalis.
A bishopric, episcopatus.
Bissextile [leap year] bissextilius.
A bit, frustum, bolus.
By bits, carptim.
A little bit, frustulum.
A tid bit, cupedia, pl. pulpamentum.
To tear a thing to bits, frustatum discerpere.
The bit of a bridle, lupatum.
A bitch, canis femina.
A little bitch, canicula.
A proud or salt bitch, canis pruriens.
A bite, morsus.
A bite [cheat] homo fallax; v. terator.
To bite, mordere. *Again*, remordere. *Off*, demordere præmordere; mordicus auferre, abripere. *One's lips*, labia corrodere. *One's nails*, ungues arrodere. *To the quick*, admordere. *Round*, ambeddere. *Often*, morsitare *Into little pieces*, frustatum discerpere. [Cheat] aliquem fallere, decipere. [As pepper] frost, &c.] urere.
A biting, morsus.
Biting in taste, mordax; edax asper.
A biting or stinging, mordacitas.
Bitingly, mordicus.
Bitten, morsus, demorsus. *By little and little*, carptus. *Off*, præmorsus. *Round*, ambeus. *Hunger-bitten*, esuriens.
Frost-bitten, gelatus, frigore usus.
Bitter [in taste] amarus. [Severe] acerbus, aculeatus.
A little bitter, subamaras.
To make bitter, asperare, exacerbare.
Note, These words are more generally used metaphorically.
Bitter-vetch, ervum.
Bitterly [in taste] insaviter. [Severely] acerbè.
To inveigh bitterly against, dictis mordacibus aliquem lacerare.
Bitterness [in taste] amaritudo, amaror. [In speech] verborum asperitas.
Bitter sweet, dulcis amarities.
A bittern or bitlour, ardea stellaris.
To blab, garrere, effutire, blaterare.
A blab, blabber, futilis, loquax.
Blabber [vulg.] blubber and blabber-lipped, labeo, brochus.
Blabber-tips, labra demissa.

Black [of colour] ater, niger.
[Wicked] scelestus, improbus, lacinosus.
Black-browed, niger fronte; tristis, horridus.
Black-mouthed, niger ore.
Somewhat black, nigellus, sub-niger.
To be black, nigrescere.
Every bean has its black, nemo sine vitio nascitur.
To black or make black, denigrare, infuscare.
Clothed in black, atratus, pulchellus, sordidus v. sortidus veste.
To be made black, nigrescere.
To grow black, nigrescere.
Black and blue, lividus.
To beat black and blue, sugillare.
To be black and blue, livere.
A blackberry, vaccinium.
A blackberry-bush, rubus vulgaris.
A blackbird, merula.
A black brown, furvus.
Black or blackmoor, Maurus, Ethiops.
A blackmoor woman, Maura.
A black-guard, pannosus, balatro.
The usher of the black-rod, ostiarius parliamentarius v. magni senatus.
To blacken, denigrare.
Blackening, atramentum.
Blackish or of a blackish hue, nuscus, nigellus, subniger.
Blackness, nigror, nigritia.
Blackness and blueness, livor.
A bladder, vesica.
A little bladder, vesicula.
A bladder blown, uter.
A blade of corn or grass, caulis, scapus.
Having but one blade, uniucaulis.
Having many blades, multicaulis.
To be in the blade, caulem emittere.
The blade of an herb, folium.
Of an onion or leek, thallus.
The blade of an ear, remi tonsa.
The blade of a flower, capillamentum.
The blade of a sword or knife, lamina.
The shoulder-blade, scapula.
An active young blade, juvenis promptus, alacer. *Gallant*, bellus homo. *Cunning*, homo nasutus, sagax. *Lusty*, homo robustus, fortis, validus.
A cunning old blade, veterator.
A blade [sword], ensis.
A blain, ulcus, ̄ris. n.
Full of blains, ulcerosus.
Blamable, accusabilis, vituperabilis.
Blamably, vitiose.
Blame, culpa, crimen, vitium.
To blame, culpare, incusare, redarguere, reprehendere. Or

chide, increpare, accusare, causari, reprehendere, vituperare.
A little, subaccusare. *Often*, increpitare.
To bear the blame of, vituperationem subire.
Blameless, vid. *Blamable*.
Blameless, inculpatus, innoxius, irreprehensibilis.
Blamelessly, sine culpa, integre.
Blamelessness, integritas.
A blamer, vituperator, criminator.
Blameworthy, vid. *Blamable*.
A blaming, criminatio, oburgatio, vituperatio.
To blanch [whiten] aliquid candefacere, dealbare. [*Take off the rind*] decorticare.
A blancher, linteorum, &c. mundator.
A blanching, albedinis inductio, insolatio.
Bland, blandus, lenis, placidus.
To blandish, adulari, blando sermone delinire.
Blandiloquence or blandiloquy [flattery] blanditiæ, pl. blandiloquentia.
Blandishing or blandishment, verborum lenocinia.
A blandish, blandiloquus.
A blank, tessera pura. [*Aim*] album.
Blank [white] albus, candidus. [*Pale and wan*] pallens, pallidus. [*Out of countenance*] confusus; rubore suffusus.
A blank [in a lottery] sors cassæ. [*In writing*] spatium relictum ad aliquid inscribendum.
Blank verse, carmina non eodem sono terminata.
Point blank or blankly, plane, omnino, penitus, prorsum, prorsus, ex toto, in totum.
To blank [damp, confuse] confundere; stupefacere.
To grow blank or white, albescere, albere, albicare.
Blankish or somewhat blank, subalbicans; candidulus.
A blanket, stragulum, lodix lanea.
A little blanket, lodicula.
A child's blanket, fasciæ pueriles.
To blaspheme, execrari; impia verba in Deum profundere; divinum numen verbis violare.
A blasphemer, divini numinis obtractator.
Blasphemous or blasphematory, in Deum contumeliosus.
Blasphemously, nefarie.
Blasphemy, vox in Deum contumeliosa; verborum impletas.
A blast of wind, venti status; flabrum.
A contagious blast, afflatus noxius; sideratio.

A contrary blast, refusus.
A blast or sound, flamen, ins. n.
To blast, urere, amburare, exurere, rubigine ferire. *With lightning*, de celo ferire.
To be blasted with lightning, fulgure percussus v. tangi.
To blast a design, consilium frustrari.
To blast one's reputation, infamare.
Blasted [planet-struck] sideratus.
A blasting, sideratio, carbunculatio.
A blast or blasting of corn or trees, rubigo, uredo.
A blasting by thunder and lightning, fulguratio.
A blaze, flamma.
A little blaze, flammula.
To blaze [as fire] flammare, flagrare.
To blaze abroad, divulgare, pervulgare, divulgare, publicare; palam facere.
A blazer abroad, vulgator.
A blazing abroad, promulgatio, publicatio.
A blazing star, cometa v. cometes, æ. m.; sidus crinitum.
A blazon [coat of arms] insignia gentilitia in acuto descripta.
To blazon [display] virtutes v. vitia alicujus edisserere, enarrare, promulgare.
A blazoner of arms, fœcialis.
Blazoning, ars gentilitia insignia explicandi.
To bleach [whiten] dealbare, candefacere.
A bleacher of linen, qui linteæ dealbat.
A bleaching, insolatio.
Bleak, frigidus, algidus.
Bleak or pale, pæheus, pallidus luridus.
To grow bleak or cold, frigeſcere. Or *pale*, pallescere.
Bleakly, pallide.
Bleakness, pallor.
Bleary-eyed, lippus.
Blearedness of eyes, lippitudo.
To be bleary-eyed, lippire.
To bleat like a sheep, balare.
Like a goat, caprisare. *Often* or *much*, balitare.
A bleating, balatus.
To bleed, sanguine fluere.
To bleed one [let blood] alicui venam incidere, sanguinem emittere.
To bleed [be let blood] sanguinem amittere.
A bleeding heart, cor vulneratum.
To stop or stanch bleeding, sanguinem sistere.
A blein or blain, pimple, push, or rash, pusula, pustula.
A blein or ulcer, ulcus, ̄ris. n.
A blemish [spot or defect] macula, labe, vitium. [*Dis-*

grace] calumnia, infamia, ignominia.

To blemish, maculare, contaminare, inquinare.

A little blemish, labecula, nœvus.

Great blemishes, tubera.

Full of blemishes, maculosus.

A blemishing, alicujus existimationis violatio.

To blend, rem aliquam aliâ v. alii miscere, confundere.

A blending, mixto, mistura.

To bless, benedicere. [*Wish good success*] aspirare, secundare, fortunare. [*Consecrate*] solennibus precibus aliquid consecrare.

Blessed with a good wife, felix uxore bonis moribus prædita.

The blessed in heaven, cœlites, pl. sancti cœli cives.

Blessedly, feliciter, beate.

Blessedness, felicitas, beatitudo.

A blessing, benedictio. [*Wish- ing success*] fausta precatio. [*Benefit*] beneficium, benefactum.

A blight, rubigo, uredo, lues.

To blight, urere, rubigine ferire, percutere.

Blighted corn, seges rubiginosa.

Blind, cæcus, oculis captus, luminibus orbis. [*Dark*] cæcus, obscurus, tenebrosus.

Blind-born, cæcigenus.

To become blind, oculos perdere, amittere.

Stark blind, luminibus orhatus.

To be half-blind or dim-sighted, cæcutire.

Pur-blind, vid. *Poreblind*, luscus.

Blind in one eye, luscus, cocles; altero oculo captus; unoculus.

A very blind question, quæstio perobscura.

A blind for windows, velum fenestris prætennum.

To blind [deceive] fallere, decipere.

A blind [false pretence] prætextus, obtentus, prætextum, species.

To blind or make blind, cæcare, excæcare, obcæcare, cæcum reddere. Or *blindfold*, oculos involvere; velamen oculis inducere.

To be blind, caligare.

To be poreblind or sand-blind, lippire.

Blinded, cæcatus, excæcatus, occæcatus.

Blindman's buff, myinda.

Blinded or blindfolded, obvolutus oculis; andabatarum more.

Blindly [with respect to sight] clausis oculis. [*Rashly*] temere.

Blindness, cæcitas, caligo. *Of mind*, cæcitas v. caligo mentis.

Blind side, imbecillitas.

To blink, connivere; oculos distorquere; crebro nictare.

A blinkard, blinker, or one blink-eyed, strabo, luscus, pætus.

Bliss or blissfulness, felicitas.

Blissful, beatus, felix.

Blissfully, beate, feliciter.

A blister, pustula, pusula.

A little blister, papula, ulcusculum.

Blister-flies, cantharides, pl.

To blister or apply a blister, vesicatorium admove. [*Rise in blisters*] in vesiculas turgere.

To raise a blister, vesicam excitare; pustulum facere.

To raise blisters, ulcerare.

A blister-plaster, vesicatorium.

Blistered, vesicatorio laceratus.

A blistering, vesicatorii applicatio.

A blistering [rising in blisters] inflammatio.

Full of blisters, pustulosus.

Blithe, blithesome, alacer, hilaris.

To be blithe, lætitiâ efferri, lætari.

Blithely, læte, hilariter.

Blitheness or blithesomeness, hilaritas, lætitia, gaudium.

To bloat, tumefacere. To be bloated, tumere, turgescere.

Bloatedness, membra tumida et turgida.

A block, truncus, stipes.

A blockade, urbis circumclusio.

A block [for a hat] fornix pilearis, typus pilearis.

To bring to the block, in periculum capitis inferre; in discrimen vitæ adducere.

To block up passages, aditus præcludere, obstruere, præsepire.

To block up or blockade a place, locum præsidii circumcludere, circumsepire, obsidere.

A blockhead, hebes, stipes, fungus.

A block-house, arx, munimentum.

A blocking up, obsessio, præclusio.

Blockish, fatuus, insulsus, stolidus, stupidus.

To make blockish, infatuare.

Blockishly, insulse, stolidæ.

Blockishness, insulsitas, stupiditas.

Blood, sanguis.

Life-blood, sanguis vitalis.

Of or belonging to blood, sanguineus.

A distemper that runs in the blood, morbus gentilitius.

Blood [gore] cruor.

Black blood, tabum.

Blood corrupted, sanies.

Bad blood, vitiosus sanguis.

[Enmity] invidia, simultas.

Clotted blood, grumus.

Good blood, integer sanguis.

To blood or let blood, venam secare, incidere.

Blood-letting or letting of blood, venæ sectio.

To blood or daub with blood, sanguine aliquem polluere, fœdare.

Loss of blood, profuvium sanguinis.

Of noble blood, genere insignis illustri familiâ ortus; clara sanguine genitus.

One of the blood royal, regiâ stirpe ortus.

Defiled with blood, sanguinolentus, cruentus, tabo squalidus.

Not defiled with blood, incruentatus.

An inflammation of blood, inflammatio, suppuratio, tumor.

A spitting of blood, sanguinis expulso.

A blood-stone, hematites, æ. m.

A blood-sucker, hirudo, sanguisuga.

Blood-warm, tepidus.

Blood-red, sanguineo colore.

Blood-thirsty, sanguinis avidus, cupidus.

Bloodshed, sanguinis emissio.

Bloodshot [eye] sanguinis in oculos suffusio.

Bloodshotten, blood-boltered, cruentatus, sanguine suffusus.

A bloody flux, sanguinis profuvium.

Bloody, cruentus, sanguineus, sanguinolentus.

Bloody, cruento, sæviter.

Full of corrupt blood, saniosus.

Bloodless or without blood, exanguis.

Not bloodied, incruentatus.

Blood [or kindred] prosapia; natales, pl.

Next in blood, consanguineus.

Blood or bloodguiltiness [murder] cædes, homicidium.

A bloom or blossom, flos, flosculus.

The bloom of plums, grapes, &c. newly gathered, prunorum, uvarum, &c. recentior carptorum floridus color.

The very bloom of youth, flos ipse ætatis.

To bloom or blossom, florere, florescere, germinare.

To be in the bloom of youth, juvenili vigore florere.

Bloomed or blossomed, floridus.

Blooming, floridulus.

A blooming or blossoming, germinatio.

Bloomy, flosculus abundans.

A blot, litura, macula, labes.

A blot in one's reputation, infamia, ignominia, labes.

A little blot, labecula.

To blot, aliquid maculare v. lituris conspergere.

To blot out, delere, expungere.

inducere, obliterare. A fault in writing, mendum scripturæ tollere.
A blotting, macularum aspersio.
A blotting out, abolitio, obliteratio.
A blotting paper, chartula bibula.
A blow, colaphus, plaga, ictus.
A blow with a club, fustuarium.
A blow on the cheek or ear, alapa.
A side-blow, ictus obliquus.
To avoid a blow, ictum declinare, eludere.
To give a blow, colaphum v. alapam alicui impingere.
To deal blows, ictus geminare.
To blow, flare, sufflare. Upon [desine] tenuere, spernere, despicere. Against, resare. Away, diffiare, dissipare. Down, flatu deicere, ejicere, sterere. Up, sufflare. In or upon, inspirare. Into, inflare. Out, efflare. Or puff and blow, anhelare, anhelum ducere. Together, confiare, consariare. Up a bladder, inflare. One up [reveal one's secrets] argana alicujus consilia detegere, vulgare. [Ruin one] aliquem fortunis omnibus funditus evertere. Vehemently, perfare. A trumpet, cornu, &c. buccinam v. cornu inflare. The fire, ignem confiare, sufflare. As a flower, efflorescere, calycem aperire, seec pandere.
A blower of a horn, cornicen.
A blowing, sufflatio, flatus.
Back, reffatus. On, afflatus.
The nose, naris emunctio.
The blowing of flowers, calycum apertio.
Easy to be blown, flabilis.
A blowze, puella rubida et tumida facie.
Blubber [the fat of a whale] adepa cetaceus.
To blubber, genas instar infantum lacrymis suffundere.
A bludgeon, fustis plumbatus.
Blue [subs.] cæruleum.
Blue [adj.] cæruleus, cæruleus, cyanus.
Blackest or darkest blue, lividus.
Blue, more inclining to purple, hyacinthinus.
Blue, with a coat of grey, cæsius.
Paint blue, cæruleum evanidum.
Palest blue, bluish, subcæruleus.
To be blue or black and blue, livere.
Blackness and blueness from a blow or a similar cause, livor.
Black and blue, lividus.
Bluely [badly] male.
Blueness from a stripe, livor.
The blue or blueness of fruits, fructuum flos.
A bluff fellow, homo agrestis, rusticus.
A blunder, error, erratum.

To blunder, hallucinari.
To blunder upon any thing. aliquid conjecturâ asequi v. consequi.
A blunderbuss, sclopus grandior.
A mere blunderer, blunderbuss, or blunderhead, bluntswitted, bardus, stupidus.
A blundering, hallucinatio, erratio.
Blunt, obtusus, hebes.
Blunt in speech, asper, durnus, rudis, agrestis.
To blunt [assuage] mitigare, lenire.
To be blunt as a tool, hebere.
To grow blunt, hebescere.
To blunt or to make blunt, hebetare, obtundere.
A blunting, hebetatio.
Bluntly [clownishly] aspere, dure, rustice.
Bluntly [freely] libere, audaciter.
Bluntness [clownishness] asperitas; morum rusticitas. In speech, libertas loquenti.
A blur, macula, labe.
To blur or stain, maculare, commaculare.
A blurring, macularum aspersio.
To bluish, rubere, rubeascere, erubescere, rubore suffundi.
Bluish colour, bluish, color ruber, rubidus, rubens instar roseæ.
A bluish or blushing, rubor.
To make one bluish or put to the bluish, rubeascere; ruborem alicui movere, inducere.
To bluster or bluster about, fremere, strepere.
A blusterer or blustering fellow, homo turbulentus, Thraeo.
A bluster or blustering, fremitus, tumultus; turbæ, pl.
A boar, aper.
A wild boar, aper silvestris.
A young boar, verres, is. m.
A boar-spear, venabulum.
Of a boar, aprugnus.
A board, tabula, assis.
To board [or floor with boards] contabulare. In, tabulis circumspire v. circummunire. Over, tabulis circumtegere.
A boarded floor, tabulatum.
A boarding, tabulatio, consessatio.
On board the admiral, in navi prætorâ.
To cast over-board, e nave deicere.
To board a ship, in navem insilire.
To go on board, ascendere navem.
The boarding of a ship, navis occupatio.
A board [of commissioners, &c.] collegium, concilium.
To summon a board, concilium advocare.

A side-board, abacus cui apparet epularis impositur.
Board or boarding in a family pretium ob victum domi alienæ ministratum.
To board with, in convictum admitti.
To take to board, aliquem pacto pretio in convictum admittere.
To pay for one's board, pretium pro convictu solvere.
A boarder, convictor.
A boarding, convictus.
Boarish, crudelis; arro similis.
Boarishly, aporum more.
To boast, gloriari, jactare, ostentare.
To make a boast of, aliquid de se prædicare.
To be boasted of, prædicabilis.
A boast or boasting, jactatio, gloriatio, jactantia.
A boaster, gloriosus; jactator ostentator; magnificus.
Boastingly, gloriose, jactanter.
A boat, cymba, navicula.
A little boat, linter, cymbula, scaphula.
An advice boat, navis exploratoria.
A passage-boat, navis vectoria.
A cock-boat, scapha, scaphula.
A long-boat, scapha.
A ferry-boat or skiff, navis vectoria, ponto, onis. m.
A fisher-boat, navigiolum piscatorium.
A packet-boat, navis actuaria ad fœces comportandos.
A pleasure-boat, navigiolum ad animum oblectandum.
A fly-boat, myoparo, onis. m.
A tilt-boat, navicula cooperta.
To hale a boat ashore, cymbam subducere.
A boatman, remex.
A boat-pole, trudes, contus.
A boatswain, proreta.
To bob [mock] aliquem deludere v. ludificari; alicui illudere. [Strike] aliquem ferire, cedere.
A dry bob, facetia, pl. dicerium.
A bob [or float] sanna.
A bob [ear-ring] inauris, is. f.
Bob-tail, canis cauda curta.
Bobbed [mocked] illusus, diceris exceptus.
A bobbing [instrument] calamus textilis.
A bobbing [mocking] illusio. [Jogging] succussio.
To bode, præsigire, augurari, ominari.
A bode, bodement, præsagium, omen, augurium.
Bodice, thorax muliebris sine manicis.
Bodiless, corporis expers.
Bodily, corporeus, corporatos.
A bodkin, subula.
A woman's bodkin, calamistrum.
A bodkin to curl the hair, acus crinalis.

A body, corpus.
Any body, aliquis, aliqua; quicumque, quæquam.
A little body, corpusculum.
A dead body, cadaver, n.
The body of a tree, truncus, stirps.
A body of foot, peditatus.
A body of horse, equitatus.
A body [company] societas.
Body [of divinity, law, &c.] corpus.
Every body, unusquisque, singuli.
Nobody, nemo, nullus hominum.
Somebody, aliquis, aliqua; quidam, quædam.
A busy-body, ardelio.
Having two bodies, bicorpor.
Big-bodied, lusty-bodied, immanis, corpulentus.
Bigness of body, corpulentia.
An able or strong-bodied man, robustus.
Strong-bodied wine, vinum firmissimum.
A bog, palus.
A bog-house, forica, latrina.
To boggle, hesitare, titubare, dubitare.
A boggling, tergiversatio.
A boggling fellow, a boggler, hesitator.
Boggy ground, humus paludosa, locus palustris.
A boil or bile, furunculus, ulcus.
To boil, bullire, fervere.
To begin to boil, effervescere.
To cease to boil, deservescere.
To boil over, ebullire. Again, recoquere. Well, coquere. Much, percoquere, excoquere. Little, subservefacere. Vehemently, æstuare, exæstuare, inæstuare. Beforehand, præcoquere. In, incoquere. Often, coctitare. Together, concoquere.
To make to boil, aliquid servefacere.
Easily boiled, coctilis.
Half or par-boiled, semicoctus, semicrudus.
Under-boiled, parum exius.
A boiler [kettle] leles.
A boiling of meat, ciborum coctio.
Boisterous, violentus, turbidus, furens, tumultuosus, imperiosus.
A boisterous wind, turbo.
Boisterously, violentè, turbide.
Boisterousness, violentia, impetuosus.
To boke, nauseare; ad vomitum tendere.
Bold, audax, impavidus, intrepidus. [Free] audaculus; liber. [Rash] temerarius, consilio præceps. [Saucy] impudens, insolens, inverecundus.
To be bold, audere.

Boldly, audacter, impavide.
To speak boldly, libere loqui.
Boldly or freely, libere, confidenter. [Rashly] temere. [Saucily] impudentè. [Stoutly] fortiter.
Boldness [rashness] temeritas. [Sauciness] impudentia. [Stoutness] audacia, animi fortitudo.
In asking, procacitas. In speech, veritè, &c. licentia.
A bolt of flax, lini culmus, calamus, caulis.
A bolster, cervical, pulvinar, pulvinus. Of a saddle, ephippii farcimentum. For a wound, linteum obductum vulneri.
To bolster up, sufficere, sustentare.
To bolster up a wound, vulnus linteò obducere.
The bolt of a door, pæsul, obex.
The bolt of a lock, serræ pæsul.
A bolt [dart] pilum, jaculum, spiculum.
A bolt or fetter, compes; manicæ, pl.
Bolt ropes, retinacula, pl.
To bolt [shut a door] oppressulare, pæsulum ostio v. foribus obdere. In upon, continuo se intro conjicere. Out, subito se proripere v. egredi. In, aliquem in loco includere. Out [shut out] aliquem foras excludere. Or sift out, excernere.
Bolting, disceptatio juridica.
A thunder-bolt, fulmen.
A bolter [sieve] incerniculum, cribrum farinarium.
Of or belonging to bolting, cribrarius.
A bolting-house, pistrinum.
A bolus in physic, bolus.
A bomb, globus excavatus ingestoque pulvere nitrato confertus; glans igniaria.
To bombard a castle, city, &c. bombardis disposis lacessere, oppugnare.
Bombardiers, qui bombardas discludunt.
Bombardment, oppugnatio.
Bombast or bombastic expressions, ampullæ, pl. verba ampullata.
A bond [obligation for a debt] chirographi cautio, syngrapha, syngraphus.
A bond [tie] vinculum.
A bond of appearance, vadimonium.
To give bond, satisfacere.
To make a bond, syngrapham conscribere.
An arbitration-bond, compromissum.
Bondage, servitium, servitus, captivitas.
To be in bondage, servire.
To free one from bondage, ma-

numittere; e servitute liberare.
To deliver from bondage, ex vinculis liberare, eximere.
Of or belonging to bondage, servilis.
A bond-man or bond-slave, servus, mancipium, vernæ.
A bond-woman, serva.
He that sets a bond-man free, patronus.
The making a bond-man free, manumissio.
Bonds [fettters] compedes, pl. manicæ, arum. f. pl.
A bone, os, ossis, n.
A little bone, ossiculum.
The back-bone, spina dorsæ.
The chunnel-bone, trachea.
The cheek-bone or jaw-bone, os maxillare.
The cattle-bone, testum.
The hip or huckle-bone, os coxæ v. coxendicis.
The share-bone, os pubis.
The shin-bone, tibia.
The shoulder-bone, os humeri.
A whole-bone, os cetaceum.
Of or belonging to bones, osseus.
Bone by bone, ossiculatim.
Bones or scraps, analecta, pl.
To bone or pluck bones, exossare.
Bony, osseus.
Boneless, exos, ossis.
A bon-fire, ignis festus v. triumphalis.
A boning or taking out bones, exossatio.
A bonnet, galericulum, redimiculum, pileus.
A book, liber, codex, volumen.
To get or learn without book, ediscere; memoris mandare.
To say without book, ex memoriâ recitare; inemoriter repetere.
To learn one's book, ediscere lectionem.
To read over a book, librum perlegere.
To book a thing down, aliquid in commentariis referre.
A little book, libellus, codicillulus.
A book of accounts, codex rationarius.
A bound book, liber compactus.
A day-book or memorandum-book, diarium.
A news-book, novellæ, ec. literæ.
A note book, adversaria, n. pl.
A pocket-book, libellus in loculis portandus.
A shop-book, mercium emptorum et venditarum commentarius.
A stitched book, liber consutus.
Books of record, tabulæ publicæ.
A book of remembrance, commentarii, pl.
Statute books, capitularia, n. pl.
To mind his book, studio incumbere.
A book-worm, blatta.

A book without the author's name to it, liber anonymus.
A book published after the author's death, opus posthumum.
Bookish, legendi cupidus.
A book-binder, qui libros compingit; librarium glutinator.
A book-keeper, qui mercedum emptarum et venditarum rationes curat.
A bookseller, bibliopola, m.
A bookseller's shop, taberna v. officina libraria.
Of or for books, librarius.
A boom of a ship, malus.
A boom [favour] donum. [Petitioner] petitio.
A boon companion, compotior bellus v. facetus.
A boor [a clown] colonus.
Boorish, rusticus, agrestis.
Boorishness, rusticitas.
Boot or advantage, emolumentum, commodum.
Bootless, incassum, frustra.
Bootless [adj.] inutilis, irritus.
A boot, ocrea.
The boot of a coach, rhedarium claustrum.
To boot, draw or put on boots, ocreas induere.
To pull off boots, ocreas exuere.
A boot-catcher, qui ocreas detrahit.
A bootster, prædator, prædo.
A booth, tabernaculum, tentorium.
Boat-cloths, velaria, pl.
A booty, præda, spoliū. Rich booty, præda opima.
Booty belonging to the general, manubia, pl.
To get booty, prædari, prædam facere v. agere.
A borachio, uter coriaceus.
A bord, board, or board, jocus, præsertim in sequaliori sensu.
To bord, jocari, illudere.
A bordel [brothel] lupanar, lustrum.
Boreal, Borealis.
The border of any thing, ora, margin, extremitas.
The border of a country, finis, terminus, limes.
Pertaining to such borders, confinis.
The borders of a garment, limbus, finibria.
A border [brim] crepido, dînis. f.
To border upon, adjacere, contingere.
The borders or marches of a country, confinia.
Of or belonging to such borders, confinis.
Bordered with fringe, ambriatus.
A borderer, accola.
Bordering near or upon, confinis, contemulus, finitimus, vicinus.
To bore or make a hole [with an auger, &c.] perforare, terebrare [To pierce or pierce

through] terebrâ pertundere.
Through a wall, parietem perfodere.
The bore of a gun, oris sclopeti amplitudo.
Of a lock, serræ foramen.
Borable, forabilis.
A boring, terebratio.
To be born, nasci, oriri.
Again or grow again, renasci.
Of, enasci.
Nigh to, adnasci.
Or bred in, innasci.
Before the time, abortivus, sc. abortu nasci.
Born after his father's death, posthumus.
Born after us, posterius. pl.
Lately born, recens natus.
Well born, loco honesto ortus, bono genere natus.
Born of mean parentage, infimo v. humili loco natus.
First-born, natu maximus v. maxima.
Base-born, vid. Bastard.
Born and bred in the same place, indigēna.
Born in the country, rurigēna.
Born of the earth, terrigēna.
Still-born, natus mortuus.
Born or descended from, oriundus.
To be borne down, opprimi, deprimi.
To be borne [tolerable] ferendus, tolerandus.
Not to be borne, intolerabilis.
A borough, municipium.
A headborough, decurio.
To borrow, mutuari, mutuum accipere.
Upon use or interest, fœnerari, argentum fœnore sumere.
Of one to pay another, verauram facere.
A borrower, qui mutuo aliquid sumit.
A borrowing, mutuatio.
A bosom, gremium, sinus.
A bosom of the sea, sinus maris.
A bosom friend, intimus amicus, familiaris.
A bosom enemy, amicus perfidus.
Bason [corrupted from boat-awain] vid. Boatswain.
A boss, bulla.
A little boss, clavus.
A boss or hunch in the body, gibbus, gibber, eris. n.
The boss of a buckler, umbo.
To boss or bunch out, prominere, extare.
Bossed, gibber, gibbus, gibbosus.
Botanical or Botanic, ad herbarum scientiam pertinens.
A botanist, herbarum peritus.
Botany, herbarum scientia.
A botch [swollen ulcer] ulcus.
[Carbuncle] carthunculus. [In the groin] bubo. [In the mouth] aptham, pl. [About the ears] parotis, idis.
To make a botch, exulcerare.

A making of botches, exulceratio.
Full of botches, botchy, ulcerosus.
A botch [patch] pannus.
To botch, sarcire, reconciannare, interpolare.
To botch [bungle] opus corrumpere.
A botcher, sartor, veteramentarius.
A botcher or bungler, imperitus, rudis.
A botcher's stall, taberna sartoris veteramentarii.
A botching, reflectio, interpolatio.
Botchingly or bunglingly, imperite, inepte.
Both [two] ambo.
Both [conjunction] cum tum, et et, quâ quâ, vel vel.
On both sides, utrinque, utrobique.
Both-handed, qui lævâ dextrâque æque utitur.
Both-ways, bifariam, utroque versum.
The bots [in horses] ascarides, pl.
The wringing of the bots, verminatio.
To be troubled with the bots, verminare, verminari.
A bottle, uter, tris. m.
A great bottle, lagena.
A little bottle, laguncula, phiala.
A glass bottle, ampulla vitrea.
A leather bottle, laguncula e corio confecta.
A bottle of hay, fœal fasciculus v. manipulus.
A smelling bottle, olfactorium.
The mouth of a bottle, ampullæ os.
Of or like a bottle, ampullaceus.
A bottle-maker, ampullarius.
To bottle liquors, in ampullas infundere; in ampullis conservare.
Bottle-nosed, nasutus.
A bottling up, liquorum in ampullis infusio v. conservatio.
The bottom, fundus, solum.
A bottom [ship] navis.
The bottom of a ship, carina.
The bottom or depth of a thing, profundum, profunditas.
[Dregs] fœx, crassamentum, sedimentum.
To bottom [put in a bottom] fundo munire, instruere.
[Ground a discourse] fundamenta orationis jacere.
A bottom [valley] vallis, convallis.
At the bottom, in imo.
The bottom of the belly, hypogastrium.
The bottom of a mountain, radicis montis.
From top to bottom, a capite ad calcem.

A bottom of thread, glomus, *tris*. n.
Bottomless, fundi expers, fundo carens.
A bottomless pit, vorago, barnathrum.
Bottomry or bottomage [money borrowed upon a ship] *fidējus-atio* navalis.
A bough, ramus.
A little bough, ramusculus.
A bough plucked with fruit on, *termes*, *itis*. m.
A green bough of bay or olive, thallus.
A dead bough, ramale, *is*. n.
Full of boughs, ramosus, ramulosus.
To be or that may be bought, mercabilis.
A thing bought, merx, *cis*. f.
A bounce or bouncing noise, crepitus, fragor.
To bounce, crepare, insultare, tundere. *Often*, crepitare. *Or make a noise*, strepere, strepitare. *Up*, resilire. *Or vapour and romance*, jactare, gloriari.
A bouncer, gloriosus.
A bouncing lad or lass, pugil.
To bound, finire, terminare, determinare.
A bound or boundary, meta, terminus, finis, limes.
To bound upon [border] *adjacere*, contingere.
To keep within bounds, coercere.
To break its bounds, prosilire.
Bound by or bordering upon, confinis, contermimus, contiguus.
A bounding, limitatio, terminatio.
The feast of bounds, terminalia, *pl*.
Boundless, interminatus, immensus, infinitus.
To bound again or back, resilire.
A bounding back again, resultus.
A bounding upon or near, vicinia, vicinitas.
Bountiful or bounteous, beneficus, benignus, munificus.
Bountifully, benigne, large, liberaliter, munifice.
Bountifulness, } benignitas, li-
Bounteousness, } beralitas, bu-
Bounty, } neficentia.
A bourg, vicus.
A bourger or bourgeois, civis, municeps.
To bourgeon [bud] *germinare*.
A bourn [brook] *torrens*, *is*. m.
[A boundary] *limes*.
To bouse, potare.
A bousing, potatio.
Bousy, temulentus.
At one bout, una vice.
A drinking-bout, compotatio.
A merry-bout, hilare tempus.
A bow, arcus.
To bend a bow, arcum tendere.

To when a bow, arcum retendere v. laxare.
Made like a bow, bow-bent, arcuatus.
The rainbow, iris, *idis*. f. arcus celestis, arcus pluvius.
A bow for a violin, plectrum.
A cross-bow, ballista.
A steel-bow, arcubalista.
A bow-case, corytus.
Bow-like, arcuatus.
A bow-man [archer] *sagittarius*, sagittifer.
A bow-string, arcus nervus.
A bowyer or bow-maker, arcum faber.
The bow of a key, annulus clavis. *Of a saddle*, sellæ equestris arcus. *Of a ship*, prora.
Bow-spirit, boltsprit, malus navis asperit.
To bow [make to bow] *flectere*, torquere. *One's knees*, genua, poplite, *flectere*. [*Band towards*] *inclinare*, se *infectere*. *A bow* [salutation] *salutatio*.
To bow or to make a bow, aliquem corpore inclinato salutare. *Backward*, reclinare. *Down* [act.] *incurvare*; [*neut.*] *incurvescere*. *Round*, circumflectere. *To*, acclinare.
Easily bowed, flexilis, flexibilis.
A bowing, curvatio, flexura.
Downwards, devexitas. *Inwards*, inclinatio. *Outwards*, prominentia.
To bowel [embowel] *eviscerare*, exenterare.
Bowelled, evisceratus.
The bowels, intestina, *pl*. viscera.
Bowels of compassion, miserationis, misericordia.
Within the bowels, intestinus.
A bower or arbour, umbraculum v. tabernaculum frideum.
A bower [anchor] *anchora* ad arcum navis.
To bower, includere, præcingere.
A bowering, arborum concameratio.
A bowl [for drink] *poculum*, scyphus. *To wash in*, labrum.
For play, globus, sphaera.
A little bowl, globulus.
To bowi, globum volvere, mittere, jactare.
A bowler, globorum jactor.
Bowling, globorum mittendorum certamen.
A bowling alley or green, sphæristerium.
A box, arca, cista.
A little box, cistula, arcula.
A spice box, narthecium.
A christmas-box [the gift] *strenna*. [*The receptacle or box itself*] *strenarum* arcula.
A coach-box, currius sedile.
A dice-box, fritillus, orca.
A balloting-box, auita.

A sand-box, pyxis v. theca arenaria.
A snuff-box, pyxidula pulveris sternutatorii.
A tobacco-box, pyxidula tabaci.
The box of a screw, cochlem striatum receptaculum.
Boxes in a play-house, *caam* theatrales.
The poor's box, pauperulorum arca publica.
Boxes in a press, locelli loculamenta, *pl*.
Boxes for grocers, &c. *nidi*, *pl*.
A box maker, arcarum, &c. *faber*.
Box-bearers, cistiferi, *pl*. pyxisferi.
Made like a box, pyxidatus.
A box on the ear, alapa, colaphus.
To box on the ear, palmam aliquem percussere, colaphum aliquem impingere.
To box together, pugnis certare.
To box it out, pugnis depugnare.
A boxer, pugil.
A boxing-bout or match, pugnis concertatio.
Box wood, buxum.
A box-tree, buxus, *i*. f.
Box or of box, buxus.
Full of box, buxosus.
A place where box grows, buxetum.
A boy, puer.
A little boy, puerulus, puellus.
A soldier's boy, calo, liza.
A priest's boy, sacerdotis minister.
A school-boy, discipulus literarius.
A servant-boy, puer, famulus.
A boy under fourteen years of age, impubes.
A boy of about fourteen years of age, puber v. pubes.
To play the boy, pueriliter facere.
Boyish or boy-like, puerilis.
Boyishly, pueriliter.
Boyishness, boyhood, *boyism*, puerilitas, pueritia.
A boy or buoy of an anchor, index anchoræ v. anchoralis.
A brabble, rixa, lis.
To brabble, jurgare, altercari, litigare.
A brabbler, altercator, rixator.
A brabbling, altercatio, cavillatio.
A brace, to join things together, copula.
A brace [couple] *par*.
A brace or hook, uncus, hamus.
A little brace, hamulus.
A brace, in building, stibula.
A brace, in printing, uncus.
To brace, alligare, colligare, constringere, conjungere, *v*ia cire.
A bracer, alligator.
A bracing, alligatio, vincio.
A bracelet, armilla, brachiale, *sp*inter.

Wearing a bracelet, armillatus.
Braces, brachialia, pl.
A brack, vitium, mendum.
Bracken [fern] filix, icis. f.
A bracket [in building] mutulus.
Brackish, salsus, amarus.
Brackishness, salsitudo. Vid.
Brine.
To brag, gloriari, jactare, ostentare, exultare.
A brag or bragging, jactantia, gloriatio.
A bragger, braggart, bragga-dorio, jactator; gloriosus; Thraso.
Braggingly, gloriose, jactanter.
Brainless, modestus, humilis.
A brand of hair, cincinnus; cirrus.
To braid, inter se decussatim implicare.
A braiding, breds, complicatio, implicatio.
The brain, cerebrum.
To brain or dash out one's brains, cerebrum extundere, dispergere.
The brain-pan, cranium, calvaria.
The hinder part of the brain, cerebellum.
Brainless, inconsultus, temerarius, stultus.
Brainick or crack-brained, cerebrum, furiosus, demens.
Have-brained, temerarius, levis.
Brainickness, phrenesis.
A braining, elisio cerebri.
A brake [for flax] instrumentum quo linum confringitur.
Brake [fern] filix.
A brake [thicket] dumetum.
Braky [thorny] dumosus.
A bramble, rubus.
A little bramble, veprecula.
A place full of brambles, senticetum, vepretum, rubetum.
Brambly or full of brambles, spinosus.
Bray, furfur.
Full of bray, furfuriosus.
A branch of a tree, &c. ramus.
A little branch, ramusculus.
A branch [of a discourse] capitulum.
Of a vine, palmes, sarmen-tum.
A fruitless branch, stolo.
A branch bearing only leaves, palmes pampinariæ.
A branch with fruit on, termes.
Having the leaves and branches cut away, pampinatus.
Be that cuts away leaves and branches, pampinator.
The branch of a pedigree, stemma, s.
To branch or put forth branches, germinare, egerminare.
Branch [division of a discourse] in membra distributio.
To have branches, frondere.
To begin to have branches, frondescere.

Of or like a branch, frondeus.
Bearing branches, frondifer.
Branches, frondeus, ramosis.
Branching, germinans.
A branching, germinatio.
Branchless, without branches or leaves, infructuosus, infrons.
Branchy, frondeus.
A fire-brand, torris.
A smoky-brand, titio.
A brand [mark of disgrace] ignominia.
To cast a brand upon, infamare.
A brand for cattle, nota, signum.
To brand [stigmatis] exstimationem alicujus lædere, alicquem infamiam aspergere.
Brand-new, omnino novus.
To brand cattle, notâ signare.
Branded, as a branded slave, stigmatè inustus.
Branded with a crime, infamis, famosus, diffamatus.
A branding iron, cauterium.
To brandish, vibrare, coruscare, crispare.
Brandy, vinum adustum.
To brangle, rixari; dictis provocare.
A brangler, altercator, vitiligator.
A brangling or brangle, rixa, jurgium.
A brangling person, rixosus.
Bravny, of or like bran, furfuriosus.
Brass, æs, orichalcum.
Brass-ore or brass-stone, cadmia, lapis æreus.
Brass-scales or cinders, squama æris.
A brass-pot, ahenum.
A little brass-pot or posnet, cucinum.
Brass-work, ærificium.
Bearing brass, ærifer.
Covered with brass, æratus.
Full of brass, æreus.
Brass, brassy, or brazen, æneus, æheneus.
A brazier or brasier, faber ærarius v. vasorum æreorum.
A brat or beggar's brat, mendici filius.
A cross brat, infans vagitans.
A bravo or bravado, insultatio petulans.
Brave [fine] concinnus, lantus, nitidus, elegans. [Excellent] eximius, egregius. [Skillful] peritus, sapiens. [Valiant] fortis, animosus, strenuus.
Praising brave, perornatus.
A brave, bravo, alacrus, Thraso.
To brave it, plumas extendere; sese ostentare.
To brave one, lacerare; ferociter aliquid appetere.
Bravely, [finely] concinne, laute. [Excellently] excellenter, eximie. [Skillfully] perite, scienter. [Valiantly] fortiter.
Bravery [fineness] concinnitas, ornatus. [Excellency] excel-

lentia, præstantia. [Valour] fortitudo, magnanimitas.
A woman's bravery or fiery, ornatus muliebris; munditie, pl.
A braving, insultatio ferox v. petulans.
A brawl, rixa, jurgium.
To brawl, altercari, jurgare, rixari.
A brawler, rabula, altercator, rixator.
A brawling, altercatio, jurgium, rixa, convicium.
Brawling, contentiosus, rixosus.
Brawlingly, more rabularum.
Brawn, aprugna, scil. caro, calum aprugnum.
Brawn or hard flesh, callus, callo-m.
Brawn [of the arms] lacertus.
Of the legs, poples. *Of a capon*, pulpa caponis.
Brawny, callosus.
Brawniness, callosa cutis.
To Bray [pound] terere, tundere.
As an ass, rudire. *As an elephant*, barrire. [Cry out] emugire, fremere.
A brayer [pounder] tritor.
A braying [pounding] tritura, contusio.
The braying of an ass, ruditus.
Of an elephant, barritus.
A braying [crying out] mugitus.
A breach, ruina, labefactatio.
A breach of friendship, alienatio. *Of promise*, Punicæ fides; violatio fidelis.
A breach made by a river, aggerum eversio.
A breach of peace, pacis violatio. *Of treaty*, læderis violatio.
To make a breach in a wall, murum labefactare, prosternere, deturbare.
To enter or mount the breach, ingressum murorum ruinâ pugnantib. moliri; dejectam muri partem invadere.
To make a breach between men, certamen inter aliquos scire.
Bread, panis. *Barley*, panis hordeaceus. *Wheaten*, panis triticeus. *Biscuit*, panis nauticus. *Brown or household*, panis ater, plebeius. *Coarse*, panis sordidus. *Ammunition*, panis castrensis. *Dough*, panis rubidus. *Light*, panis spongiosus. *Sheu*, panis propositus. *Leavened*, panis fermentatus. *Unleavened*, panis non fermentatus. *Fine*, panis siliquicus. *Mouldy*, panis mucidus. *Stale*, diu coctus. *Ginger*, panis giugibere conditus. *Oaten*, panis avenaceus. *Rye*, panis secalicus. *White*, panis candidus, primarius. *Second*, panis secundarius. *Of this day's baking*,

panis hodiernus. *Of yesterday's baking*, panis hesternus. *The sweet-bread*, pancreas. *Bread-corn*, frumentum, far. *A crust of bread*, frustum panis. *The crum*, panis medulla. *The making of bread*, panificium. *A place to keep bread in*, panarium. *Breadth*, latitudo. *To break* [act.] frangere, rumperē. [Enfeble] debilitare. *The back*, delumbare. *The belly*, ventrem dirumpere. *Off*, abrumperē. [To discontinue] intermittere, interrumpere. *Asunder*, interscindere. *Down*, diruere, evertēre. *Open*, effringere. *In pieces*, or to bruise, comminūere, contundere. *Before*, præfringere, prerumpere. *Up*, dirumpere. [As an assembly] dimittere. *In*, irruere, irrumperē. *Loose*, extricare. *Out*, erumpere. *Through*, perrumpere; [neut.] creperē. *To break* [become bankrupt] foro cedere. [As ice] regelare. *Forth* [as water] exundare. *Wind upward*, ructare. *Backward*, pedere. *A break*, interstitium, intervalum. *Break of day*, diluculum. *To breakfast*, jentare. *A breakfast*, jentaculum. *A breaker*, ruptor. *Of doors*, ædium perfossor. *A breaker down*, demolitor. *A breaker of the peace*, pacis publicæ violator. *Of horses*, equorum domitor. *Of the laws*, legum violator. *A house-breaker*, parietum perfossor. *A breaker of a league*, sædistragus. *A breaking*, infractio, fractura. *Asunder*, diruptio, abruptio. *Of a horse*, equi domitura. *Down*, demolitio. *In*, irruptio. *Of the laws*, legum violatio. *With a noise*, fragor. *Off*, abruptio. *For a time*, intermissio. *Out*, eruptio. *Into a scab*, ulceratio. *In the heat*, siriasis. *Out of waters*, scatorigo, scatebra. *Of a ship*, naufragium. *Small*, tritura. [Violating] violatio. *Up of ground* for tillage, aratio, fossio. *For a siege*, terræ fossio ad urbem capiendam. *Up of a school*, scholæ dimissio. *Up of a will*, tabularum apertura. *The breast*, pectus. *A woman's breast*, uber, mamma. *A little breast*, mammula. *Having large or full breasts*, mammosa. *The breast-bone*, scutum cordis. *A breast-plate* [armour] lorica, pectorale.

Having a broad breast, pectorosus. *Of the breast*, pectoralis. *Breath*, halitus, spiritus, anima, *To fetch breath or to breathe*, spirare, respirare. *Between*, interspirare. *Into*, inspirare. *On or upon*, aspirare, afflare. *To stop the breath*, spiritum intercludere. *To breathe one's last*, expirare. *A breath of air*, aura. *Shortness of breath*, anhelatio, suspirium. *A person troubled with shortness of breath*, suspiriosus; anhelator. *Like a person troubled with shortness of breath*, suspiriosus. *A stinking breath*, anima fetida. *A fragrant breath*, odor suavis. *The passage of the breath*, respiramen. *A taking breath between*, interspiratio. *Breathable*, spirabilis. *A breathing*, halitus, spiritus, respiratio. *Deep* [or sigh] suspirium. *A breathing-hole*, spiraculum, spiramen. *Breathless*, exanimis. *To be bred of*, nasci, oriri. *Bred in or inbred*, ingentius, ingeneratus, innatus. *Well bred*, bene moratus. *Ill bred*, male moratus. *The breech*, podex; clunus, pl. *To breech*, puero braccas induere. *Breeches*, braccæ, pl. femoralia, pl. *Wearing breeches*, braccatus. *A breeches-maker*, braccarum confector. *To breed*, engender, or bring forth, generare, concipere, gignere, parere. *To bring up*, alere, educere. *To breed or cause*, producere. *To breed or be bred*, gigni. *A breed*, genus, gens. *A breeder*, generator. *A female breeder*, genitrix. *A breeder* [stallion] admissarius. *A breeding*, generatio. *Breeding* [education] educatio, institutio. *A breeder of cattle*, pecorum nutritor. *A breeding-place for cattle*, pecuarius. *Breeding of cattle*, foetura. *Of or for breeding*, fructuarius. *A breeze* [gentle gale] aura. *Breezy*, aurâ leni pulsus. *Brethren*, fratres, pl. *A breed*, rescriptum. *A breviary or breviary*, compendium. *A breviary* [Roman] breviarium. *Breviatures*, notæ. *Brevity or briefness*, brevitās.

To brew [mugle] miscere. *Of cerevisiam* coquere. *A brewer*, cerevisia coctor. *A brew-house*, zythosarium. *A brewing*, cerevisia coctio. *Brewis*, ossile adaptæ, panis pingui jure intinctus. *A bribe*, munus; largitio. *To bribe*, aliquem numeribus corrumpere. *Beforehand*, præcorrumpere. *For an office*, donis aliquid munus ambire. *A briber*, muneribus corruptor; sequester. *Bribery*, corruptio iudicii; ambitus. *Of bribes*, munerarius. *A brick*, later, æris m. *A little brick*, laterculus. *Brick-coloured*, figlius, gilvus. *A brick-bat*, laterculus. *A brick-kin*, furnus laterarius. *A bricklayer*, laterum structor. *A brick-making*, laterum coctio v. fabricatio. *Made of brick*, lateritius. *Belonging to bricks*, laterarius. *A brick-wall*, murus coctilis. *A bridal*, nuptiæ, pl. sponsalia, pl. *A bride*, sponsa. *A bride or bridal-bed*, lectus genialis. *A bride-chamber*, thalamus. *A bridegroom*, sponsus. *A bride-maid*, pronuba. *A bride-man*, pronubus. *A bridal-song*, epithalamium. *A bridewell*, pistrinum, ergastulum. *The master of bridewell*, ergastularius. *A bridge*, pons, tis m. *A little bridge*, ponticulus. *A draw-bridge*, pons versatilis. *A bridge of boats*, pons ex navibus constructus. *Of stone*, pons lapideus. *Of wood*, pons subilicis. *The bridge of the nose*, nasi septum. *A bridge-master*, pontis curator. *A bridle*, frenum. *A curb-bridle*, lupatum frenum. *A biidle-rein*, habena, lorum. *The head-stall*, frontale. *To bridle*, frenare, refrænare. *A bridler*, frenator. *A bridling*, coërcitio. *A brief* [writ] schedula iuridica. *A brief or letters patent*, apponans, lit. n. *Brief*, brevis, modicus. *A counsellor's brief*, litis summa. *A brief account*, summarium, compendium. *To be brief*, anguste dicere; carptim transire. *To reduce in a brief*, in compendium reducere. *Briefly*, or in brief, breviter, anguste, strictim. *A briar*, rubus, sentis, vepres.

Abrupt or place for *briers*,
esicetum, *spinetum*, *rube-*
um.
Briery or full of *briers*, *spino-*
va.
A brigade, *turma*, *manipulus*.
A brigade [of horse] *equitum*
turma. [Of foot] *peditum* co-
horte.
A brigadier, *turmæ* v. *cohortis*
dactor.
Bright, *clarus*, *nitidus*, *splen-*
didus.
Brightish, *nitidiusculus*, *subru-*
bidus.
Thorough bright, *translucidus*.
To be bright, *clarere*, *collucere*,
fulgere, *nitere*.
To brighten or *grow bright*, *lu-*
cescere.
To shine bright, *lucere*.
To be very bright, *perlucere*.
To brighten [make bright] *po-*
tere, *illustrare*.
A brightening [making bright]
politio.
Brightly, *clare*, *lucide*, *nitide*,
splendide.
Somewhat brightly, *nitidiuscule*.
Brightness, *claritas*, *fulgor*, *ni-*
tor.
The brim of a thing, *margo*, *ora*,
labrum.
Having a brim, *marginatus*.
Brimful, *ad summan vasis*
oram impletus.
A brimmer, *calix potu coronatus*.
Brimstone, *sulphur*, *âris*. u.
A brimstone mine, *sulphuraria*.
Dome with brimstone, *sulphura-*
ta.
Brimstone, *sulphureus*, *sulphu-*
reus.
Brinded, *brindled*, *varius*, *varie-*
patus.
Brine, *maria*, *salsura*, *alex*.
A brine-pit, *salina*.
As salt as brine, *salsissimus*.
To season with brine, *salsire*, *sale*
condire.
Being long in brine, *maritatus*.
Brisk or *briny*, *salsus*.
To bring [of a thing] *ferre*, *af-*
ferre, *apportare*. [Of a per-
son] adducere. [About or to
pass, efficere, conficere. *A-*
broad, *proferre*. *Against one's*
will, *trahere*, *pertrahere*. *To*
on end, perficere. *To nought*,
perimere. *Away*, *abducere*,
aufere. *Back*, *reducere*, *re-*
portare, *revocare*. *Down* [les-
son] imminuere, *diminuere*.
[Weaken] attenuare, *accidere*.
Down [destroy] *diruere*, *de-*
moliri. *By force*, *adigere*, *ra-*
pere. *Forth* or *out*, *educere*,
effere, *proferre*, *producere*.
Up, *alere*, *educere*. *Forth*
young, *parere*, *gignere*, *edere*.
To be ready to bring forth, *par-*
turare.
To bring forth flowers, *florere*,
florere.

To bring forth plentifully, *fun-*
dere, *effundere*. *Forward*,
promovere. *From*, *deserre*,
deportare. *From afar*, *ave-*
here. *In*, *inducere*, *inferre*,
importare. *In place of another*,
substituere. *Into danger*,
trouble, &c. *aliquem in pericu-*
lum adducere, *inferre*. *Into*
debt, *res alienum confare*. *Into*
question, *examinare*. *Into*
subjection, *sub imperium redi-*
gere. *Into use or fashion*, *in*
morem inducere. *To bring*
back into fashion, [revive an
old custom] *vetus exemplum*
renovare. *Low*, *deicere*, *de-*
ducere. [Bring to decay] *la-*
besectare, *diminuere*. *Off* or
disengage, *expedire*, *liberare*.
Off or *dissuade from*, *aliquid*
alicui dissuadere. *Over*, *tra-*
ducere, *trahere*. *Over to a*
party, *flectere*, *adjungere*, *per-*
vertere. *Out*, *proferre*. *To*
pass, *efficere*, *conficere*. *To-*
gether, *conferre*, *conducere*.
Under, *subigere*, *subjugare*.
A bringer [carrier] qui *aliquid*
apparat. *Back again*, *reduc-*
tor. *Against one's will*, *per-*
ductor. *Down*, *dejector*. *From*
one place to another, *traductor*,
translator. *To pass or about*,
effector, *effectrix*. *Up* [of chil-
dren] educator, *educatrix*. *On*
one's way, *deductor*, *comes*.
Up of the rear, *agminis*
ductor.
A bringing, *portatio*, *advectio*.
Back, *reductio*. *Or leading*
forth, *deductio*. *Forth* of
young, *partus*, *sextura*. *Over*,
traductio, *translatio*. *In*, *in-*
ductio, *introductio*. *To pass*,
effectio, *confectio*. *Down*, *di-*
minutio. *Together*, *collatio*.
Under, *subjectio*. *Up*, *educa-*
tio, *institutio*.
Bringing forth all things, *omni-*
parens.
A brink, *extremitas*, *ora*, *margo*.
Brisk, *agilis*, *alacer*, *vividus*,
celer, *lepidus*.
To be brisk, *vigere*.
A brisk gale of wind, *venti fla-*
tus vehementior.
Briskly, *acriter*, *late*, *vivide*.
Briskness, *agilitas*, *alacritas*,
letitia.
The brisket, *pectus cæci anima-*
lis.
A bristle, *seta*.
A little bristle, *setula*.
To bristle or *set up the bristles*,
horrire.
To bristle up to, *aliquem sero-*
citer aggredi.
Bristly, *horridus*, *hirsutus*, *his-*
pidus, *setosus*.
A staring like bristles, *horror*.
A Briton, *Britannus*, *Brito*.
British, *Britannicus*.
Brittle, *fragilis*, *caducus*.

Not brittle, *infragilis*.
Brittleness, *fragilitas*.
A brize [gad-bee] *a breeze*, *a*
brise, or *beer*, *asilus*, *tabanus*,
æstrus.
To broach, *vas terebrare*.
A broacher [of beer, &c.] qui v.
que vas terebrat.
A broacher [of errors] *auctor*,
inventor.
A broaching [of beer, &c.] *vasis*
terebratio.
Broad, *amplus*, *latus*, *patulus*.
Broad awake, *experrectus*, *vigi-*
lans.
Broad-footed, *plancus*.
A broad street or broad way,
platea.
As broad as long, *quadratus*.
Broad leaved, *latifolius*.
To make broad, *dilatare*, *ampli-*
ficare.
To grow broad, *to broaden*, *la-*
tescere.
A making broad, *amplificatio*.
Broad-faced, *homo lato ore*.
To speak broad, *pinguius justo*
pronuntiare.
The broad end of an oar, *scal-*
mus.
Broadly, *late*.
Broadness, *latitudo*, *amplitudo*.
Broadness in speech, *libertas lo-*
quendi.
Broadwise, *secundum latitudi-*
nem.
Brocade, *pannus aureo v. argen-*
teo filo intertextus.
A brock [badger] *taxus*.
A brocket [fawn] *cervus bim-*
ulus.
A brogue [sort of shoes] *crudus*
pero.
A broil [quarrel] *rixa*, *jurgium*.
[Tumult] turba, *seditio*.
Given to broils or quarrels, *rix-*
osus, *contentiosus*.
Full of broils or tumults, *tumu-*
tuosus.
To raise broils, *tumultuari*; *si*
ditionem commovere.
A raiser of broils, *seditionus*,
turbulentus.
To broil meat, *torrere*.
To be broiled, *torrescere*, *torreri*.
A broiler, qui v. *que carnem*
torret.
Broken-backed, *delumbis*.
Broken-hearted, *abjectus*.
Broken-winded, *anhelus*, *illius* d.
cens.
Broken-bellied, *ramicosus*.
Easily broken, *fragilis*.
To speak broken English, *Ang-*
lice loqui inasite, *inepte pronun-*
tiare.
Broken sleep, *somnus inquietus*.
Broken teeth, *dentes mutilati*.
Brokery ware, *scruta*, *pl*.
A broker [of bargains] *proxe-*
neta, *mango*, *onis*. m. *Of*
clothes, *veteramentarius*.
Brokerage or *brocage*, *mango-*
nium, *proœneticum*.

An exchange-broker, proxeneta argentarius.
A pawn-broker, pignerator.
A broker or dealer in old goods, scrutarius.
A broker's row, forum interpositorium.
Bronze, frons perfricta.
A bronze, numisma aureum.
A brooch [necklace] monie, is.n.
A brooch, gemma.
To brooch, gemmis ornare.
A brood, proles, propago, soboles.
A brood of chickens, pullities.
To brood or sit brooding, incubare.
A brooding, incubatio.
A brook, torrens, tis. m.
A little brook, rivulus.
To brook [bear] tolerare.
Broom, spartum, genista.
A broom field, spartarium.
A broom, scopæ, pl.
A birch broom, scopæ ex betula confectæ.
A hair broom, scopæ setacem.
A broom-staff, scoparum manubrium.
Broth, jus, fâris. n. sorbitlo.
Fish-broth, alecula, muria.
Jelly-broth, jus gelatum.
Stewed in broth, jusculentus.
A brothel-house, lupanar, fornic.
To haunt brothel-houses, lustrari, acortari.
A haunter of brothel-houses, ganeo, acortator.
A brother, frater.
A little brother, fraterculus.
A brother by the father's side, frater consanguineus. *By the mother's side*, frater uterinus.
By the father and mother, frater germanus.
A half-brother, germanus.
A brother-in-law, mariti v. uxoris frater.
The husband's brother, levir.
A sister's brother, sororius.
A brother's wife, fratria.
Brother's children, patruales.
A foster-brother, collataneus.
Twin brothers, gemini.
Brotherhood, germanitas, fraternitas.
A brother-killer, fratricida.
Brother-slaughter, fratrem necis scelus.
Brotherly [adf.] fraternus.
In a brotherly manner, fraterne, germane.
A brow, frons, tis. f.
To knit the brows, frontem corrugare.
To clear up the brows and look merrily, frontem exporrigere.
To brow-beat, torve aliquem inuerti.
An eye-brow, palpebra, supercilium.
The knitting of the brows, superciliorum contractio.
Beetle-browed, eaperatus.

The brow of a wall, muri corona v. lorica.
The brow of a hill, montis vertex v. cacumen.
Hairy-browed, palpebrosus.
Brown-sick, dejectus.
Brown, fuscus, subniger.
A brown mingled with black and red, ferrug.
Brown blue, luridus.
To make brown, fuscare.
A little brown or brownish, subfuscus.
Brownness, pulligo, gânis. f.
To brownse, attondere, depascere, frondes carpere.
A brownse, froulatio.
To bruise, collidere, contundere. *Against*, allidere, illidere. *Small*, comminudere, conterere. *The reins*, delumbare.
A bruise or bruising, collisio, contusio.
Bruiseort, consolidatio.
Bruit [report or noise] rumor, strepitus.
A little bruit, rumusculus.
To bruit, rumore spargere.
A brunette, mulier fusco oris colore.
A brunt [evil accident] calamitas, infortunium. [Assault or brush] impetus, aggressio.
A brush, scopula, verriculum.
A clothes-brush, scopula vestiaria.
A rubbing-brush, peniculus setis asper.
A painter's brush or pencil, penicillus.
A brush-maker, penicillorum confector.
A brush [small faggot] virgultorum fascis.
Brush-wood, cremium.
A brush or running against, occursus.
To brush, verrere, detergere.
A brushing, purgatio.
To bristle, crepitare, strepere.
To bristle, se erigere; rather, *To bristle*.
A brute, animal brutum.
Brutal or brutish [fierce or cruel] belluinus. [Filthy] fœdus, impudicus. [Lumpish] stupidi, hebes.
To make brutish [fierce] efferrare. [Foolish or lumpish] infatuare.
To grow brutish, obbrutescere, efferrari.
Brutishly [fiercely] ferociter. [Filthily] fœde. [Foolishly] stulpe.
Brutality, brutiness or brutishness [fierceness] ferocitas. [Filthiness] fœditas, impudicitia. [Foolishness] stultitia.
A bubble, bulla.
A little bubble, bullula.
To bubble up in seething, fervere, infervescere.

To bubble [boil up or over] ebullire.
A bubble [trifle] nugæ, pl. [Cheat] fraus. [Silly person] insulsus, stolidus.
To bubble [deceive] aliquem dolis fallere, ludificari.
A bubbling, ebullitio.
A bubbler, bubbling or deceitful person, fallax, fraudulentus, ludificator.
A buccaneer, latro Americanus.
A buck, dama, cervus.
Note, *Buck* is used to denote the male of several animals; as,
A buck goat, caper, &c.
Buck-ashe, cinis lixivius, cineres ad lixivium.
Buck-lie, lixivium, lixivia.
A bucket, situla, modiolus.
A little bucket, situla, urnula.
Leather buckets for fires, siphones incendiarii.
A buck's horn, cornu cervinum.
A buckle, fibula, spinther, gâris.n.
To buckle, fibulâ constringere, necere.
A buckle-maker, fibularum confector.
A shoe-buckle, fibula calcearia.
A buckle [curl of hair] cincinnus.
To buckle or curl, cincinnis ornare.
A buckler, clypeus, parma, as cile.
A little buckler, parmula, cetro pelta.
A large buckler, scutum.
A buckler-maker, clypeorum astifex, scutarius.
Bearing a buckler, clypeatus.
To buckler, defendere, protegere.
A buckling, fibulâ colligatio.
Buckskin, pellis cervina.
Bucksome [merry] alacer, hilaris.
A bud, germen, gânis. n.
The bud of a rose, calyx rosæ.
A vine-bud, gemma, oculus.
To bud, germinare, gemmascere, florescere.
To begin to bud again, repulloscere.
To bud out, egerminare. *Over*, superflorescere.
To nip in the bud, germen urere.
A budding, germinatio, gemmatio.
To budge, pedem clere, gradum efferre.
A budger, desertor.
A budget, saccus, vidulum, pera.
A buff or buffalo, bubalus, urus.
Buff [leather] corium bubulum, pellis bubula.
A buffet, colaphus, alapa.
To buffet, aliquem colaphis cedere, pugnis contundere.
A buffeting, colaphis verberatio.
A buffet [repository for plate abacus vasis mensariis] reponendis utilis.

A bufeter, alapaſum ludicor.
A bufſoon, ſcurra, miſtus.
To play the bufſoon, ſcurrari.
Bufſoonlike, ſcurrilis, ſcurriliter.
Bufſoonery, ſcurrilitas, ſcurrilis jocus.
A bug [ſort of vermin] cimex.
A May-bug, ſcarabeus ſtridula.
A bug-bear, terriculamentum, larva.
Buggy, cimicibus abundans.
A bugle [bead] bacca vitrea.
To build, edificare, fabricare, condere, ſtruere. *About*, circumſtruere. *Again*, reedificare. *Before*, præſtruere. *In* or upon, inædificare. *Under*, inſtruere. *By or near to*, adſtruere, cœdificare. *Up*, prædificare. *Or rely upon*, niti.
A builder, edificator, conditor, ſtructur.
A maſter-builder, architectus.
A building [a vaſt pile of building] edificium, ſtructura.
A little building, edificatiuncula.
A building up, extractio, exædificatio.
The act of building, edificatio.
The art of building, architectura.
A bull, bulbus.
Bulbous, bulbosus.
To bulge [as a ſhip] jactari, vacillare.
A built [before a ſhop] appendix.
A built, magnitudo, amplitudo.
A neat bulk, moles, vaſtitas.
To break bulk, navem exonerare.
Bulky [big] ingens. [*Corpulent*] craſſus, præpinguis. [*Heavy*] gravis. [*Maſſy*] ſolidus.
Bulkiness, magnitudo.
A bull, taurus.
A young bull, juvenculus.
Of a bull, taurinus.
Like a bull, tauriformis.
A bull [blunder in ſpeech] ſolœcismus.
A bullfinch, rubicilla.
Bull-baiting, certamen inter canes et taurum.
A bullace, prunum ſilveſtre.
A bullace-tree, prunus ſilveſtris.
A bullet, glans plumbea.
A cannon-bullet, globus ferreus
 vomentis majoribus diſplodendus.
A bullock, juvenus.
To bully one, alicui v. in aliquem inſultare.
A bully, miles glorioſus.
A bulwark, agger, munimentum.
Of a bulwark, vallaris, muralis.
The bum, nates, pl.
A bumbail, lictor, apparitor.
A bumpkin, colopus, ruſticus.
Bumpkinly, ruſtice, laurbane.
A bump [ſwell] tuber.

A bump [thump] colaphus, alapa.
To bump up, tumere, turgere.
A bumper [full glaſs] calix ad ſummam marginem potu repletus.
A bun or cake, collyra, libum.
A bunch [ſwelling] gibbus, tuber.
A little bunch, tuberculum.
A bunch [bundle] fasciculus.
A hard bunch, ſcirus.
To bunch out, prominere, extare.
A bundle, fasciculus, manipulus; ſarcina. *Of ſtraw*, ſani manipulus. *Of rods carried before the magiſtrate*, faſces, pl. *Bundlewise*, ſciantim.
To bundle up, convellere.
To open a bundle, fasciculum ſolvere.
A bung, cadi obturamentum.
A bung-hole, ſpiraculum, ſpiramentum.
To bung up, obturare.
To bungle, inſabre aliquid conſicere.
A bungler, imperitus, ſciolus.
Bunglingly, inſabre, craſſe.
The buoy of a ſhip, index anchorarius aquæ innataus.
Buoyancy, poteſtas fluctuandi.
Buoyant, fluctuans.
A bur, lappa.
Of or belonging to burs, lappaceus.
Full of burs, lappis abundans.
A bureau, menſa ſcriptoria, ſcrinium.
A burgeon, germen, gemma.
Burgeon, gemmatus.
A burgeoning, gemmatio, germinatio.
A Burgess or burgher, municeps, civis.
A Burgess [in parliament] ſenator, pater conſcriptus.
Of a Burgess, municipalis.
A burgh or borough, municipium.
A burgherſhip, jus municipii.
Burglary, parietum effoſſio.
A burganote [town court] oppidi conventus; civium comitia.
A burgomaſter, municipii præfectus.
Burial, ſepulchrum.
Burial duties, juſta funerum.
Burial ſolemnities, exequie, pl.
Of burial, ſinebris, funereus.
To bury, ſepelire, tumulare, funerare, condere. *Alive*, in terram deſodere. *Before*, præſepelire. *Together*, conſepelire.
Not buried, inſepultus, intumultus.
A burier, veſpillo.
A burying, ſepultura, humatio.
A burying-place, ſepulcretum.
Burlesque, jocularis, jocularius, ludicre.

To burlesque a perſon, joculariter in aliquem illudere.
A burlesque poem, carmen jocularare.
Burly, craſſus, corpulentus, tumidus.
A burn, ambuſtio; vulnus ex uſione factum.
To burn [act.] urere; cremare; succendere; [neut.] ardere, flagrare; æſtuare. *All about*, amburare. *Again*, redardescere. *In a tight fire*, exardescere. *In a ſacrifice*, adolere. *In the hand*, ſtigmatè inurere. *A little*, ſuburare. *Much*, deurare, exurare, perurare. *Through*, perurare. *Together*, concremare, comburare. *To aſhes or to a coal* [act.] in cineres v. in carbonem redigere. *Vehemently*, deſlagrare; exardere. *Round about*, amburare. *Before*, præurare. *Down*, comburare. *Up*, torrefacere.
To be burned up as graſs, exar-eſcere. *Anger, deſire, love, &c.* ira, cupiditate, amore, flagrare, ardere, incendi, inflammari.
Burned [as in roaſting] retortidus, reſtoſus.
A burner, incendiarius, uſtor.
Burnet [herb] pimpinella.
A burning coal, pruna.
A burning [act.] uſtio, concrementio; [neut.] ardor, flagrantia.
A burning about, ambuſtio.
A burning alive, vivi exuſtio.
A burning in ſores, uredo.
A burning with caustic, urigo.
A burning-iron, cauterium.
To burnish, polire; limare.
A burnisher, politor.
A burnishing, expolitio.
Burnt wine, deſrutum.
The burr of the ear, auris lobus [Of a deer's horn] tuberculum.
A burrow [covert] latibulum [For coney] coniculus.
To burrow, in cavum ſubire.
The burse [exchange] forum baſilicum.
A burser, collegii diſpensator.
To burst, dirumpere. *In pieces*, diſſiſcere.
To burst out, proſilire, prorumpere.
A bursting, ruptio. *Out*, eruptio.
Burstness or burstiness, hernia.
A burst, onus, ſarcina.
A great burthen, moles.
A little burthen, pondus levius; ſarcinula.
To burthen, onerare, gravare. *Of or for a burthen*, onerarius.
A beast of burthen, jumentum.
A ſhip of burthen, navis oneraria.
The burthen of a ſong, verſus intercalaris.
Burthenſome, burdennous, onerofus, gravis.

A bush, rubus.
A bush of thorns, dumus, spinetum. *Of branches or briars*, vepretum.
A bush of hair, cæsaries.
Having bushy hair, comatus.
Bushy, dumosus, spinosus.
A bushy place, bushment, dumetum, rubetum.
A bushel [eight gallons] modius.
A little bushel, modiolus.
A bushel [two strikes] medimnus.
Half a bushel, semodius.
Three bushels, trimodium.
Holding three bushels, trimodius.
Holding ten bushels, declimodius.
A bushel and a half, sesquimodius.
Two bushels and a half, culeus.
Of a bushel, modalis.
Busied, occupatus, versatus, impeditus.
Busily, attente, studiose.
Business [employment] negotium, occupatio. [*Thing*] res, negotium.
An ill business, facinus improbum.
A manager of business, negotiator.
A man of business, tractandis negotiis idoneus.
Full of business, occupatissimus.
A small business, negotiolum.
A business closely carried, dolus, stratagemma.
A buskin, cothurnus; pero.
Buskined, cothurnatus; peronatus.
A buss [kiss] basium, osculum.
To buss, suaviari, osculari; busiare.
A bussing, basiatio.
A bust or busto, statua curta; signum pectore tenus efformatum; herma.
A bustard, otis, *Edis*. f.
A bustle or bustling, turba, tumultus.
To bustle [make a disturbance] turbare, tumultuari.
A bustling [in business] attentio, cura, diligentia.
Busy [active] sollicitus. [*Meddling, troublesome*] molestus, curiosus.
To busy, occupare.
A busy-body, ardelio.
To be busy, satagere.
But [an adverbative] ast, atqui, autem.
But for, ni, absque.
But [before or before that] cum.
But [except] nisi, præterquam.
But [only] modo, solum, tantum.
But that, ni, nisi, nisi quod, quod nisi.
But [after a negative] ne, non, nisi non, quam, quia.
But if, sin, sin autem, quod si.
But if not, sin minus, sin aliter.

But rather, imo, quinimo.
But seldom, raro.
Not but that, non quod non, non quin.
But only that, præterquam quod.
But yet, tamen, veruntamen.
A butcher, lanius.
To butcher, mactare; laniare.
A butcher-row or butchery, lanienia.
A butchering, mactatio.
A butcher's shop, taberna carnaria.
Butcherly, or belonging to a butcher, lanionius. [*Cruelly*] crudeliter, immamiter, truculente.
Butchery [great slaughter] cædes, strages.
A butler, vini dispensator; cellæ vinariæ curator.
An under-butler, cellæ vinariæ curatoris vicarius.
A butt [mark to shoot at] meta.
Butts [banks] aggeres, *pl.*
A butt [wine-vessel] amphora, cadus, dolium.
To butt, arietare, cornu ferire, percutere.
Butter, butyrum.
Butter-teeth, dentes anteriores.
A butterfly, papilio, *onis*. in.
Butter-milk, butyri serum.
A buttery, promptuarium, cellarium, penaria.
A buttock, clunus; nates, *pl.*
A buttock of beef, clunus bubulus.
A button, fibula, globulus.
A button-maker, fibularum confector.
To button, fibulare, fibulâ constringere.
A button [in plants] gemma, oculus, germen.
A buttoning, fibulatio.
A buttress, fulcrum.
To buttress, suffulcire.
Buxom, alacer, hilaris, lætus.
To be buxom, exultare, lætari.
Buxomly, hilariter, læte.
Buxomness, hilaritas, lætitia.
To buy, emere; mercari, emerari. *Again*, redimere. *Beforehand* or *at the best hand*, præmercari, præstinare. *Dear*, pluris v. majori pretio emere. *Often*, emptitare. *Together*, cœmère, commercari. *And sell*, mercari, vundliari. *And sell again*, mercaturam facere, negotiari. *Upon trust*, fide datâ emere. *Up*, emerari. *Meat*, obsonari. *To have a mind to buy*, empturire.
A buyer, emptor, mercator.
A great buyer, emax, *Acis*.
A buying, emptio, mercatus.
A buying together, cœemptio.
To buzz [as a bee] murmurare; muresare; bombum edere. *In one's ear*, hisusurrare. *A thing about or abroad*, rumorem spargere; in vulgus ferre.
A buzzard, buteo, triorchus, *a. m.*

A buzzin, bombus, fremitus murmur.
By [a preposition] a or ab.
 The preposition is most commonly suppressed when it signifies the instrument wherewith, the cause why, or manner how. *By* is one of the signs of the ablative case, and frequently included in adverbs, &c.
A byas, inclinatio.
The byas of a place; loci declivitas.
Twining a byas, declivis, devexus.
To byas, transverse agere.
To be byassed to a party, in aliquam factionem inclinare, animo ferri, inclinatione voluntatis vergere, voluntas ad aliquem esse propensior.
Byaswise, transverse, oblique.

C

A CABAL [private confederacy] concilium privatum.
A caballer, qui clandestinis consiliis versatur.
To cabal, conciliabulum inire.
The cabala of the Jews, traditio decreta a patribus tradita.
A cabbage, brassica capitata caulis.
Cabbaged or headed like a cabbage, capitatus.
A cabin [in a ship] stega; casula navalis.
A cabin or booth in a fair, casa, tugurium mercatorium.
A little cabin, gurgustium, mapalia, *pl.*
A cabin to sleep in, tugurium dormitorium.
A cabin-boy, puer qui in casulâ navali servit.
To cabin, in casulâ navali degere.
A cabinet, cistula; scrinium, capsula.
Cabinet-drawers, locelli inscriptio.
A cabinet-maker, capsularum opifex.
A cabinet-council, concilium secretus.
A cable, rudens, funis nauticus, vinculum.
A sheet cable, funis anchoræ sacre.
Cachectic, malâ habitudine corporis laborans.
A cachexy, mala corporis habitudo, cachexia.
To cackle [as a hen] glocire. [*Giggle*] debilerare.
A cackler, gerro.

The cackling of a hen, gallinae plicatō.
cadaverous, cadaverosus.
cadell, *caducicorn*, caseicorn, *cadex*, *straw-icorn*, phryganion.
cadamb, agnus domi educatus.
cadef of herrings, cadus quinquefarum halecium.
Cadence, cadency, numerosa periodica clausura.
cadet [younger brother] frater natus minor.
Cage for birds, avium cavea.
A cage for birds to fly about in, aviarium, ornithotropium.
To c, fole, assentari, lactare, leuocari, ludificari.
Cajoler, delinitor, sycophanta.
A cajoling, blanditiæ, blandimentum.
A califf [vile person] nefarius, flagitiosus. [*Slave*] captivus, mancipium.
A cake, placenta; popanum.
A little cake, placentula.
A bean cake, placenta fabacea.
An oat cake, avenacea placenta.
A bride-cake, placenta nuptialis.
A spice-cake, panis dulciarius.
A cake made of honey, meal, and oil, libum.
One that sells such cakes, libarius.
A broad thin cake, collyra.
Cakes, panificia, pl.
Calamity, calamitas, infortunium, res adversæ.
Calamitous, calamitosus, ærumosus.
A calash, carpentum; pileum.
To calcinate or calcine, in cineres redigere.
Calcination, exustio, in cineres redactio.
To calculate [compute] rationem putare v. computare. [*Adapt*] accommodare, adaptare.
A calculating or calculation, computatio, calculus.
A calculator, ratiocinator, calculator.
A cauldron, al. cauldron, lebes; caldarium.
A calendar, fasti, pl. [*Day-book*] commentarius diurnus, ephemeris, idis. f.
To calendar cloth, pannum lævigare, polire.
A calendaring, lævigatio, politio, expolitio.
The calends of the month, calendæ, pl.
At the Greek calends [i.e. never] ad Græcas calendæ.
A calenture, morbus solstitialis, febris ardens.
A calf, vitulus.
A sea-calf, phoca.
Of or belonging to a calf, vitulinus.
A calf's pluck, exa vitulina.
The calf of the leg, sura, poples.

To talk a ship, navem oblinere; stupam laterum, compagibus interire.
A calker, stipator.
A calking, stipatio.
To call, appellare, nuncupare, vocare, memorare. *Aloul*, exclamare. *Apart, aside*, or *away*, avocare, revocare, devocare. *Back*, revocare; repetere. *One's word*, retractare; recantare. *By name*, indigitare, nominare. *By a nickname*, nomine ficto v. fictitio alicui appellare. *For*, arcessere. [*To demand*] repetere. *For help*, auxilium alicuius implorare. *Forth or out*, evocare, elicere, excire. *For a thing*, poscere. *In*, introvocare; al. intro vocare. *In* [a dog] canem inclamare. *In* [at a place] ad domum alicujus e viâ divertere. *In one's debts or money*, pecuniam sibi debitam exigere, revocare. *In or repeal a decree, law, &c.* decretum v. legem abrogare. *Into court*, in jus vocare. *Off from a business*, alicui ab aliquâ re avertere. *Often*, vocitare. *One to do a thing*, adhortari. *Over names*, nomina recensere, recitare. *To one*, compellare. *Together*, convocare, conciere. *Unto*, inclamare. *Up, ciere*. *Spirits*, manes ciere. *One up* [in the morning] expergefacerè, ex somno excire. *Upon*, invocare. *For help*, implorare. *Upon often*, inclamare, urgere. *Upon by the way*, compellare; de viâ salutare. *Upon God*, Deum invocare. *A council, parliament, &c.* concilium, senatum, convocare v. indicere.
A call or calling, vocatio, vocatus.
Not called, invocatus.
A caller, appellator, vocator.
A caller for, arcessitor.
A caller forth, evocator.
A calling back, revocatio. *For*, accitus. *Forth, evocatio. From*, avocatio. *By name*, compellatio. *To remembrance*, recordatio, recordatio.
A calling together, convocatio.
A calling upon, precatio, obsecratio.
A calling [profession] ars, munus.
Callosity or callousness, callus v. callum.
Callous [brawny] callosus.
To grow callous, obcallere.
Callow [not fledged] implumis, deplumis.
Calm, placidus, serenus, quiescens, tranquillus.
A calm at sea, malacia, maris tranquillitas, pax.

Calm weather, serenitas, tempestas serena.
To calm or make calm, pacare, placare, sedare, tranquillare.
To be calm, mitescere, quiescere, silere.
A calming, placatio, sedatio.
Calmly, leniter, placide, tranquille.
Calness, tranquillitas, serenitas. [*Gentleness*] indulgentia, venitas.
Calomel, mercurius dulcis centies sublimatus.
Caltraps [an instrument with iron spikes] murices, pl. tribuli, pl.
Sharp like caltraps, muricatus.
To calve, vitulum parere.
To calumniate, calumniari, infamare.
A calumniator, calumniator, sycophanta.
Calumnious, contumeliosus, injuriosus.
Calumniously, injuriose, contumeliose.
Calumny, calumnia, falsa criminatio.
Cambic, sindon, dris. f.
A camel, camelus.
Of a camel, camelinus.
A camp, castra, pl.
To make entrenchments about a camp, castra cingere vallo.
To pitch a camp, castra figere, facere, locare, ponere.
To raise a camp, to decamp castra movere.
To force a camp, in castra peruenire.
A running camp, castra temporaria.
A standing camp, stativa, pl.
A camp-master, castrorum prefectus.
The pitching of a camp, castrum metatio.
The pitcher of a camp, castrum metator.
Of a camp, castrensis.
Those who follow a camp, calones, pl.
One who serves the camp, lixa, æ. m.
A campaign [or open country] campus, planities. [*Taking the field*] expeditio militaris. It is frequently expressed by a word denoting time; as, hoc anno, this campaign; or pay, stipendium mereri, to serve a campaign.
A campaign-coat, sagum, chlamys, dia. f.
Camphire, camphora.
I can tell, scio. *I cannot tell*, nescio.
To do what one can, eniti, conari, operam dare.
I cannot, nequeo.
A canal, canalis.
A little canal, canaliculus.
To cancel [a writing] obliterare

delere, expungere. [*Make void*] abrogare, rescindere. *That may be cancelled*, delebilis. *A cancelling*, abolitio. *A cancer* [crab] cancer. [*Sore*] cancer, gangræna. [*Swelling*] carcinoma, *dtis. n.* *Cancerous*, ulcerosus; putridus. *Candid*, candidus, ingenuus. *A candidate*, candidatus. *Candidly*, candidè, æque. *Candied*, saccharo conditus. *A candle*, candela, lucerna. *To light a candle*, candelam accendere. *To put it out*, extinguere. *To snuff it*, emungere. *To blow it in*, flatu oris accendere. *To blow it out*, restinguere. *Blinking candles*, candelæ tenuiores. *A tallow candle*, candela sebacea. *A watch-candle* [watch-light] vigil lucerna, candela lucubratoria. *A wax candle*, candela cerea. *A candle-wick*, ellyminium. *To work or study by candlelight*, lucubrare, evigilare. *A candle-maker*, candelarum opifex. *A candlestick*, candelabrum. *A branch candlestick*, lychnuchus. *A hanging candlestick*, lychnuchus pensilis. *Candour*, candor, æquanimitas. *To candy*, saccharo condire. *A cane*, canna; calamus, arundo. *A cane-seller*, cannarum venditor. *Cane chairs*, cathedræ canis intertextæ. *A sugar-cane*, canna saccharata. *To cane*, fusti aliquem cedere. *A place where canes grow*, arundinetum. *Bearing canes*, arundifer. *Of or like a cane*, arundineus, arundineus. *Full of canes*, arundinosus. *Made of cane*, arundineus, canneus. *A caning*, fustuarium. *Canine* [dogish] caninus. *Canine appetite*, phagedæna; fames insatiabilis, esuritio insaturabilis. *A canister*, canistrum. *A canker* [worm] eruca. *A canker* [sore] cancer, ulcus. *In the mouth*, aphthæ, *pl.* *In the nose*, polypus. *Canker* [rust] rubigo, *gnis. f.* *The canker of brass*, ærugo. *Of iron*, ferruge. *To canker*, rubiginem contrahere. *Cankered*, rubiginosus. *A can*, cantharus, vas. *The camel-bone of the throat*, clavicula, trachea. *Cannibal*, anthropophagus. *A cannon* [great gun] tormen-

tum bellicum. *Brass, æneum.* *Iron*, ferreum. *To charge a cannon*, pulverem nitratum globumque tormentum inferre. *The muzzle of a cannon*, os tormenti bellici. *A cannon-ball*, globus ferreus e tormento explodendus. *To point a cannon*, tormentum bellicum dirigere. *To mow it*, rotis imponere. *To shoot it off*, discludere. *To cannonade*, tormenta bellica discludere, tormentis locum quatere. *A cannonier*, tormentorum liberator. *A canon* [rule] regula. [*Law*] canon, *dnis. m.* *The canon law*, lex canonica, ius pontificium. *A canon* [in a cathedral] canonicus. *Canons* [resident] cœnobitæ, *pl.* *Canonical*, legitimus, canonicus. *Canonically*, legitime, canonicè. *A canonist*, canonista. *A canonship*, a canonry, or canon's place, canonicatus. *To canonize*, aliquem in divos referre. *A canonizing or canonization*, in numerum sanctorum relatio. *Canopied*, velatus. *A canopy*, conopeum, umbraculum. *Canorous*, canorus. *A canoe*, canoa, canoe, canoo, scaphula Indica. *To cant* [cast] conjicere. [*Talk gibberish*] sermone fictitio ut ex compacto. [*Whine*] verba cantillare v. trahere. [*Wheedle*] aliquem dictis lactare. *Cant* [auction] auctio. *To sell by cant*, auctionari, auctionem: facere. *A canting*, sermonis fictitii usurpatio. *A canticle or canto*, canticum. *The canticles*, canticum canonicorum. *A cantle*, cantlet, frustum. [*Heap*] massa, moles. *To cantle out*, in frusta secare. *A canon*, tribus; regio; conventus iuridicus. *To canon or canonize*, in tribus parti. *To canvass* [sue for preferment] ambire, preheusare, contendere. *To canvass* [sift or examine a business] aliquid examinare, pendere; rem aliquam vestigare. [*Sue for*] ambire, petere. [*Talk much of*] jactare, agitare. *A busy or contentious canvasser*, homo comitalis. *A canvassing* [for an office] ambitio, petitio. [*Sifting*] in-

quisitio, investigatio. [*Speaking much of*] jactatio, agitatio. *A cap*, pileus, pileum. *A little cap*, pileosus, pileolum. *To cap a person*, coram aliquo caput aperire v. nudare. *A little cap worn under the hat*, capitium. *A flat cap*, petasus. *A night cap*, pileum dormitorium. *A seaman's cap*, pileus nauticus. *A riding cap*, equisonis galericulum. *A square cap*, pileum quadratum. *Wearing a cap*, pileatus. *A capper or cap-maker*, pileorum opifex. *A capping*, capitis apertio; pilei detractio. *Cap-a-pie* [armed from head to foot] a capite ad calcem armatus, cataphractus. *Capab'e*, capax, par, potens. *Capableness*, capacitas. *Capacious*, capax, amplus. *Capaciousness or capacity* [of a vessel] capacitas. [*Of a place*] amplitudo. *Capacity* [ability] facultas, intelligentia, prudentia. *To capacitate*, parem aliquem alicui rei gerendæ facere. *Of good capacity*, solers, bonæ indolis, acutissimo ingenio. *A caparison*, lorica, ornatus equestris. *To caparison*, lorica munire. *A cape* [at sea] promontorium. *To double a cape*, promontorium superare. *The cape* [of a garment] vestis capa v. collaris. *A caper in dancing*, tripudium. *To caper*, tripudiare, assillire. *A cross caper*, subultatio. *Capital* [or chief] præcipuus, capitalis. *Capitally*, capitaliter. *To be capitally convicted*, capitis damnari. *Punished, capite plecti.* *A capitation or tax*, capitum estimatio. *To lay a capitation tax*, pecuniā in capita collocare. *The capitol* [in Rome] capitolum. *A capítular*, capitulare; scriptum capitulis distinctum. *To capitulate*, de deditione agere. *A capitulating or capitulation*, practio de urbe v. arce dedenda. *To demand a capitulation*, colloquium de oppido dedendo exposcere. *Articles of capitulation*, dedendi oppidi capita et leges. *A capitulator*, stipulator. *A capon*, gallus spado; capo. *A caprice or caprichio* [fantasti-

al humour] repentinus animi motus.
Caprice, capriciousness [obstinate humour] pertinacia, morositas.
Capricious [fantastical] inconstans, levis. [*Obstinate*] morosus, pertinax.
Capriciously [fantastically] leviter. [*Obstinately*] pertinaciter.
Capriciousness [fantasticalness] inconstantia, animi levitas.
Capricorn [one of the signs] capricornus.
A captain, dux.
The chief captain, imperator, summus dux, strategus.
A captain of the king's guards, prætorii v. satellitum præfectus. Of grenadiers or light horse, expeditæ v. leviter armatorum equitum turmae præfectus. Of a company, ordinum ductor. Of horse, turmae equitum ductor. Over ten men, centurio. Of a hundred, centurio. Of a thousand, chiliarchus, tribunus militum.
The captain of a ship, navis præfectus. Of a castle, arcis præfectus.
A captainship, a captaincy, centurionis, præfectura agminis.
Captious, litigious; morosus, difficilis. [Deceitful] captiosus, fallax.
captious or cavilling fellow, cavillator; sophista.
Captiously, argute, captiose, fallaciter.
Captiousness, captio, cavillatio; fallacia, morositas.
To captivate, captivum facere. The affections or understanding, voluntates v. intellectum tenere.
A captive, captivus, mancipium. Captivity, captivitas, servitus, captium.
To lead one into captivity, abducere.
Capture, captura, comprehensio.
A catch [monk's hood] cucullus. A carat [the third part of an ounce] uncie triens.
A caravan [company] mercatorum aliorumve peregræ euntium securitatis ergo congregata manus. [Sort of carriage] vehiculum oblongum quo plures simul vehuntur.
A caravansary, diversorium.
Caraways, carus, pl.
A carbin, sclopeta velitaria.
A carbineer, veles, itæ. in.
A carbuncle, caro in pyritâ tosta. A carbuncle [sore] carbunculus. [Stone] pyropus.
Carbuncled, geminatus.
A carcanet, collare, monile.
A carcass, cadaver.
Like a dead carcass, cadaverosus.
A card, charta, picta.
Playing cards, chartæ lusoriæ.

A pack of cards, foliorum fasciculus.
A card for wool, ferreus pecten quo lana carminatur.
To card wool, carminare, lanam carpere.
A carding, carminatio.
Carding and weaving, lana et tela.
A cardinal, pater purpuratus.
Cardinal [principal] præcipuus. A cardinalship, cardinalatus.
Care [concern] metus. [Diligence] diligentia. [Heed] cautio. [Regard] cura, ratio, studium. [Trouble] onus. Carking [care, anxietas, solitudo]. To care or take care of, curare, cavere.
To care for, prospicere, conansere.
To care for diligently, studere, invigilare.
To have care, cavere, metuisse.
To put or cast away care, curam dimittere.
Careful [diligent] diligens, sedulus.
Care-waxed, curâ confectus.
To make careful, sollicitare.
To be careful [much concerned] angî; laborare.
Careful [heedful] consideratus, circumspectus. Very much concerned, anxius, sollicitus. [Wary] cautus, prudens.
Carefully [diligently] diligenter, accurate, sedulo. [Pensively] anxie, solcite. [Warily] caute, provide.
Carefulness [diligence] diligentia, industria. [Circumspection] consideratio, circumspexio. [Pensiveness] anxietas; solitudo. [Wariness] cautio; providentia.
Careless, improvisus, socors, incautus, imprudens. [At ease] securus, lentus, otiosus.
A careless discourse, oratio inculata, incompta.
To be careless, negligere.
Carelessly, negligenter, indiligenter.
Carelessness, negligentia, incuria.
A career [speed] cursus equi admissus, celer. [Full] concitatus, celer. [Short turn] anfractus, gyrus.
To carress, indulgere; alicui abundari.
A carress [treat] epulum. [Embrace] complexus.
Carresses [compliments] blanditiæ, pl. blandimenta, pl.
To carress [make much of one] alicui amanter excipere.
A cargo, navis onus. [Bill of lading] mercium catalogus.
A caring for, provisio.
To carine, al. careen, carinam reficere.
Cariosity, caries.

Carious, cariosus.
To cark, anxie curare.
A carie, inhumanus, morosus.
An old carle, silicernium.
Carnage, caedes.
Carnal, pravus.
Carnally, prave.
Carnality or carnalness, voluptatum corporearum appetitus.
A carnation, caryophyllon.
Carnival, bacchanalia, n. pl.
Carnous, carnosus, carnosus.
Carnivorous, carnivorus.
A carol, carmen natalium.
A carouse of drink, anystias, idia. f.
To carouse, pergræcari, perpotare.
A carouser, potator.
A carousing, potatio intemperans.
A carp, carpio, cyprinus.
To carp, vellicare; carpere.
A carper, reprehensor; criticus.
A carping, reprehensio, vellicatio.
A carpenter, faber lignarius. Unskilful, faber sciolus. A master, architectus.
A ship-carpenter, nrupegus.
To work carpenter's work, fabricare.
Of or belonging to a carpenter, fabrilis.
Carpentry or the carpenter's trade, ars fabrilis.
A carpet, tapes, amphimallus.
To bring a thing upon the carpet, rem deliberandum proponere.
A carpet-knight, nullis v. homo delicatus.
A Turkey carpet, polyntha Phrygia.
A carr or carriage, carrus; v. hiculum.
A carman, qui carrum agit.
Carriage [behaviour] gestu conversatio.
Good carriage, urbanitas.
Ill carriage, rusticitas, asperitas.
Carriage [of the body] gestu motus.
A finical affected carriage, gestus affectatus.
Carriage of a burden [burial] oblutatio.
Carriage [cartage] vectura.
Carriage [money] vectiva, sc. pecunia.
Of or for carriage, vectorius, onerarius.
A beast of carriage, jumentum.
The carriages of an army, impelumenta, pl.
A carrier, gestator; bajulus.
A letter-carrier, tabellarius.
Carion, cadaver.
As lean as carion, strigosus.
Resembling or like carion, cadaverosus.
A carrot, pastinaca. A garden carrot, pastinaca hortensis v. sativa.
A wild carrot, daucus.
Carrotty-pated, rutilus.

To carry, gerere; portare; ferre, vehere. *Or behave one's self*, se gerere. *About*, circumferre. *Often*, circumvec-tare. *With him*, circumges-tare. *Along*, pervehere. *All before one*, omnia vincere, su-perare. *Apart or aside*, abdu-cere, seducere. *Away*, aufer-re, abducere. *By force*, rapere, eripere. *Away the bell, day, or prize*, victoriam reportare. *Back*, reportare, reducere. *Before*, praeferre, praepor-tare. *Beyond*, praeterferre. *A bur-den*, bajulare. *Or conduct*, ali-quem deducere. *Far off*, sub-movere. *Forth*, efferre. *Down*, develere. *From*, asportare. *From place to place*, transpor-tare, traducere. - *Forth*, eve-here, exportare. *In*, impor-tare, lugere, invhere. *It with a high hand*, insolenter se gerere. *Off*, abducere. *A distemper*, morbum depellere. *Often*, vecitare. *Often to*, ad-vec-tare. *On*, promovere, pro-vehere, subvehere, impellere. *On a design*, in sententia per-severare. *A war*, bellum ge-rere. [*A building*] continuare. *Out*, educere, proferre; evehere, exportare. *Over*, transferre, transportare. *As a porter*, bajulare. *To a place*, alvehere, apportare. *Through a place*, perportare. *Together*, comportare, conferre, conge-rere. *A matter too far*, mo-dum excedere. *Privately*, sub-vehere, subportare. *Water*, aquari. *Wood*, lignari.

A carrying, gestatio, portatio, vectatio. *Away*, asportatio, exportatio, seductio. *By cart*, vectio. *Over*, trajectio. *To a place*, advectio.

A cart, carrus, plaustrum. *A little cart*, vehiculum.

A child's cart or go-cart, plos-tellum.

The driving of a cart, aurigatio.

A covered cart, plaustrum co-pertum. *A hay-cart*, plaus-trum ad senuum vehendum. *A dray-cart*, traha. *A sand cart*, plaustrum ad arenam vehendam. *A dung cart*, plaus-trum stercorarium.

A cart-house, tectum quo sub-ducuntur plaustra.

A cart-horse, jumentum plaus-trarium.

The body of a cart, plaustrum rotis exemptum.

A cart or chariot drawn by two horses, biga. *By four horses*, quadriga.

The driver, quadrigarius.

Six horses in a team, sejuges v. sejugi.

Of a cart, rhedarius.

A cart-load, vehes.

A cart-rut, orbita, rota vestigia.

A carter, auriga, rhedarius.

A cartwright, plaustrorum fa-ber.

A cartel [challenge] schedula provocatoria. [*For the ex-change of prisoners*] rationes praefinitae de mutandis capti-vis.

A cartilage, cartilago.

Cartilaginous, cartilagineus, cartilagenosus.

A carton or cartoon, spissior v. densior charta.

A cartouch or cartridge, capsula continens pulverem nitratum.

To carve [cut] secare, rescare.

To carve [in stone, wood, &c.] sculptere, exculpere, inscul-pere.

To carve meat, carpere, exar-tuare.

That may be carved, sculptilis.

A carver, cælator, sculptor.

A carver of meat, carptor.

A carving [engraving] sculp-tura.

A carving instrument, cælum.

The carving of meat, cibi resec-tio.

A carving-knife, culter struc-toris.

A carbuncle, carbuncula.

A cascade, præceps aquæ lap-sus.

A case in law, causa; lis, litis. f. [*A case tried before*] 'præ-judicium.

A book-case, theca libraria.

A case [matter] res, causa.

A case of conscience, scrupulus conscientie.

A case to put any thing in, theca, capsula.

A surgeon's case of instru-ments, instrumentorum chirur-gicorum capsula.

A case of a noun, casus.

Without case, aptoton.

Of one case, monoptoton. *Of two*, diptoton. *Of three*, triptoton. *Of four*, tetraptoton. *Of five*, pentaptoton. *Of many*, polyptoton.

A case [state] conditio, status.

To argue the case pro and con, disceptare, decertare, argumen-tari.

Put the case, puta, singe.

In no case, haudquaquam, ne-quaquam.

In good case [well fleshed] pin-guis, nitidus, obesus.

To be in good case, belle se ha-bere.

To case-harden, ferrum indu-rare.

A case-hardened villain, homo nefarius.

A casement, fenestra, claustrum.

A cashier or cash-keeper, servus cui census creditur.

To cashier, exactorare, expun-gere.

A cask, testa, cadus, doliolum.

The head of a cask, assis doli-rii summus.

To head a cask, dolio fundu adaptare.

Stinking of the cask, testa olens.

A cask [head-piece] galea.

A casket, capsula, cistula.

A little casket, cistellula; scin-olium.

A casket-bearer, cistifer.

To casket, in cistula reponere.

A cassock, sagum.

A little or short cassock, sagu-lum.

A loose cassock, pallium.

To cast, jactare, jacere, in-jcere. *About*, circumjicere. *One's eyes all about*, circumspicere. *All abroad*, spargere, dispergere. *Accounts*, comput-tare; rationes conficere. *Asa off*, ejaculari. *Again*, rejicere. *Along*, projicere, prosternere. *Against*, objicere. *At*, petere. *Aside or away*, abjicere, reji-cere. *Awry*, obliquare. *Back*, rejicere, regerere. *Back one's eyes*, respicere. *Before*, obji-cere. *Behind the back*, a tergo rejicere. *Between*, interjicere. *A bowl*, globum mittere. *The coat or skin*, exuere, deponere. [*In judgment*] condemnare. *In a suit*, vincere. *To be cast*, lite cadere; causam perdere. *Darts*, jaculari. [*Devise*] con-jicere, meditari. *Down*, deji-cere, diruere. *Down from*, deturbare, detruere. *Down or discourage*, alicujus animum frangere, debilitare. *Down headlong*, præcipitare. *Down into*, demittere. *Often*, dejectare. *Violently*, proruere. *Under foot*, pessundare. *Upon*, lugere. *Forth*, emittere, ejaculari. *Beams*, radiare. *Forth a breath*, exhalare. *Or hawk forth*, excreare, expuere. *Forth largely*, profundere. *In*, injicere, lugere. [*By force*] inquirere. *In one's mind*, cogitare, reputare. *In often*, in-jectare. *Into fear*, alicui me-tum incutere. *Into prison*, in carcerem v. vincula conjicere. *Into a sleep*, alicquem sopire. *Metals*, coiflare. *Off a gar-ment*, exuere, projicere. *Off* [renounce] rejicere, repudiare; abalienare. *Off* [among pri-ners] lineas enumerando com-putare. *Over* [beyond] traji-cere. [*Upon*] superinjicere. *Out*, ejicere, projicere; egerere. *Again*, refundere. *Foam*, ex-pumare. *Often*, projectare. [*Expose*] exponere, projicere. *His rider*, sessorem excutere. *A smell*, redolere; odorem ef-flare. *To and fro*, agitare; ultro citroque jactare. *Out*

by force, expellere, propellere.
As phlegm from the stomach,
emoliri, expectorare. Vio-
lently against, allidère, illi-
derè. Under foot, proculcare,
prostrare. Up a reckoning,
rationes computare. Through,
trajicere. To, adjicere. To-
gether, conjicere. Up [vomit]
evomere; rejicere; rejectare.
Up [as the sea] egerere, ex-
pire. Up waves, exestare.
Upon, congerere; superjacere.
Water about, respergere. (Up-)
on) alicui aquam suffundere.
The young, abortum facere.
A cast, jactus, missus.
A cast [at dice] jactus aleæ.
A cast of one's voice, tentamen,
specimen.
Castanets, crepitacula, pl.
A caster, jactor.
A caster [counter] calculus.
A casting, jactus, conjectus;
projectio.
A casting-house or foundery, of-
ficina ad metalli liquescienda.
A casting about, respersio.
At, petitio. Away, abjectio.
Between, interpositus.
A casting the coat or skin, exu-
vim.
The casting of a dart, jacula-
tio.
A casting in one's dish or teeth,
exprobratio.
A casting down, dejectio. Head-
long, precipitatio.
The casting of a hawk, purga-
mentum.
A casting in, injectio.
A casting by the jury, damnatio.
A casting in the mind, cogitatio,
mentis agitatio.
A casting off, abjectio. Out,
ejectio. Over [beyond] tra-
jactus. Under, subjectio. Up-
on, superjectio.
A casting [vomiting] rejectio,
vomitio.
A casting voice, suffragium præ-
valens.
To castigate, castigare.
A castle, castrum, arx.
A little castle, castellum.
A castle set upon a hill, acro-
polia.
Castle by castle, castellatum.
A castle-keeper or castellan, ar-
chiepiscopus.
A casting, fatus abortivus.
A castor [beast] fiber, ri. m.
A castor [bat] galerus fibrinus.
To castrate [geld] castrare. A
book, mutilare, expurgare.
A castrating, castratio, exæc-
tiatio.
Casual, contingens, fortuitus.
Casually, fortuito, fortuitu.
A casualty [accident] casus.
A casual, casuum conscientiam
disceptatur.
Casualist, ad casus conscien-
tia pertinens.

Casistry, in casibus conscien-
tiz solvendis perit.
A cat, felis, m. or f.
A good mouser, muricida.
Of a cat, catlike, felinus.
A cat-fish, felis marinus.
A civet-cat, mus Indicus; felis
Sabæa.
A gib cat, felis mas.
A cat's foot, pes felinus.
A tame cat, felis domestica.
A musk cat, capreolus moschi.
A pole cat, putorius.
A cat in pan, prævaricator.
To turn cat in pan, prævaricari.
Catalepsis, nervorum resolutio.
A catalogue, catalogus, album.
A little catalogue, libellus.
A cataplasm [poultice] cata-
plasma.
A cataract [fall of waters] cat-
aracta, f.
A cataract [disease in the eye]
cataracta.
A catarrh [rheum] distillatio.
A catastroph, eventus, exitus.
A catch [song] cantilena.
A catch [prize] præda, lucrum.
To be or lie upon the catch, in
insidiis esse; insidiari.
To live upon the catch [as a
small-feast] parasitari. [As a
thief] rapto vivere.
A catchpole [bailiff] lictor.
To catch [lay hold, &c.] arri-
piere, capere,prehendere.
To catch [overtake] aliquem
assequi v. consequi. Or come
on a person unawares, ali-
quem nec opinantem oppri-
mere. Or snatch, rapere, ab-
ripere. Again, reprehendere.
Away or before another, pri-
piere. A disease, morbum
contrahere. At, appetere. cap-
tare. Fire, flammam v. ignem
conspicere. Greedily, captare.
Hold of, apprehendere; pre-
sare. With a bait, inescare.
In a net, illaqueare, irretire.
Often, prehensare. Up, arri-
piere.
A catcher, captator.
Catchfly [herb] muscipula.
A catching hold of, apprehensio,
prehensio.
To be caught in a snare, in fo-
veam decidere v. lucidère.
To catechise, viva voce rudes
rudimentis Christianis imbuiere
v. erudire.
A catechism, libellus doctrinæ
Christianæ; catechismus.
A catechising, legis Christianæ
expositio v. explicatio; fidei
Christianæ institutio.
A catechiser or catechist, legis
Christianæ præceptor.
Categorical, inter summa re-
rum genera.
Categorically, secundum sum-
ma rerum genera.
A category, summa rerum ge-
nera.

Catenation, connexio.
To cater, opsonare.
A caterer, opsonator.
A catering, opsonatio.
A caterpillar, volvox, eruca,
A catervauling, felium rugitus.
Cates, dapes.
Cathartic, catharticus.
A cathedral, templum in quo
sedes est episcopi.
Catholic [general] universalis.
A Roman catholic [i.e. a papist]
fidem Romanam amplectens.
A catholicon, panacea.
Cattle [small] pecus, fides. f.
Vid. Lat.
Cattle [great] pecus, ðris. n.
pecu, pl. pecua.
Herds of cattle, pecuaria, pl.
armenta.
A cattle-house, stabulum.
Labouring cattle, jumenta, pl.
Of cattle, pecuarius.
A cavalcade, pompa equestris.
A cavalier, eques.
A cavalier [royalist] regiarum
partium homo.
The cavalry, equitatus.
A caudle, sorbitio, sorbillum.
A cave or cavern, caverna, spe-
lunca.
A little cave, cavernula.
A cave for wild beasts, lustra, pl.
A cave or den, latibulum, an-
trum; specus.
To lurk in caves, to cave, latitare.
Full of caves, cavernosus.
Of a cave or pit, cavaticus.
A caveat [warning] cautio.
To enter a caveat, cavere, cau-
tionem interponere.
A cavil, capito, cavillatio. Or
cavilling, cavilla; jurgium, lis.
A captious cavil, captinacula.
To cavil, cavillari, calumniari,
rixari.
A caviller, cavillator, litigator,
calumniator.
Cavilling, litigiosus, captiosus.
Cavillingly, captiose, pertinaci-
ter.
Cavity [hollowness] cavum.
The caul or kell, omentum.
A caul for women's heads, reti-
culum.
A cauliflower, brassica florida.
A cause, causa.
A cause [occasion] causa, gratia.
The first cause, elementum.
The chief cause or original of
a thing, origo, initium.
A cause [action in law] lis.
A small cause, causula.
To cause [make] facere, efficere,
creare, facessere. [Procure]
parare, gignere. [Provoke]
impellere, concitare, provocare.
Sorrow, dolorem inferre v. af-
ferre.
To hear or try a cause, causam
cognoscere.
A causer, effector, auctor.
Causeless, sine causa.
Causelessly, immerito.

A caustic, causticum medicamentum.
A causey, corr. *causeway*, semita; via silicibus strata.
A causing, factio, effectio.
Cautious, cautus; subdolos.
Cautelously, caute; subdole.
Cautelousness, cautio; scrupulus.
A cautery [searing-iron] cauterium.
A cauterization or cauterizing, cauterio inusitio.
To cauterize, cauterio inurere.
Caution, *cautiousness*, or *care*, cura, prudentia, circumspectio, considerantia.
A caution [warning] monitio, premonitio.
Caution [security] satisfactio; cautio.
To caution or give a caution, monere, admonere.
Cautiory, cavens; obsidibus datis pigneratus.
Cautious, cautus, catus, providus, prudens.
Cautiously, caute, cate, provide, prudenter.
To caw, crocitare.
To cease, cessare, desinere, desistere; supersedere. [*Be at rest*] quiescere, conquiescere.
Cease [no more words] pausa; pax.
To cease from, abstinere, desistere; abscedere.
To cease from sorrow, dedolere.
From weeping, lacrimis parcere. *From work*, feriri.
To cease to be, denasci; interire.
To cease [go off] decedere.
Ceaseless, assiduus, perpetuus, continuus.
A ceasing, cessatio; abitus. *For a time*, intermissio. *From labour*, quies, requies; otium.
Without ceasing, assidue, perpetuo, continenter.
The cedar-tree, cedrus, f. f.
The oil of cedar, cedrium. *The pitch or resin*, cedria.
Of cedar, cedrinus.
A cedar-berry, cedris, idis, f.
To celebrate, celebrare, coucelebrare. *A feast*, diem festum agere. *A funeral*, alicujus exequias celebrare.
To celebrate or praise a person, aliquem celebrare, laudare.
A celebrating or celebration, celebratio.
Celebrated, celebris, celebris, inclytus, luculentus, illustris; divulgatus. [*Solemnized*] celebratus, sollemnis.
Celebrity, claritudo, celebritas.
Celerity [swiftness] pernicitas, celeritas.
Celestial, celestis.
Celibacy, calibatus.
A cell, cella. *Of a hermit*, mandra.
A cellar, cellarium; hypogaeum.

A little cellar, cellula; spelæum.
An ale-cellar, cella cerevisiaria.
A wine-cellar, cella vinaria.
Of a cellar, cellaris.
A cellar-keeper, cellarii custos.
Convenient cellarage or cellar-room, cellarium satis amplum.
Celsitude, excelsitas, celsitudo.
Cement [mortar] cæmentum; intrita; arenatum. *For stones*, lithocolla.
To cement [act.] coagmentare, conjungere; [neut.] coalescere.
Or solder [in a metaphorical sense] consolidare, glutinare, conglutinare.
Made of cement, cæmentitius.
A cementing or cementation, coagmentatio.
A cenotaph [empty tomb] cenotaphium.
To cense [perfume] adolere.
A censor, thuribulum, acerra.
A censor or censorer, censor, animadversor.
Of or belonging to a censor, censorius.
A censor's office or censorship, censura.
Censor-like, censorie.
A censorious person, maledicus.
Censoriousness, maledictio; procacitas.
A censure, reprehensio.
To censure, notare; reprehendere, animadvertere. *An author's writings*, in alicujus scripta animadvertere, de alicujus scriptis judicare. *Or blame other persons' actions*, aliorum res gestas reprehendere.
To expose one's self to the censure of the whole world, omnium hominum reprehensioni se exponere.
A censuring, notatio, reprehensio.
A censorer, mordax homo, detractor.
A centaur [half man, half horse] centaurus.
A centre, centrum.
The centre of an army, media acies.
Of a centre, centric, centralis.
To centre, terminari.
Centrifugal, a centro recedens.
Centripetal, ad centrum tendens.
Centesimal, centesimus.
Centumviral, centumvialis.
A centurion [captain] centurio.
A century [hundred] centuria. [*Age*] seculum.
By centuries, centuriatim.
Cephalic, cephalicus.
A cerecloth, cera-um, cerotum.
A ceremonial, liber ritualis, ceremoniarum codex.
Ceremonial [adj.] ritualis.
Ceremonious, ceremoniosis additus.
Ceremoniously, superstitiose, religiose.

Ceremonious [too complaisant] nimis officiosus; in officiis nimis diligens; comitatem plus nimio affectans; in officiis ac studii significatione nimius.
Ceremoniously, nimis officiose.
A ceremony, ceremonia; ritus.
Ceremony [formal compliment] officiosa urbanitas. [*Pomp or state*] pompa; solennitas.
A master of the ceremonies, designator aulicus.
Certain [sure] certus, manifestus. [*Regular*] constans, certus.
A certain person, quidam, m. quendam, f. non nemo, nonnullus.
Certain persons, certi homines, aliquot, nonnulli.
Certain others, alii. pl.
It is certain, constat, liquet.
Of or for certain, certo, explorate.
Certainly, certe, profecto, sane.
A certainty, explorata rei cognitio.
A certificate, testimonium scriptum.
To certify, certiore aliquem facere; scripto testari.
A certifier, auctor.
A certifying, indicatio, significatio.
Cerulean, *ceruleous*, *ceruleus*.
Ceruss [white lead] cerussa.
Cerussed [whited] cerussatus.
To cess [tax] censere, extimare. [*Fine*] mulctare.
Cessation, cessatio.
A cessation of arms, induciae, pl. armistitium, armorum requies.
A censor, censor, descriptor.
A ceasing or ceasement, *cess*, *census*, descriptio, indicatio.
A cession or giving up, cessio.
To chace, insequi. Vid. *Chase*.
A chace, saltus.
To chafe [warm] calefacere, fervescere. [*Fer*] iratum aliquem reddere; iram v. stomachum alicui movere.
In a chafe, aestuans, stomachobus.
To chafe much, exardescere.
Within himself, ringi. *With the hand*, fricare, defricare.
To be chafed [galled] aduri. [*Warmed*] calefieri. [*Ferred*] irâ commoveri; effervescere.
A chafing [warming] fricatio. [*Ferzing*] indignatio.
A chafing or galling, cutis v. cuticulae attritio.
A chafing-dish, focus mensarius.
A chaser, scarabæus.
Chaff, palea, acus, tris, n.
A chaffinch, fringilla.
A chaff-heap, acervus paleæ.
A chaff-house, paleare, is, n.
Chaffy or mingled with chaff, paleatus.

Full of *chaff*, palea abundans.
Chaffers, a palea vacuus.
 To *chaffer* [traffic] mercari, negotiari. [*Ask the price*] licitari.
Chaffer [merchandise] mercimedium, merx.
Good chaffer, merces probæ.
A chafferer, mercator, licitator.
A chaffering [trafficking] mercatura, commercium, negotiatio. [*Asking the price*] licitatio.
Of chaffering, mercatorius.
Chagrin, molestia, molestia; moror.
To chagrin, alicui mororem v. molestiam creare v. afferre.
A chain, catena.
A little chain, catella.
A chain of gold, torques aureus v. aurea.
Wearing a chain, torquatus.
The links of a chain, catenæ series.
To chain, catenâ ligare.
To put in chains, alicui catenas injicere.
To chain together, catenâ colligare.
A chaining, catenatio.
A chair, sella, cathedra.
An easy chair, supina in deliciis cathedra.
A chair of state, thronus.
A chair to carry one in, sella portatoria, lectica.
A folding chair, sella plicatilis.
A chair with elbows, solium.
A chair with a closestool, sella familiaris.
Of a chair, cathedrarius.
A chairman, lexicarius.
A chairman or [mender] cathedrarum rector.
A chairman of a society, &c. societatis præses v. præfector.
A chaise, currus levior.
A chaldron, al. chauldron of coals, modii triginta sex carbonum fossilium.
A chalice or calice, calix, simpulium.
Chalk, creta.
To chalk, cretâ notare v. describere.
A chalk-pit, cretarium.
Chalking, cretâ notatio.
Chalky or full of chalk, cretaceus, cretosus.
A challenge to fight, vindicem, pl. provocatio.
A letter of challenge, literæ provocatorie.
A challenge [matter of exception] columna, exceptio.
To challenge [take to himself] arrogare, vindicare. *To fight*, provocare; lacessere. *A juryman*, juratorem rejicere. *A person's promise*, promissum ab aliquo exigere, repetere, agitare. Or *gainsay*, recla-

mare. Or *accuse one*, postulare, accusare.
A challenger, provocator.
A challenging to one's self, vindicatio.
A challenging into the field, ad v. in pugnam provocatio.
A challenging of witnesses, testium elevatio factâ objectione.
Chalybeate, chalybe mixtus.
A chamber, cubiculum, camera.
A bed-chamber, dormitorium, cubile.
A bride-chamber, thalamus.
A guest-chamber, hospitale cubiculum.
A dining-chamber, cœnatio, triclinium.
A privy or withdrawing-chamber, conclave interius.
The presence-chamber, atrium augustum.
The men's chamber, andron.
The women's chamber, gynæceum.
A chamber for the sick, valetudinarium.
The star-chamber, camera stellata.
The chamber of London, ærarium Londinense.
An anti-chamber, antithalamus.
A chamber-fellow, contubernalis.
An usher of the chamber, admissionalis.
A gentleman of the king's bed-chamber, regi cubiculis.
Company lying in one chamber, contubernium.
A chamberlain, cubicularius.
The lord chamberlain, cubiculariorum decurio.
A chamberlain's office, quæstura.
Of or belonging to such, quæstorius.
Chamber-lye, urina, lotium.
A chamber-pot, matula; matella.
A chameleon, chameleon.
To chamber [in a pillar] striare, sulcare.
A chanfering, striatura, stria.
To champ, mandare, manducare.
A champaign country, planities, regio campestris.
Champarty, litium redemptio.
Champaignours, litium redemptores.
Championnour, fungus campestris.
A champion, pugil, defensor.
Champion-like, pugilice, athletice.
A champion's exercise, pugillatus.
Of a champion, pugillatorius.
A chance, casus, eventus, fors.
A chance at dice, alea, sors.
A good chance, fors-fortuna.
A bad or ill chance, casus adversus; infortunium. *At dice*, jactus supinus, canicula dampnosa.
A chance customer, emptor fortuitus.

A chance guest, hospes fortuitus.
Chance-medley, homicidium fortuitum.
To chance, accidere, cadere, contingere, venire; devenire. *As it chances*, pro re natâ.
By chance, forte, fortuito, casu.
To chance [light upon] incidere.
To get by chance or lot, sortiri.
Happening by chance, fortuitus.
At all chances, utcumque erit v. ceciderit.
It chances, accidit, contingit, evenit.
A chancel, adytum, sacrarium, cancelli, pl.
A chancellor, cancellarius.
A chancellorship, cancellariatus.
The court of chancery, cancellariæ curia. *Of or belonging to the chancery*, cancellarius.
Master in chancery, magister cancellarii.
A chandler, candelarum opifex.
A corn-chandler, frumenti venditor.
A ship-chandler, commeatuum in nave venditor.
A wax-chandler, cerarius.
A change [alteration] vicissitudo, mutatio. [*Variety*] varietas; inclinatio. [*Of the times*] momentum; versatio.
A change or exchange, excambium.
The change of the moon, interlunium.
To change [act.] mutare, permutare; convertere. *A child*, puerum supponere. *A custom*, instituta priorum mutare. *A gain*, demutare, remutare. *As the moon*, renovari. *One's name*, transnominare. *One thing for another*, summutare. *From one shape to another* transformare. *From place to place*, demigrare.
Given to change, inconstans, levis, instabilis.
Changeable, mutabilis, commutabilis. *Not changeable*, immutabilis.
Changeable in words or deeds, versipellis, versutus.
Changeable, changeful [inconstant] inconstans, levis, instabilis.
Changeableness, mutabilitas, levitas, instabilitas, inconstantia.
Changeably, mutabiliter.
A changer, mutator. [*Banker*] nummularius, mensarius.
A changeling, puer subditus, suppositivus, subditivus. [*Fool*] ineptus, idiota.
A changing, mutatio, variatio. *By course*, vicissitudo. *Of one thing for another*, permutatio. *From place to place*, migratio, demigratio. *Of one's purpose*, consilii mutatio.
A channel, canalis.
A little channel, canaliculus.

The channel of a river, alveus, rivus.
A channel or narrow sea, fretum.
A channel in stone, stria.
To channel stone, striare.
A channeling, striatura.
Chant, cantus.
To chant, canēre, decantare, modulari.
A chancleer, gallus, Phœbeus ales.
A chanter, præcentor, chori præfectus.
A chaos, chaos.
Chaotic, indigestus, rudis.
A chap [chlik] fissura, rima, scissura.
A little chap, rimula.
A chap of the cheek, bucca.
Chap-fallen, bucca delapsa.
A chap of the ground, hiatus.
To chap, mare; faucēre; rimas agere.
A chapping, fissio.
Chaps in the hands, rhagades, f. pl. rhagadia, n. pl.
The chaps, vulg. chops [jaws] fauces, pl. *Of a chavinel*, fluminis fauces.
Full of chaps, chapped, rimosus, difusus.
To stop chaps or chinks, rimas obturare.
A chape [the iron point of a scabbard] vaginæ ferramentum, rostrum.
Chapeless, sine ferramento.
A chapel, sacellum, sacrum.
Of ease, sacellum vicarium.
The chapter of a pillar, capitulum, epistylum.
A chaplain, a sacrie.
A chapman, sacellani munus.
A chapel, corolla, sertum.
A chap or chapman, licitator, mercator, eniptor.
Chapmanship, ars inistoria.
A chapter of a book, caput, capitulum.
Chapter by chapter, capitulatum.
A chapter in a cathedral church, conventus sacerdotum; capitulum.
A chapter-house, domus canonicorum.
A character [mark] nota, character. [Letter] litera, typus.
A writer in characters, notarius.
To come with a public character, cum publicâ auctoritate ac testimoniis venire.
Character [reputation] existimatio, fama, notum.
A good character, bona fama v. existimatio.
A man of good character, homo probus, integer.
To have a good or bad character, bene v. male audire.
Characterless, sine nomine.
Character, nota, impressio.
Characteristic, ad rerum descriptionem pertinens.

To characterise, ad vivum describere, graphice depingere, delineare.
A characterising, viva descriptio.
Charcoal, carbo lignarius.
A char, char, opera; pensum.
A char-woman, mercenaria ad iutrix.
A little char or small business, negotium.
A charge [accusation] accusatio, inquisitio, insimulatio.
A trying charge, accusatio nugatoria.
A sharp or home charge, accusatio acris.
A charge [assault] aggressio; impetus, incursus.
The charge was sounded, signum pugnae datum erat.
Charge [burden] onus. [Command] mandatum, imperium, jussum. *Of a bishop or judge*, &c. hortatio, cohortatio. [Cost] chargeableness, impensæ, pl. sumptus. [Office or employment] munus, negotium, ministerium; provincia. [Trust] custodia, cura; curatio.
To charge or lay to one's charge [accuse] aliquem accusare, incusare, criminari. [Assault] adorti, aggressi. *The enemy in the rear*, novissimos premere; hostem a tergo adorti. [Burden] onerare. [Command] mandare, imperare, jubere. *Beforehand* predicere.
To have charge of, rem aliquam curare. *Another's business*, aliena procurare.
To commit to one's charge, aliquem alicui rei præficere.
To take charge of, negotium suscipere.
To charge goods [fix a price upon them] mercibus pretia imponere, statuere.
To charge not to do a thing, interdicere.
To charge with threatening, intimidari.
To charge a constable with one, irenarchie aliquem committere.
To charge falsely, calumniari.
The assignment of a charge, delegatio.
Commited to one's charge, commendatus, demandatus si dei alicujus creditus v. commissus.
Laid to one's charge, obiectus, exprobratus.
Chargeable [costly] sumptuosus, multo constans.
Chargeable [burdensome] onerosus, gravis.
Chargeably, sumptuose.
Charged by assault, impugnatu op. gnatus.
A charger or large dish, patina, catus, laux.

A charging or laying to one's charge, exprobratio.
A charging [commanding] præceptio.
A chariot, rheda, currus. *With four horses*, quadriga.
Of or belonging to the same, quadrijugis, quadrijugus.
A little chariot, curriculum, carruca.
A chariot used in solemnities, in religious affairs, pileum, car-pentum.
To drive a chariot, aurigare.
A charioteer or chariot-driver, rhedarius, auriga; essedarius; quadrigarius.
A chariot-maker, rhedarum artifex.
Charitable, benignus, beneficus, liberalis, munificus erga mores.
Charitable [in censuring] omnia in melius v. meliorem partem accipiens.
Charitableness, benignitas, beneficentia, liberalitas erga pauperes.
Charitably, benigne, liberaliter, munifice.
Charity [alms] inopia, subsidium.
To beg charity, mendicare.
Charity [love] caritas.
Charity-money, pecunia ad pauperes sollevandos collecta.
Schools, ludi literarii ad pauperum liberos educandos instituti.
A charlatan [quack] circulator, charlatanica, circulatorius.
Charles's wain, urra major, arces major, septentriones, pl.
A charm or charming [enchantment] incantamentum, cantu [Allurement] illecebra, lenocinium.
A love-charm, amatorium casum.
To charm one [enchant] aliquem fascinare; incantamentum alligare. [Please extremely] alicujus animum delinire, delectare.
A charmer, delinitor, qui v. quæ perimulet.
A charming beauty, eximia pulchritudo, excellens formæ venustas. *Discourse*, suavis oratio. *Pleasure*, jucundissimus voluptus.
Charmingly, jucundissime, blattissime, beatissime.
To live charmingly, athenissime vivere v. vitam degere.
A charnel-house, ossium conditorium.
To chark, adurere.
A chart [draught] lineamentum.
A sea-chart, charta marina.
A charter, diplomata regum.
Char'y [wary] cautus.
Charity, attente, diligenter, sollicite, studiosè.

Cariness, attentio, diligentia, zadium, cura, sollicitudo.
A chase [forest] sylva, saltus.
To chase, venari, sectari, agitare, peragitare.
To chase an enemy, hostem superare; in fugam conicere, disicere, avertere.
To chase away, depellere, abigere, exigere, ejicere.
To chase forward, propellere, propulsare.
Chasable, agitatus.
To chase plate, argentum signis decorare.
A chaser, venator.
A chasing, venatio.
Of or belonging to chasing, venatorius.
A chasing forward, propulsatio.
A chasm, hiatus; chasma.
Chaste, castus, continens, pudicus, purus, integer, a Venere alienus.
Making chaste, castificus.
The chaste-tree, agnus castus; viæ, icis.
Chastely, caste, pudice, sancte.
To chasten or chastise, castigare, punire.
Worthy to be chastised, castigabilis.
A chastiser, castigator, punitor.
A chastising or chastisement, castigatio, animadvertio, coercitio.
Chastity, castitas, castimonia.
Virgin castity, integra castitas; illibata virginitas.
Chat or chattering, garrulitas, loquacitas.
Chat chat, fabulæ, nugæ, pl.
To chat, garrere, fabulari.
To chat impertinently, blaterare, deblaterare.
To chat together, confabulari.
To chat pertly, argutari.
Chatsels real [or lands] bona realia, non hereditaria. [Personal] bona mobilia.
A chatterer, garrulus, loquax.
A chatting together, confabulatio.
A chatting gossip, lingulacu.
To chatter or prate, garrere, effutire. *Like a crow*, corniculari. *Like a magpie*, ad modum picæ deblaterare. *As a swallow*, minuire.
Chattering [praising] garrulus.
Chattering as the teeth, crepitatus.
A chattering of the teeth, crepitus dentium.
The chattering of birds, avium garrulus.
To chew. Vid. Chew.
Chew, vilis.
To grow cheap, evilesceere.
To buy cheap, villi emere.
To cheapen, liceri, licitari.
Cheaply, villiter.
A cheapener, licitator.
Cheapness, villitas, vile etium.

A cheapening, licitatio.
Chear or cheer [countenance] vultus, facies.
Chear [heart, courage] animus.
Chear [provision] dapes, pl.
To chear, cheer up, or make another chearful, laticicare, hilarare, exhilarare, oblectare. [Comfort] consolari, solari, leuire. [Encourage] hortare, exhortare. *One's self*, hilarescere. *letari*. *One's self daintily*, genioindulgere; genialiter vitam degere.
Cold chear, exceptio maligna.
Heavy chear, tristitia, inestitia.
A chearer, consolator; solator.
Chearless, tristis; inamemus.
Chearful, cheerly, cheery, letus, alacer, hilaris, lubens, genialis; serenus.
Chearfully, alacriter, letè, hilariter, hilare.
To look chearfully, gaudere, letari, frontem explicare, vultu hilari esse.
Chearfulness or liveliness, alacritas. Or pleasantness, hilaritas.
A chearing [encouraging] hortatio, hortamen, hortamentum.
To cheat, fraudare; decipere; aliquem fallere, circumvenire.
A cheat or cheater, fraudator, homo fallax.
A cheat or cheating trick, dolus, fallacia, fraus; circumductio; methodium.
A cheating, fraudatio, circumscriptio.
Cheatingly, fallaciter, subdole.
To check [reprove] reprehendere, increpare.
To check [restrain] cohibere, comprimere.
To check privily, submonere, summonere.
A check [loss] damnum, detrimentum; jactura.
A check or checking, reprehensio, objurgatio. [Restraint] coercitio.
A check or taunt, convicium.
Check mate [at chess] incitæ, pl.
A checker [reprimander] reprehensor, objurgator, monitor.
Checker-board, alveolus tessellatus.
Checker-wise, tessellatim.
Checker-work, opus tessellatum.
To checker or chequer, variare.
To make chequer-work, vermiculari.
The cheek, gena, mala, bucca.
A little cheek, buccula.
To walk cheek by jole, æquâ fronte ambulare.
The cheek-bone, maxilla.
Of the cheek-bone, maxillaris.
Full-cheeked or blub-cheeked, bucco.
A chely [claw] chela.
Cheese, caseus.
A little cheese, caseolus.

Cream-cheese, caseus ex lactis flore confectus.
Cheese-curd, lac pressum.
Soft or new-cheese, caseus recens. *Mouldy*, caseus mucidus. *Parmesan*, caseus Parmensis. *Green*, musteus.
A cheese-cake, placenta ex lacte presso.
A cheese-dairy, caseale.
A cheese-vat, forma casearia.
A cheese monger, casei venditor.
A cheese-press, prælum.
Cheese-remnet, conglulum.
Of or belonging to cheese, casearius.
To cherish [make much of] fovere, indulgere, permulcere. [Nourish] alere, sustentare. [Keep warm] calefacere.
A cherisher, fautor, fautrix, f. nutritor, nutritrix.
Cherishingly, blande, molliter.
A cherry, cerasum.
A cherry-tree, cerasus, i. f.
The black cherry, cerasum nigrum duracinum. *The heart*, cerasum duracinum.
A cherry-garden, locus cerasis consitus.
A cherry-stone, acinus.
The dwarf cherry-tree, chamæcerasus, i. f.
A chestnut, nux castanea.
A chestnut-tree, castanea.
Horse-chestnut, castanea caballina. *The water*, tribulus aquaticus. *The wild*, castanus femina.
A chestnut-grove, castanetum.
Of a chestnut, castaneus.
The rough shell of a chestnut, echin, echinati calices.
Cheese, ludus latrunculorum.
A chess-board, latrunculum tabula.
The chess-men, latrunculi, calculi, pl.
To play at chess, latrunculis ludere.
A chest, cista, capsula. *Great*, arca. *Little*, arcula.
A chest of drawers, cistulæ tractiles.
A chest for clothes, vestiariū.
For precious things, scrinium.
A chest-maker, arcularius.
To chest or put into a chest, arcâ condere.
The chest [breast] pectus.
Broad-chested, pectorosus.
A chevalier, eques.
A cheveril, caper sylvestris.
Cheveril-leather, pellis caprina.
A cheveron or chevron, cantherius, tignum.
To chew, manducare, mandere.
To chew upon a thing, ruminari aliquid; de re aliquâ attente recogitare.
To chew the cud, ruminare, remandere.
A chewing of meat, escarum confectio.

To chicane, callide et fraudulenter litigare.
Chicane or *chicanery*, cavillatio verborum.
A chicaner, sophista.
A chick or *chicken*, pullus gallicaneus.
A hatching of chickens, pullatio.
A brood of chickens, pullities.
Of chickens, pullinus.
Chickweed, alsine, *es. f.*
To chide, jurgare, objurgare; increpitare. [*Scold*] rixari, jurgis contendere. [*Earnestly*] delitigare.
A chider, objurgator.
Of chiding, objurgatorius.
A chiding, objurgatio, jurgium.
Chidingly, objurgantis modo.
Chief, primus, precipuus, princeps.
A lord chief justice, summus iudex.
The chief men of a city, optimates, *pl.* primates, principes.
Chiefest, supremus, summus.
Chiefly, precipue, summe, maxime, praesertim.
A chief or chieftain, imperator.
Chiefless, sine duce v. imperatore.
A chilblain, pernio.
A little chilblain, perniunculus.
A child, infans, puer.
A little child, pusio.
A natural child, nothus v. spurius.
A child in the womb, crudus partus.
A child born before his time, puer abortivus.
A child new born, puerperium.
A child born after his father's death, proles posthuma.
A fatherless child, pupillus, pater orbus.
A fine child, scitus puer.
A foster-child, alumnus.
To grow or act as a child, puerascere.
To grow a child again, repuerascere.
With child, big or great with child, gravida, praegnans.
A being with child, praegnatio, graviditas.
To bring forth a child, parturire.
Child-birth, partus.
A woman in child-bed, puerpera.
A woman's being in child-bed, puerperium.
Child-bearing, nixus, partus.
Of a child, puerilis.
Childermas-day, SS. Innocentium dies.
Childhood, pueritia, infantia.
Childish, puerilis; ludicer.
Childishly, pueriliter.
Childishness, puerilitas.
Childless, liberis orbus v. orba.
Child-like, quod puerum decet.
Children, liberi; soboles, proles.

Three children at a birth, tergemini.
Chill or *chilly*, algosus, alsiosus, frigidus.
To be chill, algere, frigere.
Chilled, algidus, frigidus.
Chillness or *chilliness*, algor.
A chime or *chiming*, campanarum modulatio.
A chimera [feigned monster] chimæra.
Chimeras [idle whimsies] vigilantium somnia, deliramenta.
Chimerical, commentitius, futilia.
Chimerically, futiliter.
A chimney, caminus. *A smoking chimney*, caminus fumosus.
The funnel of a chimney, fumarium, tubus fumi.
The chimney corner, sedes focaria.
A chin, mentum.
A long chin, mento.
China-ware, vasa fictilia Sincensia.
A chinck, cimex.
The chine, vertebrae, *pl.* spina dorsali.
The chine of a fish, spina piscis.
To chine, exdorsuare.
A chink, rima.
To chink or *have chinks*, rimas agere. *As money*, crepitare, tinnire.
Chinked or *full of chinks*, chinky, rimosus.
To stop chinks, stipare; obturare.
Chints, pannus xylinus floribus picturatus.
A chip, segmen, assula, secamentum.
To chip, distringere.
To chip with an axe, asclare, dedolare.
A chipping, in frustula dissectio.
Chippings of bread, resegmina panis.
Chips to kindle a fire, fomes, fittis m.
A chirographer, chirographus.
Chiromancy, ars divinaudi ex manuum inspectione.
To chirp, cherup, corr. chirup, pipire; minuire. *As a cricket* or *grasshopper*, stridere.
The chirping of birds, minuritio.
Chirurgery, medicina chirurgica.
A chirurgian, corr. surgeon, chirurgus.
Chirurgical, chirurgicus.
A chisel, scalper, scalprium.
A little chisel, scalpellus, scalpellum.
To chisel or *cut with a chisel*, calare.
A chit [freckle] lentigo.
Full of chits, lentiginosus.

A chit or *chittiface*, puella puellula.
To chit [in husbandry] gerrinare, egerminare.
Chit-chat, garritus.
A chitterling, hilla.
Chitterlings, omasum.
Chivalrous, fortis; audax.
Chivalry [prowess] fortitudo virus. [*Knighthood*] or equestris.
Chivalry [knights' service] servitium militare.
Chivalry [horsemanship] militia equestris.
Chives, cepula, *pl.*
Chocolate [the drink] potus cacao confectus.
A choice, electio, delectus, a bitrium.
Choice [diversity] varietas.
Choice, adj. [exquisite] lectus egregius, eximius.
Choice [extraordinary] exors.
To make choice of, aliquid deligere v. seligere.
Of one's own choice, sua sponte ultro.
Choiceness, caritas.
Choicely, lectissime, egregie electe, eleganter, eximie.
A choir, chorus.
To choke, suffocare, praefocare strangulare, angere.
A choke-pear, pyrum strangulans gulam.
To choke or *stop up*, obstruere.
To be choked for want of drink, siti enecari.
Choking or *choky*, strangulans.
A choking, suffocatio, strangulatio.
Choler, cholera, bilis, stomachus.
Choleric, biliosus, iracundus, stomachosus.
To be very choleric, iram aestuare.
To choose, eligere, deligere, optare, sumere; delectum facere v. agere.
To choose [appoint] constituere, designare.
To choose into a company, asclacere, cooptare.
To choose into the place of another, substituere, supponere v. sufficere. *By lot*, subsortiri.
To choose by lots, sortiri, eligere.
To choose out, eximere, seligere; excerptare.
To choose rather, malle.
A chooser, elector.
A choosing, electio, delectus.
A choosing out, selectio.
A choosing by lot, sortitio. *In the place of another*, subsortitio.
A chop, frustum, secamentum.
A mutton-chop, ossula carnis ovinae.
A chop-house, caupona.
To chop, concindere, concidere, incidere. *At a thing*, captare. *In*, ex improviso.

Intervenire. Short, præcidere, incidere. Off, truncare, præcidere, præscindere, abscindere.

Chopping, decurtatio.

Chopping off, abscissio.

A chopping-block, mensa laniatoria.

With chopping, cæsims.

Choral, ad chorum pertinens.

A chord [string] chorda.

A chorist or chorister, cantor in choro.

A chorographer, qui regiones describit; chorographus.

Chorography, regionum descriptio.

The chorus in a play, chorus.

A chough, monedula.

A Cornish chough, graculus.

To chatter like a chough, cornuari.

To chouse, decipere, fallere, eludere; sublectare.

A chousing, fraus, dolus.

Chism, unctio; chisma.

To christen, aqua lustrali tingere.

Christendom, Christianus orbis.

A christening-day, dies lustrationis.

One's Christian name, nomen alicui inditum in baptismo.

A christian, Christianus.

Christianism or christianity, Christianismus.

Christmas, Christi natalium festum.

Christmas-day, dies Christi natalis.

A christmas-box, strena. Vid. Box.

The Christcross-row, elementa litterarum ex ordine collata.

Chromatic, chromaticus.

A chronic or chronic disease, morbus diuturnus.

To chronicle, in annales referre.

A chronicle, annales, fasti, pl.

A chronicler, chronologer, or chronologist, annalium scriptor.

Chronologic, ad temporum descriptionem pertinens.

Chronology, temporum historia et doctrina.

Chubb'd, crassus.

To chuck one under the chin, aliquem leviter in mento percutere.

To chuckle, in cachinnum erumpere.

A cluff [clown] rusticus.

Cluffy, inurbanus, illepidus.

A clam, contubernalis.

A clump, truncus.

A church, templum, ædes sacræ.

The church, fidellium cætus.

A churchman or clergyman, sacerdos, clericus.

Of or belonging to churchmen, sacerdotialis.

To the church, ecclesiasticus.

Church-lands, glebe, pl.

A church-porch, templi porticus.

A church-robber, sacrilegus.

Church-time, tempus publicarum precum.

A churchwarden, ædituus.

A churchwardenship, ædilitas, sacrorum custodia.

A churchyard, cæmeterium, sepulcretum.

A churl, rusticus, truculentus.

A churl [covetous hunks] sordidus, parcus.

Churlish, inurbanus, inhumanus.

Churlish in countenance, tetricus, superciliosus.

Somewhat churlish, subagrestis.

Churlishly, rustice, inurbane, truculenter. [Rigorously] inclementer.

Churlishness, rusticitas, asperitas.

A churn or chern, vas in quo agitur coagulum; cirnea.

To churn, lac v. florem lactis agitare ad butyrum faciendum.

A churning, lactis agitatio.

The chyle, chylus.

Chymical, chymicus.

Chymically, chymice.

A chymist, alchymista, æ. m.

Chymistry, chymia, ars chymica.

To cicatrise, cicatricem obducere.

Cider, succus e pomis expressus.

A cider-house, officina ubi poma et pomis confectus venditur.

To ciel, laqueare. A room, conclave lacunari ornare.

A cieling, laquear.

Ciliary, ad cilia pertinens.

A cincture, cingulum, cingulus; zona.

Cinders, cinis, reliquæ carbonis exusti.

A cinder-man or woman, qui v. quæ cineres colligit.

Cineritious, cinereus.

Cinnabar, cinnabaris, minium.

A cingle for a horse, cingulum equinum.

Cinnamon, cinnamum, cinnamomum.

The cinque point, pentas, ædis. f.

Cinquefoil, pentaphyllon.

The cinque ports, quinque portus.

The lord warden of, limenarcha, æ. m.

A cion, al. cyon, circulus, stolo.

A cipher, numeri nota, nota arithmetica. [Nought] circulus, nihil, nihilum.

To stand for a cipher, nihil esse.

Ciphers or secret characters, notæ arcane.

To cipher [learn accounts] arithmetica discere; computandi artem discere.

Ciphering, rationes; computandi ars.

To take in ciphers, notis excipere.

A circle, circulus, orbis; gyrus.

A little circle, orbiculus.

Half a circle, semicirculus, semi-orbis.

To make a circle, circulum ducere.

The circle about the moon, halo.

The black circle about the eye, iris, Ædis. f.

Of or belonging to a circle, circled, circling, circular, rotundus.

Circlewise, in orbem; circulation, orbiculatio.

To circle [move round] circumferri. [Surround] amplecti circumfundere. In [confine] circumdare; procingere.

A circuit, circulus.

To circuit, ambire, circumire.

A circuit about, ambitus, circuitus.

To go a circuit [as a judge] jure dicendo conventus obire.

Circular, circularis.

Circular motion, circulatio.

Circularly, in circulo.

To circulate [be carried round] circumferri.

To circulate [terminate] terminari.

Circulation, circulatio; circulandi actus.

Circumambient, ambiens.

To circumcise, præputium amputare.

One circumcised, apella, verpus.

Circumcision, circumcisio.

A circumference, circulus, extremitas.

A circumflex [accent] circumflexus.

Circumfluent, circumfluus, circumfluens, circumfluus.

Circumfused, circumfusus.

Circumlocution, circuitio, periphrasis.

To circumscribe, circumscribere.

Circumscription, circumscriptio.

Circumspect or circumspective, cautus, consideratus, callidus.

To be circumspect, cavere, prospicere, providere, advigilare.

Circumspection, circumspectio, consideratio.

Circumspectly, caute, circumspecte, provide.

A circumstance, attributio, conditio; circumstantia.

A circumstance of words, ambages, pl.

Circumstantial, circumstantialis. [Particular] singularis.

Circumstantially, attributionibus suis.

To circumstantiate, circumstantiis vestire.

Circumvallation, circummunition.

To circumvent, circumvenire.

A circumvention, deceptio, fraus.

To circumvolve, circumvolvere.

A circumvolution, circumvolu-
tio.
A circus or circus, circus.
A cistern, cisterna.
A little cistern, cisternula.
A cistern cock, papilla, mastus.
Of or belonging to a cistern, cister-
terninus.
A cit or citizen, civis.
A citadel, arx, acropolis.
A cital, insimulatio.
A citing or summons, citatio.
A citation or quoting, loci alii-
cujus ex scriptore quopiam
prolatio.
To cite [summon] citare, arces-
sere; in jus vocare.
[Quote] citare, auctorem lau-
dare.
A citizen, civis; municipis.
A fellow-citizen, civis ejusdem
municipii.
A free-citizen, ingenuus, civis
natus, classicus.
To make a citizen, civitate don-
are; aliquem in civitatem
asciscere; alicui civitatem tri-
buere.
Citizen-like, civiliter, urbaniter.
*The company or state of citi-
zens*, civitas. *Of or belonging
to citizens*, civilis, urbanus.
Citizenship or freedom, jus civi-
tatis.
Citron [apple] malum citreum,
Medicum, Assyrium.
A cithern or cithern, cithara,
sistrum.
A city, urbs. [*The society*] ci-
vitas.
A chief city, metropolis. *Fa-
mous*, amplissima civitas.
A bishop of such a city, metro-
polititanus.
A little city, urbscula.
A city or town corporate, muni-
cipium.
Of or belonging to such a city,
municipalis, urbanus, civilis;
urbicus.
The city walls, mœnia, pl.
Civet, zibethum, felis Sabææ
stercus.
A civet-cat, felis Sabæa.
Civil [belonging to a city] ci-
villis, civicus. [*Courteous*] co-
mis, urbanus, civilis.
The civil law, lex civilis.
A civil lawyer or civilian, juris
civilis peritus.
A civil war, bellum intestinum.
Civility, comitas, humanitas,
urbanitas, civilitas.
To civilize, manufacere, ex-
colere.
A civiliser, qui alios ad huma-
nitatem instruit.
A civilising, ad humanitatem v.
comitatem instructio.
Civilly, comiter, urbane, hu-
mane, civiliter.
A clack [a rattle] crepitaculum.
A clack [noisy tongue] lingu-
laca, lingua garrula.

To clack, crepitare.
Clacking, crepax.
A clacking, crepitatio.
Clad. Vid. *Clothed*. *A woman
clad in men's clothes*, mulier
virili vestitu induta.
A claim, vindicatio, assertio.
To claim or lay claim to, vindic-
care, asserere. *To one's self*,
arrogare; assumere. *Again*,
reposcere.
Claimable, postulandus.
A claimant or claimer, vindica-
tor, qui postulat.
A claimer again, repetitor.
A claiming, vindicatio, postula-
tio.
To clamber, scandere.
A clambering, scansio.
Clammed, conglutinator.
Clammy, glutinosus, sequax;
tenax.
Clamminess, humoris glutinosi
qualitas.
Clamour, clamor.
To clamour, clamare, exclamare,
obstrepere.
Clamorous, clamorosus; impor-
tunus; stridulus.
A clan, clientela, tribus, gens.
Clancular, clancularius.
Clandestine [secret] clandestin-
us; abditivus.
Clandestinely, clandestino, clam,
occulte, clanculum.
A clang or clangour, clangor.
To clang, clangere.
Clank [of fetters] compedum
tinnitus.
To clank, tinnire.
A clap [blow or stroke] ictus,
colaphus, plaga. [*Noise*] cre-
pitus; strepitus. *Of thunder*,
fragor tonitrui.
To clap one against another,
collidere.
To clap spurs to his horse, equo
calcar subdere; equum cal-
caribus concitare. *Or beat
one's breast*, plangere. [*At a
play*] plaudere. *Or put down*,
deprimere, deponere. *One
gently on the back*, tergum de-
mulcere.
To give one a clap or blow, feri-
re; percutere.
To clap [make a noise] crepare,
strepere. *A door to*, fores
violenter occludere. *In* [act.]
immittere. *Up in prison*, in
custodiam v. vincula conjici-
ere. *Or wrap up together*, in
fasciculum compingere, col-
ligere. *The wings*, alas qua-
tere; alas plaudere.
A clapper, plausor, applausor.
The clapper of a bell, tintinna-
buli malleus.
The clapper of a door, ostii mal-
leus. *Of a mill*, crepitaculum
molare.
A clapping of the hands, plau-
sus, applausus.
To clarify, clarum reddere. *Li-*

quor, liquorem diluere; [*new*]
clareacere, clarus fieri.
A clarifier, qui v. quæ liquorem
&c. diluit.
A clarifying, defœcatio.
A clarion, tuba argutula, lituus.
To clash [disagree] discrepare
dissidere.
A clashing, dissidium.
To clash, clangere.
A clashing [noise] clangor, fre-
mitus.
To clash, allidere, collidere.
A clashing, conflictio.
A clasp [buckle] ansula, fibula
spinther.
To clasp [buckle] infibulare
ansula conjungere.
To clasp, amplecti, complecti.
To clasp one's hands, manuum
conjungere.
A clasp, clasper [tendril] clavicu-
la.
To clasp beneath, fibula subneo-
tere.
Clasping, nexilis.
Clasping about, innectens.
A clasping [tying] in nodum
colligatio.
A class [order] classis, series.
Classical or classic, classicus.
A classic author, scriptor clas-
sicus.
To clatter, strepere, sonare.
A clattering, strepitus.
To clatter [prattle] garrere, bla-
terare. [*Jar*] altercari. *And
break things*, confringere.
A clattering noise, strepitus.
A clattering [prattling] garru-
tus, litigium. [*Jarring*] alter-
catio.
A clause [article] caput, arti-
culus. [*Sentence*] clausula,
sententia.
By short clauses, cæsim, incisim,
membratim.
A claw, unguis, ungula.
To claw or scratch, scalpere.
[*Flatter*] alicui blandiri, ali-
quem mulcere.
A clawing with the nail, lacera-
tio unguibus facta.
The claws or clays of a fish, pis-
cis acetabula; chela, arum. L.
pl.
Claw-footed, multipedus.
Clay, lutum. *Black*, terra pin-
guis. *Fine*, terra argillaris.
Fuller's, terra Cimolia v. pin-
guis. *Potter's*, argilla.
Of or belonging to potter's clay,
argillaceus.
White clay [for crucibles], tas-
conium.
To clay or cover with clay, delu-
tare; luto v. argilla oblinere.
To become clay, lutescere.
Clay-ground, terra lutea.
A clay-pit, locus ex quo argilla
effoditur.
Clay-cold, exanimis.
Clayed or clayish, luteus, argil-
laceus.

Clean, mundus, purus, nitidus.
Clean [neat] expositus, tersus, nitidus, elegans.
To clean or make clean, mundare, emundare; purgare; emaculare.
To make clean by washing, eluere, diluere. By brushing or wiping, abstergere.
To clean [polish] eliminare, polire.
To be clean, nitere, enitere; nitescere.
Cleanly [adj.] mundus, nitidus.
Cleanly [adv.] pure, monde.
Cleanliness or cleanness, mundities, nitor.
To cleanse, emundare, purgare; detergere. Again, repurgare. By sacrifice, expiare. From dregs, defecare. From chaff, solum repurgare.
A cleanser, qui v. quæ emundat.
A cleansing, purificatio, purgatio.
Cleanings, purgamenta, pl.
Clear [bright] lucidus, perlucidus. [Fair] serenus, tranquillus. [Manifest] manifestus, conspicuus. [Calm] imperturbatus; serenus. [Pure] liquidus, purus. [In sound] clarus, sonorus. [Without infection] integer. [Without mixture] merus, purus, sincerus. [Innocent] innocens, innoxius. [Quite] prorsus, omnino.
A clear or fair complexion, color eximius v. decorus.
To clear [or make bright] polire, expolire. [Or make clean] purificare, expurgare. [Acquit] absolvere; expurgare. [A doubt or difficulty] rem dubiam expedire. A ship at the custom-house, vectigalia solvere.
To keep clear from danger, periculum vitare, declinare.
To clear from, liberare, expedire, eripere.
It is clear or manifest, liquet, constat.
To clear up or grow clear, clarere, elucere.
To be clear or bright, clarere, nitere. Very clear, per lucere.
To get clear, se a re aliqua expedire.
A clearer, qui purificat.
A clearing [brightening] politio. [Illustrating] illustratio. [Acquitting] absolutio.
A clearing from, purgatio, expurgatio.
Clearly [plainly] clare, plane, manifeste, dilucide. [Purely] pure; liquido.
Clearness [brightness] splendor, nitor.
Clearness of water, limpidus.
Of the weather, celi serenitas. [Plainness] perspicuitas, evidentia. [Purity] puritas,

sinceritas. [In sound or sight] claritas. [From fault] innocentia, integritas.
To cleave, findere, scindere, dissecare.
To cleave [neut.] dehiscere, hicare.
To cleave through or in the midst, percindere.
To cleave unto, adherere.
A cleaver of wood, qui lignum findit.
A cleaving to, adhesio.
A cleaving of wood, fissio ligni.
Cleaving fast to, agglutinatus, adherens.
Cleaving or sticking, glutinosus.
Cleft in twain, bifidus. In three, trifidus.
To be cleft or that may be cleft, fissilis.
A cleft, rima, fissura; fissum, fissus.
The cleft of a pen, crena.
Full of clefts, rimosus.
Having many clefts, multifidus.
Clemency, clementia, mansuetudo.
Clement, clemens, mitis, mansuetus.
The clergy, ordo sacer.
Of or belonging to the clergy, sacerdotialis.
A clergyman or clerk, clericus.
The benefit of clergy to condemned persons, criminis, clerici gratia, condonatio.
Clerical, clericalis.
A parish clerk, sacrista.
A writing clerk, amanuensis.
A clerk of the exchequer, scriba aerarius. Of the customs, vectigalium scriptor. Of the kitchen, obsonator. Of the market, edilis libripens.
A clerk of the rolls, scriniarius.
A gentleman's clerk, scriba notarius.
A petty clerk, leguleius.
Clever, agilis, solers; teres.
Cleverly, dextre, agiler.
A clew of thread, glomus.
To click, crepitare, tinnire.
A clicket, crepitaculum ostio affixum.
A clicking, tinnitus.
A client, cliens; consultor.
A company of clients, clientship, clientele, clientela.
A cliff or clift, rupes, scopulus.
A cliff in music, clavis.
A cliff of wood, ligni frustum.
A cliff, rima. Vid. Cleft.
Climacterical or climacteric, climactericus.
A climate or clime, plaga, regio; tractus.
To climate, habitare.
A climax [in rhetoric] gradatio.
To climb, scandere. Over, transcendere, superare. Upon, superscandere. Up into, inscandere. Up unto, ascendere.

Hard to climb up, præruptus, inaccessus.
To be climbed or that may be climbed, scansilis.
A climber, qui conscendit.
A climbing, conscensio. Up unto, ascensio.
To clinch, contrahere.
To clinch a nail, inflectere, repangere.
A clincher [witty person] homo festivus, facetus.
A clincher [a small sea-vessel] navigiolum.
A clincher [cramp or holdfast] subacus.
To clinch together, comprimere.
Clinches [witty sayings] facetiæ, pl.
To cling to or unto, adherere.
To cling together, coherere.
Clingy, glutinosus.
Clinical or clinic, clinicus.
To clink, crepare, tinnire.
A clinking, crepitus, tinnitus.
To clip [shave or shear] tondere. Off or cut off or away, abscondere, resicare, desicare. [In language] Osce et Volace loqui. About, circumtondere. About the neck, amplecti, compecti; collo brachia circumdare. Or shave often, tonsitare. Short, præcidere.
Not clipped, intonsus.
That may be clipped, tonsilis.
A clipper, tonsor.
A money-clipper, qui nummos accidit.
A clipping [shaving] tonsura.
A clipping about the neck, amplexus, complexus.
A clipping short, p. cisio.
Clippings, præsemina, pl. Of trees or hedges, segmina, pl. barba virgultorum tonsilis.
A clock, horologium.
The clock [hour] hora.
A clock-keeper, horologii curator. Maker, horologiorum fabricer.
A clod, gleba, cespes.
A little clod, glebula.
A clodpate, clodpoll, clothoad, or clotpoll, bardus; hebes, stipes.
To break clods, occare.
To clod, clodder, or grow cloddy, coagulari.
Cloddy or full of clods, glebosus.
A clog or hindrance, impedimentum.
Wooden clogs, sculpones; calones, pl.
A clog for horses, obex.
To clog or hinder, impedire, præpedire.
To clog or load, onerare.
To clog or stop up, obstruere.
Cloggy, obstruens, crassus.
A clogging, impeditio, obstruatio.
A cloister or piazza, porticus, peristylum.

A cloistered life, vita monastica.
A cloke, pallium.
A little light cloke, palliolium.
A child's cloke, prætexta.
A thick riding-cloke, penula, lacerna.
A long cloke with sleeves, pallium talare manicatum.
A priest's cloke, lena.
A soldier's cloke, sagum, rheno.
A woman's short cloke, pallula.
A cloke-bag, mantica, sacciparium.
A cloke [colour for a fault] prætextus, prætextum, integumentum.
To cloke [hide or dissemble] dissimulare, velare. *Or put on a cloke*, pallium induere.
A cloking or dissembling, simulatio, dissimulatio.
Cloke [shut] clausus. [*Sacred*] secretus, occultus. [*Dark*] tenebrosus. [*Fast*] firmus.
Cloke pent, arctus.
Cloke [near or adjoining to] contiguus, conterminus. [*Reserved*] tacitus, taciturnus. [*Unknown*] arcanus, obscurus. [*Thick*] densus, spissus.
Cloke-fisted [covetous] parvus, avarus. *Together* [of parts] continuus.
A cloke-fight, certamen cominus consertum.
Cloke by or hard by, juxta, prope, propter, secundum.
Cloke by [adj.] vicinus, propinquus.
To cloke or shut [act.] claudere. [*Conclude*] aliquid concludere v. absolvere. *Or be closed*, coalescere. *About*, circumvenire. *In*, præcingere, intercludere.
To follow one cloke, vestigiis alicuius inherere.
To keep cloke or conceal, celare, reticere.
To keep cloke in, coercere.
To lie close to the ground, humi sterni.
To stick close, arcte adherere v. coherere rei alicui.
To shut close, arcte claudere.
To close in with [in fighting] congregi; cominus pugnare.
Lying close to the ground, humi stratus.
To close or hedge in, seipre.
To close together, cogere; conjungere. *About or round about*, circummunire, circumcludare.
Up [seal] assignare.
To close or agree, cum aliquo pasci.
A close or closing, conclusio, finis.
Cloke together [adj.] densus, confertus.
Cloke together [adv.] conjuncte, confertim, dense.
A keeping close occultatio, taciturnitas.

A keeping close in, compressio; coarctatio.
A close [inclosure] septum; fundus.
Closely or covertly, tecte, simulate, occulte. [*Thickly*] dense, spisse. [*Sparingly*] arcte. [*Concise*] breviter, strictim.
Closely [set] confertim.
Closely [privily] clanculum.
Closeness [narrowness] angustia.
Closeness [nearness] continuitas.
Closeness [niggardliness] parcimonia. [*Reservedness*] circumspectio, consideratio. [*Secrecy*] taciturnitas. [*Thick*] densitas.
A closet, conclave, is. n. *To study in*, museum.
A closet-keeper, musei custos.
To closet, in conclavi includere.
A closing in or up, closure, inclusio.
A closing together, conjunctio.
Closure [of a letter] colligatio.
To clot or clotter, coagulare, concrecere.
Cloth, pannus. *Coarse*, pannus crassæ texture. *Cotton*, pannus xylinus. *Linen*, linteum. *Woollen*, pannus laneus. *Scarlet*, pannus coccineus.
A cloth of state, conopeum.
Cloth of arras, tapes. *Of needle-work*, vestis acu picta. *Of gold*, pannus aureus. *Of cotton or silk*, pannus sericus, bombycinus.
Broad cloth, pannus majoris latitudinis. *Narrow*, pannus minoris latitudinis.
Hair-cloth, cilicium.
A hearse-cloth, vestis feralis.
Home-spun cloth, tela domestica.
A horse-cloth, equi stragulum.
Cloth with a nap, pannus villosus.
A cere-cloth, cerotum.
A piece of cloth or rug, panniculus.
A table-cloth, mappa.
To lay the cloth, mensam linteam sternere.
A cloth-worker, panni opifex.
To clothe, amicare, vestire.
One's self, vestem sibi induere. *Another*, alicui vestem induere.
To find one in clothes, alicui vestitum præbere.
Clothed in linen, linteatus. *In mourning*, pullatus, sordidus veste. *In purple*, purpuratus. *In a robe of state*, prætextatus. *In russet or gray*, leucophaeus. *In sackcloth*, cilicio indutus. *In silk*, sericatus. *In white*, candidatus. *In wool*, lanatus.
Clothes or a suit of clothes, clothing, vestis, indumentum. *Rusty*, vestes squalidæ.

Bed-clothes, stragulum torale. *Linen clothes*, linteæ vestimenta. *To change one's clothes*, veste mutare.
To mend one's clothes, veste resarcire.
A clothier, panni opifex.
Clothing or making of cloth, lanificium.
To clotter, concrecere, coagulari.
A clottering, concretio.
Clotty, concretus.
A cloud, nubes.
A little cloud, nubecula, nebula. *To cloud or grow cloudy*, nubare; nube tegi, obscurari.
Engendered of a cloud, nubigen. *Bringing clouds*, nubifer.
Driving away clouds, nubifugus. *Clouds in painting*, nubila, pl. *Clouded or cloudy*, nubilis. *Or resembling clouds or waves*, undatus, undulatus.
Cloud-capt, caput inter nubili condens.
A cloudy countenance, frons obducta.
Somewhat cloudy, subnubilus. *Cloudily or with a cloudy look*, facie nubila.
Cloudiness, tempestas, nubila. *Cloudless*, innubilis, serenus.
A clove, caryophyllum.
The clove-tree, caryophyllus. *Clove gillflowers*, caryophylla pl.
A clove of garlic, alli nucleus v. spica.
A clove of cheese, casei 8 libra. *Of wool*, lana 7 libra.
Cloven, fissus.
Cloven-footed, cloven-hoofed bifidus, bisulcus.
Clover-grass or clover, trifolium pratense.
A clough, convallia.
A clout, panniculus, peniculus.
A linen clout, linteolum.
A dish-clout or shoe-clout, penicillus.
To clout, sarcire, resarcire assuere.
A clown or country-clown, rusticus, colonus.
Clownish, agrestis, rudis, rusticus.
Somewhat clownish, subrusticus.
Clownishly, rustice, inurbane.
Clownishness, rusticitas; asperitas.
To cloy, satiare, saturare. *With words*, verbis onerare.
A cloying, cloyment, satias, saturatio.
A club, clava, fustis, baculus.
A club [at cards] trifolium. [*Meeting*] convotatio convivium. [*Share of a reckoning*] symbola collecta.
To club or pay one's club, symbolum conferre. *Together or assist one another*, operas mutuas tradere.

Bearing a club, claviger.
Club-footed, loripes, adis.
Club-headed, denso capite.
A club-room, canaculum.
To cluck [as a hen] glocitare.
Chamaily, crasse.
Chuminess, rusticitas.
Chummy, inhabilis, expers.
Chung. Vid. *Cling*.
A cluster of grapes, &c. racemosa.
A little cluster, racemulus.
To cluster, racemos ferre.
Clustery or *full of clusters*, racemosus.
Bearing clusters, racemifer.
A cluster or heap, acervus, cumulus.
To clutch, comprimere.
To lay one's clutches upon, manus alicui injicere.
The clutches, ungues, pl.
To clutter together, confertim v. frequentes concurrere.
A clutter, turba, motus.
To make a clutter, tumultuari.
A clyster, clyster, &ris. m.
To give a clyster, clysterem ap-
 plicare.
A coach, rheda, currus. *With four horses*, quadriga.
A coach-box, rhedæ capsus.
A coach-maker, rhedarum arti-
 lex.
A coachman, auriga, rhedarius.
Of or belonging to a coach, rhea-
 rius.
A coach-house, stabulum; rhea-
 drium.
A hackney-coach, currus merce-
 narius.
A coadjutor, coadjutor, collega.
To coagment, congregare.
Coagmentation, conjunctio.
To coagulate [curdle] coagu-
 lare.
A coagulating or coagulation,
 coagulatio.
A coal or charcoal, carbo.
A burning coal, pruna. *A dead*
coal, carbo extinctus.
Pit-coal or sea-coal, carbo fos-
 silis, lapis niger.
A small coal, carbunculus.
Coal-black [adj.] anthracinus.
A coal-fire, anthracia.
A coal-house, repositorium car-
 bonum.
A coal-merchant, carbonarius.
A coal-rake, rutabulum.
A coal-box, pyxis carbonaria.
To coalesce, coalescere.
Coalition, conjunctio.
Coarse, crassus, levidensis.
Coarse [rude] agrestis, inurbis-
 ma.
Coarsely, crasse.
Coarseness, crassitudo, incon-
 civitas, rusticitas, asperitas,
 tenuitas.
A coast [quarter] terminus, li-
 me.
The sea-coast, litus, ora mari-
 tima.

To coast along, oram legere.
A coaster, qui oram legit.
A coat or garment, tunica.
A buff coat, vestis coriacea mi-
 litaris.
A long wide-coat [cassock] palla
 Gallica.
A waistcoat, subucula.
A coat of mail, lorica.
A little coat of mail, lorricula.
To put on a coat of mail, lori-
 care.
A coat of arms, insigne gentili-
 tium.
A herald's or a prince's coat of
armour, paludamentum.
Wearing a coat of armour, pa-
 ludatus.
The horse's coat or hair, setæ
 equinæ.
To coat, tunicare.
To coax, adblandiri, demulcere.
A coaxer, assentator.
Coaxing, blandiloquus.
A cob or sea-cob, larus.
To cobble, sarcire. *Shoes*, cal-
 ceamenta resarcire.
A cobbler, cerdo, sutor.
A cobbler's shop, sutrina; sutri-
 num.
A cobweb, aranea; aranæ tela.
Wrought like a cobweb, scutul-
 atus.
Full of cobwebs, araneosus.
Cochineal, granum insectorium,
 tinctorium, coccus, vermiculus.
A cock, gallus.
A roost or dunghill-cock, gallus
 gallinaceus.
A game cock, gallus pugnax.
A heath-cock, tetrao, attagen.
A turkey-cock, gallus Numidi-
 cus.
The great moor-cock, phasi-
 nus.
A cock's comb, galli crista.
A cock's crowing, gallicinium.
Of or belonging to a cock, galli-
 naceus.
The cock of a dial, gnomon.
To cock [one's hat] autolere,
 erigere.
To be cock-sure, factam rem
 putare. *It is cock-sure* [safe]
 res in vado est.
A cock-pit, galli pugnatorium.
Cock-fighting, gallorum certa-
 men.
To set cocks a fighting, gallos
 inter se committere.
A cocker, gallorum lanista.
A cock of hay, fœni meta.
A little cock of hay, fœnille.
To cock hay, in cumulos fœnum
 struere.
The cock of a cistern, &c. epis-
 tomius.
A shuttle-cock, pennæ auberi in-
 fixæ reticulis a lisoribus vicia-
 sim repulæ.
A weathercock, triton.
The cock of a gun, serpentina.
To cock a gun, serpentinam ad-
 ducere.

The cock of an arrow, sagitta
 crena.
To cock an arrow, arcum inten-
 dere.
A cockatrice, basiliscus.
A cockade, vitta v. trenia.
A cockboat, scapha. *A little*
cockboat, scaphula.
To cocker, indulgere, adblandiri.
A cockering, indulgentia.
A cockerel, galli pullus.
A cocket, schedula mercatoria
 testans vertical persolatum.
Cocket [brisk, malapert] petu-
 lans.
Cockhorse, exultans, qu. equo
 insidens.
Cockish, salax, acis.
Cockle [weed] lolium, zizania.
[Fish] concha, cochlea.
A cockle-shell, testa.
To cockle [as cloth] corrugari.
A cockney, vir v. puer rerum
 rusticarum prorsus ignotus.
A cockswain, corr. *coxon*, eym-
 bæ præfectus.
Cocotion, actus coquendi.
A cod [hux] siliqua.
The cod-fish, asellus; capito.
Dried, frigore duratus. *Fresh*,
 recens. *Salted*, salitus.
A cod's head, aselli caput.
Coddled [as peas] siliquatus.
A code, codex.
A codicil, codicillus.
To coddle, coquere, elixare, coc-
 titare.
A codlin, pomum præcox.
Coefficient, simul efficiens.
Coefficiency, operæ collatio.
Coequal, coequalis, æqualis.
Coequality, equalitas.
To coerce, coercere.
Coercion [restraint] coercitio.
Coercive, coercens.
Coessential, ejusdem essentia.
Coetaneous, ejusdem ætatis.
Coeternal, ab æterno æqualis.
Coeternally, æque ab æterno.
Coeternity, ab æterno æqualitas.
Coecal, coecus, ejusdem ævi.
To coexist, simul existere.
Coexistence, æqualis existentia.
Coexistent, ejusdem naturæ.
To coextend, simul extendere.
Coffee, choava, kupha.
A coffee-house, kuphopolium.
A coffer, arca, capsula; scrinium.
A little coffer, capsula.
To coffer, in arcâ reponere.
A cofferer, dispensator.
A cofferer to the king, quæstor
 ætarius.
A coffer-maker, capsarum fabri-
 cator.
A coffin, locus, arca.
A coffin-maker, faber locularius.
To cog [flatter] adulari, assen-
 tari.
To cog a die, aleam componere.
The cog of a wheel, rotæ dens.
Of a mill-wheel, rotæ molaris
 denticulus.
A cog-wheel, rota denticulata.

Cogency, vis, efficacia.
Cogent, cogens.
Cogently, efficaciter.
A cogger [batterer] adulator, palpator.
Cogging, adulator, palpatio.
Cogitation [thought] cogitatio.
Cogitative, quod potest cogitare.
Cognisance [knowledge] cognitio, notitia.
A cognisance [badge] insigne.
[Of a judge] cognitio.
To take cognisance, judicare, perpendere.
Cognisable, notabilis.
To cohabit, simul habitare.
A cohabiting or cohabitation, convictus.
A coheir or coheiress, coheres.
To cohere, coherere.
A coherence, coherency, or cohesion, coherentia.
Coherent, coherens, congruens, aptus.
A cohort, cohors.
A coif, capitale, anadema.
A net-work coif, reticulum.
A coil, strepitus, tumultus.
To keep a coil, strepere, rixari.
To coil a rope, in spiram contorquere.
Coin, nummus, moneta.
To pay a person in his own coin, par pari referre.
Current coin, legalis moneta.
Bnse or counterfeit, moneta adulterina.
To coin money, nummum cudere, signare.
To clip the king's coin, nummos publicos accidere.
To coin again, recudere.
To coin more, accudere.
To coin stories, fabulas fingere.
To coin or stamp, forma.
A little piece of coin, nummus.
Coinage, monetæ percussio.
New-coined words, verba recentia ficta.
A coiner, nummi cussor.
A coining of money, numismatica percussio.
To coincide, congruere, convenire.
Coincident, conveniens.
A coincidence, concursus, concursus.
A coistril [runaway cock] galus imbellis.
A coi, discus.
To play at coits, mittendis discis certare.
Coition, coitio.
Coke, carbo fossilis ad prunam sumo vacuum exustus.
A colander, colum.
Colander-like, perforatus.
Cold, frigidus, gelidus.
Cold [subst.] frigus; algor.
Cold [chilly] algidus. *Somewhat cold*, frigidulus. *Very cold*, prægelidus, perfrigidus. *[Indifferent]* remissus.
A cold, gravedo, dinie, f

To be troubled with a cold, gravedine laborare.
Cold of constitution, alsiosus.
To catch cold, frigus contrahere; frigore laborare.
To be cold, frigere, frigesce.
To grow cold, frigesce.
To be stiff with cold, rigere, obrigere.
To shiver with cold, horrere.
To grow cold [as the weather] perfrigesce. Or *indifferent*, deservescere. *Again*, refrigerescere.
To make cold, refrigerare.
It is cold, friget, frigescit.
Neither hot nor cold, egelidus, tepidus.
Causing cold, frigus inducens v. faciens.
Coldly, frigide, gelide.
To receive one coldly, frigide aliquem excipere.
Coldly [slenderly] tenuiter, jejune.
Coldly [slothfully] ægniter.
Cole, cale, or colewort, brassica, caulis.
Sea-cole, brassica marina.
Colewort flowers, brassica florida.
The rape colewort, brassica napoli.
The red or bitter, brassica rubra. *The wild*, brassica sylvestris. *The curled garden*, brassica apiana.
The colic, dolor colicus.
Subject to the colic, colicus.
The stone colic, calculus.
The wind colic, flatus hypochondriacus.
A collar, capistrum.
A dog's collar, millus. Vid. Lat.
A horse's collar, belcium.
An iron collar for offenders, columbar, numella.
The collar of a garment, colare, is. n.
To collar one or take by the collar, inieci in fauces manibus cum aliquo luctari v. colluctari; obtorto collo trahere.
A collar of brawn, caro aprugna convoluta.
Collapsed, collapsus.
To collate [bestow] dare; donare. [Compare] comparare, conferre. Or *compare a copy with the original*, exscripta cum archetypa conferre.
To collate books, ad examen libri paginas revocare.
Collateral, collaterally, ejusdem lateris, ad latera.
A collateral assurance, obligatio addita ex abundantia. *Proof or argument*, argumentum eandem fere vim habens.
A collation [entertainment] merenda. [Comparing] comparatio, collatio.
The collation of a benefice, beneficium collatio.

A short collation, cœnula.
A collator, collator.
A collect [short prayer] collecta.
To collect, colligere.
A collection or collecting, collectio. [Club or reckoning] collecta.
A short collection, summa.
Collections, collectanea, excerpta, pl.
Collective, collectivus.
Collectively, simul.
A collector, qui colligit. *O* tribute, tributum exactor.
Of taxes, &c. publicanus.
A college [society] collegium fraternitas.
A college [in a university] collegium; gymnasium literarium.
A collegian, academicus.
A fellow collegiate, ejusdem collegii socius, collega.
A colleague, collega, consors.
A collier, carbonarius.
A collier [coal-ship] navis carbonaria.
A colliery [coal-pit] fodina carbonaria.
To colligate, liquefacere.
To collocare, collocare.
A collusion, collisio.
To colligue, adulari, adblandiri, assentiri.
A colluguer, adulator.
A colluging, adulator, lenocinium.
A collop, offula, buccia.
Collops, lardum cœcusum et fruxum.
A colloquy, colloquium.
To collude, colludere.
Collusion [covein or fraud] dolus, collusio.
By collusion or collusively, fallaciter, fecte, fraudulenter, dolomalo.
A pleader by collusion, prævaricator.
Collusory or collusive, fallax, fraudulentus.
Colly [sootiness] nigror, fuligo.
To colly, denigrare.
To be collied, nigrescere.
A colon [a point marked thus :] colon.
A colonel, legionis tribunus, chiliarchus. *Of horse*, equitum præfectus. *Of fool*, peditum præfectus.
A coloneship, præfectura.
A colonade, peristylum.
A colony, colonia.
To lead out a colony, coloniam deducere.
To fix or establish a colony, to colonize, coloniam constituere v. collocare.
Of a colony, colonicus.
Coloration, ars colorandi.
A coloss or colossus, colossus.
Colossian, colossus, colossicus.
A colour, color.

To represent in lively colours, *vis coloribus depingere*.
 A false or counterfeit colour, *falsus*.
 A colour [pretence] causa; ob-
 tentas; species.
 Soldiers' colours, vexilla, signa
 militaria.
 To colour [tinge] colorare.
 [Blush] erubescere. [Counter-
 feit] fucare; speciem præ-
 tendere.
 Painters' colours, pigmenta,
 pl.
 A green-bitten colour, color varius
 r. maculis distinctus.
 Colour in grain, dibaphus.
 A colour-shop, taberna quâ co-
 lores venales sunt.
 Of the same colour, concolor.
 A losing its colour, decoloratio.
 Of many colours, multicolor,
 varius.
 Of one, two, or three colours,
 unicolor, bicolor, tricolor.
 Of sundry colours, discolor.
 Changing color, versicolor.
 To change colour, colorem mu-
 tare.
 A colourable pretence, prætex-
 tis speciosus.
 Colourably, modo specioso.
 Wren or dead-coloured, luri-
 dus.
 To grow dead-coloured, palles-
 cere.
 A colouring, coloris inductio.
 Colouring or paint, pigmentum,
 fucus.
 Colourless, coloris expertus.
 A colt, equulus. A filly, equula.
 The colt of an ass, pullus asini-
 nus.
 A colt staff, phalanga, vectis.
 Coltish, pullinus.
 A columbarry [dove-house] co-
 lumbarium.
 A column or pillar, columna.
 A small column, columella.
 The colours, coluri, pl.
 A comb, pecten, tris. m.
 A small tooth-comb, pecten den-
 titus tenuissimis.
 To comb, comere, pectere.
 Again, respectere. One's head,
 alicujus capillus pectere.
 Like a comb, pectinatim.
 A curry-comb, strigil, tris. m.
 To curry-comb a horse, equum
 strigare.
 A comb-maker, pectinum fabri-
 calor.
 A comb-brush, pectinis verricu-
 lum setaceum.
 A comb-case, pectinis theca.
 A cock's-comb, galli crista.
 A flea-comb, hamus ferreus.
 A horn-comb, pecten corneum.
 A combatant, pugator, pugil,
 tris. c. g.
 A combat, pugna, certamen,
 prælium.
 To try the combat, prælium ten-
 tare.

To begin a combat, prælium
 inire.
 To renew a combat, prælium re-
 dintegrare; pugnem instau-
 rare.
 A single combat or duel, certamen
 singulare, duellum.
 A combat of gladiators, pugna
 gladiatoria.
 To combat, prælari; dimicare;
 bellare. An enemy, cum hoste
 pugnare. With a distemper,
 contra vim morbi contendere.
 With one's own inclination,
 belligerare cum genio suo.
 A combating, pugna, certamen.
 Combating, pugna.
 Combination [a joining to-
 gether] conjunctio, copulatio;
 [Plotting together] conjuratio,
 conspiratio.
 To combine, connectere, copu-
 lare. [Plot together] conspi-
 rare, conjurare.
 Combustible, materies ustioni
 apta v. idonea.
 A combustion [burning] ustio.
 To come, venire; incedere;
 proficisci. Against one, inva-
 dere, adoriri. Away from a
 place, a loco discedere. Be-
 hind or follows after, subsequi.
 Abroad, prodire. About, gra-
 tia aliqua venire. Again or
 back, redire; reverti. To
 himself again, respicere; a-
 nimum recipere. Along, pro-
 cedere, pergere. Come on
 or along, eja, age! Asunder,
 disjici. At [overtake] asse-
 qui, attingere. [Obtain] ob-
 tinere. Away, abire. Dis-
 cedere. Before, prævenire,
 antevenire. Before one or in
 one's way, viam præcludere;
 moram alicui obicere. Be-
 fore a judge, in jus ambulare.
 Behind [be inferior to] alicui
 cedere. Between, intervenire.
 Or pass by, præterire. [As
 butter] in butyrum densari.
 By or obtain a thing, nancisci,
 adipisci. [As cheese] coagu-
 lari, concrecere. Forth [as
 a book] edi, in lucem emitti.
 Forth, exire, prodire. For-
 ward, procedere. In learning,
 progressionem v. progressum
 facere in litteris. Or proceed
 from, oriri.
 To go and come, commeare.
 To come in, introire, ingredi.
 After or in place of another,
 alicui succedere, in alicujus
 locum subire. In the interim,
 intervenire. In request or
 vogue, in honore et pretio
 esse. Again, e contemptibus
 exire. In [submit] se alicui
 dedere. In one's way, occur-
 rere; obviam venire v. se
 alicui dâre. In use, usu ve-
 nire. Into business, in foro
 borere. Into danger, pericu-

lis exponi. Of life, pericu-
 lum capitis adire. Into port,
 ad portum venire. Off well
 or ill, bene v. male succe-
 dere. Often, ventitare. Over
 to one's side, in partes alicujus
 descendere. Or pass over,
 transire. Out or be known,
 palam fieri, vulgari. To,
 adire, advenire. To [consent
 or yield] assentire. To [to
 cost] constare. To the know-
 ledge of, aliquid resciscere
 v. cognoscere. [Be known to]
 innoscere, enotescere. Near
 or nigh, appropinquare. To
 hand, occurrere. To pass, eve-
 nire, accidere, evadere, fieri.
 Quickly to one, advolare. Of-
 ten to, adventitare. Short of
 or in, deficere. Short in one's
 duty, officio suo deesse. To-
 gether, coire. Up, ascendere.
 Up with one [overtake] ali-
 quem assequi. Up [as corn
 or herbs] germinare. [As a
 fashion, &c.] institui, intro-
 duci. Upon, supervenire. [Be-
 fall] intercurrere.
 Come again, redux.
 A come-off [pretence or shift]
 pretextus, excusatio, simu-
 latio. Good, excusatio speci-
 osa. Pitsiful, excusatio tur-
 pis.
 Not to be come unto, inaccessus.
 Hard to come at, aditu diffi-
 lis.
 A comedian, comædus; comæ-
 diarum actor.
 A writer of comedies, comicus.
 A comedy, comœdia.
 Like a comedy, comice, scenice.
 Comeliness, pulchritudo, venus-
 tas. [Decency] decus, deco-
 rum.
 Comely [as a person] formosus,
 pulcher. [As a habit] decens,
 decorus.
 To make comely, decorare, or-
 nare.
 Somewhat comely, venustinus.
 Comely, decore, decenter, or-
 nate.
 It is comely, decet, convenit,
 decorum est.
 A new comer, advena.
 A comet, stella crinita, cometa
 v. cometes.
 Comets, trageinata; bellaria
 arida.
 A comet-maker, pistor duicia-
 rius.
 Comfort, consolatio, solatium.
 A small or cold comfort, solatio-
 lum.
 To comfort or cheer one up, ali-
 quem consolari, solari, eri-
 gere. Again, refovere, rele-
 vare.
 Comfortable [pleasant] amœ-
 nus, dulcis, jucundus.
 Comfortableness, dulcitas, ju-
 cunditas.

Comfortably, dulciter, jucunde.
Not to be comforted, inconsolabilis.

A comforter, solator, solatrix.
The Comforter [Holy Ghost] Paracletus.

It comforts, juvat.
Of comforting, consolatorius.
A comforting, consolatio.

Comfortless, tristis, mœstus.
Comical or *comic*, comicus.
[Merry] urbanus, facetus.

Comically, comice, festivo.
Forthcoming, in medio, in nostris potestate.

Night is coming on, nox instat.
Coming and going, commeans.
Coming from beyond sea, transmarinus.

Coming in the way, obvius.
A coming, adventus. *About*, circuitio. *Away*, discessus.

Back, reditus. *Against*, incurso. *Between*, interventus.

Together, intercursum. *Down*, descensus. *Tumbling down*, ruina. *Forth or out*, egressus. *Forward*, progressio. *In*, ingressus, introitus.

Comings-in, reditus, vectigal.
Short, defectio, defectus. *To*, accessus. *Nigh unto*, appropinquatio. *Up*, ascensus. *Upon suddenly*, superventus. *In the way*, occursum.

Comitial, comitalis.
A comma, comma, *dis*, n.

To command or *bid*, jubere, mandare.

To command or *appoint by authority*, imperare.

To command or *order*, edicere, precipere. Or *have the chief command of*, summæ rei præesse; summæ in imperio esse. Or *overlook a place*, supereminere.

A commander in chief, imperator, imperatrix, f.

A commander, dux, militum præfectus. [Rammer] fistica, navicula.

A commanding, jussus. *Vid. Lat.*

A command [place of command] præfectura, imperium.

A command or *commandment*, mandatum, imperium, præceptum.

A following one's command, obsequium, obtemperatio.

At thy command, tuo jussu.

Without command, injussu.

The Ten Commandments, Dei c. divina decem præcepta.

Commateral, ex eadem materiâ.

Commemorable, commemorabilis.

To commemorate, commemorare.

A commemoration, commemoratio, celebratio. *Yearly*, annuæ versaria mortuû alicujus commemoratione.

Commemorative, ad v. in memoriam.

To commence or *begin*, aliquid inchoare, incipere, ordiri. Or *take a degree*, initiari. Or *proceed* doctor in divinitate, theologice laureâ donari; in doctorum ordinem ascisci.

He that has newly commenced, inceptor.

A commencement or *act in the universitates*, comitia academica.

To commend, commendare, laudare; celebrare, plaudere.

[Commit unto] mandare; aliquid alicujus fidei committere.

One's self or *send one's compliments to a person*, aliquem salutare; alicui salutem dicere.

Commendable, laudabilis.

Commendably, laudabiliter.

To hold a living in commendam, beneficium ecclesiasticum sibi filiciariâ possessione commendatum habere.

A commendation, laus.

Commendations [salutations] salutationes.

To send commendations, salutare, salutem alicui mittere.

Letters of commendation, literæ commendatitiæ.

Commendatory, commendatitius.

To be commended [or laudable] laudabilis. *Highly*, celebris.

A commander, laudator, laudatrix, f.

To commensurate, adæquare.

Commensurable, proportionis æquantus.

A comment or *commentary*, commentarius, commentarium.

To comment or *write comments*, scriptoris libros commentari, explicare, dilucidare.

A commentator, commentator alicujus scriptoris interpres.

Commentitious, commentitius, fictitius.

Commerce, commercium, mercatura.

Commerce or *intercourse by letters*, commercia literarum.

[Correspondence] commercium, consuetudo.

To have commerce with, consuescere.

Commercial, ad commercium pertinens.

A commination, comminatio, minatio.

To commiserate, commiserari, misereri.

Commiserated, cuius misertum est.

Commiseration, commiseratio.

A commissary [delegate] curator. [Ecclesiastical officer] officialis foraneus. [Master-muster] armorum lustrator.

A commission, mandatum, delegatio.

To commission bi put into commission, aliquid alicui legare.

The commission of the peace, ireniarchia.

A commission of bankrupts, decretum que contrabatorum possessiones aliorum fidei co

resolventur ad debitas pecuni dissolvendas.

A commission officer, præfectus militaris regio diplomate constitutus.

A commissioner [delegate] curator ad rem aliquam agendam delegatus. [Appointed between two parties] arbiter honorarius. [To treat with foreign princes] syndicus.

To commit or *do*, committere patrare, perpetrare. *An offence to one*, munus alicui de ferre. *Unto*, tradere, credere.

Himself to, commendare.

A commitment to prison, in cus todiam traditio.

A committee, arbitrorum consessus.

A committee-man, unus ex curatoribus selectis.

A committing, commissio.

To commit, commiscere.

A commixture or *commixture*, admixtio.

Commodious, commodus, utilis, aptus, opportunus.

Commodiously, commode, apte, opportune.

Commodiousness or *commodity* [convenience or profit] utilitas, opportunitas.

Commodities [wares] merces, ium, f. pl.

A commodore, navium præfectus.

Common, communis. [Ordinary] popularis, vulgaris.

Common [well known] pervulgatus.

In common, communiter, de medio.

The common-council, civitatis commune concilium.

A common-council-man, unus civitatis communi concilio.

The common people or *commonalty*, vulgus, plebs.

A common-place, communis locus. *Book*, adversaria, pl. commentarius.

The Common-Pleas, communia placita.

The book of common prayer, precum communium liber.

A common proverb or *saying*, vetus verbum, tritum proverbium.

The commonwealth, respublica.

A common [common pasture] ager compascuus, pascuum publicum.

To become or *grow common*, vulgo fieri.

To lie common, incultus jacere.

To make common, divulgare.

Of the common sort, gregarius plebeus.

It is very common, pervulgatum est.
With common consent, commuiter, communi consensu.
Commonage [right of pasture] pascompascuum.
A commoner in a university, collegii socius.
Commonly, vulgo, vulgariter.
Commonness, frequentia.
The House of Commons, senatus interior, plebis conventus.
Commons or allowance, demensura.
Short commons, demensum tenue.
Commons, convictus.
To lie in commons, convivere.
A commotion, commotio, seditio; tumultus.
To stir up a commotion, tumultuari.
To commune together, aliquid cum aliquo communicare; de aliquâ re cum aliquo colloqui.
Communicable, quod cum aliquo communicari potest.
A communicant, eucharistiæ participans.
To communicate [impart to] aliquid cum aliquo communicare. [Receive the sacrament] eucharistiæ v. cœnæ Dominicæ participare fieri. With [divide] participare.
Communicating or communication, communicativeness, communicatio. [Discourse] colloquium, sermo, sermocinatio.
Communicative, qui facile aliquid cum alio communicat.
The communion, cœna Domini, eucharistia.
To receive the communion, sacro convivio interesse.
Communion or community, communitas; consortium.
Commutation [change] commutatio.
To commute [buy off] punishment, culpam pretio soluto redimere.
Communal, mutuus.
A compact [agreement] compactum, fœdus.
To compact [fasten together] compingere, constringere.
Compact [set in order] concinnus, nitidus. [Strongly] firmus.
Well compacted, elaboratus, exactus.
A compacting, compactio, coagmentatio.
Compactly [closely] compressæ, arcte. [Neatly] concinne, nitide. [Strongly] solide.
Compactness or compactedness, concinnitas, firmitas.
A compacture, compages, is. f. compago, gtnis. f.
A companion, comes, socius.
A companion at play, collusor.
At school, condiscipulus. In office, collega.

A boon companion, comissator. Merry, congerro.
A pot-companion, compotor, compotrix.
A companion in arms, commilito. In service, conservus, conserva.
A companion [partaker] consors, participans.
Companionable, sociabilis.
Companionship, sodalinitium.
A company [assembly] conventus, cœtus.
A great company, examen, frequentia.
Company [society] societas, sodalitas.
To bear or keep one company, comitari; se comitem alicui præbere.
To break company, disassociare, a sociis dissociare.
To get company to one's self, sibi socios adsciscere.
A company [corporation] corpus, civitas, societas.
The East-India Company, mercaturæ in Indiâ orientali faciendæ societas.
To take one in to be a member of a company, in collegium aliquem cooptare.
A company of lewd persons, colluvies, colluvio.
A company of soldiers, cohors, manus.
A company of foot, peditum caterva. Of horse, equitum turma. Or troop of light horse, expedita levis armaturæ turma.
To divide into companies, decurriare.
By companies, catervatim, gregatim.
A companying, consociatio, communitas.
A breaking of company, dissociatio.
Comparable, comparabilis, conferendus.
Comparably, per modum comparationis.
Comparative, comparativus.
Comparatively, comparate.
To compare, aliquid alicui v. cum aliquo comparare, conferre.
To compare [make equal] æquare, adæquare, æquiparare.
Beyond compare or comparison, incomparabilis, nihil supra.
Compared, collatus.
A comparing, compare, comparison, comparatio, collatio.
In comparison of, præ, ad [when it governs a case; when it does not] præ quam v. præ ut.
A compartment, divisio, dimensio.
A compass or circuit, circuitus, ambitus.
The compass of the moon, orbita lunæ. Of the world, mœnia mundi.

A mariner's compass, index nauticus.
A compass or space, complexus.
A compass of words [a period] verborum complexio.
A compass or pair of compasses, circinus.
To measure with them, circinare.
To open them, circinum divaricare.
Compass [limits] limites, um. m. pl.
A compass [winding] ambages, pl.
To draw into a narrow compass, contrahere.
To keep within compass, modum tenere.
To compass or fetch a compass about, ambire, circumire. [Attain] assequi, consequi.
A business or bring it to a conclusion, negotium conficere.
By force, aliquid ab aliquo extorquere. By entreaty, exorare. Or imagine the death of a person, de interficiendo aliquo rationem inire. Round about, amplecti, camplecti. [Go about to take a view of] lustrare, perlustrare.
A compassing [surrounding] ambitus, circuitus; circuitio. [View] lustratio. [Attaining] impetratio.
Compassion, misericordia, miseration, clementia.
To compassionate or take compassion of, misereri.
Deserving or worthy of compassion, miserabilis, miserandus.
One without compassion, immisericors, ferreus.
Compassionate, misericors, clementis.
Compassionately, miserabiliter, clementer.
Compatibility, habilis rerum inter se conciliatio.
Compatible, consistens.
Not compatible, res quæ conciliari non possunt.
A compatriot, popularis, civis.
A compeer, comes, æqualis.
To compel, compellere, cogere.
Compellable, qui v. quæ ad aliquid faciendum compelli possunt.
Compellation [a calling by name] compellatio.
A compeller, qui ad aliquid agendum cogit.
A compelling, vis.
Compendious [brief] brevis, compendarius.
Compendiously, breviter, summarim.
To speak compendiously, conferre verba in compendium.
Compendiousness, brevitatis.
A compendium, summarium; epitome.
To make a compendium of his

toꝛy, historiam in epitomen co-
gẽre.

To compensate, compensare.

A compensation, compensatio.

A competence, competency, or
competent estate, opes modicæ;
quod satis est.

Competency [ability] facultas.*

Competent, congruens, conveni-
ens, idoneus.

A competent judge, iudex ido-
neus. Scholar, satis doctus.

Competently, satis convenienter,
congruenter.

Competition, ejusdem rei cum
alio desiderium.

A competitor, competitor, æmu-
lus.

A compilation or compilement;
collectio rerum ex aliis excerpta.

To compile, componẽre; colligẽre;
racemari.

A compiler, qui varias res ex di-
versis scriptoribus colligit.

A compiling, compositio, collectio.

Complacence or complacency,
delectatio; delectamentum, ob-
lectamentum.

To complain, queri, conqueri.

Of or against, accusare, crimi-
nari; deferre. Greatly, quiri-
tari, clamitare. Or lament

grievously, lamentari, plorare.

Softly, murrare.

A complainant or plaintiff, actor,
accusator, petitor.

A complainer or murmurer,
querulus.

A false complainer, sycophanta,
æ. m. Secret, delator.

Complaining or apt to complain,
queribundus, querulus.

A complaining, conquestio, quiri-
tatio.

A complaint, querela; questus.

[Lamentation] plaucus, gemitus.

A complaint against one, delatio,
incusatio. False, sycophantia.

A bill of complaint, actio; li-
bellus accusatorius.

Complaisance [obliging beha-
viour] comitas, urbanitas.

[Condescension] obsequium,
indulgentia.

Complaisant, comis, urbanus,
affabilis, moriger.

Complaisantly, comiter, studi-
ose.

A complement, complementum.

To complete, perficẽre, conficẽre;
explere.

Completely, perfecte, absolute,
accurate.

Completeness, completion, per-
fectio.

Complexion [constitution of the
body] corporis habitus. [Col-
our of the face] oris color.

Fine, eximius color. Pale,
pallidus oris color. Lively,
vegetus oris color.

Complex, complicated, multi-
plex, complexus, complicatus.

Complexly, conjuncte, conjunc-
tim.

Complexional, ad constitutio-
nem pertinens.

Complexure, complexedness,
coagmentatio, compactio, copu-
latio.

Compliance, assensus, obsequi-
um, indulgentia.

A complicated disease, morbus
multiplex.

Complication, congeries.

To compliment one or with one,
adblandiri, blandiri.

Without compliment, sine blan-
ditia.

Complimental or full of compli-
ments, officiosus.

Complimentally, comiter, urba-
niter.

A complimenter, urbanitatis ni-
mis studiosus.

A complimenting, officiosa salu-
tatio.

The compline, preces vesperti-
nae.

A complot, conspiratio.

To complot, contra aliquem
conspirare.

Complotting or full of com-
plots, insidiosus, dolosus.

To comply, assentiri; parere.

A complying, assensus, consen-
sus.

To comport or behave, mori-
geri, alterius obsequi studiosus.

[Agree or suit] convenire, ac-
commodari, aptari.

Comport or comportment, vitæ
ratio, mores, pl. ageudi viven-
dique ratio.

To compose, componẽre, con-
texẽre, condẽre. Verse, pan-
gẽre. [As printers] typos com-
ponẽre v. connectẽre. [Calm]
sedare, placare.

Composedly, tranquille, placide.

A composer, compositor. [Writ-
er] scriptor. Of songs, inausur-
sus.

A composing [as printers] ty-
porum dispositio.

Composite, compositus.

A composition [make] compo-
sitio. [Agreement] pactum.

A composition [piece of writing]
compositio, scriptio.

A compositor [in a printing-
office] typorum dispositor.

A compossessor, predi socius v.
particeps.

Compost for manuring land,
stercus.

Composure or tranquillity of
mind, animi tranquillitas.

Computation, computatio.

To compound, componẽre. A
difference, litem componẽre.

[Buy off a thing] redimẽre.

[Mix several things] miscere.

To compound with one's credi-
tors, cum creditoribus concisci.

A compound, verbum compo-
nitum.

A compound or mixture of di-
vers ingredients, compositio
sarrago.

A compounder, conciliator.

A compounding, compositio

With, decisio. [Mixing] ad-
mixtio.

To comprehend, comprehendẽre,
complexi, continere. For mind,
mente concipere. Much in few
words, perstringere. Or conceive,
rem tenere v. intellectu consequi.

Not to be comprehended, incom-
prehensus.

Comprehensible, comprehensibi-
lis.

Comprehensibly, plane, persapi-
cie.

A comprehending, comprehen-
sio, complexus; perceptio.

Comprehensive [containing] ca-
pax. [Compendious] contrac-
tus.

Comprehensiveness, rerum com-
pressio.

A compress [in surgery] peni-
cillus venæ incisæ impositus ad
sistendum sanguinem.

To compress, comprimẽre.

Compressible, quod comprimĩ
potest.

Compression, compressure, com-
pressio.

Compressive, ad compressiõnem
pertinens.

To comprise, comprehendẽre,
continere, complexi, conclu-
dẽre.

A compromise, compromissum.

To compromise, compromittẽre.

He by whom a controversy is
compromised, arbiter, litis di-
remptor.

Compulsatory, compulsory, com-
pelleas.

Compulsion, vis.

Compulsive, ad vim v. violenti-
am pertinens.

Compunction, compunctio.

A compurgator, qui testimoni-
um dicit.

Computable, computabilis.

A computation, computatio;
calculus.

To compute, computare, nume-
rare.

A computer or computist, nume-
randi peritus.

A computing, computatio, esti-
matio.

A comrade or chamber-mate,
contubernalis. [Companion]
socius; consociatus.

To con [get without book] me-
morie mandare; edacẽre.

Conceive memoria repetẽre.*

Concatenated, nexius, connexus,
colligatus.

A concatenation, series.

Concave or concavous, concavus.

Made concave, excavatus.

A concavity, cavum, caverna.
To conceal, celare, occultare.
Concealable, quod potest celari.
*To be concealed, latere, obli-
 tescere, occultari.*
A concealer, occultator.
*A concealing or concealment, oc-
 cultatio; suppressio.*
*To concede [grant] annuere,
 concedere.*
*A conceit or opinion, opinio, ex-
 timatio; sententia.*
A witty conceit, lepor.
A conceit or fancy, imaginatio.
A conceit or jest, jocus.
Pretty conceit, sales, facetiæ, pl.
*A fantastical conceit, ineptie,
 pl. trica.*
Idle conceits, nuge.
*Full of pleasant conceits, lepi-
 dus, facetus.*
*To conceit [fancy or imagine]
 imaginari.*
*Conceited [fantastical] cerebro-
 sum; vecors. [Affected] nimis
 affectatus. [Proud] gloriosus.*
*Conceited language or style, af-
 fectata verborum concinnitas.*
Conceitedly, arroganter.
*Conceitedness, vecordia, affec-
 tatio.*
*Self-conceit, nimia sui fiducia,
 arrogancia.*
Conceitless, sine affectatione.
*Conceivable, conceptibile, quod
 animo concipi potest; planus,
 perspicuus.*
*To conceive, concipere; com-
 prehendere. Or supposed, ex-
 timare, sentire. Beforehand,
 precipere. Of, judicare. [A
 child or young] concipere. [A
 displeasure against one, indig-
 nari, irasci. Mischievous, perni-
 ciosum aliiu struere. Jealousy,
 alicui invidere.*
*Not to be conceived, incompre-
 hensus.*
A concert or concert, concertus.
*To concert, arte convenire,
 in unum confari.*
*Concentration [in natural phi-
 losophy] corporum in eodem
 puncto terminatio.*
*Concentric, concentrical, eodem
 tendens.*
A conceptacle, conceptaculum.
*A conception [notion] cogitatio,
 notio. [Conceiving with young]
 conceptio.*
Conceptive, fecundus.
*A concern [affair or business]
 negotium, res.*
Concern [grief] dolor, tristitia.
[Care] cura.
A concern for, reverentia.
*To concern or belong to, perti-
 nere, attinere; spectare.*
*It concerns me, thee, him, perti-
 net, spectat; refert, interest,
 meâ, tuâ, suâ.*
*To concern [affect or trouble]
 tristicare.*
To be concerned, trepidare.

Concerning, de, quod ad.
A concert [in music] concertus.
*To concert, de re aliquâ cum alio
 deliberare.*
*A concerting, deliberatio, con-
 sultatio.*
A concession, concessio.
To conciliate, conciliare.
*Conciliatory, ad conciliationem
 pertinens.*
Concise, concisus, strictus.
Concisely, attenuate, stricte.
Conciseness, brevisitas; paucitas.
Concision, excisio.
*A concave [inner room] con-
 clave.*
*To conclude, concludere, confi-
 cere. [Determine] decernere,
 decidere. [Resolve with him-
 self] statuere. [Make short]
 denique.*
*A concluding or conclusion [end-
 ing] conclusio, finis. Of a
 play, epilogus. Of a letter or
 book, extrema clausula.*
*Concludent, conclusive, conclu-
 sive, certus; censorius.*
*The conclusion of a discourse,
 peroratio, clausula; epilogus.*
*A conclusion [inference] con-
 secutio, connexum, corollarium.*
In conclusion, denique, postremo.
*Conclusive [last] extremus, pos-
 tremus. [Binding] alligans,
 obligans.*
Conclusively, definite.
*To concoct, concoquere, dige-
 rere.*
*A concoction or concocting, con-
 coctio, digestio.*
Concomitancy, comitatus.
*A concomitant or companion,
 comes.*
*To concomitate, comitari; ad-
 herere.*
*Concord, concordance concor-
 dancy, concordia, unanimitas.*
*In grammar, convenientia. In
 music, harmonia.*
*To be at concord, concordare,
 consentire.*
*A concordance [book] index bib-
 liorum.*
*Concordant, concordans, con-
 sentiens.*
*To incorporate, commiscere;
 incorporare.*
*A concourse of people, concur-
 rus; cætus; frequentia.*
Concrecence, concretio.
A concrete, concretum.
Concrete or concreted concretus.
To concrete, conlescere.
Concretely, conjunctim.
Concretion, concretus.
Concubinage, concubinitas.
A concubine, concubina.
*A concubine to a married man,
 pellex, icia. f.*
*To conculcate [tread upon] con-
 culcare, conterere.*
Concupiscence, libido, cupidus.
Concupiscent, libidinosus.

*To concur [agree] consentire,
 convenire, assentiri. [Help]
 concurrere.*
A concurrence, consensu.
[Meeting] concursus.
*Concurrent or concurring, con-
 currentis.*
A concussion, concussio.
*To condemn, damnare. To
 death, capite damnare. Before-
 hand, prædamnare. [Blame]
 vituperare; reprehendere. [Dis-
 like] improbare. Or cast in a
 law-suit, litem adjudicare.*
*Condemnable, vituperandus, re-
 prehendendus.*
A condemnation, damnatio.
*A condemnatory sentence or sen-
 tence of condemnation, judi-
 cium damnatorium.*
A condemner, condemnator.
*The condemned hole, locus in
 carcere ubi capite damnati
 vincti tenentur.*
*Condensable, quod comprimi
 potest.*
*To condense or condense
 [make thick] condensare.*
Condense [thick] condensus.
*A condensing or condensation,
 densatio.*
Condensity, densitas.
Condens, halecum speculatores.
To descend, se demittere.
*To ask a favour, descendere
 ad preces. [Yield] concedere.*
[Vouchsafe] dignari.
*A condescending or condescen-
 sion, obsequium, indulgentia;
 sui demissio.*
Condescending, obsequens.
*Condescendingly, benigne, com-
 miter.*
*Condign, dignus, meritus, con-
 dignus.*
Condignly, digne, condigne.
*A condition [state] conditio, for-
 tuna sors, status. [Covenant]
 conditio lex, pactum. [Dispo-
 sition] mos, indoles. [Rank]
 ordo, locus.*
*Fair or good conditioned, be-
 nignus, candidus. Ill condi-
 tioned, malignus, morosus.*
To condition, pacisci.
Conditional, cum exceptione.
*Conditionally, sub conditione;
 hæc lege ut.*
*Conditionary, cui adjecta est
 conditio.*
A conditioning, pactio.
*To condole, simul dolere; com-
 misereri.*
*Condolence or condolement, do-
 lor ex alterius dolore conceptus.*
A condoler, qui v. que condoleat.
Condoling, simul dolens.
*Conducibile, conducive, utilis,
 aptus; conducibilis.*
Conduciveness, commoditas.
To conduct [bring] ducere.
[Manage] tractare.
Conduct [behaviour] vitæ ratio.
Conduct, ductus, auspiciu.

A conducting [leading] deductio. [*Managing*] administratio.
A conductor, deductor; dux.
A conduit, canalis.
A small conduit, canaliculus.
A cone, conus.
To confabulate, confabulari; sermones serere.
A confabulation, colloquium.
To confection [preserve] condire.
A confection or confection, conditio, conditura.
A confection, compositio medica.
A confectioner, pistor dulciarius.
A confederacy [alliance] fœdus, societas.
A confederacy [combination or conspiracy] conjuratio, conspiratio.
A confederate, socius, consilii particeps.
To confederate one's self with, sociare, societatem cum aliquo conjungere, iungere. *Against a person*, contra aliquem conjurare.
Confederates or allies, socii, fœderati.
Of or belonging to confederates, socialia.
To confer [bestow] conferre, tribuere. [*Compare*] conferre, comparare, componere. *With*, colloqui.
A conference, colloquium, congressus. *Pleasant*, facetie, pl.
A conferrer, collator, largitor, dator.
A conferring, collatio, largitio.
To confess, confiteri, agnoscere. *Confessedly*, ex confesso.
A confessing or confession, confessio, agnitio.
Auricular confession, confessio auricularis.
A confessor, qui constititur v. agnoscit. [*Priest*] sacerdos a confessionibus v. qui confitentibus aures præbet.
It is confessed, in confesso est; nemini dubium est.
To confide, fidere, confidere.
Confidence [trust] fiducia, confidentia.
To have or put confidence in, confidere.
To have a share in a person's confidence, versari in alicujus familiaritate.
To put small confidence in, male credere.
Having confidence in, fretus, confusus.
Confidence [boldness] confidentia; fidentia; audacia.
Self-confidence, sui fiducia.
Confident, confidens, audax, certus.
A confident, confident, amicus certus, familiaris.
Self-confident, sibi ipsi nimium fidens.

Confidently [boldly] confidenter, audacter.
A configuration of stars, siderum v. astrorum affectio.
To configure, conformare.
To confine [keep in] coercere, cohibere, detinere. [*Banish to a certain place*] relegare. *In prison*, aliquem in carcere includere, detinere. *Or border upon*, continere v. confinire esse.
Confines, confinia, limites, pl.
A confining or confinement [restraining] coercitio.
Confinement [in prison] in carcere detentio.
Confinement by business, occupatio.
A confiner, accola, confinia.
To confirm [strengthen] confirmare, stabilire. [*Ratify*] aliquid approbare v. ratum habere.
To confirm a child, in Christianâ fide confirmare.
A confirming or confirmation [by the bishop] in Christianâ fide confirmatio.
A confirmation or confirming, confirmatio, stipulatio.
A confirmer or confirmator, confirmator, stipulator.
To confiscate, confiscare.
A confiscation, publicatio, proscriptio.
A buyer of confiscated goods, sector, sectrix.
To confix, configere.
A confagation, deflagratio, incendium.
A conflict [contest] contentio; controversia. [*Fight*] pugna, prælium. *Violent*, impetus, impulsus.
To conflict, configere, certare, concertare.
A confluence [resort of people] frequentia, cæsus. [*The meeting of rivers*] confluentia.
Confluent [flowing together] confluentia.
Conflux, concursus.
To conform [make agreeable to] conformare, accommodare.
To conform to the established church, se ecclesiæ legi stabilitæ conformare. *To another's will*, morigerari.
Conform or conformable to, consentaneus, congruens.
Conformably, congruenter.
A conformist, qui se ecclesiæ legi stabilitæ conformat.
Conformity or conformableness, congruentia, convenientia.
Conformity of opinions, opinionum consensus.
To confound [destroy or waste] pessundare, perdere. [*Mix together*] confundere, permiscere. [*Put out of order*] conturbare, perturbare. [*Put out*

of countenance] alicui pudore incutere.
A confounded or unlucky business, res infelix.
Confoundedly [horribly] horribilem in modum.
A confounder or waster of his patrimony, prodigus. [*A disturber*] turbator.
A confounding, confusio, conturbatio.
Confraternity, societas.
To confront, coram conferre.
A confronting, hominis cum homine, veri indagandi causâ commissio.
Confusedly, confuse, perturbate.
Confusedness or confusion [disorder] confusio, perturbatio. [*Destruction*] perniciosa. [*Shame*] pudor. *Of mind*, excitata mentis concussio.
To bring into confusion, confundere.
A confusion or a confusing, confusio.
To confuse, confutare; refellere, redarguere.
To confuse an argument or objection, argumentum infirmare, refellere. *A slander*, calumniam diluere.
To congeal [act.] congelare, astringere; [neut.] concrecere, congelari.
Congeatable, congelationi idoneus.
A congealing, or congelatio, congelatio. Or *congealment*, concretio.
A congè, al. congy, venerabunda corporis inflexio.
To congè, al. congy, corpus inclinare, poplitum flectere; valde dicere.
Congè d'être, venia eligendi.
Congenerous, ejusdem generis.
Congenial, congenite, congenitus, affinis.
A conger [fish] conger, gri. m.
A congestion, concervatio.
To conglobate, conglobare.
Conglomeration, admixtio.
To conglutinate, conglutinare.
A conglutinating or conglutination, conglutinatio.
Congratulant, congratulans.
To congratulate, gratulari, congratulari.
A congratulation, congratulatio. *Vid. Lat.*
Congratulatory, gratulabundus.
To congregate, invicem salutare.
To congregate, congregare.
A congregation, congregatio, cæsus, concio.
Congregational, congregationis suffragio pendens.
A congregation-house, comitium.
A congress [or meeting] congressus, conventus. [*Encounter*] congressus, coitio.
Congruence, congruity, or co-

pament, congruentia, conve-
nientia.
Convenient or *congruous*, con-
gruens.
Congruously, congruenter.
Conjectural, conjecturalis, opi-
nabilis.
Conjecturally, ex conjecturâ.
A conjecture, conjectura, opinio.
To conjecture, conjicere; augu-
rari.
A conjecturer or *conjector*, con-
jector; ariolus.
A conjecturing, conjectatio;
ariolatio.
Conjecturing, divinations.
Coniferous, conifer.
To conjoin, conjungere; con-
nectere.
A conjoining, conjunctio; con-
nectio.
Conjointly, conjuncte, conjunc-
tum.
Conjugal, conjugalis.
To conjugate a verb, verbum
conjugare.
A conjugating, inflexio, decli-
natio.
A conjugation [of words from
the same root, as *Sapiens*,
sapienter, *sapientia*] conjuga-
tio, Gr. *Whence such words*
are called conjugata, pl.
Conjunct, concurrens.
A conjunction, conjunctio, ad-
iunctio.
The conjunction of the sun and
moon, interlunium.
Conjunctive, conjunctivus.
A conjuncture or *joining toge-*
ther, junctura. [*State of af-*
airs] temporis ratio, rerum
status.
A conjunction, conjuratio, con-
spiratio. *In magic*, incanta-
mentum.
To conspire [conspire] conju-
rare, conspirare. [*Adjure*]
urare, obsecrare. *As magi-*
cians, fascinare.
A conjurer, magus, veneficus.
A conjuring [as magicians] fa-
scinatio.
A conjuring or *conjurement* [ad-
juring] obtestatio, obsecratio.
Constate or *conatural*, innatus,
ingeneratus.
Concave ideas, consignatæ in
animis notiones.
To connect, connectere, alligare.
Connectively, conjunctim.
A connexion, connexio, series.
Connexive, connectendi vim ha-
bens.
Connivance, dissimulatio.
To connive, connivere, dissimu-
lare.
Connubial, conjugalis.
To conquer, vincere, subigere,
debiliare, superare.
Conquerable, superabilis, vinci-
bilis.
Not to be conquered, invictus.
A conquering, exconquatio.

A conquering army, victor ex-
ercitus.
A conqueror, victor, debellator.
A conquest, victoria.
Consanguineous, consanguineus.
Consanguinity, consanguinitas,
cognatio.
The conscience, conscientia.
A good or clear conscience, con-
scientia recta.
A scruple of conscience, scrupu-
lus.
Of a scrupulous conscience, re-
ligiosus.
Conscience [fear and regard of]
religio.
To discharge his conscience, ani-
mam liberare.
To be troubled in conscience, con-
scientiâ cruciari.
Enough in all conscience, sat
superque.
Remorse of conscience, angor
conscientiæ.
Searedness of conscience, con-
scientia nullâ religione tacta.
Conscientious, æquus, justus,
integer.
Conscientiously, religiose, pie.
Conscientiousness, recta con-
scientia.
Conscionable, æquus, justus.
Conscionableness, æquitas, jus-
titia.
Conscionably, æque, juste.
Conscious, conscius.
Consciously, ex conscientiâ.
Consciousness, conscientia; me-
moria.
To consecrate, consecrare, dedi-
care.
To be consecrated, consecrari,
dedicari.
Consecrated, consecratus, dica-
tus, dedicatus.
A consecrator, qui consecrat.
A consecrating or *consecration*,
consecratio, dedicatio.
A consecratory, consecrarium.
Consecutive, sequens, subse-
quens.
Consent, consensio, consensus,
consensio.
Consent or *assent*, assensus, as-
sensio.
To consent, consentire, conven-
nire.
To consent or *give his consent*,
assentire, suffragari, acce-
dere.
To consent or *yield to*, indul-
gere, concedere.
Against my consent, me invito.
Without my consent, me incon-
sulto.
With one consent, concorditer,
omnium consensu.
Consensaneous, consentaneus,
congruens.
Consentaneously, congruenter.
Consentient, consentiens, con-
spirans.
A consenting to, assensio, ap-
probatio; assensus.

A consequence, consecutio; con-
sequentia.
Of dangerous consequence, res
periculosa. *Of great*, res
magni momenti. *Of little*, res
levis. *Of no*, res nihili.
Consequent, consequens; con-
sectarius.
Consequential, consentaneus
congruens.
Consequently or *consequential-*
ly, necessarie, deinceps.
Conservation, conservatio.
A conservator, conservator, in
conservatrix, f.
A conservatory, conditorium.
To conserve [keep or maintain]
conservare; custodire. [*Pre-*
serve with sugar, &c.] saccharè
condire.
A conserver, qui res conditivas
parat.
To consider, considerare, con-
templari, speculari, spectare;
animadvertere. *Beforehand*,
præmeditari. *Often*, retrac-
tare, cogitare. *Deeply*, medi-
tari, secum altius cogitare.
Thoroughly, excogitare. [*Re-*
member a thing] in memoriâ
habere, revolvère. [*Requite*
one] remunerare; gratiam re-
ferre.
Considerable, haud aspernan-
dus.
A considerable person, vir cla-
rus, illustris, insignis, nobilis.
Estate, opes amplæ. *Thing*,
res magni momenti.
Considerableness, dignitas.
Considerably, multum, maxime.
Considerate, consideratus, pru-
dens, providens.
Considerately, considerate, co-
gitate, consulto.
Considerateness, prudentia, cau-
tio.
Consideration, considerance, a
considering, consideratio, con-
templatio.
Consideration [requital] remu-
neratio. [*Regard*] ratio. [*Mea-*
sure] modus.
Without consideration, temere,
inconsulte. [*Carelessly*] ne-
gligenter.
After consideration, re cognitâ.
A deep consideration, medita-
tio, contemplatio.
Considerations [motives] incita-
menta, monita.
To take a thing into considera-
tion, aliquid v. de aliquâ re co-
gitare; aliquid animo versare.
A considerer, contemplator;
spectator.
Considering or *considering*
that, quando, quandoquidem,
utpote.
To consign, consignare, dam-
nare.
A consigning or *consignment*,
assignatio.
To consist [be placed in or made

of] in re aliquâ consistere, ex aliquâ re constare.
To consist or be consistent with, convenire, congruere.
Consistence [lastingness] firmitas. [Thickness of liquid things] concretio, spissitas. [Suitableness] convenientia, congruentia.
Consistent, consonus, congruens.
Consistently, convenienter, congruenter.
A consistory, concilium, senaculum.
To consociate, consociare.
A consociating, consociation, consociatio, conjunctio.
Consolable, consolabilis.
To consolate, console or comfort, solari v. consolari; solatium dare, præbere, afferre.
Consolation, solatium, consolatior.
A consolator or consoler, qui v. que consolatur.
Consolatory, consolatorius.
To consolidate, solidare, consolidare.
A wound, vulnus conglutinare.
To consolidate or be consolidated, solidescere.
A consolidating or consolidation, conglutinatio.
Consonance, consonancy, consonantia, congruentia.
Consonant, consentaneus, consonans.
A consonant, consonans, [sc. littera.]
To be consonant, consonare, congruere.
Consensually, convenienter, congruenter.
A consort, consors. Vid. Companion.
A consort [wife] conjux, uxor.
The royal consort, regina, conjux regia.
To consort with, societatem cum aliquo inire.
Consortable, conferendus; equalis.
Conspicuity, splendor.
Conspicuousness, dignitas.
Conspicuous [easy to be seen] manifestus, conspicuus. [Famous] illustris.
Conspicuously, manifeste, perspicue.
A conspiracy or conspiring, conspiratio, conjuratio.
A conspirator or conspirer, conspirator, conjuratus.
To conspire or plot together, conspirare, conjurare. Or agree together, in unum consentire. Against one's self, in alicujus exitium conjurare.
A constable, irenarcha, constabularius.
A high constable, irenarcha superior.
A constable of the Tower of London, arcis Londinensis præfectus.

A constableness, munus v. provincia irenarchæ.
To outrun the constable, sumptus extra modum prodigere.
Constancy or steadfastness, firmitudo, immutabilitas. [Faithfulness] fides, fidelitas.
Constancy in suffering, patientia. In acting, perseverantia.
Constant or even, certus, æquabilis.
Constant [steadfast] constans, firmus, immutabilis. [Faithful] fidus, melis. To a purpose, tenax propositi, pertinax. In suffering, patiens, tolerans. [Lasting] perpetuus, assiduus. Against, obstinatus, contumax, pertinax.
Constantly, constanter, æquabiliter, pertinaciter.
A constellation, sidus.
Consternation, consternatio.
To be in a consternation, animo v. animis consternari.
To put into a consternation, aliquem consternare.
To constrict or cram close together, constipare. Or bind the belly, alvum astringere.
Constipation or cramming close together, stipatio.
Constipation of the bowels, alvi strictio; alvus astricta.
A constituent or constituter, constitutor.
To constitute, constituere.
Constituting, constituens.
A constituting or a constitution, constitutio.
The constitution of the body, constitutio, habitus, temperatio.
Constitution [government] reipublicæ forma.
Constitutional, ingenuus.
Constitutive, in rei naturâ positus.
To constrain, constringere, compellere; cogere.
Not constrained, voluntarius.
A constrainer, qui cogit.
A constraining or a constraint, vis, necessitas, impulsus. [Keeping in] coercitio.
Constrainedly, invite, ingratis. Without constraint, ultro, sua sponte, suapte.
To constrict, to constringe, contrahere, comprimere.
A constriction [binding] colligatio.
Constringent, constringens.
To construct, construere.
A construction [in building] constructio.
Construction, verborum constructio.
A construction [construing] interpretatio; explicatio.
To construe, interpretari; exponere.
Consubstantial, ejusdem substantiæ.

Consubstantiation, duarum substantiarum conjunctio.
A consul [among the Romans] consul.
A consul for merchants, consyndicus.
A consulship, consulate, consularia.
A consul's jurisdiction, jurisdiction dictio consularia.
He that hath been consul, consularis, vir consularis.
Consul-like, consulariter.
Consular, consularia.
A consul or consultation, consultatio, deliberatio.
To consult or ask a person's advice, aliquem consulere. Oracles, sortes poscere.
A consultation of physicians, medicorum convocatorum consultatio.
To consult with one's self, cum de aliquâ re consultare rem animo perpendere. With another, consilia cum aliquo communicare. An author, auctorem adire. Provide for, aliquid rei consulere.
That pertaineth to consultation, deliberativa.
A thing agreed upon by consultation, consilium.
A consulter, consultor, deliberator.
To consume [act.] consumere; interficere, terere. [Squander away] profundere; dissipare. Neut. [Decay or waste away] extabescere, deliquescere. [Devour] devorare. [Diminish] rem minuire, detere. As metal in refining, excoquere. [Spoil] lacerare, spoliare.
A consumer, consumptor, confector. [Devourer] exesor.
A consuming, consumptio.
Consuming or pining away, tabidus, marcidus.
To consummate, consummare, perficere.
Consummate happiness, vita beata. Virtue, perfecta virtus.
A consummating or consummation, consummatio.
A consumption, consumptio. Of the body, tabes. Of the lungs, phthisis.
A consumptive person, phthisicus, tabidus.
Contact or contaction, contactus.
A contagion, contagio, contagies.
Contagious, pestiferus, tabificus.
Contagiousness, vis tabifica.
To contain or hold, continere, capere. [Keep chaste] libidinem frænare, coercere. [Keep in] cohibere.
Able to contain, containabile capax.
A containing, comprehensio complexio.

Containing, continens, capitula.
 To contaminate, contaminare, lacerare.
 A contaminating or conatamination labes, sordides.
 To contemn, temnere; spernere. *Disdainfully*, proculcare.
 A contemner, contemptor, spreator.
 A contemning, contemptio; despectio.
 To contemplate, contemplari, speculari.
 A contemplating or contemplation, contemplatio, consideratio.
 Contemplative, contemplativus, speculativus.
 A contemplative man, contemplator.
 Contemplatively, studiose.
 Contemplativeness, facultas contemplandi.
 A contemplator of nature, natura contemplator v. speculator.
 Contemporary or cotemporary, æqualis.
 Contempt, contemptus, contemptio.
 To be guilty of contempt to a court, carere auctoritatem contemnere.
 Contemptuously, contemptim, fastidiosè.
 Contemtable, contemnendus, despicendus, aspernandus.
 Contemptibleness, vilitas.
 Contemptuous, fastidiosus.
 Contemptuously, fastidiosè, contumeliosè.
 To contend, cum aliquo contendere, certare, confidgere, luctari. *Against*, oblucriari, repugnare. *For mastery*, de imperio certare. *For a test*, propugnare.
 A contender, certator, concertator.
 A contending or contention, controversia, contentio. Vid. Contest.
 Content or contentment, satisfactio, delectatio, oblectatio.
 Contented, contentus, placatus; quietus.
 To content, alicui satisfacere, animum alicujus explere. [*Pacify one*] placare, delinire, mittere. *One for his pains*, &c. pretium persolvere, commendare.
 The content [compass of a thing] ambitus, circuitus.
 Easy to be contented, placabilis.
 Easiness of being contented, placabilitas.
 Contentedness, æquanimitas.
 Contentedly, patienter, quiete.
 Contentful, quod satis est.
 An earnest contention, concursatio.
 Contentious, contentiosus, pugnal.

A contentious person, vitiligator.
 Contentiously, pugnaciter.
 Contentiousness, morositas.
 Contentless, offensus.
 The contents of a book or chapter, argumentum.
 The contents of a bale, vessel, &c. res in sarcina v. vase contentæ.
 Conterminous, conterminus.
 To contest, controversari.
 To contest with, certare; litigare.
 A contest, contestation, or contesting, lis, rixa, jurgium, disceptatio.
 Contestable, dubitabilis.
 A context, orationis contextus, sermonis continuatio.
 A contexture, contextus.
 Contiguity or contiguity, propinquitas.
 Contiguous, contiguus, adjunctus.
 Contiguously, strictim, presse.
 Continence or continency, continentia, temperantia, pudicitia; castitas.
 Continent, continens, castus, pudicus.
 A continent [main land] continens, sc. terra.
 Continently, continenter, caste, pudice.
 A contingency or contingency [chance] casus, eventus fortuitus.
 Contigent, contigens.
 Contingently, casu, fortuito, fortuito.
 Continual [lasting] permanens, perennis.
 Continually, perpetuo, assidue, continenter.
 Continual [uninterrupted] continuus, perpetuus.
 Continuance, perpetuitas, diuturnitas.
 Continuance [abode] commoratio, remansio. [*Space*] spatium.
 Of long continuance, diuturnus.
 A constant continuance, perseverantia.
 A continuation, continuatio.
 A continuator or continuer, qui rem aliquam continuat; qui perseverat.
 To continue [abide] commorari, manere, residere.
 To continue [naut.] constare; persistere, permanere; [act.] continuare, perpetuare. *Long*, perennare. *As a custom*, inveterascere. [*Go on*] pergere, exequi. *In or upon*, morari, immorari. [*Prolong*] producere, protrahere.
 Which will not continue, fugax.
 Continued, continue, continuus, perpetuus; extensus.
 A continuing or abiding, permanens.

A continuing [prolonging] productio.
 Continuing long, diuturnus, diutinus.
 Continuity, continuitas, continuatio.
 Contorted, contortus.
 A contour [in graving] ambitus, circuitus.
 A contract, pactum, compactum. Vid. *Covenant*.
 A contract [betoothing] sponsalia, pl.
 To contract [abridge] in compendium redigere. [*Lessen*] corripere. [*Bargain*] pacisci.
 Draw together, contrahere, complicare. Or shrink, se contrahere. A debt, res alienum conflare. Friendship, amicitiam inire. A disease, morbum contrahere. A habit, habitum acquirere. [*For marriage*] spondere.
 Such a contract maker, sponsor.
 Contractible, quod potest contrahi.
 A contracting, pactio.
 A contractor, qui contrahit; qui paciscitur.
 Contraction or shrinking, contractio.
 To contradict, contradicere, refragari.
 A contradicter, qui alicui contradicit.
 A contradicting or contradiction, contradictio.
 Contradictions, interas pugnantia.
 Contradictory contradictory, contrarius.
 Contradictiousness, repugnantia.
 Contradictorily, contrarie, absurde.
 To contradistinguish, aliquid ab alio distinguere v. discernere.
 Contradistinction, pro oppositionem distinctio.
 Contraregularity, regulæ repugnantia.
 Contrariety, repugnantia, discrepantia, adversitas.
 Contrarily, contrariously, or contrariwise, contrarius.
 Contrary, contrarius, adversarius, inimicus. To, oppositus, contrapositus. To one's inclinations, invitus.
 To be or act contrary to, adversari, repugnare.
 On the contrary, contra; a contrario.
 Contrary to [prop.] contra, adversus, præter.
 A contrast [in painting] diversa figurarum positio.
 To contrast, figuras in diverso situ ponere.
 To contravene, violare; pertransgredere.
 A contravention, violatio.
 Contractation, contractatio.

Contributory, stipendiarius.

To contribute, contribuere, conferre.

A contributor, collator.

A contributing or contribution, pecunie collatio.

Contrite, de peccatis a se admittis multum dolens.

Contrition, animi dolor ob peccata.

A contriving or contrivance, inventio, excogitatio.

Contrivance [ingenuity] ars, artificium.

To contrive [devise] concipere, fingere, excogitare. [*Design, plot*] statuere, moliri, machinari, struere. [*Manage*] administrare, tractare.

A contriver, auctor, inventor.

Control [subst.] reprehensio.

To control [disprove] redarguere, contradicere, confutare.

[*As a controller*] observare, examinare.

A controller, rationum inspector.

Of manners, morum censor.

The controller of the king's household, aulae regiae censor.

Of the post-office, epistolarum mittendarum curator.

Of a family, rerum domesticarum administrator.

A controllership, munus administratoris.

A controlment, administratio, inspectio, procuratio.

Controversial, ad controversiam pertinens.

A controversy, controversia, altercatio.

To decide controversies, controversias decidere, dirimere.

A controversy in law, causa, lis, actio.

It is out of controversy, patet, palam est.

To have a controversy, disceptare, litigare.

To controvert, de re aliqua ambigare.

Controvertible, de quo disputari potest.

A controvertist, disputator.

Contumacious, contumax, pertinax, perversus.

Contumaciously, contumaciter, pertinaciter.

Contumacy, contumaciousness, contumacia, pertinacia.

Contumely [reproach] contumelia, convicium.

Contumelious, contumeliosus, maledicus.

Contumeliously, contumeliose, maledice.

A confusion, confusio.

Convalescence, ab egrotudine recreatio.

To convene [come together] convenire, coire. [*Call together*] convocare, citare.

A convenience or convenience, commodum, commoditas.

Convenience, opportunitas; facultas. [*Suitableness*] convenientia, congruentia.

Convenient [fit] commodus, aptus, idoneus. [*Agreeable*] conveniens, consentaneus, consonus. [*Seasonable*] tempestivus, opportunus.

To be convenient, competere, consentire.

It is convenient, aequum est; par est; opus est.

Very convenient, peridoneus, peropportunus.

Conveniently [fitly] commodè, congruenter, convenienter. [*In due time*] tempestive, opportune.

A convent [convention or assembly] conventus, cœtus. [*Monastery*] monasterium.

A conventicle, conventiculum, conciliabulum.

A conventicler. Vid. *Dissenter*.

A convention, conventus, conventio. Or *agreement*, conventum, pactum.

Conventional, ad conventum pertinens.

Conventual, ad monasterium pertinens.

To converge, eodem vergere.

Converging or convergent, eodem deflectens, vergens.

Conversant, versatus, probe exercitatus.

To be conversant in, re aliqua versari. With, aliquo familiariter uti.

Converse or conversation, consuetudo, congressus; commercium, colloquium.

Easy of conversation, conversabile, affabilis, comis.

To converse, versari; uti. *Together*, colloqui, congregari.

A conversion [change] conversio. *Of manners*, morum institutorumque mutatio in melius.

Conversion to the Christian religion, ad Christianam religionem transitus.

A convert, ad fidem Christianam conversus.

To convert, convertere. *From vice*, a vitis aliquem revocare.

Heathens to the Christian religion, ethnicos ad Christi cultum redigere.

Convertible, mutabilis.

Convertibly, contra.

A converting, conversio, ad meliorem frugem revocatio.

Conceal, gibbus.

Conceal, gibbus.

Conceal, gibbus.

To convey, deducere, comitari, deferre. *Away*, asportare, abducere. *Hastily*, eripere. *Beyond seas*, subducere. *By cart*, conveyere. *Down to posterity*, memoriam prodere. *Over*, transicere, transvehere. *In*, lau-

portare. *Out*, exportare, evehere. Or *make over an estate* fundum alicui transcribere.

Conveyance [carrying] deportatio, exportatio.

A conveyance [deed in writing] abalienationis instrumentum.

Of water, aquæ deductio.

A conveyer [carrier] gestator; bajulus.

A conveying [carrying] subvectio, subvectus. *Away*, subductio. *In*, inductio. *Over*, transvectio. *Out*, exportatio.

A convict, convictus.

To convict, convincere, evincere.

To convict an accused person, reum convincere, coarguere.

Convictive, ad aliquid convincendum valens.

A conviction, al. *convincement*, convictio.

To convince, convincere, coarguere.

Convincible, quod convinci potest.

Convincingly, manifeste.

To converse, convivere.

Convivial, convivialis.

A convocation, convocatio.

A convocation-house, conventorium ecclesiasticorum senatus.

To convoke, convocare.

A convoy [guide] deductor. [*Guard*] praesidium.

To convoy, in viâ comitari.

Convolution, volutatio.

A convulsion, convulsio.

Convulsive, ad convulsionem pertinens.

To coo as a dove, gemere.

The cooing of a dove, gemitus.

A cook, coquus.

A master-cook, coquorum magister.

A pastry-cook, cupedinarius.

A cook-maid, ancilla culinaria.

A cook in a ship, coquus nauticus.

A cook-room, culina.

A cook-shop or ordinary, popina.

A haunter of cook-shops, popino.

The cooks' row, forum coquium.

To cook, coquere.

Cookery, ars coquinaria v. culinaria.

A book of cookery, philosophia culinaria.

A cooking, coctio.

Cool [somewhat cold] frigidulus. [*Shady*] opacus.

To cool or make cool, refrigerare.

To cool or grow cool, frigesce-

To be very cool, perfrigere.

A cooler [a person] refriger-

ator, refrigeratrix. [*A vessel*]

was in quo liquores refrigeran-

tur.

A cooling [refreshing] refrigera-

tio.

Coolly, frigide.

Coolness, frigus.

A comb or comb of corn, men-
sura frumenti quatuor modi-
orum.
A coop, cora, ornithotrophium.
For ducks, nessotrophium.
For fowls, gallinarium.
To cop up, caveâ includere. *In*
or up, obsidere, circumcin-
gere.
A cooper, victor dolarius.
A wine-cooper, victor vinarius.
A cooper's addice, ascia victoria.
To co-operate, operam conferre;
juvare.
A co-operating or co-operation,
operæ collatio.
A co-operator, qui operam ad
aliquid confert.
Co-ordinate, equalis.
Co-ordination, equalitas.
A coat, fulica, fulix.
A cop [top of a thing] apex,
caput. [*Tuft on the head of*
birds] crista. [*Of hay*] sæni-
meta.
A copartner, socius, particeps.
Partnership, societas.
A cope [priest's garment] tra-
bea sacerdotalis. Or arch,
fornix; palatum.
To cope together or with, col-
luctari, congredi. [*Jet out*]
prominere, projici.
A coping together, collectatio,
congressus.
The coping or ridge of a house,
fastigium. *Of a wall*, projec-
tura.
Copious, copiosus, affluens, a-
bundans, uber.
Copiously, copiose, afflatim, a-
bundanter.
Copiousness, abundantia; fa-
cultas, vis.
To make copped, cacuminare.
To grow copped, in caput coal-
lescere.
Copper, cuprum, orichalcum,
as Cyprium.
A copper [boiler] ahenum.
The copperworm, terebro.
A copper-plate, tabula ænea.
Copper for ordnance, res tormen-
tus bellicæ conflandis utile.
Copper [adj.] æneus, abeneus.
A copper-nose, nasus gemmatus.
Copper-rust, ærugo.
A copper-smith, labor ærarius.
Copperas, stramentum suto-
rium.
A copse or coppice, sylva cædua.
To copulate, copulare.
A copulation, copulatio, con-
junctio.
Copulative, copulativus.
A copy, exemplum. [*To write*
after] exemplar. *Transcript*
of any writing, excerptum,
apographon. *The first copy*,
archetypum. *In the author's*
own hand, chirographum auc-
taria.
A copy-book, liber scripturæ
exempla continens.

To set one a copy, literas alicui
præformare.
To copy after or imitate, imitari.
Out, describere, transcribere.
A copying after, imitatio. *Out*,
descriptio.
A copyhold, prædium benefici-
arium.
To coquet or play the coquette,
petulantius cum viris agere.
Coquetry, petulantia.
A coquette, virgo v. mulier cas-
ta, sed moribus non satis se-
veris.
Coral [a sea-plant] corallium.
Vid. Lat.
Made of coral, ex corallo con-
fectus.
A coranto, currantio, or corant
[dance] tripudium cursorium.
A corban [alms-box] donarium.
A cord or rope, funis, restis.
A small cord, funiculus, resti-
cula.
To cord up, restibus succin-
gere.
To make into cords, restes con-
torquere.
A cord-maker, restio.
Cordage, funes, pl. funium ap-
paratus.
Small cordage in a ship, funi-
culi, pl.
A cordial, potio cardiaca, car-
diaca, pl.
Cordial [medicinal] conveniens.
[Heartily] ex animo amicis.
Cordially, ex animo; ex imo
pectore.
Cordialness, cordiality, amor
verus.
The cord on of a wall, muri co-
rona.
A cordwainer, sutor; calcearius.
The core of fruit, cicus, al. ci-
cum; volva.
A cork, suber, Æris. n.
The cork-tree, suber.
Of cork or corky, subereus.
To cork, subere occludere.
A cormorant, corvus aquaticus.
[Glutton] helluo; gurgus.
Corn, far, frumentum; frugis,
gen. Note, None of these
words signifies what we mean
by corn: far and frumentum
come nearest, but are used
only for wheat, that comes
up in ears; frugis chiefly
and properly relates to pulse,
beans, peas, vetches, &c. *gra-
num* signifies both the for-
raer; *annonæ* signifies all the
former, and also wine, oil,
flesh, &c.
A single corn or grain, granum.
Standing corn, seges. *Eared*
corn, seges epicata.
A corn field, arvum. *With corn*
growing, segete ornatum.
Corn that rises of the last year's
seed, seges restibilis.
The beard of corn, arista.
An ear of corn, epica.

Meal, corn, farrago. *March*,
tritium trimestre. *Amel or*
starch, amyllum. *Indian*, mi-
llum Indicum.
Of corn, triticeus, farreus.
Corn ripe, seges flava.
Cheapness of corn, annonæ vili-
tas. *Dearness*, annonæ caritas.
To gather corn, frumentari.
A corn-gatherer, frugilegus.
A corn-loft, granarium, hor-
reum.
Corn ground to meal, farina.
Corn-flag or corn-sedge, gladi-
olus.
A barley-corn, granum hordei.
A pepper-corn, granum pipæris.
Corn-sallad, lactuca agnina.
A corn of salt, salis mica.
A corn on the toes, callus.
A corn-cutter, clavorum pedes
exemptor.
A cornel-tree, cornus, i. f.
A little cornel-tree, corneolus, i. f.
A grove of cornels, cornetum.
Of cornels, corneus.
A cornel-berry, cornum.
A cornelian stone, sarda lapis,
onyx corneola.
Corneous, corneus.
A corner, angulus. [*Lurking-*
hole] latebra.
Of a corner, angularis.
A corner-house, domus angula-
ris. *Stone*, lapis angularis.
The corner of a house or wall
where men turn, versura.
A little corner, angellus, al. an-
gulus.
Corners of rivers, fluminum cor-
nua.
Of two corners, habens duos
angulos. *Of three*, triangulus,
triangularis. *Of four*, qua-
drangulus.
The inner corner of the eye, hirs-
quus.
Corned or full of corners, an-
gulosus, multangulus.
Full of secret corners, latebrosus.
In a corner, secreto, clanculum.
The corner of a street or way,
compitum.
Corners in walls, ancones, pl.
A cornet [little horn] buccina.
A musical cornet, cornu æris
flexi.
A little cornet, lituus.
To sound a cornet, buccinam in-
flare.
A corneter, buccinator; corni-
cen.
A cornet of horses, equitum sig-
nifer.
The cornet of a pillar or wall,
corona. *Of a bed*, corona
lecti.
Corny, granifer.
A corollary, corollarium.
The coronal suture, commissura
cranii coronalis.
Coronary, coronarius.
The coronation of a king, co-
ronæ impositio.

A coroner, cædis quæstor.
A coronet, corolla, sertum.
A corporal, manipularius, decurio.
Corporal or *corporeal*, corporeus.
Corporally or *corporeally*, corpore, secundum corpus.
Corporate, corporatus.
A corporation, municipium.
Of or belonging thereto, municipalis.
A corporation [company] sodalinitium; societas corporata.
A corps, cadaver.
Corpulency, obesitas, crassities.
Corpulent, corpulentus, obesus, pinguis.
Corpuscles, corpuscula, atomi.
Corpuscular, ad corpuscula pertineus.
To correct or *amend*, emendare, eliminare, emaculare. *Amend*, recedere. [*Punish*] castigare. [*Reprove*] reprehendere.
Correct, accuratus.
A corrector, corrector. *Of manners*, censor.
Correcting or *correction*, correctio. [*Punishment*] supplicium.
Correction of manners, censura.
A house of correction, ergastulum.
Correctly, emendate.
Correctness in writing or *speaking*, accuratio.
Correlate, ejusdem affinitatis.
Correlatives, qui v. quæ sub eandem rationem cadunt.
To correspond [suit] congruere, convenire.
Correspondence [commerce or familiarity] consortina, commercium. [*Agreement*] congruentia, convenientia.
Correspondent, corresponding, *corresponsive* [suitable] conveniens, congruens.
A correspondent [bosom-friend] intimus, familiaris. [*In trade*] absentia negotiorum procurator.
A corridôr [curtain in fortification] lorica, cortina.
Corrigible, qui corrigi potest.
A corival, competitor, m. competitor, f.
To corroborate [confirm an agreement] confirmare. [*Strengthen a weak part*] roburare.
To corrode, corrodere.
A corroding or *corrosion*, actus corrodendi.
Corroding care, anxietas, sollicitudo.
Corroding or *corrosive*, rodens, exedens.
Corrosiveness vis corrodendi.
To corrugate [wrinkle] corrugare.
To corrupt [act.] corrumpere.
To corrupt [destroy] perdere; perfringere, [*Bribe*] mune-

ribus corrumpere. [*Defile*] contaminare. [*Debauch*] stuprare, violare. [*Infect*] inficere. [*Spoil*] depravare, vitare. pervertere. Or *grow corrupted*, marcescere, tabescere.
Corrupt [faulty] mendosus. [*Infectious*] pestilens. [*Naughty*] pravius. [*Noisome*] insalubris. [*Rotten* or *tainted*] depravatus, vitiat.
Corrupt blood, pus, tabum.
A corrupt judge, iudex nummarius.
Not corrupted, sincerus, castus.
A corrupter, corruptor, violator.
Corruptible, corruptioni obnoxius; caducus.
A corruption of manners, depravatio. [*Bribery*] repetundæ. pl. *In the body*, tabes. [*Infection*] corruptela. [*Rottenness*] putredo.
Corruptive, tabificus.
Corruptness, corruptionis expers.
Corruptly, corrupte. [*Filthily*] purulente; depravate.
A corset or *broad girdle*, præcinctorium.
A corset [coat of mail] lorica.
Coruscant [glittering] rutilans, coruscans.
A coruscation, fulguratio.
Cosmetics, quæ ad ornatum pertinent.
A cosmographer, orbis descriptor.
Cosmographical, ad mundi descriptionem pertineus.
Cosmography, mundi descriptio.
Cosset-lamb, agni cordi.
Cost, impensa, sumptus.
To tax the costs of a suit, litem æstimare.
To bestow cost upon, impensam in rem aliquam facere.
To cost, constare.
Belonging to costs, sumptuarius.
Costal, ad costas pertineus.
A costard-monger, pomarius, institor pomarius.
Costive, constipatus, alvo astrictus.
To make costive, astringere.
Costiveness, alvi astrictio.
Costliness, caritas.
Costly [dear] adj. pretiosus. [*Expensive*] sumptuosus. [*Stately*] magnificus, lautus. *In banqueting*, dapsilis.
Costly, sumptuose, magnificent. *In fare* [adv.] opipare, laute.
A cot, cotquean, or *cottish person*, qui se rebus ad mulieres pertinentibus nimis interniacet.
A cot or *cottage*, casa, tugurium.
A sheep-cot, ovile, is. n.
A little cottage, casula, tugurium.
A cottage, tugurii incola.

Cotton, xylon, gossypium.
Of cotton, xylinus, gossypinus.
Cotton cloth, vestis xylina.
White cotton, leuconium.
A couch, grabatus, lectus, stratum.
A couch-frame, pluteus.
A couch of leaves or grass, stridulum.
To couch [in writing] scripto concludere, innuere. *An eye*, leucoma detrudere. *Lie down*, cubare, procumbere.
Couchant, cubens, jacens.
A couch-fellow, contubernalis.
A couching [in or under] subiectus. Or *lying down*, cubatio.
A covenant, conventum; fœdus.
A covenant-breaker, fœdifragus.
To agree upon covenants, depasci.
To covenant, pacisci, stipulari.
A covenanting, pactio.
A cover, operculum, tegmen.
The cover of a book, sittybus.
Of a well, puteal.
A cover [pretence] prætextus; obtentus.
To cover, tegere, operire, velare. Or *conceal*, celare. *All about*, circumtegere, circumvestire. *Before*, prætegere. [*Disguise*] alienam formam inducere. *Over*, obducere, obtegere. *Over and over*, superobruere.
A covered way [in fortification] pluteus.
A covering, tegmen, velamen.
A covering of arras, peristroma, diis, n.
The covering of a bed, stragulum. *Of a house*, tectum.
A covering [the action] obductio. [*Clothing*] amictus. [*Hiding*] prætextus, simulatio. *Of defence*, munimentum.
A coverlet, stragula, stragulum.
A coarse coverlet, tege; pallia, pl.
Coverit, tectus.
A covert of beasts, latibulum, katebra.
Covertly [secretly] clam, tecto, abdite, dissimulanter.
Covertness, arcanum.
To covert, cupere, appetere; avere. *Earnestly*, concupiscere; expetere.
A covering, cupiditas, appetitio.
Covetous, avarus.
Somewhat covetous, parvus, ad rem attentior.
Covetously, avarè, avidè, cupine.
Covetousness, avaritia, pecuniam aviditas.
A covey of partridges, perdix, pullitæ.
A cough, tussis.
To cough, tussire.
To cough out or *cast out* by coughing, excreare, extusare.
A little cough, tussicula.

Tuckin-cough, tussis anhelæ.
The whooping-cough, tussis ferrea.
A cough of the lungs, tussis pulmonaria.
A cougher, tussi laborans.
Cosyn, collusio, prævaricatio; frans.
By cosyn, fraudulenter, dolose.
A common-council-man, conciliarius.
The king's privy council, concilium regis arcanum.
A general council, concilium generale.
An order of council, concilii decretum.
To hold a council, senatum habere.
An ecclesiastical council, conventus.
A council-house or council-chamber, curia, prætorium.
A council of war, concilium militare.
Of a council, comitialis.
Counsel [advice] consilium, monitum.
To ask counsel, aliquem consulere.
To give counsel, alicui consuli; aliquem monere, hortari, adhortari.
He that is asked counsel, consultus.
A counselling, suasio, monitio.
To the contrary, dissuasio.
Counsellable, moriger.
A counsellor, consultor, suaser; monitor. *At law*, juris consultus.
A privy-counsellor, a consiliis regis arcanis, a privato concilio.
A count [earl] comes.
To count [number or tell] numerare. [*Cast up or reckon*] computare. *O'er*, pernumerare, recensere. [*Esteem or judge*] arbitrari, existimare.
Countable, numerabilis, computabilis.
Not countable, innumerabilis.
A counting, numeratio, computatio.
A counting-house, rationum condave.
Countless, innumerus.
The countenance, vultus, aspectus.
A cheerful countenance, læta frons. *Good*, vultus ingenuus. *Handsome*, vultus decorus. *Sour*, vultus morosus. *Crooked*, frons caperata. *Grave*, gravis. *Homely*, vultus deformis.
Out of countenance, perturbatus, confusus.
A stately, disdainful countenance, supercilium.
Countenance [credit] existimatio. [*Encouragement*] favor.
To countenance, aspirare, arbi-

dere, favere. [*Encourage*] hortari; suppetias v. auxilium ferre. [*Credit*] decorare.
A countenancer, fautor, adiutor.
A countenancing, auxilium, favor; suppetiæ.
A counter, calculus. [*Reckoner*] qui rationes computat. [*Box for cash*] loculus. *In a shop*, mensa, abacus.
Counter [adj.] contrarius, oppositus.
Counter [adv.] e contrario, ex opposito.
To counteract, impedire ex opposito aliquid agendo.
A counterbalance, libra, æquipondium.
To counterbalance, æquare, adæquare.
To counterchange, mutare, permutare.
To counterecharge, crimen ab accusatore sibi illatum in ipsum accusatorem transferre.
A countercharge, criminis in accusatorem translatio.
A countercheck, censura reciproca.
To countercheck, viciisim aliquem censere.
Counterfeit, adulterinus, subdititius.
A counterfeit [cheat] homo fraudulentus. *Writing*, tabulæ falsæ. *Colour*, fucus. [*Resemblance*] simulatio.
To counterfeit [imitate] imitari. *Or dissemble*, simulare. *Or colour over*, fucare, infucare. *Or conceal*, dissimulare, celare. *A writing*, chirographum alicujus imitari. *Money*, nummum adulterare. [*Forge*] commentari, affingere. [*Resemble*] adumbrare.
Not to be counterfeited, inimitabilis, non imitabilis.
A counterfeiter [pretender] fictor, simulator. [*Resembling*] imitator. *Of devotion*, hypocrita. *Of men's actions*, mimus, pantomimus. *Of money*, pecuniæ adulterator. *Of wills*, testamentorum subceptor.
A counterfeiting [pretending] simulatio. [*Resembling*] imitatio. *Of money*, pecuniæ adulteratio.
Counterfeithly, fecte, fallaciter.
A countermand, mandatum contra quod prius præceptum fuerat.
To countermand, contrarium, ac prius præceptum fuerat, præcipere.
A countermarch, recessus.
A countermark, signum mutuum.
A countertermine, contrarius cuniculus.
To countertermine, hostiles cuniculos adversis cuniculis aperire.

A counterpane, stragulum lecti superius.
A counterpart of a writing, autographum.
A counterpoise, libra, æquilibrium; sacoma.
To counterpoise, librare.
A counterpoising, libratio, libramen.
Counterpoison, alexipharmacum.
A counterscarp, lorica.
The counter-tenor in music, contratenor.
To countervail, compensare.
A countervailing, compensatio.
A countess, comitissa.
A country, terra, regio.
One's native country, patria.
Of or belonging to one's country, patrius.
The country [in opposition to the town] rus.
To dwell in the country, rusticari, rurare.
A dwelling in the country, rusticatio.
Born in the country, rurigena.
A dweller in the country, rusticola.
One born in the same country, indigena. *In another country*, alienigena.
Of our own country, nostras, atis.
Your country or of your country, vestras, atis.
Peculiar to one's own country, vernaculus.
Of or belonging to the country, rusticus, ruralis, agrestis.
A countryman, rusticus; ruricola.
A countrywoman, mulier rustica.
A countryman [of the same country] indigena.
A country town or village, pagus.
A plain country, ager campestris.
Country-like, rustice.
A county or shire, comitatus, provincia.
A county court, curia in sua provinciâ tenta.
A couple or pair, bini, par, jugum.
To couple or join together, copulare, jungere. [*Unite*] in unum coire. *Together in matrimony*, connubio v. matrimonio jungere. *As birds*, socium deligere.
To be coupled, geminari.
By couples, bini.
A couplet, distichon.
A coupling, copulatio; junctura.
A coupling to, connexio, conjunctio.
Courage, audentia, virtus.
Courage or be thou of good courage, macte, age, agetum.
To lose courage, languere, despondere.
To take courage, animum erigere.
Want of courage, animi languor.

Without courage, abjectus, ignave, timide.
Courageous, fortis, strenuus, animosus.
Courageously, fortiter, strenue, animose.
A courier, nuntius, cursor.
A course [turn] vicissitudo.
To do by course, alternare, alternis vicibus aliquid agere.
By course, alternè, invicem.
A course [way or means] via, ratio.
Course [custom] mos.
A course [running] cursus, curriculum. *Of life*, vite institutum. *Of meat*, missus. *The second*, mensæ secundæ. *The last*, bellaria, pl. [Order] ordo, series.
Out of course, extra ordinem.
The course of a river, fluminis ductus.
A water-course, aquæ ductus.
Of a mill, gurgis molaris.
To take a course with one, in aliquem advertère. *By law*, in jus aliquem trahere.
Words of course, solennia verba v. dicis causâ facta.
To follow the course of the times, tempori servire.
A courser, veredus, sonipes.
The courses of the moon, lunæ invectiones.
A court-yard, area.
An inner court, atrium.
A prince's court, regia aula. [Train] comitatus aulicus.
Of a court, regius, aulicus.
A court of law, curia, forum iuridicum.
The lord mayor's court, prætorium.
The chief courts, curiæ supremæ.
The court of requests, curia requisitionum.
A court of chivalry, curia militaris. *Of delegates*, curia delegatorum. *Of equity*, curia æquitatis, cancellaria.
A court-leet, curia vicana.
A court-roll, archivum.
Court-days, dies fasti.
To court [woo] sollicitare. [Seek after] petere.
Courteous [civil] humanus, civilis. [Gentle] mitis, lenis. [Kind] beneficus; benignus. [Fair-spoken] blandus. [Full of courtesy] officiosus.
Courteously, affabiliter, comiter.
A courtesan, meretrix, scortum.
Courtesy [civility] humanitas, civilitas. Or *gentleness*, lenitas, clementia. [Of speech] comitas, affabilitas. [Kindness] benignitas.
To repay a courtesy, gratiam aliqui referre.
To make a courtesy, poplitem flectere.
Void of courtesy, inurbanus, rusticus, agrestis.

A courtier, aulicus.
Courtier-like, aulice.
Court-like, elegans, politus.
Courtliness, urbanitas, civilitas.
Courtly, officiosus, comis.
Courteship [wooing] sollicitatio, ambitus.
A cousin, consanguineus. *By marriage*, affinis. *By the mother*, matruelis. *German*, patruelis.
A cow, vacca, bos. *A young*, juvenula, bucula. *A barren*, vacca sterilis. *With calf*, forda. *Past bearing calves*, bos æfeta.
Of a cow, vaccinus, bovillus.
A cow-house, bubile.
Cow-dung, fimus bovillus.
A cow-herd or cow-keeper, upilio.
A coward, imbellis, ignavus, timidus.
To play the coward, timide agere.
Cowardice, cowardliness, ignavia, timiditas, timor.
In a cowardly manner, timide, ignave, meticulose.
A monk's cow, monachi cuculus.
A cowl-staff, vectis.
To cover down, inflexis genibus subdile.
A cowl-slip, paralysis.
A corcomb [comb of a cock] crista galli. [Silly person] stultus, ineptus. *Proud*, fastuosus, inflatus. *Grave*, barbâ tenus philosophus.
Cozeconomic, ineptus, nugax.
Coy [disdainful] fastidiosus. [Froward] morosus.
To be coy, externæ speciei castitatis nimis studere.
Coyly, fastidiosè, superbe.
Coyness [disdain] protervitas.
To cozen, decipere, fraudare.
Cozenage, fraus, dolus.
A cozenor, fraudator.
An old cozenor, veterator.
A cozenor to one's face, præstigiator, m. præstigiatrix, f.
A cozening, fraudatio, deceptio.
A cozening trick, dolus.
A crab [fruit] malum silvestre.
A crab-tree, malus silvestris.
A crab or crabbed fellow, diffidilis.
A crab-fish, cancer.
Crabbed [sour] acerbus. *In look*, torvus. [Wayward] morosus.
Somewhat crabbed, submorosus.
Crabbedly, austere, morose, torve, truculenter.
Crabbedness [sourness] austeritas, severitas.
A crack [chink] rima, fissura. [Noise] crepitus.
To crack or break a thing [act.] frangere, rumpere, findere; [neut.] crepitare; stridere. Or *chink*, deliscere, fatiscere. [One's credit] contur-

bare. [Or boast] gloriari, jactare. [Or burst] dissilire.
A crack or boaster, gloriozus, jactor.
Crack-brained, insanus, vesanus.
A cracker or squib, pyrobolum.
A nut-cracker, nucifrangibulum.
A cracking [boasting] gloriatio, jactantia.
Crackling, stridulus.
A crackling noise, sonor, sonitus.
A cracknel, crustulum, liburn; collyra.
A cradle, cunæ. *Of iron*, craticula.
A cradle-band, instita, fascia.
Craft [cunning] astutia, verutia, dolus, vafrities.
A craft [trade] ars, artificium. [Trick] dolus; sutela.
A craftsman or craftsman, artifex, opifex.
Craftily [cunningly] astute, callide. [Workman-like] afabre.
Craftiness, calliditas, astutia.
Crafty [sly] astutus, vafer. [Cunning] cautus, solers, tis. [Deceitful] subdulus, dolosus.
A crafty talker, versutiloquus.
Crafty knives, tenebriones, pl.
A crafty fellow, versipellis.
An old crafty fox, veterator.
A crag [rock] petra.
The crag [neck] collum.
Cragged or craggy [rocky] præruptus. [Rough, uneven] asper, salebrosus.
Craggedness, asperitas.
To cram one's self, se ingurgitare. *Together*, consipare, convasare.
To cram or stuff, farcire; saturare. *Poultry*, saginare.
A cramming, saginatio, sagina.
The art of cramming, fartura.
Crambo, lusus rhythmicus.
The cramp, spasmus.
To cramp, convellere, contorquere. [Restrain] coercere.
Troubled with the cramp, spasticus.
The cramp in the mouth, convulsio canina.
The cramp or crick in the neck, tetanus.
A cramp or numbness, torpor.
A cramp-fish, torpedo.
A cramp-iron or cramp-iron, subscus ferrea.
A cramp or forced word, verbum durissimum.
Cravage, tributum ob usum aucule.
To craunch, dentibus frangere.
A crane [bird] grus, gravis. f. rarius, m.
A young crane, vipio.
A crane [instrument] aucula.
Crank [cheerful] lætus, hilaris. [Lusty] validus, vegetus.
To be crant [brisk] lætari, ex-

clare. After sickness, vigere, valere.
The crank of a well, cula.
To crankle, flexuoso cursu ferri.
Crankles, flexus, pl.
Pull of crankles, flexuosus, tortuosus.
A cranny, rima, fissura.
Crape, pannus camelinus tenuis et crispus.
To crash, frangere. [Make a noise] stridere. [Crash to pieces] comminuisse, collidere.
With the teeth, frondere.
A crashing to pieces, collisio.
A crashing noise or crash, stridor, fragor.
Cracking, stridulus
A crack for horses, praepepe, is. a.
A crack, linteolum caesitium collo circumvolutum.
To crave [or desire] petere, rogare. Or demand, postulare, deprecare. Importunately, efflagitare. Often, rogare.
A craver, flagitator, petitor, rogator.
Craving, importunus. [Covetous] avarus.
Cravingly, avide, cupide, avare.
Cravingness, avaritia, avarities.
A crav-fish, cancer.
To crawl, serpere, repere. On all fours, manibus pedibusque serpere. With lice, &c. vermiculari; pediculus scaterere.
A crawling, reptatio.
To draw with a crayon, aliquid penicillo e coloribus composito delineare v. adumbrare.
To craze [break] quassare, confringere.
Crazed [crackbrained] insanus, male sanus. [Somewhat sickly] valetudinarius.
Craziness of body, corporis imbecillitas. Of mind, animi debilitas.
To craze, stridere, crepitare.
To creek as a cricket, grillare.
As a door, concrepare.
Breaking, stridulus.
A creaking, stridor, crepitus.
Cream, lactis flos.
Cream of Tartar, Tartari flos.
The cream of the jest, &c. joci medulla.
To cream or gather into cream, in florem concrepescere.
A crease [plait or fold] plica.
Creases, plicarum notæ.
To crease [plait or fold] plicare.
To create, creare, generare.
Not created, non creatus.
A creating or creation, creatio, procreatio.
From the creation, ab orbe condito.
Creative, creans. creandi vim habens.
A creator, creator, fabricator.
A creature, res creata.
A little creature, animalculum.

A living creature, animal.
A strange creature, monstrum, portentum.
Credence [authority] auctoritas. [Belief] fides.
Letters of credence, credentials, literæ ad fidem nascendam confectæ; auctoritates.
To give credence to a thing, credere.
Credible, credibills, probabills.
Credibleness or credibility, probabilitas, verisimilitudo.
Credibly, credibiliter, probabiliter.
Credit [authority] auctoritas.
Creditableness [honour, reputation] fama, existimatio. In traffic, fides.
To buy upon credit, merces sine præsentè pecuniâ emere.
Of credit or creditable, honorificus, gloriosus.
Of no credit, infamis, vilis.
To credit or give credit to, confidere, accredere.
To be a credit to one, cohonestare, nobilitare.
To raise credit, revocare fidem; existimationem augere.
To crack his credit, conturbare.
To touch one's credit, famam alicujus laedere.
To take upon credit, fide sua emptum sumere.
To grow in credit, innotescere, inclarescere.
To pawn one's credit on a thing, fidem dare.
One out of credit, homo nihili v. vilis.
Creditably, cum honore.
A creditor, creditor.
To make one creditor for, rem acceptam ferre.
Credulousness or credulity, credulitas.
Credulous, credulus.
The creed, fidei Christianæ analogia.
A creek of the sea, sinus maris.
Creeky, sinuosus.
To creep, serpere, repere.
To creep privately, obrepere.
Along, perrepere, reptare.
Forth, proserpere. Forward, prurpere. Into, irrepere.
To creep into acquaintance or favour, in amicitiam v. familiaritatem alicujus se insinuare.
To creep [saw] blandiri, adulari. Towards, adrepere. Unaware or from under, subrepere.
A creephole, latibulum, effugium.
A creeping along, reptatio. On all fours, per manus et genua reptatio.
Creepingly, tarde.
Falsely crept in, surreptus.
A crescent [half-moon] lunula, alata.
Crescive, crecens.

Cresses, nasturtium. Rock, lamp-sana. Garden, nasturtium hortense. Scitica, silvestre. Water, aquaticum.
A crest, crista, apex.
A small crest, cristula.
The crest of the hair, capillorum discrimen.
The crest of a helmet, galeæ pinna.
To set up his crest, cristas attollere.
One that plucked away the crest of his enemy's helmet, pinnarius.
The crest of a horse, juba equina.
Of a coat of arms, insignium gentilitiorum apex galeatus.
Crest-fallen, fractus animo.
Crestless, ignobilis.
A crevice or chink, rima, fissura.
A crew, sodalium, conventus.
A base crew, grex flagitiosus.
A ship's crew, nautæ eadem navi navigantes.
Crevel, glomus filii.
A crib, perula ex corio confecta subaedili rhedarii.
Cribbed, inclusus.
A cribble [sieve] cribrum.
A cricket [insect] grillus.
To chirp like a cricket, grillare.
A merry cricket or companion, lepidus congerro, comes facetus.
A cricket [little stool] sella humilior.
Cricket [a play] ludus baculi et pile.
To play at cricket, clavâ falcatâ pilam torquere.
A crime, crimen, delictum.
A capital crime, crimen capitale, capitis crimen. Of a deep dye, flagitiosum. A glaring, atrox flagitium. A heinous, flagitium; nefas.
To commit a crime, crimen admittere, patrare.
Crimeful, criminous, scelestus.
Crimeless, innocens.
A criminal cause, causa criminosa.
A criminal [person accused of a crime] facinorosus; criminis reus. [Person convicted of a crime] sons, criminis convictus.
A criminal action, flagitium.
Criminally, scelestè, criminose.
Crimson, coccum.
Of crimson, coccineus.
Crimsoned, cruentatus.
To cringe, corpus inclinare.
A cringe, veneratio servilis.
Full of cringing, venerabundus.
To crinkle, corrugare, sinuare.
Full of crinkles, flexuosus, tortuosus.
A cripple, claudus, mutilus.
An old cripple, silicernum.
To cripple one, alicujus trachium, pedem, &c. debilitare.
Crisis [height of a disemper] crisis, is. f.

Crisp [brittle] fragilis; friabilis.
To crisp, crispare, vibrare.
Crisp, *crisped*, *crispy* [curled] tortus, crispatus, crispus.
A crisped lock, cincinnus, circulus.
Having crisped hair, cincinnatus.
A crisping-pin or iron, calamistrum.
A criterion, id e quo iudicandi rationem petimus.
A critic, criticus, censor. Or *judicious person*, homo subacti iudicii.
Critical [censorious] criticus, censorius. *Days* [in a dis-temper] dies critici.
Critically, accurate; censoris instar.
Criticalness, censura, castigatio, accuratio.
Criticism, critice, ars critica.
A criticism, locus critica vexatus.
To criticise, reprehendere, carpere.
To croak [as a raven] crocitare.
As a toad, coaxare. *As one's guts*, murmurare.
A croaking, crocitatio. *Of the guts*, ventris rugitus.
Croaking, crocitans, murmurans.
A crock [earthen pot] olla fictilis.
A crocodile, crocodilus.
Crocodile tears, lacrymæ fictæ.
A croe or crome, crena, strix.
A croft [a small close] agellus.
A croisade or croisado, expeditio sacra.
Croisese [pilgrims] peregrinantes cruce signati. [*Knights of Jerusalem*] equites religiosi.
A crome, anicula decrepita.
A crony, congerio, amicus intimus.
A crook, harpago.
A shepherd's crook, pedom.
A crook or hooked stick [the augur's staff] lituus.
By hook or by crook, per fas aut nefas.
To crook [make crooked] flectere; curvare. [*To become crooked*] curvescere; flecti.
Crook-backed, gibbosus. *Legged*, valgus, varus. *Necked*, obstipus.
Crooked, curvus, flexus, contortus, tortuosus. Or *made crooked*, curvatus, uncinatus. [*Stooping forward*] incurvus.
Inward, pandus.
A crooked hand [in writing] litera vacillans. *Nose*, simus.
Crooked or arched, arcuatus, falcatus. [*Bending backwards*] repandus, recurvus.
One that has crooked ankles, scaurus.
Crooked-footed, loripes, pēdis m.

Crookedly, flexuose, oblique.
Crookedness, curvatura, curvamen.
A crop of corn, &c. messis.
A latter crop, messis serotina.
The crop of a bird, ingluvies.
To crop, carpere. *Off*, decerpere, percipere, tondere.
Crop-eared, auribus mutilatus.
A cropper, putator, strictor.
A cropping, putatio.
Cropstick, cropful, stomacho laborans, crapulâ gravis.
A crosier [bishop's staff] pedom episcopale.
A croslet [forehead cloth] frontale.
A cross for malefactors, crux. [*Disappointment*] infortunium, frustratio. Or *monument set up in the way*, stela.
Cross [contrary] oppositus, perverus, adversus. [*Althwart*] transversus, obliquus. [*Untoward*] perversus, contumax.
Cross-keys, claves decussatæ.
Legged, transversa curibus.
Cross, *cross-grained* [peevish] morosus, difficilis.
Somewhat cross, subnorosus.
To cross [disappoint] frustrari, deludere. *One or be cross unto*, alicui adversari. [*Ir vex*, alicui bilem excitare. [*Sign with a cross*] crucem appingere. Or *cross over a river*, &c. tranare, transire. *The way*, transmeare, perineare; transire. *Out*, obliterare, delere.
To sit cross-legged, decussatim sedere.
A cross-bow, ballista. *Man*, ballistarius.
Cross purposes, res contrariæ.
A cross-path, trames, compituum.
The Christ-cross-row, elementa literarum ordine disposita.
Cross-wise, decussatim.
A crossing or opposing, repugnantia. *Over*, trajectio. *Out*, obliteratio.
Crossly [untowardly] perverse. [*Unfortunately*] inelicitè.
Crossness, perversicia, perversitas; protervitas.
A crotch, hainus.
A crotchet [in music] semiminima. [*Fancy or whim*] repentinus animi impetus.
Idle crotchets, ineptiæ, pl. nugæ.
Full of idle crotchets, nugatorius.
To crouch, conquiniscere. Or *façen*, adulari erga aliquem; se in adulationem demittere.
Crouched friars, fratres signo crucis insigniti.
A crouching, adulatio, sui demissio.
With crouching and creeping, submissæ, suppliciter.
A crou, cornix.
A young crow, cornicula.
A scare-crow, larva.

A crow of iron, vectis ferreus.
To crow [as a cock] canere cantare. [*Vapour*] jactare gloriari.
Cock-crow or cock-crowing, gallicinium.
A crowd or throng, frequentia.
The crowd begins to disperse, turba rarescit.
To crowd, premere, arctare.
Up, coarctare, constipare.
Crowded, arctus.
A crowding, stipitatio.
A crowd [fiddle] fiducula.
A crowder [fiddler] fidicen.
A crown [coronet] corona; [diadem] dema; [vitta] *A little crown*, corolla. *Bestowed on him who first attacked the camp or trenches of an enemy*, corona castrensis v. vallaris. *Who saved a citizen*, civica. *Who first scaled the walls*, muralis. *Who first boarded a ship*, navalis v. rostrata. *For raising a siege*, obsidionalis. *In honour of a triumph*, triumphalis.
The crown of the head, vertex.
A crown or kingdom, regnum.
Crown-lands, regia patrimonialia.
The rights of the crown, regia jura.
To come to the crown, regium munus capessere.
Of a crown or garland, coronarius.
A crown of money, nummus argenteus major.
To crown, coronare.
A crowner, qui coronat.
Crucified, crucifixus, in crucem actus.
A crucifix, Christi crucifixi imago.
To crucify, crucifigere, cruce aliquem affigere; in crucem agere v. tollere.
A crucifying or crucifixion, crucis supplicium.
Crude [raw] indigestus, crudus.
Crudely, immature.
Crudity or crudeness, cruditas.
Cruel, crudelis, ferox. [*Bloody*] cruentus, sanguineus.
A cruel governor, tyrannus.
To be cruel, ævire; serocire.
Cruelly, atrociter, crudeliter, ferociter, inhumaniter, truculenter, tyrannice.
Cruelly, inhumanitas, crudelitas, feritas.
A cruel, ampulla, urceus.
For oil, lecythus.
To cruise, huc illuc navigare.
A cruiser [ship] navis huc illuc navigans.
To cruise for booty, latrocinari, prædari.
A crum or crumb, mica.
The crumb of bread, panis medulla.
To crum or crumble, friare, conterere; affriare. *In*, intèrere, infriare. *Pottage*, frus

lanipans jerri intingere. [*Fall into crumbs*] friari.
That may be crumbled, friabilis.
A crumming, tritura.
Crummy, micis abundans.
Crimp-footed, loripes. Backed, gibbosus.
Crumpled, incurvatus.
A crumple, ruga, plica.
To crumple, corrugare. Or be crumpled, corrugari.
Crumpled, rugosus, tortilis.
A crupper [rump] clunus. For a horse, postilena.
Cruel, crualis.
A cruse, pocillum.
A little cruse, phiala.
A crush or crushing, contusio.
To crush or squeeze to pieces, comminuire, contundere, conterre. [*Oppress or ruin*] aliquid opprimere. *Squeeze out, exargere.*
A crusher, oppressor.
A crushing [oppressing] oppressio.
A crust, crusta, crustum.
To crust, crustare. Over or be crusted over, incrustari.
A great crust of bread, panis bucca.
A little crust, crustula.
Crustaceous or crusty, crustosus.
Crusty [crabbed] tetricus, morosus.
A crutch, scipio.
To crutch [support on crutches] gressu flectere.
Crutches, grallæ.
A crier on crutches, grallator.
To cry, clamare, vociferare.
After the dam, matrem desiderare. Vote against, reclamare. Weep aloud, ejulare.
In the market, in foro publicare. Out, vociferare, proclamare. As a child, vagire.
Things about the streets, res viciales clamitare. One up, commendare, laudare. One down, vituperare. Out or call to a person, aliquem inclamare.
Out upon, exclamare. Out often, clamitare; conclamitare. For help, auxilium implorare. Victory, victoriam conclamare. Out against a person, aliquem oburgare. Out in token of approbation, succclamare. Together, conclamare. [Lament] plorare; lamentari. [Weep] lacrymare, flere.
A cry, clamor.
Rise and cry [catch the thief] clamor passim sublatu ad furem retrahendum.
A crier, proclamator.
A common crier, præco; accensus.
A crier's fee or a crier's office, præconium.
A crying [calling out] clamatio, vociferatio. Against, rematio. Of infants, vagitus.

Out, exclamatio. [Lamenting] ploratus. [Weeping] fletus, lacrymatio. [Shrieking] ululatus. For help, quiritalio.
Crystal, crystallus.
Crystalline, crystallinus.
A cub, catulus, cateilus. Of a bear, catulus ursinus. Of a fox, catulus vulpinus. Of a lion, proles leonina.
A cube, cubus, figura ex omni parte quadrata.
The cube root, radix cubica.
Cubical or cubic, cubicus.
A cubit, cubitus, cubitum.
Cubital, of a cubit, cubitalis.
A cuckold, curruca. Wital, probri patiens; sui dedecoris emptor.
A cuckoo or cuckow, cuculus.
To sing like a cuckow, eandem cantilenam canere.
A cucumber, cucumis. Wild, silvestris.
The cud, ruma, rumen.
To chew the cud, ruminare, ruminari.
A chewing the cud, ruminatio. Beasts that chew the cud, bestium ruminales.
To cuddle or make much of one, aliquem mollius fovere.
A cudgel, baculus; fustis.
A short cudgel, bacillus, bacillum.
Cudgel-proof, plagipatida, æ. c.
To lay down the cudgel, se victum esse fateri.
To take up the cudgels, certamen suscipere.
To play at cudgels, sustibus certare.
To cudgel one, fuste aliquem cedere.
A cudgeling, fustuarium.
With cudgeling, fustim.
A cue [when to speak] occasio. [Mood] ingenium, aulmus.
A cuff [of a sleeve] manica.
A pair of cuffs, manicæ pares.
A cuff or fistycuff, ictus, plagæ.
A cuff on the chops, alapa. On the ear, colaphus.
To cuff one or give one a cuff, colaphum alicui impingere.
To cuff, pugni contendere.
A cufing, palma percussio.
A cuirass, thorax, lorica.
To cull, eligere; deligere.
A culler, elector.
A culling, selectio, delectus.
A cully, delusus, ludificatus; satuus, insulsus.
To cully, dolis aliquem ducere, ludificari.
To culminate, in vertice esse.
Culpable, culpandus.
Culpably, criminose.
Culpit [a formal word in trials] culpa præsto est.
To cultivate [manure] agrum colere, agris culturam adhibere. The arts and sciences, studia et artes colere.

A cultivating, cultivation, or culture, cultura, cultus.
Culture [polite education] animi cultus.
A culver, columba, columbus.
To cumber or trouble, alicui molestiam creare. [Burden] onerare. [Hinder] impedire.
A cumberance [hindrance] impedimentum.
A cumbering or cumber, impedimento.
Cumbersome or cumberous, impediens, onerosus, molestus.
Cumberously, onerosè, moleste, permoieste.
Cumberousness, molestia.
To cumulate, cumulare, accumulare.
Cumulation, accumulatio.
Cunning [skill] artificium, ars. [Craft] astutia, solertia.
A cunning person [in a good sense] peritus, solers, ingeniosus.
Cunning [crafty] versutus, astutus, valer.
Cunningly [craftily] vafre, astute, fraudulenter. [Artificially] perite, docte; fabre, acite.
A cup, poculum, cyathus.
A large cup, scyphus. A small one, pocillum.
A grace-cup, poculum caritatis.
A standing-cup, crater, tris. m.
An earthen cup, poculum fictile, Tuscum, Samium.
A cup-bearer, pincerna, a cyathis.
A cupboard, scrinium. Of plate or sideboard, delphica, [sc. mensa.] For victuals, cella penuria.
The cup of a flower, calyx floris. Of an acorn, glandis calyx.
To cup or applycuppung-glasses, cucurbitulas alicui parti corporis imponere.
A copper, qui cucurbitulas imponit.
Cupid, Cupido, amor.
Cupidity, cupiditas, aviditas.
A cupola, turricula rotunda fornicata.
To curb, frænare, temperare, moderari; [both in a proper and metaphorical sense] comprimere, reprimere.
A curb for a horse, lupatum.
A curbing, moderatio, coërcitio.
Curd or curds, coagulum, lac pressum.
To curdle [make curds] lac congelare, coagulare. Or curd [be curdled] concrecere, congelari.
Curdling, coactio, coagulatio.
A cure or remedy, remedium, medicamen.
It is past cure, actum est, conclamatum est.
A cure or curing of a distemper or wound, curatio, sanatio.

[*Charge of souls*] cura animarum. [*Benefice*] beneficium ecclesiasticum.
To cure [heal] sanare, curare; mederi. *Thoroughly*, percurare. [*Preserve*] sale condire.
Curable, sanabilis, medicabilis. *Curative*, vim habens sanandi. *Cureless*, insanabilis. *A curer*, medicus.
The curfew-bell, campana quæ, ignibus extinctis, cubitum ire monet.
A curing [pickling] sale conditura.
Curiosity, curiousness, curiositas. [*Delicateness, niceness in eating*] cupedia. [*Diligent search into abstruse things*] rerum reconditarum studiosa indagatio. [*Neatness*] elegantiz studium. [*Over-much care*] anxietas, sollicitudo. [*Rarity*] res rara.
Curious [inquisitive] curiosus. *Not curious*, simplex; inaffectatus.
Too curious a question, quæstio difficillima.
Curiously [diligently] curiose, studiose. [*Finely*] nitide, eleganter. [*Captiously*] insidiosè.
Too curiously, delicate. [*Exactly*] accurate; exquisitè.
A curl of hair, cincinnus, cirrus. *To curl*, crispare, torquere.
A curling-iron, calamistrum. *A curmudgeon*, avarus, sordidus. *A cur*, canis pastorius.
Curran or *Corinthus*, uvæ Corinthiacæ.
Current, legitimus, genulnus, probatus. *Coin*, nummus probus. *Price*, pretium commune. *Year*, annus vertens.
Currency, cursus, tenor. *Of a discourse*, tenor sermonis.
Currently, vulgo. *More currently* [of a discourse] proclivius.
The current of a river, fluminis aqua profluens.
A little current, rivulus.
A currier of leather, coriarius.
Curriah [doggiish] caninus.
A curriah fellow, homo sævus, morosus, perversus.
To curry leather, coria macerare. *A horse*, equum strigili defricare. *Favour*, alicui blandiri.
A currying of favour, benevolentiz captatio. *Of horses*, fricatio. *Of leather*, maceratio.
To curse, maledicere, impre cari. *Bitterly*, execrari, devovere.
A curse or cursing, imprecatio; execratio.
A solemn curse of the church, anathema.
Curces, diræ, sc. preces.
Cursed [abominable] execrabilis, execrandus.
Curgedly, scelerate, scelestè, imule.

A cureitor, clericus de curiâ.
Cursorily, leviter, raptim, obliter, cursim.
Cursory, levis.
Curel or *cruel*, ferox, ferus, ævus.
Curatly, atrociter, truculenter.
Curstness, atrocitas, sævitia.
To curtail [shorten] curtare; in compendium redigere. *One's pay*, mercedem minuere.
A curtailing, diminutio.
A curtain, auleum, plagula.
Of a bed, lecti velum ductile. *Before a stage*, cortina theatri.
A curvation, curvity, or *curvature*, curvatura, incurvatio.
A curve line, linea curvata v. incurva.
To curvet, persultare, saltitare.
A curvet, saltus numerose factus.
Curvilinear, in lineâ curvatâ.
A cushion, pulvinus, pulvinar.
A cushionet, pulvinulus, pulvillus.
A cushion for the elbow, cubitale.
A cusp, cuspis, mucro.
A custard, placenta ex lacte et ovis confecta.
Custody [tuition] custodia. [*Prison*] carcer, custodia.
To put into custody, incarceration; in vincula conjicere.
Custom [habit or use] consuetudo, mos, usus.
According to custom, solens.
Contrary, præter morem; inusitate.
To follow one's own custom, consuetudine uti, consuetudinem tenere v. retinere.
Custom or fashion, præscriptum; ritus; disciplina.
The way or force of custom, ratus consuetudinis.
To abolish an old custom, consuetudinem tollere.
A custom acquired, habitus.
Lack of custom, desuetudo.
To bring into custom, consuefacere, assuefacere.
To make one leave a custom, desuecere.
The custom is, solet.
To bring up a new custom, innovare.
Customable [commonly used] usitatus, solitus.
Customably, de, ex, v. pro, more; rite, more majorum.
Customary, usitatus, consuetus; vetus.
Customarily, more solito, usitate.
Custom [tax on merchandise] tributum, portorium; vectigal.
To pay custom, vectigal pendere.
The custom-house, telonium.
A custom-house officer, portitor, publicanus.
Custom-free, immunis a tributo.

A levying of customs, vectigalium exactio.
A clerk of the customs, magister scripturæ.
Custom [trade] negotium, emptorum frequentia.
Without custom, emptoribus orbis v. vacuus.
A customer or farmer of the customs on goods, vectigalium redemptor. *At a shop*, emptor ordinarius.
A custos, in schools, custos.
To cut, secare, scindere, incidere. *As the teeth*, erumpere. *And mangle*, mutilare, truncare. *Aunder*, rescindere, discindere. *Or lop trees*, arborum ramus amputare. *Or prune a vine*, vitem putare. *One's hair*, alicujus capillum tondere. *Or pare one's nails*, ungues rescare. *Or hew wood*, lignum findere v. discindere. *Away*, excare, amputare. *Away knots*, enodare. *With an axe*, asciare, dolare. *Before*, præcidere. *Down*, cadere, demettere, desecare. *Down or fell trees*, arbores cadere. *A bridge*, pontem intercidere. *Corn*, fruges metere. *Over the face*, os vulnerè indigno sedare. [*Geld*] castigare. [*Grave*] celare, sculpere. [*Hack*] consecare. *In*, incidere, insculpere. *To pieces*, frustulum concidere. *Off*, abscindere, amputare; decidere, detondere. *Of an enemy*, hostes concidere. *To rage or provisions*, commensibus aliquem intercludere. *The straggle*, agmen carpere. *An heir*, exheredare. *A speech*, sermonem dirimere. *The head*, detroncare; obtruncare, caput detachere. *Out*, excindere. *As a seamstress*, tailor, &c. pannum ad vestem conficiendam forcipe discicare. *Out work for one*, alicui negotium facessere. *One out*, superare, vincere. *Round*, circumscindere, circumcidere. *Shorter*, detruncare. *Small*, concidere, comminuire. *Through*, persecare. *Under*, subsecare. *As a tally*, incidere. *One's throat*, jugulare. *One in two*, discindere, discicare. *Equally in the midst*, medium decussare. *Up a fowl*, pullum concidere.
A cut, incisura, incisura; scissus. [*Way*] compendium. [*Misfortune*] calamitas, infortunium. [*Slice*] ossula. [*Picture*] figura, tabula. *Copper*, tabula ænea. *Wooden*, tabula lignea. *In a tally*, incisio, incisura. [*Gash or wound*] vulnus, plaga. *Deep*, vulnus atrox.

To draw cuts, sortiri.

A cut-throat, sicarius; gladiator.

With newly cut, dentes novelli.

Cut [in drink] ebrius, temulentus.

Smooth, dolatus, politus.

Easily cut, scissilis, sectilis.

Which cannot be cut, insecabilis.

In cuts or piecemeal, incisim, lacinie.

A cuticle, cuticula.

Cuticular or cutaneous, cuticularia.

A cutlass, sica, acinaces.

A cutter, faber cultriarius.

A wood-cutter, macheropsæus.

A cutter's shop, officina cultriaria.

Faint cutlets, segmina vitulina.

A cutter (as with a knife, &c.) vector.

Of trees, frondator.

[Carver] sculptor.

Cutting, sectio, connectio.

[Carving] sculptura; cælamen.

Amputation. Off, abscisio.

By slaughter, occidio. In, incisio.

In the middle, intersectio.

Short, detruncatio.

Cutting (in taste) acer, acerbus.

Words, voces acerbæ, dicta mordacia.

Cuttings, segmenta; segmina.

Of the nails, resegmenta.

The cycle of the sun or moon, circuitus v. orbis solaris, lunaris.

A cygnet, pullus cygneus.

A cylinder, cylindrus.

Cylindrical, cylindraceus.

A cymbal, cymbalum.

To play on a cymbal, cymbalum pulsare.

A cymbalist, cymbalista, m.

Cynical, cynicus.

The cynosure, cynosura.

Cyperus [a sort of bulrush] cyperus.

A cypress-tree, cupressus.

Of cypress, cupressæus, cupressæna.

Bearing cypress, cupressifer.

A cypress-grove, cupressetum.

The czar, imperator Muscoviticus.

The czarina, imperatrix.

To give one a dab [blow] alapam alicui impingere.

A dab [one skilled in an affair] peritus.

To dabble, aquæ manus crebro immergere. In the dirt, cæno se volutare v. inquinare.

In any art, &c. imperite artem aliquam tractare. Or tamper with a person, aliquem ad aliquod sollicitare.

A dabbling, frequens ablutio.

A dabbler [smatterer] homo leviter eruditus.

A dace [kind of fish] apua.

A dactyl, dactylus.

Dad or daddy, tata.

A daffodil, narcissus. Stalk, anthericus.

Of the daffodil, narcissinus.

To daft, rejicere, aspernari.

A dag [hand gun] scopetum manuale.

The dagger-fish, draco oblongus.

A dagger, pugio, m. sica.

A little dagger, pugiunculus.

A pocket-dagger, sicala.

They are at daggers' drawing, ire longius procedunt.

To dabble or dag, collutulare.

Daggle-tailed, lutosus; cæno oblitus.

A daggling, roris v. luti aspersio.

A dag swain, gausape, gausappa, pl.

Daily [adj.] quotidianus, assiduus. Adv. quotidie, indie, assidue.

Dainty [of a nice taste] delicatus, bellus. [Neat] lautus.

[Costly] sumptuosus. [Excellent] eximius. [Squeamish] fastidiosus. Dishes or dainty meats, cupediæ, lautitie.

Of dainty meats, cupidinarius.

Daintily, delicate, laute, opipare, molliter, belle.

To fare daintily, molliter vivere.

Daintiness [of feeding] lautitiam, dapes, cupediæ, pl. [Loathing of common food] cupedia.

A dairy, lactarium. Man, lactarius.

A daisy, bellis, idis. f.

A daiz [canopy of state] conopeum regium.

A dale, vallis, convallis.

Dalliance, lusus. Wanton, lascivia.

Full of dalliance, procax, petulans.

A dallier, nugator, palpator.

To dally with wanton language, biandiri, palpate.

To dally [trifle] nugari. [Play the fool] ineptire. [Delay] cunctari.

Dallying, blandus, lasciviens.

A dallying, nugæ, pl.

A dam [mother] mater. [Bank] agger. [Of planks] pilæ, pl.

To dam or make a dam, obstruere.

Damage, damnum, detrimentum.

With damage, damnose.

To damage, damnum v. detrimentum importare. Or be damaged, damnum v. detrimentum accipere.

Damageable, caducus. [Causing damage] damnosus.

A damascene, prunum Damascenum. Tree, prunus Damascena.

Damask, sericum Damascenum.

A damask garment, vestis Damascena.

Damask linen, lintea Damascena.

Water, aqua ex rosis Damascenis extracta. Work, vestis scutulata.

To damask wine, vinum calefacere. Or work damask, figuris distinguere.

A dame [mistress] domina. [Lady] illustris femina.

To damn, damnare, condemnare. [Cry down] explodere.

Damnable, execrabilis, accusabilis. [Damnifying] dirus, perniciosus, exitialis, exitiosus.

Damnation, damnatio. Eternal, sempiterna in improbos constituta a summo judice supplicia.

Damned, reprobus, rejectaneus.

To damnify or bring damage, damnum inferre.

A damp or dampness, humiditas. [Unwholesome air] vapor exitialis.

To grow damp, humescere.

To damp or moisten, humidare.

To damp. Vid. To dispirit.

Damp or dampish [moist] humidus.

Somewhat dampish, humidulus.

Causing dampness, humificus.

A damsel, puella; virgo.

A dance, chorea, tripudium. In armour, Pyrrhica.

A morrice-dance, ludus Pyrrhicus.

A morrice-dancer, gesticulator saltatorius.

A dancer, saltator, saltatrix.

A common dancer, ludius, ludio.

A company of dancers, chorus.

A dancing, saltatio, saltatus.

Of dancing, saltatorius.

A dancing-master, saltandi magister. Room, orchestra.

A dandprat, pumillo, nanus, perpusillus.

D

A DAB [blow] letus, alapam.

Of dirt, luti labecula. Of fat, adipis fructulum.

The dab-chick, mergus minor.

The dab [fish] rhombus levis.

To dab with dirt luto aliquem uspargere.

To dandle, manibus agitare, gremio fovere.
A dandler, infantis agitator.
A dandling, infantis agitatio.
Dandruff, furfures, *pl.* porrigo.
Full of dandruff, furfuraceus.
Danger, discrimen, periculum.
The danger is over, omnia res est jam in vado.
To be in danger, in periculo versari.
To danger [bring one into danger] aliquem in periculum adducere.
To avoid danger, periculum consilio suo discutere et comprimere.
To deliver out of danger, e periculo aliquem eripere. **To escape**, ex periculo evadere. **To run into**, periculum adire, in periculum irruere.
Out of danger, securus, tutus.
Dangerous, periculosus, periculosus. **To meddle with**, invidiosus.
Dangerously, periculose.
To dangle or hang dangling, dependere.
To dangle up and down with one, aliquem officiose comitari.
Dangling, pendulus.
Dank or dankish, humidus.
Dankishness, humor.
Dapper, agilis.
A dapper-fellow, trossulus.
A low dapperling, pumilio.
Drizzle-grey, acutulus.
To dare [venture] audere. **[Challenge]** lacescere, provocare.
A dare cr dare [fish] apua.
Daring, audax, animosus.
A daring of one, provocatio.
Daringly, audacter, audenter.
Dark, tenebrosus, caliginosus, obscurus.
Of a dark brown colour, fuscus, pullus. **A dark grey**, leucophaeus. **A dark blue**, luridus. **A dark green**, virens. **[Intricate]** obscurus.
The dark or darkness, tenebræ, *pl.*
Dark or blind, cæcus.
Dark [when the moon does not shine] illunus.
Very dark, perobscurus, tenebricosus.
To make dark or darken, obscurare.
To be in the dark, in tenebris versari.
To keep one in the dark, aliquid aliquem cæcare.
To darken [with clouds] obnubilare.
A darkening, obscuratio.
Darkish or darksome, subobscurus.
Darkling, in tenebris *v.* in obscurio versans.
Darkly, obscure.
Darkness, obscuritas, tenebræ.

Of weather, caligo. **With shadowing**, adumbratio.
Full of darkness, tenebrosus.
Loving darkness, lucilugus.
A darling, delictio, *pl.*
To darn or darn up, resarcire.
A darning of clothes, veteramentarius.
A darning, sutura.
Darnel, lolium.
Of darnel, loliceus.
A dart, pilula.
To dart or cast a dart, jaculari.
Upon one, in aliquem subito irruere.
A stringed dart, hasta amenata.
Bearing darts, teller.
A darter, jaculator, *m.* jaculatrix, *f.*
A darting, jaculatio.
Of darting, jacularis.
That may be darted, jaculabilis.
A dash [blow] ictus. **[Mixture]** mixtura. **[With a pen]** ductus.
To dash a thing against, allidere; affligere. **[As with water or dirt]** aspergere, conspergere. **[Wine with water]** vinum aqua diluere. **[Mingle]** commiscere. **A design or project**, alicujus consilium evertere.
One in the chops, colaphum alicui impingere. **Out the brains**, cerebrum comminuisse.
To pieces, confringere. **Together**, collidere. **Out with a pen**, delere, obliterare.
A dashing against, illisus. **[Battering]** conflictus. **Together**, collisio. **With water**, aspersio.
A dastard, ignavus, timidus.
Dastardly, timide, ignave.
A date [of writings] tempus scribendi datum. **Or day-book**, diarium, ephemeris.
To date a writing, diem subsignare.
To bear date, diem ascriptam habere.
Out of date, antiquus, obsoletus.
A date [fruit] dactylus.
A little date, palmula.
A date-tree, palma.
An Indian date [tamarind] dactylus Indicus.
The dative case, casus danti *v.* tertius casus.
To daub, oblinere. **[Defile]** inquinare, maculare. **[Bribe]** largitione corrumpere. **Or disguise**, aliquid verborum involucris dissimulare. **[Flatter]** adulari.
Daubed with gold lace, auro coopertus *v.* ornatus.
A dauser [smeared] unctor.
[Defiler] qui inquinat. **[Briber]** qui aliquem pretio corrumpit. **[Flatterer]** adulator.
A daubing [smearing] unctio.
[Defiling] sordies. **[Bribing]** corruptela. **[Flattery]** adulatio.

A daughter, filia.
A little daughter, filiola.
A daughter-in-law, nurus.
A god-daughter, filia lustrica.
A daughter's son, nepos.
A daughter's son's wife, pronurus.
A step-daughter, privigna.
To daunt, aliquem terrere.
A daunting, consternatio.
Dauntless, impavidus, intrepidus.
A daw or jack-daw, monedula.
To dawn, diluescere, illucescere.
The dawn or dawning [of the day] diluculum, aurora.
A day [space of time] dies.
Day [light] lux.
A day or by the day, singulis diebus.
Noon-day, meridies.
A court or law day, dies fastus.
Days of respite, iustitium.
A day of appearance, dies status.
Days of return, dies iudicii.
The dog-days, dies caniculares.
Vacation-days, dies nefasti.
Christmas-day, dies Christi natalis.
New-year's day, calendæ Januarii.
Candlemas-day, purificatio Virginis.
Ash-Wednesday, cineralia, *pl.* dies cinerum.
Good-Friday, soteria, *n. pl.*
Easter-day, dies paschalis.
To-day or this day, hodie.
Of to-day or this day, hodiernus.
From day to day, de die in diem.
Every day, quotidie.
Of or for every day [adj.] quotidianus.
T'other day, pridie.
Now-a-days, hoc tempore, hodie.
Day by day, in singulos dies.
On a certain day, die quodam.
On a set day, die certo, præfinito *v.* constituto.
The day before that day, pridie ejus diei.
The next day after that, postri die ejus diei.
The day before yesterday, nudius tertius.
Three days ago, nudius quartus.
Four days since, nudius quintus.
This day sevennight or a week ago, nudius octavus.
In the day-time, interdiu.
Of a day, diurnus.
Before day-light, autelucanus.
Clear or broad day, multa lux, clarum mane.
Day far spent, dies provectus.
Sunday, dies Dominicus.
Low Sunday, primus dies Dominicus post pascham.
Monday, dies lunæ, feria secunda.
Tuesday, dies Martis, feria tertia.

Wednesday, dies Mercurii, feria quarta.
Thursday, dies Jovis, feria quinta.
Friday, dies Veneris, feria sexta.
Saturday, dies Saturni, dies sabbati.
A holy-day, feriæ, pl. dies festus.
A half holy-day, dies intercisus.
A high holy-day, dies anniversarius.
At the shutting in of day, sub crepusculum vespertinum.
Ember-days or fasting-days, quatuor tempora.
A work-day, dies profestus.
His day, licet.
A day and a half, sesquidies.
The space of two days, bidium.
Three, triduum. **Four**, quadratum. **Nine**, spatium novem dierum.
Of nine days, novendialis.
A day-book, diarium, ephemeris.
A day's man [umpire] arbitrer.
To dazzle, oculos perstringere.
A deacon, diaconus.
A deaconry or deaconship, diaconatus.
In the dead of the night, nocte intempesta.
Dead [numbed] torpidus.
[Dull] segnus.
To be dead, jacere.
Dead-nettle, lamium.
Dead of itself, morticinus.
Half dead, semivivus, semimortuus.
Dead or senseless, exanimis.
A dead body, cadaver.
Almost dead, semianimis.
To dead or deaden, debilitare, frangere.
Deadly [adj.] mortifer, letifer, letalis; [feral].
Deadly [adv.] mortifere, letaliter.
Deadness, stupor, torpor.
Deaf, surdus.
To grow deaf, surdus fieri.
To be deaf, obsurdescere.
To deafen or make deaf, obtundere.
Deafish or somewhat deaf, surdusior.
Deafly, surde.
Deafness, surditas.
A deal tree, abies.
Deal boards or planks, tabulæ abieque.
A deal-merchant, abietis mercator.
To deal, agere, tractare. [Distribute] partiiri. **Falsely**, prævaricari. **In business**, mercari, negotiari. Or bargain with a person, cum aliquo pacisci, stipulari.
A deal, vis, numerus.
A great deal or by a great deal [adv.] multo, impendio.

A great deal better, nimio satius.
A deal, at cards, foliorum distributio.
A dealer, at cards, distributor. [Trailer] negotiator.
A double or false dealer, prævaricator.
A plain dealer, homo candidus.
A fair dealer, æquus. **Fair dealing**, æquum et bonum.
Dealing [business or trade] occupatio, negotiatio. Or doing, factum. **As with cards**, distributio. [Treatment] tractatio.
A double dealing, dolus malus.
A false dealing, prævaricatio.
Hard dealing, exactio.
Dealing much, negotiosus.
A dean, decanus.
A rural dean, decanus ruralis.
A deanry, decanatus.
Dear [beloved] carus, dilectus. [Costly] pretiosus.
To make dear [beloved] carum reddere. [Costly] pretium augere.
To make corn dear, annonam arcere.
Corn grows dear, annona ingravescit.
As dear as may be, quamplurimo.
Dearly, arcte, familiariter.
Dearly, care.
Dearness, caritas. **Of provisions**, annonæ caritas.
A dearth, fames.
Death [natural] mors, letum. [Violent] lux. [Slaughter, havoc] cædes, strages.
It is death, capitale est.
Sudden death, mors intempesta.
Death-punge, mortis angor v. angustia.
A dead-watch, scarabæus domesticus, termes.
The point of death, extremus spiritus.
To be at the point of death, in articulo mortis esse; animum efflare.
Worthy of death, capitalis.
To put to death, morte mulcare; morti dare.
To hasten one's death, mortem alicui maturare.
Deathful, letifer, mortalis.
Deathlike, leto similis.
Deathman, carnifex.
Deathless, immortalis, æternus.
To debar, arcere, interdicere.
A debarring, exclusio, interdictio.
To debase, demittere, deprimere. [Disparage a thing] aliquid contemnere, spernere.
Coin, monetam adulterare.
A debaser, oppressor.
A debasing, dejectio.
Debasement, demissio, submissio.
A debate in law, actio, lis.
A friendly debate, amicum colloquium.

A small debate, disputatiuncula.
A debate-maker, vitiligator.
To debate [reason] disserere, disputare, argumentari. [Advise with himself] deliberare; secum considerare. [Quarrel] contendere, altercari.
It is debated, disputatur.
A debater, disputator.
A debating [disputing] disputatio. [Advising with one's self] deliberatio.
To debauch [corrupt] aliquem vitare. **A woman**, supprave. [Play the debauchee] debachari, luxuriari.
A debauch [drinking-bout] magna vini ingurgitatio.
Debauched, nequam, indecivito demersus.
A debauchee, commissator, nepos homo dissolutus, disinctus impurus, intemperans, libidinosus.
A debaucher, corruptor, corruptela.
Debauchery, intemperantia flagitiosa; incontinentia, luxuria.
A debauching or debauchment, corruptela.
A debenture (in trade) tessera nummaria.
A soldier's debenture, stipendia militaria residua.
To debilitate, debilitare, enervare.
A debilitating, debilitatio.
Debility, debilitas, infirmitas.
Debonair or courteous, comis, nütis. [Merry or cheerful] lätus, hilaris, lepidus. [Good natured] benignus, perhumannus.
Debonairly, comiter, candide.
A debt, debitum, æs alienum.
Debts upon account, reliqua.
To be much or deeply in debt, ære alieno premi v. obrui.
To be in one's debt [be obliged] obligari, obstringi.
To run in debt, æs alienum confare.
To respite a debt, solutionem nominis sustinere.
To rid out of debt, ære alieno levare.
To demand debts, appellare.
To forgive a debt, pecuniam debitam condonare.
To sue for debts, debita insectari.
To pay debts, nomen liberare.
To come or be out of debt, ære alieno exire.
A desperate debt, debitum inoplatum. **A dribbling debt**, parvum.
A debtor, debitor.
An insolvent debtor, qui solvendo non est.
A debtor upon bill or bond, debitor ex chirographo.
A decade, decas, adisagf.

The decalogus, decem Dei præcepta.
To decamp, castra movere; vasa colligere.
A decamping or decampment, castrorum motus.
To decant, defæcere, deliquare.
A decantation or decanting, transfusio.
A decanter, lagena transfusioni apta.
To decay [pass away] decrescere, labi. *With age*, senescere. *Or fail*, deficere. *In colour*, deflorescere. *Utterly*, perire. *As flowers*, flaccescere, marcescere.
A decay, casus; labefactio.
In decay or decayed, ruinosus, dilapsus.
Decayed [withered] marcidus.
Decaying, labens, caducus.
A decease, decessus, obitus.
To decease, decedere, mori.
A deceit, fraus, dolus, fallacia, ars.
Deceitful, subdolus, versutus.
A deceitful knave, veterator.
Trick, dolus malus.
Deceitfully, fraudulenter, capiteose.
Deceitfulness, fallacia, dolus.
To deceive, fallere, decipere, fraudare. [*Mock*] deludere, ludificare. [*Wheedle*] delinire. *One's expectation*, frustrari.
Deceivable, fallax.
Deceivableness, fallacia.
To be deceived, falli. [*Mistaken*] errare, hallucinari.
A deceiver, fraudator; ludificator.
Deceiving, fallax.
December, December.
Decency, decor, decetia.
Decent, decorus, decens.
Decently, decenter.
Deception, deceptio.
Deceptive, fraudulentus, dolosus.
To decide, decernere, decidere, censere.
A deciding or decision, determinatio.
Decimal, denarius.
To decimate, decimare. *For punishment*, in decimum quemque animadvertere.
A decimation of a soldier, decimatio. *Of an estate*, proscriptio.
To decipher or describe, describere, delineare. [*Explain cipher*] literas notis occultis exaratas explicare.
A deciphering, descriptio, explicatio.
Decisive, decretorius.
Decisory, determinatus.
The deck of a ship, fori, transstra, pl.
To deck, ornare; polire, expolire.
Not decked, incomptus, inornatus, lacivus.

A decker, exornator.
A decking, ornatus, cultus.
To declaim, declamare. *Often*, declamitare.
A declaimer, declamator.
Declaimingly or in a declamatory way, declamatorio modo.
A declamation, declamatio.
A declaration or declaring, declaratio, significatio, denuntiatio, designatio. [*Explication*] explicatio, expositio. [*Testimony*] testificatio. *At law*, libellus. *Of war*, belli denuntiatio.
To put in a declaration at law, libellum accusatorum exhibere.
Declaratory or declarative, ad explicationem pertinens.
To declare, narrare, indicare, denuntiare, significare. *In solemn words or form*, nuncupare. *In brief*, perstringere. *Abroad*, divulgare, publicare. *Beforehand*, prænuntiare. *Further*, addere, prosequi.
To be declared, patefieri, manifestari.
That may be declared, enarrabilis.
A declarer, declarator.
A declension, declinatio.
Decline, declinatio, defectio.
To decline [avoid] vitare; desugere, cavere. [*Bend down*] vergere. *A word*, verbum inflectere. [*Decay*] deficere, labascere.
A declining [avoiding] vitatio, devitatio. [*Growing worse*] refluere, in deterius vergens. [*Bending*] declinatio, inclinatio. *Of words*, flexio.
Declivity [steepness] declivitas.
Decoctible, coctivus.
A decoction, decoctum.
Decomposite or decomposed, bis compositus.
To decorate [adorn] exornare, decorare.
Decoration, ornatus, ornamentum.
The decorations of the stage, scenæ apparatus, choraegium.
Decorum, decorus, decens.
Decorum [handsomeness or good grace] decorum, gratia.
A decoy, illecebra, illicium. *Or decoyer*, pella.
To decoy, illicere, pellicere.
A decoying, illecebra.
To decrease, decrescere, minui.
Decreasing, decrescens.
A decrease or decreasing, diminutio, imminutio; decisio.
A decree, edictum, decretum.
To decree [ordain] decernere. [*Purpose*] statuere.
A decree [judgment] sententia. *Of state*, edictum, decretum. *Of wise men*, præscriptum. *Or act*, consultum. *Or purpose*, propositum.

An umpire's decree, arbitrium.
Decrepid, decrepitus, incurvus.
Decrepitness or decrepity old age, ætas decrepita v. summa.
Decrescent, decrescens.
Decretal, decretorius.
To decry [or abrogate publicly] antiquare, rescindere. [*Disparage*] alicujus existimaticnem ledere.
To dedicate, dedicare, consecrare. *A book*, &c. dicare nuncupare.
A dedicator, qui dicit v. dedicat.
A dedication, dedicatio, consecratio.
The dedication of a church, consecratio, pl.
To deduce [derive] deducere. [*Infer*] aliquid ex alio inferre.
A deducement [consequence] consequntium.
Deducing or deducive, quod ex aliâ re deduci potest.
To deduct, subtrahere, detrahere.
A deducting or deduction, deductio, deductio.
Deductively, per consequentiam.
A deed [action] factum, facinus.
A good deed, benefactum.
An ill deed, flagitium, malefictum.
A deed [instrument] instrumentum.
Indeed or in very deed, re verâ, re ipsâ.
Indeed, sane, scilicet, videlicet.
Indeed, [by way of question] itane? itane vero?
In the very deed, manifesto, ipse facto.
Deedless, minime agilis v. promptus.
To deem, judicare, opinari.
A deemer, opinator.
A deeming, opinatio.
A deemster, arbiter, judex.
Deep, profundus, altus. [*Close*] reconditus. [*Cunning*] callidus, versutus.
The deep, profundum.
To deepen, excavare, defodere.
Deep or deeply, profunde, alte.
Deep-mouthed, raucisonus.
Deep-musing, contemplativus, meditabundus.
Deepness, altitudo, profundum.
A deer, cervus, fera. *Fallow*, dama fulva. *Red*, cervus.
A keeper of deer, saltuarius.
A tame deer, hinnulus cicur.
To deface, deformare; deturpare. [*Blot out*] delere, expungere. [*Corrupt*] corrumpere, perdere. [*Spoil*] spoliare, evertere.
A defacer [blotter out] deleter, m. deletrix, f. [*Corrupter*] corruptor. [*Spoiler*] eversor.
A defacing, defacement, deformatio, corruptio, eversio.
A defiance or default, defectus.
To defalcate or default [deduct]

defectre, subtrahere. [*Prune*] defalcare, collucare.
A defalcation, deductio. [*Pruning*] defalcatio.
A defamation, alienæ famæ violatio.
Defamatory, famosus, probrosum.
To defame, alicujus existimationem violare.
A defamer, obrectator, calumniator.
A defaming, sugillatio, obrectatio.
A default, culpa, peccatum, defectus, officii debiti omisio.
To make a defaultance, insectum quod factum est reddere.
To default [disappoint] frustrari, claudere. *An army*, prodigare, proterere. *The attempts or assaults of the enemies*, hostium hostilitas sustinere et retundere. [*Make void*] rescindere, abrogare.
The defeat of an army, clades, strages.
A defeating [disappointing] frustratio. [*Making void*] abrogatio, antiquatio.
To defeat, defecare.
A defect [want] defectio, defectus. *In judgment*, imprudentia. [*Blemish*] labea. [*Fault*] mendum.
Defection, defectio.
Defective, imperfectus, mancus.
[Faulty] vitiosus.
To be defective, deficere, deesse.
Defectiveness, defectus.
A master of defence, lanista.
A defence [guard] presidium. [*Protection*] patrocinium. *In pleading*, defensio, propugnatio.
To speak in defence of one, pro aliquo verba facere.
By belonging to defence, tutelaria.
In the defence of, pro, a. v. ab.
Defenceless, inermis, imparatus.
To defend, defendere, tueri.
Fortify before, prae munire.
Often, defensitare. *One's clients*, patrocinari.
A defendant, reus.
A defender, defensor, propugnator, viadex. [*Advocate*] patronus, advocatus.
A defending, defensio, patrocinium.
Defensible, qui defendi potest.
Defensive arms, arma ad tegendum.
To be upon the defensive or act defensively, bellum illatum repellere.
To defer or delay, differre, procrastinare.
Deference [respect] cultus, honor delatus.
A deferrer, cunctator.
Deferring, cunctabundus.
A deferring, cunctatio, procrastinatio.

Defiance [challenge] provocatio ad pugnam.
A letter of defiance, literæ provocatorie.
To bid defiance to one, aliquem ad pugnam provocare.
Living in open defiance of religion, a religione alienus, a religione abhorrens.
A deficiency, deficiens, defectio, defectus.
Deficient, imperfectus, hiulus.
To be deficient, deficere.
A defier, provocator.
To defile [pollute] fœdare, contaminare, inquinare; polluere. [*Deflower*] vitare, stuprare. *With dirt*, conspircare, oblinere. *By profaneness*, accelerare, consecrare, profanare. [*March off, as troops*] copias ex uno loco in alium traducere.
A defile or strait passage, iter angustum; fauces, ium. f. pl. [*In war*] iter angustum et difficile.
Not defiled, intaminatus, purus.
A defilement or defiling, pollutio, commaculatio.
A defiler, temerator, corruptor.
To defile, definire, describere. [*Limit*] terminare.
A definer, qui definit v. exponit.
A definition or defining, definitio, rei alicujus brevis conscripta explicatio.
Definitive, definitivus, decretorius.
Definitively, definite; distincte.
To deflect, deflectere, digræll.
A deflection, deflexus.
To deflower, violare, vitare, stuprare.
A deflowerer, constuprator; viitiator.
A deflowering, violatio; vitium.
A defluxion, fluxio, distillatio.
To deform, deformare, vitare, turpare.
Deformed [adj.] deformis, pravus.
Made deformed, fœdatus, vitatus.
Deformedly, deformiter, fœde.
A deforming or deformation, deformatio.
Deformity, deformitas, turpilitudo.
To defraud, fraudare, defraudare.
A defrauder, defraudator.
A defrauding, dolus malus.
To defray, erogare, præbere. *One's charges*, sumptus alicui suppeditare.
A defrayer, qui v. quæ sumptus suppeditat.
A defraying, pecuniæ erogatio.
Defunct [dead] mortuus, fato functus.
To defy, ad pugnam v. certamen aliquem provocare.
A defying, provocatio.

Degeneracy, a virtute majorum decessio.
To degenerate, degenerare; descendere.
Degenerate or degenerated, degener.
Degenerous [scandalous, base] infamis, turpis.
Degradation or degrading, alicujus de gradu honoris delectio.
To degrade, aliquem de gradu deponere.
A degree or step, gradus. *Or order, ordo. In consanguinity*, stemma.
The highest degree of honour, summum honoris fastigium. [*Estate*] conditio, status, ordo.
A person of high degree, homo illustri genere natus. *Of low degree*, homo infimo loco natus.
By degrees, sensim, gradatim.
To dehort [dissuade] dehortari, dissuadere.
Dehortation or dehorting, dissuasio.
A dehorter, dissuasor.
To deject or cast down, deicere. *One's self*, dolere, mœrere.
Dejectedly, anxie, mœste, solcite.
Dejection, mœror, anxietas.
Dejection [evacuation of excrements] dejectio.
Deification, consecratio.
To deify, in deorum numerum referre.
A deifying, hominis in deos relatio.
To dign, dignari.
A deigning, dignatio.
A deist, qui in unum Deum credit, sed a Christianâ doctrinâ abhorret.
Delation, delatio.
A delator [informant] delator.
The deity, numen.
A delay or delaying, mora, cunctatio.
To delay or defer, differre, procrastinare. *The trial of a cause*, compendinare. *Judgment*, ampliare.
A delayer, cunctator.
A delaying, procrastinatio, prolatio. *Of judgment*, ampliatio.
Delaying, cunctabundus.
Delectable, gratus, amœnus, jucundus.
Delectableness, jucunditas, amœnitas. *In speech*, lepor, venustas.
Delectably, amœniter, jucunde.
Delection, delectamentum, oblectatio.
To delegate [appoint] delegare.
A delegate, delegatus.
A court of delegates, curia delegatorum.
A judge delegate, recuperator.
A delegation, delegatio.
Deleterious, exitiosus, letalis.

A delf [mine] fodina.

To deliberate or *deliberate* upon, de aliquâ re deliberare v. consultare.

Deliberate [circumspect] cautus, prudens.

Deliberately [not hastily] caute, consulto. [On set purpose] de industria.

Deliberation or *deliberateness*, deliberatio, consultatio.

Deliberative, deliberativus.

Delicacy or *delicateness* [beauty] pulchritudo, venustas.

[Daintiness] cupidia. Neatness of a piece of work, operis elegantia; opus exquisiti artificii. [Softness] mollities. Of style, oratio limata.

Delicate [beautiful] pulcher, venustus. [Dainty] cupidiarum avidus. [Excellent] eximius. [Soft] delicatus, mollis.

To make delicate, mollire.

Delicately [beautifully] pulchre. [Excellently] eximie. [Softly] delicate.

Delicacies, cupidie, delicie.

Delicious, delicatus, suavis.

Deliciously, delicate, suaviter.

Deliciousness, suavitas.

Delight, voluptas, suavitas.

To delight or *be delighted* to, delectare, juyare; voluptate aliquem asficere.

To take delight or *be delighted* in, gaudere, frui.

Delights, delicie, pl.

It delights, juvat, delectat.

Delightful or *delightsome*, gratus, jucundus, amenus.

Delightfully, suaviter, jucunde.

Delightfulness or *delightsomeness*, amenitas. Vid. *Delight*.

A delighting, delectatio, oblectatio.

To delineate, delineare, adumbrare.

A delineating or *delineation*, delineatio, adumbratio.

Delinquency, delictum, culpa.

A delinquent, delinquens, noxius.

Delirious, delirus, mente captus.

To be delirious, mente labi, apud se non esse.

To deliver to, tradere. From out of, liberare, expedire.

A thing asked for, subministrare.

A speech, orationem habere; verba facere. Down from hand to hand, per manus tradere.

Into one's hands, in aliqujus potestatem tradere. In trust, Cui aliqujus rem committere.

[As a midwife] obstericari.

To memory, memoria prodere, tradere. Up [resign] resignare. [Betray] prodere.

A deliverance, liberatio, absolutio.

The deliverance of a captive, captivi redemptio.

A woman's deliverance, puerperium.

To be delivered of young, parere. Before the time, abortum facere.

A deliverer, liberator, servator.

Up, traditor, proditor.

A delivery of goods to one, rerum venditarum traditio.

To have a good delivery [utterance] diserte loqui. A poor delivery, male pronuntiare.

A woman's delivery, partus, puerperium.

A dell [pit] fossa. [A valley] vallis.

To delude or *mock* and *deceive*, ludere, deludere, deridere.

With fair pretences, deludificare, inescare.

A deluder, irrisor; sannio.

A deluding or *delusion*, irrissio, defraudatio.

Deluding, delusive, or *delusory*, fallax, fraudulentus.

Delusion, prestigie, pl. technæ.

To delve, fodere v. fodire.

A delver, fossor.

A delving, fossio.

A deluge, diluvium.

To deluge or *drown*, inundare.

A demagogue, autesignauus, popular ductor.

A demain or *demesne*, possessiones.

The king's demain, vectigal regium.

Of demain, vectigalis.

A demand [claim] postulatum, rogatum. [Petition] petitio, rogatio.

To demand or *require*, exigere, requirere, postulare. [Lay claim to a thing] postulare. A question, interrogare. Money for a thing, indicere. A debt, appellare. A reparation, res repetere.

To hear one's demands, de aliqujus postulatis cognoscere.

Demandable, quod jure potest postulari.

A demandant or *demandor*, petitor, flagitator. Busy or impertinent, percontator.

A demanding [asking] interrogatio. [Requiring] postulatio.

A frequent demanding, rogatio.

A demeanor, habitus, mores, pl.

Fair demeanor, comitas, urbanitas.

Demerit, meritum.

To demerit, commereri.

A demigod, semideus.

Demigration, demigratio.

Demise [death] mors, obitus.

To demise by will, testamento donare v. legare.

Democracy, populi principatus.

Democratical, ad imperium populare pertinens.

To demolish, demoliri, destruere.

A demolisher, everior, demolitor.

Demolishing or *demolition*, demolitio disturbatio, eversio.

A demon, demon.

A demoniac, lymphatus.

Demonstrable, demonstrabilis.

Demonstrably, aperte, manifeste.

To demonstrate, demonstrare.

convincere.

A demonstrating or *demonstration*, demonstratio.

Demonstrative, demonstrativus.

Demonstratively, apertissime, planissime.

A demonstrator, demonstrator.

A demur or *demurrer*, mora, exceptio dilatoria.

To demur, demorari, cognitionem sustinere.

To demur upon a thing or *delay*, hesitare, cunctari.

A demurring, exceptionis oblectatio.

Demure [bashful] verecundus, modestus. [Reserved] taciturnus.

To make a very demure face, vultum fingere.

Demurely, modeste, pudice.

Demureness, modestia, verecundia. [Reservedness] taciturnitas.

A den, antrum, latibulum.

A rock, spelunca.

To hark in a den, delitescere.

Full of dens, latebrosus, cavernosus.

A denier [piece of money] denarius.

To denizen, aliquem civitate donare.

A denizen or *denison*, civis.

A denizen of a town which was free of Rome, municeps.

To denominate, denominare.

A denominator, denominator.

A denomination or *denominating*, denominatio.

To denote, denotare, designare.

A denoting or *denotation*, notatio, designatio.

To denounce, denuntiare, indicere. Openly, profiteri.

A denouncer, qui denuntiat.

A denouncing, denuntiatio, declaratio.

Dense, densus.

Density, densitas.

A den [notch] crena.

To dent or *notch*, crenas incidere.

Dental, dentatus.

Dented, denticulatus, serratus.

A dentifrice, dentifricum.

A denunciation, denuntiatio, comminatio.

To deny, negare. With a loud voice, reclamare. To do a thing, detractare. The faith, fidem abnegare. With an oath, abjurare, dejerare. By a nod, abnudere. What one has said, palinodiam canere.

Men deny, negatur, [sc. ab hominibus.]

A denial, repulsa, denegatio.

Deniable, quod negari potest.

blaying, inficiatio, negatio.
To depict, depict, depingere.
To depart, discedere; abire. *Out of an office, magistratus abire. From the truth, a vero aberrare. Out of, emigrare, abire, exire. This life [to die] decedere, mori. Or parade, secedere, digredi.*
A departing or departure, discessus, abitus. From one place to another, demigratio. Forth, profectio. From this life, excessus, obitus.
A department, munus, provincia.
To depend on a person, alicui ad.
Dependent, dependens.
A dependent, cliens.
Dependence or dependency [prop] fulcrum. [Trust] fiducia.
Dependent or depending, nixus, fretus.
The cause is now depending, sub iudice lis est.
Deplorable, flebilis, lamentabilis, miserabilis.
To deplore, deplorare, lamentari.
A deplorer, qui deplorat.
A deploring, ploratus.
A deponent, testis iuratus.
To depopulate, populari, vastare; loco solitudinem inferre.
A depopulating or depopulation, vastatio, depopulatio.
A depopulator, vastator, depopulator.
To deport one's self, se gerere.
Deportment, gestus, mores.
To depose a person from his office, alicui magistratum abrogare.
To depose upon oath, iurejurandum affirmare.
To deposit [lay down] deponere. Or trust a thing with one, fidei alicuius aliquid committere.
A deposit, depositum.
A depositary, sequester, depositi custos.
A deposing or deposition, dejectio.
A deposition of witnesses, testimonium, testificatio, testatio.
Depravation, depravatio, corruptio.
To deprave, depravare, pervertere. Or speak ill of one, calumniari, obtracere.
Depravedness or depravity, pravitas.
A depraver, corruptor.
A depraving or depravation, depravatio, corruptio.
To deprecate, deprecari.
A deprecating or deprecation, deprecatio.
Deprecatory, culpam a se amovens.
To depreciate, despicere, parvi dicere.
Depredation, direptio, spoliatio.

To deprehend, deprehendere, comprehendere.
To depress, deprimere, detruddere. Or humble one, alicuius superbiam frangere.
A depressing or depression, oppressio.
To deprive, privare, orbare. Of authority, potestatem, magistratum, alicui abrogare. [Disinherit] exheredare. Of life, exanimare.
A depriving or deprivation, privatio.
Depth, profundum, altitudo.
In the depth of winter, mediâ hieme.
In the depth of the sea, in profundo mari.
To be out of one's depth in water, terram pede non posse contingere.
A swallowing depth, gurgis.
To deepen, cavare, excavare.
A deepening, excavatio.
A deputation, legatio.
To depute, rei alicui gerendæ aliquid præficere.
A deputy, vicarius, legatus; optio.
The deputy of a ward, tribunus populi.
A deputy governor, gubernator vicarius.
Dereliction, derelictio, deserto.
To deride, deridere; despiciere.
A derider, irrisor, derisor. In a play, sanio.
Deriding, dicteria conficiens.
A deriding or derision, derisus; irrisio.
To be had in derision, ludibrio esse.
Deridingly, per ridiculum.
Derisive, scurrilis, ludificabilis.
Derivation of words, etymologia.
Derivative, qui derivatur.
A derivative word, vox ab aliâ voce derivata.
Derivatively, per modum derivationis.
To derive, derivare, deducere. Or be derived from, procedere, oriri.
A deriving or derivation, deductio.
To derogate, derogare, detrachere.
Derogating or derogatory, derogans.
A derogating or derogation, derogatio, detractio.
An act of derogation, dehonestamentum.
A descant [in music] sonus modulatus. Or gloss, interpretatio, enarratio.
To descant or sing descant, vocem canendo modulari. Upon, commentari.
To descend, descendere. From one's stock, genus ab aliquo

deducere. To the bottom, sub sidere. To particulars, singulas partes enumerare.
Descendants [posterity] posteriores, minores.
Descended [sprung] ortus, satus, natus.
Descending [as a hill] declivis. [Going down] descendens.
A descending, descension, or descent, descensio.
The descent of a hill, declivitas, descensus.
A descent [offspring] progenies. [Invasion] irruptio, descensio.
To make a descent upon the enemies, hostes adoriri.
To describe, describere, depingere. Lively, graphice v. ad vivum depingere.
A describer, scriptor, explicator. Of countries, chorographus. Of the earth, geographus. Of places, topographus. Of the world, cosmographus.
A describing or description, descriptio.
A descrier, explorer, repertor.
The description of a country, loci descriptio, chorographia. Of places, locorum topographia. Of the world, cosmographia.
To descry [spy out] speculari. [Discover] detegere.
A descrying [spying out] conspectus. [Discovering] patefactio.
To desecrate [unhallow] desecrare.
A desert [wilderness] deserta. pl. solitudo.
To make desert, populari, vastare.
To desert [forsake] deserere, destituere.
A deserter, desertor, transfuga.
Desertion, deserto, derelictio.
Desertion of one's colours, ex ercitus deserto.
To desert his colours [as a soldier] ab exercitu v. a castris discedere.
Desert [merit] meritum.
According to your desert, pro meritis tuis.
Desertless, immerito.
To deserve, merere, mereri. Ill, male mereri. Well, bene mereri.
Deservedly, merito, digne.
Desiccative, exsiccandi efficax.
A design [purpose or resolution] consilium, statutum. Or first draught, adumbratio, rudis descriptio. Or model, ichnographia. Or plot, molitio, inceptum.
To design or contrive, machinari. designare. [Appoint] destinare. [Resolve] statuere. [Draw a sketch of] adumbrare, delineare.
A designation, designatio.
Designedly, de industria, consulto.

A designer, designator.
A designing, designatio.
The art of designing [drawing] graphidis scientia.
A designing or crafty person, astutus, callidus.
A designment, molitio, conatus.
Desirable, optabilis, desiderabilis.
Desire [wish] desiderium; cupiditas. [*Request*] rogatio.
An humble desire, obsecratio.
To desire [wish] cupere; desiderare, optare. [*Request*] petere, requirere. **Humbly, obtestari, supplicare. Lamentably, implorare. Earnestly, obsecrare; ardere. Importunately, efflagitare.**
By desire, precario, optato.
According to one's desire, ex sententiâ, ex animo.
A desirer, rogator, precator.
A desiring [requesting] efflagitatio. [*Coveting*] aviditas.
Desirous, avidus, cupidus.
Desirously or with desire, cupide, avide.
To desist, desistere, cessare.
A desisting, derelictus, cessatio.
A desk, pluteus, abacus.
Desolate, desertus, vastus, desolatus. [*Full of grief*] mœstus, tristis. [*Without comfort*] solatus expers.
To desolate, to make desolate, vastare, populari.
A making desolate, vastatio, depopulatio.
Desolateness or desolation [ruin or ruin] vastitas. [*Want of comfort*] ægritudo.
To despair, desperare.
To cause one to despair, alicui omnem spem adimere, auferre, eripere.
Despair, desperation, or desperateness, desperatio.
Despairful, expes.
Despairingly, omni spe abjectâ.
A desperado or desperat person, perditus, vesanus.
Desperate [rash] temerarius. [*Dangerous*] periculosus.
My case is desperate, de meis rebus actum est.
Desperately, perditè, periculose.
Despicable, contemptible, contemnendus, aspernandus.
A despicable fellow, homo tristis.
Despicableness, villitas.
Despicably, cum contemptu.
To despise, contemnere; spernere.
A despiiser, contemptor, m. contemptrix, f.
A despiising, despectus; contemptio.
Despite or malice, malignitas, invidia. Or scorn, despectus.
In despite of one, ingratis, aliquo invito.
Despiteful, malignus, invidus.

Despitefully, contumeliose, maligne.
Despitefulness, malignitas, invidia.
To despoil, spoliare, vastare.
A despoiling, spoliatio.
To despond, animum despondere. Vid. Despair.
Despondence or despondency, desperatio.
A despot or lord, dominus, praeses.
A despotic or arbitrary government, dominatio.
Despotically, imperiose.
Despumption, despumandi actus.
The dessert, bellaria, pl. tragemata.
To destine or destinate, destinare, designare.
A destination or destinating, destinatio, designatio.
Destiny, fatum, sors.
The destinies, parca, pl.
Destiny-readers, latidici, pl. sortilegi.
Of destiny, fatalis.
By destiny, fataliter.
Destitute, egeus; inops.
To leave destitute, inopem derelinquere.
Left destitute, derelictus, orbat, orbus.
Destitution, destitutio.
**To destroy, consumere, abolere, extinguere. Raze a city, urbem destruire. Spoil, perdere. [*Overthrow*] destruire, diruere. [*Lay waste*] vastare, devastare. [*Make havoc of*] praedari. [*To pull down or ruin*] evertire, diruere.
To be destroyed, disperire, interire.
A destroyer, confector, perditor.
Destroying. Vid. Destructive.
A destroying, perniciës; lues.
Given to destroying, populabundus.
Destruction, strages, exitium.
An utter destruction, internecio.
Destruction [laying waste] populatio. [*Of people*] clades, cædes.
Destructive, exitiosus, exitialis.
Destructively, perniciose.
Desuetude, desuetudo.
Desultory, desultorius.
To detach, segregare, seligere.
A detachment, manus.
A detail, singularum partium enumeratio.
To detail, singulatis recitare v. enumerare.
To detain [make to stay] morari, detinere. [*Keep back*] retinere. [*Hinder*] praepedire.
A detainer [withholder] qui detinet.
Detainer [confinement] captivitas.
A detaining or detention, retentio.**

To detect, detegere; patefacere.
A detector, index.
A detecting or detection, patefactio, indicium.
To deter, deterrere.
Detergent, detergens.
Determent, impedimentum.
Determinable, quod determinari potest.
Determinate, determinatus; conclusus.
Determinately, definite, distincte.
A determination, determinatio decisio.
To determine [purpose] statuere; decernere. [*End*] definire, dirimere. [*Judge between party and party*] dijudicare. [*Beforehand*, praepredicare. [*To conclude*] determinare, concludere. *Bachelor of arts, gradum baccalaureatus capessere.*
Not determined, indefinitus.
A detersive medicine, medicamen detergens.
To detest [abhor] detestari, abominari. [*Loath*] fastidire.
Detestable, detestabilis, execrabilis.
Detestably, detestabilem in modum.
A detestation or detesting, detestatio.
A detester, qui aliquid detestatur.
Detesting, detestans, abominans.
To dethrone, aliquem de solio dejicere.
A dethroning, de solio dejectio v. depulsio.
An action of detinue, actio conquestraria.
To detract from, alicui maledicere; laudes alicujus obtinere.
A detractor, obrectator.
A detractress, quæ de alicujus famâ detrahit.
A detracting or detracting, obrectatio, maledictio.
Detracting or detractive, maledicus.
Detractingly, maledice.
Detractory, obrectans, injuriosus.
Detriment, detrimentum.
Detrimental or full of detriment, damnosus.
To detruide, detruere, deturbare.
Detrusion, depulsio.
Devastation, vastatio, depopulatio.
To develop, patefacere; exponere.
To devast, aliquem opibus v. fortunis spoliare.
A devastating, spoliatio.
Devezity, devexitas.
To deviate, errare.
A deviating or deviation, error, aberratio.
A device or cunning trick, tech-

na, dolus, praeſtigiae, pl. artificum. [*Contrivance*] excogitatio, inventio. [*Feigned story*] commentum, fabula. On a shield, &c. symbolum.
The devil, diabolus, daemon.
A ſhe devil, proſperpina; femina furore percita.
Deviliſh, diabolicus, dæmonicus, malignus, maleſicus; tartarus.
Deviliſhly, flagitioſe.
Devious, devius, avius.
To deviſe [invent] excogitare; ſugere, concipere. [*Imagine*] rei alicujus imaginem concipere. [*Frame or faſhion*] formare.
Beforehand, præmeditari. *By* will, legare.
Craftily deviſed, machinoſus.
A deviſee, legatarius.
A deviſer, teſtator.
A deviſer, inventor, excogitator, machinator; commentor.
A deviſing, excogitatio, machinatio.
Devotid, vacuus, inanis.
Devoir [duty] officium, munus.
To devolve [act.] devolvere. *A trust*, &c. upon one, aliquid alicujus fidelè mandare, credere. *New*, redire.
To devote, devovere, conſecrare. [*Conſign over or curſe*] damnare, diis inferis vovere.
A devotee, alicui rei nimis ad- dictus.
A devoting, devotio, dedicatio.
Devotion, pietas erga Deum. [*Service*] cultus.
Counterfeit devotion, ſimulata ſanctitas.
To be at devotion, ſacris ope- rari. *At another's devotion*, ſuam gerere alicui.
To devour, vorare, ingurgitare.
Sweet and dainty meats, liguri- re. [*Consume waſtefully*] profundere, effundere. [*Op- preſs*] opprimere.
A devourer, edax, helluus, gu- lorus. *Of his eſtate*, luro, nepos.
Devouring, edax, vorax. *Fleſh*, carnivorus.
A devouring, voracitas, edaci- tas, belluatio.
Devouringly, avide.
Devout, pius, religioſus, sanctus. *Only in ſhow*, hypocrita.
Not devout, irreligioſus, ſupe- rium contemptor.
Devoutly, pie, religioſe, ſancte.
Devoutneſs, religio, ſanctimo- nia.
The dew, roa.
To dew or bedew, rorare, irro- rare.
To begin to dew or bedew, roreſ- cere.
Mildew, melligo, rubigo.
Dewberries, bacca rubi repen- tis.
Dewy, roſulentus, roſcidus.

The falling of dew, roratio.
A ſprinkling with dew, roris as- perſio.
Dexterity, dexteritas; ſolertia.
With dexterity, gnaviter, perite.
Dexterous, ſolers.
Dexterouſly, pernicious, expe- dite.
Diabolical, diabolicus.
Diabolically, diabolice.
A diadem, diadema.
Diagonal, diagonalis.
A dial, horologium.
A ſun-dial, ſolarium.
A water-dial, clepsydra.
The hand or pin of a dial, gno- mon.
The dial plate, horologii la- mella.
A dialect, dialectos, i. f.
A dialogue, dialogus, collo- quium.
The diameter, diameter.
Diametrical, diametricus.
Diametrically, ex diametro, di- recte.
A diamond, adamas.
Of a diamond, adamantinus.
Diamond-cut, angulatus, ada- mantis inſtar ſculptus.
The diamond at cards, rhombus.
Diaper, ſindon variegata, lin- teum ſtriatum.
To diaper, ſtriare.
Diaphoretic, ſudorem excitans.
The diaphragm [midriff] dia- phragma.
A diarrhoea or looſeneſs, diar- rhœa; profluviu.
Diarrhetic, alvum clens.
A diary [day-book] diarium.
A dibble [ſetting-ſtick] paſti- num. [*To brush one's hat*] ſcopula.
Dice or a pair of dice, alea.
To play at dice, alea ludere.
A caſt at dice, alea jactus.
The play at dice, ludus talarium.
A dice-box, friullus; turricula.
A dicer or dice-player, aleator.
Dicing or playing at dice, alea.
To dictate, dictare, præſcribere.
Dictates or precepts, dictata, pl.
A dictator, dictator.
Of a dictator, dictatorial, dic- tatorius.
Dictatorſhip, dictatura.
Diction, dictio.
A dictionary, vocum index, vo- cabularium.
Didactic or didactical, ad do- cendum aptus.
A didapper or dîve-dapper, mer- gus, m. uriniſtrix, f.
To die, mori; occidere. *Upon a thing*, immori. *A natural death*, mori. *Before time*, præ- mori. *With laughing*, riſu emori. *Or yield up the ghoul*, expire, animam effare: diem ſupremum obire. *Or ſwoon away*, animo linqui.
Dying a natural death, moriens, naturæ cedens.

A dying, obitus, exceſſus. *A dying away*, animi deliquium.
To die [as liquors] in vappam veru.
Like to die or ready to die, moribundus.
Diet [food] cibus, penus.
A diet [course of food] diæta, victus regimen. *Of the em- pire*, ordinum imperii conven- tus.
To diet a perſon [conſine to a regular diet] diætam alicui præſcribere. *Or give one food*, cibo alere, ſuſtentare. *With a perſon*, convivere.
Of a regular diet, diæticus.
Of diet or common food, ciba- rius.
A dieting or boarding with one, convictus, contubernium.
To differ, diſſerre, diſcrepare. *From one in opinion*, diſſen- tire. [*Full out*] rixari.
To cauſe or make to differ or be different, diſtinguere, ſecernere.
To cauſe or make perſons to differ or fall out, lites inter alios ſerere.
A difference [unlikeness] diſſe- rentia, diſſimilitudo. [*Dis- tance*] diſtantia. *A differing* [controversy] diſſenſio, alter- catio.
To end differences by treaty, per colloquia controverſias com- ponere. *By arbitration*, arbitri- tari.
Different or differing, diverſus, diſcrepans, diſpar, diſſimilis.
To be different from, diſſonare, diſconvenire.
Differently or with difference varie; diverſe.
Difficult or hard, diſſicilis, ar- duus.
A difficult perſon or one hardly to be pleaſed, diſſicilis, ſaſtidio- ſus.
Somewhat difficult, ſubdiſſicilis.
Difficultly or with difficulty diſſiciliter, ægre.
Difficulty, diſſicultas. *In one's circumſtances*, res anguſtæ.
Of ſpeech, lingua balbuties.
A thing of great difficulty, res ardua.
To break through difficulties diſſicultates vincere.
To make a difficulty in doing thing, gravari.
Without any difficulty, haud diſſiciliter.
Diffidence, diſſidentia, metus.
Diffident, diſſidens, incredulus.
Diffidently, diſſidenter.
To be diffident, diſſidere.
To be ſomewhat diffident, ſub- diſſidere.
Difformity, diſſimilitudo.
To diſſuſe, diſſundere, diſper- gere.
Diffuſedly, diffuſively, diſſuſe effuſe, diſperſe.

Diffusedness, diffusiveness, or diffusion, diffusio.
Diffusive, largus, exundans, ad plures pertingens.
Diffusiveness, diffusio, dispersio.
To dig, fodere. About, circumfodere. Away from the roots of rees, ablaquare. Down, defodere. In, infodere. Out or up, effodere. Through, transfodere. Under, suffodere. Which may be digged, fossilia.
A digger, fossor.
4 digging, fossio, fossura. About the roots, ablaqueatio.
The digesta, digesta, pl. pandecta, pl.
To digest [set in order] digerere. [Arrange] disponere. Meat, cibos digerere v. concoquere. Perfectly, decoquere. An affront, injuriam concoquere.
Not digested [as meat] crudus.
A digesting or digestion, digestio, concoctio.
Ill digestion or want of digestion, cruditas.
Food easy of digestion, cibus ad coquendum facilis. Hard, cibus qui difficulter concoquitur.
Digestible, concoctu facilis.
Digestive, concoctionis potens.
To dight [dress] ornare; instruere.
A dighting, ornatus, politura.
A digit [inch] digitus, pollex.
To dignify, ornare, nobilitare.
A dignifying, ornatus.
A dignitary, dignitate pollens.
Dignity, dignitas, nobilitas, honor; amplitudo.
To promote to dignity, nobilitare, aliquem ad honores evehere.
The dignity of a senator, ordo senatorius v. lati clavi.
Of dignities, honorarius.
To digress, digredi.
A digressing or digression, digressio, declinatio.
To dijudicate, dijudicare.
To dilacerate, dilacerare, dilanare.
A dilaceration, laceratio.
To dilapidate, dilapidare, vastare.
A dilapidation, dilapidatio.
To dilate [or widen] dilatare. [Enlarge upon a subject] amplificare. Grow wide, dilatari.
A dilating or dilation, amplificatio, extensio.
Dilatorily, cunctanter, tarde.
Dilatoriness, cunctatio, mora.
Dilatory, cunctabundus, cunctans.
A dilemma, complexio, argumentum. [Difficulty] rerum implicatio.
Diligence, diligentia, cura; assiduitas, sedulitas. Double, industria duplicata.
Diligence to please, obsequium.

Diligence or expedition, celeritas.
To give or use diligence, operam dare.
To despatch with diligence, accelerare, festinare, maturare.
Diligent, impiger, sedulus. In his business, attentus. In his attendance, curans negotium suum. In labour, operosus.
To be diligent, audare; evigilare.
Diligently, diligenter, accurate.
To dilucidate, illustrare.
Dilucidation, explicatio, declaratio.
To dilute, diluere, vinum aqua temperare.
Dim, obscurus, tenebrosus.
To dim or make dim, obscurare.
To grow dim, obscurari.
To dim the eyes, oculos praestringere.
To be dim-sighted, caligare, lippire.
A dimming the sight, caligatio.
Dimness, caligo, hebetudo.
A dimension, dimensio, mensura.
To diminish, diminuere; attenuare. Or be diminished, diminui, decedere.
A diminishing, diminution, or diminishment, imminutio, attenuatio.
Diminutive, parvus, pusillus.
Dimity, panni xylini genus ex tenuioribus filis contextum.
Dimty, obscure; non satis aperte.
A dimple, gelasinus.
A din, sonus, strepitus; clamor.
To make a din, to din, resonare, strepsere.
To dine, prandere.
Not having dined, undined, imprandus.
He that dines with another, companionor.
To ding, allidere; luctare.
A dingle [vale] convallis.
A dinner, prandium.
Of dinner, prandarius.
A dint, contusio; nota.
Dint or force, vis.
To dint, contundere.
A diocesan, episcopus.
A diocese, diocesis.
To dip, tingere, mergere. In to an author, scripta alicujus leviter perstringere. Again, retingere. An estate, fundum pignori opponere. Often, mensurare, mensare. Under, sub mergere, si. Over head and ears, immergere.
A dipper, qui immergit v. lutingit.
A dipping under, submersio.
A diphthong, diphthongus, f.
Dire or directful, dirus, saevus.
Direct, directus, rectus.
To direct, rule, or govern, dirigere, moderari.

To direct a letter, inscribere.
To direct the right way, viam monstrare. Or show how to do a thing, docere; praecepere. Or bend one's course to a place, cursum v. iter aliquo dirigere, tendere.
A directing or showing, monstratio, instructio.
Direction [a leading to] directio. [Conduct or management] rectio, administratio; gubernatio.
To have the direction of an affair, alicui rei praesae.
To be under the direction of another, rem alicujus ductu gerere.
To follow directions, jussa v. mandata alicujus exequi, facere. To give, praecepere, mandare. To receive, mandata ab aliquo accipere.
Directly, directe, directo.
Directly against or contrary, contra.
To be directly opposite to, ex diametro locari.
Directness, rectum.
A director, rector, moderator.
Directory, dirigens.
Direness, diritas, immanitas.
Dirieption, direptio, expilatio.
Dirges, exequiae, pl. neniae funebres.
Dirty, cœnum.
Dirtyly, sœde. Basely, indigne inhoneste.
Dirtness, spurcitia, sordes [Baseness] sœditas.
Dirty [full of dirt] cœnosus [Base, filthy] sordidus.
To dirty or dirt a person's clothes, alicujus vestem conaspurcare.
To do a person's dirty work or be a tool to him, alicujus obœ qui studiis iniquis.
Disability, impotentia.
To disable [render incapable] aliquem ad aliquid agendum ineptum reddere. Weaken, debilitare, infirmare.
To disable, alicujus brachium, manum, &c. debilitare.
A disabled ship, navis inutilis.
Soldier, miles membrum captus v. vulneribus confectus.
A disabling, debilitatio, mutilatio.
To disabuse, alicui errorem eripere.
To disaccord, discordare, dissentire.
To disacknowledge, aliquid negare, inficiari.
Disadvantage [damage or loss] incommodum, damnum, iactura. [Inferiority of condition] deterius conditio. Of ground [in war] loci iniquitas.
To disadvantage, obœse, nocere, detrimentum alicui afferre.
To come off with disadvantage

or be worsted in battle, cladem accipere, secus cedere.
To set upon a person at a disadvantage, aliquem inopinantem aggredi.
Disadvantageous, incommodus, iniquus.
Disadvantageousness, incommoditas.
Disadvantageously, incommodè, inique.
A disadvantage, infortunium.
To disaffect [dislike] *improbare*. [*Alienate one's affections*] *avocare*, *avertere*.
Disaffected, aversus, malevolus.
To the government, male animatus.
Disaffection, offensio, aversio.
To disagree [fall out] *disidere*, *discordare*. [*Often*, *discrepire*. [*Not to suit*] *deputare*; non congruere.
Disagreeable [unsuitable] *incongruus*, *inconveniens*. [*Unpleasant*] *injudicius*, *ingratus*.
Disagreeableness, *injudicietas*. [*Unsuitableness*] *iniquitas*.
Disagreeably, *injudiciè*. [*Unsuitably*] non congruenter.
To act disagreeably to one's self, ubi non constare.
Disagreeing, diversus, discors.
A disagreeing or disagreement, discordantia, discordia. [*Falling out*] *disidium*.
To disallow, *improbare*, *damnare*.
Disallowed, *improbatus*, *damnatus*, *reclusus*.
A disallowing or disallowance, *improbatio*, *aversio*.
To disannate, *exanimare*.
To disappear, *evanescere*.
To disappoint, *destituere*, *frustrari*. Or *break one's word*, *idem violare*. *An adversary's purpose*, *adversarii conatus* infringere. *One's hope*, *spem fallere*.
Disappointment or disappointing, *frustratio*.
Disapprobation, *denegatio*, *infectio*.
To disapprove, *improbare*.
A disapproving, *improbatio*.
To disarm [strip another of his arms] *exarmare*; *armis exuere*. [*Lay aside his arms*] *arma deponere*.
A disarming, *armorum detractio*.
A disaster, *infortunium*, *calamitas*; *casus adversus*, *infestus*, *iniquus*.
To disaster, *affligere*, *premere*.
Disastrous, *infestus*, *infelix*, *calamitosus*.
Disastrously, *incommodè*, *infelicitè*, *calamitosè*.
To disavow [disown] *diffiteri*, *iniciari*, *negare*. [*Disapprove*] *improbare*.
A disavowing [disowning] *de-*

negatio, *repudiatio*. [*Disapproving*] *improbatio*.
To disband or dismiss, *exauctorare*, *dimittere*. *Soldiers or an army*, *milites* *dimittere*. Or *quit the service*, *signa deserere*.
A disbanding, *missio*, *dimissio*.
Disbelief or disbelieving, *diffidentia*.
To disbelieve [distrust] *diffidere*. [*Not believe*] non credere.
A disbeliever, *evangelio parum credens*.
Disbelievingly [distrustingly] *diffidentè*.
To disburden, *exonerare*, *levare*.
A disburdening, *oneris exemptio*.
To disburse, *impendere*, *insumere*.
A disbursing, *pecuniæ erogatio*.
A disbursement, *expensa*, *sumptus*.
To discard [dismiss] *exauctorare*, *dimittere*. [*Throw off*] *excutere*.
A discarding, *missio*.
To discern or put a difference, *discernere*, *discoscere*. [*Perceive*] *cernere*, *conspicere*. [*Distinguish from*] *internoscere*. [*Spy out*] *conspicari*.
Easy to be discerned, *conspicuus*, *perspicuus*.
Discernible, *sub aspectum cadens*.
Discernibly, *aperte*, *manifeste*, *palam*.
A discerning or discernment, *judicium*, *dijudicatio*.
One of discerning spirit, *perspicax*, *sagax*.
Discerningly, *sagaciter*.
A discharge [freeing] *liberatio*.
Of humours, *humorum detractio*.
The discharge of one's duty, *muneris functio*.
A discharge [acquittance] *relatio* *in acceptum*.
To give one a discharge for money received, *acceptam alicui pecuniam referre*.
To discharge one's consciences [act conscientiously] *rectam conscientiam servare*. *From a crime*, *absolvere*. [*Exempt*] *ab administratione eximere*. [*Release*] *demittere*. [*Put out of office*] *exauctorare*. Or *unload a ship*, *merces e navi exponere*. *One's stomach*, *evomere*. *One's anger upon a person*, *iram in aliquem effundere*. *Itself* [as a river] *defluere*, *devolvere*.
A discharging [acquitting] *absolutio*. [*Sending away*] *dimissio*. [*Paying*] *solutio*. *Of a captive*, *captivi redemptio*.
Disincinct, *disolutus*, *disinctus*.
A disciple, *discipulus*.

A dietitian, *qui leges prescriptas observat*.
Disciplinary, *ad disciplinam pertinens*.
Discipline [instruction] *disciplina*. *Warlike*, *disciplina militaris*.
To discipline [instruct] *docere*, *erudire*. [*Punish*] *punire*.
To disclaim, *renuntiare*, *repudiare*.
A disclaiming, *abdcatio*; *recusatio*.
To disclose, *delegere*; *aperire*.
To be disclosed, *patefieri*, *patefcere*.
Disclosed [in falconry] *recens emersus ex ovo*.
A disclosing or disclosure, *patefactio*, *indicium*.
To discolour, *decolorare*.
Discoloured, *decolor*.
A discolouring, *decoloratio*.
To discomfort an army, *exercitum fundere*; *hostium copias profligare*.
A discomfort or discomforting, *clades*, *strages*.
Discomfort, *maior*, *dolor*, *angor*; *moestitia*.
To discomfort, *aliquem maiore afficere*. *Himself*, *se affliccare*.
To be discomforted, *dolere*, *maiorere*.
Discomfortable, *inconsolabilis*.
To commend, *vituperare*, *eulpare*.
Commendable, *vituperabilis*.
A discommending or discommendation, *vituperatio*, *reprehensio*.
A discommender, *vituperator*, *reprehensor*.
To discompose, *incommodare*.
A discommoding or discommodity, *incommoditas*, *incommodum*.
To discompose [put out of order] *turbare*; *confundere*. *The mind*, *animi excuriare*, *solicitare*.
Discompose, *perturbatio*. *Of mind*, *animi sollicitudo*.
To disconcert, *consilia frangere*, *confringere*.
A disconcerting, *perturbatio*.
Disconsolate [afflicted] *moestus*. [*Without consolation*] *solatii expers*.
Discontent [sorrow] *luctus*. [*Disquiet*] *offensio*.
To discontent, *angere*, *offendere*.
To be discontent or discontented, *offendi*, *indignari*; *agere aliquid ferre*.
Discontented [uneasy in mind] *anxius*, *solicitus*. [*Not satisfied*] *offensus*.
Discontentedly, *agere*, *graviter*.
Discontentment, *discontentedness*, *anxietas*, *egritudo*.
A discontinuation, *discontinuance*, *discontinuity*, *intermissio*, *desuetudo*.

To *discontinue* [leave off] intermittere.

Discord, discordia, dissensio.

To *be at discord*, discordare, discrepare.

To *make discord*, lites serere.

Discord in music, dissoutantia.

Discordance, discordia, discrepantia.

Discordant [in music] absonus.

[Disagreeing] discors.

Discordantly, absurde.

To *discover* [reveal] detegere; patefacere, aperire. *One's accomplices*, edere socios. *One's nakedness*, pudicitiam profanare. [Espy] conspicari.

[Find out] deprehendere. Or find out secrets, arcanis explorare. A person's design, consilium alicujus cognoscere.

One's humour [find it out] mentem alicujus explorare. [Show it] ingenium indicare.

To *endeavour to discover*, explorare, scrutari.

Discoverable, aspectabilis, indagabilis.

A *discoverer* [finder out] explorator, indagator.

A *discovering* [revealing] patefactio, declaratio.

A *discovery* [invention] inventio, investigatio. [Revealing] indicium, deprehensio.

To *make new discoveries in arts or sciences*, novis investis artes v. scientias augere.

To *discounsel*, dissuadere.

To *discount or abate*, de summa detrahère.

Discount, detractio, diminutio, subductio.

To *discountenance*, improbare, inhibere.

To *discourage*, abstertere, animum frangere. *One's self, or be discouraged*, animum abicere.

or *discouraged*, intrepidus.

discourager, qui v. quæ ab aliquâ re deterret.

discouraging, animi abjectio, debilitatio.

Discouragement [hinderance] incommodum, impedimentum.

To *discourse*, sermocinari, disserere. At large, plurimis verbis agere, pluribus disserere.

With a person, colloqui.

A *discourse* [talk] allocutio, colloquium. [Harangue] sermo, oratio. Familiar, sermo familiaris. Idle, alienus.

Pleasant, narratio jucunda.

Fine or polite, oratio accurata, compta. Compact, oratio concinna. Dry or shallow, oratio exilis.

Rambling, a proposito aberrans. Fulsome, oratio illepidi.

Ravishing, jucundissima, suavissima. Figurative, figurata. Starched, nimis affectata. Long-winded, nimis

longa. Bald, sermo trivialis. Pathetic, ad commovendos animos aptus.

Discursive or *discursive*, ad sermocinationem spectans.

Discourteous, inhumanus, immitis.

Discourteously, inhumane, more.

A *discourtesy* [ill turn] injuria, damnum. [Displeasure] offensa.

Discredit, dedecus, ignominia.

To *discredit* [disgrace] infamare, obtricare. [Not to believe] parum alicui credere.

A *discrediting* [disgracing] obtretractatio. [Not believing] diffidentia.

Discreet, prudens, sapiens, solers.

Discreetly, prudenter, sapienter.

Discreetness, discretion, prudentia, sapientia.

To *act with discretion*, considerate agere.

To *leave a thing to a person's discretion*, aliquid arbitrio alicujus relinquere.

To *live at one's own discretion* [will] sui juris esse.

To *live at discretion* [as soldiers] res hostium expilandi diripiendique licentiam habere.

To *surrender at discretion*, se suæque omnia in fidem ac potestatem victoris permittere.

A *person of great discretion*, homo prudentissimus. Without discretion, imprudens, temerarius.

Discretionary power, potestas finibus non circumscripta.

To *discriminate*, discriminare, distinguere.

A *discriminating* or *discrimination*, discrimen.

Discriminative, ad distinctionem pertinens.

To *discumber*, exonerare.

To *discuss* [explain] res difficiles dilucide exponere. [Examine] explorare, investigare.

Humours, humores corporis discutere.

A *discusser* [examiner] explorator, investigator.

A *discussing* or *discussion*, investigatio.

Discussive or *discutient medicines*, medicamenta vim discussoriam habentia.

Disdain, contemptus, fastidium.

To *disdain*, dedignari, aspernari.

A *disdainer*, contemptor.

Disdainful, fastidiosus, superciliosus.

Disdainfully, fastidiose, arrogant, contemptum.

Disdainfulness, fastidium, contemptus.

A *disdaining*, dedignatio, contemptio.

A *disease*, morbus, adversa valetudo.

A *desperate disease*, morbus periculosus.

A *mortal disease*, letifer morbus.

Complicated, multiplex.

To *contract a disease*, morbum contrahere.

The *disease abates*, morbus remittit. Increases, ingravescit.

Diseased, æger, ægotus, morbidus.

To *be diseased*, ægotare.

To *disembark*, e navi deesse.

Goods, e navi tollere.

To *disembogue, as rivers*, in mare defluere.

To *disenchant*, excantare.

To *disencumber*, exonerare, expedit.

Disencumbrance, liberatio.

To *disengage* [quit or free from] expedit. [Set at liberty] liberare.

A *disengaging* or *disengagement* [freeing] liberatio, solutio.

To *disentangle*, expedit, extricare.

A *disentangling*, effugium.

Disentranced, ex alto somno suscitatus.

To *disesteem*, elevare, contemnere, despiciere.

Disesteem, contemptus, fastidium.

A *disesteeming*, elevatio, contemptio.

To *disfavour* [not to favour] male alicui velle v. parum favere.

To *disfigure*, deformare. *One's face*, os sedare.

A *disfiguring* or *disfigurement*, deformatio.

To *disfranchise*, civitatis jus v. civitatem adimere.

Disfranchised, proscriptus, immunitatibus civium privatus.

A *disfranchisement*, immunitatum privatio.

To *disfurnish*, disornare, spolare, nudare.

To *disgorge*, evomere, exonerare.

A *disgorging*, ejectio, vomitio.

Disgrace, disgracefulness, dedecus, labes.

Disgrace [disfavour] offensio. [Misfortune] calamitas.

To *disgrace*, dedecorare, dehonestare. *One's self*, famam suam ledere; se contaminare.

Turn out of favour, gratiam quamplam privare.

A *disgracer*, calumniator.

Disgraceful, dedecorus, contumeliosus, turpis.

Disgraceful language, convicia.

Disgracing, deformatio.

Disgracefully, turpiter.

A *disguise* or *disguisement*, lar-

va, persona. [*Proterence*] prætextus, obtentus.
To disguise one's self, personam induere. *Alter a thing*, aliam speciem alicui rei superinducere. [*Conceal*] aliquid celare.
A disguiser, dissimulatio, qui deformat.
A dissembling [dissembling] dissimulatio.
A disgust, fastidium, offensio, nausea.
To disgust or give disgust, displicere; fastidium afferre. Or loathe, nauseare, fastidire.
Fallen into disgust of, nauseans.
Disgustful [disgusting] fastidium afferens.
A dish, patina, discus.
A large dish, lanx.
A little dish, patella, catillus.
Apotage dish, catinus pultarius.
A chafing dish, foculus.
A dish-clout, peniculum.
A dish of meat, ferculum.
A dish or porringer, scutella.
A dish to drink out of, patera.
Dish-meats, sorbillum.
To dish up meat, patinas cibis iustroere.
Dish-wash, colluvies, colluvio.
Dishabille, vestis cubicularis.
Disharmony, discordia, discrepancia.
To dishcarten, animum alicujus frangere.
To be disheartened, animo cadere.
Disheartening, animi abjectio, demissio, debilitatio v. infractio.
Disinherit or *disinheriting*, exheredatio.
To dishevel, capillos turbare.
Disheveled hair, passi capilli.
Dishonest [knaveish] inhonestus, fraudulentus. [*Lascivious*] obscenus, impurus.
Dishonestly, inhoneste, turpiter, flagitiose.
To live dishonestly, flagitiose vivere.
Dishonesty [knavery] fraudulentia, fallacia. [*Leviness*] otiositas.
Dishonour, dedecus, ignominia, infamia.
To dishonour, dehonestare, dedecorare.
Dishonourable, turpis, inhonestus, ignominiosus.
Dishonourably, turpiter, inhoneste.
A dishonourer, qui aliquem dehonestat.
Dishonour, morositas.
Disinclination, aversatio, odium.
Disinclined, ad rem aliquam minus proclivis; ab re aliqua abhorrens.
Disingenuity, *disingenuousness*, dissimulatio, illiberalitas.
Disingenuous, parum ingenuus, turbanus, incivilis.

Disingenuously, parum ingenuus, illiberaliter.
Disinhabited, incultus, desolatus.
To disinherit, exheredare.
Disinterested, integer, incorruptus.
Disinterestedness, sui commodi neglectus.
Disinterestedly, integre.
To disjoin, disjungere, separare.
A disjoining or disjunction, disjunctio, sejunctio, separatio.
To disjoin [cut to pieces] dilacerare; dissecare. [*Separate*] disjungere. [*Put out of joint*] luxare.
Disjunct, disjunctus, divisus.
Disjunction, disjunctio.
Disjunctive, disjunctivus.
Disjunctively, disjunctive.
A disk, solis v. lunæ corpus apparentis.
A diskindness, injuria, maleficium.
To do one a diskindness, injuriam alicui facere.
To dislike, improbare, aversari.
A dislike, fastidium.
A disliking, improbatio, aversatio.
Dislikeness, dissimilitudo.
A disliker, qui improbat.
To dislocate, luxare.
A dislocating or dislocation, osis de sede sua motio.
To dislodge one, hospitio aliquem disjicere. *Remove to another place*, alio commigrare.
In hunting, excitare.
A dislodging [driving away] expulsio. [*Changing one's lodging*] demigratio.
Disloyal, perfidus, infidus.
Disloyally, perfide, perfidiose.
Disloyalty, perfidia, proditio.
Dismal, dirus, horridus.
Dismally, horride.
To dismantle a city, urbem munimentis nudare.
A dismantling, munimentorum dejectio.
To dismask, larvam detrahere.
Dismay, animi perturbatio.
To dismay, terrare, consternare, conturbare.
A dismaying, exanimatio.
To dismember, deartuare, dilaniare.
A dismembering, membrorum dissectio.
To dismiss, dimittere, ablegare.
From an employment, exauctore.
A cause, actionem de curia dimittere.
A dismissing or dismissal, dimissio, missio.
To dismount [unhorse] equo aliquem excutere. [*Alight*] ex equo descendere.
A dismounting [unhorsing] ex equo dejectio. [*Alighting*] ex equo descensio.

Disobedience, contumacia; indignatio parendi.
Disobedient, contumax, inobsequens.
To be disobedient, imperium recusare.
Disobediently, contumaciter, parum officiose, minus obsequenter.
To disobey, repugnare.
A disobeyer, imperii detractor.
A disobeying, imperii recusatio.
A disobedience, offensio, injuria.
To disoblige, lædere; aliquem offendere.
Disobliging, inofficiosus, inurbanus; acerbus.
Disobligingly, parum officiose, minus obsequenter.
Disorder, confusio, perturbatio. [*Dislemper*] morbus. *Of the mind*, animi perturbatio.
To disorder, conturbare; confundere.
To put things into disorder, res perturbare.
To put the enemy into disorder, hostium exercitus turbare.
To retire in disorder, effuse se recipere.
To disorder the hair, capillos turbare.
To disorder one's self, modum temperantiam excedere. *With liquor*, vino sese obrutere.
Disordered, *disorderly* [adj.] incompotus, inconditus, inordinatus, confusus, turbatus.
Disordered in body, æger, male se habens. *In mind*, animo perturbatus. *With liquor*, to mulentus. *In his senses*, inanus, larvatus.
A disordering, conturbatio, perturbatio.
A disorderly house, domus infamis; popina.
Disorderly [adv.] incondite, incompotus.
Disorders [tumults] turbæ, p.l.
Disordinate, inordinatus, immoderatus.
Disordinately, immoderate.
To disown, negare, inficiari. *One*, abdicare, repudiare.
A disowning, negatio, abdicatio, repudiatio.
To disparage [sight] vituperare, obrectare; despiciere. [*Speak ill of*] dedecorare, famam lædere.
A disparaging [speaking ill of] obrectatio. [*Disgrace*] infamia, dedecus.
A disparager, obrectator.
A disparity, inæqualitas, dissimilitudo.
To dispar, septum disjicere.
Disparted, divisus.
Dispassion, animi tranquillitas.
Dispassionate, æquus; placidus.
Dispatch, expeditio, festinatio.
A dispatch [packet of letters] literarum fasciculus.

To dispatch [accomplish] expedire, peragere. [*Hasten*] maturare, accelerare. [*Send*] mittere; ablegare. [*Kill one quickly*] cito interimere. *Out of the way*, amandare.

A dispatcher [accomplisher] perfector, transactor.
A dispatching, expeditio, perfectio.

Dispatchful, promptus.

To dispel, dispellere.

To dispend, dispendere, impendere.

A dispending, sumptus, impensæ.

Dispensable, quod ferri potest.

A dispensation [management] dispensatio, administratio. [*Indulgence*] exemptio.

To dispense [lay out] dispensare, distribuere. *With*, vultum alicui indulgere. *The laws*, leges relaxare.

A dispenser, dispensator, administrator.

Dispenses, impensæ, pl. sumptus.

A dispensing with the laws, legum laxamentum.

A dispensing power, leges laxandi potestas.

To dispeople, populari.

A dispeopling, populatio, vastatio.

To disperse [scatter abroad] spargere; dissipare.

To be dispersed or straggle abroad, palari.

Dispersedly, sparsim, passim, dispersim.

A dispersing, dispersion, dispersus.

To dispirit, animum alicui frangere.

To be dispirited, animum abjicere.

A dispiriting, animi debilitatio v. infractio.

To displace [remove] dimovere, submovere; e loco movere.

[*Turn out of office*] exauctorare.

A displacing, remotio, amotio.

A displacing, muneris privatio.

Displacement, offensio; molestia.

To displant, deplantare.

To display [spread] expandere. [*Declare*] deponere, enarrare.

[*Make a show of*] lactare.

A display or displaying, expositio, explicatio.

Displeasant, ingratus, molestus, importunus, minime gratus.

Displeasantly, moleste, ægre.

To displease, displicere, offendere. [*Be troublesome to*] molestiam alicui creare.

To be displeased, indignare, stomachari. *At a thing*, aliquid ægre ferre.

It displeases, displicet.

Displeasing, injucundus, ingratulus.

Displeasure [distaste] offensa. [*Grudge*] simulas. [*Mischievous turn*] incommodum; malefactum.

To do one a displeasure, incommolare; damnum alicui inferre.

Somewhat in displeasure, subinivus, subodiosus.

To dispoil, spoliare.

Disport, lusus, jocus.

To disport one's self, ludere, jocari.

Disposal or disposure, ordo, dispositio.

To be at his own disposal, esse sui potens v. sui iuris.

To dispose or set in order, disponere, ordinare. *Of* [bestow] offices, honores præstare. [*Lay out*] expendere. *To some use*, destinare. *Of a thing by giving it away*, largiri; donare.

Of a daughter in marriage, filiam in matrimonio locare. *Of one's self or spend one's time*, tempus conterere. *Of* [sell] vendere. [*Let or place out*] locare.

[*Settle*] statuere. *Of to another*, rem alienare.

Il-disposed, pravus, acelestus.

Well, bene affectus.

I am disposed, lubet; [mihi] fert animus.

A disposer [setter in order] ordinator. [*Distributor*] dispensator.

A disposing [setting in order] digestio; ordinatio. [*Inclination*] ludoles, ingenium. [*Rule or order*] constitutum, decretum. *Of the body*, corporis habitus. *Good*, sanitas. *Ill*, malus corporis habitus. *Of the mind*, animi affectio. *The air*, cœli affectio.

A pious disposition, pietatis affectus.

To dispossess, exturbare, e possessione bonorum ejicere.

A dispossessing or dispossession, ejectio, spoliatio.

Dispraise, vituperatio, obrectatio.

To dispraise, vituperare, obrectare.

A dispraiser, vituperator.

To dispread, dispergere.

A disproof, refutatio, confutatio.

Disproportion, inæqualitas.

To disproportion, inæqualiter parti.

Disproportionable or disproportionate, impar, inæqualis.

Disproportionably, inæqualiter, impariter.

A disproportioning, distributio impar.

To disprove, confutare; refellere, coarguere.

A disprover, qui refutat.

A disproving, confutatio.

Disputable, disputabilis.

A disputant or disputer, disputator, ratiocinator.

A quibbling disputant, sophista v. sophistes.

A disputation, disputing or dispute [debate] disputatio; con certatio.

A dispute, disputing [quarrel ling] rixa; jurgium.

To dispute, disputare, disceptare, argumentari. *Differ about*, litigare. *One's right at law*, judicio jus suum vindicare.

Men dispute, disputatur [ab hominibus].

To dispute foolishly, nugari, prævaricari.

Disqualification, res quæ ad aliquid agendum inhabilem reddit.

To disqualify, inhabilem facere.

Disqualified, inhabilis, impar.

Disquiet, inquietudine, disquietudo, cura, ægritudo, sollicitudo

To disquiet, inquietare, ex cruciare, conturbare, perturbare.

Disquieted, inquietatus, perturbatus. *In mind*, sollicitus, anxius.

A disquieter, exagitator, turbator, m. perturbatrix, f.

A disquieting, inquietatus, perturbatio.

Disquietly, anxie, ægre.

A disquisition, disquisitio; ex amen.

Disregard or disrespect, neglectus, contemptus.

To disregard or disrespect, negligere, spernere, despiciere.

To derelish, improbare, nau seare.

A derelishing, improbatio.

Disreputable, inhonestus.

Disrepute or disreputation, mala existimatio.

To be in disrepute, male audire.

Disrespectful, fastidiosus.

Disrespectfully, fastidiosè.

To disrobe, vestem exuere.

Dissatisfaction, offensio, molestia.

Dissatisfactory, molestus, gravis.

To be dissatisfied, graviter aliquid ferre. [*Not convinced*] dubitare, hærrere.

To dissatisfy or displease, displicere, offendere.

To dissect [cut in pieces] dissecare. [*Anatomise*] corpus incidere.

A dissector, qui dissecat v. incidit.

A dissection, dissectio.

To disseise, ejicere, detrudere, spoliare.

A disseising, ejectio, expulsio.

To dissemble [conceal what is] dissimulare. [*Pretend what is*] simulare.

A dissembler, simulator, fictor.

Dissembler-like, fictè, dolosè.

Dissembling, doloſus, ſectus.
A diſsembling, pretending what is not, ſimulatio. Concealing what is, diſſimulatio.
Diſſemblingly, ſimulate, ſecte.
To diſſeminate, diſſeminare, ſpargere.
To diſſent, diſſentire.
Diſſentaneous, diſſentaneus.
A diſſenter [perſon diſſenting] diſſentens. [Non conformiſt] qui ab eccleſiâ lege ſtabilitâ diſſentit.
A diſſenting or diſſenſion, diſſenſio, diſſidium.
A ſower of diſſenſions, contentionum ſax.
Diſſentious, litigious.
A diſſertation, diſſertatio; tractatio.
To diſſerve one, incommodare.
Diſſervice, noxa, damnum, incommodum.
Diſſerviceable, incommodus, inutilis.
To diſſettle, perturbare.
To diſſect, ſejungere, ſeparare.
A diſſerving, ſeparatio, ſejunctio.
Diſſimilar, diſſimilis.
Diſſimilitude, diſſimilarity, diſſimilitudo.
Diſſimulation, ſimulatio, ſectio.
To uſe diſſimulation, fraudulenter v. dolo malo agere.
Without diſſimulation, aperte, place.
To diſſipate, diſſipare, diſpergere.
A diſſipating or diſſipation, diſſipatio.
Diſſoluble, diſſoluble, diſſolutio, diſſolutio.
To diſſolve, diſſolvere, reſolvere. [Melt] liquefacere. [Be melted] liqueſcere.
Not diſſolved, indiſſolutus.
Not to be diſſolved, indiſſolubilis.
A diſſolvent medicine, medicamentum diſſuſorium.
A diſſolving, ſolutio, diſſolutio.
Diſſolute [lewd] diſſolutus, diſſolutus. [Careless] remiſſus.
Diſſolutely [lewdly] diſſolute, prodige.
Diſſoluteneſs, luxuria.
A diſſolution [diſſolving] diſſolutio. [Death] obitus.
Diſſonance, repugnantia, diſcrepantia.
Diſſonant, diſſonans, diſſentaneus.
To diſſuade, diſſuadere, debortari.
A diſſuader, diſſuador.
A diſſuading or diſſuaſion, diſſuaſio.
A diſſyllable, diſſyllabum.
A diſtaff, crux, i. e. Full of tows, penum.
To diſtain, inſuſciare, contaminare, vomaculare. One's ho-

nour, dignitati labem aspergere.
Not diſtained, purus, intaminatus.
A diſtainer, violator.
A diſtaining, violatio.
A diſtance, diſtantia, interval-lum.
Diſtance [discord] diſcordia.
To be at a diſtance, diſſidere.
A long diſtance, longinquitas.
At a great diſtance off, longo intervallo.
To keep one at a diſtance, ad ſermonis communicationem raro aliquem admittere.
To keep one's diſtance, loco vereri.
To ſtand at a diſtance, procul ſtare.
To diſtance, ſuperare, vincere.
Diſtant, diſtans, diſjunctus.
To be diſtant, abeſſe.
Far diſtant, longinquus.
Equally diſtant, ex æquo diſtans.
To diſtaſte, offendere, diſplicere.
A diſtaſte or diſtaſting, offeſſa, offeſſio.
A little diſtaſte, offeſſiuncula.
To take diſtaſte, offendi.
Diſtaſteful, ingratus, injucundus, inſuavis.
Diſtaſtefully, injucunde, moleſte.
A diſtemper, morbus, ægrotatio.
Malignant, morbus gravis.
The decline of a diſtemper, ſenſcentis morbi remiſſio.
Diſtempered, morbidus, inſirmus. Or beſide himſelf, demens, inſanus.
A diſtemperature, intemperies.
To diſtend, diſtendere.
A diſtending or diſtenſion, diſtenſio.
A diſtick, diſtichon.
To diſtil [drop] ſtillare, diſtillare. Herbs, ſuccum ſorum ſubjecto igne elicere.
Diſtillable, ex quo ſuccus ſubjecto igne exprimi poteſt.
A diſtillation or diſtilling, ſuorum ex herbis igne ſubjecto facta expreſſio. Of rheum, fluxus; diſtillatio.
Diſtinct [different] diſtinctus, diverſus. [Clear] clarus; di-lucidus.
Not diſtinct, indiſtinctus, indiſcretus, confuſus.
Diſtinctly [clearly] diſtincte, clare.
A diſtinction, diſtinguiſhment, diſtinctio, ſecretio. By points, interpunctio.
Diſtinctive, diſtinguens.
Diſtinctively [ſeparately] diſcrete, ſeparatim.
Diſtinctneſs, pronuntiatio diſtincta.
To diſtinguiſh [discern] intelligere, dijudicare, inuicere.

Diſtinguiſhable, quod diſtingui poteſt.
Diſtinguiſhableneſs, præſtantia, excellentia.
A diſtinguiſher, qui v. quæ diſtinguit.
Diſtinguiſhing, inſigniter.
To diſtort, torquere.
A diſtorting or diſtortion, torſio.
To diſtract [pull different ways] diſtrahere. [Interrupt or trouble] interpellare. [Make one mad] furere, furore percellere.
Diſtracted [mad] amentis, inſanus. Times, tempora turbulenta.
To be diſtracted with anger or rage, exandecere, exardere.
Diſtractedly, inſane, dementer.
Diſtractedneſs or diſtraction [diſorder] confuſio, perturbatio.
Diſtraction [madneſs] amentia, inſania.
To diſtrain or attach, bona alicujus ex decreto curiæ, &c. vi auferre.
A diſtrainer, qui bona alicujus prætorio jure auferit.
A diſtraining or diſtreſs of goods, bonorum prætorio jure occupatio v. ablatio.
Diſtreſs [adverſity] anguſtim, mæor, res adverſæ.
Diſtreſs at ſea, periculum naufragii.
To diſtreſs or perplex one, premere.
A ſignal of diſtreſs, ſignum periculi.
To be in diſtreſs, laborare.
In diſtreſs, diſtreſſful, or diſtreſſed, afflictus; anguſtiis preſſus.
Diſtreſſedly, miſere, calamitoſe.
To diſtribute [divide or ſhare] diſtribuire, diſpensare.
A diſtributer, diſtributor, diſpensator; diſvisor.
A diſtributing or diſtribution, diſtributio, diviſio; deſcriptio.
Diſtributing or diſtributive, diſtribuens, diſpensans.
Diſtributively, partito.
A liberal diſtribution, erogatio.
A diſtribution of fleſh, viſceratio.
A diſtrict, jurisdictionis fines.
Diſtruſt, a diſtruſting, diſtruſtfulneſs, diffidentia, ſuſpicio.
To diſtruſt, diffidere, ſuſpicari.
Diſtruſting or diſtruſtful, ſuſpicax, ſuſpicioſus.
Diſtruſtfully, diffidenter, ſuſpicioſe.
To diſturb, turbare; confundere. [Hinder] præpedire, morari. [Vex] inquietare, moleſtitâ afficere. One in his poſſeſſions, poſſeſſiones alicujus invadere. In his buſineſs, interpellare. One another, ſe invicem interpellare.

A disturbance, perturbatio ; conversio ; tumultuatio.
Not disturbed, imperturbatus.
A disturber, turbator, interpellator.
A disturbing, inquietatio, interpellatio.
Without disturbing you, bonâ cum veniâ.
To disavow, despiciere ; parvi facere.
A disunion, disunity, or disuniting, disunctio, dissociatio, separatio.
To disunite or stir up discord, disjungere, dissociare.
Disusage, disuse, or disusing, desuetudo.
To disuse, desuescere.
A ditch, scrobs, fossa, fovea.
A little ditch, scrobiculus, fossula.
A ditch with water, lacuna.
A ditch about a town wall, vallum.
A ditch or gutter, incle, ts. n.
To ditch or make a ditch, fossam ducere, scrobem fodere.
To ditch in or ditch about, fossâ circumducere.
A ditcher, fossor.
Full of ditches, lacunosus.
A ditching, fossio, fossæ circumductio.
Dithyrambic, dithyrambicus.
Ditto, dictus ; idem, eadem.
A ditty, cantilena, carmen.
A divan, Turcorum supremus senatus.
Divarication, divisio.
To dive in water, demergere ; in aquam immergere. *Into business*, explorare, examinare, investigare. *Into one's purpose*, expicari.
A diver, urinatio.
A diving, urinatio.
To diverge, divaricari.
Divers [manifold] multiplex, multus.
Of divers colours, multicolor, versicolor. *Shapes or forms*, multiformis.
Divers ways, multifariam, multifarie.
Of divers kinds, multigenus, multimodus.
Diverse [differing] varius, assimilis.
To make diverse or to diversify, variare.
A diversifying, diversification, variatio.
A diversion [going or turning aside] digressio. [Recreation] animi relaxatio.
To give an enemy a diversion, hostiles copias distrahere.
Diversity, diversitas, varietas.
Diversely, diverse, varie.
To divert [turn aside] divertere. [Entertain or please] aliquem oblectare. *One's self*, animum recreare.

Diverting, divertive [agreeable, pleasant] jucundus, lepidus.
A divertisement, recreatio.
To divide, dividere, parti, dispartire. *Upon a question in debate*, in diversas partes discedere. *Asunder*, segregare, separare ; disjungere. *Into two equal parts*, bipartiri. *Into three*, in tres partes distribuere.
Divided, dividual, divisus, partitus, sectus.
Easily divided, separabilis, dividuus.
To be divided in opinion, in partes abire. *Into several branches* [as a river] in plures partes diffundere.
A divided people, civitas secum discors.
Dividedly, separatim.
A dividend in money, pecunia dividenda.
A divider, divisor, distributor.
Divination, divinatio ; vaticinium, augurium. *By air*, aeromantia. *By the belly*, gastromantia. *By birds*, oscinum. *By a cock*, alectryomantia. *By fire*, pyromantia. *By lots*, sortilegium. *By smoke*, capnomantia. *By water*, hydromantia. *The art of divination*, aruspicina, auguratio.
By divination, auguratio.
Divine, divinus, caelestis.
Divine vengeance, ira Dei. *Service*, cultus divinus.
A divine, theologus.
Divinely, divine, divinitus.
A diviner, fatidicus ; auspex ; vaticinator.
To divine [use divination] divinare, augurari, vaticinari. [Enchant] fascinare. [Guess] conjicere, conjecturam facere.
A divining, divinatio, prædictio.
Divinity, theologia.
Of divinity, theologicus.
The Divinity, Numen.
Divisible, dividuus.
Divisibility, divisibleness, apta ad dividendum natura.
Division or a dividing, divisio, partitio, distributio.
Division or going into parties, factio. [Strife] dissensio.
To stir up divisions among citizens, inter cives discordiam concitare.
Division [in music] modulatio.
A divisor, divisor.
A divorce or divorcement, divortium, repudium.
To divorce, uxorem repudiare v. dimittere.
A divorcer, qui repudiat.
A divorcing, repudiatio, repudium.
Diuretic or diuretical, urinam ciens.
Diurnal, diurnus.

A diurnal, diarium, ephemeris. *Diurnally*, quotidie.
Diurnity, diurnitas.
To divulge, vulgare, publicare.
To be divulged, permanare, increbrescere.
A divulger, vulgator.
A divulging, publicatio.
Divulsion, direptio.
To dizen, ornare.
A dizzard, delirus, stupidus.
Dizziness, vertigo.
Dizzy, vertiginosus, cerebrosus.
To dizzy, vertiginem afferre.
To do [act or make] agere, facere, efficere. [Accomplish] exequi, peragere, conficere. *One's best or utmost*, pro virili entiti. *One's duty or part*, officio fungi.
Not to do his duty, officio desesse.
To go about to do, facessere.
To do and undo, Penelopes telam texere.
To do like for like, par pari referre. *Well* [prosper] rebus secundis uti. [Recover] convalescere. *One a favour*, beneficium alicui facere. *Wrong*, injuriam alicui inferre.
Much to do, plurimum negotii.
Docile, docilis, doctrinæ capax.
Docility, docilitas.
A dock [for ships] navale.
To dock [cut off the tail] eandem amputare.
A docket, breve v. summa.
A doctor of divinity, sacre theologie professor. *Of laws*, legum doctor. *Of physic*, medicinæ doctor. *Note*, Generally written S.T.P., LL.D., M.D.
A doctor's degree, gradus doctoris.
To take one's doctor's degree, gradum doctoris capessere.
Doctrinal, ad doctrinam pertinens.
Doctrinally, in modum doctrinæ.
Doctrine, doctrina, eruditio.
A document, documentum.
Dodded, cornibus mutilatus.
To dodge, tergiversari aversari.
A dodger, cunctator, pravarticator.
A dodging, tergiversatio, cunctatio.
A dodkin, teruncus.
A doe, dama femina.
A doer [performer] actor, efector.
An evil doer, homo scelestus.
To doff [do off] exuere.
To doff one's hat, caput aperire.
A dog, canis.
A bull dog, canis lanionius.
House, domesticus. *Lap*, melitæus. *Mad*, rabidus. *Martiff*, villaticus, molossus. *Mongrel*, hybrida. *Begotten of a wolf and a bitch*, lycæa.

A terrier, terrarius. A tumbler, vertagus. Hunting, canis venaticus. That hunteth by scent, sagax. A spaniel, hispanicus. A little dog, catulus, canicula. A band-dog, canis catenarius. A setting dog, subdiens.

Dog cheap, vill pretio emptus. A dog in a doublet, falsus amicus.

A pack of dogs, grex canum. To cheer the dogs, canes hortari. To set them on, immittère v. instigare. To bark, latrare. To yelp like a dog, gannire. To growl or bark, ringere. To howl, ululare.

The dog-days, dies caniculares. A dog's collar, millus v. millum. Kennel, canum stabulum.

A dog of iron, harpago ferreus. Of or belonging to a dog, caninus.

To dog one, assectari. Dogged or doggish [like a dog] caninus. [Churlish] cynicus, morosus.

Doggiedly or doggishly, cynice, morose.

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Doggedly or doggishly, cynice, morose.

A domestic chaplain, a sacris domesticis.

To dominate, prævalere.

A domicile, domicilium.

Domination, dominatio.

To domineer, dominari. Over, insultare.

To suffer a person to domineer over one, subjicere se alterius libidini.

Domineering, insolens, arrogans, imperiosus.

A domineering humour, insolentia.

The dominical letter, litera rubra v. dominicæ index.

Dominion, dominatio, imperium, jus. Vid. Lat.

To have dominion over, dominari, imperare.

A domino, capitulum canonicis usitatum.

A Spanish don, dominus Hispanus.

To walk like a don, junonium incedere.

A donation or donative, donum.

A donee, dono affectus, munere donatus.

A donor, dator, largitor.

When all is done, tandem, ad extremum, demum, denique.

Don't [do not] leave me, ne me desere.

A doom, sententia, judicium.

To doom, damnare, condemnare.

Dooms-day, dies magni judicii, dies novissimus. Book, tabellæ censuales.

A dooms-man, iudex.

A door, ostium, janua, fores, pl. At the door, ante ostium, ad fores, præ foribus.

A little door, ostiolum, portula.

A fore door, antica. A back door, postica. A folding door, valvæ, pl.

A door-bar, repagulum. Bolt, obex. Case, hypothyrium. Poets, antes, pl.

A door-keeper, ostiarius, janitor, janitrix.

Within doors, Intus. [Of the parliament house] intra parietes curiæ. Without, extra curiam.

Out of doors [out of the house] foras, foris.

From door to door, ostiatim.

To drive out of doors, aliquem e domo abigere. To go out, domo egredi. To kick out, calcibus aliquem e domo abigere.

Doric, Doricus.

Dormant [sleeping] dormiens. [Concealed] celatus, latens.

To lie dormant [hidden] latere. [Inactive] consopiri.

A dormitory, dormitorium.

A dormouse, glis, gliris. m. A dose [proportion] portio. Of

physic medicamentum portio.

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To dose one, certam medicamentum portionem præscribere.

A dosel or dorse, casiopeum regale.

A doi or small point, punctiuncula.

To dot, punctiunculis notare.

A dotard or doter, delirus, insipiens.

An old dotard, senex delirus.

To dote, delirare. Upon, deamare, alicuius amore ardere.

A doting or dotage, deliramentum, deliratio.

Doting, delirans, desipiens, vecora, delirus.

Dotingly, aniliter, insana.

Dotish, delirant similis.

A dottard, arbor cædua.

A dottrel, avis fatua, imitatrix.

Double, duplex, geminus.

A double or fold, plica.

The double, duplum.

To double, duplicare, geminare.

Four times, quadruplicare. A cape, promontorium superare.

One's fist, comprimere digitos.

Three times double, triplex, triplus. Four, quadruplex. Five, quintuplex. Ten, decuplex.

Double-chinned, duplicato mento præditus.

Double-hearted, double-minded, fraudulentus; dissimulator.

Double-tongued, bilinguis, mendax.

Double-edged, anceps. Fount-ed, e binis fontibus. Headed, biceps.

A doublet, thorax.

A doubling, duplicatio, geminatio. Of words [in rhetoric] verborum reduplicatio.

Doubly, dupliciter.

To deal doubly, prævaricari.

A doubt or doubting, dubitatio, hæsitatio.

To doubt, be in doubt, or make a doubt of, dubitare, herere.

Somewhat, addubitare, subdubitare. [Fear or suspect] all-quid suspicari.

To make one doubt or suspect, suspicionem alicui movere.

To put one into some doubt, scrupulum alicui injicere.

To keep one in doubt, suspensus tenere.

To put one out of doubt, scrupulum eximere.

Without doubt, sine dubio; procul dubio.

It is doubted, ambigitur, dubitatur.

No doubt, sane, certe.

Doubtful, ambiguus, dubius, anceps.

A doubtful speech, sermonis ambiguitas.

Doubtfully, ambigue, dubie, incerte.

Doubtfulness, ambiguitas, dubitatio.

Doubtless, haud dubie, certe.

A dove, columba, columbus.
Ring, palumbus torquatus.
Stock, palumbus. **Turtle**, turtur.
A young dove, pullus columbinus.
Of or like a dove, columbinus, columbarius.
A dove-cot or dove-house, columbarium.
Dove-like, in morem columbæ.
Dough, farina subacta; massa faracea.
To knead dough, farinam subigere.
Doughty, fortis, animosus, magnanimus, strenuus, validus.
Doughy or slack-baked bread, panis male coctus.
Dowager, vidua nobilis cui usus fructus partis bonorum mariti concessus est.
A dowdy, mulier obesula et fusca.
A dower or dowry, dos.
Dowered, dotata.
Dowierless, indotata.
Dowels, lineum crassius et robustius.
Down [subst.] lanugo.
Of down, lanuginosus.
Downy, as soft as down, mollis, tener.
Down [of flowers or fruits] pap-pus. [Of feathers] lana.
A down [green hill] grumus. [Plain] planities.
Down or downward [adv.] deorsum.
Down [go down] descende. *In the mouth*, inestus, tristicus. *The water*, flumine secundo. *To*, usque ad.
Going down the hill [in age] etate declivis v. vergens.
Right down [adv.] perpendicularis. *Adv.* deorsum, pessum.
A down look, vultus demissus.
A down-looking person, homo nebulosâ fronte.
The going down of the sun, solis occasus.
With the face downward, pronus.
Up and down, ultro citroque, sursum deorsum.
A down-fall, casus, ruina, lapsus.
The down-fall of water or a cascade, præceps aquæ lapsus. *Of a river*, &c. fluvii declivitas.
Downhill, declivis, devexus, præceps.
A dowry, dos.
To give a dowry to, mulierem dotare.
Goods given over and above the dowry, parapherna, pl.
Given in dowry, dotalis.
To douse, alapâ aliquem percussere.
A doxology, collaudatio, doxologia.
A doxy, meretrix.

To doze or make a doze, sopire; somnare. [Be half asleep] somnari, soporari.
Doziness, torpor.
Dozy, somniculosus.
A dozen, duodecim, duodeni.
A drab, scortum. *Dirty*, stinking, prostibularia putidum.
Drass, siliques, pl. esca porcina.
Drassy, vilis.
A drag or hook, harpago.
A drag or draw-net, tragua, verriculum.
To drag, trahere, raptare. *By the hair*, crinibus aliquem tractare. *For oysters*, ostreas tragula captare.
To dragle through the dirt, col-lutulare.
A dragging, inquinamentum.
A dragon, draco.
A dragonet, dracunculus.
Dragonish, dragon-like, instar draconis.
A dragoon, eques catapultarum.
To dragon, equitibus catapultariis infestare.
To drain, aquam ex loco elicere. *Or be drained*, exsiccari. [A fen] desiccare. *One's purse*, marsupium alicujus exenterrare.
A drain, fossa ad aquam eliciendam.
Drainable, quod desiccarî potest.
A draining, desiccatio.
A drake, anas mas.
A dram, drachma. *Not a dram*, nihil quidem. [Of brandy, &c.] haustus.
A drama or play, drama, fabula.
Dramatic, scenicus.
Dramatically, more scenico.
Dramatist, fabularum scriptor.
A draper, panni mercator.
Woolen, lanarius. *Linen*, lintei mercator.
Drapery [cloth-work] panni textura. [In carving or painting] voluta.
Drastic, efficax.
A draught [first copy] exemplar. *Of a country*, regionis lineatio. *Of a will*, testamenti formula. *Of the letters*, litterarum ductus. [Pull] nixus, tractus. [In drinking] haustus. [Of a net] jactus.
Draughts [the play] ludus latrunculorum simplicior.
To play at draughts, latrunculum ludere.
Draught cattle, jumenta plaustraria.
The draught of scales, momentum.
To draw [or hale along] trahere, ducere. *Or allure*, alligere, pellicere. [Beer, wine, &c.] promovere. *Asunder*, distrahere. *Away*, abstrahere. *Back*, retrahere. [Refuse] de-

tractare. [Revolt] ab aliquo vesiciscere. *Cuts or lots*, sortiri. *Or make a draught* i. writing, describere, depingere. *The first draught* [as painters] adumbrare, delineare. *The picture of a person*, effigies alicujus exprimere. *Lower* deorsum trahere. *The eyes of all upon him*, omnium oculo in se unum convertere. *Dry* exhaurire, exanare. *By fair means*, suadere. *Forth* in length, protrahere, producere. *By force*, pertrahere, rapere. *Forward*, producere. *Near* nigh or towards, appropinquare, accedere. *On*, perducere. *Approach*, instare, urgere. *Fowls*, eviscerare. *With a hook*, inuncare. [As hounds] by scent, investigare, odorari. *In or entice*, illicere. *In or close*, contrahere. *Or describe*, delineare, depingere. *Call off*, revocare, retrahere. *Go off*, discedere, abire. *Pass over*, trajicere. *Out or exhaust*, exhaurire. *Or pull out*, extrahere. *Or describe*, delineare. *Or lead out*, educere, producere. *Out a party*, seligere. *A sore*, suppuratoria medicamenta adhibere. *To*, attrahere. *To a head* [as a sore] suppurare. *Together*, contrahere, congregare. *Up*, haurire, attrahere. *An army*, aciem instruere. *In front*, aciem in longitudinem porrigere. *To the city*, ad urbem exercitum admove. *A fleet in a line of battle*, naves dirigere in pugnam. *Water*, aquam exhaurire v. haurire. *In a sieve*, cribro aquam haurire; pertusum dolium implere. *A drawback*, pecuniarum restitutio.
A vintner's drawer, caupo.
A drawer [box] cistella pendula; capsula, loculus.
Drawers or breeches, subligacula, pl.
By drawing along, tractim.
A drawing aside or away, deductio. *Or retiring*, accessio. *Back*, retractatio. *By fair means*, suasio, delinitio. *In*, inductio. *Forth or in length*, productio. [Limning] lineatio. *Nigh*, appropinquatio, accessio.
A drawn battle or game, prælium dubium v. dubius Mars.
Easily drawn, ductilis, ductitius.
A dry, tragua, traha.
A drayman, trahæ auriga.
Dread, timor, terror, formido.
To dread, metuere, expavescere.
Dreadful, terribilis, horribilis, horridus.
Dreadfully, atrociter, horridè.
Dreadfulness, horror.

Dreadless, impavidus, intrepidus.
Dreading, timidus, pavens.
A dreading, timiditas, pavor
A dream, somnium.
Avoid dream, insomnium. [*Idle fancy*] deliramentum.
To dream, somnari. [*Dote or rave*] delirare.
A dreamer, somniator.
Troubled with dreams, somnionus, insomniolus.
Dreaming [slow] tardus, tardusculus. *Slow-paced*, tardigradus; *tardipes*. *In speech*, tardiloquus.
A dreaming fellow, somniculosus.
Dreamingly, somniculose, oscitantem.
Dreary or drear, mœstus, horridus.
Dreadhead, *drearment*, horror, maestitia.
To dredge or fish for oysters, mœra piscari.
Dreigere, qui ostrea piscantur.
Dregs, fœx. *Of oil*, amurca. *Of vinegar*, oxygion. *Of wine*, fœces, f. pl. caries. *Of coarse sugar*, sacchari purgamenta. *Of the people*, populi sordes; *crinis seutina*.
To clear from dregs, defœcare.
Cleared from dregs, defœcatus.
Dreggy, dreggish, fœculentus.
A drench, salivatum.
To drench or give a drench, potationem medicam adhibere. [*Dip in*] immergere, imbuiere.
A dress, ornatus, cultus, vestitio.
To dress or put on clothes, vestem induere. *To clothe*, vestire. *Trim*, ornare, comare; *curare*. *Curry*, depexum dare.
Leather, corium macerare.
Down or dress up, interpolare.
Curiously, exornare, concinnare. *The head [as a woman]*, caput ornare. *A dead body*, pollicine. *A horse*, equum spectare. *Meat*, cibum coquere. *A tree*, arborem putare. *A vine*, vitem colere.
A wound, ulceri emplastrum adhibere.
A dresser, qui v. quæ vestit. *Of flax or hemp*, qui linum carminat. *Of leather*, coriarius. *Of meat*, coquus. *Of old things*, veteramentarius. *Of a vine*, &c. putator.
A dresser or dresser-board, abacus culinaris, mensa coquinaria.
A dressing, ornatio, ornatus, curatura, cultura. *Of meat*, coctus.
Dressing [by a surgeon] curatio.
A dressing-cloth, mundi mulieris involucrium.
The dressing of dead bodies, pollicina.

A dressing of old things, interpolatio.
To dribble or drip, stillare, guttatim cadere.
A dribble or small sum, particula summula.
A dribbling or dripping, stillatio.
A drift or purpose, propositum, consilium. *Of snow*, nivium cumulus. *Drifts of ice*, glaciei frusta natantia. *Of sand*, arenæ cumulus.
A drill, terebra.
To drill or bore, terebrare, perforare.
A drilling, terebratio.
To drill or draw up soldiers in battle array, milites ordinare.
To train, exercere. *Away time*, tempus terere. *Or entice*, pellicere, allicere.
Drink, potus. *Good or strong*, generosus. *Diet*, ex herbarum succo confectus. *Small*, tenuis. *Stale*, diu confectus.
Dead, vappa.
A drink-offering, libatio.
A drink or draught, potio, haustus.
To drink, bibere, potare. *Flat*, vapidè se habere. *Well*, bono gustu esse. *About or round*, in ordinem bibere. *Away care*, vino v. potu curas pellere. *Excessively or very hard*, pergramari, perpotare, strenue potare. *In*, imbibere. *A little too much*, meliuscule quam sat est bibere. *Much*, adhibere. *Off or up*, absorbere, epotare, exaurire. *Often*, potitare. *By sips*, pitiasare. *To or unto*, præbiberè, propinare. *Together*, compotare, combibere.
Drinkable, quod bibi potest.
A drinker, potor, potator. *Excessive*, bilax, temulentus. *Of wine*, meri potor.
A drinking, potatio. *To*, propinatio. *About or round*, circumpotatio. *Continual*, perpotatio. *Excessive*, temulentia, largior potatio.
A drinking companion, combibo, compotor.
A drinking gossip, compotrix.
A drinking-match, compotatio, convivium.
Of or for drinking, potulentus.
A drinking-cup, cyathus, scyphus. *Glasses*, vitrea, &c. pocula.
To drip, stillare, distillare.
The dripping, liquamen, eliquamen.
A dripping, stillatio.
To drive, agere, pellere. *About*, circumagere. *Asunder*, dissipare. *Aim at a thing*, moliri, conari. *Away*, abigere, arcerè. *Sorrow*, bibendo curas abigere. *The time*, tempus terere. *Beasts to pasture together*, compecscere. *From*

pasture, dispecscere. *Back*, repellere, retroagere. *A cart*, waggon, or chariot, aurigari. *Beyond*, præteragere. *Deep*, adigere. *Down*, depangere. *From*, abigere, propellere. *In*, pandere, illidere, infingere. *Off the stage*, expellere. *Off [delay]* differre, protrahere. *On*, impellere. *A design*, urgere, operi instare. *Out*, expellere. *Of his wife*, aliquem de mente dejicere. *Turn a mill*, molam versare. *A person to extremities*, aliquem ad incitas redigere. *Force one*, compellere, cogere. *Toward*, adigere. *Under*, subigere.
To let a ship drive, fluctibus dedere ratem.
A driver, agitator.
A driver away, qui abigit. *An ass-driver*, agasus.
An ox-driver, bubulcus.
A driving, agitatio. *Away*, propulsatio. *Back*, depulsio. *The driving of a cart*, &c. aurigatio.
A driving forth or out, exactio. *Drivel*, aputum, saliva.
To drivel, salivam ex ore emittere.
A driveler, fatuus, insulsus.
To drizzle, stillare, rorare.
A drizzling rain, pluvia tenuis.
To droll, jocari, cavillari. *Up on one*, alicui scurrari.
A droll [player] mimus. *Or merry companion*, congerro.
Drollery, jocus; *facetia*, pl.
A drolling, jocatio, cavillatio.
A dromedary, dromas, camelus.
A drone [bee], fucosus.
A drone, droning, *dronish person*, piger, segnis.
To droop or fade as a flower, flaccescere. [*Pine away*] languere; *tabere*. *Through age*, consenesccere. *Through cares or afflictions*, curis v. molestiis tabescere.
A drooping, languor.
Drooping through age, senectû debilis. *In spirits*, tristis.
To make to droop, debilitare, frangere.
Droopingly, languide.
A drop, gutta, stilla, stilla.
A gum drop, lacryma.
By drops, guttatim.
To drop [as water] stillare, distillare. *Let fall*, demittere. *Let slip*, omittere, præmittere. *Be vacant*, vacare. *Down*, cadere, labi. *Let down*, demittere. *Down or faint away*, animo linqui. *Down [as houses]* prolabi. *In [as water]* instillare. [*As company*] virtutem advenire. *Fall off*, decidere. *Or die*, decedere. *Out*, manare, effluere. [*As trees their gums*] lacrymare.

A dropping, distillatio. In, instillatio. Of the house-eaves, stillicidium. Of the nose, pendens e naso stria. Of the eyes, epiphora. Of a tap, stillautia, pl.

Dropping down, deciduus. Wet, madidus.

Dropsical, hydropicus, venter-nosus.

The dropsy, hydrōps. The white dropsy, leucophlegmatia. A dropsy through the whole body, anasarca. The tympany dropsy, ascites, æ. m.

Dross, scoria, sœx. Of iron, terri spurcities. Of silver, argyrus.

A drove, armentum. Of a drove, armentalis.

A drover, pecoris agitator.

In or by droves, catervatim, gregatim.

Drought [dryness] siccitas. [Thirst] sitis.

To drown, mergere, submergere. [Overflow] inundare.

A drowning, demersio, immersio.

Drowsy, semisomnis, semisom-nosus.

To make drowsy, sopire.

To be drowsy, languere, torpere.

The drowsy evil, lethargia.

A drowsy companion, dormitator.

Drowsily, somnolente.

Drowsiness, torpor veterans.

To drub, fuste aliquem cedere.

A drubbing, fustuarium.

A drudge, mediastinus; lixa, æ. m.

A base drudge, maucipium vile.

To drudge [attend on a master] famulari. [Labour hard] in-

gentes labores suscipere.

Drudgery, famulitium, servitus.

To put one to drudgery, servitio aliquem opprimere.

Drudgishly, laboriose.

A drug, materia ex qua conficiuntur medicamenta.

To grow a drug, vilescere.

A druggerman or interpreter, interpres.

Drugget, pannus ex lana lino-que contextus.

A druggist or drugster, qui ea vendit ex quibus medicamenta fiunt.

Druids, Druidæ v. Druides.

A drum, tympanum.

Drum-sticks, instrumenta lignea quibus tympana pulsantur.

To drum or beat a drum, tympanum pulsare.

A kettle-drum, tympanum Mauritanicum v. æneum.

A child's drum, tympaniolum.

A drummer, tympanista, tympanotriba.

A drumming, tympani pulsatio.

A beat of drum, tympani sonus.

Drunk, drunken, ebrius, putu-

lentus. Drunkenness, ebrius, vinosus.

Half drunk, appotus.

Dead drunk, vino obstupefactus.

To make drunk, inebriare.

Drunkenly, temulenter.

Drunkness, ebrietas, temulenta.

A habit of drunkenness, ebriositas.

Dry, aridus, siccus.

Dry-shod, calceis sicci.

Dry [thirsty] siticinosus. [Emptiness or flat] exilis, jejunos.

A dry or poor discourse, oratio arida, exilis.

A dry or joking fellow, jocular.

To dry or make dry, siccare; arefacere. Or grow dry, arecere, exarecere. On a kiln, cilbano exsiccare.

To was dry, siccescere, exsiccescere.

To be dry, sitire.

To dry in the smoke, fumare; fumo durare. In the sun, insolare.

To be somewhat dry, subarescere. Very dry, perarescere.

[Thirsty] siti euecari.

The dry land, arida [sc. terra.]

Dry [without moisture] siccus; exsuccus.

The dryads [wood fairies] dryades, f. pl.

Dried to powder, inarefactus.

A dryer, qui desiccat.

Dryly, sicce.

Dryness, siccitas, ariditas.

A drying, siccatio, desiccatio.

In the sun, insolatio. Place or yard, locus ubi lintea siccantur. Ancy for want of natural moisture, tabes.

A dub [blow] ictus, plaga.

To dub, instruere, creare.

A knight, equitem stricto gladio creare.

A dubbing, equitis creatio.

Dubious, dubius, ambiguus, incertus.

Dubiously, dubie, ambigue, incerte.

Dubitation, dubitatio.

Ducal, ducalis.

A ducat [a coin] nummus ducatus.

The dice or deuce at cards or dices, dyas, ædis. f.

A duchess, ducissa, dux femina.

A duchy, ducatus.

A duck, anas. A duckling, anaticula.

A tame duck, anas cicur. A wild duck, fera v. silvestris.

A decoy duck, allector. A fen duck, fulica.

Of or like a duck, anatinus; anatarius.

To hunt ducks, anates palustres aucupari.

Duck-hunting, anatum palustrium aucupatio.

To breed young ducks, anaticulas alere.

A place where ducks are kept, nessotrophium.

To duck [act.] submergere.

Neut. urinari. Stoop down, subsidere, se inclinare. With the head, conquinare.

A ducker, urinator.

A ducking [in water] submersio.

A ducking or stooping down for fear, declinatio, corporis in flexio.

A ducking-pond, palus aucupatoria.

A ducking-stool, sella urinatoria ad mulieres rixosas supplicio afficiendas.

A duct, ductus.

Ductile, ductilis, sequax.

Ductility, facilitas ad flexum.

A dudgeon [a short dagger] pugiunculus.

Dudgeon [anger] ira.

To take in dudgeon, gravari indignari.

Due [owing] debitus. [Requisite] conveniens, aptus, idoneus.

To take less than is due, de jure suo decedere.

A due, jus, debitum.

To be due or become due, deberi.

To give every one his due, jus suum cuique tribuere.

Te give the devil his due, ut vel hosti suum jus tribuam.

A duel or duelling, pugna singularis.

To fight duels, to duel, singulatum manus conserere.

A dueller or duellist, qui singulari certamine pugnat.

A dug or teat, mamma, uber.

A little dug, mamilla.

Having great dugs, mammosus.

That sucketh the dugs, subrumus.

A duke, dux.

A dukedom, ducis dignitas et ditio.

Dulcet, dulcis, suavis.

To dulcify, dulcem facere.

A dulcimer, sambuca.

Dull [blunt] hebes. [Dark or not clear] obscurus. [Flat] insuavis.

Dull-sighted, oculis hebetioribus præditus.

The candle burns dull, candela obscuram præbet lucem.

Dull [lazy] seguis. [Heavy] languidus. [Melancholy or sad] tristis.

Of apprehension, stupidus, crassus, plumbeus.

A dull fellow, fungus, vir tardus ingenii.

Dull of hearing, surdaster.

Trading is dull, negotiatio évileact.

Of dull wit, pinguis, crassus.

To dull or make dull, hebetare, tundere.

To grow dull or blunt, hebecere. Or heavy, torpere.

To dull a *looking-glass*, speculum obscurare.
Somewhat dull or slow, tardiusculus.
A dullard or dull-brained, dullhend, hebes, etis; bardus, fungus.
A very dullard, mulo inscitor.
A dulling or making dull, hebetatio. Or *darkening*, obscuratio.
Duly [silly] insulte. [Lazily] segregar. [Sorrowfully] egre. *Dulness* [heaviness or slowness] segnitias, pigritia.
The dulness of an edged tool, hebetudo. *Of weather*, colum nebibus obscuratum. *Of wit*, stupor; stultitia.
Duly [in due form] rite. [Exactly] accurate.
Dumb, mutus. [Silent] taciturnus. [That will not speak] elinguis.
Dumb creatures, muta animalia.
A dumb picture or show, muta imago.
To be dumb, obmutescere, immutescere.
To make or strike one dumb, to dumbfound, ut alicui obstruere.
Dumbly, muti instar, cum silentio.
Dumbness, muti status; silentium, taciturnitas.
A dump, stupor, torpor.
A melancholy dump or dumpishness, anxietas, sollicitudo.
To be in the dumps, stupere, torpere.
Dumpish, mœstus, tristis.
A dumping, farciminis genus ex larina et lacte confectum.
A dumping fellow, trossulus.
Dun-coloured, fuscus, subniger.
To dun for payment of a debt, debita pecuniam flagitare, efflagitare.
A dun or dunner, exactor, flagitator.
A dunce, stipes, caudex.
Duncery, stupiditas, fatuitas.
A dunning, postulatio, efflagitatio.
Dung, sterco, fœmus. *Cow*, fœnus bovis. *Horse*, equinus.
Pigeon's, columbus. *Swine's*, succæda. *Man's*, merda.
Moose, muscerda. *Thin*, foria.
To dung or ease nature, alvum excorare.
To dung the ground, stercoreare.
Of dung, stercoreus.
A dung-fork, bidens.
Pull of dung, stercorosus.
A dunghill, sterquilinum, fœmentum.
A dungeon, tullianum, barathrum.
A dunting, stercoreatio.
Dunny, surdus.
A dupe, insulsus, stupidus, stolidus.
To dupe, aliquem dolis fallere.

A duplicate, diploma, exemplar. *Duplicate or doubled*, duplicatus.
Duplication or duplicature, duplicatus.
Duplicity, geminatio, duplicitas.
Durable, durabilis, perennis, stabilis.
Durableness, durability, diuturnitas; perennitas.
Durably, diutine, diu, perenne, firme, firmiter.
Durance, spatium v. tractus temporis. Or *duress* [imprisonment] custodia.
To be in durance, in carcere concludi; in custodia v. vinculis esse.
Duration, spatium temporis. *Of long*, diutinus, diuturnus. *Of short*, caducus.
To dure [endure] durare, manere.
A durgeon [dwarf] nanus, pumilio.
During is frequently rendered in Latin by some preposition; as, *during life*, per totam vitam. *Supper*, inter cenam. *Sleep*, secundum quietem. *That time*, eo tempore. By the ablative absolute; as, *during his absence*, eo absente. By a verb; as, *during my pleasure*, dum mihi placuerit.
Dusk, dusky, or duskyish, nubilus, obscurus.
To make dusky, infuscare, obumbrare, obcurare.
The dusk of the evening, crepusculum.
Duskily, duskyishly, obscure, occulte.
Duskiness, obscuritas, caligo.
Dust, pulvis.
Small dust, pulvisculus. *Dust of corn or metal*, pœgma, ramentum. *Mill-dust*, pollen.
Saw-dust, scobs. *File dust* or *pin-dust*, ramentum. *Dust*, [sweepings] quisquilia, pl.
To dust or cleanse from dust, emundare, purgare. *Throw dust upon*, pulvere aliquem aspergere.
To lay the dust, pulverem aquâ sedare.
To grow dusty, pulverare, pulverem colligere.
A duster, peniculus v. peniculum.
Dusty, pulvereus, pulverulentus.
Dustiness, vis pulveris.
A dusting or reducing to dust, pulveratio. Or *cleansing from dust*, v. pulvere purgatio.
Duteous or dutiful, officiosus, morigerus.
To be dutiful to, obsequi.
To behave one's self dutifully, reverenter se gerere.
Dutifully, obedienter, officiose.
Dutifulness, pietas, obedientia.

Duty [office, business] officium, munus.
A duty or tax, census, vectigal, tributum.
To do one's duty, munus præstare.
Not to do one's duty, officio deesse.
To keep one's self in one's duty, officium colere, tueri. *Another person in his duty*, aliquem continere in officio.
To present one's duty to a person, aliquem salutare.
To be on duty as a soldier, militis munus obire.
A dwarf, nanus, pumilio. *A woman dwarf*, mulier pumila.
A dwarf tree, arbor pumila.
To dwarf, impedimento esse, quo minus res crescat.
Dwarfish, exiguus, humilis.
Dwarfishness, parvitas stature.
To dwell, habitare, commorari; incolere. By [near] accollere. *In*, incolere. *In the country*, rusticari. *During the summer*, æstivare. *During the winter*, hiemare. [Insist] upon, insistere.
A dweller, habitator, incola. By, accola, vicinus. *On the land*, tericola. *In a city*, urbanus. *In a town*, oppidanus. *In the country*, rusticola. *In the suburbs*, incola suburbanus. *In the forest*, silvestris, silvicola.
A dweller with another, inquilinus.
A dwelling, habitatio, commoratio.
A dwelling-place, domus, domicilium, sedes. *A little or poor dwelling*, casa; tugurium.
To be dwelt in or habitable, habitabilis.
To dwindle or dwindle away, evanescere, tabescere. *To nothing*, ad nihilum redigi.
A dwindling away, consumptio, tabes.
A dye [colour] color.
A deep dye, color astrictus.
A crime of a deep dye, atrox flagitium.
A dye or dying, tinctura, tinctus, infectus.
To dye colours, tingere, inficere.
A dye-house, tinctoris officina.
To dye a vermilion or red colour, miniare. *A violet colour*, conchyliare.
To dye in grain, coco tingere.
Double-dyed, bis tinctus.
A dyer, infector, tinctor. *Scarlet*, infector coccineorum. *Silk*, infector sericorum.
Dying or death, mors.
A dying, obitus, excessus.
Dying or in a dying condition, moribundus.
Dying a natural death, fato suo cadens, moriens.

A dying away, animi deliquitum.
Dynasty [government] dominatio, imperium.
Dysentery [bloody flux] dysenteria.
A dysury, urinæ suppressio.

E

EACH or *each one*, quisque, unusquisque, singuli, pl.
Each of us, uterque nostrum.
Each other, mutuo, invicem.
On each side, undique, undique.
Eager [in taste] acer, acidus. *Somewhat eager*, acidulus. [Earnest] vehemens. [Fierce] ferox. [Sharp set] famelicus.
To grow eager [in taste] accescere, exaccrescere.
To become or grow eager for a thing, exardescere.
Eagerly [earnestly] acriter, avide.
Eagerness [in taste] acor, acerbitas. [Keeness] aviditas, cupiditas.
An eagle, aquila.
Of an eagle, aquilinus.
Eagle-eyed, oculis accerrimis præditus.
An eaglet, aquila pullus.
Earable, arabilis. *Earable land*, arvum.
An ear, auris.
A little ear, auricula.
The lap of the ear, auris lobus.
The drum, auriculare tympanum. *The tip*, auris pinnula.
The holes, aurium meatus.
Of the ear, auricularis.
To fall together by the ears, inter se certare.
To set together by the ears, discordiam concitare.
To whisper in the ear, insusurrare.
To give ear, attendere, auscultare.
A giving ear, auscultatio.
To lend an ear to one, alicui auscultare.
An ear-pick, auriscalpium.
The ear (of a pot) ansa, ansula.
An ear-ring, inauria.
Ear-ears, aurium sordes.
An ear-ving, forficula auricularia.
An ear-witness, testis auritus.
Having ears [as a cup] ansatus.
To prick up the ears, aures arrire. [Listen] auscultare.
To ear or shoot forth ears, spicas emittere.
Bearing ears, spicifer.

An earing of land, aratio.
Earing-tims [harvest] messis.
Eared, having ears, auritus, auribus præditus.
Crop-eared, mutilatas aures habens.
Earless, auribus excisis.
An earl, comes.
An earl's wife, comitis uxor v. comitissa.
An earldom, comitatus.
Early [adj.] maturus.
Too early, præmaturus.
Early [adv.] mature, tempore.
Very early, mature admodum.
Early in the morning [adj.] matutinus.
Early in the spring, incipiente vere. *In the summer or winter*, primâ æstate v. hieme.
To earn wages, demerere; stipem mereri.
An earning [wages] stipendium, merces.
Earnest [diligent] diligens, gravis. [Vehement] vehemens.
To be earnest with a person, aliquem urgere.
Earnest [of great importance] magnus, gravis.
In earnest or good earnest, serio, ex animo.
An earnest or earnest-money, arrhabo.
A giving of earnest, arrhæ donatio.
Earnestly [diligently] diligenter, sedulo. [Vehemently] vehementer, ardentem.
To entreat earnestly, obtestari, etiam atque etiam orare.
To look, intentis oculis aliquem intueri. *To speak*, serio dicere v. loqui.
So earnestly, tantopere, in tantum.
Exceeding earnestly, flagrantissime, ardentissime.
Earnestness [diligence] diligentia, sedulitas. [Vehemence] vehementia, fervor.
The earth, terra.
A bank of earth, agger, tumulus.
Earth cast up, regentum.
Fuller's earth, fullonum smegma.
Potter's earth, argilla.
A ditch of earth, fossa.
Fat earth, agri ubi.
A fox's earth, vulpis antrum.
To earth as a fox does, terram subire.
To cast down to the earth, solo adquare.
To commit to the earth, sepelire.
A throwing down to the earth, demolitio.
To make things of earth, figlinam exercere.
Earthen or made of earth, fictilis, figlinus.
The art of making things of earth, ars figlina, plasticæ.

A maker of things of earth, ægulus, plastæ.
Earthly or earthy, terrenus, terrestis.
Earthly-minded, an earthling, rerum terrestrium nimis studiosus.
To be or grow earthly-minded, curam in terras animam habere.
A description of the earth, geographia.
Earth-bred or earth-born, terrena.
An earthquake, terræ motus.
Earthen vessels or ware, vasa lutea.
Ease [rest] otium, quies. [Pleasure] voluptas; gaudium. [Freedom from pain] doloris vacuitas.
To ease or give ease, levare; lenire.
To ease a ship, rudentes nimis distentos laxare.
To ease nature, alvum exonerare.
At ease, otiose.
To live at ease or take one's ease, requiescere.
With ease, facile, prompte.
Little-ease [a prison] mala mansio, custodia arcta.
At heart's ease, feliciter, fortunatè.
Ill at ease, egrotus, æger.
An easement or easing, levamen, allevamentum.
An easement in law, immunitis præscriptione per vicinâ fundum transitus.
A house of easement, latrina.
Easeful, placidus, tranquillus.
Easily, facile, expeditè. *To be pleased*, placabilis, comis. [Gently or mildly] leniter, moliter.
Easiness, facilitas. *Of address* affabilitas, comitas. *Of belief*, credulitas. *Of expression* æ style, profluent in dicendo ce leritas.
Easy, facilis, promptus, proclivis. *Of belief*, credulus.
To be borne, tolerabilis, patibilis. *In one's circumstances*, re lautè præditus.
As easy as kiss my hand, facillime, ex facili.
The east, oriens, ortus.
Eastern or easterly, orientalis, eous.
Easter, pascha.
Easter-eve, parascève.
To eat, edere, mandere; vesci. [As cattle do] depascere. *Nibble*, arrodere. [As aqua fortis, &c.] corrodere. *Wear a thing away*, terere. *All about*, circumdare. *Greedily*, vorare.
Heartily, acris appetitu edere.
Immoderately, se cibus ingurgitare. *Lickerishly*, ligurare.
Into flesh iron, &c., exedere,

Often, eatare. Riotously, commensari, abligurire. As a sore, corrodere, exulcerare. Together, convivari. Underneath, subedire. Well [keep a good table] iuximile cenare. [Taste well] grate supere palato. Up or devour, exedire, comedire. Up a country, regionem vastare, populari. One's words, recantare.
Good to eat, eatable, esculentus; edulias.
An appetite to eat, cibi appetentia, aviditas, cupiditas.
Eatables, cibus, esca.
A great eater, edax, helluo.
A dainty eater, ligurio.
Eating [adj.] edax; j. corrodens.
Eating stuff, esculenta, pl.
An eating or feeding, comesura.
Great eating, edacitas.
A greedy eating, voracitas.
An eating-house, caupona. Little, cauponula.
The eaves of a house, suggrundia, pl.
To play the eaves-dropper, subauscultare.
An eaves-dropper, subauscultator.
The dropping of the eaves, stillicidium.
To ebb [as the sea] reciprocare, recedere, refluerre. And flow, crucere et decrescere.
To be in ebb, decrescere.
The ebb or ebbing of the tide, reciprocatio.
Ebbing and flowing, reciprocus, alternans.
Ebony, ebenum.
Made of ebony, ex ebano factus.
The ebony-tree, ebenus, i. f.
Effervescence [boiling] effervescencia.
Excentric or eccentric, e centro aberrans.
Excentricity, e centro aberratio.
Ecclesiastic or ecclesiastical [of the church] ad ecclesiam pertinens, ecclesiasticus.
An echo or echoing, echo, us. f. imago vocis.
To echo, resonare.
An eclipse, solis v. lunæ obscuratio, defectio; eclipsis.
To eclipse, obumbrare, obscurare. Another's glory, de aliquis famâ detrâre.
To be in eclipse or be eclipsed, delicere.
An eclipsing, luminis obscuratio.
The ecliptic line, linea ecliptica.
An eclogue, ecloga.
An ecstasy, animi a sensibus alienatio.
To be in an ecstasy, a sensibus alienari; animo percelli; in mentis excessum rapi.
Ecstatic or ecstasical, mirificatus affectus.

An eddy, aquæ reciprocantis vortex.
The edge or brink of a thing, margo, ora. Of a knife, sword, &c. acies, acumen. Of a fillet, tænia. Of a garment, fimbria.
Border of a place, extremitas.
Edge-tools, tela acuminata.
To set an edge on, acuire.
To take off the edge, hebetare.
Of one's stomach, laurantem stomachum hebetare.
To edge in, intrudere, insinuaré.
To set the teeth on edge, dentes hebetare.
A setting the teeth on edge, dentium hebetatio.
To edge with lace, prætexere.
With gold, auro ambire oras.
A two-edged sword, gladius anceps.
Having three edges, trisulcus.
Edgeless, obtusus, hebes.
An edging or lace, fimbria, lacinia.
Edgings in gardening, arearum ora.
Edible, edulis, esculentus.
An edict, edictum, decretum.
To make an edict, edicere.
To publish an edict, edictum proponere.
Edification, instructio, institutio.
An edifice, edificium.
To edify [build] edificare; construere. [Instruct] instruere.
An edifier [builder] edificator, structor.
An edifying or edification, edificatio, constructio.
An edile [Roman officer] edilis.
An edition, editio.
An editor, editor.
To educate, educere, instruere, tollere.
Well educated, liberaliter instructus.
An educating or education, educatio, institutio, instructio. Liberal, liberalis.
An eel, anguilla.
An eel-pout, mustela fluviatilis.
An eel-spear, fuscina. An eel-bout, passer Britannicus.
An eel or eel, salamandra aquatica.
Effable, quod dici potest.
To efface or blot out, obliterare, delere. Obscure, obscurare.
An effacing, obliteratio, abolitio.
An effect, effectum; effectus.
Effects [among merchants] opes, pl. merces.
To effect or effectuate, efficere.
To take effect, effectum sortiri; bonum exitum habere.
Of no effect, irritus, cassus, vanus.
To no effect, nequicquam, frustra.

In effect [really] re verâ. [Al most] ferme, fere.
To which effect, qua propter, quocirca.
An effector, effector, m. effector, f.
Effectible, quod fieri potest.
An effecting, effectio, confectio.
Effective, efficacius, effectual, efficac.
Effectively, re verâ, reapse.
Effectless, inefficax, acis; irritus.
To make effectless, irritum facere.
Effectually, efficaciously, or with efficacy, efficaciter, efficienter.
Effectually, penitus, omnino, prorsus.
Effeminacy or effeminateness, mollities muliebris.
Effeminate, effeminatus, delicatus.
An effeminate youngster, tenellulus.
Somewhat effeminate, molliculus.
To effeminate or make effeminate, effeminare, evirare.
Effeminately, effeminate, molli-ter.
Effeminating, ad evirationem pertinens.
Effete, effectus.
Effervescence or effervescency, effervescentia.
Efficaciousness or efficacy, efficac.
Of much efficacy, potentissimus, valentissimus.
Efficiency or efficiency, effectum.
An efficient cause, causa efficiens.
An effigies or effigy [picture] effigies, imago.
An effort [endeavour] conatus, im, etus.
To make great efforts, strenuam operam præstare.
Effrontery, impudentia, audacia.
Effulgence, fulgor, splendor.
Effulgent, effulgens, splendens.
An effusion, effusio.
Estsoons [ever and anon] denum.
[Often] ampliuscule. [Presently] statim, confestim.
An egg, ovum.
To brood or sit on eggs, ovis incubare.
To hatch eggs, ova excludere.
To lay an egg, ovum ponere.
An addle egg, ovum urinum. A fair large egg, decumanum. A hard egg, durissimum. A new-laid egg, a gallinâ recens exclusum. A poached egg, coctilatum. Rear, sorbile e. tremulum. Rotten, putridum. Stale, requietum. Begun to be a chick, pullescens. A wind-egg, subventaneum. With two yolks, geminum.
The white of an egg, ovi albumen. The yolk, lutum. The

shell, putamen. The strain, umbilicus.
To egg on or forward, instigare, stimulare.
An egger on, impulsor, stimulator.
An egging on, impulso, instigatio.
Egregious [excellent] *egregius, clarus. [Notorious] insignis. Polly, summa dementia.*
Egregiously, egregie, præclare, vehementer.
Egregiousness, excellentia.
An egress or egression, egressus.
To ejaculate, ejaculari.
An ejaculation, animi auspirium.
Ejaculative or ejaculatory, ad ejaculandum pertinens.
To eject, elicere.
Ejection or ejection, ejectio.
Eight, octo, octoni, pl.
Of eight, octonarius.
Eight times, octies.
Eightfold, octuplex.
Having eight feet, octipes.
Eight times as much, octuplus, octuplo.
Eight times doubled, octuplicatus.
Eight years old, octo annorum.
Eighteen, octodecim.
Eighteen times, octodecies.
The eighteenth, decimus octavus, duodevigesimalis.
The eighth, octavus. An eighth part, octava pars.
Eightieth, octavum.
Eight hundred, octingenti, pl.
The eighth hundredth, octingentesimus.
Eight hundred times, octingenties.
Eight thousand, octies mille.
Times, octies millies.
Eighty, octoginta. Times, octogies.
By eighties or eighty at a time, octogeni.
The eightieth, octogesimus, octuagesimus.
The eighth time, octavum tempus.
Either [the one or the other] uter, utervis.
Either, answering to or, is made by aut, vel; or with a negative, by nec, neque.
On either part or side, utrinque, utroque.
Ejulation, ejulatio.
Eke [also] etiam, itidem.
To eke out, producere, augere. [Make the most of] frugaliter dispensare.
An eking, prodigio.
Elaborate, elaboratus, elucubratus, absolutus.
Elaborately, accurate, diligenter.
Elastic, elastic, vi resiliendi præditus.
Elasticity, vis resiliendi.
To elate, superbiâ aliquem infare.

Elation, elatio.
An elbow, cubitus, ulna.
The tip of the elbow, cubiti summitas.
Elbow-wise, sinuosus.
To give elbow-room, spatium cedere.
To lean on the elbow, cubito nitî.
To elbow one, cubito summovere.
To be always at one's elbow, aliquem assidue comitari.
An elder-tree, sambucus, i. f.
Of or belonging to an elder-tree, sambuceus.
Elder in age, major natu, senior.
Elder times, tempora antiqua.
An elder, presbyter.
Our elders, majores, veteres, proavi, pl.
Eldership, major ætas.
Elderly, ætate provector.
Eldest, maximus natu.
To elect [choose] eligere, seligere.
Election, electio, delectus.
The day of election, dies comitiorum.
Elective, ad electionem pertinens.
An elective king, rex qui eligitur.
Electively, sponte, ultro.
An elector [chooser] elector.
A prince elector, elector imperialis.
Electoral, ad electorem pertinens.
An electorship or electorate, electoratus.
Electricity, virtus festucarum trahax.
An electroly, ecligma, n. linctus.
Eleemosynary, ad stipis largitionem pertinens.
Elegance, elegantia; venustus.
In apparel, ornatus, cultus.
Elegant in speech, elegans, eloquens, disertus. In apparel, mundus, nitidus, concinnus.
Elegantly, eleganter, accurate, ornate, venuste, splendide.
Elegiac, elegiacus.
An elegy [mournful verse] elegia.
An element [first principle] elementum, principium. Or letter, litera, character.
He is out of his element, ab illius ingenio abhorret.
The four elements, quatuor genitalia corpora.
Elemental or elementary, ad elementa pertinens; elementarius.
An elephant, elephas, elephanteus. A young elephant, elephantis pullus.
To bray like an elephant, barrire.
An elephant's trunk, proboscis.
Elephantine, elephanteus.
To elevate, levare, attollere, (96)

evêhère. [Make cheerful] hilarare, obiectare. One to honours, aliquem ad honores provehère. Or praise a person to the skies, laudibus aliquem ad cælum usque extollere.
Elevated in his own conceit, gloriosus; plus æquo sibi attribuens.
An elevating or elevation, elatio. To honours, promotio ad honores. Of spirit, ingenii sublimitas. Of the voice, vocis intentio.
Eleven, undecim, undeceni, undeni.
Of eleven, undenarius.
Eleven times, undecies.
Eleven hundred, undecies centum, undecies centeni. Times, undecies centies.
Eleven thousand, undecies mille, undecim millia. Times, undecies millies.
The eleventh, undecimus.
An elf [dwarf] pumilio, nanus [Hobgoblin] larva.
Elfish [peevish] morosus, protervus, perversus.
To elf the hair, comas implicare.
To elicit, elicere.
Eligible, eligendus.
Elision, elisio.
Elizir, metallorum succus.
An elk, alce.
An ell, ulna.
An ellipse, ellipsis.
Elliptical or imperfect, mancus, imperfectus.
An elm-tree, ulmus, i. f.
An elm-grove, ulmarium.
Of elm, ulmeus.
Elocution, elocutio.
An elogy or praise, elogium, præconium.
To elope, a marito discedere.
An elopement, uxoris a marito fuga.
Eloquence, eloquentia, facundia; eloquium.
A flow of eloquence, flumen ingenii.
Wanting eloquence, infacundus, indiseruus.
To speak without eloquence, in culte et horride loqui.
Eloquent, eloquens, disertus, facundus.
Eloquently, eleganter, diserte, facunde, ornate.
Not eloquently, inculte, horride inornate.
Else [beside] præterea. [With or answering to whether] sive, an, utrum. [That is, more] adhuc, amplius, porro. [Other] alius. No man else, alius nemo. [Otherwise] aliter, alioqui, alioquin. [With or answering to either] aut, vel. Or else, aut, vel, alius. Elsewhere, alibi. Somewhere else, alioubi, aliunde. Of somebody else, aliunde.

To elucidate, explicare, exponere.
An elucidation, dilucida explicatio v. expositio.
An elucidator, narrator, explicator.
 To elude, eludere, evitare, subterfugere. *The law*, fraudem legi adhibere.
An eluding, evitatio; deceptio.
Elusion, fraus, fallacia, dolus.
Elusive or elusory, fallax, fraudulentus.
Elysian fields, campi Elysi.
 To emacerate, extenuare, macerare.
An emaciating or emaciation, corporis extenuatio.
 To emaciate, emaciare, macerare.
 To emancipate, emancipare.
Emancipation, emancipatio.
 To emasculate [geld] castrare. [*Weaken*] enervare.
To emalms, pollincire.
An emalming, pollinctura.
An emalmer, pollinctor.
An embargo, navium detentio.
 To lay an embargo, edicto navium progressum prohibere.
 To embark, navem conscendere.
An army, imponere exercitum.
An embarking or embarkation, in system conscensio.
 To embarrass, impedire, praejudicare.
An embarrassment, impedimentum.
An ambassador, legatus. Vid. *Ambassador*.
An embassy or embassy, legatio.
Embattled [as an army] instructum. [*As a wall or fortification*] pinnatus.
To embellish, polire, ornare.
An embellisher, qui v. quæ ornant.
An embellishment, ornamentum, ornatu.
Embers, favilla, cinis.
Of embers, cinereus.
Ember-week, unum ex quatuor temporibus jejunii.
Embering days, feræ esuriales.
 To embeszie, intervertere. [*Purloin*] surripere. [*The public money*] pecuniam publicam dilapidare.
An embosser of the public money, peculator.
An embeszing or embeszzlement, prodigiosa sumptuum profusio.
An emblem, emblemata.
Emblematical or emblematic, emblematicus.
Emblematically, oblique.
An emblematical, emblematum scriptor.
 To emboss, celare.
The art of embossing, toreutice.
An embosser, celator.
An embossing or embossment, celatura

Embossed work, sculptura protuberans; toreuma. *Plate*, argentum signis asperum.
 To embowel, exenterare.
 To embrace, amplecti, complecti. *About*, circumplecti.
A close embrace, compressio.
Embracing, embracement, amplexus, complexus. *About*, circumplexus.
 To embroider, acu pingere.
An embroiderer, phrygio.
An embroidering, intextus.
Embroidery, opus Phrygium. [*The art*] ars pingendi acu, ars Phrygonia.
 To embroil, confundere, perturbare. *A state*, res novas mobilis. Or sow discord among friends, inter amicos discordiam concitare.
An embryo, crudus fœtus.
An emendation, correctio, emendatio.
An emerald, smaragdus.
Of an emerald, smaragdinus.
 To emerge, emergere.
An emergency, emergence, casus, occasio.
Emergent [sudden, unexpected] subitus, inopinatus. [*Issuing from*] emergens.
The emeralds or emerods, fœcus, hæmorrhoids.
Emetic or emetical, vomitorius.
Emetically, ad provocandum vomitum.
Emigration, migratio ex aliquo loco.
Eminence, [dignity] dignitas, nobilitas. [*A high place*] locus editus.
A person of great eminence, vir clarus, eximius.
Eminent, eminens; insignis.
 To be eminent in any art or profession, aliquâ arte excellere, valere.
Eminently, insigniter, eximie, egregie.
An emissary, emissarius.
Emission or emitting, emissio.
 To emit, emittere.
An enemy, formica.
Emolument, emolumentum, lucrum, commodum.
Emotion, agitatio, incitatio. *Of mind*, animi perturbatio.
 To empale [environ with a pale] sudibus v. septo munire. *A malefactor*, palo transfigere.
 To empanel, eligere, designare.
An emperor, imperator. *An empress*, imperatrix.
Of an emperor, imperatorius.
An emperor's palace or tent, angustale.
An emphasis, emphasis.
Emphatic or emphatical, emphasim habens.
Emphatically, cum emphasi.
Emphaticness, vis emphatica.
An empire, imperium.

An empiric, empiricus.
Empiricism, empirice.
Empirically, experimentia.
An em plaster, emplastrum.
 To em plaster, emplastrum adhibere.
 To em lead, diem alicui dicere.
 To employ [bestow or use] adhibere, conferre. *Busy one's self about*, se aliquâ re implicare. *To employ another*, negotium alicui dare. [*Take up or engage*] occupare. *One's self in different studies*, vario literarum genere versari.
An employ [trade] ars, studium.
Employable, in usum aliquem aptus.
 To be employed, occupari, versari.
An employing, occupatio.
An employment, negotium.
 To impoverish, depauperare pauperare.
The nation being impoverished, exhausta patrie facultatibus.
An impoverisher of men, qui alios ad paupertatem redigit.
Of land, qui agros steriles reddit.
 To empower, potestate aliquem instruere; alicui potestatem dare.
Emptily, leviter, vane.
Emptiness, inanitas, vacuitas.
Empty [void] inanis, vacuum. [*Vain, unprofitable*] vanus, inutilis.
An empty fel'ow, fatuus, tardus.
Title, merus titulus, merum nomen. *Vessel*, epota amphora.
 To empty, vacuare; exhaurire, inanire. *A pond*, stagnum desiccare. *Out of one vessel into another*, transfundere.
 To be empty, vacare, intervaccare.
 To grow empty, inanis fieri.
Somewhat empty, subinania.
An emptying, exinanitio.
Empurpled, purpureo colore tinctus.
Empyreal or empyrean, empyreus.
 To emulate [envy] alicui æmulari. [*Imitate*] æmulari, imitari.
An emulating or emulation, æmulatio, certatio.
An emulator, æmulus.
Emulous, æmulus.
Emulously, cum æmulatione.
 To enable one, alicui vires sufficere.
An enabling, virium suppeditatio.
 To enact, decernere, sancire.
An enacter, legum lator.
An enacting, sanctio.
 To enamel, encausto pingere.
An enamer, encaustes.
The art of enameling, ars encaustica.

To enamour, amore aliquem accendēre.
Encampment, castrametatio.
To encamp, castra ponere, locare.
To enchain, catenis detinere; compedibus compescere.
To ench ut, incantare.
An enchanter, magus, veneficus.
An enchanting, incantatio, fascinatio.
Enchantingly, blandissimo, jucundissimo.
An enchantment, incantamentum.
An enchantress, venefica.
To enchain, cælare.
An encircling, circumscriptio.
To encircle, circumferre, circulare.
To enclose, includere, cingere; sepire.
An encloser, qui separat, sc. agros.
An enclosing, inclusio, circumseptio.
An enclosure, septum, sepimentum.
To break down enclosures, septimenta conculcare v. dirumpere.
An encomiast, laudator.
An encomium, laus, laudatio.
To encompass, ambire, cingere, circumvenire, circumcingere.
An encompassing, encompassment, complexus.
To encounter, congredi, confligere.
An encounter or encountering [meeting] congressus. [Fight] certamen, pugna, prælium.
To encourage, alimare, instigare, hortari, exhortari. *Prefer*, in ampliore gradum promovere. *By the clapping of hands*, plaudere.
An encourager, hortator, adhortator, extimulatore.
An encouraging or encouragement, hortatus, confirmatio, incitatio.
To encroach, intrudere, irrepere. *Upon*, fines alienos invadere.
An encroaching or encroachment, alieni occupatio.
To encumber, impedire; implicare.
An encumbering or encumbrance, mora, impedimentum.
An end [extremity or bound] finis, terminus, meta. [Aim or design] consilium. [Event or issue] eventus. *Plot of a play*, catastrophe.
An ill end, exitum, perniciēs.
In the end, demum, denique, tandem.
To what end? quorsum? quatenus?
To the same end, eodem.
To the end that, eo ut.
For which end, quocirca, quā de causā

To no end, frustra, nequiquam.
To end [act.] finire, terminare, concludere. *Neut.* desinere.
To make or bring to an end, conficere, perficere. *Happily*, ad exitum felicem perducere.
To be at one's tongue's end, in labris primoribus versari.
Not ended, infectus, imperfectus, noudum finitus.
The ending of a controversy, controversiæ diremptio. *Of a word*, vocis terminatio.
To endamage, nocere, obesse.
To endanger, in discrimen adducere.
To endear, obligare; devincire.
An endearing or endearment, caritas, benevolentia; meritum.
An endeavour, conatus, conamen, nixus.
To endeavour or do one's endeavour, conari, eniti, operam dare v. navare. *To get connected*. *To attain*, ad aliquid aspirare. *Earnestly*, contendere.
With great endeavours, enixe.
To endite [accuse] aliquem in jus vocare. Or dictate to, dicere.
An enditement, accusatio.
Endless, infinitus, perennis, æternus, sempiternus.
Endlessly, semper, æternum.
Endlessness, perennitas, rotunditas.
Endlong, rectā lineā.
To endorse on the back side, a tergo scribere.
An endorser, qui nomen suum in aversā parte inscribit.
An endorsing or endorsement, in aversā parte nominis inscriptio.
To endorse or give a portion, donare. *The mind*, animum instruire.
An endower, patronus.
To endue, donare; imbuere.
To endure, ferre, pati, tolerare. [Continue] durare, perdurare.
Able to endure, patiens.
Not to be endured, intolerabilis.
An endurer, qui patitur v. tolerat.
Enduring long, diuturnus.
An enduring, endurance [patience] tolerantia, patientia. [Continuance] duratio.
Enduring for ever, æternus, sempiternus.
Endwise, alte, recte.
An enemy, [private] inimicus. [Public] hostis. Or opponent at law, adversarius.
Of an enemy, hosticus, hostilis.
Like an enemy, hostiliter, inimice, infense.
To make one's self enemies, odium contrahere.
Energetic or energetical [forcible] magnā vi præditus.

Energy, vis, efficacia.
To enervate, enervare, debilitare.
An enervating or enervation, debilitatio.
Enfamed, fame enectus.
To enfeeble, infirmare; comminuire.
An enfeebling, debilitatio, infirmatio; virium infractio.
To enfeoff, fidei alicuius committere, credere. Or give land to one, prædio aliquem donare.
An enfeoffing or enfeoffment, fidei commissio.
To enforce [or compel] cogere. [Strengthen] roborare. *By arguments*, rationibus suadere. *By necessity*, adigere.
Enforcedly, invite, moleste.
An enforcement [or effort] contentio.
An enforcing, enforce, or enforcement, vis, impulsio.
An enforcer, impulsor.
To enfranchise [a slave] manumittere. [Make free of a city] aliquem civitate donare.
An enfranchisement or enfranchising, civitatis donatio.
To engage one, obligare, devincire. *Pass a word*, spondere, vadari. [In battle] configere, congredi; prælium committere. [Himself in an action] se aliqui re implicare. *Land, money, books, &c.* oppugnerare *One's honour upon any account*, in aliquam rem fidem suam interponere.
An engagement [fight] pugna, prælium, congressus. [Passing one's word] sponsio; vadium.
Engaging [pleasing] jucundus, gratus.
To engender, generare, gignere.
Engendered together, congenitus.
An engenderer, generator.
An engendering, generatio.
An engine, machina, machinamentum. [Device] artificium, techna. *Used in the wars instead of cannon*, tormentum.
A fire-engine, machina ad ignem extinguendum.
An engineer, machinator.
To engird, cingere.
English, Anglus, Anglicus, Anglicanus.
Englishmen, Angli.
English Saxons, Angli Saxones.
To English or turn into English, Anglice reddere v. vertere. *To speak or write English*, Anglice loqui v. scribere.
An engorger, belluo, vorax.
To engrave, insculpere, incidere, cælare.
An engraver, sculpsor, cælator.
An engraving, sculptura, cælatura.

To engross [commodities] cō-
tinerē, merces flagellare.
An engrosser of commodities,
mercium flagellator.
To engross a deed, in tabulas
inserere. A writing, majusculis
litteris exarare.
To enhance the price, pretium
augere. Of victuals, annonam
flagellare.
An enhancer, pretii auctor.
An enhancing or enhancement,
pretii auctio.
Enigma [riddle] ænigma.
Enigmatical, obscurus.
Enigmatically, obscure.
To enjoin, injungere, mandare,
imperare.
To enjoy, frui, potiri. One's
self, sese oblectare.
Enjoyments [pleasures] volup-
tates, pl.
To ensnare, accendēre.
To enlarge [extend or increase]
amplificare, adaugere. Upon
subject, copiose de re aliqua
loqui. [Set free] ex carcere
dimittere.
An enlarger, amplificator.
An enlarging or enlargement,
amplificatio; laxamentum.
An enlargement [out of prison]
ex custodia emissio.
To enlighten, enlight, illumina-
re, collustrare.
An enlightening, illustratio, illu-
minatio.
An enlightener, instructor, illu-
minator.
To enliven, animare.
An enlivening, animatio.
Enmity, inimicitia, similitas.
To enoble, nobilitare, illustra-
re. [Make a commoner a no-
bleman] in nobiliū ordinem
ascrībēre.
An ennobling or ennoblement, in
nobiliū ordinem cooptatio.
An enormity, confusio, pertur-
batio.
Enormity [heinousness] crimi-
nis atrocitas. [Great crime]
crimen atrox.
Enormous [excessive] enormis,
vastus. [Heinous] nefandus,
flagitiosus.
Enormously, nefaria flagitiose.
Enough, æquum, abunde, sat,
satis.
Sure enough, verisimile, admo-
dum certe.
It is true enough, verissimum v.
certissimum est.
Enough and more than enough,
satis superque.
To outrage, irritare, stimulare.
An outrageous, irrita Jo.
To enrich, ditare, locupletare.
Or fatten ground, agrum v. so-
lum saginare.
An enriching the ground or soil,
agri v. soli saginatio.
To enrobe, ornare; investire.
To enroll, inscribere, ascribere.

Or enlist soldiers, milites con-
scribere.
An enrolling or enrolment, in
acta publica relatio.
A thing fit to be enrolled, res
memoranda novis annalibus.
To ensconce, circumvallare.
To enskield, protegēre.
To enshrine, consecrare.
An ensign or colours, vexillum,
signum militare.
An ensignor or ensign-bearer, sig-
nifer, vexillarius.
Ensigns displayed, signa ex-
plicata. Folded up, signa su-
pina.
To enslave, in servitutem redi-
gere.
Enslaved, mancipatus. An en-
slation, crudeli dominatu pressa.
An enslaver, qui aliquem servi-
tuti addicit.
To ensue, consequi, succedere,
postea contingere.
An entail, libellus rem heredi
addicens.
To entail land, terram heredi
addicere.
To cut off an entail, jus heredi-
tarium rescindere.
An entailing, terræ heredi ad-
dictio.
To entangle, irretire, impedire.
An entangled business, res per-
plexa et impedita.
Entangled in friendship, amicitia
alicui obstricta. In la-
suis, litibus arcte implicatus.
An entangling or entanglement,
implicatio, implexus, impedi-
tio.
A double-entendre, vocabulum
ambiguum.
To enter, intrare, ingredi, sub-
ire. In by violence, irrum-
pere, invadere, intrudere. By
stealth, irrepere, furtim in-
trare. An action against one,
alicui dicam scribere. Into
service, operam alicui locare.
A young beginner, thronem im-
buere. Into the merits of a
cause, rem aliquam investiga-
re. Into bond for an appear-
ance, vadimonium promittere.
Into a league, sœdus inire v.
facere. A treaty for peace,
de concilianda pace agere.
Into conference, colloquium
inire. Into friendship, hospitia
cum aliquo jungere. Upon
an estate, hereditatem adire.
Upon a design, consilium cap-
ere. Into commons, convic-
tum occipere. Himself a sol-
dier, militis nomen dare.
Into a book, in commentarium
referre. An account [as trade-
men] summam aliquam ratio-
nibus referre. One in the uni-
versity, in academicorum nu-
merum referre.
An entering into, Ingressio, in-
troitus.

An enterprise, captem; mo-
men; res gesta, facinus.
To enterprise, aggredi, suaci-
pere, conari.
An enterpriser, inceptor, molli-
tor; facinoræ dux v. auctor.
An enterprising, susceptio; mo-
litio. Person, homo ad quod-
vis negotium auspicandus
promptus.
To entertain [admit or believe]
admittere, credere. [Divers]
oblectare. [Lodge] hospitio
aliquem excipere. One with
stories, adveniēti fabulas nar-
rare. One's self with plea-
sures, jucunditati se dare.
[Treat] accipere; tractare.
Handsomely, aliquem magni-
fice tractare. Roughly, ali-
quem acerbius tractare. Kind-
ly, benigne aliquem excipere.
[Keep] alere, sustentare.
Hope, spern concipere.
An entertainer, hospes.
Entertaining [pleasing] jucun-
dus, gratus.
An entertainment [lodging] hos-
pitiū. [Feast] convivium,
epulæ, pl. Delicuous, mensæ
exquisitissimæ cibis instruc-
tæ. Splendid, convivium lau-
tum.
To give cold entertainment, je-
june aliquem excipere.
Want of entertainment, inhos-
pitalitas.
An entertainment [amusement]
occupatio.
To enthrall, mancipare.
Entrainment, servitus, serviti-
um.
To enthrone, in solio collocare.
An enthroning or enthronement,
in solio collocatio.
Enthusiasm, numinis afflatus.
An enthusiast, numine afflatus
v. percius.
Enthusiastic or enthusiastical,
ad divinum afflatum pertinens.
Enthusiastically, enthei more.
To entice, allicere; sollicitare.
Away, blanditiis abducere.
An enticer, allector, delinitor.
An enticing or enticement, ille-
cebra, incitatio.
Enticing, blandus, illecebrosus,
pellax.
Enticingly, illecebrose.
Entire [uncorrupt] sincerus,
purus. [Whole] integer, soli-
dus, totus.
Entirely [dearly] unice, care,
sincere. [Wholly] in totum,
in solidum.
Entireness, integritas; sanitas.
To entitle, appellare, nominare.
To be entitled to an estate, jus
hereditatem adeundi habere.
An entitling, appellatio, inscrip-
tio.
An entity [being] res: ens.
Vid. Lat.
An entrail, intestinum.

The entrails, exta, pl. viscera.
An entrance, ingressus, aditus.
Into a college, in collegium admissionis.
A forced entrance, irruptio, in-
 cursio.
Entrance-money, minerval.
To make a public entrance, triumphali pompâ per urbem vehi.
To make an entrance to a discourse, procamiari, præfari.
To deny entrance, prohibere januam.
Into one's country, arcere finibus.
To entrap, illaqueare; inescare; decipere.
An entrapping, deceptio.
To entreat, orare, rogare. Often, rogare. [*Handle*] tractare, disserere. *Humbly*, supplicare. *Earnestly*, etiam atque etiam rogare. *Gently*, demulcere.
Not to be entreated, inexorabilis, difficilis.
An entreater, precator, deprecator.
Entreating, deprecabundus.
Humbly, supplex.
An entreating or entreaty, precatio, deprecatio.
An humble entreaty, obsecratio, supplicatio. *Solemn*, obtestatio. *Frequent*, rogatio.
By entreaty, precario, prece, rogatu.
To prevail by entreaty, exorare.
An entry or passage to a house, atrium, vestibulum. *To any place*, aditus, ingressus. *Beginning*, initium, exordium. *Of an ambassador, &c.*, legati cum pompâ in urbem introitus. [*In law*] ingressus in manerium, &c.
To give entry unto, intromittere, admittere.
To entwine, convolvere.
To envelop, implicare, involvere.
An envelope, integumentum.
To envenom, venenare.
To environ, cingere; circumspicere.
The environs, vicinitas, vicinia.
To enumerate, enumerare, recensere.
An enumerating or enumeration, enumeratio, recensio.
An enunciation, enuntiatio.
An envoy, nuntius, legatus.
Envy or enviousness, invidia; malevolentia.
To envy, invidere.
To stir up envy against one, invidiam sibi cui conflare.
Enviably, invidendus.
An envier, qui invidet, invisor.
Envious, invidus, invidiosus.
Somewhat envious, subinvidiosus.
Enviously, maligne, invidiose.
The exact, dies intercalares.
Ephemeral, diurnus.

An ephemeris or diurnal, ephemeris.
Epicedium, elegia; elegeia.
An epicure, belluo; gulosus.
Epicurean, Epicureus.
To epicurise, voluptatibus indulgere.
Epicurism, ingluvies, gula.
An epicycle, epicyclus.
An epidemic disease, morbus publice grassans, contagiosus.
The epigastrium, abdomen.
An epigram, epigramma.
Epigrammatical, epigrammaticus.
An epigrammatist, epigrammatum scriptor.
The epilepsy, morbus comitialis.
Epileptic, comitialis.
An epilogue, conclusio, epilogus.
The epiphany [twelfth day] epiphania.
Episcopacy, dignitas episcopalis v. episcopatus.
Episcopal, episcopalis.
An episode, res extra argumentum assumpta.
An epistle, epistola, literæ, pl. *A small epistle*, epistolium.
Epistolar or epistolary, epistolaris.
An epitaph, epitaphium.
An epithalamium, carmen nuptiale.
An epithet, epitheton.
An epitome, compendium, epitome.
An epitomist or epitomiser, qui in compendium redigit.
To epitomise, in compendium redigere.
An epoch, epocha, æra.
Equally, æqualiter.
Equal, æqualis, par, æquus.
To equal or make equal, æquare, æquiparare.
Equal terms, conditiones æquæ.
Equal weight, æquilibrium.
One's equals, pares, consortes.
Equality, æqualitas, paritas.
To equalise, æquare, exæquare.
An equaling or equalizing, æquatio, exæquatio, equiparatio.
Equally, æqualiter, pariter, ex æquo.
Equanimity, æquanimitas.
Equation, æquatio.
The equator, circulus æquinoccialis.
An equery, stabuli præfectus.
Equestrian, equestris.
Equilateral, æquis lateribus instructus.
Æquilibrium. Vid. *Equipoise*.
Equinoctial or equinox, æquinoc-tium.
Equinoctial [adj.] æquinoccialis.
To equip, aliquid rebus necessariis instruere. *A fleet*, classem adornare.
Equipage, instrumentum, ornatu.

Hunting equipage, venatorium instrumentum.
The equipage of a nobleman, comitatus.
An equipping or equipment, apparatus, instructus, ornatus.
An equipoise, æquilibrium, æquilibrium.
To equipoise, aliquid paribus ponderibus librare.
Equipollent, paria virtutis.
Equitable, æquus, justus.
Equitableness, æquitas, justitia.
Equitably, ex æquo.
Equity, æquitas, æquum.
A court of equity, æquitatis curia.
Equivalence, eadem vis, par virtus.
Equivalent, quod habet eandem vim.
To give an equivalent, par pari reddere.
To be equivalent, æquivalere.
Equivocal, ambiguus, anceps, dubius.
Equivocally, ambigue.
To equivocate, vocibus ambigulis uti.
An equivocator, callide mendax.
An equivocating or equivocation, equivocallness, ambiguitas sermonis.
To eradicate, eradicare, extirpare.
An eradicating or eradication, extirpatio, radices evulsio.
To erase, delere, expungere, eradere.
An erasing or erasement, abolitio, litura.
Ere [before that] antequam, priusquam.
Ere long or ere while, modo, brevi.
Ere now, ante hoc tempus.
To erect or raise up, erigere, arripere; attollere. Or *build*, edificare, exedificare.
An erecting or erection, edificatio, fabricatio, constructio, erectio.
Erectness, arrecta forma.
An erector, edificator.
An eremite, solitudinis incola.
Ergotism, argumentatio captiosa.
An ermine, mus Ponticus, mustela Alpina. *The fur*, muris Pontici pellicula.
To err, errare. [*Mistake*] falli, hallucinari.
An errand, mandatum, nuntius.
To do an errand, nuntiare.
To go on an errand, missa capessere. On a *sleeveless errand*, futile mandatum facessere.
To send on an errand, legare, ablegare.
An errand-goer, nuntius.
Errant [wandering] erraticus, errabundus.
Errantry, erratio, vagatio.
Errata [in a book] errata, orum. n.

la erring, erratic.
Erroneous, erroneus, falsus.
Erroneously, falso, false.
Erroneousness, erratic, error.
An error [faul] erratum. [In opinion] error, hallucinatio.
In an error, vero devius.
A writ of error, breve de errore corrigendo.
Est [heretofore] antehac.
Erudition, eruditio, literæ humaniores.
Eruption, eruptio.
An escape, fuga, effugium.
To escape, evadere, effugere.
By flight, evolare. Privily, subterfugere. By struggling, elucari. One's memory, ex memoriâ excidère.
A means to escape by, effugium.
An escaping, fuga, evitatio, declinatio.
To eschew, vitare, devitare, declinare.
An escheving, vitatio, evitatio.
To esort, aliquem comitari.
Esculent, esculentus.
An eschecheon, insigne gentilitium, tessera gentilitia.
Especial, præcipuus, summus.
Especially, præcipue, præsertim.
Esper, explorator; speculator.
Esponsals, an espousing, sponsalia, pl.
To espouse, despondere, desponsare.
To espouse one's cause, alicui patrocinari.
To espy [see afar off] speculari, observare. By chance, aspirare. An opportunity of doing a thing, tempus aliquid faciendi capere.
To espy out, emissitius.
An espyer, explorator, Corymbus.
An espying, speculatio. Place, specula.
An esquire, armiger.
An essay [trial] molimen; experimentum. Vid. Assay.
To essay, tentare, conari, periculi.
To make an essay, alicujus rei periculum facere.
An essayer, qui aliquid aggressor.
An essaying, conatus, conamen.
An essence [being] essentia, natura. [Chemical extract] succus subtilissimus.
Essential, in rei naturâ positus.
Essentially, naturâ, secundum essentiam.
To establish, stabilire, sancire, confirmare. A trade or correspondence, commercium constituere.
The established church, ecclesia legitima stabilita.
An establisher, formator stabilitæ.

An establishing, confirmatio, constitutus.
An establishment, stabilimentum, firmamentum.
An estate [property] res, res familiaris; hæreditas.
A personal estate, bona quæ testamento legari possunt. A real, bona quæ hæreditate descendunt.
A great estate, res ampla, opes extimæ.
A small estate, hæredium.
A clear estate, res familiaris ære alieno vacua.
A yearly estate, redditus prædiorum.
A person of good estate, locuples, dives.
An estate of life, status, conditio.
Man's estate, ætas virilis.
Not come to man's estate, impubes, impubis.
The estate of the body, valetudo, corporis habitudo.
An estate [order of men] ordo. [Honour] amplitudo, honor, dignitas. The highest estate, amplissimus dignitatis gradus. A low estate, res exigua.
Esteem, existimatio. [Friendship] amicitia.
To esteem [value] æstimare, pendere. [Judge] existimare, autumare, opinari. [Admire] admirare. Alike, eodem pretio habere. Better, antehac, antepondere, præponere. Greatly, magis facere. Little of, vili pendere, parvi ducere, flocci facere. Less, posthabere, postponere. As nothing, nihil facere v. pendere. Worthy, dignari.
To be nothing esteemed, sordere, sordescere.
Estimable, æstimabilis, æstimandus.
Not estimable, inæstimabilis.
Esteemed before others, aliis prælatus v. prepositus. Little, vili, parvi pensus. Nothing, despicatus, contemptus, sprutus.
An esteemer or estimator, æstimator, existimator.
To estimate, æstimare, pendere.
An estimate or estimation, æstimatio, pretium.
To make an estimation, censum instituere.
Great estimation, dignitas, auctoritas.
Of more estimation, pluris.
Of no estimation, vili, inanis, sordidus.
Of like estimation, eodem pretio, tanti.
To estrange, alienare.
An estranging or estrangement, alienatio, abalienatio.
An estreat, exemplum.
To etch, aquâ forti notas metallo factas corrodendas dare.

Eternal, eterne, æternus, æm piternus.
Eternally, æternum.
Eternity, æternitas, perennitas.
To all eternity, in æternum, in tempus æmpiternum.
From all eternity, ab æ. ex omni æternitate; ex æterno.
The ether, æther.
Ethereal, ethereous, æthereus.
Ethic, ad mores pertinens.
Ethics, mores, pl.
Etymological, ad notationem pertinens.
An etymologist, qui origines verborum explicat.
To etymologise, etymologiam reddere.
An etymology, vocis origo, etymologia, etymon.
To evacuate [empty] vacuare; exhaustire. A town, oppido decedere.
An evacuation or evacuating, evacuatio, exinanitio.
Evacuative, purgans, catharticus.
To evade, evadere, devitare.
An argument, argumentum eludere.
An evading or evasion, fuga, effugium.
Evanescent, evanescens.
Evangelical, ad evangelium pertinens.
To evangelise, evangelizare.
Evaniel, evanielus, fragilis, mortalis, caducus.
To evaporate [breathe out] exhalare, spirare. [Be resolved into vapours] in vapores abire. [Sweet out] exudare.
An evaporating or evaporation, exhalatio, exspiratio.
An evasion [shift] techna; prætextus.
A cunning evasion, vafamentum.
Evasive, vaser, versutus, fallax.
Evasively, vafre, versute, fecte, fallaciter.
The eucharist, mysterium sacramentum.
Eucharistical, eucharisticus.
An eve, profestum, vigiliæ, pl.
Holy-day eves, feris præcedentem.
Christmas-eve, pridie diei Christi natalis.
Easter-eve, pridie paschatis.
Even [also] etiam, quoque. [Namely] nempe, nimirum, scilicet.
Even as, quemadmodum, perinde ac si.
Even [equal, &c.] æquabilis, æquus, par.
To play at even and odd, par, impar ludere.
To bear a thing with an even mind, æquo animo aliquid ferre.
To make even or equal, æquare, adquare, exquare.

To make an even reckoning, debitum solvere.
To even or make even [smooth] complanare, levigare, polire.
To lay even with the ground [demolish] funditus diruere.
An even piece of ground, area, ager planus.
Even (an expletive) Even that self-same lady, illa ipsa domina.
Even from, jam a, jam inde a, usque a.
Even now, jam nunc, modo.
And never before, jam primum.
Even then, jam tum. Even there, inibi.
Even weight, æquilibrium.
A making even, æquatio, exæquatio.
Evenly, æqualiter, ex æquo. In carriage, constanter.
Evenness [equality] æqualitas. [Smoothness] levitas, labor.
Of temper, æquanimitas, clementia.
The even, evening, or eventide, vespere, vespere.
An evening-work, lucubratio.
The evening approaches, vespere scit, advesperascit.
Of the evening, vespertinus, serotinus.
At even or in the evening, vesperi.
An event, eventum, exitus, casus. Doubtful, incertus exitus.
To eventilate [sift out] examinare, eventilare.
Eventual, fortuitus.
Eventually, sorte fortunâ, utcumque ceciderit.
Ever [always] semper. [At any time] equando, siquando, unquam. Since, jam inde a, jam usque a. After, inde ab illo tempore. Ever and anon, subinde. Ever before, usque antehac.
Ever [any] æquis, æqua, ecquid; æquisnam, ecquænam, ecquidnam.
Evergreen, semper virens.
Everlasting, æternus, sempiternus.
To make everlasting, æternitati tradere.
Everlastingly, æternum.
Everlastingness, æternitas.
To evert, evertère.
An eversion, eversio, demolitio.
Every, quilibet, quisque, singuli, quivis.
Every body, every man, or every one, unusquisque, singuli.
Every day, indices, quotidie.
Every whit, omnino, prorsus.
On every side, usquequaque, undique, undecunque.
Every thing by itself, sigillatim, singulatim.
Every way, quoquoque.
Every-where, ubique gentium, ubique loci.
Every year, quotannis.

Eviction or an evincing, probatio.
An eviction (against a prisoner) judicium.
Evidence [proof] argumentum, testimonium. [Clearness] evidentia, perspicuitas.
An evidence [witness] testis.
To evidence, probare, testari.
Evident, evidens, liquidus, perspicuus.
To be evident, apparere, constare.
To make evident, illustrare, patefacere.
A making evident, explicatio, illustratio.
Evidently, evidenter, liquido, manifeste.
Evil, malus, pravus, improbus.
An evil or misfortune, malum, damnum.
The evil or king's evil, scrofula.
Having the king's evil, strumousus.
To do evil, male facere.
To do good for evil, maleficia beneficia pensare.
An evil-doer, maleficus.
Evil-doings, maleficia.
Evilly, male, prave, perperam.
Evil-minded, malignus.
Evil-wishing, malevolus.
To evince, evincere, probare.
Evincib' s, quod clare demonstrari potest.
Evincibly, clare, perspicue.
To eviscerate, exenterare, eviscerare.
Evitable, evitabilis.
A eulogy, laudatio, prædicatio.
A eunuch, eunuchus, semivir.
To evolve, evolvere.
Euphony, suavis pronuntiatio.
Evulsion or plucking up, evulsio.
A ewe, ovis femina. Lamb, agna, ovicula.
To ewe or yean, agnum parere.
A ewer for holding water, aqualis.
Exact [accurate] accuratus; commodus. [Punctual] temporis, &c. observantissimus. [Severe or strict] rigidus, severus.
To exact [demand] exigere, flagitare. Upon or injure one, opprimere. In price, pretium augere.
An extractor, exactor.
Exaction, exactio.
To exercise exaction upon the people, populum tributis opprimere.
Grievous exaction, oppressio.
Exacty, diligenter, apte, concinne.
To do a thing exactly, accurate aliquid agere.
Exactness [accuracy] accuratio. [Neatness] concinnitas.
To exaggerate [heap together] exaggerare, accumulare. [Aggravate] aggravare, aggerare.

An exaggerating or exaggeration, exaggeratio, accumulatio.
To exagitate [vex] exagitare, angere.
To exalt [lift up] exaltare, efferre [Praise] extollere, celebrare.
An exalting or exaltation, elatio.
Examination, inquisitio, disquisitio. Of witnesses, testium interrogatio. Of accounts, rationum comparatio.
A curious examination of matters, cognitio, inquisitio.
To examine [ask questions] examinare, interrogare. [Weigh or consider] expendere, perpendere. An accused person, reum interrogare. One's self, in sese descendere. A person's inclination, animus alicujus periclitari. A person as to his learning, alicujus facere periculum in literis. Precisely, cognoscere, inquire.
An examiner, percontator, quæsitator.
An examining, examinatio, percontatio.
An example, exemplum, documentum, exemplar, typus.
An example to form a noun or verb by, paradigma.
To give an example, exemplum proferre. To write by, elementa alicui præferare.
To follow one's example, alicuius exemplum imitari.
To make an example of one, exemplum in aliquem statuere, edere.
To set an example, alii exemplum præbere.
To take an example by, imitari.
As for example, exempli gratiâ, verbi causâ.
To exanimate, exanimare.
To exasperate, exasperare, exacerbare.
That which exasperates, irritamentum, irritamen.
Easy to be exasperated, irritabilis.
An exasperator, irritator.
An exasperating or exasperation, irritatio.
To exceed, excedere; superare, præstare. Abound excessively luxuriare, abundare. In riches and authority, præpollere.
Exceeding [surpassing] excellens, præsignis, egregius. [Excessive] nimius, immodicus.
An exceeding, excessus.
Exceedingly, eximie, egregie præclare, insignite.
To excel [be eminent] excellere eminare. [Surpass] antea, præstare, superare; vincere.
To strive to excel others, æmulari.
An excellent, antecessio.
Excellence or excellency, excellentia, præstantia.

By way of excellence, per excellentiam.
Excellency in the art of war, usus militaris.
Excellent, excellens, egregius, præclarus.
Passing excellent, perinsignis, perillustis.
Excellently, excellenter, egregie, præclare.
Excentric or excentrical, extra centrum positus.
Excentricity, excentricitas.
Except (unless) ni, nisi. [*Saving*] præter, extra.
Except that, nisi quod.
To except or exclude, eximere, excludere. [*Make an exception against*] oppugnare; objicere.
An exception, exceptio.
Exceptionable, exceptionibus obnoxius.
To take an exception or be offended at a thing, aliquā re offendere.
To lay exceptions against, præscribere.
Exceptions, facile offensus.
Excess (exuberance) excessus. In meat or drink, luxus, intemperantia; luxuries.
Excessive, nimius, immodicus, immoderatus.
Excessively, immodice, immoderate, imtemperanter.
Excessiveness, immoderatio, superfluitas.
To exchange one thing for another, aliquid aliquā re permutare. *Prisoners of war*, vincituros bello captos commutare. *Words*, verba conferre. *Complements*, invicem salutare.
An exchange or exchanging, mutatio, commutatio, permutatio. *The royal exchange*, excambium regium.
Bills of exchange, literæ nummularie.
To draw a bill of exchange, chirographum ad pecuniam permutandam ad aliquem mittere.
An exchanger, mensarius, argentarius; trapezita.
The exchequer, ærarium, fiscus. *The court of exchequer*, curia æccaril. *The barons*, barones.
Exchequer bills, tessere nummularie.
To put money into the exchequer, pecuniam in fiscum publicum deponere.
Excisable, quod tributum solvere debet.
Excise, tributum, census.
An exciseman, publicanus, tributus exactor.
Excision, excisio, amputatio.
To excite (stir up) excitare; accendere, commovere.
An exciter, stimulator, irritator.

An exciting, excitatio, or excitement, excitatio, provocatio. *To exclaim*, exclamare, inclamare. *Against*, in aliquid declamare.
An exclaiming, clamator, prædicator.
An exclaiming against, oppugnation, convicium.
An exclamation, exclamatio, vociferatio.
To exclude, excludere, excipere.
An excluding or exclusion, exclusio.
Exclusive, excludendi vim habens.
Exclusive of that, præter, præterquam, extra.
Exclusively, cum exceptione.
To excommunicate, eucharistie communione arcere.
Excommunication, censura quâ quis ab ecclesiæ communione excluditur.
To take off an excommunication, ad ecclesiam revocare.
To excoriate, deglubere.
An excoriating or excoriation, pellis detractio.
An excrement, excrementum.
The excrements, alvi purgationes.
An excrescence or excrescency, tuber.
Excretion, excretio.
To excruciate, cruciare; torquere.
To exculpate, purgare.
An excursion, excursio, digressio. *Into an enemy's country*, incursum, incursum.
Excursive, errans; devius.
Excusable, excusabilis.
Excusableness, de culpâ liberatio.
Excusatory, ad excusationem pertinens.
An excuse, excusatio, excusatio, purgatio.
A good or just excuse, excusatio justa. *Bad or poor*, excusatio mala, turpis.
To excuse or make an excuse for himself, alicui se excusare.
A person or admit of his excuse, alicujus excusationem accipere. *Dispense with a person from doing a thing*, aliquem alicujus rei immunem facere. *Excuse a fault*, suum elevare. *Himself by accusing others*, culpam in alios transferre.
An excuser, qui excusat; deprecator.
To have or hold one excused, condonare, ignoscere.
An excusing, excusatio, purgatio.
Excuseless, inexcusabilis.
Execrable, execrabilis, dirus.
Execrably, nefarie, odiose.
To execrate, execrari, diris devovere.

An execrating or execration, execratio, imprecatio, devotio; diræ, pl.
To execute [perform] exequi, conficere, perficere; peragere. *An office*, munus administrare. *A law*, legem exercere. *A malefactor*, aliquem lege damnatum carnifici subicere. *A will*, testamentum mortui curare. *Orders*, transigere.
An executor, actor, executor.
An executing or execution, executio.
The execution of a malefactor, supplicii capitalis inflictio.
To put one's designs in execution, conata peragere.
The place of execution, carnificina.
An executioner, carnifex.
Executive, ad rem aliquam exequendam pertinens.
The executive power, administratio.
An executor of a will, testamenti curator, curatrix.
Executory, ad executionem pertinentens.
Exegetical, ad explicationem pertinentens.
An exemplar, exemplar.
Exemplarily, insigniter.
Exemplariness or exemplarity of life, vita sic acta ut imitatione digna sit.
Exemplary, exemplum præbens.
An exemplification, exemplum, exemplar.
An exemplifier, qui exscribit.
To exemplify [copy out] exscribere; juxta exemplar describere. [*Illustrate*] exemplis allatis exponere.
An exemplifying [copying out] descriptio. [*Illustrating*] expositio.
To exempt [free] eximere, liberare.
Exempt or exempted, exemptus immunis, expers.
Exemptible, exemptitious, exemptus.
An exempting or exemption, exemptio, immunitas.
Exequies, exequiæ, pl. iusta, pl. funus.
An exercise or exertion, exercitatio, studium.
Military exercise, exercitatio militaris.
The exercise of an office, munus functio.
A Latin exercise, pensum Latinum.
Exercise [recreation] ludus, animi relaxatio v. oblectatio.
An exercise or task, pensum.
A place of exercise, palastra, gymnasium.
Pertaining to such exercises, palæstricus, gymnasticus.
The first exercise, tirocinium.

Of or for exercise, ad exercitacionem pertinens.

To exercise, exercere, tractare; colere. *Authority over*, dominari alicui. *An office*, fungi; magistratum inire, administrare. *As soldiers*, arma exercere. *One's self in business*, operi alicui incumbere; artem aliquam exercere.

To be exercised in, versari; assuescere.

Exercises, ludi, pl. certamina. *An exercising or exertion*, usus, exercitatio.

To exert [put forth] *exere*, exhibere. *One's self*, contendere, niti, eniti.

To exhale, exhalaré, expirare.

An exhaling, exhalation, or exhalation, exhalatio, exspiratio.

To exhaust, exhaurire, exinanire.

An exhausting, exinanitio.

To exhibit [yield] *exhibere*. [*Represent*] representare, ostendere.

An exhibiting or exhibition, propositio.

An exhibitor, qui exhibet v. prestat.

An exhibition or allowance, stipendium in pauperes v. studiosos erogatum.

To exhilarate, exhilarare, oblectare, afficere.

Exhilarating, letabilis, letans.

Exhilaration, recreatio, gaudium, letitia.

To exhort, hortari; suadere, persuadere.

An exhortation, hortatio, adhortatio, cohortatio, exhortatio, monitum.

Exhortative or exhortatory, suavior.

An exhorter, hortator, adhortator, suavor.

An exhorting, hortamentum, hortamen.

An exigence or exigency, necessitas, angustia.

An exigent [occasion] occasio, opportunitas. [*Expedient*] actio, via.

Upon any exigent, pro re nata.

Exile [slender] exilia, tenuis.

To exile [banish] relegare, amandare.

Exile, exilium, exilium, amandatio.

An exile, exul, extorris.

Exility, exilitas, tenuitas.

Exilition, actus exiliendi.

Exinanition, exinanitio.

To exist or be existent, existere, esse.

Existence, ratio ob quam existimus; res quæ re verâ extat.

An exit, exitus, eventus.

To make one's exit [retire] discedere. [*To die*] de vitâ decedere; mortem obire.

To exonerate, exonerare, deonerare.

An exonerating or exoneration, levatio oneris.

Exorable, exorabilis, placabilis.

Exorbitance or exorbitancy, nimietas.

Exorbitant, nudus.

Exorbitantly, nimio.

An exorcism, exorcismus.

An exorcising, adjuratio.

An exorcist, exorcista.

To exorcise, exorcizare, adjurare.

An exordium [beginning] *exordium*, proœmium.

Exotic, externus, exoticus.

To expand, expandere, explicare.

The expanse of heaven, æther.

An expansion, dilatatio.

Expansive, expandens.

To expatiate [wander] *expatiari*, vagari. Or *enlarge on a subject*, de aliquâ re copiose dicere.

To expect, expectare, sperare.

Wait for one, aliquem prætolari.

Expectation or expectance, expectatio, spes.

To balk one's expectation, spem destituere.

To raise one's expectations, alicui spem injicere, afferre.

Full of expectation, expectatione plenus.

To expectorate, expectorare. Vid. Lat.

Expectoration, excreatio.

Expedient, commodus, utilis, conveniens.

An expedient, ratio, modus.

It is expedient, expedit, conducit, prodest.

Expediently, convenienter, commode.

To expedite [free from impediment] *expedire*. [*Hasten*] inaturare.

Expedition, festinatio, maturatio.

An expedition [of soldiers] *expeditio*, protectio militaris.

Expeditious, impiger, strenuus.

Expeditionally, expeditely, celeriter.

To expel, pellere, exigere, arcere.

An expeller, exactor, expulso.

An expelling, exactio, expulsio.

To expend, expendere, insumere.

Expense, impensa, sumptus.

A laying out of expenses, erogatio.

Expenseless, sine sumptu.

Expensive or expensive, carus, magni pretii. [*Extravagant*] prodigus, luxuriosus.

Expensively, prodige, effuse.

Expensiveness, magnos sumptus postulans. [*Extravagance*] effusio; luxuria; prodigientia.

Experience, experientia, usus.

Want of experience, inperitia, inscitia.

Long experience, plurimarum rerum usus.

Of no experience, imperitus, ignarus.

To experience, experiri, usu comperire.

Experienced [skilful] *expertus*, peritus.

An experiment, experimentum documentum.

To experiment, experiri, probare, periclitari; periculum facere.

Experimental, usu comparatus.

To speak experimentally, expertus loqui.

An experimenting, periclitatio.

Expert, peritus, guarus, expertus.

Expertly, perite, scienter.

Expertness, peritia, scientia.

Expiable, piabilis, placabilis.

To expiate, expiare, lustrare; abludere.

An expiating or expiation, expiatio, piatio; piamentum; placamen, piaculum.

Expiatory, ad expiationem pertinens.

An expiatory sacrifice, piaculum.

To expire [end] determinari, finire. [*Die*] expirare, animam efflare.

An expiring or expiration, exitus, finis.

To explain, explicare, interpretari.

An explainer, explicator, interpres.

An explaining, *explanation*, or *explication*, explicatio, expositio, interpretatio.

Explanatory, *explicative*, or *explicatory*, ad explicationem pertinens.

An expiation or accomplishing *expletio*.

An expletive, particula expletiva.

Explicable, explicabilis.

To explicate, explicare. Vid. *Explain*.

Explicit [plain] *explicitus*, clarus.

Explicitly, aperte, clare, distincte.

To explode, explodere, improbare, exhibere.

An exploder, qui explodit.

An exploding, explosio, improbatio.

An exploit, actum, gestum.

To exploit, exequi, patrare.

The performer of an exploit, facinoris auctor.

To explore, explorare, tentare, scrutari.

An explorer, explorator, indagator.

An exploration or exploring, indagatio, investigatio.

Explosion [noise of a gun, &c.] fragor.
To export, exportare; transvehère.
Exportation or *exporting*, exportatio, transportatio.
An exporter, qui exportat.
To expose, exponere, objicere.
To danger, periculo objicere, offerre. *To sale, vendidit*, publicare. *To view*, aliquid in conspectu omnium ponere. [*Uncover*] detegere, nudare.
An exposé, qui exponit.
An exposing, expounding, or *exposition*, expositio, explicatio, declaratio.
A short exposition, scholium.
An exposition of fables, fabularum interpretatio.
An expositor or *expounder*, interpretes, explicator.
To expostulate, expostulare, conqueri.
An expostulation or *expostulating*, expostulatio, conquestus.
Expostulatory, ad expostulationem pertinens.
Exposure, expositio.
To expound, exponere, enarrare, explicare.
To express, exprimere, narrare. *A thing by circumlocution*, per ambagum verborum rem enuntiare. *One's mind*, mentis cogitata verba enuntiare. [*Describe*] veram alicujus rei imaginem effigere. *One's joy, gaudium testari*. *In numbers*, numeros notis signare.
Express [plain] Vid. *Explicit*. [*Certain*] certus, exploratus.
An express [messenger] nuntius.
Expressly, diserte, definite, aperte.
Expressible, quod exprimi potest.
An expressing, expressure, narratio, declaratio, expositio.
The expressing of a likeness, vera rei imago.
An expression [sentence] sententia. [*Word*] dictum.
Neatness or sweetness of expression, eloquentia nitor.
Sage expressions, sapienter dicta. *Pleasy or windy, ampullæ, usquepedalia verba*. *Low or mean, verba abjecta*. *A forced or far-fetched expression*, dictum arcessitum v. longe petitum.
Expressive, significans, denotans.
Expressively, significanter, expresse.
Expressiveness, significatio disertæ.
To exprobrate, exprobrare; obijcere.
Exprobation, exprobratio.
To exprobate, exalienare.

To expugn, expugnare.
An expugnation, expugnatio.
An expulsion, expulsio, exactio.
Expulsive, ad expulsionem pertinens.
To expunge, expungere, delere.
Exquisite, exquisitus, accuratus.
A person of exquisite wit, homo acerrimi ingenii.
Exquisite torment, cruciatus summus.
Exquisitely, exquisite, affabre, accurate.
Not exquisitely, vulgariter, mediocriter.
Exquisiteness, perfectio.
To exsicate, exsiccare, desiccare.
Extant, extans.
To be extant, extare; comparere; superesse.
Extemporary, extemporal, or extemporaneous, extemporalis.
Extemporality, extemporalitas.
Extempore, ex tempore, from immediate conception; without premeditation.
To extemporise, ex tempore loqui.
To extend, extendere, porrigere.
An extender, qui extendit.
An extending or extension, extensio, productio, prolatio.
Extensible, extendible, quod extendi potest.
Extensive, late patens, late se diffundens.
Extensively, late, diffuse.
Extensiveness, diffusio.
Extent, spatium, amplitudo.
According to the extent of my capacity, pro ingeniî facultate.
The extent of a country, fines, tractus.
A large extent of ground, quam latissimæ regiones.
To extenuate [lessen] extenuare, elevare. [*Excuse*] deprecari, excusare.
An extenuating or extenuation, extenuatio, diminutio.
Exterior, externus, exterior.
Exteriorly, extrinsecus.
To exterminate or exterminate, exterminare, extirpare.
An exterminating or extermination, ejectio, relegatio, extirpatio.
An exterminator, exterminator, expulso.
External, externus, exterus.
Externally, extrinsecus.
To be extinct, extingui, finire.
An extinction, extinguishment, extinctio, interitus.
To extinguish [put out] extinguere, delere.
Extinguishable, quod extingui potest.
An extinguisher (to put out candles) instrumentum quo luceræ extinguuntur.

To extirpate, extirpare, eradicare.
An extirpating or extirpation, extirpatio, evulsio.
To extol [praise] laudare, col laudare. *One to the skies, summis laudibus efferre*.
An extoller, laudator.
An extolling, laudatio, collaudatio, prædicatio.
Extortion or extortion, expulatio, direptio.
Extorsive, iniquus, injustus.
Extorsively, inique, injuste.
To extort from, extorquere.
An extorter, extorior.
An extortioner, expilator, spoliator.
To extract, extrahere, exprimere. *The juice, liquorem v. succum exprimere*. *Out of a book, ex libro describere*.
Spin out, producere, trahere.
An extract or draught, exemplar, excerptum.
Extraction, genus, stirps, origo.
An extract, compendium, epitome.
A chymical extraction, expressio chemica.
Extrajudicial, præter justum v. judicii modum.
Extramundane, extra mundum positus.
Extraneous, extraneus, externus.
Extraordinarily, raro, insolenter, egregie.
Extraordinariness, raritas.
Extraordinary, extraordinarius, inausitatus.
Extraparochial, extra parochiam positus. *Land, fundus indefinitus et a mari relictus*.
Extravagance, extravagancy [folly, impertinence] insulitas, stultitia. [*Lavishness*] profusio, effusio.
Extravagant [foolish] insulans, ineptus. [*Lavish*] prodigus, profusus, effusus vivens. [*Excessive, unreasonable*] immodicus, intemperatus.
Extravagantly [foolishly] absurd, inepte. [*Lavishly*] prodige, effusus. [*Excessively*] immoderate. [*Disorderly*] perditæ, disinctæ.
Extreme, extremus, summus.
Extremely, summe, valde, perditæ.
Extremely miserable, summe miser.
The extremity, extremitas. [*Distress*] angustia, pl. miseria. *Of the season, frigus vix tolerabile*. *Of law, summum jus*.
To extricate, extricare, liberare.
Extrication, effugium.
Extrinsecal or extrinsic, externus.
Extrinsically, forinsecus, extrinsecus.
To extrude, extrudere, expellere.

Extrusion, expulsio.

An extuberance, tumor, inflatio.

Exuberance, exuberatio, affluentia, copia.

Exuberant, redundans, abundans.

Exuberantly, redundanter.

To exulcerate, ulcerare, exulcerare.

An exulcerating or exulceration, ulceratio, exulceratio.

To exult, exultare; lætitiâ gestire.

An exultancy, exultation, or exulting, exultatio, exultantia, lætitia.

An eye, oculus. Loop or eyelet-hole, ansula. [In a doublet] ocellus. Of a needle, acûs foramen. [Of a plant] oculus, gemma, germen.

A little eye, ocellus.

An eye-witness, testis oculatus.

Of or belonging to the eye, ocularis.

Full of eyes, oculatus. As cheese, fistulosus.

One-eyed, unoculus.

A prying or staring eye, oculus emissivus. Goggle, volubilis.

Fiery, sparkling, torvus. Leering, limus. A cat's eye, felineus.

Quick or sharp-sighted, lynceus, v. milvinus. Piercing, acer v. acutus. A wall or over-white eye, glaucus. Plunket or grey, cæsius. Large, bovilus. Small, ocellulus.

Squint-eyed, strabo. Pink-eyed, pætus. Owl-eyed, glaucopsis.

The apple of the eye, oculi pupilla.

The eye-lids, palpebræ, pl.

The eye-strings, oculorum ligamina.

The corner of the eye, hircinus.

The space between the eye-brows, intercilium.

Having great eye-brows, cilo.

An eye-brow, palpebra, supercilium.

An eye-drop, lacryma.

An eye-glass, conspiciulum.

The eye-holes, oculorum alvei.

The hair of the eye-lids, cilium.

The white of the eye, oculi album. The web, albugo.

A cast of the eye, oculorum coniectus.

A wanton sheep's eye, oculorum argutie.

To turn the eyes of all the people upon one's self, vertere omnium ora in se.

To take off the eyes, avertere oculos.

The eye-sight, oculi acies.

Eye-salve, collyrium.

To eye, to have an eye to or upon, spectare, intueri, aspicere.

To eye one earnestly, oculis intentis cerere v. intueri. Often or wantonly, oculis venari.

Eyed or having eyes, oculatus.

Black-eyed, nigrus oculus habens. Blear, lippus. Gray, cæsius. Eagle-eyed, oculis acerrimis præditus. Moon-eyed, lusciosus. Mope-eyed, luscus. Wall-eyed, glaucomate laborans.

Eyeless, cæcus.

An eye-wink, nictus, obtutus.

An eye [brood] of pheasants, phasianorum satura.

An eyelet or eyelet-hole, ocellus.

Full of eyelet-holes, ocellatus.

An eyre, iudicium itinerantium curia.

A justice in eyre, justitiarius in itinere v. itinerarius.

An eyry of hawks, æcipitrum pullitis v. nidus.

F

A FABLE, fabula, commentum.

A little fable, fabella.

A significant fable, apologus.

To fable or tell fables, fabulari.

Full of fables, fabulosus.

A moralising of fables, fabularum interpretatio.

A fabler or fabulist, fabulator; fabularum inventor.

Fabbling, fabularum confictio.

Fibulous, fabulosus, fabulatus, fictus, commentitius.

A fabulous history, historia fabularis.

Fabulosity, fabulose.

To fabricate, fabricare, ædificare.

Fabrication, fabricatio, ædificatio.

A fabric, fabrica, ædificium.

A face, facies, vultus.

Face [confidence] fiducia. [Appearance] species.

Face to face or before one's face, coram.

To face or look one in the face, intueri, aspicere.

To set a good face on a matter, speciem vultu simulare.

To put on a bold or brazen face, os indure.

To face danger, mortis periculum adire. About, hosti frontem advertere; ad hostem declinare.

A very face, os distortum.

To make a very face, ringi; os distortere.

A red fiery face os pustulatum.

Red pimples in the face, pustulæ, pl.

With the face downward, pronus. Upward, supinus.

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In the face of the sun, i. e. openly, palam.

Bare-faced, oris reiecti. Bold, oris inverecundi. Fair, eximio ore præditus. Plump, oris pleni. Shame, verecundus. Ugly, deformis, turpis oris.

Brazen-faced, impudens, pro-cax.

To put on a brazen face, os perficere.

Double-faced or having two faces, bisrons.

A two-faced fellow, simulator.

A facing about, in hostem signorum conversio.

Facetious, facetus, lepidus.

Facetiously, lepide, læcete, argute.

Facetiousness, lepor, facetiæ, pl.

Facile, facilis.

To facilitate, rem aliquam facilem reddere.

Facility, facilitas. In speaking, sermo promptus.

With facility, facile, expedite.

A facing of danger, periclitatio.

The facings of a garment, ornamenta ad extremas oras vestis.

Facinorous, facinorosus, pravus.

A fact, factum, gestum.

In fact, re verâ.

Matter of fact, res facta.

A heinous fact, flagitium, nefas.

A faction, factio. Private, conspiratio.

Factious, factiosus, seditiosus.

To be factious, a factionary, partes fovere.

Factiously, factiose.

Factiousness, partium studium.

Factitious, factitius.

A factor, institor, procurator.

Of factors, institutorius.

Factorage or factorship, mercatum procuratio.

A factory, locus ubi mercatorum procuratores habitant.

A faculty [power] facultas [Profession] facultas, ars [Leave] licentia.

To saddle a child, infantem blanditiis pernuocere.

Fiddle-faddle, nugæ, tricem.

To fade away, evanescere, flaccescere. [Deray or fail] destituerè.

Fading, caducus, languidus, deciduus, deflorescens.

A fading, marcor, languor.

To fadge, convenire, quadrare.

To fag or beat, cadere.

The fag-end, extremitas posterior.

A faggot, lenorum fascis. A little faggot, fasciculus.

A faggot in a company of soldiers, persona militaris.

To faggot, in fasces constringere.

A faggot-band, virginum locum.

To fail [act.] destituere; re linquere, deserere. Neut. de-

facere, succumbere, deesse. Of duty, delinquere. Of, frustra esse. In one's expectation, errare, hallucinari. [Deceive] one's expectation, fallere expectationem. [Break as a tradesman] foro cedere; non solvendo esse.

Without fail, plane, certo.

A failing [slackening] remissio. [Deficiency] defectus. [Disappointment] frustratio. [Fault] delictum.

Never failing, nunquam fallens.

A failure, remissio, frustratio. Fain [desirous] cupidus, avidus.

To be fain, gestire, cupere.

Faint or weak, fainty, languidus, æger, debilis. Somewhat faint, languidulus. [Slack] lacedius. [Weary] defessus.

To grow faint, languescere, deficere.

To make faint, labefactare, debilitare.

A faint heart, animus pusillus. Faint-hearted, meticulosus, timidolus, timidus.

To make faint-hearted, exanimare, territare.

Faint-heartedly, abjecte, ignave, timide.

Faint-heartedness, ignavia, timiditas.

To faint away, animo linqui v. deficere.

A fainting or fainting-fit, animi deliquium.

To recover from a fainting-fit, liquentem animum revocare.

Faintly, languide, remiase. Faintness or faintishness, languor.

Faintness of weather, tempus æstuosum.

Fair [beautiful] formosus, speciosus. [Bright or clear] clarus, fulgidus, lucidus.

Fairish or somewhat fair, pulchellus, venustus.

Fair-spoken, blandiloquus.

Fair words or speech, blanditiæ.

Fair and softly, festina lente.

To speak one fair, blandiri.

To be or look fair [bright] nitere.

To make fair [clear] serenare.

To bid, promise or stand fair for a thing, de quo bene sperare licet.

A fair, nundinæ, pl.

Of a fair, nundinalia, nundinaria.

To keep a fair, nundinari.

A fair-town, oppidum nundinarium.

The fair-place, forum nundinarium.

A fairing, strenu, xenium.

Fairly [beautifully] pulchre. [Pity] apte. [Justly] æque.

To deal fairly by or with one, æquo et bono, cum aliquo

agere. [Make a free confession] aliquid ingenuè fateri.

Fairness [beauty] forma, pulchritudo. In dealing, fides, æquitas.

A fairy; lamia.

Fairies of the hills, oreades. Of the rivers, naiades. Of the sea, nereides. Of the woods, dryades.

Faith, fides. The christian, fides Christiana. The right, recta sententia in rebus divinis.

The wrong faith, error in rebus divinis.

Of a wrong faith, in rebus divinis errans.

One newly turned to the christian faith, qui recens ad fidem christianam accessit.

To engage one's faith, fidem obligare.

To have faith in, credere.

To violate his faith, fidem datam violare, fallere.

On my faith, medius fidius, mehercle.

Faithful, fidelis, fidus.

To be faithful, fidem præstare.

Faithfully, fideliter, fide, bonâ fide.

Faithfulness, fidelitas, probitas.

Faithless [not believing] incredulus. [Not to be trusted] perfidus, infidus.

Faithlessness, diffidentia, dubitatio.

Faithlessness, perfidia, infidelitas, proditio.

A falchion, ensis falcatus.

A falcon, accipiter. A gersalcon, accipiter maximus. A night, nycitorax. A gentil, accipiter audacissimus. A passenger, peregrinus. A ragged, male pennatus. A mountain, audax.

A falconer, auceps.

A fall [tumble] casus, lapsus.

[Sin] peccatum, delictum.

The fall of the leaf, autumnus.

To give one a fall, sternere, prosternere.

To fall, cadere. As leaves or hair, defluere. [In price] evilesce.

Abate, as water, decrescere. As wind, cadere, conquesce.

A sacrifice, sacrificari. Away [revolt] deficere. From his oath, sacramentum violare. From his word, fidem violare. From his religion, religioni renuntiare. From his bargain, pacto non stare. Back, recidere, relabi. Down, concidere, decidere. Down flat, procidere, procumbere. As a ship, delabi. As a house, dâre ruinam. Together, corrûere. Under, succumbere. Foul, as ships, collidi, allidi. In one's way, obviâ occurere. Into, illabi.

Incidere. Lower, decidere. Of [decay] decidere. Of [as a ship] ventum declinare. On, aggredi. Out or from, delabi. Out or happen, contingere, accidere. Out with one, inimicitias cum aliquo suscipere. Quite out, totum se ab aliquo amicitia avertire. To business, operi incumbere. To one's share, ad aliquem venire. To quarrelling or abusing each other, ad jurgia prolabi. To one [as an estate] redire. Short of, excidere. Or sink under a burden, oneri succumbere. Under the odium of the courtiers, invidiam aulicorum excipere. Upon, recumbere, superincidere. An enemy, hostem adoriri. Upon his sword, gladio incumbere. Through weakness, labi, labascere. To be ready to fall, labascere. To raise or fall one's voice, vocem intendere v. remittere. Ready to fall, caducus, deciduus.

A great fall of rain, imbrum vis.

A downfall, casus, occasus; ruina.

A piece, il, laqueus, pedica.

A water-fall, cataracta.

Fallen out [happening] quod contigit.

Having fallen out with, iratus, offensus.

A falling, lapsus. Away, defectio. Down, procidentia, prolapsio.

A great falling down, labes, ruina.

A falling down through feebleness, deliquium.

Falling down [likely to fall] caducus, deciduus, ruinosus.

A falling of the hair, capillorum defluvium.

A falling out with, dissidium, inimicitia.

Fallacious, fallax.

Fallaciously, fallaciter, dolose.

Fallaciousness, fallacia, dolus.

A fallacy, fallacia, dolus, sophisma, stropa.

To put a fallacy upon one, fallere aliquem dolis.

Fallible [of a person] qui falli potest. [Of a thing] fallens, incertus.

Fallibility, ad errorem proclivitas.

A fallow or fallow field, novale, ager requietus. Old fallow ground, vevactum.

To fallow, arare, suicare.

To lay fallow, solum incultum derelinquere.

To be fallow, incultus derelinqui.

Fallow [in colour] helvus, gilvus, fulvus.

False, falsus, mendax. Deceitful, fallax.

A false apostle, falsus apostolus.

False accusation, calumnia.

A false accuser, calumniator.

Brother, frater subdolos. Concepcion, mola. Copy, exemplar mendosum. Dealer, prava-

ricator. Knave, veterator.

Measure, mensura adulterina.

Opinion, opinio prava. Prop-

phet, vates falsus v. mendax.

A maker of false deeds or wills,

falsarius.

False to one's trust, perfidus.

False or wrong, vitiosus. [Coun-

terfeit] adulterinus, spurius.

[Traacherous] perfidus, subdo-

lus.

False pretences, fictæ causæ.

To play false, fidem violare.

Falsely, false, perfidiose.

Falsehood, falsity, falseness

[deceit] perfidia. [Untruth]

inendaciura.

Full of falsehood, perfidiosus,

fraudentus.

A falsification or falsifying,

suppositio, subjectio.

To falsify [put one word for

another] supponere. [Spoil

or corrupt] corrumpere. By

mixture, adulterare. A writ-

ing, scriptum corrumpere. One's

word, fidem datam fallere.

Wares, commiscere.

A falsifier, adulterator.

A falsifying of evidences, in-

strumentorum subjectio.

Fame [report] fama, rumor.

[Reputation] existimatio.

A little fame or rumour, rumus-

culus.

A fame-spreader, famiger, fa-

migerator.

A spreading of fame, famigera-

tiura.

Famed, clarus, celebratus.

Fameless, ignobilis.

Familiar [intimate with] fami-

liaris, intimus. [Common] po-

pularis, quotidianus. [Plain]

facilis, clarus, perspicuus.

To be familiar with, familiariter

cum aliquo vivere.

To grow familiar with, familia-

ritatem inire.

Grown familiar with, familiaris

factus, intimus.

Very familiar, perfamiliaris,

pernecessarius.

To familiarize or make a thing

familiar, rem in consuetudi-

nem adducere.

Familiarity, familiaritas, ne-

cessitas.

Familiarly, familiariter.

To live or deal familiarly with,

familiariter cum aliquo vi-

vere.

A family [household] familia.

[Stock] prosapia; genus.

A father of a family, paterfa-

milius. The mother, materfami-

lia.

Of the same family, familiaris,

gentilis, domesticus.

The antiquity of a family, anti-

quitas generis.

The order of one's family, insti-

tuta domestica.

A famine, famishment, fames,

inedia; annonæ caritas.

To famish [kill] fame enecare.

[Die] fame perire.

Famished, famelicus. [Killed

with hunger] fame enectus.

Famishing, præ fame moribun-

dus.

Famous, clarus, inclutus.

To make famous, celebrare, il-

lustrare.

A making famous, illustratio.

To be famous, clarere, cernere.

Not famous, incelebris, igno-

bilis.

Famously, insigniter; clare,

præclare.

A fan, flabellum. For corn,

ventilabrum.

To fan, ventilare.

A fanner, ventilator.

A fanning, ventilatio.

Fanatic or fanatical, fanaticus.

A fanatic, homo fanaticus.

Fanaticism, vanæ religionis spe-

cies.

To feed on idle fancies, somnia

sibi fingere, inania captare.

Fanciful [capricious] incon-

stans, levis.

Fanciful, sibi multa fingens.

Fancifully [capriciously] incon-

stanter, leviter.

Fancifulness, inconstantia, ani-

mi levitas.

The fancy, vis imaginatrix,

phantasia.

A fancy, foolish conceit, cerebri

figmentum. To, appetitus, de-

siderium. [Humour] arbitri-

um. [Opinion] imaginatio.

Fancies, deliciae.

To fancy or take a fancy to a

thing, alicui rei studere. Im-

agine, imaginari, aliquid animo

fingere.

To live after his own fancy, ge-

nio suo frui.

To take one's fancy, alicui desi-

derium sui excitare.

Fancy-monger, qui sibi multa

fingit.

A fan [weathercock] triton,

coronis versatilis venti index.

[Temple] sanum.

Fangless, edentulus.

Fangs [claws] ungues, pl. [Fors

teeth] dentes incisores.

New-fangled, novorum incep-

torum studiosus.

Fantastic or fantastical, incon-

stans, levis.

To be fantastic, sibi nimis pla-

care.

Fantastic tricks, mores affec-

tati.

Fantastically, humide, cum affec-

tatione.

Fantasticness or fantastical-

ness, inconstantia, affectatio.

Far [adj.] longinquus, remo-

tus. Adv. alte, longe, multo.

To be far from, longe abesse.

By far, multo, longe.

Far better, multo melius.

Far otherwise, longe aliter.

Far be it from me, longe absit.

Far and near, longe lateque.

Far off, longe, procul.

Far within, penitus, intime.

As far as, quantum.

As far forth as, quoad.

How far? quousque? quaten-

us.

So far, eousque, cætenus. Se

far as, quatenus.

Very far off, perlonge, de lon-

giquo.

Far-fetched commodities, mer-

ces ex longinquo advectæ.

A far-fetched discourse, a far

fetch, sermo nimis exquisitus.

To go far before, prævertere.

He is far out of the way, toto

cælo errat.

Farness, distantia.

A farce [droll] mimus, exo-

dium. [Pudding] farcimen.

[Hodge-podge] farrago.

Farcled [stuffed] fartus, confer-

tus, differtus.

The farcin or farcy [in a horse]

scabies equina.

A fardel, sarcina, fascis. A

little fardel, sarcinula.

To make into fardels, in fasci-

culos colligare.

Of or for fardels, sarcinarius.

A fardingal, vestis quædam mu-

lebris orbiculata.

Farre, victus.

A bill of fare, cibarium ta-

bella.

How fare you? quomodo vales?

To fare hardly, parce vitam

agere.

To fare well, opipare epulari.

Fare [money paid] vectura.

A waterman's fare, naulum

portorium.

To pay his fare, vectoris pro-

bitum solvere.

Farewell, vale, valebis, fac va-

leas.

To bid one farewell, alicui valo-

dicere.

A farm, fundus, prædium, ager.

A little farm, prædiolum.

A farm near the city, suburba-

nium prædium. By inheritance,

heredium.

To farm, fundum conducere.

To farm out or let to farm, præ-

dium locare v. elocare.

Farmable, quod elocari potest.

A letting to farm, locatio.

A farmer, agricola, colona,

villicus. Of the public revenues,

maniceps, publicanus. Of a be-

nefice, decurarius. Of privies,

elocacum conductor. Of the

customs, vectigalium redemp-

tor A dung-farmer, stercorarius.
A farmer's wife, villica.
He that lets to farm, locator.
A farming of land, agricultura.
A farrier, veterinarius.
To farrow, porcellos parere.
A pig farrowed, porcellus natus.
Farther or farther off [adv.] longius, ulterius. *Adj.* ulterior.
Farther in, interius. *Out*, exterius.
Farthermore, porro.
Farthermore or farthest, farthest, extremus, ultimus.
Farthest, longissime.
A farthing, quadrans.
To a farthing, ad assem.
Three farthings, sesquiquobolus.
Of a farthing, quadrantarius.
To fascinate [bewitch] fascinare.
Fascination, fascinatio.
A fascine, virgultorum fascis.
A fashion [form] forma, figura. [Manner] mos, modus.
After a fashion, utcumque, quomodocumque.
A fashion of speaking, loquendi ratio.
Fashion [of a piece of work] artificium.
To bring into fashion, aliquid in morem perducere.
In fashion, inualescens, consuetus.
Grown out of fashion, exoletus, exoletus.
To follow the fashion of the times, se temporibus accommodare.
To break a fashion, receptum morem negligere.
To revive an old fashion, antiquum morem renovare.
A person of fashion, loco honestus; bono genere natus.
Without fashion, infortis.
Of the same fashion, ejusdem figure, formæ similis. *Of one fashion*, unius modi.
The fashion of the face, oris ductus, forma v. figura. *Of clothes*, habitus.
After another fashion, alias, alio modo.
Old fashioned, archæus.
To fashion, figurare, formare;
Alite, configurare. *Before*, præformare. *A garment*, vestem concinnare.
Fashionable, hodierno usui accommodatus.
Fashionably, scite, concinne.
Fashionableness, elegantia.
In two fashions, bifariam. *Of two fashions*, biformis. *Of three*, triformis. *Of many*, multiformis. *In many fashions*, multiformiter.
Fashioned, figuratus, formatus.

Ill, deformis. *Well*, concinnus, politus, elegans.
A fashioner, formator.
A fashioning, figuratio, formatio.
Fast [bound] strictus. [*Firm*] firmus, stabilis. [*In pace*] citus, properus, celer.
Fastly, celeriter, velociter.
A hold-fast [covetous niggard] parvus, avidus.
To make fast, infigere, affigere.
To make fast or shut the door, ostium claudere. *To stick*, firmiter adherere. *To tie*, constringere.
A fast or fasting, jejunium.
To proclaim a fast, jejunium indicere.
To keep a fast, intemperatum jejunium retipere.
To fast or be fasting, jejunare.
To break one's fast, jejunium solvere.
Fasting-days, jejunia, feriæ esuriales.
To fasten, stringere, constringere. *About*, circumpangere. *To the ground*, depangere.
Together, configere. *Under*, subnectere. *Unto*, alligare, affigere. *Upon* [seize] apprehendere; arripere. *One's eyes upon*, intentis oculis intueri. *The door*, pessulum foribus obdere.
A fastening, colligatio.
Fastly [surely] firme. [*Swiftly*] celeriter.
A fastness [stronghold] agger, munimentum.
Fastness [firmness] tenacitas, firmitas.
Fastidiously, fastidiose.
Fastidiousness, fastidium.
Fat or fatness, adeps, pinguitudo.
Fat, fatty, pinguis, obesus.
Fat or plump, nitidus.
A fat constitution of body, obesitas.
Fat meat, adipatum.
The fat of a hog, lardum.
A leaf of fat, omentum.
To fatten or make fat, saginare, opimare.
To grow fat, pinguescere.
A fatting, altit.
A fattening, saginatio.
A fattening-house, saginarium.
A fat or vat, dolium, cadus.
Fatal, fatalis, feralis.
To prove fatal to, exitium alicui afferre.
Fatal destiny, fatum.
Fatality or fatality, fatalis vis v. necessitas.
Fatally, fataliter.
Fate, fatum, sors.
The Fates or fatal sisters, paræ, pl.
Ill-fated, infaustus, inauspicatus.
Fatidical, fatidicus.

A father, pater, genitor.
To father [own] vindicare, sibi arrogare. *Upon*, imputare.
A father-in-law, socer. *A step-father*, vitricus. *A grand-father*, avus. *A foster-father*, nutritus. *A god-father*, sponsor.
Forefathers, patres, pl. progenitores, majores; avi.
A father whose father is alive, pater patrum.
Fatherhood, paternitas.
Fatherless, pater orbus.
Fatherly or like a father, paternus, patrum.
To enlarge his father's estate, census paternos augere.
Fatherly [adv.] patrie.
A fathom, ulna.
To fathom [sound] fundum explorare. [*Compass*] ulnâ metiri.
Fathomless, fundi expers.
To fatigue, fatigare, delassare.
A fatigue, fatigatio, labor.
Fatiguing, laboriosus, operosus.
Fatuous or fat-witted, fatuus, stupidus.
A faucet, sipho, tubus.
A fault [crime] culpa, noxa; delictum. [*Defect*] vitium. [*Mistake*] error.
A great fault, flagitium, scelus.
A fault in writing, mendum, erratum.
To commit a fault, peccare, delinquere, in uoxâ esse, culpam committere.
To find fault, culpâre, incusare.
To be at fault [in hunting] errore a rectâ semitâ abduci.
A fault-finder, accusator, reprehensor, castigator.
Full of faults, mendosus, vitiosus.
Without fault [blame] insons [*Defect*] interger.
Faultily, vitiose, mendose.
Faultiness, culpæ affinitas.
Faultless, inculpatus, innocuus, insons.
Faulty, culpandus. [*Defective*] vitiosus.
To fault, hesitare, titubare.
In speech, balbutire. *Stagger*, vacillare. [*Stumble*] labi.
A faulting, hesitatio, titubatio.
Faultingly, titubanter.
Favour, favor, benevolentia, gratia.
The favour of the countenance, oris habitus. *Sweetness of favour*, vultus decor.
In great favour, gratosus.
A favour, beneficium, benefactum. *Worn*, munusculum amoris. *A wedding-favour*, lemniscus nuptialis.
The people's favour, populi favor, popularis aura.
To acknowledge a favour received, gratiam alicui referre.

To bestow a favour, beneficium in aliquem conferre.
To curry favour, gratiam capere.
To restore to favour, reconciliare.
To return a favour, vicem remittere.
To favour, favere, indulgere. [Resemble] assimilare.
A bestowing of favours, beneficiorum collatio.
To procure or gain favour, conciliare.
A seeking men's favour, ambitio.
A winning of favour, amicitie conciliatio.
Favourable, benignus, amicus, æquus.
A favourable opportunity, occasio opportuna.
A favourable wind, ventus secundus.
To put a favourable construction upon a thing, meliorem in partem aliquid interpretari.
Favourableness, benignitas, humanitas, cando.
Favourably, benigne, candide, humaniter.
Well-favoured, speciosus; formosus, elegans. Ill, deformis.
Well-favouredly, pulchre. Ill, squalide, fœde.
Ill-favouredness, deformitas, pravitas.
A favourer, fautor; faultrix. Of the people, populo addictus.
Of learning, doctorum patronus.
Not favouring, adversus, alienus, infestus.
A favourite, gratus, amicus.
A court favourite, regi v. regis gratus.
To be one's principal favourite, apud aliquem plurimum valere.
Your great favourite, apud te primus.
A fawn, hinnulus.
To fawn, hinnulum parere. Or fawn upon, adulari, blandiri.
A fawner upon, adulator, assentator.
Fawning, adulatorius, blandus.
A fawning upon, adulatio, assentatio.
Fawningly, assentatorie.
Faalty, fidelitas.
To swear fealty, in verba alicuius jurare.
Faalty or homage, feudum.
To hold by fealty, per fidem tenere.
Fear [dread] metus, timor. [Reverence] reverentia, obsequium.
Great fear, horror, terror.
To put in fear, terrere, perterere.
To stand in fear, in metu esse.
To fear or be in fear, timere, pavere. Stand in awe, refo-

midare. Beforehand, prætimere, præmetuere. Exceedingly, horrescere, pertimescere. [Reverence] vereri, revereri.
To shake for fear, contremiscere.
A sudden fear, timor subitus.
Fearful [timorous] timidus, pavidus. [Terrible] terribilis, formidabilis. To behold, aspectus horridus.
Somewhat fearful, meticulosus.
Fearfully [timorously] timide, pavidè. [Horribly] horridè. [Reverently] pie, reverentor.
Fearfulness [timorousness] formido. [Terribleness] horror.
A fearing, reformidatio, trepidatio.
Fearless, impavidus, intrepidus, imperterritus.
Fearlessly, intrepide, impavide.
Fearlessness, animi fortitudo, firmitas, firmitudo.
Fearless, quod fieri potest.
Fearlessness, status rei que effici potest.
A feast, convivium; dapes, pl. For an emperor, cœna dubia.
To feast, epulari, convivium facere. [Revel] bacchari, comissari.
A lord mayor's feast, cœna adjiciilla.
A emell-feast, parasitus.
A solemn feast, dapes solennes.
A sumptuous feast, cœna genialia; cœna pontificia. A dry feast, cœna arida.
The first dish in a feast, cœna præmium. The chief dish, caput. The last dish, epillogus.
A guest at a feast, conviva.
The founder of a feast, convivator.
Feasts [holidays] ferim, pl. Of Bacchus, Bacchanalia, pl.
A moveable feast, festum mobile.
Of a feast, epularis, convivalis.
Having been at a feast, epulatus.
A feaster, epulo.
Feasting, epulans, comissans.
A feasting, comissatio, epulatio.
Feat [spruce] bellus, lepidus. [Skillful] peritus, solers.
Featly, belle, concinne.
Feateness, elegantia, concinnitas.
A feat, facinus, gestum.
To boast of mighty feats, de rebus gestis gloriari.
A feather, pluma, penna.
A little feather, plumula, pennula.
To pluck off feathers, deplumare.
To begin to have feathers, plumescere.
To feather or deck with feathers, plumis ornare.
To feather one's nest, opes corradere.
A plume of feathers, crista.
Down feathers, lanugo.

Of feathers, piumeus.
Full of feathers, plumosus, plumosus.
A feather-maker, plumarius.
A little bunch of feathers, plumula.
Made of feathers, plumatilis.
Bearing feathers, plumiger, penniger.
Featherless, Implumis.
The feathers of an arrow, ala sagittæ.
Feather-footed, plumipes, pennipes.
Feathered or feathery, plumatus, pennatus.
The feature, oris forma.
Likeness of features, lineamentorum oris conformatio.
Well-featured, venustus. Ill, invenustus, deformis.
February, Februarius.
Feculency, feculentia.
Feculent, feculentus.
Fecundity [fruitfulness] fecunditas.
Federal, ad fœdus pertinens.
A fee [reward] præmium.
A yearly-fee, annua pensio.
Fee or bail, lucellum famulus datum prætum mercedem.
A fee-farm, feodi v. feudi firma.
A fee-simple, mancipium.
Fee-tail, feudum conditionale.
To fee one or give one his fee, pensionem alicui præbere.
Bribe, præmio corrumpere.
To be in fee with one, devinctur aliquid habere.
Feeling, honorarium alicui solvens.
Feeble, debilis, imbecillus, invalidus.
To make feeble, debilitare, enervare.
To grow feeble, languere, languescere, debilitari.
Grown feeble, languidus fractus.
Feeble-minded, pusillanimis.
Feebleness, debilitas, infirmitas.
Feebly, infirme, languide.
To feed one [act.] pascere alere.
To feed [neut.] pasci, vesci.
Or grow fat, pinguescere crassescere. Upon, depasci.
Excessively, comissari, ligurire. Ravenously, vorare, in gurgitare. With milk, lactare.
Together, comedere.
Better fed than taught, aries cornibus lasciviens.
A dainty or high feeder, lurco.
Ravenous, helluo.
A feeder of cattle, pastor, armentarius.
Feeding much, edax. Greedily, vorax.
A feeding [eating] esus. Or nourishing, nutritio.
High feeding, epulatio, comissatio.
Much feeding, edacitas.
A feeding of cattle, pastio.

Feeding for cattle, pascuum, pabulum.
To feel or handle, tangere, tractare. *Perceive*, sentire. *Gently*, palpare, attrahere.
To begin to feel, sentiscere.
A feeling or handling, attractio, tactio.
The sense of feeling, tactus sensus.
To have some feeling, persentiscere.
Without feeling, sensus expers. *Feelingly*, ita ut res sensibus percipiatur.
Feet, pedes. *Vid. Foot*.
Feeless, sine pedibus.
To feign [invent] fingere, commentari. [*Pretend*] assimulare. [*Lie*] mentiri.
Feigned holiness, pietas simulata.
A feigned story, figmentum.
Feignedly, fecte, simulate.
A feigner, fector, simulator.
A feigning, fictio, simulatio.
A feint [false show] species simulata; dolus. *To make a feint*, simulare. *By way of feint*, simulandi gratia.
Felicitous, felix, beatus.
Felicity, felicitas, beatitudo.
Fell, atrox, trux, sævus, dirus.
To be fell, ævere.
A fell [skin] pellis. *A sheep's*, ovina.
A fell-monger, pellio.
If fell out, accidit, contigit.
To fell, sternere, cædere.
The fellies, pl. of a cart, cantines, spaldies.
A felling, dejectio.
A fellow, socius, sodalis; comes. [*Match*] par.
A fussy fellow, homuncio, hominulus.
A good fellow, convictor, compote.
To play the good fellow, græcarum, pergræcari.
A fellow in office, collega.
A bed-fellow, tori consors. *A chamber-fellow*, contubernalis.
A naughty-fellow, nequam.
An old fellow, senex.
A play-fellow, collusus.
A pretty fellow, bellus homo.
A rascally fellow, audax, improbus.
A school-fellow or fellow-student, condiscipulus.
A stout fellow, vir fortis, strenuus.
A wrangling fellow, homo contentiosus, rixosus.
A young fellow, juvenis.
A fellow-feeling, miseratio, sympathia.
A fellow-commoner, socius convictor.
A fellow-creature, pari naturæ.
A fellow-heir, cohæres.
A fellow-soldier, commilito.
A fellow-servant, conservus, coactiva.

A fellow-prisoner, in captivitate socius.
A fellow-subject, sub eodem magistratu degens.
A fellow-sufferer, pari damno affectus.
A fellow-workman or labourer, adiutor; particeps operæ.
Of a fellow, socialis.
Fellow-like, socialiter.
To fellow or match, æquare, pares jungere.
Fellowship, societas, sodalitium, commercium. *In service*, conservitium. *In war*, commilitium.
Fit to hold fellowship with, sociabilis.
To join one's self in fellowship with, se cum aliquo sociare.
Good fellowship, convictus familiaris.
Of fellowship, socialis.
Joined in fellowship, sociatus, consociatus.
Having fellowship with, consors.
A felo de se, qui sibi mortem consciscit.
A felon [a sore] furunculus. [*A thief*] fur.
Felony, furtum, crimen quodvis capitale.
Felonious, sceleratus, nefarius.
Feloniously, scelerate, nefarie.
Felt [a kind of cloth] lanæ coactæ.
To make of felt, e lanâ coactâ conficere.
A felt-maker, lanarum coactor.
Female, muliebris, femineus.
A female, femina.
Feminine, femininus.
Femoral, femoralis.
A fen, palus.
Fenny, paludosus.
A fence [inclosure] vallum, septum, sepimentum; lorica.
To fence, munire. *With a hedge*, præsepire.
A fence or protection, tutamen.
To fence [defend] defendere, protegere. *With arms of defence*, digladiare, obtusis gladiis dimicare. *Away a stroke*, ictum avertere.
Fenceless, immunitus, apertus.
A fencer, gladiator, lanista.
A fencing with weapons, obtusis gladiis dimicatio.
The art of fencing, ars armorum, ars gladiatoria.
A fencing [making a fence] munilio.
To fend, defendere, protelare.
Fennel, feniculum. *Fennel giant*, ferula. *Wild fennel*, hipomarathrum. *Fennel-flower*, nigella.
Fenugreek, fœnum Græcum.
To fess, donare, scollare.
A fess, sponsor, scollarius.
In trust, hæres fiduciarius.
A fess, fidei commissarius; scollator.

A fessment, fidei commissio, scollamentum. *In trust*, delegatio fiduciaria.
Ferment, fermentum.
To ferment, fermentare. *Or be in a ferment*, fervere.
To begin to ferment, fermentescere.
Fermentation or fermenting, fermentatio.
Fern, filix. *Oak fern*, dryopteris. *She fern*, thelypteris.
Ferny or belonging to fern, filiceus.
A place overgrown with or full of ferns, filicetum.
Indented like fern, filicatus.
Ferocious, ferox; rapax.
Ferocity, ferocitas.
A ferrol or ferrule of iron, brass, &c. annulus ferreus, æneus, &c.
A ferret [animal] viverra.
To ferret, exturbare, fugare.
Every corner, conquirere, perscrutari. *About*, exagitare.
A ferreter, conquistator, scrutator.
A ferreting, conquisitio, scrutatio.
Ferrage, sors nautica.
A ferry, trajectus.
A ferry-boat, ponto.
A ferrying over, transmissio, transvectio.
A horse ferry-boat, hippago.
A ferry-man, portitor.
The ferry-man of hell, Charon.
To ferry over, trajicere, transmittre.
Fertile, fertilis, ferax, sæcundus, uber.
To be fertile, fertilis v. sæcundus esse.
To make fertile or fertilise, sæcundare, fertilem efficere.
Fertilely, fertiliter, ubertim, sæcunde.
Fertility or fertilityness, ubertas, fertilitas.
Fervency, fervidness, fervor, fervor.
Fervent, fervid, fervidus, ardens.
To be fervent, fervere, ardere.
Fervently, fervide, cupide, ardent.
A ferule, ferula.
A fescue, festuca.
To fester, suppurare, putrere.
A festering without corruption, suppuratio.
Festinatly, propere, festinanter.
Festination, festinatio, properatio.
Festival [adj.] festivus, festus.
A festival, festum, dies festus.
Solemn festivals, ferie, pl.
Not festival, profestus.
Festive, festivus, festivus, lepidus.
Festivity, festivitas, hilaritas.
A fetch [cunning trick] techna fallacia.

To fetch, adducere, afferre, arcescere. *Such a price*, tanti vendi. *One to life again*, ad vitam aliquem revocare. *A gain or back*, repetere, reducere. *Away*, asportare. *A compass*, circumire. *Down from above*, devehere. *Down or lessen*, imminuere. *From afar*, avehere. *Forth*, educere. *A leap*, salire. *Off*, detrahere; auferre. *In*, importare. *In his debts*, pecuniam exigere. *Out*, depromere. *Over*, avehere. *Over to his party*, in factionem suam pertrahere. *[Go for one]* arcescere. *Up [overtake]* assequi. *Up lost time*, tempus redimere. *A far-fetched speech*, alte repetita oratio. *Far-fetched jests*, joci accessitii. *A fetcher*, portator. *Of water*, aquator. *A fetching*, comportatio, advectio. *Fetid*, foetidus, putridus. *Fet-locks*, cirri paulo supra equinos pedes enati. *The fet-lock joint*, articulus crus et pedem conjungens. *Fetters*, compedes, vincula. *To fetter*, compedire, colligare. *A fettering*, pedum restrictio. *A feud*, simulas. *Deadly*, inimicitiae capitales. *To create or stir up feuds*, simulas seere. *Feudal*, ad feudum pertinens. *A fever*, febris. *A burning fever*, causosa. *A continual fever*, febris continua. *A hectic fever*, hectica. *An intermittent fever*, intermittens. *A slight fever*, febricula. *A slow fever*, lenta. *To have or be sick of a fever*, febricitare, febre laborare. *Feverish*, febrilis, febris, febriculosus. *Few*, pauci, pl. *That uses few words*, pauca loquens. *To grow few*, rarescere. *Very few*, perpauci. *In a few words*, paucis; breviter. *Fewness*, paucitas, raritas. *Fewness or want of words*, pauciloquium. *A fib*, mendaciunculum. *To fib*, mendacium dicere. *A fibber*, mendax, mendaciloquus; *A fibre*, fibra. *A fibril*, parva fibra. *Fibrous or full of fibres*, fibratus. *Fickle*, inconstans, levis. *Fickleness*, inconstantia, levitas. *Fickley*, inconstanter. *Fiction or fgment*, fictio, commentum. *Fictitious*, fictitius, commentitius.

Fictitiously, ficto. *A fiddle*, fides. *To fiddle*, citharâ canere. *[Trifle]* nugari, tricari. Or *fidget up and down*, discursare. *Fiddle-faddle*, logi, pl. fabulæ. *A fiddler*, fidicen. *A fiddle-string*, fidium nervus. *A fiddle-stick or bow*, plectrum. *A fiddling*, fidium pulsus. *A fiddling or trifling fellow*, nugax. *Fidelity*, fidelitas, sinceritas. *Fie*, vah. *A fief*, prædium beneficiarium. *A field*, ager. *A little field*, agellus. *A fertile field*, ager serax. *A plain field*, campus, planities. *A field for pasture*, pascuum. *A common field*, ager compascuus. *A wide large field*, latifundium. *A corn-field*, arvum. *A field or meadow*, pratium. *A fallow field*, ager novalis. *Green fields*, viridantia prata. *A field of battle*, pugna campus. *The field of a scutcheon*, arca scuti. *Of the field*, campestris. *To reside in the fields*, rusticari. *A field fit for battle*, campus copis explicandis opportunus. *To challenge one to the field*, in arenam aliquem provocare. *To take the field*, in aciem venire. *To keep the field*, in loco manere. *To be beaten out of the field*, acie vinci. *To quit the field*, loco cedere; gradum retro dare; castris exui; victus abire. *To win the field*, hostem profigere; victoriâ potiri. *A field day for a review*, dies ad copiarum recensionem præstitutus. *A fieldfare* [bird] turdus pilaris. *A field-marshal*, castrorum præfectus. *A field-piece*, tormentum castrense. *A fiend*, larva, demon. *Fierce*, atrox, ferox, sævus. *To be fierce*, sævire. *To grow fierce*, exardescere. *Somewhat fierce*, feroculus. *Fierce or wild*, ferus, efferus. *Fiercely*, ferociter, atrociter. *Pierceneas*, ferocitas; sævitia. *Piery* [hot with fire] igneus. *[Passionate]* iracundus. *[Coloured]* rutilus. *Fieriness*, iracundia, ardor. *A fife*, lituus. *Fifteen*, quindecim, quindeni. *The fifteenth*, decimus quintus, quintus decimus. *A fifteenth*, quindecima. *Fifteen times*, quindecies.

A or the fifth, quintus, quintanus. *Fifthly*, quinto. *The fiftieth*, quinquagesimus. *Fifty*, quinquaginta, quinquaginti. *Fifty times*, quinquagies. *Fifty years old*, quinquagenarius. *A fig*, ficus. *A little fig*, ficulus. *A fig-tree*, ficus, ficaria. *Indian*, caprificus. *A green fig*, grossus. *A small green fig*, grossulus. *A dry fig*, coctanum, *Vid. Lat. carica*. *An unsavoury fig*, marisca. *Not to care a fig for*, nihili habere; flocci facere. *Of a fig*, ficarius. *Of a fig-tree*, ficulneus v. ficulnus. *An orchard of fig-trees*, fectum, ficulnetum. *A fight*, pugna, prælium, dimicatio, certamen. *To fight*, pugnare, dimicare; congreddi. *Smartly*, magnâ contentione præliari. *A flourish before a fight*, prælusio, prolusio. *To fight in battle*, præliari, depæliari; confligere. *To prepare to fight*, ad pugnam se accingere. *To be ready*, in proinctu stare. *To dare the enemy to fight*, hostem ad prælium lacescere. *To fight against*, oppugnare, repugnare. *Hand to hand*, manus conserere, cominus pugnare. *At sharps*, decretoria armis pugnare. *It out*, depugnare. *With swords*, digladiari. *With open fists*, planis palmis pugnare. *A cock-fight*, gallorum certamen. *A land-fight*, prælium terrâ dimicatum. *A sea-fight*, prælium navale; naumachia. *A sharp fight*, pugna atrox. *In a close fight*, collatis signis. *Of a fight*, pugnatorius. *A fighter*, pugator, digladiator. *A great fighter*, pugax; bellicosus. *A fighter for another*, propugnator. *A fighting*, dimicatio, desertatio. *Against*, impugnatio. *With the fists*, pugilatio. *A desire of fighting*, pugacitas. *A counterfeit fighting*, pugna umbratilis. *A figment*, fictio. *Figmental*, imaginarius. *Figurable*, cuiusdam formæ capax. *Figuration*, figuratio, conformatio. *Figuratively*, per translationem v. metaphoram. *A figure* [form] figura. *[Shape]* effigies, imago. *[Represents]*

tion on paper, &c.] deformatio, diagramma. [Appearance] species.

A figure in speech, tropus.

To cast a figure, ex horoscopo futura prædicere.

To cut or make a great figure, magnificam personam statuere. *A fantastical figure*, ridicula se gerere. *A mean figure*, improbam personam agere.

A person of good figure, honesti ordinis vir.

To figure, delineare, depingere.

A figuring, figuratio, conformatio.

Filaments, fibræ.

A filbert, nux avellana.

The filbert-tree, avellana, corylus.

A filbert-grove, coryletum.

To fish, surripere, suffurari.

A fisher, fur.

Fishing, furtivus, furax.

A fishing, surreptitio.

Fishingly, furtive, furtim.

A file, lima, scobina.

To file, emare; abraderè. Off to ascend, limâ pertere.

File-dust, ramentum. Great file-dust, robs.

A file of pearls, linea baccarum.

Of writings, filum quo scripta pendet. Of soldiers, decuria militum secundum profunditatem ordo.

To march by file, longo agmine locedere. To close the files, ordines densare. To double the files, ordines in altitudinem duplicare.

To file off, copias manipulatum subducere.

To file up writings, scripta filo impendere.

A file-leader, præstes.

A filer, qui limâ aliquid polit.

Fillet, quod filitum decet.

To fill, implere. [As a bladder] distendere. To fill up, explere. Agatui, replere.

To have one's fill, satiari.

The fill or fullness, satietas, satias, Which may be filled, explebills.

A filling, expictio. Ep, supplementum, complementum. Of stones or rubbish, sarcutura.

The filler [filler horse] equus carro proxime subjectus.

A fillet, vitta, crinale. A little fillet, teniola. Of veal, coxæ rutilante pars crassior.

The square fillet of a pillar, abacus.

Filletted, vittatus; vittâ v. tæniâ ornatus.

A filip, talitrum.

To filip, talitrum impingere.

A filly, equula. Of a year old, annulus.

A fin, membrana, cuticula.

The fin enveloping the brain, pericranium.

Filmy, membranaceus.

To filter or filtrate [strain] colare, saccare.

A filtering or filtration, purificatio percolando facta.

Filth, sordes, spurcities.

The filth of any thing washed, proluvies, sordes.

Filthy, sordidus, impurus, squalidus.

Somewhat filthy, sordidulus; subturpis.

To be filthy, squalere.

Filthy in speech, obscænus, turpis.

A filthy action, sædum facinus, turpe factu.

Filthy lucre, turpe lucrum.

To make filthy, conspurcare, sœdare.

Filthily, sordide, squalide, spurcites.

The fin of a fish, pinna v. ala.

Fin-footed or fin-toed, palmipes.

Finless, sine pinnis.

Finlike, more pinnarum.

Finnny, pinnatus.

Final, extremus, ultimus.

Finally, denique, demum, postremo.

The finances, fisci redditus.

A financier, fisci subquæstor, rationarius.

A finch or chaffinch, fringilla. A bullfinch, rubicilla. A goldfinch, carduelis. A greenfinch, chloris.

To find, invenire, reperire. Or perceive, sentire. Fault with, incusare, vituperare. [Maintain] sustentare, alere. A person in meat and drink, cibaria alicui præbere. Out, compere, deprehendere. By chance, reperire. Or allow a bill, approbare, agnoscere. An excuse, causari. Out by diligent search, investigare, scrutari. By thinking, excogitare.

Not to be found out, investigabilis.

A finler, inventor, repertor. Of faults, a find-fault, reprehensor, castigatior.

A finding, inventio. Out, investigation. Fault, reprehensio, castigatio.

Fine [elegant] elegans, ntidus, concinnus, bellus. [Excellent] excellens, eximius, egregius. [Handsome] pulcher, venustus. [Pure] purus, mundus. [Smooth] teres. [Thin] tenuis. In clothes, splendide vestitus. Somewhat fine, venustulus.

Very fine, præclarus.

To make fine, concinnare; polire.

A making fine, ornatus, politio.

To fine [purify] purificare, desaccare.

To have a fine or idle time of it, otio indulgere.

A fine spoken gentleman, homo politus.

A fine or amercement, multa v. multa.

To fine or pay one's fine, judicatum sovère.

To suffer a fine, multam sufferre.

To take off one's fine, alicui multam remittere.

To fine or set a fine upon, multare.

Finable, multa obnoxius.

A fining, multatio.

In fine, denique.

Finely, scite, belle, polite.

Fineness, elegantia, nitor.

Fineness of thread, fili tenuitas.

A fining [amercing] multatio. Of liquor, desaccatio. Of metal, purificatio.

A fining-pot, olla ad liquanda metalla accommodata.

A finer of metal, metalli purgator.

Finery, ornatus, ornamentum, cultus.

A finger, digitus. The fore, index, digitus salutaris. The middle, verpus; digitus medius, impudicus. The ring, digitus annularis.

The ear or little-finger, digitus auricularis.

A little finger, digitulus.

Of the finger, digitalis.

To finger, tractare, digitis atrectare.

The finger of a glove, digitalis.

Fingered [having fingers] digitatus.

Light-fingered, furax.

To be light-fingered, ungues humatos et uncas habere.

A fingerbreadth, digitus transversus.

At the fingers' ends, perfecte.

To be finger and glove with one, intimus esse alicujus consiliis.

Finical, molliter calamistratus, muliebriter concinnatus.

A finical gesture, motus muliebris v. mollis.

Finically, molliter, muliebriter. Finicalness, nimis concinnitatis affectatio.

To finish, absolvère, perficere; finire. Negotiations successfully, ex sententiâ negotia conficere.

Not finished, imperfectus, inexpectus.

A finisher, perfectior.

A finishing, absolutio, consummatio.

The finishing stroke, ultima manus.

Finite, finitus, definitus; finibus v. terminis circumscriptus.

Finutely, finite.
A fir or fir-tree, abies.
A grove of fir-trees, nemus abiegeum.
Made of fir, abiegnus.
Fire [the element] ignis. [*Heat or ardour*] ardor. [*Conflagration*] incendium.
To stir up a fire or flame, incendium excitare.
To extinguish or quench a fire, incendium restinguere.
Wild-fire or fire-works, malleolus.
Wild-fire [a sore] phlyctæna.
A bright fire, focus luculentus.
A sneaking fire, ignis malignus.
To fire or set on fire, incendere, accendere. *Be on fire or take fire*, ardere, flagrare. *Be in a passion*, exandescere.
To strike fire, ignem excutere.
To light or make a fire, ignem accendere. *To mend it*, focum reconcinnare.
To fire a cannon at or upon, bombardâ petere.
A setter on fire, incendiarius.
A setting on fire, incensio, incendium.
With fire and sword, cæde et incendiis.
A fire-brand, torris. *Quenched*, titulo.
A fire-brand of contention, bellilux.
Fire-arms, arma ignivoma.
A fire-pan or fire-shovel, batilium.
The fire-pan of a gun, conceptaculum.
The fire-stone, focus.
A fire-side, pyrites.
Of or for the fire, ad focum pertinentens.
A bon-fire, ignis festus.
A fire to burn dead bodies, rognus.
St Anthony's fire, erysipelas.
Born of the fire, ignigena.
Bringing fire, ignifer.
Flowing with fire, ignifluus.
Producing fire, ignigenus.
Fiery [belonging to fire] igneus. [*Passionate*] irâ exardescens.
Fieriness, iracundia, ardor.
A firer, incensor, incendiarius.
Firing [setting on fire] incendens. [*Fuel*] fomes.
A consuming with fire, deflagratio.
A firkin, amphora.
Firm, firmus, fixus, stabilis. [*As a bargain*] ratus, confirmatus. *Land*, continens [sc. terra] terra firma.
To make firm, firmare, confirmare.
The firmament, æther.
Firmamental, celestia.
Of the firmament, æthereus.
Firmly, firme, firmiter.
Firmness, firmitas, firmitudo, constantia.

The first, primus. *And foremost*, princeps, antistes. *But one*, a primo proximus.
At the first, primo, principio.
Of the first, principalia.
At the first sight, primo aspectu; prima fronte.
Of the first age, primævus.
First-born or firstling, primogenitus.
The first-fruits, primitiæ.
A fish, piscis.
A little fish, pisciculus. *River-fish*, fluvialis piscis.
Full of fishes, fishful, piscosus.
Of fish or fishing, piscatorius, piscarius.
A fish-pond, piscina.
Fish-gills, branchiæ.
A fish-hook, hamus piscatorius.
A sea fish, piscis marinus.
Salt fish, salsamenta, pl.
A dealer in salt fish, salsamentarius.
The fish-market, forum piscatorium.
A fish-scale, squama.
Fish-spawn, piscium ova.
To fish, piscari; pisces captare. *A pond*, piscinam exaurire. *Out a thing*, expiscari; exquirere.
A provision of fish, opsonium.
To provide a fish meal, opsonari.
A fish-day, dies pisculentus.
A fisher or fisherman, piscator.
A fishery, piscaria.
Fishermen's implements, arma piscatoria.
A king's fisher, halcyon.
A fishing, piscatus.
A fishing-boat, navis piscatoria.
A fishing-line, linea piscatoria.
Rod, arundo piscatoria.
A fish-monger, piscarius. *Selling salt fish*, salsamentarius.
Shell-fishes, pisces testacei.
Fishy, piscosus.
To fish about, cursitare, sursum deorsum currere.
A fissure [cleft] fissura, rima.
A fist, pugnis.
To bend one's fist, pugnum compiccare.
To beat one with his fist, pugna aliquem cedere.
To fight at fisticuffs, pugna certare.
Fist to fist, cominus, e propinquuo.
A fistula, fistula.
Fistular or fistulous, fistulatus, fistulosus.
Fit [proper] accommodatus, consentaneus. [*Naturally fit*] idoneus. [*Artificially fit*] aptus. [*Becoming*] decens, conveniens. [*Capable*] capax, accommodatus, habilis, idoneus. [*Convenient*] commodus, accommodus. [*Ready*] paratus, expeditus. [*Reasonable*] æquis, justus. *To be done*, quod fieri convenit v. decet.

Not fit to be named, dictu sedum.
To make one's self fit or ready for doing a thing, se ad aliquid agendum accingere.
It is fit, æquum est, par est.
To fit or be fit, accommodari, quadrare. *Make fit*, accommodare, aptare, concinnare.
At all points, armare, instruere.
A fit [paroxysm] accessus. [*Break or whim*] repentinus animi impetus.
A drunken fit, crapula, potatio.
A fit of sickness, ægrotatio.
To fit [match] sociare, par adjungere. *Or be even with one*, par pari referre. *Out a fleet*, classem comparare. *Up a house*, domum adornare.
A fitter, concinnator, qui accommodat.
Fitting, congruens. *Ill*, incongruens.
A fitting, accommodatio.
Fifty, apte, idoneus.
Fitness, habitus. *Of time*, occasio, opportunitas.
A fitter or fritter, segmentum.
Five, quinque; quini.
The five, numerus quinquarius.
Of five, quinquarius.
Five times, quinquies.
Five times as much, quinquies tantum.
The space of five years, quinquennium.
Five years old, quinquennis.
Lasting five years or happening every fifth year, quinquennalis.
The age of five years, quinquatus.
Of five pounds weight, quinque libralis.
Five months old, quinquemes-tris.
Five ounces, quincunx.
In five parts, quinquepartito.
Divided into five parts, quinquepartitus.
Five-fold, quincuplex.
To continue five years, quinquagere, prorogare in annum quintum.
Five days ago, nudiusquintus.
Five-leaved grass, quinquifolium.
Five hundred, quingenti v. quingoi.
Of five hundred, quingenarius.
The five hundredth, quingentesimus.
Five hundred times, quingenties.
Five thousand, quinque millia, quinquies mille.
The five thousandth, quinquies millesimus.
Fives [the play] pilulodium.
To fix or fasten, firmare, figere, stabilire. *A day*, diem constituere. *Settle in a business*, in aliquo negotio se stabilire.
On a subject, argumentum eli-

gère. On a resolution, aliquid statidre. Into the earth, depangere, defigere. One's eyes upon, oculos intendere. A crime on a person, crimen alicui impingere.

Fired, intent upon, attentus, intentus.

Fixed or appointed time, tempus præfinitum.

Fixedly, constanter, intente.

Fixedness [firmness] firmitas, stabilitas. Of mind, animi attentio.

A firing, confirmatio.

Flabby, uvidus, flaccidus.

Flaccid, flaccidus, lentus.

Flaccidity, laxitas, lentitia.

A flag [colours] vexillum, signum.

To put or hoist up a flag (as a signal for fight) vexillum tollere.

To strike the flag, vexillum submittere.

A flag borne before a company, lingue.

A flag or rush, juncus. Water-flag, iris aquatica. Sweet garden-flag, acorus. Corn-flag, stolidus Italus.

The flag of a ship, aplustre.

A flag-ship, navis aplustre ferens.

A flag-officer, navis aplustre ferentis præfectus.

To flag, flaccescere, languere. With, marcescere, flaccescere.

Flagginess, lentor, mollities.

Flagging or flaggy, languens, flaccidus.

To hang flagging, dependere.

Flag flagging, demissus, pendulus, flaccidus.

To grow flaggy, lentescere, flaccescere.

Flagitious [wicked] sceleratus, adarius, flagitiosus.

Flagitiousness, nequitia.

A flagon, lagena, œnophorum.

Flagrancy [ardour] ardor animi, mentis fervor.

Flagrant [hot] ardens, flagrans. [Notorious] insignis.

A fail, tribula; flagellum.

A flake, fragmen, strictura. Of fire, ignis scintilla. Of ice, glacie solida frustum. Of snow, nivis floccus.

Flakes that fly from hammered iron, strictura.

To flake, in lamellas formare.

Flaky, scintillare.

A flax or flin-A m tale, gerrem, nage. [Put off] prætextus; species.

To flax one, deludere, frustrari; alicui verba dâre.

A flambœu, fax, funale.

A flame, flamma. A little flame, flammula.

To flame, flammare, flagrare. Again, redardescere.

To begin to flame, flammeascere. To set in a flame, inflammare, incendere.

To be in a flame, inflammari; in flammis ire.

To be all in a flame, flammis conflagrare.

To make, kindle, or stir up a flame, tumultum excitare.

Of or like flame, flammieus.

The flame of love, amoris ardor.

Flame-coloured, flammeolus.

Flaming, flamy, flagrans.

Flamingly, flagrantier, ardentier.

Flammiferous, flammifer.

The flank, latus, ilia, pl. Of an army, cohortes alares, equites alari.

To flank or defend the flank of an army, exercitus latera protegere.

To charge upon the flank, transversim incursare.

To attack the flank and rear, in aversos transversosque impetum dâre.

A flanker, in cornibus locatus.

Flannel, lanula.

A flap [lap] pars pendula.

The flap of the ear, auris lobus.

A fly-flap, muscarius.

A flap [slap] alapa, colaphus.

To flap [strike] alapam alicui impingere. Or let down, demittere.

Flap-eared, auribus demissis.

A flapping [striking] alapa percussio.

Flapping or hanging down, flaccidus, dependens.

A flapping or letting down, demissio, dejectio.

To flare [as a candle] liquando scintillare. In one's eyes, oculos præstringere.

A flaring fop, homo elegantiz in vestibus studiosissimus.

A flash [of light] fulgor. Of water, aspergo. Of fire, fulguratio.

A flash [sudden impulse] impetus. Of wit, ingenii testus.

[Boasting fellow] gloriosus Thraso.

To flash, fulgurare, micare. Out, emicare. As water, assilire.

Flashy, mollis, fatuus; flaccidus. In discourse, levis. [Not lasting] evanidus.

A flask [flagon] lagena. [Bottle] ampulla vimine cooperta.

A flask for powder, pulveris pyrii capsula. A little flask, capsula.

A flasket, calathus; corbis. Flat or smooth, planus, æquus.

[Platn] apertus, liquidus. Dull, frigidus. Dead drink, vappa. In taste, insulcus, nullius saporis.

To flat or make flat, æquare, exæquare.

To throw or lay flat on the ground, sternere, prosternere.

Flat along, pronus, prostratus.

A flat country, campus agri campestris. Discourse; loquela jejuna.

Flat-nosed, simus; simulus.

The flat part of any thing, f. a. num.

A flat or thin state, scandula.

A flat piece of ground, area.

A flat or level ground, planities.

A flat [shoal] syrtis.

Flats in the sea, brevis, n. pl. vadum.

A flat sound, sonus gravis.

To lie flat on the ground, humi pronus jacere.

Flat or flatly in sound, graviter.

Or plainly in language, disertè, dilucide.

To deny flatly, præcise negare.

Flatness [of ground] equalitas, planities. Of a country, camporum patentium æquor. Of a discourse, sermonis jejunitas.

In taste, insulitas.

To flatten to make flat, complanare, planum facere. Or grow flat, insulcus v. nullius saporis ease.

Flatter or more flat, flattish, æquior, planior.

To flatter, alicui adulari. A little, subblandiri, suppallari. For a dinner, parasitari.

Not to be flattered, adulationis impatiens.

A flatterer, adulator, assentator, delector; palpator.

A flattering knave, parasitus; Gnatho.

A flattering tale, assentationicula.

Flatteringly, assentatorie, blandè.

A flattering or flattery, adulatio, assentatio.

Of flattery, adulatorius.

Flatulency, ventris inflatio.

To flaunt it, nitide vestiri.

Flaunting, nitidus, lautus.

Flavour, odor. Fine, odor bonus. Stinking, fædus odor.

Flavorous, grati saporis.

A flaw or chink, rima. [Defect] vitium, defectus.

A flaw of wind, venti impetus.

Flawless, integer, purus.

Flaxy or full of flaws, vitiosus.

To flaw, dehiscere, rimas agere.

Flax, linum. Fine, byssus, carbasus. Dressed, stappa.

Set on the distaff, pensum.

A strike of flax, lini manipulus.

Made of fine flax, carbaseus carbasineus.

To dress flax, linum carminare.

Wearing flax, liniger.

A flax-plat, linarium.

A flax-dresser or seller of flax, linarius.

Of flax, lineus, stuppeus.

Flazen hair, capillus flavus.
To flay, pellem detrahère.
A flaying, pellis detractio.
A flea, pulex.
Full of fleas, pulicosus.
Flea-bites, pulicum vestigia.
Fleched [spotted] maculatus.
[Archwise] convexus, arcuatus.
Fled, profugus, elapsus.
Fledge or fledged, pennatus, pinnatus.
To begin to be fledged, plumescere.
To flee, fugere, vitare. Vid. Fly.
A fleece, vellus. *The golden*, aureum.
To fleece, tondere, detondere.
Fleescy, laneus.
A flier, irrisor, derisus.
To flier, deridere.
A flierer, derisor, irrisor.
A flier, classis.
Fleet [swift] celer v. pernix.
To fleet or flit, fluere, fluctuare.
Fleeting, fluxus; fugax.
Fleetly, celeriter, velociter.
Fleetness, velocitas, celeritas.
Flesh, caro. *A little piece*, caruncula.
Dead flesh, caro inanima.
A lover of flesh, carnarius.
Flesh meat, carnes, pl.
To fall away in flesh, macrescere.
To get or gather flesh, pinguescere.
Amended in flesh, obesior solito.
To go the way of all flesh, ad plures ire; e vita excedere.
Living on flesh, carnivorus.
A flesh-hook, fuscina.
Fleshiness, corpulentia.
Fleshless, macer.
Fleshty [adj.] libidinosus, pravus. Adv. prave, libidinosè.
The flesh-market, carnarium.
Fleshy, carnosus, corpulentus, crassus.
A fleshy part of the body, callus.
A fletcher, sagittarum faber.
A flew, al. flue, vericulum, tracula.
Flezanimous, flexanimus, eloquens.
Flexibility [aptness to bend] facilitas ad flexum.
Flexible or flexile [easy to be bent] flexilis, lentus. [Easy to be entreated] placabilis, exorabilis.
Flexibleness, placabilitas, facilitas.
Flexure, curvatura, curvatio.
To flicker or flutter, alas motare.
A flier [of a jack] libramentum.
A flight or escape, fuga, effugium.
To put to flight, fugare, profigere.

To take flight, aufugere, fugam capessere.
A flight [as of birds] volatus.
Of birds, avium grex. *Unto*, refugium.
Swift of flight, fugax, pernix.
An inclination to flight, paratus ad fugam animus.
To save himself by flight, effugere.
Flights of fancy, imaginationis impetus.
Flim-flam, nugæ, tricæ.
Flimsy, flaccidus, languidus.
To flinch, desistere, desinere.
[Leave one basely] destitute.
[Quit an undertaking] ab incepto desistere. *From one's word*, promissis non stare.
Start, abillire. Or giss ground, recedere.
A fincher, qui v. quæ desistit.
A finching, tergiversatio.
To fling [throw] mittere, jacere. *With aim*, librare.
Away or out, abicere, projicere. *Away one's money*, pecuniam profundere. *Away* [be gone] se propiære. *Down*, deicere. *His rider*, sessorem deicere. *In*, injicere. *Kick as a horse*, calcitrare.
To have a fling at one, in aliquem illudere.
To fling up [as an employment] abdicare.
A fling, jactus.
A flinger, jaculator.
Flinging or kicking, calcitrosus.
A flinging, projectio.
A flint or flint-stone, silix.
Of flint, flinty, siliceus.
Flip, potus ex vino adusto, cerevisiâ, et saccharo confectus.
Flippant, loquax.
Flippantly, loquaciter.
A flirt or feer, dicerium, locus.
[Start] impetus. [Wench] scortillum.
To flirt [water, mud, &c.] inspergere. *At one*, conviciari.
To flit, meare, migrare.
Flittings, offendicula.
To float, fluctuare, innatare. [Be in suspense] dubitatione stare. *A meadow*, rivum in pratum admittere.
To set a ship afloat, navem remulco trahere.
A floating, fluctuatio, dubitatio.
A flock, grex, agmen. *Of people*, turba; congregatio, concio; cætus. *Of birds*, avium grex.
To flock together, coire, convenire, confluere.
To separate from the flock, segregare.
Of a flock, gregalis.
In flocks, gregatim, catervatim.
Flocking together, confertus, congregatus.

A flocking together, congregatio, coitio.
A flood [inundation] diluvium, inundatio. [Stream] flumen, amnis, fluvius, fluentum.
The flood of tide, maris fluxus.
A land flood, torrens.
To flood, inundare, exundare.
A flood-gate, emissarium, cataracta.
The flook of an anchor, pars anchoræ adunca quæ terræ defigitur.
The floor [of a house or barn] area. *Boarded*, tabulatum. *Paved*, pavimentum. *Brick*, pavimentum lateritium. *Stone*, pavimentum lapideum. *The ground-floor*, contigatio inferior.
A flooring with boards, contabulatio, contigatio.
Floral, floralis.
A floret, flosculus.
Florid, floridus, nitidus.
A florin, nummus Germanicus valens sere 3s.
A florist, florilegus.
Flothen milk, lac sine cremore.
Flounce or furbelow, fimbria.
To flounce, fimbriis ornare. [Plunge] demergere. *About with passion*, irâ agitari.
A flounder or fluke, passer niger.
Flour, farina, pollen. *The finest*, similago.
Of fine flour, pollinaris, similagineus, silligineus.
To flour [dredge meat] farinâ conspergere.
To flourish, florere, vigere.
Flourishing, vegetus.
To flourish again, revirescere.
To flourish greatly, efflorescere.
With weapons, arma vibrare.
With a needle, flores acu pingere. *Brag*, gloriari, jactare, crepare. *In discourse*, orationem amplificare; *in sculis* oratoris uti. *In music*, produdere.
A flourish or boast, inanis jactatio. *Before the matter*, prælusio, præcurio, proamium.
Rhetorical flourishes, orationis flosculi; oratoria ornamenta.
An idle flourish of words, verborum ampullæ.
A flourishing, vigor.
A flout, dicerium.
To flout, irridere, illudere.
A flouter, scurra, sannio.
Flouting [adj.] dicax, dicaculus.
A flouting, cavillatio.
To flow [as water] fluere: manare, meare. *About*, circumfluere. [Abound] affluere. *Abroad*, dimanare, diffluere. *Back*, refluxere. *Before a place*, præfluere. *Between*, interfluere. *By*, præ-

terfuere. Continually, fluere. Down, defuere. In, infuere. Out, effuere. Over, exundare. All over, superfuere. As the sea, fluctuare; mature. Together, confuere, concurrere. Under, subterfuere. Unto, affuere.

To begin to flow, scatere.

A flower, flos. A floweret, flocculus.

To flower, germinare, florere. Or smile, as fresh beer, spumare, scintillare.

A flower-de-luce or de-lys, iris, radix lilyrica.

The passion-flower, clematis trifolia.

A flower-pot, vasculum floribus plenum.

Made of flowers, floreus.

Bearing flowers, floriger.

Gathering flowers, florilegus.

Flower of meal. See Flour.

The flower of one's age, flos ætatis.

To be in the flower of one's age, ætate florere, integræ ætate esse.

The flower of the soldiery, militis lectissimæ.

The flower of the nobility, nobilitatis flos.

He was the flower of his family, gratia sua prima gloria fuit.

Flowered as silk, floribus contextus v. intertextus.

Flowery, floridus.

Edging and flowing, reciprocan, reciprocus.

Flowing about, circumfluus.

Over, superfluus, redundans.

A flowing, fluxus, effluentia.

The flowing of the sea, fluxus, exos.

Flowing in speech, volubilitas.

Flowingly, volubiliter, incitate.

Flow, volatu subductus.

To fluctuate, fluctuare, dubitare.

A fluctuating or fluctuation, fluctuatio.

The fuc of a rabbit, cuniculi vellus.

Fluent [flowing] fluens. [Eloquent] disertus.

Fluency or fluentness, linguæ volubilitas.

Fluid, fluidus, liquidus.

Fluidity or fluidness, fluor.

A flurry, flatus subitaneus.

Flush [abundance] copia, abundantia; vis.

The flush at cards, chartæ colores.

Flush of money, nummatus.

To flush, erubescere.

Flushed in drink, uvidus.

A fute, fistula, tibia.

To play on a fute, fistulam inflare; tibia canere.

To fute [channel] laqueare.

A futing [channelling] laqueatio, striatura.

Flutings, columnarum canaliculi.

To flutter or try to fly, volitare.

[Be at an uncertainty] fluctuare, dubitare.

To and fro, passim vagari. In one's speech, babutare, titubare.

A fluttering, confusio.

A flux [looseness] ventris fluxio. Of humours, humorum fluxus.

The bloody flux, profluviolum sanguinis.

To stop a flux or looseness, alvum compescere.

To flux or salivate, salivam proritare.

A fly, musca. That flies about the candle, pyralis. A blister or Spanish fly, cantharis.

A gad-fly, tabanus. A dog-fly, cynomyia. A dung-fly, musca stercoraria. A flesh-fly, musca carnaria. A water-fly, tipula.

A fire-fly, pyrausta. A bath-fly, thermocantharus. The stone-fly, seticauda.

Of a fly, nuscarius.

A fly-slap, muscarium.

Fly-blows, muscarum ova.

To be fly-blown, muscarum ovis infici.

To fly [as a bird] volare, volitare. [As ale does] alte emicare. About, circumvolare.

Against, involare. Abroad [as news] publicari. At, impetere, irruere. Away, avolare. Back, refugere. Before or first, antevolare. Beyond or by, prætervolare. Down, devolare. For, provolare.

From place to place, transvolare. From justice, a judicio se subducere. One's country, solum vertere. To the mark [as a hawk] in peragium cogere. Hither and thither, diffugere. In one's face, in capillum alicujus involare. To pieces, dissilire. Often, volitare. Off, retrocedere. Out, evolare. Over, supervolare, transvolitare. For refuge, confugere. Or rather flee [run away] aufugere. To, advolare. Together, convolare, confugere. Up, subvolare.

To let fly [shoot] ejaculari, emittere. At, petere.

A flying, volatus. Away, effugium. Camp, manus expedita, exercitus expeditus. Coach, currus expeditus. Enemy, hostis aversus.

To come off with flying colours, cum laude se ex periculo expedire.

A foal, pullus equinus, equuleus, equulus.

To foal, pullum equinum parare.

The foal of an ass, asellus, asella.

Of a foal, pullinus.

Foalfoot [an herb] tuasilago.

A foaling, pulli in lucem eductio.

Foam, spuma.

To foam, spumare. Like a horse fremere.

To begin to foam, spumescere.

To cast out foam, expumare.

The foam of the sea, maris spuma. Of lead, molybditia. Of silver, argyritis. Of gold, chrysitia.

Full of foam, spumosus.

A foaming, spumatus.

Foamy, spumeus, spumatus.

A fob, loculus minor.

To fob a man off, aliquem eludere, frustrari.

The focus of a burning-glass, radorium a vitro igniario collectorum apex.

Fodder, pabulum, sænum. Of straw, pabulum stramineum.

Of or belonging to fodder, pabularis, pabulatorius.

To fodder, pabulari, sæno pascere.

A fodderer, pabulator.

A foddering, pabulatio. Place, præsepe.

A foe, inimicus, m. inimica, f. Vid. Lat.

Fog [after-grass] sænum condum, gramen effictum.

A fog [mist] nebula.

Fogginess, ætris crassitudo.

Foggy, nebulosus.

A foggy body, corpus otusum.

Foh! phy! yah!

A foible [blind or weak side] imbecillitas.

A foil [to learn to fence with] rudia.

To play at foils, batuere; rude ludere.

A foil or foiling [repulse] repulsa.

To foil, sternere, repellere.

To give one a foil, in genua dejicere. To take a foil, repulsam ferre.

A foiler, victor.

A foins, punctum; impetus.

To foins, puncto ferire.

Foinsly, punctum.

To foist in [insert] subdere, obtrudere v. supponere.

Foistiness [fustiness] mucor.

Foists, præstigia, pl.

A fold or plait, plica, sinus.

To fold, plicare, complicare.

In, implicare. Round about, circumplicare.

A sheep-fold, ovile.

Folds of hurdles, crates, pl.

To fold or put into a fold, stabulare.

A folder, qui v. quæ plicat.

A folding [plaiting] plicatura.

Folding or which may be folded, plicatilis.

A folding of sheep, stabulatio.

Foliage, arborum folia. In

painting or sculpture, folia picta.

Foliation, germinatio.

Folk, populus, plebs.

A folk-mote, populi conventus.

To follow, sequi. After, assequi, insectari. His book, studiū incumbere. Any business, rei alicui operam dare. The law, juri attendere. Close, instare. After or succeed, succedere. A trade, artem excolere. By course, alternare.

Another's pleasure, alicui obsequi v. morem gerere. Diligently, sectari. After, subsequi. Hotly, totis viribus persequi. Close at one's heels, hære alicujus vestigis. A matter close, rem aliquam in lente administrare. Counsel, sequi consilium. His own devices, tendere ad sua consilia. The example of one's grandfather, abire in avi mores. [Imitate] æmulari, imitari. Up and down, consecrari.

To be followed or which may be followed or imitated, imitabilis, imitandus.

A follower, comes. [Disciple] discipulus. [Imitator] imitator.

A great man's follower, comitatus.

It follows, sequitur. On the day following, postero die.

Following [as an inference or consequence] consecrarius.

A following or attending upon, deductio.

A following after, consequentia, consequitio.

Folly, stultitia, ineptia. To foment [cherish] fovere. A fomentor, concitator. A fomenting or fomentation, fomentum.

Fond [simple and vain] futilis, vanus. [Kind] indulgens. Passionately, cupidus.

To be fond of [admirer] admirari. [Indulge] indulgere.

Fond tricks, blanditiæ, pl. Fond [foolish] stultus, ineptus. To fondle or make much of, fovere, nimis indulgere. A fondler, qui v. quæ mollus curat.

A fondling [fondled child] delicatus puer.

Fondly [indulgently] blande. [Foolishly] inepte. [Affectionately] cupide.

Fondness [indulgence] indulgentia. [Silliness] ineptia, stultitia.

A font, lavacrum sacrum, fons lustralis.

Food, cibus, alimentum; victus, cibaria.

Of or for food, cibarius, alimentarius, escarius.

Fit for food, esculentus.

Food for cattle, pabulum, pastus.

Foolful, fertilis; copiosus.

A fool, stultus, stupidus, ineptus.

A natural fool, homo plumbeus, idiota.

A fool or fester, morio. An arrogant fool, asinus Antronius.

A fool in a play, cænnio, mimus.

To act like a fool, non sapienter agere. To play the fool, ineptire, desipere.

To fool or make a fool of one, aliquem ridere. One out of his money, emungere aliquem pecuniâ. Away one's money or estate, pecuniam incaute erogare, rem familiarem prodigere.

Foolery, deidiculus. Fooleries, nugæ, pl. triccæ. To fool with one, ineptire.

Fool-hardiness, audacia, temeritas.

Fool-hardy, audax, temerarius. To be fooling, nugari, ineptire.

Fool-hardiness, audacia, temeritas.

Foolish, ineptus, fatuus, insulsus, insipiens, tardus. To make foolish, infatuare.

Foolish dalliance, petulantia, procacitas. Tricks, ineptiæ. Foolishly, stulte, imprudenter. Talking foolishly, stultiloquus, vaniloquus.

Foolishness, stultitia, insipientia.

A foot, pes. Six feet square, mensura sex pedum solidorum.

Of a foot, pedalis.

A foot or on foot, pedes, pedester.

To go on foot, pedibus incedere. To light on foot, in pedes desilire.

To foot it, pedestri itinere proficisci.

To foot it away, citato pede ambulare.

The foot [of a table, bed, &c.] fulcrum. Of a pillar, basis. Of a hill, montis radix.

The sole of the foot, planta pedis. The hollow, pedis vola.

A foot-ball, pila pedalis.

A foot cloth, stratum, ephippiorum instragulum.

A company of foot soldiers, pedatum cætera.

A footman [soldier] pedes. [Lacquey] assecla, pedisseguus.

The foot in an army, peditatus, copie pedestres.

To walk a foot-pace, lento gradu incedere.

A foot-pad, latro pedestris.

A foot-post, nuntius pedestris.

The footstall of a pillar, stylobata.

A footstep, vestigium.

A foot-stool, scabellum.

A foot-path, semita pedestris.

To tread under foot, proculcare. Of half a foot, semipedalis.

Of a foot and a half, sesquipedalis.

Of two feet, bipedalis.

Foot by foot, pedetentim, sensim.

To bind one hand and foot, quadrupedem aliquem constringere.

To stand foot to foot, pedem pede tangere.

To have the length of one's foot, alicujus sensum probe calare.

Footed, pedes habens. Two bipes. Three, tripes. Four quadrupes. Many, multipes. Brazen, æripes. Fiery, ignipes. Broad, planipes. Cloven, bisulcus; capripes; fissipes. Cuh or crump, loripes. Rough or feather, plumipes. Splay, valgus. Whole, solidipes.

A footing or footstep, vestigium.

To get sure footing in a place, se in aliquo loco stabilire.

To set things on the old footing, in pristinum restituere.

A fop [impertinent] nugator. [Beau] bellus homo.

To play the fop, nugari, nimis elegantie in vestibus indulgere.

Foppery, nugæ, triccæ, gerræ. Foppish, ineptus. Somewhat foppish, nugatorius.

Foppishly, nugatorie, inepte. Foppishness, ineptia.

For is rendered by different prepositions; a, ad, de, ex, in, ob, per, præ, pro, propter.

*For is a sign of the dative case, of the ablative when used as the cause, manner, &c. and is frequently included in the signification of the verb; as, quæ-
rere, to seek for.*

For [conj.] nam, enim. Forage, pabulum.

To forage, pabulari.

A forager, pabulator; frumentarius.

A foraging, pabulatio.

To forbear, abstinere, sugere. [Leave off] desistere. [Spare] parcere. [Suffer] pati.

Forbearance, patientia, indulgentia.

With great forbearance, patienter, placide, sedate.

To forbid, vetare, prohibere. Strictly, interdicere, interminari.

God forbid, avertat Deus.

A forbider, qui prohibet.

A forbidding or forbiddance, prohibitio, inhibitiō, interdictio.

Forbiddenly illicite.

Force [endeavour] conatus.

molimen, [Importance] momentum. [Necessity] necessitas. [Strength] vires, pl. robur, firmitas. *Open force*, vis aperta. *Main force* or *violence*, vis violentia. *The force of poison*, vis veneni. *Of a word*, verbi. *To repel force by force*, vim vi repellere. *To use force*, vim adhibere. *To force*, cogere, compellere; adigere. *Back*, repellere. *Down*, detrudere. *In*, desigere. *Out*, depellere. *To be of force*, valere, proficere. *Of great force*, plurimum valere. *Of no force*, nihil valere. *To force a woman* [violate] stuprare, vitare. *A trade*, quæstionem exercere. *A trench*, aggerem excindere. *Take by force*, vi capere. *Of force or upon force*, ingratius, necessario. *Of great force*, valens, potens. *Of small*, levis; parvi momenti. *Without force or effect*, inefficax, irritus. *Freely*, ultro, sponte. *By main force*, vi et armis. *To lose force*, flaccescere, languere. *A forced expression*, dictum arcessitum v. longe petium. *Note*. *Forced* is sometimes rendered by the future in dus, as, *O ye gods whom I am forced to leave*, di relinquendi. *Forcefully*, violententer; invite. *Forceful*, violentus, vehemens, efficax. *Forceless*, invalidus, inefficax. *To make forceless*, enervare. *A forcer*, coactor. *Forces*, copias, pl. *Foot*, pedes-tes. *To draw forces together*, copias contrahere. *To muster*, delectum militum habere. *To raise*, exercitum comparare. *Forcible* [prevailing, strong] efficax; [Violent] violentus. *Porcibleness*, vis, violentia. *Forcibly*, valde, violententer, vehementer. *A forcing*, vis compulsio. *A ford*, vadum. *To ford a river*, flumen vado transire. *Fordable*, qui vado transiri potest. *Full of fords*, vaduosus. *Fore* [adv.] qui est ante. *Adv.* or *prep.* ante, præ. *To fore-appoint*, præstituere, prænoscere. *To fore-arm*, præmunire. *To fore-advise*, præmonere. *To forebode*, præsagire, augurare. *A foreboder*, hariolus. *A foreboding token*, præsagium, omen, augurium.

Forecast, providentia. *Of great forecast*, providus. *To forecast*, providere, prospicere. *A forecaster*, provisor. *A forecasting*, provisio, cautio. *Not forecasting or without forecast*, improvidus, inconsultus, temerarius. *Forecastingly*, provide, consulte. *The fore-castle or fore-deck of a ship*, prora, rostrum. *To fore-close*, præcludere. *A fore-deeming*, divinatio, prædivinatio. *To fore-deem*, divinare, prædivinare. *To foredo*, perdere, pessundare. *To foredoom*, præfatare, prædestinare. *Forefathers*, majores, pl. avi, proavi. *To forefend or forefend*, avertere. *The fore-finger*, index. *To forego a thing*, e manibus emittere. [Quit it] abdicare. *A foregoing*, in jure cessio, antecessio. *The foreground*, picturæ pars eminentior. *The forehead*, frons. *Having a forehead*, frontatus. *A high forehead*, fronto, onis. *Two foreheads*, bifrons. *A forehead band or cloth*, frontale. *Foreign*, externus, exterus, peregrinus. *A foreigner*, peregrinus, alienigena. *To fore-imagine*, mente præcipere. *To forejudge*, præjudicare. *A forejudge*, qui præjudicat. *A forejudging or forejudgment*, præjudicium. *Vid. Lat.* *To foreknow*, præscire, prænoscere. *Foreknowable*, quod prænosci potest. *A foreknower*, qui v. quæ prænoscit. *A foreknowing*, prænotio, præsagatio. *Foreknowing*, præscius. *Foreknowledge*, præscientia. *A foreland*, promontorium. *The forelocks*, antæ, pl. *A foreman*, antistes. *Of the jury*, juratorum primus. *The fore-mast*, malus anterior. *Foremost*, primus, præcipuus. *To go foremost*, præire, præcedere. *The forenoon*, tempus antemeridianum. *Forenotice*, præmonitio. *To fore-ordain*, præfatare, prædestinare. *The fore part*, antica. *Of the head*, sinciput. *A fore porch*, propylæum.

To fore-run, præcurrere, prævertere. *A fore-runner*, præcursor, antecursor; prænuntius. *Of an army*, excursor. *A fore-running*, præcursio. *To foresee*, prædicere. *A foreseeing*, prædictio. *To foresee*, prævidere. *A foreseeing*, providentia. *A foreseer*, qui v. quæ prævidet. *Foresight*, providentia, prospicientia. *A foresight*, præsensio. *Want of foresight*, imprudentia. *Foresightful*, præscius, providus. *The foreskin*, præputium. *To forespeak* [prophecy] prædicere. [Forbid] prohibere. [Bewitch] fascinare. *A forespeak*, prologus. *To forespy*, prævidere. *A forest*, saltus, nemus. *A forester*, silvicola. *Forest-like*, saltuosus, silvestris. *To forestall*, anticipare, antecapere. *A market*, præmercari. *A forestaller of the market*, propola, interceptor. *A forestalling*, interceptio. *A foretaste*, anticipatio. *To foretaste*, prægustare. *A foretaster*, prægustator. *To foretell*, prædicere, prænuntiare. *A foreteller* [sign of] prænuntius, præcursor. [Diviner] hariolus; vates, augur. *A foretelling*, prædictio, denuntiatio, augurium. *Forethought of*, præmeditatus, cogitatione præceptus. *A forethought or forethinking*, præmeditatio. *To foretoken*, præsagire, omniari. *A foretoken*, præsagium, omen. *A foretop*, antæ, pl. *To fore-warn*, præmonere, prædicere. *A fore-warning*, præmonitio. *A forfeit* [fine or penalty] pena, multa. [Fault or offence] delictum, peccatum. *To forfeit*, in multam incurere. *One's credit*, existimationem perdere. *One's favour*, gratiâ alicujus excidere. *A recognisance*, vadimonium deserre. *One's word*, promissis non stare. *To pay one's forfeit*, pecuniam multatitiam solvere. *To forgive a forfeit*, pecuniam multatitiam remittere. *Forfeitable*, quod confiscari potest. *A forfeiting or forfeiture* [confiscation] confiscatio, sectio. *The forfeiture* [loss] pecunia multatitia.

To *forge* [as smiths do] *cu-*
dere. [*Deviser*] fingere. [*Counter-*
feiter] ementiri. *Tricks*, do-
los fingere. *Melt*, conficere, li-
quescere.

A *forge*, fabrica ferraria.

A *forged tale*, fabula.

A *forger* [maker] fabricator.
[*Counterfeiter*] fictor. *Of writ-*
ings, falsarius. *Of false accu-*
sations or tales, delator. *Of*
new words, logodædalus.

Forger [fiction] commentum.
[*Fabrication*] fabricatio.

To *forget* [not to remember]
oblivisci. *Neglect*, præterire,
negligere. *Utterly*, perpetuâ
oblivione obruere. *Forgive*,
ex memoriâ aliquid deponere.
By drinking, ebibere. *What*
one has learned, dediscere.

A *forgetter*, immemor.

Forgetful, obliviosus.

Forgetfulness, oblitio, obli-
vium.

A *forgetting*, oblitio, præter-
missio.

To *forgive a person*, condonare,
ignoscere. *A fault*, ignoscere.

Part of the money, ex pecuniâ
aliquid remittere. *Wholly*, to-
tum remittere.

Not to be forgiven, inexplabilis.

Forgiveness, condonatio, venia.

Absolute forgiveness, oblitio.

A *forgiver*, qui v. quæ con-
donat.

A *forgiving*, remissio.

To *be forgotten*, excidere; in
oblivionem venire.

A *fork*, furca.

A *little fork*, furcula.

A *dung-fork*, bidens. *An oven-*
fork, rutabulum. *A pitch-fork*,
merga. A *fork for a vine*, ca-
preolus. *For burdens*, ærum-
na. *A fire-fork*, furca igniaria.

Forks for nets, varæ, pl.

To *fork up*, furcâ fulcire.

Forked, forky, bifidus, bisulcus,
bicornis.

Three-forked, trisulcus, trifi-
dus.

Forkedly, more furcæ.

Forkedness, curvatura more fur-
cæ.

A *forkhead*, cuspa.

Forlorn [desperate] perditus,
deploratus. [*Foraken*] solus,
derelictus, destitutus.

The forlorn hope, antesignani,
rorarii; velites.

Forlornness, miseria, solitudo.

A *form* [figure or shape] forma,
figura.

A *form or manner*, ratio, modus.

A *set form*, formula, exemplum,
exemplar. *Of words*, concepta
verba.

To *form*, formare, figurare.

Amaze, reformare, recoquere.

A *former*, formator.

A *form* [bench] scamnum, sub-
sellum. A *little form*, scabellum.

The lowermost form, in-
finum subsellum. [*In a school*]
classis.

Formal, formalis, affectatus.

A *formalist*, formularum pui-
dus affectator v. exactor.

To *march or walk in their for-*
matities, vestitu splendidiore et
ad pompam comparato incede-
re.

Formality, solennis formula.

To *formalise*, formulas putide
consectari.

Formally, ex formulâ; cum af-
fectione.

Former, prior, superior, pris-
tinus.

In *former times*, olim, priscis
temporibus.

Formerly, prius, antehac.

Formidable, formidabilis, for-
midolous, terribilis; terrorem
incutiens.

Formidableness, formidinis in-
jectio.

Formidably, modo formidabili.

A *forming*, formation, creatio.

Formless, informis, indigestus,
rudis.

First and foremost, imprimis.

A *formulary* [book of forms] li-
ber rituum præscriptorum.

Fornication, stuprum.

To *commit fornication*, to *for-*
nicate, scortari.

A *fornicator*, scortator, ganeo.

To *forsake* [desert] deserere,
derelinquere. *Quit a thing*,
abdicare. *Revolt from*, desic-
cere.

A *forsaker*, desertor.

A *forsaking*, derelictio, deser-
tio, destitutio. *One's religion*,
ab instituto religioso defec-
tio.

Forsooth, sane, scilicet, nempe.

To *forswear*, pejerare, perju-
rare.

A *forswearer*, qui perjurat.

A *forswearing*, perjurium.

Forsworn, perjurus.

A *fort*, propugnaculum, muni-
mentum, castellum.

Fort by fort, castellatim.

Forth, foras, foris.

Forthcoming, præsto, in pro-
cinctu. [*In law*] vadimonii ob-
itus.

To *be forthcoming*, in medio v.
promptu esse.

Forth of, extra.

From this time forth, posthac,
deinceps.

And so forth, et sic cæteris;
[commonly written] &c. i. e. et
cetera.

Forthwith, confestim, extemplo.

Fortifiable, qui muniri potest.

A *fortification*, munimentum,
præsidium; arx.

A *fortifier*, munitor.

To *fortify or strengthen*, fir-
mare, roborare. *Or fence about*,
circumspicere, circumfirmare. Or

close with a fortification, mu-
nire. *Strongly*, permunire.

First, præmunire.

A *fortifying*, munitio, commu-
nitio.

Fortitude, fortitudo; audentia.

A *fortnight*, dies quatuordecim.

A *fortnight's provision*, dimidi-
at mensis cibaria.

A *foretop*, crines in fronte cri-
pati.

A *fortress*, arx, præsidium.

Fortuitous, fortuitus, casu ac-
cidents.

Fortuitously, fortuito, casu.

Fortunate, fortunatus, beatus.

Somewhat fortunate, beatulus.

To *make fortunate*, fortunare,
secundare.

Fortunately, auspiciato, fauste,
felicitate.

Fortune [chance] fortuna, sora.

Estate, opes, pl. facultates;
census. *Pleasant*, opes in-
tegram. *Decayed*, fortuna incli-
nata, opes accisæ.

A *woman of a good fortune*,
mulier dotata. A *maid of no*
fortune, virgo indotata.

A *man of a good fortune*, prædi-
tus magnis opibus homo. *Of a*
desperate fortune, homo rei de-
perditæ.

To *make one's fortune*, divitiæ
acquirere.

To *venture one's life and for-*
tune, capitis fortunarumque pe-
riculum adire. To *try one's*
fortune, fortunam experiri.

Good fortune, faustitas.

Ill fortune, infortunium, infesta
fortuna.

By fortune, forte, ita ut sit.

To *fortune or happen*, evenire.

To *tell fortunes*, eventura alicui
divinare.

A *fortune-hunter*, qui mulierem
dotatam consecatur. A *for-*
tune-stealer, qui talem claudes-
tino duxit.

A *fortune-teller*, fatidicus, hari-
olus.

Strolling fortune-tellers, de cir-
co astrologi.

Forty, quadraginta, quadrago-
ni. *Of forty*, quadragenarius.

Forty times, quadragies.

Forward [bold] audax, impavi-
dus. [*Inclined*] propensus.

[*That has made some progress*]
profectus, progressus.

Very forward, præceps.

Forward or soon ripe, præcox.

Forward or ready, promptus,
alacer.

A *forward young man*, juvenis
acer.

Forward [adv.] prorsum.

To *press right forward*, in di-
rectum nili. To *put forward*,
promovere. To *go or set for-*
ward, procedere.

To *egg forward*, concitare, pro-
vocare, stimulare.

To come forward in the world, dītescere, opes augere.
A going forward, progressio, progressus.
Forward and backward, rursum et prorsum, huc et illuc.
From this time forward, post-hac, deinceps.
Forwarding, conducens, conducibilis.
Forwardness, alacritas. In learning, in literis progressus.
A fosse [ditch] fossa. A fosse-way, via fossa.
A fosse or faucet, dolii siphon.
A fosse [little chest] cistella, castula.
Possible, fossilis.
To foster, alere, educere, nutrire.
A foster-father, altor, educator.
A foster-mother or foster-nurse, altrix, nutrix. Child, alemanus. Brother, eodem lacte nutritus.
A fostering, fosterage, educatio.
Foul [filthy] sordus, spurcus, ueridus. Play, lusus dolostus.
A foul action, facinus sordum.
Foul language, convicium, maledictum. Linen, lintea immunda. Stomach, stomachus impurus. Water, aqua lutulenta. [Ill-favoured] deformis. Foul-faced, aspectu horridus. [Vicious] flagitiosus, obsecutus.
To foul or make foul, conspurcare, sordare, inquinare.
To be foul, sordere, squalere.
To grow foul, sordescere.
To fall foul by words, conviciari, conviciis aliquem lacerare.
With blows, ad manus venire, conmanus pugnare.
Foully [filthily] sorde, sordide. [Base] turpiter, flagitiose. [Ill-favouredly] deformiter.
Foulness, turpitude, squalor, spurcitia.
The foulness of a crime, criminis atrocitas.
Foulness [ill-favouredness] deformitas.
To found [in building] fundare, condere. A college or school, collegium v. scholam annuis opibus fundare v. locupletare. [Form by melting] fundere.
A foundation, fundamentum, fundamen.
To lay the foundation of a building, aedificii fundamenta jacere.
The making of a foundation, aedificatio.
From the very foundation, funditus.
To founder a horse, equo molitum pedum inducere. [As a horse] titubare. [As a ship] labefacti dissolvi.

A founder [of a building] conditor, exstructor; aedificator.
A founder of metal, qui metalla liquefacta fundit.
A founding of metals, metallo-rum liquefactorum fusio.
A founding, infans expositus.
A fount or fountain, fons, scaturigo.
Of a fountain, fontanus.
Fountainless, aridus, fontis expers.
Four, quatuor, quaterni.
The four at cards, dice, &c. quaternio.
Four-cornered, quadrangulus.
Square, quadratus.
Four days ago, nudiusquartus.
The space of four days, quatri-duum.
Four days before, quatrinduo ante.
After, post quatrinduum.
The space of four years, quadriennium.
Four years after, quadriennio post.
The age of four years, quadrimatus.
Of four, quaternarius. Four times, quater. As much, quadruplo. Bigger, quadruplo major.
Four-fold, quadruplex.
Divided into four parts, quadripartitus.
In four parts or ways, quadri-fariam.
Four-footed, quadrupes.
A place where four ways meet, quadrivium.
Cleft into four parts, quadri-fidus.
Having four doors, quadriforis.
Weighting four pounds, quadrilibris.
Four hundred, quadringenti, quadringent. Times, quadringentis. The four hundredth, quadringentesimus.
Fourscore, octoginta.
Fourteen, quatuordecim. The fourteenth, decimus quartus.
Fourteen times, quatuordecies.
The fourth, quartus.
Fourthly, quarto.
A fowl, volucris, avis. A great fowl, ales. Barn-door fowl, pullus pra granario pastus.
Wild-fowl, volucres palustres.
To fowl or go a fowling, aucupari.
A keeper of fowls, pullarius.
A fowler, aucupator.
Water-fowl, volucres aquaticae.
A fowling, aucupium.
Of fowling, aucupatorius.
A fowling-piece, tormentum aucupatorium.
A fox, vulpes.
To play the fox, vulpinari.
Of a fox, vulpinus.
An old fox or crafty knave, venerator.
A young fox or fox's cub, vulpecula.

Like an old beaten fox, veterantorie.
A fox-chase, vulpis venatus.
A fox-hunter, vulpium venator.
To fox [make drunk] inebriare.
A fraction [breaking] infractio.
Fractional, ad numerorum particulis pertinens.
Fractions [in arithmetic] numerorum particulae.
Fractious or quarrelsome, rixosus, jurgiosus, litigiosus.
A fracture, fractura.
To fracture, frangere, confringere.
Fragile, fragilis, caducus.
Fragility, fragilitas.
A fragment, fragmentum, ramentum, frustum. Of meat, &c., analectum, pl. reliquiae.
He that sweeps the fragments together, analecta.
Fragrancy, fragrantia, odor.
Fragrant, fragrans, suaveolens.
Fragrantly, suave.
Frail, fragilis, fluxus, caducus.
A frail, fascella, fascina. Of age, sicum fascella.
Frailty or frailness [brittleness] fragilitas. [Weakness] imbecillitas, infirmitas.
To frame or fashion, fingere. Contrive, moliri. Build, fabricare, aedificare. Join together, conjungere. Unto, accommodare, aptare.
The frame of a building, aedificii compages. Of the world, compages mundi.
A frame or disposition of the mind, animi status.
The frame of a table, mensae sulcrum. Of a picture, tabella cui pictura intererit.
A frame or case for jewels or books, pagma.
A frame for work, modulus.
Out of frame, enormis, abnormis.
A framer, fabricator, structor.
A framing, accommodatio, constructio, formatio.
Frangible, fragilis.
Frank [liberal] liberalis, munificus. [Sincere, open] ingenuus, sincerus.
A frank giver, largificus.
Very frank-hearted, perliberalis.
Frank alms, praedia sacerdotibus in perpetuum elemosynam collata. Frank pledge, liberum vadimonium. Frank bank, fundus totalis quem possidet vidua a viro suo virgo desponsata.
Frankly, ingenue, libere.
Frankness, ingenuitas, sinceritas.
To frank [fatten] saginare, pinguefacere.
To frank letters, literas gratis perferendas notare.

A frank [to feed creatures in] sagina.
Frankincense, thus.
To burn frankincense thus adolere.
Bearing frankincense, thurifer.
That burns frankincense, thuricremus.
That gathers frankincense, thurilegus.
Of frankincense, thureus.
A franklin [steward or bailiff] curator.
Frantic, insanus, vecors.
To become frantic, insanire, furere.
Frantically, insane, dementer.
Franticness, insaniam, dementia.
Fraternal, fraternus.
A fraternity, sodalitas, societas, fraternitas.
To fraternise, in sodalitium adoptare.
Fratricide [the person] fraticida. [*The crime*] fraticidium.
Fraud, fraus, dolus.
Without fraud, bonâ fide.
Fraudulency, fraudulentia.
Fraudulent, fraudulent, fraudulentus, dolosus.
Fraudulently, fraudfully, fraudulenter, vafre.
Fraught [laden or filled] oneratus, repletus, onustus.
A fray, rixa, iurgium.
To part a fray, item dirimere.
To fray [as cloth does by rubbing] dehiscere. [*Affright*] terreat.
A freak [sudden fancy] subitus animi impetus. Or mad fancy, petulantia. Or idle conceit, deliramentum.
Freakish or fanciful, petulans, cerebrosus.
Freakishness [madness] insaniam, dementia.
Freakishly, cerebrose, petulanter.
Freakishness [wantonness] lasciviam, petulantiam.
A freckle, lentigo, nævus.
Freckled, lentigine maculatus.
Freckly, lentiginosus.
Free [at liberty] liber, immunis. In giving, liberalis, munificus. From business or at leisure, otiosus. Open in conversation, candidus, sincerus. [Common] communis, publicus.
To free or deliver from, liberare, eximere. From bondage, e servitio aliquem eximere.
Set free, emancipare, manumittere. *To make one free of a city*, civitate aliquem donare. Vid. *Emfranchise*.
To be free, sui esse iuris. From, vacare, expers esse.
At free cost, sine sumptibus.
To be somewhat free with one, familiaris cum aliquo versari.

To make free of a company, municipium aliquem donare. Of Italy, Latinitate donare. Of the city of London, inter cives Londinenses aliquem ascribere.
To be free of one's tongue, sermonis esse minime parvus.
Free-born, ingenuus, liberalis.
Free-hold, possessio libera, mancipium.
A free-holder, fundi liberi possessor.
A free-booter, prædo.
Free-footed, minime impeditus.
Free-hearted, liberalis. *Free-minded*, securus.
A freeman, liber. Of a city, civis, municeps.
A freedman, libertus, manumissus.
Freedom [immunity] immunitas, libertas. [*Easiness of doing a thing*] facilitas.
An assertor of freedom, libertatis vindex.
The freedom of a city, civitas, v. civitatis immunitas.
To take up one's freedom, in numerum civium publice se inserere.
Freedom from, vacuitas.
A freeing [setting at large] liberatio. *Making free*, manumissio.
Freely, liberaliter, libere.
To talk freely with a person, aperte cum aliquo fabulari.
To do a thing freely, sponte sua aliquid agere.
Freely bestowed, gratuitus.
Freeness, liberalitas, benignitas.
Free-stone, saxum vivum.
A free-thinker, irreligiosus. Vid. *Libertine*.
To escape scot-free, impune abire.
To freeze, gelare, congelare. It freezes, gelascit.
A freezing, gelatio, congelatio.
A freight, navis onus.
To freight a ship, navem onerare.
To pay one's freight, nauticum solvere.
The freight [wages] nauticum, vectura.
Pedlar's French, loquela ex compacto ad fraudem ficta.
The frenzy, insaniam, dementia.
Frequency, frequentia, frequentia; assiduitas.
Frequent, frequens, creber.
To frequent, frequentare, celebrare.
Frequented, celebris. *Not frequented*, incelebris.
A frequenter, qui v. quæ frequentat.
A frequenting, frequentatio.
Frequently, frequenter, crebro, sæpe.
A fresco or fresh air, aura lenis.

To paint in fresco, murum styso recens inductum pingere.
Fresh [cool] frigidulus. [*New*] novus, recens. [*Lusty*] v. gens, vegetus. [*Unsalted*] insulsus, recens. [*Not tired*] integer, recens.
To be fresh and lively, vigere, vigescere.
While the thing is fresh, recentere.
Fresh in one's memory, in memoria recens.
A fresh man or fresh-water soldier, tiro, novitius.
A fresh or again, de integro.
To freshen or make fresher, assamenta aquâ macerare.
Freshness [newness] novitas.
Of the countenance, oris color vegetus.
Freshly, recenter.
To fret, cruciare. *Be fretted or be in a fret* [neut.] cruciari, stomachari, augi, ringi. *Gall by riding*, cuticulam equitandæ atterere. *Eat away*, corrodere. *As wine, acceßere*. [*Rub*] fricare, terere.
To put one into a fret, irritare.
A fret [passion] ira, sollicitudo animi.
Fret-work, striatura.
The fret of a musical instrument, citharæ interpunctio.
Fretful, morosus, stomachosus.
Fretfully, morose, stomachosè.
Fretfulness, morositas, anxietas.
A fretting [being vexed] sollicitudo.
Fretting or eating away, corrosivus.
A fretting, rubbing, or wearing attritus. [*Galling*] adustio.
Friable or apt to crumble, friabilis.
A friar, monachus.
Austin friars, fratres ordinis Augustini. Capuchin, capucini Carmelite, ordinis Carmelitarum observantes. Mendicant, mendicantes ordinis Franciscani. Minors, ordinis minorum. Pre-dicatorum, ordinis prædicatorum. Black, Dominici.
A white friar, frater Jacobinus.
A friary, sodalitium sacrum.
To fribble, nugari.
A fribbler, nugator.
A fricassee, carnis frixæ ministerium.
Friction or friction, fricatio.
Friday, dies Veneris.
Good Friday, parasceve magna.
A friend, amicus, familiaris, necessarius. Or cron, amicus intimus.
A great friend, amicissimus.
A back-friend, inimicus, obtrinator.
A mouth-friend, parasitus, Gnatho.
A female friend, amica.

To be or become friends with one, in gratiam cum aliquo redire.
To get himself or make friends, sibi amicos acquirere.
To make men friends, conciliare.
A belly or trencher friend, parastus, Gnatho.
An assured friend, amicus iuratus; alter idem.
A false friend, amicus simulatus.
Friendless, inops.
Friendliness, benevolentia, officium.
Friendly [adj.] benevolus, amicus. Adv. amice, benevole.
Friends or kindred, propinqui, consanguinei.
Friendship, amicitia; familia, ritas.
To make or join friendship with, amicitiam cum aliquo coniungere.
To contract an intimate friendship, cum aliquo magnam familiaritatem conficere.
To break off friendship, amicitiam dimittere.
To join in friendship or make friends, conciliare.
[Frigate, liburna, celox. [Spy ship] speculatorium navigium. [Fright, terror, formido. To fright, frighten, or put in a fright, aliquem terrere, terrire, perterrefacere. From or away, abstertere. Frightful, terribilis, horribilis. Frightfully, horrid. Frightfulness, terror, horror. [Frighting, consternatio. Frigid [cold] frigidus, gelidus. Frigidity, frigiditas, frigus. Frigidly, frigide. [Fringe, ambria, lacinia. To fringe or put a fringe to a garment, ambriam vesti assuere. Having a fringe or fringed, ambriatus. [Frisperry, officina vestium tritarum. A friek, tripudium. To friek, tripudiare. As a lamb, lacerare. About, exultare. Friskiness, alacritas. Frisks [gambols] gesticulationes. Frisky, letus, hilaris. A frisk, estuarium, fretum. A fritter, artolaganus. To fritter, minutatim frangere. Frivolous, frivolus, inanis; casus. A frivolous matter, res nugatoria. Frivolously, nugatorie. Frivolousness, nugæ meræ. Frize, panus villosus; gausape. Coarse frize, sagum villosum crassius. To frizzle, crispare. Somewhat frizzled, subcrispus.

Frizzled hair, calamistrata coma. Locke, cincinni. A frizzler, cinisio. A frizzling iron, calamistrum. Fro, a, ab. To and fro, ultro citroque. A frock, palla, sagum. A frog, rana. Young, ranunculus. A sea-frog, rana marina. A green frog, viridis. To croak like a frog, coxare. The frog of a horse's foot, surca pedis equini. To be frolic, exultare, gestire. To grow frolic, hilarescere. Frolic, lætus, exultans, festivus. A frolic or whim, repentinus animi impetus. Groven frolic, lætatus, hilaris factus. Frolicsome, lascivus, jocosus. Frolicsomeness, hilaritas, lascivia. From, a, ab, de, e, ex, per. Note, The preposition is sometimes to be understood; as, He goes from Capua to Rome, Capuâ Romam petit. Note, Sometimes the preposition is joined to the verb; as, To go from, abire. From above, desuper, superne. From abroad [from a foreign country] peregre. [From out of doors] foris. From all places, undique, quaquaversum, quaquaversum. From beneath, inferne. From day to day, de die in diem. From house to house, domesticatim. From door to door, ostiatim. From man to man, viritum. From street to street, vicatim. From one to the other, ultro citroque. From henceforth, abhinc, dehinc, posthac. From some other place, aliunde. From that time or place, iude. From thenceforth, exinde, ex eo, deinceps, ex illo tempore. From time to time, continuu, perpetuo. From what place soever, undecunque. From within, intrinsecus, intra. From without, extrinsecus. The front or forehead, frons. Or forefront, pars adversa. A front or boldness, audacia. A person of a bold front, homo perfrectus frontis. The front of an army, prima acies. To draw up an army in front, aciem in longitudinem porrigere. To front or stand fronting, e regione locari. A frontier, limes, confinium. Town, oppidum in regionis confinio situm.

Of or belonging to frontiers, confinis. A frontlet, frontale. The frontstall of a bridle, frons frontale. Frost, gelu, ind. A great frost, gelu intensum. Hard, rigidum. An hoar or white frost, pruina. Frost-bitten, frigore ustus, adustus. Frosty, frigide, remisse. Frosty, pruinosus. Froth, spuma. To froth, spumare. In bubbles, bullire. To scum off the froth, despumare. Of froth or frothy, spumeus, spumosus. Frothy [light or trifling] nugax, frivolus. A frothing, spumatus. Frowned, cirratus, crispatus. Frouzy, lætidus, putidus. To smell frouzy or frouzily, male olere. Froward, protervus, perversus. Somewhat froward, submorosus. Frowardly, proterve, morose. Frowardness, protervitas, perversitas; contumacia. A frown, ruga. To frown, frontem contrahere. Upon, iniquis oculis aliquem luteri. Frowning, torvus, nubilus. A frowning, fronte corrugatio. Look, frons caperata. Frowningly, torvum. To be frozen over, as a river, frigore consistere. Fructiferous, fructifer, fructuosus. Fructification, fertilitas. To fructify [make fruitful] facundare. [Be fruitful] fructum ferre. Fructuous, ferax, fertilis. Frugal, frugi, moderatus. Frugality, frugalitas, temperantia, abstinentia. Frugally, frugaliter, parce. Frugiferous, frugifer, frugiferens. Fruit [of trees, &c.] fruitage, fructus. Early, fructus præcoces. Garden, ex horto. Natural, fruges sponte nascentes. Fruit [profit] lucrum, emolumentum. The first fruits, primitiæ, pl. The fruit of the womb, liberi, pl. proles. A fruit-oft or fruitery, oporotheca. A fruiterer, pomarius. A fruit-woman, quæ poma vendit. Fruit-time, autumnus, vindemia. Fruitful, ferax, fertilis, uber.

A frank [to feed creatures in] sagina.
Frankincense, thus.
To burn frankincense thus adolere.
Bearing frankincense, thurifer.
That burns frankincense, thuricremus.
That gathers frankincense, thurilegus.
Of frankincense, thureus.
A franklin [steward or ballif] curator.
Frantic, insanus, vecors.
To become frantic, insanire, furere.
Frantically, insane, dementer.
Franticness, insaniam, dementia.
Fraternal, fraternus.
A fraternity, sodalitas, societas, fraternitas.
To fraternise, in sodalitiū adoptare.
Fratricide [the person] fraticida. [The crime] fraticidium.
Fraud, fraus, dolus.
Without fraud, bonā fide.
Fraudulency, fraudulentia.
Fraudulent, *fraudful*, *fraudulentus*, *dolosus*.
Fraudulently, *fraudfully*, *fraudulenter*, *vafrē*.
Fraught [laden or filled] oneratus, refertus, onustus.
A fray, rixa, iurgium.
To part a fray, litem dirimere.
To fray [as cloth does by rubbing] delibescere. [Affright] territare.
A freak [sudden fancy] subitus animi impetus. Or mad fancy, petulantia. Or idle conceit, deliramentum.
Freakish or fanciful, petulans, cerebrosus.
Freakishness [madness] insaniam, dementia.
Freakishly, cerebrose, petulanter.
Freakishness [wantonness] lasciviam, petulantiam.
A freckle, lentigo, nŕvus.
Freckled, lentigine maculatus.
Freckly, lentiginosus.
Free [at liberty] liber, immunis. In giving, liberalis, munificus. From business or at leisure, otiosus. Open in conversation, caudidus, sincerus. [Common] communis, publicus.
To free or deliver from, liberare, eximere. From bondage, e servitio aliquem eximere.
Set free, emancipare, manumittere. To make one free of a city, civitate aliquem donare. Vid. *Enfranchise*.
To be free, sui esse juris. From, vacare, expers esse.
At free cost, sine sumptibus.
To be somewhat free with one, familiaris cum aliquo versari.

To make free of a company, municipio aliquem donare. Of Italy, Latinitate donare. Of the city of London, inter cives Londinenses aliquem ascribere.
To be free of one's tongue, sermonis esse minime parcus.
Free-born, ingenuus, liberalis.
Free-hold, possessio libera, mancipium.
A free-holder, fuedi liberi possessor.
A free-booter, prŕdo.
Free-footed, minime impeditus.
Free-hearted, liberalis. *Free-minded*, securus.
A freeman, liber. Of a city, civis, municipes.
A freedman, libertus, manumissus.
Freedom [immunity] immunitas, libertas. [Easiness of doing a thing] facilitas.
An assertor of freedom, libertatis vindex.
The freedom of a city, civitas, v. civitatis immunitas.
To take up one's freedom, in numerum civium publice se inserere.
Freedom from, vacuitas.
A freeing [setting at large] liberatio. Making free, manumissio.
Freely, liberaliter, libere.
To talk freely with a person, aperte cum aliquo fabulari.
To do a thing freely, sponte sua aliquid agere.
Freely bestowed, gratuitus.
Freeness, liberalitas, benignitas.
Free-stone, saxum vivum.
A free-thinker, irreligiosus. Vid. *Libertine*.
To escape scot-free, impune abire.
To freeze, gelare, congelare.
It freezes, gelascit.
A freezing, gelatio, congelatio.
A freight, navis onus.
To freight a ship, navem onerare.
To pay one's freight, nautum solvere.
The freight [wages] nautum, vectura.
Pedlars' French, loquela ex compacto ad fraudem ficta.
The frenzy, insaniam, dementia.
Frequency, frequentia, frequentia; assiduitas.
Frequent, frequens, creber.
To frequent, frequentare, celebrare.
Frequented, celebris. Not frequented, incelebris.
A frequenter, qui v. quę frequentat.
A frequenting, frequentatio.
Frequently, frequenter, crebro, sæpe.
A fresco or fresh air, aura lenis.

To paint in fresco, murum sypso recens inductum pingere.
Fresh [cool] frigidulus. [New] novus, recens. [Lusty] v. gignens, vegetus. [Unaltered] insulsus, recens. [Not tired] iteger, recens.
To be fresh and lively, vigere, vigeŕe.
While the thing is fresh, recentare.
Fresh in one's memory, in memoriā recens.
A fresh man or fresh-water soldier, tiro, novitius.
Afresh or again, de integro.
To freshen or make fresher, salamenta aquā macerare.
Freshness [newness] novitas. Of the countenance, oris color vegetus.
Freshly, recenter.
To fret, cruciare. *Be fretted or be in a fret* [neut.] cruciari, stomachari, angī, ringi. Gali by riding, cuticulam equitande atterere. Eat away, corrodere. As wine, acescere. [Rub] fricare, terere.
To put one into a fret, irritare.
A fret [passion] ira, sollicitudo animi.
Fret-work, striatura.
The fret of a musical instrument, citharæ interpercutio.
Fretful, morosus, stomachosus.
Fretfully, morose, stomachose.
Fretfulness, morositas, anxietas.
A fretting [being vexed] sollicitudo.
Fretting or eating away, corrosivus.
A fretting, rubbing, or wearing attritus. [Galling] adustus.
Friable or apt to crumble, friabilis.
A friar, monachus.
Austin friars, fratres ordinis Augustini. Capuehin, capucini Carmelite, ordinis Carmelitarum observantes. Mendicant, mendicantes ordinis Franciscani. Minors, ordinis minorum. Pre-dicator, preaching, ordinis predicatorum. Black, Dominicans.
A white friar, frater Jacobinus.
A friary, sodalitiū sacrum.
To fribble, nugari.
A fribbler, nugator.
A fricassee, carnis frixæ minustal.
Frication or friction, fricatio.
Friday, dies Veneris.
Good Friday, parascève magna.
A friend, amicus, familiaris, necessarius. Or crony, amicus intimus.
A great friend, amicissimus.
A back-friend, inimicus, obtrectator.
A mouth-friend, parasitus, Gnatho.
A female friend, amica.

To be or become friends with one, in gratiam cum aliquo redire.
To get himself or make friends, sibi amicos acquirere.
To make men friends, conciliare.
A belly or trencher friend, parasitus, Gnatho.
An assured friend, amicus juratus; alter idem.
A false friend, amicus simulatus.
Friendless, inops.
Friendliness, benevolentia, officium.
Friendly [adj.] benevolus, amicus. Ado: amice, benevole.
Friends or kindred, propinqui, consanguinei.
Friendship, amicitia; familia, ritas.
To make or join friendship with, amicitiam cum aliquo conjungere.
To contract an intimate friendship, cum aliquo magnam familiaritatem conficere.
To break off friendship, amicitiam dimittere.
To join in friendship or make friends, conciliare.
! frigate, liburna, celox. [Spy ship] speculatorium navigium.
! fright, terror, formido.
To fright, frighten, or put in a fright, aliquem terrere, terrore, perterrefacere. From or away, absterere.
Frightful, terribilis, horribilis.
Frightfully, horride.
Frightfulness, terror, horror.
A frightening, consternatio.
Frigid [cold] frigidus, gelidus.
Frigidly, frigiditas, frigus.
Frigidly, frigide.
A fringe, fimbria, lacinia.
To fringe or put a fringe to a garment, fimbriam vesti assuere.
Having a fringe or fringed, fimbriatus.
A frippery, officina vestium tritarum.
A frik, tripodium.
To frik, tripodiaro. As a lamb, lascivire. About, exultare.
Friskness, alacritas.
Friks [gambols] gesticulationes.
Frisky, lætus, hilaris.
A frisk, æstuarium, fretum.
A fritter, artolaganus.
To fritter, minutatim frangere.
Frisolous, frivolus, inanis; casus.
A frivolous matter, res nugatoria.
Frisolously, nugatorie.
Frisolousness, nugæ meræ.
Frize, pannus villosus; gausape. Coarse frize, sagum villosum crassius.
To frizzle, crispare.
Somewhat frizzled, subcrispus.

Frizzled hair, calamistrata coma. Locks, cincinni.
A frizzler, cincinnio.
A frizzling iron, calamistrum.
Fro, a, ab.
To and fro, ultro citroque.
A frock, palla, sagum.
A frog, rana. Young, ranunculus.
A sea-frog; rana marina. A green frog, viridis.
To croak like a frog, coaxare.
The frog of a horse's foot, furca pedis equini.
To be frolic, exultare, gestire.
To grow frolic, hilarascere.
Frolic; lætus, exultans, festivus.
A frolic or whim, repentinus animi impetus.
Grown frolic, lætatus, hilaris factus.
Frolicsome, lascivus, jocosus.
Frolicsomeness, hilariter, jocose.
Froliousness, hilaritas, lascivia.
From, a, ab, de, e, ex, per.
Note, The preposition is sometimes to be understood; as, He goes from Capua to Rome, Capuâ Romam petit.
Note, Sometimes the preposition is joined to the verb; as, To go from, abire.
From above, desuper, superne.
From abroad [from a foreign country] peregre. [From out of doors] foris.
From all places, undique, quaquaversus, quaquaversum.
From beneath, inferne.
From day to day, de die in diem. From house to house, domesticatim. From door to door, ostiatim. From man to man, viritum. From street to street, vicatim. From one to the other, ultro citroque.
From henceforth, abhinc, dehinc, posthac.
From some other place, aliunde.
From that time or place, inde.
From thenceforth, exinde, ex eo, deinceps, ex illo tempore.
From time to time, continuu, perpetuo.
From what place soever, undecunque.
From within, intrinsecus, intra.
From without, extrinsecus.
The front or forehead, frons.
Or forepart, pars adversa.
A front or boldness, audacia.
A person of a bold front, homo perfrictæ frontis.
The front of an army, prima acies.
To draw up an army in front, aciem in longitudinem porrigere.
To front or stand fronting, e regione locari.
A frontier, limes, confinium.
Town, oppidum in regionis confinio situm.

Of or belonging to frontiers, confinis.
A frontlet, frontale.
The frontlet of a bridle, frons frontale.
Frost, gelu, ind. A great frost, gelu intensum. Hard, rigidum.
An hoar or white frost, pruina.
Frost-bitten, frigore ustus, adustus.
Frostily, frigide, remiase.
Frosty, pruinosus.
Froth, spuma.
To froth, spumare. In bubbles, bullire.
To scum off the froth, despumare.
Of froth or frothy, spumeus, spumous.
Frothy [light or trifling] nugax, frivolus.
A frothing, spumatus.
Frowned, cirratus, crispatus.
Frouzy, lætidus, putidus.
To smell frouzy or frouzily, male olere.
Froward, protervus, perversus.
Somewhat froward, submorosus.
Frowardly, proterve, morose.
Frowardness, protervitas, perversitas; contumacia.
A frown, ruga.
To frown, frontem contrahere.
Upon, iniqui oculis aliquem luteri.
Frowning, torvus, nubilus.
A frowning, frontis corrugatio.
Look, frons caperata.
Frowningly, torvum.
To be frozen over, as a river, frigore consistere.
Fructiferous, fructifer, fructuosus.
Fructification, fertilitas.
To fructify [make fruitful] fecundare. [Be fruitful] fructum ferre.
Fructuous, ferax, fertilis.
Frugal, frugi, moderatus.
Frugality, frugalitas, temperantia, abstinentia.
Frugally, frugaliter, parce.
Frugiferous, frugifer, frugiferens.
Fruit [of trees, &c.] fruitage, fructus. Early, fructus precoces. Garden, ex horto. Natural, fruges sponte nascentes.
Fruit [profit] lucrum, emolumentum.
The first fruits, primitiæ, pl.
The fruit of the womb, liber, pl. proles.
A fruit-oft or fruitery, oporotheca.
A fruiterer, pomarius.
A fruit-woman, quæ poma vendit.
Fruit-time, autumnus, vindemia.
Fruitful, ferax, fertilis, uber.

To be fruitful, abundare.
To make fruitful, fecundare.
Fruitfully, fertiliter, sacunde.
Fruitfulness, fertilitas, feracitas, ubertas.
Fruition or enjoyment, possessio.
Fruitless [barren] sterilis. [Disappointed] frustratus. [Unprofitable] inutilis, ad nullam rem utilis.
To grow fruitless, sterilesce.
Grown fruitless or barren, effotus.
Fruitlessly [in vain] frustra, nequiquam. [Unprofitably] inutiliter.
A fruit-tree, arbor fructifera.
Fruently or furmenty, alica, lactis et tritici decoctum. Barley frumenty, lactis et hordel decoctum.
To frump, exprobrare, conviciari.
A frump or frumping, exprobratio, convicium.
A frumper, conviciator.
Frumpingly, maligne, malevole.
To frustrate, frustrari. One's expectation, spern fallere.
A frustrating or frustration, frustratio, frustratus.
Frustrating or frustrative, fallax.
To fry, frigere. Neut. maturare, sudare.
The fry of fish, piscium sperma.
Fried meat, caro frigida; frigida, n. pl.
A frying, frictio, frixura.
Fryth [underwood] sylva cadua, virgulta.
A fat sub, puerulus obesus.
To fuddle [act.] inebriare. Neut. inebriari, pergracari.
A fuddling fellow, potor, potator.
A fuddling-bout, compotatio.
Fuel, fomes.
Fugacity, fugitiveness, vis ad volandum, instabilitas.
Fugitive, volaticus, instabilis.
A fugitive or vagabond, fugitivus, profugus; erro. [Deserter] transfuga.
A fugue [in music] consonantia quedam musica.
A fulciment, fulcimen, fulcrum.
To fulfil, implere; peragere. One's desires, votis satisfacere.
A fulfilling or fulfilment, complementum, perfectio, peractio.
Fulgency, fulgor, nitor, splendor.
Fulgent or fulgid, fulgidus, splendidus.
To be fulgent, fulgere, splendere.
Fulguration, fulguratio.
Fuliginous, fumosus.
Full [filled] plenus, expletus, refertus.
Full-blown, calycibus apertis.
Full-fraught, bene instructus.

Sails full spread, vela ventis impleta.
Full-faced, plena facie.
Full [quite] omnino, prorsus.
The full of the moon, plenilunium.
It is full moon, luna pleno orbe fulget.
It is full noon, mediam dies exigit horam.
Full [very] valde, vehementer.
Full fed or having his belly full, satur, satiat.
Full [perfect] perfectus, integer.
Very full, affluens, redundans, exundans.
Full in the wind, adversantibus ventis.
Full of words, loquax.
To be full, abundare, scaturire.
To be made full, impleri, satiari.
Half full, semiplenus.
Full grown or of full age, adultus, adultâ mæte.
Fulness, plenitudo, abundantia.
Fullly, plene, perfecte.
To full cloth, pannos constipare.
A fuller, fullio.
Of a fuller, fullionius, fullionicus.
A fuller's trade, ars fullonica.
Fuller's earth, creta Cimolia, terra Cretosa.
A fulling, constipatio panni.
To fulminate, fulminare.
Fulmination, fulminatio.
Fulminating or fulminatory, fulmineus.
Fulsome [offensive] ingratus. [Nasty] putris, foedus.
A fulsome flatterer, assentator ingratus.
Fulsomely, ingrate, odiose.
Fulsomeness, nausea.
To fumble, rem inapte aggredi.
A fumbler, qui rem aliquam inepte tractat.
A fumbling, rei alicujus inepta administratio.
Fumbly, inepte, infabre.
A fume, exhalatio, vapor.
To fume [smoke] exhalare. [Be angry] stomachari.
In a fume, iratus, ira accensus.
Fumette, odor carnis putida.
To fumigate, suffire, fumigare.
A fumigation, suffitus, suffumentum, suffitio.
Fretting and fuming, ira commotus.
Fumingly, stomachose, iracunde.
Fumy or fumous, fumosus.
Fun, ludus, jocus.
To do a thing for fun, joci causa aliquid agere.
A function, functio, munus, officium.
A fund of money, ingens nummorum vis, pecunie acervus.
The fundament, anus, culus.
The falling down of the fundament, ani proidentia.

Fundamental, fundamento innixus.
Fundamentals, fundamenta, pl.
To err fundamentally, in rebus gravissimis errare.
A funeral, funus, n. exequia, pl.
To make a funeral, exequias ducere.
A funeral obsequy, officium supremum. Banquet or dinner, epula parentales. Song, nenia.
A funeral pile, rogos. Or fire, pyra. Reduced to ashes, bustum.
Of a funeral, funereal, funereus, funehris.
Funeral rites or ceremonies, justa, inferia.
Fungous, spongiosus.
A fusk, vapor suffocans v. tetter.
A funnel, infundibulum.
To tun with a funnel, per infundibulum infundere.
The funnel of a chimney, camini nares. Of a privy, latrinae alveus.
A furbelow, ambricia.
Furbelowed, ambriciatus.
To furbish, recudere, polire.
A furbisher, qui polit.
A furbishing, interpolatio.
The Furise, Furia, Eumenides.
Furious, furiosus, rabidus, insanus.
To be furious, furere, insanire.
Furiously, furiose, furenter.
Furiousness, insaniam, rabies.
To furl a sail, velum contrahere.
A furling, complicatio, contractio.
A furlong, stadium.
Furlough [leave to be absent from the army] commentus.
A furnace, fornax, caminus, cibus.
Or brewing kettle caldarium. A potter's, figulina.
Of a furnace, furnaceus.
To be made like a furnace, caminari.
To furnish, instruere; suppedicare, subministrare.
A furnisher, instructor, parochus.
A furnishing, instructio, suppedicatio.
Furniture, apparatus, instrumentum.
Household furniture, suppellex.
Fur, pellis, villus.
To fur or line with furs, pellibus consuere.
Furred, furry, pellitus.
A furred gown, toga pellita.
A furrier, pellio.
A furrow, sulcus. A little furrow, sulculus. Water furrows, sulci aquarii. A great furrow or trench where fields are drained, lacuna.

The furrow of a pulley, rota versatilis lacuna.

A ridge of land between two furrows, porca, lira. Long narrow furrows, foruli.

To furrow or make furrows, sulcare.

A maker of furrows, sulcator. Further [adv.] ultra, ulterius, longius. Adj. ulterior.

To further, provehere, adjuvare; subsidium, suppetias, v. opem ferre.

A furtherance, adjumentum, subsidium.

A furtherer, adjutor, fautor, auxiliator.

A furthering, adjumentum, auxilium.

Furthermore, porro, insuper, preterea. Vid. Farther.

Furthest, extremus, ultimus.

At the furthest, ad summum.

Furtive, furtivus.

Fury or furiousness, furor, insania.

Hair-brained fury, furor præceps.

Rail of fury, furibundus, furiosus.

Fury-like, furialis.

Furze, genista spinosa.

A fuzee or fusil [short musquet] scloppetum. [Spindle] fusus.

Fusible, quod fundi potest.

Fusibility, qualitas liquecendi.

Fusion or melting, fusura.

Fuss, tumultus, strepitus.

Fustian, xylinum.

Of fustian, xylinus, gossipinus.

Fusted fustian, xylinum fibratum.

Fustian language, turgida verba.

To speak fustian, ampullas et asquipedalia verba proferre.

Fustiness, putor.

Fusty, putidus, fracidus, mucidus.

To smell or grow fusty, putere; frascere.

Futile, inutilis.

Futility, inutilitas.

Future, futurus.

For the future, in futurum.

Futurity, tempus futurum.

To provide for a long futurity, consulere in longitudinem.

A fuz-ball, fungus pulverulentus.

To fuz or ravel out, retexere.

Fy! phy! vah!

To gabble, garrere.

A gabbler, garrulus

A gabbling, garrulitas, loquacitas.

Gabel, vectigal.

A gabion, corbis terræ oppletus.

The gable end of a house, domus fastigium.

Having a gable end, fastigiatus.

A gad-bee or fly, æstrum.

To gad up and down, vagari, circumcursare.

A gadder, erro, vagus.

Gadding up and down, errabundus.

A gadding, vagatio.

Gaddingly, vage.

Gaffer, sodalis.

Gaffes [steel spurs for cocks] plectra, pl.

A gag, epistomium.

To gag, os obstruere.

A gage or pledge, pignus, depositum. [To measure with] virga chorometrica.

To gage [pawn or pledge] oppignerare. Casks, vasa metiri, explorare. A ship, quanta pars navis alt subter aquam explorare.

A gaging, dollorum mensor.

A gaging [pawning or pledging] oppignatio.

A gaging of casks, mensura dollorum.

To gaggle [as a goose] gratitare.

Gaiety, hilaritas.

Gain, lucrum; quæstus.

Little gain, lucellum.

To make a gain of, quæstui habere.

To gain, lucrari, lucrificere; quæstum facere.

I have gained my point, quod expectavi jam sum assecutus.

To gain approbation, movere approbationem. Credit, fidem impetrare. Increase, augere, adaugere. Ground or grow in use, invalescere. One's end, voti compos esse, voto potiri.

To draw in gain, quæstum inferre.

To make a gain of a thing, quæstui habere.

To reckon it clear gain, lucro apponere.

Dishonest gain, turpe v. sordidum lucrum.

Gainable, quod acquiri potest.

A gainer, qui lucratur.

Gainful, lucrosus, quæstuosus, fructuosus.

Gainfully, quæstu et lucro.

Gainless, incommodus.

Gainlessness, incommoditas.

To gaineay, contradicere, refragari, adversari.

Gainsaying, repugnax.

A gainsaying, contradictio.

Gairish, lautus, splendidus.

Gairishness, splendor hilaritas.

Gait, gressus, incessus.

To have a slow gait, passu tardo incedere.

A gait-way, semita, callis.

The galaxy [milky-way] via lactea.

A gale of wind, flatus, flamen.

The gall, fel.

As bitter as gall, felleus.

The flowing of the gall, passio felles.

A gall [nut] galla. Sore, perstricta cutis plaga.

To gall or make sore, cuticulam atterere. [Vex] diceria procindere, maledictis excipere.

An enemy, hosti incommodare.

In the rear, hostem in tergo distringere.

A galling or rubbing of the skin, intertrigo.

Gallant, comptus, lautus, speciosus.

A gallant, homo bellus v. scitus. To a lady, adulter, machus.

A gallant man, homo egregius v. fortis.

To make gallant, ornare, adornare.

Nothing gallant, inelegans, invenustus.

Gallantly, compe, nitide, genorose.

To attire gallantly, nitide amicare; molliiter vestire.

Gallantness, magnificentia, nator, splendor. Of spirit, magnanimitas.

Gallantry, lauitia, magnificentia, apparatio.

A gallery, porticus, ambulacrum.

An open gallery, paradromia.

From chamber to chamber, procestrium.

A gallery [to walk in] basilica.

A gallery open about the court, peristylum.

A little gallery, porticula, ambulatiuncula.

A gallimaufrey, intritum; sar-rago.

A galley, navis actuaria. A little galley, actuariolum, paro.

Galliard, laetus, alacer, hilaria.

A galliard [dance] saltatio festiva.

Galligaskins, braccæ laxæ.

A gallipot, ollula fictilis.

A gallion or galleon, navis præsidaria grandior.

A galliot, biremia.

A gallion, congius.

To gallop, equum admittere.

A gallop or full gallop, cursus admissus.

A galloper, equus rapidus.

A galloping, cursus concitatus.

A galloway [nag] mannus, man-nulus.

A galloway, patibulum, furca.

One for whom the galloway groans, trifurcifer.

G

GABARDINE, gausape, hirta

Gable, garritus.

Hanged on a gallows, patibulo suspensus.
A gambade or gambado, pero.
A gambol or gamboling, saltus, gesticulatio.
To make gambols, saltantes satyros imitari.
A maker of gambols, ludio.
A game, lusus, ludus, certamen.
Game [in hunting or fowling] præda.
To get the game, lusione vincere.
To play at a game, ludere.
To leave off the game, lusum incidere.
The conclusion or breaking up of games, ludorum missio.
Gamesome, petulans, procax.
Gamesomeness, petulantia, lascivia.
The master of the games, brabeuta.
A gamester, aleator. *A coggng gamester or gambler*, aleator dolosus.
Of or for gaming, aleatorius.
A gaming-house, taberna aleatoria.
One that keeps a gaming-house, ludorum exercitor.
Gammer [i. grandmere J.] anus.
A gammon of bacon, perna, petaso.
The gamut in music, scala musica.
A gander, anser mas. *A young gander*, anserculus.
A gang, societas, grex. *Of desperate villains*, desperatorum hominum flagitiosus grex.
A gangrel, longurio.
A gangrene, gangræna.
To gangrene or be gangrened, gangrænâ corripi.
Gangrenous, gangrænâ correptus.
A gantlet or gauntlet, chirotheca ferrea.
To run the gantlet, plagas cursim a commilitonibus accipere.
A gap, hiatus, fissura. *In a book*, lacuna. *In the ground*, terræ hiatus.
To stop a gap, hiatus resarcire.
A stop-gap, impedimentum.
To stand in the gap or protect others from danger, periculum ab aliis depellere.
To gap with the mouth, hiare, oscitare. *After or covet*, inhicare. *Chink as the ground*, dehiscere, faticere. *For breath*, anhclare. *For laziness*, oscitare. *At one*, aspectare.
A gaper or yawner, qui hiat v. oscitat.
A rude gaper, spectator impudens.

Gaping, hians, hiulus.
A gaping [cleft or opening] hiatus. [Yawning] oscitatio.
A garb or dress, ornatus, habitus.
Garbage, viscera, pl. [Refuse] sordes.
To garbage, eviscerare; extenterare.
To garble, purgare; excernere. [Cull out] excerpere.
A garbler, purgator.
A garbling, purgatio.
A garboil, turba, rixa, contentio. Tumultuosus, seditio.
A garden, hortus. *A little garden*, hortulus. *A flower garden*, hortus florens. *A nurse-garden*, seminarium, plantarium. *A garden of pleasure*, viridarium. *A kitchen-garden*, hortus olitorius. *A garden of roses*, rosetum.
To dress or manage a garden, hortum colere.
Of a garden, hortensis.
A gardener, horti cultor.
A digging in a garden, pastinatio.
A bed in a garden, areola.
To gargle, gargarizare.
A gargling, gargarizatio, gargarizatus.
A garland, sertum, corolla. *Of flowers*, corolla textilis. *Of oak leaves*, corona civica. *Of bays*, laurea.
To make garlands, sertâ texere.
Wearing a garland, coronatus.
Garlic, allium. *Bear's*, ursinum. *Great mountain*, montanum. *Wild or cow*, silvestro.
Whole-headed, mas.
A cluve of garlic, allii nucleus.
A head, bulbos v. capit.
Smelling of garlic, alliatus, allium olens.
A garment, vestis, indumentum.
A torn garment, vestis lacera.
A garment of cloth of gold, segmentata vestis. *Of needlework*, vestis acu plecta, vestis Phrygianna. *Of silk*, vestis holerica.
An old garment, lacerna vetus.
An under garment, tunica. *An upper*, pallium.
A holiday garment, vestis splendidi.
Of a garment, vestiliarius.
A garner, horreum. *For salt*, salis repositorium.
To garner, reponere.
A garnet-stone, lapis Carchedonius, Garamanticus. *An oriental*, granatus radians.
Garnish [at going into prison] pensiuncula carceraria.
To garnish, ornare; excolere, instruere.
A garnisher, adornator, exornator.
A garnishing, garnishment, or

garniture, ornatus; exornatio, politura.
A garret, contignatio superior v. tegulis proxima.
To garrison, præsidio munire.
A garrison, præsidium.
A soldier that lies in garrison, miles statarius.
To be in garrison, præsidium agitare.
Of a garrison, præsidarius.
Garrisoned, præsidio firmatus.
Garrulity, garrulitas.
A garter, genuale.
To garter up or tie with a garter, subligare, succingere.
A knight of the garter, auratus periscelidis eques.
Garter [principal king at arms] socialis garterius.
A gasconade, iactatio.
A gash, vulnus, cæsura.
To gash or make a gash, vulnerare, lacerare.
A gashing, vulneratio.
A gasp, halitus.
To gasp for breath, respirare, anhclare.
At the last gasp, in extremo halitu.
To be at the last gasp, animam agere.
To give the last gasp, extremum spiritum exhalare.
A gasping, respiratio, respiramen.
A gate, janua, porta, ostium.
Folding gates, janue bifores v. bipatentes.
A little gate, portula. *A great gate*, porta, valvæ, pl. *A side gate*, janua obliqua. *A postern gate*, posticum, janua postica, fores.
To keep a gate, januam observare.
A gate-keeper, janitor, janus custos.
To gather, colligere, excipere, decerpere. *Conclude from arguments*, ex argumentis concludere. *About a person*, circumstiterè. *Guess*, conjectari. *As a hen does her chickens*, fovere pennia. *Again*, recolligere. *To a curd*, coagulare. *Flowers*, flores carpere. *Grapes*, vindemiare. *Out*, excerpere. *Strength*, revirescere. *Together on heaps*, congerere, accumulare. *Persons together*, congregare, contrahere. *Meet together* [neut.] congregari, convenire. *Up*, colligere. *Money*, pecuniam cogere. *Wealth*, opes conquirere. *Money for alms*, stipem colligere. *Money to pay soldiers*, stipem cogere. *An army*, milites conscribere; exercitum colligere. *In plaits*, as a garment, in plicas consuere. *Matter as a sore*, suppurare.

Gathers or *plaits*, plicæ, *pl.*
A gatherer, coactor. *Of fruit*,
strictor. *Of grapes*, vindemia-
tor. *Of toll or taxes*, publicanus.
Of olives, &c. legulus.
A gathering, collectio, coactio
Together, congregatio. *O*
fruits, captura. *Of money*,
coactio argentaria. *Of grapes*,
vindemia. *Round*, conglobatio.
The gathering of a sore, suppu-
ratio.
Gaudily, laute, nitide, splen-
didè.
Gaudiness, lautitia, nitor.
Gaudy, lautus, nitidus, splend-
idus.
Giant, gracilis, tenuis, exilis.
A gaimlet, manica militaris.
Wearing a gaimlet, manicatus.
Gay or gallant, comptus, lau-
tus.
To be gay, nitere, splendore.
To make gay, excolère, adorna-
re.
Gay [airy or brisk] alacer, hila-
ris.
Gaiety [cheerfulness] hilaritas,
festivitas.
Gaily [briskly] hilariter, hi-
lare. [Finely] nitide, splen-
didè.
Gaiety, nitor, splendor.
Gaze, obtutus, admiratio.
To gaze or gaze upon, aspec-
tare, intuentis oculis aspicere.
To gaze out of a window, exer-
tare.
To stand at a gaze, hesitare,
debitare.
A gazer, spectator.
Gaze, obtutus, admirans.
A gazette, nuntius publicus
scripsum.
A gazing-stock, spectaculum.
To stand gazing about, circum-
spectare, circumspicere.
To geld, castrare, evirare.
A gelded man, eunuchus, spado.
A gelder, qui castrat.
A gelding, castratio, eviratio.
A gelding [nag] cantherius,
manus.
A gelly, jus e carnibus elixis
concretum v. gelatum.
A gem, gemma.
Born gemelles [in heraldry] par
victum.
To gem, gemmare.
Gemote, curia centuriæ.
A gender, genus, n.
To gender, generare, parere.
A genealogy, familiarum origo.
Genealogical, ad generis de-
scriptionem pertinens.
A genealogist, genealogus.
General [universal] generalis,
universus, catholicus. *Fre-*
quent, frequens, quotidianus.
A general of an army, impera-
tor, dux.
To make one general, bello ali-
quem præficere.

The generality, plerique omnes,
pars maxima.
Generally [universally] uni-
verse, generatim. [Commonly]
fere, generaliter. *Generally*
to all, prorsus omnibus. [In
general] in universum.
To generate, generare, procre-
are; gignere.
A generating, generature, or
generation, generatio, genitu-
ra.
A generation [lineage] genus,
proles, prosapia. [Age] se-
culum, ætas.
The rising generation, adoles-
centes, pubes.
Generative, genialis.
Generic or generical, secundum
genus.
Generosity or generousness, mu-
nificentia animi; liberalitas.
Generous, generosus, magnifi-
cus, liberalis.
Generously, liberaliter, magni-
fice. *Very*, perliberaliter.
A genet, asturco, equus hispa-
nicus.
Genial, genialis, hilaris, lætus.
Genially, naturâ.
The genitals, genitalia, *pl.*
Genitive, genitivus. *Case*, pa-
trius casus v. secundus casus.
A genitor, genitor.
A genius, genius, indoles, inge-
nium, captus.
A good genius or capacity, mag-
nus ingenium. *Sublime*, præ-
stantissimum.
A good genius or spirit, bonus
genius. *An evil*, malus ge-
nius.
Genièl, honestus, elegans, ve-
nustus, lepidus.
A genièl family, sanguine ge-
neroso cretus.
Genièlly, venuste, concinne.
Genièlness, venustas, concinnita-
tas.
A gentil [maggot] termes, gal-
ba.
A gentile, ethnicus; deorum
cultor.
Gentilism, superstîtio ethnica.
Gentility, nobilitas.
Gentle [mild] lenis, mitis, man-
suetus, clemens. [Courteous]
humans, benignus, affabilis.
[Tame] cicur.
To grow gentle, mitescere.
To make gentle, mansuêficere.
A gentle gale, aura secunda v.
lenis.
Gentle and simple, nobiles et ig-
nobiles.
A gentleman, generosus.
An upstart gentleman, homo no-
vus. *A young gentleman*, ado-
lescentis nobilis. *A half gentle-*
man, ex alterâ parte ignobi-
lis.
A gentleman of the king's bed-
chamber, regia cubicularius.
Of a company, evocatus.

Of or like a gentleman, hones-
tus, liberalis, ingenuus.
A gentleman's estate, census e-
questria.
Of a gentleman-like race, ho-
nesto loco natus.
Gentlemanly [adv.] generose,
liberaliter.
Gentlemen of the first rank, op-
tinates, principes.
Gentleness, clementia, lenitas,
humanitas, indulgentia.
A gentlewoman, generosa, femi-
na nobilis. *A great gentlewo-*
man, domina, matrona illustis.
A mean gentlewoman, domina
e plebe sumpta.
Gently, leniter, clementer, hu-
maniter. [Softly or slowly]
lente, placide.
Gentry, nobilitas. *Of the meaner*
sort, nobilitas nova.
Genuine [natural] genuinus,
germanus, purus, putus.
Genuinely, naturaliter.
Genuineness, status naturalis.
A geographer, geographus.
Geographic, ad geographiam
pertinens.
Geographically, secundum geo-
graphiam.
Geography, geographia.
Geomancy, divinatio ex terrâ.
Geometrical, geometricus.
Geometrically, geometricè.
A geometrician, geometra v. ge-
ometres.
To geometrize, terram dimetiri.
Geometry, geometria, terrâ di-
mensio.
To germinate, germinare, eger-
minare.
Germination [shooting out] ger-
minatio.
Gests [deeds] gesta, *pl. acta*.
To gesticulate or make gestures,
gesticulari.
A gesture, gestus, status. *Un-*
comely, gestus indecorus.
Comely or graceful, dignitas.
Full of gesture, mimus, ludius.
To get, acquirere, adipisci,
consequi. *Aside*, away, or
gone, abire, secedere. *Ac-*
quainted with a person, cum ali-
quo familiaritatem confare.
Above or beyond, superare,
vincere. *Be spread abroad*,
in vulgus dimanare v. ema-
nuare. *Before*, anticipare,
prævertare, vincere. [Beget]
generare, procreare, gignere.
With child, gravidare. [Gain]
lucrari, lucrificare. *By en-*
treaty, exorare, impetrare. *Or*
pass by, præterire. *By labour*,
demerere. *Away from an*
enemy pursuing, eripere se
hosti. *Clear of a thing*, se ab
aliquâ re expedire v. liberare.
By heart, memoria mandare.
Off, evadere, effugere. *Ga-*
ther together, contrahere.
Come together, convenire coire.

A thing from one by questions, &c. explicari. A thing from one by force, aliquid ab aliquo extorquere. Break through, perumpere. Up [rise] surgere. Up upon, conscendere. Lift up, attollere, elevare. A getting, comparatio. Geigawo, nugæ, trice. Ghastful, horridus, tristis. Ghastliness, horror, pallor. Ghastly [dreadful] horrificus, terribilis. [Pale] pallidus. A ghastly countenance, facies cadaverosa. A ghost, spiritus, animâ. The Holy Ghost, Spiritus Sanctus, 1 aractus. To give up the ghost, supremum spiritum efflare. Ghosts of the dead, manes, umbre, spectra, pl. Ghostly counsel, consilium de rebus celestibus. A giant, gigas. A giantess, mulier staturâ gigantâ. Giantly, gigantic, or giant-like, gigantens. To gibber, barbare loqui. Giberish, mendicorum et nebulonum ex compacto sermo; barbaries. A gibbet, patibulum. To gibbet, suspendere. Gibble gabble, garrulitas, loquacitas. Gibbous, gibbus, gibbosus. A gibe, dictum, sauma, scomma. To gibe, illudere, subannare. A giber, dicax, acurra. Gibling, conviciosus, convicians. Giblingly, fastidioso. Giblets, ausuris trunculi. Giddiness, vertigo. Giddy [carelessly] negligenter, indiligenter. Giddy, giddy-brained, or giddy-headed, vertigine correptus. [Foolish, conceited] fatuus, ineptus. [Fickle] inconstans, levis. To be giddy, vertigine corripi. A gift, donum, munus. Due to merit, premium. A small gift, munusculum. A deed of gift [in law] factum. A new-year's gift or present upon a birthday, strena. A gift bestowed upon a stranger, xenium. A free gift, munus gratuitum. Gifts bestowed on the gods, donaria, pl. The gift of a prince, congiarium. To bestow gifts, munera donare. Agig, turbo. To giggle, effusæ ridere. A giggling, riuus effusus v. nimius. A gigot, tucetum. To gild, inaurare.

A gilder, inaurator. A gilding, auratura. A gill, hemina. Gill ale, cerevisia hederacea. The gills of fishes, branchiæ, pl. Gilt [money] pecunia, nummi, pl. A gimcrack, machina trivialis. A gimet, terebra. A gin, laqueus, tendicula. Ginger, zinziber. Ginger-bread, panis zinzibere conditus. Gingerly, pedetentim, levi pede. To tread gingerly, pedetentim incedere. To gingle, timbre, crepitare. A mere gingle of words, verba inania. To gingle in words, sermonem affectare. A gingling, tinnitus. A gipsy, mulier fatidica. To gird, cingere, ligare. About, circumcingere. Slack, cincturâ laxiore cingere. Under, succingere. Unto, accingere. A girding, cinctura. A girdle, cingulum, cingula; balteus. A marriage-girdle, ceatus. A sword-girdle, balteus v. balteum. Note, The singular of the former is more in use, and the plural of the latter. To undo a girdle, discingere. A girdler or girdle-maker, zonarius. A girl, puella; virgo. A little girl, puellula, virguncula. Girlish, virginialis, puellaris. To grow girlish, puellascere. Girlishly, more puellarum. A girth or girt, cingula, cinctorium. To girth, cingulo substringere. To give, dare, donare; largiri, tribuere. One like for like, par pari alicui referre. Assign, assignare. Amis, beneficium male collocare. Away, alienare. Bountifully, elargiri. Forth, divulgare. Deliver, tradere. Back or restore, reddere, retribuere. Ground, cedere; pedem referre. Ear, auscultare. Freely, condonare. Himself unto, dedere v. addicere. Into or approve of a design, consilium alicujus probare. Largely or liberally, largiri, elargiri. Over or put off, cessare, desistere, emittere. Fighting, pugna abistere. Over an office, magistratum deponere. Over from one to another, transdere, transcribere. An overlap, superingere. Out or distribute, distribuere, dispensare. Out or report, nuntiare, (lzo)

spargere. Part to another impartire. To understand, certiorare aliquid facere. On trouble, molestiam creare. On an argument, ab aliquo argumento desistere. Up one's right, de suo jure cedere. Way, cedere, concedere [Yield] præbere. A giver, dator, largitor. A lawgiver, legislator. A giving, donatio, largitio. Into or yielding to, concessio. Over or desisting, discessio derelictio, cessatio. Yielding up, cessio. Back, recessio. Up, deditio. The gizzard, avium ingluvies. Glad or gladsome, lætabilis, jucundus, hilaris. To be glad, gaudere, lætari. To be very glad, pergaudere. To glad, gladden, or make glad, lætificare, oblectare, exhilarare. Gladdening or making glad, lætificus, exhilarans. Gladly, læte, libenter. Gladness, lætitia, gaudium. A glade, interstitium silvatum. A glance, oculorum conjectus, intuitus. At the first glance, primo intuitu. To glance, leviter obtueri. Up on or give a hint of a thing innuere. Slide by, præterla bi. A glancing of the eye, oculi jactus. Glancingly, obiter. A gland or glandule, caruncula, glandula. The glands of the throat, tonsille. Full of glands, glandulosus. The glanders of a horse, glandularum in collo tumor. Glandiferous, glandifer. Glandulous, glandulosus. Glare, splendor. To glare, oculos perstringere. Glass, vitrum. Flint-glass, ex silice confectum. A drinking-glass, calix vitreus. A glass [draught of liquor] visus haustus. To drink off a glass, poculum exhaurire v. ebbire. An hour-glass, clepsydra. A looking-glass, speculum. A false-glass, speculum mendax. A burning-glass, vitrum quo res aliqua æstu solis accenditur. A dressing-glass, speculum vestiarium. A magnifying-glass, speculum res objectas augens. Of glass, vitreus. A glass-bottle, ampulla vitrea. A glass-house, vitreorum officina. A glass-maker or glass-blower, vitrarius, vitri confector

Glass-making, vitri conflatio.
Glass-ware, vitrea, pl.
A perspective-glass, conspiciendum.
Clear as glass, vitreus, pellucidus.
Glassy, vitreus.
To glaver or fawn, blandiri.
A glavering, blanditiæ, pl. verborum lenocinia.
To glaze a pot, incrustare.
Windows, vitro instruere.
Earthen vessels, vasa fictilia liquore quodam ad nitorem afferendum linere.
To glaze or polish, polire.
A glazed pot, olla fictilis tectorio vitreo incrustata.
A glazier or glazier, qui vitros fenestras instruit.
A glazing, vitri inductio.
A glaze, milvus.
A gleam, jubar, fulgur.
Gleaming, gleamy, coruscans.
To glean corn, spicas a mesoribus derelictas legere.
Grapes, berries, &c. racemari.
A gleaming, spicilegium.
The gleennings or leavings of a thing, reliquæ.
A globe, gleba. *Globe land*, prædium sacerdotale.
Glee [merry] hilaris, lætus. [Mirth] hilaritas, lætitia.
Gleeful, hilaris, lætus.
A gleet or the running of a sore, ennie, tabum.
Glib, levis, lubricus.
His tongue runs very glib, lingua volubilitate plurimum pollet.
Glibly, lubrice, volubilter.
Glibness, volubilitas.
To glide, labi, prolabi. *Along*, ambulare.
A glider, qui prolabitur.
A gliding, lapsus, prolapsio.
To glimmer, subluere.
Glimmering, sublustris.
A glimmering light, lux dubia v. crepera.
A glimpse or flash of light, coruscatio.
To have but a slight glimpse of a thing, aliquid per caliginem videre.
To glister or glisten, micare, coruscare, rutilare.
Glistening, rutilus, coruscus, fulgidus.
A glistering, coruscatio.
To glitter, coruscare, fulgere, nitere.
Glittering, coruscus, fulgidus, incidos.
A glittering, fulgor, coruscatio.
Glitteringly, splendide, nitide.
To gloat, limis oculis aspicere.
Gloat fat, adeps nauseam faciens.
A globe, globus, sphaera. *A globeule*, globulus.
Globe-like, spheroides.
Globous, globular, globose, globulous, globous, rotundus.

Gloominess, gloom, obscuritas, caligo.
Glooming, gloomy, obscurus, caliginosus.
Gloomily, horride, auster.
Glorification, laudatio.
Glorified, laudatus.
To glorify, laudare, celebrare, laudibus efferre.
A glorifying, celebratio.
Glorious, gloriosus, indyctus.
Vain-glorious, gloriosus, ambitiosus.
Gloriously, gloriose, eximie.
Vain, elate, jactanter.
Glory, decus, splendor, gloria.
To acquire glory, gloriam acquirere, adipisci.
A little glory, gloriola.
Vain-glory, ostentatio, jactantia, ambitio.
To hunt after vain-glory, luanem gloriam aucupari.
To glory, gloriar.
A glorying, gloriatio.
Glorying, gloriosus, ventosus.
A gloss [exposition] commentarius.
A false gloss, depravatio.
A gloss, glossiness [lustre] fulgor.
To gloss on gloss upon, commentari, interpretari.
To set a gloss upon, lævigare, polire.
A glossary, glossarium.
A glosser [expounder] interpretæ.
A glossing or setting a gloss upon, lævigatio.
Glossy, nitidus, expolitus.
A glove, manica, chirotheca.
The finger of a glove, digitale.
Gloved or having gloves, manicatus.
A Glover, manicarum venditor.
To glout [look dugged] stomachari.
Glouting, stomachosus, torvus.
A glouting, torvitas.
Glove, color vividus v. rubicundior.
To glow, candere, calere.
A glowing coal, pruna.
To become glowing hot, candescere.
To glaze or flatter, blandiri, verborum lenocinis permulcere.
A glazer, adulator, palpator.
Glozing, blandiens, palpaus.
A glozing, aduatiatio, palpatio.
Glue, gluten.
To glue, glutinare. Together, conglutinare.
A gluer, glutinator.
A gluing together, conglutinatio.
Gluish, gluey, or glutinous, glutinosus.
A glut, satias, satietas.
To glut, satiare, saturare; expleri.
Not to be glutted or satisfied,

insaturabilis, insatiabilis, inexplebilis.
A glutting, expletio.
A glutton, gulosus, belluo, lurco.
To play the glutton, comissari; heluari.
Gluttonous, gulosus, edax, gula serviens.
Gluttonously, cum vehementi voracitate.
Gluttony, voracitas; ingluvies.
To gnarl, ringere.
To gnash the teeth, dentibus frendere.
The noise made by gnashing the teeth, dentium stridor.
A gnat, culex. A fen-gnat, palustris. A wine-gnat, vinarius.
To gnaw, rodere, mordere. A little, arrodere, admordere. About, circumrodere. Off, rodere. Through, perrodere. Upon a thing or be vexed at it, propter aliquid secum stomachari.
A gnawer, arrosor.
A gnawing, rosio. Pain, verminatio.
Gnawings of conscience, stimuli conscientie.
The gnawing of the guts, intestinum tormina.
To go, ire, vadere, gradi, proficisci. About, circumire. To encompass [to] ambire. *About to do, facessere. About business, aggredi, conari, moliri. About the bush, circuitione v. longis ambagibus, uti. Abroad, prodire. After, sequi. Against, adversari, repugnare. Apace, properare. Along with, deducere, comitari. Aside, discedere. Away with, auferre, abripere. Aunder, seorsim proficisci. Awry, obliquare. Back or backward, recedere, regredi. Backward and forward, obambulare. Back from his word or bargain, pacti non stare. Before, præcedere, prægredi. [Outgo] prævertere. In governing, præesse. Behind, pone sequi. Between, intervenire. Beyond [pass over] transire. Beyond or excel another in a thing, aliquem aliquâ re superare. Beyond [defraud or overreach] aliquem circumvenire. By, præterire. Down, descendere. Down, as the sun, occidere. Fair and softly, lente incedere. For a thing or fetch it, petere. Forth, proflre. Forward, pergere. Forward [profit] proficere. A foot-pace, pedetentim incedere. From, discedere. From one place to another, commigrare. Nicely, Junonum incedere. In or into, intrare,*

introyre, ingredi. *To meet one*, alicui obviam procedere. *Near*, accedere, appropinquare. *Off or away*, abscedere, discedere. *Off*, as a commodity, venire. *vendi*, *Off*, as a gun, displod. *Often*, itare. *Unio*, frequentare. *On*, pergere. *On an embassy*, legationem obire. *On a pilgrimage*, peregrinari religionis ergo. *Over*, transire. *A river*, tranare. *Over again* (in measuring) remetiri. *Out*, exire, prodire. *Out her time*, as a female, partum maturum edere, menses exigere. *Out*, as fire, extingui. *Out of the way*, e via excedere. *Quickly*, properare, accelerare. *Round*, circumire. *Softly*, ambulare. *Before*, præambulare. *A snail's pace*, repere, reptare. *To*, adire, accedere. *To see*, videre. *To and fro or up and down*, commearare. *Together*, comitari. *Through*, pervadere, penetrare. *Under*, subire. *Up*, ascendere. *Upon*, supergredi, calcare. *Upon sure grounds*, firmis argumentis niti. *By water*, navigare. *Without*, carere. *Go to*, age, agetum. *A goad*, stimulus. *To goad*, stimulare. *Through*, destimulare. *A goal*, meta. *The goar of a garment*, vestis lacinia. *Goaring*, as a sail, oblique acisus. *A goat*, caper, hircus. *A she goat*, capra. *A little goat*, capella. *A young goat*, hædus. *A wild goat*, rupicapra. *Of a goat*, caprinus, hircinus. *A goat-herd*, caprarius. *A goat's beard*, aruncus, spirillum. *A stable for goats*, caprilo. *Goat-footed*, capripes. *Of the kind of goats*, caprigenus. *Goatish*, hircous. *Or lecherous*, salax, libidinosus. *A gob or gobbet*, offa major, frustum. *A little gobbet*, offella, frustulum. *At one gobbet*, uno morsu. *In gobbets*, frustatum, minutatum. *Full of gobbets*, frustulentus. *To gobble up*, devorare; tuburcinari. *A gobbler*, vorax. *A goblet*, crater, cratera. *A great goblet*, pateru. *Goblins*, larvæ, pl. lemures. *God*, Deus. *A goddess*, dea. *God be with you*, vale. *By God's leave or help*, Deo volente v. juvante.

God forbid, absit; prohibeat v. avertat Deus. *God grant*, faxit Deus. *God save you*, salve, salvus sis. *God speed you*, ave. *God bless you*, Deus tibi bene faxit. *The Godhead*, Divinitas. *Godless*, impius, atheus. *Of God*, Divinus. *Household gods*, lares, penates. *A godfather*, susceptor. *A godmother*, suscepatrix. *A godson*, filius lustricus. *A god-daughter*, filia lustrica. *Godliness*, pietas, sanctitas. *Godly*, pius, religiosus. *Godlike*, religiose, sancte, caste. *A godwit* (bird) attagen. *A goer barefoot*, nudipes. *One that goes before*, antecessor. *Going*, lucedens. *A going*, incessus. *About*, ambitus. *Away*, abitus, discessio. *Out of the way*, erratio. *Back*, reditus. *Before*, prægressio. *Aside*, digressio. *Down*, descensus. *Forth*, processio. *Forward*, progressio. *From*, digressio. *In*, ingressio, introitus. *Out*, egressus. *To*, accessus, aditus. *Up*, ascensus. *From one place to another*, commigratio. *On pilgrimage*, peregrinatio religionis ergo. *To goggle*, transverse intueri. *Goggle-eyed*, magnos oculos habens. *Gold*, aurum. *A gold-mine*, aurifodina, auraria. *Gold ore*, aurum crudum. *Fined*, aurum excoctum. *In ingots*, aurum infectum. *Wrought*, aurum factum. *Leaf*, aurum bractentum. *In grains*, balux. *Coined*, aurum signatum. *Spangle*, aurum bractentum. *Gold money*, nummi aurei. *Of gold*, aureus. *Base gold or painter's gold*, auripigmentum. *Gold foil*, bractea. *Thread*, aurum filum. *Wire*, aurum ductile. *Gold foam*, spuma auri. *A gold-beater*, auri foliacei ductor. *A gold-finder*, foricarum evacuandiarum conductor; foricarum redemptor. *A gold-fuer*, auri purgandi artifex. *A goldsmith*, aurifex. *To melt gold*, aurum confiare. *Golden or golden-coloured*, aureus, aureolus. *Gone with child*, gravida v. prægnans. *Gone in drink or liquor*, temulentus. *He is far gone in years*, ætate proventus est.

Good, bonus. *To have a good mind to do a thing*, aliquid agere cupere. *A good deal*, quantitas satis magna. *A good many*, bene multi. *Good for something*, rei alicui utilis. *For nothing*, inutilis. *Much good may it do you*, pro sit tibi; sit saluti; bene sit tibi. *By my good will*, quoad possum. *For good and all*, omnino, prorsus. *A man good at every thing*, omnium scenarum homo. *In good faith*, hercle, serio. *If you think good*, si tibi visum fuerit. *Good* [profit, advantage] lucrum, commodum. [*Honest*] probus, integer. *To do good*, benefacere. *To make good*, compensare, præstare. *Making good*, restitutio, compensatio. *To make good his words*, fidem liberare. *If you shall think good*, si tibi placuerit. *To make good by arguments*, clara argumentis probare. *To do good for evil*, beneficentia maleficia pensare. *To do good*, in a distemper mederi v. prodesse. *To be of good cheer*, bono animo esse. *A good fellow*, combo; compotor, comissator. *Goods*, bona, pl. res; facultates, fortune, pl. opes; res familiaris. *Proper to one's self*, peculium. *Immovable*, res solidæ, possessiones. *Coming by inheritance*, bona hæreditaria. *Goodly*, speciosus, egregius. *Goodliness*, species, decor. *The good man of the house*, paterfamilias. *The good wife of the house*, materfamilias. *Goodness*, bonitas, probitas. *Goody*, corr. from *Good wife*. *A goose*, anser. *A young goose or gosling*, anserculus. *A goose-cap or silly person*, fatuus, ineptus. *A mere goose*, cap, autronius animus. *A green goose*, anserculus. *A stubble goose*, anser autumnalis. *Goose-giblets*, anserum exta. *The cry of a goose*, anseris clangor. *A tailor's goose*, sartoris ferrum pressorium. *Of a goose*, anserinus. *A gooseberry*, groesulum acinus. *A gooseberry-bush*, groesularia. *Gore or gore blood*, cruor, tabum.

To pore, perforare, transfigere.
A gorge [guilet] *Jugulus, jugulum.*
To gorge, exsaturare, exsatiare.
Gorgeous, nitidus, splendidus, mollis.
To be gorgeous, nitere, resplendere.
Gorgeously, magnifice, molliter, delicate. *Clad, splendide vestitus.*
Gorgeousness, magnificentia, splendor.
A gorgel, mamillare.
A little gorgel, strophilolum.
To gormandise, vorare, comissari.
A gormandiser, helluo, lurco.
Gory, cruentus, cruentatus.
The gospel, evangelium.
To preach the gospel, evangelium predicare.
Of the gospel, evangelicus.
A gospeler, qui evangelium legit in ecclesiâ cathedrali.
Goss or gorse, genieta spinosa.
A drinking gossip, compotrix.
A gadding gossip, ambulatrix.
A tattling or prating gossip, mulier loquax.
To gossip, computatione et loquacitate tempus conterere.
A gossiping, matralia, um. n.
To govern, gubernare, imperare, moderari. *A family, rem familiarem administrare.*
Guide, ducere. Manage himself, se gerere. *The state, summam rerum administrare.*
A province, provinciam procurare. *A ship, navem gubernare.* *As a king, regnare.*
To be governed by [in grammar] *regi, conaqui.*
Governable, tractabilis, morigerus.
Governance, regimen, gubernatio.
To have the governance of, præsidere, præesse.
A holy governance, Imperium sacrum.
A prerivance by one, unius imperium. *By the people, imperium populare.* *By the nobles, optimatum administratio.*
A governess or goverante, gubernatrix, dictatrix.
A governing, gubernatio, administratio.
A government, regnum, imperium.
To take the government upon himself, rempublicam capere.
Arbitrary government, dominatio; summum imperium.
The government of a family, rei familiaris administratio.
Self-government or conduct, sui præseas.
One that has no government of himself, sui impotus.

The government of the tongue, lingue moderatio. *Of a state or city, politia.*
Government [in grammar] *regimen.*
A governor, gubernator, imperator, moderator, regiator.
In chief, princeps, dynastes.
Of a country, præfectus, procurator.
To be chief governor, rerum potiri.
Governors, proceres, pl. magistratus.
A gourd, cucurbita. *A great gourd, pepo.*
Of or like gourds, cucurbitinus.
The gout [joint-gout] *articulorum dolor, morbus articularis.*
To have the gout, articulorum dolore laborare.
The gout in the hand, chiragra.
In the hips, ischias. *In the feet, podagra.* *In the knees, gonagra.*
Gouty or having the gout, articulorum dolore laborans.
In the feet, podager, podagrosus.
A gown, toga, vestis. *A little gown, togula.* *A lawyer's gown, toga forensis.* *A morning or night gown, toga domestica v. cubicularis.* *A gown reaching down to the feet, vestis talaris.* *A woman's gown, palla, stola.* *A frize gown, toga villosa.* *A summer gown, toga rasa.*
Gowned or wearing a gown, togatus.
A little gownsmen, togatulus.
To grabble, contractare.
A grabbing, contractatio.
Grace [virtue] *gratia.*
By the grace of God, Deo favente.
A grace in carriage or speech, decor, venustas, dignitas.
To do a thing with a good grace, cum venustate et dignitate aliquid agere.
Grace at meals, gratiarum actio.
To say grace before meat, mensam consecrare. *After meat, gratias agere.*
Grace [favour] *gratia, favor, benignitas.*
To be in the good graces of a person, apud aliquem plurimum gratiâ pollere.
To gain the good graces of a person, alicujus gratiam sibi concillare.
Grace [pardon] *venia, gratia.*
An act of grace, lex oblivionis.
A grace [privilege] *privilegium.* *In speaking, facundia; lepor.*
With a good grace, decore, venuste. *Without grace, ludecenter, incondite.*
A person of ill grace, homo inconditus, inconditus.

The grace-cup, poculum caritatis.
To grace, condecorare, exornare.
Graced or graceful, condecoratus, ornatus, exornatus.
A graceful discourse, sermo venustus.
Gracefully, decore, decenter.
Attired, nitide vestitus.
Gracefulness in personage corporis venustas. *In discourse or speech, sermonis lepor.*
Graceless or past grace, impudens, peritius.
The graces, gratia.
Gracious, acceptus, gratosus. [Favourable] *benignus, comis.*
To be gracious with a person, alicui gratus esse; apud aliquem plurimum gratiâ polere.
Graciously, amanter, amice, benevole.
Graciousness, amicitia, benevolentia.
A gradation, gradatio.
Gradual, per gradum.
Gradually, gradatim.
A graduate, gradum aliquem adeptus.
To graduate, ad gradum admittere.
A graduate's hood, epitogium.
A graft or graft, insitum. *A young graft, surculus.*
To graft or graft, inserere. *Between, intererere.* *By approach, pullariam insitionem adhibere.*
Of a graft, surcularius.
A grafter or grafter, insitor, sator.
A grafting, insitio, inoculatio.
Grain [all sorts of corn] *frumentum.*
A grain, granum.
To reduce into grains, conterere.
Grains of metal, metalli semina.
The grain of wood, pecten, stamen.
Grain to dye with, coccus, coccum.
A grain [in weight] *granum.*
The weight of two grains, chalcus. *Of four grains, siliqua.*
Of twelve grains, obolus. *Of fourteen grains, scrupulus.*
The grain of leather, &c. fibrarum rectitudo; corii rugæ.
To give a grain to leather, corium rugare.
Against the grain [unwillingly] *invitâ Minervâ.*
Grained or veined, crispus.
Bearing grains, granifer.
Grains after brewing, hordei in zythum macerati reliquæ.
To give grains of allowance, minora delicta excusare.
Grainy or full of grains, granosus, granatus.
A grammar [book] *grammatica.*

The art of grammar, ars grammatica.
A grammarian, grammaticus.
A mean or young grammarian, grammaticus.
Grammatical, grammaticus.
Grammatically, grammaticus.
A granary, granarium, horreum.
Grand, grandis, ingens.
A grandson, nepos.
A grand-daughter, neptis.
A great grandchild, pronepos, proneptis.
A grandfather or grandsire, avus.
A great grandfather, proavus.
A great grandfather's father, abavus.
A great grandfather's grandfather, alavus.
A great grandfather's great grandfather, vitavus.
A grandmother, grannam, or grandame, avia.
A great grandmother, proavia.
The grand inquest, inquisitio major.
A grande, optimas.
Grandeur, amplitudo, magnificentia, majestas.
A grange or farm, villa, prædium, granarium.
A grant, concessio, permissio. Or thing granted, concessum.
To grant, concedere, permittere. Acknowledge, fateri, non negare. By nodding, annuere.
To take for granted, pro concessio sumere.
To be taken for granted, in concessio esse.
A grantee, beneficiarius.
A granter, donator.
A granting, concessio, consensus.
A grape, uva. Red, rubella. White, aminea.
Early grapes, uvæ præcoces.
Sour, acerbæ, immites. Muscadine, apianæ.
A bunch or cluster of grapes, racemus.
The juice of unripe grapes, omphacium.
To gather grapes, vindemiare.
A grape-gatherer, vindemiator, vindemitor. A gathering, vindemiatio.
Of grape-gathering, vindemiatorius.
Bearing grapes, uvifer, racemifer.
A grape-stone, acinus; acinum.
A grape-flower, hyacinthus.
Graphical, accuratus, graphicus.
Graphically or to the life, accuratus, graphice.
A grapple or grappling-iron, harpago, manus terreæ.
To grapple, comprehendere, corripere. A ship, navem

unco infixo apprehendere. With, oblectari, configere.
A grappling or contending with, conflictus, certamen.
A grasp, pugillum, pugillus.
To grasp, manu comprehendere. At, capture, aucupari.
A grasper at, qui aliquid capiat v. aucupatur.
Grasping or covetous, avarus.
Grasping at honour or ambitious, ambitiosus.
Grass, gramin, herba.
Bearing grass, herbifer.
Going on the grass, herbigradus.
Of grass, herbaceus, gramineus.
Grassy or full of grass, graminosus, herbosus, herbidosus.
A grass-hopper, locusta. Note, Cicada, which is commonly rendered a grass-hopper, is affirmed by Naturalists to be an insect of a far different make from a grass-hopper, and peculiar to hot countries, usually sitting on trees, and singing so loud, that it may be heard afar off.
A grass-plot, viridarium.
A fire-grate, craticula ignis; crates.
A lattice grate, clathrus, clathrum.
To grate, radere. The ears, aures perstringere. The teeth, dentibus frondere. Small, radula comminuere. [Vex one] offendere, obtundere. With a lattice or grate up, clathrare. Upon one another, stringere. Crumble into, infriare, intertere. Or fortify with grates, vectibus munire.
Grating, mordax.
A grater, radula.
A grating, rasura.
Grateful [agreeable, pleasant] jucundus, acceptus. [Thankful] gratus.
To be grateful, gratum se præbere.
Gratefully [agreeably, pleasantly] jucunde, suaviter. [Thankfully] grate, grato animo.
Gratefulness [agreeableness] jucunditas, suavitas. [Thankfulness] gratus animus.
To gratify [oblige], gratificari, munerari, obsequi. [Indulge] indulgere. One's luxury, &c. luxuriæ, &c. indulgere. Requite one, munerari, compensare.
A gratifying or gratification, [obliging] gratificatio.
A grating [shutting up with grates] vectium v. clathrorum oblectio.
Gratis, gratuitously [freely] gratis, gratuito.
Gratitude, animus gratus.
Gratuitous, gratuitus.
A gratuity, præmium, donum.

To gratulate, gratulari. Via. Congratulate.
A gratulation, gratulatio.
Gratulatory, gratulabundus.
Grave [serious] gravis, severus.
A grave accent, accentus gravis.
Grave in speech, cum gravitate loquens. In sound, gravis. In dress or colour, modestus.
Grave or sad, tristis.
Gravely, graviter, severe.
A grave, sepulchrum, tumulus.
Graveless, insepultus.
To lay in the grave, tumulare, sepelire.
An empty grave, inanis tumulus.
Of a grave, sepulchralis.
A grave-digger, tumulorum fossor.
Grave-clothes, fasciæ, institiæ.
A grave-stone, cippus.
A grave [earl] coraes.
To grave or engrave, sculptere.
A graver or engraver, sculptor.
A graver [graving-tool] cæulum.
To grave a ship, navem purgare et denuo ungere.
Gravel, sabulum, sabulo.
Small gravel, glareæ, scrupulus.
A gravel-walk, ambulacrum sabulo instratum.
To gravel or spread over with gravel, sabulo internere.
To gravel or perplex one, homini scrupulum injicere.
Full of gravel, glareosus, scrupulosus.
A gravel-pit, sabuletum; arenarium, pl.
Gravel in the reins, calculus.
The pain of the gravel, dolor renum.
To be afflicted with the gravel, calculo v. arenâ laborare.
To be graveled [perplexed] hesitare, dubitare.
A graveling question, quæstio difficilis.
Gravelly, sabulosus.
Graven, sculptus.
A graven image, imago sculptilis.
Graveness. See Gravity.
To gravitate, ponderare.
Gravitation, ponderatio.
Gravity [weight] gravitas, pondus. Of carriage or looks, gravitas, severitas frontis.
Gravy of meat, succus, cremor.
Full of gravy, succi plenus.
Gray [with age] canus.
Of a gray colour, cinereus.
Dapple gray, subalbicans, niger albo distinctus.
Grown gray, candidus.
Full of gray hairs, canis sparvus.
Gray-eyed, cæsius.
To grow gray, canescere.
To graze, pascere, depascere.
As a bullet, strictim attingere.

Græzier, pecuarius, armentarius.
Grease [fat] adeps. *Dripping, liquamen.* For wheels, axungia.
To grease, ungere. The fat, largitione aliquem corrumpere.
Greased [fat] pinguis. [Smear'd with grease] unguine et adipe oblitus.
A greasy fellow, lixa.
Greasily or nastily, squalide, sordide.
Greasiness, pinguitudo.
The greasiness of wool, lanarum succidant illuvies.
A greasing, inunctio.
Great [large] magnus, grandis, vaxus. [Remarkable] insignis. Violent, violentus.
Exceedingly great, ingens, immanens.
To make great or advance, tollere, evehere.
Great with one, familiaris, intimus.
Great or grievous, gravis, durus.
A great deal, vis magna.
A great many, plures, plurimi.
Pretty great or somewhat great, grandiuaculus.
Great men, optimates, primores.
To grow great, grandescere, augescere.
Very great, prægrandis.
To take work by the great, opus integrum condito pretio suscipere.
A taker of work by the great, redemptor operis integri condito pretio.
A taking work by the great, redemptio operis integri condito pretio.
To sell by the great, in solidum vendere.
A great auditory, concio frequens. Cause, causa magni momenti. *Commendation, eximiosa laus.* Estate, lautum patrimonium. *Friend, amicus summus.* House, domus magnifica. *Reason, gravis causa.* Silence, altum silentium.
A man of a great age, grandis ætas, grandævus, longævus.
The great toe, hallux.
Great in number, numerosus.
How great, quantas. So great, tantus. *How great soever, quantumcunque.* As great as may be, quantumvis, quantum quantus.
Great and ill proportioned, vengrandia, enormis.
To make great, augere.
A man of very great valour, fortissimus, vir maximus factis.
Of very great ability, vis summa facultatis.
Greater, major. Somewhat greater, majusculus. *Greatest, maximus, summus, supremus.*

Greatly, valde, magnopere, vehementer. Very greatly, admodum, maxime, plurimum. *How greatly, quantopere.* So greatly, tantopere.
Greatness, magnitudo, amplitudo. Of honour, auctoritas. Of spirit, altitudo animi.
Excessive greatness, vastitas, immensitas.
Greatness with, familiaritas.
Greaves, ocreæ.
Greedy [covetous] avidus, cupidus; avarus. [Hungry] vorax. [Ravenous] rapax. Of honour, ambitiosus.
To be greedy of, avide concupiscere.
Greeditly, avide, cupide; avarè; sititenter.
Greediness [covetousness] avaritia. In eating, voracitas.
To play the Grecian, Græcari.
A Grecian, Græca vox v. locutio.
The Greek tongue, lingua Græca.
To speak Greek, Græce loqui.
A merry Greek [corr. grig] Græculus festivus; caput.
Green [in colour] viridis, prasinus. A light green, color læte virens. A pale green, viride pallens. Sea-green, marius. As green as grass, herbaceus, gramineus. Leek-green, prasinus. [Fresh] recens, novus. A green wound, vulnus crudum. [Not ripe] immaturus, immittis.
A green place or plat, viretum, viridarium.
Ever-green, semper virens.
A green-house, plantarum repositoryum.
To be green, virere.
To begin to be green or to become green, virescere.
To dye or make green, to-green, viridi colore tingere.
Greenish or pretty green, viridans, subviridis.
Greenly, viride.
Greenness, viriditas, viror.
To greet, salutare. One another, consalutare.
A greeter, saluator, salutatrix.
A greeting, salutatio.
To send greeting, per literas aut nuntium salutare.
A grenado, ignea glans missilis.
To gride, secure.
A gridiron, craticula.
To broil on a gridiron, in craticula ferrea torrere.
Grief, dolor, mæror, sollicitudo, tristitia.
Full of grief, mæstus, tristitia.
To take grief, offendi, ægritudinem suscipere.
To pine away with grief, tristitia tabescere.
A grievance, injuria, offensio.
To redress grievances, peccata corrigere.

To grieve or trouble, contristare; molestare, vexare, cruciare. Or be grieved, dolere, mærire; condolere.
It grieves me, piget. Heartily, id me magnopere cruciat.
Grievingly, ægre, luctuose.
Grievous, gravis, molestus, infestus.
Somewhat grievous, submolestus, subgravis. Very grievous, pergravis.
To make more grievous, exaggarare.
Grievously, graviter, ægre. Somewhat, submoleste. Very, pergraviter.
To take a thing grievously, molestè v. ægre aliquid ferre.
Grievousness, acerbitas, atrocitas.
A grig, anguilla.
Grim or grim-faced, tetricus, torvus.
A grimace, oris depravatio.
To make grimaces, oris fæde distorquere.
Grimly, austere, truculenter.
Grimness, austeritas, torvitas.
To grime, denigrare.
A grin or grin [snare] laqueus.
A grin or grinning [distortion of the face] oris distortio.
To grin, ruihi.
A grin or laugh, risus sardoniacus.
To grin or laugh, sardonice mridere.
A grinner, qui rictum diducit.
A grinning, rictus distortio.
Grinningly, per rictulum.
To grind corn, frumentum molere. To powder, in pulverem conterere. *With every wind, tempori servire.* On a grindstone, acutere, exacutere. In a mortar, contundere. *The teeth, dentibus frendere.* With the teeth, mandere. Colours, colores terre. *The face of the poor, pauperes opprimere.*
A grinder of corn, qui frumentum molit.
A grinder of colours, colorum tritor.
The grinders [teeth] dentes molares.
A grinding, molitura.
Toll for grinding, emolumentum.
A grinding on a stone, exacuatio.
A grindstone, cos versatilis.
A grip or small ditch, fossula.
A gripe [handful] manipulus.
A gripe or gripping of the belly, tormina, pl. verminatio.
Gripes of conscience, angor conscientie.
To gripe or lay hold of, capere, prehendere, arripere. As pain does, pervellere. *Covetously, tenaciter pecuniam tenere.*

Griped in the belly, torminosus; colicus.
A gripping usurer, parcus, tenax, avarus.
Gristly or hideous, horribilis, terribilis.
Grist, farina molenda.
A grist-mill, mola molendinaria.
Gristled, horridulus.
Gristly, cartilagineus.
Full of gristles, cartilagineus.
Grit, arena, sabulum.
Grith-breach, pacis violatio.
Grith-stole [a sanctuary] pacis sedes.
Gritty, arenosus; arenaceus, sabulosus.
Grizzled, subalbicans.
A groan or groaning, suspirium, gemitus.
To groan, gemere, ingemiscere, congemere.
Groanful, luctuosus, tristis.
Groats, farina avenacea crassior.
A groat, drachma. *A groat's worth*, drachme pretium.
A grocer, qui piper, saccharum, &c. vendit.
The groin, inguen.
A groom, agaso. *Of the chamber*, cubicularius. *Of the stable*, stabularius. *Of the stole to the king*, nobilis primarius a regio cubiculo.
The groom porter of the king's household, janitor regius.
A groove [in joinery] stria.
To groove, striare.
To grope, attrahere, prætentare, palpari. *To grope out*, expare.
A groper, palpator.
A groping, palpatio.
Gross [thick] spissus. [*Thick and burly*] crassus, corpulentus. *Flat*, pinguis, obesus.
The gross of, pars princeps.
To grow gross, pinguescere. *To make gross*, pinguefacere.
A gross or twelve dozen, duodecies duodecini.
In the gross, in toto, per satiram.
Grossly, crasse, impolite.
Grossness, crassitudo, sagina.
The grossness of a crime, flagitii atrocitas.
Grotesque [in painting, &c.] promiscua formarum inter se non convenientium pictura.
A grot or grotto [vault] antrum, crypta. *A little grot*, spelæum.
A grove, locus, nemus. *A young grove*, frutetum.
Full of groves, nemorosus, saluosus.
To grovel on the ground, humi prostratus serpere.
The ground, terra, humus, solum.
On the ground, terrestris.

Under ground, subterraneus.
The ground of a thing, fundamentum.
To be aground, as a ship, in vado hære.
To run a ship aground, navem in terram impingere.
To break ground, terram fodere.
To gain ground, [come nearer] propius adesse, appropinquare. [*Have the better*] superare.
To lose ground [be worsted] superari, vinci.
To go on sure grounds, bonis consiliis niti.
To lay even with the ground, solo æquare.
A plat of ground, fundus, ager.
An even plat, area. *A little ground*, agellus.
On the ground, humi.
Flat on the ground, pronus humi.
To stick fast on the ground, as a ship, vadiis infigi.
To ground a person in an art or science, aliquam artem v. scientiam docere.
To ground upon or trust to, niti; fondare.
To ground or establish, sancire.
To ground a ship, navem subducere.
The grounds of drink, sedimentum, fæx.
Groundless or groundlessly, sine justâ causâ.
Groundlessness, injustitia.
The grounds of a house, inferum limen.
To group, constipare, commiscere.
Grout [wort] cerevisie azyma.
To grow [increase] crescere, accrescere. *Rise or spring up* [either in a proper or metaphorical sense] oriri, exoriri, nasci. *About*, circumnasci. *Again*, recrescere, renasci. *Become*, fieri, evadere. *Among*, internasci. *Bigger*, adaugescere. *Cheap*, luxare, vilescere. *Dearer*, carior fieri. *Handsome*, venustior. *In flesh or grow fat*, pinguescere. *Or become friends*, in gratiam redire. *Heavy*, ingravescere. *Humble*, superbiam abjicere. *In fashion or use*, inolescere, invalescere. *In grace*, virtute adolescere. *In length*, promittere. *Together*, coalescere, concrecere. *As a broken bone*, conferbere, conferrere. *Over or upon*, nasci. *Under*, succrescere. *Up unto*, accrescere. *Up in age or stature*, adolescere. *Or spring up*, assurgere, enasci. *Up to man's estate*, pubescere, adolescere.
It grows day, appetit dies.

It grows late or towards evening, advesperascit.
A growing or increase, incrementum.
Fine growing weather, tempestas ad fruges producenda idonea.
Note, *Grow or become* is often included in the verb; as, *To grow pale*, palleescere. *To grow cold*, frigescere, &c. *To be grown* [become] fieri.
Growth, incrementum.
To growl, murmurare.
A grouse or heath-cock, tetrao.
A grub [sort of worm] lumbricus. [*Dwarf*] nanus.
To grub up, extirpare, eradicare. *Weeds*, averruncare; sarrire.
A grubbing axe or hoe, runeina sarculum.
A grudge, odium, simultas.
To grudge or repine, obmurmurare.
The grudge of a disease, commotivcula, morbi impetus.
A grudge of conscience, mentis male sibi consilii morsus.
To grudge another man any thing, invidere.
To keep a grudge in one's mind, mente dolorem premere.
A secret grudge, simultas.
To bear a grudge, similitate exercere. *Or spite*, odiasse.
Bearing a grudge, invidus, malignus.
A grudging, invidia, livor.
Grudgingly, gravate, ægre, moleste.
Grudgings or gurgeons [remains] reliquæ, pl.
Gruel or water-gruel, pulmentum. *Barley-gruel*, polenta hordeacea, pisanarium.
Gruff or grum, tetricus, torvus.
Gruffly or grumly, tetrico vultu, truculenter.
To grumble, murmurare; fremere.
A grumbler, qui murmurat.
A grumbling, murmuratio.
Grumbling in sound, raucus.
To grunt or grunlike, grunnire.
A grunting, grunnitus, subatus.
To make a grunting, perfringere.
A griffin, gryps, gryphus.
A guarantee, sponsor.
To guarantee a treaty, ut fœdus præstetur in se recipere.
A guard, custodia. *Of soldiers*, præsidium.
A strong guard, præsidium firmissimum.
The king's guards or life-guards, regii satellites. *The advanced guard*, excubitores. *The foot guards*, satellites pedestres. *The horse*, equestris.
A yeoman of the guards, satellites, stipator.
A company of the guards, cor-

pora regū stipatorum cohors.
 A captain of the *guards*, satel-
 litum prefectus.
 The *guard* or *hilt* of a sword,
 capulus v. manubrium gladii.
 To *mount* or *be upon guard*, ex-
 cubare; vigilas agere.
 To *set* or *fix the guard*, excu-
 bias in statione collocare. To
 relieve the *guard*, stationum
 vias permutare.
 To *stand upon his guard*, se ar-
 mas defendere.
 To *guard against*, ab aliquā re
 cavere.
 To *guard* or *attend upon*, sti-
 pare. [Protect] defendere.
 [Secure] custodire.
 A *guarder*, stipator.
 A *guardian*, tutor; rector.
 A *guarding* [accompanying]
 stipatio. [Protecting] defen-
 sio, conservatio.
 A *guarding against*, cautio.
 A *guardship*, tutela.
Guardless, non defensus.
 A *guile*, gubio.
 A *guerdon* [reward] præmium,
 merces.
 A *guess* or *guessing*, conjec-
 tura, coniectio, divinatio;
 augurium.
 To *guess*, aliquid conjicere v.
 coniectare; augurari, ariola-
 ri.
 By *guess*, *guessingly*, ex con-
 jectura.
 To *hit* or *attain by guess*, con-
 jecturâ asequi.
 A *guesser*, conector.
 A *guest* [stranger] hospes; ad-
 veneor. At a *feast*, conviva,
 convinator.
 A *guest chamber*, cœnaculum.
 A *daily guest*, quotidianus cou-
 victor.
 A *unbidden guest*, umbra, a-
 stracholus.
 A *entertainer of guests*, convi-
 vator, hospes.
 To *guzzle* or *gurgle*, ebullien-
 do strepitare.
Guidance, ductus. The *gui-*
 dance of an affair, rei curatio,
 administratio.
 A *guide*, dux, perductor.
 To *guide*, ducere, dirigere.
Unto, adducere.
Guided throughout, perductus.
Guidelless, sine duce.
 A *guider*, ductor, moderator.
 A *female guider*, moderatrix,
 administratrix.
 A *guider all the way*, perductor.
 A *guiding* [leading] ductus.
 [Managing] moderamen, cu-
 ratio, gubernatio.
 A *guidon* [in heraldry] vexil-
 lum equestre.
 A *guild* [company] societas,
 sodalitas. [Tribute] tribu-
 tum, redigal.
 The *guildhall*, curia municipa-
 lis.

Guile, fallacia, fraus.
Guileful, fraudulentus, vaser.
 A *guileful device*, technia.
Guilefully, dolose, vatre.
Guilefulness, fraus, fraudulentia.
Guilt, guiltiness, peccati consci-
 entia; fraus, culpa.
Guiltily, solum more.
Guiltless, innocens, innoxius,
 innocens.
Guiltlessness, innocentia.
 To *be guiltless*, a culpâ abesse.
Guilty, sons, nocens, noxius.
 To *plead guilty*, culpam fateri.
 A *guinea*, nummus aureus va-
 lens 21 solidos Anglicos.
 A *Guinea-hen*, gallina Indica.
Pig, porcus Indicus.
 A *guise* or *fashion*, modus, mos.
 Another *guise* [corr. another
 guess] person, homo prorsus
 dissimilis.
 A *guitar*, cithara. A *little gui-*
 tar, fiducula.
 A *gulf* [whirlpool] gurgies.
 [Bay for ships] sinus. A *swal-*
 lowing gulf, abyssus, vorago.
Gulfy, vorticosus.
 A *gull* or *sea-gull*, larus.
 To *gull*, fallere; fraudare.
 A *gull* [cheat] fraus, technia.
 [Person cheated] stultus, fatuus.
 A *gulling*, fraudatio, deceptio,
 illusio.
 The *gullet*, gula, gurgulio.
 A *gulp*, haustus.
 To *gulp* or *gulp down*, ingur-
 gitare.
Gum, gummi, indecl. gummis.
 A *gum-drop*, arboris lacryma.
Gum Arabic, gummi Arabi-
 cum. *Ammoniac*, gummi Am-
 moniacum. *Of the balm-tree*,
 opobalsamum. *Elemi*, gum-
 mi elemi.
 To *gum* or *stiffen with gum*,
 gummi sublinere.
Gummy, gummous or full of
 gum, gummosus. Vid. Lat.
 The *gum of the eyes*, gramia.
 Of the *mouth*, gingiva.
 A *gun*, bombardia, tormentum.
 A *great gun*, tormentum rau-
 rale.
 A *wind-gun*, tormentum vento
 compresso instructum.
 To *charge a gun*, scloppum
 glande et pulvere nitrato oner-
 rare. To *draw it*, scloppum
 glande et pulvere nitrato ex-
 onerare. To *discharge* or *let*
it off, tormentum discludere.
 A *gunner*, bombardarius, tor-
 mentarius.
 A *gun-smith*, sclopporum fa-
 ber.
Gunnery, ars tormenta bellica
 dirigendi.
Gun-powder, pulvis nitratus v.
 nitrosus.
 To *gush out*, effluere; erum-
 pere, exillire.
 A *gushing out*, eruptio, proflu-
 vium.

A *gust* [taste] gustus, gustu-
 tus.
 To *have a gust* for or *delight in*
 a thing, aliqua re delectari.
 A *gust of wind*, flabrum.
 A *gustful*, boni saporis.
Gusto, sapor germanus.
Gusty, turbidus, procellosus.
 A *gut*, intestinum. The *blind*
gut, intestinum cœcum. The
great gut, colon. The *long*
gut, intestinum rectum. The
stomach-gut, intestinum pri-
 mum. The *small guts*, illa.
 The *guts of a man*, intestina,
 pl. exta.
 To *gut*, exenterare, eviscerare.
 To *gut* and *scale fishes*, pur-
 gare pisces.
Gut-foundered, famelicus.
 A *gutter*, canalis, cloaca, lacu-
 na. Between two or more *hou-*
ses, compluvium. Into which
 eaves drop, collicia.
 A *gutter in pillars*, stria, cana-
 liculus.
 A *gutter-tile*, imbrex.
 To *gutter* or *chamfer*, lacunare,
 striare.
Gutter-work, opus imbricatum.
 Like a *gutter*, compluvialis.
 Full of *gutters*, lacunosus.
 To *guttle*, helliari, commissari.
 A *guttler*, helluo.
 A *gutting*, helluatio, comis sa-
 tio.
Guttural, ad guttur pertinens.
 To *guzzle*, potare, pergræcari.
 A *guzzler*, potator.
 A *guzzling*, potatio.
Gymnastically, athletice.
Gymnastic, gymnasticus.
Gyves, compedes.
 To *gyve*, compedire.

H

A *HABERDASHER* of small
 wares, dardanarius.
 A *habergeon*, lorica.
 To *put on a habergeon*, loricare.
Habiliment, apparatus, vestitus.
 To *habilitate*, habilem reddere.
Hability, habilitas, facultas.
 A *habit* [custom] mos, consue-
 tudo.
 To *get a habit* of speaking in a
 decent manner, consuescere se
 recte loqui.
 A *habit of apparel*, vestimen-
 tum. Of *body*, temperamen-
 tum.
 A *riding habit*, vestitus ad
 equitandum aptus.
 To *habit*, vestire.
Habitable, habitabilis. Not ha-
 bitable, inhabitabilis.

A habitation, domus, domicilium.
Habitual, usu contractus.
To habituate, assuefacere, consuefacere.
Habitudo, habitudo.
To hack, cedere. In pieces, concidere.
A hacking, cæzio.
To hackle, minutim concidere.
To hackney or let out, pro mercede locare.
A haddock [fish] asinus.
A haft, manubrium. A little haft, manubriolum.
To haft or set in a haft, capulo inserere.
A hafting, manubrii insertio.
A hag [witch] furia, saga.
A hag or night-mare, incubus.
An old hag, vetula.
To hag or tire and vex, aliquem labore defatigare.
Haggard [wild] ferox. [Lean] macer, macilentus.
Haggish, deformis.
To haggle or stand haggling, multis verbis licitari.
A haggler, licitator verbosus.
A haggling, licitatio verbosa.
Hail or hailstone, grando.
To hail, grandinare. It hails, grandinat.
Haily, grandinosus.
To hail a ship, navem salutare.
Hail or all hail, salve, ave.
Hair [of man or beast] crinis, capillus.
The hair of the head, coma, capillus. Of a beast, villus.
Soft downy hair, lanugo. The hair of the forehead, antæ, pl.
A lock of curled hair, cirrus.
A bush of hair, cæsaris.
Plaited hair, crines torti. Soft hair, lanugo. False hair, capillamentum. A wig, calendrum.
The hair of the eye-lids, palpebræ.
A hair-cloth, cilicium.
Grey hairs, canities.
Curled hair, capilli crispi. Starving, arrectæ comæ.
Having long hair, comans, crinitus. Curled hair, cirratus, cirrigæ. Golden hair, auricomus. Much hair, criniger.
To comb or adjust one's hair, capillum componere, crines v. capillos comere.
To cut or poll one's hair, capillum alicuius tendere.
To let one's hair grow long, capillum promittere.
To pluck off hair, depilare. To pluck one by the hair, in capillum alicuius involare.
To a hair's breadth or exactly, ad amissim.
Of hair, crinalis, capillaceus.
Of or like hair, capillaris.
Not a hair the less, ne pilo quidem minus

Haired, crinitus, capillatus.
Red-haired, rufus. Shag-haired, villosus. Rough-haired, hispidus. Thin-haired, rarpilus.
Hairy, hirsutus, hispidus, pilosus.
Hairiness, hirsutia.
Hairless, depilis.
A plucking off the hair, depilatio.
A halberd, bipennis militaris.
A halberdier, bipennifer.
The halcyon, halcyon.
Halcyon days, dies sereni; halcyonides; halcyonei dies.
Hale [healthful or sound] sanus, saluber; robustus.
To hale or hale along, trahere.
A haler, qui trahit.
A haling, tractus.
Half, dimidium, pars media.
Half an acre, semijugerum.
Half-alive, semivivus. Half-asleep, semisomnus. Half a barbarian, semibarbarus. Half-clownish, semiagrestis. Half-dead, semianimis. Half-destroyed, semirutus. Half-boiled, semicoccus. Half-buried, semisepultus. Half-burnt, semiuustus.
Half a bushel, sesquimodius.
Half a circle, semicirculus.
Of half a circle, semicircularis.
Half a cubit long, semicubitalis.
Half holy-days, dies ex parte festi; dies intercali.
Half a dozen, sex, seni.
Half-drunk, potu semigravis.
Half-eaten, semesus. Half-empty, seminanis. With half the face upward, semisupinus.
Half-finished, semiperfectus.
Half a foot, semipes.
Of half a foot, semipedalis.
Half-formed, semiformis. Half-free, semilibër. Half-full, semiplenus. Half a god, semideus. Half an hour, semihora. Half a hundred, quinquaginta, quinquageni. Half-learned, semidoctus. Half-made, semifactus. Half a man, semivir.
A half moon, luna semiformis.
A half moon, in fortification, propugnaculum lunatum.
Half-naked, seminudus. Half-opened, semiapertus.
Half an ounce, semuncia.
Of half an ounce, semunciaris.
Half a pound, semilibra.
A halfpenny, obolus.
Three halfpence, tribolus.
Of three halfpence, triobolaris.
Half a pint, triental.
Half a sextary, hemina.
Holding half a sextary, heminarius.
Half a verse, hemistichium.
Half-waking, semisomnus. Half-wet, semimadidus. Half-wild, semiferus.
Half-worn, semitritus.

Of half a year, semestris.
By half, dimidio.
To do a thing by halves, aliquis levi brachio agere.
As much, and half as much, sescuplum.
An acre and a half, sesquijugerum.
A bushel and a half, sesquimodius.
A foot and a half, sesquipes.
Of a foot and a half, sesquipedalis, sesquipedaneus.
An hour and a half, sesquihora, hora cum dimidia.
A month and a half, sesquimen-sis.
An ounce and a half, sesuncia.
Of an ounce and a half, sesuncialis.
A pound and a half, sesquibra.
To halve, bipartiri.
To do work by halves, opus imperfectum relinquere.
Halves [to cry] in commune.
A hall, atrium, aula. A town-hall or common-hall, forum municipale. A little hall, atrium.
The guild-hall, curia municipalis.
Hall-days, dies fasti.
To halloo [hollow or whoop] inclamare, vociferare. [Set the dogs on] canes incitare.
A halloo or shout, clamor, vociferatio.
To set up a halloo, vociferare.
A hallooming, clamitatio, vociferatio.
To hallow or consecrate, sacrare.
A hallowed place, sacrarium.
A hallowing, consecratio, dedicatio.
Halm or haulm [the stalk or corn] culmus, stipula.
A halo [a circle about the sun, moon, &c.] halo.
A halt, gradus suppressus.
To halt [make a halt] se sistere.
To make an army halt, constituere.
To halt [be lame] claudicare.
To halt between two opinions dubitare, fluctuare.
A halting or stopping, gradus suppressus.
A halter, restis, retinaculum. For a horse, capistrum. For the neck, laqueus.
To halter, capistrare.
To loose one's halter, capistrum expedire.
A haltering or entangling, illequeatio.
A ham or hamlet, villa, vicus.
The ham of the leg, poples.
A ham of bacon, petaso.
A hammer, malleus. A little hammer, malleolus.
To hammer, cudere. Out, extundere. [Invent or express a thing with great difficulty] m

græ aliquid excogitare v. proferre. *A thing into one's head, aliquid alicui inculcare.*
A hammerer, malleator, fabricator.
A hammering [forming] fabricatio.
To stand hammering or hesitating upon a thing, hærrere, hæsitare.
A hammering upon a thing, hænitatio, dubitatio.
A hammock, stratum nauticum.
A hamper, corbis, cophinus.
A little hamper, quasillus; fiascella.
A hamper of osiers, calathus vimineus contextus.
To hamper, irretire, impedire, præpedire.
A hampering, implicatio, impeditiô.
To hamstring, suffraginem stringere v. secare.
A hanaper, fiscus.
The clerk of the hanaper, sportæ præfectus.
A hand, manus.
The right hand, dextra, v. dexteræ manus. The left, sinistra, læva; sinistra manus.
To counterfeit one's hand, manumâniculus apte imitari.
Short hand, ars aliquid velocissime notis excipiendi, tachygraphia.
To take down in short hand, notis aliquid velocissime excipere.
The hand of a clock, dial, watch, &c. index, gnomon.
To take in hand, aggredi.
A clenched hand, pugnus, compressa manus. An open hand, palma.
Having but one hand, unimanus.
A hundred hands, centimanus.
The back of the hand, manus avera. The hollow, vola.
The hand lines, incisuræ, pl.
At no hand, minime gentium, nequaquam.
Beforehand, in antecessum. In courtesy, officio prior.
To be beforehand with one, prævenire, anticipare.
Behindhand in business, cessans.
In the world, ære alieno oppressus.
With his hands bound behind him, manibus post terga revinctis.
To be on the mending hand, medicule valere.
On the right hand, dextrorsum.
On the left, sinistrorsum.
On the other hand, alterâ parte v. vice.
Out of hand, confestim, extemplo.
Hand to hand, cominus, confestim.
You have had or made a good

hand of it to-day, processisti hodie pulchre.
Hand over head, inconsulto, temere.
Hand in hand, junctis manibus.
At hand, prope. [Of money] numerato.
Near at hand, in propinquo; non ita longe.
Assurance under hand, cautio chirographi.
A hand at cards, sors.
In the turning of the hand, expeditè, facile.
A man of his hand, homo strenuus.
Of or belonging to the hand, manualis.
A hand-basket, sportula.
A hand-breadth, palmus.
Of a hand-breadth, palmaris.
A handfist, manipulus.
A hand-gun, schoppetum manuale. Bell, tintinnabulum.
Kerchief, sudarium. Maid, ancilla. Manicle, manica. Mill, mola trusatilis. Saw, serrula. Speck, phalanga lignea. Vice, cochlea.
Left-handed, ecœva, ambidexter.
Under-hand, clam, occulte, latenter. Dealings, fraus, dolus.
A handicraft or working trade, ars humilis.
A handicraftsman, opifex.
A handiwork, opus manu factum.
Handily, callide, perite.
Handiness, calliditas, peritia.
To handle, tractare, contrahere. A subject, de aliquâ redissere. Briefly, attingere. Gently, demulcere. One roughly, acerbis et duris aliquid tractare. Often, pertractare. One ill, aliquem indignis modis accipere. A matter grossly, aliquid crasso pollice tractare.
The handle of a tool, manubrium.
A little handle, manubriolum, ansa.
The handle of a cup, ansula.
Having a handle, ansatus.
To set a handle on, manubrium aptare.
A setting on a handle, manubrii aptatio.
A handle [occasion] occasio.
To make a handle of a thing, occasionem capere.
To seek a handle, occasionem captare.
Handless, sine manibus.
A handling, tractatio.
A handling rudely or ill, tractatio aspera v. indigna.
Handsel or hansel, strens, mercimonii primitiæ.
To handsel, primus uti.
Handsome, [beautiful] pulcher, formosus. [Fine or genteel]

honestus, ingenuus. [Fitting or reasonable] æquus.
To make handsome, decorare, ornare, polire.
Indifferently handsome, bellus, bellulus.
Handsomely, pulchre, eleganter, concinne.
Handsomeness, decor, elegantia, forma.
Handy, callidus, solers.
Handycraft. See Handicraft.
Hang it, apage.
To hang or hang up, suspendere.
To hang or be hanging, pendere. Down before, præpendere. Back, tergiversari. By (a line, &c.) appendere. A chamber with tapestry, auleis cubiculum ornare. Dangling or loose, desuere, dependere. Or let down, demittere. Or be hanging down, dependere. Forward, propendere. To or together, coherere. Over, eminere, prominere. Up a thing, aliquid suspendere.
A hanger-on or parasite, parasitus.
A hanger [a short crooked sword] sica, harpe.
Pot-hangers, ansæ, pl.
Hanging, pendulus.
A hanging, suspendium, suspensio. Together, coherentia.
Hangings of rooms, aulea, pl.
A hangman, carnifex.
The hangman's office, carnificina.
To play the hangman, carnificinam facere.
A hank of thread, glomus.
To hanker after, inhiare, gestire.
A hankering after, desiderium; appetentia.
A hanse, mercatorum societas.
The hanse-towns, civitates sociæ v. fœderatæ ad commercii tutius faciendum.
Hap, casus, eventus.
Good hap, secunda fortuna.
Ill hap, res adversæ.
By hap, forte, fortuito.
By good hap, forte fortunâ.
Haply, forte, fortasse.
To hap or happen, accidere, contingere, evenire.
To happen unluckily, male succedere.
It happens ill, parum succedit, aliter quam vellem accidit.
It happens, accidit, contingit, evenit, obtingit.
A happening, exitus, eventus.
Happily, beate, feliciter.
Happiness, felicitas, prosperitas.
Happy [blessed] felix, beatus.
To make happy, beare, felicitare.
A harangue, oratio, concio.
To harangue, concionari.

Harass, vastatio, depopulatio.
To harass, fatigare, vexare.
A harassing, fatigatio, vexatio.
To harass a country, vastare, depopulari.
A harbinger, prodromus, designator hospitiorum. *The king's*, prodromus regius.
A harbour for ships, portus.
Full of harbours, portuosus.
A harbour [shelter or place of refuge] receptaculum, receptus.
To harbour or entertain, hospitari. *Take up one's lodging*, diversari, commorari. *A stag*, cervum cubantem servare.
A harbourer, hospes. *A harbourer of thieves*, latronum receptator v. occultator.
A harbouring, hospitio acceptio.
Harbourless [having no harbours or havens] importuosus. [Not having any abode] palabundus; erro.
Hard [not soft] durus. [Difficult] difficilis, arduus. [Negligently] parvus. *Hard to get*, rarus. *Hard* [in taste] acerbus.
Hard to be come at, difficilis aditu. *It is hard to say*, dici vix potest.
Hard-hearted, immitis, crudelis.
Hard by [adv.] juxta, prope, præsto. *Adj.* vicinus, proximus.
To be hard at work, operi diligenter incumbere.
Hard as brazen, callosus.
To be hard as brazen, callere.
To be too hard for, vincere, superare.
To grow hard with cold, rigere.
Hard to learn, indocilis.
Hard to be learned or understood, difficilis intellectu.
A person hard to be pleased, morosus, difficilis.
Hard [as drink] præ vetustate acidus.
It freezes hard, duriter geluit.
It rains hard, multum pluit.
To harden or make hard, durare, indurare. *One's self*, se obdurare.
A hardener, qui durat.
Hurdily, audacter, fortiter.
Hardiness, hardihead, hardihood, audacia; fortitudo.
Hardiness of constitution, robusta valetudo.
Fool-hardiness, temeritas.
Hardish or somewhat hard, durisculus; subdurus.
Hardly [difficultly] difficile, ægre, vix. [Sharply] acerbè, severe. [Stoutly] strenue.
Hardness [in opposition to softness] duritia, firmitas. [Cruelty] inhumanitas; avaritia. [Covetousness] avaritia. [Difficulty] difficultas. *Stiffness with cold*,

rigor, *Of skin*, callus. *Of heart*, duritia, feritas. *Of body*, or mind, animi v. corporis firmitas. [Springiness] parcimonia. [Stinginess] tenacitas.
Hardships, difficultates, pl.
Hardy [valiant] strenuus, animosus, audax. [That can endure hardship] laboris patiens.
To be hardy, audere.
To make hardy or inure to labour, laboribus aliquem assuefacere.
To make hardy or stir up one's courage, animare, incitare, hortari.
Foot-hardy, præceps, temerarius.
A hare, lepus.
To run with the hare, and hold with the hound, ovem in fronte, lupum in corde, gerere.
A young hare, lepisculus. *An old doe hare*, lepus annus.
A warren of hares, leporarium. *Of a hare*, leporinus.
To start a hare, leporem exagitare.
To hunt a hare, leporem venari.
To hare or terrify a person, aliquem perterrefacere v. metu percellere.
Hare-brained, temerarius; effrenus, insanus.
Hare-heated, timidus, metulosus.
A harrier [sort of dog] canis leporum venationi assuetus.
Harlequin, sanny, nimus.
A harlot, meretrix, scortum.
Harlotry, meretricium.
Of a harlot, meretricius.
Harm, damnum, detrimentum, injuria.
Great harm, clades, labe, calamitas.
To harm or do harm, ledere, nocere.
Harmful, damnosus, detrimentosus.
Harmfully, damnose.
A harming, læsio, violatio.
Harmless, innoxius, insons.
Harmlessly, innocenter.
Harmlessness, innocentia.
Harmonious, harmonical, harmonic, modulatus, harmonicus, concors.
Harmoniously [musically] modulate. [With one consent] concorditer.
Harmony, harmonia, symphonia.
To harmonise, modulari.
Harness, habena, armatura; arma, vl. *Or trappings of a horse*, phaleræ. *For the breast*, thorax. *For the thighs*, cruralia.
To harness, instruere. *A horse*, phaleræ equo inducere. *To harness together*, colligare.

Complete harness, panoplia.
A harp, lyra, cithara.
To play on the harp, citharâ canere; citharizare.
What do you harp at? quid vis *To harp on the same string* eandem incudem tundere.
A harper, citharista, citharædus, lyristes. *A woman harper*, citharistria.
Of a harper, citharædus.
A harpsichord, spondauli, pl. sambuca.
A harpy, harpyia.
A harrow, occa, clathrum.
To harrow, occare, cratire.
A harrower, occator.
A harrowing, occatio.
Of harrowing, occatorius.
Harsh [severe] austerus, severus, rigidus. *In taste*, acer, asper. *In sound*, absousus, agrestis, discors.
Harshly, asperè, rigide.
To sound harshly, inale sonare.
Harshness [severity] asperitas, severitas; ferocia. *In taste*, acerbitas.
A hart or stag, cervus.
Of a hart, cervinus.
Harts-horn, cornu cervinum.
Harvest, messis.
A plentiful harvest, seges spiciuberibus et crebris. *A late harvest*, messis ærotina.
Of harvest, messorius, autumnalis.
Harvest-time, autumnus.
Hay-harvest, fœnicicium.
A harvest-man, messor.
Harvest-fruits, fruges autumnales.
A harvest-feast or harvest-home seris ob collectas fruges.
To get in harvest, messem facere.
A hash of meat, minutal.
To hash, minutim concidere.
A haslet, faliscus venter.
A hasp, fibula.
To hasp, obserare.
A hassock to kneel on, scirpiculum.
Haste, festinatio, properatio.
In haste, festinanter, propere, maturate.
To haste, hasten, or make haste, festinare, properare, accelerare.
Away, avolare. One's pace, gradum accelerare.
To make post-haste, admodum festinare.
To make too much haste, præ festinare.
A hastener, stimulator.
A hastening, festinatio, maturatio, acceleratio.
Hastily [in a hurry] festinanter, propere, festine. *Over hastily* imprudenter. [Passionately] iracunde.
Hastiness [hurry] velocitas, precipitatio. [Testiness] iracundia.

Hastings or green peas, pisa praecoxia.
Hasty [in a hurry] properus, testinus.
Hasty-minded, fervens animi; cerebrosus.
Hazy [sudden] properus, festinus.
To be hazy or testy, ardere, ferocire.
A hat, galerus, pileus. *Broad-brimmed*, petasus. *A little hat*, galericulum. *A straw hat*, galerus stramineus. *A beaver*, galerus fibrinus. *A felt*, lanctus.
The brim of a hat, pilei marginis.
A Cardinal's hat, pileus purpureus.
A high-crowned hat, pileus acuminatus.
A hat-band, spira.
To put on his hat, caput operire.
To put it off, aperire.
A hatter or hat-maker, pileorum opifex.
To hatch chickens, pullos excludere.
A hatch of chickens, pullities.
To hatch lies, mischief, &c. dolosa, mala, &c. procudere.
Birds newly hatched, pulli ab ovo recentior exclusi.
The hatches of a ship, tabulationum, fori.
To be under the hatches or in bad circumstances, in egestate esse.
To be under the hatches of a person, sub potestate alicujus esse.
A hatchet or axe, securis, ascia, dolabra.
The use of a hatchet, manubrium securis.
Hate, odium.
Full of hate, invidus, malignus.
To hate, odisse.
~~*Hate, various persons.*~~
Hateful, odiosus, invidiosus.
Hatefully, odiose, invidiose.
Hatefulness, odium, invidia.
A hater, oisor.
Hating, exosus, perosus.
A hating, abominatio, aversatio; inimicitia.
Hatred, odium. *Private*, similitas. *Mortal*, odium capitale.
Full of hatred, invidus, lividus.
Worthy of hatred, odiosus.
To hate, habere, tenere; potest.
To have the length of one's foot, ingenium alicujus pernoscere.
A haven, portus, limen, ostium.
To arrive at the haven, ad portum appellere.
An arriving at the haven, appulsa.
Full of haven, portuosus.
Haver, arena.
Haughtily, elate, superbe.

Haughtiness, arrogantia, superbia.
Haughty, superbus, contumax.
Hzum, fabarum, pisorum, &c. stipula.
A haunch, coxa, clunus, nates, pl. *Of venison*, clunus ferina.
To haunt, frequentare. *As a spirit*, inestare.
A haunt [custom] consuetudo. [Place of meeting] receptaculum, recessus.
Not haunted or resorted to, infrequens, incelebris.
A haunter, frequens, qui frequentat. *Of steves*, ganeo. *Of public houses*, popino. *Of men's tables*, parasitus.
A haunting, frequentatio.
Havoc, clades, strages.
To make havoc, populari, depopulari, vastare.
A havocking or making havoc of, spoliatio, vastatio.
A hawthorn, spina silba, alba spinus.
To hawk [spit] screare. *Up*, exscreare. *Or cry things about the streets*, res vanales clamitare.
A hawk, accipiter.
A hawker [pedlar] mercator circumforaneus.
A hawking [spitting] screatus. [Of things] venditio circumforanea.
Hay, fœnum. *Early*, fœnum præmaturum. *Late*, fœnum cordinum. *Hard*, fœnum palustre.
Made of hay, fœneus.
To make hay, fœnum furcillis versare.
A hay-maker, fœniseus.
Hay-making or hay-making time, fœnificium.
A hay cock, rick, or stack, fœni meta. *Loft or mow*, fœnile.
Hazard, discrimen, periculum. *Full of hazard*, periculosus.
With great hazard, periculose.
To hazard, periclitari. [Intrus] concredere. *Run the hazard of*, fortunam experiri.
A hazarding, periclitatio.
Hazardous, periculosus, anceps.
Hazardously, periculose.
Hazardry, temeritas.
A haze [thick fog] nebula.
Hazel, corylus.
A hazel-nut, nux avellana silvestris.
A copse or grove of hazel, coryletum.
Hazy, nebulosus, caliginosus.
He, ille, ipse, iste, is, hic. *Even he*, ipse prorsus.
A head, caput.
A clear head, ingenium acre.
The heads of a discourse, capitula orationis.
The heads or chiefs of a people, primores, primates, proceres.

The head of a college, collegii praeses.
To bring or draw a discourse to a head, in compendium sermonem redigere.
To bring a thing into a discourse by head and shoulders, aliquid in orationem violentius inducere.
To draw to a head, as an imposthume, suppurare.
From head to foot, usque ab unguiculo ad capillum suum.
A head of hair, coma, cæsaries.
A head-dress, capitis ornatus.
Of one's own head, sua sponte, ultro.
To hit the nail on the head, rem acu tangere.
To bring a sore to a head, ulcus maturare.
An arrow-head, spiculum, sagittæ ferrum.
To make head against one, alicui repugnare.
To lose his head, capite plecti.
To put into one's head, aliquid alicui suggerere.
An addle-head, fatuus, hebes.
A joit-head, capito.
A wild-headed youth, servidus juvenut.
A head of land, promontorium.
The head-master of a school, ludimagister primarius v. archidiaconus.
The head or chief in a business, princeps, præcipuus.
A head-band, capital.
The fore-part of the head, sinciput. *The hinder*, occiput.
The swimming of the head, vertigo.
The head-ache, capitis dolor.
Having two heads, biceps. *Three*, triceps. *A hundred*, centiceps.
The head-pieces of a bridle, capistrum.
The head of a lute or viol, citharæ jugum.
A head-piece or helmet, cassis, cassida.
The head of a spring, scaturigo, fontis origo.
To head a cask, dollo fundum immittere. *A spear*, ferrum hastæ præfigere.
To head an army, exercitui præesse.
To give a horse the head, equi habenas laxare.
Hand over head [rashly] temere, inconsulte.
Hot-headed [rash] temerarius. [Soon angry] iracundus.
Light-headed, cecritus, cerebrosanus.
A head-borough, decurio.
A headsmen, carnifex.
Heady [ungovernable] tumultuosus, contumax.
To be heady, tumultuari.

Headily, temere, inconsulte, contumaciter.
Headiness, temeritas, contumacia, ferocitas.
Headless, sine capite.
Headlong, præceps, pronus.
To cast down headlong, præcipitare.
A casting down headlong, præcipitatio.
To fall down headlong, præceps ruere.
Headship, principatus.
A head-stall, capistrum. *Of a bridle*, frontale.
Headstrong, serox, indomitus, contumax. *Obstinacy*, contumacia, pertinacia.
Heady [as strong liquors] inebrians.
To heal [cure] sanare, medicari. *Thoroughly*, persanare. *Up a wound*, vulnus conglutinare. *Divisions*, dissidentes conciliare. *Or be healed*, convalescere. *Cover*, tegere, cooperire.
Which may be healed or cured, medicabilis. *Not to be healed*, immedicabilis.
A healer, medicus.
Healing [of a curing quality] salutaris, salutifer.
A healing, sanatio, curatio.
Health, salus, sanitas, valetudo bona. *Good*, commoda.
To be in health, valere, vigere.
To drink a health to one, salutem alicui propinare.
To keep in health, hospitare.
Healthful or good for one's health, salutaris, saluber.
A healthful or healthy person, homo integrâ valetudine.
Healthfully, salubriter.
Healthfulness or wholesomeness, salubritas.
Healthless, infirmus, valetudinarius.
Healthsome, salutaris.
Healthy, sanus, validus.
A heap, cumulus, moles. *A little heap*, acervus parvus.
A heap of stones, &c. congeries.
To heap or heap up, cumulare; congregare. *About*, circumagere. *Together*, congerere. *Upon*, superingerere. *Eril upon one*, mala in aliquem conglomerare.
A heaper, accumulator.
A heaping, acervatio, accumulatio.
By heaps, cumulativè, acervativè.
To hear, audire, auscultare. *Or be informed*, certior fieri. *One's cause*, alicujus causam cognoscere. *Perfectly*, exaudire. *A little*, subaudire. *In whispers*, inaudire. *Of a thing*, reaciscere, famâ audire.
A hearer, auditor, auscultator.

A hearing, auditio, auditus.
To be thick of hearing, obscurdescere.
To give one the hearing, alicujus supplicationi aures præbere.
Not to give one the hearing, obturatis auribus præterire.
To be within hearing, præstare, adesse.
To know by hearsay, fando aliquid accipere.
To hearken, auscultare, subauscultare.
A hearkening, auscultatio.
A hearkener, auscultator.
Hearsay, auditio, auditum.
The heart [vital muscle] cor.
A little heart, corculum. [*Middle*] inedium.
Full of heart, animosus, fortis.
To have a heart to do, audere.
Out of heart, exanimis; inaudax. *As ground*, macer, infecundus.
In good heart [as ground] fertilis, fecundus, opimus.
To be in heart, vigere, valere.
To be out of heart, animum despondere.
To put one out of heart, alicui omnem spem adimere.
Heart of oak, robur.
Next to the heart or very dear to one, carissimus.
By heart, memoriter, memoriâ.
To get, memorie mandare.
To break one's heart through grief, dolore tabescere.
To lose heart or courage, animum concidere.
To set one's heart upon, amore alicujus rei ardere.
To lay or take a thing to heart, aliquid graviter, ægre v. molestè ferre.
To rejoice at heart, summo gaudio exultare.
To take heart, animum recipere.
Grief of heart, dolor acerbus.
A sweetheart, corculum. *A man's sweetheart*, amica. *A woman's sweetheart*, procus. *My sweetheart or my dear heart*, lux mea, anima mea, vita mea.
A heart-breaking affair, res acerbiâssima.
Heart-burning, dolor cordis.
A heart-burning or grudge, simulus.
Stout of heart, animosus, magnanimus.
Heart-comforting, consolatorius, exhilarans.
Faint-hearted, formidolosus, timidus.
Faint heartedness, ignavia.
False-hearted, bilinguis, dolosus.
Hard-hearted, durus, ferreus, inhumans.
Hard-heartedness, duritia, sævitia.

Light-hearted, lætus, hilaris.
Public-hearted, boni communis studiosus.
The heart-strings, præcordia.
To hearten or hearten up, animos addere.
A heartening, animatio, concitatio, incitatio, stimulatio.
A heart, focus, caminus.
Heartily [sincerely] sincere, ex animo. [*Stoutly*] strenue.
To bewail heartily, ex animo deplorare. *To desire*, avidè concupiscere. *To eat*, acri appetitu edere. *To laugh*, effuse ridere; cachinnò concuti.
Heartiness [sincerity] sinceritas. [*Stoutness*] fortitudo, virtus.
Heartless, excors.
To grow heartless, animum abjicere.
Heartlessness, animi abjectio v. desperatio.
Hearty [sincere] sincerus. [*Well*] sanus.
Heat [warmth] calor. [*Pasion*] ira.
A stifling or sultry heat, æstus, calor vehemens.
A heat in horse-races, cursus.
To heat or make hot, calefacere. *Or be in a heat*, calere, candere.
With great heat, ardentè.
Heath [a plant] erica.
A heath or common, ager compascuus.
A heathen, paganus, infidelis.
Heathenism, inanium deorum cultus.
Heathenish, ethnicus.
Heathenishly, more ethnicorum.
To heave, levare. *Or swell*, levare, tumere. *Up*, levare, elevare; attollere.
A heave-offering, oblatio agitata.
Heaven, cælum.
Of heaven or heavenly, cælestis; æthereus.
From heaven, a cælo, divinitus.
Heavenly beings, cælestes, cælicolæ.
Heavenly-minded, rebus cælestibus intentus.
Heavenly-mindedness, rerum cælestium cura.
Heavily [weightily] graviter. [*Sorrowfully*] maestè. [*Slowly*] lente.
To take on or lament heavily, lamentis se dedere.
To complain heavily of a thing, de aliquâ re graviter queri.
Heaviness [weight] gravitas, pondus. [*Drowsiness*] sopor. [*Dulness of understanding*] tarditas ingenii. [*Sorrowfulness*] tristitia, maestitia.
Heavy [adj.] tristis, maestus. *Very heavy*, pertristia. *Some what heavy*, subtristia, tristitia.

velus. [*Driness*] somniculosus. [*Dull*] segnis; iners.
Heavy-headed, gravedinosus.
Sometimes heavy or dull, turdidus.
Heavy [in weight] gravis, ponderosus.
A heavy or dull-witted person, homo tardi ingenii.
A heavy or dirty way, via lutosus.
Heavy [painful, requiring much pains] laboriosus, operosus.
To mope heavy or sad, tristare.
To make heavy in weight, ingravare.
To grow heavy, gravescere.
To fall or light heavy upon, multum alicui incommode.
Hebete, torpor.
A Hebraism, Hebraismus.
Hebrew, Hebraicus, Hebræus.
In Hebrew, Hebraice.
A hecatomb, sacrificium centum boum; hecatombe.
A hector, gladiator, sicarius.
To hector, minari, insultare.
A hedge, sepes. *Of briars and thorns*, sepimentum spineum.
Made with stakes, sepimentum ligneum. *Or inclosures to keep in beasts*, septum.
A little hedge, sepicula.
A quick-set hedge, sepes viva.
To hedge, sepire. *Before*, præsepire. *In or about*, circumsepire.
A hedgerow, series sepium.
Priest, sacerdos tressis. *Marriage*, nuptiæ clandestinæ.
To be on the wrong side of the hedge or mistaken, in errore versari.
To ride over hedge and ditch, per campos septaque equitare.
A place hedged in, conseptum.
A hedger, qui sepium facit.
A hedging, septio.
Heed, cura, cautio, attentio.
To take heed or beware, cavere.
To heed, give heed, or take heed, attendere, advigilare.
To take good heed of a thing, accurare.
Not to heed, negligere.
Want of taking heed, imprudentia, negligentia, incuria.
Heedful, cautus, providus.
Heedfully or heedily, attente, cave, cate.
Heedfulness or heediness, attentio, cautio.
Heedless, incantus, negligens, indiligens, incuriosus; oscitans; immemor.
To be heedless, negligentia animo esse.
Heedlessly, negligentem, incaute.
Heedlessness, negligentia, incuria, indiligentia.
The heel, calx.
To kick or trip up one's heels, supplantare.

To lay one by the heels, in custodiam conjicere.
To show one a fair pair of heels, aufugere.
To be at one's heels, instare.
To heel... The ship heels, navis in latus inclinat.
The heft or weight of a thing, pondus.
A heifer, bucula, juvenca.
Height, altitudo.
The height of a distemper, morbi crisis.
The height or top of a thing, culmen, fastigium.
The height of pleasure, summa voluptas.
Height or tallness, proceritas.
To heighten or lift up higher, levare, erigere. *Aggravate*, aggravare. *A person's courage*, animus addere.
A heightening [raising] erection, [Aggravating] exaggeratio.
Heinous, detestabilis, immanis.
To make more heinous, aggravare, amplificare.
Heinously or wickedly, flagitiose, nequiter. *Or angrily*, irate.
Heinousness, immanitas, atrocitas.
An heir or heiress, hæres. *Of a half part*, hæres ex semisse. *Of the whole*, hæres ex asse. *Or chief heir*, hæres primæ cæmæ. *An heir at law*, hæres lege. *By will*, testamentarius.
The next but one, hæres secundus.
To disinherit an heir, hæredem abdicare.
To make one his heir, hæredem testamento scribere.
To deprive the right heir, hæredem jure movere.
Joint heir or coheir, cohæres.
Heirship, hæredium, hæreditas.
One that slyly endeavours to be one's heir, hæredipeta.
Hell, Tartarus, orcus.
A hellhound, cerberus.
Hellish, infernus; Tartareus.
The helm of a ship, navis clavus.
To sit at the helm, clavum tenere.
A helmet, galea, cassis.
The plume of a helmet, galeæ crista v. apex.
Wearing a helmet, galeatus.
Help [assistance] auxilium, adjumentum. *Or cure*, remedium, auxilium.
To help, opitulari, auxiliari, juvare, adjuvare. *At a pinch*, subsidio alicujus venire. *Forward*, promovere. *One to money*, pecuniam alicui suppeditare. *One out of trouble*, aliquem ex angustia liberare. *Up*, sublevare.
To cry out for help, subaldium invocare.

By God's help, Deo juvante.
So help me God, ita me Dii ament.
To help or avoid, vitare, effugere.
A helper, adjutor, m. adjutrix, f. *Helpful*, auxiliarius.
Helpless, inops; desertus.
Helter skelter, confuse, temere.
Vid. Pell-mell.
A helve, manubrium.
To helve, manubrium inserere.
Hem! [interj.] hem!
A hem, simbria, lacinia.
To hem, prætexere. *In*, circumcidere; intersepire. *In spitting*, screare, exscreare. [*Call back*] revocare.
A hemisphere, hemispherium.
Hemlock, cicuta.
A hemming [spitting] sreatio, sreatus.
Hemp, cannabis. *Hemp-tree*, vitex. *Basard-hemp*, cannabis spuria.
To beat hemp, cannabis contemere.
Of hemp, lineus, cannabinus.
A hempen cord, tornex.
Hemp-seed, lini semen.
A hemp-yard or hemp-plat, linarium.
A hen, gallina. *Note*, the word hen frequently signifies the female of any sort of birds, and then the word femina in Latin is to be added to the name of that particular bird.
A moor-hen, fulica. *A brood-hen*, gallina iacubans. *A game-hen*, gallina longobardica. *A hen past laying*, gallina effeta.
A pea-hen [bird] pava.
A pheasant-hen, phasianæ.
Of a hen, gallinæ.
Henbane, hyoscyamus. *Yellow*, luteus.
A hen-roost, cavea, gallinarum sedes.
Hen-hearted, ignavus, timidus.
Hen-pecked, uxori nuptus.
Hence or from hence, hinc. [*Be-gone*] apage te! [*Agone*] abhinc.
Henceforth or henceforward, dehinc, deinceps.
Henchman, famulus.
Her own, suus.
A herald at arms, cadu ceator.
To herald, introducere.
Heraldry, jus saciale.
A king of heralds, pater patrum.
An herb, herba; ojus. *A emma-herb*, herbula.
Herbs for the pot, olera, pl.
Herbage [pasture] pascuum. [*Tithe of herbs*] decime pro herbis. [*Tithe of grazing*] jus de pascuis.
In herbal, botanographia.
In herbalist, herbarius.

Full of herbe, herboeus.
 An herb-market, forum olitorium.
 An herb-seller, olitor.
 An herb-woman, olerum venditrix.
 A herd, armentum.
 To herd together, gregatim convivere.
 A herdsman, armentarius, pastor; bubulcus.
 Here, hic.
 Here is [behold] en, ecce, hem!
 Here [hither] huc.
 Hereafter, posthac, deinde.
 Here and there, hic illic, hinc illinc.
 Hereabout or hereaway, circiter hæc loca.
 Hereat, hinc, inde.
 Hereby, ex hoc, per hoc, hæc re, hinc.
 Herein, in hæc re.
 Hereof, hujus, de hæc re.
 Hereofore, antea, antehac, olim.
 Hereupon, hinc.
 Hereunto, ad hoc, adhuc.
 Herewith, hoc.
 Hereditary right, jus hereditarium.
 An hereditament, hæredium.
 Heresy, alienum a rectâ fide dogma.
 A heretic, a rectâ fide alienus.
 Heretical, hæreticus.
 Heretically, heretice.
 A heriot, heriotum.
 A heritage, hæreditas, patrimonium. By escheat, hæreditas caduca.
 Of a heritage, hæreditarius.
 A hermaphrodite, hermaphroditus.
 Hermetic or hermetical, hermeticus; chemicus.
 Hermetically, hermetice.
 A hermit, deserti colens. Vid. Eremita.
 A hermitage, eremitæ cella.
 A hern or heron, ardea.
 A hero, heros.
 Heroic or heroidal, herolicus.
 Heroically, fortiter.
 A heroine, herosa, heroina.
 Heroism, heroum gesta.
 A herring, halec.
 A pickled herring, halec conditanea. Salted, muratica.
 A red herring, halec salita et fumo durata. A shotten herring, halec efforta.
 Hers, ejus, ipsius, illius.
 A heere, sandapila, feretrum.
 To heere, in feretro ponere.
 Herse-like, funereus.
 To hesitate, hæsitare, dubitare.
 A hesitating, hesitation, or hesitancy, hæsitatio, cunctatio, dubitatio.
 To heu, asclare, dissecare.
 Asunder, discindere. Down, succidere. To piece, concidere.
 To rough-hew, exasciare.

To hew smooth with an axe, dolare.
 Rough-hewn, rudis, rusticus.
 A hewer of stones, lapicida. Of wood, lignator.
 A hexagon, sexangulus, hexagonus.
 Heyday! ohe! o festum diem!
 A hiccough or hiccup, singultus.
 To have the hiccough, singultu laborare.
 A hide, pellis, corium, tegus.
 A raw or wet hide, scortum humectum.
 Made of hide, scorteus.
 Hide-bound [sick] pelle rigidâ substrictus. [Niggardly] parvus, tenax.
 A hide of land, terra unius aratri culturæ sufficiens.
 To hide [act.] abscondere, abdere. Again, recondere. Before, prætergere. [Cover] contegere. A thing from one, aliquem aliquid celare. In the ground, defodere. Together, cooperire. Neut. latere, deltere.
 A hider, occultator.
 A hiding, occultatio.
 A hiding-place, latebra, latibulum.
 Hideous, horridus, perhorridus.
 Hideously, horride, torve.
 Hideousness, horror.
 To hie on, festinare, properare.
 A hierarchy, imperium in rebus sacris.
 To higgel or go higgling about, ostentum cibaria venalia offerre.
 A higgler, qui v. quæ cibaria ostentium venalia offert.
 Higgledy piggedy, confuse.
 High, altus, celsus, sublimis.
 Very high, præaltus, præcelsus.
 A very high degree of honour, amplissimus dignitatis gradus.
 On high, in sublime, sursum, alte.
 High-blessed, felicissimus.
 High-blown, valde inflatus.
 High-born, summo loco natus.
 High-flying, high-flown, immodicus; turgidus.
 High-mettled, acer, fortis.
 High in stature, procerus, altus.
 That which is on high or above us, superus, supernus.
 The highway, via regia, via trita.
 A highway-man, latro; insidiator.
 Somewhat higher, altiusculus.
 To be higher than others, ceteris eminens v. supereminere.
 To drink high, damnose bibere. To feed, commissari. To play, magno pignore lusu contendere.
 Highest, highmost, summus, supremus.

A highlander, monticola.
 Highly, alte, excelsæ, sublimiter.
 Highness [loftiness] altitudo celestudo. [Tallness] proceritas.
 Hilarity, hilaritas, festivitas.
 A hill, collis. A little hill, tumulus, colliculus. An ant-hill, collis formiceus. A mole-hill or small hill, verruca.
 Of a hill, collinus.
 The foot of a hill, collis, radix.
 The side, clivus. The ridge, jugum. The top, apex, culmen v. fastigium.
 A hillock, colliculus, tumulus terreus.
 Hilly or full of hills, montosus, montanus.
 A dweller on a hill, monticola.
 The hilt of a sword, gladii capulum.
 He himself, ille ipse.
 A hind, cervæ. See Stag.
 A hind-calf, hianulus.
 A country hind or servant, vesna, villicus.
 Hinder, posterior.
 The hinder feet, pedes posteriores. Part of the head, occiput. Part of the neck, cervix.
 To hinder, impedire; obstare inhibere. [Interrupt] interpellare. [Frighten] from, atterere. [Keep or debar from] arcere.
 A hinderance or hindrance, impedimentum, mora. [Loss or prejudice] damnum, detrimentum.
 A hinderer, interpellator. Of one's gain, lucri oppugnator.
 A hindering, mora, impeditio; obstaculum.
 Hinderling, degener.
 Hindmost or hindmost, postremus.
 A hinge, cardo.
 To be off the hinges [out of humour] stomachari, indignari: ægre aliquid ferre.
 A hint or hinting, indictum, monitio.
 To hint, innuere, suggerere, summonere.
 Hip [interj.] eho! heus!
 A hip [berry] cynosbati bacca.
 The hip, coxa, coxendix.
 Pained in the hip, ischiatus v. ischiadicus.
 Hipped or hip-shot, delumbatus.
 Hippish [hypochondriac] atrâ bile percitus.
 Hire, merces, pretium, stipendium.
 To hire, conducere.
 To let or set to hire, locare, elocare.
 The hire of any thing, locarium.
 A day's hire, diarium.
 Of hire, stipendiarius.
 That may be hired, conductitius.

Carrages to be hired, vehicula meritoria.
Not to be hired, illocabilia.
A hiring, mercenarius.
Ahirer, conductor.
A hirer [letter out to hire] locator.
A hirer of land, redemptor.
A hiring, conductio.
A hiring out, locatio.
Hia, ejus, illius. Ipains, hujus.
His own, suus, proprius.
A hiss, or hissing, sibilum, sibilus.
To hiss or make a hissing, sibilare. [By way of dislike] ad-murmurare. At or against, sibilis aliquem connectari.
Like a goose, gingirire, gratulare. Out or off the stage, exsibilare.
Hiat [silence] au ! st !
A historian, historicus, historiam scriptor.
Historical, historicus, historialis.
Historically, historice.
A history, historia.
To write a history, historiam scribere.
To hit, ferire, percutere. [Happen or succeed] contingere, accidere, succedere. Or agree about a thing, de re aliquâ consentire. On a thing, in rem incidere. Against, allidere, collidere. Or beat down, dejicere.
A lucky hit, sors prospera v. secunda.
A hit or hitting, percussio, lectio.
A hitting against, illisio, collisio.
Hit or miss, recte an secus.
To hitch [catch] fune arripere. [Move further] movere.
A hither or hythe, portus, sinus.
Hither [to this place] huc. [Towards this place] horsum.
Hither and thither, huc illuc, ultro citroque.
What! hither? hucine?
Hither or nearer [adv.] cterior.
Hithermost or nearest, citimus.
Hitherto, adhuc, hactenus.
Hitherward, horsum.
A hive for bees, alveare.
To hive bees, alveari condere.
The place where hives were placed, sparium, alvearium.
Ho! hem! heus! eho!
Hoard, cervus, cumulus, congeries.
To hoard up, condere, acervare; corrugare.
A hoarder of wealth, opum accumulator.
A hoarding, accumulatio, conservatio.
Hoariness, canities. Of bread, panis mucor.
Hoarse, raucus. Somewhat hoarse, subraucus.

To be hoarse, raucus esse.
Sounding hoarse or bass, raucisonus.
To become or grow hoarse, ir-raucescere.
Hoarsely, raucum.
Hoarseness, raucitas. Of speech, ravis.
Hoary, hoar [white] canus, albens. As frost, pruinosis. [Mouldy] mucidus.
To be hoary, canere.
To grow hoary, incanescere.
Hoary hairs, cani capilli.
To be hoary [as bread] mucere.
To grow hoary [as bread] mucescere.
A hob-nail, clavus rusticorum calceis impactus. A hob or hob-nail [clown] rusticus.
To hobble or hobble along, claudicare.
To hobble over a thing or to do it carelessly, leviter perstringere.
A hobbling way, via aspera.
Hobblingly, male, imperite.
A hobby [little horse] asturco, mannulus. A hobby-horse, arundo longa.
A hobgoblin, larva, terriculum.
A hock or hough, suffrago, poples.
A hock of bacon, perna porcina.
Hock herb, malva.
Old hock [sort of wine] vinum vetustatum Rhenense.
A hocus-pocus, circulator, prestigator.
A hod for mortar, trulla.
Hoddy, sanus, lætus, alacris.
A hodge-podge, al. hotch-potch, miscellanea, pl. farrago.
A hoe, ligo, rastrum.
To hoe, occare; pastinare.
A hog, porcus, sus.
A little hog, porcellus. A young hog, nefrens. A bacon-hog, porcus saginatus.
A barrow-hog, verres castratus.
A hog sty-fed, porcus altiss.
Of a hog, porcinus.
A hog badger, taxus.
Hog's grease, axungia porcina.
Hog's flesh, caro suilla v. porcina.
A hoggrel, ovis bidens, ovis bima.
A hog-herd, subulcus.
A hog-sty, suille. Trough, aqua-Neclius porcinus.
A hogshod, dolium.
A hedge-hog, echinus.
A sea-hog, tursio.
Hog's wash, sorbitio suilla.
Hoggish [clownish] rusticus. [Cross or surly] morosus. [Covetous, niggardly] deparcus.
Hoggishly, rustice, sordide, morose.
Hoggishness, rusticitas, morositas.
A hogoo, haut-gout, sapor vehemens.

A hoiden, virago.
To hoist up, tollere. On high, evehère. The sails, ventis vela dare.
A hoisting, sublatio. Instrument, trochlea.
A hold [lurking-place] latibulum, latebra.
To hold [retain] tenere, retinere. Or continue [as a debate] durare. Affirm, asserere. [Think] putare. One a candle, facem alicui præferre. [Contain] continere. [Last] restare, durare. Back, detinere. Close together, comprimere. In, coercere. In the reins, habenas premere. Off [at sea] rudentem abstrahere. Off, prohibere, impedire. On, continuare. Out or persevere, perseverare. A public sale, auctionem facere. A senate, senatum habere.
To get, lay, or take hold of, comprehendere.
To take hold about, amplecti, complexi.
To hold out, perdurare, perstare.
To hold together [agree] concordare.
To hold up, attollere, extollere; sustinere.
A hold or thing to hold by, ad miniculum.
A ship's hold, navis penetrale.
A hold of wild beasts, ferarum cubile; lustra.
A stronghold, præsidium.
A holdfast, uncus ferreus.
To let go his hold, demittere.
A holding back, retentio.
Holding one's purpose, consilii tenax.
A holding down, suppressio.
Holding fast, tenax, pertinax.
A holding in, cohibitio, inhibitiô.
A holding up, sustentatio.
A hole, whether natural or artificial, foramen.
To make a hole through, terabrare, penetrare.
A hole to burk in, latebra.
A hole under ground, spelunca, cavea.
To find a hole to creep out at, rimam invenire.
A hole to creep out at, diverticulum.
The arm-hole, alæ, axillæ.
A pigeon-hole, columbarium.
A touch-hole, ignis conceptaculum. An eye-hole, oculi concavum. The black hole in a prison, tullianum. The sight hole in a cross-bow, scutula. The hole of a badger, taxi antrum. A pock-hole, variolarum vestigium. The hole in a pair of bellows, follis gula. A breathing-hole, spiraculum.

The hole of a balance, agina.
Of a hatchet, crena.
Full of holes, multicavus, cavernosus.
Holily, sancte, pie.
Holiness, sanctitas.
Holla! heus! heim!
Hollow, cavus, cavernosus.
A hollow or hollow place, concavum.
To hollow or make hollow, cavare, incavare, concavare.
To be hollow like a sponge, fistulare.
To hollow or whoop, inclamare.
A hollow voice, vox lusca.
The hollow of the hand, vola.
Hollow-hearted, homo fallax.
Hollow-eyed, pectus.
Hollow, as a reed, &c. fistulosus. As a sponge, &c. spongiosus.
A hollowing, excavatio.
Hollowly, dissimulante.
Hollowness, cavitas. Under ground, caverna, crypta.
Hollowness of the eyes, conchus v. conchus.
The holy-tree, aquilifolium.
The holm-oak, ilex.
Of the holm-oak, iliceus.
A holster, theca scloppetæ minoris.
A holt, saltus, silva.
Holy, sacer, sanctus. Things, sacra, pl.
Holy writ, scriptura sacra.
The holy of holies, sanctum sanctorum.
To make holy, sacrare, consecrare.
To make or keep holy-day, feriari, ferias v. diem festum agere.
A making holy, consecratio.
A holy-day, dies festus.
Holy-days, feriez, pl.
Half holy-days, dies intercali.
Holy-day eves, pridie festi; feriez præcedentæ.
Set holy-days, feriez, anniversariæ.
Of a holy-day, festus.
The Holy Ghost, Spiritus Sanctus.
Holy Thursday, dies ascensionis Domini nostri in cælum.
Homage, clientela.
To do homage to one, obsequium clientelæ agnoscere.
Homageable, clientelæ obsequio obnoxius.
A homager, cliens.
Home, domus.
At home, domi.
To come home, dumum venire.
To go or return home, domum redire. He is returned home, from abroad, peregre rediit.
To go to one's long home [die] mori; diem obire supremum.
From home, domo.
Home-bred, domi educatus.
A home-bred slave, verna.

A home argument, argumentum grave.
A home blow, ictus validus.
Home news, novellæ domesticæ.
A home charge or accusation, accusatio acris. Or onset, impetus violentus.
To speak home or to the purpose, libere loqui.
Hankering after home, domesticæ vitæ appetens.
Home-spun cloth, pannus domesticus.
Home-spun [mean or ordinary] crassus, rusticus; agrestis.
A home-stall, homestead, domicilium, villa.
To charge home [in fighting] acriter instare.
To urge an argument home, argumentum instare.
Homeliness, rusticitas.
Homely, familiaris, rusticus, rudis.
Somewhat homely, rusticulus.
Homelily, inurbane, rustice.
Homeward, domum versus.
A homelyn [fish] raia lævis.
A homicide [the person] homicida. [The act] homicidium.
Homicidal, truculentus, ferus.
A homily, concio, homilia.
Homogeneous or homogeneous, ejusdem generis.
Homologous, congener.
Homonymous, ambiguus.
A homonymy, vocis ambiguitas.
A hone, cos olearia, cos Cretica.
Honest [upright] probus, honestus. [Chaste] castus, pudicus.
It is not honest, dedecet.
Honestly [uprightly] honeste, sancte. [Chastely] caste, verecunde.
Honesty [integrity] probitas, integritas. [Chastity] castitas, pudicitia.
Honey, mel.
My honey, meum corculum.
Live honey or virgin honey, mel purum.
To make honey, mellificare.
The making of honey, mellificium.
Making honey, mellificus.
Honey-harvest, mellatio.
To sweeten with honey, melle condire.
Sweet as honey, melleus, mellifluus.
A maker or seller of honey, mellarius.
A honey-comb, favus.
Honey-dew, mel roscidum.
The honey moon, mensis melleus, feriez Hymenææ.
Honey-sops, offæ asporatæ melle.
Honey-suckle, caprifolium.
French, caprifolium clypeatum. *Trefoil*, trifolium pratense.

Honeywort, cerinthe.
Honeyed, mellitus.
Honey-combed [as a cannon] perperam fusus.
Honeyless, sine melle.
Honorary, honorarius.
Honour [renown] honor, honos; fama. [Chastity] pudicitia.
An honour, decus.
To account or esteem any thing an honour, aliquid honori dicere.
To advance one to honours, all quem ad honores promovere.
To covet or seek for honour, honori vellicari.
To injure one's honour, alicujus existimationem ledere.
To name or mention one with honour, alicuius honoris causâ nominare.
To pay one honour, alicui honorem habere.
To honour, honorare, decorare, colere.
Honour done to one, honouring cultus, observantia, reverentia.
Your honour, honorificentia vestra.
Desirous of honour, ambitiosus, honoris avidus.
Full of honour, honoratus, venerabilis, ornatissimus.
Bringing honour, honorificus.
Of or for honour or honorary, honorarius.
A lady of honour, femina illustris v. nobilis.
An honour [at cards] chartæ imaginem gerens humanam.
Honourable, honorabilis, venerabilis, nobilis.
Right honourable, honoratissimus, amplissimus.
To be made more honourable, honore augeri.
Honourableness, nobilitas, claritas.
Honourably, magnifice, splendide, honorifice, amplissime.
To entertain one honourably, magnifice alicquem tractare.
Very honourably, perhonorifice.
An honourer, honorans, cultor.
A hood or veil, velum, flammœum. *For the head*, cucullus, caputium.
A priest's or woman's hood, redimiculum.
A riding-hood, pallium femineum.
A little hood or veil, flammœolum.
A lawyer's, graduate's, or citizen's livery-hood, epomia.
To hood-wink, to cover the eyes, caput obvolvère. *To deceive*, fallere.
A hoof, unguis.
A horse's hoof, ungula.
That has a horned hoof, cornipes.
A hook, hamus, uncus. *Of the*

hook, ager animi. By hook or by crook, quo jure quæve injuri.
To hang upon a hook, ad uncum suspendere.
A little hook, hamulus. A fish-hook, hamus piscatorius. A sleep-hook, pedum. A flesh-hook, fucina. The hook of a clasp, ansula. A boat-hook, hama. A weeding-hook, runcina. A tenter-hook, clavus uncinatus. A hook to cut with, faix. A little cutting hook, falcula. Pot-hooks, ollares ucci; anax, pl. A well-hook; lupus. A great iron hook, harpago. The hooks of a door, cardines.
To hook in, hamo ducere. One into a thing, aliquem ad aliquid agendum perducere. [Grapple] alicui rei uncum impingere. Together, fibula nectere v. conjungere.
Hooked, like a hook, uncus, obuncus, aduncus.
Made hooked, curvatus, falcatus. Hookedness, aduncitas.
A hoop [for casks] vimen, circulus.
To hoop [casks] viere.
A hooper [cooper] viator.
The hooping-cough, tussis ferina.
To hoot, exclamare, inclamare, vociferari.
To hoot or hiss at one, sibilo aliquem excipere.
A hooting, exclamatio, vociferatio.
A hop or hops, lupulus.
A hop-yard or hop-ground, ager lupuli conitatus.
A hop or jump, saltus.
A hop with one leg, saltus in pede unico.
To hop, saltitare, subsultare.
Upon, supersillire.
To hop beer, cerevisiam lupulis condire.
Hope, spes, fiducia.
To hope or be in hope, sperare; in spem venire.
To hang upon hope, spe fluctuare.
To hope well of a person, de aliquo bene sperare.
To give one hopes or make one hope, alicui spem afferre.
To put or place one's hopes or expectation in a person, spem in aliquo ponere, collocare.
To blast one's hopes, alicuius spes corrumpere. To dash one's hopes, spem frustrari.
A little hope, specula.
To be past hope, desperare.
The forlorn hope, antecursores, pl.
That may be hoped for, superavilla.
Hopeful, de reo bene sperare possumus.

Hopeless, expes.
Hopelessly, desperanter.
A hopper or dancer, saltator, m. saltatrix, f.
The hopper of a mill, infundibulum molare.
To go hopping, altero pede suspensus incedere.
Horehound, marrubium.
The horizon, horizon.
Horizontal or horizontally, horizontali ad libellam respondens.
A horn, cornu.
A crooked horn or trumpet, lituus, cornu.
To blow or wind a horn, cornu canere.
A little horn, corniculum. A bugle-horn, cornu venatorium.
A hunter's brazen horn, cornu flexi eris.
An ink-horn, atramentarium.
A horn-book, tabula elementorum.
A horn-work or fortification, munimentum angulare.
To be as hard as horn, corneescere.
A vinder of a horn, cornicen.
Of horn, corneus.
Hard as horn, corneolus.
Horned, cornutus, corniger.
Half-horned, falcatus, lunatus.
Having one horn, unicornis.
Two, bicornis. Three, tricornis.
A hornet, crabro, ōnis. m.
Horny, corneus.
The horny tunic of the eye, tunica cornea.
A horologe, horologium.
A horoscope, horoscopus.
Horrible [terrible] horribilis, horrificus. [Heinous] infandus. [Excessive] inmodicus.
Of a horrible sound, horronus.
Horribleness, horror, immunitas.
Horribly, horribilem in modum.
Horrid, horridus, dirus, horrificus.
The horridness of a fact, indignitas facti.
Horror, horror, terror.
To have in horror, horrere.
To be filled with horror, horrere perfundi.
A horse, equus.
A little horse, equuleus, equulus, mannus.
An ambling horse, asturco, equus gradarius.
A trotting horse, equus seassorem succutens.
A fade or sorry horse, caballus.
A Barbary horse, equus Numidicus.
A barbed horse, equus loratus.
A broken-winded horse, equus anhelator.
A horse not broken or used to carriage, &c. equus indomitus.
A cart-horse, jumentum plaustrarium.
A coach-horse, equus essedarius.

A dull horse, piger, sequeles.
Sure-footed, minime cespicator.
Coach-horses [when two only] bigluges; [when four, six, eight] quadriges, sejuges, octojuges.
A hack, equus conductivus.
A hunting-horse, equus venator.
A light horse or post-horse, veredus.
A hard-mouthed horse, equus duri oris.
A mill-horse, jumentum molarium.
A pack-horse, equus sarcinarius, clitellarius; caballus.
A prancing horse, equus sternax.
A skittish, pavidus.
A foundered, pedibus claudus.
A hackney, conductivus.
Headstrong, contra frenas sua tenax.
A led horse, desultorius.
A lean horse, vacuus.
High-mettled, alacer.
A race-horse, equus cursor.
A saddle-horse, equus vectarius.
A stumbling horse, equus offensator.
A horse ready bridled and saddled, equus ephippiatus.
A sea-horse, hippopotamus.
A sorrel horse, apudix.
A stalking horse, equus ad aucupationem ephippiatus.
A stallion, equus admissarius.
Of the best breed, equus generosissimus.
A sumpter-horse, equus viatico oneratus.
A thill-horse, equus temoni proximus.
A vaulting horse, equus desultorius.
A war-horse, equus bellator.
A wall-eyed horse, equus glaucos oculos habens.
A winning horse, calcitro.
A winged or flying horse, pegasus.
A wooden horse, equuleus.
To ride the wooden horse, more militari puniri.
A horse to dry clothes on or saw wood, cantherius.
The horse or cavalry, equitatus.
To horse or put upon a horse, in equum mittere.
To take horse or get on horse-back, equum ascendere.
To light off a horse, ex equo descendere.
To horse or hoist upon one's shoulders, in humeros sustollere.
To put a horse to full speed, equum admittere.
To ride a horse or on horseback, equo vehi.
To give a horse his head, habenas laxare.
To spur a horse, calcaria equo subdere.
Of a horse, equinus, caballinus.
A horse-boat, hippago.
Breaker, equorum domitor.
Dealer, equorum mango.
Keeper, agaso.
Horse-dealing, equorum permutatio.
A horse-collar, helcium. Comb,

strigil. Cloth, dorsuale. Colt, pullus equinus.

A horse that carries double, equus bifer.

The horse-guards, satellites equestres.

A horse-leech [water-serpent] sanguisuga, hirudo. [Farrier] veterinarius.

A horse-litter, lectica.

Litter for horses, stramentum equinum.

A horseman or horsewoman, equea.

Of or belonging to horsemen, equester.

A company or troop of horsemen, turma equitum.

Light-horsemen, levis armaturæ equites.

A horse-pond, stagnum equinum.

A horse-race, hippodromus.

Horse-radish, raphanus agrestis.

A horse-shoe, equi calceus.

Horse-trappings, phaleræ, pl.

Horsemanship, ars equestris.

Hortative or hortatory, hortativus.

A hose, tibiale.

Wearing hose, caligatus.

Of hose, caligarius.

Shipmen's hose or trousers, caliga laxæ.

A hoister, caligarius.

Hospitable, hospitalis.

Hospitably, hospitaliter.

A hospital, ptochotrophium.

For old folk, gerontocomium.

For sick persons, valetudinarium, nosocomium. For orphanæ, orphanotrophium.

Knights hospitaliers hospitalarii.

Hospitality, hospitalitas, hospitium.

Using great hospitality, perhospitalis.

A host [army] exercitus, copiæ, pl. [Inn-keeper] caupo.

A hostel or hostelry, diversorium.

A hostess, hospita.

Hostess-ship, hospitæ munus.

A hostage, obsec, vas.

Hostile, hostilis, hosticus.

Hostilely, hostiliter.

To begin hostilities, hostilia inceptare.

Hostility, hostilitas.

A hostler or ostler, stabularius.

A hostry, stabulum.

Hot, calidus, fervidus. Very hot or red hot, præfervidus.

Somewhat hot, tepidus. Scalding hot, æstuosus.

Hot-headed, teinerarius.

A hot-house, vaporarium, hypocaustum.

To be hot, calere, æstare, sudare. Again, recalescere.

Scalding hot, infervescere. Somewhat hot, subfervere. Together, coucalere. Within, localescere.

To grow hot, calescere, excalescere.

A hot headed man, hotepur, vir fervidi animi.

To make hot, calefacere, fervescere.

Hot cockles, chytrinda.

Hotly, calide, fervide, æstuose. [Vehemently] vehementer, acriter.

Hot mouthed, effrenus, indomitus.

Hotness, calor.

A hovel, tugurium, casa.

To hovel, in tugurio se protegere.

To hover [as a bird] circumvolare. [Float] fluitare, fluctuare. Over, imminere. Or soar, pennas librare, pennis se levare.

A hovering or doubting, hæsitatio, dubitatio.

Dangers or evils hovering over one's head, mala imminentia.

A hovering by the fire-side, ad ignem sessio propinqua.

The hough, saffrago.

To hough or hockle a beast, suffragines succidere.

Houghed as a beast, supernatus.

A hound, canis venaticus.

A blood-hound, canis sagax.

A fleet hound, canis celer.

A grey-hound, vertagus, canis Gallicus.

An hour, hora.

In an ill hour, infansto omine.

At the hour, tempore præstituto.

To come at a good hour, tempore adesse.

To keep good hours, tempestive æ domum recipere. Bad hours, sero domum redire.

Vacant or spare hours, horæ subsecivæ.

Half an hour, semihoræ, dimidium horæ.

A quarter of an hour, quarta pars horæ.

An hour and a half, æsquihora, hora et dimidium.

An hour-glass, clepsidra.

Hourly, horis singulis.

A house, domus, ædes, pl. At my house, domi meæ. At his house, apud illum.

A little house, ædícula. A smoky house, domus fumo infestata.

A spacious house, domus ampla. Of four stories, quatuor tabulorum.

A boarding-house, contubernium.

A low house, domus humilis.

A house several stories high, domus plures habens contignationes.

The house-eaves, subgründia, pl. The house-top, domus fastigium.

A country-house or summer-house, suburbanum, villa.

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A prince's house, regia, palatium.

The parliament house, senaculum. The house of lords, domus procerum. The house of commons, domus communium.

A store-house, cella penuraria.

An ale-house or victualing-house, caupona, popina. A bake-house, pistrinum. A brew-house, zytheparium. A coffee-house, kniphopolium. A milk house, lactarium.

A work-house or house of correction, ergastulum. Or shop, officina.

A house of office, foricæ, pl. Of the same house, familiaria.

A house or family, familia, pro sapia, genus.

Of a house, domesticus. House by house, domesticatum.

To receive or entertain a person in one's house, hospitio aliquem excipere.

To house cattle, pecora ad stabulum deducere. Corn, frumentum horreis condere.

To house himself, tectum subire.

To keep a good house, laute victu vivere. To keep open house, exposita uti hospitalitate.

House-breaking or robbing, latrocinium.

A housing of beasts, stabulatio. Of a horse, equi stragulum.

A household, familia, domus.

Of a household, familiaria.

Household bread, panis cibarius v. secundarius. Affairs, res familiares. Fare, victus quotidianus. Government, imperium domesticum. Stuff or furniture, suppellex.

A householder or housekeeper, paterfamilias.

A housekeeper [servant] femina cui cura domus committitur.

House-keeping, domus administratio.

Hougeleek, sedum.

A housewife, materfamilias.

Housewifely, æconomice.

Housewifery, rei familiaris administratio.

How, quam.

How far, quatenus, quanto.

How great, quantus, quam magnus.

How greatly, quam valde.

How long, quamdiu.

How many, quot.

How many times or how often? quoties?

How [by what manner or means] quemadmodum, quomodo.

How much, quantum, quo.

How to, is a sign of the infinitive mood; as, They cannot tell how to be angry, irasci nequeunt.

How [what] quid.

How then? quid tum postea?
How [why] or how is it? quid, quare.
How little or how small, quantulus, quantillus.
Howbeit [notwithstanding] at, tamen, nihilominus.
However [at least] saltem, certe.
However or howsoever, uti, utinque, quomodo.
How great soever, quantuscunque.
How little, quantulus, conque.
How many, quotcumque, quotquot.
How many times soever or how often soever, quotiescunque.
How long, quamvis diu. *How much,* quantumcunque.
To hawl [make a loud noise] ululare.
Howling, ululatus, ejulatus.
To howl [cry] plorare, ejulare.
How, celox, liburna, liburnien.
A Dutch boy, corbita.
A hubbub, turba, conclamatio.
To make a hubbub, tumultuari; turbare clere.
The huckle-bone, talus, coxa.
Of the huckle-bone, talarius.
A huckster, propola, caupo.
Belonging to a huckster, institorius.
To play the huckster, cauponari.
A huddle, confusio.
To huddle, confusim aliquid agere. *Together,* confundere.
In a huddle, confuse.
Things huddled together, farrago, macellanea, pl.
A hue [colour] color, species.
Of a decayed hue, decolor, decoloratus.
Hue and cry, sontis insecutio.
To follow one with hue and cry, aliquem libellis inquisitoriis insecutari.
A huff, huffer, or huffing fellow, thrauo, jactator.
To huff [look big] timere; intomescere. [*Hector or insult*] aliquid insultare. [*Make a noise and clamour*] verbis intonare. [*Threaten*] aliquid aliquid minari, intentare.
To be in a huff, aliquid egre lere, stomachari; irā ardere.
A huffing [boasting] jactatio, gloratio. [*Clamorous*] vociferatio. [*Insulting*] insultatio. [*Threatening*] minatio.
Huflak, arrogans, insolens, superbus.
Huflakly, arroganter, insolenter.
Huflakness, arrogantia, insolentia.
A hug or hugging, amplexus, complexus.
To hug, amplecti, amplexari.
Himself, sibi placere.
Huge, immanis, vastus, ingens.
Hugely, immane, valde.
Hugeness, immanitas, vastitas.

In hugger-mugger, abdite, arcane, occulte, secreto.
Huguenots, fidei reformatæ professores.
A hulk [great ship] navis oneraria.
The hull of beans, siliqua.
The hull of a ship, corpus navis sine malo, vela, &c.
To hull beans, &c. decorticare.
Hully, siliquatus, aliquidosus.
A hum [buzzing or low noise] adinurmutatio. [*Trick*] fallacia.
To hum and haw, hesitare; verba teritata proferre.
To hum over a tune, vocem modulari.
To hum or applaud one, plaudere. [*As bees do*] bombilare.
A humming or applauding, plausus, applausus.
The humming of bees, apium bombus.
Human [belonging to men] humanus.
Humane [gentle, kind] comis, affabilis.
Humanely [courteously] humaniter, humane.
A humanist, humanarum literarum professor.
Humanity, humanitas, civilitas, comitas.
To humanise, emollire.
The humbles of a stag, cervi viscera.
Humble, humilis, supplex.
To humble or make humble, aliquid arrogantiam reprimere.
To humble himself, se submisso gerere.
Humble-mouthed, mitis, lenis.
An humbler of others, superbiorum repressor. *Of himself,* qui submisso se gerit.
An humbling of others, superbiorum coercitio. *Of one's self,* animi demissio.
Humbly, humiliter, submisso, suppliciter.
A hum-drum fellow, fatuus, insulsus.
Humid, humidus, uvidus.
Humidity [moistness] humor.
Humiliation, modestia.
To appoint a day of humiliation, diem supplicationis decernere.
Humility, humbleness, modestia.
Humour [moisture] humor, succus.
The radical humour, humor radicalis.
A humour [fancy] arbitrium.
A pleasant humour, facetia, lepore.
A humour [in the body] corporis temperamentum affectus. [*Disposition*] indoles, animus, ingenium.
Good humour, festivitas, hilaritas.
Of a good humour or good-humour (177)

moured, festivus, lepidus, facetus.
To put a person in good humour, aliquem a severitate ad hilaritatem traducere.
To put a person out of humour, alienius animum offendere.
It-humoured, morosus, difficultas.
To humour, morigerari, assentari.
A humourist, levis, inconstans.
Humorous or humoursome, morosus, difficultas.
Humorous [pleasant] facetus, festivus.
Humorous toys, facetiæ, pl. sales.
Humorously or affectedly, affectate, nimis curiose. [*Pleasantly*] facete.
Humorousness or sickness, levitas, inconstantia.
To hunch or give one a hunch, trudere, tundere.
Hunch-backed, gibbus, gibberosus.
A covetous-hunk, avarus, soridus, tenax.
A hundred, centum, centenus.
Of a hundred, centenarius.
By hundreds, centuriatim.
To count or divide into hundreds, centuriare.
A company of a hundred or a hundred [in a shire] centuria.
One in the hundred [one per cent.] centesima.
A hundred times, centies.
The hundredth, centesimus.
Two hundred, ducenti, ducenti.
Hunger, fames, esuries.
Extreme hunger, inedia.
To hunger or be hungry, esurire, adesturire.
To satisfy one's hunger, famem explere.
Hungered, hungry, hunger-bitten, or hunger-starved, esuriens, avidus, famelicus.
The hungry eril, fames rabida.
Hungrily, jejune, rabide.
To hunt, venari. *After, sectari, vestigare, aucupari.* *After riches, opes consecrari; inhare.* *Out, explorare, perquirere.* *Up and down, exagitare.*
A hunter or huntsman, venator.
A hunting, venatio. *Or seeking out, investigatio.*
Of or for hunting, venaticus, venatorius.
A hunting-match, venatio præfixa.
Books on hunting, cynegetica, pl.
A hunting-pole or hunting-staff, venabulum.
A hurdle, crates, craticula.
Of a hurdle, cratius.
Hurdled, cratibus obseptus, contextus.
A hurt, jactus, jaculatus.

To hurl, jacere; jaculari. *A dart at one*, telum in aliquem jacere.
That may be hurled, missilis.
Hurlbats, cæstus.
A hurler, jaculator.
A hurling, jaculatio.
A hurly burly, turbæ, pl. tumultus.
To make a hurly-burly, turbare.
A hurricane, turbo, tempestas sæva v. gravis.
A hurry or hurrying [great haste] festinatio, properatio.
A hurry [confusion] tumultus, turba.
To hurry or make haste, festinare, accelerare, maturare.
Too much, præfestinare, præcipitare.
To do a thing in a hurry, nimium festinanter aliquid agere.
To hurry one away, festinanter aliquem rapere.
To hurry one to do a thing, aliquem ad aliquid agendum urgere.
A hurat [grove of trees] nemus.
Hurt [damage or harm] damnum, detrimentum.
A hurt [wound] vulnus, plaga.
To hurt or do hurt, lædere, nocere. [Corrupt or spoil] corrumpere, depravare. [Wound] vulnerare. *One's credit or reputation*, alicujus famam lædere.
A hurtler, injuriæ illator.
Hurtful [causing harm] nocens. [Causing loss] damnosus. [Mischievous] perniciosus.
Hurtfully [causing harm] nocenter. [Causing loss] damnose.
Hurtfulness, noxa, noxia; incommoditas.
A hurting, læsio, nocumentum.
To hurtle, velitari, configgere.
Hurtless [innocent] innocuus, innoxius. [Not hurt] illæsus, inviolatus.
Hurtlessly, sine damno.
A husband [married man] maritus, conjux.
An ill husband [spendthrift] nepos.
To be an ill husband, male rem familiarem gerere.
To play the bad husband, rem familiarem negligere.
A husband's brother, levir.
A husband's sister, glos.
To husband well, bene collocare.
To husband or till the ground, agrum colere.
Not husbanded, incultus, neglectus.
A husbandman, colonus, agricola. *A husbandman's wife*, colona.
A husbanding, prudens administratio

Husbandless, vidua.
Husbandly, frugi, diligens.
Husbandry, agricultura; agri-cultus.
Skilful in husbandry, agricola peritus.
To practise husbandry, rusticari, agros colere.
Good husbandry [economy] parcimonia, frugalitas.
Pertaining to husbandry, colonicus.
Hush! aui! desine, st! *To be hush or silent*, tacere, silere.
To hush [calm] comprimere, pacare. *A thing up or keep it secret*, rem celare.
Hush-money, bos in linguâ.
A husk of pease, &c. siliqua.
Of corn, acus. *Of seeds*, lolliculus.
Husky [abounding in husks] siliquosus. [Chaffy] acerosus.
Hustings, summa apud Londinenses curia.
A hut, tugurium; casa.
A hutch [corn chest] mactra.
A huzza, vociferatio.
To huzza, vociferari.
The hyacinth, hyacinthus.
To hye, festinare, properare.
Hymen, Hymen.
Hymeneal, hymenean, hymenæus.
A hymn, canticum sacrum.
To hymn, cantu celebrare.
A hyperbole, hyperbole.
Hyperbolic, veritatem excedens.
Hyperbolically, hyperbolice.
Hypercritic, hypercritical, admodum criticus.
A hyphen, hyphen.
A hypnotic or sleepy dose, sopor.
Hypochondriac or *hypochondriacal*, atrâ bile perlitus.
Hypocrisy, simulata pietas.
A hypocrite, pietatis simulator.
To play the hypocrite, simulare.
Hypocritical, simulatus.
A hypocritical tear, falsa lacrymula.
Hypocritically, simulate.
An hypothesis, positio; quæstio, hypothesis.
An hypothetic syllogism, connexum.
Hypothetical, hypotheticus.
Hypothetically, hypothetice.
Hyssop, hyssopus.
Hysterical or *hysterical*, hystericius.

To jabber, garrere, blaterare.
A jabberer, blatero. garrulus.
A jabbering, garritus inconditus.
A jack [in bowling] scopus.
A jack-fish, lucius.
A jackdaw, monedula.
The jack of a ship, aplustre.
A jack to turn a spit, instrumentum quo caro veru transfixa ad focum versatur.
A jack in a harpsichord, epitonium.
A jack on both sides, qui lævâ dextrâque equè utitur.
A jack-pudding [buffoon] nimus.
A jactal, lupus aureus.
A jack in a doublet, bos cum elitellis.
A jackanapes, simia.
A jacket, sagum, sagulum. *A little jacket*, tunica.
Wearing a jacket, tunicatus.
A Jacobine friar, sodalis Dornicanus.
Jaculation, jaculatio.
A jade [sorry horse] caballus.
A lean jade, equus strigosus.
An old jade, emeritus equus.
To jade or tire one, aliquem fagigare.
A jadtish trick, techna meretricia.
A jag, lacinia.
To jag, laciniose incidere.
Jagged, jaggy, dentatus.
A jail, carcer, ergastulum.
To be in jail, in custodiâ publicâ v. vinculis esse.
A jail-bird, stigmatas, furtifer.
General jail-delivery, universallie e custodiâ emissio.
A jailer, ergastularius. *His fees*, carceris sumptus.
A jakes, forica, latrina.
A jakes-cleaner, foricarum condactor.
Iambic verse, versus iambicus.
The jamba of a door, antæ, pl.
To jangle, altercari, litigari.
A jangler, arguator, litigator.
A jangling, argutatio, disceptatio. *Fellow*, homo argutus.
The janizaries, milites prætoriani imperatoris Ottomanici.
January, Januarius.
To japan, aliquid Japonum more linere.
Jargon, sermo absonus, obstreperus.
A jar or standing a-jar, semiapertus.
A jar or earthen vessel, testa. [Quarrel] lis, rixa, iurgium.
To jar, discrepare, discordare, altercari.
Jarring, discrepans, dissonum, discors.
A jarring, altercatio, litigatio.
A Jasper stone, iaspis.
A javelin, hasta; jaculum. *A little javelin*, hastula, iaccola.

I & J

I, ego.
I myself, egomet, ego ipse.
I, corr. for *ay* [yes] imo, maxime, etiam.

A javelin-bearer, lancifer.
One that uses a javelin, has'tatus.
The jaundice, morbus regius.
The yellow jaundice, icterus, aureo.
Sick of the jaundice, jaundiced, ictericus.
To jaunt up and down, discurre, vagari.
A jaunt or jaunting, discursus, vagatio.
The jaw or jaw-bone, maxilla.
Of the jaw, maxillaris.
The jaws, fauces, pl. rictus.
A jaw, pica glandaria.
Ice, glacies.
Ichthyography, ichthyographia, moludus.
An icicle, stiria.
Icy, glacialis.
An idea [form of a thing in the mind] idea.
Ideal, ad intellectum pertinens.
Identity, identitas.
The idea of a month, idus, pl.
An idiom, idioma.
Idiomatich, idiomatichal, ad loquendi rationem pertinens.
An idiot [unskillful person] idiota, imperitus. A fool, stultus.
An idiom [peculiarity of speech] idiotismus.
Idiotism or idiocy [foolishness] stultitia, stultitas.
Idle [at leisure] otiosus. [Careless] supinus. [Lazy] desidiosus, ignavus. [Trifling] frivolus, vanus, nugatorius.
An idle fellow, cessator. Toy or trick, ineptia. Story, fabula.
To be idle, cessare, vacare, otiare.
To grow idle, torpescere.
Idle discourse, sermo alienus.
Idleness, ignavia, inertia, pigritia.
Full of idleness, desidiosus.
Idly [slothfully] desidiose, ignave. [At leisure] otiose. Silently] inepte.
An idol, simulacrum, idolum.
An idolater or idolist, simulacrorum cultor.
To idolatrise, cultu idola prosequi.
Idolatrous, idolorum cultui devotus.
Idolatry or idol worship, idolorum cultus.
To idolise, hominem devenere.
An offering to idols, idolothysia.
An idyl, idyllum.
Jealous, zelotypus.
To make jealous, zelotypia afficere.
To be jealous, zelotypia affici; suspicari.
A jealous person, suspicax.
Jealousy, suspicio.
Jealousy, zelotypia, suspicio.
A jaw, anna, dicerium.
To jaw, deridere, illudere.

A jeerer, derisor, irrisor
A jeering, irrisio.
Jeeringly, jocose.
Jehovah, Jehovah.
Jejune, jejunus, tenuis.
Jejunely, jejune.
Jejuneness, tenuitas, penuria.
Jelly of meats, jus e carminibus elixis concretum. Of quinces, cydonia gelata.
Jeopardy, discrimen, periculum.
To be in jeopardy, in periculo versari.
To bring into jeopardy, in discrimen adducere.
With jeopardy, periculose.
A jeoparding, periclitatio.
Jeopardous or full of jeopardy, periculosus.
To jerk, verberare, flagellare.
To jerk or wince, calcitrare.
A jerk [lash] verber, ictus.
[Sudden spring] impetus.
A jerking or beating, verberatio.
Jersey [fine wool] lana tenuis ex Cesareâ insulâ adducta.
Jessamine, jessaminum. Yellow jessamine, polemonium.
A jest, locus; facetia.
A little jest, jocularis. A nipping jest, dicerium. A wanton jest, locus obscenus. Merry jests, facetiæ. Dry, clanculum mordaces.
In jest, joco, jocose.
Spoken in jest, jocularis, jocularis.
Full of jests or loving to jest, jocosus, facetus.
To be full of jests, facetis abundare.
To crack a jest, jocum movere.
To jest, jocari, ludere.
To take a jest, æquo animo diceria ferre.
It is all a jest or a mere jest, res nihili est.
A jester, jocularior, derisor; sannio. A saucy jester, scurra.
Jesting, jocosus, salus, dicax.
A jesting, jocatio, derisio, cavillatio.
It is no jesting matter, res est gravissima.
Without jesting, sine joco.
A saucy jesting, scurrilitas.
Jestingly, jocose.
A Jesuit, unus e societate Jesu.
Jessuit's bark, cortex Peruviana.
Jet, gurgates.
To jet [strut] magnifice incedere. Or stick out, prominere, extare.
A jetting out, prominentia, pro-jectura.
A jetting or strutting, incessus mollis.
A jewel, gemma.
My jewel, meum corculum.
A counterfeit jewel, gemma adulterina.
A jewel-box, capsula gemmaria.
A jewel-house, cimeliarchium.

The master of the jewel-house, cimeliarchus.
A jeweller, qui gemmas, monilia, et alia pretiosa vendit.
A Jew's trumpet or Jew's harp, crembalum, crembula.
If, si.
If not, si minus, si non.
If any, si quis.
If any where, sicubi.
If at any time, si quando.
As if, quasi, tanquam, perinde ac si.
But if, sin, quod si.
But if not, sin aliter, sin minus.
Ignoble, ignobilis, obscurus.
Ignobly [basely] abjecte, timide.
Ignominious, ignominiosus, infamia.
Ignominiously, cum ignominia.
Ignominy, ignominia, infamia; dedecus.
Ignoramus [in law] non liquet.
An ignoramus, ignavus, saluus, ineptus, mentis inops.
Ignorance, ignorantia, inscientia. [Unskillfulness] imperitia.
Deep ignorance, omium rerum ignoratio.
Ignorant, ignarus, nescius. [Not skilled in] indoctus, rudis. Very, periparum.
To be ignorant, ignorare, nescire.
Ignorantly, inscite, inscienter.
A jig, tripudium.
To jig, tripudiare.
A jill [measure] hemina.
To jilt, spem amantis ludificari.
To jingle [clink] tinnire. [Affect words] verba captare.
A jingling, tinnitus.
Ill [eubst.] malum, infortunum; calamitas. Adj. malus, pravius; nequam, indecl. Adv. male, perperam.
Ill at ease, ill-disposed, or sick, æger, ægrotus.
To be ill, ægrotare, morbo laborare.
Illaudable, illaudabilis, illaudatus.
Illegal, illicitus.
Illegally, illicite.
Illegality, injustitia.
Illegible, haud lectu facilis.
Illegitimacy, ortus infamia.
Illegitimacy, spurius, nothus.
Illegitimately, parum legitime.
Illiberal, illiberalis; inhumanus.
Il liberally, illiberaliter.
Il liberality, illiberalitas, tenactas.
Illicit [unlawful] illicitus.
Il limitable, infinitus, interminatus.
Il literate, rudis, indoctus.
Il literateness, illiteratus, imperitia.
Illness. Vid. Sickness.
To illude, illudere, deludere.

To hurt, jacere; jaculari. *A dart at one*, telum in aliquem jacere.
That may be hurled, missilis.
Hurlbats, cæstus.
A hurler, jaculator.
A hurling, jaculatio.
A hurly-burly, turbæ, pl. tumultus.
To make a hurly-burly, turbare.
A hurricane, turbo, tempestas æmva v. gravis.
A hurry or hurrying [great haste] festinatio, properatio.
A hurry [confusion] tumultus, turba.
To hurry or make haste, festinare, accelerare, maturare.
Too much, præfestinare, præcipitare.
To do a thing in a hurry, nimium festinanter aliquid agere.
To hurry one away, festinanter aliquem rapere.
To hurry one to do a thing, alique[m] ad aliquid agendum urgere.
A hurt [grove of trees] nemus.
Hurt [damage or harm] damnum, detrimentum.
A hurt [wound] vulnus, plaga.
To hurt or do hurt, lædere, nocere. [Corrupt or spoil] corumpere, depravare. [Wound] vulnerare. *One's credit or reputation*, alicujus famam lædere.
A hurter, injuriæ illator.
Hurtful [causing harm] nocens. [Causing loss] damnosus. [Mischievous] perniciosus.
Hurtfully [causing harm] nocenter. [Causing loss] damnose.
Hurtfulness, noxa, noxia; incommoditas.
A hurting, læsio, nocumentum.
To hurtle, velitari, configere.
Hurtless [innocent] innocuus, innoxius. [Not hurt] illæsus, inviolatus.
Hurtlessly, sine damno.
A husband [married man] maritus, conjux.
An ill husband [spendthrift] nepos.
To be an ill husband, male rem familiarem gerere.
To play the bad husband, rem familiarem negligere.
A husband's brother, levir.
A husband's sister, glos.
To husband well, bene collocare.
To husband or till the ground, agrum colere.
Not husbanded, incultus, neglectus.
A husbandman, colonus, agricola. *A husbandman's wife*, colona.
A husbanning, prudens administratio

Husbandless, vidua.
Husbandly, frugi, diligens.
Husbandry, agricultura; agri-cultus.
Skilful in husbandry, agricola peritus.
To practise husbandry, rusticari, agros colere.
Good husbandry [economy] parcimonia, frugalitas.
Pertaining to husbandry, colonicus.
Hush! au! desine, at!
To be hush or silent, tacere, silere.
To hush [calm] comprimere, pacare. *A thing up or keep it secret*, rem celare.
Hush-money, bos in linguâ.
A husk of pease, &c. siliqua.
Of corn, acus. *Of seeds*, folliculus.
Husky [abounding in husks] siliquosus. [Chaffy] acerosus.
Hustings, summa apud Londinenses curia.
A hut, tugurium; casa.
A hutch [corn chest] mactra.
A huzza, vociferatio.
To huzza, vociferari.
The hyacinth, hyacinthus.
To hye, festinare, properare.
Hymen, Hymen.
Hymeneal, hymenean, hymenæus.
A hymn, canticum sacrum.
To hymn, cantu celebrare.
A hyperbole, hyperbole.
Hyperbolic, veritatem excedens.
Hyperbolically, hyperbolice.
Hypercritical, hypercritical, admodum criticus.
A hyphen, hyphen.
A hypnotic or sleepy dose, sopor.
Hypochondriac or *hypochondriacal*, atrâ bile percitus.
Hypocrisy, simulata pietas.
A hypocrite, pietatis simulator.
To play the hypocrite, simulare.
Hypocritical, simulatus.
A hypocritical tear, falsa lacrymula.
Hypocritically, simulate.
An hypothesis, positio; questio, hypothesis.
An hypothetic syllogism, connexum.
Hypothetical, hypotheticus.
Hypothetically, hypothetice.
Hyssop, hyssopus.
Hysteria or *hysterical*, hystericus.

I, ego.
I myself, egomet, ego ipse.
I, corr. for *ay* [yes] imo, maxime, etiam.

I & J

(143)

To jabber, garrere, blaterare.
A jabberer, blatero, garrulus.
A jabbering, garritus inconditus.
A jack [in bowling] scopus.
A jack-fish, lucius.
A jackdaw, monedula.
The jack of a ship, aplustre.
A jack to turn a spit, instrumentum quo caro veru transfixa ad focum versatur.
A jack in a harpsichord, epitonium.
A jack on both sides, qui lævâ dextrâque æque utitur.
A jack-pudding [buffoon] mimus.
A jackal, lupus aureus.
A jack in a doublet, bos cum clitelis.
A jackanapes, simia.
A jacket, sagum, sagulum. *A little jacket*, tunica.
Wearing a jacket, tunicatus.
A Jacobine friar, sodalis Dominicanus.
Jaculation, jaculatio.
A jade [sorry horse] caballus.
A lean jade, equus strigosus.
An old jade, emeritus equus.
To jade or tire one, alique[m] fatigare.
A jadish trick, techna meretricia.
A jag, lacinia.
To jag, laciniose incidere.
Jagged, jaggy, dentatus.
A jail, carcer, ergastulum.
To be in jail, in custodiâ publicâ v. vinculis esse.
A jail-bird, stigmatas, farrifer.
General jail-delivery, universæ hinc custodiæ emissio.
A jailer, ergastularius. *His fees*, carceris sumptus.
A jakes, forica, latrina.
A jakes-cleanser, foricarium conductor.
Iambic verse, versus iambicus.
The jams of a door, antæ, pl.
To jangle, altercari, litigari.
A jangler, arguator, litigator.
A jangling, argutatio, disceptatio. *Fellow*, homo argutus.
The janizaries, milites prætoriani imperatoris Ottomanici.
January, Januarius.
To Japan, aliquid Japonum more linere.
Jargon, sermo absonus, obstreperus.
A jar or standing a-jar, semi-apertus.
A jar or earthen vessel, testa. [Quarrel] lis, rixa, iurgium.
To jar, discrepare, discordare, altercari.
Jarring, discrepans, dissonus, discors.
A jarring, altercatio, litigatio.
A jasper stone, iaspis.
A javelin, hasta; jaculum. *A little javelin*, hastula, lancea.

A javelin-bearer, lancifer.
One that uses a javelin, hastatus.
The jaundice, morbus regius.
The yellow jaundice, icterus, aurago.
Sick of the jaundice, jaundiced, ictericus.
To jaunt up and down, discurrere, vagari.
A jaunt or jaunting, discursus, vagatio.
The jaw or jaw-bone, maxilla.
Of the jaw, maxillaris.
The jaws, fauces, pl. rictus.
A jay, pica glandaria.
Jce, glacies.
Ichography, ichnographia, modulus.
An icicle, stria.
Icy, glacialis.
An idea [form of a thing in the mind] idea.
Ideal, ad intellectum pertinens.
Identity, identitas.
The idea of a month, idus, pl.
An idiom, idioma.
Idiomatic, idiomatical, ad loquendi rationem pertinens.
An idiot [unskillful person] idiotia, imperitus. A fool, stultus.
An idiom [peculiarity of speech] idiotismus.
Idiotism or idiocy [foolishness] stultitia, fatuitas.
Idle [at leisure] otiosus. [Careless] supinus. [Lazy] desidiosus, ignavus. [Trifling] frivolus, vanus, nugatorius.
An idle fellow, cessator. Toy or trick, inepta. Story, fabula.
To be idle, cessare, vacare, otiare.
To grow idle, torpescere.
Idle discourse, sermo alienus.
Idleness, ignavia, inertia, pigritia.
Full of idleness, desidiosus.
Idly [aloofly] desidiose, ignave. [At leisure] otiose. Silently] inapte.
An idol, simulacrum, idolum.
An idolater or idolist, simulacrorum cultor.
To idolatrise, cultu idola prosequi.
Idolatrous, idolorum cultui devotus.
Idolatry or idol worship, idolorum cultus.
To idolise, hominem devenari.
Offering to idols, idolothysia.
An idyl, idyllum.
Jealous, zelotypus.
To make jealous, zelotypiâ afficere.
To be jealous, zelotypiâ affici; suspicari.
A jealous person, suspicax.
Jealously, suspiciose.
Jealousy, zelotypia, suspicio.
A jeer, sanna, dicerium.
To jeer, deridere, illudere.

A jeerer, derisor, irrisor
A jeering, irrisio.
Jeeringly, jocosae.
Jehovah, Jehovah.
Jejune, jejunus, tenuis.
Jejunely, jejune.
Jejuneness, tenuitas, penuria.
Jelly of meats, jus e carnibus elixis concretum. Of quinces, cydonia gelata.
Jeopardy, discrimen, periculum.
To be in jeopardy, in periculo versari.
To bring into jeopardy, in discrimen adducere.
With jeopardy, periculose.
A jeoparding, periclitatio.
Jeopardous or full of jeopardy, periculosus.
To jerk, verterare, flagellare.
To jerk or vince, calcitrare.
A jerk [lash] verber, ictus.
[Sudden spring] impetus.
A jerking or beating, verberatio.
Jersey [fine wool] lana tenuis ex Caesareâ insula adducta.
Jessamine, jessaminum. Yellow jessamine, polemonium.
A jest, jocus; facetia.
A little jest, jocular. A nipping jest, dicerium. A wanton jest, jocus obscenus. Merry jests, facetiae. Dry, clanculum mordaces.
In jest, joco, jocosae.
Spoken in jest, jocularis, jocularius.
Full of jests or loving to jest, jocosus, facetus.
To be full of jests, facetiis abundare.
To crack a jest, jocum movere.
To jest, jocari, ludere.
To take a jest, æquo animo diceria ferre.
It is all a jest or a mere jest, res nihili est.
A jester, jocular, derisor; sanna.
A saucy jester, scurra.
Jesting, jocosus, salsus, dicens.
A jesting, jocatio, derisio, cavillatio.
It is no jesting matter, res est gravissima.
Without jesting, sine joco.
A saucy jesting, scurrilitas.
Jestingly, jocosae.
A Jesuit, unus e societate Jesu.
Jessita's bark, cortex Peruviana.
Jet, gaggates.
To jet [strut] magnifice incedere. Or strut out, prominere, extare.
A jetting out, prominentia, projectura.
A jetting or strutting, incessus mollis.
A jewel, gemma.
My jewel, meum corculum.
A counterfeited jewel, gemma adulterina.
A jewel-box, capsula gemmaria.
A jewel-house, cimeliarchium.

The master of the jewel-house, cimeliarchus.
A jeweller, qui gemmas, monilia, et alia pretiosa vendit.
A Jew's trump or Jew's harp, crembalum, crembula.
If, si.
If not, si minus, si non.
If any, si quis.
If any where, sicubi.
If at any time, si quando.
As if, quasi, tanquam, perinde ac si.
But if, sin, quod si.
But if not, sin aliter, sin minus.
Ignoble, ignobilis, obscurus.
Ignobly [basely] abjecte, timide.
Ignominious, ignominiosus, infamis.
Ignominiously, cum ignominia.
Ignominy, ignominia, infamia; dedecus.
Ignoramus [in law] non liquet.
An ignoramus, ignavus, satius, ineptus, mentis inops.
Ignorance, ignorantia, inscientia. [Unskillfulness] imperitia.
Deep ignorance, omnium rerum ignoratio.
Ignorant, ignarus, nescius. [Not skilled in] indoctus, rudis. Very, perigiarus.
To be ignorant, ignorare, nescire.
Ignorantly, inscite, inscienter.
A jig, tripudium.
To jig, tripudiare.
A jill [measure] hemina.
To jilt, spem amantis ludificare.
To jingle [clink] tinnire. [Affect words] verba captare.
A jingling, tinnitus.
Ill [subst.] malum, infortunium; calamitas. Adj. malus, pravius; nequam, indecl. Admale, perperam.
Ill at ease, ill-disposed, or eager, ægrotus.
To be ill, ægrotare, morbo li rare.
Illaudable, illaudabilis, illatua.
Illegal, illicitus.
Illegally, illicite.
Illegality, injustitia.
Illegible, haud lectu facilis.
Illegitimacy, ortus infamia.
Illegitimate, apurius, nothus.
Illegitimately, parum legitime.
Illiberal, illiberalis; inhumanus.
Il liberally, illiberaliter.
Il liberality, illiberalitas, tenacitas.
Illicit [unlawful] illicitus.
Ilimitable, infinitus, interminatus.
Iliterate, rudis, indoctus.
Illiterateness, illiterature, imperitia.
Illness. Vid. Sickness.
To illude, illudere, deludere.

To illuminate, illumine, or illumine, illuminare, illustrare.
An illumination or illuminating, illustratio.
An illuminator, qui illuminat.
An illusion, phantasma, visum.
Or error, error.
Illusory or illusive, fallax, fraudulentus.
To illustrate, illustrare, explicare.
An illustrating or illustration, illustratio, explicatio.
Illustrative, ad illustrandum aptus.
Illustratively, ad illustrandum.
Illustrious, illustris, luculentus.
To be illustrious, clarere.
Illustriously, eximie.
Illustriousness, nobilitas, claritas.
An image, imago, effigies, simulacrum. *A little image*, icuncula. *A painted image*, imago picta. *A graven image*, imago sculptilis.
An image or statue, statua, signum.
Antic images of men, supporting doors, &c. telamones. *Of women*, caryatides, pl.
Imagery, imagines, opera picta v. sculpta.
The place where images are sold, hermapollum.
A molten image, simulacrum fusile.
Full of images [fancies or conceits] imaginosis, opinabilis.
An image-maker, statuarius.
Image making, statuaria, sc. ars.
Imaginable, quod animo fingi potest.
The greatest imaginable, mirandus, quantum potest maximus.
Imaginary, imaginarius, fictus.
Imaginary honour, honoris umbra.
Imagination [the faculty] vis imaginandi. [Fancy] imaginatio. [Thought] cogitatio.
A cunning imagination, machinatio.
A false imagination, phantasma.
Full of imagination, meditans.
To imagine [think] existimare, arbitrari, cogitare, censere. [Invent] imaginari, aliquid cogitatione fingere.
Imbecility, imbecillitas, debilitas, infirmitas.
To imbibe, imbibere. *Good principles*, bonis moribus imbui v. instrui.
To imbitter, amarum facere. [Exasperate] exasperare.
To embolden, animare, hortari.
An emboldening, animatio, hortatio.
To imbosom, in sinum accipere.
To imboss. Vid. *Emboss*.
Imbowed, arcuatus, fornicatus, laqueatus.

To imbrue, imbuere. *In blood*, sanguine inquinare.
To imbrute [act.] in bestiam mutare. *Neut.* obbrutescere.
To imhue, imbuere.
Imitable, imitabilis.
To imitate, imitari, consecrari. [Follow] exequi. *A thing, adumbrare, delineare*. *With ambition*, æmulari.
An imitating or imitation, imitatio. *Affected*, imitatio affectata.
An imitator, imitator, æmulator; æmulus.
Immaculate, immaculatus, impollutus.
Immanent, inhærens.
Immanity, immanitas, crudelitas.
Immaterial [void of matter] materiæ expers. [Of no great moment] res levis.
Immature, immaturus, crudus.
Immaturity or immaturity, immaturitas, cruditas.
Immaturely, immature.
Immeasurable, immensus.
Immeasurably, præter omnem modum.
Immediate [proximate] proximus. [Instant] extemporalis.
Immediately [proximately] proxime. [Presently] illico, extemplo.
Immedicable, immedicabilis.
Immemorable, immemorabilis.
Immemorial, omni hominum memoriæ antiquior.
Immense, immensus, profundus.
Immensely great, ingens.
Immensity, immensitas.
To immerge or immerse, immergere.
Immersion, immersio.
Immethodical, confusus, indigestus, incompositus.
Immethodically, confuse.
Imminent, imminens, impendens.
To be imminent, imminere, instare.
Immission, immisio.
Immobility, firmus et immobilis rei status.
Immoderate, immoderatus, effusus.
Immoderately, immoderate, immodeste; intemperanter.
Immoderation, excessus.
Immodest, immodestus, impudicus.
Immodestly, immodeste, intemperate.
Immodesty, immodestia, turpitudinis.
To immolate, immolare.
Immolation or sacrifice, immolatio.
Immoral, improbus.
Immorality, morum improbitas.
Immortally, improbe, impie.
Immortal, immortalis, indissolubilis.

Immortality, immortalitas, æternitas.
To immortalise, eternare, æternitatem alicui donare.
Immortally, immortaliter, æternum.
Immovable, immobilis, immotus.
Immovably, constanter.
An immunity, immunitas, vacatio.
To immure, intra muros includere.
Immutability, immutabilitas.
Immutable, immutabilis, constans.
Immutably, firme, constanter.
Immutation, immutatio.
An imp [grass] surculus insititius. [Little devil] parvulus demon.
To impair, diminuire; attenuare, deterere.
An impairing, diminutio, imminutio.
Impalpable, quod non sub tactum cadit.
To imparadise, beare.
Imparity, inæqualitas.
To impark, conspire; septo munire.
Imparlance, interlocutio.
To impart, impartire, impartiri.
Impartial, æquus, justus.
Impartiality or impartialness, æquitas, justitia.
Impartially, æque, juste.
An imparting, communicatio.
Impassable, avius, præruptus.
Impassible, impassive, pati necius, nulli dolori obnoxius.
Impassibility, impassibleness, rei talis conditio, ut dolori haud sit obnoxius.
Impassioned, iracundiâ accensus.
Impatience [inability to bear] impatientia. [Hastiness of temper] ira, iracundia.
Impatient [not able to bear] impatientia. [Of a hasty temper] iracundus.
Impatiently, impotenter, ægre, iracunde, intoleranter.
To impeach, accusare, insinulare, flagitare.
An impeacher, criminator.
An impeaching or impeachment, accusatio, delatio, criminatio. *Of an impeachment*, accusatorius.
Impeachment of waste, vasti impetio.
To impeart, gemmare.
Impeccability, status nullo errori obnoxius.
Impeccable, nulli errori obnoxius.
To impede, impedire, præpedire.
An impediment, impedimentum, mora.
To have an impediment in one's speech, balbutire.
To impel, impellere.

To impend, impendere, imminere.
Impendens or *impending*, impendens, instans.
Impenetrable, impenetrabilis.
Impenetrability, status rei quæ est impenetrabilis.
Impenitence or *impenitency*, obstinata peccandi voluntas, animus ad peccandum obfirmatus.
Impenitent, ad peccandum obstinatus.
Impenitently, obstinate.
Imperative, imperativus.
Imperceptible, non perceptus, cui sensum oculorum non cadens.
Imperceptibleness, status rei quæ percipi non potest.
Imperceptibly, ita ut sub oculorum sensum non cadat.
Imperfect, imperfectus; curtus, minus.
Imperfectly, non perfecte.
Imperfection, defectus.
Imperial, imperatorius, augustus.
The Imperialists, Germani.
Imperial, imperialia.
Imperious, imperiosus, arrogans.
Imperiously, imperiose.
Imperiousness, dominatio imperiosa.
Imperishable, corruptionis ex-
 pera.
Impersonal, impersonalis.
Impersonally, impersonaliter.
Impertinence, insulsiitas, ineptie, pl.
Impertinent, absurdus, insolus.
Somewhat impertinent, subdocus.
Impertinently, absurde, inepte.
Impervious, impervius.
Impeachable, impenetrabilis.
To impeatrate, impetrare, exorare.
Impetration, impetratio.
Impetuous, vehemens, violentus.
Impetuosity or *impetuousness*, vehementia, violentia.
Impetuously, vehementer, violentius.
Impiety, impietas, scelus, flagitium.
Impious, impius, scelestus.
Impiously, imple, sceleste, scelestie.
Implacable, implacabilis, inexorabilis.
Implacableness or *implacability*, implacabilitas.
Implacably, implacabiliter.
To implant, inserere.
An implanting or *implantation*, latio.
Implausible, non plausibilis.
Implements [tools] instrumenta, pl. Of a house, suppellex.
To implicate, implicare.
An implication, implicatio.
Implicit, implicitus.

Implicitly, implicite.
To implore, implorare, obsecrare.
An implorer, qui implorat.
An imploring, imploratio.
To imply [comprehend] comprehendere. [Signify] denotare, significare. [Infer] inferre, concludere.
To imposit, impositum, corrumpere; veneno tollere.
Impolite, impolitus; rudis, inurbanus.
Impolitic, imprudens, incautus.
Impolitically, imprudenter, inconsiderate.
To import, importare, invehere. [Concern] ad aliquem v. aliquid spectare. [Signify] denotare, significare.
Import [importance] momentum, pondus. [Meaning] significatio.
Import and export, inductio et exportatio.
Of great importance, summus, gravis. *Of little importance*, res levis v. minimi momenti.
According to the importance of affairs, pro magnitudine rerum.
Importance or *import* [sense or force] vis, sensus.
Important, gravis, magni momenti; momentosus.
Importation, inductio.
An importer, qui merces importat.
Importless, parvi momenti, nihil.
Importunate, importune, importunus, sollicitus. *To be importunate with one*, importune aliquem sollicitare.
Importunately, importune, solcite.
To importune, sollicitare, obsecrare, flagitare.
An importuning, importunity, or importunacy, importunitas, sollicitatio; ambitio; efflagitatus.
To impose or *enjoin* to do a thing, aliquid alicui imponere v. injungere.
To impose upon [cheat] fraudare; decipere, aliquem fallere.
An imposition or *cheat*, fraus, dolus. [Injunction] mandatum. [Impost or tax] tributum, vectigal. *The imposition of a fine*, multa irrogatio.
Impossibility, impossibilitas.
Impossible, impossibilis.
An imposter, fraudator, defraudator; planus veterator, homo fallax v. fraudulentus.
Imposts [in architecture] incumbæ, columnarum capitula.
An imposthume, abacassus, suppuratio, apostema, collectio.
About the ear, parotis. *In the lungs*, tabes, phthisis.

To grow to an imposthume or *to imposthume*, ulcus contra hære.
An imposture, fraus.
Impotence or *impotency*, impotentia, debilitas.
Impotent, impotens, debilis.
Impotently, impotenter, infirmus.
To impound cattle, pecus erraticum in septo includere.
An impounding, inclusio.
Impracticable, quod fieri non potest.
Impracticableness, impossibilitas.
To imprecate, imprecari, invocare.
An imprecation or *curse*, imprecatio, execratio.
Impregnable, inexpugnabilis.
Impregnably, modo inexpugnabili.
To impregnate, gravidam reddere.
An impress, scuti gentilitii emblemata.
To impress soldiers, milites invitos conscribere.
An impression, *impressure* [stamp or mark] impressio, character.
An impression on the mind, mentis sensus.
To make an impression on the mind, in animum descendere.
An impression of books, librorum editio.
To make an impression, impressionem, notam, v. signum rei admittere.
Imprest money, auctoramentum.
To imprint or *impress*, imprimere, excudere.
To imprint a thing on the mind, aliquid animo imprimere.
An imprinting, impressio.
To imprison, in vincula conjicere; incarcerare.
Imprisonment, custodia; in carcere inclusio.
Improbability, quod vix credi potest.
Improbable, improbabilis, vero absimilis.
Improbably, haud probabiliter.
To improbate or *disapprove*, improbare.
Improbation, improbatio.
Improbability, improbitas, nequitia.
Improper [not proper] improprius; ineptus. [Unseasonable] in-tempestivus. *At an improper time*, tempore minime idoneo.
Improperly [not properly] improprie. [Unseasonably] in-tempestive.
To impropriate, sibi proprium vindicare.
An impropriation, sacerdotium gentilitium et avitum.
An impropiator, laicus donator.
Impropriety, vitium improprium, abusus.

Improbable, quod utilius evadere potest.

To improve [act.] promoverè, provehère. *Neul.* proficere. *Arts and sciences*, artes et studia colere. *An advantage in a fight*, beneficio fortunæ uti. *A victory, uti victoriâ.* *An estate or money*, redditum augere. *A story*, ficta veris addere. *Time*, bonis studiis tempus conterere.

An improvement, fructus, quæstus; lucrum; incrementum. *Capable of improvement*, fructus capax.

An improver, amplifactor.

An improving, amplificatio.

Improvvidence, negligentia, incuria.

Improvvident, improvvidus, incautus.

Improvvidently, improvvide, incaute.

Imprudence, imprudentia, inscientia.

Imprudent, imprudens.

Imprudently, imprudenter, in-scite, incaute.

Impudence, impudentia, audacia.

Impudent, impudens, effrons.

Somewhat impudent, subimpudens.

To be impudent, os durum habere.

Impudently, impudenter, confidenter.

To impugn, impugnare, contradicere.

An impugner, qui impugnat.

An impugning, impugnatio.

Impuissance, impotentia, debilitas.

An impulse or impulsion, impulsus.

Impulsive, impellens.

Impunity, impunitas, licentia.

Impure, impurus, immundus.

Impurely, impure, immunde.

Impureness or impurity, impuritas; sordes.

Imputable, quod imputari potest.

An imputation, vituperatio.

To cast an imputation upon, vituperare.

Imputative, alicui ascriptus.

To impute, imputare, assignare.

An imputer, imputator.

In [prep.] is variously rendered in Latin, according to the other words used; but chiefly by *in*.

In [adv.] intro.

In all, omnino, &c.

In as much as, in quantum, quando, quandoquidem.

In being, in rerum naturâ. *They are not now in being*, jam nusquam sunt.

In brief, ad summum, breviter. *Indeed or in very deed*, re ip-sâ, re verâ, certissime. *In common*, in medium. *In com-*

parison of, præ, prout. *In a ring or circle*, in orbem, in gyrum. *In a manner*, sere, ferme. *In the mean time*, interim, inter hæc, interea, interea loci. *In all places*, ubique, nusquam non. *In no place*, nullibi, nusquam. *In the sight of all men*, palam, aperte. *In show*, in speciem, in v. sub prætextu. *In time* [seasonably] opportune, per tempus. *In times past*, olim, dudum, quondam. *In a trice*, dicto citius. *In truth*, nam, sane, reverâ.

In [inward] insitus, internus. *You made it out by in and home proofs*, insitis domesticisque probationibus explicabas.

In English, Anglice. *In Latin*, Latine. *In Greek*, Græce.

Inability, impotentia, debilitas.

Inabstinence, intemperantia.

Inaccessible, inaccessus; arduus.

Inaccurate, minime exactus.

Inaccurately, populariter.

Inactive, iners, ignavus, socors.

Inactivity, inaction, inertia, ignavia.

Inadequate, imperfectus.

Inadvertence, or *inadvertency*, incogitantia, imprudentia.

Inadvertent, incogitans, imprudens.

Inadvertently, imprudenter, negligent.

Inalienable, quod alienari non potest.

Inanimate, inanimatus, inanimus.

Inanity, innitio, inanitas.

Inappetency, appetitus prostratio.

Inapplicable, quod idonee applicari nequit.

Inartificial, sine arte v. artificio.

Inartificially, inartificialiter.

Inarticulate, indistinctus, confusus.

Inarticulately, confuse.

Inattention, contemptio, negligentia.

Inattentive, negligens, socors.

To inaugurate, inaugurare.

An inauguration, actus quo quis in aliquo munere constituitur.

Inauspicious, inauspicatus, ominosus.

Inauspiciously, inauspicato.

Inbred, inborn, innatus, insitus.

To incage, caveâ includere.

Incantation, cantio, carmen, fascinatio.

Incapable [unfit] inhabilis, non capax. [Ignorant] imperitus.

Incapableness, incapability, or *incapacity*, [ignorance] imperitia.

To incapacitate, inhabilem reddere.

To incarnate [fill up with new flesh] cicatricem obducere.

The incarnation, Divinæ atque humanæ naturæ in Christo associatio.

An incendiary, incendiarius.

Incense, thus.

To incense [with incense] Arabico odore fumigare. [Anger] exasperare.

To continue to incense, perstimulare.

An incenser or provoker, irritator.

An incensing, irritatio.

An incensory, thuribulum.

An incentive, incitamentum, incitativum.

Inceptive, inceptivus.

An inceptor [one who is about to commence Master of Arts] candidatus in artibus inceptor.

Incertitude, dudicatio, incertum.

Incessant, assiduus, constans.

Incessantly, assidue, constanter.

Incest, incestum, incestus.

Incestuous, incestus. *An incestuous person*, incestuosus.

An inch, uncia, pollex.

To inch out a thing, parcè aliquid administrare.

Not to depart one inch, transversum digitum non discedere.

Inch by inch, unclatim.

Incident, incidental, contingens eveniens.

An incident [event] casus, even-tus.

Incidentally or incidentally, obiter.

An incision, incisio, incisus.

To make an incision, incidere.

To incite, incitare, excitare, instigare.

An inciter, stimulator, auctor.

An inciting, incitation, or *incitement*, incitamentum, stimulat.

Incivil, inhumanus, incivis.

Incivility, rusticitas, barbaria.

Inclemency, inclementia.

Inclement, inclemens.

Inclinable, proclivis, pronus.

An inclination, proclivitas, propensio.

Of one's own inclination, sponte suâ, ultro.

To incline [bend forward] inclinare.

To be inclined, propendere.

To incline or go down, inclinare, vergere.

Inclined, proclivis, propensus.

Inclining, proclivis, facilis. *Forward*, acclinis. *Backward*, reclinis. *Downward*, declivis.

To incloister, claustrum immittere.

Incloistered, claustrum immissus.

To incloud, obscurare; nube tegere.

To include, includere.

Inclusive of, comprehendens, continens.

Inclusively, ita ut includatur

Incoactivity, incogitantia, im-
probatia.
Incoactive, qui cogitare non
potest.
Incoquo, incog., clam; incog-
nitus.
Incoherent, non cohærens, ab-
surdus.
Incoherently, non cohærenter.
Incombustible, quod comburi
non potest.
An income, redditus, fructus.
Incommensurable, incommensu-
rate, quod quia metiri nequit.
To incommode, incommodare,
nocere.
Incommodious, incommodus,
molestus, intempestivus.
Incommodiously, incommode,
molente. *Very*, perincommode.
Incommunicable, non partici-
pandus.
Incommunicably, ita ut commu-
nicari non possit.
Incompact, incompositus, incon-
cinnus.
Incomparable, incomparabilis.
Incomparably, multo, longe.
Incompassionate, immitis, in-
humana.
Incompatibility, repugnantia.
Incompatible, insociabilis, se-
cum pugnant.
Incompetency, jurisdictionis de-
fectus.
Incompetent, non legitimus, ei-
dem subjecto non competens.
Or *incompatible*, non apte con-
veniens.
Incomplete, imperfectus.
Incomprehensible, incompre-
hensibilis.
Incomprehensibleness, status rei
incomprehensibilis.
Incomprehensibly, modo incom-
prehensibili.
Inconceivable, quod animo con-
cipi nequit.
Inconceivably, ita ut compre-
hendi non possit.
Inconclusive, inconsequen-
tia.
Inconcoct, *incocted*, crudus,
immaturus.
Incongruity, incongruitas.
Incongruous, non congruens.
Incongruously, non apte, non
convenienter.
Inconsequent, ex quo nihil con-
cludi potest.
Inconsiderable, vilis, nullius mo-
menti.
Inconsiderancy, inconsiderate-
ness, inconsiderantia, incogi-
tantia.
Inconsiderate, imprudens, teme-
rarius; præcepta, futillia.
Inconsiderately, temere, incon-
sulta, inconsiderate.
Inconsistence or *inconsistency*,
repugnantia; insanitia.
Inconsistent, non congruens, se-
mutuo repellens.
Inconsistently, absurde, non apte

Inconsolable, inconsolabilis.
Inconsolably, modo inconsola-
bili.
Instancancy, inconstantia, levi-
tas, varietas.
Instancant, inconstans, levis,
varius.
Instantly, leviter, instan-
ter.
Intestable, de quo jure con-
tendi non potest.
Intinence or *incontinency*,
incontinentia, intemperantia.
Intinent, incontinens, libidi-
nosus.
Intinently [presently] conti-
nuo, confestim. [*Unchastely*]
impure, libidinosæ.
Introvertibly, sine contro-
versia.
An inconvenience or *inconveni-
ency*, incommodum, infortu-
nium.
Inconvenient, incommodus, in-
decorus, indecoris. *Very*, per-
incommodus. Or *unseasonable*,
intempestivus, intempestus.
Inconveniently, incommode, in-
decere. *Very*, perincommode.
[*Unseasonably*] intempestive.
Inconvertible, insociabilis.
Inconvertible, qui in aliam rem
converti non potest.
To incorporate [unite] concor-
porare; in unum corpus redi-
gere. *A society*, societatem in
unum corpus formare.
To incorporate or *be incorpora-
ted*, in unum corpus redigi.
An incorporating or *incorpora-
tion*, rerum diversarum coag-
mentatio. [*Receiving into a
society*] cooptatio.
Incorporeal, *incorporal*, or *in-
corporeate*, corporis expert, in-
corporalis.
Incorrect, mendosus, vitiosus.
Incorrectly, mendose, vitiose.
Incorrectness in *writing* or
speaking, loquela v. scriptura
accurationis expert.
Incorrigible, inemendabilis.
Incorrigibleness, status rei de-
cujus emendatione despera-
tur.
Incorrigibly, ita ut emendari
nequeat.
Incorrupt or *incorrupted*, incor-
ruptus, sincerus, purus.
Incorruptible, corruptionis ex-
pert.
Incorruptibleness, *incorrupt-
ness*, or *incorruptibility*, sine-
ritas, integritas.
Incorruption, conditio rei pu-
tredini non obnoxia.
To increase [thicken] cras-
sum reddere.
Increase, incrementum.
To increase [add to or enlarge]
accumulare, augmentare, am-
plificare. Or *be increased*,
creâre, ingravescere, aug-
escere.

An increaser, auctor, amplificator;
accumulator.
An increasing, accumulatio, ad-
jectio, adjunctio; accretio, ac-
crementum.
*A method of increasing the re-
venue*, ærarii augendi ratio.
An increasing of one's estate,
rei familiaris amplificatio.
Increate or *increated*, non cre-
atus.
Incredible, incredibilis, fide ma-
jor.
Incredibleness or *incredibility*,
rei absurditas.
Incredibly, incredibiliter.
Incredulity or *incredulousness*,
diffidentia, dubitatio.
Incredulous, incredulus; qui
fidem omnibus abrogat.
Increment, incrementum.
Increpation, objurgatio.
Increcent [of the moon] luna
increscens.
Incubation, incubatio, actus ovis
incubandi.
To inculcate, inculcare, iterare.
An inculcation, repetitio, itera-
tio.
Inculpable, insons.
Inculpably, sine culpa.
Incumbent, incumbens, ad al-
quem pertinens.
An incumbent of a living, bene-
fici ecclesiastici possessor.
Incurable, insanabilis, immedi-
cabilis.
Incurableness, status rei insa-
nabilis.
Incurably, ita ut sanus fieri non
possit.
Incurious, incurius.
To incur, incurrere, mereri.
A penalty incurred, multa.
An incursion, incurisio, excursio.
Indagation [diligent search] in-
dagatio.
To be much indebted [owe much]
ære alieno premi; ex ære
alieno laborare. Or *obliged
to one*, beneficio alicujus devin-
ciri.
Indecency, indecorum, deformi-
tas.
Indecent, indecorus, invenus-
tus.
Indecently, indecenter, inde-
core.
An indecorum, res indecora.
Indeed, certe, enimvero, re verâ.
Indeed ? itane ?
Indefatigable, infatigabilis, in-
defatigabilis.
Indefatigably, summâ diligen-
tia.
Indefeasible, inviolabilis, irre-
vocabilis.
Indefeasible right, jus non la-
besctandum.
Indefinite, non definitus; in-
definitus.
Indefinitely, indefinite.
Indeliberate, non præmeditatus.

Indelible, indelebilis.
Indelicacy, inconcinnitas; indecorum.
To indemnify, illesum præstare.
Indemnity, indemnitas. *An act of indemnity*, injuriarum et offensionum oblitio; amnestia.
To indent [mark, as with teeth] dentium more incidere. [*Covenant*] paciæ.
An indenture, syngrapha reciproca denticulata.
Independency, independence, summa potestas.
Independent, nemini subjectus; sui juris.
Independently, cum summâ libertate.
Indesimently, assidue.
Indeterminable, quod determinari nequit.
Indeterminate, *undetermined*, non determinatus.
Indeterminately, *undetermined*, *undetermined*, instabilitas.
Indevout, irreligiousus.
Indevoutly, irreligiouse.
An index, index.
To indicate, indicare.
Indication, indicatio.
Indicative, indicativus.
To indict [accuse] nomen aliquis deferre; diem alicui dæcere.
Indictable, cujus nomen deferri potest.
An indicter [accuser] delator, accusator.
An indicting [accusing] delatio, accusatio.
An indictment, dica, libellus accusatorius.
To traverse an indictment, crimen in libello accusatorio obiectum denegare.
Indifference or indifferency [no difference] æqualitas; æquilibrium. [*Unconcernedness*] animus in nullam partem propendens.
To entertain a person with indifference, parum liberaliter aliquem excipere.
Indifferent [inclining neither way] indifferens, medius. *Ordinary*, mediocris, vulgaris.
Very, permediocris.
To be indifferent, æquo animo esse; neutram in partem moveri.
Indifferent or tolerable health, valetudo satis comoda.
Indifferently [indiscriminately] indifferenter, indiscriminatum. [*Coolly*] frigide, mediocriter.
Indigence, *indigency*, indigentia, egestas.
Indigenous, indigena.
Indigent, indigus, egenus.
Indigested, indigestus, inordinatus.
Indigestible, concoctu difficilis.

Indigestion, stomachi cruditas.
Indignant, stomachans, indignans. indignabundus.
Indignation, indignatio.
Full of indignation, stomachosus.
To have indignation, indignari, stomachari.
To raise indignation, indignationem movere.
Indignity, indignitas, contumelia.
Indirect, indirectus, obliquus.
Indirectly, indirecte, oblique.
Indiscernible, sub sensum oculorum non cadens.
Indiscreet, imprudens, inconsideratus.
Indiscreetly, imprudenter, inconsulte.
Indiscretion, imprudentia; inconsiderantia.
Indiscriminately, sine discrimine.
Indispensable, necessarius, inevitabilis.
Indispensably, necessario.
Indispensableness, rei necessitas.
To indispose, ab re aliquâ abhorrentem reddere.
Indisposed, æger, ægrotus, valetudinarius. *In will or purpose*, ab aliquâ re alienus v. abhorrens.
Indisposedness of mind, prava mentis inclinatio.
Indisposition of body, mala corporis habitudo; perturbatio valetudinis.
Indisputable, indubitabilis.
Indisputably, sine ullâ controversiâ.
Indissolubility, firmitas.
Indissoluble or indissolvable, indissolubilis.
Indissolubly, modo indissolubili.
Indistinct, promiscuus, indistinctus.
Indistinctly, promiscue.
Indistinguishable, indistinctus.
Indistinction, confusio, obscuritas.
Individual, individuus. *Every individual*, singuli, pl.
Individually or one by one, singulatim.
To individuate, aliquid ab alio discernere.
Indivisible, individuus.
Indivisibly, nexu indivisuo.
Indocile or indocile, indocilis, tardus, helus.
Indocility or indocibleness, tarditas ingenii.
Indolence or indolency, indolentia, ignavia.
Indolent [free from pain] doloris vacuus v. expers. [*Careless*] securus, otiosus.
Indolently, nullo v. parvo dolore v. secum.
Indubitable, indubitabilis, minime dubius.

Indubitably, haud dubie; indubitanter.
To induce or introduce, inducere. *By entreaty*, exorare. [*Allure*] allicere. [*Persuade*] persuadere, hortari.
An inducer, suavor, impulsor.
An inducing or inducement, incitamentum, causa; invitatio.
To induce into a living, ad beneficium ecclesiasticum inducere.
An induction, inductio.
To indulge, indulgere. *One's self*, animo obsequi. *One's passion*, cupiditati parere.
Indulgence, indulgentia.
A criminal indulgence, facilitas prava.
Indulgent or full of indulgence, indulgens, blandus, obsequiosus.
Indulgently, indulgenter.
An insult or insult, gratia a principe concessa.
To indurate [harden] durare, obdurare, indurare, obfirmare.
Industrious, industrius, grævus, operosus.
Industriously, diligenter, græviter.
Industry, industria, diligentia.
To inebriate, inebriare.
Ineffable, ineffabilis.
Ineffably, modo ineffabili.
Ineffectual, ineffective, or *ineffectacious*, inefficax, inanis.
Ineffectually, sine effectu; inaniter.
Inelegant, inelegans.
Inequality, inequalitas.
Inert, iners.
Inertly, segnitèr.
Inestimable, inestimabilis.
Inevitable, inevitabilis.
Inevitably, ita ut vitari nequeat.
Inexcusable, inexcusabilis.
Inexcusableness, factum quod nullum habet excusationem.
Inexcusably, extra omnem excusationem.
Inexhausted or inexhaustible, inexhaustus.
Inexorable, inexorabilis; per vicax.
Inexpediency, improprietas.
Inexpedient, incommodus, ineptus.
Inexperience, imperitia.
Inexperienced, inexpertus.
Inexpert, imperitus.
Inexpiable, inexpiables.
Inexpiablely, ita ut expiari non possit.
Inexplicable, inexplicabilis.
Inexpressible, ineffabilis.
Inexpressibly, inenarrabiliter.
Inextricable, inextricabilis.
Inextricably, modo inextricabiliter.
Infallible, erroris expers, certissimus.
Infallibleness or infallibility, erroris vacuitas.
Infallibly, certissime.

Infensus, infamis, ignominiosus.
To make or render one infamous, alicui infamiam inferre.
Infamously, turpiter, flagitiose.
Infamousness or infamy, infamia, ignominia.
Infancy, infantia.
An infant, infans.
A little infant, infansulus.
An infante, m. or infanta, f. of Spain, regis Hispaniarum filius v. filia natu minor.
Infantine, infantilis.
The infantry of an army, pediatata.
To infatuate, infatuare; a mentiam alicui injectere; consilium alicui eripere.
Infatuated, mente captus, stupefactus.
Infatuation, stupor.
To infect [stain or corrupt] infectere, conquinare.
An infection, contagio, contactus.
Infectious or infective, pestiferus, morbidus.
Infectiously, pestifere.
Infectivity, infectitas.
To infer, aliquid ex alio inferre.
An inference, conclusio; conclusio, conductio.
A silly inference, conclusiuncula.
Inferrible, consecrarius.
Inferiority, conditio inferior.
Inferior, inferior, minor, posterior, secundus. To none, nulli secundus, nemini inferior.
Infernal, inferus, infernus.
Inferile, infecundus, sterilis.
Inferility, infecunditas, sterilitas.
To infect, infestare, vexare.
An infecting, impeditio, vexatio; molestia.
An infidel, infidus, infidelis.
Infidels, a Christianâ fide alieni.
Infidelity, infidelitas.
Infinite, infinitus, immensus.
Infinitely, infinite; immortaliter.
Infiniteness, infinity, infinitude, infinitas, numerus infinitus.
The infinitive mood, modus infinitivus.
Infirm, infirmus, languidus.
Very perimbecillia.
An infirm, valetudinarium.
An infirmity or infirmness, infirmitas, debilitas.
Infirmities [failings] peccata leviora.
To infr, infringere.
To infringe, inflammare, accendere.
To be inflamed with anger, excandescere, graviter irasci.
To be inflamed more and more, inflammare.
Inflammable, quod inflammari potest.

Inflammableness or inflammability, facilitas ad ignem concipiendum.
An inflaming or inflammation, inflammatio. Of the lungs, peripneumonia. Of the body, phlegmone.
Inflammatory, ardens.
To inflate, inflare.
An inflation, inflatio, inflatus.
To infect, infectere.
Infection, infectio v. inflexio.
Inflexibility, obstinatio, pertinacia.
Inflexible [not to be bent] inflexibilis. [Not to be prevailed upon] inexorabilis.
Inflexibleness or inflexibility of temper, perversitas v. obstinatio.
Inflexibly, ita ut flecti non possit.
To inflict, infligere, punire.
An inflicter, qui infligit.
An inflicting of punishment, punitio.
Inflictive, puniens.
An influence, impulsus.
The influence of the weather, cæli adspiratio.
To influence, afficere. To have an influence over one, plurimum apud aliquem gratiâ posse v. valere.
Influent, ad impulsione[m] pertinens.
Influx, illapsus; infusus.
To infold, implicare.
An infolding, implicatio.
To infoliate, foliis circumtegere.
To inform [teach] instruere, instituere; erudire, docere. Or give information, significare, monstrare. Against, deferre. Himself, discere. Thoroughly, perdiscere.
Information [instruction] informatio, præceptio.
An informing or information, in law, accusatio, delatio.
To be informed or have information of a matter, cognoscere.
An informant or informer, qui aliquem de re aliqua certiores facit.
An informer [accuser] delator; inquisitor.
An informing [instructing] institutio; educatio. [Acquainting] admonitio.
Infrangible, non frangendus.
Infrequency, infrequentia, raras.
Infrequent, infrequens.
To infringe, infringere, violare.
An infringement, violatio.
An infringer, violator, temerator.
Insuriant, in farorem actus.
To infuse [pour in] infundere.
An herb, m. cerare.
Insusible or insusive, quod infundi potest.

An infusion, infusio. Of an herb, &c., maceratio.
Infuscation, infuscatio.
Ingathering, frugum s. fructuum perceptio.
To ingeminate, ingeminare, iterare.
Ingemination, gemitatio.
Ingenerable, qui generari nequit.
Ingenious, ingeniosus, acutus, argutus, sagax.
Ingeniously, ingeniose, acute, argute.
Ingeniousness, ingenuitas, sagacitas; solertia.
Ingenite, ingentus, innatus.
Ingenuous, ingenuus, liberalis.
Ingenuously, ingenuus, liberaliter.
Ingenuousness or ingenuity, ingenuitas, liberalitas.
Ingested, ingestus.
Inglorious, ignobilis, turpis.
Ingloriously, fæde, turpiter.
To ingorge, deglutire, ingurgitare, devorare. Rect. Engorge.
An ingorger, helluo, vorax.
An ingot of gold, auri massa.
To ingraft or ingraft, inserere.
An ingrafting or ingraftment, insitio.
Ingrate or ungrateful, ingratus, beneficii immemor.
To ingratiate one's self in amicitiam alicujus se insinuare.
Ingratitude, ingrati animi vitium.
An ingredient, una pars eorum ex quibus aliqua res componitur.
Ingress and egress, ingrediendi et egrediendi licentia.
Ingression, ingressio.
Inguinal, ad inguen pertinens.
To ingulf, ingurgitare.
To ingurgitate, devorare. Vid. Ingorge.
Ingurgitation, voracitas.
To inhabit, habitare, incolere.
Inhabitable, habitabilis.
An inhabitant or inhabitant, habitator, incola, habitatrix.
To deprive of inhabitants, vastare, populari.
Without inhabitants, desertus, incultus.
To appoint new inhabitants, colonos novos ascribere, deducere.
An inhabiting, inhabitance, or inhabitation, habitatio.
Inharmonious, harmoniâ destitutus.
To inhere, inherere.
Inherent or inhering, inherens.
To inherit, aliquid hereditario jure possidere. As heir at law, ab intestato succedere.
Inheritable, hereditario jure parabilia.
An inheritance, hereditas. A small inheritance, hereditolum.

Of an inheritance, hæreditarius.
To enter upon an inheritance, hæreditatem cernere.
An inheritor or inheritrix, hæres.
To inhibit [forbid] inhibere, vetare.
An inhibition, inhibitiô, prohibitio.
Inhospitable, inhospitalis.
Inhospitably, inhospitali modo.
Inhospitaleness, inhospitalitas.
Inhuman [uncivil] inhumanus.
[Cruel] crudelis, sævus.
Inhumanity, inhumanitas, immanitas.
Inhumanly, inhumane; atrociter.
To inhume, sepelire.
To inject, injicere.
An infecting or infection, infectio, injectus.
Inimitability, status rei non imitabilis.
Inimitable, inimitabilis, non imitandus.
Inimitably, modo inimitabili.
Iniquitous, iniquus, injustus.
Iniquity, iniquitas; nefas.
To commit iniquity, peccare.
Initial, ad initium pertinens.
To initiate, initiare.
An initiation, initiatio.
Infudicious, inconsultus, hominis obæx.
Infudiciously, inconsulte, imprudenter, incite.
An infunction, mandatum.
To injure, lædere, nocere.
An injurer, iniquus; qui injuriam infert.
Injurious, injurius, iniquus.
Injuriuously, inique, injuste.
Injuriuousness, injuria.
An injury, injuria, noxa.
To do one an injury, alicui nocere.
To put up an injury, injuriam inultam dimittere.
Injustice, injustitia, iniquitas.
Ink, atramentum. Printers' ink, atramentum typographicum. Red ink, minium.
An ink-maker, atramenti temperator.
To ink or daub with ink, atramentum inquinare.
Inkle [tape] tzenia, vitta.
An inking or obscure rumour, rumusculus.
To get or have an inkling of, subsentire.
Inky, instar atramenti.
Inland, mediterraneus. An inland country, regio a mari longe disita.
To inlay, distinguere, variare.
An inlet, fenestra, aditus.
To enlist, milites conscribere.
To enlist one's self as a soldier, militiam nomen dare.
An enlistng, militum conscriptio.
An innate, inquilinus.

Inmost, intimus.
An inn, diversorium. A little inn, diversoriolum.
To inn or take up one's inn, in cauponâ divertari.
To keep or set up an inn, diversorium aperire.
To inn corn, messes colligere.
Inns of court, hospitia juris consultorum.
An inn-holder or inn-keeper, caupo, hospes. His wife, hospita.
Innate, innatus, congenitus.
Innavigable, innabilis, innavigabilis.
Inner, interior.
An inner chamber, penetrale.
Innermost, intimus.
On the inner side, intrinsecus.
Innocence or innocency, innocentia, integritas.
Innocent, insons, innoxius.
To be innocent of a crime, culpâ carere, culpâ vacare.
Innocently, innocenter, imprudenter.
An innocent [silly person] factus, bardus, ineptus, mentis inops.
Innocents' day, dies innocentium martyrio sacer.
Innocuous, innoxious, innocuus, innoxius.
To innovate, innovare; res novas moliri.
Innovation, immutatio. Desirous of innovation, novarum rerum avidus, cupidus.
An innovator, qui novis rebus studet.
An innuendo, interpretatio ex ipsâ oratione conficta.
Innumerable, innumerus, innumerabilis, innumerus.
Innumerably, innumerabiliter.
To inoculate, inoculare, insere. For the small-pox, variolas ex corpore morbo in sanum inoculatione transferre.
Inoculation, inoculatio, emplantatio.
Inoffensive, innoxius, innocuus.
Inoffensively, innocenter.
Inoffensiveness, innocentia.
Inofficious, parum officiosus.
Inordinate, inordinatus, incompositus.
Inordinately, inordinate, incompositè.
Inordinateness, immoderatio, intemperantia.
An inquest, inquisitio. The grand inquest, criminum questiores.
Inquietude, inquietudo, sollicitudo.
To inquinate, inquinare, corrumpere.
Inquirable, de quo inquisitio solet fieri.
To inquire, quærere; percontari; aliquem consulere. Or

search diligently about or after, investigare, scrutare, explorare. Often, quærere.
An inquirer, questitor, conquistator, explorator.
An inquiring or inquiry, inquisitio, indagatio, investigatio.
To make inquiry into, inquire; explorare.
Inquisition, inquisitio, examen.
A diligent inquisition, investigatio, pervestigatio.
The Spanish inquisition, inquisitio Hispanica.
To make inquisition into, examinare, expendere.
Inquisitive, curiosus.
Inquisitively, curiose, studiose.
Inquisitiveness, noscendi cupiditas.
An inquisitor, inquisitor, conquistador.
An inroad, incursio, irruptio.
To make an inroad, incursionem facere.
Inrobed, pretextatus.
Insaue, insanus.
Insatiable, insatiabilis, inexplebilis.
Insatiableness, cupiditas insatiabilis.
Insatiably, insatiabiliter.
Insatiate, insatiatus, insatiabilis.
To inscribe, inscribere.
An inscription, inscriptio.
An inscription or title, epigramme. Of a book, titulus.
Inscrutable, non vestigabilis.
To insculp, insculpere.
Insects, insecta.
Insecure, parum securus.
Insecurity, status securitatis expers.
Insensate, sensus expers, sensu carens.
Insensible, insensilis; brutus callosus.
Insensibleness or insensibility, stupor, stupiditas.
Insensibly [without sense] sine sensu. [By degrees] sensim.
Inseparable, individuus.
Inseparability or inseparableness, qualitas rei individui.
Inseparately, adeo ut separari nequeat.
To insert, inserere, interponere.
An inserting or insertion, interpositio.
Unserviceable or unserviceable, parum utilis.
The inside, pars interior.
Insidious, insidiosus, fallax.
Insidiously, insidiosè, fallaciter.
An insight [inspection] inspectio, intuitus.
Insight or skill, peritia, scientia.
To have an insight into, perspicere.
Having an insight into, perspicax.

Insignificancy, inutilitas.

Insignificant, inutilis.

Insignificantly, inutiliter.

Insincere, insincerus.

Insincerity, simulatio, dissimulatio.

To insinuate [flatter] adulari, assectari.

To insinuate one's self into another's favour, in amicitiam alicujus se insinuare.

An insinuator, adulator.

Insinuating or insinuation, insinuatio.

Insipid, insulsus, nullus saporis. [*Dull*] hebes.

Insipidity, insulse.

Insipidness or insipidity, insulitas.

To insist upon, instare, urgere.

Insition, insitio.

To inslave, in servitutem redigere.

To insnare, illaqueare, irretire.

An insnarer, qui insidias struit, illaqueat.

An insnaring, illaqueatio.

Insociable, insociabilis, ferus.

Insolence or insolency, insolentia, arrogantia, superbia; contumacia.

Insolent, insolens, contumax, contumeliosus.

Insolently, insolenter, arroganter.

Insoluble, *insoluble*, insolubilis.

Insolvent or insolvable, solvendo impar. *He is insolvent*, solvendo non est [par].

Insomuch, adeo ut, usque adeo.

To inspect, inspicere.

An inspection, inspectio.

An inspector, inspector.

An inspiration, inspiratio.

To inspire, inspirare, injicere.

An inspirer, qui inspirat.

An inspiring or inspiration, divinus afflatus.

By divine inspiration, divinitus.

To inspire, animare; animum addere.

Instability, instabilitas.

Instable, instabilis, inconstans.

To install, aliquem inaugurare.

An installing, *installation*, or *instalment*, actus quo quis in aliquo munere constituitur.

An instance [example] exemplum, documentum. [*Earnest request*] flagitatio, impulsus.

To instance or give an instance, exemplum alicujus rei proferre.

For instance, verbi v. exempli gratia.

Instant [urgent] importunus, vehement. [*Present*] instans, praesens.

To be instant, instare, urgere.

An instant [moment] momentum v. punctum temporis.

Instantaneous. Vid. *An instant*.

Instantly or instantaneously

[presently] *instant*. [*Vehemently*] vehementer, magnopere.

To instate, in certo ordine ponere.

An instauration, instauratio.

Instead of another, loco v. vice alterius.

The instep, mons pedis, convexum pedis. *Of a shoe*, calcei convexum.

To instigate, instigare, incitare, stimulare.

An instigation, incitatio, stimulatio.

An instigator, stimulator, impulsor.

An instigatrix, instigatrix.

To instill, instillare, infundere.

An instillation, instillatio.

An instinct, instinctus.

Instincted or instinctive, instinctus.

Instinctively, instinctu.

To institute, instituere, praecipere.

Institutes, instituta, pl.

An institution, institutio.

An institutist, institutorum scriptor.

An institutor, qui instituit.

To instruct, erudire, imbuere; docere. Or *furnish with instructions*, mandata alicui dare. *Easily instructed*, docilis.

An instructor, praceptor, magister.

Instructing or instructive discourse, oratio ad docendum accommodata v. apta.

An instructing, institutio, praecipio, eruditio; disciplina, doctrina.

An instruction or precept, praecipium, documentum; monitum.

An instrument [tool] instrumentum. *Of war*, machina bellica.

Instruments or tools of all sorts, arma, pl.

An instrument in writing, formula, syngrapha.

A surgeon's instrument, ferramentum chirurgicum.

A player on an instrument, organicus; qui musicis instrumentis canit.

An instrument-maker, musicorum instrumentorum opifex.

Instrumental or useful, utilis, aptus, idoneus.

Insufferable, intolerabilis, intolerandus.

Insufferably, intolerabiliter.

Insufficiency [unskilfulness] inscitia, imperitia. [*Impotency*] impotentia.

Insufficient, impar, ineptus.

Insufficiently, inepte.

Insular, insularis.

An insult or insulting, insultatio.

To insult, insultare.

An insulter, qui insultat.

Insultingly, arroganter.

Insuperable, insuperabilis, inexsuperabilis, minime superandus.

Insuperableness or insuperability, conditio rei insuperabilis.

Insuperably, ita ut superari nequeat.

Insupportable, intolerabilis, intolerandus, impatientis.

Insupportably, ita ut ferri non possit.

Insurance offices, collegia quae ex compacto damna praestare tenentur.

To insure goods from loss by fire, damna ex incendio accepta praestare.

Insurmountable, inexsuperabilis.

An insurrection, seditio, tumultus.

An integer, numerus integer.

Integral, integer.

Integrity, integritas, sinceritas.

An integument, integumentum.

The intellect, intellectus.

Intellection, actus intelligendi.

Intellectual, *intelligential*, ad intellectum pertinens, intelligentiae compos.

Intelligence, intelligentia, notitia.

To get intelligence, notitiam assequi; certior fieri.

To give intelligence, aliquem certiorum facere.

To hold intelligence together, consilia communicare.

An intelligencer, corycaeus. Vid. *Lat*.

Intelligent, *intellective*, intelligentis.

Intelligence, in nostram intelligentiam cadens; quod rationi comprehendi potest; intelligibilis.

Intelligibleness, claritas, perspicuitas.

Intelligibly, clare, plane, perspicue.

Intemperate, intemperatus.

Intemperance, *intemperateness*, *intemperature*, intemperantia immoderatio.

Intemperate, intemperatus, immodicus, immoderatus.

Intemperately, intemperanter, imtemperate.

Intemperateness of weather, caeli intemperies v. gravitas.

To intend or mean, intendere, designare, significare. Or *purpose*, statuere.

An intendant of a province, provinciae procurator.

Intense, intensus.

Intensely, valde, magnopere.

Intenseness or intension, intensio.

Intensive, intensus, intensus.

To study or be intent upon, vacare alicui rei.

An intent, propositum, consilium.

To all intents and purposes, omnino, prorsus.

The intent or meaning of an expression, significatio v. vis vocabuli.

An intention, intentio, consilium, mens.

Intentional, ad intentionem ; pertinens.

Intentionally, or purposely, de industria.

Intently or intently, intente, sedulo.

Interness, animi in re aliqua intentio.

To inter, inhumare, tumulare, funerare, sepelire.

To intercede, intercedere, interponere.

To intercept, interceptare.

An intercepting, interception, interceptio, impedimentum.

An intercession or interceding, intercessio, deprecatio.

An intercessor or interceder, precator, deprecator.

To interchange, alternare, commutare.

An interchange, interchanging, or interchangement, commutatio, alternatio.

Interchangeable, interchanged, alternus, mutuu, reciprocus.

[Of colours] variegatus, multicolor.

Interchangeably, mutuo, vicissim.

Intercoastal, inter costas situs.

An intercourse, consuetudo.

An intercourse by letters, commercia epistolarum.

Interdeal, commercium, consortium.

To interdict, interdicere, prohibere.

An interdict, interdicting, or interdiction, interdictio, interdictum.

Interdictory, ad interdictionem pertinens.

To interest one's self in an affair, se alicui negotio immiscere.

One interested in, particeps, socius.

An interest in, participatio.

Interest [profit] lucrum, emolumentum. Interest money, sœnus, usura.

Interest upon interest or compound interest, anatocismus.

To take up money at interest, pecuniam sœnore accipere.

To demand interest, sœnus exigere.

To pay interest, pecuniæ mutuo sumptu usuras pendere.

To put or lend out money at interest, sœnare; pecuniam sœnore locare.

To have interest with one, gratia apud aliquem valere.

An interest or right, jus.

Interest [credit or power] auctoritas, potestas.

An interest or concernment, utilitas, commodum

To bring or draw one over to his interest, aliquem ad suas partes trahere.

To make interest at an election, pressare homines.

To make interest for a place, munus aliquod ambire.

To interfere with or clash, discrepare, dissidere.

To interfere in an affair, se alicui rei interponere.

An interfering with, discrepancia, dissidium.

The interfering of a horse, intertrigo.

Interfluent, interfusus.

An interjection, interjectio.

In the interim, interim, interea temporis.

Interior, interior.

To interjoin, interjungere.

To interlace, interserere, intextere.

An interlacing, intextus, contextus.

To interlard [in cookery] lardo carnes interserere. Or mix, immiscere.

To interleave, folia interserere.

To interline, lineas interjicere.

Interlineary, interlitus.

An interlining or interlineation, lineareum interserere.

An interlocution, interlocutio.

Interlocutors, qui colloquuntur.

Interlocutory, ad interlocutionem pertinens.

To interlope, anticipare, præoccupare.

An interloper, qui aliquid præoccupat.

An interlude, exodium.

A player of interludes, histrio.

A writer, comicus.

Merry interludes, atellum.

Interlunar or interlunary, ad interlunium pertinens.

To intermarry, nuptias inter se contrahere.

To intermeddle, negotio se ingerere v. immittere.

An intermeddler, interpellator.

An intermeddling, interpositio.

Intermediate, medius.

Interminable, immensus, infinitus.

Interminate, interminatus.

To intermingle or mix with, commiscere.

An intermingling, admixtio v. admixtio.

An intermission, intermissio, intercapedo; aberratio.

By intermission, intermissus.

Without intermission, assidue, perpetuo.

To intermit, intermittere, remittere.

Intermittent or intermitting, intermittens.

To intermix or mix with, intermiscere, admiscere.

An intermixing or intermixture, admixtio.

Inter mural, inter muros altus.

Internal, internus, intimus.

Internally, interne, intime.

Interpellation, interpellatio, interventus.

To interplead, de jure suo certare.

To interpolate, interpolare.

Interpolation, interpolatio.

To interpose or put between, interponere.

An interposer, qui intervenit.

An interposing, interpositio, interposui, interpositio.

To interpret, interpretari, explicare.

Interpretable, quod exponi potest.

An interpretation or interpreting, interpretatio, explicatio.

A full interpretation, enarratio.

Interpretative, ex interpretati one intellectus.

Interpretatively, quod ex interpretatione intelligi potest.

An interpreter, interpres, explicator. Of dreams, conector.

Interpunction, interpunctio.

An interreign, interregnum.

An interring or interment, sepultura, humatio.

To interrogate, interrogare, percontari.

An interrogating or interrogating, interrogatio, percontatio.

Short or little, interrogatiuncula.

The point of interrogation, signum interrogatiouis.

Interrogative, ad interrogati onem pertinens.

Interrogatively, per modum interrogationis.

An interrogator, rogator.

Interrogatory [adj.] ad interrogationem pertinens.

An interrogatory, interrogatio questio.

To examine upon interrogatories, in questionem adducere.

To interrupt, interrumpere, interpellare, interturbare.

Interruptedly, interrupte.

An interrupter, interpellator.

An interrupting or interrupting interpellatio.

Without interruption, continenter, continuo.

To intersect, intersecare.

An intersection, intersectio.

To interst, interserere.

To interperse, inter alias res spargere; miscere.

Interperation, actus intertexendi.

An interstice, interstitium.

An interval, intervallum, interstitium, intercapedo.

To intervent, intervenire.

Intervient or intervening, interveniens.

Intervention, intercessio.

An interview, congressus, colloquium.

To intercesso, intercessere, implere.
Intestate, intestatus.
Intestine, intestinus, civilis.
Intestinal, ad intestina pertinet.
The intestines, intestina, pl.
Intimacy, necessitudo, familiaritas.
Intimate, intimus, familiaris.
To intimate, innuere, annuere, indicare, significare.
Intimately, confertim, familiariter.
An intimating or intimation, indicatio, significatio obscura.
To intimidate, timorem alicui injicere.
Into, in.
Intolerable, intolerabilis, impatibilis.
Intolerableness, conditio rei intolerabilis.
Intolerably, intolerabiliter.
Intolerant, impatiens.
To incomb, tumulare, sepelire.
To intone, intonare.
To intort, intorquere.
To intorticate [make mad] mente movere. With drinking, inebriare.
An intoxicating or intoxication [a making mad] mentis amotio.
Intoxicating liquor, potus inebrians.
Intransmutable, quod in aliam rem mutari nequit.
To intrench, vallo et fossâ munire; vallum præducere; circumvallare. A camp, castra vallo cingere.
To intrench upon another's right, jus alicuius invadere.
Vid. Entrench.
de intrenchment, vallum, munio, aggestus.
To throw up an intrenchment in haste, subituario vallo et aquis castra circumæpire.
Intrepid, intrepidus, interritus.
Intrepidity, animus intrepidus, animi fortitudo.
Intrepidly, intrepide, fortiter.
Intricacy, ambiguitas, difficultas.
Intricate, perplexus, inexplicabilis, tortuosus.
To render intricate, implicare, obscurare.
Intricately, perplexe, implicite, obscure.
An intrigue, vafrementum, clandestina consilia. [Amorous intercourse] stupri consuetudo.
To intrigue, clandestina consilia laire.
Intriguingly, clandestino.
Intrinsic, intrinsicus, internus.
Intrinsically, intrinsecus.
To introduce, introducere.
An introducer, qui introduct.
An introducing or introduction,

Introductio. To a discourse, exordium.
Introductory or introductive, ad introductionem pertinet.
To introspect, introspicere.
Introspection, inspectio.
To intrude, intrudere, se inferre. Into an estate, hereditatem injuste capessere. Upon one's patience, alicujus patientiæ abuti.
An intruder, qui se intrudit.
An intruding or intrusion, injusta rei usurpatio.
To intrust, fidei committere, credere.
Intuition, intuitus, inspectio.
Intuitive, ad intuitum pertinet.
Intuitively, per modum inspectionis.
To invade, invadere, adoriri, aggredi.
Invalid, invalidus, infirmus, irritus.
An invalid [disabled soldier] miles emeritus.
To invalidate, debilitare, infirmare. A will, testamentum rescindere.
Invalidity, imbecillitas.
Invalidable, inestimabilis.
Invariable, immutabilis, non varians.
Invariableness, immutabilitas.
Invariably, firme, constanter.
An invasion, incursio, impressio.
To make an invasion, invadere, impetum facere.
Invasive, irruens.
An insective, oratio objurgatoria.
Insectively, contumeliosa.
To inveigh against, in aliquem deliscere, declamare.
An inveigher, qui aliquem maledictis lacescit.
An inveighing, aspera alicujus reprehensio, objurgatio.
To inveigle, seducere, pellicere.
An inveigler, deceptor.
An inveigling, verborum lenocinia.
To envelope, obvelare, involvere.
To invent [imagine or devise] invenire, fingere. Or find out, excogitare, excudere. Craftily, machinari. Deceit, dolum nectere. Words, verba fabricare.
A new invented law, jus commentitium.
An inventor, inventor, excogitator.
A crafty inventor, machinator, molitor. The first inventor, auctor.
An inventing, inventio, excogitatio.
An invention [device or trick] commentum, dulus.
Inventive, ad inveniendum sagax.

Inventories of goods to be sold, tabulæ auctionariæ.
An inventory, bonorum index.
To take an inventory, in catalogum referre.
An inversion or inverting, in versio.
To invert, invertere.
Invertedly, ordine inverso.
To invest one with, possessionem alicui dare.
To invest in an office, inaugurare.
To invest [besiege] obsidione urbem cingere; circumcidere. [Cover all over] circumvestire.
Investigable, quod investigari potest.
To investigate, investigare, indagare.
Investigation, investigatio, indagatio.
An investing or investiture, cooptatio.
Investments, vestimenta.
Inveteracy, inveterateness, inveterati.
Inveterate, inveterated, inveteratus.
To grow inveterate, inveterascere.
Invidious, invidus, invidiosus.
Invidiously, invidiose.
Invidiousness, invidia, invidentia.
To invigorate, stimulare, firmare.
Invigoration, alacritas.
Invincible, invictus, inexpugnabilis, insuperabilis.
Invincibleness, qualitas rei inexpugnabilis.
Invincibly, ita ut vinci nequeat.
Inviolable, inviolatus, sacros.
Inviolableness, auctoritas inviolata.
Inviolably, inviolate, sanctissime.
Invisible, invisibilis.
Invisibleness or invisibility, qualitas rei v. personæ invisibilis.
Invitation or inviting, invitatio, vocatio, vocatus.
To invite, invitare. [Allure or deceive] allicere.
To invite himself to supper with any one, cœnam alicui condicere.
An inviter, invitator.
Invitingly, blande, illecebrose.
To look invitingly, oculos alicujus allectare.
An inundation, inundatio, diluvium.
To invoke, invocare, implorare.
An invoking or invocation, precatio, imploratio.
An invoice, bonorum index v. catalogus.
To invoke, invocare, implorare.
To involve, involvere, implicare.
An involving, involvendum.

Involuntarily, invite.
Involuntary, invitus, non voluntarius.
Involution, involutio.
To incur, assuescere, assuescere.
Inurement, mos, consuetudo.
To inurn, tumulare.
Inutile, inutilis.
Inutility, inutilitas.
Invulnerable, vulneri minime obnoxius.
Inward, internus, intestinus.
Most inward, intimus, penitusseimus.
Inward, inwards, or inwardly, minus, intrinsecus.
The inwards of a beast, &c. intestina, exta.
To inwrap, implicare, involvere.
An inwrapping, involutio, implexus, circumplexus.
To inweath, circumcingere.
A job [little work] negotioium.
A good job, res lucrosa.
A job or blow, ictus.
A jobbernowl, capito.
A jockey, equio.
Jocose, jocosus, facetus, festivus.
Jocosely, jocosè, facete, joculariter, festive.
Jocoseness, facetiæ, pl.
Jocular, jocularis.
Jocularity, hilaritas.
Jocund, hilaris, alacer.
To be jocund, lætari, gesticare.
Jocundity, jocundness, or jocosity, hilaritas.
Jocundly, hilariter, jocosè.
A jog or joggling, concussio, quassatio.
To jog or joggle, concutere; trudere. *With the elbow*, cubito submovere. *As a coach*, subaultare, vacillare. *On, proceedi, procedere.*
A joggling or joggling [trembling] tremor.
To be joggling, abire, abscedere.
To joggle or shake, as the hand in writing, contremiscere.
To join to, adjungere, connectere. *Or be adjoined to*, accedere, adjungi. *Forces*, copias conjungere. *Together* [connect] conjungere, connectere. *Or be joined together*, coire, coalescere, coherere. *Cleave to*, adherere. *Be near*, contingere. *As a joiner*, conglomerare, conglutinare. *Issue* [stand to it] pedem conferre. *Fellowship*, sociare, consociare. *Under*, subnectere.
Not to be joined, insociabilis.
A joiner [by trade] ligni operis faber.
Joinery, ligneum opus; opus intestinum.
Joining [adjoining] contiguus, econtermisus.

A joining, junctio, junctura.
Together, conjunctio. *Of boards*, tabulatio, contignatio.
Of words in a sentence, constructio, ordo.
A joint, articulus, commissura, junctura, compago.
To joint or quarter out, dearturare.
To put out of joint, luxare, dislocare.
A joint in stalks, geniculum.
Of the body, artus, articulus.
Of mutton, membrum ovium.
A joint heir, coheres.
Joint tenants, simul tenentes.
With joint consent, mutuo assensu.
A space between two joints, internodium.
From joint to joint, articulatum.
Of the joints, articularis, articularius.
Full of joints, articulosus.
A jointer [plane] dolabra ad oras asserum complanandas.
Jointly, junctim; communiter.
A jointure [dowry] dos.
A joist, trabecula, tignum.
To joist, tigna aptare.
A joke, jocus.
To joke, joculari.
A joker, jocularior.
The jole of a fish, piscium fauces v. caput.
To walk cheek by jole, equâ fronte ambulare.
Jolly, laetus, festivus, hilaris.
To be jolly, gesticare, hilarascere.
Jollily, festive, hilarè.
Jolliness or jollity, lætitia, festivitas.
A jolt, concussio, quassatio.
To jolt [shake] concutere, quatere. *As a coach*, subaultare.
The jolt of a coach, subaultus succussus.
A jolt-head, capito.
A jolting, concussio.
A jonquil flower, narcissus, asphodelus.
A jordan [night-vase] matula.
A jot, hilum, apex.
A little jot, punctum.
Not a jot, ne hilum quidem.
Every jot of it, totum quantumcumque.
Jovial, laetus, hilaris.
A jovial fellow, congerio lepidus.
A journal, diarium, ephemeris.
A journalist, diarii scriptor.
A journey, iter.
To journey, iter facere. *He is ready to go*, ad iter accinctus est. *To begin a journey*, iter ingredi. *To perform a journey*, iter conficere. *To provide for a journey*, viaticum ad iter faciendum parare.
A far journey, peregrinatio.
Provision for a journey, viaticum.
A journeyman, opifex diurnus mercede conductus.

Journeywork, opus diurnæ mercede locatum.
Joy, gaudium, lætitia.
To joy, give, or wish one joy congratulati.
To joy or rejoice, gaudere, lætari. *Or make one joyful*, lætificare, exhilarare.
To leap for joy, exultare. *To clap hands for joy*, plaudere.
A leaping for joy, exultatio.
Joyful or joyous, jucundus, alacris.
To be joyful, lætari.
To make joyful, exhilarare, lætificare.
Joyfully, alacriter, hilarè.
Joyfulness, hilaritas, lætitia, gaudium.
Joyless, illelatabilis, tristis.
Iracible, iracundus.
Ire, ira.
Ireful, iracundus.
Irefully, iracunde.
To irk, tædere, pigere.
It irks or vexes, tædet, piget.
Irksome or displeasing, gravis acerbus. [Tedious] molestus.
Irksomeness, tædium.
Iron, ferrum.
A making iron, cauterium.
An iron bar, vectis.
Of iron, ferreus.
Iron wares, ferrea instrumenta.
Done with iron, ferratus.
Iron coloured, ferrugineus.
An iron or box-iron, massa ferrea.
Tipped with iron, præpilatus.
An iron-grey colour, color cinereus.
Iron work, ferramentum.
An iron-grated window, transeæna ferrea.
Old iron, ferramenta detrita.
An iron-mill or forge, fabricæ ferraria.
An ironmonger, mercator ferrarius.
An iron-mould, ferri vestigi-um in chartâ, &c. impressum.
To iron clothes, vestes ferreâ massâ levigare.
A harping-iron, harpago.
An iron tool, ferramentum.
Cramp-irons, subscudes.
Ironical, ironicus.
Ironically, ironice.
An irony, simulatio, ironia.
To irradiate, irradiare.
An irradiation, irradiancy, irradiance, radiatio.
Irrational [without reason] irrationalis, insanens. [Unreasonable] iniquus, injustus.
Irrationally, sine ratione.
Irreclaimable, qui ad bonam frangem revocari non potest.
Irreconcilable, implacabilis, inexorabilis.
Irreconcilably, implacabiliter.
Irrecoverable, irreparabilis.
Irrecoverably, penitus, omnino.

An irrefragable argument, argumentum certissimum.
 Irrefragably, sine controversiâ.
 Irregular, enormis, abnormis.
 Irregularity, ab regulâ declinatio.
 Irregularly, contra regulam; enormiter, prave.
 Irreligious, impietas.
 Irreligious, irreligious, implus, scelestus.
 Irreligiously, imple, scelestè.
 Irremediable, irremediabilis.
 Irremediable, irremediabilis, insanabilis.
 Irremediably, ita ut sanari v. corrigi nequeat.
 Irremissible, veniâ indignus.
 Irremovable, immutabilis.
 Irnamed, inonoratus.
 Irreparable, irreparabilis.
 Irreparably, penitus, funditus.
 Irreprehensible, irreprehensus, inculpatus.
 Irreprehensibility, sine culpâ.
 Irrepresentable, quod assimulâ nequit.
 Irreproachable or irrefragable, irreprehensus.
 Irreprehensibly, inevitabilis, ineluctabilis.
 Irresistibly, ita ut resisti nequeat.
 Irresolute, dubius, inconstans.
 Irresolutely, dubitanter, inconstanter.
 Irresolution, dubitatio, inconstantia.
 Irrespectively, sine exceptione.
 Irretrievable, irreparabilis.
 Irreverence, penitus, funditus.
 Irreverence, irreverentia.
 Irreverent, parum reverens, reverentie expertus.
 Irreverently, parum reverenter.
 Irreversible, immutabilis.
 Irreversibly, constanter.
 Irrevocable, irrevocabilis.
 Irrevocably, more irrevocabili.
 To irrigate, irrigare.
 Irrigation, irrigatio.
 Irriguous, irriguus.
 Irrision, irrisio.
 To irritate, irritare, exasperare.
 Irritation, irritatio.
 Is it so? itane vero? It is just so, ita res se habet. It is well, bene habet, i. e. bene se res habet.
 Isthmus, ichthyocola.
 An island or isle, insula.
 An islander, insule habitator.
 The cities in a church, templi sedes inter sedilia factæ.
 An issue [going forth] exitus.
 [End] eventus, exitus.
 To join issue, pedem conferre.
 In issue, litem contestari.
 To issue or sail out, erumpere.
 To issue out money, pecuniam erigere, representare. A proclamation, edictum publicum.
 Issue [spring] soboles, proles.

Male issue, proles virilis.
 An issue [sore] ulcus. Of blood, sanguinis fluxio. [Spring] scaturigo. In the arm, leg, &c. fons, enema, fontanella.
 To issue forth, emanare, emergere. Suddenly, emicare.
 An issuing, fluxio, emanatio.
 Issueless, orbus.
 An isthmus, isthmus.
 It, is, ea, id.
 The itch, scabies.
 An itch or itching desire, cupiditas, aviditas.
 A rough itch, depetigo.
 To itch, prurire.
 To give one the itch, scabiem alicui afficere.
 Itchy, scabiosus.
 An itching, pruritus, prurigo.
 An item, cautio. In an account, ratiuncula.
 To give one an item, innuere.
 To iterate, iterare.
 An iterating or iteration, iteratio.
 Itinerant, iter faciens.
 An itinerary, itinerarium.
 Itself, ipse, sui.
 Jubilant, triumphans.
 Jubilation, clamor fœventium.
 The Jubilee, annus jubilæus.
 A Jubilee, Jubilum.
 Jucundity, jucunditas.
 A judge, iudex.
 A good, just, or proper judge of a thing, æquus rei estimator.
 Judges of the assize, duumviri juridici.
 A judge's assistant, assessor.
 To judge [pass sentence] judicare, jus dicere.
 To judge [suppose or think] censere, existimare. Before, præjudicare. Between, dijudicare. Wrongfully, perperam judicare.
 A judging, judicatio, rei cognitio.
 Judgment [capacity of judging] iudicium, iudicandi facultas.
 Judgment [opinion] opinio, sententia.
 A wrong judgment, iudicium corruptum.
 Judgment or sentence, iudicium, sententia.
 The day of Judgment, iudicium mundi universale.
 To sit in judgment, cognoscere.
 To deliver, give, or pass one's judgment, sententiam v. iudicium de re aliquâ ferre. In a lawsuit, litem dijudicare.
 To give judgment for a person, litem secundum aliquem judicare.
 To give away by judgment, abjudicare.
 To give to by judgment, adjudicare.
 Arrest of judgment, iudicii arrestatio.

A judgment-place or judgment-seat, tribunal.
 A court of judicature, iudicatory, curia iustitiæ.
 Judicial, iudicialis.
 Judicially, more iudiciali.
 Judiciary, iudicarius.
 Judicious, sagax, sapiens.
 Judiciously, sagaciter.
 Judiciousness, sagacitas.
 A jug, cantharus.
 To juggle, præstigiis decipere.
 A juggler, præstigator.
 A she juggler [gipsy] præstigitrix.
 A juggler's box, acetabulum.
 A juggle or juggling trick, præstigiæ, pl.
 A juggling term, sermonis ambiguitas.
 Jugglingly, dolose, fraudulentè.
 Jugular, ad Jugulum pertinens.
 Juice, succus.
 The juice of poppy, opium.
 The juice of meat after the second digestion, chylus.
 Juiceless or without juice, exsuccus.
 Juiciness, succi abundantia.
 Juicy or full of juice, succidus, succosus, succi plenus.
 To jake [as birds] se in pericula ad dormiendum componere.
 A jalep, potio, julepus, zupium.
 July, Julius, Quintilis mensis.
 A jumble or jumbling [noise] strepitus confusus.
 To jumble together, confundere, collidere.
 To jumble or shake, concutere.
 A jumbling together, confusio; indigesta rerum commixtio.
 A jump, saltus, subultus.
 To jump, saltare, tripudare.
 First, præsaltare. Over, transsaltare, transilire. Upon, assaltare. Down, desilire.
 A jumper, saltator.
 A jumping, saltatio, saltatus.
 In a jumping posture, saltabundus.
 A juncture [joint] junctura, commissura. Of time, temporis articulus. Of affairs, rerum casus v. conditio.
 June, Junius.
 Junior, junior, minor natus.
 The juniper-tree, juniperus.
 To junket, comissari.
 A junketing, comissatio, gula indulgentia.
 Junks, bellaria, pl.
 A juncto or junto, concillabulum, concilium clandestinum.
 Ivory, ebur, dens Libycus.
 Of ivory, eburnus, eburneus.
 Juridical, juridicus.
 Jurisdiction, iuradictio.
 To be under a person's jurisdiction, esse sub alicujus potestate.
 A jury, jurymen, or juror, iura

tor. The foreman of the jury, jurator primarius. The grand jury, viginti quatuor homines ad inquisitionem majorem faciendam jurati. The petit jury, duodecim homines ad inquisitionem minorem faciendam jurati.

A party jury, juratores partim indigenæ, partim alienigenæ.

A jury-mast, malus vicarius.

Just, justus, æquus, rectus.

With just cause, merito.

Just so many, totidem omnino.

Just now, modo, jam primum.

Just as, just so, haud aliter, haud secus.

A just, decursio v. decursus equestris.

Justs or tournaments, Trojæ lusus.

To just, cum lanceis in equo concurrere.

Ajusting, cataphractorum cum lanceis concursus.

A justing place or tilt-yard, spatium decurionis equestris.

Justice [punishment for a crime] supplicium.

Justice or justness, justitia, æquitas.

A justice of the peace, pacis curator. Of oyer and terminer, rerum capitalium prætor.

A lord chief justice, judicium principis; judex summus.

Lords justices of a kingdom, viri nobiles quibus rerum publicarum administratio committitur, absente rege.

Justifiable, justitæ conformis.

To justify [clear from blame] aliquem purgare v. culpâ liberare. [Prove or make good] probare; evincere. One's self, culpam a se amovere. One's conduct, rationem facti sui probare. By witness, testibus comprobare. As printers do, lineas ad amissam exigere.

Justifiable, quod defendi potest.

Justification [in divinity] hominis reditus in gratiam cum Deo.

A justifying or justification [clearing from blame] accusationis refutatio; culpæ liberatio.

A justifying [proving] probatio. By witness, testificatio.

A juttle or jutting, conflictus.

To juttle, configere, trudere.

Justly, juste, merito.

Juvenile [youthful] juvenilis.

Juvenility, ardor juvenilis.

Ivy, hederæ.

Full of ivy, hederosus.

Ground ivy, hederæ terrestris.

Of ivy, hederaceus.

K

A KALENDAR, calendarium.

Month, mensis justus.

The kalends of a month, calendæ.

To kaw, cornuari. For breath, anhelare.

To keck, screare, exscreare.

A kecking, screatus, exscreatio.

A kecks, cremium.

The keel of a ship, carina.

To make like a keel, carinare.

To keelhaul a criminal at sea, nautam criminis convictum sub carinam rudentibus trahere.

Keen [sharp] acutus. [Eager] ardens, acer. [Pungent] mordax.

Keen expressions, dicta mordacita.

Keenly, acute, acriter, fervide.

Keeness, acrimonia. Of appetite, cupiditas edendi. Of expression, acerbitas verborum.

To keep [take care of or preserve] servare. One's countenance, eundem vultum servare. Last, durare, manere.

Within compass, modum tenere. In prison, custodire.

Back [make to stop] sistere, detinere. [Tarry behind] pone sequi. One's bed, lecto affigi.

Close [conceal] occultare, celare. Close or lie hid, latere.

One co-apany, comitari. [Defend] defendere, tueri. Down, deprimere. An eye or guard upon or over, asservare, observare. Or abstain from, abstinere. Or hinder from, prohibere. Courts, as stewards do for the lords of manors, comitia consueata habere. One's ground, in loco consistere v. manere. In health, sospitare.

A holiday or festival, feriari, festum diem agere. One's birthday, natalem celebrare. House or support a family, familiam alere.

Good or bad hours, tempestive v. sero domum redire. As wine, &c. doth, durare. In, continere, arcere. [Nourish] alere, nutrire. Off or at bay, depellere.

Out, dispellere. Out of sight, se ab hominum conspectu subducere. Sheep, oves pascere. To one's time, tempore præstituto adesse. To one's word, promissis stare. Under, supprimere, conspescere.

Time as musicians do with their feet, certam legem temporum servare.

A keeper, custos.

A cow-keeper, vaccarum custos.

A house-keeper, paterfamilias.

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The lord keeper of the great seal, sigilli magni custos.

Keeping, tenax.

A keeping, conservatio, custodia Back, depulsio. Down, suppressio. In or under, cohibito, inhiibito.

A keg of sturgeon, testa turionum.

Kele or kell [pottage] jusculum.

The keling [a fish] asellus.

The kell or cawl, omentum.

Kelp, sal chymicus ex algâ marinâ.

To kemb, pectere.

Kembale or a-kimbo, ansatis brachiis.

To ken [know] cognoscere. [See afar off] prospicere.

Within ken, in conspectu.

A kennel, canalis.

Kennel coal, lapis ampellitis.

A dog-kennel, tugurium caninum.

A kennel of hounds, canum grex. Not kept, incustoditus.

Which may be kept in store, conditivus.

A kerchief, rica, calantica.

A handkerchief, muccinulum.

A little handkerchief, sudarium.

Kermes, grana illicia.

An Irish kern, prædo Hibernicus.

The kernel of flesh, caruncula. Of a nut, nucleus. Of meat, glandula. Of corn, granum.

Of berries and grapes, acinus.

To take out the kernels, enucleare.

Kernelly or full of kernels, granosus; acinosus.

Kernels in the throat, tonsillæ. Waring kernels in the neck, strumæ.

Kersey, pannus rarus.

A ketsrel, tinnunculus.

A ketch, navicula, navigiolum.

A kettle, ahenum, lebes.

A great kettle, caldarium. A little kettle, cacabus.

A kettle drum, tympanum Mauritanicum v. æneum.

A key, clavis.

A bunch of keys, clavium fasciculus. Cross keys, claves decussatæ. False keys, claves adulterinæ.

A key-clog, tigillum clavi affixum.

The key-hole, cavitas clavem admittens.

A key, in music, clavis.

The key or quay of a river, portus manu factus.

A key-keeper or turnkey, claviger.

Ashen keys, fructus fraxineus.

The keys of organs, &c. epitoniurum manubria. Of virginals, epitoniurum clavicularum.

Keyage, portorium.

A kibe, persia. A little kila, pernilunculus.

Kibed or troubled with kibes, pernisibus laborans.
A kick, ictus calce factus.
To kick, calcitrare, calcare.
Out of the house, calce aliquem ex edibus abigere. *Down stairs, calce aliquem per gradus depellere.* *Up one's heels, supplantare.* *And cuff, pugna et calcibus aliquem excipere.* *Back again, recalcitrare.*
A kicker, calcitro.
A kicking, calcitratus.
A kicking horse, equus calcitrosus.
The kicking of a horse, equi calcitratus.
Kick-shaws, varia gula scitamenta.
A kid, hœdus; capella. A young kid, hœdulus, hœdulus.
Kid-leather, corium hœdium.
Ofs kid, hœdinus.
To kid, hœdum parere.
A place where kids are kept, hœdile.
A kidding, hœdorum partus.
A kidnapper, plagiarius.
To kidnap, furto tollere et vendere.
A kidney, ren.
A kidney [disposition] indoles, ingenium.
A kidney-bean, phaseolus. Kidney-seich, anthyllis. Kidneywort, coryledon.
Of the kidneys, ad renes pertinet.
A kidnkin, dolium.
To kill, occidere, interficere; trucidare; necare. Himself, mortem sibi consociere. Outright, enecare, perneicare. For sacrifice, mactare.
A killer, occisor. Of his brother, fratricida. Of his equal, paricida. Of a man, homicida.
Of parents, parricida.
A killing, occisio, trucidatio.
The killing of parents, parricidium.
A killing for sacrifice, mactatio.
A universal killing, internecio.
Killing or deadly, letalis, letifera.
A kill or kin, elibanus, fornax.
A brick-kin, lateraria. A time-kin, fornax calcaria.
A kin-cloth, cilicium.
Kimbo, curvatus.
A kiming or kimnel, vas coquendum cerevisie, alveolus.
Kin by blood, consanguineus.
By marriage, affinis.
Nest of kin, consanguinitate proxima v. proxima.
Nest kin to [very like] affinis, similimus.
To be a-kin, necessitudine v. cognatione conjunctus esse.
A kind [sex] sexus. [Sort] genus.
Of what kind, cujusmodi, qualis.

Of this kind, hujus modi. Of all kinds, omnigenus. Of the same kind, congener. Of another kind, alterius v. diversi generis.
Another kind of, alius.
Out of kind, degener.
To grow out of kind, degenerare.
Kind [benevolent] benignus, humanus, benevolus. [Favourable] amicus, propitius.
To kindle [set on fire] accendere; inflammare. Anger, irritare, lucitare. [Bring forth] parere.
A kindling, accensio.
Kindly [benevolently] benigne, humaniter.
Kindly [favourably] amice.
Kindness [benevolence] benignitas, comitas.
A kindness [good turn] beneficium.
Kindness [good will] favor, amor; gratia. [Gratefulness] gratus animus. In words, alfabilitas.
To bestow or receive a kindness. Vid. Beneficium.
To return a kindness, mutuum gratiam referre.
Kindred or kin, cognatio, consanguinitas.
Kindred by blood, cognatio, consanguinitas. By marriage, affinitas. By the father's side, agnatio, patruelles. pl.
A degree of kindred, stemma.
Of one kindred, congener.
Of honest kindred, ingenuus.
A king, rex.
To make a king, regem constituere.
A king at arms, fœcialis, rex armorum.
The king's bench, bancus regius. Prison, banci regis carcer.
The king's house, palatium, aula regia.
A king's fisher, halcyon.
King-like or kingly [adj.] regius, augustus, basilicus, regalis.
Kingly [adv.] regie, regifice, regaliter.
A kingdom, regnum.
Kinsfolk, necessarii, pl.
A kinsman, propinquus, consanguineus, cognatus.
A kinswoman, propinqua, consanguinea, cognata.
A kirtle or jacket, subucula, supparum.
A kiss, osculum, basium. A little kiss, suaviolum.
To kiss, osculari, basiare. The cup, primoribus labiis gustare.
A kisser, osculator, basiator.
A kissing, osculatio, basiatio.
A kit [milk-pail] mulctrale. [Little fiddle] fidecula.

A kitchen, culina.
Of the kitchen, coquinarium.
A kitchen-maid, ancilla culinaria. A kitchen-boy, lixa.
Kitchen-furniture, coquinarie suppellex.
A kitchen-garden, hortus olitorius.
Kitchen-stuff, unguina, pl.
A kite, milvius.
Of a kite, milvinus.
A young kite, pullus milvinus.
To raise a kite, aquilam chartaceam in aërem tollere.
To kitten [as a cat] feles parere.
A kitten, catulus felis recens natus.
A clicker, qui cœrum ad calceos conciliendos dissecat.
A knack, artificium, dexteritas.
To have a knack at a thing, rem pulchre callere.
Fine knacks, bellaria, pl.
To knack, crepare, crepitare.
A knack or toy, res ludicra.
A knacker, restio.
A knocking, crepitus.
The knap of a hill, verruca, cœcumen.
To knap off, abrumpere.
To knap asunder, frangere.
A knapper off, avulsor.
A knocking off, avulsio.
To knap, abrodere.
Knap, verrucosus.
A knapsack, pera militaris.
A knare, tuber.
A knave, nebulosus. An arrant knave, sycophanta, homo flagitiosissimus.
The knave at cards, miles, eques.
A base knave, verbero, mastigia, furcifer. Craft veteran. Beggary, vappa Saucy, effrons. Stinking, sterquilinum.
Knavery, fraus, versutia, fallacia.
Knaveish, pravus, malitiosus. A knaveish fellow, nequam, ver sutus, fraudulentus.
Knaveishly, nefarie, proterve.
Knaveishness, nequitia, scelus.
To knead, subigere, depesere.
Together, condepesere.
A kneading, subactio.
A kneading-trough, mactra, alveus pistorius.
A knee, genu.
A little knee, geniculum.
To bow the knee, poplitem flectere.
To fall upon one's knees, in genua procumbere.
A bowing of the knee, genuum flexio.
The knee-pan, genu mola.
Knee-strings, genualia, pl.
On his knees, genibus flexis.
To kneel down, in genua procumbere.
Knee-tribute, poplite flexo salutatio.

A knell for the dead, pulsus campanæ lugubris.

A knick with the fingers, digitorum crepitus. **With the teeth**, dentium stridor.

Knick-knacks, crepundia, nugæ.

A knife, culter. **A little knife**, cultellus. **A butcher's chopping knife**, clunaculum. **A pen-knife**, scalpellum. **A two-edged knife**, culter anceps.

A cut-purse knife, sica. **A dressing knife**, culter popinari.

A pruning-knife, cultellus. **A wood-knife**, culter venatorius. **A chopping-knife** for herbs, culter herbarius.

For meat, ad minutal conficiendum. **A shoe-maker's**, culter sutorius.

A craped knife, culter laminæ in ansam retortæ.

The back of a knife, cultri dorsum. **The handle**, cultri manubrium.

Made like a knife, cultratus.

Edged like a knife, cultellatus.

A knight, eques, eques auratus.

Banneret, eques vexillifer.

Of the bath, eques Balnei. **Errant**, eques errans. **Of the Garter**, eques auratæ periscelidæ.

Marshal, tribunus militaris. **Of the post**, eques patibularis. **Of the shire**, comitatus miles.

To knight or make a knight, equitem creare.

Knight's service, servitium militare.

Knightly, of a knight, equester.

Knighthood, ordo equestis.

Knightless, equite indiguus.

To knit,nectere.

To knit often, nexare. [*Tie*] stringere; ligare. **Or tie with knots**, nodare. **In**, innectere. **Together**, connectere.

Under, subnectere. **Unto**, annectere. **Stockings**, tibialia nectere.

A knitter, qui v. quæ tibialia nectit.

A knitting, nexus. **Together**, connexio, connexus.

A knob, tuber, bulla.

The knob of a buckle, umbo.

Knobbed or knobby, bullatus, torosus.

Knobbiness, asperitas.

A knock, colaphus, alapa.

To knock [thump] tundere, pulsare. **Against**, allidere, impingere. **Or strike**, ferire. **At a door**, fores pulsare. **Down**, prosternere: **In**, impellere. **Off**, pulsare. **Off or out**, extudere. **Together**, collidere. **Under or submit**, cedere v. manus victus dare.

A knocker, percussor, pulsator.

The knocker of a door, cornix.

A knocking, confusio, pulsatio.

Together, collisus.

A knoll or little hill, colliculus. **To knoll bells**, campanas pulsare.

The knolling of a bell, campanæ pulsatio.

A knop, apex, calyx.

A knot [of a cord, &c.] nodus, nexus.

To knot or bud, gemmare, germinare. **To knot or stick together**, like hair, implicari.

Without knots, enodis.

The knotting of a young tree, geniculatio.

Knottiness or difficulty, difficultas. [*Unevenness*] asperitas.

Knotty or full of knots, nodosus.

To know, cognoscere, scire.

Not to know, ignorare, nescire.

To come to know or to the knowledge of, resciscere.

To know again, recognoscere.

Asunder, dignoscere. **Before hand**, præcognoscere. **Certainly**, pernoscere. **By inquiry**, deprehendere.

To let one know, significare; certiorum facere.

To make one know, ostendere, commonefacere.

To know by some token, agnoscere.

To know well, callere.

Knowing, gnarus, sciens. **Not knowing**, insciens, ignarus, nescius.

Knowing by experience, rerum usu peritus.

A knowing, cognitio.

A thing worth knowing, res scitu digna.

A not knowing, ignoratio, ignorantia.

The faculty of knowing, cognoscendi facultas.

Knowing beforehand, præscius.

Knowingly, scienter.

Knowledge or skill, notitia, peritia, scientia. **Or learning**, doctrina.

Knowledge in the law, jurisprudentia.

A sure knowledge, perspicientia.

Having a little knowledge, sciolum.

Want of knowledge, inscitia, imperitia.

Having no knowledge, ignarus, rudis.

It is a known saying, tritum est proverbium.

To be known or come to be known, enotescere, innotescere. **To be known abroad**, emanare.

To make known, publicare; patefacere.

The knuckles, condyli. **On the back of a book**, bullæ, pl.

To knockle down, succumbere.

The Koran, Mahometicæ legis liber.

L

A LABEL, lemniscus.

A label pendant, appendix.

A little label, appendicula.

Labial, ad labium pertinens.

A laboratory, officina chemica.

Laborious or pains-taking, laboriosus, industrius. [*Difficult*] arduus, operosus.

Laboriously [diligently] laboriose. [*Difficulty*] moleste, operose.

Laboriousness or labour, labor, industria.

Labour or child-bearing, partus, labor, puerperium. **Day-labour or daily labour**, labor quotidianus. **Sore labour**, labor gravis. **Painful labours**, ærumnæ, pl.

To labour or take pains, laborare; moliri. [*Endeavour*] niti. **Against**, reniti. **Earnestly**, allaborare, desudare. **Extremely**, laborando se cruciare. **With child or be in labour**, parturire. **For**, ambire. **To labour a thing or do it with labour**, elaborare.

A labourer [one who gets his living by labour] operarius opifex. **A day-labourer**, mercenarius.

A fellow-labourer, socius operum.

A labouring, elaboratio. **For an office**, ambitus.

A labouring man, vir cui operæ vita est. **Beast**, iumentum.

A labouring to do a thing, nisus, conatus; conamen.

Laboursome, laboriosus.

A labyrinth, labyrinthus.

Of a labyrinth, labyrinthus.

Lace or fringe, lacinia, fimbria; limbus. **Bone-lace**, lacinia osseus texta. **Galloon**, fimbria Gallica. **Gold or silver**, lacinia aurea v. argentea. **Point-lace**, laciniaæ genus acu contextum.

A hair lace, vitta.

To lace or edge with lace, prætexere. **Or fasten with a lace**, astringere.

To lace [beat] cadere, verberare.

To make lace, lacinam texere.

A lace-man or lace-maker, limbolaria.

To lacerate, lacerare.

Laceration, actus lacerandi.

Lacerative, lacerans.

Lack [want] indigentia, inopia.

Lack of parents or children, orbitas. **Of custom**, desuetudo.

Of meat and drink, inedia.

Lack [defect] defectus.

To lack [not to have] carere.

[Stand in need of] egere.

Lacter, varnish] *lacca*.
To lacer, *laccā* ornare.
Lacking, inops, egenus.
To be lacking, deesse, deficere.
Lacking but a little, prope, propemodum.
Lactinen, sine indusio.
Lactinere, obscurus.
Lactonic, laconicus.
Lactonically, laconice.
Lactonism, laconismus.
A lacquey, cursor, pedissequus.
To lacquey after one, aliquem pedissequi instat sequi.
Lacrymal, lacrymas generans.
Lacrymary, lacrymas continens.
Lactical or *lacteous*, lacteus.
Lactescent, lactescens.
Lactiferous, lactens.
A lad, adolescens. *A young or little lad*, adolescentulus, puerulus.
A ladder, scala, *pl.* *A little ladder*, scalæ gestatorum. *A ship ladder*, pons.
The rounds of a ladder, scalærum gradus.
To climb up a ladder, per scalas ascendere.
To load or load, onerare, onus imponere. *Out of one vessel into another*, decapulare.
A bill of lading, synographa rerum rectorum.
The loading of a ship, navis onus.
A lady, femina nobilis.
A ladle, spatula, ligula.
The ladies of a water-mill wheel, modiolus.
Lag, extremus, postremus.
To lag or lag behind, tardare, tergiversari.
A lagging behind, tergiversatio.
Lalic or *laleal*, lalcus.
The laity, ordo sacris non initiatus.
A lake, lacus, stagnum.
A lamb [the animal itself] agnus, agna. *A little lamb* or *lambkin*, agnellus. *A sucking lamb*, agnus subrimus. *A late lamb*, agnus cordus.
Of a lamb, agninus.
Lamb [its flesh] caro agnina.
Grass lamb, caro agni gramine pasti. *House lamb*, caro agni stabulo nutriti.
Lambent, lambens.
Lame, claudus, mancus. *With age*, decrepitus.
A lame piece of work, opus imperfectum.
To be or go lame, claudicare.
To lame or make lame, mutilare, debilitare.
A laming or making lame, mutilatio, debilitatio.
Lamely [unskilfully] imperite, inexcussim.
Lameness, claudicatio.
To lament, lamentari, plorare; flere, lugere; fremere. *With another*, solacremare, con-

queri. *To lament for*, ingemere.
To begin to lament, lugescere.
Lamentable, lamentabilis, plorabilis, flebilis, lugubris.
Lamentably, luctuose, lugubre, flebiliter.
A lamentation, lamentatio, lamentum. *At funerals*, plancus, nenia, threnodia.
Full of lamentation, gemitundus.
A lamenter, plorator.
Lamenting, lamentans, plorans, lugens.
A lamenting, deploratio. *Together*, comploratio.
Lammas, calendæ Sextiles. *At latter Lammas*, ad Græcas calendæ.
A lamp, lampas, lucerna. *A lamp-branch*, lychnuchus pensilis. *The wick of a lamp*, lucernæ filum.
The lampass [in a horse] palati tumor.
A lampoon, satira.
To lampoon a person, carmine famoso aliquem insectari.
A lampooner, scurra; satirarum scriptor.
A lamprey or lampern, muræna fluviatilis.
A lance, lancea, hasta. [*A little spear*] lanceola. *A lance with a blunt head*, hasta pura.
A lancet [surgeon's instrument] scalpellum chirurgicum.
To lance, scarificare. *Round about*, circumscarificare.
A lancer or lance-man, hastatus.
To lanch a ship, navem deducere.
To lanch forth in praise of a person, aliquem magnis laudibus efferre.
To lanch into eternity, terram relinquere.
A lanching of a ship, navis deductio.
Land with a house upon it, fundus, prædium.
A land or country, terra, regio.
By land, terrâ.
The land [ground] terra, solum.
A land between two furrows, porca.
Inland countries, regiones mediterraneæ.
To land or put on land, in terram exponere. *Or come to land in a vessel*, appellere. *Or get to land*, arenâ potiri.
A land-cape, linguula terræ.
Land forces or land-men, copie terrestres.
A land-flood, inundatio, eluvio.
Lay land, novale. *Eared land*, terra arata.
An earring of land, aratio.
Of land, agrarius.
A land-loper, erro.
A landlord [host] hospes.

The landlord of a house, farm, &c. dominus prædii, domus, &c.
The head landlord, dominus primarius domus.
A land-mark, limes.
A land-mortgage, mancipatio fiduciaria.
A landed man, homo agris dives.
A landing [going on shore] apulus.
A landing-place, portus. *On the stairs*, præcinctio.
A landscape, tabula chorographica.
A lane [street] angiportus. *With hedges on both sides*, via utrinque sepimentis munita.
A by-lane, diverticulum.
Language or speech, lingua, sermo. *Style*, stylus. *Good style*, oratio accurata. *Bad*, oratio aspera, ineulta. *Fustian*, turgida verba. *Fair or soothing language*, blanditiæ, blandiloquentia.
To speak fustian, ampullas et sesquipedalia verba proferre.
He that gives fair language, blandus, blandiloquus.
The propriety of any language, linguae proprietates, idiomata.
Ill or rude language, convictum, maledictum.
To give ill language, conviciari. *That can speak two languages*, bilinguis.
Languaged, polyglottus.
Languid, languidus, debilis, hebes.
To languish, languere, tabere.
To begin to languish, languescere, tabescere.
To cause to languish, corrumpere.
Languishing, languidus, languescens. *Somewhat languishing*, languidulus.
A languishing spirit, languore deficiens animus.
Languishingly, languide.
Link [limber] flaccidus. [*Slender*] gracilis.
Lank hair, crinis pensilis.
Lankness [limberness] mollieties. [*Slenderness*] gracilitas.
A lantern, laterna. *A dark lantern*, laterna secreta.
A lantern-bearer, lanternarius.
The lap, gremium. *Or fold of a garment*, plica. *The lap of the ear*, auriculæ lobus.
To lap [lick] lambere. [*Wrap up*] involvere.
Lap-eard, aures flaccas habens.
A lapsful, plenum pallium.
A lapidary or lapidist, gemmarum sculptor.
A lapidation, lapidatio.
A lapper [licker up] lambens.
A lapping [licking] linctus, [folding] complicatio.
A lappet, lacinia, sinus.
A lapse, lapsus; delictum.

The lapse of a benefice, ob neglectam præsentationem patronatus amissio.
To lapse, labi, desciscere.
A lapwing, vanellus.
The larboard of a ship, latus sinistrum.
Larceny, latrocinium.
A larch-tree, larix.
Lard, lardum v. laridum.
To lard, lardo suffigere.
A little slice of lard, lardi lingula.
A larder, promptuarium, cella promptuaria.
A yeoman of the larder, condus.
A larderer, peni præfectus.
Large, largus, latus, spatiosus.
To be at large, libere vagari.
To discourse at large, plurimè verbis disserere.
Very large, peramplus. *Something large*, subgrandis.
To make large, amplificare.
A large in music, octo semibreves notæ.
To go large or lark [a sea term] plenissimis velis navigare.
Largely or amply, ample, spatiosè. [Abundantly] large, ubertim, abundanter.
So largely, eo usque.
Largeness, amplitudo, magnitudo.
A largess, largitio, donativum.
A lark, alauda. *A sea-lark*, charadrius. *The capped lark*, cassita. *The meadow-lark*, galerita v. galeritis. *A sky-lark*, alauda ætheria. *A tit-lark*, alauda pratensis. *A wood-lark*, acredula, galerita arborea.
Lark's heel or lark's spur, consolida.
Lascivious, lascivus, salax. *A lascivious queen*, impudica.
Lascivious toying, impudicitia.
Lasciviously, procaciter.
Lasciviousness, incontinentia, libido.
To lase on, in navigation, artemoni additamentum connectere.
A lash [stripe] verber, plaga. [Mark] vibex. [Thong] flagellum.
To lash, flagellare, verberare. [A sea term] aliquid lateri navis aut malo alligare.
A lasher, verberator.
A lashing, verberatio.
A lass, puella, virgo. *A little or young lass*, puellula.
Lassorn, ab amicis derelictus.
Lassitude, lassitudo.
The last or latest [adj.] ultimus, extremus, postremus. Or *hindermost*, extremus, extremus.
The last except one, a postremo proximus. *The last but two*, antepenultimus. *At the la*

or last of all, denique, postremo.
Last or lastly [adv.] novissime, proxime, postremum, denique.
To breathe one's last, animum efflare.
A shoemaker's last, calcei forma.
To last, durare, permanere, perdurare.
A last or lastage [load] onus, saburra. *Of herrings*, decem millia halerum. *Of pitch*, &c. quatuordecim dolia picis. *Of hides*, duodecies duodecim terga.
A lasting, duratio, continuatio.
Firm and lasting, firmus, diutinus.
Lasting all day, perdius. *All night*, pernox. *For ever*, semipiternus.
A latch of a door, obex.
To latch, obice claudere.
The latches of a sail, funiculi, pl.
Late [adj.] serius, tardus, nuperus. Adv. sero, tarde.
Somewhat late, tardior, tardiusculus.
Late in the evening, vespere, vesperi.
It grows late, vesperscit, ad- vesperscit.
Lately or of late, nuper, modo, paulo ante.
Latent, latens, latitans.
Lateness, tarditas.
Lateral, laterally, lateralis, a latere.
A lath, assula.
To lath, assula subternere.
A turner's lathe, tornus.
Lather, aque saponatæ spuma.
To make a lather, saponem bullas excitare.
Latin [adj.] Latinus, Latialis, Romanus. *Latin* [subst.] Latinitas. *The Latin tongue*, lingua Latialis. *In Latin*, Latine. *To speak Latin*, Latine loqui. *To be ignorant of the Latin tongue*, Latine nescire. *To translate into Latin*, to Latinise, Latine vertere.
A Latinism, idiotismus Romanus.
A Latinist, Latine doctus, Latini sermonis peritus.
Latinity, Latinitas.
Latitant, latitans, delitescens.
Latitude [breadth] latitudo. [Liberty] licentia.
A latitudinarian, rectæ fidei desertor.
Latten [metal] orichalcum.
A lattice for a window, transenna, clathrus.
To lattice, cancellare, clathrare.
Lattice-work, opus reticulatum. *Wrought like a lattice*, reticulatus.
Latticed, cancellatus, clathra-

tices, cancelli.
A lavatory, lavacrum, balneum.
Laud, laus, gloria, præconium.
To laud, laudare, celebrare.
Laudable, laudabilis, prædicabilia.
Laudableness, rei laudabilis qualitas.
Laudably, laudabiliter.
Laudative, laudativus.
To lave or lade, capulare, exhaustire.
Lavender, nardus, lavendula.
Lavender cotton, abrotanum femina. *Blue-flowered lavender*, lavendula flore cærulea. *French lavender*, stæchas. *Sea-lavender*, limonium.
To lay up a thing in lavender, i. e. for future use, aliquid in usum futurum recondere.
To lay up in lavender, i. e. pawn a thing, aliquid pignori opponere.
A laver or washing-tub, labrum.
A small laver to wash hands in, polubrum.
To laugh, ridere. *At or laugh to scorn*, deridere, irridere. *Aloud*, cachinnari. *Disdainfully*, labra duducere. *Hear tily*, vehementer ridere. *In one's sleeve*, in sinu gaudere.
To make one laugh, risum excitare v. movere, commovere.
To laugh one out of countenance, ridendo aliquem rubore suffundere.
To laugh together, corridere.
To make himself laugh, sibi risum movere.
Laughable, risum movens.
Worthy to be laughed at, ridiculus.
A laughter, risor. *A laughter at*, derisor.
A great laughing, cachinnatio. *Given to much laughing*, ridibundus.
Never laughing, agelastus.
A laughing or laughter, risus.
A laughing at, irrisus, derisus.
Immoderate laughing, cachinnus.
A laughing to scorn, derisus.
A laughing-stock, ludibrium.
To forbear laughing, risum comescere.
Laughingly, ridicule.
Lavish, profusus, prodigus.
A lavish spendthrift, nepes, deceptor.
To lavish away [be lavish] profundere.
Lavishly, profuse, effuse, prodige.
Lavishment or lavishness, profusio.
A laundress, quæ lintea lavat.
A laundry, lavatrina.
Laureate, laureatus.
Laurel or the laurel-tree, laurus.
Note, The *Laurus* of the anc.

clens is affirmed by naturalists to be what we call the day-tree.
A laurel-grove, lauretum.
A wreath of laurel, laureola.
Bearing laurel or crowned with laurel, laureled, laureatus, lauriger, lauriger.
Of laurel, laureus, laurinus.
Law, lex. [Right] jus.
The law of nature, lex naturæ.
Of nations, jus gentium.
The canon law, jus canonicum.
Civil, jus civile. Statute, jus municipale.
The law of arms, jus militare.
Of marriage, clarigatio.
The law of merchants, lex mercatorum propria.
A law of the Senate, Senatûs consultum.
A law made by the people without the Senate, plebis scitum.
To make or pass a law, legem ferre, conscribere, sancire.
Established by law, legibus firmatus v. munitus.
Fond of law, litigious.
Still in law, juris prudentia.
One learned or skilled in the law, jurisconsultus v. jurisperitus.
Of law, judicialis, juridicus, legalis.
Law-days, dies fasti v. juridici.
A law-breaker, legum violator.
A law-giver or law-maker, legislator, legum conditor.
Law-giving [adj.] leges ferens, legislator.
Lawful, licitus, legitimus. Not lawful, illegitimus.
It is lawful, licet, fas est, equum est.
Lawfully, licite, jure.
Lawfulness, jus; fas, indecl.
Lawless, exlex.
Lawlessly, illicite, injuste.
Lean [like linen] sindon, carbassus. Colweb lawns, sindon crispata.
Of leam, carbaseus.
A leam [an open plain] planities aperta.
A leam or launde in a park, saltus.
A leaver, caustidicus, jurisconsultus, advocatus. A young leaver, leguleius.
Lax [loose] laxus. [Careless] ignavus, socors.
A lax, alvi proluvies, diarrhœa.
Laxation, laxatio, relaxatio.
Laxative, alvum subducens.
Laxativeness, alvi profuvium.
Lazily, lassness, laxitas.
A lay [song] cantilena, cantus.
Lay [secular] laicus.
A lay-man, laicus.
A lay [course, rank, or row] series.
To lay, ponere. To lay about [place about] circumponere.
To lay about him [in fighting]

lectus circumcitra partiri. [In eating] vorare. [Do his utmost] summâ ope niti. A-broad, expandere. Against, opponere. Along, proster-nere. Aside or let alone, super-sedere. [Depose or dismiss] loco movere. Before [represent] repræsentare. In one's way, objicere. Between, interjicere. By or aside, seponere. In reserve, reponere. [Reject] rejicere. [Omit or let alone] omittere. Down, deponere. Flat or along, sternere. Down a commission, office, or place, munere se abdicare. Even with the ground, solo aquare. For an excuse, præterdere. Hands on, manum alicui injicere. Up in heaps, accumulare, acervare. Hold on or of, prehendere. Near to, apponere. On, imponere. Or spread over, obducere. Out of the way, abscondere. Open [declare or make manifest] patefacere. Open a wound, plagam aperire. Apply to, applicare. A stake, oppignerare. Together, conferre. Under, supponere. Unto, applicare. Up, reponere.
A layer [grass] propago.
The layer of a deer, lustrum.
A laying against, objectus.
Aside [removing] remotio. [Not making use of] rejectio.
On, impositio. Up in heaps, accumulatio. Out, erogatio. To, applicatio. Unto, adjectio.
Laying asleep, soporifer.
A laystall, sterquilinum.
A leazar [leprous person] leprosus.
A leazarretto, valetudinarium.
Lazily, pigre, otiose, ignave.
Laziness, pigritia, segnitia.
Lazy, piger, otiosus, segnis, socors, iners. A lazy vagabond, erro.
To grow lazy, torpescere.
To make one lazy, pigritiæ causam alicui subministrare.
Lead, plumbum.
To lead [cover with lead] plumbare.
Black lead, stibium. Red, rubrica, minium. White, cerussa.
Solder of lead, ferrumen.
A vein of lead, molybdæna. A pig of lead, massa plumbi oblonga.
Of lead, plumbens.
Lead-coloured, ferrugineus.
Lead-ore or lead-stone, plumbago.
Spume of silver from lead, molybdis.
Mixed with lead, plumbeus.
To lead, ducere. About, circumducere. About often, au-

citare. Against, contra ducere. Along, per viam ducere. Aside, adducere. Away, abducere. Back, reducere. Before, præducere. A dance, choream ducere. One a dance, per ambages circumducere. By force, perducere. In, inducere. Forth, producere. One's I e, vitam agere. On [entice] illicere, pellicere. Over, transducere. Out, educere. Out of the way, adducere. Through, perducere. Unto, adducere. Up and down, deducere, transducere.
To lead the way, præire.
Leaden, plumbus.
A leader, ductor. [Commander] dux. A leader back, reductor.
A leader of a dance, præcursor.
Of the way, præmonstrator viæ dux, adductor.
A leading, ductus, auspiciûm.
About, circumductio. Aside,eductio. Back, reductio. In, inductio.
A leading man, princeps.
A leading [soldering] plumbus obductio.
A leaf, folium.
A vine leaf, pampinus.
The leaf of herbs, coma folium.
A leaf of a book, dux paginæ.
A leaf of gold, lamina, bractea.
A leaf [fat] unctum.
Leaf gold, auri folium, aurum bracteatum. Thin, stannil folium.
Leafless, foliis destitutus.
Leafy, leafy, foliosus, foliatus.
A leager, ambassador, legatus, orator.
A league [three miles] læva. [Confederacy] lædus. In league or entered into a league, sociatus. To enter into a league, socius ferre.
To break a league or covenant, socius violare.
A league-breaker, socius frangens.
A leak, rima quâ insuit aqua.
To leak or spring a leak, rima agere.
Leaking or leaky, rimosus.
Leaky [blabbing] futilis.
Lean, macer, macilentus, gracilis. Very lean, strigosus; permacer.
To be or grow lean, macere, inmacescere. To make lean, emaciare.
Leanly, jejune.
Leanness, macies, macritudo, gracilitas.
To lean, niti. Against or upon, inniti. Forward, acclinare. Back, reclinare. Over, prominare. To, propendere. In opinion, sententia alicujus favere. Towards, inclinare. Upon, recumbere.
A thing to lean upon, fulcrum.
Leaning, nixus. Back, reclinus.

Forward, neclinis. Upon or against, incumbens.
A leaning downward, declivitas.
A leaning-staff or stock, admniculum.
A leap, saltus.
To leap or take a leap, salire, saltare. Against, assilire. Away, absilire. A little, subsilire. Back, resilire. Down, desilire. In, insilire. Forward, prosilire. For joy, gessire, exultare. Off, desilire. Often, saltitare. On or upon, insilire. On horseback, in equum insilire. Over, transilire. Up, emicare.
A leap for fish, nassa.
By leaps or leap by leap, per saltus.
A leaper, saltator, m. saltatrix, f.
A leaping, saltatio, saltatus. For joy, exultatio.
By way of leaping for joy, exultim.
A leaping on, insultatio.
Of leaping, saltatorius.
To learn, discere. More, addiscere. An art, artis præcepta percipere. Before, prædiscere. By experience, discere experiendo. By heart or without book, ediscere. Together, condiscere.
Apt to learn, docilis.
Apptness to learn, docilitas.
The learned, docti, eruditi, literati.
Somewhat learned, semidoctus.
Learnedly, docte, erudite, literate.
A learner, discipulus. Of the cross row, elementa prima discens.
Learning [subst.] doctrina, eruditio, literæ, pl.
Deep learning, doctrina exquisita v. summa.
A man of deep learning, vir omni doctrinâ atque optimarum artium studiis eruditus.
Love of learning, amor doctrinæ.
A lover of learning, amator doctrinæ.
Of learning, literarius.
A lease, redemptionis charta.
To lease out, elocare, locitare.
To lease [lie] mentiri.
To lease corn, spicas legere.
A leaser or gleaner, spicilegus.
A leash, lorum. A little leash, habenula.
A leash of hounds, canum ternio.
Leash in, vinculo cor strictus.
A leash to bind sheaves with, vinculum stramineum.
A leasing [gleaning] spicilegium. Or letting out, locatio.
Least [adj.] minims. Adv. minime.
At least, at the least, certe, saltem, minimum.

Leasy, flaccidus, lentus.
Leather, pellis, corium, lorum.
The leather of a sling, scutale.
A leather-dresser, alutarius, curiarius.
Leather-dressing, corii subactio.
A leather-seller, pellio.
The upper leather of a shoe, obstrigillus. The under leather, solea.
Leather, leathern, ex corio confectus.
A leather-bag, pasceolus. Bottle, uter. Jerkin, tunica scorte. Thong, lorium terginum.
Covered with leather, pellitus.
Leave, venia, licentia; potestas.
To give leave, permittère, concedere.
Leave to enter, admissio.
Without leave, injussus; injussu.
To take leave of, vale dicere, valere jubere.
To leave, relinquere, omittère; abjicere. [Forsake] deserere, destituere, derelinquere. Off, desinere, deponere. Out, omittère. The old wont, desuascere. Or quit a possession, possessione decedere. At random, destituere. To, committère, mandare. Utterly, penitus deserere, destituere.
Work, ab opere v. labore cessare.
Leaved, foliatus. Broad-leaved, lata folia habens.
Leaven, fermentum.
To leaven, fermentare.
The sprinkling of leaven, fermenti conspersio.
Leavened bread, panis fermentatus. Unleavened, panis non fermentatus v. sine fermento; azymus.
A leavening, fermentatio.
Leaves [of leaf] folia, pl. frondes. Bearing leaves, frondifer. Full of leaves, frondosus.
To turn over the leaves of a book, librum evolvère.
A lecher, scortator, mæchus.
To play the lecher, scortari, libidinari.
Lecherous, libidinosus.
Lecherously, libidinosè, obscenè.
Lechery, libido, obscenitas.
Provoked to lechery, pruriens.
A lection, lectio.
A lecture, lectio. Little or short, lectiuncula.
A reader of lectures in a university, professor.
A lecturer, lector. Or afternoon preacher, concionator pomeridianus.
A ledge, projectura.
A ledger book, actorum codex; primores tabulæ, scriptum prototypum.
A lee, locus a cœli et ventorum injuriatus.

The lee or leeward, navis inclinatio. To fall to the leeward, ventum nimis declinare.
A leech or horse-leech, hirudo. [Physician] medicus. [Farrier] veterinarius.
Leechcraft, mendendi scientia.
Leef, benignus; indulgens.
A leek, porrum. Cut leek blade, porrum sectile. House-leek, sedum.
A leek-bed, porrina. Blade, talia. Of leeks, porraceus.
A leer or leering look, obliquus contultus.
To leer, transversa tueri.
Leering, limus.
Leeringly, limis oculis.
Lees, lees, sex. Of oil, amurca, olei faeces.
To leese, perdere; consumere.
A leet or court leet, curia.
Leet days, dies fasti.
The leech of a sail, externa pars veli.
The left hand, manus sinistra v. laeva. Toward the left hand, sinistrorsum.
Left-handed, scævus.
A leg, crus, tibia. A little leg, crusculum. A wooden leg, crus ligneum.
A leg of mutton, coxa ovina. Of a table, pes mensæ.
Of the leg, cruralis, tibialis.
Leg-harness, ocreæ, tibialia, pl.
A legacy, legatum.
Legal, legalis, legitimus.
Legality, rei æquitas legibus consentanea.
Legally, secundum leges.
A legate, legatus, orator.
A legatee or legatory, legatarius.
A legateship, legatio.
Legatine, ad legatum pertinenens.
A legend, alienius beati vita.
The legend of a coin, inscriptio nummo incusa.
Legerdemain, ars præstigiatoria. Tricks, præstigia, pl.
Leger-geld, multa dominici pendi so ita ob famulam corn pressam.
How-legged, valgus. Wry-legged, larpes.
Legible, lectu facilis.
Legibility, qualitas rei legibilis.
Legibly, ita ut legi possit.
A legion [consisting of ten companies] legio. A little legion, legiuncula.
Of a legion or legionary, legionarius.
Legislation, actus leges ferendi.
Legislative, leges ferens.
A legislator, legis lator.
The legislature, qui habent potestatem leges ferendi.
Legitimacy, legitimation, legitimitas.

Legitimate, legitimus.
To legitimate, legitimum reddere.
Legitimely, legitime.
Leisurable, otiosus.
Leisurely or *leisurely*, otiose, placide; lente.
Leisure, otium; quies.
At leisure [adj.] vacuus, otiosus. *Ado.* otiose.
To be at leisure, vacare; otio frui.
To have leisure enough, otio abundare.
A leman, amicus v. amica.
A lemon al. *limon*, malum citreum, Hesperium, Medicum, Assyrium. *A lemon-tree*, malus citrea, Medica v. Assyria.
To lend, commodare, mutuare.
As ear to one, aurum alicui prebere. *Assistance to*, auxilium prebere. *At interest*, famerare.
A lender, creditor, commodator. *Upon interest*, fenerator.
A lending at interest, feneratorio.
Length, longitudo.
The length of a way or journey, via v. itineris spatium.
Length of time, longinquitas, diuturnitas.
At length, tandem, denique, demum. *Now at length*, aliquando.
At length, in length, or lengthwise, in begunum.
In length of time, progressu temporis.
To lie at one's length, extenso corpore decumbere.
To lengthen, producere, protrahere.
A lengthening, productio.
Lent or *lentic*, lenius, debilis.
To lenify, lenire, mollire.
A lentic, medicamentum anodynum.
Lenity, lenitas, clementia.
A lens, vitrum gibbum.
Leu [subst.] quadragesima; Jejunium quadragesimale.
Lenten, of *lent* quadragesimalis.
Lenticular, in modum lenticule.
Lentiginous [freckly] lentiginosus.
A lentil, lens. *Pen-lentils* or *water-lentils*, lens palustris.
The lentisk-tree, lentiscus. *The gum of the lentisk or mastic tree*, mastiche.
Lentous, lentus, glutinosus.
A leopard, leoparcus.
A leper, leprosus, lepra laborans.
A hospital for lepers, lepra laborantium nosocomium.
A leprosy, lepra. *The itching*, prurigo. *The white*, elephantia.
Leprouse, vitiligo.
Less [adj.] minor. *Ado.* minus.
Much less, ne quidem, nedum.
To lessen or *make less*, minuire,

extenuare. *One's self*, se abjicere. Or *grow less*, decrescere, minui.
Lessening, decrescens.
A lessening, attenuatio, diminutio.
A lessee, cui pradium v. domus mercede locatur.
A lesson (for a scholar) prælectio. *A little lesson*, lectiuncula. [Precept] documentum.
To give one a lesson, [instruct or teach] docere, instituere, erudire. [Chide] aliquem objurcare.
A lessor, locator.
Least or lest that, ne.
Lest any man, woman, or thing, nequis, nequa, nequid.
Lest at any time, nequando.
Lest by any means, nequã.
Lest in any place, necubi.
A let or hindrance, mora impedimentum.
A let or hindrance, interpellatio.
To let [hinder] obstare, impedire. [Interrupt] interpellare, interrumpere. *Down*, demittere. *An instrument*, remittere. *Fly or shoot at one*, jaculari. *Go*, dimittere. *Loose*, emittere. *In*, admittere. *Off*, discludere. *Out or forth*, emittere. *Out* [hire out] locare. *Pass or slip*, omittere, prætermittere. [Suffer] sinuere.
Let, before a verb, is generally the sign of the imperative mood.
A letter [hinderer] morator, interpellator.
To let out to hire, mercede locare.
A letter out to hire, locator.
Lethargic or *troubled with the lethargy*, lethargicus.
The lethargy or sleepy disease, lethargus.
Lethiferous, lethifer.
A letter of the alphabet, littera, elementum.
A text or capital letter, littera majuscula. *A small letter*, littera formæ minoris.
A letter [epistle] epistola, litteræ, pl. tabellæ.
To open a letter, epistolam aperire.
To fold up a letter, epistolam complicare.
A letter of attorney, procuratoris libellus.
Letters patent, diploma, n. *Of appeal*, libelli appellandi. *Of commendation*, litteræ commendatitiæ. *Of exchange*, tessere nummarie. *Of marque*, clarigationis diplomata. *Dismissory*, litteræ dimissoria.
A letter missive, epistola circularis.
To letter a book, libri titulum in dorso inscribere.

Of letters, literarius, elementarius. *Missive*, epistolaris.
A man of letters or learning, homo doctus, eruditus.
Letters used in printing, typi, pl.
A letter-carrier, tabellarius. *A letter-founder*, qui elementa typographica ex metallo liquifacit fundit.
Littered or marked with letters, literatus, inscriptus.
A letting or hindering, impeditio, mora.
A letting of blood, sanguinis emissio. *A letting down*, demissio. *Go*, dimissio. *Out for rent*, locatio. *Pass*, prætermissio. [Suffering to be done] permissio.
Lettuce, lactuca. *Frog-lettuce*, tribulus aquaticus.
The Levant [East] Oriens.
A levee, salutantium comitatus matutinus.
To be at a person's levee, matutinas salutationes alicui præstare.
Level, æquus, planus.
A level or plain country, planities.
A carpenter's level, libella; æ-mussis.
Level coil, alternatim, cessim.
The level of a gun, bombardæ scopus.
To level or make level, æquare, complanare. *Mountains*, montes cœquare. *With the ground*, solo æquare. *At*, ad scopum collineare.
To be upon a level with, pari conditione esse cum. *To put one's self upon a level with*, se alicui æquare.
A leveler, complanator.
A leveling, levelness, æquatio.
A leveling at, petitio.
A lever, vectis, phalanga: asser.
A leveret, lepusculus.
Leviathan [a beast] draco aquaticus, crocodilus.
To levigate, levigare.
A Levite, Levita.
Levitical, Leviticus.
Levity [lightness] levitas. [Inconstancy] inconstantia.
A levy [tax] census. [Army] electus.
To levy soldiers, milites scribere, electum habere. *Money*, vectigal exigere.
Levied, exactus, collectus.
A levying of money, pecunia exactio.
Lewd, flagitiosus, nefarius, turpis. *Very lewd*, nequissimus; perjuriosus.
Lewdly, flagitiose, improbe.
Lewdness, improbitas, scelus, nequitia.
A lexicographer, lexicographus.
A lexicon, lexicon.
Edible, obnoxius.
Libation, libatio.

A libbard, pardus.
A libel or declaration in the civil law, libellus accusatorius. Or satirical reflection, libellus famosus.
To libel any one, aliquem scriptis infamare.
A libeler, famosorum carminum scriptor.
A libeling, sugillatio scriptis mandata.
Libelous, probrosus, famosus.
Liberal, liberalis, munificus.
Very liberal, perbenignus. Too liberal, impendiosus, prodigus.
The liberal arts and sciences, artes et scientiæ liberales.
A liberal giver, largitor. Giving, largitio.
Liberality, liberalitas, benignitas; munificentia.
Liberality, liberaliter, munifice.
Very, perliberaliter.
To give liberally, largiri, elargiri.
Liberdine, aconitum.
A libertine, homo dissolutus.
Libertinism, dogmatum et morum licentia.
Liberty, libertas. Too much, licentia.
Liberty, or leave, potestas, copia.
At liberty, liber.
To live at liberty, suo more vivere.
To set at liberty, liberare, relaxare.
To restore liberty, libertatem reducere. To liberty, in libertatem vindicare.
A setting at liberty, liberatio, emancipatio.
A setter at liberty, liberator.
Libidinous, libidinosus, lascivus.
Libra [one of the twelve signs] Libra.
A library, bibliotheca.
A librarian or library-keeper, bibliotheca custos.
Libration, libratio.
Lice, pediculi, pl. See Louse.
Licence [leave or liberty] licentia, potestas.
A licence [permit] privilegium, diploma.
To license, aliquem privilegio munire.
A licensing, privilegii donatio.
A licentiate [doctor] licentia-tus. In law, lyta.
Licentious, licentiosus, improbus.
Licentiously, licenter.
Licentiousness, improbitas; nequitia.
A lick (with the tongue) linctus. Or stroke, ictus.
To lick (with the tongue) lingere, lambere. About, circumlambere. Off or away, delingere. Daintily, ligurire. Disheer, catillare. All over, deambere.

A lick-dish or liquorish person, gulosus, liguritor.
Lickerish, lickerous, or sweet-mouthed, delicatulus, gulosus.
To make one lickerish, illecebris aliquem deleuire.
Lickerishness, gula, liguritis.
Licorice, glycyrrhiza. Wild, glaux vulgaris.
A lid, operculum.
An eye-lid, palpebra.
Lie to wash with, livivium.
Of lie, livivius.
To lie, (in a posture) jacere. About or round about, circunjacere. In disorder, confusim jacere. Along, corpore extenso jacere. Against, objacere. Along or flat, recumbere. Before, præjacere. Between, interjacere. Down, decumbere. Or lie in, ob puerperium cubare. Down to sleep, decumbere, recumbere. In the dirt, in luto hærere. Flat, procumbere. By or near, accubare, accumbere; juxta cubere. At a banquet, discumbere. Just by the road, viam tangere. Along the sea (as a country does) mare attingere. Open, patere. Abroad all night, foris pernoctare. Still, quiescere. With or together, concumbere. Under, succumbere. An obligation, alicui gratiâ devinciri. Scandal, male audire. Hid or unknown, latere, delitescere. Upon, incumbere.
Liege, subditus, subjectus.
A liege [lord] dominus supremus.
A liege-man, regi v. principi subditus.
Liegeance, fidelitas principi debita.
Lieger, legatus.
Lientery, intestinorum lævitas. In lieu of, loco, vice.
A lieutenant, locum tenens, optio.
The lord-lieutenant of a county, præfectus provincie. Of the Tower, arcis præfectus.
Lieutenanthship, præfectura.
Life, vita, anima.
An unmarried life, cœlibatus.
To restore to life, ad vitam revocare.
To lay down his life, mortem oppetere.
To give life, animare.
To venture his life, capitis periculum adire.
To cost one his life, morte stare.
Lafe or liveliness, vigor.
Life-giving, vim habens vitallem.
A giving of life, animatio.
A cause of life and death, causa capitalis.
To sit upon life and death or try one for life, de capite querere.

To be tried for one's life, causam capitis dicere.
Long life, vivacitas, longevitas.
To the life, ad vivum.
To live or lead a life, vivere; vitam agere v. degere.
All one's life time, per totam vitam.
Loss of life by law, &c. ultimum supplicium.
To come to life again, reviviscere.
Come to life again, redivivus.
Having life, vivus, animatus.
Full of life, vividus, vegetus.
A life-guard, cohors prætoria.
Lifeless or without life, inanimus, exanimus, exanimis.
Lifelessly or meanly, frigide, jejune.
Life-like, ad modum vivi.
Lifeworthy, quem tædet vitæ.
A lift or assistance, subsidium.
To give one a lift, alicui auxiliari.
To lift or lift up, levare, tollere. Up again, relevare.
Up himself, se efferre. Up on high, in sublime tollere.
Upright, erigere.
A lifter up, vector.
A lifting up, elatio, elevatio.
The lifts of a sail, veli pedes.
A ligament, ligamentum.
A ligature, ligamen, ligatura.
To light, (as a bird) sidere, considere. [As from a horse] descendere. [Fall upon or against] incidere. Upon [and] reperire.
Light [adj.] levis. [Bright] lucidus, splendidus. [Nimble] agilis, expeditus. Footed, volucer, velox; pedibus celer. [Inconstant] light-minded, instabilis, levis. [Merry] hilaris. [Of no value] futilis, fri-volus. [Trifling] ineptus, frivolus.
Light of belief, credulus.
Light-fingered, furax.
Light-harnessed, veles.
Light-hearted, hilaris, lætus, alacris.
Light horse, equites expediti.
A light horseman, levis armatura equas.
A light-house, pharus v. pharos.
To make light of, contemnere, nihili facere.
Somewhat light, leviculus.
Light [brightness] lux, lumen. [Knowledge] intelligentia, cognitio.
A faint light, lumen obscurum v. caligans.
A light [candle or lamp] lucerna, candelâ.
To light [set on fire] accendere.
To light one, præluere.
To be light, lucere.

To begin to be light or grow light, *lescere*.
To cast or give light, *illucere*, *illuminare*, *illustrare*.
Light-headed, *delirans*, *insaniens*, *cerebrosus*.
Light-headedness, *delirium*.
Twilight, *crepusculum*, *lux dubia*.
To lighten or enlighten, *illuminare*, *illustrare*, *collustrare*.
To lighten or cast out lightning, *fulgurare*. [*Ease*] *levare*, *exoccare*.
A lightening [*easing*] *levamen*, *allevatio*.
To be made lighter, *allevari*.
A lighter, *scapha* v. *cymba mearia*.
A lighterman, *navicator cymba mearia*.
A lighting down, *descensus*.
A lighting [*kindling*] *incensio*.
Lightly, *leviter*, *tenuiter*, *levis*.
Lightness [*opposed to heaviness*] *levitas*. [*Of belief, credulity*] *levitas*, *inconstancia*. [*Nimbleness*] *agilitas*. [*Wantonness*] *lascivia*.
Lightning or a flash of lightning, *fulgur*.
A lightning [*as when it thunders*] *fulguratio*.
Of lightning, *fulgurans*.
The lights [*lungs*] *pulmones*, *pl.*
Lightsome [*bright, shining*] *lucidus*, *fulgidus*. [*Cheerful*] *hilaris*, *alacer*. *Very light-some* [*bright*] *perlucidus*. *Somewhat light-some*, *sublucivus*.
To make light-some, [*enlighten*] *illustrare*. [*Cheerful*] *lætitiâ afficere*.
Light-someness [*brightness*] *claritas*. [*Cheerfulness*] *lætitia*.
Like or like unto, *similis*, *con-similis*.
Like [*equal*] *par*; *æquus*.
Like or like unto [*adv.*] *tanquam*, *velut*, *instar*, &c.
Like or likely, *probabilis*, *verisimilis*.
Somewhat like, *subsimilis*.
Like as, *quemadmodum*, *sicut*.
Like a friend, *amicus*.
Like a gentleman, *liberaliter ingenuus*.
Like a man, *viriliter*, *fortiter*.
Like to die, *moribundus*.
In like manner, *similiter*, *pariter*.
To like or approve, *probare*, *approbare*.
To be like, *referre*.
To make like, *æquare*, *adæquare*.
Not like, *dissimilis*, *ab-similis*.
Such like, *ejus modi*, *hujusmodi*, *istiusmodi*.
Very like, *per-similis*.

Likely [*adv.*] *verisimilis*. *Adv.* *probabiliter*.
A likely woman, *mulier satis venusta*.
Likelihood or likeness, *verisimilitudo*.
To liken, *comparare*, *assimilare*.
Likeness, *similitudo*, *cognatio*.
A likening, *comparatio*, *col-latio*.
Likewise, *pariter*, *similiter*, *idem*.
A liking, *approbatio*, *favor*.
To one's liking, *gratus*, *acceptus*, *jucundus*.
Good liking, *amor*, *benevolentia*.
The good liking of the body, *bona valetudo*; *bona corporis habitudo*.
In good liking, *validus*, *vegetus*, *nitidus*.
A lily, *lilium*. *The blue lily*, *iris*. *The day-lily*, *lilium non bulbosum*. *The white garden-lily*, *lilium album hortense*. *The lily of the valleys*, *lilium convallium*. *The water-lily*, *nymphaea*.
Of a lily, *lilied*, *liliceus*.
The limb [*edge of a thing*] *ora*, *margo*.
A limb [*member*] *membrum*, *artus*.
A limb of the law, *leguleius*.
To limb, *tear limb from limb*, *membratim discerpere*.
A clean-limbed person, *homo corpore compacto*.
Limber, *lentus*, *flexilis*. *Somewhat limber*, *aliquantulum vici-tus*.
To grow limber, *lentescere*.
Limberness, *limpness*, *lenticia*.
Limbo, *limbus*.
Lime or limestone, *calx*. *Quick lime*, *calx viva*. *Slaked lime*, *calx uda*. *Unslaked*, *aquâ nondum macerata*.
A lime-kiln, *fornax calcaria*.
A lime-burner, *calcararius*.
A tanner's lime-pit, *puteus ad subigendum corium*.
Lime-work, *opus albarium*.
Bird-lime, *viscus*.
To lime with bird-lime, *viscare*.
A lime-twig, *calamus viscatus*, *virga viscata*.
A liming with bird-lime, *visci-litura*.
Limy, *glutinosus*.
A limit, *limes*, *finis*, *terminus*.
To limit [*set bounds to*] *limi-tare*, *terminare*. [*Prescribe*] *præscribere*, *præfinire*.
Limitary, *limitaris*.
Limitation, *limitatio*.
By limitation, *præfinito*.
A limiting [*bounding*] *deter-minatio*.
The limits of a country, *finis*.
To limn, *delineare*, *depingere*.
A limner, *humani oris pictor*.
A limning, *pictura*.

Limp or limber, *flaccidus* [*Tasteless*] *insipidus*.
To limp, *claudicare*.
A limper, *claudus*, *claudicans*.
Limpid, *limpidus*.
A limping, *claudicatio*.
Limply, *mutile*.
A line, *linage*, or *lineage*, *pro-genies*, *gens*, *proles*.
The male line, *stirps virilis*.
A lineament, *lineamentum*.
The linch-pin of a wheel, *embo-lum*.
A line or small cord, *funiculus*.
A line drawn, *linea*. *A little line*, *lineola*. *A carpenter's or mason's line*, *amussis*. *A chalked line*, *linea cretâ descripta*. *A fishing line*, *seta*. *An ochre line*, *linea rubricâ descripta*. *A plumb-line*, *per-pendiculum*.
A line of battle, *ordo directus*; *series*.
By line or rule, *ad amussim*, *examussim*.
To line with soldiers, *millibus munire*.
To force the enemy's lines, *in hostium castra irrumpere*.
To line with a fortification, *arce munire*.
Line [*flax*] *linum*.
Line-seed or lined, *lini semen*. *Oil*, *oleum ex lini semi-ne confectum*.
To line a garment, *vesti alterum pannum intus assuere*.
Lineal or linear, *linealis*.
Lineally descended from—*rectâ lineâ genus ducens ab*—
A lineament or lineature, *linea-mentum*, *filum*.
Linen, *linteum*.
Of linen, *linteus*, *lineus*.
A linen clout, *linteolum*. *A linen-weaver*, *lini textor*. *A linen-draper*, *linto*. *The linen-trade or linen-drapery*, *negotio linteæ*. *Linen cloth*, *vestis linteæ*. *Fine linen*, *lindon*. *Home-spun linen*, *linteum domi netum*. *Wearing linen*, *linteatus*.
To linger or loiter, *cessare*, *morari*, *cunctari*.
To linger long in a distemper, *diu ægrotare*.
A lingerer, *cunctator*, *cessator*.
To make one die a lingering death, *lentâ tæbe consumere*.
A lingering, *cunctatio*; *cessatio*; *mora*.
A lingering out or protracting, *productio*.
Lingeringly, *cunctanter*, *tarde*.
A linget, *metalli massa*.
A linguist, *linguarum peritus*.
A liniment [*ointment*] *emplastrum*.
A link or torch, *lynchus*, *fax piceata*. *A little link*, *facula*.
A link-boy or link-man, *lynch-nuchus*.

*A link of a chain, catenæ an-
culus.*
To link together, connectere.
*In friendship, amicitia consoci-
care. v. jungere.*
A linking, connexio, conjunctio.
A linnet [bird] linaria.
*Lansy-wooley, pannus levi-
denis ex lana et lino con-
fectus.*
Lint, linamentum.
*The lintel of a door, superlimi-
nare.*
A lion, leo.
A sea-lion, leo marinus. A
lion's whelp, leonis catulus.
Lion or tawny-coloured, fulvus.
A lion-keeper, magister leonum.
A lioness or she lion, leona, lea.
Lionish or lion-like, leoninus.
A lip, labium, labrum. A little
lip, labellum.
The lip of a beast, rictus.
*Lip-wisdom, verbo tenus sapi-
entia.*
Blubber-lipped, labeo; labiosus.
*Liquefiable, quod liquefieri pot-
est.*
*To liquefy, liquidate, make li-
quid, or melt, liquefacere.*
To liquefy, to be made liquid, or
melted, liquefieri.
*Liquefying or liquefaction, so-
lutio.*
Liquid, liquidus, liquens.
To be liquid, liquere.
To grow liquid, liquefcere.
Liquidness, liquidity, qualitas
religuentia.
The liquids [the letters l, m, n, r]
litteræ liquidæ.
*Liquor [any liquid thing] li-
quor, humor. [Broth] decoctum.*
Full of liquor, succi plenus.
Full of liquor or in liquor [i. e.
drunk] ebrui, temulentus.
Without liquor, exsuccus.
*Strong liquors, liquores gene-
rosi.*
*To liquor, mafeacere, mace-
rare.*
A liquoring, maceratio.
To lisp, balbutire.
*A lisper or lipping person, bal-
bus.*
A lipping, hætantia linguæ.
A list [catalogue] catalogus,
album.
List [desire] libido, cupido.
[Will] voluntas, cupiditas.
A list to fight in, arena.
To fight in a list, certamen in
septo committere.
*From the lists to the goal, a car-
ceribus ad metum.*
A small list [roll] laterculus.
*To list soldiers, milites conscri-
bere.*
To list one's self for a soldier,
nomen inter milites dare.
A listing of soldiers militum
conscripcio.

To list [will or desire] velle.
*Or listen, auscultare, subaus-
cultare.*
To listen, subauscultare.
A listener [one who listens]
auscultator. [Spy] tenebrio,
Corycæus.
A listening, auscultatio.
Listless, torpidus, languidus.
To be listless, torpere, stupere.
Listlessly, segniter, pigre.
Listlessness, torpor.
The litany, litania.
Literai, literalis.
Literate, literatus, eruditus.
Literature, literatura, doctrina.
Aman of literature, homo doctus.
*Litharge of gold or silver, li-
thargyros.*
*Lithe [limber, supple] flacci-
dus, lentus, vietus.*
Lither [soft] mollis, facilis.
Lithotomy, calculi exsectio.
To litigate, litigare.
Litigation, litigatio.
Litigious, litigiosus, litium
cupidus.
A litigious person, vitiligator.
Litigiousness, litium amor.
A litter, parvus, fœtura.
A horse litter, sella v. lectica
gentatoria.
*Litter [straw for cattle] stram-
mentum.*
To litter [bring forth] parere.
Make a litter, res turbare.
Little [adj.] parvus, exiguus.
*Adv. aliquanto, parum, pau-
lulum.*
A little one [child or infant]
puerulus.
*A little or a little while, parum-
per, paulisper.*
*Very little, minimus, minutus-
lus, parvulus, perparvus.*
The little ones of any beasts,
pulli, catuli.
To make little, tenuare, minuere.
A making little, attenuatio.
By little and little, paulatim,
sensim.
A very little, pauxillum.
*How little, quantillus, quan-
tulus.*
For how little, quantillo.
*How little soever, quantulus-
cunque.*
So little, tantulus.
Never so little, paulum modo;
quantulumcunque.
*Little more or less, præterprop-
ter.*
Little and pretty, scitulus.
Littleness, parvitas, exiguitas.
The liturgy, liturgia. Or form
of worship, religio.
Live or alive, vivus.
To live, vivere, ætatem degere.
To begin to live, viviscere.
To live again, reviviscere. A
country life, rusticari, ruri
vitam agere. In exile, exulare.
*In gluttony, belluari, comi-
scari. Riotously, luxuriari.*

Idly, otiose vivere. From
hand to mouth, in diem vivere.
On, victitare. Well or high,
laute vivere. Poorly, parce
vivere. At rack and manger,
ex Amaltheæ cornu haurire.
After another's pleasure, ex
more alterius vivere. At
what rate he lists, suo more
vivere. At great expense, in-
gentes sumptus tolerare.
Regularly, sobrie vivere; statu-
tim horis res singulas agere.
*Together, convivere. A pub-
lis or high life, in oculis om-*
nium vivere.
To over-live or out-live, super
vivere.
Likely to live, vitalis.
Long-lived, longævus, vivax.
Short-lived, caducus, fragilis.
Lively [adj.] vividus, vegetus.
To be lively, vigere, valere.
To grow lively, vigescere.
Lively courage or force, virtus
ardens.
*Lively or livelily [adv.] alacri-
ter.*
*Livelihood [maintenance] vic-
tus et vestitus. [Estate] pa-*
trimonium. [Trade] ars quæ
vita sustinetur.
Liveliness, vigor, vis.
A liver, vivens.
A good liver, homo probus.
A bad, nequam.
The longest liver, or he that out-
lives another, superates.
The liver, jecur, hepar.
A little liver, jecusculum.
Of the liver, hepaticus.
Liver-sick, hepaticus. Colour
ed, fuscus.
The liver-vein, vena basilica.
White-livered, socors, pallidus.
A livery, insigne, gestamen.
A livery-man of a company, qui
togâ indutus inter socios per
mittitur incedere.
Livery and seisin, mancipatio.
To give livery and seisin, eman-
cipare.
A giving livery and seisin, e-
mancipatio, juris translatio.
To keep horses at livery, equos
locatitios alere.
Livid, lividus.
Lividity, livor.
Living, vivus.
To be in the land of the living
vivere.
A living creature, animal, ani-
mans.
A little living creature, animal-
culum.
A man's living [maintenance]
alimentum, cibus.
A living or ecclesiastical benefice
beneficium ecclesiasticum. [Es-
tate] patrimonium.
Any man living, quispiam om-
nium.
Lixivial, lixivate, lixivius, lix-
ivus.

A hard, incertus, 'acerta.
A lizard-stone, saurites.
Lo, en, ecce.
A load or loading, onus, sarcina.
A load on one's spirits, tristitia, molestia.
To load, onerare, gravare.
Heavily, opprimere; coonerare.
A cart-load, vehes v. vehis.
A horse-load, sagma.
A little load or weight, pondusculum.
A loader, qui e. quæ onerat.
The load-star, cynosura, helice.
A loadstone, magnes.
Of a loadstone, magneticus.
A loadman, perductor, viæ dux.
A loaf, panis zolyra.
A loaf, panis candidus.
A household loaf, panis cibarius.
Ammunition, castrensis.
Mouldy, mucidus.
A sugar-loaf, sacchari meta.
Loam, lutum. For grafting, intria.
Loamy, luteus, lutosus.
A loan, aliquid mutuatum.
To put out to loan, aliquid aliquid mutuatum dare.
Loan, invitus, nolens. Vid. Loth.
To loathe, fastidire, nauseare.
A loather, fastidior.
A loathing, fastidium, nausea.
To beget a loathing, nauseam creare.
To make one loathe, fastidium alicui movere.
Loathingly or loathly, fastidiosus; invile.
Loathsome [hateful] odiosus.
[Nauseating] fastidium ciens.
Very loathsome, detestabilis.
To make loathsome, odiosum reddere.
Loathsomely, fastidiose, odiose.
Loathsomeness, nausea, fastidium.
A lob, fatuus, bardus, insubidus.
Loblike, fatue, rustice.
A lobby, porticus.
A lobe of the lungs, pulmonum lobus.
A lobster, astacus. Note, Some naturalists affirm, that locusta marina denotes the long oyster, and not the lobster, according to the vulgar acceptance.
Local, ad locum spectans.
Locally, juxta locum.
Locality, existentia localis.
A lock, serr. Opening only on the inside, clausa clavis.
To be under lock and key, sub clavi esse.
To lock [a door] serrere. A waggon, rotas stringere. In, clausura includere. In one's arms or embrace, in ulnis amplexu. One out of doors, clausura foras aliquid excludere. Up, concludere.

A padlock, serr pensilis.
A pick lock, clavis adulterina.
A locksmith, claustrorum ferreorum faber.
A lock in a river, septum.
A lock of wool, lanæ floccus.
A lock of hair, cirrus.
Curled locks, cincinni, pl. Hard curled locks, capronæ, pl. Thick locks, cæsaries.
A locker for pigeons, loculamentum.
A locket of gold, collare aureum.
Locomotive, vim habens se movendi.
A locust, locusta. Small, attelabus.
A lodesman, or pilot, navis gubernator.
A lodge, casa, tugurium. A little lodge, casula, tuguriculum.
A porter's lodge, janitoris casa.
Lodges or hovels, magalia.
To lodge or live in a place, habitare. All night in an inn, in hospitio pernoctare. With a person, a pud aliquem diversari. One or receive into one's house, hospitio aliquem excipere. An army, castra metari. As a stick in a tree, insidere, inherere. Corn, sternere segetes.
A lodger, hospes, diversor.
A lodging, habitatio, commoratio.
A lodging-place, diversorium, hospitium.
A lodging-room, cubiculum.
To entertain and give one meat, drink, and lodging, aliquem mens, lare, lecto, recipere.
Lodgings,edium alienarum pars conducta.
A loft, tabulatum, cenaculum.
An apple-loft, pomorum repositoryum. A cock-loft or garret, tegulis proxima contigatio. A hay-loft, fœni repositoryum. A corn-loft, granarium.
Lofty [high] celsus, sublimis, arduus. [Haughty, proud] superbus, fastuosus, arrogans.
To grow lofty, tumere, inolescere.
To use lofty words, magnifice loqui.
Loftily, elate, superbe.
To carry it loftily, turgere, tumere.
Loftiness [highness] sublimitas, elatio. [Haughtiness, pride] superbia, arrogantia.
A log, caudex, stipes, truncus.
A little log, trunculus.
A logarithm, logarithmus.
A loggerhead, loggerheaded, capito, hebes.
A sleepy loggerhead, fungus, somnolentus.

To fall to loggerheads, conserare.
Logical, logicus. Questions, dialectica, pl.
A logician, dialecticus.
Logician-like or logically, dialectice, dialecticorum more.
Logic, dialectica.
A lohoc or loche, linctus.
A loin, lumbus. A little loin, lumbulus.
A loin of lamb, mutton, pork, or veal, lumbus agninus, ovinus, porcinus, vitulinus.
Having his loins broken, or having feeble loins, delumbis, lumbis.
A sirloin of beef, lumbus bovini.
To loiter, cessare, morari.
A loiterer, cessator, cunctator.
A loitering, cessatio, mora.
To loll [lean] procumbere, inniti. Out the tongue, linguam exerere. In bed, lecto indulgere.
A lollard, ignavis, segnis.
A lolling, cubito nixus.
Lonely, lonesome, or lone, solus, solitarius.
Loneliness, lonesomeness, or loneness, solitudo.
Long [in space or time] longus.
All my life long, per totam vitam.
Long or a long time, diu, longum.
Long ago or long since, jam dudum, pridem.
Long after, multo post.
As long as, quamdiu.
Long before, multo ante.
Long enough, satis diu.
How long? quamdiu?
Long of is made by causa, culpa, &c.
Long continuance of time, diuturnitas.
Of long continuance, diuturnus, diuturnus.
Very long, perlongus.
Somewhat long, longulus.
Long [in pronunciation] productus.
Long and round, teres.
Ere long, brevi [tempore.]
Long life, vivacitas, longinquitas statim.
Long-lived, longævus, vivax.
A long-tongue, lingula futilis.
Long-sufferance or long-suffering, patientia.
Long-winded or prolix, prolixus.
To long after, optare; appetere; gestire; arders.
Longer in time, diutius.
Longevity, longinquitas statim.
A longing after or for, desiderium.
To lose one's longing, voto excedere.

To save one's longing, voti compos fieri.
To set a longing after, desiderium excitare.
Longingly, cupide.
Longish or somewhat long, longiusculus, longulus.
Longitude, longitudo.
Longitudinal or longwise, in longum.
Longsome, longus, gravis.
A loby or loutly fellow, insulsius, bardus.
A look [cast of the eye] obtutus.
The look [aspect or countenance] vultus, aspectus.
A cheerful or pleasant look, aspectus lætus. *Crabb'd or sour*, vultus torvus. *Proud or disdainful*, supercilium. *A mean look*, projectus v. degener vultus. *Ghostly*, ora fœne v. morbo pallida.
A down look, vultus demissus.
To look, videre. *About*, circumspicere; *hustle*, After [take care of] curare; respicere. *Askew*, oculis distortis intueri. *Aquint*, oculis strabis intueri. *Back*, respicere. *Before*, prospicere. *Cheerfully*, frontem explicare. *Down*, inspicere. *With contempt*, fastidiose contemnere. *Seek for*, querere, requirere. *For* [expect] expectare, sperare. *In*, inspicere. *Examine into a thing*, scrutari. *Earnestly*, intentis oculis intueri. *Like*, referre. *Merrily or pleasantly*, exporrigere frontem. *On*, intueri. *On all parts*, collustrare, explorare. *Or choose out*, deligere. *Out of doors*, ab januâ prospectare. *Out at a window*, de fenestrâ exerto capite prospectare. *Or seek for*, investigare. *To*, curare, observare, custodire. *Towards*, ad aliquem respicere. *Up*, suspicere. *Upon or behold*, aspicere; intueri, animadvertere. *Upon or esteem*, æstimare. *Wistfully upon*, obtutu defixo spectare. *Wantonly on*, lascive intueri. *Upon a person as his own*, pro suo aliquem habere.
Look [behold] en! ecce!
A looker on, spectator.
A good-looking person, homo ingenui vultus.
A looking at, inspectatio. *About*, circumspicere. *Back*, respectus. *Down*, despectus. *For*, expectatio. *Into*, inspectio. *On*, intuitus. *Steadfastly*, obtutus. *Unto*, conservatio. *Upwards*, aspectus.
A looking-glass, speculum.
A weaver's loom, textina.
A loon, homo nihil.

A loop, amentum.
A loop-hole [aperture] transeuna, fenestra. *For ordnance*, fenestella.
To loop, amentare.
Loose [hanging down] fluxus. [Slack] laxus. [Dissolute] dissolutio.
A man of loose principles, vir nullâ fide.
Loose or careless, remissus, negligens.
Loose in body, lientericus.
To break or get loose, auferre.
To loose or let loose, laxare, solvere.
To loose or be loosened, solvi.
A growing loose, relaxatio.
To hang loose, fluere, distillare.
To be loose or tottering, vacillare.
Easily loosed, dissolubilis.
Not to be loosed, indissolubilis.
To loosen, laxare; divellere.
To loosen or soften, emollire.
Loosely [slackly] laxè, solute. [Disorderly] dissolute.
To loosen or grow loose, laxari, solvi.
Looseness, laxitas.
A looseness of the belly, alvi proluvia.
To stop a looseness, sistere alvum.
A loosening, relaxatio.
To lop trees, tondere; amputare, putare. *Or prune*, circumcidere. *Off*, detruicare. *Or cut away boughs that hinder the light*, interluicare.
Having the top lopped off, decacuminatus.
A lopper or pruner of trees, putator, frondator.
A lopping of trees, decacuminatio. *The loppings*, sarmenta.
A lopping, putatio, detruicatio.
Loquacious, loquax; garrulus.
Loquacity, loquacitas, garrulitas.
A lord, dominus.
Titular lords, domini honorarii.
To lord it, dominari.
The lords of the realm, proceres.
The house of lords, domus procerum.
Lord-like or lordly [adj.] fastuosus, elatus, imperiosus, regius. Adv. magnifice, imperiose, elate.
Lordliness, dominatio; fastidium.
Lordship [dominion] dominatus, principatus.
A lordship [manor] ditto.
Lore, doctrina.
A loriner or loriner, frænorum secundorum artifex.
To lose, perdere, amittere. *An opportunity*, occasione amittere. *Colour*, decolorari. *His credit*, famam perdere. *His labour*, operam perdere. *Ground* [give back] retrocedere. [Be

scorsted] superari, vinci. *Leather in riding*, cuticulum equitandum atterere. *One's hope*, desperare. *One's life*, inortem oppetere. *One's longing*, voto excidere. *One's passage by sea*, excludi navigatione. *One's way*, decurrere. *Time*, tempus frustra terere. *Utterly*, disperdere.
A loser, qui damno afficitur.
A losing, amissio, perditio; amissus.
Loss, damnum, detrimentum; lactura.
To be at a loss or know not what to do, necare.
To repair or make good a loss, damnum rescare.
Loss of life, inorta.
Causing loss, damnosus, detrimentosus, perniciosus, exitiosus.
To be utterly lost, perire, disperire.
Lost hope, spes deperdita.
A lot, chance or fortune, sors, casus.
To cast lots, sortiri.
To draw lots, sortes ducere.
A casting of lots, sortitio.
Divination by lots, sortilegium.
A caster of lots, sortitor.
A lot [parcel or portion] pars, portio.
To pay scot and lot, omnes census paracis solvere.
Loth [unwilling] invitus, aversus.
To be loth, invitus facere.
A lotion [washing] lotio, lavatio.
A lottery, tesserarum sortitio.
Loud, sonorus, canorus, clarus.
Loud or that has a loud voice, vocalis.
A loud voice, magna vox.
To speak louder, eloqui.
Loudly, sonore, canore.
To speak loud or loudly, clare loqui.
Loudness or clearness of the voice, vocis claritas.
Love [esteem] amor, caritas. [Desire] desiderium, studiurn.
A love [sweetheart] coreulum.
Criminal or unchaste love, amor meretricius.
A love-intrigue, amor furtivus.
A love-knot, nodus Herculeus.
Letter, epistola amatoria. *Potion*, philtum, poculum amatorium. *Song*, cantilena amatoria. *Suit*, ambitus. *Tale*, fabula de amore.
Excess of love, amoris magnitudo.
The god of love, Cupido, Amor.
The goddess of love, Venus.
To love, amare, diligere.
To be much in love with, alienus amare flagrare v. incendere.
To make love to one, ambire, sollicitare.

To love one ardently, dearly, heartily, or exceedingly, ardere, flagrare.
 To be much in love with a thing, amore siliijus rei flagrare.
 To be out of love with a thing, ab aliquâ re abhorrere. With one's self, sibi displicere.
 To be love-sick, deperire.
 Of love, amatorius.
 A love-fit, impetus amoris.
 A love of God or parents, pietas.
 Self-love, amor sui, philantia.
 Love to one's country, amor in patriam.
 Brotherly love, fratrum amor, philadelphia.
 Love of our neighbour, caritas.
 The love of wisdom, philosophia.
 Filial love, pietas.
 Worthy to be loved, amabilis.
 Lovely, lozesome, decorus, venustus.
 Lovelily, amabiliter.
 Loveliness, amabilitas, ventusitas.
 A lover [admirer] amator. A female lover, amatrix.
 A lover [spark or suitor] proci, amicus.
 A pitiful lover, amatorculus.
 A lover of wine, vinosus.
 Lovers of the same things, rivalis, pl.
 Loving, humanus, benignus, propitius.
 Lovingly, amanter, benigne, humane.
 Loving kindness, lovingness, benignitas, amor, caritas.
 A lough or lake, lacus.
 To lounge, otiosi.
 A lounge, cessator.
 To lour, frontem capere.
 Lousing, torvus, tetricus.
 A lousing, torvitas.
 Lousingly, torve, tetrice.
 A louse, pediculus. Plur. lice, pedicula. A crab-louse, pediculus inguini adhærens. A sea-louse, pediculus marinus.
 A wall-louse, cimex. A wood-louse, asellus. A dog-louse, ricinus.
 To louse one's self, pediculos venari.
 Lousy, pediculosus, pediculus scatenus.
 The lousy disease, morbus pedicularis.
 Lousily, pediculose.
 Lousiness, pediculorum copia.
 A lout, sordidus, agrestis, rusticus.
 Louting, capite inclinatio.
 Loutish, rusticus, agrestis.
 Loutishly, rustice.
 A louver or louver hole, fumarium.
 Low [opposed to high] humilis. Humbled, depressus, afflictus.
 Low in the world, pauper, inops. Mean, villis, obscurus. [Shallow] brevis.

A low-bred fellow, cui servilis est indoles.
 To bring or make low, depri-mere. Or weaken, enervare.
 To be brought low in the world or to poverty, ad paupertatem redigi.
 A bringing low, depressio.
 To run low, decrescere.
 Low in stature, brevis, humilis.
 In price, vilis.
 To low [as an ox] mugire.
 Again, remugire. Unto, ad-mugire.
 A lowing, mugitus.
 A man of low estate, re tenui homo.
 To lower the price of things, pretium rerum imminuere. [Let down] demittere.
 To bring or make lower, depri-mere.
 A lowering of the value of money, de pretio nummorum decessio.
 Lowest or lowermost, infimus, imus.
 Lowly, submissus, humilis.
 Lowly, demissæ, submissæ.
 Lowliness, animi demissio.
 A lown [dull or heavy fellow] insulcus, stupidus.
 Lowness [opposed to height] humilitas. Of condition, paupertas. Of spirit, animi abjectio. Of obedience, obsequium. Of stature, brevitatis.
 Loyal, fidus, fidelis.
 Loyally, fideliter.
 Loyalty, fides, fidelitas.
 Known loyalty, explorata fidelitas.
 A person of eminent loyalty, spectatissimæ fidei vir.
 To be loyal, fidem præstare.
 A lozel or lazy fellow, piger, segnus.
 A lozenge [rhomb] rhombus.
 A lozenge or small cake of preserved fruits, &c. fructus conditivi et angulari modo confecti.
 A lubber, lubbard, ignavus, segnis.
 Lubberly [adj.] piger, segnis, socors. Adv. pigre, segniter.
 To lubricate, lubricare.
 Lubricous or slippery, lubricus.
 A flower-de-luce, iris.
 Lucent, lucens.
 Lucid, lucidus, clarns.
 Lucifer or the morning-star, Lucifer.
 Luciferous or bringing light, lucifer.
 Luck, fortuna, sors.
 Good luck, successus bonus; res secundæ.
 Bad or ill luck, infortunium, res adversæ.
 Luckless or bringing ill luck, infastus, infelix.
 Lucky, faustus, felix.
 Not lucky, ominosus, infelix.
 Somewhat lucky, beatus.

Very lucky, perbeatus; perop-portunus.
 To make lucky, prosperare, secundare.
 Luckily, fauste, feliciter.
 Luckiness, felicitas, prosperitas.
 Lucrative, luciferous, lucratus, questuosus.
 Lucre, lucrum, questus.
 Lucubration, lucubratio.
 Luculent [clear] luculentus, clarus.
 Ludicrous, ludicer, jocularis.
 Ludicrously, jocosè, joculariter.
 Ludicrousness, jocatio.
 A lug or perch, pertica.
 To lug or hale along, trahere.
 By the ear, aurem vellicare seu vellere. Money out of one's purse, pecuniam ex crumenâ haurire. Or tear up, erudere.
 By lugging, tractim.
 Luggage, sarcina, onus. Of an army, impedimenta, pl.
 Lukewarm [between hot and cold] tepidus, egelidus. [Indifferent] remissus, negligens.
 To be lukewarm, tepere.
 To grow lukewarm, tepescere.
 Lukewarmly, tepide.
 Lukewarmness, tepor. Indifference, studium rei alicujus remissius.
 To lull, delenire, demulcere.
 Asteep, sopire, soporare.
 A lullaby, lullus.
 A lulling asleep, actus sopiendi.
 Lumber, instrumenta domestica ponderosiora.
 Lumbered together, accumulatus.
 A luminary, luminare.
 Luminous, luminosus.
 A lump [mass] massa, frustum.
 A little lump, massula, frustulum.
 A lump of metal, metalli bolus.
 A lump of earth, gleba terræ.
 A lump or heap, acervus.
 All in a lump, acervatim.
 The lump or whole of a thing solidum.
 To lump a thing [buy or sell] by the lump] in solidum c-mere.
 Lumpish, hebes, stupidus.
 To grow lumpish, hebescere stupe-scere.
 Lumpishly, tarde, stupide.
 Lumpishness, tarditas, stupor.
 Lumpy, massularum plenus.
 Lunacy, insania, phrenesis.
 Lunar, lunaria.
 Lunary [moon-word] lunaria.
 A lunation, menstruus lunæ cursus.
 Lunatic, cerritus, phreneticus.
 To grow lunatic, insanâ labare; interperis agitari.
 A lunch or luncheon, frustum buccæ.
 An afternoon's luncheon, merenda.
 The lungs pulmones, pl.

A lupine, lupinus v. lupinum.
A lurch, duplex palma.
To lurch or lie upon the lurch, subducere. [*Devour*] ingurgitare.
To be left in the lurch, in angustia deseri.
A lurcher [glutton] lurco, nepos. [*One who lies on the lurch*] insidiator. [*Sort of hunting dog*] canis investigator.
A lurching, duplicis victoriæ reportatio.
A lure, illecebra, illicium.
A sportsman's lure, palpum.
To lure, palpare, delencere.
Lurid, luridus.
To lurk, latere, delitescere.
A lurker or loiterer, cessator.
In corners, tenebrio.
A lurking, latitatio.
A lurking hole or place, latebra, latibulum.
To lie lurking about, conspectum alicujus fugere.
A lurry, tumultus.
To keep a lurry, tumultuari.
Luscious, dulcis, suavis.
Lusciously, dulce, suaviter.
Lusciousness, dulcedo, suavitas.
Luskish, socors.
Luskishly, socorditer.
Luskishness, socordia.
Lusory, lusorius.
Lust, appetitus, cupidus, libido.
To lust, prurire. *After*, concupiscere, appetere.
Lustful, libidinosus, salax, impudicus.
Lustfully, libidinosè.
Lustfulness, impudicitia, lascivia.
Lustily, animosè, fortiter.
Lustiness, corporis rubor.
Lustral, lustralis.
Lustration, lustratio.
Lustre, nitor, splendor.
To cast a lustre upon, rei culpam splendorem addere.
Lustrous, splendidus, illustris.
Lusty, validus, vegetus; gnavus; vivax.
A lusty fellow, homo robustus.
To be lusty, vigere.
To grow lusty, vigescere.
A lutanist or player on the lute, citharista.
A lute, cithara, barbiton.
The belly of a lute, testudo.
The string, fides. *To raise the lute strings*, chelyn intendere.
To lute [solder] oblinere.
Luteous or lutarious [dirty] lutosus.
Lutulent, lutulentus, canosus.
Luxuriance or luxuriancy, luxuries, luxuria.
Luxuriant or luxurious, luxuriosus.
To grow luxuriant, evagari.
A luxurious waster, nepos, gurgæ.
Luxuriously, luxuriosè.
Luxuriousness, luxuria.

Luxury, luze, luxuria, luxus.
A lye, mendacium, commentum, figmentum. *A little lye*, mendaciunculum. *An arrant lye*, meræ fabulæ. *Barefaced*, impudens mendacium. *It sounds like an arrant lye*, fidei absolum est.
To lye or tell a lye, mentiri, fingere.
To lye greatly or manifestly, eementiri.
To invent lyes, mendacia fingere.
To take one in a lye, mendacii aliquemprehendere.
To give one the lye, mendacii aliquem arguere.
A lyar, mendax, fabuloquus.
Full of lyes, fabulosus.
Lying along, recubans. *Between*, interjacens. *By*, adjacens. *Down*, reclinis. *Flat*, prostratus. *Hid*, latens. *Near unto*, conterminus, contiguus.
Open, patens. *Down*, decubans.
A lying at ease, recubitus.
The lying in of a woman, puerperium.
Lymph, lymphæ.
Lymphatic, lymphaticus.
Lynx [a beast] lynx.
A lyre, lyra.
Lyric, lyrical, lyricus.
A lyric poem, carmen lyricum.
A lyrist, lyristes v. lyrista.

M

MACARONIC [huddled together] confusus. *A macaronic poem*, carmen constans ex vernaculo sermone cum Latino contaminato.
Macaroons, massulæ ex intritis amygdalis cum ovorum albuminibus et saccharo.
A mace, sceptrum. *A serjeant's mace*, baculus, virgæ, pl.
A mace-bearer, lictor, viator.
Mace [the spice] macis.
To macerate or steep, macerare. *Or make lean*, emaciare.
To be macerated or made lean, emacrescere.
A macerating or maceration [a steeping] maceratio.
To machinate, machinari.
A machination, machinatio.
A machine, machina.
Machinery, extraordinarium artificium v. opificium.
A mackarel, scombrus v. scomber.
To maculate, maculare, polluere.
Maculation, macula, labea.

Mad, insanus, furiosus, demens.
To make one run mad, aliquem de sanitate et mente deturbare.
To be mad, insanire, furere.
To act like a madman, bacchari.
To mad or make mad, to madden, furiare.
A mad-cap, mad-brain, mad-brained, vesanus, furiosus.
A mad-house or bedlam, hospitium insanorum.
Raving mad or full of madness, furiosus, furibundus.
Maddied, furatus.
Maddish, rabiosulus, cerebrorius.
Madly, dementer, furiose.
Madness, dementia, insanlia.
The madness of a dog, rabies.
Full of madness, furibundus.
Madim, domina mea.
Madder [to dye with] rubia tinctoria. *Wild*, rubia silvestria.
Pasture, mollugo.
To be made, fieri.
I made, feci.
To madefy or make wet, madefacere.
A madrigal, cantilena silvestris, carmen agreste.
A magazine, apotheca. *Store*, comestus.
A magazine for arms, armamentarium. *For powder*, pulveris alitri cella. *For corn*, horreum.
A maggot [worm] termes, lendix. [*Whim*] repentinus animi motus.
Maggoty or full of maggot's, termitibus scatens.
To be maggoty or whimsical, repentino animi impetu concitari.
Magic, ars magica.
Magical, magicus.
Magically, juxta artem magicam.
A magician, magus.
Magisterial or magisterious, imperiosus, regius.
Magisterially, satis cum imperio.
Magistry or mastership, magisterium.
Magistracy, magistratus.
A magistrate, magistratus, prefectus.
Magnanimity, magnanimitas.
Magnanimous, magnanimus, fortis.
Magnanimously, fortiter, viriliter.
A magnet [loadstone] magnes.
Magnetic or magnetical, magneticus.
Magnetism, vis magnetica.
Magnifiable, laudibus effendus.
The Magnificat, Magnificat.
Magnificence, magnificentissimus splendor.

Magnificent or *magnific*, magnificus augustus.

Magnificently, magnifice, splendide.

To *magnify* [praise] magnificare, laudare. [*Exaggerate*] exaggerare, exaugere. An object, amplificare.

A *magnifier*, qui nimis laudat.

A *magnifying*, amplificatio.

Magnitude, magnitudo.

A *magpie*, pica.

Mahometans, Mahometani. pl.

Mahometanism, Mahometanismus.

A *maid* or *maiden*, virgo, puella.

A *little maid*, virginula, puellula.

A *cook maid*, coqua.

An *old maid*, virgo gravis.

Stale, annosa.

A *maid servant*, ancilla, famula.

A *little maid servant*, ancillula.

A *chamber-maid*, cubicularia.

A *house-maid*, ancilla quæ domum expurgare solet.

A *nursery-maid*, ancilla infantes nutrans.

A *maid that lays up her mistress's clothes*, vestiplica v. vestiplica.

A *maid ready for a husband*, virgo nubilis v. virgo matura.

Without a portion, virgo indotata.

With a great portion, virgo pulchre dotata.

A *slender maid*, juncea virgo.

A *waiting-maid*, pedisequa.

Maid of honour, famulae reze.

Of a *maid* or *maiden*, *maidenlike* or *maidenly*, virginæus, puellarius.

Maiden hair, adiantum.

Maidenhood or *maidenhood*, virginitas.

Majestical, *majestic*, regius, augustus.

Majesty, majestas, regia dignitas.

The *Majesty of God*, Numen.

Majestically or *with majesty*, auguste, regaliter.

A *mail* or *budget*, bulga, pera.

[*Bundle of letters*] fasciculus epistolarius.

A *coat of mail*, lorica. A *little coat*, lorica.

To *go with a coat of mail*, loricare.

An *armour with a coat of mail*, lorica.

A *maim*, vulnus, plaga.

To *maim*, mutilare, admutilare.

A *maiming*, vulneratio, mutilatio.

Main, magnus, primus; princeps.

With might and main, obnixè; summa ope.

A *main* [hammer] corbis vindicatoria.

The *main land*, continens, terra.

Sea, oceanus.

To *hunch out into the main*, in altum provehi.

The *main battle*, prælium præcipuum.

The *main body of an army*, exercitus summa. *Body of cavalry*, agmen equitum.

The *main chance*, sors, rerum summa. *Guard*, excubitorum summa.

Mast of a ship, nāvius malus præcipuus.

The *main yard of a ship*, antenna præcipua.

Mainly, præcipue, maxime.

Mainprise, vadimonium.

To *mainprise*, vadimonio obstringere.

To *maintain* [affirm] affirmare, asseverare. [Defend or support] vindicare, sustinere.

[Keep] sustentare, alere. One's ground, locum tenere.

Maintainable [defensible] quod defendi potest.

A *maintainer* [defender] propugnator vindex, conservator, fautor.

A *maintainer* [nourisher] altor, m. alitrix, f.

A *maintainer of another man's cause*, alterius litigantis adiutor.

A *maintaining* [affirming] affirmatio, assertio. [Defending or supporting] sustentatio.

[Keeping] alimentum.

Maintenance [defence or support] defensio, patrocinium.

A *major of a troop*, legatus.

A *major-general*, exercitus instructor.

The *majority* or *major part*, pars major.

Maize [Indian corn] frumentum Indicum.

A *make* or *form*, forma, figura.

To *make*, facere, componere, conficere. *Procure*, efficere.

Account, reputare. *At or towards one*, petere. *Away or go off*, aufugere. *With one's self*, sibi mortem consciscere.

With his estate, bona prodigere. *For or go to a place*, ad locum aliquem tendere.

For or be advantageous to one, ad aliquem conducere. *Free with another's character*, de fama alicujus detrahere. *With another's goods*, bona alterius surripere. *Good his ground*, vestigiis stare. *As if*, simulare, dissimulare. *A man of one or set one up in the world*, aliquem ad dignitatem promovere. *Off or run away*, aufugere. *One amongst a company*, inter plures numerari. *Over one's right to another*, jus autem in alium transferre. *Out* [explain] exponere. *Out after or in search for*, investigare. *A stand*, se sistere. *Up* [finish] conficere; complere. *Up one's want of pars by diligence*, tarditatem

ingenii diligentia compensare.

A *make-bate*, qui v. qm litet serit.

A *make-peace*, qui pacem inter alios conciliat.

A *maker*, fabricator, formator.

A *making*, fabricatio, effectio.

Mal-administration or *mal-practice*, mala rei administratio.

Malcontent, male contentus.

Malcontentedness, molestia, offensio.

A *malady*, morbus, ægrotudo.

The *malanders in a horse*, tuber in genu equi.

Malapert, protervus, petulant, procax.

To *play the malapert*, insolenter se gerere.

Malapertly, procaciter, proterve.

Malapertness, procacitas, protervitas; petulantia.

A *male*, mas.

Of the *male kind*, masculinus.

Malediction, maledictio.

A *malefactor*, sons. maleficus, scelestus.

Maleficent, maleficus.

Maleficence, maleficientia.

Malevolence, malevolentia, malignitas.

Malevolent, malevolens, malignus.

Malice, malitia, malignitas, malevolentia. *Prepense*, ultionis studium.

To *malice* or *bear malice*, invidere, indignari.

Malicious, malignus, invidus.

Maliciously, maligne.

Maliciousness, invidia, malignitas.

To *malign*, de alicujus fama detrahere.

Malignancy, malitia, malignitas.

Malign or *malignant*, malignus.

A *malignant*, malignus civis.

Malignantly or *malignly*, maligne.

A *maligner*, qui conviciis al quem lacessit v. proscindit.

Malignity, malignitas. *Of distemper*, morbi acerbitas.

A *mallet* or *mallet*, malleus.

A *mallet* [place where they play at mallet] locus in quo globuli malleis per annulos ferreos trudentur.

To *mallet*, batuere, tundere.

A *mallet*, anas palustris mas.

Malleable, ductilis.

A *little mallet*, malleolus.

To *strike with a mallet*, malleo percutere.

Mallows, malvæ, pl. *Marsh* hibiscum.

Of *mallows*, malvaceæ.

Malt, byne.

To *make malt*, bynem parare.

A *maltster* or *maltman*, qui hor deum madefactum torret.

Mam or *mamma*, mamma.
Mammocks [fragments] frustula, pl. fragmenta; ossa.
A mammonist, quæstuosus.
A man [not a brute] homo, mortalis. [Not a child] vir. [Not a woman] vir, mas. [Any man] aliquis, quisvis. *Note*,—The Romans generally, when they speak of a person indefinitely, use the second person singular, whereas the English chiefly use the third; as, *A man shall be valued according to what he has*, *assem habere*, *assem valere*.
The good man of the house, paterfamilias.
A leading chief or principal man, princeps.
A man or man servant, servus, famulus.
Every man, quisque, unusquisque, omnis.
No man, nequis, nemo, nullus.
My own man [in my right senses] mentis compos; apud me.
My own man [at my own disposal] medi juris; liber.
Man to man or from man to man, viritum.
Like a man, viriliter, humaniter.
To man or furnish with men, hominibus complere, instruere.
To act, play, or show one's self a man or the man, virum agere.
To come to man's estate, ex æphebis excedere.
A footman, pedes. *A horseman*, eques.
A little man, homunculus.
A man of wit, vir ingenio polens. *Of business*, qui res diligenter tractat. *Of conversation and sense*, homo lepidus et acutus.
An old man, senex.
A poor man, pauper.
A rich or wealthy man, dives.
A wise man, sapiens.
A young man, juvenis, adolescens.
A man of no account, homonaudi, nihili.
A man of war [ship] navis præsidaria. [Soldier] miles.
A man [at chess, draughts, or backgammon] latro, calculus.
A man-child, filius, puerulus.
A man-eater, anthropophagus.
A man-slayer, homicida.
Man-slaughter, homicidium.
A man for all purposes, omnium horarum homo.
Of a man, humanus.
Manacles, manice ferreæ.
To manacle, manica constringere.
A manacled, manicis constrictio.
Manage or the art of riding on

horseback, equitandi disciplina, v. ars.
A manage or riding-house, hippodromus.
To manage, administrare, tractare; gerere. [Govern or order] constituere, dispensare.
An estate well, rem familiarem tueri. *A war*, obire bellum.
The different dispositions of the common people, plebis animos permulcere. *Youth*, ætati juvenum temperare.
A manager, administrator, administralter, curator.
A good or bad manager of affairs, rerum prudens v. imprudens administrator.
A managing, management, or mangery of affairs, rerum administratio v. gubernatio.
The management of a family, rei familiaris administratio.
Of the public money, pecunie publicæ dispensatio. *Of the voice*, vocis moderatio.
Man-boot, compensatio pro homicidio.
A manchet, panis siligineus.
To mancipate, mancipare.
Mancipation, mancipatio.
A manciple, opsonator.
A mandamus [for a degree, &c.] diploma regium.
Mandatory, mandans imperans.
A mandate, mandatum, præceptum.
The mandible [jaw] maxilla.
The mane of a horse, juba equina.
Maned or having a mane, juba-tus.
Manful, fortis, animosus.
Manfully, animose, fortiter, viriliter.
Manfulness, fortitudo, virtus.
The mange, scabies.
A manger, præsepe.
Manginess, porrigo.
Mangy, scabiosus.
A mangle for linen, cylindrus ad lintea laviganda.
To mangle, lacerare, laniare.
Linen, linten cylindro lavigare.
A mangler, mutilator.
A mangling, laceratio, mutilatio.
Manhood [courage] fortitudo, animi magnitudo. Or *man's estate*, ætas virilis.
Maniac [frantic] insanus, demens.
Manifest, manifestus, certus.
A manifest or manifesto, scriptum apologeticum.
To manifest or make manifest, manifestare, indicere.
To be made manifest, clarescere, innotescere, emergere.
It is man's fest, liquet, patet, constat.
A manifesting or manifestation, patefactio.

Manifestly, manifeste, aperte clare.
Manifestness, claritas, evidentia.
Manifold, multiplex.
How manifold, quotuplex.
Manifoldly, multipliciter.
A maniple [handful] manipulus.
A mankiller, homicida.
Mankind, genus humanum, genus hominum.
Manless, hominum expers.
Manliness, virilitas, fortitudo.
Manly or manlike [adj.] virilis, fortis. Adv. viriliter.
A manly woman, virago.
Manna, manna, indecl. mel ætherium.
A manner [fashion] mos, modus. [Quality] qualitas.
In a manner, quodammodo, quædamtenus.
All manner, omnigenus, omni-modus.
Of what manner, ejus modi.
In what manner soever, utcumque, quomodocunque.
Of divers manners, multimodus.
In the like or same manner, similiter.
In such manner, ita ut.
Two manner of ways, bifariam.
Three, trifariam. *Four*, quadrifariam.
Manners [habits, morals] mores, pl.
Good manners or mannerliness, urbanitas, civilitas.
Ill manners or unmannerliness, rusticitas.
A mannerly person, urbanus, civilis.
To behave one's self mannerly, se civilem agere.
A mannikin or manikin, homunculus.
A manor or manour [lordship] dominium. *A little manor*, prædium.
A manor-house, domus manerialis.
The lord of a manor, dominus manerii.
Of a manor, prædiorius.
A mansion or mansion-house, sedens, domicilium.
A mantle or gown, palla v. stola muliebris. *A mantle-maker*, stolarum muliebrum opifex.
A mantel of a chimney, camini tegimen.
To mantle, ut beer, spumescere.
As a hawk, pennas dispandere.
A mantle, penula v. penula, rica. *An Irish mantle*, gausape.
A friar's or coarse mantle, penula villosa. *A summer mantle*, penula rasa.
A manual, liber manualis.
A sign manual, chirographum.
Manuduction, manu ductio.
Manufacture or manufactory, opificium.

To manufacture, opus manu factu.
Manufacturer, opifex.
To manumise or manumit, manumittere.
Manumission, manumissio.
Manure for land, stercus.
To manure or till the ground, terram colere. Fatten with dung, stercorare. With marl, agrum margâ fecundare.
Masurable, quod fecundari potest.
A manner of ground, colonus, rucicola.
A manuring [tilling] cultus, cultura.
A manuscript, liber manu scriptus. Generally written MS. plur. MSS.
Many, multi.
A great many or good many, complures, perplures; permulti.
Many a man, multi.
How many? quot?
A pretty many, bene multi; compluculi. Very many, plurimi.
As many as, quot, tot quot.
Many times or many a time, saepe.
As many times as, toties quoties.
How many times? quoties?
How many times soever, quotiescunque.
How many soever, quotcunque, quotquot.
So many, tot, indecl.
Just so many, totidem, indecl.
So many times, toties.
Too many, plures quam sat est.
Many ways, multifariam, multifariis.
Many-cornered, polygonus.
Headed, multis capitibus, centiceps.
Languaged, polyglottus.
Peopled, populo frequent.
A map, charta geographica.
Maps, lintea volumina. Of a particular country, charta chorographica. Of the world, tabula cosmographica.
To map, notare, delineare.
To make maps, chartas chorographicas depingere.
A maple or maple-tree, acer.
Of a maple-tree, acernus.
Marble, marmor. Black, marmor nigrum. Red, marmor Thebanum. White, marmor Parium.
To marble or paint like marble, la marmoris modum variare.
Of or like marble, marmoreus.
A marble statue, simulacrum e marmore factum.
One that works marble, faber marmorarius.
Plaster of marble or terrace, marmoratum.
Marbled or cased with marble, marmoratus.

March [the month] Martius.
A march, iter, profectio.
To march with great silence, tacito agmine proficisci.
To march, incedere, gradi, proficisci. In battle array, composito agmine incedere. To march in the rear, agmen subsequi. Back or off, regredi. With the utmost expedition, quam maximis itineribus contendere. In, ingredi. On or forward, progredi. Out, egredi. Round about, circumgredi.
A march-pane, panis dulciarius.
The marches of a country, fines, limites.
A marching, profectio, progressus.
A mare, equa. A filly, equula.
The night-mare, ephialtes.
A margin, margo.
That has a broad margin, marginatus.
Marginal, in margine scriptus.
A margrave, marchio, finium praefectus.
A marigold, caltha. African, flos Africanus. Corn, chrysanthemum segetum. Marsh, caltha palustris.
Marine [belonging to the sea] marinus. A marine, classarius miles.
A mariner, nauta v. navita.
Of a mariner, nauticus.
Marjoram, amaracus.
Of marjoram, amaracinus.
Marital, maritalis.
Maritime, maritimus.
A mark [sign or token] nota, indicium; insigne. Of money, marca. [Brand for slaves or criminals] stigma. Instance, documentum. For sheep or other animals, character. [Print or footstep] vestigium. To shoot at, meta.
A good marksman, qui recte collineat.
To be wide of the mark, totâ viâ aberrare. To aim at a mark, collineare. To hit the mark, metam attingere.
A land-mark or boundary of land, limes.
A water-mark, limes æstus maris incitatus.
A way-mark, signum ad viam præmonstrandam.
The mark of a stripe, vibex. Of a wound, cicatrix.
A mark set to a writing, signatura.
To mark, signare, notare. About, circumsignare. Before, præsignare. With chalk, cretâ notare. With a hot iron, stigmatæ notare. [Observe] observare, animadvertere. Out, designare, dirigere. Or take notice of to one's self, subnotare.

A marking, notatio, signatio.
Marked black and blue, lividus.
Marked with chalk, cretatus.
With a hot iron, stigmatas.
Fitted to be marked, notabilis.
A marker [noter down] annotator. [Observer] observator. Of bounds, metator.
A market, forum, emporium. For cattle, forum boarium. For fish, piscatorium. For fruit, pomarium. For herbs, olitorium. For hogs, suarium. For meat or other victuals, macellum.
Market-geld, vectigal, locarium.
A market-man, nundinator. Woman, nundinaria.
Above the market-price, supra pretium toto foro commune.
Below it, infra pretium toto foro commune.
A market-cross, stela apud forum. Day, dies nundinalis. Place, forum rerum venalium. Town, oppidum nundinarium. Of a market, nundinalis, nundinarius.
Marketable, venalis.
A clerk of the market, ædilis praefectus annonæ.
A marketing or buying, emptio.
Marl, marga.
A marl-pit, fodina unde marga effoditur.
Marmalade or marmaleet, cydonites.
A marmoset or monkey, cercopithecus. A she marmoset, simia.
Letters of marque, clarigatio.
Marquetry [inlaid work] opus lacuatum v. tessellatum.
A marquis, marchio, toparcha.
A marquissate, marchionatus.
To mar, corrumpere, depravare vitare. The fashion of a thing deformare. [Undo what is done] diffingere.
To be married [undone] disprire.
A marrer, corruptor, vitiator.
A marring, corruptio, depravatio.
Marriage, connubium; nuptiæ. A marriage, nuptiæ.
Of marriage, conjugalis, nuptialis.
A marriage-song, thalassio, ephthalium.
To desire a woman in marriage, uxorem expetere.
To promise in marriage, despondere.
To give in marriage, nuptum dare; matrimonio locare; sibi alicui despondere, collocare.
To be averse to marriage, ab uxoriâ abhorrere.
Marriageable, nubilis.
To make marriages, nuptias conciliare.

A married man, maritus, conlux. *Woman*, uxor, conjux. *Twice married*, bigamus. *Marrow*, medulla. *Of the back bone*, spinalis. *To the very marrow*, medullitus. *To take out the marrow*, emedullare. *Full of marrow*, medulluosus. *Marrowless*, medullâ vacuus. *Marry* [a sort of oath] per Mariam. *To marry*, as the priest, con nubio jungere. *As the man*, uxorem ducere. *As the woman*, viro nubere. [*Give in marriage*] nuptum dare. *Mars*, Mars. *Of Mars*, Martius, bellicosus. *A marsh or marshy*, palus. *A marsh-ground*, pratium palustre. *A salt marsh*, æstuarium. *Marshy or belonging to a marsh*, palustris, paludosus. *A marshal*, designator, apparitor. *A lord*, præfectus rerum capitalium. *A provost*, discipline militaris exactor. *A knight*, tribunus militum. *To marshal* [put in order] ordinare. *A marshaller*, ordinator. *A marshalling*, ordinatio. *A mart*, mercatus, emporium. *To mart*, nundinari. *Martial* [warlike] bellicus, martius, militaris. *Martial law*, lex belli. *A court martial*, curia martialis. *Martial affairs*, res bellicæ. *A martialist*, bellator. *A martin* [bird] hirundo agrestis. *A martingal for a horse*, pastomia. *Martinmas or Martlemas*, festum sancti Martini. *Beef*, bubula salita, infumata. *A martlet*, cypselus. *A martyr*, martyr. *The first*, protomartyr. *To martyr*, discruciare, excarnificare. *Martyrdom*, martyrium. *Martyred*, martyrio coronatus. *Martyrology or book of martyrs*, martyrologium. *A marvel or strange thing*, mirum, res mira. *No marvel*, nec mirum. *To marvel or marvel at*, mirari, admirari. *To make one marvel*, admirationem alicui incutere. *Marrying*, mirabundus. *A marrying*, admiratio. *Miraculous*, mirus, mirabilis; incredibilis. *Miraculously*, mire, mirifice, mirabiliter. *Miraculousness*, mirabilitas. *Masculine*, masculinus, masculinus.

In a masculine manner, viriliter, animose. *A mash or mish-mash*, farrago, mixtura. *A mash for beasts*, potio medica equo, bovi, &c. danda. *To mash*, commiscere. *A mask or masque* [visor] larva, persona. *A mask* [dance] fabula, mimus. *A mask* [pretence or cloak] prætextus. *To mask himself*, personam induere. *A masking*, personæ inductio. *A mason*, lapicida, crustarius. *A mason's rule*, amussis. *Masonry or mason's work*, opus cæmentitium. *A masquerade*, larvatorum hominum ludicra saltatio. *A masquerade habit*, habitus personatus. *A person in masquerade*, a masker, persona, homo larvatus. *To masquerade*, hominem larvatum agere. *A mass* [lump] massa, moles, cumulus. *The mass*, missa. *A mass-book*, missale. *Mass-weeds or dress*, pontificalis habitus. *A massacre*, internecio; cædes, strages. *To massacre*, trucidare, cædere. *A massacreing*, trucidatio, occisio. *Massive or massy*, solidus. *Massiveness or massiness*, soliditas. *The mast of a ship*, malus. *The round top of the mast*, corbis. *The scuttle*, mali corbis. *The fore mast*, malus ad proram, malus anticus. *The main mast*, malus præcipuus. *The mizen mast*, malus puppis. *Mast for swine*, glans, balanus. *The mast-tree*, esculus. *Mast of beech*, glans fagina. *Of oak*, glans quærnea. *Mast-bearing*, glandifer. *Of mast*, glandarius. *Mastful*, glandibus plenus. *Mastless*, glandibus vacuus. *A master*, dominus, herus, dominator. *To be one's own master*, liber v. sui juris esse. *The master of the horse to the king*, comes regii stabuli. *Of the king's household*, magister hospitali domini regis. *Of a master*, dominicus, herilis. *A master thief*, furum princeps. *A master-piece*, opus præcipuum. *A master or one very well skilled in his business*, alicujus rei peritus. *To make one's self master of a city*, urbe potiri. *To master*, superare, vincere.

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Masterless, contumax, pertinax refractarius. *Mastery or master-like* [impetuous] imperiosus. [*Like an artist, or master*] affabre, peritissime. *Mastery or mastership*, magistratus, dominatus. *To get the mastery over*, superare, vincere. *Mastic* [a gum] mastiche. *Black*, mastiche Ægyptiaca. *White*, mastiche Chiensis. *Yellow and bitter*, mastiche Cretensis. *The mastic-tree*, lentiscus. *Bearing mastic-trees*, lentischifer. *Of mastic*, lentiscinus. *Mastication* [chewing] mastication. *A mastiff*, Molossus canis. *A mat*, matta, storea, teges. *A little mat*, tegetilla. *A mat of rushes*, scirpea. *To mat*, tegetibus cooperire. *The match of a candle or lamp*, myxa. *A match of brimstone*, sulphuratum. *Matches*, merx sulphurata. *Card matches*, chartæ sulphurate. *A maker of matches*, sulphurarius. *A match* [in exercise] certamen. *A match* [bargain] pactum, stipulatio. *A match*, eja, age. *A match* [marriage] nuptiæ. *A match* [equal] par, compar. *To match or compare*, comparare, conferre. *Or be suitable*, quadrare; congruere. *Or be of the same colour*, ejusdem esse coloris. *In marriage*, in matrimonium collocare; nuptia, conciliare. *To make a match in fighting*, certamen instituere. *A match-maker or broker*, pararius. *A match-maker* [bringer about of marriages] connubiorum conciliator. *Matchable*, equalis, parilis. *A matching* [pairing] adæquatio, comparatio. *Matchless*, incomparabilis; singularis. *A mate*, comes, socius. *A mate at chess*, regis incarcerationis. *A check-mate*, rex conclusus. *To mate or give a mate*, regem concludere. *A mate* [partner] collega. *Material* [corporeal] corporeus. [*Important*] magni momenti. *Very*, pergravis. *It is not very material*, parum refert. *A materialist*, qui res spirituales abnegat. *Materially*, materialiter.

Materials for work, res ad aliquid agendum necessariae.

Maternal, maternus.

Latter math, senum cordum v. serotinum.

Mathematical, mathematicus.

Mathematical demonstration, demonstratio mathematica.

Mathematically, mathematice.

A mathematician, mathematicus.

The mathematica, mathesis.

Matins, preces antelucanæ.

The matrix or matrix, matrix, uterus.

Of the matrix, uterinus.

A matrix [mould] matrix ad aliquid fundendum apta.

To matriculate, nomen in tabulis referre.

Matrimonial, maritalis, connubialis.

Matrimonially, secundum leges matrimonii.

Matrimony, connubium, matrimonium.

To join in matrimony, connubio jungere.

An enemy to matrimony, ab re uxoris abhorrere.

A matron, matrona.

Matron-like, matronalis.

Matronly, zate grandis v. prorector.

Matted, ut a bed, storea co-operta. *As hair*, concretus, implexus.

A matter or mat-maker, storearum textor.

Matter [corruption] pus, sanies.

To matter or grow to matter, suppurare.

Causing matter, suppuratorius.

Pulsof matter, purulentus.

The mattering of a sore, suppurationis.

Matter [substance] materia, substantia; res. [Thing or business] res, negotium.

It is no matter or it matters not, nihil interest.

A small matter, res parvi momenti.

It is nothing to the matter in hand, nihil est ad rem.

It matters much, multum refert.

To matter [regard] curare.

A matter of [about] quasi, circiter.

It is a matter of fact, re factum fuit.

A mattock marra. *A little mattock*, sarcolum. *A double mattock*, bipallium.

A mattress, culcita lanæa. *A coarse mattress*, villa grabatus.

Mature [ripe] maturus.

To grow mature, maturescere.

To do a thing upon or after mature deliberation, caute, consulte agere.

Maturely, mature, consulte temperate.

Maturity, maturitas.

Maudlin, inebriatus, temulentus.

Maugre, invite, ingratis.

To maul or beat soundly, pugnis v. fuste contundere.

To maunder, murmurare, muscare.

A maunderer, qui murmurat.

A maundering, murmuratio.

Maunday Thursday, dies Jovis quâ stips regia pauperibus distribui solet.

The maw, ventriculus, stomachus.

Mazekish, nauseam pariens.

A mawk, puella inaula.

A maxim, effatum, præceptum.

A maxim in politics, præceptum politicum.

I may [am able to do] possum, queo. [Am permitted to do] mihi licet.

As great as may be, quantuscunque. *As little as may be*, quam minimus.

I may not [am not able to do] nequeo, non possum. [Am not permitted to do] mihi non licet.

It may be done, fieri potest.

May it please you, tibi placeat.

May [the month] Maius.

May-day, Maiæ calendæ.

May-games, floralia, pl.

A may-game or laughing-stock, ludibrium.

A may-pole, pertica ad celebrandum Maiæ calendæ erecta.

A mayor or lord-mayor, prætor urbanus.

Mayorally, munus prætoris urbanii.

A maze, labyrinthus. [Astonishment] consternatio, admiratio.

To be in a maze, stupere, obstupescere.

To put one in a maze [astonish] obstupescere. [Daunt] perterrefacere.

A mazer, patera, crater.

Methinks, ut mihi videtur.

Mead [kind of drink] promulsis, hydromell.

A mead or meadow, pratium. *Of a meadow*, pratensis.

A meag or meak, falx ad pisa exciscenda.

Meagre, macer, macilentus, strigosus.

To become meagre, macescere, emacescere.

To meagre or make meagre, emaciare.

Meagreness, macies, macritudo.

Meal [ground corn] farina.

Of or belonging to meal, farina-rius.

Bean-meal, farina fabacea. *Barley-meal*, farina hordeacea.

Wheat-meal, farina triticea.

Fine meal, similago, pollen.

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Of fine meal, similagineus, polinariarius.

Oat-meal, farina avenacea.

Meal fried, polenta.

A meal-man, farinaarius. *Sieve*, cribrum farinaarium. *Trough* or tub, vas farinaarium.

A meal-worm, farinaaria.

A meal or meal's-meal, cibus.

A set meal, caræa.

After meal-time, post cibum.

At meal-time, super mensam.

To eat a meal, cibum capere.

To make a good or hearty meal, large famem explere.

Mealy or full of meal, farraeus.

A mean [instrument] opera, modus.

A mean [helper] adiutor, m. adiutrix, f.

By what means? qui? quomodo?

By some means, quocunque modo.

By no means, nequaquam, nullo modo.

Mean [contemptible] mediocritas, modicus, tenuis. [Low, poor, pitiful] humilis, inferus, abjectus, sordidus.

The mean [medium] medium, mediocritas. [In music] tenor.

In the meanwhile or in the meantime, interea, interim.

Means [wealth] opes, pl. divitiæ. *Abundance of means*, opulencia, rerum copia. [Cause] causa, instrumentum.

Having great means, dives, opulentus.

To mean, velle, intelligere.

A meander, mæander, meandrus.

A meaning, sensus, vis.

A well-meaning person, a well-meanner, probus, justus.

Meanly [indifferently, slenderly] mediocriter, tenuiter. [Poorly] pitifully] abjecte, humiliter misere.

Meanness [indifference] medio-critas. [Poverty] paupertas, tenuitas.

Meanness of birth, ignobilitas, generis humilitas.

Meanness of spirit [cowardice] ignavia, timiditas. [Niggardliness] sordes, avaritia sordida.

The measles, rubentes pustulæ.

To have the measles or be sick of them, rubentibus pustulis ægrotare.

The measles [in a hog] porrigo.

A measlesd or measly hog, porcus lepræ laborans.

The measles [in trees] patella.

Mensurable, quod quis metiri potest.

Mensurably, modice, temperate.

A measure [quantity] mensura.

Dry measure, mensura aridiorum.

A measure of wine, vini modus.

A measure [mean] modus.
Beyond measure [adj.] immoderatus, immodicus. Adv. immoderate, immodice.
In some measure, aliquatenus.
Out of measure, immodice; extra modum.
Within measure, intra modum.
To measure [compute the quantity] metiri, demetiri. Out, admetiri. *With the eye or survey*, permetiri. Over again, remetiri. [Moderate] moderari.
Measureless, immensus.
A measurer, mensor. Of land, metator.
Measures [purposes or designs] consilia; rationes.
To break through or destroy the measures taken by others, aliorum consilia evertère, conturbare.
To take measures, prospicere; consilia capere.
To take new measures, consilia mutare.
A measuring, metatio, dimensio.
Meat [flesh] caro. Food, cibus, esca. Roast meat, caro assa. Boiled meat, caro elixa. A dish of meat, ferculum. A meat-pye, artocreas. Meat and drink, victus.
To find one in meat, drink, and lodging, tecta cibumque alicui dare.
Dainty meats, cupidum, lautitum. Dry meats, xerophagia, pl. Minced meat, minutal. Spoon meats, cochlearia, pl. Sweet meats, tragemata, pl. White meats, lactantia, pl. Broken meat, cibarium fragmenta.
To dress meat, coquinar. *To provide meat*, opsonare. *To sit down to meat*, epulis acumbere.
Meats dressed the day before, pridianus cibus.
Meathe, hydromeli.
Mechanic or mechanical, mechanicus.
Mechanical arts or trades, artes humiles, vulgares, sordidæ.
A mechanic, faber, opifex.
Mechanics [the science] machinæ scientia.
Mechanically, mechanice.
Mechanism, mechanismus.
A medal, numisma solenne; sigillum fusile.
Medallic, ad antiqua numismata spectans.
A medallion, numisma largius.
A medallist, qui antiqua numismata callet.
Ancient medals, numismata antiqua.
To meddle with, tractare, atrectare, curare, attingere. No more, desistere.
Not to meddle with, abstinere.

A meddler or meddling person, ardelio.
A meddling with, tractatio.
To mediate, intercedere.
A mediate cause, causa remotior.
Mediately, ope alterius.
A mediation, intercessio, pacificatio.
A mediator, intercessor, pacificator; Dei atque hominum sequester. Between man and man, arbiter.
Mediatorial or mediatory, ad intercessionem pertinens.
Mediatorship, intercessoris munus.
A mediatrix, conciliatrix.
Medicable [curable] medicabilis.
A medicament, medicamentum, remedium.
Medicinal, medical, medicinalis, medicus, medicatus, medicamentosus.
Medicinally or medically, secundum artem medicinalem.
Medicine [the science of physic] medicina, medendi scientia.
A medicine or physical potion, medicamentum.
To administer or give a medicine, medicamentum erogare.
To take a medicine, medicamentum sumere.
A purging medicine, medicamentum catharticum. A sweating medicine, medicamentum sudores eliciens. A sovereign medicine, remedium prærens. A medicine against poison, antidotus. A binding medicine, medicamentum restringens.
A medicine to procure urine, medicamentum diureticum.
Of medicines, medicamentosus.
The mediety [half] medietas.
Mediocrity, mediocritas, modus.
Mediance, obloquium, maledictio.
To meditate, meditari, secum cogitare. Beforehand, præmeditari.
A meditating or meditation, meditatio, commentatio, contemplatio, excogitatio.
A little or short meditation, brevis meditatio.
Meditative or full of meditation, meditationi addictus.
Mediterranean, mediterraneus.
A medlar [fruit] mespilum.
A medlar-tree, mespilus.
A medley, farrago, concursatio.
To make a medley, contaminare.
Medullar or medullary, ad medullam pertinens.
Meed, præmium.
Meek, mansuetus, mitis, lenis, clemens.
To grow meek, mitescere, mansuescere.

To make meek, lenire; muerere, placare.
Meekly, mansuete, placide, leniter.
Meekness, mansuetudo, lenitudo, clementia.
Meet, aptus, conveniens, commodus, opportunus, idoneus.
Not meet, alienus, ineptus.
It is meet, convenit, decet.
To be meet, competere.
To make meet or fit, aptare, ac commodare.
To think meet, censere.
To meet, obvenire, occurrere. One by chance, in aliquem casu, incurrere. [Come together] convenire; concurrere. With or light upon, offendere. Often, occurrere.
To go to meet one, alicui obviam procedere.
Meeting, obvius, congressus.
A meeting together, congressio, occurus, concursus.
A meeting [assembly] conventus, frequentia.
A great meeting of people, maxima populi frequentia.
The meeting of two streams, conflens.
A meeting-house, conventiculum.
Meetly, apte, convenienter.
Meetness, convenientia.
The megrim, vertigo. Troubles with the megrim, vertigine laborans.
Melancholic, atra bile percitus.
Melancholiness, tristitia, molestia.
Melancholy [subst.] atra bilis; melancholia.
Melancholy [pensive, lonesome, sorrowful] tristis, moestus.
Somewhat melancholy, subtristis.
Of melancholy, melancholicus.
To be melancholy, atra bile laborare.
In a melancholy mood, tristis, moestus.
Subject to melancholy, tetricus.
To meliorate or make better, meliorem reddere.
Melioration, actus rem meliorem reddendi.
Meliorty, status melior.
To mell [mingle] miscere.
Mellifluent or mellifluous, mellifluens.
Mellow [ripe] maturus, mitis.
Mellow with liquor, madidus, temulentus.
To mellow or grow mellow, mitescere.
To grow mellow or warm with liquor, potu calefcere.
To grow mellow, as wine, languescere.
Mellow apples, mitia poma.
Not mellow, acidus, crudus, acerbus, immitis.
Mellowness, maturitas.
Melodious, canorus, harmonicus.

Melodiously, modulate, dulciter.
Melodiousness, modulationis v.
 harmoniz suavitatis.
Melody, modulatio, melos, harmonia.
Without melody, immodulatus.
A melon [porripus] melo. *A musk-melon*, melo odoratus.
To melt metals, metalla liquare v. liquefacere.
To melt or be melted, liquari, liqueſcere, deliqueſcere; liqueſceri. *As snow*, regelare.
Into tears, inagnam vim lacrymarum profundere.
Which may be melted, fusilis.
A melder, qui fundit.
A melting of metal, fusura, metallorum liquefactorum fusio.
A melting-house, ustrina.
A melting or pathetic discourse, sermo ad commovendos animos aptus.
A member [limb] membrum, articulus.
The priny members, verenda, pl. Big-membered or having large limbs, lacertosus.
A member of society, socius.
A member of the university, academicus alumnus.
By members, membratim.
A membrane, membrana, tunica.
Membranaceous, membranous, or full of membranes, membranaceus.
Memoirs, commentarium, commentarium.
A writer of memoirs, a memorialist, commentarii scriptor.
Memorable, memorabilis, commemorabilis.
Memorably, ita ut dignum sit memoria.
A memorandum, nota in commentariis relata.
A memorandum-book, commentarium.
A memorial, rerum narrationum.
To memorise, in commentarios referre.
The memory, memoria.
A bad memory, memoria infida.
A good memory, memoria tenax.
A ready memory, memoria exprompta.
Of blessed memory, apud posterum sacer.
To have or keep in memory, meminisse; memoriâ tenere.
To call to memory, reminisci, recordari.
To bring to another's memory, commemorare; memoriam alicujus refricare.
To commit to memory, memoriam mandare.
To blot out of memory, obliſci.
To slip out of memory, e memoria excidere.
Of the memory, memorialis.
Men [of man] homines.

Men-pleasers, qui hominibus placere student.
Menance or menaces, minæ, pl.
To menace, minari, comminari.
A menacer, qui minatur.
Menacing, minax, minitabundus.
To mend or correct, emendare, castigare. Or grow better, meliorescere. *Repair*, reparare, reficere, sarcire. Or make another person better, aliquem ad bonam frugem redigere. *One's own life or manners*, ad bonam frugem se recipere. *In health*, convalescere. *One's condition or circumstances*, fortunam amplificare. *One's market*, vilis emere.
Mendable, emendabilis.
A mender [one who makes better] emendator, emendatrix.
A mender or corrector, castigato, corrector. Or vamped of old things, veteramentarius.
Mendicant, mendicans, mendicus.
A mendicant or begging friar, frater ex ordine mendicantium.
A mending [making better] emendatio, castigatio. Or vamping up of old things, interpolatio.
To be on the mending hand, a morbo levati incipere.
Mensual, ad mensam pertinens.
Menstrual or menstuous, menstruus.
A mensing [making better] emendatio, castigatio. Or vamping up of old things, interpolatio.
To be on the mending hand, a morbo levati incipere.
Mensual, ad mensam pertinens.
Menstrual or menstuous, menstruus.
Mensurable, quod metiri potest.
Mensuration, metatio.
Mental, ad animum v. mentem pertinens.
Mental reservation, cogitatio mente tantum concepta, non verbis prolata.
Mentally, mente tantum, non verbis.
Mention, mentio, commemoratio.
To mention or make mention, memorari, commemorare.
Not to mention, silentio transire.
Fit or worthy to be mentioned, memorabilis.
To be mentioned, memorari.
Fore-mentioned, prædictus, supra dictus.
Mercantile, ad commercium pertinens.
Merced [amerced] multatus.
Mercenary, mercenarius.
To be of a mercenary temper, omnia venalia habere.
A mercenary or hireling, mercenarius, stipendiarius.
A mercer or silk-man, sericorum textorum mercator. *A country mercer*, minutarum rerum mercator.
Mercury ware, ex serico textum.
Merchandise or traffic, mercatu-

ra, negotiatio. [Goods to trade with] merx, mercimonium.
To merchandise or practise merchandise, mercari, negotiari.
A merchant or trader, mercator, negociator.
A merchant or importer of goods from beyond sea, mercator qui mercimonia peregrina importat. *A poor merchant or pedlar*, mercator circumforaneus.
Merchantable, mercabilis.
Merchantly or merchant-like, mercatorius.
A merchant-man or merchant-ship, navis oneraria.
To be merciful to or have mercy on, misereri, misereſcere.
Merciful, merabile, misericors, clemens.
Mercifully, clementer.
Mercifulness, misericordia, clementia.
Merciless, inmisericors, inclementis, inhumanus.
Mercilessness, inhumanitas, immanitas.
Mercurial [brisk, lively] vegetus, vividus.
A person of a mercurial genius, homo acri ingenio.
Mercury [the deity or planet] Mercurius.
Mercury [briskness, sprightliness] vigor, alacritas.
A mercury [newspaper] novorum munita charta.
Mercury [quicksilver] hydrargyrum.
Mercy, misericordia, clementia.
A mercy-seat, propitiatorium.
To have mercy upon, alicujus misereri.
To deliver up one to the mercy of his enemies, hostibus iratis aliquem obicere.
To be at the mercy of a person, in potestate alicujus esse.
A mere, palus, lacus. [Limit terminus, limes].
A mere-stone, lapis terminalis.
Mere [simple] merus, purus.
Merely, mere, tantum.
Meretricious, meretricius.
The meridian line or circle, circulus meridianus.
Meridional, meridianus, australis.
Meridionally, ad austrum.
Merit or meritoriousness, meritum, promeritum.
According to each person's merit, ut quisque meritis v. promeritis est; ut quisque dignus est.
To merit, merere, mereri.
A man of merit, vir rebus præclare gestis nobilis.
Meritorious, merens, meritus.
Meritoriously, merito, iuste, jure.
A mermaid, siren.
Merrily, hilariter, festivo, facete.

Merriment or *merriness*, hilaritas, festivitas.
Merry, lætus, alacer, hilaris.
Somewhat merry, hilarulus.
To be very merry, effuse exultare.
To make one merry, aliquem hilarare.
To make merry or be merry and cheerful, to *merrymake*, gaudere, se oblectare.
A merry-making, dies festus; festivitas.
A merry Andrew, mimus, sannio.
A merry Greek or companion, congerro.
Merry conceits, facetiæ, pl.
A merry tale, fabula jucunda.
The merry-thought [in fowls] claviculæ, pl.
A merry countenance, frons serena. *Frank*, facinus lepudum.
Mervail or *marvel* of Peru [herb] mirabile Peruvianum.
The mesentery, mesenterium.
A mesh-vat [for brewing] cupa, dolium.
A mesh of a net, retis macula.
To mesh [take with a net] irretire.
Meshy, reticulatus.
Meslin, farrago, seges miscellanea. *Bread*, panis miscellaneus.
A mesne lord, dominus inferior.
Mesnagery, al. *managerie*, prudentiæ familiæ administratio.
Mesnally, dominium inferius.
A mess of meat, cibus, cibi portio.
The chief or principal mess, convivii caput.
A mess of pottage, iuris catillus.
A mess [four eating together] quatuor unâ cibum capientes.
A mess-medley, farrago.
A mess-mate, convivor.
To mess with others, cibum unâ cum aliis capere.
A message or errand, nuntius, mandatum, iussum. *The substance of a message*, summa mandatorum. *To deliver or tell a message*, nuntiare, annuntiare. *To go on a message*, iussa capessere. *To go on a sleeveless message*, futile mandatum facessere. *To send on a message*, legare.
A messenger, nuntius, internuntius.
A messenger of one's own, a special or proper messenger, certus homo.
A messenger [ambassador] legatus. [Pursuivant] lictor.
That carries letters, tabellarius.
That rides post, veredarius.
The Messiah, Messias, Christus.
A message, domus, fundus.
Metal, metallum.

To cast metal, metallum conflare.
A casting of metals, metallorum liquorum fusio.
Metallic, metalline or belonging to metal, metallicus.
Metal [in gunnery] tormenti canda. *Under metal*, quando os tormenti inferius est caudâ.
A metallist, metalli opifex.
To metamorphose, transformare, transfigurare.
A metamorphosis or metamorphosing, transfiguratio; metamorphosis.
A metaphor, translatio; metaphora.
Metaphorical, translatus, translatus.
Metaphorically, per modum translationis.
Metaphysics, metaphysica, pl.
To metc, metiri, demetiri.
A mete-yard or wand, virga v. pertica ad metiendum apta; metatoria.
Meteors, meteora, pl.
A meteorologist, qui meteora callet.
Meteorology, meteorologia.
Meteorous, instar meteororum.
A meter [measurer] mensor.
Metheglin, mubum, hydromell.
Methinks so, ita mihi videtur.
A method, via, ratio.
Methodical, ordine progrediens.
Methodically, disposite.
A methodist [in physic] medicus qui cognitione seu contemplatione suam artem exercet.
A methodist [preacher] concionator (de novâ sectâ) sacris ordinibus initiatus v. non initatus.
To methodise, in ordinem digerere.
Metonymical, ad translationem pertinens.
Metonymically, per modum translationis.
A metonymy, translatio, metonymia.
Metre or rhyme, rhythmus.
Bad, vitiosus.
To make metre, versificare; metrum pangere.
Metrical, ad rhythmum v. carmen pertinens.
A metropolis, urbs primaria v. præcipua.
A metropolitan, metropolitanus.
Mettle [briskness or sprightliness] agilitas, vigor; animi ardor. [Courage, boldness, high-spiritedness] audentia, animus, virtus.
To cool one's metal, animum allicui frangere.
Mettlesome or full of mettle, animosus, vehemens, vividus.
A mew or sea-mew [bird] larus.
A mew or coop in which hawks are kept, accipitrum cora.

To mew, as a cat, myaulizare.
To mew, as a stag, cornua tructare.
To mew up, caveâ includere.
One's self from the world, ab hominum consortio secedere.
To mewl, vagire.
To miche, cunctari, cessare; delitescere.
A micher, cessator; tenebrio.
Michaelmas, sancti Michaelis festum.
The microcosm, microcosmus.
A microscope, microscopium.
Microscopic or microscopical ad microscopium spectans.
Mid-day, meridies.
Middle, medium, intermedium.
The middle, pars media. *Or waist*, media pars hominis.
Middlemost, in medio positus.
Middling in health, inclisusque se habens.
Midland, mediterraneus.
Mid-lent, medius quadragesimæ dies.
Midnight, nox media, interpeptiva.
At midnight, mediâ nocte.
The midriff, septum transversum; diaphragma.
Midsummer, solstitium æstivum.
Midsummer-day, sancti Johannis Baptiste dies natalis.
The midet, medium, pars media.
A midway, via media v. intermedia.
A midwife, obstetrix. *A man midwife or accoucheur*, medicus parturientibus opem ferens.
To play the midwife or act the part of a midwife, obstetricia vice fungi.
Midwifery, obstetricium.
The mien [aspect or countenance] oris species.
Might or mightiness, potentia, potestas.
With might and main, summi viribus, remisque velleque.
Want of might, impotentia, imbecillitas.
Mighty [powerful] potens, valens, validus. *Very*, valde, vehementer, magnopere.
To be mighty, pollere. *To grow mighty*, valescere.
Mightily, potenter, fortiter.
Very mightily, prævalide.
A migration, migratio, commigratio.
A milch cow, boe lactaria.
Mild [gentle] mitis, lenis. [Indulgent] blandus, obsequiosus.
To make mild, placare, mitigare. *To grow mild*, mitescere.
Mildew, rubigo.
To mildew, rubigine segtem obduere.

Mildly, demeter, mansuete.
Milibus, clementia, mansuetudo, lenitas.
A mile, milliare, mille passus v. passuum.
Of a mile, milliarius.
Militant, militans.
Military, militaris, bellicosus.
Military discipline, disciplina militaris.
To put under military execution, hostilem in modum spoliare.
The militia or trained bands, militia, copiae militares a singulis uribus et ditionibus sustentatae.
Milk, lac. *Cow's milk*, lac bubulum. *Mother's*, lac maternum. *Butter-milk*, butyri serum; lac serosum. *Asses' milk*, lac asinum. *Sour milk*, lac acidum. *Curdled or lopped milk*, lac coagulatum. *New milk*, lac recens. *Almond milk*, lac amygdalinum. *Skimmed milk*, lac cuius cremor ademptus est.
Of milk, lacteus.
A milk-house, lactarium. *A milk-maid or milk-woman*, lactaria. *A milk-man*, lactarius.
Milk-meats, lacticia, pl.
A milk-pail, moltra.
Milk-pottage, iusculum ex lacte coactum.
A milk-sop, uxori nuptus. Or *of a person*, molliculus, delicatus. [Cowardly fellow] ignavis, timidus.
To milk, mulgere. *Into*, iramulgere. *Out*, emulgere.
Milky, mollitia, lenitas.
Milky or full of milk, milken, lacteus.
The milky way, lactea via.
A mill or mill for grinding corn, plastrum.
A little mill or hand-mill, mola trumilla. *A fulling-mill*, mola fullonia. *An iron-mill*, mola ferro cudeulo accommodata. *A paper-mill*, mola ad chartam conficiendam. *A powder-mill*, mola ad pulverem nitratum conficiendum. *An oil-mill*, trapes, trapetum. *A water-mill*, mola aquatilis; mola cuius rotæ aquarum vi versatur. *A wind-mill*, mola cuius rotæ velis et vento versatur. *A grist-mill*, mola molenaria.
A mill-dam, s'ignum molare.
A mill-clack or mill-clapper, crepitaculum.
Mil-dust, pollen.
A mill-hopper, infundibulum molare.
A mill-stone, lapis molaris.
The upper, catillus. *The nether*, meta.
Of or belonging to a mill, molarum.

To mill or thicken in a mill, molâ densare.
A miller, qui moletrinae præst.
The miller's thumb [fish] capito.
A milliner, linteorum minutioris formæ venditor v. venditrix.
Millet [grain] milium. *Black or Turkey millet*, milium Turcicum.
Of or belonging to millet, millarius.
A million, decies centena milia.
The mill, lien, lienis. *Of fishes*, lacies, pl.
A mimic, mimus, pantomimus.
To mimic one, aliquem joculariter imitari.
Mimical, mimicus.
Mimically, inimice.
A mimicking, mimickry, imitatio jocularis.
A mimographer, mimorum scriptor.
Minatory, minax.
To mince or cut small, minuere.
Meat, carnem minutim concidere. *Palliate a matter*, rem verbis extenuare. *Pass a thing slightly over*, rem leviter tangere. *In walking*, levi pede incedere.
A mincing or palliating of a matter, rei verbis extenuatio.
A mincing of meat, carnis concisura.
Mincingly or slightly, leviter, strictim.
The mind [thinking faculty] animus, mens.
A mind [opinion] sententia, opinio.
Mind [desire, wish] desiderium, studium.
To mind [look after] curare, observare. [Regard] auscultare. [Consider or take notice of] considerare, spectare; animadvertere. *Put in mind of any thing*, aliquem alicujus rei monere. [To be of the same opinion] sentire.
Not to mind, negligere.
To declare one's mind, eloqui, proloqui.
To have a mind, cupere, optare.
To have no mind, nolle.
To have more mind, malle.
To bear or keep in mind, in memoria habere v. retinere.
To call to mind, reminisci, recordari.
To come to one's mind, in mentem venire.
To cast in one's mind, cogitare.
To open one's mind to a person, animum alicui aperire.
A putting in mind, monitio, admonitio.
To put a thing out of one's mind, rei curam deponere. *To be gone out of mind*, memoria exalare.

To set one's mind upon, studere.
To be troubled in mind, animi discrucari.
Of one mind, unanims, unanimus.
The being of one mind, unanimitas.
To do a thing with one mind, concorditer aliquid agere.
Of one's own mind or accord, ultro, sua sponte.
High-minded, superbus, tumidus.
To be high-minded, se efferre superbiâ.
Ill-minded, malevolus, invidus.
To be fully minded or resolved, decernere, certus esse.
Mindful [that remembers] memor. [Careful, diligent] attentus, studiosus.
Mindfulness, cura, diligentia.
Mindless, negligens, remissus.
Mind-stricken, bene v. male affectus.
Mine or my own, meus.
A mine, fodina. *Of silver*, argentifodina. *Of gold*, aurifodina. *Of copper*, æris metallum. *Of coal*, lithanthracum fodina. *Of lead or tin*, stanni fodina. *Of iron*, ferri fodina.
A mine [used in a siege] cuniculus.
To make or sink a mine, cuniculum agere.
To make a counter-mine, cuniculo cuniculum excipere.
To spring a mine, ignem ad cuniculum admovere.
Full of mines, cuniculosus.
A miner [digger of metal] metallicus. *In a siege*, cuniculorum fossor.
Mineral [belonging to mines] metallicus, fossilis.
A mineralist, fossilium peritus.
Minerals, cognata metallis fossilia.
Miner [a skin with specks or white] pellis albida minui varia.
To mingle, miscere, commiscere. [Confusedly] contemnare, confundere.
A mingle-mangle, farrago, clonus.
A mingler, qui v. quæ miscet.
A mingling, mixtura v. mixtura.
Miniature, pictura minutæ formæ.
A work in miniature, opus minutæ formæ.
Minima [an order of friars] Minimi, pl.
A minton, delictum, pl.
To minish or take away, minuilare.
A minishing, imminutio, diminutio.
A minister or preacher, predicator, concionator. [Served

or agent] minister, administrator.

A minister of a parish, parochus. *Of state*, rerum publicarum administrator. *Ministers or the ministry*, rerum publicarum curatores. *A minister of justice*, iustitiæ curator.

To minister, ministrare, administrare. [*To supply*] suppeditare.

Ministerial, ad ministrum pertinens.

Ministerially, ope ministri.

Ministrant, ministrans.

Ministration, ministerium, rerum administratio.

A ministering or supplying, suppeditatio.

Ministry or preaching, prædicationis Evangelii.

Mining [rather *minding*] *days*, dies anniversarii quibus officium pro defuncto peragi est solitum.

A minnow, phoxinus.

A minor in age, qui per ætatem sui juris non est.

The minor of a syllogism, enuntiatum.

A minorite [friar] frater ex ordine minorum.

Minority in age, pupillaris ætas.

Minority [less number] numerus v. pars minor.

A minister, templum.

A minstrel, fidicen, tibicen.

A woman minstrel, fidicina, tibicina. *A company of minstrels*, minstrelsy, choragium.

Of minstrels, citharædicus.

Minstrely, harmonia.

Mint [herb] mentha v. menta.

Cat-mint, nepeta. *Coloured-mint*, mentha rubra. *Fish-mint* or *water-mint*, mentha aquatica. *Horse-mint* or *wild-mint*, menthastrum. *Spear-mint*, garden-mint, or *mackarel-mint*, mentha Romana.

A mint [for coining money] officina ad nummum cudendum.

The master of a mint, monetæ procurator.

To mint, cudere.

Mintage, præmium ob numismatis percussionem solum.

A minter or *mintman* [coiner] cursor.

A minuet, genus magnificæ saltationis ad numerum.

Minute, minutus.

A minute [sixtieth part of an hour] sexagesima pars horæ.

[*Moment* or *instant*] momentum, punctum temporis.

A minute-book, libellus memorialis.

To minute a thing down, capita rei alicujus scripto consignare.

Minutely, sigillatim, singulatim.

Minuteness or smallness, parvitas.

Minutes [first draughts] exemplaria prima. [*Short notes of a thing*] capita rei alicujus.

A proud minx, puella delicatior.

Miquelets, rustici Hispanici.

A miracle, miraculum, prodigium.

To do or work miracles, miracula facere.

Miraculous, mirus, mirificus.

Miraculously, mire, mirifice.

Miraculousness, qualitas rei prodigiosæ.

Mire, cænum, lutum.

To fall into the mire, in cænum incidere.

To be deep in the mire or *put to one's shifts*, ad incitas redigi.

Or much in debt, ere alieno premi.

Miry or full of mire, cænosus, lutosus.

Mired, miry, or daubed with mire, lutulentus.

A mirror [looking-glass] speculum. [*Pattern*] exemplum.

That mirror of women, illa exempli mulier. *A mirror of primitive devotion*, exemplar antiquæ devotionis.

A mirror-stone, selenites.

Mirth, lætitia, gaudium hilaritas.

Full of mirth, facetus, hilaris.

Of mirth, ludicer, jocosus.

Misacceptation, comprehensio rei sinistra.

A misadventure [mischance] casus iniquus, infortunium.

[*In law*] homicidium fortuitum.

Misadvice, consilium prævum.

To misadvise, prævum consilium dare.

A misanthrope, misanthropos.

Misapplication or *misapplying*, applicatio prava.

To misapply, perperam applicare.

To misapprehend, male intelligere.

Misapprehension, sinistra rei interpretatio.

To misascribe, aliquid alicui injuste ascribere.

To misassign, rationem male reddere.

It misbecomes, dedecet.

Misbecoming, indecorus, alienus.

A misbecoming action, factum parum decorum.

To misbecome one's self, male se gerere.

Misbehaviour, morum pravitas.

Misbelief, fides prava.

To misbelieve, perperam credere.

Misbelieving, incredulus.

To miscalculate or *miscast*, male computare.

To miscall or *call by a wrong* or *reproachful name*, falso nomine appellare. *Or abuse by ill language*, conviciis aliquem lacerare.

A miscalling, contumeliosa appellatio.

Miscalling [abusive language] convicium.

To miscarry in or *as a business*, male succedere.

A miscarriage or *miscarrying*, as in childbed, abortio.

In manners, delictum. *Or miscarrying* [unsuccessfulness] malus rei successus.

To miscarry, as a woman, abortare.

Miscellaneous, miscellus.

Miscellanies, miscellanea, pl.

A miscellany or *hotch-potch*, farrago.

A mischance, infortunium.

A mischief, exitium, perniciës, calamitas.

To mischief one or *do one a mischief*, alicui nocere.

A mischief-maker, scelerum artifex.

Mischievous [harmful] calamitosus, maleficus. [*Spiteful*] malignus.

A mischievous deed, facinus, flagitium, scelus.

Mischievously, male, perniciosè.

Minded, malitiosus.

Mischievousness, malitia, malignitas.

Miscible, quod misceri potest.

To miscite, falso suctorem citare.

A misclaim, injusta assertio.

Miscomputation, mala computatio.

To misconceive, secus capere.

A misconceiving or *misconception*, sinistra rei interpretatio.

A misconjecture, mala conjectura.

To misconjecture, conjecturâ falli.

To misconstrue, perperam exponere, male explicare.

The misconstruction of a word, verbi depravatio.

A misconstruing, sinistra rei interpretatio.

To miscounsel, male alicui suadere.

To miscount, male numerare.

A miscounting, male numeratio.

Miscreance or *miscreancy*, infidelitas.

A miscreant, infidelis, infidus.

To play the miscreant, fidei numtum remittere.

Miscreate or *miscreated*, deformis.

A misdeed, culpa, delictum, malefactum.

To misdeem, male accipere.

To misdeem one's self, male se gerere.

A misdemeanor, culpa, offensio.
Misdevoction, falsus cultus.
To misdistinguish, male iudicare.
To misdo, delinquere.
A misdoer, noxius, facinorosus.
A misdoing, culpa, delictum.
Misdoùt, suspicio; dubitatio.
To misdoùt, suspicari.
To misemploy, male collocare.
His time, male ferari.
A misemploying or misemployment, rei alicujus abusus; applicatio prava.
A miser, avarus, deparens, tenax; auri cupidus, appetens.
Miserable [wretched] erum-sosus, calamitosus, afflictus.
[Niggardly] avarus, parvus, pomicie aridior.
Miserableness [wretchedness] erumma, calamitas, res af-flicte. *[Niggardliness]* avaritia, pecunie aviditas, argenti sitis, auri fames; sordes.
Miserably [wretchedly] misere. *[Concealously]* avare.
Misery, miseria, infortunium.
Misesteem or disrespect, neglectus, contemptus.
To misesteem, contemnere.
To misfashion or misform, deformare.
Misfashioned, deformis, informis.
Misfortune, infortunium, infelicitas.
A great misfortune or overthrow, clades.
To misgive, male ominari.
To misgovern, male res administrare.
A misgovernment, misgovernance, mala administratio.
Misguidance, ductus pravus.
A mishap. Vid. *Misfortune*.
To mis-happen, male evenire.
To mis-hear, perperam audire.
A mishap, larrago.
To misinfer, aliquid ex alio male inferre.
To misinform, male docere.
Misinformation, malum consilium.
To misinterpret, perperam exponere.
A misinterpretation or misinterpreting, mala rei interpretatio. *Of words*, verborum depravatio.
To misjoin, male conjungere.
To misjudge, male iudicare.
To mislay, extra consuetum locum ponere.
To mislead, seducere, fallere.
A misleader, seductor, deceptor.
A misleading, seductio, deceptio.
To misle, irrorare, stillare.
It misles, irrorat, tenuibus guttis pluit.
A misling rain, pluvia tenuis v. irrorans.

Misletoe, viscua.
To mislike or dislike, improbare, aversari; fastidire. *[Offend]* displicere.
A mislike or mistaking [a disliking] aversatio, molestia.
To mislive, perditam vitam vivere.
To mismanage, male administrare.
Mismanagement or mismanaging, mala administratio.
To mismark, male notare.
To misnatch, male sociare.
To misname, falso nomine appellare.
A misnaming, falsa appellatio.
A misnomer, prava nominatio.
To misobserve, non recte animadvertere.
Misorderly, incomposite.
To mis-spend, prodigere, profundere.
A mis-spender, prodigus, nepos.
A mis-spending, prodigantia.
Mis-spent, profusus, nepotinus.
Mispersuasion, error, hallucinatio.
To misplace, male locare.
A misplacing or misplacement, extra locum proprium collocatio.
To mispoint, male interpungere.
A misprint, erratum, menda typographica.
Misprised, falsus; apretus.
Misprision, negligentia. *Of treason*, proditiōis deferendae neglectus.
To misproportion, proportionem errare.
Misproportioned, abnormis, informis.
Misproud, vitiose superbus.
A misquotation, citatio falsa.
To misquote, malè sive citare.
To misreckon, rationis falso subducere.
A misreckoning, falsa computatio.
To misrelate, falso narrare.
Misrelation, falsa narratio.
To misreport, alicujus famam ledere.
Misreport, calumnia.
To misrepresent, falso exprimere.
A misrepresentation or misrepresenting, falsa rei descriptio.
Misrule, dominatio iniqua.
A missa [young lady] adolescentula, puella. Or *mistress*, amica, concubina.
To miss [leave out or pass over] omittere, prætermittere.
One's mark, scopum non attingere. *One's aim or be disappointed of one's expectation*, voto excedere. *In one's duty or do amiss*, peccare, errare; de officio decedere. *Feel the loss of*, desiderare. *Fire*, as

a gun, ignem non concipere.
In the performance of one's promises, promissis non stare. *One's blow*, inuicem ictum facere. *Be out in one's judgment*, hallucinari.
A missal [mass-book] missale, missarum liber.
To missay, falso dicere.
To misseem, falsam speciem præ se ferre.
To misshape, deformare, deturpare.
Mishapently, deformiter, fæde.
Mishapeness, deformitas, formæ pravitas.
A mishaping, deformatio.
To mispeak, falsa dicere.
To misspell, male literas connectere.
A misspelling, mala literarum conexio.
Missile, missilis.
Mission, missio.
A missionary, emissarius evangelii præco.
A missive letter, epistola.
Missive weapons, missilia.
A mist, nebula.
A little mist, nubecula.
To be in a mist, perturbari, frangi.
To cast a mist before, præstringere. *Over*, caliginem alicui rei inducere.
To mist, nebulam circumfundere.
To go away or vanish in a mist, nebula evanescere.
A blasting mist, sideratio.
Mistiness, tempestas nubila.
Misty, nebulosus, caliginosus.
To be misty, caligare.
To mistake, errare, hallucinari, falli.
A mistake, error, hallucinatio.
In reckoning, falsa computatio.
A gross mistake, summus error.
To be in a gross mistake, in summo errore versari.
To mistake designedly, peccare.
Mistakable, quod male concipi potest.
A mistaking, erratio, hallucinatio.
Mistakingly, false.
To mistake, rem male proponere.
To misteach, perperam docere; pravâ doctrinâ aliquem imbueri.
To mistell or misreckon, in numerando errare.
To misterm, falso nomine appellare.
To misthink, male cogitare.
A mistress, domina, hera. *A kept mistress*, amica cui sumptus amator suppeditat.
A mistrust, diffidentia, suspicio.
To mistrust, diffidere, suspicari, dubitare. *A little*, subdiffidere.

or agent] minister, administrator.

A minister of a parish, parochus. **Of state**, rerum publicarum administrator. **Ministers or the ministry**, rerum publicarum curatores. **A minister of justice**, iustitiæ curator. **To minister**, ministrare, administrare. [**To supply**] suppetitare.

Ministerial, ad ministrum pertinens.

Ministerially, ope ministri.

Ministrant, ministrans.

Ministration, ministerium, rerum administratio.

A ministering or supplying, suppetitatio.

Ministry or preaching, prædicatio Evangelii.

Mining [rather *mind*ing] **days**, dies anniversarii quibus officium pro defuncto peragi est solitum.

A minnow, phoxinus.

A minor in age, qui per ætatem aui juris non est.

The minor of a syllogism, enuntiatum.

A minorite [friar] frater ex ordine minorum.

Minority in age, pupillaris ætas.

Minority [less number] numerus v. pars minor.

A minister, templum.

A minstrel, fidicen, tibicen.

A woman minstrel, fidicina, tibicina. **A company of minstrels**, minstrelay, choragium.

Of minstrels, citharædici.

Minstrelay, harmonia.

Mint [herb] mentha v. menta.

Cat-mint, nepeta. **Coloured-mint**, mentha rubra.

Fish-mint or water-mint, mentha aquatica. **Horse-mint or wild-mint**, menthastrum. **Spear-mint**, garden-mint, or mackerel-mint, mentha Romana.

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Mintage, præmium ob numismatis percussione solutum.

A minter or mintman [coiner] cursor.

A minuet, genus magnificæ saltationis ad numerum.

Minute, minutus.

A minute [sixtieth part of an hour] sexagesima pars horæ.

[**Moment or instant**] momentum, punctum temporis.

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Miraculously, mire, mirifice.

Miraculousness, qualitas rei prodigiöse.

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To fall into the mire, in cænum incidere.

To be deep in the mire or put to one's shifts, ad incitas redigi.

Or much in debt, ere alieno preni.

Miry or full of mire, cænosus, lutosus.

Mired, miry, or daubed with mire, lutulentus.

A mirror [looking-glass] speculum. [*Pattern*] exemplum.

That mirror of women, illa exempli mulier.

A mirror of primitive devotion, exemplar antiquæ devotionis.

A mirror-stone, selenites.

Mirth, lætitia, gaudium hilaritas.

Full of mirth, facetus, hilaris.

Of mirth, ludicre, jocosus.

Misacceptation, comprehensio rei sinistra.

A misadventure [mischance] casus iniquus, infortunium.

[*In law*] homicidium fortuitum.

Misadvice, consillum praviu.

To misadvise, praviu consillum dare.

A misanthrope, misanthropos.

Misapplication or misapplying, applicatio prava.

To misapply, perperam applicare.

To misapprehend, male intelligere.

Misapprehension, sinistra rei interpretatio.

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To misassign, rationem male redigere.

It misbecomes, dedecet.

Misbecoming, indecorus, alienus.

A misbecoming action, factum parum decorum.

To misbecome one's self, male se gerere.

Misbehaviour, morum pravitas.

Misbelief, fides prava.

To misbelieve, perperam credere.

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To miscall or call by a wrong or reproachful name, falso nomine appellare. Or *abuse by ill language*, conviciis aliquem lacerare.

A miscalling, contumeliosa appellatio.

Miscalling [abusive language] conviciu.

To miscarry in or as a business, male succedere.

A miscarriage or miscarrying, as in childbed, abortio. In manners, delictum. Or *miscarrying* [unsuccessfulness] malus rei successus.

To miscarry, as a woman, abortire.

Miscellaneous, miscellus.

Miscellanies, miscellanea, pl.

A miscellany or hotch-potch, sarrago.

A mischance, infortunium.

A mischief, exitium, perniciës, calamitas.

To mischief one or do one a mischief, alicui nocere.

A mischief-maker, scelerum artifex.

Mischivous [hateful] calamitosus, maleficus. [*Spiteful*] malignus.

A mischievous deed, facinus, flagitium, scelus.

Mischivously, male, pernicioso.

Minded, malitiosus.

Mischivousness, malitia, malignitas.

Miscible, quod misceri potest.

To miscite, falso auctorem citare.

A misclaim, injusta assertio.

Miscomputation, mala computatio.

To misconceive, secus capere.

A misconceiving or misconceiving, sinistra rei interpretatio.

A misconjecture, mala conjectura.

To misconjecture, conjecturâ falli.

To misconstrue, perperam exponeere, male explicare.

The misconstruction of a word, verbi depravatio.

A misconstruing, sinistra rei interpretatio.

To misconsel, male alicui suadere.

To miscount, male numerare.

A miscounting, male numeratio.

Miscreance or miscreancy, infidelitas.

A miscreant, infidelis, infidus.

To play the miscreant, fidelium remittere.

Miscreate or miscreated, deformis.

A misdeed, culpa, delictum, malefactum.

To misdeem, male accipere.

To misdeem one's self, male se gerere.

A misdemeanor, culpa, offensa.
Misdevotion, falsus cultus.
To misdistinguish, male dijudicare.
To misdo, delinquere.
A misdoer, noxius, facinorosus.
A misdoing, culpa, delictum.
Misdoubt, suspicio; dubitatio.
To misdoubt, suspicari.
To misemploy, male collocare.
His time, male feriari.
A misemploying or *misemployment*, rei alicujus abusus; applicatio prava.
A miser, avarus, depareus, tenax; auri cupidus, appetens.
Miserable [wretched] erum-nosus, calamitosus, afflictus.
[Niggardly] avarus, parvus, pumice aridior.
Miserableness [wretchedness] erumna, calamitas, res afflictæ. *[Niggardliness]* avaritia, pecunie aviditas, argenti sitis, auri fames; sordes.
Miserably [wretchedly] misere. *[Covetously]* avarè.
Misery, miseria, infortunium.
Misesteem or *disrespect*, neglectus, contemptus.
To misesteem, contemnere.
To misfashion or *misform*, deformare.
Misfashioned, deformis, informis.
Misfortune, infortunium, infelicitas.
A great misfortune or *overthrow*, clades.
To misgive, male ominari.
To misgovern, male res administrare.
A misgovernment, misgovernment, mala administratio.
Misguidance, ductus pravus.
A mishap. Vid. *Misfortune*.
To mis-happen, male evenire.
To mis-hear, perperam audire.
A mishmash, larrago.
To misinfer, aliquid ex alio male inferre.
To misinform, male docere.
Misinformation, malum consilium.
To misinterpret, perperam exponere.
A misinterpretation or *misinterpreting*, mala rei interpretatio. *Of words*, verborum depravatio.
To misjoin, male conjungere.
To misjudge, male judicare.
To mislay, extra consuetum locum ponere.
To mislead, seducere, fallere.
A misleader, seductor, deceptor.
A misleading, seductio, deceptio.
To misle, errare, stillare.
It misles, irrorat, tenuibus guttis ploït.
A misling rain, pluvia tenuis v. irrorans.

Mislot, viscus.
To mislike or *dislike*, improbare, aversari; fastidire. *[Offend]* displicere.
A mislike or *misliking* [a disliking] aversatio, molestia.
To mislive, perditam vitam vivere.
To mismanage, male administrare.
Mismanagement or *mismanaging*, mala administratio.
To mismark, male notare.
To misnatch, male sociare.
To misname, falso nomine appellare.
A misnaming, falsa appellatio.
A misnomer, prava nominatio.
To misobserve, non recte animadvertere.
Misorderly, incomposite.
To mispend, prodigere, profundere.
A mis-spender, prodigus, nepos.
A mis-spending, prodigalia.
Mis-spent, profusus, nepotinus.
Mispersecution, error, hallucinatio.
To misplace, male locare.
A misplacing or *misplacement*, extra locum proprium collocatio.
To mispoint, male interpungere.
A misprint, erratum, menda typographica.
Misprised, falsus; spretus.
Misprision, negligentia. *Of treason*, proditiōis deferendæ neglectus.
To misproportion, proportionem errare.
Misproportioned, abnormis, informis.
Misproud, vitiose superbus.
A misquotation, citatio falsa.
To misquote, malè fide citare.
To misrecon, rationis falso subducere.
A misreckoning, falsa computatio.
To misrelate, falso narrare.
Misrelation, falsa narratio.
To misreport, alicujus famam ledere.
Misreport, calumnia.
To misrepresent, falso exprimere.
A misrepresentation or *misrepresenting*, falsa rei descriptio.
Misrule, dominatio iniqua.
A miss [young lady] adolescentula, puella. Or *mistress*, amica, concubina.
To miss [leave out or pass over] omittere, prætermittere.
One's mark, scopum non attingere. *One's aim* or *be disappointed of one's expectation*, votum excedere. *In one's duty* or *do amiss*, peccare, errare; de officio decedere. *Feel the loss of*, desiderare. *Fire*, as

a gun, ignem non concipere.
In the performance of one's promises, promissis non stare. *One's blow*, inane ictum facere. *Be out in one's judgment*, hallucinari.
A missal [mass-book] missale, missarum liber.
To missay, falso dicere.
To misseem, falsam speciem præ se ferre.
To misshape, deformare, deformare.
Misshapenly, deformiter, fæde.
Misshapeness, deformitas, formæ pravitas.
A misshaping, deformatio.
To missepeak, falso dicere.
To misspell, male literas connectere.
A misspelling, mala literarum connexio.
Missile, missilia.
Mission, missio.
A missionary, emissarius evangelii præco.
A missive letter, epistola.
Missive weapons, missilia.
A mist, nebula.
A little mist, nubecula.
To be in a mist, perturbari, frangi.
To cast a mist before, præstringere. *Over*, caliginem alicui rei inducere.
To mist, nebulam circumfundere.
To go away or *vanish in a mist*, nebula evanescere.
A blasting mist, sideratio.
Mistiness, tempestas nebula.
Misty, nebulosus, caliginosus.
To be misty, caligare.
To mistake, errare, hallucinari, falli.
A mistake, error, hallucinatio.
In reckoning, falsa computatio.
A gross mistake, summus error.
To be in a gross mistake, in summo errore versari.
To mistake designedly, peccare.
Mistakable, quod male concipi potest.
A mistaking, erratio, hallucinatio.
Mistakingly, false.
To misstate, rem male proponere.
To misteach, perperam docere; pravâ doctrinâ aliquem imbuerè.
To mistell or *misrecon*, innumerando errare.
To misterm, falso nomine appellare.
To misthink, male cogitare.
A mistress, domina, hera. *A kept mistress*, amica cui sumptus amator suppeditat.
A mistrust, diffidentia, suspicio.
To mistrust, diffidere, suspicari, dubitare. *A little*, subdiffidere.

Mistrustful, suspicax, suspiciosus.
Mistrustfully, diffidenter, suspiciosose.
A mistrusting or mistrustfulness, diffidentia, suspicio.
Mistrustless, confidens, minime suspiciosus.
To misunderstand, male intelligere.
A misunderstanding, sinistra rei interpretatio. *Between friends*, discordia, dissensio.
Misusage, misusing, or *misuse*, abusus, abusio. [*Ill treatment*] in jura, inhumanitas.
To misuse [make a wrong use of] abuti. [*Treat one ill*] aliquem ledere. *With foul language*, conviciari; conviciis lacessere.
To misween, male judicare; diffidere.
To miswend, errare.
A mite [insect] curculio. [*Participle*] atomus. [*Small coin*] nummulus.
A miter [in joinery] duorum asserum coadunatio semiquadra.
Mithridate, antidotum Mithridaticum.
To mitigate, mitigare, mollire.
A mitigating or mitigation, mitigatio, lenimen.
A mitre, mitra, infula.
To mix [mingle] miscere, commiscere. *Mirth with gravity*, comitatem gravitati aspergere. *One thing with another, to debase it*, adulterare, corrumpere. *Wine with water*, vinum aqua diluere v. temperare.
Mixed with different colours, versicolor.
A mixing or mixture, mixtura v. mistura.
Misty, mixtim.
A mixture of divers sorts of grain, farrago.
Pure, without mixture, merus, purus.
A mix-maze, labyrinthus.
The misen-mast, puppis malus.
Sail, epidromus.
A mixzy, vorago.
Moan, luctus, planctus.
To moan, lugere, plorare.
Not moaned, indefectus, indeploratus.
Moanful, luctuosus, flebilis.
Moanfully, lugubre, flebiliter.
A moaning, fletus, ploratus, lamentatio.
A moat, fossa.
To moat in, fossa cingere.
The mob or mobile, vulgus, plebecula.
A great mob, magna hominum colluvies in unum locum congregata.
A woman's mob [head-dress] calendrum muliebre.

To raise a mob, turbas populares excitare.
To mob a person, plebeculam in aliquem concitare.
Mobility [sickleness] mobilitas.
Mobled, capite inornato.
A mock, dicerium, sanna.
A mock poem, carmen jocularare.
To mock [deceive] ludere, deludere. *Play the wanton*, delicias facere.
A mocker [scoffer] irrisor, derisor. [*Deceiver*] planus.
Mockery or mocking, irrisio, derisus.
By way of mockery, per, deridiculum.
Full of mockery, jocosus, jocularis.
A mocking [deceiving] ludificatio.
A mocking-stock, ludibrium.
Full of mocking or waggish, ridibundus.
Mockingly, ridicule, facete, jocosose.
Model, ad modum pertinens.
A mode [manner] modus. [*Fashion*] consuetudo.
A model, modulus, forma, exemplar.
To model, delineare; formare.
To new model, denuo formare.
A modeller, formator, auctor.
Moderate [mild] moderatus, modestus, clemens. [*Not excessive*] modicus, mediocris.
To moderate [govern] moderari, gubernare. [*Restrain*] suppressere, coercere. *The price of a thing*, pretium minuire. *One's passions*, animum moderari.
Moderately, modice, modeste. [*Mildly*] moderanter, molliter, leniter.
Moderateness, temperantia, modestia.
Moderation, moderatio. *In expense*, parcimonia.
A moderator, moderator, temperator.
Modern, hodiernus, recens.
The moderns or modern writers, scriptores recentiores.
To modernise, ad hodiernum usum redigere.
Modest or bashful, modestus, verecundus, castus.
By a modest computation, ex justa computatione.
Modestly, pudice, verecunde, caste.
Modesty, modestia, pudicitia; castitas.
A modicum, modicum.
To modify, modum adhibere.
A modification or modifying, modificatio.
Modish, scitus, concinnus.
Modishly, scire, concinie.
Modishness, concinnitas hodierna.
To modulate, modulari.

A modulation, modulatio, symphonia.
A Mohock, alarius.
The moiety, dimidium.
To moil and toil, impigre laborare.
A moiling, inquinatio. [*Labouring*] elaboratio.
Moist [wet] humidus; udus. [*Juicy*] succidus. *With watering*, riguus, madidus.
A little moist or moistish, humidulus.
To be moist, madere, humera.
To grow moist, humescere.
To moisten or make moist, humectare.
Made moist or moistened, madefactus, humectatus.
A moistener, qui humectat.
A moistening, humectatio.
Moistness or moisture, humor, humiditas.
Moisture, fuming out of the earth, vapor. *Natural moisture*, humidum radicale.
Without moisture, exsuccus.
A mole, talpa.
A mole-catcher, talparum captator.
A mole-hill, grumus.
A mole in the body, nœvus.
A mole [fence against the sea] moles.
To molest, interpellare, inquietare, infestare.
A molester, interpellator, vexator.
A molesting or molestation, molestia, interpellatio.
Mollent, molliens, deleniens.
Mollifiable, emolliendus.
Mollification or mollifying, levatio, pacatio.
To mollify, mollire, lenire; mitigare.
A mollifier, pacator.
Mollock, stercus.
Molasses, or rather *molasses* sacchari spuma v. fœces.
A mome, stupidus, stirpes.
A moment, momentum, temporis punctum.
Momentary or momentaneous, unius momenti.
Momentous, magni momenti res gravis.
A monarch, rex solus imperans.
Like a monarch, imperatoria.
Monarchal, regalia.
Monarchical, ad unius dominationem pertinens.
To monarchise, regem agere.
A monarchy, unius imperium.
To aim at or affect universal monarchy, principatum totius mundi affectare.
A monastery, monasterium.
A chief monastery, archieron.
Monastic or monastical, monasticus.
Monastically, ut solent monachi.

Monday, dies lunæ, feria secunda.
Money, moneta, pecunia; nummus.
Base or counterfeit money, nummus adulterinus. *Spare money*, pecunia de majori summâ residua.
To raise money, pecuniam cogere.
A piece of money, nummus.
To coin money, nummos cudere. *Silver*, signare argentum. *Gold*, signare aurum.
To clip money, nummos accidere.
To hire for money, mercede conducere.
Money new coined, asper nummus.
To lay out money, pecuniam expendere.
To lend money out upon use or at interest, senerare.
To remit money by bills of exchange, pecuniam permutare.
Interest-money, fœnus, usura, fructus pecuniæ.
To pay money, pecuniam numerare, pendere, solvere. *On the spot*, illico annumerare.
To lay down money, pecuniam representare.
To make money of, vendere, pro pecuniâ commutare.
To change money, pecuniam permutare.
Current or good money, nummus probus.
Money due by bond, pecunia ex chirographo. *Borrowed*, æs alienum. *Coined*, nummus signatus.
Money to drink, donativum potiorum, donum epulare. *Earnest-money*, arrhabo. *Present-money*, auctoramentum. *Ready money*, pecunia numerata.
To pay ready money, pecuniam representare.
Of money, nummarius.
A money-bag, saccus nummarius. *Box*, loculus nummarius.
Board or table to tell money upon, trapeza.
Full of money, pecuniosus.
Want of money, difficultas rei nummarie.
Money laid out, impensa, sumptus.
Money lent for gain or interest, æs seneratum.
A money-changer, proxeneta argenterius.
A moneyed man, dives, locuples.
A moneyer, qui nummos cudit; monetarius.
Moneyless, sine pecuniâ.
Monger [an old word denoting a merchant] mercator.
A mongrel, bigener v. bigeneris; hybrida.
A monitor, monitor

Monitory, ad monitionem pertinens.
A monk, monachus.
A monk's hood, monachi cucullus.
Monkery, vita a rebus mundanis seclusa.
Monkish or belonging to a monk, monasticus.
A monkey, simia caudata.
Monkey tricks, gesticulationes, pl.
Monocular or monoculous, unoculus.
Monogamy [marrying of one wife] monogamia.
Monomachy, monomachia.
To monopolise, monopolium exercere.
A monopoliser or monopolist, monopola.
A monopoly, monopolium.
A monosyllable, vocabulum unius tantum syllabæ.
Monotony, unius modi sonus.
Monsieur, domine mi.
A monsoon, ventus status Indis Orientalis.
A monster, monstrum, portentum.
To monster, turbare.
Breeding monsters, monstifer.
Monstrous, monstrosus, portentuosus.
Monstrously, monstrose, portentose, prodigiose.
Monstrousness, monstrosity, or monstrosity, qualitas rei monstrosæ.
A monsteth, aquæmanarium.
A month, mensis. *A calendar month*, mensis ex computo calendaril.
A twelve-month, menses bissesti.
Six months, spatium semestris.
Of a month, menstruus.
Monthly [every month] per mensem, singulis mensibus.
A month and a half, sesquimensis.
Of two months, bimestris. *Of three*, trimestris. *Of four*, quadrimestris.
A monument [memorial] monumentum sepulcrale, mausoleum.
Monumental, ad monumentum pertinens.
Mood [humour] animi affectus.
In a good or a merry mood, alacer, letus, hilaris. *In an ill mood*, mæstus, tristis.
Moody or in a mad mood, stomachosus, tetricus.
The mood of a verb, modus.
The moon, luna. *The new moon*, novilunium. *The half moon*, luna falcata. *The moon in the first quarter*, cornua prima lunæ. *The full moon*, plenilunium. *The increase of the moon*, luna crescens. *The decrease or wane of the moon*, luna decrescens. *The moon in con-*

junction, interlunium. *An eclipse of the moon*, lunæ defectus, eclipsis. *The body or globe of the moon*, lunæ globus. *A half moon*, in fortification, opus lunatum.
The circle about the moon, halo.
The moon shining all night, pernox luna.
The rising and setting of the moon, lunæ ortus et obitus.
Like the moon, lunatus.
Of the moon, lunaris.
By moon light, per lunam.
A moon [month] mensis.
Moonshine, lunaris lampas.
A moon-calf, mola.
A moon-stone, selenites.
A moor or blackmoor, Æthiopa.
A tawny moor, Maurus. *A woman moor*, Æthiopissa. *A woman tawny moor*, Maura.
A moor [marsh] palus.
Of a moor or marsh, palustris; paludosus.
Moorish, moory, or marshy ground, moorland, ager palustris v. uliginosus.
A moor-hen, fulica.
The great moor-cock, phasianus.
Moorish or like a tawny moor, Mauritanicus.
To moor a ship, navem anchoris retinere.
A moot or assembly, conventus.
A moot case or point, causa difficilis.
To moot a case, causam difficilem disputare.
A mooter, declamator juridicus.
A mooting, declamatio juridica.
A moot-hall, aula declamatoria.
Of mooting or disputing, declamatorius.
To blow a moot [at the fall of a deer] cervinum polluctum canere.
A mop, peniculus, scopa ex panis aut flocco confecta.
To mop a chamber, cubiculum peniculo purgare.
A mop, mopes, or mopus, stipes, attonitus.
To mope, obstupescere.
A little mopsy or moppet, pusio, puellula.
Moral, moralis.
Moral philosophy, ethice, æs. f.
A good moral man, probus, homo probis moribus.
The moral or sense of a fable, fabula ad mores fingendos accommodatio.
Morality, morale documentum.
To moralise, to moral, ad mores hominum formandos applicare.
A moraliser or moralist, fabulator.
Morality [in a moral sense] sensu morali, bonis moribus congruus.

Morally speaking, ex communi hominum sensu.

Morals [manners or conditions] mores, instituta, pl. Good morals, mores boni. Bad, mores pravi.

A morass, palus.

Morbid, morbose, morbidus, morbosus.

Mordacity, mordacitas.

Mordicant, mordens, acer.

More [adj.] major; plus.

More is the sign of the comparative degree, or else is made by magis, plus quam, amplius, &c.

More and more, magis ac magis, plus plusque.

A little more, plusculum.

More or less, plus minus, plusve minusve.

As much more, alterum tantum.

More than enough, plus satis, satis superque.

To be more than enough, superesse.

To make more of [enlarge] ampliare. [Esteem] pluris estimare. [Sell for a higher price] pluris vendere.

More long than broad, oblongus.

More than is reasonable, ultterius iusto, plus sequo.

More than usual, præter consuetudinem.

Moreover, præterea, insuper.

No more, nihil amplius.

Morrel cherries, uva lupina.

Moresco work, opus palmatum.

The morn or morning, aurora, tempus matutinum.

In the morning, mane.

Early or betimes in the morning, diluculo.

Every morning, quotidie mane.

Of the morning, matutinus.

Till the next morning, usque ad alteram lucem.

To bid or wish one a good morning, aliquem mane salutare.

It is morning light, luctet.

Next morning, postidie mane.

Morose, morosus, austerus.

Moroseness or morosity, morositas, perversitas, proteivitas; ferocitas.

Morously, morose, perverse.

A morpheus, vitiligo.

Morris, l. e. Moorish [dance] tripudium Mauritanicum.

To-morrow, cras.

To-morrow or of to-morrow, crastinus.

To-morrow morning, cras mane.

The next day after to-morrow, perendie.

A morsel, buccula, ossa.

To be brought to a morsel of bread, ad summam inopiam redigi.

A little morsel, buccella, frustulum.

In little morsels, frustatim, minutim.

A fine morsel, pulpamentum.

A-mort, tristis, moestus.

Mortal [deadly; capitalis. lethalis, mortifer. {Subject to death} mortalis.

Mortality [destruction] clades. [Fratil] mortalitas. [Sickness] lues, pestis.

Mortally, mortifere, lethaliter.

Mortals [mortal men] homines mortales.

A mortar [for pounding] mortarium.

To bruise in a mortar, pinsare.

A bruising in a mortar, pinsatio.

Mortar [cement] lutum, gypsum, cementum.

Of mortar, luteus, cæmentitius.

Daubed with mortar, gypsatus.

A making of mortar, luti et calcis maceratio.

A mortgage, fundus, oppignerationis.

To mortgage, pignori opponere.

A mortgagee, cui fundus, &c. oppignatur.

A mortgager, qui v. quæ fundum, &c. oppignerat.

Mortiferous, mortifer, mortiferus.

Mortification [self-denial] cupiditatum coëctio. [Grief or uneasiness] dolor alicui inusitatus.

To mortify one's passions, animo suo moderari, cupiditatibus imperare.

To mortify a person or make him uneasy, maerorem alicui luctare.

To mortify or be mortified [as a limb] gangræni putrescere.

Mortmain, annui redditus abolitio.

A mortuary, donum ecclesiæ ab homine morituro datum.

Mosaic work, opus musivum.

A mosque, templum Turcicum.

Moss, muscus.

Sea-moss, muscus maris, corallina.

Covered with moss, muscosus, musco tectus v. obductus.

To clear from moss, emuscare.

Mossy, muscosus, lanuginosus.

Most is often the sign of the superlative degree; as, *The most learned*, doctissimus.

Most [adv.] perique. Adv. maxime, plurimum, præcipue.

Most of all, maxime.

Mostly, fere, plerumque.

The most part or greatest number, plerique.

To make the most of a thing [use it frugally] rem aliquam parce administrare. [Sell to the highest bidder] rem aliquam carissimo pretio vendere.

A mote [exceeding small body] corpusculum, atomus.

A moth, tineæ, blatta.

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Full of moths, mothy, tineosus.

Moth-eaten, a tineis erosus.

A mother, mater, genitrix.

A little mother, matercula.

A step-mother, noverca.

A mother-in-law [husband's or wife's mother] mariti v. uxoris mater. *A grand-mother*, avia. *A great-grand-mother*, proavia. *A grand-mother's brother*, abavunculus. *A god-mother*, susceptrix.

Mother of wine or other liquors, sex.

Of a mother, maternus, maternalis.

Motherhood, materna dignitas.

Motherlike or motherly, matrinus, matronalis.

A motherly woman, matrona prudens.

Motherless, matre orbatus.

By the mother's side, maternus, prosapia, materno sanguine.

Motherly or dreggy, faculentus.

A motion, motio, impulsus, impetus. *Of the mind*, animi concitatio.

A motion for a bill, rogatio.

To motion or make a motion for a bill, rogare.

A motion in chancery, &c. rogatus.

To make a motion in parliament, sententiam dicere.

At one's own motion, ultro, sponte. *At another's motion*, alio instigante.

A little motion, motiuncula.

The motions of an army, exercitus itinera.

To examine the enemy's motions, hostis itinera observare.

A motioner, rogator.

Motionless, immobilis, fixus.

A motive, causa, motus, iucitamentum.

Motive faculty, facultas movens motum efficiens.

A motley colour, color varie distinctus.

A motto, symbolum, emblemata.

Moveable, mobilis.

Moveables or moveable goods, supellex, res mobiles.

Moveableness, mobilitas.

Moveable, ita ut moveri queat.

To move or stir, movere, agitare. [Disturb] turbare. [Persuade] suadere, persuadere, excitare. [Propose] rogare, proponere. *Or remove one's dwelling*, commigrare. [Shake] concutere. *To*, admove.

Violently, impellere. *Up and down*, micare, vacillare. *Off or withdraw*, se submovere. *Convey off*, amovere v. remove.

To be moved [angered] excandescere, irasci.

Not moved, fixus, obfirmatus, mutari nescius. *Easily moved*,

agitabilis. Not to be moved, moveless, immobilis.
A movement or motion, motio, motus.
The movement of a watch, interiores partes horologii portabiles.
A movement-maker, internarum horologii portabiles partium fabricator.
A mover [putter in motion] motor. [Persuader] suasor. [Provoker] stimulator.
A moving, motus, admotio. [Persuading] sollicitatio. [Provoking] instigatio. [Shaking] concussio.
Movingly, animo concitatio.
Mould [earth] terra, solum.
A mould [in which any thing is cast] forma, matrix.
The mould of the head, sutura.
To mould or cast in a mould, formare, figurare.
To mould bread, panem subigere.
To mould or grow mouldy, mucescere.
Mouldable, quod formari potest.
A moulder, formator, plastes.
To moulder away, in pulverem resolv.
Mouldiness, mucus; rancor.
A moulding of bread, panis subtractio.
A moulding [forming] formatio.
Mouldings in architecture, toreumata, pl.
Mouldy, mucidus, rancidus.
To moult [cast the feathers as birds] plumas exuere.
The moulting of birds, pennarum defluvium.
To mounch or maunch, manducare, manducare.
A mound, sepimentum; munimentum.
To mound, sepire.
A mound or mountain, mons. A little mound, tumulus.
To mount up, ascendere; amicare.
A mounting up, ascensio.
A mountain, mons.
Of a mountain, montanus.
Wandering on mountains, montivagus.
A little mountain, a mountainet, collis.
A mountaineer, monticola.
Mountainous or full of mountains, montosus.
A mountebank, circulator.
Well mounted, forti et alacri equo vectus.
To mourn [act.] lugere, macerare, plorare. Neut. lamenari, desere. For a dead friend, mortem amici deplorare. Together, simul dolere.
A mourner, plorator. A chief mourner, plorator precipuus.
A mourner in black, atratus, palliatus.

Mournful, lugubris, luctuosus. Mournfully, mourningly, moeste. A mourning, luctus, maror.
The mourning of a dove, columbae gemitus.
Dressed in mourning, atratus, sordida veste.
Mourning [lamenting] tristis, lugubris, queribundus.
Mourning apparel, vestis lugubris.
In deep mourning, pullatus.
To go into mourning, vestem mutare.
To leave off mourning, elugere.
A mourning-cloak, pallium atratum. Hatband, torulus atratus. Hood, epomia atrata. Song, nenia, carmen lugubre.
A mouse, mus.
A little or young mouse, musculus. A field mouse, mus agrestis. A dormouse, glis.
Note, Mr. Ray affirms that the mus avellanus of naturalists is our dormouse; but confesses himself at a loss as to the true signification of glis. A flitter mouse or rear mouse, or bat, vespertilio. The Alpine mouse, mus Alpinus. A shrew mouse, mus araneus.
Of or belonging to a mouse, murinus.
Mouse-dung, muscerda.
A mouse-hole, muris antrum.
A mouse-trap, muscipula.
To mouse, mures venari.
A mouth, os.
A little mouth, osculum.
The mouth of a beast, faux. Of a bird, rostrum. Of a bottle, ampulla os. Of a cannon, tormenti bellici os. Of a haven, or river, ostium portus v. fluminis. Of an oven or stove, praefurnium. Of the stomach, os ventriculi.
A wide mouth, os laxum. A sparrow-mouth, os patulum.
A wry mouth, os distortum.
To make mouths, os sibi distortuere. At, projectis labiis quemplam despiciere.
To come with open mouth, ore intonare.
To stop a person's mouth, os alicui obstruere.
To mouth [eat much] ingurgitare.
Mouth-honour, verbis tantum comitas.
Foul-mouthed, maledicus, contumeliosus.
Mealy-mouthed, pudibundus, verecundus.
A mouthful, bolus.
A mouthing fellow, clamorosus.
Mouthless, sine ore.
To mow, metere; tundere.
A barley-mow, bordel cumulus.
A hay-mow, feni cumulus.
The making of a mow, coacervatio.

A mower, messor, falcarius. Of hay, faniseca.
A mowing, messis.
The time or season for mowing hay, fanisecium.
Much [adj.] multus. Adv. admodum, longe.
Much ado or with much ado, vix, egre, difficulter.
Much [in value or concernment magni, permagni, &c.
Too much or over much [subst.] nimietas. Adj. nimius.
As much or how much, quantum.
As much again, alterum tantum.
As much as may be, quantum maximum.
Exceeding much or very much, affatim, abunde.
Too much or over much [adv.] nimis.
This much or so much, tantum. Just so much, tantundem.
A little too much, paulo nimis. Too too much, pernimis.
For how much? quanti? For so much, tanti.
Much like, assimilis. Unlike, absimilis.
In as much or for as much as in quantum, quandoquidem.
Inasmuch that, ita ut.
Much less, multo minus.
Much the same, idem fere.
So much for this time, atque haec haecenus.
Twice as much, duplo. Three times as much, triplo. Four times as much, quadruplo.
Thus much, haecenus.
Never [vulg. ever] so much, vel maxime.
To make much of, magni facere. One's self, genio indulgere.
A making much of, indulgentia.
Mucid [hoary or musty] mucidus.
Mucidness, mucus.
Mucilage, mucia.
The mucilaginous glands, glandulae mucosae.
Muck [dung] fimus, stercus.
Muck [moist] humidus.
To be wet as muck, permadere.
To be in a muck sweat, sudore diffundere.
Of muck, stercoreus.
A muck-worm, vermis stercorarius. Vid. Miser.
Full of muck, stercorosus.
To muck or manure with dung, stercorare. Cleanse from dung, stercus foras purgare.
To mucker or hoard up, acervare, coacervare.
A mucketer or muckender, coadarius.
Mucky, sordidus, foedus.
Mucous, mucosus.
Mud, limus, lutum.
To mud or dash with mud, co-lutulare.

Morally speaking, ex communi hominum sensu.
Morals [manners or conditions] mores, instituta, pl. Good *morals*, mores boni. Bad, mores pravi.
A morass, palus.
Morbid, morbose, morbidus, morbosus.
Mordacity, mordacitas.
Mordicant, mordens, acer.
Mor[e] [adj.] major; plus.
More is the sign of the comparative degree, or else is made by magis, plus quam, amplius, &c.
More and more, magis et magis, plus plusque.
A little more, plusculum.
More or less, plus minus, plusve minuve.
As much more, alterum tantum.
More than enough, plus satis, satis superque.
To be more than enough, superesse.
To make more of [enlarge] ampliare. [Esteem] pluris aestimare. [Sell for a higher price] pluris vendere.
More long than broad, oblongus.
More than is reasonable, ultorius justo, plus aequo.
More than usual, præter consuetudinem.
Moreover, præterea, insuper.
No more, nihil amplius.
Mor[e]l cherries, uva lupina.
Moresco work, opus palmatum.
The morn or morning, aurora, tempus matutinum.
In the morning, mane.
Early or betimes in the morning, diluculo.
Every morning, quotidie mane.
Of the morning, matutinus.
Till the next morning, usque ad alteram lucem.
To bid or wish one a good morning, aliquem mane salutare.
It is morning light, lucet.
Next morning, postridie mane.
Morose, morosus, austerus.
Moroseness or morosity, morositas, perversitas, protervitas; ferocitas.
Morosely, morose, perverse.
A morpheus, vitiligo.
Morris, i. e. Moorish [dance] tripudium Mauritanicum.
To-morrow, cras.
To-morrow or of to-morrow, crastinus.
To-morrow morning, cras mane.
The next day after to-morrow, perendie.
A morsel, buccæ, ossa.
To be brought to a morsel of bread, ad summam inopiam redigi.
A little morsel, buccella, frustulum.
In little morsels, frustatim, minutim.
A fine morsel, pulpamentum.

A-mort, tristis, moestus.
Mortal [deadly; capitalis. lethalis, mortifer. {Subject to death} mortalis.
Mortality [destruction] clades. [Frailty] mortalitas. [Sickness] lues, pestis.
Mortally, mortifere, lethaliter.
Mortals [mortal men] homines mortales.
A mortar [for pounding] mortarium.
To bruise in a mortar, pinsare.
A bruising in a mortar, pinsatio.
Mortar [cement] lutum, gypsum, cæmentum.
Of mortar, luteus, cæmentitius.
Daubed with mortar, gypsatius.
A making of mortar, luti et calcis maceratio.
A mortgage, fundus, oppignerationus.
To mortgage, pignori opponere.
A mortgagee, cui fundus, &c. oppignetur.
A mortgager, qui v. quæ fundum, &c. oppignerat.
Mortiferous, mortifer, mortiferus.
Mortification [self-denial] cupiditatum coercitio. [Grief or uneasiness] dolor alicui iniustus.
To mortify one's passions, animo suo moderari, cupiditatibus imperare.
To mortify a person or make him uneasy, mærorem alicui incutere.
To mortify or be mortified [as a limb] gangrænam putrescere.
Mortmain, annui redditus abolitio.
A mortuary, donum ecclesiæ ab homine mortituro datum.
Mosaic work, opus musivum.
A mosque, templum Turcicum.
Moss, muscus.
Sea-moss, muscus maris, corallina.
Covered with moss, muscosus, musco tectus v. obductus.
To clear from moss, emuscare.
Mossy, muscosus, lanuginosus.
Most is often the sign of the superlative degree; as, *The most learned*, doctissimus.
Most [adj.] plerique. **Adv.** maxime, plurimum, præcipue.
Most of all, maxime.
Mostly, fere, plerumque.
The most part or greatest number, plerique.
To make the most of a thing [use it frugally] rem aliquam parce administrare. [Sell to the highest bidder] rem aliquam carissimo pretio vendere.
A mote [exceeding small body] corpusculum, atomus.
A moth, tinea, blatta.

Full of moths, mothly, tineous Moth-eaten, a tinea erosa.
A mother, mater, genitrix.
A little mother, matercula.
A step-mother, noverca.
A mother-in-law [husband's or wife's mother] mariti v. uxoris mater. **A grand-mother**, avia. **A great-grand-mother**, proavia. **A grand-mother's brother**, abavunculus. **A god-mother**, suscipitrix.
Mother of wine or other liquors, fœx.
Of a mother, maternus, maternalis.
Motherhood, materna dignitas.
Motherlike or motherly, matrinus, matronalis.
A motherly woman, matrona prudens.
Motherless, matre orbatus.
By the mother's side, maternæ prosapiæ, materno sanguine.
Motherly or dreggy, fœculetus.
A motion, motio, impulsus, impetus. **Of the mind**, animi concitatio.
A motion for a bill, rogatio.
To motion or make a motion for a bill, rogare.
A motion in chancery, &c. rogatus.
To make a motion in parliament, sententiam dicere.
At one's own motion, ultro, suo sponte. **At another's motion**, alio instigante.
A little motion, motiuncula.
The motions of an army, exercitus itineraria.
To examine the enemy's motions, hostis itinera observare.
A motioner, rogator.
Motionless, immobilis, fixus.
A motive, causa, motus, lucitamentum.
Motive faculty, facultas movens motum efficiens.
A motley colour, color varie distinctus.
A motto, symbolum, emblemata.
Moveable, mobilis.
Moveables or moveable goods, supellex, res mobiles.
Moveableness, inobilitas.
Moveably, ut ita moveri queat.
To move or stir, movere, agitare. [Disturb] turbare. [Persuade] suadere, persuadere, excitare. [Propose] rogare, proponere. Or remove one's dwelling, commigrare. [Shake] concutere. To, adinovere. Violently, impellere. Up and down, micare, vacillare. Off or withdraw, se submovere. Convey off, amovere v. removere.
To be moved [angered] exardescere, irasci.
Not moved, fixus, obfirmatus, mutari nescius. *Easily moved*,

agitabilis. *Not to be moved, moveless, immobilis.*
A movement or motion, motio, motus.
The movement of a watch, interiores partes horologii portabilis.
A movement-maker, internarum horologii portabilis partium fabricer.
A mover [putter in motion] motor. [Persuader] suasor. [Provoker] stimulator.
A moving, motus, admotio. [Persuading] sollicitatio. [Provoking] instigatio. [Shaking] concussio.
Movingly, animo concitatio.
Mould [earth] terra, solum.
A mould [in which any thing is cast] forma, matrix.
The mould of the head, sutura.
To mould or cast in a mould, formare, figurare.
To mould bread, panem subigere.
To mould or grow mouldy, mucedescere.
Mouldable, quod formari potest.
A moulder, formator, plastes.
To moulder away, in pulverem resolv.
Mouldiness, mucus; rancor.
A moulding of bread, panis subactio.
A moulding [forming] formatio.
Mouldings in architecture, toreumata, pl.
Mouldy, mucus, rancidus.
To moult [cast the feathers as birds] plumas exuere.
The moulting of birds, pennarum defluvium.
To mounch or maunch, mandere, manducare.
A mound, sepimentum; munimentum.
To mound, sepire.
A mount or mountain, mons. A little mount, tumulus.
To mount up, ascendere; emicare.
A mounting up, ascensio.
A mountain, mons.
Of a mountain, montanus.
Wandering on mountains, montivagus.
A little mountain, a mountainet, collis.
A mountaineer, monticola.
Mountainous or full of mountains, montosus.
A mountebank, circulator.
Well mounted, forti et alacri equo vectus.
To mourn [act.] lugere, mœrere, plorare. Neut. lamenari, deßere. For a dead friend, mortem amici deplorare. Together, simul dolere.
A mourner, plorator. A chief mourner, plorator precipuus.
A mourner in black, atratus, pallatus.

Mournful, lugubris, luctuosus. Mournfully, mourningly, mœste.
A mourning, luctus, mœror.
The mourning of a dove, columbe gemitus.
Dressed in mourning, atratus, sordidâ veste.
Mourning [lamenting] tristic, lugubris, queribundus.
Mourning apparel, vestis lugubris.
In deep mourning, pullatus.
To go into mourning, vestem mutare.
To leave off mourning, elugere.
A mourning-cloak, pallium atratum. Husband, torulus atratus. Hood, epomis atrata. Song, nenia, carmen lugubre.
A mouse, mus.
A little or young mouse, musculus. A field mouse, mus agrestis. A dormouse, glis.
Note, Mr. Ray affirms that the mus avellanus of naturalists is our dormouse; but confesses himself at a loss as to the true signification of glis. A fitter mouse or rear mouse, or bat, vespertilio. The Alpine mouse, mus alpinus. A shrew mouse, mus araneus.
Of or belonging to a mouse, murinus.
Mouse-dung, muscerda.
A mouse-hole, muris antrum.
A mouse-trap, muscipula.
To mouse, mures venari.
A mouth, os.
A little mouth, osculum.
The mouth of a beast, faux. Of a bird, rostrum. Of a bottle, ampullæ os. Of a cannon, tormenti bellici os. Of a haven, or river, ostium portus v. fluminis. Of an oven or stove, præfurnium. Of the stomach, os ventriculi.
A wide mouth, os laxum. A sparrow-mouth, os patulum.
A wry mouth, os distortum.
To make mouths, os sibi distortere. At, projectis labiis quemplam despiciere.
To come with open mouth, ore intonare.
To stop a person's mouth, os alicui obstruere.
To mouth [eat much] ingurgitare.
Mouth-honour, verbis tantum comitas.
Foul-mouthed, maledicus, contumeliosus.
Mealy-mouthed, pudibundus, verecundus.
A mouthful, bolus.
A mouthful fellow, clamorosus.
Mouthless, sine ore.
To mow, metere; tondere.
A barley-mow, hordei cumulus.
A hay-mow, fœni cumulus.
The making of a mow, coacervatio.

A mower, messor, falcarius. Of hay, faniseca.
A mowing, messis.
The time or season for mowing hay, fanisecium.
Much [adj.] multus. Adv. admodum, longe.
Much ado or with much ado, vix, ægre, difficulter.
Much [in value or concernment] magni, permagni, &c.
Too much or over much [subst.] nimietas. Adj. nimius.
As much or how much, quantum.
As much again, alterum tantum.
As much as may be, quantum maximum.
Exceeding much or very much, affatim, abunde.
Too much or over much [adv.] nimis.
This much or so much, tantum.
Just so much, tantundem.
A little too much, paulo nimis.
Too too much, pernimis.
For how much? quanti?
For so much, tanti.
Much like, assimilis. Unlike, abissimilis.
In as much or for as much as in quantum, quandoquidem.
Inasmuch that, ita ut.
Much less, multo minus.
Much the same, idem fere.
So much for this time, atque hæc hæcenus.
Twice as much, duplo. Three times as much, triplo. Four times as much, quadruplo.
Thus much, hæcenus.
Never [vulg. ever] so much, vel maxime.
To make much of, magni facere. One's self, genio indulgere. A making much of, indulgentia.
Mucid [hoary or musty] mucus, mucus.
Mucidness, mucus.
Mucilage, mucus.
The mucilaginous glands, glandule mucosæ.
Muck [dung] fœnus, stercus.
Muck [moist] humidus.
To be wet as muck, permadere.
To be in a muck sweat, sudore diffuere.
Of muck, stercoreus.
A muck-worm, vermis stercorarius. Vid. Miser.
Full of muck, stercorosus.
To muck or manure with dung, stercorare. Cleanse from dung, stercus foras purgare.
To mucker or hoard up, acervare, coacervare.
A mucketer or muckender, sudarium.
Mucky, sordidus, fœdus.
Mucous, mucosus.
Mud, limus, lutum.
To mud or dash with mud, co-lutulare.

To mud, muddle, or muddy the water, aquam turbare.
Mud-stone, saxum limosum. *A mud-wall*, maceria limosa.
A mud-wall [bird] apiaster.
Without mud, illimis.
Muddiness, sicculentia, spurcities.
To muddle or intoxicate, inebriare.
Muddy or full of mud, cœnosus, limosus, lutosus.
A muddy or cloudy look, vultus tetricus.
A muddy place, gurgis limosus.
To muf, plumas exuere.
A muf, manica pellita v. villosa.
To muffle up one's face, faciem obvolvère.
To muffle himself in his cloak, pallio se tegere.
A muffer, focale.
Muffling up, obvolvens.
The mufsi [high priest among the Turks] pontifex maximus apud Turcas.
A mug, poculum figlinum.
Mugwort, artemisia.
Muggish or muggy, mucidus.
A mulatto, hybrida.
A mulberry, morum.
A mulberry-tree, morus.
A mulct or fine, mulcta.
To mulct, mulctare.
A mule, mulus, mula.
A young mule, hinnulus.
Of a mule, mularis.
A muletter, mule-driver, or keeper, mulio.
A muller or mullet [for grinding colours] lapis molaris.
A mullet [fish] mugil.
The mullegrubs, tormina ventris.
Mullock, lutum, rudus.
Mulsee, mulsum.
Multangular, multangulus.
Multifariously, multifarie.
Multifariousness, multiplicata differentia.
Multiform, multiformis.
Multiparous, plures uno partu edens.
Multiplicable, multiplicabilis.
The multiplicand [in arithmetic] numerus multiplicandus.
The multiplier, numerus multiplicans.
Multiplicious, multiplex.
Multiplicity, magna copia.
To multiply, multiplicare.
A multiplier, qui multiplicat.
A multiplying or multiplication, multiplicatio, auctio; auctus.
A multitude or great number, multitudo. *A multitude of children*, liberorum frequentia.
The multitude or vulgar people, vulgus, plebs.
Multitudinous, multiplex.
Mum! [hist] at! tace, aui.
Mumchance, ne gry.

Mum [a sort of drink] cerevisia Brunavicensis.
To mumble [mutter] murmurare, mussare. *Over, mussitando* recitare.
A mumbler or mutterer, qui mussitat.
A mumbling or muttering, murmuratio.
Mumbly [mutteringly] titubanter.
A mummer, larvatus. *A company of mummers*, cho. æ acenicus.
A mummery or mumming, hominum personatorum pompa.
Mummy [cementitious matter] bitumen. [A body preserved in such matter] cadaver pissasphalti conditum.
To mump or go a mumping, mendicare.
To mump or shoue a person, aliquem fallere.
To mump a dinner, parasitari, cœnis retia tendere.
A mumper, mendicus. *Of a dinner*, parasitus.
Mumping, mendicans.
The mumps [squintancy] angina.
To be in the mumps, stupere, torpere.
Mumps [flouts or mows] sanæ, pl.
To munch, manducare.
A muncher, comedo.
Mundane [worldly] mundanus.
To mundify, purgare.
A mundifying or mundification, purgatio, purificatio.
Municipal, municipalis.
A municipal or corporate town, municipium.
Munificence, munificentia, liberalitas.
Munificent, munificus, liberalis.
A muniment or fort, vallum, munimentum. *Or deed*, syngrapha.
Munition, arma, pl.
To store with munition, arma instruere.
Munition [defence] præsidium, munimentum.
Murage, tributum ad muros reparandos.
Mural, muralis.
Murder [manslaughter] trucidatio, homicidium. [In opposition to manslaughter] cædes.
To murder, trucidare, interficere, cædere.
To heap murder upon murder, cædem cæde accumulare.
Murder of one's brother, fraternæ necis scelus. *Of one's father, mother, patron, &c.* parricidium.
A murderer, intersector, percussor, interemptor. *A she murderer*, interelectrix.
A murderer of his parents, parricida. *Of his brother*, fratricida.

Of his sister, sororicida.
Murdering or murderous, truculentus, ferus.
A murdering, trucidatio, interfectio.
Murderously, atrociter, truce-lenter.
A mure, murus.
To mure up, sepire.
Murengere, murorum curatores.
A muring, muri extractio.
A muring up, septio.
A murmur [complaint] gneaus, querela. [Speaking low] murmur.
To murmur, murmurare, mussare. *Again*, remurmurare. *Against*, obmurmurare. *Much*, infremere. *At*, adfremere.
A murmurer, qui murmurat.
A murmuring, murmuratio, fremitus.
Murmuring applause, admiratio.
A little murmuring noise, susurrus.
Murmuringly, cum murmuratone.
The murr, gravedo.
Having the murr, gravedinosis.
The murrain, lues.
A murrey colour, fuscus, subniger.
A murth of corn, frumenti copia.
Muscadel or muscadine wine, vinum ex aplanis uvis.
The muschat pear, pyrum moschatum.
A muscle [of the body] musculus. [Fish] musculus.
A muscle-man, conchita.
Muscular, ad musculos pertinens.
Musculous, musculosus.
A muse [goddess of poetry] musa. *The muses*, Pierides Camœnes.
To muse, meditari, commentari; cogitare. *Beforehand*, præmeditari.
A musser, contemplator, m. contemplatrix, f.
A musing, meditatio, contemplatio, cogitatio. *Beforehand*, præmeditatio.
A mushroom, fungus. *The dainty mushroom*, boletus.
Music, musice; musica, pl.
A music-school, ludus siccilianus.
A great lover of music, musicorum peratudiosus.
A professor of music, musice professor.
To set to music, ad musicen aptare.
Music, vocal and instrumental, vocum et nervorum cantus.
Musical, musicus, harmonicus, numerosus.

Musically, musice, modulate.
Musicalness, concentus, harmonia.
A musician, musicus.
Musk [the perfume] moschus.
To perfume a thing with musk, rem odoratorem facere moscho.
A musk-ball, pastillus, diaphanma.
A musket [gun] scloppetum.
A musket-ball, globulus plumbus e scloppeto explodendus.
Musket-proof, scloppeto impenetrabilis.
A musket [hawk] nisus mas.
A musketeer, scloppetarius.
Muslin, nebula linea. *A muslin handkerchief*, sudarium ex nebula linea confectum.
A Mussulman, fidelis, orthodoxus.
Must [new wine] mustum.
To must or grow musty, mucere, mucescere.
I must, debeo, oportet me, &c.
Note, Must, when it relates to necessity, is best made by necessity est; when to need, by opus est; when to duty, by debeo or oportet; and in all these it may be made by a gerund in dum; as *I must write*, scribendum est mihi.
The mustachoes, labri superni barba.
Having a mustachoe, homo barbatus.
Mustard or mustard-seed, sinapi, indeci. sinapis. *Biting mustard*, scelerata sinapis. *Wild mustard*, erysimum.
Of mustard, sinapisus.
A muster of peacocks, pavonum grex.
A muster, exercitus lustratio v. recensio. *Master*, militum censor. *Roll*, militum recensitorum catalogus.
To muster, exercitum lustrare, censere.
To pass muster, approbari, comprobari.
To muster up one's titles, honoris titulos congerere.
To make a muster, militum numerum inire.
To make false musters, falsum numerum militum referre.
A mustering, lustratio, recensio.
A mustering-place, diribitorium.
Mustily, mucide.
Mustiness, mucor, rancor.
Musty, mucidus, rancidus.
To be or smell musty, mucere.
To grow musty, mucescere.
Mutabls, mutabilis, mobilis.
To be mutable, variare, mutare.
Mutableness or mutability, mutabilitas, mobilitas.
A mutation, mutatio.
Mute, mutus.

To be mute or silent, obmutescere.
To mute [as a hawk] alvum egerere.
Mutely, tacite.
To mutilate, mutilare.
Mutilating or mutilation, mutilatio.
A muting, alvi egestio.
A mutineer, homo turbulentus.
Mutinous, turbulentus, factiosus, seditiosus; concitor.
Mutinously, seditiose, turbulenter, turbulente.
A mutiny or mutinying, seditio, tumultus, motus.
To mutiny, tumultuari.
To mutter, mutire, missitare.
A mutterer, qui v. quæ missitat.
A muttering, murmuratio.
Mutteringly, cum murmuratione.
Mutton, caro ovina, v. vervecina.
Mutton-broth, jusculum ex carne ovina elixa confectum.
Mutual, mutuus, reciprocus.
Mutuality, reciprocatio.
Mutually, mutue, invicem.
A muzzle, capistrum, camus.
To muzzle, capistro constringere.
The muzzle of a gun, scloppetio.
A muzzling, capistro colligatio.
My or mine, meus.
A myriad [ten thousand] decies mille.
Myrrh, myrrha.
Of myrrh, myrrheus, myrrhinus.
Myrrhine, myrrhinus.
A myrtle or myrtle-tree, myrtus.
Common myrtle, myrtus vulgaris nigricans. *Wild myrtle*, myrtus silvestris. *The white myrtle*, myrtus alba.
The myrtle-berry, myrtum.
Of myrtle, myrteus, myrtinus.
Mixed with myrtle, myrtatus.
A myrtle-grove, myrtetum.
A mystery, arcanum, mysterium.
A mystagogue, mystagogus.
Mysterious or mystical, mysticus; arcanus.
Mysteriously, obscure.
Mysteriousness, status rei explicatu difficilis.
Mystically, mystice, enigmatische.
Mythological, mythologicus.
A mythologist, scriptor fabularum.
Mythology, sermo de fabulis.

N

To nab a person, aliquem subito prehendere.

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A nacre or naker, concha margaritifera.
A nag, mannus, equuleus. *A little nag*, mannullus. *A hunting nag*, veredus. *An ambling nag*, asturcc.
A nail, clavus.
A great nail, clavus trabalia.
A tenter hook nail, uncus.
The nail of one's hand or foot, ungula.
A little nail, unguiculus.
A nail in measure, digiti duo cum quadrante.
The parings of the nails, unguium præsegmina. *To pare the nails*, unguiculos præcidere.
To mark or scratch with one's nail, scabere.
To nail, clavum figere. *Again*, iterum suffigere. *Up cannon*, muralia tormenta clavis obstruere. *To the cross*, in crucem agere. *Down*, defigere. *Up*, suffigere.
To draw a nail, clavum extrahere.
A nailer or nail-smith, faber clavorum.
Naked, nudus. *Half-naked*, seminudus. *Stark naked*, nudior ovo.
To be naked [of hair] glabrere, glabrescere.
To strip naked, nudare, denudare.
Nakedly [openly, plainly] aperte, perspicue.
Nakedness, nudatio.
A name, nomen.
To call by name, nominatim appellare.
A first name, prænomen. *A surname*, cognomen. *A nickname*, ignominiosa appellatio. *A sham name*, nomen fictitium. *A Christian name*, nomen iudicium in baptismo.
To get one's self a name, famam sibi acquirere.
A name [renown or reputation] fama, existimatio.
A good name, fama honesta, bona existimatio.
A bad name, mala fama v. existimatio.
One that has a bad or ill name, infamis.
An everlasting name, immortalitas.
A person's name-sake, cognominis.
To name [give a name to] nominare, appellare. [Mention] mentionem facere. *Over*, nomina recitare.
To change one's name, transnominare.
To leave a good name behind one, carum se posteris reddere.
To have a good name, bene audire, i. e. bene de se audire.
A bad name, male audire.

To give in one's name, nomina profiteri.
To give a surname, cognominare.
To call one names, conviciis aliquem lacerare.
By name, nominatim.
A namer [a servant whose office it was to know persons' names] nomenclator.
A reciting of names, nomenclatio, nomenclatura.
Nameless, anonymus.
Namely [by name] nominatim. [To wit] scilicet, nempe.
A naming, nominatio, appellatio.
A nap, somnus brevis.
To take a nap, dormire, obdormiscere.
To take a nap at noon, meridie v. meridiari.
The nap of cloth, villus.
The nape of the neck, ima colli vertebra.
Napery, lintea, pl.
A napkin, mappa, linteolum.
Napless, tritum, detritus.
To take napping, dormientem deprehendere; imparatum offendere.
Nappy, villosus.
Narcotic or narcotical [making senseless] torpescendi vim habens.
Nard [the shrub] nardum v. nardus. [The ointment] nardus.
A narration, narratio. *A short narration*, narratiuncula. Compact, pressa.
A narrative, enarratio.
Narratively in modum narrationis.
A narrator, narrator.
Narrow, angustus, arctus.
A narrow arm of the sea, exiguus fretum.
A narrow place, angustum, pl.
Narrow or mean spirited, exigui animi homo. [Covetous] parcus, deparcus.
To narrow or make narrow, angustare, arctare.
A narrowing or making narrow, coarctatio.
Narrowly, anguste, arcte.
To escape narrowly, egre evadere.
Narrowness, angustia.
Nastily, sordide, fœde.
Nastiness, sordes, pl. spurcilities.
Nasty, sordidus, fœdus, aquilidus.
Natal, natalis.
A nation, natio, gens.
Of a nation, gentilis.
National, ad nationem pertinens.
Nationally, quod ad nationem attinet.
Native, natus, innatus; natalis.

A native of a place, indigena.
Nativity, partus.
To calculate one's nativity, ex horoscopo futura prædicere.
Of a nativity, natalitius.
A feast on the day of one's nativity, natalitia.
The ascendant in a nativity, horoscopus.
Natural, naturalis, natus; germanus.
The natural power, naturalness, vis v. virtus native.
A naturalist, rerum naturalium indagator.
To naturalise, in jus civitatis ascribere.
A naturalising or naturalisation civitatis donatio.
Naturally [agreeably to nature] naturaliter, naturâ. [Of his own accord] ultro, sua sponte.
Nature [opposed to art] natura.
To live according to nature, ad naturam vivere.
Nature [disposition] ingenium, indoles.
Good nature, comitas, benevolentia, liberalitas. *Ill nature*, ingenium difficile.
Nature [sort] genus.
The law of nature, lex naturæ.
Against nature, præter naturam. Or unwillingly, 'Invitâ Miaervâ.
Beyond nature, supra naturæ vim.
By nature, naturaliter, naturâ.
Good-natured, or well-natured, comis, humanus, benevolus, lenis, mitis. *Ill-natured*, morosus, difficilis.
Naval, navalis, nauticus.
A naval fight, pugna navalis.
The nave of a wheel, rota inodiola.
The nave, nef, or body of a church, ampla interioris templi pars.
The navel, umbilicus.
Of the navel, ad umbilicum pertinens.
Like a navel, umbilicatus.
Navel-burst, cui prominet umbilicus.
Naught [ill] malus, malignus, pravus. [Lewd] nequam, indecl, impudicus. *Stark naught*, pessimus, flagitiosissimus.
To set at naught, vilipendere, nihili v. flocci facere.
Naughtiness, malitia, malignitas.
Naughty, malus, vitiosus, flagitiosus.
Naughtily, male, impure, flagitiose.
Navigable, navigabilis, navigandus.
To navigate, navigare.
Navigation, navigatio.
A navigator [sailor] navigator, nauta.

Naulage [freight or fare] nautalum.
To nauseate, nauseare, fastidire.
Nauseous, nauseosus, putidus.
Nauseously, cum nauseâ.
Nauseousness, nausea, fastidium.
Nautic or nautical, nauticus.
A navy, classis. *A little navy*, classicula.
Of the navy, classicus, classarius.
The navy-office, curia navalis.
A commissioner of the navy, rerum navium curator.
Nay, minime, immo.
To say nay, inficiari, inficias ire.
To be said nay, repulsam ferre.
A saying nay, a nay-word, negatio, repulsa.
To deal glass or metal, vitrum v. metallum sensim igni admove.
Near [nigh] is expressed divers ways; vicinis, propinquus, propter, prope, juxta, secundum, proxime.
Near [almost] pæne, fere, ferme, tantum non, prope.
Far and near, longe lateque.
To be or draw near, appropinquare.
A near or niggardly man, parcus, tenax.
Near a-kin, proximus.
Near at hand, in promptu.
Near now, modo, jam nunc.
Near so, adeo, ita, tum.
To be near at hand, adstare præsto esse.
To sit near unto, assidere.
A drawing near, appropinquatio.
Nearer [adj.] propior.
By a nearer way, breviori itinere.
Nearer [adv.] propius.
Nearer, proximus.
Nearly [nigh] prope. [Niggardly] parce, perparce.
To look nearly to, diligenter & caute observare.
Nearness, proximitas, vicinia.
Nearness of kin by blood, cognatio. *By marriage*, affinitas.
Nearness [niggardliness] parcimonie.
Neat, nitidus, mundus, scitus.
A neat fellow, homo concinnus.
Saying, lepidum dictum.
To be neat, nitere.
To make neat, concinnare, expolire.
Neat [cattle] boves.
Neat's feet, pedes bubuli.
A neat's tongue, lingua bubula.
Neat's leather, corium bubulum.
A neat-herd, bubulcus.
Neatly, eleganter, nitide.
Neatness, concinnitas, elegantia.
Nebulous, nebulosus.

Necessarily, necessario.
Necessary, necessarius.
Very necessary, pernecessarius.
It is necessary, opus est.
A necessary-house or *privy*, fornicium, pl.
To necessitate, adigere, cogere, compellere.
Necessitous, indigus, inops.
Necessity [constraint] necessitas, necessitudo.
Necessity or *necessitousness*, laopia, paupertas.
The neck, collum, cervix.
To clasp one about the neck, allicujus collum amplexi.
To break or wring off the neck, collum torquere.
To slip one's neck out of the collar, collum jugo eripere.
A little neck, cervicula. *A white neck*, cervix nivea.
A wry neck, collum distortum.
A neck of land, isthmos v. isthmas.
Nest or nothing, aut Cæsar aut nullus.
A neck-band or *neck-cloth*, collar.
A neck-tie, amictorium.
A necklace, monile. *A diamond necklace*, monile e gemmis.
The neck of an instrument, jugum.
A necromancer, veneficus, magus.
Necromancy, umbrarum evocatio; necromantia. Vid. Lat.
Nectaræan, nectarine, nectareus, nectared, nectareus.
A nectarine, nucipersica.
Need [poverty or want] egestas, paupertas. [Necessity or occasion] opus, usus; necessitas.
To need, have need, or stand in need, egere, indigere.
A needer, qui eget v. indiget.
Needful, opportunus, necessarius, opus, indecl. *It is needful*, expedit.
Needfulness, necessitas.
Neediness, egestas, paupertas.
A needle, acus. *The eye of a needle*, acus foramen.
A pack-needle, acus sarcinaria.
An embroidering needle, acus Babylonia.
A mariner's needle, acus magnetæ tacta.
Needle-work, opus Phrygium.
To work needle-work, acu pingere.
A garment of needle-work, vestis acu picta.
A needle-case, acuum theca.
A needle-maker, acuum faber.
To sew with a needle, acu suere.
To thread a needle, filum per acus foramen immittere.
Needless, supervacaneus, superfluous, inutilis.
Needlessly, inutiliter, intemptive.

Needlessness, status rei parum necessarii.
Needs, necesse.
Needs or *necessaries*, res necessarii.
Needy, egenus, indigus, pauper, inops.
Ne'er [for never] nunquam.
Nefarious, nefarius, impius.
A negation, negatio.
Negative, negans, negandi vim habens.
A negative or *negatory*, repulsa.
It was passed or *was carried in the negative*, repulsam tulit.
Negatively, negando.
Negatory, negans.
Neglect, negligentia; incuria.
To neglect, negligere, omittere.
A neglecter, qui v. quæ negligit.
Neglectfully, negligenter.
A neglecting, neglectio.
Negligence, negligentia, incuria.
Negligent, neglective, or neglectful, negligens, indiligens, incuriosus.
A negligent person, ignavus, remissus.
To be negligent, negligere, indormire.
Negligently, negligenter, indiligenter, segniter.
To dispute negligently, lentius disputare.
To hear negligently, supinâ aure audire.
To negotiate or *traffic*, negotiari. *To negotiate an affair*, negotium aliquod administrare.
A negotiating [trafficking] negotiatio.
A negotiation or *negotiating* of an affair, rei administratio.
To finish a negotiation successfully, ex sententiâ negotia conficere.
To enter into a negotiation, administrationem rei incipere.
A negotiator or *manager* of an affair, rei alicujus administrator. [Trafficker] negotiator.
A negro, Æthiops, Maurus.
To neigh, hincire. *After*, adhincire.
A neighing, hinnitus.
The neighing bird, anthus.
A neighbour, vicinus, accola.
A next neighbour, proximus.
To be neighbour to, in viciniâ habitare.
Neighbouring, vicinus, proximus.
Neighbourhood, viciniæ, proximitas.
Neighbourly, [adj.] benignus, commodus. Adv. benigne, familiariter.
Neither [adj.] neuter. Conf. nec, neque.
Neither way, neutro.

Belonging to neither, neutralis.
Nemoral [pertaining to a forest] nemoralis.
Nenuphar [herb] nymphaea.
A neophyte or *probationer*, novitius, tiro.
Neoteric [modern] neotericus.
A nephew, fratris v. sororis filius.
Nephritic, renum dolore v. morbo laborans.
Nepotism, amor et benevolentia in fratris v. sororis filios.
Neptune, Neptunus.
A nerve, nervus. *A little nerve*, nervulus.
Nervous, nerval, nervy [belonging to the nerves] nervosus.
Nescience, ignorantia.
A ness [headland] promontorium.
A nest, nidus. *A little nest*, nidulus.
To nest, build, or make a nest, nidificare.
A nest of boxes or *drawers*, nidi, pl.
A nest of thieves, furum grex.
A nest-egg, ovum in nido relictum.
To nestle, se in nido condere.
About, in omnes partes versari.
A nestler about, irrequietus.
A nestling [bird] avicula recens ovo exclusa.
A net, rete. *A little net* or *casting-net*, reticulum. *A cabbage-net*, caulium excipulum, funda. *A drag-net* or *fishing-net*, vericulum. *A bag-net*, reticulum subtilius.
The mesh of a net, retis macula. *Made like a net*, reticulatus.
A net-maker, retium fabricator.
To cast a net, rete jaculari.
To set or spread a net, reticulum tendere.
To take in a net, irretire.
To fall into a net, in placâ incidere.
A net-man [who fought with a net against the mirillis among the Romans] retiarius.
Net-work, opus reticulatum.
Net-wise, in formâ retis.
A caul of *net-work*, reticulum capillare.
In fashion like a net, ad formam retis.
The net produce of a thing, ret alicujus redditus simplex.
The net weight of a thing, simplicis rei pondus.
Neither, inferior.
Nethermost, infimus.
Netting, opus reticulatum.
A nettle, urtica. *Blind* or *dead*, lamium.
The stinging dead-nettle, urtica foetida.
The small stinging red nettle, urtica urens.
The sea-nettle, urtica marina.

Full of nettles, urticosus, urticinus.
To nettle or vex, stimulare, urere.
The nettle-worm, eruca urtica-
 ria.
The stinging of a nettle, urtica
 uredo.
A nettling, stimulatio.
A nettling discourse, oratio
 mordax.
Never [no or not] nullus, &c.
 [At no time] nunquam, non
 unquam; ad Græcas calen-
 das. *Never before*, nunquam
 antea. *Never after*, nunquam
 abhinc.
Never the, nihilo.
Never the more, nihilo magis.
Nevertheless, nihilo minus, ni-
 hilo secius.
Never so [vulgarly ever] may
 be rendered in such a variety of
 ways, that particular examples
 can be of little use; as *Never
 so great*, si maxime. *Never
 so well*, vel optime, &c.
Never a whit, nihil quicquam.
Never so often, usque.
Neuter or neutral, medius.
To stand neuter, neutri parti se
 adjungere.
The neuter gender, genus neu-
 trum.
Neutrality, neutram in partem
 propensio.
New, novus, integer, recens.
Pretty new or somewhat new,
 novellus, nuperus.
A new beginner, tiro.
New things, nova, pl.
A new man, defæcatis moribus
 homo, ad frugem conversus.
The new moon, novilunium.
New beer or new wine, mustum.
The new year, annus incens.
New-year's day, kalendæ Ja-
 nuarii.
A new-year's gift, strenua.
New-fangled, nuper inventus.
To be new-fangled, novitatis
 esse studiosus.
To make new, novare. *Again*,
 redintegrare.
To grow new, integrascere.
To new-coin, nummum iterum
 cudere, signare.
New-coined words, verba novata.
To new-mould, de novo formare.
To new vamp, reconcinnare, re-
 ficere.
Anew, denuo, de novo, de inte-
 gro.
A Newgate bird, trium litera-
 rum homo, i. e. fur.
Newly, nuper, nuperrime.
Newness, novitas.
News [fresh tidings] novellæ.
 pl. rumor.
Good news, nuntius bonus. *Bad*,
 nuntius acerbus. *Mortifying*,
 res calamitosa.
A news-monger, rerum novarum
 studiosus.

To bring news, annuntiare;
 nuntium afferre.
A newspaper, scriptum res no-
 vas continens.
A newt, stellio, lacerta.
Next [adj.] proximus, finiti-
 mus, vicinus. *Adv.* deinde,
 deinceps.
Next after or next to, juxta, se-
 cundum.
The next day or day after, pos-
 tridie; postero.
Next of kin, proximus generis.
The nid or bill of a bird, avis
 rostrum.
The nid of a pen, pennæ cuspi-
 s. *To nibble*, admordere, rodere.
Nice [dainty] delicatus, bellus,
 fastidiosus. [Exact] accura-
 tus, exquisitus. *A critic*, ex-
 actor. [Ticklish, dangerous]
 periculosus. [Hard to be
 pleased] difficilis, morosus.
To be or grow nice or effeminate,
 remollescere, effeminari.
To make nice, mollire.
Made nice or effeminate, effemi-
 natus, luxu perditus.
Nicely [delicately] delicate, ef-
 feminate. [Exactly] accurate,
 restricte.
Niceness or nicety [over deli-
 cacy] mollitia. [Exactness]
 accuratio.
Niceties [dainties in eating] cu-
 pedie, pl. cibi delicati.
Nicety of work, operis elegan-
 tia, elegans artificium. *Of
 language or style*, orationis
 concinnitas.
A niche [in a wall] statum lo-
 culamentum.
A nick or notch, incisura.
In the nick of time, in ipso tem-
 poris articulo.
To nick or notch, incidere.
To nick a business, opportune
 rem aliquam aggredi.
A nick-name, nomen contumelli-
 osum.
A nicking or notching, incisio.
A nidget, imbellis, inaudax.
Nidorous, nidorem reddens.
Nidulation, nidamentum.
A niece, fratris v. sororis filia.
A niggard, avarus, parvus.
Niggardish, ad rem attentior.
Niggardliness, niggardness, a-
 varitia, parcimonia.
Niggardly [adj.] parvus, ava-
 rius. *Adv.* avarè, perparcè.
Nigh [adj.] vicinus, propinqu-
 us, proximus. *Adv.* prope.
To be nigh, adesse, prope ad-
 esse.
To draw nigh to, appropinqua-
 re, instare.
Nigher, propior.
Nighest, proximus.
Nightly, fere.
A night, nox.
*To bid or wish one a good
 night's rest*, frustam alicui
 noctem optare.

To sit up late at night. ad mul-
 tam noctem vigilare.
A staying up all night, pervigilium, pervigilatio.
It grows towards night, vesper-
 rascit.
To lodge or stay all night, per-
 noctare.
To study by night, elucubrare.
For a whole night long, per to-
 tam noctem.
*At midnight or in the dead of
 the night*, nocte silenti; nocte
 intempestâ.
By night, nocte; noctu.
By night and day, noctu ac
 die.
To-night or this night, hæc
 nocte.
*Night by night or night after
 night*, in singulas noctes. *Of
 the night*, nocturnus.
The still of the night, noctis st-
 lentium.
A dark night, nox cæca. *A
 moonlight night*, nox lunæ il-
 lustris. *A starlight night*, nox
 sideræ.
A night-brawler, qui alios noctu
 turbat.
The night-dew, ros nocturnus.
Night-dress, amictus cubicula-
 ris.
Night-fire [Will o' the wisp] ignis
 fatuus.
A night-rail, peplus.
Night-rule, nocturnus tumultus.
Night-shining, noctu lucens.
A night-shriek, nocturnus ulu-
 latus.
Night-tripping, noctu cursus
 tans.
A night-walker, tenebrio, lucifugus,
 noctivagus.
Night-warbling, noctu suave
 canens.
Night-watch, vigiliæ nocturnæ.
Continuing all night, pernox.
The space of two nights, binoc-
 tium. *Of three nights*, trinoc-
 tium.
A night-cap, pileus nocturnus.
A night-crow or raven, nyctice-
 rax.
A night-gown, toga domestica v.
 cubicularia.
A night-man, foricarius.
The night-mare, night-hag, in-
 cubus.
Night-shade [herb] solanum
 hortense. *Great or deadly*,
 solanum lethale. *Sleepy*, so-
 lanum somnificum.
A night-spell, precandi formula
 nocturna.
A nightingale, luscinia, philæ-
 mela. *Nightingale-like*, philo-
 melam æmulans.
The river nightingale, halcyon
 minor.
Nightly, singulis noctibus; nos-
 tu.
Nightward, cum vesperscikit.

Will [the sparks of brass in trying] *eris et cadmis faville.*
To nill or be unwilling. *nolle.*
To nim or flitch, *surripere.*
Nimble, *agilis, celer, pernix.*
To be too nimble for a person, *aliquem celeritate superare.*
Nimble-witted, *argutus, sagax.*
Nimbleness, *agilitas, pernicitas.*
Nimbly, *agiliter, perniciter, velociter, expedite.*
A nimming, *surreptio.*
A nincompoop, *bardus, stolidus, insulsus.*
Nine, *novem, noveni.*
Of nine, *novenarius.*
Nine times, *novies.*
Nine o'clock, *nona hora.*
The nine at cards, *enneas.*
The space of nine days, *novendium.*
Of nine days, *novendialis.*
Nine-pins, *novem metularum ludus.*
Nineteen, *novemdecim, undeviginti.* *The nineteenth,* *undevigesimus, decimus novus.*
Ninety, *nonaginta.*
Of ninety, *nonagenarius.*
Ninety times, *nonagies.* *Ninetyth,* *nonagesimus.*
Nine hundred, *nongenti v. noningenti.* *Nine hundred times,* *noningenties.*
A niny or ninyhammer, *vacerra.*
The ninth, *nonus, novenarius.*
A nip or nipping, *vellicatio.*
To nip [cut short off] *vellere.*
Away or off, *secare, rescare.*
Cruelly, *lodicare.* [As cold] *urere, adurere.* *With the teeth,* *dentibus stringere.*
[Taunt] urere, mordere.
To be nipped in the bud, *germine uri.*
A pair of nippers, *forceps.*
Nippers [in navigation] *funiculi impediennes ne anchorale tangat ergatam.*
A nipping with the teeth, *morsus.*
Nipping [adj.] *mordax.*
Nipping cold weather, *calum pragelidum.*
A nipping fest, *dicterium.*
Nippingly, *salae.*
The nipple, *papilla.*
A nit, *leas.*
Nitre, *nitrum.*
Nitrous, nitry, or full of nitre, *nitrosus, nitratus.*
A place where nitre is found, *nitraria.*
Nitid or resplendent, *nitidus.*
Nitty or full of nits, *leudibus scatens.*
A nixy or fool, *stultus, hebes.*
No [adj.] *nullus, non ullus.*
Adv. *non, minime.*
No body, no man, or no one, *ne-mo, nemo omnium, nullus.*
By no means, in no case, or in

no wise, nequaquam, haudquam.
By no manner of means, *minime, gentium.*
No more, *nihil amplius.*
To no purpose, *frustra.*
Nowhere, *nusquam.*
To nobilitate, *nobilitare.*
Nobility, *nobilitas, claritas.*
The nobility, *nobiles, pl. proceres.*
Noble [illustrious, splendid] *nobilis, illustris, insignis.*
[Generous, free] generosus, liberalis. [Stately] *magnificus, excelsus.*
Noble acts, *gesta proclara.*
Noble courage, *animi magnitudo.*
A nobleman, vir primarius, vir amplissimus. *Noblemen,* *optimates, proceres.*
Like a nobleman, *heroticus.*
A noblewoman, femina primaria; heroina.
Of a noble stock, *genere insigni.*
The noble parts of the body, *partes corporis principes.*
A noble in money, *tertia pars librae.*
To make noble, *nobilitare, illustrare.*
Nobleness, nobilitas, claritas.
Of soul, magnanimitas.
Nobly, generose, magnifice.
Nocent [hurtful] *nocens, ledens.*
Noctive, nocivus, damnosus.
Nocturnal, nocturnus.
The nocturns [prayers] *nocturnus cultus.*
A nod, nutus. *In sleeping,* *somnus brevis.*
To nod [bend the head] *nutare.*
To, annuere. *Sleep, dormire.*
A nodding [a bending of the head] *nutatio, nimen.*
The noddle or hinder part of the head, *occipitium.*
A noddy or silly fellow, fatuus.
A node or hard knob, nodus, tuber.
Nodous, nodosus.
The nog of a mill, bacillus molaris.
A noggin, cotyla, lagena.
A noise [loud sound] *sonus, strepitus, clamor.* [Report] *fama, rumor.*
A little or whispering noise, *susurrus.* *A shrill noise, stridor.*
The noise of thunder, fragor.
To make a noise, strepere, crepare.
To make a great noise, perstrepare. *On all sides, circumstrepare.*
The mariner's noise, celestima.
Without noise, silens, tacitus.
To noise abroad, predicare, promulgare.

Making a noise on high, altisonus.
Making a noise like waves, undisonus.
Noiseless, silens.
Noisiness, clamor.
Noisome, gravis, graveolens, noxius.
Noisomely, graviter, noxie.
Noisomeness, factor, spurcities.
Noisy, noiseful, clamorosus, rixosus.
Nolition, repugnantia.
A nomenclator or nomenclator, nomenclator.
A nomenclature or vocabulary, nomenclatura.
Nominal, nominalis.
A nominal king, rex nomine tantum.
Nominally, nomine, nominatim.
To nominate, nominare, appellare.
To nominate a dictator, dictatorem dicere.
A nominating or nomination, nominatio, appellatio.
The nominative case, casus nominandi, rectus casus.
Nonability, impotentia.
Nonage, infantia, ætas impubia.
Nonappearance, desertum, vacuum.
For the nonce, de industria.
Noncompliance, assensus negatus.
A nonconformist, qui se ecclesie lege stabilitæ non conformat.
Nonconformity, recusatio se ecclesie stabilitæ conformandi.
None, nullus, i. e. non ullus.
A nonentity, quod non existit; nihil.
Nonnatural, non naturalia.
Nonpareil letter [in printing] *typorum genus minutissimum.*
Nonperformance, inopia præstationis.
Nonpayment, solutio pecuniae non præstita.
The nones of a month, nonæ, pl.
A nonplus, incita.
To nonplus or put a man to a nonplus, ad incitias redigere.
Nonresidence, absentia a munere, absentia illicita.
Nonresident, non residents, a munere nimis diu absens.
Nonresistance, non repugnantia.
Nonsense, absurde dictum.
Nonsensical, absurdus, abominus, ineptus, insulsus.
Nonsensicality, absurde, ridicule.
Nonsensicalness, insulitas; ineptus, pl.
A nonsuit, litis desertio.
Non-term, justitium.
A noodle, stultus, hebes.
A nook, angulus. *A closs nook, latebra.*

Noon-tide, meridia. *Of noon*, meridianus. *Before noon*, ante meridians. *The forenoon*, tempus ante meridians. *Afternoon*, pomeridianus. *The afternoon*, tempus pomeridianum. *To sleep at noon*, meridiari. *A nooning or noon-rest*, meridiatio. *A nose*, laqueus nexilis. *To nose*, illaqueare. *To run one's self into a nose*, se laqueo implicare. *Nor*, nec, neque. *The north*, septentrio. *Of the north*, septentrionalis, aquilonalis. *The north wind*, aquilo, Boreas. *The north east*, Boreas Scythicus. *The north west*, thracicus. *North-westerly*, caurinus. *The north pole*, polus arcticus. *The north or pole star*, stella polaris. *Northerly or northern*, borealis, septentrionalis, arcticus. *A nose*, nasus. *A flat nose*, nasus resimus. *The tip of the nose*, nasi orbiculus. *To nose one*, ore aliquem lacescere. *The gristle of the nose*, nasi cartilago. *A nose of war*, Lesbica regula. *A dog of a good nose*, canis sagax. *One that has a good nose*, nasutus. *To tell or count noses*, capita numerare. *To wipe the nose*, nasum emungere. *A wiping of the nose*, emunctio. *To root with the nose*, rospari. *The nose-band of a bridle*, fiscella capistri. *Nose-bleed* [herb] millefolium. *A nosegay*, sertum. *To make up into a nosegay*, flores in fasciculum colligare. *Nose-smart*, nasturtium. *Flat-nosed*, sinus. *Hawk-nosed*, camurus. *Hook-nosed*, nasi adunci. *Nostock*, viscida materia gelatinæ similis, vulgo stella cadens. *The nostrils*, nares, pl. *Great or wide*, nares patulæ. *Not*, non, ne, haud, nec, neque; and singly by the verb habere; as, *Do not*, noli facere. *Not at all*, nequaquam. *Not yet*, nondum. *Not so*, nequaquam. *Not any or not so much as one*, nullus, ne unus quidem. *Notable* [considerable, remarkable] illustris, insignis, egregius. *The superlative degree* often conveys this idea;

as, *A notable scholar*, studiosissimus. *A notable liar*, mendacissimus. *To be notable*, enitere, enitescere, clarere. *To make notable*, insignire, clarare, nobilitare. *Notableness*, claritas, claritudo. *Notably*, insigniter, egregie. *A notary or clerk*, actuarius, amanuensis. *A notary public*, notarius publicus. *Notation*, notatio. *A notch*, notch, incisura. *Notch-weed*, atriplex olida. *To notch*, incidere; denticulare. *In a tally*, incisurâ factâ subnotare. *The hair*, comam inæqualiter tondere. *A nothing*, incisio. *A note or mark*, nota, signum. *A note* [bill] syngrapha. *A bank-note*, syngrapha publica pecuniaria. *A note* [comment or observation] annotatio, observatio. *A note* [in music] tonus, modulus. *A note-book*, commentarii, pl. *A note or bill of one's hand for payment of money*, cautio chirographii. *Confused notes*, adversaria, pl. *Of note*, notabilis, insignis, illustrius, egregius. *Men of note*, homines præclari, eximii, egregii, illustres, insignes. *To be of some note*, aliquid v. aliquis esse; in aliquo numero esse. *Men of little or no note*, ignota capita, terræ filii. *To note* [make a mark] notare, signare. [Observe] observare, animadvertere. *To take down in short notes*, notula excipere. *A noter* [observer] observator, speculator. *A noting* [observing] notatio, annotatio. *Nothing*, nihil, indecl. *For nothing*, gratis. *Good for nothing*, inutilis. *A man good for nothing*, homo nihili. *Nothing worth*, villi. *To come or be brought to nothing*, ad nihilum recidere. *To make nothing of or slight*, contemnere, despiciere. [Not to understand] parum intelligere. Or *not to succeed*, parum succedere. *Nothingness*, nihilum. *Notice* [heed] observantia. [Advice] monitio, admonitio. *To send or give notice of*, edocere, certiorum v. certiores facere. *To have notice of a thing*, de re aliqua admoneri v. certior fieri.

To take notice of, notare, observare; animadvertere. *To take notice of a person or salute him*, aliquem salutare. *To take no notice of or neglect*, negligere, contemnere. *A notification or notifying*, significatio. *To notify*, significare, declarare, monstrare. *Notion* [knowledge or understanding] cognitio, sententia. [Idea of a thing] forma v. species rei alicujus. [Opinion] opinio, sententia. [Respect] ratio, respectus. *Notional*, cujus observatur animo quedam species et informatio. *Notionally*, secundum notionem tantum. *Notorious*, manifestus, apertus, notus. *Notoriously*, manifeste, aperte. *Notoriousness or notoriety*, evidentia, perspicuitas. *To nott or shear*, tondere. *Notwithstanding*, tamen, attamen, nihilominus. *Novel or new*, novus, recens. [Unusual or newly introduced] inusitatus, insolens. *A novel*, narratio ficta. *A writer of novels*, a novelist, fabularum scriptor. *Novel assignment* [law term] nova assignatio. *A novelist*, qui rebus novandis studet. *Novelty*, res nova. *A lover of novelties*, novitatis avidus, cupidus. *November*, November. *Nought*, nihil, indecl. *To come to nought*, ad nihilum recidere, vaneſcere. *To set at nought*, nihil v. pro nihilo pendere. *A nought or null* [in arithmetic] ciphra. *A novice*, tiro, novitulus. *The state or time of a novice*, his noviciatus, tirocinium. *Anoun*, nomen. *Without cases*, aptoton. *Of one case*, monoptoton. *Of two cases*, diptoton. *Of three cases*, triptoton. *To nourish* [give nourishment to] nutrire, alere. *Suckle one*, ubera alicui præbere. *Bring one up*, aliquem educare; eruditire. *Nourishable*, nutriendus, altitilis. *The person nourished*, alimentus. *A nourisher*, altor, altrix, nutritor. *A nourishing or nouriture*, educatio. *Nourishment or food*, nutrimentum, cibus. *To take some nourishment*, cibum capere. *Of nourishment*, alimentarius nutritus.

Now, nunc, jam.
Now-a-days, hodie, hoc ævo,
his temporibus.
Now and then, subinde, identi-
dem.
Even now or just now, modo,
jam nunc.
Well now, age nunc.
Now at length, nunc demum,
tandem aliquando.
Nowed [in heraldry] nodatus.
The novel or top of the head, ca-
pitis vertex.
A jobber-novel, capito.
Noxious, noxius, nocuus, no-
civus.
A nozzle, nazus, ansa.
To nuzzle, pugnus cœdere.
Nubile [marriageable] nubilis.
Nubilous, nubilus.
To muddle along, festinanter et
proclinato capite incidere.
A nude contract [in law] nudum
pectum.
Nudila, emplastra xylina um-
bilico applicanda.
Nuditates, verenda.
The nut or spindle of a winding
stair-case, scapus cochlidum
scalarum.
Nugatory, nugatorius, ineptus.
A nuisance, offensus, offendicu-
lum.
A null [nought or cipher] ci-
phra.
Null and void, irritus, cassus.
To null, nullify, or make null,
abrogare, antiquare.
A nullifidian, homo nullius
fidei.
A nulling, ahrogatio.
A nullity, nihilum.
To numb, i. v. pascere.
To be numbed, torpescere.
A number, numerus.
To come or appear in great
numbers, frequentes venire.
A small number, pauci.
To number, numerare, dinume-
rare. Again, renumerare.
A sad number, numerus sar-
dus. A whole number, nume-
rus integer.
Broken numbers or fractions,
numerorum particulae.
A great number, copia grandis.
In great numbers, frequentes,
pl.
Passing number or without num-
ber, innumerabilis.
Of what number? quotus?
More in number, numerosior.
To fill up the number, numerum
explere.
That may be numbered, nume-
rabilis, computabilis.
A numberer, qui numerat.
A numbering, numeratio, dinu-
meratio, recensio. Of names,
nomenclatio, nomenclatura.
Numberless, innumerabilis, in-
numerus.
Numbers [the book] Numeri, pl.
Numbness, stupor, torpor.

A numbskull, stipes, hebes,
plumbeus.
Numerable, numerabilis, com-
putabilis.
Numeration, numeratio.
Numerical, numeral, numerary,
ad numerum.
Numerically the same, idem ad
numerus.
The numerator [in arithmetic]
numerator.
Numerous, numerosus.
Numerously, numerose.
Numerousness, harmonia.
A nun, virgo v. mulier e reli-
gioso cœtu.
Nun [a bird] jærus minor.
Nuncinture, legati, pontificii
munus.
A nuncio, nuntius v. legatus
pontificis.
Nuncupative or nuncupatory, ad
nuncupationem pertinens.
A nunnery or house of nuns, do-
mus feminis religiosis sa-
crata.
Nuptial, nuptialis, connubialis,
conjugalis.
A nuptial song, carmen nup-
tiale, thalassio.
Nuptials, nuptiæ, pl. connubi-
um.
A nurse [to a child] nutrix,
alumna.
A little or silly nurse, nutricula.
A nurse-child, alumnus, alumna.
A nurse-keeper, natrix merce-
naria.
A wet-nurse, nutrix lactans.
A dry-nurse, nutrix non lac-
tescens mercenaria.
To put a child to nurse, infan-
tem nutrici mercenariæ lo-
care.
To nurse a sick person, ægro-
tum v. ægrotum curare.
A nurse's wages, merces nu-
trici soluta.
To nurse, nutrire, fovere.
A nursery, cubiculum ubi pue-
ri nutriuntur.
A nursery or nurse-child, alum-
nus.
A nursery for learning, doctri-
næ seminarium.
A nursery for plants or trees,
plantarium, seminarium.
A nursing, nutritio.
A nursing father, nutritus.
A nursing of a sick person, æ-
grotantis curatio.
A nursing, delicatus puer.
Nurture, educatio, institutio;
disciplina.
To nurture, educere, instruere.
A nut, nux.
A nut-tree, nux. Small nut, nu-
cula.
A chesnut, nux castanea v. Cy-
pria. Tree, castanea.
The Cyprus nut, nux Cypria.
A hazel or filbert nut, nux uel-
lana. Tree, corylus. A grove
or copse, coryletum.

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A pistachio nut, pistachium.
A walnut, juglans, nux beal-
lica v. regia. Tree, arbor jug-
lans.
A cobnut, nux primaria.
An Indian nut, nux Indica.
The vomitive nut, nux vomica.
The nut of a screw, cochlem
theca.
Nut-tree wood, materia nucæ.
A rotten or worm-eaten nut, nux
cassa v. vitiosa.
A nut-cracker, nucifrangibu-
lum.
A nut-gall, galla quercus. A
nut-kernel, nucleus. Shell, pu-
tamen.
A nutmeg, nux aromatica, mos-
chata v. myristica, caryon.
The nut of a musical instrument,
magas. A cross-bow, arcuba-
listæ astragalus.
The nut-hole [of a bow] epi-ry-
gia.
The nut-hatch, nut-jobber, or
nut-picker [a bird] picus mar-
tius.
Nutritment, nutrimentum.
Nutritious, nutritive, or nutri-
mental, alimentarius.
To nuzzle or nuzzle in bed, lecto
indulgere.
To nuzzle in one's bosom, sinu
nasum indere.
A nymph, nymphe.
A wood-nymph, Dryas, ædis.
Sea-nymph, Nereis. Mountain
nymph, Oreas. Of a spring,
Nalus.

O

O [interf.] O! oh!
An oaf or fool, stultus, hebes.
Oafish, insulsus, stupidus.
Oafishness, stupiditas.
An oak, quercus. Of the har-
dest kind, robur. The bitter
oak, cerrus. Oak of Jerusalem,
botrys. The holm oak, ilex.
Oak fern, dryopteris.
Oaken or belonging to oak, quer-
ceus, roboreus.
An oak-apple, galla.
A grove of oaks, quercetum.
An oar, remus.
To row with oars, to oar, remi-
gare.
Oary, habens formam remo-
rum.
Oats, avena. Wild-oats, steri-
les avena.
Oaten, of oats, or oat-meal, ave-
naceus, avenarius.
Oat-meal [herb] panicum.
An oat-cake, placenta avenacea.
Oat-grass, avena rectigales.

An oath, jus jurandum, juramentum.

The military oath, sacramentum.

The oath of allegiance, fidelitatis juramentum.

To take this oath, in regia verba jurare.

The obligation of an oath, religio juris jurandi.

To swear a great oath, magnum jurare juramentum.

To take an oath, sacramento se obstringere.

To make oath, conceptis verbis jurare.

To declare a thing upon oath, juratus dicere.

To break one's oath, jus jurandum violare.

To swear a false oath, perfidum sacramentum dicere.

To put one to his oath, juramentum ab aliquo exigere.

The taking of an oath, juris jurandi interpositio.

To take an oath to keep the laws, in leges jurare.

To deny with an oath, abjurare.

A false oath, perjurium.

To falsify one's oath, pejerare.

One that breaks or falsifies his oath, perjurus.

With an oath, iurato; jurando.

With a great oath, persancte.

Oath-breaking, jurisjurandi violatio.

Obambulation, obambulatio.

Obduracy or obduracy, obdurnatio.

Obdurate, duratus, induratus, pertinax.

To be or grow obdurate, durescere.

Obdurately, pertinaciter.

Obedience, obedientia, obsequentia.

To bring or reduce a province or town, &c. to one's obedience, provinciam v. oppidum in potestatem alicujus redigere.

To be under obedience to, sub alicujus imperio esse.

To receive into obedience, in fidem accipere.

To refuse obedience to, alicujus imperium recusare.

Obedient, obediens, moriger, morigerus.

Obediential, ad obedientiam pertinens, obsequiosus.

Obediently or in obedience to, obediens, obsequens.

Obeisance or salutation, salutatio.

To do or make obeisance to, aliquem capite inclinato v. flexo poplite salutare.

An obelisk, obeliscus.

Obesity or fatness, obesitas.

To obey or be obedient to a person, alicui obedire, obsequi, parere.

An object, res objecta. *Of sense*,

quod sentitur. *Of sight*, quod oculis percipitur.

A beautiful, pleasant, or agreeable object, res aspectu venusta, jucunda, grata.

An ugly, unpleasant, or disagreeable object, res v. persona aspectu deformis.

To object or make objections to, opponere, regerere, arguere.

[*Reproach*] objicere, approbare.

An objection, contradictio.

To propose, raise, or start objections, objicere, culpare, carpere.

Objective [which may be objected] quod objici potest.

[*Pertaining to an object*] ad rem objectam spectans.

Objectively, ita ut sub sensum cadat.

Objectiveness, status rei quæ objici potest.

An objector, qui objicit.

To objurgate, objurgare, reprehendere.

Objurgation, objurgatio, reprehensio.

Objurgatory, objurgatorius.

An oblation or offering, oblatio.

Oblection or delighting, oblectatio, oblectamentum.

To obligate, obligare, devincire.

An obligation [binding favour] obligatio, beneficium.

An obligation, obstruction, or obligement [bond] syngrapha, chirographi cautio. [*Suretyship*] vadimonium.

To answer an obligation, gratiam referre.

To discharge an obligation, aliquem simili munere remunerare.

To bind by obligation, obligare, obstringere.

Obligatory, obligatorius.

To oblige, compel, or force, cogere, impellere.

To oblige one by doing a kindness, de aliquo bene mereri, aliquem sibi devincire, pergratum alicui facere.

An obligee, cui syngrapha traditur.

An obliger, qui tradit syngrapham.

Obliging [courteous] comis, affabilis, blandus. [*Kind or liberal*] liberalis, beneficus.

Obligingly, amanter, comiter, humane.

Obligingness, comitas, benivinitas.

Oblique [crooked] obliquus.

An oblique case [any but the nominative] casus obliquus.

Obliquely, oblique.

Obliguess, or obliquity, obliquitas.

To obliterate [blot out] obliterare.

An obliteration, obliteration, delictio, abolitio.

Oblivion, oblitio, oblivium.

An act of oblivion, lex oblivionis, amnestia. *Vid. Lat.*

Oblivious or forgetful, oblitivus.

Oblong, oblongus.

Obloquy, maledictio, infamia.

Obnoxious, obnoxius, expositus.

Obnoxiousness, qualitas rei obnoxiosa.

To obnubilate [cloud or darken] nubibus obducere.

An obole [among apothecaries] duodecim grana.

Obscene, obscenus, impudicus.

Obscenely, obscene, impudice.

Obsceneness or obscenity, obscenitas, impudicitia.

Obscuration or making obscure, obscuratio.

Obscure [dark] obscurus, tenebrosus. [*Difficult*] arduus, difficilis.

An obscure sentence, sententia explicatu difficilis. *Person*, ignobilis; ignotum caput.

A person of obscure birth or parentage, infimo loco natus.

Somewhat obscure, subobscurus.

Very obscure, perobscurus.

To obscure, obscurare.

Obscurely, obscure, occulte.

To speak obscurely, parum dilucide dicere.

An obscuring, obscuratio, ambiguitas.

Obscurity, obscuritas.

To be or live in obscurity, abditus esse.

Full of obscurity, ambiguus, dubius.

Obscuration, obscuration.

Obsequies, exequia, pl. funerum iusta.

Obsequious, obsequens, morigerus.

To be obsequious to one, alicui morem gerere.

Obsequiously, obediens.

Obsequiousness, obsequium.

Observable, insignis, notabilis.

Observably, insigniter.

Observance, observantia; obsequentia.

An observation, observantia, notatio.

To make observation upon, animadvertere.

An observatory, specula ex qua sidera observantur.

To observe, observare, asservere, annotare; animadvertere.

Worthy to be observed, notabilis.

An observer, observator, speculator. *Of truth*, cultor veritatis.

Observingly, diligenter, attente animo.

An obsidional crown, coronam obsidionalis.

Obsolete, obsoletus, antiquatus.

To grow obsolete, obsolescere.
An obstacle, impedimentum, mora.
To occasion an obstacle, impedimentum asserere.
Obstetric, obstetricis artem exhibens.
Obstinacy or obstinateness, pertinacia, contumacia, perversa.
Obstinate, pertinax, contumax, perversa; inextinguibilis. In opinion, sententiam tenax, inflexibilis.
To be obstinate, animum obfirmare.
Obstinately, pertinaciter, obstinate.
To hold obstinately, mordicus tenere.
Obstinateness, pertinacia, perversa. Vid. Obstinacy.
Obstreperous, obstrepens.
To be obstreperous, obstrepere, vociferari.
To obstruct [hinder] prohibere, impedire. [Stop up] obstruere.
An obstructer [hinderer] qui impedit.
An obstructing, obstructio.
To occasion obstruction, moras trahere.
Obstructive, impediens.
To obtain [attain] obtinere, potiri. By chance or lot, sortiri. By desire or request, exorare. By flattery, eblandire. [Prevail] valere. Favour, gratiam habere. As a custom, inveterasce. Gain ground [have the better] superare, vincere.
Obtainable, parabilis, impetrabilis.
Having obtained liberty, libertatis compos. His wish, voti compos.
Who has not obtained his wish, voti impos.
An obtainer by entreaty or request, exorator.
An obtaining [attaining] adeptio. By entreaty, impetratio. To obtest, obtestare.
To obtest, obtestari, obsecrare. An obtesting or obtestation, obtestatio, obsecratio.
Obtrectation, obtrectatio.
To obtrude, obtrudere.
An obtruder, qui sese aliis obtrudit.
Obtuse [dull] obtusus, hebes. Obtuse-angled, angulus obtusus.
Obtusely, obtuse.
Obtuse-ness or dullness, hebetudo.
Obventions [church fees] obventiones, pl.
To obvert, obvertere.
To obviate or prevent, praevenire, praevertere. Difficulties or objections, ad ea quae obijci possunt respondere.
An obviating, anteoceptio,

impeditio. Of objections, ad ea quae objecta sunt responsio.
Obvious, obviu; ante oculos positus.
Obviousness, evidentia.
To obumbrate [shadow] obumbrare.
Occasion [opportunity] occasio, opportunitas. [Cause or reason] causa, materia. [Need or want] opus, usus.
A small or slight occasion, occasuicula.
By or upon this occasion, hinc, inde.
To occasion or make, facere, efficiere. Or procure, parare, excitare.
To occasion joy, &c. alicui causam gaudii esse, &c.
To find or get an occasion, occasionem nanciari.
To give occasion, facere, committere.
To seek an occasion, occasionem capere.
Occasions [business] res, pl. negotia.
To lay hold of or take an occasion, occasionem arripere.
To prevent or cut off all occasions of doing a thing, omnes causas aliquid agendi praecidere.
To be the occasion of, in causam esse.
Occasional, occasionem v. anisam praebens.
Occasionally, pro re nata.
An occasioner, qui parat.
Occult [secret] occultus, reconditus.
Occupancy, occupatio, possessio.
An occupant, occupans; possessor.
Occupation [business] occupatio, negotium. [Trade] ars. [Tenure] possessio.
A man of occupation, artifex, opifex. Free from business, homo negotiis vacuus.
An occupative field, ager occupativus.
To be greatly occupied, satagere.
An occupier, negotiator, cultor.
To occupy [possess] occupare. Before, praecupare. Employ one's self in a business, se aliquo negotio occupare. The place of another, alterius locum occupare. [As a husbandman] villicare. One's money in trade, mercibus commutandis pecuniam insumere.
An occupying [possessing] occupatio, cultus.
To occur, occurrere, obvenire.
An occurrence, occasio, casus.
Occurring, obviu.
Occursion, occursum.
The ocean, oceanus.
Ochre or oker, ochra. Red, rubrica.

Ochreous, ad ochram pertinens.
Octangular, octo angulos habens.
An octave [eight days together after any solemn festival] octo dies continui festum solenne sequentes. [In music] diapason.
October, October.
October beer, cerevisia mense Octobri cocta.
Ocular, ocularius.
An oculist, ocularius.
Odd, impar. [Fantastic] inconstans, levis, ingenio varius. [Strange or uncommon] inusitatus, insolens.
An odd shoe, &c. calceus, &c. impar.
An odd word or expression, vocabulum non aptum, longe positum. Accident, casus raro accidens.
To play even and odd, par impar ludere. Odd pranks, ludum insolentem ludere.
Oddly or strangely, inusitate, insolenter.
Oddness or strangeness, insolentia, raritas.
Odde [contention or quarrelling] lite, pl. inimicitiae.
To be at odds with one, inimicitias cum aliquo gerere.
To set at odds, discordiam concitare.
To fight against odds, impare numero congressi.
To have the odds of one at play, aliquem ludo superare.
Odde [difference] discrimen.
An ode or song, cantilena.
Odious, odiosus, invidiosus. Somewhat odious, subodiosus.
Odiously, odiose, invidiose.
Odiousness, qualitas rei invidiose.
An odium, odium.
Odoriferous, odoratus, odorifer, odoriferus.
To make odoriferous, odorare. Odorous, odorate, odorus.
An odour, odor.
Economics, oeconomica, pl. Economic or economical, domesticus, oeconomicus.
An economist, rei familiaris administrator.
Economy, rei familiaris administratio, curatio, dispensatio; oeconomia.
An acumenical council, concilium generale.
O'er, super, supra. Vid. Over.
Of, after a noun, is commonly the sign of a genitive case; as, The love of money, amor nummi: and of the ablative, under the rule, if the last substantive have an adjective of praise or dispraise, &c. as Of a good disposition, proba indole.
Of is sometimes expressed by

the prepositions, de, e, ex, in, per, super.
 The preposition is sometimes suppressed; as, *Of his own accord*, sua sponte. *Of set purpose*, dedita operâ. *He is glad of that*, id gaudet.
Of is also sometimes rendered by the superlative degree; as, *He is none of the best*, homo non probatissimus.
What kind or what manner of, qualis.
Of a certainty, certe, certo.
Of late, nuper, dudum.
Of old, olim.
Of one's own accord, ultro.
Of [from] somebody else, aliunde.
Of set purpose, consulto, cogitate.
Off, hinc, abhinc.
Off and on or so so, mediocriter, utcumque.
A person that is off and on, inconstans, levis, mutabilis.
Far off or a great way off, procul.
From off, de. *From off the sod*, de cespite.
To come off, evadere.
To come well or ill off, bene v. male in re aliquâ succedere.
Off hand, continuo, confestim; e vestigio.
Ofal or ofals, purgamentum; resegmentum.
An offence or crime, delictum, peccatum; culpa, offensâ.
An offence [affront or injury] contumelia. [*Displeasure*] offensâ.
A small offence, offensuscula.
A great offence, injuria gravissima.
To be an offence to one, offensionem alicui esse.
To give offence, alicquem offendere.
To avoid giving offence, offensionem vitare.
To take offence, aliquâ re offendi.
To offend [commit a fault] errare, peccare. [*Displease*] offendere, displicere. [*Hurt or injure*] alicui nocere v. damnum inferre. *A little*, suboffendere. *Against the laws*, leges violare. [*Scandalise*] alicuius famam ledere.
An offender, delinquens, reus.
To punish offenders, sones punire.
Offending or offenceful, noxius, nocens.
Offensive arms or weapons, arma ludentia, vulnerantia.
Offensive [as words] ingratus, molestus.
Offensive to the stomach, stomacho ingratus, alienus.
Offensively, injuriose, moleste.
To act offensively [in war] hos-

tem tells aggredi; bellum inferre.
Offensiveness or hurtful quality, qualitas noxia.
An offer or attempt, conatus.
An offer or thing offered, res oblata, conditio data.
To make an offer of peace or war, pacis bellive optionem alicui dare.
To accept an offer, conditionem oblatam accipere.
To reject an offer, conditionem oblatam respuere.
To offer [present] offerre, præbere. *Bid money for wares*, licitari; merces pretio liceri. [*Advance or propose*] proponere. [*Dedicate*] dicare, dedicare. *Attempt to do*, conari. *A reward*, præmium proponere. *Up a request*, supplicare. *Himself of his own accord*, ultro se offerre. *To danger*, periculis se opponere. *To die for another*, cervicem pro capite alicujus præbere. *To lay a wager*, sponsonem provocare. *Battle*, pugnandi copiam facere. *Itself*, occurrere. *In sacrifice*, immolare, sacrificare. *Violence or wrong to one*, alicquem ledere.
An offerer in sacrifice, immolator.
An offering or oblation, donum.
Of sacrifice, immolatio. *A burnt-offering*, holocaustum. *A heave-offering*, oblatio agitata. *A peace-offering*, placatio. *A sin or trespass offering*, sacrificium piaculare. *A thanks-offering*, gratiarum actio.
An offertory, offertorium.
An office or good turn, officium, beneficium.
An office or public charge, magistratus, munus.
To bear an office, magistratum gerere.
To enter upon an office, magistratum occipere v. inire.
To manage an office, præesse alicui potestati.
To be in the same office, lisdem rebus præesse.
To do one's office, munus obire.
To sue for an office, magistratum ambire.
To discharge from his office, magistratu v. munere alicquem exuere.
An office or place where a person carries on his business, officina.
Or workhouse, taberna operaria.
A house of office, latrina, forica.
He that stands for an office, candidatus.
An officer or magistrate, magistratus.
An officer [bailiff or sergeant] lictor.

An officer in the army, præfectus, dux.
A custom-house officer, portitor.
An officer of excise, publicanus.
Chief officers, magnates, pl.
The great officers of state, maximis reipublicæ muneribus præpositi.
An official, officialis.
To officiate or do the business of his office, officium præstare. *Perform divine service*, rem divinam facere. *For another*, alterius vice fungi.
Official, ad officinam pertinens. *Officious*, officiosus, obsequiosus. *Not officious*, inofficiosus. *Officiously*, officiose.
Officiousness, officium, obsequium.
Offing [in navigation] mare apertum.
An offset [of a tree] surculus.
Offscourings, purgamenta.
An offspring, progenies, proles, propago.
To the offward, versus mare.
Of, often, or oftentimes [adv.] sæpe, crebro.
Very often, sæpissime, creber rime.
Happening or doing often, fræquens, assiduus.
Oftenness, frequentia, assiduitas, crebritas.
Oftentimes, sæpe.
An ogee or ogive [in architecture] projectura, corona.
An ogle, oculorum conjectus.
To ogle, oculos distorquere; in oculis tueri.
An ogler, qui limis oculis intuetur.
Ogresses [in heraldry] plia bellica atricoloris.
Oh! oh! ah! Vid. O!
Ohoh! itane vero!
Oil, oleum, olivum. *Of almonds*, oleum amygdalinum. *Of amber*, succinum. *Of amise*, anisi. *Of balm*, balsaminum. *Of bays*, laurinum. *Of beaver*, castoreum. *Of ben*, balani. *Of benjamin*, benzoini. *Of camphire*, camphoræ. *Of cedar*, cedrinum. *Of cinnamon*, cinnamomi. *Of cloves*, caryophyllorum. *Of dill*, anethinum. *Of elder*, sambucum. *Of jessamine*, oleum florum jessamini. *Of lilies*, oleum lilaceum. *Of linseed*, lincum. *Of sweet marjoram*, amaracinum. *Of nutmegs*, nuclea moschate. *Of spike*, nardinum. *Holy oil*, oleum sacrum. *Salad or sweet-oil*, oleum cibarium.
Virgin oil, oleum virginale.
Oil of whale or train oil, oleum cetaceum.
Of oil, olearis, olearius.
An oil-bottle, ampulla olearia.
A small oil-bottle, lecythus.

An oiljar or vessel, vas oleare.
An oilman, olearius.
An oil-mill or press, mola olearia.
An oil-shop, taberna olearia.
An oil-stone [for painters] pigmentaria tritura abacus.
Fine oil, flos olei.
The scum of oil, amurca. *The lees*, faeces, pl.
To oil, ungere.
An oillet. Vid. Eyelet.
Oiliness, oleacitas.
An oiling, inunctio.
Oily or full of oil, oleaceus.
Ointment, unguentum, unguen.
Of ointment, unguentarius.
A maker or seller of ointments, unguentarius.
Old, antiquus, prius; vetus, grandævus, vetustus. [*In age*] senex, annosus.
An old woman, anus, vetula, anicula.
Of an old woman, anilis.
Like an old woman, aniliter.
Old age, senectus, senectas.
Of old age, senilis.
Old, old-fashioned, obsoletus, antiquatus.
Old clothes or garments, trita vestimenta.
An old carle, silicernium.
An old knave, veterator.
An old saying, vetus dictum.
An old soldier, miles emeritus.
Very old, senio confectus, annis obiectus.
Of old or in old times, olim, jam pridem.
After the manner of old time, prince, antiquitus.
To grow old by long continuance, inveterascere.
To grow old [as a man] senescere. [*Out of use*] exolescere.
Oldest, uan maximus.
Oldish, state grandior.
Oldness, antiquitas, vetustas.
Of age, senectus.
Oleander [a shrub] nerium.
Ofactory, olfactu præditus.
Oleaginous [oily] oleagineus v. oleaginus.
Oligarchy, paucorum dominatus.
An olitory or kitchen-garden, hortus olitorius.
An olive, oliva, olea. *Stone*, sampna. *Tree*, olea. *A wild olive-tree*, oleaster. *A little wild olive-tree*, oleastellus.
Of olive, olivarius, oleaginus.
Oil of olives, olivum. *Unripe*, omphacinum.
An olive-grove, olivetum. *Yard*, olivina.
Bearing olives, olivifer.
A crop or harvest of olives, olivitas.
An olympiad [four years] olympias.
Olympian or Olympic, Olympicus.

An omen, omen.
To seek or gather from omens, anaspicari.
A good omen, omen, faustum, felix. *A bad omen*, omen inausum, infaustum.
To ominate, præaugire, ominari.
Ominous or omened, ominosus, portentosus.
Ominously, ominose.
Ominousness, rei ominosæ qualitas.
An omission, omisio, prætermisio.
To omit, omittere, prætermittere; negligere.
An omitting or omission, prætermisio. *For a time*, intermissio.
Omni-farious, omnigenus.
Omniparent, omni-f, omniparens.
Omnipotence or omnipotency, omnipotentia.
Omnipotent, omnipotens.
Omnipresent, qui omnibus locis adest.
Omniscient or omniscious, omnituens.
On, is answered by several Latin prepositions, viz. a, ab, ad, de, e, ex, in, sub, super.
The preposition is sometimes understood, particularly before nouns under the rule, the cause, manner, and instrument are put in the ablative.
On the ground, humi, humo.
On either side, utroque.
On neither side, neutro.
On this side, hinc.
On that side, illinc.
On both sides, utrinque.
On all sides or on every side, undique.
On this side or on this side of, cis, citra.
On the other or farther side of, trans, ultra.
On foot, pedes.
On horseback, eques.
On a sudden, improvise, repente.
To call on, invocare.
To come or go on, pergere, procedere.
On [go on] eja, age.
Once, semel.
Once or once on a time, olim, quondam.
Once for all, semel in perpetuum.
At once, semel et simul.
To do two things at once, de eadem fidelitatem duos parietes dealbare.
One, unus.
To make one among the rest, in numero esse.
The last but one, proximus a postremo.
One another, alius alium; mutuo.

One after another, invicem, alternatim, alii ex aliis.
One with another, promiscue, temere; prout contigerit; aliud cum alio; nullo deductu.
One or the other, alteruter.
One thing, unum.
Any one, aliquis.
Every one, singulus.
Al under one, eadem operâ.
'Tis all one, perinde est.
As one would have it, ex sententia.
Such a one, talis.
One by one, singulatim.
On the one side, hinc.
One while—another while, modo—modo; nunc—nunc.
One-berry, herba faris, acutum saluiferum.
One-eyed, unoculus.
Oneirocritical or oneirocritic, conjector et interpres somniorum.
Onerary, onerarius.
An onion, cepa. *A young onion or scallion*, cepula. *The wild onion*, cepe campestre. *The sea-onion*, cepe marinum.
An onion-bed, cepetum.
An onion-seller, ceparius.
Only or one only [adj.] unicus, solus.
Only [adv.] solum, tantum, duntaxat.
Only-begotten, unigena, unicus natus.
An onset, impetus.
To make an onset, impetum facere.
Onwards, porro, prorsum, deinceps.
An onyx-stone, onyx.
Of an onyx, onychinus.
Ooze or oozy ground, locus palustris.
Opacity [darkness] opacitas.
Opake or opacous, opacus.
An opal-stone, opalus.
Open [not shut] apertus, patulus, patens.
Half-open, semiapertus. *Wit open*, patulus.
Open or exposed to public view ante oculos v. in conspectu omnium positus. *To danger or wounds*, periculo v. vulneribus patens.
Open [clear or evident] clarus, apertus, .deus. [*Candid*, .simplex] simplex, candidus. [*Public or common*] publicus, communis. [*Publicly known*] omnibus notus, pervulgatus. [*Not fortified*] immunitus.
Open on both sides, bipatens.
To open, to ope, aperire, reserere, recludere. *Begin to speak*, silentium rumpere. [*As a flower*] se dispaudere. *Bar* [as a dug] latrare. *Lay open at the root*, ablaqueare. [*Disclose*] detegere. [*Explain*]

explicare. [*Uncover*] nudare. *Dissect a dead body*, cadaver dissecare. *Be chapped*, deliscere. *That which was stopped*, relinere. *The pores of the body*, corporis meatus recludere. *That which was sealed*, resignare.

To lay open an imposthume or wound, abcessum v. vulnus aperire.

To set open a door, januam, ostium, v. fores aperire.

To be or lie open [as a door, &c.] patere, pateſcere, pateſcere.

To be or lie open to danger, periclitari.

Open-eyed, vigil. *Handed*, liberalis. *Hearted*, simplex. *Mouthed*, os apertum habens.

Openheartedness or liberality, largitio, liberalitas.

In the open or public streets, vicis publicis.

An opener, qui v. quæ patefacit.

An opening or laying open, patefactio.

An opening or gap in the earth, hiatus.

The opening or beginning of a campaign, expeditionis militaris initium.

The opening of dogs, canum latratu.

An opening trees at the root, ablaqueatio.

An opening or expounding, explicatio, expositio.

Openly [evidently] aperte, palam. *In sight*, coram. [*Plainly*] perspicue, aperte, manifeste. [*Sincerely, without disguise*] candide, simpliciter, sincere.

Openness [sincerity] candor; simplicitas.

An opera [kind of play] fabula musicis modis decantata.

Operative, operans.

An operator, operarius, opifex.

Operose, arduus, difficilis.

Ophthalmic, ad oculos pertinens.

An opiate, medicamen soporiferum.

To opine or think, opinari.

Opinionative, pertinax, perversus.

An opinionator, sententia sum nimis addictus.

An opinion [belief or sentiment] opinio, sententia.

Different opinions in religion, diverse in religionis controversiis sententia.

To have or hold an opinion, judicare, censere.

To be of another's opinion, assentire, assentiri, consentire.

Of a contrary opinion, dissentire.

To make one alter his opinion, aliquem de sua sententia deducere.

To ask an opinion, sententiam aliquem rogare.

To deliver one's opinion, sententiam dicere.

The delivering of an opinion, sententia prolatio.

To branch new opinions, dogmata nova proferre.

A false opinion, error, prava sententia. *A darling*, maxime grata.

A deviser of new opinions, dogmatum novorum faber.

Opinion [esteem] existimatio.

Opinionated or opinionative, an opinionist, pertinax, sententia sua plus æquo addictus.

Opinionatively, pertinaciter, perversiciter.

Opinionativeness, pertinacia, perversicacia.

Opiparous, opiparus.

Opium [juice of poppy] opium.

To oppose or oppose, opponere.

An opponent, opponens.

Opportune, opportunus, tempestivus.

Opportunately, opportune, tempestive, commode.

Opportunity [convenience] opportunitas, occasio, facultas.

To seek or wait for an opportunity, occasionem capere v. querere.

To find an opportunity, occasionem nancisci.

To lay hold of an opportunity, occasionem capere.

Opportunity [fitness] commoditas. [*Leisure*] otium.

A small opportunity, occasiuncula.

To oppose [offer any thing to the contrary] opponere, obicere. [*Resist or withstand a thing*] repugnare, adversari.

An enemy, propulsare hostem.

A matter in debate, adversari.

A law or order, legi v. decreto intercedere.

An opposer, oppugnator, adversatrix.

Opposite [contrary to] objectus, adversus. [*Over against*] e regione, ex adverso.

An opposing or opposition, oppositio, intercessio; repugnantia.

Oppositely, ex adverso.

Opposition [difference] concertatio. [*Obstacle*] impedimentum.

To break through all opposition, impedimenta omnia superare.

To make opposition against a candidate, obstare.

To make opposition to a bill, legis rogationi obicere.

In opposition to nature, repugnante natura.

To oppress, premere; obstruere. *By craft*, circumvenire.

An oppressing or oppression, op-

pressio. *By men in power*, tyrannus.

Oppressive, ad oppressionem pertinens.

An oppressor, oppressor. *Violent*, expilator, director.

Opprobrious, probrosus, contumeliosus.

Opprobrious speech, contumelia, opprobrium.

Opprobriously, contumeliose.

Opprobriousness, contumelia, injuria.

To oppugn [oppose] oppugnare, adversari.

The optative mood, modus optativus.

Optical or optic, opticus.

An optic glass, telescopium.

The optic nerve, nervus opticus.

Optics or the science of optics, optice.

An optician, optices peritus.

Option, optio.

Opulence [wealth] opulentia; opes.

Opulent, opulentus, dives, locuples.

Opulently, opulenter, opipare.

Or, an, aut, vel, seu, sive, ne, or ve, joined to another word.

Or else [answering to either] aut, vel. [*Answering to whether*] sive, an. [*Otherwise*] alias, aliter.

Or [in heraldry] color aureus.

Orach or orage [herb] atriplex, iris Florentina. *Wild*, atriplex silvestris.

An oracle, oraculum.

To consult an oracle, oraculum consulere.

To give forth an oracle, oraculum dare, edere, fundere.

An oracle of wisdom, law, &c. sapientia, jurisprudentia, &c. antistes.

Oracular or oraculous, ad oraculum pertinens.

Oraculously, per modum oraculi.

Oral, verbo traditus.

An orange, malum aureum.

China, malum aureum a Sinarum regno allatum. *Seville*, malum aureum ab Hispani allatum.

Orange-peel, cortex mali aurei.

An orange-tree, malus aurea.

Orange or tawny coloured, color aureus.

An oration, oratio, concio. *A little oration*, oratunculula, concunculula.

To make an oration, concionari, verba facere.

To make an oration of a thing or blaze it abroad, sermonibus rem aliquam divulgare.

To end an oration, perorare.

The close of an oration, peroratio.

Oratorical, oratorius.

An oratorio, de sacris vocum et nervorum cantus.

An orator, orator.
A fine orator, orator copiosus, disertus, facundus.
A mean or sad orator, orator humilis, jejunus, tenuis.
Orator-like, oratorie, facunde.
Oratory, rhetorica, rhetorice.
An oratory [place to pray in] edicula, sacellum.
An orb, orbis.
Orbicular, orb'd, orbiculatus.
Orbicularly, orbiculatim.
An orbit, orbita.
An orchard, pomarium, arbutum.
A cherry-orchard, locus cerasis consitus.
To ordain [destine] ordinare, assignare, destinare. One in room of another, sufficere, substituere. [Order or appoint] jubere, imperare. A law, legem ferre. [As a bishop] quempium sacris ordinibus initiare.
An ordainer, ordinator.
As ordaining, ordinatio, institutio.
Of laws, legum latio.
In another's room, suppositio.
Ordeal, examen igne v. aqua.
Order [array] ordo, dispositio.
[Custom] consuetudo. [Commission] auctoritas. [Decree] mandatum.
According to order, ad præscriptionem.
An order or rank, series.
The order of words, verborum consecutio.
An order of authority, edictum.
The order of the garter, equitum auratæ periscelidis ordo.
The order of knighthood, equitum ordo.
A religious order, ordo sacer.
By my order, me jubente.
Of what order / quous?
In order, ex ordine.
In order to, ut.
Out of order or without order, confusus, incompositus.
To order or put in order, ordinare, ordinate disponere.
Give order, imperare, jubere.
One's affairs prudently, recte rationibus prospicere.
[As a judge upon the bench] pro tribunali decernere.
To order or govern, temperare, moderari; regere.
To break order or put out of order, ordinem turbare.
To put or reduce things into order, res ordine disponere.
To reduce into order [curb or restrain] reprimere, coercere, ad bonam frugem redigere.
To set in order, compouere, disponere.
Out of order or without order, orderless, incomposite, confuse, permixte.
Without order or command, injussa

Out of order [sick] ægrotus.
An orderer, temperator, moderator.
An ordering, ordinatio, compositio, constitutio.
Orderly, adj. [Obedient] morigerus, obediens, obsequens. [Sober or keeping good order] modestus, temperatus. Adv. [in right order] compositè, disposite.
Not orderly, adj. Incompositus, inordinatus. Adv. incomposite, inordinate.
Orders or holy orders, sacri ordines.
To take orders, sacris initiari. Vid. Ordain.
The orders of a family, instituta domestica.
To keep or observe the orders of the house of parliament, servare disciplinam curiæ.
To execute one's orders, jussa v. imperata alicujus exequi.
To refuse to obey orders, alicujus imperium detrectare.
Ordinal, ad ordinem pertinens.
An ordinal or books concerning orders, liber ritualis.
An ordinance [law] edictum, decretum, consultum.
Ordinarily, fere, plerumque.
Ordinary [customary] usitatus, consuetus. [Common] obivus, vulgaris, communis. [Indifferent] mediocris, indifferens.
Ordinary days, dies statii.
One's ordinary table, mensa quotidiana.
Ordinary discourse, quotidiani sermones.
Ordinary [not handsome] parum decorus, invenustus.
A chaplain in ordinary to the king, regi a sacris domesticis ordinariis.
An ordinary or eating-house, caupona, popina. A little ordinary, cauponula.
To keep an ordinary, cauponari.
An ordinary fellow, homo plebeus.
A bishop's ordinary, episcopi suffraganeus.
An ordinary [among civilians] suus paritum iudex.
Ordinate, regulæ congruens.
To ordinate, assignare, instituere.
An ordination, ordinatio sacra.
Ordnance, tormenta majora; bombardie.
To furnish with ordnance, bombardis instruere.
Ordure, fæces; sordes, pl. sterces.
Ore, metallum crudum, metalli vena.
O'er [for over] trans.
To o'er-top, supereminere.
Ore-wood or ore-need, alga.
Orfgild, restitutio rei a latrone vi interceptæ, si latro-

cinium diurno tempore commissum fuerit.
Orgal, vini lex.
An organ or instrument, organum, instrumentum. Musical, organa musica. To play on the organs, organa pneumatica modulari. The keys of an organ, epitoniorum manubria.
The pipes, tubi v. fistule organici musici. The bellows, folles.
An organ builder, organorum musicorum fabricator. An organ-loft, tabulatam organorum musicorum.
Organical or organic, organicus.
Organically, per modum organicum.
An organist, organicus, organorum musicorum modulator.
Organy, origany, origanum. Wild, silvestre.
To organize, aliquid fingere, effingere.
Orient [the east] oriens. [Bright] rutilus, splendens.
An orient beauty, forma egregia.
An orient pearl, gemma orientalis.
Oriental, orientalis, exortives.
An orifice, os.
An oriflam, vexillum aureum.
An origin, original, fountain or source, origo, fons.
The origin of the world, mundi ortus.
The origin of plants, plantarum origo.
The origin or source of a river, amnis caput, fluvii fons.
An origin [cause] causa. [Motive, handle, or occasion] occasio, ansa. [Subject matter] argumentum.
An original [model to copy after] exemplar, modulus. [Never copied] charta virgo. [First draught] primum exemplar. Written with a person's own hand, autographum.
An original letter, literæ autographæ. Picture, archetypus, tabella. Will, archetypus testamentum.
A copy of an original will, testamenti apographum.
Original [born with one] ingenuus, innatus. [Derived from one's country or ancestors] patiens. Sin, peccatum ingenuum. [Birth or descent] genus, stirps, prosapia. [Etymology] vocis origo, etymologia.
It is so in the original Hebrew, Greek, &c. ita se habet textus Hebraicus, Græcus, &c.
Originally [at first] primitus. [By birth] ex ratione natalium.
Orisons, oraisons, preces, orationes.
An ork [fish] orca, pristia.
Orle [in heraldry] sinubria, ora.

The orlop or overloop, media navis contabulatio.
An ornament, ornamentum, ornatus, decus. Or *dressing*, curatio.
The ornament of the mind, animi cultus.
Ornaments for gates, porches, or doors, antepagmenta, pl.
Ornaments for the neck or other parts of the body, monilia, pl.
To be an ornament to, decori v. ornamento esse.
Without ornaments, inornatus.
Ornamental, decorus, formosus.
Ornate, ornatus, splendidus.
Orniture, exornatio.
An orphan, orbus, parentibus orbatus. Orba, pupilla, f.
Orphanage or orphanism, orbatus.
Orpiment or orpin, auripigmentum.
Orpine [herb] telephion v. telephium.
Orthodox, de fide Christianâ recte sentiens.
Orthodoxy, orthodoxe.
Orthodoxy, recta fides v. opinio.
Orthogonal, orthogonus.
Orthographer, qui recte scribendi rationem servat.
Orthography, recte scribendi ratio.
Orris or flower-de-luce, iris.
Orris [gold or silver lace] iaciniem auream v. argenti quoddam genus.
Orts, frusta, pl. fragmenta; offe.
Oscillation, oscillatio.
Oscitancy or oscitation, oscitatio, incuria.
An osier, vimen, salix. *Bed*, virgetum, salictum. *Tree*, vitex, salix.
Of or belonging to osiers, vimineus.
An osprey or ossifrage, ossifragus, ossifraga.
An osuary or charnel-house, ossarium conditorium.
To ossify, in ossa vertere.
Ossivorous, qui ossa vorat.
Ostentation, ostentatio, ambitio.
To make ostentation of, magnifice se jactare.
Ostentatious, ambitiosus.
An ostentatious person, ostentator.
Osteology, dissertatio de ossibus.
An ostler, equiso, stabularius.
An ostlery, stabulum.
An ostrich, struthiocamelus.
Other, alius.
Any other, alius quispiam.
Some other, aliquis alius.
The other, alter.
Some or other, nonnulli.
Belonging to others or to another, alienus.
Some time or other, aliquando, nonnunquam.

In some fashion or other, quodammodo.
The other day, nudivertius.
Other where or in other places, alibi.
Otherwise, aliusmodi. [At another time] alias. [Another kind of] adj. alius modi. [Adv.] alias, aliter, secus.
Far otherwise, aliter multo. *A little otherwise*, paulo secus.
Every other, alterius.
An oiter, lutra.
Oval, ovatus, ovi formâ.
An oval, figura ovata.
An ovation or less triumph, ovatio.
An oubat, eruca pilosa.
An ouch or collar of gold, monile aureum.
An oven, furnus. *A little oven*, fornacula. *A potter's oven*, figulina.
To bake in an oven, furno coquere.
The mouth of an oven, præfurnium.
An oven fork, contus furnarius.
Of an oven, furnaceus.
A peel or pele, to put things into an oven, infurnibulum.
Over [preposition] super, supra, per, trans, in. Adv. nimis, nimium plus.
Over and above or over and besides, ad hæc, super hæc, præterea.
Over and over again, iterum ac amplius.
Overmuch, adj. nimius. Adv. nimis, nimio, nimium.
Over against or opposite to, ex adverso. *Over against that place*, exadversus eum locum.
Over against us, e regione nobis.
Over night, præteritâ nocte.
To be over [allayed] deserves. *The rain or shower is over*, pluvie desit.
All over, per totum.
Over or under, plus minus, plusve minusve.
All the town over, per totum oppidum. *All the fields over*, per agros passim.
The time or opportunity is over, tempus præterit.
To be over or rule over, præesse, imperare. [Left or remain] superesse, redundare.
To give over or leave off, desinere.
To overabound, abundare.
To overact, plus quam satis est facere.
To overarch, quasi fornice tegere.
To overawe, metu absterre.
Overbalanced, præponderans.
To overbear with blows, verberibus operire.
To overbid, plus licitari.

Overbig, prægrandis.
To cast overboard, e nave dejectre.
Overbold, temerarius, audaculus.
Overburdened, prægravatus.
To overbuy, immenso pretio emere.
Overcast or overclouded, obnubilus, nubibus obductus.
Overcast with melancholy, tristis, mæstus.
To overcast [darken] adnubilare. [At bowls] ultra metam jactare.
An overcasting, obductio.
To overcast, assequi.
Overcautious, nimis cautus.
To overcharge, plus æquo onerare. *The stomach*, stomachum cibo opprimere.
An overcharge, onus impar.
An overcharging, onus injustum. *Of the stomach*, ingulvices, erapula.
To overcloy, ad nauseam exple.
To overcome, vincere, superare. *Not to be overcome*, invictus, insuperabilis.
An overcomer, victor, superator.
An overcoming, victoria, superatio.
Overconfident, temerarius, audaculus.
Overcurious, nimis curiosus.
To overdo one's self or labour too hard, nimio labore se fatigare.
To overdress, nimis splendide ornare.
To overdrive, nimium urgere.
Overearnest, nimis vehemens.
To overeat, nimio labore se comedere.
To overfill, supra modum imple.
Overfine, nimis elegans.
To overflow, act. inundare. *Neut.* exundare.
An overflowing, inundatio, aluvies.
Overflowingly, redundanter.
To overfly, prætervolare.
Overfond, nimis indulgens.
Overforwardness, nimia alacritas.
To overglut, satiare.
To overgo, præterire, transire.
An overgoing, transitus.
Overgreat, nimius.
To overgrow, supercrescere.
Overgrown with weeds, noxilia herbia oblectus. *With age*, ætate gravis.
Overgrowth, exuberans incrementum.
To overhale accounts, rationes denno examinare.
Overhappy, nimis felix.
To overhasten, præcipitare.
Overhastening, præcipitatio.
Over-hasty, præproperus; præceps.
Overhastily, præpropere.
Overhead, supra.
To overhear, subauscultare.

An overhearing, subauscultatio.
To overhear, exculfacere.
Overheavy, nimis gravis.
Overjoy, exultatio, effusa iustitia.
To overlade, nimio pondere opprimere.
Overlarge, nimis amplius, per amplius.
To overlay, incubando suffocare.
An overlaying, suffocatio ab incubando effecta.
To overleap, transillire.
Overlight, lux nimis splendida.
To overlive, supervivere, superare.
An overliker, superstes.
To overload, nimis onerare; nimis nimis grave alicui imponere.
Overlong, praelongus.
To overlook [inspect] inspicere, atueri. [Take care of] curare. [Neglect or pass by] negligere, pratermittere. [Pardon] condonare. [Scorn or condemn] temnere, despiciere. [Overtop or be higher] supereminere.
An overlooking [inspection] inspectio. [Taking care of] curatio. [Neglecting or passing by] negligentia, pratermissio. [Pardoning] condonatio.
Overmastered, cuius malus nimis est altus.
To overmaster, the same with
To overmatch, magnitudine, numero, viribus, &c. superare.
An overmatch, iniquum certamen.
Overmeasure, accessio, additamentum.
Overmixed, nimio mixtus.
Overmost, summus, supremus.
Overmuch, nimis, nimius.
Overmuchness, exuberatio.
To overname, ordine nominare.
To overoffice, insolenter impere, rare.
Overofficious, nimis officiosus.
Overofficiously, perofficiose.
To overpass [pass by] transgredi. [Go by, over, or beyond] praterire, trajicere. [Excel] vincere. [Let slip] omittere.
An overpassing [going by, over, or beyond] pratervectio. [Outgoing] progressio.
To overpay, plus quam debetur solvere.
To overpeer, eminere. Vid. *To overlook*.
An overbearing, eminentia.
To overpersuade, importuna ratione impellere.
An overplus, additamentum, auctarium. In *weight*, ponderis auctarium.
To be overplus, restare, superesse.
To overply, nimio operi incumbere.
To overpoise, praeponderare.

To overpower, viribus superare.
To overpress, opprimere.
To overprize, pluris quam par est aestimare.
An overprizer, aestimator iniquus.
To overrate, pluris quam convenit censere.
An overrating, iniqua rei aestimatio.
To overreach, circumvenire, deludere. In *going*, assequi. Or *hurt one's self by reaching too far*, se nimis extendendo ledere.
The overreach of a horse in pacing, gradus equi solutarius grandior.
An overreacher, fraudator, defraudator; doli fabricator.
An overreaching, fraudatio.
To overreckon, in subducendis rationibus aliquem fallere.
Overrigid, nimis rigidus v. severus.
Overripe or *overripened*, prae maturus.
To overrule, vincere, superare. A plea, item contra dare.
Overruling providence, providentia omnia administrans.
To overrun or *outrun*, cursu praterire. *Cover all over*, cooperire. *Ravage*, populari, depopulari.
To be overrun with ill humours, pravis humoribus redundare.
Overseas, transmarinus.
To oversee or *inspect*, curare, inspicere. [Let slip or pass by] praterire.
Overseen in drink, ebrius, temulentus, madidus.
To be overseen [mistaken] errare, hallucinari.
An overseer, curator, inspector, custos. *Of the king's works*, architectus regius. *Of the highways*, curator viarum publicarum.
Overseers of the poor, pauperum procuratores.
To oversell, pluris quam par est vendere.
To overset [among seamen] navem evertere.
To overshadow, the same with
To overshadow, obumbrare.
An overshadowing, obumbratio.
To overshoot, metam transgredi.
One's self, consilio labi.
An oversight, error, negligentia, incuria.
The oversight [of a business] curatio, inspectio.
An overskiping or *overalipping*, pratermissio.
To overslip, omittere, pratermittere.
Overspent, defatigatus.
To overspread, obducere, operire.
To overstrain or *overstretch*, nimis extendere.

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Overt [open] apertus, manifestus.
An overt act, factum aliquod consilium probans.
To overtake, consequi, adipisci.
An overtaking, consecutio.
Overtalkative, loquacior impendio.
To overtax, iniquo cethu onerare.
An overthrow, clades, strages.
To overthrow or *demolish*, diruere, subvertere. [Defeat] devincere, prosternere.
An overthrower, eversor, victor.
An overthrowing, eversio, subversio.
Overthwart, transversus, obliquus.
An overthrow stroke, ictus obliquus.
To go overthwart, transcurrere.
A going overthwart, transcursum.
Overthwartly [transversely] de cussatim. [Crossly] oblique.
Overthwartness, perversitas, perversicacia.
To overtire or *overtail himself*, se ipsum laboribus dis cruciare.
Overtly, aperte, manifeste.
To overtop [be higher or taller] eminere, praeeminere. [Surpass or excel] superare, vincere.
An overture or *proposal*, conditiones ad aliquid agendum propositae. *Of peace*, ad pacem conciliandam conditionum propositio.
To make an overture unto, conditiones proponere.
To overturn, evertere, subvertere.
An overturner, eversor, subversor.
Overvalue, pretium nimis carum.
To overvalue, pluris justo aestimare.
An overvaluing, pluris justo aestimatio.
To overveil, tegere, velare.
Overviolent, nimis vehemens.
To be overvoted, suffragiorum numero superari.
To overwatch, se pervigilio figurare.
Overweak, nimis debilis, languidus.
To overween, sibi nimium placere.
An overweening, arrogantia, fastus.
Overweeningly, arroganter, superbe.
To overweigh, praeponderare, propendere.
Overweight, auctarium, additamentum.
To overwhelm, obruere. *With earth*, terro infodere. *With water* aquae immergere.

To be overwise, plus sapere quam necesse est.
Overzealous, nimis studiosus.
Ought or owed, debui.
Ought [should] debui, oportuit me, &c.
Outform, ad formam ovi.
Outparous, oviparus.
An ounce [beat] lynx.
An ounce [weight] uncia. *A little ounce*, unciola.
Of an ounce, uncialis.
Half an ounce, semuncia.
Of half an ounce, semuncialis, semunciarus.
An ounce and a half, rescuncia.
Of an ounce and a half, rescuncialis.
Two ounces [Troy weight] sextans.
Three ounces, triens. *Four*, quadrans. *Five*, quincunx. *Six*, selibra, semissis. *Seven*, septunx. *Eight*, bes. *Nine*, dodrans. *Ten*, dextana. *Eleven*, deunx. *Twelve*, as v. assis; libra. *Sixteen* [a pound Avoldupoise] libra zygostatica.
The fourth part of an ounce, sicilicum v. sicilica. *The sixth part*, sextula. *The eighth part*, drachma. *The twenty-fourth part*, scriptulum.
By ounces or ounce by ounce, unciatim.
An ouphe [fairy or goblin] larma, empusa. *Ouphas*, lemures.
Ouphen, ad lemures pertinens.
Our or ours, noster.
A friend of ours, quidam e nostris amicis.
Of our country, party, or opinion, nostras.
By our own fault, nostrapte culpa.
An oule, ouzel, merula.
A small oule, merula corulea.
To oust, abrogare, rescindere.
Out of, according to its several significations, is answered by several prepositions in Latin, viz. by a, de, e, extra, præ, pro, propter, supra.
Out or get out of my sight, apage.
Out of favour, qui in offensionem alicujus incurrit.
To be out of harm's way, in portu navigare.
Out of humour, offensus, iratus.
Out of kind, degener.
Out of order, extra ordinem. Vid. *Order*.
Out of pocket, damnum ex sumptibus in rem aliquam impendit.
My hand is out, labori sum inhabilis.
Out of breath, anhelus, anhelans.
To be out of one's head or memory, e memoria excidere.
To bring out, proferre.

To hear one out with patience, querelas alicujus æquo animo exaudire.
To leave out, omittère.
To make out by argument, rationibus probare.
To out-act, agendo superare.
To outbar, excludere.
To outbid, plus licitari.
To outbrave, terrire, insultare.
An outbraving, insultatio.
To outbrazen one, audaciâ aliquem superare.
An outbreak, eruptio.
To outbreake, animam efflare.
An out-chamber, cubiculum anterieus.
An outcry [crying out] exclamatio. [Public sale] auctio.
To sell by outcry, sub hasta vendere.
To outdare, plus audere.
Outdated, antiquatus.
To outdo, superare, vincere.
Outer or outward, exterus v. externus.
To outface, pertinacissime adversari.
To outfast, alium inediâ superare.
To outfawn, adulando superare.
To outfly, prætervolare.
The outform, species externa.
The outguard, excubitores, pl.
To outgive, liberalitate superare.
To outgo, prævertère, prævenire.
An outgoing, prægressio.
To outgrow, obsolescere.
To outjest, joci superare.
Outlandish, peregrinus, externus.
An outlandish man or woman, alienigena.
To outlast or last longer, diutius durare.
To outlaw, proscribere.
An outlaw or outlawed man, relegatus; exul, exlex.
An outlawing or outlawry, proscriptio.
To outlearn, in discendo alium prævertère.
An outlet, exitus.
An outline, linea exterior.
To outlive, supervivère.
An outliver, superstes.
Outlying, extra jacens; longinquus.
An outlying freeman, civis peregrinus.
To outmeasure, mensurâ superare.
The outmost or outermost, extremus, extremus.
To outnumber, numero superare.
An outparish, parocia suburhana.
To outpace or outpace, prætergredi, anteire.
An outpassing, progressio.

An outrage, atrox injuria, insignis contumelia, insania.
Outrageous, ferox; immania, furiosus.
To be outrageous, furere, insanire.
Outrageously, atrociter, immaniter.
Outrageousness, furor, atrocitas.
To outreach [exceed] superare evincere. [Cheat] circumvenire, fallere.
To outride, equitando superare.
Outriders, apparitores qui homines in curiâ ad vicecomitem citant.
Outright, penitus, omnino.
To outroar, clamando superare.
An outroad, excursus.
To outroot, extirpare.
To outrun, cursu prævertère.
To outsail, præternavigare.
To outsell, grandiori pecuniâ vendere.
To outshine, fulgore superare.
To outshoot, metam transgredi.
The outside [external part] superficies.
The outside or most in buying and selling, pretium maximum.
On the outside, extrinsecus.
To outsit, sedendo amittère.
To outsleep the morn, dormire in multum diem.
With outspread sails, velis [assis].
To outstand, resistere.
An outstanding, eminentia; pro-jectura.
To outstare, fixo obtutu superare.
To outstretch, distendere; expandere.
To outstrip, prævertère, præcurrere, anteire.
To outswear, jure jurando vincere.
To outsweeten, suavitate superare.
To outvalue, quoad pretium antecellere.
To outvenom, acriori veneno inficere.
To outvie, sponsones faciendo aliquem superare.
To outwalk, ambulando aliquem prævertère.
An outwall, externa species.
Outward, externus, exterus.
More, exterior.
In outward appearance, extrinsecus.
An outward show or pretence, pretextus, species externa.
Outwardly, exterius.
To outweed, extirpare.
To outweigh, præponderare.
To outwell, effundere.
To outwit or deceive, circumvenire, dolis ductare.
Outworks, munimenta exteriora.
To outwrest, violentè extorquere.

To see, debere. *More than one is worth, animam debere.*
An owing, nomen, debitum.
An owl or owlet, bubo. The horn-owl, noctua aurita. A screech-owl, strix.
An owl or smuggler, qui merces illicite invehit v. exportat.
One's own, proprius, suus.
One's own estate, peculium.
One's own self, propria persona.
Of one's own accord, ultro; sponte sponte.
To own, [acknowledge] fateri, agnoscere. [Claim] vindicare, asserere, possidere. [Possess] possidere.
An owner, dominus, possessor.
In owning, agnitio.
The ower [beast] urus iubatus.
An ox, bos. Oxen. boves.
Of an ox, bovillus, bubulus.
An ox-fy, tabanus.
An oxgang of land, terræ viginti jugera.
An ox-house or stall, bovine, bubile.
Oxen [often, but improperly, written, O yes,] audite.
An oyster, ostreum, ostrea. Bed or pit, ostrearium. Shell, testa ostrea.
Abounding with oysters, ostreosus, ostrifer.
An oyster-man, ostrearius. Woman, ostrea.

P

PABULOUS, pabularius, alimentarius.
A pace [in going] passus, gradus.
An alderman's pace, incessus gravis, testudineus, v. Junonianus.
A pace or herd of asses, asinorum caterva.
A great or full pace, gradus plenus. A slow pace, lentus passus. A soft pace, gradus suspensus.
Slow-paced, tardigradus.
To go with a brisk pace, accelerato gradu incedere. With a slow pace, lente incedere.
To hasten, mend, or quicken one's pace, gradum accelerare. To hold or keep pace with, pari passu comitari.
To go at a main pace [at sea] plenissimis velis navigare.
To pace as a horse, totum incedere.
A pace [measure of five feet] passus.
A pacer, or pacing horse, equus tolutarius.

Pacing, tolutarius, tolutarius, gradarius.
Pacific, pacificus.
A pacification, pacificatio, pacis conciliatio.
A pacificator, pacificator, pacis auctor.
To pacify, placare, mitigare. Again, remulcere.
That may be pacified, placabilis. Not pacified, implacatus. Not to be pacified, implacabilis.
In such a manner as not to be pacified, implacabiliter.
A pacifier, pacificator.
Pacificatory or pacifying, pacificatorius, pacificus.
A pacifying, pacificatio, placatio.
A pack or crew, conventus. Bundle, fascis. A little pack or bundle, fasciculus. Burden, onus. A little pack, sarcinula.
Of cards, chartarum pictarum fasciculus. Of hounds, canum venaticorum turba. Of knaves, flagitiosorum grex. Of troubles, ilias malorum. Of wood, lanæ fascis.
Of a pack, sarcinarius.
A pack-fork, ærunna, mulus Marianus.
Pack-thread, filum sarcinarum.
To pack or pack up, consarcinare. Go away, fugere. Drive away, fugare.
A packer, qui merces in fasces compingit.
A packet [little bundle] fasciculus.
A packet of letters, literarum fasciculus.
A packing, mercium in fasces colligatio.
Be packing or get you packing, apage te, facesse hinc, te hinc aufer.
A pact or paction [agreement] pactum, conventum.
A pad [stuffed cloth] pannus suffructuatus.
A pad for a horse, ephippium.
A pad of straw, calcitra stramentitia.
A pad-way, callis.
A pad-nag, mannus.
A padlock, sera pensilis.
To padlock, serâ pensili firmare.
To pad [as a horse] totum incedere.
To pad [rob on the highway] latrocinari.
A pad or padder, latro, prædo.
A paddle-staff, baculus lato ferro præpilatus.
To paddle, agitare.
A paddler in water or dirt, qui aquam v. limum frequenter agit.
A paddling, agitatio.
A padlock or great toad, bufo major.
A padlock-stool, fungus.
A paddock in a park, septum.

Paddow-pipe [herb] polygonon. Padelion [herb] pes leoninus.
A pagan, falsorum deorum cultor.
Paganism, inanum deorum cultus.
A page [attendant] assecla, pedisequus.
A soldier's page, calo, lixa.
A page of honour, epebus honorarius.
To page [attend] assequi.
A page of a book, pagina.
To page a book, libri paginas notare.
A pageant or show, ludus, spectaculum.
To pageant, pompam parare.
Pagantry, ostentatio, pompa.
Paginal, ad libri paginas pertinens.
A pagod, statua dei Indici.
A pagoda, templum Indicum.
A pagle or cowslip, paralysis.
A pail, situla, urceus.
A milk pail, mulctra.
A pailful, quantum situla potest continere.
Pain [punishment] pœna, supplicium. [Uneasiness in any part of the body] dolor, angor. [Uneasiness of the mind] angor, anxietas; sollicitudo.
To be in pain or be pained, dolere, condolere.
To be full of pain, in magno esse dolore.
To pain or put to pain, cruciare, angere. Give one pain, dolorem alicui laurere.
To pine away or be consumed with pain, dolore tabescere.
Painful or full of pain, dolorem affrens.
Painful [difficult] difficilis, arduus. [Laborious] laboriosus, industrius, sedulus.
Painfully [difficulty] difficulter, ægre, gravate. [Laboriously] laboriose, impigre.
Pains [labour] labor, opera.
Great pains, labor gravis.
Light or easy pains, levis operum labor.
To be at pains and charges about a thing, laborem et sumptum in aliquid impendere.
To take pains, laborare, moliri, operam dare.
To take pains to no purpose, operam perdere.
To be sparing of his pains, sus labori parcere.
A pains-taker or pains-taking person, laboriosus, industrius.
With great pains, ægre, difficulter.
Paint [colour for painting] pigmentum. [For women's faces] fucus.
To paint, pingere.
To paint to the life, perfectam alicujus rei imaginem pingendo exprimere. In water-

colours, coloribus aquâ dilutis pingere. *In oil*, coloribus ex oleo subiectis pingere.

To paint the face, os fucare.

To paint or beautify, exornare.

A painter, pictor.

A herald-painter or arma-painter, insignium gentiliorum pictor.

A painting [thing painted] res picta. [*The action of painting*] actio pingendi.

The art of painting, painture, ars pingendi coloribus.

A pair [couple] par.

A pair of bellows, follis. *Of breeches*, femoralia, pl. *Of gloves, shoes, stockings, &c.* chirothecarum, calceorum, caligarum, &c. par.

A pair of stairs, scalæ, pl.

A beautiful pair, conjuges venusti.

To pair [match] aptare. [*Couple or join together*] copulare, sociare.

A pairing [matching] accommodatio. [*Coupling or joining together*] conjunctio.

A palace, palatium.

A king's palace, regia.

Of a palace, palatinus.

To palate or relish a thing, gustare.

Palatable, palato gratus.

The palate, palatum.

A pale or stake, palus, sudes.

To pale, sudibus obsepire.

A pale or fence, septum ex sudibus.

A place paled in or about, septum.

Pale of colour, pallid, paly, pallidus, luridus. *Palish*, pallidulus, subpallidus.

A pale colour, color gilvus.

To be or look pale, pallere.

Very pale, expallere.

To grow pale, palescere.

Grown pale, pallens, pallidus.

Pale-eyed, catigans, lusciosus.

Pale-faced, oris luridi.

Palely, pallenti similis.

Paleness, pallidity, pallor.

A palfrey, caballus, asturco.

A palinody [recantation] retractatio, palinodia.

A palisado, cippus.

To palisado, palls munire.

A pall or robe, palla, pallium.

A pall used at funerals, loculi operimentum. *A velvet pall*, pannus holosericus feretrum mortui tegens.

To pall or die [as liquor] vapescere.

To pall upon the stomach, nauseam creare.

A pallet-bed, grabatus.

A pallet [in heraldry] palus minor.

A pallet, used by painters, assula manualis pigmentum ferrens.

Palliantment, vestis.

Palliardise, stuprum, impudicitia.

To palliate or disguise a matter, dissimulare, concealare. *Or excuse a fault*, peccatum elevare; crimen verbis extenuare.

A palliating, palliation, or disguising, dissimulatio, occultatio. *Or excusing, elevatio, extenuatio.*

Palliative, ad dissimulationem v. extenuationem pertinens.

A palliative cure, curatio imperfecta.

The palm of the hand, palma, vola.

To stroke with the palm of the hand, palmâ demulcere.

To palm or handle with the hand, manu contractare.

To palm a die, aleam volâ subdole surripere.

A palm or palm-tree, palma.

Dwarf palm, palma humilis.

Palm-fruit, dactylus.

Of palm or the palm-tree, palmeus.

Full of palm-trees, palmosus.

Bearing palm-trees, palmifer.

A place planted with palms, palmietum.

A branch of palm, ramulus palmæ.

Palm-sunday, dominica palmarum.

A palm or hand's breadth, palmus.

Of a palm or hand's breadth, palmaris.

A palmatory or palmer [ferula] ferula.

A palmer or religious pilgrim, peregrinator religionis ergo.

Palmiferous or palmy, palmifer.

A palmister, qui divinat ex manuum inspectione.

Palmistry, ars divinandi ex manuum inspectione.

Palpable [that may be felt] palpandus, tractabilis. [*Manifest*] manifestus, clarus.

Palpableness, palpability, rei perspicuitas.

Palpably, ita ut tactu percipi possit. [*Manifestly*] manifeste, aperte, clare.

Palpation, palpatio.

To palpitate, palpitare.

A palpitation or panting, palpitatio.

The palsy, nervorum resolutio, paralysis.

The dead palsy, sideratio paralytica.

Sick of the palsy, palsied, paralyticus.

A palsegrave, palatinus comes.

A pall, polt, or poult, ictus. Vid. *Pelt*.

To palter or act insincerely, simulate agere. *Squander away one's money or estate*, pecuni-

am v. rem familiarem prodigere; patrimonium auum profundere v. effundere.

A palterer or person without sincerity, simulator, m. simulatrix, f.

Paltry, vllis, sordidus.

A paltry knave, balstro.

A paltry quean, scortum triobolare.

To pamper, saginare, indulgere. *One's self*, genio indulgere.

To pamper for sale, mangonizare.

A pampering, saginatio.

A pamphlet, libellus.

A pamphleteer, libellio.

A pan, patina, discus. *Of a close stool* [for men] lasanum. [*For women*] scapillum.

The brain-pan, calvaria.

A great brass-pan, ahenum.

A dripping pan, vas ad liquamen carniū assatarum excipies dum aptum.

A frying-pan, sartago.

The fire-pan of a gun, scloppet conceptaculum.

A stew pan, authepsa.

A warming pan, thalpoectrum, thermoclinium.

The knee-pan, genu patella.

Panacea [herb] panacea, panaces.

Panado, jusculum ex pane, aquâ, et saccharo confectum.

A pancake, laganum.

Panercritical, panercriticalis ergo.

Pandects [books of the civil law] pandectæ.

Pandemic, epidemicus.

A pander, leno.

To play the pander, lenocinari.

The pander, lenocinarius.

Panderly, artem lenoniam exercens.

A pane or pannel, quadra. *Of glass*, quadra vitrea. *Of wainscot*, quadra lignea.

The pane of a wall, parietis pagina.

A panegyric or panegyrical oration, laudatio publica.

A panegyrist, laudator publicus.

The pannel of a jury, catalogus juratorum.

A pang, dolor, angor.

The pangs of death, mortis angores.

To pang, cruciare.

Panic fear, panicum terriculum.

Panic [a grain resembling millet] panicum. *Petty*, phalaris. *Wild panic*, panicum silvestre.

A pannade, equi cursus et saltus, in orbem.

Pannage [mast] arborum silvestrium fructus. [*The liberty of feeding cattle thereon*]

privilegium quod cliens habet pascendi sua animalia istiusmodi fructibus. [*A tax on cloth*] tributum in pannum impositum.

The pannel [of a horse] sella dorsuaria.

The pannel of a hawk, accipitris ventriculus.

A panier, corbis. *A little panier*, cistula.

A panier of osters, calathus.

A panier with handles, corbis ansatus.

Panoply, armatura corpus totum tegens.

A pansy, viola tricolor.

To pant [palpitate] palpitare, micare. *For fear*, trepidare.

For breath, anhelare. *After*, magnopere desiderare.

A panting, palpitatio. *For breath*, anhelatio. *For fear*, trepidatio.

Pantingly, cum palpitatione.

A panther, pardus, panthera.

Of a panther, pantherius.

A pantile, imbrex.

A paniler, promus, panis curator, promus condus.

A pantofle, crepida, solea.

Wearing pantofles, crepidatus. *To stand on his pantofles*, tumere.

A pantomime or pantomimic [buffoon] pantomimus.

A pantry, panarium.

A yeoman of the king's pantry, panarii regi curator.

A pap [dog] uber, mamma.

A little pap, mamilla, mammula. *Having great paps*, mammosus.

To give a child the pap, uber infanti admove.

The pap of apples, pomorum pulpa.

Pap, alimentum ex pane, aqua, et saccharo infantibus paratum.

The papacy, papatus.

Papal or belonging to the pope, pontificus.

Paper, charta, papyrus. *Royal*, charta regia. *Cap or brown*, emporetica. *Fine*, augusta.

Very thin, translucida. *That will not bear ink*, bibula. *Blank*, pura. *Writing*, scriptoria.

Foul papers, adversaria, pl.

A piece or scrap of paper, chartola.

Made of paper, chartaceus.

A sheet of paper, chartæ schedæ.

A quire, chartæ scapus v. plagiole viginti quatuor. *A ream*, viginti chartæ scapi.

Of paper, chartarius.

A paper-office, chartophylacium.

A paper-book, chartæ puræ liber.

A paper-maker, chartæ artifex.

A paper-mill, mola chartaria.

A paper-seller, chartopola.

Paper or slight buildings, edificia infirma.

Paper-sculled, homo inconsideratus.

A setting pen to paper, scribendi principium.

Papillary or papillous, ex papillis constans.

A papist, papista, papicola.

Papistry, papismus.

To be at or upon a par, pari conditione esse.

A parable, parabola.

Parabolical or parabolic, parabolicus.

A paraclete [comforter] advocatus.

Parade [outward pomp] pompa, apparatus. [*Ostentation*] ostentatio.

The parade, locus ubi copiae militares instrantur.

Paradise [a garden of pleasure] hortus irriguus. [*The place of eternal bliss*] cælum, beatorum sedes.

To bring one into a fool's paradise, sperantem lactare, spe falsâ aliquem producere v. ludere.

The bird of paradise, apus Indica.

A paradigm [example] exemplum, paradigma.

A paradox [a thing seemingly absurd] res admirabilis.

Paradozical, præter opinionem accideus.

Paradozically, præter opinionem.

A paragon, exemplum perfectum, incomparabilis, non equandus. *Of beauty*, adeo venustus, ut nihil supra.

A paragraph or section [commonly marked thus §, which seems to be a contraction of S. S. signum sectionis; or thus ¶, in imitation of the paruscha, or mark used by the Jews to denote their sections or lessons in reading the law] caput, sectio.

Parallax [the distance between the true, and seemingly apparent, place of a star] paralaxis.

Parallel, æquali intervallo distans, parallelus.

Parallel lines, lineæ parallele.

A parallel or comparison, comparatio.

To parallel or draw a parallel between, exæquare, inter se comparare.

Not to be paralleled, incomparabilis.

A parallelogram or long square, parallelogramma.

A paralogism or fallacious syllogism, falsa ratiocinatio.

Paralytic or troubled with the palsy, paralyticus.

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Paramount, supremus.

A paramour or male lover, proculus. *Or female lover*, concubina. *A little paramour*, amiculum, amicuia.

Of a paramour, amatorius.

A paramymph, pronubus.

A parapet, lorica, terra ad orammunitionis v. propugnaculi aggesta.

A paraphrase, paraphrasis.

To paraphrase upon, paraphrasi illustrare; liberius v. pluribus verbis illustrare.

A paraphrast, paraphrasta.

Paraphrastical or paraphrastic, paraphrasticus.

A parasite, parasitus, Gnatho.

To play the parasite, parasitari.

Parasitic or parasitical, adulterius.

To parboil, leviter coquere.

A parcel or little bundle, fasciculus. *Or little quantity*, particula.

A bill of parcels, rerum singulorum tabella.

To parcel out, minutim distribuire.

By parcels, particulatim, minutim.

To parch, arefacere, torrere.

To be parched, arere, areocere.

Parching, torridus.

A parching, adustus.

Parchment, membrana, pergamenta.

A piece of parchment, membrana.

Of parchment, membranaceus.

A parchment-maker, membranarum concinator.

A pard or pardale, pardus.

Pardon, venia.

A general pardon, lex oblivionis, amnestia.

Letters of pardon, tabulæ condonati criminis.

To pardon, ignoscere, condonare, veniam dare. *Wholly*, absolvere.

To ask pardon, veniam ab aliquo rogare.

To obtain pardon for another, pro altero veniam impetrare.

A letter or instrument of a prince's pardon, diploma noxæ a principe remissæ.

Pardonable, condonandus, remittendus.

Not pardonable, veniâ indignus.

A pardoner, pape quidam minister.

A pardoning, criminis condonatio.

To pare [cut away] præcidere.

Abnui, amputare. *Away*, abradere. *Scrape off*, destringere.

A parent, parens.

Lack of parents, parentum orbis.

The love of parents, pietas in parentes.

Parentage, genus, prosapia, stirps.

Of good parentage, honesto loco natus. *Of mean*, infimo loco natus.

Parental, ad parentes pertinentens.

A parenthesis [clause included between these marks ()] parenthesis.

Parget, cœmentum tectorium. *To parget*, dealbare, incrustare.

To new-parget a wall, tectorium parieti inducere.

Parget-work, opus albarium.

A pargeter, crustarius.

A pargeting, dealbatio, incrustatio.

Parietary [herb] helxine.

A paring [as of the nails] præsegmen.

A paring off, resectio.

Plaster of Paris, gypsum.

A parish, parochia.

A parish church, templum parochiale.

Of a parish, parochialis.

Parish rates or dues, census parochiales.

A parishioner, parocem incolæ; parochialis.

Parity, paritas, æqualitas.

By parity of reason, pari ratione.

A park, vivarium.

A parker or park-keeper, vivarii custos.

A parley, colloquium, collocutio.

To parley [speak together] colloqui. *Come to a parley with the enemy*, in hostis colloquium venire.

To beat or sound a parley, tubæ v. tympani sono hostem ad colloquium hortari, evocare.

A parliament, senatus.

To call or summon a parliament, senatum convocare.

To hold or keep a parliament, comitia celebrare.

To prorogue a parliament, comitia prorogare. *To dissolve it*, dissolvere.

The parliament-house, senaculum, curia comitialis.

A parliament-man, senator.

Parliamentary, ad senatum pertinens, ex usu parliamenti.

A parlour, cœnaculum, triclinium.

Of a parlour, tricliniaris.

A parnel, femina impudica.

Parochial, parochialis.

A parody, carmen ad alterius similitudinem compositum.

To parody, alterius versus in aliud argumentum transferre.

Parole, fides data.

To give his parole, fidem suam astringere.

To neglect or fail in his parole, fidem datam fallere.

To keep his parole, fidem servare.

Upon my parole of honour, meâ fide.

A will parole, testamentum nuncupativum.

Paronymous, denominatione similis.

A paroxysm or fit of a disease, morbi impetus.

A parricide, parricida. *The crime*, parricidium.

To play the parricide, se parricidio inquinare.

A parrot, psittacus. *A parrot-quet*, psittacus minor.

To parry a blow, ictum avertère v. deflectere.

To parse, singulas orationis partes examinare.

A parsing, partium orationis examinationis.

Parsonianus, parcus, frugalis.

Parsoniously, parce, frugaliter.

Parsoniousness or parsimony, parcimonia, frugalitas.

Parsley, apium. *Bastard*, cancalis. *Garden*, apium hortense. *Hill*, oreoselinum. *Rock*, petroselinon.

A parsnip, pastinaca. *Cow*, sphondylium. *Water*, sium.

Wild, pastinaca silvestris. *Yellow*, siser.

A parson of a parish, ecclesiæ parochialis pastor.

A parsonage, beneficium ecclesiasticum.

A part, pars, portio. [Duty] munus, officium. *Note*, This noun is frequently omitted in Latin after the verb *sum*; as,

It is the part of a young man to reverence his elders, adolescentis est majores natu revereri.

To act his part with an the artifice possible, fictam, quam sustinet, personam callidissime sustinere.

A little part, particula.

In part, partim.

On the other part, ex alterâ parte.

For the most part, plerumque, ut plurimum; maximâ ex parte.

To part or divide into parts, dividere, partiri, dispartire.

Put asunder, separare, dividere. *Company*, dissociare.

In two or in the midst, bipartiri. *Asunder of itself*, dissilire. [Depart] digredi, discedere, decedere. [Distribute] distribuere. *With*, demittere.

From or leave, abaccedere, discedere.

To take part of or with, participare, communicare.

To take one's part, a parte aliquis stare.

To take in good part, reque bonique consulere. *In ill part*, male consulere.

Parts or natural endowments, ingenium, indoles.

A person of good parts, homo roguai iudicii.

A person of mean parts, homo ingenii obtusi v. tardi; homo obese naris.

That is or may be divided into parts, dividiuus.

On all parts, circumquaque, undique.

In some part, quodam modo quodammodo.

In what part soever, quâ quâque.

A partage or parting, partitio.

To partake of, participare.

To make to partake of, participare.

A partaker, particeps, consors comes.

A partier of differences, arbiter.

A parterre or flower-garden, area in horto variis figuris descripta.

Partial [unjust] iniquus. [Biased by party-zeal] partium studio abreptus.

Partiality, iniquitas; studium v. cupiditas partium.

To partialize, iniquum reddere.

Partially, inique, injuste.

Partible, partabile, dividiuus secilis.

To participate, aliquid cum aliquo participare.

Participation, communicatio, societas.

A participant, particeps.

Participal or having the nature of a participle, participialis.

Participially, participialiter.

A participle, participium.

A particle, particula.

Particular, singularis, peculiaris, proprius.

A particular person, quidam, quædam.

Particularity, qualitas rei particularis.

To particularize, omnia singula latini persequi.

Particularly or in particular, particulatim, singulatim, speciatim, definite, distincte.

To particulate, de singulis mentionem facere.

A parting, divisio, partitio. *Of separation between man and wife*, discessio, disidium, divortium. *From*, digressio, discessio. *In the middle*, intersectio, bisectio. *Cup*, potatio discessu amicorum sollemnis.

A partisan [favourer] adjutor, fautor. [Weapon like a halberd] sarissa. [Commander's leading staff] vitis, baculus ducis militaris insignis.

Partition or distribution, partitio, distributio.

A partition or inclosure, septimentum.

A partition wall, paries intergerinus.

A partlet, strophium.
Partly, partim.
A partner, socius, consors, compar.
A copartner, qui rem aliquem simul cum alio possidet.
The partners [timbers] in a ship, statumina ad calcem mali.
Partnership, societas, consociatio, consortium.
To enter into partnership, consociare se cum aliquo.
To break off partnership, consociationem dissolvere.
A partridge, perdix. *A covey of partridges*, perdicum greges.
To jouk as a partridge, cacabare.
Parturient, parturiens.
Parturition, status parturiendi.
A party or person, quidam, quidam.
A party or adversary, adversarius, adversaria.
A party or faction, factio, partes, pl.
To draw one over to his party, aliquem sibi conciliare.
A party or detachment of soldiers, militum manus.
To go out upon marauding parties, prædandi causâ egredi.
In parties, partibus, per partes.
To run into parties, in factiones discedere.
Party-coloured, discolor, versicolor.
A party-man, factionus.
The head of a party, factionis princeps.
One of the same party, assectator.
The adverse party, partes diverse.
A parais or porch, propylæum.
The paschal lamb, agnus paschalis.
A pasquil or pasquinade, famosum scriptum publice propositum, contumelia.
Pass or condition, conditio, status. *To that pass*, eo.
A pass or narrow passage, angustium, angustia, pl. fauces.
Or passport [license to travel] com meatus.
A pass in fencing, letus.
To make a pass at one with a sword, gladio aliquem petere.
To put by a pass, letum deflectere.
To pass a river, fluvium transire. *A bill*, legem ferre. *An account*, rationem comprobare. *One's word for*, pro aliquo spondere. *By one*, aliquem præterire. *Along*, per viam iter facere. *Along by* [as a river] præterfluere, præterlabi. *Away*, abire. *Currently* [as a report] fidem obtinere. *Currently* [as money] pecuniam præsentis vicem supplere. [Ere] antecedere, antere. *Away time*, tempus terere.

Away or cease, desinere, cessare. *For*. *Vid. Personate*. *By a fault*, crimen condonare. *Go over*, transire. *Over or omit*, omittre. *Over slightly*, leviter attingere. *On or go along*, iter prosequi. *Under*, subterire.
To come to pass, evenire, contingere.
To let pass, dimittre.
Passable [indifferent] tolerabilis, mediocris. [That one may pass through] pervius.
A passage [road to pass over] transitus. [Alley] angustiorum. [Lane] diverticulum.
A bad passage, impedita via.
To refuse one a passage, transitu prohibere.
A passage out of a book, locus, loci, pl.
A passage to, accessus, aditus.
Passage-money, navium.
A passage-hole, spiramentum.
The passage of the throat, gula.
En passant [by the way] obiter.
A passenger [by land] viator. [By boat] vector, portitor.
Possibility, passibleness, passiveness, passivity, patiendi capacitas.
Possible [capable of suffering] patiendi capax.
Passing away, transitorius, caducus, fragilis.
A passing along, progressio, progressus. *Beyond*, prætervectio. *Over*, transitus. *From place to place*, migratio.
Passing [very] valde, egregie, vehementer.
A passing fair face, vultus valde venustus.
Passing well, perbene, egregie.
Passion [anger] ira, iracundia.
To be in a great passion, exardescere.
Liable or subject to passion, irritabilis.
To vent one's passion against a person, iram in aliquem evomere.
To put one into a passion, stomachum alicui movere.
To curb one's passion, iracundiam cohibere.
Passion [affection or inclination] animi affectio, impetus, motus; conditio, perturbatio. [Love] amor. *An innocent passion*, amor castus. *A criminal passion*, amor parum honestus.
To have a great passion for one or to be passionately in love with, amore alicuius ardere, flagrare.
To soothe the passions, animos mulcere.
Passion [suffering] malorum, dolorum, ærumnarum perpetuatio.
Passionate [easily put into a

passion] iracundus, cerebrosus.
To grow passionate, iracundiâ accendi.
A passionate lover, amator ardens.
Passionately [angrily] iracunde.
Passionately desirous of, cupiditate rei alicujus ardens.
The irregular passions of the mind, indomitis animi cupiditates.
Passive, patiendi significationem habens.
Passively, in patiendi significatione.
The passover, pascha.
A passport, com meatus. *Vid. Pass*.
In time past, olim, quondam. *Half an hour past ten*, dimidium horæ post decimam [horam].
Last past, ultimo præteritis.
Paste [dough] farina aquâ subacta.
Puff-paste, crustulata.
Paste, to stick things together with, gluten.
Pasteboard, charta densa ex pluribus compacta foliis.
To raise paste, farinam depesce.
The making of paste, farinæ subactio.
To paste, triticeo succo agglutinare.
Pastel [herb] glastum.
The pastern of a horse, equi suffrago.
A pastil, pastillus.
Pastime, ludus, delectatio.
Childish pastimes, crepundia, pl. nuce.
To give one pastime, ludos præbere.
To take his pastime, se recreare.
In pastime, joco, jocosè.
For pastime, animi v. voluptatis causâ.
A pastor [keeper of cattle] pastor, gregis custos, pecoris custos. [Shepherd] opilio. [Minister of a church or parish] ecclesiæ minister.
Pastoral, pastoralis, pastorius.
A pastoral, carmen bucolicum.
A pastoral charge or pastoral office, cura pastoralis.
A pstry or place where paste is made, pastina.
A pstry-cook, pistor dulciarius.
Pstry-work, pistoria dulciaril opus.
Pastur able, pascuus, pastorius.
Pasturage, pabulatio, pastus.
A pasture, pascuum.
Of pasture, pascuus.
Pasture ground, ager pascuus.
A common pasture, ager communis.
To pasture, pascere. *Together*, com pascere.
A pasturing 'pabulatio, pabulum.

A pasty, caro, &c. farra crusta incocta; artocreas.

Pat [fit] aptus, idoneus.

A pat or gentle blow, ictus levior.

To pat gently or softly, leviter ferre.

A patch or piece of cloth, panniculus.

A patch for a pain or wound, splenium.

A patch for the face, macula serica.

A patch of ground, agellus.

A cross-patch, homo morosus, contumax.

To patch or set on a patch, pannum assuere.

To patch the face [as a woman] maculis sericis vulum ornare.

To patch up or mend one's clothes, vestes resarcire.

To patch up a business, rem aliquam coagmentare.

Oldpatched shoes or garments, acrita, pl.

A patcher or botcher up of old things, interpolator.

A patching or botching up of old things, interpolatio.

Patchwork, versicolor opus ex variis pannis consutum.

The pate, caput.

Long-pated or cunning, versutus, astutus. Shallow-pated, stultus, rudis.

Patefaction, patefactio.

A paten, lamina.

Patent or lying open, patens, upertus.

A patent or grant, diploma.

The king's letters patent, diploma regium.

A patentee, qui regio diplomate donatur.

Paternal, paternus, patrius.

Paternal love or affection, animus paternus.

To throw off paternal affection, animus patris ejicere.

Paternally, patriâ curâ.

Paternity, paternitas.

The pater-noster, oratio Dominica.

A path or pathway, semita, calis.

A path begun, iter recenti limite signatum.

A beaten path, via trita.

An overhwart path or cross path, trames.

Pathless, sine semitâ.

Pathetical or pathetic, vehement.

Pathetically, vehementer.

Patheticness, animi concitatio.

A pathic or Sodomite, cinædus.

A pathologist, qui de morbis et eorum symptomatibus tractat.

Pathos, vehementia in dicendo.

Patible, patibilis.

Patience, patientia, æquanimitas.

Long patience, longanimitas.

To bear with patience or take patiently, æquo animo, placide,

patienter, aliquid ferre.

Out of patience, impatientes.

To be out of patience, ægre ferre.

To exercise or tire one's patience, alicujus patientiam tentare.

Patient, patiens, tolerans. placidus, mitis, lenis. Of labour, patiens laborum. Somewhat patient, forticulus.

A patient [under cure] æger, ægrotus.

Patiently, patienter; animo æquo.

The patine of a chalice, calicis operculum.

A patriarch, patriarcha.

Patriarchal, patriarchalis.

A patriarchate or patriarchship, patriarchatus.

A patrician [nobleman] patricius.

The dignity of a patrician, patriciatus.

Like a patrician, patricle.

Patrimonial, ad patrimonium pertinens.

Patrimony, patrimonium.

A patriot, civis boni publici studiosus.

Patriotism, amor patriæ.

The patrol or nightly watch, vigiles.

To patrol or be upon the patrol, excubias agere.

Patrocination, patronage, or defence, patrocinium, auxilium.

A patron, patronus, advocatus.

Patronage [right of presentation to a benefice] jus patronatus

Patronal or belonging to a patron, ad patronum pertinens.

A patroness, patrona.

To patronise, patrocinari, tueri.

A patronymic, nomen patronymicum.

A wooden patten, sculponea.

A patten-maker, sculponearum artifex.

The patten of a pillar, columnæ basis.

To putter, liquorem pultare quod in oleum cogatur.

A patten or model, exemplar, exemplum, modulus.

A pattern of cloth, panni specimen.

The first pattern, exemplum archetypum.

To make by a pattern, aliquid juxta exemplar formare.

Paucity, paucitas.

To pave, pavire.

A paved gallery, porticus pavimentata.

A pavement, pavimentum.

To lay or make a pavement, pavimentum struere.

A pavement of stone, cut into small figures of different colours, pavimentum sectile. A

pavement of brick, pavimentum interitum. Checkered, tessellatum. Of Mosaic work, pavimentum vermiculato opere.

A pavement-beater or paving-beetle, fistuca.

A paver, pavimentorum structor.

A paving, stratura.

A pavilion, papilio, tabernaculum. A prince's pavilion, augustale tabernaculum.

Pavilioned, sub tentorio

A paunch, abdomen.

An ox's paunch, echinus, bovis ventriculus.

A paunch-belly or great-bellied person, lurco, ventricosus.

To paunch or take out the paunch, eviscerare.

A pause or stop, pausa, intervallum; interposita; mora.

A pause in music, intermissio cantus.

To pause or make a pause, quiescere, sermonem intermittere.

To pause upon, meditari, contemplari.

A pauser, deliberator, cessator. Pausing, meditabundus.

A pausing, intermissio.

A pausing on, contemplatio.

A paw, unguis, ungula. A little paw, unguiculus.

To paw or fawn upon, unguibus blandiri. Or handle, unguibus tractare.

A pawn or pledge, pignus.

A pawn at chess, pedes.

To pawn, pignerare, oppignere.

A pawnbroker, pignerator.

A pawning, pigneratio.

Pay, stipendium.

A soldier's pay, stipendium militare.

To have in one's pay, stipendium alere.

To receive pay, stipendium accipere.

To keep soldiers, ships, &c. in pay, permittere ut stipendia militum, navium, &c. procedant.

Pay-day, dies pecuniæ solutionis.

To pay, numerare, solvere.

Again, renumerare. All, exsolvere, persolvere. Back, rependere. One down money upon the nail, presentem pecuniam alicui numerare.

Money beforehand or by way of advance, pecuniam representare. [Beat] credere. percutere. One off or beat one soundly, fuste v. pugnâ aliquem contundere. At the day, ad diem solvere. Tell out, dinumerare, annumerare.

Money with one's own hands, a se numerare pecuniam.

Money by the hands of another

person, ab alio pecuniam numerare. *One's club, shot, or scot*, symbolum dñre. *A debt with money borrowed at interest*, versura æs alienum dissolvere. *Charges*, damna resarcire.

To borrow of one to pay another, versuram facere.

One who is not able to pay, qui solvendo non est [aptus].

Payable, solvendus, numerandus.

A payer or paymaster, qui mercedem solvit.

A good paymaster, qui cum creditoribus suis bene agit.

A bad, qui cum creditoribus male agit.

A paying or payment, numeratio, solutio.

To take a thing in full payment, pro soluto accipere.

A payment of rent, pensio.

Payment of wages, stipendium.

A pen, pisum. Vid. *Pease*.

Peace, pax, quies; otium.

Peace of mind, tranquillitas animi.

In a profound peace, provinciâ pacatissimâ.

The peace of the church will be in danger, concutietur ecclesiâ.

To make peace with one, pacem cum aliquo facere.

To be or live in peace, quiescere, pace uti.

To bind to the peace, vadari.

To make or procure peace between others, pacem inter alios conciliare.

To break the peace, pacem violare.

A breaker of the peace, pacis violator.

To patch up a peace, pacem coagmentare.

To keep the peace, pacem conservare.

To rear the peace against a person, aliquem de publicâ pace violatâ coram magistratu jure jurando accusare.

A peace-maker, pacis conciliator.

Of making peace, pacificus, pacificatorius.

A making of peace, pacificatio.

To hold one's peace, silere, tacere.

Peace! be silent! pax! au! st! tace.

To begin to hold one's peace, silere.

A peace-officer, curator publicæ pacis.

A justice of peace, irenarcha, iustitarius pacis.

A holding one's peace, silentium, tacturnitas.

Bringing peace, pacifer.

Peaceable or peaceful, placidus, tranquillus.

Peaceable times, tempora tranquilla.

A peaceable year, annus inturbidus.

Peacebleness or peacefulness, concordia, tranquillitas.

Peaceably or peacefully, concortiter, placide.

To peach, indicere. Vid. *Impeach*.

A peach, malum Persicum. *An almond-peach*, amygdalinum Persicum.

The black peach, nigrum Persicum. *The golden peach*, aureum Persicum.

The nut-peach, nux mollusca. *The red peach*, rubrum Persicum.

The white, album Persicum. *The yellow or quince*, flavum Persicum.

A peach-tree, malus Persica.

A peach-colour, color Persicus.

A peacock, pavo. *A French peacock*, Gallus pavo.

The spangles in a peacock's tail, oculi in caudâ pavonis.

Of peacocks or peacock-like, pavoninus.

To strut like a peacock, sese gloriosius ostentare.

A peahen, pavo femina.

A peak or high place, cacumen, tumulus.

To peak, languere.

A peal of bells, campanarum modulatus.

To peal, tundere, contundere.

A pear, pyrum. *The alabaster or bell-pear*, pyrum cucurbitum.

A Catharine or St James' pear, pyrum crustulinum. *The Mary or our lady's pear*, Mariæ. *A musk-pear*, hordearium. *A pound-pear*, libræ.

A quince-pear, cydonium. *A red or sand-pear*, signinum v. testaceum.

A tankard pear, ampullaceum. *A water-pear*, superbum.

A warden or winter pear, volemum.

A pearmain, melapium.

A pear-tree, pyrus. *A wild pear-tree*, achras.

A pearl, margarita.

A pearl necklace, baccatum monile.

A pearl in the eye, albugo.

A small pearl, margarita minor.

A fair, large, or oriental pearl, unio exaluminatus.

A string or bracelet of pearls, linea margaritarum.

Mother of pearl, concha Persica.

A pearl for the ear, stalagmium.

A ragged pearl, margarita aluminosa, obscura, tristis.

The pearl fish or mother of pearl, bucca conchæ.

Pearl-coloured, margaritæ colorem referens.

Pearl powder or powder of pearl, margaritæ pulvis.

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Bringing forth pearl, margaritifera.

A dealer in pearls, margaritari-us.

Decked with pearls, *pearled*, baccatus.

Pearly, gemmis abundans.

A peasant, rusticus, ruricola, paganus.

The peasantry or country people, plebes rustica.

Pease, pisum. *Small pease*, pisum minus. *Wood or heats pease*, astragalus silvaticus.

Chick-pease, cicer arietinum. *Grey pease*, pisum coloris cinerel.

Green pease, pisum viride.

Pease-bolt or pease-straw, pisi stipula.

Pease-pottage, jusculum ex cocto piso confectum.

A pease-pod or pease-shell, pisi valvulus.

Peat [fuel] fomes quidam ignis ex uliginosis agris effusus.

A pebble or pebble-stone, calculus.

Pebbled, pebbly, calculis abundans.

A peccadillo, error levis.

Peccant, peccans, vitiosus.

A peccant humour, humor noxius.

A peck, quarta pars modii.

To peck [as a bird] rostro impetere.

A wood-pecker, picus Martius.

Pectoral, pectoralis.

A pectoral or breast-plate, lorica, thorax.

A pectoral medicine, medicamentum pectorale.

Peculation or a cheating of the public, peculatus.

Peculiar, peculiaris, proprius, certus.

A peculiar or one's own substance, peculium.

A peculiar friend, amicus singularis.

Peculiarity, qualitas rei peculiaris.

Peculiarly, peculiariter, proprie, præcipue.

Pecuniary, pecuniarius.

A pedagogus, pædagogus.

Pedal [of a foot measure] pedalis.

The pedals [low keys of organs] epitonía, pl.

A pedant, grammatista.

Pedantical or pedantic, literaturæ ostentator insulsius.

Pedantically or like a pedant, insulse, inepte.

Pedantry, eruditio insulsa.

A pedestal, columnæ basis.

The pedicular or lousy disease, morbus pedicularis.

A pedigree, prosapia, stemma.

Of an illustrious or noble pedigree, illustri familiâ ortus. *Of mean pedigree*, infimo loco natus

A writer of pedigrees, genealogus.
A pediment [in architecture] ornamentum in fastigio januarum, fenestrarum, &c. collocatum.
A pedlar or ped'er, mercator circumforaneus.
Pedding, pedlery, circumforaneus.
A pedding or small account, rationcula.
Pedobaptism, paedobaptismus.
An oven-peel, infurnibulum.
The peel or paring, cortex, liber.
The peel of an onion, cepis tunica.
To peel off the bark or rind, decorticare.
The peep of day, diluculum.
To peep in, introspicere.
A peeper, speculator.
A peeping into, inspectio.
A peeping hole, conspicillum.
A peer [equal] par.
A peer of the realm, patricius.
The peers, proceres, optimates, pl.
Peerage, optumatum dignitas.
To peer or look into, inspicere, scrutari.
To peer out, apparere, exoriri.
Peerless, incomparabilis.
Peevish, morosus, asper.
To be peevish, asperis esse moribus.
Peevishly, morose, proterve.
Peevishness, morositas, protervitas.
A peg, paxillus.
To peg or fasten with a peg, paxillo figere.
A peg to fasten, impages.
A Pegasus or flying horse, Pegasus.
Pelf, lucellum.
A pelican, pelicanus.
A pellet, pilula.
A pellet to cram capons, turunda.
A pellicle or thin skin, pellicula.
Pellitory of Spain, pyrethrum Hispanicum.
Pellitory of the wall, parietaria.
Pell-mell, confertim, confuse.
Pellucid, pellucidus.
Pellucidity or pellucidity, pelluciditas.
A pelt or skin, corium, tergus.
A peltmonger, coriarius.
A peltmonger's trade, coriarii ars.
To pelt a person, aliquem lapidibus, calculis, &c. petere.
Pelting. Vid. Paltry.
A pen [to write with] calamus, stylus.
Of a pen, calamarius.
To pen or write, scribere.
To make a pen, pennam acuere.
A pen [or coop for fowls] cors, cortus.
The pen of an iron mill, septum aquae satis profundum,

quo totæ molæ ferrariæ versantur.
A sheep-pen, ovile.
To pen up, in exiguum arctumque concludere, continere.
To pen sheep, oves stabulo includere.
A pen-knife, scalpellus quo acuntur calami.
A penman, scriba.
A penner or pencase, theca calamarum.
Penal, pœnalis.
Penal laws, leges pœnales.
A penalty, pœna, multa.
The imposing of a penalty, multæ irrogatio.
Penance, pœna, supplicium, culpe expiatio.
To oblige one to do penance, pœnam reo dicere.
To do penance for a fault, culpam pœnâ lûtre.
Pence [of penny] denarii, pl.
A pencil, penicillum.
To pencil out, penicillo describere.
A pendant or streamer, lemniscus.
A pendant [flag] aplustre.
A pendant for the ear, inauris.
Pendency [of suit] comperendinatio.
Pendent, pendens.
Pending the suit, lite pendente.
Pendulous, pendulus.
A pendulum-clock, horologium pendulum.
The pendulum of a watch or clock, pensile horarii libramentum.
Penetrable, penetrabilis.
Penetrability, qualitas rei penetrabilis.
Penetrant, penetrative, penetrans.
To penetrate, penetrare, perennare. Into the thoughts of a person, mentem perspicere.
A penetrating genius, perspicax; homo acri ingenio.
The penguin [fowl] anser Magellanicus.
A peninsula, peninsula.
Penitence, penitentia.
Penitent, penitens.
To be penitent, penitere.
Penitential, ad penitentiam pertinens.
A penitentiary [the priest] placularis sacerdos. [Place] placularis sedes.
Penitently, penitenti similis.
A pennant [for hoisting things on shipboard] rudens quo merces graviores in navem tolluntur. A pennant or pennon [streamer in a ship] aplustre.
A pennon upon a horseman's staff, vexillum.
Pensile, pensilis.

A pension, pensio.
A pensioner, mercenarius.
The king's gentlemen pensioners, regis satellites honorarii.
To give a pension, honorarium alicui stipendium statuere.
Pensive [thoughtful] altâ cogitatione defixus. [Sorrowful] mœstus, tristis, æger.
Making one pensive, tristificus.
Somewhat pensive or sad, tristitulus.
To be pensive [thoughtful] altâ cogitatione defigi. [Sorrowful] mœrere, dolere.
Pensively [sorrowfully] mœsto, sollicitus.
Pensiveless, mœstitia, tristitia.
A pent-house, compluvium.
Pentagonal, quinque angulos habens.
Pentameter [having five feet] pentameter.
The pentateuch, pentateuchum.
Pentecost or Whitsuntide, pentecoste.
Penurious [niggardly] avarus. [Indigent, poor] egenus, pauper.
Penuriously [niggardly] avarus.
Penuriousness [niggardiness] avaritia, sordes, pl.
Penury [poverty] egestas, paupertas.
A penny, denarius.
An earnest-penny, arrhabo.
To turn the penny [in trade] mercibus commutandis occupari.
Pennyless, omnium rerum egenus.
A halfpenny, obolus. A penny halfpenny, triobolus.
A pennyworth, denarii valor quantum valet denarius. A good pennyworth, vili emptura.
A dear pennyworth, care emptura.
Penny-royal, pulegium. Wild penny-royal, calamintha.
Penny-wise, male tenax. Penny-wise and pound-foolish, mensuram aquam bibuli, citra mensuram vinum.
Peony [a flower] pœonia.
People, populus. The common people, vulgus.
Of the people, popularis.
Of the common people, vulgaris, plebeus.
The favour of the people, popularitas, popularis aura.
Abundance of people, populi frequentia.
The rascally sort of people, popellus.
A pleaser of the people, popularis.
Favoured by the people, popularis.
To people a country, coloniam in terram deducere.
Full of people, populo frequens v. abundans.
Pepper, piper.

The pepper plant, piper frutex.
Indian or Guinea pepper, piper ludicum, caspicum Indicum.
White pepper, piper candidum.
Water-pepper, hydropiper.
Wall-pepper, illecebra minor.
To pepper or season with pepper, pipere condire.
To pepper one off with ill language, conviciis aliquem vehementer lacescere.
A peppering, piperis conditura.
Peradventure, forsau, forte, forsitan.
To perambulate, perambulare, obire.
Perambulation, perambulatio.
Perceivable, quod percipi possit.
Not perceivable, quod sensum animi v. aciem oculorum fugit.
To perceive [understand] percipere, sentire. *Beforehand*, praesentire. *A little*, subsentire. *Or have some inkling of*, subolere. *Or see, videre, certare*.
To begin to perceive, or have some feeling of, perentiscere.
A perceiving or perception, perceptio.
Perceptible, percipiendus.
Perceptibility, qualitas rei sensilis.
Perceptibly, ita ut percipi potest.
The perceptive faculty, facultas percipiendi.
A perch, pertica.
To perch, arbori insidere.
A perch [fish] perca. *A sea-perch*, perca marina.
A perch etone, percarum lapis.
Perchance, forsau, forsitan.
Percipient, percipiens.
A perclose, finis, conclusio.
To percolate or strain through, percolare.
Percolation, percolatio.
Percussion, percussio.
Percutient, percutiens.
Perdition, perditio, pernicies.
To lie perdue, insidiari.
A perdue or advanced sentinel, hostilibus castris proximus vigil, conclamatae salutis excubitor.
Perdurable, durabilla.
Perdurably, diutine.
Peregrination or travelling abroad, peregrinatio.
Peregrine [foreign] externus, peregrinus.
A peregrine falcon, falco peregrinus.
Peremptory, disertis verbis.
Peremptoriness, oblatinatio, pertinacia.
Peremptory, peremptorius, praecius.
Peremptory in opinion, sententiae tenax, v. pertinax.
Perennial, perennia.
Perennity, perennitas.
Perfect [complete] perfectus, absolutus. [Skillful] peritus. [Entire] integer

Perfect may sometimes be rendered by putting the adjective in the superlative degree; *as*, *A perfect fool*, stultissimus.
To perfect or complete, perficere.
To be perfect in a thing, alicujus rei esse peritissimus.
To perfect a book, librum imperfectum supplere.
To perfect one in a thing, aliquem aliquâ re perfecte docere.
To perfect a work, operi fastidium v. ultimam manum imponere.
A perfection, consummatio.
Perfection, perfectio.
To bring to perfection, consummare.
In perfection, statu optimo.
To perfectionate, perfectum reddere.
Perfective, ad perfectionem pertinens.
Perfectly [accurately] perfecte, exacte.
Perfectly or thoroughly, penitus.
Perfectly [by heart] memoriter; ad unguem.
Perfectione or perfection, perfectio. *Or skill*, peritia.
Perfidious, perfidus, infidus, perfiduosus.
Perfidiously, perfidiose.
Perfidiousness or perfidy, perfidia.
To perforce, perficere.
To perforate, perforare, perterebrare.
Perforation, perforatio.
Perforce, violenter; vi et armis.
To perform [execute] perficere. [Accomplish] peragere. [Bring to pass] efficere.
Performable, quod fieri potest.
Having performed, perfunctus.
A performer, effector, m. effectrix, f.
A performing or performance, perfectio, peractio.
A performance or work, opus.
Perfume, odor, suffimentum odoremmentum.
To perfume, fumigare, suffire.
To perfume clothes, &c. vestes, &c. odoribus imbueret.
To burn perfumee, incendere odores.
Perfumatory or perfuming, fumificus, aromaticus.
A perfumer, unguentarius, factitiorum odorum opifex.
A perfuming, suffitio.
A perfuming pan, acerra, 'thuribulum.
Perfunctorily, negligerter, leviter.
Perfunctory, negligens, inconsideratus.
Perhaps, fors, forsitan.
A periapt, incantamentum.
The pericranium, pericranium.
Peril, periculum, discrimen.
To be in peril, periclitari, in periculum venire.

Without peril, citra periculum.
Periculous or perilous, periculosus.
Perilously, periculose; satia cum periculo.
Perilousness, periculosa rei qualitas.
The perinaem, perinæum.
A period, periodus. [Conclusion] finis. [Stated number of years] certus annorum numerus, annorum series. [Artificial disposition of sentences] verborum ambitus.
To period, finire.
Periodical or periodic, periodicus.
Periodically, numerose.
By periods, secundum periodos.
A peripatetic, [follower of Aristotle] peripateticus.
Peripneumony, pulmonis inflammatio.
To perish [become extinct] perire, disperire; occidere. [As fruit] putrescere.
Perishable, periturus, caducus, fragilis. [Goods] bona caduca.
Perishableness, qualitas rei caduce.
A perishing [a becoming extinct] interitus.
Periphrasis, circumlocutio.
The peristaltic motion of the guts, astrictio et relaxatioque intestinorum.
To perjure one's self, perjurare.
A perjured person, perjurus.
Perjury, perjurium.
A periwig or peruke, calendrum, coma ascita.
A periwig-maker, capillamentorum sutor.
Periwinkle [herb] clematis. [Fish] cochlea marina.
To perk up, sese erigere v. attollere.
Perking up, perk, sese erigere.
Permanence or permanency, c ratio.
Permanent, firmus, stabilis.
Permanently, diu, diutine.
Permission, permissio, concessio, copia.
Permissible, quod permitti potest.
Permissive, ad permissionem pertinens.
Permissively, bonâ veniâ.
A permit or cocket, schedula mercatoria testans vectigal esse percolutum.
To permit, permittere, concedere, sinere.
A permitting or permittance, permissio, potestas; licentia.
To permute, permutare.
Pernicious, perniciosus, exitiosus, extialis, pestifer.
Perniciously, perniciose.
Perniciousness, perniciēs, exitium.
Pernicity, celeritas velocitas.
A peroration or conclusion of a speech, peroratio.

To *perpend* [weigh or consider] perpendere.

A *perpendicular* or *plumb-line*, perpendicularum.

Perpendicular or *made by a plumb-line*, ad perpendicularum exactus.

To *let fall a perpendicular*, perpendicularum deimittere.

To *make perpendicular*, ad perpendicularum formare.

Perpendicularly, ad perpendicularum.

Perpension, consileratio.

To *perpetrate*, patrare, perpetrare.

Perpetual, perpetuus, perennis, sempiternus.

Perpetually, perpetuo, perpetim, assidue.

To *perpetuate*, perpetuare.

A *perpetuating*, in perpetuum sanctio.

Perpetuity, perpetuitas, perennitas.

To *perplex* [confound or intermix] turbare, involvere, confundere, permiscere. [Make one doubtful what to do] aliquem consilii inopem facere. [Vex] affligere, cruciare, vexare.

Perplexedly [confusedly] turbate, confuse. [Doubtfully] anxie, sollicite.

To *be greatly perplexed in mind*, intimis sensibus ang.

Perplexity or *perplexedness*, rerum angustia, difficultas. [Of mind] anxietas, animi dubitatio.

To *be reduced to great perplexities*, in summas angustias adduci.

A *perquisite* [profit arising by an office besides the salary] additamentum.

A *perquisition* or *strict inquiry* into, accurata inquisitio.

Perry, potius ex pyris confectus.

To *persecute* [trouble or torment] exagitare, vexare, affligere. [Impiune often] sollicitatio v. obsecrando alicui molestiam exhibere. On account of religion, religionis causâ aliquem insectari.

A *persecuting* or *persecution*, persecutio, vexatio. Of the Christians, populi Christiani persecutio.

A *persecutor*, vexator, exagitator, oppugnator.

Perseverance, perseverantia, permansio.

To *persevere*, perseverare. Stubbornly, perstare; persistere.

A *persevering*, perseverantia, constantia perpetua.

Perseveringly, constanter, pertinaciter.

To *persist*, persistere. Stubbornly in one's opinion, in sententiâ obstinate permanere.

A *persistence* or *persistency*, perseverantia, constantia.

A *headstrong persistence*, contumacia, pertinacia.

Persisting stiffly, *persistive*, obstinatus, mordicus tenens.

A *person*, homo, persona. The idea of person is frequently included in adjectives; as, He commanded in person, ipse imperavit. He was always a bad person, iste fuit semper malus. Every person agreeing, omni consensu.

A *certain person* speaking of men] quidam. [of women] quædam. [Of either sex] nomen.

Any person, quivis quilibet.

A *profuse* or *riot* person, nepos discinctus.

A *wicked person* agitiuus, nequam, indeci.

Personable [of a good mien or presence] speciosus, procerus, venustus.

Personable [capable of maintaining a plea in court] qui habet personam standi in iudicio.

A *great* or *illustrious personage*, heros, vir clarus.

Personal, ad personam pertinentens.

A *personal estate*, bona quæ testamento legari possunt.

Personal reflections, animadversiones in alicujus privatos mores factæ.

A *personal action*, actio condititia.

Personality, personalitas.

Personally, personaliter, in propria personâ.

To *personate*, personam alterius induere.

Perspective or *the art of perspective*, ea para optices, quæ res objectas oculis aliter quam res ipsæ sunt representat.

Perispacious, *perispicax*, sagax.

Perispicity or *perispicuousness*, perispicuitas, evidentia.

Perispicuous, perispiculus.

Perispicuously, perispicue, plane, aperte, manifeste.

Perpiration, perspiratio.

To *perspire*, perspirare.

Persuadable, persuasibilis, flexilis.

To *persuade*, persuadere.

A *persuader*, suator, auctor.

Persuasive, persuasibilis, exorabilis.

A *persuasion*, or *persuading* [solicitation] persuasio, sollicitatio.

A *persuasion* [opinion] opinio, sententia.

Persuasive or *persuatory*, suatorius, persuasorius.

Persuasively, persuasibiliter.

Persuasiveness, qualitas persuadendi.

Pert [brisk or lively] agilis, alacer [Confident, saucy] cou-

fidens, protervus, procer.

[Smart] argutus, sagax. [Talkative] garrulus, loquax.

A *pretty pert boy*, puer audaculus.

To *make pert*, audaciam addere.

To *pertain*, pertinere, spectare.

Pertinacious, pertinax, perversus.

Pertinaciously, obstinate, pertinaciter.

Pertinacity or *pertinaciousness*, pertinacia, perversitas, obstinatio.

Pertinence, or *pertinency*, convenientia, congruentia.

Pertinent, aptus, idoneus.

Pertinently, apte, convenienter, congruenter.

Pertly, acriter, audaciter.

Pertness [briskness or liveliness] alacritas. [Confidence] audacia, procacitas. [Smartness] astutia. [Talkativeness] garrulitas.

To *perturb*, or *perturbate* [disturb] perturbare.

Perturbation, perturbatio.

Pertusion, actus perturbandi.

To *peruse* or *go through*, per vadere.

Perverse, perversus, morosus.

Perversion or *depravity*, perversitas.

A *perversion of words*, verbo prava interpretatio.

Perversity or *perverseness*, perversitas, perversitas.

Perversely, perversè, procaciter.

To *pervert*, pervertè, corrumpere. One's morals, mores alicujus corrumpere. One's meaning or words, prave alicujus verba interpretari.

Pervertible, facilis.

Perverted, corruptus, depravatus.

A *perverter*, corruptor, m. corruptrix, f.

A *perverting*, corruptio, depravatio.

Pervicacious, perversus, obstinatus.

Pervicacity, perversitas, pertinacia.

Pervious [passable] pervius.

Perviousness, qualitas rel pervivendi.

To *peruse* or *read over*, perlegere.

A *perusal* or *perusing*, perlectio.

A *peruser*, qui perlegit.

The pest, pestis, pestilentia.

A *pest-house*, nosocomium peste laborantium.

To *pester*, incommodare, infestare, perturbare.

A *pesterer*, importunus, obosus.

A *pestering*, importunitas, sollicitatio, vexatio.

Pestiferous, pestifer v. pestiferus.

The pestilence, pestilentia, pestis, lues; clades.

Pestilent or *pestilential*, pestilens.

A pestilent fellow, pernicious publica.
Pestilently, pestifere, pernicioso.
A pestle, pistillum.
A pet, officio, officina.
To take pet or be in a pet, irasci, indignari.
A petard or petar, aries, tormentum ad portas perfringendas accommodatum.
To burst open with a petard, tritare; ariete effringere.
P. -vence, devarius a singula domibus olim papae soluta.
Petit, petty, parvus, levis.
Petit felony, latrocinium parvum.
A petit king, regulus.
A petit jury, duodecim homines ad inquisitionem minorem faciendam jurati.
Petit treason, laesae majestatis crimen levius.
A petition, petitio, libellus supplicis.
To present a petition, libellum supplicem offerre.
To petition, supplicare, petere.
A petitioner, supplex.
A petitioning, petitio.
Petrification, in lapidem conversio.
To petrify, in lapidem convertere.
To petrify or be petrified, lapidescere.
Petrol, bituminis genus.
A petticoat, indusium muliebri a cingulo ad pedes pertinens.
A petticoat maker, indusiorum muliebrium opifex.
A pettifogger or pettivoguer, leguleius, vitiator.
To act the part of a pettifogger, causas acitare.
Pettifogging, caninum studium.
Pettiness, parvitas.
Pettish, iracundus, morosus, stomachosus.
Pettishness, iracundia, morositas.
To keep or reserve a thing in petto, consilium de re aliqua celare.
Pettitoes, porcelli pedes.
Petty or petit, parvus, exiguus.
Petty tally, in nave bona cibarii copia.
Petulancy, petulantia, procacitas.
Petulant, petulans, procax, protervus.
Petulantly, petulaster, procaciter, proterve.
A petrel, fusi extremitas.
A pet, subsellum circumseputum.
A petrel, or lapwing, vanellus.
Note, Upupa, which has been generally taken to be the *petrel*,

is now, says Mr. Ray, by all acknowledged to be the hoop.
Peewer, stannum.
Of peewer, stanneus.
A peewerer, vasorum stanneorum faber.
The phansy or phantasy, vis imaginatrix. Vid. Fancy.
A phantasm, phantom or apparition, spectrum, phantasma, simulacrum.
Phantastical or phantastic, inconstans, levis.
A pharo or light-house, pharus v. pharos.
Pharisaical, Pharisaicus.
Pharmacy [the art of preparing medicines] ars medicamentaria.
The phases or enlightened appearances of the moon, lunae phases.
A pheasant, avis Phasianus.
A phenix, phoenix.
A phenomenon or appearance, phenomenon.
A phial [small glass-bottle] phiala.
Philanthropy, humanitas, clementia.
A philologer, philologus.
Philological, philologus, criticus.
Philology, philologia.
A philomel or nightingale, philomeia.
A philosopher, philosophus.
The philosopher's stone, ars mutandi quodlibet metallum in aurum.
Philosophical, philosophicus.
Philosophically, more v. ritu philosophico; sapienter.
To philosophise, philosophari.
Philosophy, philosophia. *Moral*, philosophia moralis; ethica, prae. *Natural*, philosophia naturalis, physica. *Speculative*, contemplativa.
Philtres or love potions, philtrea, amatoria.
Phiz. Vid. Physiognomy.
A phlebotomist, qui venam secat sanguinis detrahendi causa.
To phlebotomise, venam pertundere.
Phlebotomy [blood-letting] venae sectio.
Phlegm, pituita. *A dot of phlegm*, pituitae globulus.
Phlegm of the eye, grania.
To spit out phlegm, expuere.
Phlegmatic, phlegmy, pituitosus, pituita abundans.
A phlegm, for letting horses' blood, instrumentum ferreum ad sanguinem equis detrahendum.
A phrase, locutio, forma loquendi.
To phrase, vocare, nominare.
A phraseology or phrase-book, liber formas loquendi docens.

Phraseology, [diction or style] loquendi ratio.
Phrenetical or phrenetic, amens, phreneticus.
A phrensy, amentia, insania; phreueris.
The phthisic, phthisis.
Phthisical, phthisi laborans.
Phylactery, phylacterium.
Physic or the science of physic, medicina, medendi scientia, ars medicinalis.
Physic or medicine, medicamen, medicamentum. Or *natural philosophy*, physica.
A dose of physic, potio medica.
To practise physic, medicinam exercere.
To take physic, medicamentum sumere.
Physic-drink, potio, medica potio.
To physic or administer physic, medicamentum egro prescribere.
Physical or belonging to physic or medicine, medicus, medicinalis.
A physical cause or reason, ratio physica.
Physically or according to natural philosophy, physice.
A physician, medicus.
A chief physician, medicus primarius.
A physiognomer or physiognomist, physiognomon.
Physiognomy [the art] physiognomia.
The physiognomy [features] oris lineamenta.
Physiology, physiologia.
Piacular, piacularis.
A piazza, porticus, ambulacrum.
A pick or pick-axe, bipennis, ligo.
To pick [choose] deligere, eligere. *A bone*, os cultro rimari. *Cleanse*, mundare, purgare. *Gather*, colligere, decerpere. *A lock*, seram clavi adulterina aperire. *One's teeth* dentes scalprio purgare. *Find out the sense of an author*, sensum auctoris eruere, clicere. *Out the mark* [of linen, &c.] signa commutare. *Steal*, surripere. *Trim*, ornare, adornare, exornare. *Up a mistress*, meretricem ambire. *Up straggles*, palantes excipere. *Up strength*, convalescere. *Out*, decerpere, deligere.
A picklock [the instrument] instrumentum quo sera furtim aperitur. [The person] qui seram furti causa aperit.
A pick-pocket or pick-purse, fur clancularius.
A pick-thank, parasitus, sycophanta.
To play the pick-thank, parasitari.

A pickaroon or *pirate*, *pirata*, *prædo maritimus*. Or *pirate ship*, *navis piratica*.
Picked or *sharp pointed*, *acuminatus*.
To pick or *skirmish*, *velitari*.
A pick or *skirmisher*, *velites*; *concursor*.
A pickering, *velitatio*.
An ear picker, *auriscalpium*.
A tooth-picker, *denticulapium*.
A picket or *small pike* [fish] *lucius parvus*.
Picket [a: cards] *quoddam ludendi genus chartis pictis*.
A picking out, *delectua*, *selectio*.
A picking up, *collectio*.
Pickle or *brine*, *muria*; *alex*, *salsugo*.
To be in a sad pickle or *condition*, *ad incitas redigi*.
To pickle up, *salire*.
Pickle [made of fish] *garum*.
A pickle or *small piece* of *ground*, *agellus*.
A pickle-herring. Vid. *Merry-Andrew*.
Pickled meats, *salgama*. *pl*.
A pickled rogue, *veterator*, *acellus*.
A pickling, *conditura salsa*.
A picture, *pictura*, *effigies*.
To picture or *draw a picture*, *pingere*, *depingere*; *adumbrare*, *delineare*.
To sit for one's picture, *se coram pictore sistere*.
A picture-drawer, *imaginum pictor*.
To piddle or *peddle* [trifle] *nugari*, *ineptire*. [In eating] *ligurire*. [*Do a thing slightly*] *levi brachio aliquid agere*.
A piddler or *trifling fellow*, *nugator*.
A piddling business, *nugæ*, *pl. tricæ*.
A pie, *artocreas*. *An apple-pie*, *poma crusta farrea incocta*.
An eel-pie, *anguillæ crusta incocta*.
A mince or *minced pie*, *artocreas ex intritis carne confectum*. *A mutton* or *veal-pie*, *caro ovina* v. *vitulina crusta in cocta*.
A pie-house, *pistoria dulcarii officina*.
Pie among *printers*, *literæ sine justo ordine collocatæ*.
A pie [bird] *pica*.
Pie-bailed, *maculatus*.
A piece or *portion*, *pars*, *portio*. [Part or duty] *officium*, *munus*. But note the Latin is frequently understood; as, *It is a piece of the highest wisdom*, *summæ est prudentiæ*.
A piece or *patch*, *panni portunculæ coacta*.
A piece or *whole piece* of *cloth*, *panni certa quantitas*.
All of a piece [of one colour] *unicolor*.

A piece or *instrument*, *instrumentum*.
A battering-piece or *field-piece*, *tormentum bellicum*. *A chimney piece*, *opus fronti camini inaculptum* v. *appensum*. *A fowling piece*, *tormentum aucupatorium*.
Note. The word *piece* may frequently be rendered by the diminutive of the word proposed to be made into Latin; as, *A piece of ground*, *agellus*. *Of money*, *nummus*. *Of poetry*, *poemation*.
Sometimes the word *piece*, like *bit*, is used to express contempt; as, *A piece of a man*, *homunculus*. *Of a grammarian*, *grammatista*. *Of a lawyer*, *leguleius*.
Sometimes the word *piece* seems to be redundant in English, and needs not to be taken notice of in making Latin; as, *A piece of ground*, *ager*. *Of money*, *nummus*. *Of wood*, *lignum*. *Of work*, *opus*.
A bungling piece of *work*, *opus infatire*.
A piece of *antiquity*, *monumentum antiquitatis*.
A piece [twenty shillings] *mina*.
Ten pieces, *decem minæ*.
A broken piece, *fragmentum*, *fragmen*.
To tear to *pieces*, *lacerare*, *laniare*, *dilaniare*.
To take a piece, *dijungere*, *sejungere*.
All to *pieces*, *omniuo dilaceratus*.
To call one all to *pieces* or *all* to *naught*, *aliquem maledictis vehementer proscindere*.
To fall or *crumble* to *pieces*, *fricare*.
To fall to *pieces* or *be demolished*, *demoliri*, *dirui*, *deturbari*.
To fall to *pieces* or *fall* out, *humilitas cum aliquo succipere*.
To fall to *pieces* or *be in labour*, *parturire*.
Pieceless, *integer*, *totus*.
Piece-meal, *frustatim*, *particulatim*.
A piece or *by the piece*, *singuli*; as, *I bought them for ten pounds a piece*, *pro singulis decem minas dedi*.
To piece or *mend*, *restaurare*; *reficere*, *sarcire*, *resarcire*.
To piece or *patch up a matter*, *rem aliquam conficere*.
Pied, *versicolor*, *variatus*, *maculosus*.
A pied horse, *equus maculosus*.
Cow, *vacca rufa maculis albis distincta*.
Pied-coat [a dog's name] *stictæ*.
Piedness, *varietas*.
Piepowder-court, *curia pedis pulverizati*.
Pialed, *calvus*; *rapillus*.

A pier [of a bridge] *pila*. [*A mole* or *dam*] *moles*, *agger*.
To pierce, *terebrare*. *Through*, *transagigere*; *perterebrare*.
With a weapon, *telo trajicere*.
A cask [i. e. set it abroad] *dolium relinere*.
Which may be pierced, *penetrabilis*, *penetrandus*.
A piercer, *qui penetrat*.
A piercer [instrument] *terebrat*. *It pierces me to the heart* or *grieves me heartily*, *id me magnopere cruciat*.
The cold pierces me, *frigus me urit*.
A piercing, *penetratio*. *With an auger*, *wimble*, &c. *terebratio*.
Piercingly [sharply] *acriter*, *acerbe*.
Piety, *pietas*.
A pig, *porculus*, *porcellus*.
A young pig taken from the *teat*, *porcus a lacte depulsus*. *A barrow pig*, *verres*. *A sow pig*, *scrofula*. *A sucking pig*, *porcus lacteus*.
To pig, *porcellos parere*.
To cry or *sneak* like a *pig*, *grunire*.
A pig-market, *forum suarium*.
A pig-sty, *suile*.
A pig-tough, *aqualiculus porcinus*.
A pigeon, *columba*. *A cock pigeon*, *columbus*. *A young pigeon*, *pullus columbinus*, *columbulus*. *A wild pigeon*, *columba agrestis*. *A wood-pigeon*, *palumbus*. *A rough-footed pigeon*, *columba plumipes*. *A Jacobine*, *cucullata*. *A rock*, *saxatilis*.
Of a pigeon, *columbinus*, *columbaris*.
A pigeon-hole or *locker* for *pigeons*, *loculamentum*.
A pigeon-house, *columbarium*.
A pigeon-house-keeper, *columbarius*.
A pigeon-pie, *columbæ crusta incocta*.
A flight of *pigeons*, *columbarum grex*.
To bill like *pigeons*, *oscula columbarum more consere*.
Pigeon-livered, *lenis*, *mitis*.
A piffin, *hemina viminibus cincta*.
A pightel [a small close] *agellus circumæptus*.
My dear pigeney, *mi coramum*.
A pike, *lancea*. *A little pike*, *hastula*.
A pike-staff, *baculus cuspidatus*.
A pike-man, *hastatus*.
A pike [fish] *lucius*. *A sea-pike* [fish] *lupus piscis*.
A pilaster [small pillar] *colonnella*.
A pitch for a *saddle*, *ephippiæ lastratum*.

A pitchard or plicher, halecula.
A pile [heap] cumulus, acervus.
 [Post or stake] sublica.
A commander or instrument with which piles are driven, fistuca.
A driving of piles, fistucatio.
To pile or fasten with piles, sublicia desistis sustentare.
A pile of building, ædificium.
Of wood, lignorum atrives.
To pile up, acervare, accumulare; congerere.
Piled up together, acervalis, congestus.
A piler up, accumulator.
The piles [a disease] hæmorrhoids.
A piling up, concervatio, accumulatio.
To piffer, surripere, compilare.
A pilferer, qui suffuratur.
Pilfering, furax, rapax.
A pilfering, latrocinium, rapacitas.
Pilferingly, furaciter.
A pilgrim, peregrinator religionis causâ.
A pilgrimage, peregrinatio religionis causâ.
To go on pilgrimage, peregrinari religionis ergo.
A pill [in medicine] pilula.
Pills, pharmaca in globulos conformata.
To take pills, pilulas medicatas deglutire.
To pill hemp, linum stringere.
Pillage or plunder, spoliū, præda.
Pillage [the act of pillaging] direptio, populatio.
To pillage, compilare, spoliare, vastare; populari.
A pillager, spoliator, director, populator, prædo.
A pillaging, spoliatio, directio; rapina.
A pillar, columna. Round, rotunda. Square, quadrata. Writhed or twisted, cymatio ornata.
The body or shaft of a pillar, columnæ scapus. *The pedestal or foot*, stylobata.
Pillars or buttresses, anterides.
Pilled, peeled, or barked, decoratatus.
Pilled garlic [one whose hair is fallen off by disease] cui pili omnes morbo defluerunt. [A sneaking or hen-hearted fellow] ignavus, unidus, meticulosus, pavidus.
A pilling or peeling off the rind or bark, decorticatio.
The piling or peeling [rind] cortex.
A pillion, sella equestris feminea.
The pillory, columbar, numella, nervus.
To pillory or set on the pillory, columbari aliquem devincire.
A pillow, pulvinus, pulviner.

A pillowbear or pillowcase, pulvini integumentum.
A pilot, navis gubernator.
Note, *Nauclerus*, seems to be of too general a signification to express our idea of the word *pilot*, as chiefly denoting the master or owner of a ship.
Pilotage [the duty of a pilot] rectoris navigii munus.
Pilotage [a pilot's hire or wages] rectoris navigii merces.
A pilser, musca luminibus advolitans.
A pimp, leno.
To pimp, lenocinari.
Pimpernel, anagallis, pimperlina.
Pimping [pitiful, sorry] contemnendus, spernendus. [Small] parvus, exiguus.
A pimple, pustula, tuberculum.
A red pimple, lentigo.
Pimpled or full of pimples, pustulatus.
A pin, acicula, spinula. *Minikin*, minor.
An iron pin, clavus ferreus. *A curling or crising pin*, calamistrum, acus crinalis. *A lynch-pin*, embolium. *A rolling-pin*, cylindrus pistorius. *A wooden pin or peg*, paxillus.
A pin or web in the eye, cataracta.
The pin of a musical instrument, verticillum.
To be in a merry pin, hilarascere.
Not to care a pin for, flocci, nauci v. nihili facere.
A pin-case or pin-cushion, spinularium.
Pin-dust, scobs.
A pin-maker, pinner, acicularius.
A pinfold, septum.
To pin or fasten with a pin, spinula figere.
To fasten with a pin of wood, paxillo configere.
To pin one down by articles, chirographi cautione aliquem obligare.
To pin up the basket or come to a conclusion, concludere; finire.
A pair of pincers, forceps.
A surgeon's pincers, chirurgi volsella.
A pinch with the fingers, vellicatio. *With the teeth*, morsus.
A pinch [strait or necessity] necessitas.
To pinch or give one a pinch, vellicare, extremis digitis premere. [As cold] urere.
Grieve, contristate, solicitare, molestare. *In biting, mordere*. *His own belly, genium defraudare*. *Hurt, ledere*. *Off, forcipie vellicare*.
A pinching [fretting] adustio.

A pinch-penny or pinch-fist parvus.
A pine-tree, pinus.
A wild pine-tree, pinaster.
A pine-apple, nux pinea.
Of a pine, pineus.
A chaplet of pine-branches, coronâ pinea.
A place planted with pines pinetum.
To pine or grieve, dolere, morere. *Languish away*, languescere, tabescere. *To death*, dolore mori.
Pinfeathered, nondum pennatus.
A pingle or small clog, ager consuetus.
A pining away, languor, marcor; tabes.
A pinion or wing, ala.
Pinions or manacles for the hands, manivæ. *Or fetters for the feet*, compedes.
To pinion one, manicas alicuius brachia v. crura vincire.
A pink [flower] caryophyllum. [Small ship] navicula.
Pink-eyed, patus.
To pink or make a hole through, perforare.
To pink with the eye, nictare, connivere.
A pinking, lereptus.
Pin-money, pecunia propria uxoris rationi reddendæ non obnoxia.
A pinnace or small ship, phaselus.
A pinnacle, planus, pl.
The pinnacle or height of honour, honorum summus gradus.
A pinner [headcloth for women] capital muliebre.
A pint, sextarius, octava pars congi.
Half a pint, triental.
A pioneer, cunicularius, foveor castrensis.
Pious, pius, religiosus.
Piously, pie, religiose.
The pip [in birds] pituita.
To have the pip, pituitâ laborare.
A pip [in carls] macula.
To pip [as a bird] pipire.
A pipe or flute, fistula, tibia.
A bag-pipe, tibia utricularis.
A conduit-pipe, canalis.
A clyster-pipe, siphon quo clyster adhibetur.
A tobacco-pipe, tubus quo fumus tabaci exhauritur.
An oaten pipe, fistula avenacea.
The wind pipe, gula.
A pipe of wine, vini cadus.
To pipe, fistulâ canere; cabmos inflare.
Pipe [law term] rotula convoluta in scaccario.
The pipe-office, rotularum convolutarum in scaccario repositorium.
A piper, tibicen, fistulator.
A piper on a reed, qui cantâ cicutâ.

A bagpiper ascau.es, utricularius.
A piping or playing on a pipe, cantio fistularis.
A pipkin, ollula, cacabus, chytia.
A pippin, malum petisium.
Piquant, pungens, aculeatus, acer.
Piquantly, acriter.
A pique, simultas, odium.
To pique a person, offendere.
To have a pique against one, alicui irasci.
Piracy, piratica, prædatio.
A pirate, prædo maritimus; pirata.
A land pirate, viarum grassator v. obsessor.
Piratical or belonging to a pirate, piraticus, prædatorius.
To turnpirate, piraticam facere.
Piscary, piscandi privilegium.
Piscation, actus piscandi.
Piscatory, piscatorius.
Piscivorous, pisces vorans.
Pish! phy! vah!
To pish at, contemnere.
A piemire or ant, formica.
A piemire-hill or ant-hill, tumulus formicinus.
Full of piemires, formicosus.
Of a piemire, formicinus.
Piss, urina.
To piss, melleire, mingere.
To piss in or upon, immedire, permingere.
To desire to piss, micturire.
A piss-pot, matula, matella.
A pissing, mictura.
A pissing-place, oiletum.
A pistol, scloppus minor.
A pair of pistols, sclopporum minorum par.
A pistole [coin] nummus Gallicus valens fere septemdecim solidos Britannicos.
A pit [leave] fossa, puteus.
A pitfall, fovea.
The pit of the stomach, stomachi ventriculus.
A little pit, puteolus.
The pit in a theatre, orchestra.
Pit-coal, carbo fossilis.
The arm-pit, ala, axilla.
A bottomless pit, abyssus.
A clay-pit, argilletum. *A gravel-pit*, sabuletum. *A marble-pit*, fodina unde marga effoditur. *A sand-pit*, fodina arenaria.
Of a pit, putealis.
A pit [made by the fingers in tropical cases] vestigium digiti.
To go pit-a-pat or pit-to-pat, celeriter palpitare.
Pitch [inspissated resin] pix.
Black as pitch, pice nigrior.
Stone pitch, pix arida.
To pitch or smear over with pitch, picare, impicare.
Pitch and brimstone mixed, pissaphaltus.

A place where pitch is made, picaria.
A pitch-tree, picea.
Pitch-wax, pissoceros.
Pitch [bigness or stature] magnitudo, statura. [Measure] modus.
The pitch of a hill, clivus, jugum.
Having a great pitch, clivosus.
To pitch [throw] jacere. *The bar*, sudem projicere. *Put down*, dejicere. *Or fix*, figere. *Tents*, castra locare.
A cart or pitch sheaves into a cart, mergites plaustro imponere. *Upon one's head or pitch down headlong*, in caput præceps ruerè. *Upon or make choice of*, eligere, deligere. [Alight] sidere, descendere.
Pitched [paved] pavitus, pavimentatus, lapidibus stratus v. constratus.
A pitched camp, stativa castra.
A pitched battle, prælium instructæ acie dimicatum.
A pitcher [of wine, &c.] lagena, amphora.
A little pitcher, urceolus.
A pitcher [water pot] urceus, hydria.
A pitch-fork, furca dentibus ferreis præpilata.
Pitchy or belonging to pitch, piceus.
Of the colour of pitch, piceus.
Piteous [full of pity] misericors. [Miserable] miser, miserabilis.
Piteously, miserabiliter.
Piteousness [meanness] paupertas.
Pith, medulla.
The pith of plants or trees, albuminum.
Pithily, nervose.
Pithless [without moisture] aridus, siccus.
Pithy [full of marrow or juice] medulla abundans.
Pithy [having strength of argument] nervosus.
Pithiness, nervositas, robur.
Pitiable, miseratione dignus.
Pitiful [miserable] miserabilis. [Compassionate] misericors; clemens. [Lamentable] luctuosus.
A pitiful fellow, homo tressis.
Pitifully [wretchedly] misere, miserabiliter.
Pitifulness [mercy] misericordia. [Meanness] exiguitas.
Pitiless, immisericors; immitis, ferreus.
Pitilessly, immisericonditer, crudeliter, duriter, æviter.
A pittance, modicum, demensum.
A small pittance or short commons, prandiculus.
Pitted with the small pox, variolarum vestigiis notatus.

Pituitous, pituitosus.
Pity, miseratio, misericordia.
To pity, misereri, miserescere.
To move one to pity, ad misericordiam adducere.
To show pity, misericordiam adhibere.
A piz or box, pyxis.
The pizzle of a beast, pectoris nervus.
A bull's pizzle, nervus taurinus.
Placable, placabilis, exorabilis.
Placableness, placabilitas, clementia.
A placard [edict] edictum, decretum. [Orders fixed up in public places] libellus publice affixus; programma.
A place [particular spot or ground] locus.
A strong or fortified place, castellum, oppidum munitum.
A place or office, magistratus, munus.
To enter upon or make one's entrance into a place, munus inire.
To go out of or leave one's place, magistratu v. munere abire.
To acquit or discharge one's self well in a place, recte munus administrare.
To nominate or put one into a place, aliquem muneri nominare.
To discharge or put one out of one's place, munere aliquem exuere.
To sue or make interest for a place, munus ambire.
A place or passage [in a book] locus.
A little place, loculus.
A mansion place, sedes.
A place for beholding, spectaculum.
A place of execution, carnificinæ locus.
A place of quality, dignitas, ordo.
A common-place book, adversaria, pl.
According to one's place, secundum ordinem.
In place of, vice, pro.
In another place, alibi. *In any place*, ubicubi. *If in any place*, sicubi. *In some place*, ubicubi. *In every place or in all places*, ubique. *In that place*, illic. *In the same place*, ibidem. *In this place*, hic. *In no place*, nusquam. *In what or which place*, ubi. *In what place soever*, ubicunque, ubivis.
By some place, aliquâ. *By this place*, hæc. *By that place*, illâc. *By what place*, quâ.
From this place, hinc. *From that place*, illinc. *From some place*, aliquunde. *From what place?* unde? *From what place soever*, undecunque.
To some place, aliquod. *To an*.

other place, *aut To the same place, eodem. To this place, huc. To that place, illuc. To what place? quid? Towards what place? quorsum? Towards this place, horsum. Towards some other place, aliorum.*
From place to place, huc illuc, ultra citroque.
To place or put in its place, locare, collocare. To put out of its place, aliquid loco movere. To place again, in loco reponere.
To take the place of another, alicujus locum occupare. To take place of, præcedere. To take a place in a coach, sedem in curru pactâ mercede conducere.
To give place to another, alicui cedere.
To make a crowd to give place, turbem submovere.
To place or put into a certain place, collocare.
To put into another's place, aliquid in alicujus locum sufficere.
To act in the place of another, alienâ vice fungi.
To place before, præponere. Behind, posthabere. Fitty, aptare. Out, elocare. Between, interponere. Against, antepone.
A giving place, cesso.
To supply the place of, peragere vices.
A placing, locatio.
A placing between, interpositio.
Placid, placidus.
Placidly, placide.
A placit, placitum.
A placet, sinus muliebris.
A plagiaty, plagiarivus.
The plague [pestilence] pestis, pestilentia. [Sore calamity] lues, calamitas.
A plague-sore, carbunculus.
To plague, cruciare, vexare.
To plague or vex one's self, se afficere.
Plaguy or full of the plague, pestilens, pestifer.
Plaguitly, moleste.
A plance [fish] passer maculosus.
Plain [even or smooth] planus, æquus. [Manifest] manifestus, evidens. [Honest, open] sincerus, simplex.
A plain or plain country, planities.
A plain or open declaration, enarratio aperta.
To make plain, planare.
Plain [without ornament] inornatus.
He goes plain, inornatus foras prodit.
Plain truth verba non dissimulata.

To make plain [manifest] enarrare, explauare. Level, complanare.
To be plain or manifest, patere. It is plain, constat, liquet, patet.
A plain [tool]. Vid. Plane.
A plain or plain surface, plana superficies.
To plain [bemoan] plangere.
Plaining [bemoaning] flebilis, querulus.
A plaining, dedolatio.
Plainly or manifestly, manifeste, evidenter, luculenter, plane. [Simply] simpliciter, aperte. [Openly] palam, aperte.
Plainness [clearness] perspicuitas. [Simpleness] simplicitas. [Smoothness] levitas.
A plaint, querela, questus.
Plaintful or plaintive, queribundus.
A plaintiff, accusator.
A plait, plica, ruga.
To plait, plicare, com ficare. Which may be plaited, plicabilis.
A plaiter, qui plicat.
A plaiting, plicatura.
Full of plaits, rugosus.
A plain model or draught, exemplar, modulus.
To plan, delineare.
A plancher, tabulatum.
A plane-tree, platanus.
Of a plane-tree, plataninus.
A joiner's plane, runcina.
To plane, lævigare, polire.
A planet, stella errans.
Planetary, planetical, or belonging to the planets or stars, sideralis.
Planet-struck, sideratus, sideres latus; attonitus, stupefactus.
A planisphere, planisphærium.
A plank, tabula.
A little plank, lamina lignea.
A floor of planks, soluta tabulatum.
A planking, coassatio, contabulatio.
A plant, planta.
A quick-set plant, viviradix.
A young plant, virgultum.
The sensitive plant, herba viva.
A place to plant in or a nursery of plants, plantarium.
To plant, plantare, serere. Again, reserere. A cannon, tormentum recte collocare. An orchard, agrum arboribus fructiferis conserere. A vineyard, vineam conserere.
The plant of the foot, planta pedis.
To raise plants, plantas serere.
Plantain, plantage, plantago.
Water-plantain, plantago aquatica.
Plantal, ad plantas pertinens.
A plantation or colony, colonia.
A plantation of trees, plantarium.
Planted with liver plants, consemineus, co-seminalia.
Which may be planted, sativus.

Newly planted, neophytus.
A planter, sator, arborator.
A planting or plantation, plantatio, consitio.
A planting of vines, vitium propagatio.
A planting-stick, pastinum.
A plash, lacus, lacuna.
To plash with water, &c. aspergere.
To plash trees, amputare; tondere.
A plashing, aspersio, aspergo.
Plashy, lacunis plenus, stagnis frequens.
A plaster, emplastrum.
A plaster to pull off hair, dropax.
A mollifying plaster, malagma.
To plaster, emplastrum illigare.
A plaster-box, theca unguentaria.
To spread a plaster, emplastrum illinere.
Plaster [for a wall] gypsum tectorium, cæmentum.
To plaster [a wall] crustare, gypsaure.
A plasterer, cæmentarius.
Plastic, ad formationem pertinens.
A plat of ground, agellus. Vid. Plot.
A grass-plot, viridarium.
A platform [model] exemplar, modulus. [Fortification] agger, agger congestus.
To plat, plectere, intexere.
A plate of metal, lamina, lamella.
A little plate, lamella, bractea.
Plate [gold or silver vessels] aurea v. argentea vasa.
Plate unwrought, argentum v. aurum rude.
Of or belonging to plate [gold or silver] aureus, argenteus.
A plate [small dish] orbis, scutella.
To plate or cover with a plate of iron, brass, tin, &c. laminare, ferreâ, ærâ, stannâ, &c. ut ducere.
The plate fleet, classis argentea.
Plate-lace, lacinia argentea et aurea.
The plate [of a printing-press] torcularis tabula.
Platonic love, amor a carne abstractus.
A Platonist, Platonius.
A platoon, manipulus, armatorum globus.
To fire in platoons, manipulatim scopopeta displicere.
A platter, catinus, discus.
An earthen platter, catinus fictilis.
A little platter, catellus, patella.
A deep platter, laux, gahata.
A platter-face, plana et lata facies.
A platter-maker, catinorum faber.

Stewed between two platters, patinarius.

A platting, implicatio.

Plausible, *plausive*, *plausibilis*, speciosus.

Plausibility or *plausibleness*, qualitas rei plausibilis.

Plausibly, modo plausibili.

A play, ludus, lusus.

A public play or *show*, spectaculum.

A stage-play, comœdia, fabula.

A play-book, fabulæ.

A play-house, theatrum.

A writer of plays, a *playwright*, fabularum scriptor.

Of or belonging to play, lusorius.

A play-fellow, collusor.

Playthings for children, crepundia, pl.

Full of play, *playful*, ludibundus.

Fair play, ludus ingenuus.

Foul play, ludus fraudulentus.

Play days for children, ferie pueriles.

To play, ludere. *Away* [at bowls] globum mittere. *Away one's money*, lusu pecuniam perdere. *Before*, præludere. *At ball*, pilis ludere.

At bowls, globis missilibus v. sphaeris ludere. *The child*, pueraescere. *The boy*, adolescenturæ. *At bo-peep*, faciem velare et mox revelare.

The drunkard, debacchari. *Or work an engine*, machinam exercere. *At even and odd*, par impar ludere. *Fast and loose*, prævaricari. [As cannon on the enemy] dispendendo emitti.

Upon a town with cannon, in urbem tormentis fulminare.

At fencing, digladiari. *A sure game*, caute agere. *Double*, prævaricari. *Often*, lusitare.

The part of, officium præstare. [As the pendulum of a clock] vibrare. *The philosopher*, philosophari. *Sweetly*, modulari.

Together, colludere. *Upon one*, alicui illudere. *Upon an instrument*, canere.

Leave to play, ludendi licentia.

Plays, mimi, pl. ludi scenici.

Played [as an instrument] pulsus.

A player, lusor.

A stage-player, histrio.

A sword-player, gladiator, lanista.

A puppet-player, gesticulator.

Of or belonging to a stage-player, histicus, histicionalis.

Of or belonging to playing, lusorius.

A playing-place, lusorium.

Playthings, ludibundus.

A plea in law, causæ defensio.

A plea or *excuse*, excusatio, color.

The common pleas, placita communia.

Pleached [interwoven] intextus, intertextus.

To plead, causas agere. *A cause for a person*, aliquem defendere. *Against one*, contra aliquem causam dicere.

Guilty or not guilty, se crimen allatum perpetrâsse fateri v. negare. *An argument*, aliquid argumentis allatis defendere. *Ignorance*, ignorantie se excusatione defendere.

By covin, prævaricari. *Sickness for an appearance*, morbum excusare.

Pleadable, quod allegari potest.

A pleader, causidicus, advocatus.

A smart pleader, satis vehemens orator.

A pleading, actio, litigatio.

A pleading by covin, prævaricatio.

A pleading-place, forum. *Of such a place*, forensis.

Pleasant, *pleasantful* [agreeable] amœnus, jucundus. *In discourse*, facie.us, lepulus.

Sweet, suavis, dulcis. *Merry*, festivus, hilaris, iocundus.

A pleasant or fair colour, blandus [lunæ] color.

A pleasant fellow, lepidum caput, homo facetus.

To grow pleasant, hilarescere.

To make pleasant, exhilarare.

Pleasant things, facetiæ, pl.

Pleasant ments, delitiæ, pl.

Somewhat pleasant, lepidulus.

Pleasantly, *pleasingly* [agreeably] amœne, jucunde, suaviter. [In speech] festive, lepide.

Speaking pleasantly, suaviloquus.

To live a pleasant life, vitam rousicæ agere.

Pleasantness, *pleasingness* [agreeableness] amœnitas, jucunditas, letitia.

Pleasantness in speech or *pleasantry*, facundia, lepor.

Pleasantness of manners, humanitas, comitas.

Pleasantry, jocosâ dicacitas; hilaritas.

To please [like] placere. *Delight one*, oblectare. *Greatly*, perplacere, pergratum facere. *One's self*, genio indulgere. *Humour one*, morem alicui gerere. *By sacrifice*, placare, propitiare.

Easy to be pleased, placabilis.

Hard to be pleased, difficilis, asper, morosus.

Not to be pleased, implacabilis, inexorabilis.

Very well pleased, perhibens.

It pleases, placet, libet, iubet.

It pleases not, displicet.

Pleasing, gratus, jucundus, amœnus. *Well pleasing*, pergratus.

A pleasing, gratificatio.

Pleasurable, gratus, jucundus.

Pleasure or *delight*, voluptas, jucunditas, gaudium. [Will] arbitrium.

A pleasure [service or good turn] gratia, beneficium.

A man of pleasure or *one much given to pleasure*, homo voluptarius v. voluptatibus deditus.

To pleasure or *do one a pleasure*, alicui gratificari v. gratum facere. *Humour one*, obsequi, morigerari. *One with a thing*, alicui commodare.

To take pleasure in a thing, re alicui delectari.

To take one's pleasure, genio suo indulgere.

Doing a pleasure, commodus beneficium.

Plebeian, plebeius.

A pledge [pawn] pignus. [Proof] argumentum. [Surety] præs.

To pledge or *lay to pledge*, pignere. [In drinking] propinquant vices reddere.

A pledget, peniculus, panniculus.

A pledging, pigneratio.

The Pleiades [a constellation] Pleiades, pl.

Plenary, piensus.

Plenarily, plene.

A plenary, controversia determinata.

Plenipotent, plenâ potestate instructus.

A plenipotentiary, legatus plenâ potestate instructus.

Plenitude, plenitudo.

Plenteous, affluens, copiosus.

To be plenteous, abundare, affluere.

To make plenteous or *fruitful*, fecundare.

Plenteously, copiose.

Plenteousness, copia, abundantia.

Plentiful, affluens, copiosus.

Plentifully, abundanter, copiose.

Plentifulness or *plenty*, abundantia, affluentia.

Plenty of corn, magnus frumenti numerus. *Of honey*, mellis vis maxima. *Of words*, orationis flumen. *Of gold and silver*, magna vis auri et argenti. *Of fine furniture*, multa et magnifica suppellex. *Of leaves*, foliorum luxuria.

To live in great plenty, in omnium rerum abundantia vivere.

In very great plenty, in summa copia.

To have plenty of a thing, summam rei facultatem habere.

A pleonasm [figure in rhetoric, when more words are used than are necessary] pleonasmus.

Plethoric [abounding with humours] corpus plenum.

A pletnory or plethora, humorum abundantia.
Plesin or replevin, sponso, vadimonium.
A pleurisy, pleuritis.
Pleuritic or troubled with the pleurisy, pleuriticus.
Pliable or pliant, flexilis, lentus, cereus. *Somewhat pliant*, lentulus.
Apliable temper, ingenium facile.
Pliability of temper, placabilitas; facilitas.
To be pliant, obsequi. *To grow pliant*, lentescere. *To make pliant*, emollire.
Plantiness, pliability, or pliancy, lentitudo.
A plicature, plicatura.
A plight or condition, conditio, status.
Plight of body, habitudo, habitus.
A bad plight, mala corporis habitudo.
A good plight, bonus corporis v. animi status.
In good plight, bene curatus.
To plight one's troth, spondere.
A plinth [square bottom of a pillar] plinthus.
To plod, sedulo rei operam navare.
A plodder or plodding fellow, sedulus, diligens.
To be plodding at one's study, scriba diligenter incumbere.
A plot or conspiracy, conjuratio, conspiratio.
A sham plot, conjuratio commentitia.
A plot or design, consilium, ratio.
The plot of a building, formæ edifici descriptione.
A plot or model of the front, orthographia.
The plot of a play, consilium præcipuum.
A plot or piece of ground, agellus.
A square plot, area quadrata.
A plot longer than broad, area oblonga.
To plot [devise] comminisci, excogitare, consilia capere. [Conspire against] conjurare, conspirare.
A plot or sea-chart, charta marina.
A plotter, conjuratus.
A plotting against, conjuratio, conspiratio.
To be plotting or contriving, machinari.
A plover, pluvialis.
A plough, aratrum.
A ploughman, arator.
A plough-share, vomis v. vomer.
The plough-tail or plough-handle, stiva, bura. *Ploughgeers*, retinacula de helcio dependentia.

Plough-oxen, triones, pl.
A plough-staff, nulla.
To plough or till the ground, arare, sulcare, exarare; terram colere. *To plough again*, novare, renovare.
Land fit for the plough, arvum.
Ploughed or ploughable, arabilis.
A ploughing, aratio.
A pluck [pull] niusus.
A pluck or calf's pluck, exta vitulina.
To pluck or give one a pluck, vellere. *Asunder*, divellere.
Down, destruere. *From*, avellere. *Flowers*, flores carpere.
Off, decerpere. *Out a tooth*, dentem eximere. *Out one's eyes*, alicui oculos effodere. *Up by the roots*, eradicare. *Up one's spirits*, se colligere animum recipere.
A plucker down, qui delcit.
Plucking away or from, evulsio.
A plucking out, evulsio.
A plucking up by the root, exstirpatio.
A plug or wooden peg, clavus ligneus.
Fire-plugs, machinæ ad incendia exstinguenda.
A plum, prunum. *A little plum*, nanum. *A black plum*, nigrum.
A white or wheaten plum, ceruum v. cerinum. *A Damascene or damson*, Damascenum. *A very large plum*, decumanum.
How many plums for a penny? [a play] chytirinda.
A plum cake, placenta uvis Corinthiacis referta.
A plum-tree, prunus.
Plums or raisins, uvæ Corinthiacæ exsiccata.
Plumage, plumæ.
A plumb-line or rule, perpendicularum, amussia.
To plumb or work by plumb-rule, opus ad libellam exigere.
To fall down plumb, al. *plump*, perpendiculari instar ad terram cadere.
Plumbeous or plumbaceous, plumbeus.
A plumber, plumbarius.
A plume of feathers, apex plumens, crista ex plumis confecta. *A little plume*, plumula.
To plume or pluck the feathers, plumas avellere. *Adorn with feathers*, plumis ornare.
A pluming [pulling off the feathers] deplumatio.
A mason's plummet, bulla ad libellam pensilla. *A sounding plummet*, bolis.
Plumous, plummy, plumeus.
Plump, plumpy, nitidus, obeseus.
A plump constitution, nitida corporis habitudo.
To plump up or swell, tumere.
Or cause to swell, inflare.

A plumper, aliquid in ore ad infandum genas.
Plumpness, nitor, venustas.
Plunder, præda, spoliū.
To plunder: prædari, peculari, spoliare, vastare. *A country without opposition*, hominum atque pecudum inultu prædas agere.
A plunderer, prædo, prædator.
A plundering, spoliatio, direptio.
A plunge or plunging into water, immersio.
A plunge or trouble, rerum angustia.
To plunge [immerge] mergere. *Often*, mersare. [Dive] urinare, urinari. *One's self in pleasures*, immergere se in voluptates.
To be in a great plunge or to be put to a plunge, magnis angustis laborare.
To put one to a plunge, aliquem ad luctus redigere.
A plungeon [bird] mergus.
A plunger or diver, urinator.
By plunges, nisu intermissio.
A plunging, submersio.
A punket colour, color Venetus.
Plural, pluralis.
Plurality, numerus major.
A plurality of gods, deorum turba.
Pluralities, plura beneficia eclesiastica ab eodem viro occupata.
Plurally, plurali numero.
Plush, pannus quidam villosus ex pilis confectus.
Pluvios or rainy, pluviosus.
A pty, plica.
To ply or bend, flectere. [Give way to] cedere. *Apply one's self to a business*, operi incumbere, operam navare. *At a place*, alicui loco se consuecere. *One with liquor*, aliquem ad sepe bibendum urgere.
Plyers [small pincers] forceps minor.
Plying, flexilis, cereus.
A plying or bending, flexio.
Pneumatical or pneumatic, pneumaticus.
Pneumatics or the doctrine of the properties of air, pneumatica, pl.
To poach an egg, ovum coctilare.
To poach or kill game illegally, illicita venatione uti.
A poacher, qui illicita venatione utitur.
A poaching, venatio illicita.
A pock or pimple, pustula.
Pock-holes, variolarum vestigia.
Pock-fretted or full of pock-holes, cutem variolis sparsam habens.
Pocky, pockified, morbo Gallico affectus, purulentus.
A pocket, locus, sacculus.

A pocket-book, libellus in loculis portandus.
A pocket-dagger, pugiunculus.
A pocket of wool, dimidius sacculus.
A pocket-handkerchief, sudarium in loculo portandum.
To pick a pocket, crumenam alicujus furtim strripere.
To pocket up, aliquid in loculla condere.* Or *conceal*, celare, concealere.
To pocket an affront, contumeliam acceptam dissimulare.
A pod, valvulus, siliqua.
Podge or hodge podge, farrago.
A poem, carmen, poema.
To make or write a poem, carmen componere.
Poesy or poetry, poësis, poetica.
A poet, poëta, vates.
A poetess, poëtrix.
Poetical or poetic, poeticus.
Poetically, poetice.
To poetise, versificare; versus facere.
Poignancy, mordacitas.
Poignant, pungens.
A poignard, pugio. *A small poignard*, pugiunculus.
To poignard, pugione confodere.
A point, punctum. [*Case*] causa, status. [*Chief matter or head of a discourse*] sermonis caput.
A point of land or promontory, promontorium.
A point or subject in hand, argumentum.
To come or speak to the point in hand, ad rem venire.
To dispute the point, de re aliqua certare.
To strain or stretch a point, urbanitatis officium terminos consuetos excedere; rem v. argumentum plus justo torquere.
To gain or carry one's point, voto potiri.
To pursue one's point or design, consilium sequi.
In point of, respectu.
The point of a rock, scopuli apex, cacumen. *Of a weapon*, cuspis, acies v. mucro. *Of a dial*, gnomon.
The points of the compass, ventorum diversal tractus.
It is a material point, res est magni momenti.
It is a point of the greatest wisdom, summæ est prudentiæ.
Point wise, cuspidatim.
Point blank, præcise; disertis verbis.
A point or lace to tie with, strigmentum, ligula.
Armed at all points, omnibus rebus instructus.
A nice or scrupulous point, scrupulus.
A point in tables, punctum.

The ace point, monas. *The deuce point*, dyas. *The trey point*, tercio. *The quatre point*, quaternio. *The cinque point*, pentas. *The six point*, senio. *To point or sharpen the point*, acuire.
To point at, digito monstrare.
To point or distinguish by points, interpungere.
To tie with points or laces, ligulis connectere.
To point a cannon, tormentum dirigere.
He still pointed his discourse that way, eo semper orationem direxit.
Pointedly, acriter, acute.
A pointer dog, canis subsidens.
A pointing [of writing] interpunctio.
A pointing at, indicatio. digito monstratio.
Pointless, hebes, obtusus.
To poise, ponderare.
A poise, pondus.
An equal poise, æquilibritas.
A poising, ponderatio.
Poison, venenum, toxicum.
To poison or kill by poison, veneno tollere.
To poison [corrupt or deprave] corrumpere, depravare.
A poisoner, veneficus, venefica.
A poisoning, veneficium.
A maker or seller of poison, venenarius.
Poisonous, virosus, noxius.
A poitrel [breast-plate for a horse] pectorale.
A poitrel [graving tool] cælum.
A poke, saccus, pera. *A little poke*, sacculus.
To poke up, culeo immittere.
To poke, digito explorare.
A poker to stir the fire with, instrumentum ferreum ad ignem excitandum.
Polar, ad polum pertinens.
A pole, pertica.
A waterman's pole, contus.
A hunting-pole, venabulum.
A pole-axe, bipennis; securis Amazonia.
A pole [of the heavens] polus, mundi carlo. *The arctic*, polus Arcticus v. Septentrionalis. *The Antarctic*, Antartcticus.
The elevation of the pole, poli altitudo.
The pole-star, cynosura, helice.
A polecat, putorius.
Polemical or polemic, polemicus.
Policy [the art of governing] politia, reipublicæ administrandæ ratio. [*Prudence*] consilium. [*Cunning*] astutia.
A policy [a stratagem] stratagema.
A policy of insurance, syngrapha v. tabula quæ cavetur.
A polish or polishing, politura.

To polish, polire, limare. *Anæ* repulire, recolere.
Polishable, quod poliri potest. *Somewhat polished*, limatulus. *Not polished*, impolitus.
A polisher, qui polit.
Polite, politus, concinnus.
A polite or accomplished man, arbus excultus. *Civil*, home urbanus.
A polite discourse, oratio elegans.
Somewhat polite, politulus.
Very politely, perpolitè.
Politeness, civilitas, urbanitas.
Politic [cunning or skilful] astutus, callidus.
Politics, politica, pl. res politica.
Political, politicus.
A politician, politicum scientiam peritus.
Politichy or politically, astute, callide.
The poll or head, caput.
A poll [fish] capito.
A poll of ling, caput aselli saliti.
Poll-money or a poll-tax, capitatio.
To poll [clip or shear] tondere. *For choosing magistrates, &c.* suffragia virium dare. *More men* [to have more men poll for him] plura suffragia ferre.
A poll or polling, electio virium facta.
The poll or list of pollers, suffragantium catalogus.
Pollard [mixture of bran and meal] farrago furfuris et faris næ.
A pollard or cropped tree, arbor cædua.
A pollenger, arbor sæpius detonsa.
A good poller, qui habet jus suffragandi.
Polling or clipping, tonsura.
To pollute, polluere; fardare inquinare.
A polluter, qui polluit.
A polluting or pollution, depravatio, contagium.
A polltron or polltroun, ignavus timidus.
Polygamy, uxorum multitudo.
A polygon, figura plures angulos habens.
Polypody [herb] polypodium.
A polysyllable [word containing many syllables] verbum plures syllabas habens.
A polypus in the nose, polypus.
A polytheist, qui plures esse Deos credit.
A pomander, pastillus.
Pomatum, unguentum crassius.
A pomegranate, malum Punicum v. granatum. *Tree*, malus Punica. *Blossom*, cytinus.
The flower of a pomegranate tree, balaustrum.
Pomiferous [bearing apples] pomifer.

To *pommel*, pugno demulcere; fuste v. gladii capulo pultare.
The pommel of a sword, a saddle, &c. ensis manubrii v. ephippii orbiculus.
Pomp, pompa, splendor.
A pompion or pumpkin, pepo.
Pompous, magnificus, splendidus, regius.
Pompously, splendide, sumptuose.
Pompousness, magnificentia, pompa, splendor.
A pomeroi or pomeroial, malum Apionium.
A pond, stagnum, lacus. *A horse-pond*, stagnum equinum. *A fish-pond*, piscina. *A pond for geese or ducks*, natatoria. *Of a fish-pond*, piscinalis.
The keeper of a fish-pond, piscinarius.
To draw a pond, lacum desiccare.
To ponder, perpendere; meditare; animo versare. *Often*, pensitare. *Beforehand*, præmeditari.
Ponderable, quod ponderari potest.
A ponderer, contemplator.
A pondering, meditatio, contemplatio.
Ponderous, ponderosus, gravis.
Ponderously, graviter.
Ponderousness or ponderosity, pondus, gravitas.
A pontard. See *Poignard*.
A punk, furia.
Pontage, tributum ad reparandos pontes.
A pontiff, pontifex.
Pontifical or pontifical, pontificalis, pontificus.
A pontifical [book of ceremonies] rituum pontificalium liber.
In his pontificalia, vestibus pontificiis amictus.
The pontificate or popedom, pontificatus.
A ponton [vessel for passing soldiers across a river] ponto.
A pony, equulus, mannullus.
A pool, stagnum, lacus.
A fish-pool, piscina.
To draw a pool, paludem exhaurire v. exsiccare.
The poop [of a ship] puppis.
To poop, submissæ perdere.
Poor [not rich] pauper, inops. [Barren] jejunus, aridus. [Mean] vilis, sordidus. [Lean] macer, macilentus, macie coactus.
Somewhat poor, pauperculus.
Somewhat poor and base, subtribulus.
A poor woman, paupercula.
The poorer sort of people, plebecula.
Poor beggarly fellows, hominum mendicabula.
Poor cheer, Hecates cœna.

To be or grow poor, egere.
To make poor, pauperare.
Poor-spirited. Vid. *Mean-spirited*.
Poorly, tenuiter, abjecte.
To look poorly in health, malam valetudinem vultu prodere.
Poorness, paupertas, egestas; inopia. *Of ground*, agri sterilitas.
A pop with the mouth, poppysma.
To pop into the mouth, ori indere.
A pop-gun, scloppus.
To pop or go into a place suddenly, in locum subito ingredi.
To pop out, subito egredi.
The pope, pontifex Romanus.
The popedom, papatus.
Poppish, pontificus, papalis.
Popery, superstitionis papalis.
A popin-fay [bird] psittacus Anglicus.
A poplar-tree, populus. *A black poplar*, nigra. *A white poplar*, alba.
A grove of poplars, populetum.
Bearing poplars, populifer.
Of poplars, populæus, populæus.
Poppy [a plant] papaver. *Garden*, sativum. *Horned*, corniculatum. *Spatling*, spumeum. *White*, erraticum.
Of poppy, papavereus.
Poppy-coloured, papavereus.
The juice of poppies, meconium, opium.
The populæe, vulgus, plebs.
The meaner populæe, plebecula, populi sæx.
Popular [belonging to the people] vulgaris, plebeius. [Pleasing or agreeable to the populæe] popularis.
A popular discourse, oratio vulgo accommodata. *Distemper*, morbus publice graavis.
Popularity, popularitas.
Popularly, populariter.
To populate or fill a city or town with people, urbem v. opidum civibus frequentare.
Populous, populo frequens, copiosus.
Populousness, population, populositas, populi frequentia.
Porcelain vessels, vasa murrhina.
A porch, porticus, atrium.
A church porch, templi vestibulum.
An open porch to walk in, porticus.
An outward porch, propylæum.
A porcupine, hystrix. *A sea porcupine*, marinus.
A pore of the body, spiramentum.
To pore upon, propius intueri, attentius considerare.
Poreblind or purblind, luscus, luscus. *To be poreblind*, luscus oculos habere.

To make poreblind, luscum facere.
Pork, caro porcina.
A porket, porcellus, nefrendia.
Porous, porus, or full of pores, meatibus plenus.
Porphyry [a kind of marble] porphyrites.
The porpoise or porpus [fish] tursio.
Porridge or rather pottage, jus, jusculum.
A porridge-pot, olla, cacabus.
A porridge-belly, pultiphagus.
A porringer or pottinger, scutella.
A port [haven] portus.
Port wine, vinum rubrum ex Portu Calensi allatum.
Having many ports, portuosus.
Portable, quod portari potest.
Portage or portering, vectura, merces pro vecturâ soluta.
A portial, porticus, vestibulum.
A portcullis or portcullase, porta clausa.
The Ports, Ottoman or Sublime Porte, aula Turcica.
To portend, portendere, præaugire.
A portent or omen, portentum, omen.
Portentous, portentosus, ominous.
A porter at a gate, janitor.
A portress, janitrix.
The groom porter of the king's household, janitor regius.
A porter's lodge, janitoris casa.
A porter [bearing burdens] balulus.
Porterage, bajuli merces.
A portico, porticus.
A portion or share, pars, portio.
A small portion, particula, portunculæ.
A wife's portion, dos.
A portion to live upon, peculium.
To portion a daughter, filiam dotare.
Having no portion, indotata.
To portion or divide into portions, partiti, distribuere.
A portioner, portionarius.
Portliness, corporis dignitas.
Portly, oris dignitate præditus.
A portmanteau, vidulus.
A portrait, pourtrait, or portraiture, pictura, imago, effigies.
To portray, imaginem alicujus pingere.
The art of portraying, graphica.
Portsale, venditio in portu.
The pose or rheum in the head, gravedo.
To pose, peze, or puzzle, difficulti quæstione aliquem torquere.
A poser, qui alios quæstionibus torquere solet.
Position or posture, positio, status.
A position or thesis of an argument, argumenti thesis.
Positive, positivus, certus.

A positive man, sententiæ suæ tenax.
To be positive, impensius instare.
Positively, præcise.
Positiveness, obstinatio, pervicacia.
A posnet or skillet, cacabus.
To possess, possidere, tenere.
Before, præoccupare, præripere.
To be fully possessed of or understand a thing, rem penitus intelligere.
Possession, possessio.
A possession [lands or tenements] prædium, fundus. *A small possession*, possessiuncula.
Possession by prescription, usu-capcio.
Possession in trust, possessio fideiuciaria.
To take possession, occupare. *Of an estate*, hereditatem adire.
Of an office, inire magistratum.
To have large possessions, agris v. fundis dives esse.
A taking possession of, occupatio.
To deliver up possession, mancipare.
Of possession or possessory, possessorius.
In possession of, penes. *In the king's possession*, penes regem.
Possessive, possessivus.
A possessor, possessorioner, or possessory lord, possessor, dominus.
A posset, lac calidum infuso vino, cerevisiâ, &c. coagulatûr.
Possibility, possibilitas.
Possible, possibilis.
Possibly [perhaps] forsitan, forte, forsitan.
A post or stake, postis, paxillus.
A post [place or office] munus.
To be advanced to the highest posts of honour, summis reipublice muneribus præponi.
An advanced post, accessus propior.
A post [term in war] statio.
To keep or maintain his post, locum tueri.
To desert one's post, stationem deserere.
A post or letter-carrier, tabellarius, cursor.
A post-house or post-office, veredorum statio.
The post-master general, veredariorum v. cursorum publicorum præfectus.
To ride post, veredis publicis equitare.
To post or lodge one's self in any place, locum aliquem obtinere.
To send a letter by the post, per tabularium literas mittere.
To make post haste, accelerare, festinare.

In post haste, festinus.
With post haste, equis velisque.
To post one up for a coward, ignavia maculâ aliquem aperte afficere.
To post a book, de libro in libruin transcribere.
To post up bills in public places, libellos publice proponere.
A post doctor, empiricus.
Postage, tabellarii prædium.
A poster, cursor.
Posterior, posterior.
Posteriority, posterioris loci occupatio.
The posteriors, partes posteriores.
Posterity, posteritas. *Our posterity*, minores, pl.
A postern gate, janua postica.
Posthumous, posthumus.
A postil, breve commentarium.
A postillion, equorum præductor.
Postmeridian, postmeridianus.
To postpone, postponere, posthabere.
A postscript, scripti additamentum.
A posture, gestus, corporis positio.
A posture or frame of mind, animi status.
A posture of affairs, rerum conditio.
In this posture of affairs, in hæc rerum inclinatione.
The poxy of a ring, annuli symbolum.
A pot to drink in, cantharus, poculum.
A little pot, cyathus, pocillum.
A galley-pot, vas fictile Faventinum. *A chamber-pot*, laganum. *An earthen-pot*, olla fictilis. *A great pot*, lebes.
A water-pot, aqualis, hydia.
The brim of a pot, olla labrum.
Of a pot, ollaris, ollarius.
Pot-ash, sal lixivius.
A pot-companion, co.potior.
A pot-gun or pop-gun, siphunculus.
Pot-herbs, olera, pl.
Pot-hooks, anse ollares.
A pot-ladle, rudicula.
A pot-lid, olla operculum.
A pot-sherd, rather shard, testa fracta.
Pot-bellied, ventriosus, ventricosus.
Potable, ad potandum aptus.
A potation or potting, potatio.
Potatoes, battata, pl.
Potency, potentia, potestas.
Potent [powerful] potens, valens.
Potent [in heraldry] patibuli capitulum.
A potentate, princeps, dynasta.
Potential, potentialis.
Potentiality, potentia.
Potentially, potentialiter.

A pother, turba.
To pother, turbare.
A potion, potio, sorbitio.
A love-potion, philtrum.
Pottage, jus, jusculum. *Barley pottage*, pitiana. *Leek pottage*, jusculum ex porris coisectum. *Thick pottage*, pulmentarium. *To make pottage*, jus coquere.
Of or belonging to pottage, pui mentaris.
Sodden in pottage, jurulentus.
A potter, figulus.
Potter's clay, argilla.
A potter's shop or trade, figulinæ.
Potter's ware, vasa fictilia.
A potter's wheel, rota figularis.
Of a potter, figularis, figulinus.
A pottle, quatuor libræ liquorum.
Potent [fit to drink] potulentus.
A pouch, pera, crumena. *A little pouch*, perula, sacculus. *A leathern pouch*, scortea.
Pouch-mouthed, labeo.
Poverty, paupertas, egestas.
To be in poverty, egere, indigere.
To fall into poverty, ad inopiam redigi.
To bring into poverty, ad inopiam reducere.
A poult or blow, ictus. *Vid Felt*.
A poult [chicken] pullus.
A poulterer, aviarius, pullarius.
A poultice or poultis, cataplasma.
To poultice, cataplasma addere.
Poultry, alites villatici.
A keeper of poultry, gallinarius.
A place where poultry is kept, gallinarium.
Of poultry, gallinæus.
To pounce or grasp with the pounces or claws, unguibus comprehendere.
The pounces of a hawk, accipitris ungues.
Pounced [having claws] unguibus instructus.
A pound weight, libra, pondo, indecl. *Half a pound weight*, selibra. *A pound and a half*, sesquilibra. *Two pounds*, dipondium v. dupondium.
Of two pounds, bilibris; dipondiarus v. dupondiarus. *Of three*, trilibris. *Of four*, quadrilibris. *Of five*, quinquelibris.
Six pounds, sex libræ. *Ten*, decumia. *Twenty*, viciesia. *Thirty*, tricesia.
A hundred pounds weight, centipondium. *Two hundred*, ducentarium. *Three hundred*, tricentarium. *Four hundred*, quadringenarium. *Five hundred*, quingenarium. *Six hundred*, sexcentarium. *Seven hundred*,

septingenarium. Eight hundred, octingenarium. Nine hundred, nongentiarum librarum. A thousand pounds, miliarium pondus.

A pound in money, libra, mina; viginti solidi Anglicani.

To pound or bruise, pinsere, contundere.

A pound for cattle, carcer pecuarius.

To pound cattle, pecora carceri inclusa detinere.

Poundage [money paid for cattle impounded] multa pro redemptione pecorum carceri inclusorum soluta.

Poundage [of money] vectigal ex singulis minis solum.

A powder [pestle] pistillum.

A pounding or bruising, contusio.

A pounding corn for bread, pistura.

To pour, fundere. About, circumfundere. Back, refundere.

Let down, defundere. Down as rain, defluere. In, infundere. Often, funditare. Out, effundere. Out of one vessel into another, transfundere.

Upon, affundere.

A pourcel or pourcuttle, polyptus.

Which may be poured, fusilis.

A pourer, furor.

A picture drawn in pourful, profile or sideways, obliqua imago.

A pouring in, infusio. By drops, instillatio. All over, perfusio.

Out, effusio. From one vessel into another, transfusio.

To pour, labella prae stomacho exercere. At one, labellis exertis aliquem conspiciere.

A pour [fish] asellus barbatus.

A pouring fellow, morosus, stomachosus.

A pouring housewife, mulier stomachosa.

Pourting, labellis promissis, labellis exertis.

Powder, pulvis. Fine powder, pulvisculus. Gunpowder, pulvis nitratus. Sneezing-powder, sternutamentum. Sweet powder, pulvis odoratus.

To powder with salt, sale condire.

To powder the hair, odorato pulvisculo crinem aspergere.

Powdered with spots, maculosus, varius.

Powdered beef, bubula salita.

A powdering or seasoning, salitura, conditura, conditio.

A powdering-tub, cadus salsaementarius.

A powder-monkey, calo.

Power [ability] potestas, virtus. [Authority or influence] auctoritas, imperium. [Force] vis. [Plenty] opulentia.

Power of effect, efficientia.

The powers of the mind, animi dotes.

A power [great number] copia ingens.

In one's power, penes aliquem.

To be in power or have power, valere, pollere.

To give power [leave] sinere; copiam facere.

To give power or authority, auctoritate munire.

Powerful [having power] potens; fortis, validus. [Efficient] efficax. Not powerful [ineffectual] inefficax.

Very powerful, prepotens, prepotens, prevalens.

Not powerful [not endued with power] impotens.

Powerfully [with power] potenter, valide. [Effectually] efficaciter.

Powerfulness, vis, potentia.

Powerless, impotens, debilis.

The pox or French pox, lues venerea, morbus Gallicus. The small pox, variola, pl. The chicken-pox, variola pustulis albicantibus.

Practicable, quod fieri potest.

Practical or practic, practicus; actuosus.

Practically, re.

Practice, usus, experientia.

The practice or custom of a thing consuetudo, assuetudo.

A secret practice, molimen, molitio.

To practise, exercere, colere.

In, experiri. Law, causa dicere. Physic, medicinam exercere. Virtue, ad studia virtutis incumbere. Upon one, alicujus sensa tentare.

To put in practice, exaequi.

Not practised, inexercitus.

A practising, exercitatio.

A practitioner [a vulgar barbarism, for practician; like musicianer, for musician] exercitator.

In law, pragmaticus. In physic, medicus professor.

Pragmatical, pragmaticus, ineptus.

Pragmatically, insulais, inepte ardeionis instar.

Pragmaticalness, insulais; ineptia.

Praise, laus, praeconium.

Praiseworthy, praiseful, laudabilis. Not praiseworthy, illaudabilis.

With praise, laudabiliter.

To praise, laudare, extollere; celebrare. Highly, dilaudare.

A praiser, laudator, m. laudatrix, f.

A praising [commending] laudatio.

To prance, subaultare.

A prank, ludus.

A wicked prank, flagitium, scelus. A subtle prank, dolus, astutia.

To play a wicked prank, flagitium patrare. Pranks, sequiter facere.

To prank or prink up, concinnare.

To prate or prattle, garrere, blaterare. Foolishly, ineptire, nugari. Pertly, arguari. [As a nurse does to a child] lallare.

A prater or prattler, garrulus, loquax.

A prater of trifles, nugator, gerro.

A prater to himself, soliloquus.

Prating or prattling, dicax, loquax.

A prating or prattling, dicacitas, garrulitas, loquacitas.

Hold or leave off your prating, tacete, silete.

Foolish prating, stultiloquium.

A prating housewife, dicacula, lingula.

Pratingly, loquaciter.

A little or young prattling-basket, or prate-apace, dicaculus, loquaculus.

Prattle or chit-chat talk, garrulus, sermones fustes.

Pravity, pravitas, improbitas.

A prawn, caris.

To pray, precari. To God, Deum precari. Earnestly or importunately, prece fatigare.

Against, deprecari. For or in behalf of another, intercedere.

Together, comprecari.

A prayer, oratio, precatio.

Earnest prayer, obtestatio, deprecatio.

A bid prayer, oratio precatoria.

A bidding of prayer, ad precandum adhortatio.

A prayer-book, liturgia; precum liber.

Prayers, preces, pl.

A house of prayer, domus precum.

Morning prayers, preces matutinae.

Evening prayers, preces vespertinae.

Common prayers, preces communes.

Soothsayers' prayers, effata, p.

By prayer, precario, prece.

Gotten by prayer, precarius, prece impetratus.

To obtain by prayer, exorare.

A praying, supplicatio, rogatio.

To preach, concionari, predicare. A sermon, sacram orationem ad populum habere.

Up a doctrine or opinion, opinionem concionibus frequenter inculcare. The gospel, evangelium predicare. Over one's cups, verbis mucida vina facere.

A preacher, verbi divini praeco.

A preaching or preach, praedicatio.

A preamble, praefatio, prooemium, prologus; antelogium.

To make a preamble, proœmia præfari. *A long preamble*, longia ambagibus uti.
Preambulous, præviuus.
A prebend, annua sacra præbenda dicta.
A prebendary, us sacræ annonæ habens.
Precarious, precarius; obnoxiosus.
Precaiously, precario.
Precariousness, conditio rei præcaræ.
A precaution, cautio, provisio.
To take or use precaution, cavere, providere.
To precede [go before] præcedere. [*Excel*] præstare, superare.
Precedence or precedence, jus ante alios sedendi.
To give one the precedence or place before others, jus ante alios sedendi alicui tribuere. Or *give place to*, alicujus gratiâ loco cedere.
A precedent [example] exemplum.
To make a precedent, exemplum statuere.
Precedently, ante, priusquam.
A precentor, præcentor.
A precept, præceptum, mandatum, præceptio.
Precepts or instructions, dictata *A precept*, ditio.
Precious, pretiosus, carus.
A precious stone, gemma.
A seller of precious stones, gemmarum venditor.
Full of precious stones, gemmosus.
A small precious stone, gemmula.
Preciously, care, pretiose.
Preciousness, preciositas, rei caritas.
A precipice [steep place] præcipitiūm. [*Danger*] periculum, discrimen.
To be upon the borders of a precipice, in loco præcipiti versari.
Precipitancy, precipitantia [hastiness, rashness] precipitatio.
Precipitant, præcipitans, temerarius.
Precipitantly, præcipitanter, præpropere.
To precipitate [cast headlong] præcipitare. *Hurry too much*, nimium festinare.
Precipitate, precipitous, præceps; temerarius.
A precipitate or rash person, homo omnibus consiliis præceps.
Precipitate [red powder of burnt quicksilver] mercurius præcipitatus niger.
Precipitately, præpropere.
Precipitation [haste] precipitatio, nimia celeritas. [*In chemistry*] liquoris subsidentia per mixturam alius liquoris.
Precise, *precisive* [certain, de-

terminate] certus. [*Affected, finical*] affectatus.
Precise, *a precisian* [in religion] scrupulosus.
A precise rule, norma exacta.
Precisely [exactly] præcise, accurate, definite. [*Finically*] affectate, muliebriter. [*Scrupulously*] scrupulose.
Preciseness, *precision*, concinnitatis affectata accuratio.
To preclude, præcludere.
To precogitate or ponder before-hand, præcogitare.
Præcognition, præcognitio, præscientia.
To preconceive, præsentire.
A preconceit or preconception, præmeditatio; prænotio.
A precontract, pactio antecedens.
A precursor or forerunner, præcursor.
A predecessor, antecessor. *Our predecessors*, majores, pl.
A predestinarian, qui prædestinationem asserit.
To predestinate, prædestinare.
Predestination, prædestinatio. Vid. Lat.
Predestination, determinatio antecedens.
To predetermine, ante terminare.
Predial, prædiorius.
Predicable, prædicabilis.
The predicables in logic, decem elementa logicæ.
A predicament in logic, prædicamentum.
A predicament [state or condition] status, conditio.
To predicate, prædicare.
The predicate, prædicatum.
Predication, prædicatio.
To predict, prædicere.
A prediction, prædictio, vaticinium.
To predispose, ante disponere.
A predisposition, ad aliquid propensio.
A predominance or predominancy, prævalentia.
Predominant, prævalens.
To predominate, prævalere.
Preelection, præelectio.
Preeminence [superiority of place] præeminentia. [*Excellence*] præstantia. [*Superiority of power*] primatus.
To yield the preeminence, summam concedere.
To preengage, ante obligare.
A preengagement, obligatio antecedens.
To preexist, ante existere.
Preexistence, præexistentia.
Preexistent, ante existens.
A preface. Vid. Preamble.
A little preface, præfatiuncula.
Without any preface, abrupte.
To preface, præfari.
Prefatory, ad præfationem pertinens.

A prefect, præfectus, præses.
A prefecture, præfectura.
To prefer, anteferre, præferre, præponere. *Advance one*, evehere, erigere. *A law*, legem rogare v. proponere.
A bill against one, accusationem contra aliquem exhibere.
Preferable, antelerendus, anteponiendus.
Preferably to all other things, omnibus aliis rebus posthabitis.
Preference, partes priores.
To give preference to, aliquid alteri præferre.
Preferment, honoris amplificatio.
To seek preferment, dignitatem sibi ambire.
To prefix, præfigere; ante statuere.
A prefixing or prefixion, præfixio.
Pregnancy, graviditas. *Of wit* ingenti acumen.
Pregnant, prægnans, gravidus.
To prejudge or prejudicate, præjudicare.
A prejudication, præjudicatio, præjudicium.
A prejudice [hurt or damage] incommodum, damnum.
Prejudice [a judging too hastily beforehand] præjudicium.
To soften a person's prejudices, alicujus animi offensiones lenire.
To hear a thing without prejudice, vacuo animo aliquid audire.
Without prejudice to him, salvo suo jure.
To prejudice [damage or hurt] alicui obesse, incommodare.
Prejudiced minds, obstructæ mentes.
Prejudicial, incommodus, damnosus.
Prelate, præsulis dignitas.
A prelate, præsul, antistes sacerorum.
Prelatical, ad præsulis pertinentens.
Prelature or prelateship, pontificatus.
A preliminary, proœmium, præfatio.
A prelude, prælusio.
To prelude, præludere.
Preludious or prelusive, ad exordium pertinens.
Premature, præmaturus; præcox.
Prematurely, præmature.
To premeditate, præmeditari.
A premeditating or premeditation, præmeditatio.
To premerit, ante mereri.
To premise, præfari, præmiari.
The premises [things spoken of before] præmissa, pl.
Premises [lands, houses or things belonging thereto] fundi, pl. prædia, pl.
A premium or reward, præmium.

To premonish, præmonere.
A premonishing premonishment or *premonition*, præmonitio.
Premonitory, ad præmonitionem pertinens.
A premonire [in law] bonorum v. facultatum confiscatio. [*Danger, difficulty*] periculum; angustia, pl.
To run or bring one's self to a premonire, sibi periculum creare.
Præmonition, præmonitio.
A 'prentice, or *apprentice*, tiro, discipulus.
'Prenticeship, or *apprenticeship*, tirocinium. Vid. *Apprentice*.
To preoccupate or *preoccupy*, præoccupare.
Preoccupation, præoccupatio.
A preopinion, sententia ante concepta.
To preordain, ante designare.
A preordination, prior designatio.
Preparation, præparatio.
A preparation for a journey, viaticum.
To make preparations for war both by sea and land, bellum terræ marique instruere.
With preparation, præparèdly, præparato.
A preparative or *preparatory*, præparatio, apparatus.
Preparatively, per modum anticipationis.
A preparatory discourse, sermo ad rem aliquam parans.
To prepare [make ready] parare, præparare. Or *be prepared for a thing*, ad aliquid agendum accingi. *A banquet*, convivium ornare. *One's self for fight*, ad pugnam se accingere. *For death*, de animæ salute cogitare. *Victuals*, opsonare. *A way*, viam parare, munire.
Preparedness, alacritas ad aliquid agendum.
Prepense, præmeditatus. *Malice prepense*, malitia præmeditata.
To preponderate, præponderare.
A preposition, præpositio.
To prepossess, præoccupare.
Prepossession, præoccupatio.
Preposterous, præposterus, perversus.
Preposterously, præpostere, perverse.
To place preposterously, confundere.
The prepuce, præputium.
Prerequisite, ante necessarius.
A prerogative, prærogativa, privilegium.
A presage, presagement, præsigio, præsagium.
To presage, portendere, ominari.
Presaging or *full of presages*, præsagus, sagax, præsenticius.

A presbyter, presbyter.
Presbytery, presbyterium.
A presbyterian, presbyterianus, Calvinista.
Prescience, præscientia.
Prescient, præscientious [foreknowing] præscius.
To prescribe, præscribere, præstituere. *Bounds* or *limits*, terminos v. metas ponere.
A prescribing or *prescription*, præscriptio.
A prescript or *form*, formula, præscriptum.
Presence [a being present] præsentia.
Presence, [air or mien] oris v. formæ species; corporis dignitas.
Presence [look] aspectus, vultus.
A man of a comely presence, digna vir specie.
To have presence of mind, præsentī animo esse.
Presence of mind, animus præsentis.
In presence, coram.
Presension, præsensio.
Present, præsens.
For the present, or *at present*, nunc, jam.
By these presents, per has præsentēs litteras.
To whom these presents shall come, quibus hæ præsentēs litteræ pervenerint.
Present [at hand] præsto.
Present money, pecunia numerata.
To be present, adesse, adstare.
A present, donum, munus. *A small present*, munusculum.
A present of wine, honorarium vini.
To make a present to one or *make one a present of a thing*, alicui rem aliquam v. aliquid re aliquā donare, dono dare.
To present to a living or *benefice*, beneficium ecclesiasticum alicui offerre.
To present himself before one, comparere.
To present one's naked breast, nudum pectus præstare.
To present one to a court for some fault, de aliquo apud curiam queri.
Presentaneous, præsentaneus.
A presentation, præsentatio.
A presentation by a patron, ad beneficium ecclesiasticum vocatio.
A presentment, in ius citatio.
A presentee, qui ad beneficium ecclesiasticum vocatur.
To presentiate, præsentem reddere.
A presenting, collatio.
Presently, nunc, jam, confestim.
A presenter, qui beneficium ecclesiasticum in aliquem confert.

Preservation, conservatio.
A preservative against poison, antidotus, alexipharmacum.
A preserve, confectio, conditura.
To preserve [protect] tutari, conservare.
To preserve from, eripere.
To preserve in health, sospitare.
To preserve plums, pears, &c. saccharo mala, pyra, &c. condire.
Preserved in health, sospes.
A preserver, custos, protector, defensor.
A preserver of fruits, fructuum conditu versatus.
A preserving or *preservation*, conservatio, tutela.
To preside or *be president over*, præsidere, præesse.
A presidency, prefectura.
A president, præses, prefectus.
A presidential court, curia præsidialis.
A press, torculum, prelum. *For clothes*, armarium v. scrinium, vestiarius. *For books*, pluteus; capsula libraria.
A printing-press, prelum typographicum. *The bank of a printing-press*, torcularius pluteus. *A rolling-press*, prelum versatile.
To be in the press, sub prelo esse, prelo subijci.
To correct the press, errores typographicos emendare.
To work at press, prelo typographicum laborare.
A press-room, torcularium.
A press of people, turba densa.
To press with a press, aliquid prelo premere.
To press, premere. *Down*, deprimere. *Out*, exprimere. *Or urge one*, alicui instare. *Forward*, contendere. *Soldiers*, milites invitos conscribere. *To gether*, coarctare.
Press-money, auctoramentum
A; resman, vecturamentum.
A pressing of soldiers, conquisitio.
A pressing, pressus, pressura.
A pressing down, depressio.
A pressing together, compressio, coarctatio.
A light pressing together, compressinacula.
A pressing-iron, ferramentum pressorium.
A pressure, pressura. *A great pressure*, angor, ærumna.
To presume or *be presumptuous*, præsumere, audere. [*Hope*] sperare. [*Suppose*] rerū, conjicere.
Presumption [arrogance] arrogantia, audacia. [*Conjecture*] conjectura.
Presumptuous, arrogans, audax, insolens.
Presumptuously, insolenter, arroganter, audacter.

To make a preamble, proœmia præfari. *A long preamble*, longia ambagibus uti.
Preambulous, prævius.
A prebend, annona sacra præbenda dicta.
A prebendary, us sacre annonæ habens.
Precarious, precarius; obnoxiosus.
Precariously, precario.
Precariousness, conditio rei præcarie.
A precaution, cautio, provisio.
To take or use precaution, cavere, providere.
To precede [go before] præcedere. [*Excel*] præstare, superare.
Precedence or *precedency*, jus ante alios sedendi.
To give one the precedence or place before others, jus ante alios sedendi alicui tribuere. Or *give place to*, alicujus gratia loco cedere.
A precedent [example] exemplum.
To make a precedent, exemplum statuere.
Precedently, ante, priusquam.
A precursor, præcursor.
A precept, præceptum, mandatum, præceptio.
Precepts or instructions, dictata *A precept*, ditio.
Precious, ditiosus, carus.
A precious stone, gemma.
A seller of precious stones, gemmarum venditor.
Full of precious stones, gemmosus.
A small precious stone, gemmula.
Preciously, care, pretiose.
Preciousness, preciositas, rei caritas.
A precipice [steep place] præcipitium. [*Danger*] periculum, discrimen.
To be upon the borders of a precipice, in loco præcipiti versari.
Precipitancy, precipitantia [hastiness, rashness] precipitatio.
Precipitant, præcipitans, temerarius.
Precipitantly, præcipitanter, præpropere.
To precipitate [cast headlong] præcipitare. *Hurry too much*, nimium festinare.
Precipitate, precipitiosus, præceps; temerarius.
A precipitate or rash person, homo omnibus consiliis præceps.
Precipitate [red powder of burnt quicksilver] mercurius præcipitatus ruber.
Precipitately, præpropere.
Precipitation [haste] precipitatio, nimia celeritas. [*In chemistry*] liquoris subsidentia per mixturam alius liquoris.
Precise, *precisive* [certain, de-

terminate] certus. [*Affected, finical*] affectatus.
Precise, a *precisian* [in religion] scrupulosus.
A precise rule, norma exacta.
Precisely [exactly] præcise, accurate, definite. [*Finically*] affectate, muliebriter. [*Scrupulously*] scrupulose.
Precision, præcision, concinnitatis affectata accurate.
To preclude, præcludere.
To precogitate or ponder before-hand, præcogitare.
Precognition, præcognitio, præscientia.
To preconceive, præsentire.
A preconceit or preconception, præmeditatio; prænotio.
A precontract, pactio antedens.
A precursor or forerunner, præcursor.
A predecessor, antecessor. *Our predecessors*, majores, pl.
A predestinarian, qui prædestinationem asserit.
To predestinate, prædestinare.
Predestination, prædestination. *Vid. Lat.*
Predetermination, determinatio antedens.
To predetermine, ante terminare.
Predial, prædiorius.
Predicable, prædicabilis.
The predicables in logic, decem elementa logica.
A predicament in logic, prædicamentum.
A predicament [state or condition] status, conditio.
To predicate, prædicare.
The predicate, prædicatum.
Predication, prædicatio.
To predict, prædicere.
A prediction, prædictio, vaticinium.
To predispose, ante disponere.
A predisposition, ad aliquid propensio.
A predominance or predominancy, prævalentia.
Predominant, prævalens.
To predominate, prævalere.
Preelection, præelectio.
Preeminence [superiority of place] præeminentia. [*Excellence*] præstantia. [*Superiority of power*] primatus.
To yield the preeminence, summam concedere.
To preengage, ante obligare.
A preengagement, obligatio antedens.
To preexist, ante existere.
Preexistence, præexistentia.
Preexistent, ante existens.
A preface. *Vid. Preamble.*
A little preface, præfatiuncula.
Without any preface, abrupte.
To preface, præfari.
Prefatory, ad præfationem pertinens.

A prefect, præfectus, præses.
A prefecture, præfectura.
To prefer, anteferre, præferre, præponere. *Advance one*, evehere, erigere. *A law*, legem rogare v. proponere. *A bill against one*, accusationem contra aliquem exhibere.
Preferable, antefendus, anteponendus.
Preferably to all other things, omnibus aliis rebus posthabitis.
Preference, partes priores.
To give preference to, aliquid alteri præferre.
Preferment, honoris amplificatio.
To seek preferment, dignitatem sibi ambire.
To prefix, præfigere; ante statuere.
A prefixing or prefixion, præfixio.
Pregnancy, graviditas. *Of wit* ingeni acumen.
Pregnant, prægnans, gravidus.
To prejudice or prejudicate, præjudicare.
A prejudication, præjudicatio, præjudicium.
A prejudice [hurt or damage] incommodum, damnum.
Prejudice [a judging too hastily beforehand] præjudicium.
To soften a person's prejudices, alicujus animi offensiones lenire.
To hear a thing without prejudice, vacuo animo aliquid audire.
Without prejudice to him, salvo suo jure.
To prejudice [damage or hurt] alicui obesse, incommodare.
Prejudiced minds, obstructæ mentes.
Prejudicial, incommodus, damnosus.
Prelacy, præsulis dignitas.
A prelate, præsul, antistes sacrorum.
Prelatical, ad præsules pertinens.
Prelature or prelateship, pontificatus.
A preliminary, proœmium, præfatio.
A prelude, prælusio.
To prelude, præcludere.
Preludious or prelude, ad exordium pertinens.
Premature, præmaturus; præcox.
Prematurity, præmature.
To premeditate, præmeditari.
A premeditating or premeditation, præmeditatio.
To premerit, ante mereri.
To premise, præfari, præmiari.
The premises [things spoken of before] præmissa, pl.
Premises [lands, houses or things belonging thereto] fundi, pl. prædia, pl.
A premium or reward, præmium.

To premonish, præmonere.
A premonishing, præmonishment
or premonition, præmonitio.
Premonitory, ad præmoniti-
 onem pertinens.
A premunire [in law] bonorum
 r. facultatum conficatio.
[Danger, difficulty] periculum;
 angustia, pl.
To run or bring one's self to a
premunire, sibi periculum cre-
 are.
Premonition, præmonitio.
A'prentice, or apprentice, tiro,
 discipulus.
'Prenticeship, or apprenticeship,
 tirocinium. Vid. *Appren-*
tice.
To preoccupate or preoccupy,
 præoccupare.
Preoccupation, præoccupatio.
A preopinion, sententia ante
 concepta.
To preordain, ante designare.
A preordination, prior designa-
 tio.
Preparation, præparatio.
A preparation for a journey,
 viaticum.
To make preparations for war
both by sea and land, bellum
 terræ marique instruere.
With preparation, preparedly,
 præparato.
Preparative or preparatory,
 præparatio, apparatus.
Preparatively, per modum anti-
 cipationis.
A preparatory discourse, sermo
 ad rem aliquam parans.
To prepare [make ready] pa-
 rare, præparare. Or *be pre-*
pared for a thing, ad aliquid
 agendum accingi. *A banquet*,
 convivium ornare. *One's self*
for fight, ad pugnam se ac-
 cingere. *For death*, de animæ
 salute cogitare. *Victuals*, opo-
 sonare. *A way*, viam parare,
 munire.
Preparedness, alacritas ad ali-
 quid agendum.
Prepense, præmeditatus. *Mal-*
lice prepense, malitia præme-
 ditata.
To preponderate, præponderare.
A preposition, præpositio.
To prepossess, præoccupare.
Prepossession, præoccupatio.
Preposterous, præposterus, per-
 versus.
Preposterously, præpostere,
 perverse.
To place preposterously, con-
 fundere.
The prepuce, præputium.
Prerequisite, ante necessarius.
A prerogative, prærogativa, pri-
 vilegium.
A presage, presagement, præsa-
 gio, præsagium.
To presage, portendere, ominari.
Presaging or full of presages,
 præsagui, sagax, præsentientia.

A presbyter, presbyter.
Presbytery, presbyterium.
A presbyterian, presbyterianus,
 Calvinista.
Prescience, præscientia.
Prescient, prescient [foreknow-
 ing] præscius.
To prescribe, præscribere, præ-
 scribere. *Bounds or limits*,
 terminos v. metas ponere.
A prescribing or prescription,
 præscriptio.
A prescript or form, formula,
 præscriptum.
Presence [a being present] præ-
 sentia.
Presence, [air or mien] oris v.
 formæ species; corporis dig-
 nitas.
Presence [look] aspectus, vul-
 tus.
A man of a comely presence, dig-
 nâ vir specie.
To have presence of mind, præ-
 senti animo esse.
Presence of mind, animus præ-
 sens.
In presence, coram.
Presension, præsensio.
Present, præsens.
For the present, or *at present*,
 nunc, jam.
By these presents, per has præ-
 sentes literas.
To whom these presents shall
come, quibus hæ præsentia lit-
 eræ pervenerint.
Present [at hand] præsto.
Present money, pecunia nume-
 rata.
To be present, adesse, adstare.
A present, donum, munus. *A*
small present, munusculum.
A present of wine, honorarium
 vini.
To make a present to one or
make one a present of a thing,
 alicui rem aliquam v. aliquem
 res aliquâ donare, dono dare.
To present to a living or benefice,
 beneficium ecclesiasticum alicui
 offerre.
To present himself before one,
 comparere.
To present one's naked breast,
 nudum pectus præbare.
To present one to a court for
some fault, de aliquo apud cu-
 riam queri.
Presentaneous, præsentaneus.
A presentation, præsentatio.
A presentation by a patron, ad
 beneficium ecclesiasticum voca-
 tio.
A presentment, in ius citatio.
A presentee, qui ad beneficium
 ecclesiasticum vocatur.
To presentiate, præsentem red-
 dere.
A presenting, collatio.
Presently, nunc, jam, confestim.
A presenter, qui beneficium ec-
 clesiasticum in aliquem cou-
 fert.

Preservation, conservatio.
A preservative against poison,
 antidotus, alexipharmakon.
A preserve, confectio, conditura.
To preserve [protect] tutari,
 conservare.
To preserve from, epîpere.
To preserve in health, sospitare.
To preserve plums, pears, &c.
sacharo mala, pyra, &c. con-
dire.
Preserved in health, sospes.
A preserver, custos, protector,
 defensor.
A preserver of fruits, fructuum
 conditu versatus.
A preserving or preservation,
 conservatio, tutela.
To preside or be president over,
 præsidere, præses.
A presidency, præfectura.
A president, præses, præfectus.
A presidial court, curia præsi-
 dialis.
A press, torculum, prelum. *For*
clothes, armarium v. scrinium,
 vestiarium. *For books*, plu-
 teus; *causa libraria*.
A printing-press, prelum typo-
 graphicum. *The bank of a*
printing-press, torcularius plu-
 teus. *A rolling-press*, prelum
 versatile.
To be in the press, sub prelo
 esse, prelo subijci.
To correct the press, errores ty-
 pographicos emendare.
To work at press, prelo typo-
 graphico laborare.
A press-room, torcularium.
A press of people, turba densa.
To press with a press, aliquid
 prelo premere.
To press, premere. *Down*, de-
 primere. *Out*, exprimere. Or
urge one, alicui iustare. *For-*
ward, contendere. *Soldiers*,
 milites invito conscribere. *Te-*
gether, coactare.
Press-money, auctoramentum
 A; *ressman*, vectarius.
A pressing of soldiers, conq-
 sitio.
A pressing, pressus, pressura.
A pressing down, depressio.
A pressing together, coinpressi-
 coactatio.
A tight pressing together, com-
 pressiuncula.
A pressing-iron, ferramentum
 pressurum.
A pressure, pressura. *A great*
pressure, angor, ærumna.
To presume or be presumptu-
ous, præsumere, audere. [*Hope*]
 sperare. [*Suppose*] reri, con-
 jicere.
Presumption [arrogance] arro-
 gantia, audacia. [*Conjecture*]
 conjectura.
Presumptuous, arrogans, au-
 dax, insolens.
Presumptuously, insolenter, ar-
 roganter, audacter.

Presumptuousness, arrogantia, audacia.

To *presuppose*, ante statuere.

A *presupposal* or *presupposition*, presuppositio.

A *presumise*, praesagium.

A *pretence* or *pretext*, praetextus, color, causa, species.

To *pretend*, simulare, assimulare; dicitare; pretendere; praese ferre.

A *pretender* [dissembler] simulator. [Candidate] candidatus, competitor.

Pretendingly, sub praetextu.

A *pretension* [claim] postulatio. [Design] consilium. [Hope] spes.

To *make good one's pretensions*, promissa praestare.

The *preter* or *preterperfect tense*, tempus praeteritum. The *preterimperfect*, tempus praeteritum imperfectum. The *preterpluperfect*, praeteritum plusquam perfectum.

Preterlegal, illicitus.

To *pretermitt*, praetermittere.

A *pretermittion* or *pretermis- sion*, pretermisio, omissio.

Preternatural, praeter naturam accidens.

Preternaturally, contra natu- ram.

A *pretor*, praetor.

Pretorian, praetorianus.

Pretty [handsome] bellus, con- cinnus. [Merry] lepidus, facetus.

Pretty [somewhat] is commonly expressed by a comparative or diminutive. Or by *aliquanto*, with a comparative; as, *We are pretty saving*, aliquanto ad rem attentiores sumus. By *bene*; as, *Pretty early*, bene mane.

A *pretty while*, aliquandiu.

Very pretty, perelegans. *Some- what pretty*, scitulus.

Prettily, bene, venuste, belle.

Very prettily, pereleganter.

Prettiness, elegantia; forma, venustas.

To *prevail* [to be in force] valere, pollere. By *entreaty*, impetrare, exorare. Over, superare, vincere.

To *be prevailed upon by entreaties*, precibus flecti.

Prevailing much, efficax.

A *prevailing opinion*, opinio indies majores vires colligens.

Prevalence or *prevalency*, efficacia, vis.

Prevalent, valens, praevalens.

Prevaricately, effaciter.

To *prevaricate*, praevariari.

A *prevaricating* or *prevarica- tion*, praevariatio collusio.

A *prevaricating fellow*, homo vafer.

A *prevaricator*, praevicator.

Prevenient, praeveniens.

To *prevent*, praevēire, praever-

tere, anteoccupare. The utter ruin of one's country, intere- cioni patriae obviam ire.

Hope prevented, spes incisa.

A *preenter*, qui anticipat, anti- cipator.

A *preventing* or *prevention* [a seizing or taking before another] anticipatio, anteoccupatio. [Hinderer] impeditio.

A *preventive*, medicamen, re- medium.

Previous, praevius.

Previously, preventively, pri- mum.

A *prey*, praeda, spoliū.

Beasts or *birds of prey*, bestiae v. aves rapaces.

To *prey* or *prey upon*, praedari. Of or *belonging to prey*, praeda- bundus, praedatorius.

A *preyer*, praedator, spoliator.

A *preying on*, praedatio.

Priapism, tentigo.

A *price*, pretium.

A *reasonable price*, optima ratio.

An *under price*, pretium justo minus.

To *ask a price*, licitari. As the seller, indicare.

To *bear a price*, vigere.

To *set a price*, merces indicare; mercibus pretium imponere.

To *offer a price*, liceri, licitari.

To *bring down the price* of corn, annonam levare.

To *raise the price*, pretium augere.

To *be of small price*, vilescere. Brought to less price, villa.

Of no price, nihil, nullius pretii.

Of what price? quanti? Of so great a price, tanti. At that price, tantidem. At so little a price, tantulo.

A *prick*, punctum, punctus.

Goad, aculeus. To *shoot at*, meta. Or *prickling*, punctus, punctura. With a pin or needle, punctiuncula. Of conscience, conscientiae stimulus.

To *prick*, pungere. Again, re- pungere. [As the king's sher- iff] designare. Forward, incitare, concitare, stimulare.

Broach a cask of wine, dolium vini relinere.

Pricked or soured wine, vinum subacidum.

A *pricker*, qui punit. Forward, stimulator, stimulatix. [Among huntmen] venator. Used by joiners, subula quadrata.

A *pricket*, hinnulus binus.

The herb *pricket*, vermicularis minor.

A *pricking*, punctio. Forward, incitatio, instigatio.

A *prickle*, sentis, spina.

Prickly, aculeatus, spinosus.

Prickwood, enonymus.

Pride, superbia, arrogantia.

To *bring down a person's pride*, alicujus superbiam frangere.

The *pride of her sex*, sexus su prima gloria.

A *priest*, sacerdos.

An *arch priest*, or *chief priest*, pontifex maximus.

A *little* or *sorry priest*, sacrificulus.

To *make a priest*, sacerdotem consecrare.

To *be made a priest*, sacerdoti- um inire.

To *degrade a priest*, aliquem sacerdotii dignitate cum igno- minia spoliare.

The *priesthood*, sacerdotium.

Priestly or *belonging to a priest*, sacerdotialis.

Priest-ridden, sacerdotibus ni- mis addictus.

A *prig*, homo nimis elegantiam studiosus.

The *prill* [fish] rhombus.

Prim, elegantiae nimis studiosus.

A *primacy*, primatus.

Primage [a sea term] merces nautica pro oneranda nave.

Primarily, primitus.

Primary, primal, primarius, primitivus.

A *primate*, princeps.

Prime [chief] primus, practi- pus.

Prime or *chief men*, primores, proceres.

Prime cost, primum pretium.

Prime [one of the canonical hours] prima hora precum.

To *be in his prime*, etate florere.

To *prime a gun*, pulverem pyrium conceptaculo immittere.

The *prime of the moon*, prima luna.

In *his prime*, juvenis; etate florente.

Prime print or *priset*, ligu- trum.

To *prime in painting*, primum colorem inducere.

Primely, praecipue, potissimum.

A *primer*, liber primarius.

Primeval, primaevis, primiti- vus.

Primier seisin, prima posse- sio.

Primital, primitivus.

Primitive, primitivus.

Primitively, primitus.

Primogenial or *primogenitus*, primigenius.

Primogeniture, primogenitura.

The *primordial*, origo, primor- dialium.

Primordial, *primordiate*, ad primordium pertinens.

A *primrose*, veris primula.

A *prince*, princeps, dynasta.

Arbitrary, sui arbitrii.

Prince like or *belonging to a prince*, principialis regalia.

Princely, regie, basilice.

A *princedom*, principatus.

Princeliness, decus principale.

A *princess*, princeps, princ- ipissa.

Principal, principalis.

A principal, præses.

A principal of a college, gymnasiarcha.

A principal actor, auctor, dux, corpus, caput.

The principal [of money borrowed] sors, caput, summa.

Principality, principatus, principialis.

Principally, præcipue, maxime.

A principle or original, principium, origo.

The principles of an art, artis rudimenta v. prima elementa.

A principle in philosophy, effatum, decretum.

Principle [opinion or sentiment] sententia, opinio.

Well or ill principled, bonis v. malis opinionibus imbutus.

Principles of action, movendi principium.

To print or dress up, ornare.

A print [mark] nota, impressio.

[Picture] imago sculpta. Of the foot, vestigium.

Prints [newspapers] nuntii publici.

To print, imprimere, excudere.

To do a thing in print, graphice aliquid agere.

To appear in print, auctor esse scripti typis mandati.

To print deep, infigere, insculpere.

A printer, typographus, excusor.

Printing, typographia.

A printer's press, prelum typographicum.

A printing, impressio.

A printing-house, typographæum.

Printless, sine ullo vestigio.

A prior or head of a priory, prior, antistes.

Prior to, prior, anterior.

A priores, antistita.

Priority, principatus, partes prima.

A priory, cœnobium.

Prisage, præda potio.

A prism, prisma.

Prismatic, prismatically, in modum prismatis.

A prison, carcer, custodia, ergastulum.

To be in prison, in carcere teneri; in vinculis esse. In the common prison, in vinculis publicis.

To throw into or commit to prison; to prison, in carcerem v. vincula conjicere.

To deliver one out of prison, e vinculis aliquem liberare.

To break prison, carcerem expugnare.

A prisoner vinctus. Of war, captivus.

To take prisoner, bello aliquem capere.

A close prisoner, arcta custodia vinctus.

Pristine, pristinus, antiquus.

Prittle-prattle, fabulæ, pl.

To prittle-prattle, garrere, blaterare.

Privacy or a place of privacy, recessus.

Privacy, privatenees, or a keeping of counsel, taciturnitas.

A privado, amicus intimus.

Private, privatus, secretus, arcanus.

A private perein, homo privatus.

Privately or in private, privatum, clam.

A privateer, navis prædatoria.

A privation, privatio.

Privative, privativus.

Privatively, negando.

Privet, ligustrum.

A privilege, privilegium, immunitas.

To privilege or grant one a privilege, alicui immunitatem dare.

To have privileges, habere immunitatem.

A privileged place, refugium.

Privily, occulte, clam.

Privy or secret, arcanus, clandestinus.

Privy, conscientia.

Without my privy, clam me; me inscio.

Privy to a thing, conscius, particeps.

A privy or private place, latibra.

The privy parts, verenda.

A privy or house of office, cloaca, latrina. A common privy or bog-house, forica.

To prize, æstimare; liceri. Highly or very much, magni æstimare.

A prize, palma victoriæ præmi-um.

Prize or plunder, præda, spoli-um.

To give one the prize, primas alicui deferre.

To bear or carry away the prize, palmam referre.

A prize or trial of skill at weapons, certamen.

A prize-fighter, qui in publico certamen conserit.

A prizer, æstimator.

A prizing, æstimatio; licitatio.

Probable, probabilis, verisimilis.

Probability, probabilitas.

Probably, probabiliter.

The probate of wills, probatio testamentorum.

Probation, probatio. Of a learner, discipuli examinatio.

Probationary, probatory, ad probationem pertinens.

A probationer, novitius, tiro.

Probationership, tirocinium.

A probe [surgeon's instrument] instrumentum ad vulnera exploranda accommodatum

To probe a wound, vulnus explorare.

Probity, probitas, honestas.

A problem, problema.

Problematical, problematicus.

Problematically, problematice.

A procedure or proceeding, ordo, series.

To proceed or go forward, pergere, procedere. Make a progress in learning, in doctrinâ proficere.

Spring from a thing, exoriri, enasci. Go out doctor, doctoris gradum capessere.

Against one at law, in jus aliquem vocare.

A proceeding, processus, progressus; progressio.

Proceedings or transactions, res gestæ. At law, controversia judicialis.

A process, processus. In law, dica, actio, lis.

To bring or enter a process against one, dicam alicui scribere.

To serve one with a process or serve a process upon one [as an officer] aliquem comprehendere.

To lose one's process, item perdere.

In process of time, tempore procedente.

A procession [solemn march] processio.

The procession on Holy Thursday or Rogation week, ambarvalia, pl.

To proclaim or make proclamation, proclamare, pronuntiare, promulgare. Peace, pacem edicto promulgare.

A proclaimer, præco, proclamator.

A proclamation, proclamatio edictum.

Proclivity, proclivitas.

A proconsul, proconsul v. p. consule.

A proconsulship, proconsulatus.

Of a proconsul, proconsularis.

To procrastinate, procrastinare differre.

Procrastination, procrastinatio dilatio.

Procreant or procreative, procreans.

To procreate, procreare, gignere.

A procreating or procreation, procreatio, generatio.

Procreativeness, via procreatrix.

A procreator, procreator, genitor.

A proctor or procurator, procurator; co-nitor.

To proctor, procurare.

The proctors of the clergy, conventus ecclesiasticus procuratores.

Proctorship, procuratoris munus.

Procurable, procurandus.

A procuratio, procuratio.
To procure or get, procurare,
 parare, acquirere. *To cause,*
facessere. Stir up a war, bel-
lum conflare.
A procuring or procurement,
 comparatio, conciliatio.
A procurer [one who procures]
 procurator, conciliator.
A procurer or male bawd, leno.
Prodigious, prodigius, sumptuo-
us. In giving, in largitione
effusior.
A prodigal spender, nepos, ga-
neo.
To play the prodigal or spend-
thrift, luxuriari, profundere.
Prodigally, prodige, effuse.
Prodigality, effusio, largitio.
Prodigious [monstrous] prodigi-
osus, portentosus. [Exces-
sive] may be turned into Latin
 by putting the adjective in the
 superlative degree; as, *A prodigi-*
ously scholar, doctissimus;
rendered adverbially, Prodi-
giously rich, divitissimus. Pro-
digiously great, ingens.
Prodigiously, prodigiose.
A prodigy, prodigium, portentum
Prodition [treason] proditio.
To produce [bring forth] produ-
cere, gignere. [Exhibit] in
 medium asserre. *An author,*
&c. auctorem, &c. producere.
Writings, tabulas proferre.
To be produced, provenire, nas-
ci, oriri.
A producer, producent, qui pro-
ducit.
Producible, qui produci potest.
Producing, productio.
Product, produce, fructus, emolu-
mentum. [Amount of money]
summa.
The product of the fancy or
brain, ingenii opus.
Production, productio.
The productions of animals, ani-
maliū procreatio, generatio.
Of plants, germinatio. Of
young s; riga, fructificatio.
Productive, generans, efficiens.
A proem, proœmium, præfa-
tiō.
To make a proem, proœmari,
 præfari.
Profanation, rei sacræ profana-
tiō.
Profane, profanus, nefastus.
To profane, profanare, consec-
lerare.
Profanely, impie, improbe.
A profaner, violator.
Profaneness, impietas.
To profess [acknowledge or
own] profiteri. [Practise]
 exercere. *[Protesti] contes-*
tando denuntiari.
A professed enemy, hostis aper-
tus.
Professedly, ex professo.
A profession or acknowledg-
ment, professio. [Trade or

calling] ars. [Way of living]
 vitæ genus.
Profession [protestation] con-
testata denuntiatio.
Professional, ad vitæ institutum
pertinens.
A professor, professor.
Of a professor, professorius.
A professorship, professoris
munus.
A proffer or profer [attempt]
conatus. Thing proposed, con-
ditio proposita.
To proffer [attempt] tentare,
 conari. *Propose, proponere.*
A profferer, qui proponit.
Proficiency, prolectus, proces-
sus.
To make a proficiency in an art,
 in arte aliquâ proficere, pro-
 gressionem facere.
A proficient, progressus faciens;
 qui multum profect.
A profile [as in painting, &c.]
 totius ex dimidio oblique posito
 visus.
Profit, commodum, emolument-
um, lucrum.
A place of profit, munus quæ-
stum.
Profit of land, prædiorum fruc-
tus.
The mean profits, mediū tempo-
ris fructus.
To profit, proficere, prodesse.
[Sere] commodare. In learn-
ing, progressus in studiis fa-
cere. Get advantage by, lu-
crare, quæstum facere.
To bring in profit, quæstus v.
 quæstuosus esse.
To spend his profit, quæstum
 prodigere.
To do all for profit, quæstui
 servire.
To account as profit, in lucro
 ponere.
Profitable, commodus, fructuo-
sus, lucrosus.
It is profitable, conducit; expe-
dit, confert.
Profitableness, utilitas.
Profitably, commode, utiliter.
A profiting, progressus, proces-
sus.
Profitless, incommodus, infruc-
tuosus.
Profligacy, scelus, nequitia.
Profligate, profugatus, perdi-
tus; nequam, indeclin.
Profluence, profluentia; cursus.
Profluent, profluens.
Profound, profundus, altus.
A profound scholar, doctissimus.
Profoundly, profunde, alte.
Profoundness or profundity,
 profunditas, altitudo.
Profuse, profusus, prodigus.
A profuse spender, nepos.
Profusely, profuse, effuse.
Profuseness or profusion, pro-
fusio, prodigentia.
To prog [cater] oporari.
[S'eat] furare, spoliare.

A progenitor, major, avus.
A progeny, progenies, prosapia,
 soboles, pœles.
A prognostic, præsagium.
To prognosticate, aliquid præ-
significare.
A prognosticator, astrologus;
 augur.
A prognosticating or prognosti-
cation, prædictio.
A progress or progression, pro-
gressus, processus.
A progress or journey, iter.
To make a good progress in
 learning, discendo multum pro-
 ficere.
To prohibit, prohibere, interdi-
cere.
A prohibitor, morator.
A prohibition or prohibiting,
 prohibitio; interdictum.
A project, molimen, conatus.
To project, moliri, machinari.
A projector, molitor, designa-
tor.
Projectile, vi impulsus.
A projecting or projection, de-
 signatio.
Projectile force, vis impellens
A projecture or jutting out, pro-
jectura.
Prolation or prolonging, pro-
latio, dilatio.
To prole after, venari, aucu-
 pari.
Prolepsis [a preventing an ob-
jection that may be started]
 præoccupatio, prolepsis.
Proleptical or proleptic, pro-
 lepticus.
Proletarian, proletarius, vilis.
Prolific, sæcundus.
Prolification, generatio.
Prolis, prolixus, verbosus.
Prolizly, prolix.
Prolizity, or prolixness, prolix-
itas.
A prolocutor, prolocutor.
A prologue, præfatio, prologus.
To make a prologue, proœmari,
 præfari.
To prolong, protrahere, produ-
cere, prolatare. One's life,
 vitam producere.
A prolonger, dilator.
A prolongation or prolonging,
 prolatio, dilatio.
A prominence, prominentia, pro-
jectura.
Prominent, prominens, extans.
Promiscuous, promiscuus.
Promiscuously, promiscue, acer-
vatum.
A promise, promissio, pollicita-
tiō. To pay money, stipulatio
 nummaria.
To make large promises, montes
 aureos polliceri.
To promise, promittere, polli-
 cere. *In marriage, respon-*
dere. Fair, bene promittere.
Often, pollicitari. Assure one's
self, sibi persuadere. Openly,
profiteri. For another ex-

promittere. *Conditionally*, stipulari. *Mutually*, compromittere. *Again*, repromittere. *To break promise*, fidem fallere. *To keep promise*, fidem servare, prestare.
To promise or vow, dicare. *A promise-breach*, fidei violatio. *A promise-breaker*, fidei violator.
A promiser, promissor, stipulator. *In marriage*, sponsor. *A promising*, promissio.
A promising or hopeful young man, adolescens de quo bene sperare licet.
Promissorily, in modum promissi.
A promissory note, chirographi cautio.
A promontory, promontorium.
To promote, promovere, provehere. *A design*, consilio favere. *One to honour*, dignitatem augere, ad honores promovere. *Learning*, rem literariam juvare. *A person's good*, alicujus commodis servire.
To be promoted [advanced] crescere.
A promoter, qui promovet. *Of strife*, seditionis fax.
Promotion [honour] honor, dignitas.
To labour for promotion, honores ambire.
Prompt payment, pecunia numerata.
To prompt, suggerere, dictare. *One to do a thing*, ad aliquid agendum concitare.
A prompter, suasor, monitor, hortator, sollicitator.
A prompting, sollicitatio, hortatio; hortatus.
A prompting, suggestio.
Promptitude or promptness, alacritas, facilitas.
Promptly, expedite, prompte.
Promptness to anger, iracundia.
A promptuary, penus.
Prompture, incitatio.
To promulgate or promulge, promulgare.
Promulgation, promulgatio, publicatio.
A promulgator or promulger, qui promulgat.
Pron, pronus, propensus, proclivis.
Proneness, proclivitas, propensio.
A prong, bidens, furca, merga.
A pronoun, pronomen.
To pronounce, pronuntiare, enuntiare, recitare.
A pronouncing or pronouncing, pronuntiatio, appellatio.
The pronouncing of a public lecture, literarum recitatio publica.
Pronunciation or a speaking in public, elocutio.

A proof [experiment] experimentum, documentum. [Argument] argumentum. [Evidence] testimonium. [In printing] eorum quae typis excudenda sunt specimen.
A clear proof, argumentum clarum, firmum. *A weak proof*, argumentum frigidum.
Proofless, non probatus.
A prop, fulcrum, adminiculum. *A prop for a vine*, vitis adminiculum.
To prop, fulcire. Or *support*, adminiculari.
Propagable, qui diffundi potest. *To propagate*, propagare. *To posterity*, in perpetuum ævum diffundere.
A propagator, propagator.
A propagating or propagation, propagatio.
To propel, propellere.
Propense, propensus, proclivis.
Propensity, *propension*, *propenseness*, or *propendency*, propensio, proclivitas.
Proper [fit] aptus, commodus, idoneus. [Peculiar] proprius, peculiaris. [Tall] procerus, longus. *To be done*, opportunus, tempestivus.
A proper judge, iudex competentus.
To be proper, competere.
Properly, proprie, apte, accommode.
To describe properly, ad vivum depingere.
To speak properly, verbis idoneis uti.
Properness [tallness] proceritas. Or *propriety*, proprietas.
Property [peculiar quality] proprium, proprietas. [Disposition] ingenium, indoles.
In property, peculiariter, proprie.
To invade another's property, possessiones alterius invadere.
To make a property of one, ex alterius incommunis sua comparare commoia.
A prophecy, vaticinium, augurium, oraculum.
A prophesier, vaticinator.
To prophesy, vaticinari, divinare.
A prophesying, vaticinatio.
Prophesying, præsagus, præsagens.
A prophet, vates, vaticinator.
A false prophet, pseudopropheta.
A prophetess, mulier vaticinans.
Prophetical or prophetic, fatidicus, præcius.
Propinquity [nearness] propinquitas.
To propitiate, propitiare, reconciliare.
Propitiation, propitiatio, reconciliatio.

Propitiatory, ad propitiationem pertinens.
A propitiatory, propitiatorium. *A propitiator*, reconciliator.
Propitious, propitius, benignus. *To make propitious*, propitiare, amicare.
Propitiously, benigne.
Propitiousness, benignitas.
A proplasm, proplasma, matrix.
Proponent, qui proponit.
Proportion, proportio, ratio.
Musical proportion, proportio harmonica.
Good proportion of the limbs, apta compositio membrorum.
A due proportion, partium congruentia, symmetria.
To proportion or proportionate, proportionis formâ uti.
To proportion a recompense according to a person's labour, pro ratione laboris aliquem compensare.
To bear a proportion to, alicui rei respondere.
Proportionable or proportional, secundum proportionem divisus, commodus. *Well proportioned*, concinnus.
Proportionably or proportionally, pro ratâ parte.
Proportioned or proportionate, æquus, justus. *Ill proportioned*, inconcinnus, informis.
A proportioning, accommodatio.
A proposal, propositio, conditio proposita.
To propose [proffer] proponere. [Resolve] statuere. *To himself*, animo destinare.
A proposer, qui aliquid proponit.
A proposition, propositio, enuntiatum.
Propositional, in modum propositionis.
To propound, proponere.
A thing propounded, quæstio, problema.
A propounder, qui proponit.
A propounding, propositio.
Proprietary or proprietor, domini legitimus.
Propriety or property, proprietas, possessio legitima.
A propriety of speech, locutio alicui lingue propria, idiotismus.
Propulsion, propulsatio.
The prora [of a ship] prora.
To prorogue, prorogare, differre.
A proroguing or prorogation, prorogatio, dilatio.
To proscribe, proscribere.
A proscribed, exul, proscriptus.
A proscription or proscribing, proscriptio. *Open sale*, venditio sub hasta.
Prose, prosa, oratio soluta.
Prosaic or in prose, prosæus; soluta oratione.
To prosecute, prosequi. *A de-*

sign, in consilio pergere. *At large*, pluribus verbis disserere.

The person prosecuted, reus.

A prosecuting or prosecution at law, -lis, actio.

A prosecutor, actor.

A proselyte, proselytus.

To proselyte or make a proselyte of one, aliquem ad suas partes pertrahere.

Prosodia or prosody, ars metrica. prosodia.

Prospect [distant view] prospectus.

A house yielding a fine prospect, domus pulcherrimo prospectu.

A prospect [design, hope, or view] consilium, spes.

To give one a good or bad prospect of the success of an affair, spem facundam v. asperiores alicuius rei præbere.

A prospect or viewing, inspectio; despectatio.

Prospective, providus.

A prospective glass, telescopium.

To prosper or be prosperous, florere, valere. *Or make to prosper*, secundare, beare, prosperare.

Prosperity, prosperitas, felicitas.

Prosperous, prosperus, faustus, secundus.

Prosperousness or prosperity, prosperitas, felicitas.

Prosperously, prospere, feliciter, fortunate, bene. *Not prosperously*, improspere, infelicitate.

A prostitute, meretrix, scortum.

To prostitute, prostituere.

A prostituting or prostitution, prostitutio.

To prostrate or lay flat, prosternere. *One's self or fall down before*, proclilere; se ad pedes alicuius prosternere.

A prostrating or prostration, prostratio.

Prostatic, in fabulis ad protasin pertinens.

To protect, tegere, defendere; tuori.

A protection, tutela, præsidium.

Of protection, tutelarlis.

To take into protection, in clientelam v. fidem aliquem recipere.

A protector, patronus, defensor.

To pretend, protendere.

Protterity, protervitas.

A protest, denuntiatio contestata.

To protest, testari. *Against*, intercedere.

A protestant, religionis reformatæ professor.

A protestation, affirmatio solennis. *Against*, intercessio.

To make protestation, solemniter affirmare.

A protester, qui protestando aliquid denuntiat.

A prothonotary, primus notarius.

A prototype, exemplum primum.

To protract, protrahere, differere.

A protracter [delayer] cunctator.

A protractor [mathematical instrument] instrumentum mathematicum ad angulos metiendos.

A protracting or protraction, dilatio, procrastinatio.

Protractive, protrahens.

To protrude [thrust forward] protrudere.

Protrusion, actus protrudendi.

A protuberance, tumor inflatus.

Protuberant, tumidus, turgidus.

Somewhat protuberant, turgidulus.

Proud, superbus, insolens, arrogans.

To be proud, superbire, tumere.

Proud flesh, caro putris.

Proudly, superbe, arroganter.

Somewhat proudly, subarroganter.

To carry one's self proudly, insolenter se gerere.

Making one proud, superbificus.

Proud-speaking, superbiloquentia.

To prove [make good] probare, confirmare; arguere. *By examples*, allatis exemplis probare. *A thing true*, probare, evincere. *Or false*, refellere, congruere. [Try] experiri, periclitari. [Happen] accidere, evadere. [Become] fieri.

Proveable, probabilis, quod probari potest. *Not proveable*, improbabilis.

It is proved or we may conclude, conficitur.

A provider, rerum procurator.

Proviender, pabulum.

The providing of proviender, pabulatio.

Of proviender, pabularis, pabulatorius.

A proverb, proverbium, adagium.

A common proverb, usu tritum adagium.

To make an old proverb true, verum proverbium facere.

It is become a proverb or proverbially said, in proverbium abiit.

Proverbial, proverbio similis.

A proverbial expression, dictum proverbium redolens.

To provide [get or procure] parare, preparare. *For hereafter*, in longitudinem consulere.

Beforehand or guard against, præcavere. *For*, providere, consulere.

Furnish with necessities, res necessarias parare, suppeditare. *Ap-*

point by will, testamento cavere.

It is provided, comparatum est. *Provided* [yet] tamen, nihilo minus.

Providence, providentia.

The providence of God or divine providence, providentia divina.

Provident, cautus, providus.

Providential, ad providentiam divinam pertinens.

Providentially, divina providentia accidens.

Providently, cante, providenter.

A provider, provisor. *Of corn*, frumentarius. *Of wood*, lignator. *Of victuals*, obsonator.

Of fodder, pabulator.

A providing, preparatio, procuratio. *Of fodder*, pabulatio.

A province [country] provincia.

Of such a province, provincialis.

A province [office or employment] munus, provincia.

A province, or rather *Provincia*, rose, rosa Provincialis.

The United Provinces, Provincie Federatæ, Belgium Unium.

Province by province, provinciatum.

A provincial of a religious order, provincie præpositus.

Provision [necessaries for life] penus, cibus, alimentum.

[Preparation] apparatus, comparatio, preparatio. *For a day*, diarium. *For a journey*, viaticum. *For war*, armorum et cibarium in rem bellicam apparatus.

To lay in provision, commeatus condere.

Slender provision, victus facillia, exiguus apparatus.

To lay up provision, penus recondere.

To cut off an army from provisions, commeatus exercitus intercludere.

A provision or caution, cautio, provisio.

To make provision or provide against, cavere, prospicere.

Provisional, pro conditione rerum paratus.

Provisionally, per modum cautionis.

A proviso, exceptio.

A provisor or surveyor, provisor.

A provocation, provocatio, irritamentum.

Provocative or provocative, provocatorius.

Provocatives, medicamenta ad libidinem stimulantia.

To provoke [incite] provocare, instigare. [Ailure] allicere, illicere. *Appetite*, famem obsonare; stomachum acutere.

A provoker, provocator, stimulator, irritator.

A provoking or provocation, provocatio, irritatio.

A provost, præpositus.

A provost marshal, rerum capitalium quasitor bellicus.

Of a provost, ad tribunal capitalium pertinens.

A provostship, præfectura.

Having borne the provostship, præfectorius.

The prow of a ship, prora.

The prow mast, malus ad prorem erectus.

Prowess, virtus, fortitudo, vis.

To prowl, proul, or prole, prædari.

A prowler, prædator.

Proximate, proximus.

Proximately, proxime.

Proximity, proximitas.

A proxy, vicarius.

A prude, femina modestiam nimis affectans.

Prudence, prudentia, sapientia.

Prudent, prudens, sapiens.

Prudential, ad prudentiam pertinens.

Prudentially or prudently, prudenter, considerate.

Prudish, ad feminam modestiam nimis affectantem pertinentens.

A prune, prunum. A Damask or Damascene, prunum Damascenum. A dried, prunum rugosum.

To prune [lop] amputare, falcare. A vine, pampinare. [As birds do] plumas concinnare.

Prunel [an herb] prunella.

Prunelloes, pruna Brignolensia.

A pruner, putator, frondator.

A pruning, putatio, amputatio, frondatio, cæsis.

Of pruning, frondarius.

A pruning knife or hook, falx.

Prurient [itching] pruriens.

To pry into, scrutari, rimari, investigate.

A pryer into, speculator, investigator.

A prying into, intuitus penitior.

Prying eyes, oculi emissitii.

A psalm, psalmus, ode.

A psalmist, psalmista.

A writer of psalms, psalmographus.

To sing psalms, psalmos canere.

Psalmody or singing of psalms, psalmodium cantio, psalmodia.

A psalm-book or psalter, psalterium.

A psaltrey, nautium.

Pseudology, mendacium.

Ptisune [barley-water] ptisana.

Puberty, pubertas.

Pubescent, pubescens.

Public [common] publicus, communis, vulgaris. [Known] notus, pervulgatus.

A public-house, popina, cauponas.

At the public charge, de publico, publicis sumptibus.

For the public good, ad publicum bonum.

The public weal, reipublicæ salus.

To appear in public or come abroad publicly, publicus v. in publicum prodire.

To appear in public or be published, typis vulgari.

A publican [tax-farmer] publicanus. [Victualler] caupo.

A publication, publicatio.

Publicly or in public, publice, palam, aperte.

To publish or make public, publicare, vulgare. A book, librum edere. To be published [as a book] exire.

A publisher, editor, vulgator.

A publishing, publicatio, editio.

Pucelage, virginitas.

To pucker, corrugare.

A puckering, corrugatio.

Puckets, erucarum nidi.

A puckst or puckball, fungus pulverulentus.

A pudder, tumultus, strepitus.

To make a pudder, to pudder, tumultum suscitare.

A puddering up and down, discursatio.

A pudding, farcimen, fartum.

A pudding in the belly of any creature, faliscus venter, ventriculus fartus. A black pudding, botulus. A plum-pudding, fartum uris Corinthiacis refertum. A sweet-pudding, fartum sebo refertum. A pudding in a pig's belly, porcellus Trojanus. A hasty pudding, flos farinæ coctus. A bag-pudding, massula farinacea in sacculo cocta. A baked pudding, pistum fartum.

A pudding-maker, fartor, botularius.

A puddle, lacuna, fossula.

A puddock or purrock, septum non ita magnum.

Pudicity, pudency, pudicitia.

A puefellow, particeps.

Puerile [boyish] puerilis.

Puerility, puerilitas.

A puff [mushroom] fungus. Of wind, flabrum, flatus. [For want of breath] anhelitus. For spreading powder, instrumentum ad pulverem odoratum capillo inspergendum.

To puff, flare. The fire, ignem sufflare. And blow, anhelare; ilia ducere. Out, efflare. Or blow away, diffilare. Make a puff at a thing, aliquid contemnere, spernere. Up, inflare, tumefacere.

To be puffed up, tumere, intumescere.

A puffing-apple, malum pulmonium.

Puffing, anhelus, anhelans.

A puffing at, sufflatio. A puffing up, inflatio. A puffing for want of breath, anhelitus.

Puffingly, cum anhelitu. Puffy, tumens, inflatus.

A pug, simia, simius.

Pugh [interj.] vali, apage. Puissance, potentia, potestas.

Puissant, potens, pollens, validus.

To be puissant, pollere, valere. Puissantly, potenter, fortiter.

A puke or puking, vomitus.

To puke, vomere, vomitare.

A puker [medicine] vomitionem proritans.

She pukes [of a hawk] in alvum digerit.

A puking one's heart out, pulmoneus vomitus.

Pulchritude, pulchritudo, venustas.

To pule [whine] vagire. [As young birds do] pipare.

A pull, nusus.

To pull, vellere, vellicare. A gain, revellere. At, pervellere. Away, avellere. Back [draw back] retrahere. Hinder, impedire. Down, subtrahere. One down a peg lower, i. e. to degrade, de tribu movere. By force, rapere. Away by force, eripere. Fruit or flowers, carpere. In, contrahere. In one's horns, retractare. In the reins, habenas premere. Off, detrahere. Bark, decorticare. Feathers, deplumare. Hair, glabrum facere. Out, extrahere. The eyes, oculos effodere. The entrails, exenterare. The teeth, dentes evellere. The tongue, linguam evellere. To pieces, distrahere. To, attrahere. Together, contrahere. Up, evellere. That which was set, explantare. Up weeds, eruncare. Up their hearts or spirits, animos erigere.

A pull back or hindrance, retractio, impedimentum.

Pullen or pullain, pullides. A puller away or up, avulsor. A pulling, vellicatio. Away avulsio. Out, evulsio. To gather, convulsio. Up by the roots, extirpatio.

A pullet, pullastra. A pulley [wheel through which a rope runs] trochlea. The pulley in the top of a ship, carthesium. The cord of a pulley, ductorius funis.

To pullulate, pullulare, pullulascere. Pulmonary or diseased at the lungs, pulmonarius. Pulmonary or lung-sore, tussilago. The pulp, pulpa. A pulpit, pulpitum, rostrum, suggestum.

Pulpous, pulpy, pulpa abundans.
Pulsation, pulsatio.
Pulse, puls, legumen.
The pulse of the arteries, arteriarum pulsus. A slow pulse, pulsus formicans.
To feel one's pulse [as a physician] *arteriæ pulsus rimari.*
[To explore one's mind] animum alicujus tentare.
To pulse, palpitare.
Pulverising, pulveratio.
Pulvill, odoramentum.
To pulvill, odoribus perfundere.
A pumice-stone, pumex.
A pump, antlia. Of a ship, sentina.
To work at the pump of a ship, sentinam exhaurire.
Pumps [a sort of tight shoes] *calceorum genus levius.*
To pump, exantlare. A thing out of one, alicujus animum soleriter perscrutari.
A pumper, qui aquam exhaurit v. exantlat.
A pumpkin or pumpkin, pepo.
A pun, lusus verborum.
To pun [quibble] *verborum sono ludere.*
A punster, locosus.
Punch, vinum adustum, aqua, saccharo, et limonis, temperatum.
A punch or puncheon, terebra.
A punch or thick and short person, pumilus obesus.
A shoemaker's punch or puncher, terebra cavata.
To punch, terebrare, perforare.
To punch or thrust away with one's elbow, cubito propellere.
A puncheon of wine, vas vinarium 80 congios continens.
A punctilio, res nihili, nugæ, pl.
To stand upon punctilios, to be punctilious, de rebus villissimis altercari.
Punctual, accuratus.
Punctuality, accurata temporis observatio.
Punctually, accurate.
Punctuation or punctation, interpunctio.
A puncture, punctura.
A pundle [a short and fat woman] *mulier pumila et obesa.*
Pungency, acrimonia.
Pungent, pungens, aculeatus.
To punish, punire, castigare.
With death, morte mulctare.
Punishable, puniendus, poenâ dignus.
A punisher, punitor, castigator.
A punishing, punitio, castigatio.
Punishment, poena, supplicium.
To suffer punishment, poenas luere.
To bring one to an exemplary punishment, extrema in aliquem statuere.
To free one from punishment, aliquem poenâ exsolvere.

To suffer capital punishment, morte poenas dare.
Lack of punishment, impunitas.
Without punishment, impune.
A punk, lena.
Puny, puise, parvus, exiguus.
To pup, catulos edere v. parere.
A pupil or orphan under ward, pupillus, pupilla.
Pupillary or belonging to such a pupil, pupillaris.
A pupil [scholar] *discipulus, alumnus. Of the eye, oculi pupilla.*
A puppet, pupa. A puppet-show, puparum gesticulationum spectaculum. A puppet-man, qui puparum spectaculum exhibet.
A puppy [dog] *catellus.*
A little puppy to play with, catellus Melitæus.
A puppy or silly person, stultus, fatuus.
Purblind, luscus.
To purchase [buy] *emere. A thing for a valuable consideration, pretio satis æquo aliquid comparare. Get, acquirere, comparare.*
A purchase or purchasing, emptio.
Purchaseable, quod pretio comparari potest.
A purchaser, emptor.
Pure [clean] *purus. [Clear] clarus. [Chaste] castus. [Mere] purus, putus. [Incorrupt] incorruptus, immaculatus, integer. [Unmixed] merus, sincerus.*
To make pure, purificare, lustrare.
A making pure, purificatio, lustratio.
Purely, pure, incorrupte, caste.
Pureness, puritas, sinceritas, integritas.
To purify, aureo filo intexere.
A purify, limbus aureo filo intextus.
A purgation or purging, purgatio.
Purgative, catharticus.
Purgatory, locus expiandis post mortem peccatis destinatus.
A purge, medicamentum catharticum.
To take a purge, potionem medicatam haurire, medicamentum catharticum sumere.
To purge, purgare. Diligently, repurgare. Out, expurgare. By sacrifice, expiare, lustrare. Liquid things, eliquare. Bad humours, humores noxios purgatione expellere.
That may be purged or expiated, piabilis.
A purger, qui purgat.
Purging or purgative, purgans, catharticus.

A purging, purgatio. By sacrifice, expiatio.
Belonging to purging by sacrifice, piacularis.
The purging of the sea, maris ejectamentum.
Purification, purificatio, lustratio.
A purifier, qui purificat v. purgat.
To purify, purificare, expiare, lustrare. From dregs, desecare, purum facere.
A purifying, purificatio.
A puritan, qui puriorem religionem profitetur.
Puritanical, ad eos, qui puriorem religionem præ se ferunt, pertinens.
Purity, puritas, castitas. Of language, pura oratio. Of the Latin tongue, incorrupta Latini sermonis integritas.
A puri, limbus.
Purled, limbus ornatu.
Puri [drink] *cerevisia absinthio saporata.*
A purieu, locus e severis saltuum legibus exemptus.
A purling stream, amnis leniter ostrepens.
To purloin, subducere, supplacare, surripere.
A purloiner, expilator, fur.
A purloining, compilatio claustrum destina.
Purple, purpura.
Of purple, purpureus, purpurissatus.
Purple colour, myrex, ostrum.
Purple violet, violacea purpurea.
A purple royal, ostivius, Tyria.
To make purple, purpurare.
To grow of a purple colour, purpurascere.
The purples, febris purpurea.
The purport, sensus, significatio.
To purport, significare, designare.
A purpose, propositum, consilium.
Foreign to the purpose, a proposito alienum.
Not so directly to the purpose, minus apposite.
To speak to the purpose, ad rem dicere.
A full purpose, decretum, statutum.
Of set purpose, consulto; composito. Not of set purpose, inconsulto.
To the purpose [adj.] *appositus, congruus.*
Nothing to the purpose, absurdus, impertinens, nihil ad rem.
To the purpose [adv.] *apposite, apte.*
It is much to the purpose, multum refert.
To the same purpose, in eandem sententiam.

To another purpose, alio.
To what purpose? quo? quorsum?
To what purpose is it? quid valet? quid refert?
To that purpose, eo, ideo.
To no purpose, frustra, nequicquam.
To purpose, proponere, statuere
To alter one's purpose, sententiam mutare.
Purposeless, cogitato, consulto.
A purposing or designing, designation.
To purr [as a cat] felium adblaudientium sonitum edere.
A purse, crumena, marsupium.
To have never a penny in one's purse, argentariam inopia laborare.
To put money into one's purses, to purse, pecuniam in loculos demittere.
To purse [the brow] contrahere.
A purse-bearer, praebitor argentarius.
A cut-purse, qui crumenam percutit.
Purse-proud, pra divitiis elatus.
A net-purse, marsupium reticulatum.
A purse-net, sagena.
A purse-string, loculorum astigmentum.
A purser, bursarius.
Puriness [fatness] obesitas.
Purslain, portulaca. *Garden-purslain*, portulaca sativa.
Sea-purslain, portulaca marina.
Pursuable, quod quis prosequi possit.
To pursue, prosequi. *Diligently*, inaequil. *Close or hard*, aliquis vestigia premere. *A design*, in proposito permittere.
A pursuer, consector, consectorix.
A pursuing or pursuit, consectorio, persecutio; certamen.
To be in the pursuit of a thing, rem studiosae persequi.
By pursuit, ambitiose; ambitu.
A pursuivant, apparitor, licitor, visor. *Vid. Lat. At arms*, caduceatoris assecia.
Pursey [fat] obesus.
To grow or become pursy, pinguescere.
Pursey [short-winded] auspiriosus, anhelans.
A purtenance, appendix.
To purvey [for provisions] obsonari. *For wood*, liguari.
For corn, frumentari.
A purveyance or purveying of provisions, annonae emptio.
A purveyor, annonae curator.
Purvelty, puris abundantia.
Purulent, purulentus; pure plenus.
A push or wheal, pustula, pusula.

A push [thrust] impulsus, impetus. *It is come to the last push*, ad triarios ventum est.
At one push, uno ictu.
To push, pellere. *At or attempt to do a thing*, aliquid moliri. *Back*, repellere. *One forward or encourage to*, impellere, instigare. *Forward or make haste*, festinare, accelerare.
A pusher forward, impulsor, stimulator.
A pushing back, repulsus. *On*, impulsio, stimulatio.
Pusillanimity, timiditas, ignavia.
Pusillanimous, timidus, ignavus.
A puss, felis.
A pustule, pustula, pusula.
Pustulous, pustulosus.
A put off, mora, impedimentum.
To put, ponere, collocare. *Again*, reponere. *Against*, opponere. *Apart or aside*, seponere. *Away* [remove] amovere. *A wife*, uxorem repudiare. *Or send away*, ablegare. *A thing away or off by selling*, divendere. *Back*, depellere. *Before*, antepondere. *Between*, interponere, interjicere. *By or frustrate*, frustrari. *By or lay by*, seponere, recondere. *The case*, supponere, fingere. *Down or cast down*, dejicere. *Down in writing*, scripto mandare. *An end to*, finem dare, coronidem imponere. *Forth*, exerere. *One's hand*, manum porrigere. *One's strength*, vires exerere. *A book*, librum edere. *Leaves*, frondere, frondescere. *Forward* [stir up] concitare, provocare. [Promote] promovere. *From one*, propellere. *It to a hazard*, periculo exponere. *In*, immittere, indere. *In fear*, metum alicui injicere. *Into the ground*, inhumare. *Into*, indere, inserere. *Money to use*, fanerare. *Off or delay*, differre, procrastinare, distrahere. *Off* [in law] comperendinare. *Off a thing cunningly*, astute declinare. *Off* [thrust off] protellare, detrudere. *One's clothes*, vestes exuere. *One's hat*, caput aperire. *One's shoes*, calceos detrahere. *On*, inducere. *Put on a hat*, caput tegere. *Over* [carry over] transferre. *Out* [cast out] ejicere. *Out*, blot out, delere, expungere. *Or extinguish*, extinguere. *Out an order*, edictum proponere. *One thing in the room of another*, aliquid alterius loco subdere. *Or hang up*, figere. *One out to board*, alendum alicui committere. *Out the eyes*, exc-

care. *Out work*, opus locare. *To*, apponere, ulinovere. *Together*, componere, committere. *Under*, supponere. *Under feet*, pedibus subjicere. *Unto*, adjungere. *Up or lift up*, levare, attollere. [In hunting] excitare. *One upon or move one to do a thing*, impellere, addere. *The fault or blame upon another*, culpam in alium trans ferre.
A putter away, depulsor.
A putter on, stimulator.
A putting, positio, positura. *Away*, amotio, depulsio. *Of one's wife*, repudiatio, divortium. *Apart*, separatio. *Back*, rejectio. *Between*, interpositio. *Between of days*, intercalatio. *In or into*, immissio. *Off*, dilatio. [In law] comperendinatio, procrastinatio. *On or forward*, impulsio, inipulsus. *Out or blotting out*, deletio. *Out of fire*, extinctio. *To*, appositio. *Together*, compositio. *Under*, subjectio.
Putid, putidus.
Putrefaction, putredo.
To putrefy or make to putrefy, putrefacere. *Or be putrefied*, putrescere.
A putrefying, putredo.
A puttock [bustard] buteo, milvulus.
Putlocks [ropes in a ship] fanae ab aliis malis ad mull decumanis corbitam currentes.
Putty [a certain composition used by glaziers] compositio cretaea oleo commixta.
A puzzle or puzzling question, questio abstrusa, obscura, difficilis.
To puzzle or put to a puzzle, alicui scrupulum injicere.
A puzzler, qui alium rebus difficilibus confundit.
A puzzling, in res explici difficiles inductio.
Pygmean, pygmaeus.
A pigmy, nanus, pumilus.
A pyramid, pyramis.
Pyramidal or pyramidal, pyramidalis.
Pyrites [fire-stone] pyrites.
Pyrrhonism, pyrrhonismus.
A pythones or prophets, pythonesia.
A pyz, pyxis.

Q

A QUACK or quacksalver, empiricus.
Quackery or quacking, empirica.
To quack [act the quack] em-

piricen exercere. [*As a duck*] obstreptare.
Quadragesimal, quadragesimalis.
A quadrangle, area quadrata.
Quadrangular, quadrangulus, quadrangularis.
A quadrant, quadrans; quarta pars circuli.
Quadrante, quadratus.
To quadrate, quadrare, convenire.
Quadratic, quadraticus.
Quadrature, quadratura.
A quadruped, quadrupes.
The quadruple, quadruplum.
Quadruple, quadruplex.
To quaff, pergracari, perpotare. *All out*, ebibere, exorbere.
A quaffer, ebriosus.
A quaffing, compotatio. *About*, circumpotatio. *Cup*, poculum.
A quag or *quagmire*, palus, vorago.
Quaggy, paludosus, palustris.
A quail, coturnix.
To quail or *quell*, domare, opprimere. [*Droop*] animo deficere.
Quaint [elegant or polite] elegans, bellus, nitidus. [*Odd*, strange] rarus.
A quaint fellow, homo bellus.
A quaint girl, compta puella.
Quaintly [neatly] compte, eleganter, riltide.
Quaintness [neatness] elegantia, uitor.
To quake, tremere, trepidare.
Extremely, horrere.
To make to quake, tremefacere.
To begin to quake, tremescere.
A quaker [the nickname of a respectable religious sect] tremulus v. tremebundus.
A quaking, quake, horror, tremor.
A qualification [endowment] dos, indoles.
Qualification [abatement] imminutio, diminutio.
A person well qualified, homo omnibus animi dotibus ad rem aliquam ornatus.
To qualify [make fit] idoneum ad aliquid munus facere.
[Appease] mitigare, pacare.
[Moderate] temperare.
A qualifying [appeasing] sedatio, placatio.
Qualify [condition] qualitas, status.
To be naturally qualified for carrying on business, a natura adjumenta habere rerum gerendarum.
The quality or *persons of quality*, nobiles, pl. proceres.
An inbred quality, dos inaita.
A quality [degree] gradus, ordo.
Quality [nobility] nobilitas dignitas.

Qualities, mores, pl.
A qualm, levis stoinachi ægritudo.
Qualmish, crudus.
A quandary, dilemma.
Quantitive, ad quantitatem pertinens.
A quantity, modus, quantitas.
A great quantity, magna vis.
A poor or small quantity, paucillulum.
A quarantain or *quarantine*, mora quadragenaria in statione propter pestem.
To perform quarantine, in statione inorari per quadraginta dies propter pestem.
A quarrel, jurgium, rixa, controversia.
A quarrel of glass, vitri rhombus.
A quarrel [square arrow] spiculum quadratum. *An unfeathered quarrel*, spiculum implume.
To quarrel, litigare, rixari, jurgari.
To breed or pick quarrels, vitiligare; lites ciere v. serere.
A picker of quarrels, vitiligator.
To make up quarrels, lites inter aliquos componere.
To undertake one's quarrels, se partibus alicujus adjungere.
A quarreller, altercator, litigator.
A quarrelling, contentio, litigatio; lis.
Quarrelling, quarrelsome, or quarrelous, rixosus, contentiosus, litigiosus.
Quarrelsome, indoles jurgilis adicta.
A quarry [stone-mine] lapicidina.
The quarry of a hawk, accipitris præda.
To quarry upon, in prædam in vehi.
A quarry-man, lapicida.
A quart, sextarius, quarta pars congi.
A quartan ague, febris quartana.
Having a quartan ague, quartana febris laborans.
A quarter [fourth part] quadrans v. quarta pars. [*Coast*] regio, litio.
A quarter of an hour, quarta pars horæ.
A quarter of corn, frumenti octo modii.
Quarters or *lodgings*, hospitium.
Soldiers' quarters, contubernia stativa.
The quarters of the moon, lunæ phases.
In all quarters, in omnes partes.
From all quarters, quaquaversum.
A quarter of timber, trabs quadrata,

A double quarter piece, trabs crassior.
A quarter piece [in heraldry] foramen quadratum in medie crucis formatum.
A quarter staff, baculum.
Quarter [in fighting] anlus.
To call or cry for quarter, pro vitâ supplicare.
To give quarter, in fidem recipere; vitæ parcere.
Winter quarters, hiberna, pl.
The quarter-sessions, trimestris pacis curatorum comitia.
To quarter or lodge with a person, apud aliquem diversari.
To quarter limb-meat, deartare, laniare.
Quarterage, pensio trimestris.
A quartering [cutting or tearing to pieces] laniatus; sectio.
A quartering or lodging, hospitii receptio.
A quarter-master, castrorum metator.
Quarterly, quolibet spatio trimestri.
Quarterly payments, pensiones trimestres.
A quartern, sextarii quarta pars.
A book in quarto, liber in quarto compactus.
To quash, quassare, opprimere.
To be quashed as a bill in parliament, discuti.
A quashing, quassatio, oppressio.
Quater cousins, in gratiam redacti.
Quaternary, quaternarius.
A quaternion or *file of four soldiers*, quaternio.
To quaver, cantillare, modulari. [*As a wren*] zinzibilare.
A quaverer, modulator.
A quavering, modulatio.
A quavier [fish] araneus, draconena marina.
A queen, meretrix, scortum.
Queasy, fastidiosus, dissolutus.
Queasiness, fastidium.
To queer, contremiscere.
A queen, regina. *Consort*, uxor.
Dowager, vidua.
Queer, ineptus, insulsus.
Queerly, inepte, insulse.
To quell, domare, debellare, vincere.
A queller, domitor, victor.
A quelling, domitus.
To quench, extinguere, restinguere. *Neut.* defervescere.
Quenchable, qui extingui potest.
A quencher, extinctor.
A quenching, extinctio, restitutio.
Quenchless, inextinctus.
Querimonious, queribundus.
Querimoniously, cum questu.
A quern, molla trusastilis. *A pepper-quern*, molla piperaria.
A query or *equerry*, stabuli præfectus.

Querulous, querulus, queribundus.
Querulousness, querimonia.
A query or question, questio.
To query, quæstionem proponere.
A quest or ring-dove, palumbæ.
A quest [inquest] examen, inquisitio.
A quest-man, questant, questor.
To quest [as a spaniel] latrare, nictare.
To go in quest of a thing, ad aliquid investigandum ire.
A question [interrogation] quæstio, interrogatio.
A small or short question, quæstioncula.
The main question, tota res.
To determine the main question, de tota re et causâ iudicare.
A question or doubt, dubitatio.
A dark question, ænigma. A knotty, perdifficilis.
To beg the question, principium petere.
To state a question, quæstionem proponere.
To state or start a question, quæstionem proponere v. in medium proferre.
A begging of the question, petitio principii.
Questions and commands [a play] basilinda.
To question or call in question, dubitare.
To question with, percontari.
To bring or call one in question, ad examen v. in ius vocare.
To question [examine] examinare, perpendere.
To go from the question, a proposito aberrare.
To come in question, in dubium venire.
To put one to the question or torture, in quæstionem rapere.
Questionable, dubius, incertus.
Questionary, ad interrogatorem pertinens.
A questioner, percontator, rogator.
A questioning, dubitatio, inquisitio.
Questionless, certissime, procul dubio.
A questor [treasurer] questor.
A quibble, cavilla.
To quibble, cavillari.
A quibler, cavillator, sophista.
A quibbling, cavillatio, captio.
A quibbling question, captio.
Quibblingly, captiose.
Quick or nimble, agilis, nacer, celer. [Alive] vivus. [Hasty] festinus. [Ready] promptus.
Of scent, sagax. In spying, perspicax. Of wit or quick-witted, solers, acutus, argutus.
With child, sætu vivo gravidæ.
Quick, quick, move te oculus.

To cut to the quick, ad vivum resicare.
To be quick or lively, vigere.
To be quick with child, sætum vivum utero gestare.
The quick-beam or quicken-tree, ornus.
A quick-sand, syrtis.
Quick-sets, vivæ radices.
A quick-set hedge, sepes viva.
Quick-silver, argentum vivum.
Quick, or quickly, cito, impigre.
To quicken [vivify] animare. [Hasten] instigare. [Make haste] accelerare. Wine, vinum resuscitare.
A quickener, stimulator.
A quickening, animatio.
Quickly [soon or presently] cito, illico, mature. Somewhat quickly, celeriuscule. [Subtily] acute, subtiliter.
Quickness [nimbleness] agilitas, velocitas. [Liveliness] vivacitas. Of sight or understanding, perspicuitas. Of wit, sagacitas, acumen ingenii.
Quicksightedness, sensus oculorum acerrimus.
To return quid for quo, par pari referre.
Quiddany, cydonium, cydoniata.
A quiddity, captiuncula.
Quiescence or quiescency, quiescentia.
Quiescent, quiescens.
Quiet [subst.] quies, otium, pax. Adj. [tranquil] quietus, tranquillus. [Silent] taciturnus. [Peaceable] placidus, clemens.
To be quiet [silent] tacere. [Live at ease] otari, vacare.
Be at quiet, quiescere.
To quiet or make quiet, pacare, placare.
A quieter, pacator.
A quieting, placatio, sedatio.
Quietly [at ease] quiete, tranquille.
Quietness, requies; securitas.
A quill, calamus, penna.
The quill of a barrel, dolii epistominum.
A quill to play on a musical instrument, plectrum.
A brother of the quill, eodem genere quæstus exercitus.
A quillet, res frivola.
A quilt for a bed, culcita.
To quilt, pannum, sericum, &c. bombyce sartum consuere.
A quince, malum lanatum.
A quince-tree, malus cotonea.
Quinquennial [belonging to five years] quinquennis, quinquennialis.
The quiney, Vid. Squinancy.
A quintain [post to run a tilt at with poles] palus quintanus.
To run at quintain, ad palum equestri cursu decertare.

The running at the quintain, hastiludium.
A quintal, centumpondium.
The quintessence, essentia quinta.
A quip or quib, dicterium.
To quip, vellicare, augillare.
A quire of paper, papyri scapus.
A quire or choir of singers, chorus.
The quire or choir of a church, locus ubi chorus canit.
A book in quires or unbound, liber nondum compactus.
A quirister or chorister, chorista. Vid. Chorister.
A quirk, cavillatio, captio.
Full of quirks and quiddities, captiosus, vafer, subtilis.
Quirks, dicteria, pl.
To quit [leave] relinquere, deserre. Yield, cedere. Scores, to quittance, par pari referre. [Free] liberare. Behave one's self well, virum se præstare. One's country, cedere patriâ. One's post, provinciam tradere. Claim, decedere jure suo.
Not to quit cost, oleum et operam perdere.
To go quit, impune ferre.
Quiet, omnino, penitus, plane.
A quittance, syngrapha pecuniam acceptam esse testans.
Quitter, stanni scoria.
Quitting their horses, dimissis equis.
A quitting [leaving] desertio. [Freeing] liberatio.
A quiver, pharetra.
Wearing a quiver, pharetratus.
To quiver, contremiscere, trepidare. With cold, præ frigore horrere. With fear, expavescere.
Quivering, horridus, tremulus.
A quivering, horror, tremor.
To quob [as the heart] palpitare.
The quoil of a cable, rudentis in circulum convolutio.
To quoil a cable, rudentem in circulum convolvere.
A quoit, discus.
To play at quoits, discis certare.
A quota, pars rei alicujus quam ex compacto quis accipere, aut pendere, debet.
To furnish his quota, proportionem suam suppeditare.
A quotation, loci alicujus ex scriptore quopiam prolato.
To quote, laudare, citare.
A quote, or quotient, quotus et quotum.
Quoth he, inquit illa. She, illa.
Quotidian, quotidianus.
A quotidian ague, febris quotidianæ.
A quoting citatio, laudatio.

R

A **RABBIN**, or **rabbi**, legis Hebræorum interpres.

Rabbinal, **rabbini**cus.

A **rabbit**, **cuniculus**.

A **rabbit's stop**, parientis cuniculi cubile.

Rabid, **rabidus**, **rabiosus**.

A **rabble**, turba; vulgus, colluvies.

Rabblement [heap of impertinent stuff] ineptiæ, pl.

A **race** [contest in running] cursus.

To **run a race**, cursu certare.

A **race** [stock] progenies, stirps, prosapia.

A **race or root of ginger**, zinziberis radix.

The **royal race**, stirps regia.

The **race of mankind**, humanum genus v. genus hominum.

The **race of one's life**, vitæ spatium.

A **chariot-race**, cursus rhedarius.

A **horse-race**, hippodromus.

A **foot-race**, cursus pedestris.

A **race-horse or racer**, equus cursor.

A **race of horses for breed**, genus nobile equorum.

A **rack** [grate for hay] faliaca, crates pabularia. [For torture] equuleus. [For a cross-bow] harpago. Of mutton, cervix vervecina. For hay, crates.

A **bacon rack**, crates porcina.

A **bottle-rack**, utricularia. A **cheese-rack**, casearia.

At **rack and manger**, satur et otiosus.

To **live at rack and manger**, ex Amalthææ cornu haurire; otiose vivere.

To **rack or put upon a rack**, crati imponere. Torment, torquere, cruciare. Beer, &c. cervicium, &c. defecare. One's self, se macerare.

Racked with pains, tortuosus, cruciatus.

A **racker**, tortor, extoror.

A **racket** [for tennis] reticulum. [Stir] strepitus, tumultus.

To **keep a racket**, inturbare.

A **racking**, tortura, cruciatus.

The **racking pains of a distemper**, cruciamenta morbi.

A **racking of liquors**, defecatio.

A **racoon**, cuniculus Americanus.

Racy wine, vinum saporis gratissimi.

Radiance, or **radiancy**, nitor, splendor.

Radiant, rutilus, splendidus.

Radiant brightness, fulgor coruscus.

To **radiate**, nitere, splendere.

Radiation, radiatio.

Radical, ad radicem pertinens.

Radically, radicitus.

To **radicate** [implant] plantare, serbere.

A **radication or radicating**, plantatio.

A **radish**, raphanus. **Garden-radish**, raphanus hortensis.

Horse-radish, rusticanus, agrestis. **Long-radish**, algidenis.

Sweet-radish, Syriacus.

Of **radish**, raphaninus.

The **raff** [refuse] rejectanea, pl.

To **raff**, confundere.

To **raffle at dice**, aleæ ludere.

A **raffle or raffling**, alea.

A **raft**, ratis.

A **rafter**, trabs. A **little rafter**, tigillum.

To **rafter**, contignare.

A **raftering**, contignatio.

Of **rafters**, tignarius.

The **space between rafters**, intertignium.

A **rag**, panniculus.

A **linen rag**, linteolum.

Full of **rags or all in rags**, pannosus.

To **tear to rags**, dilacerare.

A **ragamuffin**, mendicabulum.

Rage, rabies, furor; vecordia.

The **rage of the sea**, maris æstus.

In a **rage or fury** [adj.] furibundus, furiosus. Adv. rabide, rabiose.

To **rage** [or be in a rage] furere, insanire. Anew [as a wound, grief, &c.] recrudescere. As the sea, æstuar.

Like a **drunken man**, bacchari.

Raging, **rageful**, furiosus, rabidus.

A **raging**, furor, rabies.

Ragingly, furiose, rabide.

Ragged or jagged, dentatus.

Raggedness, pannositas.

A **ragout or ragoo**, cupedim, pl. guiz irritamentum.

A **rail** [pale] vacerra, palus.

Rails on the side of a gallery, lorice, pl.

A **rail or bar at the starting-place**, carceres.

To **rail** [or set round with rails] palis æpire. Against, at, or on, maledicere, concriminari.

At one behind his back, absenti male loqui.

A **place railed in**, septum.

A **railer**, insectator, conviciator; maledicus.

Railingly, maledice, contumeliose.

Railery, convicium, jocatio.

Raiment, vestis, vestimentum.

Rain, pluvia.

In the **rain**, per imbrem.

A **storm of rain**, nimbus.

Of **rain**, rainy, pluvius, pluviosus.

To **rain**, pluere. Downright,

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depluere. In or upon, impluere. Through, perpluere.

It is going to rain, pluvia impendit.

A **rainbow**, arcus celestis, iris.

Gentle rains, lentæ pluvie.

A **rainy day**, dies pluvialis.

A **stormy and rainy season**, cæli status procellosus. atque imbrifer.

A **reindeer**, cervus rangifer.

To **raise**, levare, attollere.

To **raise one's self or sit up**, surgere. One's self in the world, suâ industriâ divitias augere.

The **country or posse comitatens**, omnes regionis alicujus incolæ cogere. One from the dead, excitare aliquem ab inferis. Large sums of money, ingentem pecuniam decernere.

Any **passion**, affectus movere. **Paste**, farinam depædere. **Portions for daughters**, filias dotare. **Suspicion upon a person**, suspicionem in aliquem commovere. Up, excitare. Men, milites conscribere. The **affections or passions**, animos commovere.

New-raised men, thirones v. milites nuper conscripti.

A **raiser**, concitator.

A **raising**, concitatio.

The **raising of a bank**, terræ aggestio. Of money, pecuniarum exactio, argentaria coactio. Of soldiers, militum delectus. Of a siege, ab obskione discessus.

A **raisin**, uva passa.

Raisins of the sun, uvæ sole siccate.

A **rake**, rastrum, sarcolum.

A **rake to pull out weeds with**, irpex.

To **rake or scrape**, radere, deradere. With a rake, sarculare, sarrire. Again, resarrire. To **gather or up**, corradere. Up the fire, ignem cineribus condere. Up the ashes of the dead, mortui convicia facere.

A **rake**, **rakish fellow**, or **rake-shame**, **rakehell**, **rakehell**, homo discinctus, impurus, libidinuosus.

A **raker**, sarritor.

A **raking**, sarculatio, sarritio.

To **rally** [in fight] aciem instaurare. Come together to a certain place after a rout, ex fuga convenire. [jest] joculari, irridere. Smartly, argutare.

A **rallying**, pugna instauratio.

A **ram**, aries. The **sea ram**, aries marinus.

Of a **ram**, arietinus, arietarius.

To **ram** [drive with violence] fistucare. Or stuff, infarcire.

In **gunpowder**, pulverem nitratum virgâ adigere.

To **bust like a ram**, arietare.

Ramage or *branches of trees*, arborum rami.
A ramble or *rambling*, vagatio, error.
To ramble, vagare, circumcur-
 sare. *In discourse*, a propo-
 sito aberrare.
A rambling person, rambler,
 erro, homo vagus.
Ramification, ramorum divisio.
To ramify, germinare.
A rammer [instrument for driv-
 ing any thing that is hard]
 fistuca. Or *gun-stick*, virga
 scloppetaria.
A ramming, fistucatio.
Rammish, rancidus, hircosus.
Somewhat rammish, subranci-
 dus.
Rammishly, rancide.
Rammishness, rancor, fætor.
Rampant [wanton] procax, las-
 civiens.
Rampant [in heraldry] insi-
 liens.
A lion rampant, leo erectus.
A rampart or *rampire*, vallum,
 agger.
A ramping up, exultatio.
To rampire or *rampart*, obval-
 lare, circumvallare.
Rancid or *rank*, rancidus.
Rancidity, rancor.
Rancour, invidia, simulas gra-
 vis.
Rancorous or *fraught with ran-
 cour*, invidus, malignus.
Rancorously, invidiose, maligne.
A rand, crepido, limbus, ora.
A rand of beef, pars clunium
 bubulorum carnosa.
A random, inconsulto, temere.
A random shot, globulus sine
 scopo emissus.
A range [sieve] cribrum. *Be-
 tween the coach horses*, temo.
[Order] series, ordo. *A ram-
 ble*, vagatio.
To range [put in order] ordi-
 nare, disponere. *Up and
 down*, obambulare, evagari.
Meal, cribrare.
A ranger [searcher] explorator.
Of a forest, saltus custos. Or
ranging sieve, cribrum sari-
 narium.
A ranging or setting in order,
 digestio.
A ranging or inspection, lustrat-
 io.
Rank [over fruitful] nimis lux-
 urians.
Rank in smell, rancidus, olidus.
Somewhat rank or *rankish*,
 rancidulus.
Rank poison, acre venenum.
Rank may be expressed by the
 superlative degree; as, *A rank
 knave*, flagitiosissimus. *A rank
 fool*, stultissimus.
Rank [quality] ordo, gradus,
 dignitas.
A person of the first rank, homo
 illustris.

To rank, ordinare.
To keep his rank, intra ordinem
 se continere.
To march in rank and file, acie
 instructâ iter facere.
To be rank, luxuriari, luxuriare.
To rank or be ranked, digeri.
A ranker, ordinator.
To rankle or *feaster*, suppurare,
 exulcerare.
A rankling, suppuratio.
Rankly [offensively] rancide.
[Luxuriantly] luxuriose.
Rankness [stinking smell] ran-
 cor. [Luxuriance] luxuries.
To ransack, diripere, expilare.
A ransacker, direptor, spolia-
 tor.
A ransacking, direptio, spolia-
 tio.
A ransom, redemptio.
To ransom, redimere.
*To put to the ransom or give
 leave to persons to ransom
 themselves*, captivis redimeudi
 sui copiam facere.
A ransomer, redemptor.
A ransoming, redemptio, redemp-
 tionis pretium.
Rant or talking at random, van-
 illoquentia.
To rant, to *rantipole*, bacchari.
A rant or ranting fellow, rant-
 ipole, nepos ineptus.
A ranting, bacchatio.
Rantingly, gloriose, inepte.
A rap, alapa, ictus levis. *Over
 the fingers*, talitrum.
To rap, or *give one a rap*, ferire,
 percutere. [To barter] com-
 mutare.
Rapacious, rapax.
Rapaciously, avide.
Rapacity or *rapaciousness*, rap-
 acitas, rapina.
A rape, raptus.
To commit a rape, stuprare.
A rape [division of a country]
 comitatûs portio.
Rape or wild turnip, rapum. *A
 little rape*, rapulum. *Rape-
 seed*, rapl semen. *Rape-leaves*,
 rapicia, pl. *Rape-violet*, cy-
 claminus.
Rapid, rapidus, velox.
Rapidity or *rapidity*, rapidi-
 tas, velocitas.
Rapidly, rapide, velociter.
A rapier, verutum.
Rapine, rapina.
A rapper, pulsator.
A rapping, pulsatio, verbera-
 tio.
A rapture, animi impetus. *Of
 joy*, effusa lætitia.
Rapturous, mirabilis, mirificus,
 admirabilis.
Rare [uncommon] rarus, infre-
 quens. [Excellent] eximius,
 egregius. [Thin] rarus, tenuis.
Rarefaction, rarefactio.
To rarefy, rarefacere.
To be rarefied, rarescere.

A rarefying, tenuatio.
Rarely, raro. *Very*, perraro.
Rareness or *rarity*, raritas, pau-
 citas.
A rarity or *choice thing*, res
 eximia.
A rascal, balatro, mastigia.
A vile rascal or *rascallion*, vilis
 homuncio.
The rascality, populi fœx.
Rascally, flagitiosus, acalestus.
A rase or *blot*, limba.
A rase made by a weapon, leve
 vulnus.
To rase or *scratch*, stringere.
Out, eradere, celere. *To the
 ground*, evertere.
Rash [precipitate] inconsidera-
 tus, temerarius, violentus.
A rash fool, homo præceps.
A rash [distemper] eruptio.
A rasher of bacon, lardi ossilla.
Rashly, inconsiderate, temere.
Rashness, inconsiderantia, præ-
 cipitatio.
Rashness of belief, credulitas.
A rasing or *rasure* [a scraping]
 rasura. [Demolishing] demo-
 litio. Or *blotting out*, deletio.
A rasor, novacula, culter ton-
 sorius.
Rasorable, tonsuræ sat idoneus.
A rasp or *raspatory*, radula.
To rasp, radere, limare.
A rasping, rasura.
Rough as a rasp, mordax.
A raspberry, rubi idæi fructus.
A rasure, rasura.
A rat, sorex. *The Alpine* or
mountain rat, mustela Alpicina.
The Egyptian rat, mus Pha-
 ronias, ichneumon. *A water-
 rat*, mus aquaticus.
Of a rat, soricinus.
To smell a rat [to mistrust] sub-
 olere.
A rat-catcher, muricidus. *Vid.
 Lat.*
A rat-trap, soricium decipula.
To hunt rats, sorices insectari.
A rate [price] pretium.
To buy a thing at a high rate,
 magno pretio parare.
A very low rate, pretium vile.
A rate [proportion] proportio.
A rate [tax] tributum, vecti-
 gal.
A rate [manner] modus.
At no rate, nullo modo. *At
 this or that rate*, hoc v. illo
 modo.
A first-rate man of war, navis
 bellica primæ magnitudinis.
To rate [or tax] taxare, cen-
 sere. [Value] æstimare.
[Chide] jurgare, increpare.
A rating [valuing] census.
A rating [chiding] objurgatio.
Rateable, censuialis.
Rateably, initiâ rei proportionē.
A rater [valuer] censor, æsti-
 mator.
Rath, mature præcox.
Rather, potius, magis.

May rather, imo.
A ratification or ratifying, confirmatio, sanctio.
Ratifications, instrumenta sanctionis.
To ratify, sancire, ratum facere.
Ratiocination, ratiocinatio.
Ratiocinative, ratiocinativus.
Rational or endowed with reason, rationalis, rationis compos.
[Agreeable to reason] rationi consentaneus.
Rationality, facultas ratiocinandi.
Rationally, juste.
A rattle, crepitaculum.
A rattle-headed or rattling fellow, temerarius, garrulus.
To rattle [talk impertinently] inepte garrire. Make a noise, crepitare. In the throat before death, buccis morte soluta rauco sonare. One off or cold at, jurgare, increpare.
Children's rattles, crepundia, pl.
A rattling [shaking] concussio, quassatio.
A rattling [chiding] objurgatio.
Ravage, direptio, expilatio.
To ravage, diripere, populari, spoliare.
A ravager, expilator, director.
A ravaging, direptio, populatio.
A raver, delirus.
A raving, deliratio, insanis.
Ravishly, rabiose.
To rave, delirare, despere.
To ravel, relexere, involvere.
A raven, corvus. A night raven, corvus nocturnus; nycticorax. A sea raven, corvus marinus. A young raven, corvi pullus.
To raven or ravin, rapere, vorare.
A ravener, helluo.
Ravering or ravenous, avidus, vorax.
A ravening, raptio, rapacitas.
Ravenously, avidle.
Ravenousness, voracitas.
To ravish away, vi abripere.
To ravish [commit a rape] stuprare, vitare.
To ravish [charm] delectare, delinire.
To be ravished or charmed with, magnam ex aliqua re voluptatem capere.
To be ravished with love, amore ardere v. flagrare. With delight, summam delectationem habere.
A ravisher, raptor, stuprator.
A ravishment or committing of a rape, raptus, pudicitiam violatio.
A ravishment of the mind, mentis emotio.
Raze [crude] crudus. [Not sodden] incoctus. Very raw, per-

crudus. Somewhat raw, subcrudus. [Unskilful] rudis, imperitus.
To grow raw, crudesce.
Rawly in skill, imperite.
Raw-boned, strigosus, macilentus.
Rawness, cruditas.
A ray, radius.
A ray [fish] rala. A rack-ray, rala clavata. The sharp-fronted ray [fish] pastinaca.
A ray of gold, bractea, bracteola.
To ray or cast forth rays, radiare.
To ray corn, cribrum motando paleam congregare.
Raze, Vid. Rase.
Razor, Vid. Razor.
To reach [come up to] assequi. One's meaning, intelligere. Out, act. [extend] exporrigere. Neut. [extend] patere. To or arrive at, pertingere. [Vomit] vomere.
A reach [extent] ambitus, tractus. [Fetch] dolus, fallacia.
Reach [capacity, ability] facultas, prudentia. [Power] potestas.
Reach of thought or wit, sagacitas.
A reach at sea, duorum promontorium intervallum.
A reach or reaching to vomit, vomendi nixus.
A reaching [extending] porrectio.
Reaction, reactio. Vid. Lat.
To read [peruse] legere. Over again, relegere. Often, lectitare. Over, perlegere. Out, publice recitare. A sermon or other discourse, instead of repeating it by heart, de scripto dicere v. recitare. To [as a tutor to his scholars] praelegere. [Guess] conjectare, conjectura.
A well-read man, homo doctissimus.
A reader, lector. A great reader, librorum helluo. A reader in schools, professor. A reader to scholars, prelector.
A reader or curate, sacerdos vicarius.
A reading, lectio. Openly [as in public lectures] praelectio. Over, evolutio.
A reading-desk, plateus.
To re-adourn, denuo in alium diem differre.
To re-admit, denuo admittere.
To re-adorn, iterum ornare.
Ready [prompt] promptus, propensus. To please, affabile, comis. [Willing] libens, volens.
She is ready to lie in, partus instat.
Ready or already, jam, jamdudum.

Ready-furnished lodgings, hospitium suppellectili instructum.
Of a ready wit, sagax; perspicax.
Ready money, pecunia numerata.
To be ready at hand, adesse, praesto esse.
To get or make ready, parare, preparare.
To make ready hastily, propere, accelerare.
To make ready for war, bellum parare.
Readily [promptly] prompte expedite. [Without book] inemoriter. [Willingly, affably] libenter.
Readiness, alacritas, facilitas. To please, obsequium, obsequentia, urbanitas, comitas.
To be in readiness, in procinctu stare.
In readiness, in promptu. It is in readiness, suppetit.
To set in readiness, expedire, parare.
Real, verus, re vera existit.
A real estate, patrimonium.
Reality, veritas.
To realise, rem vividam imaginatione ad amissum exprimere.
Really [in earnest] re vera, sincere. [Truly] profecto, sane.
A realm, regnum, regio.
A ream of paper, papyri scapus major.
To re-animate, denuo animare.
To re-annex, denuo adungere.
To reap, metere, demetere.
Corn ready to be reaped, seges matura.
A reaper, messor, falcarius.
Reaping, messio, demessio.
In reaping time, messibus, per messes.
Of reaping, messorius.
A reaping-hook, falx.
Reaping-time, messis.
The rear of an army [on a march] novissimum agmen. [In the line of battle] extrema acies, triarii.
To bring up the rear, agmen cogere, extremum agmen ducere.
The bringer up of the rear, aciel ultimae ductor.
To rear or rear up, erigere, elevare. A building, edificare. Children, infantes alere. Up himself, se attollere. A boar, aprum lustru exturbare.
A rearing or lifting up, erectio. Or bringing up, educatio.
To re-ascend, denuo ascendere.
Reason [the faculty] ratio.
A reason [cause or motive] ratio, causa.
Reason [right] equum, jus. [Moderation] modus. [Understanding] consilium.
Void of reason, reasonless, ex-

pers rationis. *Endowed with reason*, *compos rationis*. *For this reason*, hâc de causâ.
Against or not agreeable to reason, absurdus, ineptus.
By reason of, ob, propter, præ.
By reason, quum, quando.
To reason, disceptare, disputare, argumentari. *Captiously*, cavillari.
Reasonably [endued with reason] rationalis; ratione præditus. [*Just*] æquus, justus. [*Moderate*] modicus.
Reasonableness or justice, æquitas, iustitia.
Reasonably [justly] iuste. [*Moderately*] modice.
Reasonably well, sic satia.
Which may be reasoned, disputabilis.
A reasoner, ratiocinator.
A reasoning, ratiocinatio, disputatio, argumentatio.
A reasoning, ratiocinativus.
A captious reasoning, conclusivuncula.
To re-assemble or call together again, iterum convocare. *Or meet together again*, rursum convenire.
To re-assert, reposcere.
To re-assign, iterum assignare.
A re-assignment, assignatio iterata.
To re-assume, reassumere, revocare.
To re-assure, denuo firmare.
To re-attempt, retentare.
To reave, auferre.
To rebaptize, denuo sacris aquis inspergere.
To rebate [blunt] hebetare, obtundere. *In accounts*, subducere. *Or make rebates*, striare.
A rebate, in architecture, strix, striatura.
Rebatement, in heraldry, deminutio.
A rebating or rebatement [a blunting] hebetatio.
A rebeck, fidicula.
A rebel, rebellis.
To rebel, rebellare, deficere.
A rebel, rebellator, rebellatrix.
A rebelling or rebellion, rebellio, perduellio.
Rebellious [desirous of innovations in government] rerum novarum studiosus.
Rebellious [stiff-necked] obstinatus, perversus.
Rebelliously, rerum novarum studio.
Rebelliousness, contumacia, pervicacia.
To reellow, resonare.
A rebound, saltus iteratus.
To rebound, resilire.
A rebounding, repercussio.
A rebuff or repulse, repulsa.
To meet with a rebuff, repulsam ferre.

To rebuild, denuo edificare.
Rebuidel or rebuilt, denuo edificatus.
A rebuilding, edificatio iterata.
A rebuke, objurgatio, castigatio.
To rebuke, objurgare, increpare, castigare. *With a sneer*, sugillare. *Sharply*, increpitare. *Despitefully*, exprobrare.
Rebukeable, culpabilis.
A rebuker, objurgator, castigatōr, corrector.
A rebuking, objurgatio, reprehensio.
To rebut, se retrahere.
To recall or call back, revocare.
One's words, verba reprehendere.
That may be recalled, revocabilis.
Not to be recalled, irrevocabilis.
A recalling, revocatio.
To recant, recantare; palinodiam canere. *One's opinion*, sententiam mutare.
A recanter, qui recantat v. palinodiam canit.
A recanting or recantation, palinodia.
To recapitulate, res jam dictas breviter repetere.
A recapitulation, summarium, rerum dictarum enumeratio.
To recarry, revellere, reportare.
To recede [go from or retire] recedere, secedere.
A receipt or receiving, receptio.
A receipt or discharge for payment, syngrapha pecuniæ acceptæ.
A physician's receipt or recipe, medici præscriptum.
To receive [obtain] accipere, recipere. *Visits*, salutantes admittere. *Imbibe*, imbibere.
Ino company, in societatem admittere. [*Entertain or harbour*] hospitio excipere.
A loss, damnum accipere. *Stolen goods*, furta recipere.
A thing received, acceptum.
A receiver, receptor, acceptor.
Of taxes, publicanus. *Of stolen goods*, furtorum receptor.
A receiver [chemical vessel] vas succum stillatum recipiens.
Receivers of the king's demesnes, regis procuratores. *Receivers general*, tribuni ærarii.
A receiving, receptio, acceptio.
Before, anticipatio.
To celebrate, denuo celebrare.
Recency or recentness, novitas.
Recent, recens, nuperus.
Recently, recenter, recens, nuper.
A receptacle or receptory, receptaculum.
A reception [receiving] receptio. [*Entertainment*] acceptio.
Receptive, capax.
A recess or retiring, recessus, secessus. *Or secret place*, latibula.

To rechange, iterum mutare.
To rechange or drive back again, denuo repellere.
A recheat, venatoris pallinodia.
A recipe, præscriptum.
Reciprocal, reciprocus, alternus, mutuus.
Reciprocally, mutuo, alternatim.
To reciprocate, alternare, mutare.
Reciprocation, reciprocatio, alternatio.
Recision or cutting off, recisio.
A recital or recitation, recitatio, enumeratio.
To recite, recitare, enumerare.
A reciter, recitator.
To reck, curare, attendere.
Reckless or reckless, securus, negligens.
Recklessly, negligenter, remisse.
Vid. Reichless.
Recklessness, negligentia, securitas.
To reckon [count or tell] numerare, computare. [*Esteem or judge*] arbitrari, existimare. *Design*, statuere, constituere. *Or depend upon a thing*, aliquid rei plurimum confidere. *Little of*, parvi pendere. *Not to reckon of*, nullo numero habere. *Up*, supputare, enumerare. *With one*, rationes conferre.
To over-reckon, plus justo computare.
That may be reckoned, computabilis, numerabilis. *That cannot be reckoned*, innumerabilis.
A reckoner, qui rationes computat.
A reckoning [calculation] numeratio, computatio.
A female's reckoning, prægnationis tempus.
A reckoning [shot or scot] symbolum. [*Account to be given*] ratio.
To call for a reckoning, computationem exigere.
To reckon or come to a reckoning with one, cum aliquo rationes conferre.
To make reckoning of, pendere, ducere.
A reckoning book, tabula accepti et expensi.
To reclaim, corrigere.
A reclaiming, emendatio, correctio.
To recline, reclinare.
Reclining or recline, reclinis.
To reclose, iterum claudere.
To reclude, recludere.
A recluse, monachus inter parietes clausus.
A recluse life, vita a rebus mundanis seclusa.
A recognisance or obligation, obligatio.
To forfeit one's recognisance, vadimonium deservire.

To recognise, recognoscere.
A recognising or recognition, recognitio, agnitio.
To recoil [rush back] resillire. [Give back] cedere.
To make to recoil, retroferre.
Not to recoil, subsistere.
A recoil or recoiling, recessus.
To recoil, denuo eudere.
Recoinage, actus iterum cudendi.
To recollect, recolligere, recolligere, comminisci.
A recollecting or recollection, recordatio, recognitio.
Recollecta [a religious order] Recollecti.
To recomfort, iterum consolari.
To recommence, instaurare, renovare, integrare.
A recommencing, instauratio, redintegratio.
To recommend [praise to another] commendare, laudare.
Letters of recommendation, litteræ commendatitiæ.
To recommend or send salutation to one, aliquem salutare.
Recommendable, commendabilis.
A recommendation or recommending, commendatio, laudatio.
Recommendative or recommendatory, commendatitius.
A recommender, laudator.
To commit, iterum in custodiam conjicere.
To recompact, denuo reficere.
A recompense, præmium, merces. **A little recompense**, mercedula.
To recompense [reward] remunerare, compensare. **Or requite like for like**, par pari ferre.
A recompense, compensation, or requital, remuneratio, compensatio.
To recompense one's diligence, fructum diligentia alicui referre.
To recompense a loss, damnum compensare v. resarcire.
Without recompense, gratis, gratuito.
A loss that may be recompensed, damnum revocabile. **Not to be recompensed**, irreparabilis.
A recompenser, qui pensat.
To recompose, denuo componere.
To recount or recount, recognoscere, recensere.
Reconcilable, reconciliationem admittens.
Reconcilableness, qualitas rei reconciliationem admittentis.
To reconcile, conciliare, adjungere.
To be reconciled to a person, cum aliquo in gratiam redire.
That cannot be reconciled or pacified, implacabilis, inextorabilis.
A reconciler, conciliator, reconciliator.

A reconciliation or reconcilament, conciliatio, reconciliatio.
Recondite [hidden, abstruse] reconditus, occultus.
To reconduct, reconducere.
A reconducting, reductio, deductio.
To reconnoitre a place, loci naturam explorare.
To reconquer, denuo vincere.
To consecrate, iterum consecrare.
To reconsign, rursus consignare.
To reconvene, rursus convenire.
To convey, referre, reportare.
A record, annales, pl. testimonium.
It is upon record, memorie proditum est.
Books of record, tabulæ publicæ.
A bill of record, libellus memorialis.
A court of record, curia actiones suas in tabulis referens.
The records of time, temporum annales.
To record, in acta, tabulas, v. commentarios referre. **In one's mind**, in memoria figere.
To bear a record, testari.
To call or take to record, testari.
A recorder of a city, prætor urbanus.
A recording, in fastos relatio.
To recover [get again] recuperare, recolligere. **One's debts**, nomina recolligere. **A thing that was lost**, rem aliquam amissam reperire. **Or regain one's health**, convalescere, revalescere. **From a dangerous fit of sickness**, ex acutipiti morbo convalescere. **Or restore to health**, ad sanitatem redigere. **One's wits**, resipiscere. **Return from death to life**, reviviscere. **A hare**, cubatus leporis vestigia turbare. **A hawk**, accipitrem ex macilentio habitorem facere.
Recoverable, recuperandus.
To be recovered [from sickness] consistere.
Well recovered in health, sanus, validus.
A recoverer, recuperator.
A recovering or recovery, recuperatio.
A recovery [in law] evictio.
A recovery of an estate [in law] recuperatorium iudicium.
A recovery [remedy] medicina, remedium.
Without hope of recovery, desperatus.
To recount, enumerare, supputare.
A recounting, recountment, enumeratio, supputatio.
A recourse, refugium.
To have recourse to, recurrere, confugere.

Recreate, timidus, ignavus.
To recreate, recreare, oblectare. **It recreates**, juvat, delectat.
Recreation, animi relaxatio, remissio.
Recreation of children, lusus.
For recreation sake, animi laxandi causa.
Recreative, amœnus, jucundus, gratus.
Recrement or refuse, recrementum.
To re criminate, crimen alibi latum in accusatorem rejicere.
A re crimination, criminis in accusatorem relectio.
A recruit [supply] supplementum, accessio. [*Neve soldier*] miles novitius.
To recruit, supplere, comparrare. **One's self**, se reficere. **Or recover one's health**, a morbo vires colligere; recreari, reficere.
To raise recruits, militum supplementum scribere.
A recruiting one's self, refectio.
A rectangle, figura quatuor rectos angulos habens.
Rectangular, rectos angulos habens.
Rectifiable, qui potest corrigi.
To rectify [correct] corrigere, eliminare, emendare. [*In chemistry*] liquoris partes puriores extrahere.
A rectification or rectifying, correctio, emendatio.
Rectilineal or rectilinear, rectos lineas habens.
Rectitude, rectum.
A rector, rector.
A rectorship or rectory, rectoria munus.
Recumbency or reliance upon, fides, fiducia.
Recumbent [leaning upon] recumbens.
Recuperation, recuperatio.
Recuperative or recuperatory, recuperatorius.
To recur or have recourse to, recurrere.
Recurvous, reflexus.
A recusant, qui ritibus sacris lege stabilitis adesse recusat.
Red, ruber, rubeus.
Red colour, rubeus color.
To be red, rubere.
To be red hot, candere.
To grow red, to redder, rubeo.
To make red, to redder, rubeo.
To mark with red, rubricare.
A dark red colour, color Puniceus.
A bright or fiery red colour, color rutilus.
Somewhat red, subruber, subrubicundus. **Very red or blood-red**, sanguineus. **A**

light red, amethystinus, lanthinus. *Sea-red* [i. e. red with an eye of yellow] rufus, rufus.

A robin-red-breast, rubecula.

A red-start, rubicilla.

Red-haired or red-headed, rufus.

To make one redder, rubore aliquem suffundere.

Redness, rubor. *Of the eyes*, fissitudo.

Reddish or somewhat red, rubidus, rubellus.

Reddition, redditio.

Rede, concilium, admonitus.

To rede, admonere.

To redeem, redimere.

To redeem a pawn, repignerare.

Redeemable, redimendus.

A redeemer, redemptor, liberator.

A redeeming or redemption, redemptio.

To redeliver or set at liberty, denuo liberare. Or *give back again*, denuo reddere.

To redemand, repetere, reposcere.

A redemanding, repetitio.

Redemption, redemptio.

To reintegrate or renew, reintegrare, renovare.

Reintegration, reintegratio, renovatio.

Redolent, redolens, fragrans.

Redolency or redolence, fragrantia.

To be redolent, redolere.

To redouble, geminare, duplicare.

A redoubling, duplicatio, conduplicatio.

A redoubt, munimentum v. propugnaculum.

Redoubtable, redoubted, formidolosus, verendus.

To redound, redundare, conferre.

A redress, emendatio, restitutio.

To redress or reform, corrigere, emendare.

Grievances, corruptelas corrigere. *One's self*, jus suum vindicare.

Not to be redressed, insanabilis, irreparabilis, inmedicabilis.

A redresser, corrector, emendator.

Of manners, censor.

A redressing, correctio, emendatio.

Redressive, opem ferens, ad auxilium pertinens.

To red-sear [among smiths] crepare.

To reduce, reducere, redigere.

To nothing, consumere, ad nihil redigere. *To dust*, in pulverem cogere. *Into a narrow compass*, in compendium redigere. *One's expenses*, sumptus contrahere. *A town*, &c. oppidum, &c. sub ditionem redigere.

A reduced officer, militum pr-

fectus ejus stipendium deminutum est.

Reducible, quod reduci potest.

A reducing or reduction, reductio. *Of a town*, oppidi sub ditionem alicujus reductio.

Reductive, ad reductionem pertinens.

Reductively, per consequentiam.

A redundancy, redundatio, superfluitas.

Redundant, redundans, abundans, superfluous, superfluus.

Redundantly, redundanter.

To reduplicate, duplicare, geminare.

Reduplication, duplicatio.

Reduplicative, ad duplicationem pertinens.

To re-echo, resonare.

A reed, arundo, calamus.

Of a reed, receden, arundineus, canneus.

A reed-bed, bank, or plat, arundinetum.

Hollowed like a reed, fistulae modo cavatus.

Ready or full of reeds, arundinosus.

Like a reed, arundinaceus.

Reed-bearing, arundifer.

Reed-grass or bur-weed, sparganium.

The reed-sparrow, passer arundinaceus.

The sweet-reed, calamus aromaticus.

To re-edify, denuo edificare v. extruere.

A re-edifying, edificatio iterata.

Reek [fume] fumus, vapor.

To reek or fume, fumare, vaporare.

Reeking, reeky, reeky, or reeking hot, fumosus, fumidus.

A reeking, vapor, exhalatio.

A reel, rhombus.

To reel or stagger, vacillare, titubare.

A re-election, iterata electio.

A reeler of thread or yarn, qui v. quæ filum glomerat.

A reeling of thread or yarn, glomeratio.

A reeling [staggering] vacillatio, titubatio.

To reem or lament, plorare, ejulare.

To re-embark, navim rursus conscendere.

A re-embarking, re-embarkment, re-embarkation, in navem iterata conscensio.

To re-emboak [as a deer] lustrum petere.

To re-enforce, instaurare. *An army*, exercitum supplere. *An argument*, adurgere.

A re-enforcement [of troops] supplementum.

To re-engage [in battle] iterum conficere. *One's self* in a

business, se iterum negotio implicare.

To re-enjoy, iterum frui.

To re-enter, iterum ingredi.

To re-enthrone, iterum in solio collocare.

A re-entry, introitus v. ingressus iteratus.

To re-establish, restituere, reintegrare.

A re-establisher, restitutor.

A re-establishing or re-establishment, instauratio, renovatio.

A reeve or bailiff, villicus.

To re-examine, ad examen iterum revocare.

A re-examination, ad examen denuo revocatio.

To reflect, reflectere.

A reflection or refreshment, reflectio.

Reflective, reflectens, recreans.

A refectory or place to dine in, cenaculum.

To refel, reflectere, confutare.

A refelling, confutatio, refutatio.

To refer, referre, relegare. *To an author*, auctorem citare.

To arbitration, controversiam arbitris judicandam tradere.

A referee, referendary, arbiter.

A reference or referring, permissio, remissio. *Arbitration*, arbitrium.

Reference or regard, ratio, respectus.

To have reference to, alicujus rationem ducere. *In reference to*, quantum attinet.

A reference in a book, nota ad annotationem referens.

Having a reference, relativus.

Referrible, ad quod referri potest.

To refine, purificare, purgare.

Upon or handle nicely, de aliqua re accuratius disserere.

Wines, vina defecare.

Refinedly, affectatè elegantia.

A refiner, purgator.

A refining, purgatio.

To refit, reficere, instaurare.

A refitting, resectio, purificatio.

To reflect [reverberate] repetere, reverberare. *Light* or shine upon, irradiare. *Upon* [in the mind] considerare, secum cogitare. *Throw reproach upon a person or thing*, carptim perstringere.

Reflecting, reflecte, reflectens, repercutions.

A reflecting or reflection [a reverberating] repercussio.

Reflectibility, qualitas rei quæ reflecti potest.

Reflectible, quod reflecti potest.

A reflection of the mind, consideratio, conscientia, cognitio.

Reflection [reprehension] reprehensio, castigatio.

A person without reflection or

Aought, homo inconsideratus.
Reflexive, ad præterita respiciens.
Reflexively, per modum reflexum.
To reflo, refluerē.
Refluent, refluxus.
A reflux, refluxus.
To reform, reformare, corrigere. *A person in his manners*, aliquem ad bonam frugem redigere. *Abuses in the courts of justice*, mores et flagitia eorum castigare, qui iudicium exercent. *One's own manners or be reformed*, ad frugem redire, ad bonam frugem se recipere. *Troops*, militum partem exauctorare, dimittere v. misos facere.
A reformation or reforming, correctio, emendatio.
To want reformation, medicinæ indigere.
The reformed [i. e. protestants] reformatæ religionis professores.
A reformer, reformatior, corrector. *Of decayed learning*, litterarum senescentium reductor.
To refract as light, irradiare.
To be refracted, refringi.
Refraction, radiationis a recto cursu declinatio.
Refractive, ad refractionem pertinens.
Refractory, refractarius, contumax.
Refractorily, contumaciter, pertinaciter.
Refractoriness, perversitas, pertinacia, perversitas.
To refrain [forbear] abstinere. Or curb, refrenare, cohibere, continere.
A refraining, temperatio, temperantia.
Refrangible, quod refringi potest.
Refrangibility, qualitas rei quæ refringi potest.
To refresh [recreate] recreare, relaxare. [Repair] interpolare. *One's self*, animum oblectare. *One's body with rest*, membra quiete fovere. *The memory of a thing*, memoriam alicuius rei renovare.
A refreshing or refreshment, recreatio, reflectio.
To take some refreshment or food, edere, cibum capere.
Cool refreshments of the air, auræ opacæ.
A refresh [burden of a song] clausulæ iteratio.
To refrigerate, refrigerare.
Refrigeration, refrigeratio.
Refrigerative medicines, medicamenta refrigeratoria.
A refuge or place of refuge, refugium, asylum.
To refuge, protegere.

To take refuge, ad asylum confugere.
A refugee, qui religionis causâ patriam destruit.
Refulgence or refulgency, nitor, splendor.
Refulgent, refulgens, rutilus.
Refulgently, nitide, splendide.
To refund, refundere, rependere.
A refusal, repulsa, recusatio.
To have the refusal of a thing, optionem habere.
The refuse of things, purgamentum. *Of sifted corn*, excrementum. *Of metal tried*, scoria.
The refuse of war, cæmæ purgamentum.
To refuse, recusare, detrectare, negare. *Absolutely*, pernegare. *By nodding*, abnuere.
To be refused or denied, repulsam ferre.
A refuser, qui recusat.
A refusing, recusatio, detrectatio.
To refuse, refutare, refellere.
A refusing or refutation, confutatio, refutatio.
To regain, redipisci, recuperare.
A regaining, recuperatio.
Regal, regalis, regius.
To regale one, munificis donis v. convivio excipere.
A regale or regalio, epulæ, pl. lautum convivium.
A regaling, epulatio opipara.
Regalia, regis insignia.
Regality, regia v. regalis dignitas.
Regally, regaliter, regie.
Regard, respectus, ratio; observantia.
To regard or have regard of, aliquem v. aliquid respicere, considerare. *Value*, aestimare, curare. [Consider] attendere, animadvertere. [Mark] observare, intueri.
To have a great regard for one, aliquem magni facere.
Not to regard, spernere, negligere, contemnere.
In or with regard to, pro; quod attinet ad.
Regardable, consideratione dignus.
To be not regarded, sordere, sordescere.
A regarder [observer] observator.
A regarder [chief officer in a forest] saltus inspector præcipuus.
Regardful, attentus, observans.
Regardfully, attente, reverenter.
A regarding, respectus, intuitus.
Regarding or having relation to, ad aliquid attinens.
Regardless, improvidus, incuriosus, immemor, socors.

Regardless, negligenter, remisse, improvide.
Regardlessness, negligentia, incuria.
Regency [government] regimen.
The regency or regentship of a kingdom, regni procuratio.
To regenerate, regenerare, regnigere.
Regeneration, generatio nova.
A regent [governor] moderator, gubernator. [Viceroy] pruxex. *Of the realm*, regni procurator.
A queen regent, regni procuratrix.
To regeminate or spring out anew, regeminare.
A regicide, regis interfector.
Regimen [government] rerum administratio.
A regimen in diet, diætæ præscriptum victus regimen.
A regiment of soldiers, legio.
Of guards, legio prætoria.
A standing regiment, perpetui stipendii legio.
Regimental, legionarius.
A region, regio, plagæ.
A region of the air, æris tractus.
Of a region, regionarius.
A register or book of records, acta, pl. commentarii publici.
Of names, nomenclatura. [Of sfer] commentariensis, a commentariis.
To register or enter into a register, in tabulas referre.
To register a thing in one's memory, aliquid in memoriâ figere.
Fit to be registered, fastis v. annalibus dignus.
A registering, registry, in tabulas relatio, conscriptio.
A registry or register's office, locus ubi acta publica conservantur.
To regorge, revomere.
To regraft, iterum inserere.
To regrant, iterum donare.
To regrate, manganizare, præmercuri.
A regreter, mango, propola.
A regress or regression, regressus.
Regret, indignatio; animi dolor.
To regret, ægre aliquid ferre.
The absence of a person, alicujus desiderio teneri. *The death of a person*, alicujus mortem lugere.
To die much regretted by one's friends, magno amicorum cum dolore mori.
Regular [according to art] ad normam exactus.
A regular proceeding at law, actio ex iustitiæ formulis lata.
A regular or moderate person, homo moderatus, temperatus, v. temperans.

A regular [priest] religiosam vitam regulâ strictius.
Regularity, ægum observatio.
Regularly, certo, constanter.
To regulate, ordinare, moderari.
One's actions well, actiones suas ad rationis normam dirigere.
One's expenses, sumptus moderari. **Prescribe rules for another's conduct**, alicui agendi rationem præscribere. *One's self by another's example*, aliquis exemplum sequi.
A regulating or regulation, ordinatio, temperatio, moderatio.
A regulator, ordinator, moderator.
To rehear, denuo audire.
A rehearing, auditio iterata.
To rehearse, recitare, enarrare, annunciare.
A rehearsal, recitatio.
A brief rehearsing, rerum enumeratio brevis.
To reject, rejicere, repudiare, abdicare, respuere.
To be rejected, aspernandus, respuendus.
A rejecting or rejection, reiectio, a. dictio.
A reign, regnum.
To reign [bear rule] regnare.
Prevail [as a distemper] ingravescere. *Be in vogue*, florere, vigere.
To reimburse, pecunias expensas rependere. Vid. *Imburse*.
A reimbursor, qui pecuniam impensuram rependit.
A reimbursement, pecuniarum expensarum solutio.
The rein of a bridle, habena, borum.
To curb or hold in the reins, habenas premere.
To let loose the reins, equo habenas remittere.
To hold the reins of government, rerum potiri.
The reins or kidneys, renes, pl.
A pain in the reins, dolor renum.
The running of the reins, seminis genitalis profluvium, gonorrhœa.
To reinfect, denuo inficere.
To ingratiate, in gratiam aliquis se rursus iniungere.
To reinspire, iterum inspirare.
To reinstall, denuo inaugurare.
To reinstate, in pristinum locum restituere.
A reinstating, in pristinum locum restitutio.
To reinvest, invest one again with possessionem alicui rursus dare. *In an office*, aliquem muneri restituere.
To reinvest a town, oppidum obseidio se iterum cingere.
A reinvesting, reinvestment, or reinvestiture [of an office] mu-

neria restitutio. [*Of a town*] obseidio iterata.
To rejoice [be glad] gaudere, lætari. [*Make glad*] lætificare, hilarare. *With another or wish one joy*, congratulari.
A rejoicer, qui lætatur.
A rejoicing, lætitia, gaudium, exultatio.
A rejoicing-day or day of rejoicing, dies exultationis.
A rejoicing with others, gratulatio.
To rejoin [join again] res disjunctas denuo jungere. [*Reply*] iterum respondere.
A rejoinder, responsio iterata.
To reiterate, iterare, repetere.
A reiteration, iteratio, reiectio.
To refuse. Vid. *Re-examine*.
To rekindle, iterum accendere.
To reland, in terram denuo expondere.
A relapse or committing of the same fault again, iterum admissa culpa. *Return of a disease*, morbus recidivus. [*A person who has fallen again from the profession of the Christian religion*] qui iterum a Christianâ professione defecit.
To relapse, relabi, recidere. *Into the same fault*, eandem culpam iterum admittere.
To relate or tell, narrare, commemorare. *Or belong to*, ad aliquem v. aliquid attinere v. pertinere.
Related [akin to by blood] consanguineus. [*Akin to by marriage*] affinis.
A relater, narrator, memorator.
A mere relater, tantummodo narrator.
Relatives, quæ sub eandem relationem cadunt.
A relation or relating, relatio, narratio.
It is so by relation, ita aiunt v. id vulgo dicitur.
In relation to that affair, quod ad eam rem attinet.
A relation or relative [kinsman by blood] consanguineus. [*By marriage*] affinis.
Relation [kindred] consanguinitas, affinitas.
Relative, relativus.
A relative [kinsman] Vid. *Relation*. [*Word*] relativum.
Relatively, prout ratione.
To relax or let loose, relaxare, remittere. *Or mitigate*, resolvère.
A relaxation or relaxing, relaxatio, avocatio.
To relay dogs, canes in prociectu collocare quâ cervus transiturus est.
To release or set at liberty, dimittère. *A prisoner*, a vinculis liberare. *From a contract*, stipulationi non insistere.

From an office, ab administratione alicujus rei liberare.
A release, absolutio, liberatio, missio.
A releasing or releasing, relaxatio, remissio, solutio.
Relegation [a sending away or banishing] relegatio.
To relent [grow soft or gentle] mollescere, mitescere. *Or be moved with compassion*, misericordiâ moveri. *Or be troubled for*, ex re aliqua ægitudine suscipere. [*Yield*] cedere; manus dare.
A relenting or grieving, ægritudo v. molestia propter aliquid a se factum.
Relentless, inflexibilis, inexorabilis.
Reliance, fiducia.
A relic [widow] vidua.
Relief [comfort, consolation] consolatio, solatium. [*Help*, succour] suppetiæ, pl. auxilium, subsidium.
The relief [of a hare] pastus vespertinus.
Relievable, potestatem habens jus suum vindicandi.
To relieve [comfort] aliquem consolari. [*Help*] levare, succurrere, auxiliari, opulari.
A town, oppidanis subsidium ferre. *A centinel or guard*, stationum vices permutare.
A reliever [comforter] qui v. quæ aliquem consolatur. [*Helper*] qui opem fert.
A relieving [helping] auxilium, subsidium.
Relievo [in statuary] opus promiens.
To relight, relume, or relumine, iterum illuminare.
Religion, religio.
A religionist, superstitione flatu.
Religious or devout, religiosus, pius. [*Exact or punctual*] religiose, accurate, v. fidelitatem promissis.
One religious in show only, tatis simulator.
Religiously, religiose, p. sancto.
To observe a league religiously, sanctum habere fœdus.
Religiousness, pietas, Del cultus purus.
To relinquish, relinquere, deserre. *A charge or office*, magistratu v. munere se abdicare.
A relinquishing or relinquishment, derelictio, destitutio, abdicatio.
Reliques or relics, reliquiæ.
The reliques of a distemper, admonitio morbi.
A relish, gustus, sapor. *Of no relish*, insipidus, insulsius.
To relish, gustare. *Have the taste of*, sapere. *Be pleased*

with a thing, re aliquâ delectari.
He is a person agreeable to my relish, hic homo sapit multum ad genium meum.
Relishable or having a good relish, grati saporis.
To relish himself for a soldier, nomen inter milites iterum dâre.
To relive, reviviscere.
To relove, inuito amare.
Reluctance, reluctance, or reluctance, aversatio, fastidium.
To have reluctance to a thing, ab aliquâ re faciendâ abhorre.
Reluctantly, repugnanter, invite.
To reluctate, repugnare, oppugnare.
To rely, acquiescere, confidere.
Relying upon, fretus.
To remain [continue or tarry] manere. Or *be left behind*, restari. Or *be over and above*, superesse, superare. *As he was*, antiquum obtinere.
It remains, reliquum est, superest, restat.
A remainder, reliquæ, pl. residuum.
Remaining, reliquus, residuus.
Remains, reliquæ, pl.
To remake, denuo formare.
To demand or call one back, aliquem alicunde revocare. *Send one back*, aliquem remittere v. dimittere.
A remanding [recalling] revocatio. [Sending back] remissio.
Remanent or remnant, remanens.
A remark, observatio, notatio.
To remark, notare, observare.
Remarkable, insignis, notabilis, conspicuus.
Remarkableness, qualitas rei notatione dignæ.
Remarkably, insigniter; notabiliter.
A remarking, notatio, observatio.
Remediate, medicamentosus.
Remediless, not to be remedied, or past remedy, immedicabilis, insanabilis.
A remedy [medicine] remedium, medicamentum. [*Help or relief*] remedium, medicina.
To remedy, medicari, mederi.
To seek out for a remedy, malo salutem querere.
A remedying, curatio, sanatio.
To remember [call to mind] reminisci, meminisse, recordari. [*Put in mind*] monere, commonefacere.
Worthy to be remembered, memorabilis.
A rememberer, monitor, admonitor.
A remembrance, recordatio, memoria.

A remembrance [reflection] conscientia.
A book of remembrance, commentarii; liber memorialis.
To bear in remembrance, in memoriâ habere.
To bring or call to remembrance, reminisci, recordari.
To put in remembrance, monere, commone.
To put out of remembrance, ex memoriâ delere.
A putting in remembrance, admonitio, communitio.
A remembrancer, monitor, admonitor.
To remigrate, remigrare.
To remind one of a thing, aliquem de re aliquâ monere.
A reminding, monitio, admonitio.
Reminiscence, recordatio.
Remiss [slack] remissus, incuriosus. [*Slothful*] piger.
To grow remiss, pigritiæ se addicere.
To make remiss, pigritiam alicui licentia.
Remissly, negligenter, oscitant, supine, laxæ.
Remissness, negligentia, incuria, indiligentia.
Remission [pardon] venia.
A remission [relaxation] relaxatio.
To remit [send back] remittere. [*Be abated or grow less*] minui. [*Refer to another*] referre. [*Forgive*] remittere, absolvere. Money, pecuniam mittere.
Remittable or remissible [pardonable] condonandus.
A remittance or remittent, remissio. Of money, pecuniæ missio.
A remitting [sending back] remissio.
A remnant, reliquum, residuum.
A remonstrance, declaratio contestando facta.
Remonstrants [a sect in religion] remonstrantes; Armini doctrinæ actiiti.
To remonstrate, contestando declarare.
A remora [fish] remora. [*Obstacle*] impedimentum.
Remorse, angor ex recordatione culpe ortus. Of conscience, conscientie angor.
Remorseful, misericors, benignus.
Remorseless, immisericors, immitis.
Remote, remotus, longinquus.
Remotely, remote, longe.
Remoteness, longinquitas, distantia.
Removable, mobilis. Not removable, immobilis.
A removal of one's quarters or lodgings, migratio. Of household furniture, suppellectilis exportatio.

To remove [put from its place] movere, amovere.
A remove or removing, amotio, remotio.
A remove or one remove, gradus.
To give one a remove or push out of his way, aliquem gradu movere.
To remove with difficulty, amoliri. From place to place, sedes mutare. One's dwelling, migrare. Despatch out of the way, amantare. [Despatch or kill] interimere, interficere. Not removed, immotus, fixus. A remover, qui removet v. mih. grat.
A removing, amotio, remotio.
A removing from one's dwelling, migratio, commigratio.
To remount, rursus ascendere. The cavalry, equis imponere. To remount a horse, equum iterum conscendere.
To remunerate, remunerare. Remuneration, remuneratio. Remunerative, in remunerando versatus.
To remurmur, remurmurare. To encounter, occurrere. A encounter, occurus. To rend or tear, lacerare, scindere.
To render [return or restore] reddere. [*Translate*] interpretari, vertere. [*Yield up*] tradere. Or *do a service, operam alicui tribuere. Like for like, par pari referre*.
A rendering [returning or restoring] redditio. [*Translating*] interpretatio. Up, delectio.
A renizvous, conventus. A place of rendezvous, locus copiae ad conveniendum præscriptus.
To rendezvous, in locum præfinitum convenire.
A renegado, institutus religionis desertor.
To renew or renovate, renovare, redintegrare. A battle or fight, prælium redintegrare. A league, sædus cum aliquo renovare. A person's grief, renovare dolorem. An old custom, morem vetustum revocare. An old grief, dolorem sopitum commovere. A lease, forisiam locationis integrare.
A renewal, renovatio, integratio.
To be renewed, integracere. A renewer or renovator, novator. A renewing or renovation, renovatio, redintegratio. Renitency, minor, splendor. Renitent [bright] renitens.
To renovate, renovare, redintegrare, reparare.
To renounce, renuntiare, re-

podiare. *The christian faith*, fidem christianam abjicere. *A covenant*, fœdus ejurare.
A renouncing, renunciation, renouncement, renuntiatio, repudiatio.
Renown, fama, gloria.
To be renowned, enitere.
Renownedly, præclare, clarissime.
A rent or tear, scissura, fissura.
Rent or income, redditus, proventus.
Ground-rent, redditus domino soli debitus.
House-rent, pensum pro domo solum.
Quit-rent, vectigal annuum clientelare.
Rack-rent, summum fundi pretium.
A rack-renter, nudus conductor.
A rent-charge, vectigal annuum ex terrâ alienatâ reservationem.
A yearly-rent, annuum vectigal.
Yielding rent, vectigalia.
To raise the rent of houses or lands, annuas mercedes habitationum v. prædiorum augere.
To pay rent, alicui vectigal pendere.
To rent [as a landlord] locare, locare. [As a tenant] conducere.
A rental, reddituum catalogus.
A renter [tearer] lacerator, laniator. [Hirer] conductor.
A renting [tearing] laceratio. [Hiring] conductio.
A renunciation, renunciatio.
To reobtain, iterum obtinere.
Reordination, initiatio sacris ordinibus iterata.
To repay, iterum pacare.
To repair, reparare, instaurare.
Clothes, resarcire. *To*, frequentare.
A place of repair, conciliabulum, conventiculum.
To keep a house in repair, ædificii sarta tecta conservare.
Houses in good repair, ædes incolumæ. *Out of repair*, ædes ruinosæ.
A repairer, reparator.
Reparable, reparabilis. *Irreparable*, irreparabilis.
A reparation or repairing, reparatio, redintegratio. Or satisfaction, satisfactio.
To demand reparation, res repetere.
To make reparation, damna sarcire.
A repatee, argutum, facetum, pl. repentina et acuta responsio.
Smart, salsum dictum.
Repatee, dicacitas.
Good at repatee, concipus in brevitate respondendi.
To make a repatee, argute respondere.

To repass, iterum transire.
Repassable, quod denuo pertransire liceat.
A repast, refectus, refectio.
To take a repast, to repast, cibum capere.
Repasture, convivium.
To repay, reddere.
A repaying or repayment, solutio iterata.
To repeal, abrogare, antiquare.
A repeal or repealing, abrogatio, antiquatio.
Repealable, quod abrogari potest.
To repeat, repetere. *Often*, decantare.
Repeatedly, iterum atque iterum.
A repeater, repetitor.
A repeating, repetitio, iteratio.
A repeating clock or watch, horologium tempus sonitu iterato declarans.
To repel, repellere.
To be repelled or suffer a repulse, repulsam ferre.
A repeller or repellent, depulsor.
A repelling, repulsio.
To repent, resipiscere, pœnitere.
When it is too late, pœnitentiam inutilem sequi.
Repentance, pœnitentia.
Repentant or repenting, pœnitens, pœnitentiâ ductus.
It repents, pœnitet, piget, dolet.
Repentingly, in morem pœnitentis.
To repeople, regionem civibus denuo frequentare.
A repeopleing, iterata colonis inductio.
Repercussion, percussio.
Repercussive, percussions.
A repertory, repertorium.
A repetition, repetitio, iteratio.
To repine, indignari, murmurare, quari.
A repining or murmuring, murmuratio, querela. Or envying, invidentia.
A factious repining, seditio.
To replace, supplere, substituere.
A replacing, supplementum.
To replant, reserere.
A replanting, satio iterata.
To plead, causam iterum dicere.
To replenish, replere, implere.
A replenishing or repleting, expletio.
Replete, repletus, expletus.
A repletion of blood, sanguinis abundantia.
A repletion of humours, humorum copia.
A replevy or replevin, bonorum interpositâ cautione redemptio.
To replevy, libertatem median-tibus fide juratoribus dare. *A distress*, rem cautione legitimâ interpositâ redimere.

A replication, replying, or reply, responsio, replicatio.
A replier, qui respondet.
To reply or make a reply, respondere, referre.
A report [rumour] fama, rumor; auditio.
A constant report, fama consentiens.
A flying report, vagus rumor.
A little report, rumusculus. *An uncertain report*, rumor sine auctore.
To make or spread a report, famam dissipare; rumorem serere.
To stop a report, famam restinguere.
To give in one's report as a secretary of state, &c. ad concilium referre.
A report [in law] narratio, relatio.
The report of a gun, scloppetii diaplosi crepitus.
A good report, præconium. *An ill report*, infamia.
To report, nuntiare, narrare, memorare.
To have a good report, bene de se audire. *An evil report*, male de se audire. *A great report*, inclarere.
To report ill of, obtreclare, infamare.
By report, fando.
Worthy to be reported, memorabilis.
It is reported, fertur, memoris proditum v. traditum est; fama est.
Ill reported of, infamia, inglorius.
A reporter, nuntius, auctor. Or accuser, criminator, accusator.
A reporter of lies, falsiloquus.
A reporting, rumoris dissipatio.
Repose [quiet] quies; cessatio. [Sleep] somnus.
To repose one's self or be at ease, quiescere; otiari.
To repose [trust] confidere.
A reposing or resting, quies requies.
To reposit, reponere.
A repository, repositorium, armarium. *For records*, tabularium. *For medicines*, narthecium.
To repossess, iterum possidere.
To reprehend, reprehendere, arguere, culpare.
A reprehender, reprehensor, ob-jurgator.
A reprehending or reprehension, reprehensio, objurgatio.
Reprehensible, reprehendus.
Reprehensive, objurgatorius.
To represent, representare, exhibere. [Show or declare] declarare, narrare, demonstrare. *Act the part of another*, alicujus partes gerere. *The form of a thing*, assimilare,

adumbrare. *To the life, vram alicujus similitudinem exprimere.*
A representation or remonstrance, declaratio, demonstratio.
A representation or likeness, similitudo, imago.
A representative, vicem cuiuspiam gerens.
A representing, representation, or representment, repræsentatio, assimilatio.
To repress, refrenare, reprimere, cohibere, coercere.
A repressor, frenator, domitor.
Repression, repressio.
A reprieve, supplicii prorogatio, viæ damnati ampliatio.
To reprieve, supplicium prorogare.
A reprimand, objurgatio, castigatio.
To reprimand, objurgare, castigare.
To reprint, denuo excudere.
Reprisals, literæ navarchis concessæ ad res repetendas.
To make reprisals, res suas clarificatione repetere.
A reprisal or repetition in a song, versus intercalaris.
Reprises, pecunia ex annuis redditibus subducenda.
To reproach, exprobrare, conviciari.
A reproach, probrum, opprobrium, convicium.
A person without reproach, vir integer.
A mark of reproach, stigma.
Reproachable, convicio dignus.
Reproachful, contumeliosus, ignominiosus.
Reproachful terms or words, convicia, pl.
Reproachfully, contumeliose.
Somewhat reproachfully, subcontumeliose.
reproaching, exprobratio.
A reprobate, improbus.
To reprobate, reprobare, rejicere.
Reprobation [a disliking] improbatio.
To reproduce, denuo producere.
A reproof, reprehensio, objurgatio.
Reprovable, culpandus.
To reprove, reprehendere, objurgare, castigare.
A reprovér, animadversor, objurgator.
A reproving, reprehensio, objurgatio.
A reptile, animal repens.
A republic, respublica.
A republican, popularis imperii amator, factiosus, novarum rerum studiosus.
Repudiable, repudiandus.
To repudiate, repudiare, rejicere.
Repudiation, repudiatio, reiectio.

To repugn, repugnare, aversari.
With repugnance, repugnanter.
Repugnancy, repugnantia, discordantia.
To be repugnant, repugnare, discordare.
Repugnantly, repugnanter.
To repullulate or sprout forth anew, repullulare, regerminare.
A repulse, repulsa.
To repulse, repellere, propellere.
To meet with or suffer a repulse, repulsum ferre.
Repulsion, actus v. facultas repellendi.
Repulsive, repellens.
To repurchase, redimere.
Reputation or repote, existimatio, nomen, celebritas.
Reputable or of good repote, honestus, clarus. Irreputable or of bad repote, infamis.
A person of no repote, homo obscurus.
To consult his own reputation, famæ suæ consulere.
To be of no reputation, vilescere.
To gain or get himself reputation, sibi famam consciscere.
To raise one's reputation, famam alicujus amplificare.
To lose one's reputation, famam atterere.
Reputableness, claritas.
Reputably, cum honore.
To repote, reputare, existimare.
Reputeless, turpis.
A request or requesting, petitio, rogatio.
To request or make a request generally, petere. A reasonable request, postulare. On the knee or earnestly, supplicare. Threateningly, flagitare. As a favour, rogare. What one has or thinks he has a right to, poscere. To enforce by argument, orare.
To grant one's request, concedere.
To obtain by request, exorare.
To be in request, magno v. summo honore esse.
At my request, meo rogatu.
By request, prece; precario.
A requester, rogator, flagitator, petitor.
To requicken, denuo animare, resuscitare.
Requirable, exigendus.
To sing a requiem for the dead, mortuam rem divinam facere.
To require, exigere.
A requiring, postulatio, postulatus.
Requisite, necessarius.
The requisites of life, quæ ad victum sunt necessaria.
Requisitely, necessario.
Requisiteless, necessitas.
To requite, retribuere, compensare, remunerare.

A requital, compensatio, remuneratio.
Having requited, remuneratus.
A requiting, compensatio.
Rere boiled, semicoccus.
The re-re-guard of an army, acies ultima.
A reremouse, vespertilio.
A resale, iterata venditio.
To resail, renavigare.
A resalutation, resalutatio.
To resalute, resalutare.
To rescind or annul, rescindere, abrogare.
A rescission or annulling, abolitio.
To rescribe, rescribere.
A rescript, rescriptum.
A rescue, recuperatio.
To rescue, recuperare, liberare, redimere.
To be rescued by the soldiers concursu militum eripi.
To research, iterum scrutari.
A research, inquisitio, disquisition, indagatio, investigatio iterata.
To resent, denuo collocare.
Resemblance, similitudo, effigies; exemplar.
To resemble [be like] referre assimilare. Or compare one thing to another, aliquid alicui comparare, conferre.
Resembling, similis, consimilis.
A resembling, assimilatio.
To resent, remittere.
To resent a thing, aliquid indignè ferre.
To resent mightily or carry one's resentment high, pro indignissimo habere.
Resentingly, cum indignatione.
A resentment, indignatio, animi dolor.
A reservation, conservatio.
Mental reservation, exceptio in animo concepta.
With reservation, dissimulante.
A reservoir, a reservoir, repositorium.
To reserve, reservare, reponere, seponere.
A reserve of soldiers or a body of reserve, subsidium.
A reserve [exception] exceptio.
Reserved [grave] austera. [Kept or laid up] reservatus, repositus. In speech, taciturnus; abstrusus.
Reservedly [warily] parce.
Reservedness in speech, taciturnitas.
To settle, denuo stabilire.
A resettling or resettlement, sedatio.
To reside, habitare, commorari.
A residence, habitatio, commoratio.
A place of residence, habitaculum, habitatio.
A resident [foreign minister] legatus inferior.

A residentiary, qui in beneficio suo assidue commoratur.
Residual, residuary, ad residuum pertinens.
The residue, residuum, reliquum.
To resign [quit] resignare, deponere. [*Give up or yield*] cedere, tradere. *Himself wholly to another's will*, se totum ad alterius voluntatem accommodare.
Resignation, cessio, concessio.
Resignation to the will of God, voluntatis humanæ cum divinâ consensio.
Resignation of a benefice, a beneficio ecclesiastico abdicatio.
A resigner, qui cedit v. concedit.
A resigning or resignation, munus alicuius abdicatio.
Resilient [rebounding] resiliens, resultans.
Resinous or resinaceous [rosiny] resinaceus, resinosus. Vid. *Rosin*.
Repisicence [repentance] morum in melius mutatio.
To resist, resistere, obniti; repugnare.
Resistance, repugnantia, resistens.
A resister, oppugnator.
Resistible, resistendus.
Resistibility, vis v. potestas resistendi.
Resistless, inexpugnabilis.
Resolvable, resolvable, quod resolvi potest.
A resolve, decretum.
To resolve [purpose] statuere, decernere. *Doubts*, enodare; explicare; nodum solvere.
A person able to resolve difficulties, qui res obscuras et difficiles facile explicare potest.
Resolved or resolute, certus, propoli tenax.
Resolvedly or resolutely [boldly] audacter, confidenter.
Resolvedly [firmly] constanter.
Resolvedness or resoluteness, constantia, pertinacia.
Resolvent medicines, medicamenta discutientia.
A resolving or dissolving, resolutio.
A resolving of a question, questionis explicatio.
Resolute [bold, hardy] audax, confidens.
Resolutely, obfirmate, obstinate, audacter.
A resolution or design, consilium, propositum; destinatio; statutum.
Resolution [courage] audacia, animus, fortitudo. *With resolution*, audacter, fortiter.
Resolution of mind, constantia; contumacia.
To take the same resolution, uti eodem consilio.

This is my resolution, mihi certum est.
The resolution of an assembly, decretum, plebis scitum.
The resolution of a question, questionis solutio.
A resolution of the nerves, nervorum resolutio.
To change one's resolution, a proposito declinare.
Resolutive, resolvens, discussorius.
A resolutive medicine, medicamentum discussorium vim habens.
Resonant, resonans, resonous.
Resort [frequency] frequentia, congressus. [*Refuge*] refugium, perflugium. [*In law*] iuridictio, conventus.
A great resort of men and women, virorum ac mulierum celebritas.
To resort to, frequentare, ventitare. *Together*, convenire, confluere.
A resorter, qui v. quæ locum frequentat.
A resorting, congressus, conventus.
A resorting to, frequentatio.
To resound, resonare, perstreperè. *One's praise*, aliquem laudibus efferre.
Resounding, resonans.
A resounding, resonantia.
A resource, auxilium, ratio.
To resow, de novo serere.
To respeak, respondere.
Respect [regard] respectus, ratio. [*Reverence or value for*] reverentia, cultus, observantia.
To respect [favour] diligere.
To pay respect to a person, alicui honorem tribuere.
In respect of, præ, propter.
With respect or reverence to, reverenter, honorifice.
Worthy of respect, venerandus, venerabilis.
To respect [consider or regard] respicere. *Relate to*, ad aliquid v. aliquem attinere. [*Esteem or honour*] aliquem revereri.
To send respect unto, salutare; salutem alicui dicere.
To have a respect or kindness for one, aliquem amare, diligere.
A respecter, cultor.
Respectful, in aliquem officiosus. *Very respectful*, perhonorificus.
Respectfully [with attention or regard] officiose. [*Reverently*] reverenter.
Respectfulness, observantia, reverentia.
Respective, reciprocus, mutuus.
Respectively [severally] sigillatim, singulatim. [*Comparatively*] comparate.
Respiration, respiratio, halitus.

Difficult respiration, animi interclusio.
To respire, spirare, respirare.
Respite, mora, requies, cessatio.
The respite or relaxation of a disease, morbi remissio.
After some respite, ex intervallo paulo post.
Without any respite, sine ullâ intermissione.
To respite, prorogare, procrastinare.
To take some respite, respirare, interquiescere.
A respiting, prorogatio, procrastinatio, dilatio.
Resplendency, fulgor, splendor.
Resplendent, splendens, fulgens, coruscus.
Resplendently, clare, nitide, splendide.
Respondent or responsive, respondens.
A responsal or response, responsum.
Responsible [able to pay] qui solvendo est.
A responsible man, parsolvendo.
Rest [quiet] quies, otium. [*Peace, tranquillity*] pax, tranquillitas.
The rest, adj. [residue] reliqua, residuus. [*The others*] cæteri, reliqui.
The rest, subst. reliquæ, pl. residuum.
A rest [in music] pausa.
A rest or prop, fulcrum.
The rest of a lance, hastæ retinaculum.
To rest, take rest, quiescere, interquiescere. *Compose one's self to sleep*, requiescere. *Lean upon*, recumbere, inniti. *Make to rest upon*, aliquid alicui imponere. *Tarry in a place, manere*, commorari. [*Remain*] superesse. *Or light upon* considerare. *Rely upon* on alicui confidere. *Together* conquiescere.
To go to rest [as a man is said to do when he dies] acquiescere.
To be at rest in one's mind, perurbatione animi vacare.
Restauratio, instauratio, restitutio.
Taking no rest, irrequietus, inquietus.
Restful [enjoying rest] otiosus, quietus.
Restfully, otiose, quiete.
Restiff or restive, contumax, refractarius.
A restiff horse, equus duri oris.
Restifness, contumacia.
To be restiff, obniti; reluctari.
Restify, invite, cunctanter.
Restinction [a quenching or putting out] restinctio.
A resting, cassatio, relaxatio.
A resting-place, sedes.
Restless [having or taking no

rest inquietus, irrequietus. [*Turbulent*] turbulentus, seditionosus. [*In continual motion*] perpetuo movens.

Restlessly, inquiete, turbulenter.

Restlessness [uneasiness] inquietudo.

Restoration or **restoring**, restitutio.

Restorable, qui reddi potest.

Restoration, instauratio, restitutio.

At the restoration of learning, renascentibus literis.

A restorative, medicamentum vires refovens.

To restore or **give back again**, reddere, restituere. *Re-establish*, instaurare, reficere. *Put a thing in its place again*, aliquid suo loco reponere.

Not to be restored, irreparabilis, insanabilis.

A restorer, restitutor, reparator.

To restrain [curb] frenare, coercere; cohibere. [*Limit or stint*] terminare, limitare.

Restrainedly, parce, restricte.

A restrainer, frenator; qui cohibet.

A restraining or **restraint** [a curbing] cohibitio, coërcitio. [*Limiting or stinting*] limitatio.

To be under restrain [be curbed] cohiberi, coerceri.

Restriction or **limitation** limitatio, circumscriptio.

Restrictive, limitans, desinens.

Restrictively, cum limitatione.

To restringe, restringere.

Restrictive or **restringent**, astringens.

A result [effect] exitus, effectus. [*Upshot or conclusion*] consultationis v. deliberationis summa.

To result or **spring from**, ex aliqua re oriri.

Resumable, quod resumì potest.

To resume or **take up again**, resumere. *A piece of work*, or *take it in hand again*, opus aliquod rursus aggredi. *One's studies*, ad studia se referre. *A former discourse*, ad propositum redire. *A former grant*, aliquid dono alienatum resumere.

A resuming or **resumption**, iterata suscepio.

Resurrection, mortui ad vitam reditus.

To resurvey, iterum metiri.

To resuscitate or **stir up anew**, resuscitare, iterum suscitare.

Resuscitation, revocatio ad vitam.

Retail [a selling by parcels] mercium singulatim venditio.

To retail or **sell wares by parcels**, cauponari; merces particulatim vendere.

A retailer, propola, qui v. quæ merces particulatim vendit.

A retailing, mercium singulatim venditio.

To retain [hinder] retinere, detinere. *The rights of a citizen*, jura civium tenere. *Hire one*, mercede aliquem conducere. *Keep*, custodire, servare. *A lawyer*, honorarium advocato dare.

A retainer or **attendant**, assecia, cliens.

A retaining fee, honorarium.

To retake, resumere.

To retake a prey, præda hostes exuere.

To retaliate, compensare. *An injury*, injuriam pari modo ulcisci. *A kindness*, pari modo beneficium remunerare.

Retaliation of **an injury**, vindictio, ultio. *Of a kindness*, remuneratio.

The law of retaliation, lex talionis.

To retard, tardare, morari, cunctari.

A retarding or **retardation**, retardatio, cunctatio.

To retch [vomit] nauseare. *In spitting*, screare.

A retching [vomiting] nausea.

Retchlessy, pigre, segniter.

Retchlessness [laziness] pigritia, accordia, inertia.

Retchless [lazy or careless] piger, socors, iners.

Retention, retentio.

Retentive, tenax.

The retentive faculty, facultas retinendi.

Reticence or **a keeping silence**, reticentia.

Retiform, ad formam retis.

A retinue or **great man's attendants**, comitatus, turba clientum.

To retire, recedere, abacedere, acedere, retrocedere. [*Have recourse to*] confugere. *In disorder*, effuse se recipere. *In good order* [as soldiers] turmatim abire. *To one's own house*, domum se recipere. *From company*, a cœtu recedere. *From a blow*, ab ictu declinare. *From business*, a negotiis secedere. *Into the country*, in agrum dilabi. *From danger*, discrimine sese subducere.

Retired [solitary] solitarius.

Retiredly, secreto, seorsum.

Retiredness or **a place of retirement**, secessus, secretum.

A lover of retirement, solitarius, solitudinis amans.

A retiring or **retirement**, recessus, regressus, secessio.

Retiringly or **by way of retreat**, recessim.

To retort or **throw back**, retorquere. *Reply*, reponere. *An*

adversary's argument upon him, adversarii argumentum ipsam regerere. *A crime upon one*, crimen alicui regerere.

A retort or **retorting**, argumentum v. criminis translatio.

A retorter, qui v. quæ argumentum, culpam, &c. suum regerit.

To retoss, regerere.

To retouch, retractare.

To retrace, denuo investigare.

To retract or **draw back**, retrahere.

A retraction or **retraction**, retractatio, palinodia.

A retreat, receptus, recursus.

A quiet retreat from the city, pacata protectio ab urbe.

They seized a retreat, fugam simulabant.

To sound or **give the signal of a retreat**, receptui canere.

An orderly retreat, inconfusus recursus. *A shameful retreat* fuga.

To retreat, recedere.

To make an honourable retreat, cedere salvâ dignitate militari.

To retreat from danger, e periculo se eripere.

To make to retreat, fugare, profigare.

A place of retreat, receptaculum, confugium. *For birds*, avium secessus. *For wild beasts* ferarum latebræ.

To retrench [cut off] amputare desecare. *Or fortify a camp*, castra commuare.

A retrenchment [lessening] imminutio. [*Fortification*] munimentum, munitiones, pl.

To reimburse or **make retribution**, retribuere, compensare.

A tributer, qui retribuit.

Retribution, compensatio.

Rebtributive, retribuens.

To retrieve or **recover**, recuperare. *Losses or damage*, damna rescare. *One's honour*, honorem amissum recuperare.

To retrieve the affairs of a state, rempublicam ad pristinum statum restituere.

A retrieving, recuperatio, instauratio.

Retrograde [going back] retrogradus.

To retrograde, retrogredi, recedere.

Retrospect [a looking back] respectus.

Retrospection, actus respiciendi.

Retrospective, respiciens.

A return, reditus, reversio.

A grateful return or **acknowledgment of a kindness**, grati animi significatio.

An ungrateful return, ingratis animi crimen.

A return of love for love, amor mutus.

A quick return [in traffic] *facilis mercium venditio*.
Days of return [in law] *dies legum*.
To return or restore, reddere, restituere. *Come or go back* [neut.] redire, revenire; revertere.
Returnable, quod reddi v. restitui potest.
Returned from travel or exile, redux.
Returned to life again, redivivus.
A returning [restoring] restitutio. [*Coming back*] reditus, regressus.
A returning of a thing to him that sold it, redhibitio.
A reve or reeve, praefectus.
To reveal, revelare, retegere, patefacere. *Publish abroad*, divulgare.
A revealer, qui v. quæ patefacit.
A revealing or revelation of a crime, secret, &c. criminis, arcani, &c. patefactio.
Divine revelation, arcanum divinitus hominibus patefactum.
The book of Revelation, Apocalypsis.
To revel, commissari v. comessari, convivari. [*Riot*] bacchari.
Revel routs, concursus hominum illiciti.
A reveller, commissator.
A reveling, revelry, commissatio, bacchatio.
Revelling [ranting] bacchantus.
The master of the revels, ludorum praefectus.
Revenge, revengement, or revenging, vindicta, ultio.
To revenge, vincticare, ulcisci.
To take revenge, summere pœnas.
Revengeful, vindictâ gaudens; ultionis avidus.
Revengefully, revengingly, modo ultionis.
Revengefulness, ultionis aviditas.
A revenger [male] vindex, ultor. [*Female*] vindex, ultrix.
A revenue or income, reditus, fructus; vectigal. Vid. *Income*.
To reverberate [beat back] reverberare.
A reverberating or reverberation, repercussio, percussus.
To revere, revereri, venerari.
Reverence, reverentia, observantia; veneratio, cultus.
To reverence or pay reverence to, revereri, venerari, observare.
Want of reverence, irreverentia.
A str-reverence, merda.
Full of reverence, venerandus.
Worthy to be revered, venerabilis, venerandus.
A reverencer, venerator, cultor.

A reverencing, veneratio, observantia.
Reverend, reverendus, venerabilis. *Right reverend, reverendus admodum*. *Most reverend, reverendissimus*.
Reverent, reverens.
Reverential, venerandus.
Reverently, reverentially, reverenter, honorifice.
A reverie, reverie, or silly idea floating in the mind, deliratio, deliramentum.
A reversal, abrogatio.
The reverse of any thing, postica v. aversa pars.
The reverse of a medal, numismatis aversa facies.
The reverse [contrary] contrarius, adversarius.
To reverse, invertere, subvertere. *Laus, leges abrogare*.
Reversible, quod abrogari potest.
A reversion, ius successoria.
Reversionary, iure successoria.
To revert, revertere, reverti.
To the crown, in fiscum redire.
Revery. See *Reverie*.
To reuest or reinvest, possessionem alicui rursus dare.
To revictual, rursus cibaria suppeditare.
A review or reviewing, cognitio, recensio. *Of troops*, copiarum recensio.
To review, recensere, cognoscere, lustrare. *A book in order to reprint it*, retractare librum.
A reviewer, qui cognoscit v. recenset.
To revile, conviciari, calumniari.
A reviler, conviciator, calumniator.
Reviling, maledicus.
A reviling, exprobratio, aspera insectatio.
Revilingly, maledice.
A revival, cognitio, recensio.
A revise or revising, [re examining] recensio, cognitio.
To revise, relegere, recensere.
A book, librum cognoscere.
To revisit, revisere, revisitare.
A revisitatio [second visit] iterata salutatio. [Second inspection or inquiry] cognitio v. inspectio iterata.
A revival or renewing, renovatio.
To revive or renew, renovare, integrare. [*Bring to life again*] mortuum in vitam revocare. [*Quicken or encourage*] animare, instigare, stimulare. [*Affect with pleasure*] hilarare, exhilarare. [*Be raised to life again*] reviviscere. [*Flourish again*] iterum florere.
A reviver, in vitam reductor.
Vid. the verb.
Revivification [restoring to life] reductio in vitam.

A reviving or reviviscency [coming to life again] ad vitam reditus.
A reunion [joining together again] iterata coagmentatio. [*Reconciliation*] reconciliatio, concordia v. gratia reconciliatio.
To reunite [join together again] iterum coagmentare. [*Reconcile*] reconciliare.
A reuniting, iterata conjunctio, reconciliatio. Vid. *Reunion*.
Revocable, revocabilis. Not revocable, irrevocabilis.
A revocation, revokement, revocatio, abolitio, abrogatio.
To revoke or revocate, revocare.
What one has said, dictum revocare. *Repeal a law, legem abrogare, rescindere*. [*Make of no effect*] rescindere, abrogare. *A will; testamentum mutare*. *An error, errorem abijcere*. *A gift, donum infectum facere*.
A revoking, revocatio, retractatio.
To revolt, desicere, desciscere.
From a prince, rebellare, desciscere. *From one's religion, fidei naufragium facere*.
A revolter, defector, rebellis.
From religion or an apostate, institutæ fidei desertor.
Revolting or refusing to be obedient, imperium detrectans.
A revolt or revolting, defectio, secessio. *From a prince, rebellio*.
A province revolting from its sovereign, provincia rebellatrix.
A revolting or apostasy [in religion] ab instituto religioso defectio.
To resolve, recitare, reputare, meditari.
A revolving in one's mind, cogitatio, consideratio.
A revolution, mutatio, conversio.
The revolution of the planets, planetarum cursus.
A revolution of public affairs, publicarum rerum vicissitudo.
To revulse [pull or draw away] revellere. *Humours of the body, humores divertere*.
Revulsion [a pulling away] revulsio. [*In physic*] materie morbificæ depulsio.
To revy [surpass or outdo in gaming] superare.
A reward, præmium, merces.
A little reward, mercedula.
To reward, munerari, compensare. *Plentifully, abundanter retribuere*.
Rewardable, præmio dignus.
A rewarder, qui remunerat.
A rewarding, remuneratio, compensatio.
A rhapsodist, rhapsodis scriptor.

A rhapsody, rhapsodia.
Rhenish, Rhenanus. Wine, vinum Rhenense.
Rhetoric, rhetorica, ars rhetorica.
Books of rhetoric, rhetorica, pl.
A teacher of rhetoric, eloquentia præceptor. A professor, eloquentia professor. A student, eloquentia discipulus.
Rhetorical, rhetoricus, oratorius. Flourishes, oratoria ornamenta.
Rhetorically, rhetorice, facunde.
A rhetorician, rhetor, orator.
Like a rhetorician, rhetorice.
To play the rhetorician, to rhetoricate, ornate dicere.
A rheum, distillatio.
Rheumatic or having the rheumatism, rheumaticus.
The rheumatism, rheumatismus.
Rheumy, humidus, frigidus.
A rhinoceros, rhinoceros.
A rhomb [figure in geometry] rhombus.
Rhubarb, rha v. rhacoma radix, Pontica, rhubarbarum, rheum barbarum.
Sorry rhyme, versus illepidi.
To rhyme, numeros pangere eodem rhythmo desinentes.
Unlearnedly, inepte rhythmos fundere.
A rhyming, versificator.
Rhyming verses, carmina simili sono terminata.
Rhythm or rhyme, rhythmus.
Rhythmical or rhyming, rhythmicus.
A rib, costa.
The short ribs, costæ nothæ.
The spare rib, costa porcina.
The ribs of a ship, costæ v. statumina navis.
Having ribs, costatus.
To rib-roast, fustigare.
Ribaldry, obscenitas, spurcities.
Ribaldrous, ribald, obscænus, spurcus.
A ribbon or ribbon, vitta, tænia.
To tie or trim with ribbons, vittis ligare.
A ribbon-weaver, vittarum textor.
Ribble rabble discourse, confusa et nugax garrulitas.
Ribwort, plantago.
Rice, oryza, olyra.
Rich [wealthy] dives locuples.
In money, pecuniosus.
To be married into a rich family nubere in divitiis maximas.
A rich chuff, turgens opibus.
Rich, abundans, copiosus.
[Magnificent] magnificus, splendidus. [Precious] pretiosus.
To be or become rich, ditescere.
To make rich, ditare, locupletare.
Riches divitia, pl. opes.

To abound in riches, abundare divitiis.
To amass or heap up riches, divitiis cogere, accumulare.
Richly [abundantly] copiose, abundanter. [Magnificently] magnifice, splendide.
Richly worth one's money, pretio vilissimo emptus.
Richness, opulentia; fertilitas.
A rick or reek, strues, cunulus.
To make up in a rick or ricks, acervare, coacervare.
Rickety, rachitide laborans.
To rid [free or disengage] liberare. From rubbish, rudera exportare. One of his money, argento aliquem emungere.
To get rid of a thing, se ab aliquâ re expedire.
A riddance, emotio, liberatio.
To be ridden, equitabilis. Not to be ridden, inequitabilis.
Priest-ridden, sacerdotibus nimis addictus.
A ridding, expeditio, liberatio.
A riddle [enigma] ænigma.
A proposer of riddles, ænigmatista.
A riddle [sieve] cribrum, excerniculum.
To riddle, excernere. [Unriddle] solvere, expedire.
To ride, equitare. In a cart or coach, rheda v. curru vehi. A person or domineer over one, in aliquem dominari. About or up and down, obequitare.
At anchor, anchoris niti; ad anchoras deligari. Upon the main, naviculari, mare navigare. Away, abequitare. Back, in equo redire. By, præterequitare. On a hobby horse, equitare in arundine longa. Hard, equum admittere. Post, veredis publicis equitare. Thorough, perequitare. Together, coequitare, equis simul vehi. Unto, adequitare.
A rider, eques.
A rider roll, rotula ad finem addita.
A riding on horseback, equitatio. In a coach, vectio.
A ridge, fastigium, culmen, vertex.
The ridge of a house, domus fastigium.
The ridge or top of a hill, montis cacumen.
A ridge of land, porca, lira.
A ridge-tile, imbrex.
The ridge-band of a draught horse, helcii ea pars, quæ per dorsum equi trajicitur.
The ridge-bone of the back, spina dorsal.
To ridge, in modum jugi formare.
Ridge by ridge, or ridgewise, liralim.

Ridges in wrought stone, striz, pl.
To make ridges in land, lirare.
Ridged, ridgy, jugosus. [Chambered or fluted] striatus.
A ridgeling, testiculorum altero carens.
Ridicule, ridicula v. jocularis cavillatio.
By way of ridicule, ridicule.
To ridicule, aliquem ridere, ludere.
A ridiculer, derisor, irrisor.
Ridiculous, ridiculus, deridiculus.
Ridiculously, ridicule. Somewhat ridiculously, subridicule.
Ridiculousness, qualitas reidignæ risu.
A riding on horseback, equitatio.
A riding [in a coach, chariot, &c.] vectio.
Rife, frequens, grassans.
Rifely, frequenter.
Rifeness, frequentia, abundantia.
Riffraff, recrementum, pl.
To rifle, spoliare, diripere.
A rifler, spoliator, director.
A rifling, spoliatio, direptio.
A rift or chink, fissura, rima.
To rift or cleave asunder, findere, scindere. Neut. dissillire, diffundi.
A rig, riggish, or wanton girl, puella petulans.
To rig a ship, navem ornare.
To unrig, apparatu spoliare.
A rigger of ships, navium instructor.
A rigging of a ship, navis instructio.
To riggle, vacillare. Vid. Wriggle.
Right [subst.] jus, æquitas, fas. Adv. recte, æque. Adj. [proper or convenient] aptus, commodus, idoneus. [Sound in health] sanus. [Straight] rectus, directus. [True] genuinus, legitimus.
Not right [spurious] adulterinus, spurius.
You are in the right of it, rem tenes; sic res se habet.
Against all right, injuriosissime, contra jus fasque.
Right against, e regione, ex adverso.
Right forth, rectâ.
The right hand, dextra [manus]
To say right, recte dicere.
Right well, perbelle, perbene.
To right one's self, jus suum vindicare.
To make right, corrigere, emendare.
To bring to rights [a ship] vela iterum dispendere.
Right or wrong, quo jure, quaque injuriâ.
The right side, dextrum latus.
Towards the right hand or right side, dextrorsus, dextrorsum.

The right or law of nations, jus gentium.
Righteous, æquus, justus, rectus.
Righteously, æque, juste, recte.
Righteousness, rightfulness, jus, justitia, æquitas.
Rightful, æquus, justus.
Rightfully, æque, legitime, juste.
Rightly, recte, apte, commode.
Not rightly, injuste, inique.
Rigid, rigidus, austerus. *Vid.* *Rigorous*.
Rigidly, præfracte.
Rigour, rigor, asperitas.
To treat one with the utmost rigour, summo jure cum aliquo agere.
The rigour of the law, summum jus. *Of winter*, vis hiemis.
Rigorous or rigid, rigidus, austerus.
Rigorously, rigide, aspere.
Rigorousness, rigidity, asperitas, severitas, rigiditas.
A rill, rivus, rivulus.
A rim, margo, labrum.
The inner rim of the belly, peritonæum.
A rime [mist] pruina, nebula, nubes.
Covered with rime, pruinosus.
Rimy [foggy or misty] nebulosus, caliginosus, humidus.
A rind, cortex, liber.
A thin rind, tunica.
Full of thin rinds, tunicatus.
The inner rind of bark, phyllo.
A ring [for the finger] annulus.
A little ring, anellus v. anellus.
A hoop ring, annulus purus.
Gold, aureus. *A mourning ring*, annulus funebria.
A diamond ring, annulus gemmatus. *A seal ring*, annulus signatorius.
A wedding-ring, annulus nuptius.
To put a ring on the finger, digito annulum induere.
To pull a ring off one's finger, annulum digito detrudere.
The bezel or collet of a ring, annuli palus.
Of a ring, annularis, annularius.
A maker of rings, annularius.
An ear-ring, inauris.
The ring of a door, cornix.
A ring of people, corona, orbis.
To dance in a ring, orbem saltatorium versare.
A ring for boxing, wrestling, &c. locus luctationis; palæstra.
In a ring or circle, in orbem v. circum.
A ringleader, antesignanus; coryphæus, princeps, dux parvum.
A ring-worm, impetigo.

To ring or sound [as a bell] tinnire, sonare. *Or sound again*, resonare. *All in*, pulsare extremum. *About*, circumsonare. *All over or ring a peal in one's ears*, personare.
Ring or sounding, tinnulus, canorus.
A ringlet, annulus, circulus.
To rinse, lavare, abluerè. *Very clean*, perluerè, colluerè.
A rinser, qui v. quem perluit.
A rinsing, lavatio, ablutio.
Riot, riotousness, luxuria, luxuries, molities.
A riot or tumult, turba, rixa. [Unlawful assembly] cætus.
To riot, luxuriare, nepotari, bacchari.
To make or commit a riot or tumult, tumultuari, tumultum facere.
To appease a riot, tumultum compimère.
A rioter, helluo v. heluo.
Riotous, luxuriosus, libidinosus, profusus.
Riotously, luxuriose, profuse, effuse.
To rip, dissuère, resuère. *Up or cleave*, findère. *Up an old sore*, memoriam malorum refricare.
Ripe, maturus, coctus. *Before the time*, præcox, præmaturus. *Of age*, pubes. *Not ripe of age*, impubes.
A maid ripe for marriage, virgo nubilis.
A person of ripe judgment, animo maturus.
Not ripe, immaturus, crudus.
Ripely, mature.
To ripen or make ripe, maturare. *Or grow ripe*, maturescere.
Ripeness, maturitas.
Ripeness of age, pubertas.
A ripening, maturatio.
A rise [source or spring of any thing] origo; fons. *Original*, primordium. *Rising or spring of water*, scaturigo, fons. *Of the sun*, solis ortus. *Of stocks or of the price of any thing*, ingravescentis pretium. [Pre-ferment] dignitatis promotio.
To rehearse a matter from its first rise, rem a fonte repetere.
To rise, oriri, surgere. *Again*, resurgere. *Out or from*, exoriri, enasci. *From one's seat*, de sella surgere. *From table*, a mensâ consurgere. *To a person by way of respect*, alicui honorifice assurgere. [Mount up] ascendere. *In price*, ingravescere. [In singing] vocem sensim intendere. *Up*, surgere, assurgere. *Up again*, resurgere. *Or grow upon*, increbrescere, innasci. *Swell*, tumere, turgere. *In the world*, ad honores surgere.

Risible, aptus ad risum.
A rising [arising] ortus, exortus. [A coming forth or out] emerius.
The rising of a hill, acclivitas.
A rising ground, tumulus.
A rising [swelling] tuber, tumor. [Tumult] insurrectio, seditio.
A risk, periculum, discrimen.
To risk or run a risk, periclitari, discrimen adire. *A battle*, belli fortunam experiri. *Or make an attempt*, periculum facere.
A riser, qui periclitatur.
A rite, ritus, cæremonia; sacrum.
Funeral rites, exequia, justa, pl.
Ritual, ritualis.
A ritual, codex ritualia, liber, sacrorum rituum.
Rivage, ripa.
A rival, rivalis, æmulus, competitor.
To rival, æmulari, imitari.
Rivalry, rivalis, rivalship, rivalitas.
To rise or cleave, findere, scindere. *Be cleft*, fatisce, dehiscere.
A rising, fissura, rima.
A rivel, ruga.
To rival, corrugare; in rugas contrahere.
Rivelled, rugosus, corrugatus.
A river, fluvius; amnis, flumen.
The channel of a river, fluvii alveus.
The side or bank of a river, ripa, margo.
A serpentine river, amnis flexuosus v. annuosus. *A shallow*, tenui fluvius aqua.
Of a river, fluvialis, fluvialilis.
Animals living in rivers, animalia fluvialia.
Dwelling near a river, amnicolus.
A rivet, clavus.
To rivet or clinch, inflecterè repangere. *A thing in one mind*, aliquid animo impimere.
A riveting, colligatio clavo n. tuso facta.
A rivulet, rivulus.
A rixdollar, thalerus imperialis valens fere 4s. 6d.
A roach, rubellus.
A road, iter, via.
A dusty road, via pulverulenta.
A high or great road, via publica. *A bad or troublesome road*, via lutulenta, aspera, confragosa. *A smooth road*, via plana. *A good or open road*, via aperta. *A direct road*, via recta. *A cross road*, via transversa. *A nearer road*, via brevis.
To make a road, munire viam.
To repair, reficere viam.
To lead one out of the direct

road, aliquem de rectâ viâ deducere.
A road for ships, sinus, navium statio.
To roam, vagari, errare, circumcurare.
A roamer, erro, erroneus, homo errabundus, vagabundus.
A roaming, vagatio, erratio.
A roan horse, equus fulvus, subalbivus, mustelinus, ravinus.
The roan-tree, sorbus silvestris.
To roar [make a loud cry] rugire, mugire, clamare. [*As the sea*] fremere. Again, remugire. *Bellow for grief*, ejulare, plorare.
A roarer, clamator.
Roaring, clamor, vociferans, fremebundus.
The roaring of a lion, rugitus.
A roaring, clamatio, fremitus, rugitus.
To roast, assare. *Eggs*, ova ad primum coquere. Or *deride a person*, abis dentibus aliquem deridere.
Roast meat, caro assa.
To rule the roast, imperare.
A roasting, adustio.
To rob, prædari, spoliare, latrocinari. *The public treasury*, ærarium publicum exhaustire. *Privily*, suffurari, surripere.
A robber, latro, prædo; fur, raptor. *A church-robber*, sacrilegus, templorum prædo.
A sea robber, prædo maritimus, pirata. *Of the treasury*, peculator, expilator. *By night or a burglar*, domum prædo nocturnus.
A party of robbers, prædatoria manus.
Robbery, latrocinium, furtum.
A robbing, spoliatio, direptio.
Of churches, sacrilegium.
The crime of robbing the public, peculatus.
Of robbing, prædatorius.
A robe, palla, vestis.
A robe of state, vestis regia.
A woman's robe of honour, stola.
A long robe, vestis talaris.
A purple robe, vestis purpurea.
A slight loose robe, lacerna.
Lawyer's robes, vestimenta forensia.
A master of the robes, vestiarius.
Robins, fuscilli vela antennæ colligantes.
A robin red-breast, rubecula.
Robust, robustus, validus.
Robustness, robur.
A roc [at chess] cyclops.
Roche alum, alumen rupium.
A rocket, exomis.
A rochet [fish] rubellio.
A rock, rupes, cautes.
Of or belonging to a rock, rocky, saxeus, petrosus, scopulosus.
A rock-pigeon, columba saxatilis.

To rock or reel to and fro, titubare.
To rock a cradle, cunas agitare.
A rocker, qui cunas agitat.
A rocket of wild-fire, ignea missilia.
A rocking [reeling to and fro] vacillatio. *Of a cradle*, cunarum agitatio.
Rockless, a scopulis vacuus.
Rockwort, opus in modum scopuli constructum.
A rocky place, saxetum.
A rod [for whipping] virga.
A little rod, virgula.
A rod or twig, vimen.
A rod or whip, flagrum, flagellum.
A rod to measure with, pertica.
A rod in measure, sedecim pedes cum dimidio.
Made of rods, virgeus, virgatus.
To whip one with rods, virgis aliquem cædere.
A place where rods grow, virgetum.
Wattled with rods, cratibus contextus.
A rodmontade, mendacium gloriosum.
To rodmontade, multa de se factisque suis gloriose mentiri.
A roe, caprea.
A roe-buck, capreolus.
The roe of a fish, piscis ova.
The soft roe, lactes.
Rogation week, ambarvalia, pl.
A rogue or wicked person, sceleratus.
A rogue in grain, ab ingenio improbus.
A rogue that strolls about, erro; erroneus.
To rogue about, oberrare, divagari.
To play the rogue or wanton, lascivire.
Roguery [knavery] scelus, flagitium. [*Ban'er*] cavillatio, locatio.
Roguish, roguis, scelerosus, improbus, nequam.
Roguish [wanton] lascivius.
Roguishly [knavishly] scelestus. [*Wantonly*] lascive.
Roguishness [knavishness] nequitia. [*Wantonness*] lascivia.
To roist or swagger, gloriari.
A roister, thraso.
Roister-like [adj.] thrasonicus.
Ado, thrasonicus.
A roll [catalogue] album, catalogus.
A roll of any thing, volumen.
A court-roll, volumen curiale.
A roll of bread, crustulum panis oblongum.
A roll or roller, cylindrus.
The roll at the top of a pillar, voluta.
A roll or list of names, nominum catalogus.
A roll [record] scrinium.

The master of the rolls, archivum custos.
To roll, volvere, plicare. Or *wind about*, circumvolvère. Again or *back*, revolvère. *Along*, pervolvère. Or *tumble down*, devolvère. *In money*, pecuniâ affluere. *To or towards*, advolvère. *From or out*, evolvère. *Land*, deoccare. *Under*, subvolvère. *Up*, convolvère, involvère. *Up and down*, circumversari.
That may be rolled, volubilis. *Rolling*, volubilis.
Aptness to roll, volubilitas.
A rolling, volutatio.
A rolling-stone, cylindrus lapideus.
A rolling-press, prælum versatile.
Rollingly, volubiliter.
Roman letters, literæ Romanæ.
A romance [fabulous history] narratio ficta.
A romance [falsity] mendacium.
To romance, commentari, fabulas fingere.
A romancer, vaniloquus; rerum fabulosarum narrator.
A Romanist or popist, papicola, pepista.
To romanise, Latina consuetudini tradere.
Romantic, fabulosus, fictitious, commentitius.
A romantic history, res miraculo similis.
A romer [jug] scyphus amplior.
A romp, al. ramp, virgo procax.
To romp or play the romp, procaciter saltare.
A rood to measure land, pertica radius geometricus.
A rood of land, jugeri quartæ pars.
A rood or cross, crux.
The holy rood, sancta crux.
A roof, tectum, fastigium.
An arched roof, camera, tectum concameratum. *A flat roof*, solarium. *A vaulted or fretted roof*, laquear. *A low roof*, tectum humile.
A roof-tile, imbrex.
A roof of tiles, tectum imbricatatum.
The roof of the mouth, palatum, palatus.
A rook [bird] cornix frugilega.
A rook at chess, elephantus.
A rook [cheat] fraudator, deceptor.
To rook one, aliquem fallere.
A rookery, nidus cornicum.
A rooking, fraudatio.
Rooky, cornicibus frequentatus.
Room [space] locus, spatium [*Stead*] vice.
A room or private chamber, eonclave. *A back room*, camera interior. *A drawing or with drawing room*, penetrale.

A dining-room, triclinium, conaculum.
To make room, put out of the way, submovere.
To take up room, locum occupare.
To appoint in another's room, substituere, subrogare.
Roomage, spatium.
Roomy, amplus, spatiosus.
A roost or hen-roost, gallinarium.
To roost, quiescere, dormire.
A root, radix, stirps.
A mail root, radícula.
To root or take root, radicari, radices agere.
To begin to take root, radicescere.
To root as a hog, ruspari; *rostru versare, terram erudere*.
To root up or pluck up by the roots, eradicare, extirpare.
Up by the root or from the very root, radicitus, stirpitus.
Of or belonging to the root, radica-
lis.
To be deeply rooted, aris radice-
bunili.
Not to be rooted out, inextirpabilis.
Rootedly, vehementer.
A rooting or taking root, radica-
lio.
A rooting out or rooting up, eradicatio, extirpatio.
Full of roots, radicosus.
The threads of roots, radicum
fibrae.
A rope, funis, restia. *A little*
rope, funiculus, resticula.
Hauser, retinaculum. *Of on-*
ions, ceparum colligatarum
series.
To give one rope enough, alicui
habenae remittere.
To be upon the high ropes, elat-
ius se gerere.
To make ropes, funes torquere.
A roper or rope-maker, restio.
A rope-dancer or dancer on
ropes, funanibulus.
To walk on the rope, per ex-
tentum funem ire.
Ropery, rope-tricks, nequitia,
improba facinora.
Ropy, glutinosus, visco similis.
Ropy wine, vinum viscidum ad
tertias coctum.
To be ropy, viscosus esse.
A rosary [bunch of beads] rosa-
rium.
A rosary [garden of roses] ro-
setum, rosarium.
A rose [flower] rosa. *Under*
the rose, silentii fide stipulati.
A Damask rose, rosa Damas-
cena.
A very forward rose, rosa hi-
bernia. *A hedge or wild rose,*
rosa silvestris. *A Jerusalem*
rose, or our Lady's rose, rosa
Hierosolymitana. *The musk*
rose, rosa moschata. *The Pro-*

vence rose, rosa Provincialis.
The red rose, rosa rubra v.
miliesia. *The velvet rose, rosa*
holoserica. *The York and*
Lancaster rose, rosa striata.
Rose-water, rosea aqua.
The rose-bay or rose-laurel, lau-
rus rosea.
A rose-bud, alabastrus.
A rose-cake, rosarum caput
mortuum.
A rose-colour, color roseus.
Rose garlands, sarta rosea.
A rose nole, aureus nummus
rosâ signatus, valens sexde-
cim solidos Anglicanos.
A rose-tree, rosier, rosa frutex.
Rose-wood, lignum rhodinum.
Rose-wort, radix rhodina.
Rosed, rubicundus.
Rosemary, rosmarinus, ros mar-
inus. *A rosemary tree, ros-*
maris.
A crown of roses, corona rosa-
cea.
Oil of roses, oleum roseaceum.
Rosy or like a rose, roseus, rosa-
ceus.
Rosy lips, labella rosea.
Rosin or resin, resina.
Of or belonging to rosin, resin-
aceus.
Full of rosin, resinosus.
The rot, lues.
To rot or make to putrefy, pu-
trefacere. *To rot or putrefy,*
putrefieri.
A rotation or wheeling about,
rotatio.
A rotation of government, vici-
situdo imperitandi.
By rote, memoriter.
Roted, memoriter fixus.
Rotgut [bad drink] vappa.
Rotten [putrid] putridus, cor-
ruptus.
Rotten, as a sore, purulentus.
A rotten sore, ulcus.
Soon rotten, facile putrescens.
Rotten ripe, frigidus.
To be rotten, putrere. *To grow*
rotten, putrescere.
Rotten wood, lignum cariosum.
That makes rotten, tabificus.
Rottenness, putredo, putror, cor-
ruptio. *In wood, bones, &c.*
caries.
Rotting inwardly, tabidus.
Subject to rotting, facile putres-
cens.
Rotund, rotundus.
Rotundity, rotunditas.
To rove or wander about, vaga-
ri, errare. *In one's mind, ani-*
mo vagari.
A sea rover, prædo maritimus
pirata.
At rovers, passim, temere.
Rouge [red] ruber, rubicundus.
Rouge-cross, fœcialia a rubrâ
cruce sic dictus. *Rouge-dra-*
gon, fœcialia a rubro dracone
sic appellatus.
Rough, asper, horridus. *[Hair]*

hirantus, hispidus. *[Grim]*
austerus, torvus. *[Homely]*
impolitus, rudis. *[Prickly]*
spinosus. *In temper, morosus,*
difficilis. *[Proud] fastuosus,*
superbus. *[In taste] gustu*
austerior.
A rough or rugged place, sale-
bre, pl. *Or full of bushes, as-*
pretum.
Rough places lying untilled, tea-
qua, pl.
To be rough, horrere.
To grow rough, to roughen, ho-
rrere.
To grow rough or nasty, squal-
ere.
A growing rough or nasty, squal-
or.
To make rough or roughen, as-
perare.
Rough cast, calx arenata.
To rough-cast, incrustare.
A rough-casting, trullissatio,
incrustatio.
A rough draught, inconcinna
adumbratio.
To rough-draw, incomposite de-
lineare.
To rough-hew, exasciare.
Rough-hewn [clownish] radia,
agrestis.
Roughly, aspere, acerbe, aus-
tere.
Roughness, asperitas, acerbitas,
duritas, severitas. *Of hair,*
hirsutia. *Of the sea, maris*
fremitus.
Roving [rambling] vagans, er-
rabundus. *[Pillaging] præ-*
dabundus, prædatorius.
A roving [rambling] vagatio,
[Pillaging] prædatio.
Round [orbicular] rotundus.
And long [as a pillar, cylin-
der, &c.] teres. *As a circle,*
in circulum flexus.
Round about, circa, undique.
A round or circle, circulus, or
bis.
To make a round or circle, ci-
culum describere.
A little round, orbiculus.
half round, semicirculus.
Round or in a round, in orbem
The round of a ladder, climacte.
A round in dancing, chorus cir-
cularis.
To make round like a top, in mo-
duo turbinis formare.
To round or make round, rotun-
dare, conglobare. *By clipping,*
attondere. *In the ear, in au-*
rem dicere.
To take a round or turn, spatia-
ri.
All the year round, per totum
annum.
Round like a top, turbineus.
The round head of an onion,
garlic, &c. bulbosus.
A roundelay, nenia; cantilena
silvestris.
A rounder, septum.
A roundhead. Viil. Puritan.

Roundish, fere rotundus.

Roundly [in form] orbiculatim.

[In pace] cursim. *[In speaking]* volubiliter. *[Freely]* libere. *[Honestly, sincerely]* ingenue, sincere. *[Sharply, smartly]* graviter, acriter.

To go roundly to work, rectè viâ aliquid inchoare.

Roundness, rotunditas.

The round [guards or watch] vigilarum lustratio.

A round-house, carcer, ergastulum.

To go the rounds, excubias circumire.

To rouse, excitare, stimulare, instigare. From sleep, aliquem e somno excitare.

A rousing up, incitatio, stimulatatio, animatio.

A rout [multitude of people] turba, caterva. *[Overthrow]* clades, strages. *A total rout, tota victoria. [Unlawful assembly]* hominum concursus illicitus. *[Noise or squabble]* turba, rixa.

To rout an enemy or put them to the rout, hostium copias vincere.

To make a rout, turbare.

To rout one out of his hole, aliquem e latibulo depellere.

A routing or beating, dissipatio.

A row, ordo, series.

A row of trees, versus arborum.

To place or set things in a row, ordine ponere.

To march or walk in a row, ordine incedere.

The Christ-cross row, elementa literarum ex ordine collocata, alphabetum.

A row barge, ponto.

To row, remigare. With the stream, flumine secundo remigare. Against the stream, adverso flumine remigare. One's own course or do as one pleases, suo remigio rem gerere.

A rower, remex.

The chief or master rower, pausarius.

A rowing, remigium, remigatio.

Royal, regius, regalis.

Royal authority, imperium regium.

A royalist, regiarum partium assertor.

To royalise, ad regiam potestatem promovere.

Royalty, regie, regifice.

Royalty, regia dignitas.

The ensigns of royalty, regia insignia.

A rub [obstacle] impedimentum, mora. *[Banter]* joculare cavillum.

To rub or chafe, fricare. Against or upon, attrere. With a clout, distringere. Gently, demulcere, delatire. [At bowls] umpingere. Off, defricare.

Hard or all over, perfricare.

The dirt off, abstergere, detergere. To pieces, pertere. Banter, tangere. On [live] vitam trahere. *Together, contere.*

A rubber, qui v. quæ fricat.

A rubber or whetstone, cos.

Rubbers at play, gemina in ludo victoria.

A rubbing, fricatio, frictio.

A flesh brush or rubbing-brush for the body, strigil.

Rubbish [as of old houses, &c.] rudus, eris. n.

Paved or strewn with rubbish, ruderatus.

Rubbish [sorry or useless stuff] rejectanea, pl. quisquilia, pl.

Rubble, rudus.

To lay on or strew with rubble, rudare.

To carry or throw out rubble, rudera purgare.

Rubicund or red, rubicundus.

A rubric, præcepta literis minutis scripta.

A ruby [precious stone] pyropus.

Ruby-red, rubied, rubini colorem cum splendore æmulans.

A ruby or carbuncle [a sore] carbunculus.

Ructation [a belching] ructatio.

The rudder, gubernaculum.

To hold the rudder of government, clavum imperii tenere.

The rudder-bands, gubernaculi cardines.

Ruddle, rubrica. Marked with ruddle, rubricatus. Full of ruddle, rubricosus.

Ruddy, rufus, ruber, rubicundus.

A ruddy colour, rubens color.

Somewhat ruddy, rubellus, rubicundus.

To be ruddy or of a ruddy complexion, ore rubere.

To grow ruddy, rubescere, rutilascere.

Ruddiness, ruhor.

Rude [unpolished] incultus, inconditus. *[Unskilful]* imperitus, rudis. *[Clownish]* rudis, inurbanus, agrestis.

Somewhat rude, subagrestis, subrusticus.

A rude fellow, homo impudens v. procax.

A rude baggage, mulier impudica.

The rude multitude, vulgus, populi sex.

Rudely [unskilfully] pingui Minerva. *[Clownishly]* rustice.

Rudeness, rusticitas, inconcin-nitas.

A rudiment, rudimentum, elementum, principium.

Rudimental, ad elementa v. principia pertinens.

Rue, ruta. Garden rue, ruta

(ado)

hortensis. Wild rue, ruta stib vestria. Of rue, rutaceus.

Made of rue, rutatus.

To rue, dolere, lugere.

Rueful, luctuosus, tristis.

To look ruefully, aspectu pœ-tristi esse.

The rue bone, patella.

The ruff of a garment, vestis sinus.

A ruff [fish] porcellus marinus.

The ruff at cards, charta dominatrix.

Ruff-footed, plumipes.

A ruffian or assassin, siccarius.

Ruffian, adj. violentus, atrox.

To ruffian, tumultuari, furere.

To ruffle [contract into plaits] corrugare. *[Disorder]* turbare.

[Wrinkle] corrugare.

A ruffling [disordering] turbatio, inquietatio. *[Wrinkling] corrugatio.*

A rug, gausape, stragulum hispidum.

Rugged, asper, inæqualis; scaber.

Rugged in temper, rigidus.

Ruggedly, aspere, duriter.

Ruggedness, asperitas. [Fierceness] diritas.

Ruin, ruination [destruction] ruina, exitium.

A house ready to fall to ruin, ædes ruinosa.

Ruin [slaughter] clades, strages.

The ruin of a state, interitus reipublicæ.

The ruins of a building, vestigia ædificii.

The ruins of a good face, pœ-chri oris reliquie.

To ruin a town, &c. oppidum, &c. demoliri. One's self or squander away one's fortune, patrimonium prodigere. A person's good name or reputation, alicujus bonam famam lœdere. One in his morals, mores alicujus corrumpere.

Destroy, perire, pessundere.

A ruiner or demolisher, demolitor.

A ruining, demolitio, excisio.

Ruinous [falling to decay] ruinosus, caducus. *[Destructive] perniciosus, exitiosus.*

To become ruinous, collapsæri.

Ruinously, perniciosè.

Rule or ruling [government] gubernatio; principatus.

The chief ruler, principatus.

Rule [old word for disorder or stir] turba, tumultus.

The rule of a kingdom, summa rerum administratio.

A rule or precept to govern one's actions by, regula; norma.

To vary from rule, aberrare a regulâ.

A rule or ruler to draw straight lines by, regula. A carpenter or workman's rule, amussis.

A rule of court, curia præscriptum.

Rule [custom] consuetudo, mos. [Example or model] exemplar, exemplum, forma. [Order or constitution] constitutio, lex. [Law] præceptum, præscriptio. *To live by*, vivendi norma v. lex.

**To rule, regere, imperare, gu-
bernare.**

To rule a kingdom or state, regnum gubernare, summam rerum administrare. A family, rem familiarem administrare.

*A ship, navem gubernare.
To do any thing by rule, ad
amorem aliquid facere.*

Not to be able to rule his passions, impotenti esse animo. According to rule, regulariter; certo ordine.

Under rule, regularis. Out of rule, irregularis, abnormis. A well-ruled city; civitas bene morata.

A ruled case, res comperta.

A ruler, imperator, gubernator, moderator.

The ruler of a province, provincie præfectus. Of the winds, ventorum moderator.

Rulers, primores, proceres.

To take upon him the ruling of
the state, rempublicam cape-
sere.

Rum, potus e saccharo confec-

To rum umultuari, crepitare.

A rumbler, fragorem clens.
Rumbling, fragosus, fremebundus.

A rumbling, freinitus, strepitus. A great rumbling, fragor. The rumbling of the guts, ver-

To ruminate [chew over again]
ruminare. *Think upon a thing*,
de re aliquâ meditari, secum
reputare.

Rumination [chewing anew]
 ruminatio. [Meditation] co-
 gitatio, meditatio.

To rummage goods, bona ri-
mari, scrutari. Chests, arcae
perscrutari.

rummaging, investigation.

A rimmer [large drinking glass] calix vitreus amplior. *Brimmer* [vessel filled to the brim] calix amplior ad marginem usque impletus.

A rumour, rumor, fama.

A little rumour, rumunculus.

To rumour about, *rumorem se-*
rire.

**To stop a rumour, sermons
retinguère.**

A rumour-bearer or rumourer,
rumigerulus.

The rump, uropygium.

The rump-evil, mala uropygii affectio.

To people, conjugate.

A rumple, ruga, plica.

A rumpling, corrugatio.

*The run or course of a ship, na-
vis cursus.*

*A run in traffic, facilis mer-
clum venditio.*

To run [pass swiftly] *currere*.

A race, stadium curre. [Make haste] festinare, propo-

rare. [*Drop*] stillare. [*Flow*]
manare, fluere. *At the eyes,*

ta aliquem irruere. *Up and down*, circumcursare.
To laugh till one's eyes run, præ riui lacrymare.
The sense runs thus, hæc est sententia illius loci.
At the long run, tandem, denique.
A runaway, erro; transfuga, desertor.
A rundle or roundle, circulus, orbis.
A small rundle, orbiculus.
A rundle, doliolum, cadus minor.
The runs [in a ship] tigna quæ fundum navis constituunt.
A runnel, rivus, rivulus.
A runner [one who runs] cursor. [Messenger] nuntius. *A runner forth*, excursor.
A runner [among seamen] funis ductarius major.
A runner [upper millstone] cætilus.
The runner [bird] erythropus.
Runnet, al. rennet, coagulum.
Running at random, erraticus, vagus.
A running, cursus. *Against*, occurus. *Away*, fuga. *Back*, recurus. *Forth*, procurus. *Out*, excursio, excursus. *Over or passing by*, transcurus. *Over or superfluity*, redundantia. *Place*, stadium, curriculum. *Of the reins*, goncrrhæa. *Of the nose*, profluvium, narium. *Sore*, ulcus. *To and fro*, discursus. *Together*, concursus. *Of several streams into one*, corrivatio.
Running before, præcursorius.
The running title of a book, titulus.
Pertaining to running, ad cursum pertinens.
Runningly, cursim.
A runt or ront, bos pumilus v. pumila.
An old runt, vetula, anus.
A rupture or falling out, dissidium, inimicitia, discordia. [Breach of peace, &c.] pacia, &c. violatio. *In the groin*, hernia, raxem.
Having a rupture, ruptured, ramicosus.
Rupture-wort, herniaria.
Rural, ruralis, rusticus, agrestis.
A rush or bulrush, Juncus, scirpus.
A little rush, scirpiculus. *A sea-rush*, mariscus.
A rush-light or candle, candela facta ex juncu sebo circumfuso.
The sweet rush, juncus odoratus.
A rush-bed, juncetum.
Slender as a rush, juncidus, juncinus.

Rushy or full of rushes, juncosus.
Of rushes, juncus, juncinus, scirpus.
To rush [run] ruere. *Or thrust forward*, propellere. *In or upon*, irruere, irrumpere. *Out*, prorudere. *Through*, percurrere.
A rushing in, irruptio.
Rusk, panis cibarius.
Russet, rarus, subrufus.
A russeting apple, malum subrufum.
Rust, rubigo, equalor. *Of copper*, ærugo. *Of iron*, ferrugo. *Of bacon*, rancor.
To get or fetch out rust, rubiginem alicui rei inherentem abstergere.
To rust or grow rusty, rubiginem contrahere.
Of a rust colour, ferrugineus.
Rustic, rusticus, agrestis. *Somewhat rustic*, subagrestis, subrusticus.
Rustically, rustice, inurbane.
To rusticate, rusticari.
Rusticity, rusticitas.
Rustiness [of bacon] rancor. [Of iron] situs.
To rustle, crepare, strepere.
A rustling, crepitus, strepitus. *Of armour*, clangor, armorum crepitus.
Rustling with armour, armisonus.
The rustling of leaves, frondium susurrus.
Rusty or full of rust, rubiginosus, æruginosus, rubigine obductus.
Rusty as iron, ferrugineus.
To grow rusty, rubiginem trahere.
The rut [of deer] cottus desiderium.
To go to rut, ad venerem prurire.
Ruttish, lascivus, salax.
The rut [of a cart-wheel] rotæ vestigium.
Full of ruts, orbitis plurimis sectus.
Ruthful [compassionate] misericors.
Ruthfully, misere, luctuose.
Ruthlessness, immiser cordia.
Rye, secale.
Of rye, secalicus.
The rye in hawks, accipitrum grævedo.

Of the sabbath, sabbaticus.
To keep the sabbath, sabbatum observare.
Sabbatism, sabbati celebratio.
Sable, ater, niger, pullus.
A sable [beast] mus Ponticus mares Scythica.
Sable-skins, pelles murium Ponticorum.
Furred with sables, Scythicus martis pelibus ornatus.
A sable, acinaces.
Sacerdotal, or belonging to a priest or priesthood, sacerdotalis.
Sack [wine] vinum Hispanicum.
A sack, sacculus. *A little sack*, sacculus.
A leather sack, culleus.
A sackbut, sambuca.
Sackcloth, cilicium.
Of sackcloth, cilicinus.
To sack or pillage, diripere, vastare, spoliare. *Up or put up in a sack*, sacco luserere.
A sacker, direptor, vastator, spoliator.
A sacking, direptio, vastatio, spoliatio.
A sacrament, sacramentum.
The sacrament, coena Domini, Eucharistia.
Sacramental, ad sacramentum spectans.
Sacred, sacer, sanctus, sacrosanctus.
To make sacred, sacrare, consecrare.
Sacredly, sacre, sancte.
Sacredness, sanctitas.
Sacrificatory, sacrificialis [of or belonging to a sacrifice] sacrificialis.
A sacrifice, sacrificium. *For sin*, piaculum. *For victory*, hostia.
A sacrifice to the infernal gods, inferix.
To sacrifice or offer up in sacrifice, sacrificare, immolare. *Persons, by exposing them to unavoidable destruction*, mortem aliquem destinare v. obicere. [Devote] consecrare, devovere. [Kill] occidere, interficere, immolare. [Quit or abandon] relinquere, deserere.
To appease by sacrifice, expiare.
Sacrificeable, quod licet immolare.
A sacrificer, immolator, sacrificola.
A sacrificing, immolatio, sacrificatio.
Sacrilege, sacrilegium.
To commit sacrilege, sacrilegium admittere.
Sacrilegious, sacrilegus.
Sacrilegiously, more sacrilegi.
A sacrist, editus, editus.
The sacrist, sacrum.
Sad [sorrowful] tristis, mæstus.

S

THE Sabbath, Sabbatum, dies Dominica.
A Sabbath-breaker, sabbati violator.

Somewhat sad, tristitulus, subtristis.
Sad [grievous] molestus, gravis. [*Foul, nasty, horrible*] sœdus, immundus, sordidus. [*Shameful*] turpis, infamis. [*Evil, wicked*] improbus, pravus, aclestus.
A sad fellow, homo perditus, impudus, nequissimus, multis flagitiis contaminatus.
A sad orator, orator jejunus.
Sad in look, tetricus, moestus, tristis.
To be sad, mœrere, contristari.
Sad in colour, fuscus, pullus.
To sadden or make sad, contristare.
Making sad, tristificus.
A saddle, ephippium.
A saddle-bow, anterior ephippii pars.
A saddle-horse, equus vectarius v. ephippiatus.
A saddle-tree, lignea sellæ equestris forma.
Saddle-backed, pandus.
A saddle-cloth, instratum equestre.
To saddle with a pack-saddle, clitellas imponere.
A pack-saddle, clitellæ, pl.
Of a pack-saddle, clitellarius.
To saddle, equum sternere.
A saddler, or saddle-maker, ephippiorum opifex.
The Sadducees, Sadducei, pl.
Sadly [sorrowfully] lugubriter. [*Grievously, pitifully*] acerbè, moleste.
Sadness [sorrowfulness] tristitia, moestitia. [*Seriousness*] gravitas, sobrietas.
Safe, tutus, salvus.
A safe (for victuals) cella penaria.
Letters of safe conduct, deductio cum præsidio.
A safe keeping, conservatio.
A safe-guard, præsidium, tutela.
To be under safe-guard, in clientela alicujus esse.
Safe and sound, integer, sospes.
To keep safe and sound, a periculis defendere, custodire.
Safety, tutè, secure, integre.
Safety, safeness, incolumitas, salus.
A place of safety, perfugium, asylum.
Saffron, crocus, crocum. Bastard saffron or wild saffron, calcaus. Meadow-saffron, Colchicum.
Of saffron or of a saffron-colour, croceus, crocinus.
Coloured with saffron, crocatus.
To sag, onerare.
Sagacious, sagax, subtilis.
Sagacity, sagacitas, solertia.
Sage [the herb] salvia.
Sage [wise] prudens, sapiens, cordatus.
To be sage, sapere.

Sagely, prudenter, sapienter.
Sageness, sapientia, prudentia.
Sagittary [one of the twelve signs] sagittarius.
A sail or sail-cloth, velum, carbasus.
The main-sail, artemon v. artemo. The top-sail, thoracium. The sprit-sail, dolon v. dolo. The mizen-sail, velum posticum v. ad puppim; epidromus.
A sail of ships, plures naves simul navigantes.
To sail or set sail, navigare, velificari. By traverse, cursum obliquare. With a full gale, velis passis perveli. About, circumnavigare. Back, renavigare. Before, prænavigare. Forward, nave v. navi provehi. Over, nave v. navi trajicere. Out of, enavigare. Through, pernavigare. Unto, adnavigare. With wind and tide vento secundo vehi.
To hoist sail, vela pandere, solvere, facere.
To strike sail, vela deducere. Or spread, carbasia diducere.
To take in the sails, contrahere vela. To hale in, vela substringere.
The sail-yard, antenna.
Of a sail, velaris.
That may be sailed on, navigabilis.
Not to be sailed in, innabilis.
A sailer or seaman, nauta, navita.
The sailer [fish] nautilus.
A sailing, navigatio.
A sailing by, præternavigatio.
A saint or holy person, sanctus.
A she-saint, mulier sancta.
The saints in heaven, cœlites, pl. cives cœlestes, sancti cœli cives.
Saintlike, saintly, sanctum referens.
To saint or canonize one, aliquem in divos referre.
Sainthood, sancti hominis dignitas.
A saint's bell, nola v. campanula sacra.
Sake, causa. For my sake, meâ causâ. For his sake, illius gratiâ. For your sake, tui ergo, tuâ gratiâ, tuâ causâ. For God's sake, per Deum oro. For brevity's sake, breviter.
To do mischief for mischief's sake, gratuito malum facere.
A saker [gun] tormentum murale minus.
Salacious [lecherous] salax, libidinosus.
Salacity, salacitas, libido.
A salad, al. sallat, acetaria, pl.
A salad-dish, patina acetaria continens.
Salad-oil, oleum cibarium.
A salad [head piece] cassia, cassida.

Salading, herbæ ex quibus acetaria conficiuntur.
A salamander, salamandra.
Salary or stipend, salarium, stipendium.
A sale, venditio. Open or port sale, auctio, venditio publica.
Sale by inch of candle, venditio per præfixitam mensuram candellæ facta.
Set to sale, venalis, venalis proctans.
Goods set to sale, bona venalia.
To set to sale, venalem habere, proponere.
To set his tongue to sale, nummis verba vendere.
To set a person's goods to sale, alicujus bona proscribere.
To publish a sale, auctionem proscribere.
To be set to sale, venalis proctare.
Of a public sale, auctionarius.
Bills of sale, auctionariæ tabulæ.
Saleable, venalis, vendibilis.
Saleably, venaliter.
Saleableness, qualitas rei emptoris facile reperientis.
A salesman [seller of cattle] pecorum venditor. [*Seller of old clothes or of clothes ready made*] vestiarius, vestium venditor.
Salient or leaping, saliens.
Saline or salinous [saltish] salinus.
The salique law, lex salica.
Salival, salivary, salivous, ad salivam pertinens, salivarius.
To salivate, salivare.
Salivation, salivæ proritatio.
Sallow, pallidus.
A sallow colour, pallor.
To grow sallow, pallescere.
A sallow-tree, salix.
A grove of sallows, salicetum.
A Sally (in war) eruptio. *Transport of the mind, ingenii ætus.*
To sally or make a sally upon the enemy, procurrere, in hostes erumpere.
A sally-port, porta ex qua eruptio.
A salmon, salmo. A female, salmo femina.
Salt, sal. Natural, sal nativus. Artificial, sal factitius. Mineral, sal fossilis. Bay, sal niger. Sea, sal marinus. White salt, salis flos, sal candidus.
Salt-fish, salsamenta, pl.
A fishmonger dealing in salt-fish, salsamentarius.
Salt-petre, nitrum.
Mixed with salt-petre, nitrum.
Full of salt-petre, nitrosus.
A salt or saltcellar, salinum.
A salt-box, cistula salern continens.
A grain of salt, mica v. grumæ salis.

A seller or seller of salt, salarius.
Of salt, salarius.
To salt [corn or season with salt] salire; sale aspergere.
Salt meats, salsamenta, pl. sal-gama.
A seller of salt meats or pickles, salgamarus.
Salt marshes, saluaria, pl.
A salt-pit, salina.
Saltish or somewhat salt, sub-salvus.
A salting or seasoning with salt, salitura.
A salting-tub, vas salsamentarium.
Saltless, insalvus.
Saltly,ulse.
Saltiness, salitudo, salsugo.
Salvable, eterna salute dignus.
Salvation, salus, conservatio.
Salvation of souls, animarum salus.
Bringing salvation, salutifer.
A salutary, repositorium.
Salubrious or wholesome, saluber
A salve, unguentum, medica-mentum.
Eye-salve, collyrium.
To salve [cure with medica-ments] ungere, medicari.
To have one salve for every sore, eodem collyrio mederi om-nibus.
To salve [preserve] servare.
A salver, vas argenteum ad cal-ces manu sustinendum.
A salving [a curing with salves] unctio, medicatio.
A salving over of a matter, cul-pam extenuatio.
A salvo, exceptio, cautio.
Salutary, salutiferous, or wholesome, salutaris, salubris; salutifer.
To salute a person or greet him, aliquem salutare. One another, inter se consalutare.
Kiss, osculari, deoculari. At parting, valedicere v. valere dicere. Again, resalutare.
A saluter, saluator, m. saluta-trix, f.
Of saluting, saluatorius.
A saluting, salute, or saluta-tion, salutatio, consalutatio, salus. A saluting again, resalu-tatio.
The same, idem.
The very same, ipseissimus.
Sameness, identitas.
At the same time, eodem tem-pore, simul et semel.
A sample or sampler [an exam-ple] exemplar, exemplum.
To sample, comparare, equipa-rare.
To set a sample in writing, lite-ras preformare.
Sanative, ad sanationem perti-nens.
Sance, rather sans [without] sine. Sans ceremony, familiar-iter.

Sanctification or a freeing from sin, peccati liberatio. Or a making holy, sanctificatio infu-sio.
To sanctify or set free from sin, a peccato liberare; immu-nem peccato prestare. Or make holy, sanctum facere.
Celebrate a festival, diem fas-tum colere.
A sanctifier, qui alicui sanctita-tem confert.
A sanctifying, sanctimonialis sol-latio.
A sanctifying of the sabbath, diei Dominice cultus.
Sanctimony, sanctimonia, sanc-titas.
Sanctimonious, sub specie sanc-timoniz.
Sanction or ratification, sanc-tio, confirmatio.
A sanction or decree, decretum, acitum.
Sanctity, sanctitas, sanctimonia.
To take sanctuary, ad aram con-fugere.
A sanctuary or holy place, locus sanctus. Place of refuge, asy-lum, perfugium.
Sand, arena. Large sand or gravel, sabulum. Fine or small sand, arenula. Sand dug out of pits, arena fossitia. By a river's side, arena fluvia-tica. By the sea shore, arena marina. Sand mixed with earth, arena terrosa.
Sand-beds or pits, arenarum, pl.
Of small sand, arenaceus, are-nosus.
Of great sand, sabulosus.
A sand-box, theca arenaria.
A sand bank in the sea, pulvinus arenosus.
To load with sand, saburrare.
Ballasted with sand, saburratus.
The sands, arenæ litoris.
Quick-sands, syrtes, pl.
Shelves of sand, brevia [loca.]
A sandal, sandallum, solea.
Sanded [spotted] maculosus.
Sandever, scoria seu fel vitri.
Sandy, sandish, or like sand, arenaceus. Sandy or mixed with sand, arenatus. Sandy, sanded, or full of small sand, arenosus. Sandy or full of large sand, sabulosus.
Sanguification, in sanguinem conversio.
Sanguinary [bloody, cruel] sanguinolentus, sanguinarius, atrox.
Sanguinary [herb] sinularis ludica.
Sanguine [red as blood] sangui-neus. [Cheerful] alacer, hil-aris, facetus. [Earnest] cer-tus.
Sanguineness or sanguinity, ala-critas; arlor.
The sanhedrim or chief council among the Jews, synedrium.

Sanity, sanitas, bona valetudo.
Sap, succus. Of a tree, albu-mum.
A sappy or sapless fellow, stultus, hebes.
Sappy or full of sap, succosus, viridis.
Sappiness, humiditas.
Without sap or sapless, exsue-cus.
To sap a wall, murum suffodere.
Sapid, apidus, gustu jucun-dus.
Sapidity, sapidness, qualitas grati saporis.
Sapience or wisdom, sapientia.
Sapient, sapiens.
A sapling, virgulum.
Sapphic verse, Sapphicus versus.
Sapphics, carmina Sapphica.
A sapphire [sort of precious stone] sapphirus.
Of or belonging to a sapphire, sapphirine, sapphirinus.
A saraband, tripudium Hispani-cum.
The Saracens, Saraceni, pl.
A sarcasm or biting jest, sar-casma, contumelia.
Sarcastical, sarcastic, amarus, satiricus.
Sarcastically, satirice.
The sarcel of a hawk, accipitris ala.
To sarcle or weed, sarculare.
A sarcling or weeding, sarcula-tio.
Sarcocol [a sort of balsam] sar-socolla.
A sardel or sardine, sardina v. sardinia, trichias.
A sardius or sardonys [a pre-cious stone] sardonys.
A sarce or sieve. Vid. Searse.
To sarve a rope, rudentum line munire.
A sash, cingulum.
A sash window, fenestra ex lig-neâ compage confecta.
A sash, shash, or turban, tiara.
Sassafras, lignum pavanum.
A sasse or flood-gate, emissarium, cataracta.
Satan, Satanas.
Satanical, satanic, satanicus, diabolicus.
A satchel, pera, sacculus.
To sate or satiate, satiare, oc-turare; explere.
Satiety, satias, satietas.
Satin, pannus sericus, densus, nitensque.
A sating or satiating, satura-tio.
A satire [invective] satyra v. satira.
Satirical, satiric, satiricus, acerbus.
Satirically, satirice v. satyricæ; aspere.
A satirist, satirarum scriptor, poeta satiricus.
To satirize, mordaci carmine conviciari.

Satisfaction [reparation] satisfactio, compensatio. [*Contentment of mind*] animi oblectatio.

With good satisfaction, animo placido.

To require satisfaction, res repetere.

To make satisfaction [recompense] satisfactio, compensatio.

To make or give satisfaction for a wrong done, damnum sarcire. *To give satisfaction or please one*, aliquem voluptate perfundere.

Satisfactorily, ita ut alicui satisfiat.

Satisfactoriness, qualitas rei satisfactionem præbentis.

Satisfactory, satisfactio, gratus, iucundus, acceptus.

To be satisfied, concrescere.

That cannot be satisfied, insatiabilis, inexplebilis.

To satisfy [content or please] alicui satisfactio. *One's humour or fancy*, animo morem gerere. *One's ambition*, ambitionem explere. *For injuries done*, alicui de injuriis satisfactio. *One's request*, petenti amico satisfactio.

To be ill satisfied with a thing, iniquo animo aliquid pati.

A satisfying, satisfactio.

Saturable, quod saturari potest.

To saturate, satiare, saturare.

Saturday, dies Saturni.

Saturity, saturitas, satietas.

Saturn, Saturnus.

The feast of Saturn, Saturnalia, pl.

Saturnine or belonging to Saturn, Saturninus.

A Satyr [fabulous deity] Satyrus.

Savage [cruel] immanis, crudelis, [Unpolished] agrestis, horridus.

A savage beast, fera, bestia.

To make savage, effierare.

Savagely, barbare, crudeliter.

Savageness, savagery, immanitas, crudelitas.

Sauce, condimentum, intinctus.

Gravy sauce, liquamen.

To serve up eatables with sauce, cibos condire.

To serve one the same sauce, par pari alicui referre.

A saucer or sauceman, acetabulum. *A little dish*, scutula.

A saucer-bus or person of great assurance, homo effrons.

Saucy, petulans, protervus, pro-cax.

To grow saucy, insolere.

Saucily, petulantiter, insolenter, proterve.

To talk saucily, alicui oblatrare.

Sauciness, petulantia, insolentia.

Base [except] præter, nisi extra.

To save from danger, aliquem periculo liberare. [*Preserve*] servare, conservare. *Harmless*, indemnum præstare. *One's longing*, voti compos fieri.

Till another time, in aliud tempus reservare. *Till winter*, in hiemem reponere. [*Spare*] parcere. *One labour*, laborem alicui demere. *One's ground or keep one's standing*, iisdem vestigiis hære. *Ground or go a shorter way*, per viam compendiosam iter facere. [*Gain*] lucrari, lucrificare.

God save you [at meeting] salve, ave, salvere te jubeo. [*At parting*] vale.

Time saved from one's ordinary business, horæ subsecivæ.

Savin, sabina.

Saving or frugal, parcus, frugalis.

To be saving in one's expences, impensis parcere.

A saving of one's time or labour, compendium temporis v. laboris.

Very saving, præparcus, parcissimus.

A saving or preserving, conservatio.

A saving [exception] exceptio.

Saving [prep.] præter, extra.

Saving that, nisi quod.

Savingly, parce, frugaliter.

To live savingly, parce vivere.

Savingness, parsimonia, frugalitas.

A saviour, servator, servatrix.

The Saviour of mankind, humane salutis Auctor.

To saunter about [as one sans terre, i. e. having no home] errare, vagari.

A savour, sapor, gustus.

An ill savour, graveolentia, fautor.

To savour or smell of, olere.

To savour or taste of, sapere.

Savourily, gustui iucunde.

A savouring or tasting, gustatio.

Savoury [palatable] gustui iucundus.

Savoye [a sort of cabbage] brassica Sabaudica.

A sausage, luanica, tucetum, farcimen.

A sausage-maker, botularius, iartor.

A saw, serra. *A little saw or hand-saw*, serrula. *A whip-saw*, runcina.

Made in form of a saw, serratus.

Saw-dust, scobs.

An old saw or say, adagium.

To saw, serrare.

A sawer or Sawyer, serrarius.

A sawing, serratura.

To say, dicere.

They say or men say, aiunt, ferunt, dicunt. These, and words of similar import, are

better translated passively; it is said, it is reported, &c.

To say again, repetere, iterum dicere. *Against*, contradicere. *Beforehand*, prædicere, Nay or no, negare, denegare. *By heart*, memoritar recitare. *Nothing*, tacere, silere. *Ill of one*, maledicere. *Well of one*, benedicere. *One's prayer*, Deum precari. *And un-say*, stylum invertere. *That is to say*, scilicet, videlicet, hoc est, id est.

Say on, age, perge.

A say or sample, specimen, tentamen.

A saying, dictum, dictio.

An old saying, proverbium. *A neat saying*, lepidum dictum.

A saying again, repetitio.

A scab, scabies. *A dry scab*, impetigo. *The scab in sheep*, hogs, &c. portio.

Scabbed, scabby, or scabious, scabiosus.

To be scabby, scabie laborare.

Scabbiness, scabies.

A scabbard, vagina.

A scabbard-maker, vaginalium sutor.

Scabrous [rough, uneven] scaber, asper.

A scaffold [for building] tabulatum. *On which men are be-headed*, locus supplicii edictor.

To build, make, or raise a scaffold, tabulatum struere.

Scaffolding, tabulati v. tabulatum constructio.

A scalado, urbis oppugnatio per scalas.

To take down by scalado, scalis admotis oppidum expugnare.

Scald [adj.] sordidus, vilis.

To scald or scorch [as the fire] urere, amburere.

To scald a thing, aliquid fervere liquore perfundere.

Scald-pated, homo scabiosus et pite.

Scalding hot, fervens, servidus, æstuosus.

The scale [of a fish] squama.

In form of a scale or like a scale, squamatum.

Scaled, scaly, or covered with scales, squameus, squamosus.

The scale of a balance, lanx.

Scales in the head, forfures capitis.

Scales of iron, strictures ferri.

A scale of miles, scala miliarium.

A scale in music, scala musica.

A pair of scales, libra, trutinæ.

The scale of a sore, vulneris crusta.

To scale a fish or take off the scales, desquamare. *Or peel off the rind or bark*, decorticare. *A bone*, ossa scabritiem deridere. *The walls of a*

down, eppidi muros per scalas ascendere.
A scaling or peeling off the rind, decortatio.
A scaling of walls, scalarum ad muros admotiarum consensio.
A scaling ladder, scalæ, pl.
A scall, impetigo.
A scallion, ascalonia.
A scallop-shell, testa pectunculi.
Scalloped or notched, denticulatus.
The hairy scalp, pericranium.
To scalp, caput deglubere.
A scamble or scrambling [mangling] laceratio, fœda plagis deformatio.
To scamble [shift awkwardly] aliquid operose agere. (*Mangling*) lacerare; plagis deformare. Or *scramble for a thing*, certatim arripere.
Scamblingly, raptim, promiscue.
To scamper away, fugere, aufugere.
To scan or examine into, examinare, pendere, accurate explorare.
A scandal or offence, offensa, offendiculum.
Scandal or disgrace, dedecus, ignominia, probrum.
To be a scandal to one, aliquem dedecorare.
To avoid scandal or give offence, offensionem vitare.
To scandalise or give offence by bad example, aliquem malo exemplo offendere.
Scandalous, flagitiosus, criminosis, infamia.
To become scandalous, in crimen venire.
A scandalous flight, turpisissima fuga.
A scandalous person, homo pessimi exempli.
A very scandalous action, flagitium.
A scandalous libel, libellus famosus.
Scandalously, flagitiose.
Scandalousness, dedecus, ignominia.
A scanning or examining, examinatio, investigatio.
Scant, exiguus, minor justo.
To scant, limitare, intercludere.
Scantily, parce, egre.
Scantiness, scantness, exiguitas; raritas.
A scantling [proportion] modiolus, forma. Or *scantlet* [little piece] frustulum, fragmentum.
Scanty, contractor, brevis.
A scape, effugium.
Scapular or scapulary, scapularis.
A scar, cicatrix. *A little scar*, cicatricula.
A scar or heal up with a scar, cicatricem inducere.

Full of scars, cicatricosus.
A scarer, cicatrix.
Scarcely, vix, egre, difficulter.
Scarce [rare] rarus, carus.
To be scarce of, egere.
To grow scarce, rarescere.
Scarcely [scantily] parce, tenuiter.
Scarcity or scarceness, caritas, difficultas; inopia. *Of money*, nummorum penuria.
To scare or frighten, aliquem terrere, terrire. *Out of one's wits*, exterrere; aliquem metu ad insaniam fere adigere.
A scare-crow, tericulum.
A scarf, mitella, fascia.
The scarf-skin, cuticula exterior; epidermis.
To scarf, velare, tegere.
Scarification or a scarifying, scarificatio.
A scarifier [instrument] scalprum chirurgicum ad scarificandum aptum.
To scarify, scarificare. *Round about*, circumscarificare.
Scarlet [the grain] coccum.
Scarlet colour, cœtrum, color coccineus.
Scarlet cloth, coccus, coccinum.
Of scarlet, coccineus, coccinus.
Arrayed or clothed in scarlet, coccinatus.
Scarlet in grain, dibaphus, coccus distinctus.
A scarp [in fortification] ima muri declivitas. [*In heraldry*] fascia minor.
Scatches or stils, grallæ, pl.
A goer on scatches, grillator.
A scate fish, squatina, raia levis.
Scates or skates [iron instruments with which people slide on ice] ferrea instrumenta calceis subligata ad cursum per glacem apta.
Scathe, malum, damnum.
To scathe or do scathe unto, aliquem malo afficere.
Scatheful [hurtful] damnosus, noxious.
To scatter, spargere, dissipare.
Which may be scattered, dissipabilis.
A scattering, sparsio, dispersio, dissipatio.
Scatteringly, sparsim, passim, effuse.
A scattering, erro; homo vagus.
A scavenger, qui vicos urbis purgare solet.
A scene [in a play or playhouse] scena.
Of or belonging to the scenes, scenicus.
The space before the scenes, proscenium. *Behind the scenes*, postscenium.
A scene of affairs, rerum series.

Scenery, apparatus ad scenam pertinens.
A scent, odor; anhelitus.
Ill-scented, male odoratus, fœtidus. *Sweet-scented*, odoratus, odoriferus.
To scent, smell out, or have the scent of a thing, odorari, olfacere.
A septic or skeptic [philosopher] septicus, Pyrrhonius. *In religion*, qui de rebus divinis dubitat.
Sceptical or skeptical, septicus, hesitans.
Scepticism or skepticism, septicus, Pyrrhonismus.
A sceptre, sceptrum, gestamen.
To sway the sceptre, sceptrum gestare.
Bearing a sceptre, sceptred, scepterful, sceptriger.
A schedule or scroll, schedula.
A scheme, figura, forma; ratio.
To concert schemes, rationes inire.
Schism, schisma.
A schismatic, qui ab ecclesiâ institutis pertinaciter recedit.
Schismatical or schismatic, schismaticus.
Schismatically, schismaticè.
A scholar [learner] discipulus, auditor, alumnus. [*Man of learning*] homo doctus, eruditus, literatus.
A raw scholar, tiro, novitius.
A general or good scholar, omnis Minervæ homo.
A mean or superficial scholar, or something of a scholar, sciolus, semidoctus.
To be a scholar of or to, audire.
Scholar-like, docte, eruditè.
Scholarship [learning] doctrina eruditio.
A scholarship or exhibition, exhibitio ad scholasticum alendum.
Scholastical or scholastic, scholasticus.
Scholastically, scholasticè.
A scholiast, scholiastes, enarrator.
A scholion or scholy [short commentary] scholium.
A school, schola, 'udus 'iterarius.
A school-boy, discipulus, in scholâ discipulus.
A school-fellow, condiscipulus.
A school-master, ludimagister; præceptor.
A head schoolmaster, ludimagister primarius; gymnasiarcha.
An under schoolmaster, hypodidascalus.
A school-mistress, ludimagistra.
A school-man, scholasticus.
To keep a school, scholam docere.
A boarding-school, ludus literarius.

A dancing-school, ludus saltatorius. *A fencing-school*, schola gladiatoria. *A grammar-school*, schola grammatica. *A singing-school*, ludus musicus.

To school or teach, erudire, literari nūdere.

Schooling or money paid at entrance into a school, minervæ v. minervale.

The sciatic or hip-gout, sciatica, ischias.

Science, scientia, doctrina, eruditio.

Scientific or scientific, scientiam ferens v. afferens.

Scientifically, secundum scientiam.

A scimitar, acinaces, ensis falcatulus.

Scintillation or a sparkling, scintillatio.

A sciolist, semidoctus, subdoctus.

A scion, surculus, insitum.

Scissable; scissile, scissilis.

Scissors, forfex.

A scissure, scissura.

A scoff, dicerium, cavilla.

A snipping scoff, scomma acerbum.

To scoff or scoff at, irridere; aliquid ludere.

A scoffer, derisor, irrisor.

To play the scoffer, scurrari.

A scoffing, irrisio, irrisus.

Of scoffing, scurrilis.

Scoffing or scurrility, scurrilitas.

Scoffingly, scurriliter.

A scold or a shrew, mulier rixosa.

To scold, jurgare, rixare; alterari. *At*, inclamare, conviciari, increpare.

Given or inclined to scolding, rixosus, jurgiosus.

A scolding, rixa, jurgium.

Scoldingly, inatar jurgantis.

A scone or fort, propugnaculum.

A scone for a candle, lychnuchus.

A scone [mulet or fine] multa pecuniaria.

To scone, multare v. multare.

A sconing, multatio.

Of sconing, multatilius.

A scoop for water, haustum.

To scoop or make hollow, excavare.

Scops or design, consilium, scopus.

Free scope, copia v. licentia quidvis agendi.

Scope or room, spatium.

Scorbutic or scorbutical, scorbuticus.

To scorch, torrere, adurere, amburare.

A scorching, adustio, ambustio.

The scorching heat of the sun, solis æstus.

A score or account, ratio. *On*

the score of friendship, amicitie nomine.

A little score, ratinacula.

A score in number, numerus vicenarius.

Two score, quadraginta. *Three score*, sexaginta. *Three score and ten*, septuaginta. *Four score*, octoginta. *Five score*, centum.

To quit scores, par pari referre.

A song in score, verba cantilenæ cum musicis notis annexa.

To score or score up, notare, signare.

To score upon or put upon one's score, imputare.

To clear an old score, pecuniam jam diu debitam solvere.

To engage one to him upon the score of kindness, beneficio aliquem sibi adjungere.

To require a thing upon the score of friendship, amicitium nomine aliquid petere.

To go upon score or run upon score, in alienum confare.

To pay one's score, nomen liberare; debita solvere.

A scoring, notatio, signatio.

Scorious, scorâ v. facie abundans.

Scorn, contemptus, despectus, fastidium.

To scorn, contemnere, spernere, aspernari.

To think scorn, dedignari.

A scorner, derisor, irrisor.

Scornful, fastidiosus.

A scornful dame, mulier fastosa.

Scornfully, contemptum fastose.

A scorning, designatio, aspernatio.

A scorpion, scorpio, scorpius.

A sea scorpion or scorpion fish, scorpius marinus.

A winged scorpion, prester alatus.

Of a scorpion, scorpiionus.

Scorpion-grass or scorpionwort, scorpiuron, scorpiurus.

Scorpion's tail, heliotropium.

A scot or share, rata portio.

Scot and lot, census.

To pay scot and lot, omnes census parochiales dissolvere.

Scot-free, adj. immunis, inutilus.

Scot-free, adv. impune.

To go scot-free, impune habere.

Scotomy or dizziness in the head, vertigo.

A scovel or mauling for cleaning ovens, peniculus furnaceus.

A scoundrel, nequam; nebulo.

To scour, purgare, mundare.

Drive away, abigere, fugare.

About, cursitare.

A scourer, purgator.

A scouring, purgatio, expurgatio.

To escape a scouring, malum vitare.

To scourge, verberare, flagellare, castigare

To be scourged, plecti; percuti.

A scourge [whip], flagellum, flagrum.

A scourge made with leather thongs, scutica.

A person who has been often scourged, verbero.

Worthy to be scourged, castigabilis.

A scourger, castigator.

A scouring, verberatio, animadversio.

To scourse or exchange one thing for another, aliquid aliquid commutare.

A horse-scourer [commonly, but erroneously, written horse-courser] equorum mango.

A scout, explorator, speculator, antecursor.

Scout watches, primæ excubiæ.

To scout or lurk about, latitare.

To scout up and down, explorare; speculari.

A hare, leporis mæandros speculari.

To scout, frontem capere.

Scowling, torvus, vultuosus.

Scowlingly, torve.

To scribble or scratch with the nails, unguibus lacerare.

A scrag or lean body, corpora stragum.

The scrag or scrag end of a neck of mutton, cervicis ovine pars angulinea.

Scraggily, parum laute, macilentè specie.

Scragginess, macies, macritudo.

Scraggy, macer, macilentus, gracilis, strigosus.

A very scraggy person, homo grandi macie torridus.

To scramble [catch eagerly at any thing] diripere, certatim arripere.

A scramble or scrambling for apples, &c. licentia pomorum &c. diripiendi.

To scramble up, in locum altum arripere.

A scrambling up, qui locum altum adrepat.

A scrambling up, consensio.

To scranch or bite hard, morderè.

A scrap or remnant, fragmentum, reliquum.

A scrape or troublesome business, rerum angustie.

To be in a scrape, magnis angustis laborare.

To bring one into a scrape, aliquem in plagas impedere.

To bring one out of a scrape, aliquem impedimentum expedire.

To scrape, radere, scalpere.

Away, abradere. *Before*, præradere. *Off*, deradere. *Dirt*, detergere. *Up the earth as a dog or pig*, rursari. *Out*, eradere, inducere; delere. *Round about*, circumradere. *Together*, corradere. *Up money or*

riches, pecuniam congerere.
Or make an awkward bow, pop-
 litem inepte insectare. *Ac-
 quaintance*, se in alicujus fam-
 iliarietatem insinuare.

A scrape-penny, avarus, depar-
 cus, sordidus.

A scraper [person] qui radit.
[Instrument] radula.

A scraping fiddle, fides parum
 modulate sonans.

A scraping, rasura. *Off or out*,
 deletio, obliteratio. *Together*,
 collectio.

A scraping-iron, scalprum.
Scraps, fragmenta, reliquæ.

A scratch, levis incisura.
To scratch, scabere, scalpere.

Out, exscalpere, expungere.
Out one's eyes, effodere alicujus
 oculos.

To desire to scratch, sculpturare.
One's face, alicujus faciem un-
 guibus lacerare.

A scratcher, scalptor.
The scratches in a horse, cruris
 equini scabies.

A scratching, sculptura.
To scrawl, *Vid.* *To scabble* or
scribble.

A scrawler, scriba malus v. im-
 peritus.

A scrawling, scriptio mala.
Scrawls, literæ ductibus inele-
 gantes.

A scray [bird] hirundo marina.
To screek, stridere, stridere.

Screaking, stridens; argutus.
A screaking, stridor. *Of a saw*,
 serræ.

To scream, exclamare, vocife-
 rari.

A screaming, exclamatio, vocif-
 feratio, ejulatio.

To screech [as an owl] ululare.
A screw, cochlea.

A screw-box, cochleæ folliculus.
A cork-screw, cochlea ad subera
 extrahenda.

To screw [penetrate with a
 screw] torquendo penetrare.
Or fasten by screwing, tor-
 quendo cochleam firmare.

Or oppress one, aliquem preti-
 um minuendo opprimere.

One's self into favour, se in
 alicujus familiaritatem insinu-
 are. *Up one's face*, vultum
 contorquere. *Or pump a thing*
out of one, alicujus animum
 solerter persequari.

A scribble, ineptim, pl. nugæ.
To scribble, scriptitare.

A scribbler, qui scriptitat.

A scribbling, mala scriptio.

A scribe [writer] scriba. [*Pub-
 lic notary*] notarius publicus.

A scrip, pera, culeolus.

A shepherd's scrip, pastoris pera.

The scripture, sacrosancta scrip-
 tura.

*To prove the truth of the scrip-
 tures*, nstruere scripturam ver-
 itatem.

A scrivener, scriba, perscriptor.

A petty scrivener, librarius.

A scrivener's shop, trapeza.

Scrofulous, scrofula laborans.

A scroll, schedula, libellus.

A scrub [broom worn out] scopula
 detrita. [*Mean person*] homo
 vilis, misellus. [*Sorry horse*]
 equus strigosus.

To scrub, fricare, stringere.

One's self against a thing, ali-
 cui rei sese affricare.

Scrubbed, scrubby [nasty, piti-
 ful] squalidus, sordidus, misel-
 lus.

A scrubbing, fricatio vehemen-
 tius.

A scrubbing-brush, scopula ex
 firmioribus setis confecta.

A scruple [doubt] scrupulus,
 dubitatio.

Without any scruple, indubitan-
 ter.

A scruple of conscience, consci-
 entiam scrupulus, religio.

A scruple [inweight] scriptulum

To scruple or make a scruple of,
 dubitare, hesitare.

To free one from scruple, ali-
 quem a scrupulo v. religione ex-
 solvere.

Scrupulous, scrupulosus, reli-
 giosus.

To be scrupulous, rei cuiuspiam
 religione tentari.

To be over scrupulous, nodum
 in scirpo querere.

Scrupulously, scrupulose, reli-
 giose.

Scrupulousness, scrupulositas.

Scrutable, quod investigari pot-
 est.

A scrutineer, scrutator.

Scrutinous, argutus.

A scrutiny, scrutatio.

To scrutiny or scrutinise, scru-
 tari, explorare.

To make a thorough scrutiny
 into an affair, rem penitus in-
 vestigare.

A scud of rain, imber subitus.

To scud away, aufugere.

To scuddle or scuttle along, fes-
 tinare, gradum accelerare.

A scuffle, jurgium, pugna tu-
 multuaria.

To scuffle for a thing, de re ali-
 qua contendere. *With*, con-
 certare, conflictari; confli-
 gere.

A scuffling for, decertatio.

A scuffling with, concertatio,
 conflictio.

A skulk of foxes, vulpium grex.

To skulk, lie skulking, or hide
 one's self, latere, delitescere.

About, alicujus conspectum su-
 gere.

A skulking-hole, latebra, latibu-
 lum.

*To creep out of one's skulking-
 hole*, e latebris erumpere.

The skull, calva, calvaria.

A skull-cap, pileolus, pileolum.

A scull or sculler [small boat]
 cymbula velis remigis.

*A sculler or waterman rowing a
 scull*, remex singularis.

A scullery, lavatrina.

A scullery wench, servula co-
 quinaria.

A scullion boy, servulus coqui-
 narius.

To act the part of a scullion,
 culinaria opera facere.

To sculp or sculpture, sculptura.

Sculptile, sculptilis.

A sculptor, sculptor.

Sculpture, sculptura.

Scum, spuma.

Covered with scum, spumatos.

Bearing or yielding scum, spu-
 mifer, spumiger.

Full of scum, spumosus.

Of scum, spumeus.

The scum of metals, scoria, fæ-
 ces metallorum. *Of the people*,
 fæx populi.

To scum, despumare; spumam
 deducere v. desecare.

Scumber [the dung of a fox-
 finus vulpinus].

A little scummer, spathula.

A scupper-hole, latrina navalis.

Scurf of the head, furfures cap-
 itis.

The scurf of a sore or wound
 crusta ulceris.

Scurfy or infected with scurf
 furfuratus.

Scurfiness, psora.

Scurrility or scurrilousness,
 scurrilitas, infamia.

Scurrilous, scurril, scurrilla,
 probrosus.

Scurrilously, scurrilliter.

Scurrygrass, cochlearia. *Gar-
 den*, hortensis. *Sea*, marina.

Scottish, soldanella.

Scurvily improbe, male, prave.

Scurviness, improbitas, pravi-
 tas, procacitas.

Scurvy, improbus, malus, pravus.

The scurvy, scorbutus. [*In the
 legs*] sceleratior. [*In the
 mouth*] oscedo.

Of the scurvy, scorbuticus.

A scut or tail, cauda. *Of a hare*,
 cauda leporina.

A scutcheon, *Vid.* *Escutcheon*.

A scuttle or basket, corbis, spor-
 tula.

The scuttles of a ship, navis val-
 væ.

The sea, mare, æquor.

By sea and land, terrâ marique.

Of the sea, marinus, oceanus.

Powerful at sea, plurimum pot-
 lens mari.

To go or put to sea, navem coo-
 ascendere.

A high or rough sea, æquor v.
 mare turgidum.

A calm sea, mare tranquillum.

A sea-fish, piscis marinus.

Sea-venter, aqua marina.

Sea-room, spatium in quo navis
 huc illuc ferri potest.

A sea-port, portus.
A narrow sea or strait, fretum.
The main sea, oceanus; mare oceanum.
From or beyond the sea, transmarinus.
Sea-beat, fluctibus illisus.
Sea-born, ex mari natus.
A sea-breeze, ex mari aura.
The sea-carp, turdus marinus.
The sea-coast, ora v. regio maritima; litus.
On the sea-side or coast, maritimus.
A seafaring man, nauta, nauticus.
A sea-fight, naumachia.
Sea-grass or sea-weed, alga, ulva marina.
Sea-girdles or laver, fungus phaganoïdes.
Sea-green, prasinus. *Light sea-green*, venetus. *Deep sea-green*, thalassicus.
A sea light-house or sea-mark, pharus v. pharos.
A sea-maid, siren.
A seaman, nauta, navita. *A common seaman*, socius navalis.
A person who never was at sea, expertus maris.
Sea-service, militia navalis.
A sea-shock, decumani fluctus impressio.
Sea-sick, nauseans, nauseabundus.
An arm of the sea, estuarium.
The ebbing and flowing of the sea, fluxus et refluxus maris.
The sea-shore, litus.
Of or belonging to the sea-shore, litoralis.
A seal, signum, sigillum.
The great seal, sigillum regium majus.
A commission under the great seal, diploma regium signo majori consignatum.
The privy seal, sigillum regium minus v. privatum.
The lord privy-seal, sigilli regii minoris custos.
To seal, sigillo obsignare.
To seal a letter, epistolam signare.
To set his seal to, subsignare, subscribere.
To unseal or break open a sealed letter, resignare.
Of a seal, sigillaris.
A seal ring, annulus signatorius.
A sealer, signator, obsignator.
A sealing [marking] signatio. [Signature] signatura.
A seam [suture] sutura.
To seam or sew a seam, assuere.
To seam-rent, dissuere, resuere.
Hag's seam [lard] adeps porcina.
A seam or eight bushels [of corn] frumenti mensura octo modios continens.
Full of seams, suturâ abundans.

Seamless or without seam, non consutus v. consutilla.
A seamster, seamstress, or seamstress, sutor, m. sutrix, f.
A seamster's or seamstress's shop, sutrina.
A sean [fishing net] sagena.
Sear, seer, or sere, wiccus, aridus.
To sear [burn with a hot iron or candle] ferro candente urere.
A sear-cloth, ceratum.
Sear'dness of conscience, conscientia nullâ religione tacta.
A searing, ustio.
A searing-iron, cauterium.
A searing-candle, candela ad aliquid ustulandum apta.
A searce or sarce, incerniculum.
A fine searce, nebula linea.
A little searce, cribellum.
Of a searce, cribarius.
To searce, cribrare, cernere, cernere.
A searcing, cribratio.
A searcer, qui cribro incernit.
A search or searching into, inquisitio, investigatio.
To search, scrutari, rimari, investigare. *Diligently*, per-scrutari. *After*, quærere, perquirere. *Out*, disquirere.
Examine, aliquem excutere. *Or fish out*, expicari. *Pierce* [as liquor] penetrare. *Wounds*, specillo vulnera tentare. *Or trace out*, pervestigare.
With diligent search, perquisitio.
A searcher, scrutator, inquisitor, conquisitor.
A searching out, indagatio, investigatio.
A searching, scrutatio. *Vid. Search.*
A diligent searching, perscrutatio, conquisitio.
Searge, panni genus rasi.
Season, tempestas, tempus.
In due season, cum tempestivum fuerit.
The severity of the season, sevitia temporis.
To gather fruits in their proper season, tempestive fructus percipere.
To let slip a proper season, idoneam tempestatem prætermittre.
A fit season, opportunitas, tempestivitas.
In season or in good season, [adv.] tempestivus, opportunus.
In season [adv.] tempestive, opportune.
In very good season, peropportune.
Out of season or unseasonable, in tempestivus, importunus.
Out of season or unseasonably, in tempestive, importune.
In the mean season, interea, interim.
To season meat, cibos condire.
To season one's discourses with

pleasant and facetious expressions, sermones annos festivitatis et lepore condire.
To season or accustom a person to a thing, aliquem alicui rei assuefacere.
To season a young person's mind with good principles, juvenis animum bonis opinionibus imbuisse.
Seasonable, tempestivus, opportunus, maturus.
Very seasonable, peropportunus.
Seasonableness, opportunitas, tempestivitas. *Of time or place*, temporis v. loci opportunitas.
Seasonably, tempestive, opportune, attemperate.
A person seasoned or hardened in wickedness, homoscleribus assuefactus.
Not seasoned or accustomed to labour, inestus labori.
Timber not well seasoned, materia humida.
A seasoner of meat, qui v. quæ cibos condit.
A seasoning, conditio, conditura, condimentum.
Of seasoning, conditivus, conditilis.
Seasoned provisions, condititia cibaria.
A seat [place to sit in] sedes.
A little seat, sedecula.
A seat of earth or turf, cespes.
A seat of justice, tribunal.
A bishop's seat or see, sedes episcopalis.
A seat of state, solium, thronus.
A seat or house, domus, domicilium, habitaculum. *A country-seat*, villa.
A seat or bench, sella, scamnum.
A low seat, scabellum.
A seat or form in a school, claudis.
A seat or pew in a church, sellium.
A seat [situation] situs.
The seat of war or scene of action, locus in quo aliquid agitur.
The seat of the empire, domus imperii.
A seat in a boat or barge for rowing, transtrum.
To seat or put in a seat, sede locare. *One's self or sit down*, sedere, considere.
A town strongly seated, oppidum, situ firmissimum.
A seating or putting in a seat, collocatio in sede.
A seating one's self or sitting down, sessio.
Secession [going aside] secessio, secessus.
To seclude, secludere; secludere.
Second, secundus.
To be the second man in the administration, secundum imperii gradum tenere.

A second course, mensa secunda.
Every second day, month, year, &c. alterno quoque die, mense, anno, &c.
Of the second sort or class, secundarius.
Second-hand clothes, &c. vestes, &c. usu nonnihil tritæ.
A second Hercules, &c. alter Hercules.
Second sight, facultas inspicendi futura.
Second thought, deliberatio maturata.
A second or assistant, adjutor.
A second or moment of time, temporis punctum.
To second or assist one, aliquem juvare.
The second time, secundo, iterum.
Notes, When two things only are spoken of, it is more agreeable to the custom of the ancient Romans, to use *alter* to denote the *second*, than *secundus*; and this method of expressing themselves they sometimes used also, when the discourse turned upon a greater number, as, *On the first, second, third, and in short, all the subsequent days*, primo, altero, tertio, denique reliquis consecutis diebus.
Secondary, secundarius, primo proximus.
Secondariness, status rei in loco secundario.
The secondines, secundæ, pl.
Secondly or secondarily, secundo, iterum.
Secrecy [silence] taciturnitas. [Retirement] recessio.
Secret [hidden] secretus, arcanus. [Endued with secrecy] taciturnus, tacitus.
A secret or clandestine design, clandestinum consilium. **Remedy or medicine**, remedium non commune.
In secret, clam, arcano.
A secret, arcanum, secretum.
To discover a secret to one, arcanum alicui aperire.
A secret place, latebra, abditum.
To make no secret of an affair, aliquid palam agere.
A secret accuser, delator.
A secret accusation, delatio.
To keep secret, to *secrete*, celare, occultare.
The secrets of the heart, animi secreta. **Of an art**, arcana artis.
To disclose secrets, commissa operta proferre.
A secretary, scriba, librarius, a manu, ab epistolis, a secretis.
Of state, scriba regius.
The king's privy secretary, regis scriba privatus.
A secretaryship, officium ejus qui est ab epistolis.

To secrete or conceal, occultare, celare.
A secreting, occultatio furtiva.
Secretly, secreto, clam, furtim.
Secretness, taciturnitas. **Vid. Secrecy.**
Secretory, secretens.
A sect, secta.
Sectarianism, pertinax ab obedientia ecclesiæ debita discussio.
A sectary, sectator, m. sectatrix, f.
A section, sectio.
Secular [belonging to an age or a hundred years] secularis. **Or worldly**, mundanus, secularis.
A secular priest, sacerdos secularis.
Secular affairs, negotia civilia.
The secular arm or power, civile magistratuum potestas.
Secularity, animus terræ affixus.
Secularly, hominum profanorum more.
A secondary or deputy next under the chief, subpræfectus.
Secure [safe] securus, salvus, tutus. [Careless] securus, otiosus.
To secure [make safe] saluum præstare. **One's self from danger**, se a periculo defendere. **One from enemies**, aliquem ab inimiciis protegere. **Apprehend or imprison**, prehendere, apprehendere; capere, corripere.
A securing, securement, rei in tutum collocatio.
Securely [safely] secure, tute. [Carelessly] negligenter.
Security [freedom from fear] securitas, tranquillitas. **Bail**, vadimonium. **Bail** [for debt] præst, sponsor. [Engagement] sponso, sponsoium interpositio.
To live in security, in otio vitam agere.
To put in or give security, satisfacere.
To take security, satis accipere.
A taking security, satis acceptio.
A sedan, sella portatitia.
Sedate, placidus, serenus, tranquillus.
Sedentary [sitting much] sedentarius.
Sedge, ulva, carex.
Sedgy, ulvis obductus.
Sediment, sedimentum, crassamentum.
Sedition, seditio; concitatio.
To cause, excite, or stir up a sedition, seditioem concitare.
To appease a sedition, seditioem comprimere.
Seditious, seditiosus, factiosus, tumultuosus.
A seditious person, seditiois stimulator.
Seditiously, seditiose, factiose.

To seduce [mislead or deceive] seducere, decipere. [*Debauch or corrupt*] aliquem corrumpere.
A seducement, irritamentum.
A seducer [misleader] deceptor [*Debaucher or corrupter*] corruptor.
Seducible, qui seduci potest.
A seducing or seduction, seductio.
Sedulity, sedulitas, assiduitas.
Sedulous, sedulus, assiduus.
Sedulously, sedulo, strenue.
A bishop's see, sedes episcopalis.
See! en! ecce!
To see, videre, conspiciere, cernere. **To take heed of** cavere; curare. **Afar off**, prospicere. **Clearly**, perspicere. **Or look into**, introspicere. **Into one's thoughts or designs**, ad sensum alicujus penetrare. **Into or examine a thing**, inspicere, perscrutari, investigare. **One home**, aliquem domum deducere.
To go to see or visit, visitare, visitare.
Fair to see to, speciosus, aspectu eximius.
Seed, semen, seminum.
Seed-time, aementis, tempus stationis.
Of or belonging to seed, seminalis, sementivus.
The husk of seeds, seminum folliculus.
A seed-plot, seminarium.
A sowing of seed, seminatio.
A sower of seed, seminator.
Produced by seed, seminatus.
A seed-lip or seed-lop [vessel in which the sower carries the seed] qualis satorius.
A seedman or seller of seeds, seminum venditor.
To seed or run to seed, seminare.
To sow seed, serere, seminare.
That may be sown as seed, sementivus.
To sow the seeds of discord, discordias serere.
Seeding or about to run to seed, sementurus.
A seedling, planta v. flos gemmacere incipiens.
Seedy or abounding with seed, seminosis.
A seeing, visio.
Seeing clearly, oculatus, perspicax.
Seeing or seeing that, quando, quandoquidem, quoniam.
To seek [search after] quærere, indagare. **For aid**, auxilium alicujus implorare. **Diligently**, queritare, rimare, scrutari. [*Endeavour to contrive*] conari, machinari. **One's death**, vitam alicujus insidias struere. **Out**, exquirere.

A seeker or searcher out, indagator, quæstor.
A seeking or searching after, indagatio.
To see! a hawk, accipitris oculos tegere. *A ship*, navem ad alterum latus inclinare. *Up the eye-lids*, connivere.
To seem, videri.
A seemer, simulator.
A seeming, species.
Seeming or likely to be true, verisimilis.
A seeming joy, &c. luctitia externa.
Seemingly, in speciem.
Seemingness, qualitas rei plausibilis.
Seemliness, decencia, decor.
Seemly, adj. decorus, speciosus.
Seemly, adv. decenter, decore.
Not seemly or unseemly, indecens, indecorus.
It is seemly, decet, convenit.
It is not seemly, dedecet, non decet.
Which may be seen, visibilis, perspicuus, evidens.
Well seen or skilful in a thing, peritus, gnarus.
A seer or prophet, vates, propheta.
Sesewood or searwood, ramalia.
A sessew, motus reciprocus.
To sessew up and down, vacillare.
To seeth or boil, act. coquere.
New, fervere. *Over*, ebullire, exundare.
To make to seeth, servefacere.
A seether [vessel] lebes.
A seether [person] coctor.
Seething hot, fervens, fervidus.
A seething, coctio.
A seething over, exstusatio.
A segment, segmentum.
To segregate, segregare.
A segregating or segregation, segregatio, dijunctio.
A seignior, dominus. *The grand seignior*, Turcarum imperator summus.
A signiory or lordship, dominium.
Seignorial, nemini subjectus.
To seize or seize on, prehendere, invadere.
Seisin, possessio.
To seisin, take seisin, or possession of, arripere, occupare.
A seizing on or seizure, occupatio, captus.
Seldom, raro, insolenter.
Very seldom, perraro, rarissime.
Seldomness, raritas, insolentia.
To select, seligere, eligere.
A selecting or selection, selectio.
A selector, elector.
Self or selfsame, ipse, idem.
Imyself, ego ipse, egomet.
Thou thyself, tu ipse, tute, tatemet.

The thing itself, res ipsa.
We ourselves, nos ipsi, nosmet, nosmet ipsi. *You yourselves*, vos ipsi, vosmet, vosmet ipsi. *You yourself*, tu ipse.
Beside himself, delirans, delirans.
Self-conceit, arrogantia, nimia sui fiducia.
Self-conceited, arrogans, nimium sibi placens.
To be self-conceited, nimium sibi placere.
Self-conceitedness, arrogantia, insolentia.
Self-denial, abstinentia.
Self-evident, per se clarus, perspicuus.
Selfish, nimis se amans.
Selfishness or self-love, amor sui.
Self-murder, suicidium.
Self-will, contumacia, obstinatio.
Self-willed, contumax, pertinax.
To sell or expose to sell, vendere, venum dare. *Be sold*, or *exposed to sale*, venire, vendi. *By auction*, auctionem facere; *hastily* posita vendere. *In fairs or public markets*, nudinari. *A man's life*, sanguinem alicuius addicere. *Often*, venditare. *To divers persons or in divers parcels*, dividere. *By retail*. Vid. Retail.
The sellander, sicca scabies in suffragine poplitis posterioris pedis equini.
A seller, venditor, m. venditrix, f. *Of old trumpery*, scrutarius. *Of toys*, nugivendulus.
A selling, venditio.
A selvaige, fimbria, limbus.
To bind or border with a selvaige, limbo obstringere.
Semblable, similia, consimilia.
Semblably, similiter, pariter.
A semblance or semblant, similitudo, species.
To semble, æquare, adæquare.
A seme of corn, frumentum octo modii.
A semibrief, nota semibrevis.
A semicircle, semicirculus.
Semicircular, semicircularis.
Made like a semicircle, semicirculatus.
A semicolon [or half a colon] in pointing, marked thus (;) semicolon.
A semidiameter [a right line drawn from the centre to the arch of a circle] circuli radius.
Seminal, seminalis.
A seminary or nursery of learning, seminarium.
A seminary priest, sacerdos seminaris.
Semination or sowing, seminatio.
A semiquaver, nota semiquava.
Sempiternal, sempiternus, perpetuus.
Sempiternity, perennitas.
Senary [belonging to the number six] senarius.

A senate, senatus.
A senate-house, curia senatus.
A full senate, frequens senatus.
To assemble the senate, cogere v. convocare senatum. *To dismiss or prorogue the senate*, senatum dimittere. *To expel out of the senate*, e senatu ejicere.
An act of the senate, senatus consultum.
The seats in the senate-house, senatoria subælia.
A senator, senator.
Senatorian or belonging to the senate, senatorius.
Senators, patres, pi.
The order or rank of senators, senatorius ordo.
To send, mittere. *About or round about*, circummittere.
Away, amandare, ablegare.
Back, remittere. *Before*, premittere. *For*, accessere, accessere. *For a person to speak with him*, evocare.
Forth, emittere. *Breath*, spirare, exhalare. *Vapours*, vapores exhalare. *From place to place*, circummittere. *Into exile*, relegare. *One a letter*, ad alquem literas dare. *Out*, emittere. *Out of the way*, ablegare, amovere. *Over*, transmittere.
A sender, qui mittit.
A sending, missio. *Away*, dimissio, ablegatio. *Back*, remissio. *For*, accusus. *Forth*, dimissio. *Over*, transmissio. *Out*, emissio.
Senescence, vetustas.
A seneschal or lord high steward, seneschallus.
A senior, major natu.
Seniority, ætatis prærogativa.
A se'night or time of seven nights and days, hebdomada.
Sensation, actus v. facultas sentiendi.
Sense [the faculty] sensus [Understanding] intelligent mens. [Wit, sharpness] in; nimium, solertia. [Prudence wisdom] prudentia, sapientia. consilium. Opinion, opinia. sententia.
The sense of hearing, audiendi sensus. *Of seeing*, videndi sensus.
Common sense, iudicium commune.
To have a sense of true praise, verè laudis gustum habere.
A person of sense or good sense, homo sapiens.
Senseless [void of sense or feeling] nihil sentiens. [Foolish] absurdus, inanis. [Void of right reason] expertus rationalis.
A senseless fellow, stupidus plumbus.
A person defective in his senses, homo delirans, insanus.

To put or drive one out of his senses, aliquem de sanitate deturbare.

Senselessly [foolishly, impertinently] absurde, inepte.

Senselessness, stultitia, stupiditas.

Sensibility, sensibleness, sentiendi tenerior facultas.

Sensible [falling under the senses] sensilis. [Affecting the senses] sensum inovenens.

Sensible grief, res ad dolorem acerba. [Wise] prudens, sapiens.

Sensibleness, sentiendi tenerior facultas.

Sensibly [so as to affect the senses] ita ut sensus moveat. [Feelingly] cum sensu doloris, &c.

Sensitive, sensu præditus.

The sensitive appetite, pars animi quæ appetitus habet.

The sensory or seat of common sense, sedes sensus communis.

Sensual [affecting the senses] sensus movens.

A sensualist [a man addicted to pleasure] voluptarius, voluptuosus, deditus voluptatibus.

Sensuality, voluptas corporæ, libido.

Sensually, jucunde.

A sentence, sententia. A little sentence, sententiola. A definitive sentence, sententia decretoria.

A dark sentence, sententia obscura. A judge's sentence, iudicium.

A perfect sentence or period, periodus.

To sentence or pronounce sentence, iudicium dicere. To sentence or condemn to death, morti addicere.

Sententious, sententiosus.

Sententiously, sententiose.

Sententiousness, breves sed nervosæ sententiæ.

Sentient, sentiens, percipiens.

A sentiment or opinion, sententia, opinio.

A sentry or guard, excubæ, pl. vigiliæ.

A sentry-box, specula.

A sentinel or sentry, excubitor. To stand sentry, excubare; excubias agere.

To relieve a sentry [as an officer] vigiliæ deducere. [As a soldier] excubiis succedere.

Seniole or mustard, sinapi, indecl. Separable, separabilia.

To take separate measures, separatim sibi a cæteris consilium capere.

To keep witnesses separate, testes seorsum tenere.

To separate, separare, sejungere, segregare. Himself or retire from, discedere.

To separate [break company] dissociare. Out of the flock

or company, to live separate, segregare. Land, determinare. Quarter an army in different places, exercitum in diversas regiones distrahère.

Separately, separatim, seorsum, divisim.

A separating or separation, separatio, disjunctio.

Separation of man and wife, divorcium, repudium.

A separatist, qui a publicis ecclesiæ ritibus secedit.

September, September.

Of September, Septembris.

Septenary [belonging to seven] septenarius.

Septennial [of seven years' space] septennius.

Septentrional [northern] septentrionalis.

Septical, septicus, vim habens putrefaciendi.

The Septuagint [the Old Testament translated into Greek by 72 persons, appointed for that purpose] Septuaginta interpretes.

Sepulchral [belonging to a sepulchre] sepulchralis.

A sepulchre, sepulcrum, tumulus.

A sepulchre of raised stone, sepulcrum e lapide excitatum.

A stately sepulchre, mausoleum.

A place of sepulchres, sepulcretum.

Sepulture, sepultura, humatio.

To give one sepulture, to sepulchre, sepelire, inhumare.

Sequacious [easily following] sequax.

A sequel or sequence, consequentia; consecutio.

A sequel and order of things, series ordoque rerum.

A sequel or upshot, effectus, eventus.

Sequent [following] sequens.

To sequester or sequestrate, confiscare, præscribere.

A sequestering or sequestration, confiscatio, proscriptio.

A sequestrator, sequester, proscriptor.

The serraglio, gymnasium v. palatium imperatoris Turciæ.

Seraphical, seraphic, seraphicus.

Seraphim, Seraphim, pl. indecl.

A serenade, cantuicula ante fores nocturna.

To serenade, noctu cælium occentare.

Serene, mitis, lenis, serenus.

A serene brow or countenance, frons serena v. tranquilla.

To make serene or serene, serenare.

Serenely, serene, placide.

Sereneness or serenity, serenitas, tranquillitas.

A sergeant or serjeant [apparitor] lictor, apparitor; accen-

sus. At arms, serviens ad arma. At law, serviens ad legem. At mace, serviens ad clavum. Of a company of foot, decurio.

A sergeant major, decurionum primarius.

To play the sergeant or act the part of an apparitor, apparitorem facere.

Of a sergeant or apparitor, Rectorius.

A sergeantship or apparitorship, apparitura.

A series, series.

Serious, serius, sobrius, gravis.

Seriously [in earnest] serio. [Gravely, soberly] graviter, severe.

Seriousness, gravitas, severitas.

A sermon, concio v. oratio sacra.

A book of sermons, concionum v. orationum sacrarum liber.

A funeral sermon, concio v. oratio funebria.

To sermon, sermonize, sermocinate [make or preach a sermon] concionari, sacram concionem pronuntiare. A funeral sermon, defunctum pro rostris concione laudare.

A sermon-maker, concionator, prædicator.

Serocity, serum.

Serous, serosus.

A serpent, serpens, anguis.

With two heads, amphibæna.

The horned serpent, cerastes.

The burning serpent, dipsas.

A water serpent, hydrus.

A serpent's skin, serpentis exuvie.

Bred or engendered of a serpent, serpentigena.

Serpentine, serpentinus.

Bearing serpents, serpentiger.

A serpent or basket, corbula.

Serred or compacted together, artissime invicem compacti.

A servant, servus, famulus minister. A menial, domestica.

A maid or woman servant ancilla, famula, ministra. A servant who attends on her mistress abroad, pedisequa v. pedisequa.

A little maid-servant, servula.

An humble servant [suitor] amasius, proci.

A retinue of servants, famulatum.

Of servants, famularis.

To serve or be a servant to, aliqui servire. Up a dinner or supper, mensam apponere; cibos mensæ inferre. Or furnish one with any thing, aliquid alicui præbere. Or be useful to or for, alicui v. alicui rei prodere. One the same sauce, alicui par pari referre. Be sufficient, sufficere. For or instead of, vicem alicuius rei præstare. For wages or in the war, merere, stipendium me-

rere. Execute an office, munus aliquod administrare. As a soldier, aliquid castra sequi. God, Deum colere.
Service or servitude [the condition of a servant] famulus, servitium.
Service [duty, assistance] officium, obsequium.
To be in the English service, Angliam operam navare.
Eye-service, cultus perfunctorius.
For extraordinary services, pro exigentia operâ.
To give or owe one's service to a person, aliquem abseantem salutare.
Hard service or labour, labor gravis.
A service at tennis, pilæ prior lectus.
A service at a table, ferculum.
The first, second, &c. service or course at a table, prima, secunda, &c. mensa.
Service or worship, cultus.
Church-service or divine service, cultus divinus.
To do service, prodesse.
To neglect one's service; officio deesse.
To dismiss or turn one out of his service, e famulatu ejicere.
A service-berry, sorbum.
A service-tree, sorbus.
Serviceable [useful] utilis, commodus. [*Officious*] officiosus, obsequiosus.
Serviceableness, utilitas, commoditas.
Serviceably [usefully] utiliter, commodè. [*Officiously*] officiose, obsequenter.
Servile, servilis.
Servilely, serviliter, verniliter.
Servileness or servility, vernilitas.
A serving-man or servitor, famulus, minister.
A little serving-man, servulus.
Servitude, servitus, servitium.
To see or assess, censere. Vid. Assess.
A session, iudicium consensus.
The quarter or general sessions trimestria curatorum pacis comitia.
A session of parliament, senatus habitus, parliamenti sessio.
A sessions-hall, forum iudicium.
To hold the sessions, conventus agere.
A sessor or assessor, censor, estimator.
A little sesterce, sestertius. A great sesterce, (containing a thousand sesterces) sestertium.
A set day or time, status dies.
A set price, pretium præfixum.
A set form of prayers, precum formula præscripta.

Set [made for some particular purpose] certo consilio paratus v. comparatus.
A set speech, oratio composita v. directus sermo.
A person well set, homo corpore robusto.
A season set in for rain, tempus pluviosum.
On set purpose, dedita operâ.
A set [complete suit of any thing] instrumentum. *Of cards, chartarum pictarum fasciculus. Of diamonds, gemmeus ornatus. Of household furniture, suppellectilis omne instrumentum. Or concert of music, plurimorum sonorum concentus. Or row of trees, ordo arborum. Or plant of a tree, planta, plantarium.*
A set or slip, propago.
A set-off or ornament, ornamentum.
To set [put or place] ponere, statuere; locare. [*Appoint*] statuere. *Or go about a thing, aliquid aggredi. One about a business or affair, aliquid alicui mandare. Plant, plantare, serere. Publish a matter abroad, aliquid vulgare, in lucem proferre. Spread or stretch abroad, pandere, expandere. Or place again, reponere, restituerè. Against or oppose, opponere. One thing against another, aliquid cum aliquo comparare. One agog, aliquem ad aliquid agendum incutere. Apart or aside, seponere, secedere. Away, amovere, removere. Atry, torquere, distorquere. Or place before, præponere. Between, interponere. A bone, os laxatum in locum restituere. One a crying, excire lacrymas alicui. Foot within the walls, pedem intra mœnia inferre. A thing on foot, rem aliquam instituerè. Forth or adorn, ornare, exornare, decorare. [*Commend*] laudare, commendare. Forth a book, librum edere, publici juris facere. Forward, procedere, progredi. Promote a design, consilio favere. Make a servant free, emancipare, manumittere. Free or deliver from, liberare, expedire. From bondage, e servitio liberare. A gloss upon a thing, lavigare, polire. In, indere, immittere. In gold or silver, auro v. argento inserere. In printing, typos componere. Off or embellish, adornare, exornare. Off [extol] attollere. One's hand to a piece of work, aliquid suscipere. To a writing, obsequare. One's heart at rest, animo esse otioso. One's heart or mind on a thing,*

animum ad rem adijcere. A hen, ova gallinæ supponere. Light by, villi pendere, flocci facere. Limits to, definire, terminare. One's self against, oppugnare, resistere. One's self to ruin another, ad aliquid perniciem incumbere. On or encourage to, impellere, stimulare. A thing on foot, aliquid proponere. On horseback, equo imponere. Open, recludere. In order, disponere, dispensare. Out, [expose] exponere. Out, [appoint] assignare, designare. Out of the way, seponere, amovere. In order, recte componere. Out for a journey, iter suscipere. One over a work, aliquid quem alicui negotio præficere. Or plant round about, circumponere. Right, loco suo reponere. To right, e mandare, ad pristinum statum redigere v. reducere. Or appoint a time and place, diem et locum constituere. One a task, penum præscribere. One's teeth on edge, dentes hebetare. Or put together, componere. Together by the ears, discordiam concitare. Together again, reconciliare. The watch or guard, præsidia disponere. [As the sun] occidere. Up, erigere, extrudere. Up for a place, munus aliquod ambire. Up a laugh, ridere. One a laughing, risum movere. A penknife, scalpellum acuire. Up a shop or trade, tabernam aperire. Upon one, adoriri, aggredi, impetere. His wit to children, committere se cum pueris. At a set hour, compositâ horâ. Sharp-set [hungry] esurien famelicus, esuriens. At sun-set, occasu solis. Setaceous, setaceus. A setter or planter, sator, sennator. A setter to hire, locator. A setter forth, editor, auctor. A setter on, ductor. A setter or pimp, leno. A bailiff's setter, lictoris assecla. A setter forth of games, munerarius. A setter or scout, explorator, præcursor. A setting dog, canis subdicens. A setting, positio. Apart, separatim. Forward, profectio. Off, distinctio. In order, dispositio. A setting-stick or dibble, pastinum. A setting upon, erectio. A setting upon [assaulting] aggressio, oppugnatio. The setting of the sun, solis occasus.

A settle, sella, sedes, sedile.
A little settle, sedecula, sellula.
A settle-bed, lectus sellæ formam habens.
To settle, statuere; collocare, affirmare. *As the time for executing a design*, tempus aliquis rei gerendæ præfinire. *A thing by good arguments*, aliquid validis rationibus confirmare. *Accounte*, rationes conficere. *An estate upon one*, aliquem hæredem suum instituere. *One's whole estate*, aliquem hæredem ex asseconstituere. *Affairs*, res suas ordinare. *Expenses*, sumptus moderari. *On the lungs*, pulmonibus incumbere. *The nation*, reipublicam administrativam constituere. *One's habitation*, sedem habere. *Or sink to the bottom*, sidere, residere. *A stipend out of the public money on a person*, stipendium alicui ex publico statuere. *He be settled*, considerere, considerare; consistere.
Settledness, stabilitas, firmitas.
A settlement or settling, constitutio. *The settling of the Christian religion*, Christianam religionis constitutio. [*Agreement*] pactum, fœdus. *Or fix a place of abode*, habitaculum. *The settlement of a daughter*, filie collocatio.
The settlement or settling of liquor, sedimentum, sed.
Setwal or setwel [herb] valeriana.
Seven, septem, indecl. septeni.
The seven at cards or other games, heptas.
Seven times, septies.
The seven stars, Pleiades; vergilæ.
The seven stars [Charles's wain] septentriones, pl. ursa major; arctos.
Seven years old, septuennis, septennis.
The space of seven years, septennium.
Sevenfold, septemplex; septemgemina.
Seven feet long, septempedalîs.
Divided into seven streams or channels, septemfluus.
A sevennight or ee'night, hebdomada, septimana.
Seventeen, septemdecim.
The seventeenth, decimus septimus.
The seven's, septimus.
Seventhly, septimum.
Seventy, septuaginta, indecl.
Of seventy, septuagenarius.
Seventy times, septuagies.
The seventieth, septuagesimus.
Seven hundred, septingenti.
The seven hundredth, septingentesimus.
Of seven hundred, septingentarius.

Seven hundred times, septingenties.
To lie at seven and sevens, perturbari, commisceri.
To sever, separare, segregare, sejungere.
Several [many] plures, nonnulli, multi.
Several tenancy, tenura separabilis.
Several tail, fundi in plures hæredes collatio.
Severally, singulatim, sigillatim, seorsum.
Severance, separatio, divisio.
Severe [grave, sober] gravis, serius. [*Hard, rigorous*] severus, austerus, morosus.
A severe winter, hiems frigidissima.
To be very severe upon one, acerbe quempiam accipere.
Severely, severe, austere, duriter.
A severing, separatio, seunctio.
Severity, severitas, austeritas.
To proceed to severities, aliquid gravius in aliquem statuere.
To sew, suere. *Before*, præsuere. *Behind*, desuere. *In*, insuere. *To*, assuere. *Together*, consuere.
A place to sew in, sutrina.
That may be sewed, sutilis.
A sewer or one that sews, sutor.
A sewing, sutura. *Together*, consutura.
A sewer [officer] dapes ferens, dapifer.
A sewer, shore, or common shore cloaca; crypta.
Sewel, sebum.
A sex, sexus.
The male sex, sexus virilis. *The female*, sexus muliebris.
Sexennials or belonging to every sixth year, sexennalis.
A sextain or sixth part of any thing, sextans, sexta pars.
A sextary [old measure containing about a pint and a half] sextarius.
Sextile, sextilis.
A sexton, seditius.
A seetry or veetry, sacrum.
A shab or shabby fellow, homo tressis; balatro.
Shabbiness, malus v. paucorum vestitus.
Shabby, sordidus.
A shack-bolt or shackles for the feet, compedes, pl.
A hand-shackle, manica, manilce ferreæ.
To shackle, compedibus vindicare.
A shad [fish] clupea, alosa major.
A shade [umbrage or shadow] umbra.
To shade, umbrare, tegere.
A shade or fore-head cloth [occasionally used by women] nimbus.
Night-shade [herb] solanum.

Shades [ghosts or spirits of dead persons] umbra, pl. inferni umbra; manes.
Shadinee, opacitas.
A shadow [shade] umbra.
Making or casting a shadow umbrifer.
Of a shade or shadow, umbraticus, umbratilis.
A person who is afraid of his own shadow, meticulosus.
A mere shadow [very lean person] homo valde macilentus.
To shadow [cast a shadow] umbrare, inumbrare. *A picture*, umbras picturæ addere. *To be afraid of one's own shadow*, omnia timere.
Shadow [favour or protection] tutela, tutamen. [*Pretext or appearance*] species, pretextus.
A shadow [sign, trace, or footstep] vestigium. [*Type or figure*] typus.
To shadow out, adumbrare.
A shadowing, adumbratio.
Shady, shadowy, umbrosus, opaculus.
A shady place, umbraculum.
A shaft [arrow] telum, spiculum.
The shaft or spire of a church, templi pyramis.
The shaft of a pillar, columna scapus.
A shaft in a mine, puteus scaputis.
The shag or fringe of cloth, cirrus.
Shaggy or shaggy, villosus, hirsutus.
Shagreen leather or chagrin, squalli corium.
Shagreened, mastus. Vid. Chagrined.
A shake or shaking, motus, concussio.
A shake in music, modulatio.
To shake [agitate] quatere, concutere, vibrare. *Hands*, dextræ v. dextram dextræ conjungere. *The head*, nutare. *For fear*, tremere; horrere. *Off*, excutere, decutere. *Often*, agitare. [*As a trotting horse*] succutere. *Up and down*, jactare, vibrare.
To be shaken, nutare, titubare.
To be shaken in one's revolution, animo fluctuare.
Which may be shaken, agitabilis.
Not to be shaken off, inextricabilis.
A shaker [person who shakes] qui quatit.
Shaking for fear, trepidus, tremebundus.
Shaking up and down, tremulus, mobilis.
Of shaking off, excussorius.
A shaking [the act of] quatitio, jactatio. *New*, tremor.
For cold, horror. *Up and*

down, agitation. *Jolting*, succulop.
A shallow, paro, lembus, scapha.
Shallow [not deep] brevis. *In wit, shallow-brained*, ineptus, bardus. [*Dry, insipid*] insulcus, saporis expertus.
A shallow place or ford, vadum.
Shallowly, inepte, insulse.
Shallowiness of water, minima aquæ profunditas.
Shallowiness of understanding, imperitia.
Shallows in the sea, brevis, pl.
To pass over a shallow, per vadum transire.
A shalm or shawm, tuba cornea.
Shaloon, paani rasi genus a Catalauno nomen habens.
A shalot, allium Lusitanicum.
A sham [cheat] dolus, fallacia.
A sham plot, conjuratio, comectitia.
To sham one, aliquem fallere, decipere.
A shamade [notice given by trumpet or drum to come to a parley] signum buccinæ v. tympano datum, ut ad colloquium veniant.
To sound or beat a shamade, tubæ v. tympani signo hostem ad colloquium evocare.
To answer the shamade, tubicini ad colloquium evocanti respondere.
The shambles, macellum, lanarium, carnarium.
Of the shambles, macellarius.
One that sells provisions in the shambles, macellarius.
Shame [bashfulness] pudor, modestia. [*Disgrace*] dedecus, infamia.
To be void of or past shame, pudorem amittere.
To shame or make ashamed, aliqui pudorem incutere. Or *disgrace a person*, aliqui infamiam asserere.
Shamefaced, verecundus, pudens, pudibundus.
Shamefacedly, verecunde, pudenter.
Shamefacedness, verecundia, pudor, rubor.
Shameful, probrosus, dedecoriosus.
To die a shameful death, cum ignominia mori.
Shamefully, turpiter, contumeliose.
Shamefulness, turpitudine, probrium.
Shameless, impudens, inverecundus.
Shamelessly, impudenter, confidenter.
Shamelessness, impudentia, audacia.
It shames, pudet, dispudet.
The shank of the leg, tibia, cruris.
A spindle-shanked fellow, cruribus exilis.

The shank-bone, parastata.
The shank of a chimney, camini fumarium. *Of a candlestick*, candelabri scapus.
The shank or stalk of a plant, plantæ caulis.
A shape, forma, figura.
To shape, formare, figurare.
Shapeless or without shape, informis.
Ill shapen, deformis. *Well shapen, venusta forma*.
Of two shapes, biformis. *Of many shapes, multiformis*.
A shaping, formatio, figuratio.
A shard or sherd [fragment of an earthen vessel] testa facta.
Shards, cæmentum.
A little shard, testula.
Of a shard, testaceus.
A shard [fish] trutta minor.
A shard [gap] sepiæ ruina.
A share, pars, portio.
The share-bone, os sacrum.
For my share, quod ad me attinet.
To share or divide, partiri, dividere. *Or give a share, impertire v. impertiri*. *Or partake of, participare*.
To have a share in pleasures, partem voluptatum ferre.
Shareless, exsors.
A sharing by lot, sortitio.
A sharer or distributor, qui v. quæ partitur. *Partaker of, particeps*.
A shark [fish] canis marinus. [*Smell-feast*] parasitus.
To shark or cheat a person, aliquem emungere.
Sharp [in action] acer. *In taste, acidus*. *In wit, acutus, argutus*. *In words, morosus*. [*Cruel*] severus. [*Rough*] asper.
Sharp-sighted, oculatus.
Sharp-witted, argutus. *Something sharp-witted, argutulus*.
Very sharp of edge, peracutus.
To sharp, furto, abducere.
To be sharp upon [to censure] defricare.
To be sharp or sour, acere.
To grow sharp or sour, accescere, exaccescere.
To sound sharp, acute sonare.
To fight at sharps, decretoriis armis pugnare; in veram pugnam descendere.
To make sharp war upon one, gravi bello aliquem premere.
To sharpen or make sharp, acutere, exacutere. *At the end, cuspidare, spiculare*. *Or whet one's tongue, linguam acutere v. procudere*. *At the top or make peaked, cacyminare*.
Thoroughly, peracutere.
A sharpening, exacutio.
Sharper, acutior, acrior.
A sharper [shrewd or cunning person] versutus, astutus.
[Cheat] veterator, fraudator.

Sharply [keenly] acute, acriter. *Very sharply*, peracute. [*By way of reproach*] contumeliose. [*Roughly*] asper. [*Wittily*] sagaciter, acute.
Sharpness of edge, acies, acumen.
Sharpness [cruelty or severity] duritia, severitas, crudelitas. [*Sharpness*] acrimonia. [*Sourness*] acerbitas. *Of words, mordacitas*. *Of wit, solertia*.
To shatter, comminuire.
A shatter-pate, inutilis, ineptus.
To shace, tondere, radere.
About, circumvadere. *Close, attondere*. *Off or away, abradere*.
Shave-grass [Lerh] equisetum.
A shapeling [friar] tonsus.
A shaven crown, vertex rasus.
A shaver [one who shaves] tonsor.
A shaving, rasure, tonsura.
Of shaving, tonsorius.
Shavings, ramenta, pl.
She, illa, ipsa, ista.
A female friend, amica.
A sheaf or bundle, fascis, manipulus. *Of arrows, fascis sagittarum*. *Of corn, desecti frumenti fascis*.
To bind up in sheaves, in fascies v. manipulos constringere.
To shear [cut] tondere, detondere. *Or reap corn, metere*. [*As a ship*] labare. *About, circumtondere*.
A shearer, tonsor.
A shearing, tonsura.
Shearing-time, tempus quo oves tondentur.
A shear-man, panni tonsor.
A pair of shears, forfex.
A sheath, theca, vagina. *A little sheath, vagina*.
To sheath, in thecam v. vas nam recondere. *A dagger one's body, sicut in alieni corpore deligere*.
To sheath a ship, assulas ad i am navim affigere.
A sheath-maker, thecarum, vaginarum opifex.
A shed [covert or cottage] pergula, casula. *Adjoining to a house, edificii appendix*.
To shed [pour out] fundere, profundere. *About, circumfundere*. *His horns, cornua amittere*.
Blood-shed, sanguinis effusio.
A shedder of blood, homicida.
A shedding, fusio, effusio.
Sheds, booths, or stalls in fairs or markets, attegæ, pl. sepiæ.
Sheen, subst. nitur, splendor.
Sheen or sheeny, adj. nitidus.
A sheep, ovis.
A little sheep, ovicula.
Drape sheep, oves relictæ.
A sheep cot or sheep-fold, ovile.
A sheep's-head or foolish fellow, bardus, insipiens.

A flock of sheep, ovium grex.
A sheep-hook, peditum.
A sheep's pluck, pellis ovina.
Of sheep, ovinus.
A sheep-master, pastor.
Sheep-shearing, ovium tonsura.
A sheep-walk, pascuum.
A sheep's skin, pellis ovina.
To cast a sheep's eye at one, transverso aliquid intueri.
Sheepish [jilly] insulsius, insipiens.
Sheepishness, insulsiitas, insipientia.
Sheer or quite, purnus, putus, merus.
Sheer-grass, carex.
To sheer off, clanculum discedere.
A sheet for a bed, lodix.
A sheet of paper, papyri folium.
A sheet of lead, plumbi lamina.
A sheet [rope] funiculus quo velum transfertur. *A sheet-anchor*, anchora sacra. *A sheet-cable*, funis anchorarius.
To sheet, tegere, velare.
Sheeting, pannus linteus ex quo lodices conficiuntur.
A shekel, sicalus.
A shelf, pluteus, abacus.
A shelf of sand, brevia, syrtes, pl.
Shelfy, brevium v. syrtium plenus.
A shell, putamen, testa.
A shell of a fish, concha.
The shell of a snail, cochlea.
The rough shell of chestnuts, calyx echinatus.
To shell, decorticare, deglubere.
An egg-shell, putamen ovi.
A tortoise-shell, chelonium.
Shelly or belonging to a shell, testaceus.
Fashioned like the shell of a fish, conchatus.
A shelter or place of shelter, receptus, refugium.
To shelter, protegere, defendere.
Shelving, shelfy, declivis.
To shend, perdere, diruere.
A shepherd, opilio.
A shepherd's cloak, rheno. Cot, tugarium. Crook or hook, peditum.
Of a shepherd, pastoritius, pastoralis, pastorius.
A shepherdess, femina ovis custodiens.
Shepherdish, rusticus, pastoritius.
A sheriff, vicecomes. *An under-sheriff*, subvicecomes.
A sheriffship or sheriffdom, vicecomitatus.
A shew or show [outward appearance] species. [Sight] pompa, spectaculum.
A puppet-shew, puparum v. imaginularum gesticulantium spectaculum.

A raree-shew, rei alienius raro occurrentis spectaculum.
Shew-bread, panis proposititius.
To shew, monstrare, declarare; indicare. *Abroad*, vulgare, publicare. *Beforehand or fore-shew*, præmonstrare, prædicere. *One the way*, alicui viam monstrare. *A thing or expose it to view*, aliquid oculis hominum preponere. *Cause or give reason why*, rationes afferre. *Evidently*, plane v. aperte demonstrare. *Or point at a thing with the finger*, aliquid digito monstrare. *Forth*, exhibere, adhibere. *Himself*, emicare. *A fair pair of heels*, terguin dñre. *Or made a shew or boast*, ostentare, jactare. *One a kindness*, benigne aliquem excipere. *Love to one*, aliquem amare. *Mercy or pity to one*, alienius misereri. *One's self*, apparere. *One's self a man*, fortis viri operam edere. *Respect to one*, aliquem revereri, venerari.
To make a shew of, simulare, præ se ferre.
To make a fine shew or cut a great figure, magnificam personam gerere.
Shew it to me, cedo.
A shewer, monstrator.
Shewing, monstratio, indicatio, declaratio.
Shewy, showy, showish, or shewish, speciosus.
A shewy house, domus speciosa.
A shield, clypeus v. clypeum, scutum; parma. *A little shield*, parmula.
The shield used by the Amazons, pelta.
The square shield used by the ancient Spaniards and Moors, cetra.
Armed with a shield, peltasta v. peltastes.
A shield-bearer, scutigerulus.
A maker of shields, scutarius, clypeorum artifex.
To shield, scuto defendere, clypeo protegere. *From danger*, a periculo defendere.
A shielding, protectio, defensio.
A shift [expedient or remedy] remedium. [Devices] technæ, strophæ; dolus.
A cunning shift, vafraumentum; ambages, pl.
A shift [garment] indusium.
To shift [escape] evadere, efugere. [Change] mutare, alternare. *As the wind does*, se vertere. *One's self*, indusium v. subuculam mutare. *Or make provision for a person*, alicui consulere. *Of a thing from himself*, aliquid detrectare. [Remove] remove. [A person or thing] from place

to place, transferre. *Or go from place to place* migrare sedes mutare. *Wine*, vinum deplere.
To make a shift, aliquid utcumque facere.
A shifting fellow or shifter, veterinarian, homo versutus, astutus, callidus, dolosus.
A shifting, mutatio, commutatio, permutatio.
A shifting from place to place, migratio.
A shifting trick, fallacia, dolus.
Shiftingly, fallaciter, astute, dolose.
Shiftless, inops, indigus.
Shifty, astutus, agax.
A shilling, solidus.
A shilling's worth, quod valet unum solidum.
The shin or shin-bone, tibia.
To shine, micare, splendescere. *All over*, consurgere. *About*, circumfulgere. *Bright or clear*, effulgere, enitere. *Before or very much*, præfulgere. *Like gold*, rutilare. *A little*, subluere. *Out*, enitere, effulgere. *Through or be transparent*, perluere. *Together*, colluere. *Upon*, affulgere, allucere.
To begin to shine, splendescere.
Shining, shiny, fulgidus, coruscus.
Shining through, pellucidus.
A shining, shine, or shewn, fagor, nitor, splendor.
Shiningly, luculenter, splendide.
A shingle or lath, asser. *A small*, asserculus.
The shingles, herpes, zona.
A ship, navis.
A little or light ship, navigio lum, navis actuaria.
A ship of war, navis longa.
An admiral's ship, navis prætoriana.
A convoy ship, navis præsidiana.
A merchant ship, navis oneraria.
A fire-ship, navis ad incendia apta.
A pirate-ship, navis piratica.
A flat-bottomed ship, navis planâ carinâ, plano alveo.
The master or owner of a ship, navicularius, naviculator, navarchus, navis dominus.
Of or belonging to a ship, navalis.
Ship-money, tributum pro navibus construendis.
To go on ship-board, conscendere navem.
A ship-board, scapha.
A ship-boy, sea-boy, puer naviticus.
A ship-man, nauta, navita, classarius.
To rig a ship, navem armare.
To moor a ship, navem ab-

choris a prorâ et puppi re-
tinere.
To ship away or off, in naves
imponere, v. navibus aspor-
tare.
To govern a ship, naviculari,
navem regere.
To come or be brought by ship,
navem venire.
A ship's crew, nautæ eâdem
navē navigantes.
A ship's fare, nautum.
A ship's forecastle, navis sug-
gestum.
To let out ships for hire, navi-
culariam facere.
A shipping or a going on board,
in navem consensio.
A shipping or a putting on board,
in navem impositio.
Shipping or several ships, clas-
sis, plures naves.
Shipwreck, naufragium.
To suffer shipwreck, naufragium
facere.
To be cast away by shipwreck,
naufragio perire.
Causing shipwreck, navifragus.
Shipwrecked, naufragus.
A shipwright or ship-carpenter,
navium fabricator.
A shire, provincia, comitatus.
A shire-mote, comitia comita-
tus.
To shirk about for a dinner, pa-
rasitari.
A skirt, indusium.
To skirt, induere, tegere.
Skirtless, inops.
To shile, cucare, ventrem ex-
onerare.
To have a desire to shile, cacat-
urire.
A shuttle-cock or shuttle-cock,
penne suberi infixe, reticulis
a lusoribus vicissim repellen-
de.
A shive or shiver, fragmen, frag-
mentum.
To shiver or break in pieces,
comminuere, confringere, per-
fringere. For cold, prae frige
horreare.
A shivering or cutting to pieces,
dissectio.
A shivering or quaking, horror,
trepidatio. With cold, algor.
In shivers, assulim.
Shivery, non compactus, ca-
ducus.
A shoal [throng] turba, cœtus,
grex. [Sand bank] brevia, pl.
A shock of corn, aristarum a-
cervus.
A shock in battle, certamen, con-
flictus.
To shock or give a shock, con-
fligere.
To bear a shock, impetum sus-
tinere.
Well shod, commode calceatus.
Not shod, exulceatus, vel. dis-
calceatus.
A shoe, calceus, solea.

A little shoe, calceolus. A wood-
en shoe, calceus ligneus. A
high shoe, pero. Clouted, rus-
ticus. Double-soled, calceus
soleâ geminâ suffultus. Single,
soleâ unicâ.
To shoe or put on shoes, calceare
To put off shoes, excalceare.
One's own shoes, calceos ex-
uere. Another's, detrahère.
To shoe a horse, equum calce-
are.
To tread a shoe down at the heel,
calcei talum obterere.
A shoe-latchet, corrigia, ligula
calcei.
The upper leather of a shoe, cal-
cei obstragulum.
A shoe-sole, solea.
A shoeing or fitting with shoes,
calceatus.
A shoeing-horn, cornu calcea-
torium.
A shoemaker, sutor, calceola-
rius.
Shoemaker's black, atramen-
tum sutorium.
A shoemaker's last, crepida.
A shoemaker's shop, sutrina.
The shoemaker's trade, ars su-
trina.
A shoot [young sprig] surculus,
germen.
Of shoots or sprigs, surcularis,
surcularius.
Full of shoots or sprigs, surcu-
lorus.
Like a shoot or sprig, surcula-
ceus.
A shoot or shot [cast] ictus, jac-
tus.
To shoot [as trees or plants]
germinare, pullulare. An ar-
row or dart, jaculari, sagittas
v. tela emittere. Out, [as an
ear of corn] spicare. At,
sagittis aliquem petere. [As
lightning] emicare, coruscare.
Forth or jet out, prominere.
Run upon one, in aliquem ir-
ruere, involare. Pain one,
dolere, urere. Grow up, cres-
cere. Or aim at, telum col-
lineare. Out, as the stem does
from the root, emicare. A bur-
den or unload, exonerare, onus
deponere. To death with a
gun, catapultæ ictibus confic-
cere. A bridge, sub pontis
fornice naviculâ deferri. A
mast, malum demittere. Or
drive back, depellere. Through
with a weapon, telo transfig-
gere.
To hit the mark in shooting,
recte collineare; metam at-
tingere.
To miss the mark entirely, toto
cælo aberrare.
A shooter of darts, jaculator, m.
jaculatrix, f.
The shooter of a lock, serræ obex.
The shooting of a star, trajecio
stellæ.

A shooting with aarts, jaculatio.
To go a shooting or fowling, au-
cupari.
The shooting forth of trees or
plants, germinatio, pullulatio,
fruticatio.
A shooting star, sidus volans.
A shop, taberna, officina.
A back shop, taberna interior
officina postica.
A barber's shop, tonstrina.
A bookseller's shop, taberna li-
braria.
A shopkeeper, tabernarius.
Of a shop, tabernarius.
To open a shop, aperire taber-
nam. To shut it, occludere.
A shore, litus.
A high shore, prærupta ripa.
A lee shore, litus vento im-
mine.
To come to shore, navem terræ
applicare.
To set a shore, in litum exponere.
To halt or haul ashore, in litum
subducere.
To go on shore, in terram egre-
di.
A coming or going on shore, e
navi exensio in litum.
A shore [prop] fulcrum, fulci-
men.
A shore-bird, hirundo riparia.
To shore up, fulcire, fulcro sus-
tinere.
Half shored up, semifultus.
A shoring up, fulcro susten-
tatio.
Shoreless, sine litore.
A shoreling [sheep] ovīs de-
tonsa. [Skin] ovīs detonsæ
pellis.
Short, brevis, curtus.
A short cut or way, via compen-
diaria.
Short [in speech] brevis, incom-
pendiosus, concisus.
To be short, breviter, ne multa
dicam.
In a short time, brevi tempore,
paulo post.
Very short, perbrevis, perex-
iguus.
To run over or rehearse a mat-
ter in a short manner, rem bre-
viter recensere.
To stop short, in medio cursu
repente consistere.
Short of or on this side, cis, ci-
tra.
To be or come short, deficere.
To speak short, dimidiata verba
proferre.
To fall short in one's expecta-
tions, spe falli.
To keep one short of money, pe-
cuniam alicui parce suppedit-
tare.
To take one up short, aliquem
acriter reprehendere.
To keep short or curb, coercere,
cohibere.
To become or grow too short for
one [as clothes] decrescere.

To cut shorter, amputare, re-
care.
To turn short, gyro breviori floc-
lâre.
To cut short, præcidere.
Short-lived, caducus, brevis
evi.
Short-sighted, parum longe pro-
spiciens.
Short-winded, anhelus, suspi-
riosus.
Short-winged, curtas habens
pennas.
To write short-hand, notis velo-
cissime excipere.
A short cut, via compendiaria.
To set one a short day, brevem
diem dâre.
To shorten, curtare, contrahere.
A shortening, contractio.
Shortly [in words] breviter,
summum. [In time] brevi,
propediem.
Shortly after, paulo post, mox.
Shortness, brevitâs.
Shortness of breath, anhelatio,
spirandi difficultas.
Shory, orâ maritimæ adjacens.
A shot [club in reckoning] sym-
bola.
Small shot [for a gun] pilulæ
plumbæ minores.
Large shot or bullets, glandes
plumbæ.
*A volley of small shot or mus-
kets*, scoppetorum simul dis-
plosorum plausus.
Shot-free [not to be hurt by
shot] impenetrabilis, invulne-
rabilis. [Excused from pay-
ing his club in a reckoning]
immunis a symbolis. [Unpun-
ished] impune.
A shote [fish] trutta minor.
A shot [pig] ncfrendis.
Shotten milk, lac vetustate coa-
gulatum.
A shove or thrust, impulsus.
To shove, impellere, trudere.
Back, repellere. *Forward*,
propellere.
A shovel or spade, ligo.
A little shovel, rutellum.
A fire-shovel, batillum.
A paring-shovel, pala, baculus
lato ferro præpilatus.
To shovel, ligone auferre.
Shovel-board, lusûs genus, quo
diascos per mensam longam
jaculari solent.
A shough, hirsutus canis.
Note, *Should* is often only a
sign of the potential mood;
as, *You should have told me
beforehand*, prædicere; and
very frequently rendered by
the gerund in dum, with est.
*You should have begun with
yesterday's lesson*, incipiendum
tibi fuit ab hesternâ lectione.
The shoulder [of a man] hum-
erus. [Of a beast] armus.
A shoulder of mutton, armus
ovillus.

Of a shoulder, ad humerum per-
tinentes.
Having great shoulders, hume-
rous. *The shoulder-blade*, sca-
pula.
A shoulder-clapper, qui familia-
ritatem affectat.
A shoulder-slip, humerus lux-
atus.
Over the left shoulder, parum
succedens.
*To shoulder or bear upon one's
shoulder*, humero tollere. *Up*,
fulcire. *A pike*, hastam in
humerum attollere.
Broad-shouldered, latos hume-
ros habens.
A shout or acclamation, clamor,
acclamatio.
To shout, clamare, acclamare.
To set up a shout, clamorem tol-
lere.
A shouter, clamator.
Shouting or making a noise, cla-
morus.
A shouting for joy, clamor fa-
ventium.
A show, pompa. Vid. *Shew*.
A shower, imber, pluvia. *Plenti-
ful*, largus. *Fierce*, vehemens.
A great shower, nimbus.
During a shower, per imbrem.
A shower of blood, sanguineus
imber. *Of stones*, lapideus
imber.
To shower down, depluere.
Causing showers, imbrifer.
Showery or full of showers, nim-
bosus, pluvius.
A showery day, dies pluvialis.
Showery weather, pluvia tem-
pestas.
A shred of cloth, pauci segmen-
tum.
To shred, præsecare, considere.
Small, minute v. minutatim
considerare.
In or by small shreds, minutim,
minutatim.
A shredding, conclusura.
A shrew or clamorous woman,
mulier clamosa.
Shred [sharp, cunning] vaser,
subdolos, astutus. [Ticklish
or dangerous] difficilis, peri-
culosus. [Bad] pravus, im-
probus.
Shrewdly, astute, male, prave.
Shrewdness, astutia, sagacitas,
solertia.
Shrewish, perversi, clamosa.
Shrewishly, more petulantis mu-
lieris.
Shrewishness, protervitas, petu-
lantia.
To shriek, exclamare, ejulare.
A shriek or shrieking, ejulatio,
clamor.
Shrift or confession to a priest,
confessio auricularis.
Shrill, argutus, canorus, so-
norus.
Somewhat shrill, argutulus, sub-
argutulus.

To shrill, stridulare, sono aures
perstringere.
To make a shrill noise, argute
sonare.
Shrilly, argute.
Shrillness, sonus argutus.
A shrimp [fish] squilla minor.
[Dwarf] nanus, homunculus.
A shrine, conditorium, sacra-
rum reliquiarum capsa.
To shrink or contract itself, se
contrahere. *Or grow less*, de-
crescere. *From one's word*,
tergiversari. *Up*, act. ad-
ducere. *One's neck out of the
collar*, clanculum se subdu-
cere. *In courage or through
fear*, labascere.
A shrinker from one's word,
tergiversator.
A shrinking, contractio.
*A shrinking back from one's
word*, tergiversatio.
A shrinking up of the sinews,
nervorum convulsio.
Shrivalty [corr. for *sheriffalty*]
vicecomitis munus.
To shrive [old word signifying
to confess] peccata sacerdoti
confiteri. *As a priest does a
penitent*, confitentem absol-
vere.
A shriver, confessor.
To shrivel, rugare, corrugare.
Shrove-tide or Shrove-Tuesday.
[g. d. shiving or shroving
time] dies genialis proximus
ante quadragesimum jeju-
nium.
A shroud or shelter, tutela, præ-
sidium.
A shroud or sheltering-place,
tectum, locus ab imbre, ventu,
v. tempestatis defensus.
A shroud for a dead body, ami-
culum ferale.
To shroud, aliquem amiculo
ferali induere. *Cover*, tegere,
operire. *Defend*, protegere
defendere. *Lop trees*, arbores
tondere, amputare.
*The shrouding or lopping of
trees*, sarmentâ.
The shrouds of a ship, rudentes.
A shrub [little tree] frutex, ar-
buscula.
To shrub or cudgel a person,
fustigare.
Shrubby or full of shrubs, fruti-
cosus, frutescosus, v. frutes-
tosus.
To grow shrubby, fruticare,
fruticescere.
A place where shrubs grow, fru-
ticetum, frutetum.
*The sprouting of shrubs or
young sprigs*, fruticatio.
Shruff, scoria recrementum.
To shrug or shiver with cold
præ frigore horrere.
To shrug up the shoulders, sca-
pulas attollere.
To shudder or shiver, horrere,
algere.

A shuddering, horror, algor.
To shuffle or mix together, commiscere. *Carda, charitas picias miscere*. *And cui, tergiversari, cavillari*. *Along, accelerato et tremulo gradu incedere*. *Off a fault to another*, culpam in alium rejicere. *A troublesome business of himself*, se a difficili v. periculoso negotio extricare.
A shuffler or shuffling fellow, tergiversator.
A shuffling [knavery] astutia.
A shuffling or mixing, mistura v. mixtura.
A shuffling or boggling, tergiversatio, cavillatio.
A shuffling gait, acceleratus et tremulus gradus.
Shufflingly, astute, dolose, accelerato et tremulo gradu.
To shun or avoid, fugere, vitare, cavere.
Which may be shunned or avoided, evitabilis.
That cannot be shunned or avoided, inevitabilis.
A shunning, vitatio, devitatio, evitatio, declinatio.
To shun or shove, impellere.
To shut, claudere. *Or bar up fast*, ocludere. *In, includere*. *Out, excludere*. *Up, præcludere*.
To get shut of a business, ab aliquo negotio se expedire. *Of a person*, aliquem amovere.
To shut up a shop, tabernam ocludere.
A shutter, claustrum, fenestra claustrum.
A shutting or penning up, conclusio in arcum.
A shutting out, exclusio.
The shutting in of the day, crepusculum vespertinum.
A shuttle or weaver's shuttle, radius textorius.
Shy [cautious or wary] cautus. [*Diddain*/fuit] fastidiosus, suspiciosus. [*Apt to start or be frightened*] pavidus.
A shy or unfriendly look, vultus minime fraternus.
To be shy of a person's company, consortium aliquis fugere.
To look shy upon one, rigide aliquem excipere.
Shyly, caute.
Shyness, cautela, fastidium.
Sibilant, sibilans.
A sibyl, sibylla.
The side point [at dice] senio.
Sick, æger, ægotus.
Sick at stomach, stomachicus.
To be sick, ægotare, ægrescere.
To be sick in bed, in lecto æger decumbere.
To be very or dangerously sick, graviter v. vehementer ægotare.
To fall sick or sicken, languescere, in morbum incidere.

To make one sick, morbum aliqui afferre.
To be sick or weary of a thing, aliquid ægre ferre.
Sickish, male se habens, incommoda valetudine laborans.
A sickle or reaping-hook, falx, falx messoria.
A sickleman or sickler, messor, falcarius.
Sickness, ægotatio, adversa valetudo.
Sickly, valetudinarius, infirmus; morbosus.
A sickly time, tempus quo plurimi ægotant.
Sickness, morbus, ægotatio.
The green sickness, morbus arquantis, chlorosis. *Contagious sickness*, contagium. *The falling sickness*, morbus comitialis, epilepsia.
The sickness or plague, pestis, pestilentia.
To recover from a sickness, ex morbo convalescere.
To relapse into sickness, in morbum recidere.
To counterfeit sickness, valetudinem simulare.
To catch a sickness or distemper, morbum aliquem contrahere.
To increase [as a sickness] ingravescere.
The side, latus. *Of a cup or glass*, pars.
A captain on Pompey's side in the civil war, bello civili Pompeianorum partium centurio.
To sit by one's side, ad aliquis latus sedere.
To turn one's self on one's side, latus submittere.
A side [party] pars.
On the east, west, north, or south side, ab oriente, occidente, meridie, septentrione.
The side of a country, ora, regio.
Of a leaf, pagina. *Of a river*, ripa. *Brim*, margo. *Sea-side*, litus v. litus. *Of a bed*, sponda. *Of a hill*, clivus.
Of the side, lateralis.
A side-board, abacus. *Of plate*, abacus vasis argenteis referendus.
A side-face, facies ex dimidio et oblique depicta.
Side-lays [in hunting] canes subsidarii.
Sideling, corpore inclinatio v. gradu vacillante ambulans.
A sidesman, quesitor, adjutor.
The sidesman of a fowl, porciones oblongæ e lumbis dissectæ.
Sidelong or sideways, adj. obliquus.
Sidelong, adv. oblique, transverse.
By the side of, juxta, prope, propter, secus.
By the way-side, juxta viam.

By the mother's side, ortu materno.
Of the same side, collateralis.
On all sides, quâquaversus, undique.
On both sides, utrinque, utrobique.
A Jack on both sides, qui lævâ dextrâque æque utitur.
On either side, utrinque, alterutrinque.
On every side, undique, undiqueque.
On the inside, intus.
On the one side and the other, ultro citroque.
On the outside, extrinsecus.
On neither side, neutro.
On the other side, contra.
To go on the other side, aliorsum ire.
On this side, cis, citra.
On that side or on the further side, trans, ultra.
To side with a person, take his side, or be on his side, aliqui favere.
To speak on one's side or plead for him, pro aliquo verba facere.
To change sides, fidem mutare.
Sidereal, sideralis.
A siding with, partium studium.
To side or go sideling, corpore inclinatio incedere.
A siege, obsidium, obsidio, obsessio.
A mock siege, oppidi simulatum obsidium.
To lay siege to a town, oppidum obsidere.
To break up or raise the siege of a town, obsidione abastare.
To raise the siege of a town, oppidum obsidione liberare.
To take a town by siege, oppidum obsidione expugnare.
To sustain, endure, or stand a siege, obsidionem sustinere.
To be freed from a siege, obsidione levare.
Of a siege, obsidionalis.
A crown given to him who had raised a siege, corona obsidionalis.
A sieve, cribrum.
A little sieve, cribellum.
A meal-sieve, cribrum farinarum.
A sieve-maker, cribrorum fabricator.
Of a sieve, cribrarius.
To sift, cribrare, cernere. *Or winnow corn*, frumentum ventilare. *Out or search into a matter*, exquirere, perquirere, scrutari.
A sifter, qui v. quem cribrat.
A sifting [with a sieve] cribratio. *Searching into*, investigatio, indagatio, scrutatio.
Siftings [refuse sifted out] excretum, recrementum.

A sigh, suspirium, gemitus.
To sigh, suspirare, gendere.
A deep sigh, altus gemitus.
To fetch a deep sigh, ab imo pectore suspirium trahere.
A sighing, suspiratio.
A sight [show] spectaculum, pompa.
The sight [faculty of seeing] visus; vivendi facultas. [View] visus, conspectus.
At first sight, aspectu primo.
The sight in a cross-bow, scutula.
The sight of the eye, oculi acies.
To avoid the sight of one, alicujus conspectum fugere.
To be present in sight, in conspectu stare.
To come in sight, apparere.
To enjoy the sight of a person or thing, alicujus v. rei alicujus conspectu frui.
To keep sight of one, oculus aliquem consequi.
To have a thing in sight, aliquid prospicere.
To vanish out of sight, evanescere, e conspectu evolare.
Dimness of sight, caligatio, oculorum hebetudo.
Quickness of sight, perspicuitas.
Dim-sighted, caligans, lusciosus.
Quick-sighted, perspicax, bene oculatus.
Quick-sightedness, sensus oculorum acerrimus.
Dull or dim-sighted, hebetioribus oculis praeditus.
Short-sighted, parum vel non longe prospiciens.
Sightfulness, claritas.
Sightless, caecus.
Sightly, spectabilis, speciosus.
Sigil, sigillum.
A sign or token, signum, indicium. [Print or footprint] vestigium. [Presage of what may happen] praesagium.
A good or promising sign, bonum signum, omentum felix.
A bad or ill sign, malum augurium; omentum turpissimum.
A sign in the heavens, sidus.
A sign manual, syngrapha, chirographum.
A sign at or against a house, insigne, signum.
A sign-post, signi fulcrum.
To sign, signare, obsignare; nomen subscribere.
To give a sign or make signs, significare.
To give one a sign of dissent to a thing, aliquid alicui abnudere.
Signal [remarkable] notabilis, celebris, insignis.
A signal, signum, symbolum.
To give a signal, signum edere.
To signalise, insignire.
Signalised, celebris, illustris, insignis.

Signally, insigniter.
A signature [mark] signatura, symbolum. [Among printers] littera schedæ index.
A signer, signator, obsignator.
A signet, sigillum.
The privy signet, sigillum privatum.
A signing, signatio.
Significancy [sense or meaning] sensus; significatio. [Force or weight] vis, momentum.
Significant of or signifying, [denoting] significans, denotans. [Having great force or weight] magni momenti v. ponderis.
Significantly, significanter, clare, plane.
A signification or foreshowing, significatio, denuntiatio.
The signification or sense of a word, verbi significatio; verbi vis.
A word of a plain and easy signification, verbum facile habens intellectum.
A word of doubtful signification, verbum ancipitis significationis.
Significative, significativus.
To signify [mean] significare, valere. [Notify or declare] denuntiare, significare, declarare. [Presage or foretell] praesagire, praedicere, portendere.
A signifying, significatio, significatus.
Silence [state of holding one's peace] silentium, taciturnitas.
Profound silence, altum silentium.
Silence, interj. au! et!
To keep silence [be silent] silere, tacere. [Make silent] silentium facere.
To break silence or begin to speak, loqui incipere, silentium rumpere.
To pass over in silence, silentio praeterire.
Silence [secrecy] reticentia, obtentia.
To put one to silence, os alicui obstruere.
He that causes silence to be kept, qui jubet silentium.
A silencing, oris alicujus obstructio.
Silent, tacitus, taciturnus.
To be silent or leave off speaking, obticere, conticere.
Silenity, tacite.
Siliqueous, siliquosus, siliquosus.
Silk, sericum, bombyx.
Raw silk, sericum nondum textum.
Of silk, sericus.
Covered or clothed with silk, sericatus.
A silk-man or one dealing in silk, sericarius.

A silk-shop, bombycial operis officina.
A silk-weaver, sericorum texitor.
A silk-worm, bombyx.
Stiken, sericus, bombycinus.
Silty, mollis, flexilis.
The sill of a door, limen.
A sillabub, oxygala.
Sillily, inepte, insulse.
Silliness, vecordia, amentia, ineptia.
Silly, excors, ineptus, amens.
A silly fellow, asinus, plumbeus, caudex.
A silly action, inepte factum.
Silt or mud, limus.
Silted or choked up with mud, oblimatus, limo obstructus.
Silvan, silvestris.
Silver, argentum.
Fine silver, argentum excocum. *Graved or chased silver*, argentum celatum. *Quick-silver*, argentum vivum. *Wrought silver*, argentum factum. *Unwrought silver*, argentum infectum. *Coinèd silver*, signatum argentum. *Dross of silver*, argenti scoria. *Of silver*, argenteus.
Silver foam, agrytis.
A silversmith, faber argentarius.
Full of silver or mixed with silver, argenteus.
To silver a thing over, aliquid argento obducere.
A silverling [silver coin] silenus.
Silverly, instar argenti.
Silverly, argento similis.
A simar, stola.
Similar or similarly, similis.
A simile or similitude, comparatio.
A simile [example] exemplum.
A similitude or parable, parabola.
A similitude, similarity, or likeness, similitudo.
To simmer or begin to boil, lente bullire.
A simnet, libum.
Simoniackal, ad sacrorum undinationem pertinens.
Simony, sacrorum undinatio.
A simper or smile, risus levis.
To simper or smile, subridere.
Simple [pure or unmixed] simplex, purus, sincerus. [Single, not two or more] unicus. [Harmless, innocent] innoxius. [Plain, without ornament] simplex. [Sincere] sincerus. [Silly] insipiens, ineptus, crassus.
A simple or silly thing, res frivola.
A simple fellow or simpleton, fatuus, ineptus.
Simplex [in medicine] herbae simplices. *Still in simples*, herbaria scientia.

To simp's or to go a simpling, herbis colligendis operam dare.

Simplicity or simplicity, simplicitas, sinceritas.

Simplicity in understanding or wit, inaptitudo, ineptia.

A simpler or simplist, rei herbarie peritus.

Simply [sincerely, unfeignedly] simpliciter, sincere. [Plainly, without ornament] simpliciter. [Foolishly] inepte, insolite.

To act or deal simply or sillily, ineptire; ineptias agere.

To look simply or sillily [be put out of countenance] rube, perturbari.

A simular [pretender] simulator. *Simulation or dissembling*, simulatio, dissimulatio.

Sin, peccatum, delictum. *Original*, labes Adami posteris ingenua. *Actual*, peccatum cuiusque hominis proprium. *Mortal or deadly*, peccatum letale. *Venial*, error.

A sin-offering, sacrificium placulare.

To sin, peccare, delinquere.

Sinful, impius, flagitiosus.

Sinfully, impie, flagitiose.

Sinfulness, impietas, scelus.

Sinless, sceleris purus.

Sinlessness, innocentia, integritas.

A sinner, peccatis obnoxius.

Since [seeing that] quum, quando, quandoquidem. [From that time] quod, postquam. [Before this time] abhinc.

Since is frequently used in the sense of *from*, and is rendered by the prepositions, a, ab, ex, post; as, *From the building of the city*, i. e. *Rome*, ab urbe condita.

Ever since, jam inde.

Long since, jamdudum, jam pridem.

Not long since, nuper, paulo ante. *A very little while since*, nuperrime.

How long since? quam diu? quam dudum?

Sincere, sincerus, integer, purus.

Sincerely, sincere, simpliciter, ingenue.

Sincereness or sincerity, sinceritas, probitas, integritas.

A sinecure, beneficium ecclesiasticum sine cura animarum.

A sineu, nervus.

To sineu, connectere, firmare.

A contraction or shrinking of the sineus, nervorum contractio.

A little sineu, nervulus.

Sineu, sineued, or full of sineus, nervosus.

To sing, canere, psallere; cantare. *Softly or effeminately*, eliquare. *Well or harmoniously*,

ly, modulate canere. *Pitifully or sorrowfully*, absurde canere. *To music*, ad harmoniam canere. *Always in the same tune*, eandem cantilenam semper canere. *Another tune*, palinodiam canere. *Forth a person's praise*, alicujus laudes ad cantum prosequi. *Before*, praecanere. *Between*, intercanere. *As a nurse does to a child*, lallare. *To an instrument*, ad citharam canere. *Bass*, gravis cantus partes substinere. *Treble*, medio sono modulari. *Often*, cantitare. *A part with others*, concinere. *To the harp*, lyra succinere.

To make an end of singing, decantare.

A singer, cantor, cantator. *Of the descent*, incantor.

A singing, cantio. *A sweet singing*, harmonia. *A singing together in one tune*, concentus.

A singing place, odeum.

Singing boys or choristers, pueri symphoniaci.

A singing man, cantor.

A singing woman, cantrix.

A singing master, musices professor.

To singe, ustulare. *Hogs*, ustulando porcos depilare.

Single, simplex; singularis, unicus.

To lead a single life, vitam cœlibem agere.

A single person, exiebs; vir v. femina conjugii experta.

A single-hearted person, homo probus, integer, sincerus.

To single out, seligere, seceruere.

Singleness, simplicitas, sinceritas.

Singly, singulatim.

Singular [belonging to one only] singularis. [Particular] peculiaris. [Rare, excellent] egregius. [Odd or affecting singularity] a communi usu alienus.

The singular number, numerus singularis.

Singularity, insolentia, rerum a communi usu abhorrentum effectatio.

To singularise, singula distinguere.

Singularly, singulariter.

Sinister [unlucky] sinister. [Unlawful] iniquus, iniustus.

Sinisterly or sinistrously, inique, injuste, malevole, absurde.

To sink or sink down, sidere, subidere. *To the bottom*, ad fundum subidere. *Or fall in courage*, animo labare. *One's spirits*, detrectare. *A ship*, navem deprimit. *Of itself*, sidere. *Under its own weight*, mole sua rubere. *One's credit*,

fidem labefactare. *Or waste away by sickness*, contabescere. *Or penetrate into*, penetrare. *As paper, &c.* imbibere. *Or destroy*, perdere. *Or grow less* decrescere. *In one's fortunes* fortunis imminui.

To make to sink under the burden of, opprimere, obruere.

A sink or drain, sentina, latrina.

A common sink or common sewer, cloaca.

The sink of a kitchen, &c. lavatrina.

A sink-hole, ostium cloacale.

The sinking or falling in of the ground, as in earthquakes labes agri.

Sinople or sinoper, sinopia.

Of sinoper, sinopicus.

To sinuate, sinuare.

Sinuosity, rei sinuosae qualitas.

Sinuuous, sinuosus.

A sip, sorbillum, sorbitio.

To sip, sorbillare, gustare.

A sipper, qui v. cum sorbillat v. pitissat.

A sippet, panis quadra.

A sipping, sorbitio.

Sir, domine.

Sir, before a Christian name, denotes the person to be a knight, in Latin miles, which is placed after the Christian and surname; as *Sir John* Bernard, Johannes Bernardus, miles.

A sire, pater, genitor.

A siren or mermaid, siren.

Sirrah [when used as an interjection of calling to] heus tu. [When as a word of reproach] stulte, improbe.

Sirup or syrups, sirupus v. syrupus.

Siruped, sirupy, dulcis, melleus.

A sister, soror. *A little sister*, sororecula.

A sister's child, sobrinus, sobrina.

Of a sister, sisterly, sororius.

Sisterhood [duty of a sister] sororis officium. [Society of women] feminarum sodalitium.

To sit, sedere. *By, assidere*. *Cross-legged*, coxim sedere.

Down, decumbere. *Down before a town*, oppidum obsidere.

Or cling fast, adherere. *Close at work*, operi diligenter incumbere. *As a hen*, ovis incubare. *Round about*, circumconsiderare. *Together*, considerare. *In the sun*, apricari.

Still, quiescere. *Or do nothing*, nihil agere, vitam otiosam degere. *Up or watch*, vigilare.

Upright in one's bed, toro residere. *Up later than one's usual hour*, prater consuetudinem nocte vigilare. *Up talking good part of the night*, sermonem in multam noctam

A sigh, suspirium, gemitus.
To sigh, suspirare, gemitre.
A deep sigh, altus gemitus.
To fetch a deep sigh, ab imo pectore suspirium trahere.
A sighing, aspiratio.
A sight [show] spectaculum, pompa.
The sight [faculty of seeing] visus; vivendi facultas. [View] visus, conspectus.
At first sight, aspectu primo.
The sight in a cross-bow, scutula.
The sight of the eye, oculi acies.
To avoid the sight of one, alicujus conspectum fugere.
To be present in sight, in conspectu stare.
To come in sight, apparere.
To enjoy the sight of a person or thing, alicujus v. rei alicujus conspectu frui.
To keep sight of one, oculus aliquid consequi.
To have a thing in sight, aliquid prospicere.
To vanish out of sight, evanescere, e conspectu evolare.
Dimness of sight, caligatio, oculorum hebetudo.
Quickness of sight, perspicuitas.
Dim-sighted, caligans, lusciosus.
Quick-sighted, perspicax, bene oculatus.
Quick-sightedness, sensus oculorum acerrimus.
Dull or dim-sighted, hebetioribus oculis praeditus.
Short-sighted, parum vel non longe prospiciens.
Sightfulness, claritas.
Sightless, caecus.
Sightly, spectabilis, speciosus.
Stigl, sigillum.
A sign or token, signum, indicium. [Print or footstep] vestigium. [Presage of what may happen] praesagium.
A good or promising sign, bonum signum, omentum felix.
A bad or ill sign, malum augurium; omentum turpissimum.
A sign in the heavens, sidus.
A sign manual, syngrapha, chirographum.
A sign at or against a house, insigne, signum.
A sign-post, signi fulcrum.
To sign, signare, obsignare; nomen subscribere.
To give a sign or make signs, significare.
To give one a sign of dissent to a thing, aliquid alicui abnuere.
Signal [remarkable] notabilis, celeberrima, insignis.
A signal, signum, symbolum.
To give a signal, signum edere.
To signalise, insignire.
Signalised, celeberrima, illustris, insignis.

Signally, insigniter.
A signature [mark] signatura, symbolum. [Among printers] littera schedæ Index.
A signer, signator, obsignator.
A signet, sigillum.
The privy signet, sigillum privatum.
A signing, signatio.
Significancy [sense or meaning] sensus; significatio. [Force or weight] vis, momentum.
Significant of or *signifying*, [denoting] significans, denotans. [Having great force or weight] magni momenti v. ponderis.
Significantly, significanter, clare, plane.
A signification or foreshowing, significatio, denuntiatio.
The signification or sense of a word, verbi significatio; verbi vis.
A word of a plain and easy signification, verbum facilem habens intellectum.
A word of doubtful signification, verbum ancipitis significationis.
Significative, significativus.
To signify [mean] significare, valere. [Notify or declare] denuntiare, significare, declarare. [Presage or foretell] praesagire, praedicere, portendere.
A signifying, significatio, significatus.
Silence [state of holding one's peace] silentium, taciturnitas.
Profound silence, altum silentium.
Silence, inter]. au! at!
To keep silence [be silent] silere, tacere. [Make silent] silentium facere.
To break silence or begin to speak, loqui incipere, silentium rumpere.
To pass over in silence, silentio praeterire.
Silence [secrecy] reticentia, obtentia.
To put one to silence, os alicui obstruere.
He that causes silence to be kept, qui jubet silentium.
A silencing, oris alicujus obstructio.
Silent, tacitus, taciturnus.
To be silent or leave off speaking, obticere, conticere.
Silently, tacite.
Siliqueous, siliquosus, siliquosus.
Silk, sericum, bombyx.
Raw silk, sericum nondum textum.
Of silk, sericus.
Covered or clothed with silk, sericatus.
A silk-man or one dealing in silk, sericarius.

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A silk-shop, bombycini operis officina.
A silk-weaver, sericorum textor.
A silk-worm, bombyx.
Stiken, sericus, bombycinus.
Silky, mollis, flexilis.
The sill of a door, limen.
A sillabub, oxygala.
Sillily, inepte, insulse.
Silliness, vecordia, amentia, ineptia.
Silly, excors, ineptus, amens.
A silly fellow, asinus, plumbeus, caudex.
A silly action, inepte factum.
Silt or mud, limus.
Silted or choked up with mud, oblimatus, limo obstructus.
Silvan, silvestris.
Silver, argentum.
Fine silver, argentum excoctum. *Graved or chased silver*, argentum celatum. *Quick-silver*, argentum vivum. *Wrought silver*, argentum factum. *Unwrought silver*, argentum infectum. *Coined silver*, signatum argentum. *Dross of silver*, argenti scoria. *Of silver*, argenteus.
Silver foam, agryttia.
A silversmith, faber argentarius.
Full of silver or mixed with silver, argenteus.
To silver a thing over, aliquid argento obducere.
A silverling [silver coin] siculus.
Silverly, instar argenti.
Silverly, argento similis.
A simar, stola.
Similar or similarly, similis.
A simile or similitude, comparatio.
A simile [example] exemplum.
A similitude or parable, parabola.
A similitude, similarity, or likeness, similitudo.
To simmer or begin to boil, lente bullire.
A simnel, libum.
Simoniackal, ad sacrorum undinationem pertinens.
Simony, sacrorum undinatio.
A simper or smile, rixus levis.
To simper or smile, subridere.
Simple [pure or unmixed] simplex, purus, sincerus. [Single, not two or more] unicus. [Harmless, innocent] innoxius. [Plain, without ornament] simplex. [Sincere] sincerus. [Silly] insipiens, ineptus, crassus.
A simple or silly thing, res frivola.
A simple fellow or simpleton, fatuus, ineptus.
Simplex [in medicine] herba simpliciter. *Skill in simples*, herbaria scientia.

To simp's or to go a simpling, herbas colligendis operam dāre.

Simpleness or simplicity, simplicitas, sinceritas.

Simplessness in understanding or wit, insipientia, ineptia.

A simpler or simplier, rei herhariz peritus.

Simply [sincerely, unfeignedly] simpliciter, sincere. [Plainly, without ornament] simpliciter. [Foolishly] inepte, insulse.

To act or deal simply or sillily, ineptire; ineptias agere.

To look simply or sillily [be put out of countenance] rubere, perturbari.

A simular [pretender] simulator. **Simulation or dissembling,** simulatio, dissimulatio.

Sin, peccatum, delictum. **Original,** labes Adami posteris ingenta. **Actual,** peccatum cuiusque hominis proprium. **Mortal or deadly,** peccatum letale. **Venial,** error.

A sin-offering, sacrificium piaculare.

To sin, peccare, delinquere.

Sinful, impius, flagitiosus.

Sinfully, impie, flagitiose.

Sinfulness, impietas, scelus.

Sinless, sceleris purus.

Sinlessness, innocentia, integritas.

A sinner, peccatis obnoxius.

Since [seeing that] quum, quando, quandoquidem. [From that time] quod, postquam. [Before this time] abhinc.

Since is frequently used in the sense of *from*, and is rendered by the prepositions, a, ab, ex, post; as, *From the building of the city*, i. e. *Rome*, ab urbe condita.

Ever since, jam inde.

Long since, jamdudum, jampridem.

Not long since, nuper, paulo ante. **A very little while since,** nuperrime.

How long since? quam diu? quam dudum?

Sincere, sincerus, integer, purus.

Sincerely, sincere, simpliciter, ingenuè.

Sincereness or sincerity, sinceritas, probitas, integritas.

A sinecure, beneficium ecclesiasticum sine cura animarum.

A sinew, nervus.

To sinew, connectere, firmare.

A contraction or shrinking of the sinews, nervorum contractio.

A little sinew, nervulus.

Sinevy, sinewed, or full of sinews, nervosus.

To sing, canere, psallere; cantare. **Softly or effeminately,** eliquare. **Well or harmoniously,**

ly, modulate canere. **Pitifully or sorrowly,** absurde canere. **To music,** ad harmoniam canere. **Always in the same tune,** eandem cantilenam semper canere. **Another tune,** pallodium canere. **Forth a person's praise,** alicujus laudes ad cantum prosequi. **Before,** precinere. **Between,** intercinere. **As a nurse does to a child,** lallare. **To an instrument,** ad citharam canere. **Bass,** gravia cantus partes sustinere. **Treble,** medio sono modulari. **Often,** cantitare. **A part with others,** concinere. **To the harp,** lyra succinere.

To make an end of singing, decantare.

A singer, cantor, cantator. **Of the descant, inceptor.**

A singing, cantio. **A sweet singing,** harmonia. **A singing together in one tune,** concentus.

A singing place, odeum.

Singing boys or choristers, pueri symphoniaci.

A singing man, cantor.

A singing woman, cantrix.

A singing master, musices professor.

To singe, ustulare. **Hogs,** ustulando porcos depilare.

Single, simplex; singularis, unicus.

To lead a single life, vitam cœlibem agere.

A single person, cœlebs; vir v. femina conjugii expertus.

A single-hearted person, homo probus, integer, sincerus.

To single out, seligare, seceruere.

Singleness, simplicitas, sinceritas.

Singly, singulatim.

Singular [belonging to one only] singularis. [Particular] peculiaris. [Rare, excellent] egregius. [Odd or affecting singularity] a communi usu alienus.

The singular number, numerus singularis.

Singularity, insolentia, rerum a communi usu abhorrentium respectu.

To singularise, singula distinguere.

Singularly, singulariter.

Sinister [unlucky] sinister. [Unlawful] iniquus, injustus.

Sinisterly or sinistrously, inique, injuste, malevole, absurde.

To sink or sink down, sidere, subidere. **To the bottom,** ad fundum subidere. **Or fall in courage,** animo labare. **One's spirits,** detrectare. **A ship,** navem deprimere. **Of itself,** sidere. **Under its own weight,** mole sua rubere. **One's credit,**

fidem labefactare. **Or waste away by sickness,** contabescere. **Or penetrate into,** penetrare. **As paper, &c. imbibe.** **Or destroy, perdere.** **Or grow less decreasce.** **In one's fortunes** fortunis imminui.

To make to sink under the burden of, opprimere, obruere.

A sink or drain, sentina, latrina.

A common sink or common sewer, cloaca.

The sink of a kitchen, &c. lavtrina.

A sink-hole, ostium cloacale.

The sinking or falling in of the ground, as in earthquakes labes agri.

Sinople or sinoper, sinopia.

Of sinoper, sinopicus.

To sinuate, sinuare.

Sinuosity, rei sinuosæ qualitas.

Sinuous, sinuosus.

A sip, sorbillum, sorbitio.

To sip, sorbillare, gustare.

A sipper, qui v. quæ sorbillat v. pitissat.

A sippet, panis quadra.

A sipping, sorbitio.

Sir, domine.

Sir, before a Christian name, denotes the person to be a knight, in Latin *miles*, which is placed after the Christian and surname; as *Sir John* *Barnard*, *Johannes Barnardus*, *miles*.

A sire, pater, genitor.

A siren or mermaid, siren.

Sirrah [when used as an interjection of calling to] heus tu.

[When as a word of reproach] stulte, improbe.

Sirup or syrup, sirupus v. syrampus.

Siruped, sirupy, dulcis, melleus.

A sister, soror. A little sister, sororcula.

A sister's child, sobrinus, sobrina.

Of a sister, sisterly, sororius.

Sisterhood [duty of a sister] sororis officium. [Society of women] feminarum sodalium.

To sit, sedere. By, assidere.

Cross-legged, coxim sedere.

Down, decumbere. Down before a town, oppidum obsidere.

Or cling fast, adherere. Close at work, operi diligenter incumtere. **As a hen, ovis incubare. Round about, circumconsiderare. Together, considerare. In the sun, apicari.**

Still, quiescere. Or do nothing, nihil agere, vitam otiosam degere. Up or watch, vigilare.

Upright in one's bed, turo residere. Up later than one's usual hour, præter consuetudinem nocte vigilare. Up talking good part of the night, sermonem in multam noctem

producere. Upon, incidere. Upon life and death, de capite elicijus querere.
A site or situation, situs. Sitih that, quum, quundo.
A sithe, or scy/he, falx.
A sither, sessor. With another, consessor.
A sitting [state of being seated] sessio. At table, accubatio. By, assessor. [As a commissioner] concessio.
To continue sitting, persedere. Of or belonging to sitting, sessilia.
A sitting-place, sessibulum.
Situate or situated, situs, positus.
To be situate near, adjacere.
A situation, situs, positio, sedes.
Six, sex, indecl. seni.
The six at cards or sice point at dice, senio.
Six times, sexies.
To yield six for one, sena redere.
Of six, senarius.
Six-fold, sextuplus.
The space of six years, sexennium.
The sixth, sextus. The sixth time, sextum.
The sixth part of an as or two ounces, sextans.
Sixteen, sexdecim, indecl. Sixteen times, sexdecies. The sixteenth, decimus sextus.
Sixty, sexaginta, indecl. sexageni, decies seni. Of sixty, sexagenarius. Sixty times, sexagies. The sixtieth, sexagesimus.
Six score, centum et viginti.
Six hundred, sexcenti. Six hundred times, sexcenties. The six hundredth, sexcentiesimus.
Six thousand, sex milia, sexies mille.
The six thousandth, sexies millesimus.
Sixable, justæ molis v. magnitudinis.
Size [bigness] moles, magnitudo.
A size or measure, mensura, modus.
To size or measure, metiri, admetiri. Or smear over with size, glutine e corii ægminibus facto illinere. Or wax thread, filum ceræ. Battle, in the universities, cibaria certâ proportionem sumere.
A sizer or servitor, serviens.
Sizy, glutinosus.
A skean [knife] culter.
A skein of thread, fili glomus.
A skeleton, sceletos.
A mere skeleton [one as lean as a rake] admodum macilentus, umbrâ hominis.
A skellet or skellet, authepsa.
A sketch, lineatio, adumbratio.

To sketch, imperfecte describere, delineare.
A skeover, festuca.
To skewer up meat, carnem festucis colligere.
A skiff, scapha. A little skiff, scaphula.
Skill or skilfulness, ars, peritia; scientia.
Skilful, skilful, peritus, expertus, gnarus.
Skilful in ill, ingeniose nequam.
Skilful in the law, juris peritus.
To be skilful, callere.
Skilfully, perite, erudite.
Skilless, imperitus.
To skim, desummare.
To skim milk, lactis cremorem eximere.
To skim or pass a thing slightly over, leviter aliquid perstringere.
A skimmer, cochlearis genus ad liquores desummandos accommodatum.
A skin, cutis, pellis.
A little skin, cuticula, pellicula.
The skin of a beast, corium, tergus.
The skin of parchment, pergamena scheda.
The foreskin, præputium.
A skin [husk] siliqua.
The outward skin of the brain, dura mater. The inward, pia mater.
Coming between the skin and the flesh, intercutis.
That often changes his skin or form, versipellis.
Having a thick skin, callus.
Of the skin, cuticularia.
To skin or take off the skin, deglubere. Over a wound, cuticulam vulneri obducere. A flint [stand very hard in buying] quam vilissimo pretio emere.
To skink [old word signifying to attend persons whilst drinking] pocula ministrare, ad cyathos stare.
A skinker, pincerna; a poculis.
Skinned over, cui cicatrix est inducta.
Hard-skinned, duricorua.
A skinner, pellio. His trade, ars pellionis.
Skinny or very lean, macilentus, strigosus.
A skip or jump, saltus.
A skipkennel or footman, pedisequus, servus a pedibus.
To skip, saltare, salire. Back, resillire. Before, præsaltare. Often, saltitare. Or jump over, transilire. Over or omit, omittere. Out, prosilire.
A skipper or jumper, saltator, m. saltatrix, f.
The skipper [fish] acus minor.
A skipper or Dutch ship, navis Batava.

A skipper or master of a Dutch ship, nauclerus Batava.
Skipping or jumping, saltans.
In a skipping posture, saltabundus.
A skipping, saltatio, saltatus.
By skips, per saltus.
Of skipping or jumping, saltatorius.
A skirmish, dimicatio, leve prælium.
To skirmish, velitari, configere; leviter præliari.
By way of skirmish, velitatum.
Of a skirmish, velitaria.
A skirmisher, veles, excursor.
A skirmishing, velitatio.
A skirret, sicer.
A skirt, fimbria, limbus.
To sit on one's skirts, lateri adhaerere.
The skirt of a country, confinium, terminus.
Skittish [humourous, wanton] levis, inconstans, procax.
A skittish humour, protervia, protervitas.
Skittishly, exultim.
Skittishness, levitas, protervitas.
A skreen, screen [shelter] umbraculum.
A skreen [riddle] cribrum.
To skreen, tegere, celare. [Sift] cribrare, cernere.
The sky, ether.
A bright sky, cælum lucidum.
Of the sky, skyey, skyish, æthereus.
Sky-coloured, sky-dyed, cæruleus.
Skyled, æthere cinctus.
A slab or puddle, lacuna, fossula.
A slab [among sawyers] asser materis extimus.
A marble slab or hearth, marmor folarium.
To slabber [spill] madefacere.
To slabber or drivel. Vid. Slaver.
A slabberer [one who spills] qui v. quæ madefacit.
Slabby, latus, lentus.
To slack or slacken, laxare, remittere. Or be slackened, laxari. Or sag, tardescere, languere.
To be slack in payment, debita ægre dissolvere.
Slack or careless, remissus, negligens.
Slack or slow, lentus, tardus.
To slacken one's pace, gradum minuere.
To slacken the discipline of war, disciplinam militarem laxius regere.
A slackening, laxatio, remissio.
Slackly, remisse, lente.
Slackness, mora, tarditas.
Slag, scoria chalybis.
The stake of a weaver's loom, textoris pecten.

A slake or *flake of snow*, nivis floccus.
To slake lime, aquâ calcem macerare.
To slake or quench, extinguere.
Be relaxed, sese remittere.
Hunger, famem satiare. Thirst, sitim depellere v. sedare.
Slander, calumnia, falsa criminatio.
To slander, calumniari, dedecorare, obrectare.
A slanderer, calumniator, calumniatrix.
A slandering, calumniatio, obrectatio.
Slanderous, malelicus, probrosus, scurrilis.
Slanderosely, criminose, maledice, scurriliter.
Slant or slanting, obliquus, transversus.
Slantily, oblique.
A slap or blow, colaphus, plaga.
A slap in the face, alapa.
Slap-dash, cito, celeriter.
To slap, verberare, cœdère. *Up, or devour greedily*, abligurire, vorare. *Or catch up greedily*, captare.
A slapping up or devouring, voratio.
A slash or cut, cœsura. *Blow*, ictus, colaphus. *Wound*, vulnus.
To slash or cut, cœdère, concindere. *Or beat with a whip*, flagello cœdère.
A slashing [beating] percussio.
Wounding, vulneratio.
To slash or dash against, allidère, illidère.
A slate, tegula.
A slate quarry, tegularum fodina.
A slate used in ciphering, palimpseston.
To slate, tegulis obtegère.
A slater, scandularius.
To slatter about, confuse collo-care.
A slattern, mulier sordida.
A slave, mancipium, verna, servus. *A little slave*, veruila, servulus, servula.
A galley-slave, remex categnatus.
A female slave, serva.
To be a slave to one, alicui mancipari; alicui servire. *To one's passions*, animi esse impotentis.
To make a slave of one, alicquem servituti addicere.
To slave or work like a slave, laborando se cruciare.
Slavery or bondage, servitus, captivitas. *Hard labour*, labor gravis.
Slavish, servilis, vernilis.
A slavish employment, munus alicquem laboribus cruciare.
Slavishly, serviliter, abjecte.
Slavishness [bondage] servitus. *Laboriousness*, laboris assiduitas

Slaver or drivel, sputum, saliva.
To slaver, salivâ manare.
A slaverer, slaving, or drivelling fellow, fatuus, ineptus.
A slaving, salivæ ex ore emissio.
A slaving-bib, linteam pectorale.
Slaveringly [foolishly] inepte.
Slaughter, cædes, strages.
Man-slaughter, homicidium.
A slaughterman or butcher, lanienus.
A slaughterhouse, laniena.
To slaughter, mactare. *Vid. To slay.*
To make a great slaughter, ad interfectionem usque delere.
To slay, mactare, necare, trucidare.
A slayer, Intersector, Interfector. *A man-slayer*, homicida.
A slayer of his parents, parricida. *Of tyrants*, tyrannicida.
A slaying, cædes, interemptio.
A slaying of parents or governors, parricidium.
To steak out the tongue, exertâ linguâ irridere.
Sleazy, latus, levidensis.
A sledge or sled [sort of carriage without wheels] trahia, sarracum.
Sledged, trahâ vectus.
A smith's sledge or hammer, malleus ferrens major.
Sleek, al. *stick*, lavis, politus, lævigatus.
Sleek and plump, bene curatus.
To sleek [make sleek] lævigare, concinnare.
A sleeking, lævigatio, politio.
Sleekly, læve, pulite.
Sleep, somnus, quies.
A dead sleep, somnus altus.
To see a thing in one's sleep, aliquid per quietem videre.
To sleep, dormire. *With others*, condormire.
To compose one's self to sleep, somno se dare.
To wake one out of sleep, dormientem excitare.
To hinder from sleep, somnum adimere.
To rouse from sleep, expergescere.
To cause sleep, soporare, sopire.
To try to sleep, somnum captare.
To fall asleep or take a nap, obdormiscere.
To go to sleep again, somnum repetere.
To sleep long in the morning, dormire in multum diem. *All the morning*, totum mane.
To be half asleep, dormitare, somno connivere. *To be in a fast or sound sleep*, altum dormire.
To sleep in a whole skin, periculum evitare; in portu navigare.

To sleep away care, somno curas pellere.
To sleep upon, indormire.
To digest by sleep, edormire.
To have one's senses asleep, torpere.
Causing sleep, soporifer, somnifer.
A sleeper, dormitor.
The sleeper [fish] exocætus.
Sleepily, somniculosus, veternose.
Sleepiness, torpor, veternum.
A sleeping-place, dormitorium.
Sleepless, vigil, evigilans.
To be sleepy, dormitare.
Sleepy, somniculosus, soporus.
A sleepy draught, haustus somnifer.
To steer or leer, limis intueri.
Sleet, nix cum pluviâ commixta.
To sleet, ningere et pluere eodem tempore.
A sleeve, manica.
Hanging sleeves, manicæ pendule.
A sleeve [fish] loligo.
Sleeveless, manicarum expers.
A sleeveless coat, exomis, dia.
A sleight or knack in doing a thing, artificium, dexteritas.
Sleight of hand, præstigia.
Sleightly, artificiose, dextre, perite.
Slender, gracilis, tenuis, exilis.
Slender provision, victus parvulus.
Slender parts, dotes tentes.
A slender estate, res exigua.
To make slender, attenuare.
To grow slender, gracilesce-re.
One slender and tall, longurio.
Slenderly, tenuiter, exilliter.
Slenderness, tenuitas, gracilitas.
To sleic a dog, canem imititère.
A slice of bread, panis offula.
A slice [instrument] spatha.
A slice of any thing, fragmentum, segmentum.
In slices, assulatum, tessellatum.
To slice, concidere, in cûlas secare.
A slicing, conclusura.
A slide made on ice, via lubrica in glaciæ perlambendo facta.
To slide, labi. *Along*, perlabi. *Away*, elabi. *Back*, relabi. *By*, præterlabi. *Or fall down*, delabi. *In or into*, illabi. *Or slip privately into a place* in alicquem locum irrepere. *O'er*, translabi. *To or near*, allabi. *On the ice*, per glaciem lubricam ferri.
A slider, qui per glaciem perlambitur.
A sliding, lapsus, prolapsio.
A sliding-place, glaciæ pedibus lævigata.
Slight [thin, sleazy] levis, levidensis.
Slight stuff, pannus levidensis.
Slight [small, of no moment] subtilis, inanis, nugatorius.

A slight scratch or wound, vulnus leve.

To slight or make slight of, temere, despiciere, aspernari. Or stubber over a business, aliquid negligenter agere. Or pull down a fortification, munimentum diruere.

A slighter, contemptor, m. contemptrix, f.

A slighting, contemptus, despectus, contemptio.

Slightly or slightly, leviter, negligenter.

Slightness, levitas, tenuitas. Slightly, levidensis, leviculus.

Slim, gracilis, gracilentus.

A slim fellow, longurio.

Slime, humor glutinosus.

To slime (in falconry) stercur egerere continuum.

Slimy, limosus, glutinosus.

To be slimy, lentescere.

A slimy soil, terra limosa.

A sling, funda.

The string or leather of a sling, acutale.

A great sling, balista, catapulta.

A sling to wrap one's arm in when hurt, fascia, mitella.

To wear one's arm in a sling, brachium mitella involutum habere.

To sling, aliquid e fundâ emittere v. torquere.

A slinger, funditor.

Slingers of stones, fundiballatores, pl.

A slinging, jaculatio e fundâ.

Stink, vitulus abortivus.

To stink or steal away, sese subducere. Home, domum redire clanculum.

To stink back, sese clam retrahere.

A slip with one's foot, lapsus, prolapsio.

A slip or mistake, lapsus, error levis.

A slip (of yarn, &c.) glomus.

A slip [small piece of any thing] particula, frustum.

The slip or sprig of a plant, surculus.

A slip-shoe or slipper, crepida.

Slipshod, crepidatus, negligenter calcatus.

Slip-slop, cinnus, farrago cibaria.

Full of slips or sprigs, surculosus.

From slip to slip or sprig to sprig, surculose.

To slip [slide] labi, lapsare.

Or let slip, dimittere, pratermittere. Aside or away privately, elabi. As time, abire, transire, effluere. Down, [tum-] hie] cadere. Into, [go pri-] vately] irrepere, adrepere. Or [put or thrust] immittere. Or put off, exuere. His bridle, caput e freno subducere. Into an office, &c. in munus aliquod,

&c. insinuare. Or put on, inducere. Over a thing slightly, leviter attingere. Out of one's hand, &c. ex manibus, &c. elabi. Out of one's memory, e memoriâ excidere. To make a slip, errare, hallucinari.

Apt to slip or slide, lapsabundus.

A slipper, crepida, solea. A little slipper, crepidula. A high slipper or buskin, cothurnus.

A maker of slippers, crepidarius. Wearing slippers, crepidatus.

The slipping of an office (which a person should bear in his turn) mune. is pratermissio.

A slipping, lapsio.

The slipping or topping of leaves, branches, &c. frondatio.

Slipperily, lubrico.

Slipperiness, lubricum.

Slippery, lubricus, lubidus, incertus.

A slippery or deceitful blade, vir subdolan, versutus, vaser.

A slippery, difficult, or dangerous business, res difficilis, ardua, periculosa.

A slippery trick or cheat, dolus, fallacia.

To make slippery, lubricare.

Slipshod, calci talum obtens.

A slit, fissura, rima, crena, fissus.

To slit or cleave a thing, findere. Slit in two parts, bifidus. Into three parts, trifidus. Into four parts, quadrifidus. Into many parts, multifidus.

That may be slit, fissilis.

A slitter, qui findit.

A slitting, fissura, fissio.

A slive or sliver, segmen.

To slive or sliver, findere.

A slope, prunum silvestre.

A sloe-tree; prunus silvestris.

To slope, al. slap or wet, made- facere.

A slop or trowser, subligaculum.

A slop or small ship, lembus, navigiolum.

Slope, obliquus, transversus.

To slope, obliquare.

Sloperiness, obliquitas.

Sloping, obliquus.

Made or put sloping, obliquatus.

A sloping, obliquatio, devexitas.

Slopingly, slopewise, oblique, transverse.

The slot of a stag, cervi vestigium.

To slot a door, januam claudere.

Stoth, desidia, inertia.

Stothful, desidiosus, iners, ignavus, piger.

A place where stothful people sit, desidialium.

To be or grow stothful, torpere, oltorperere.

Stothfully, desidiose, ignave.

Stothfulness, desidlia, inertia.

A slouch, homo inurbanus.

Wearing a slouching hat, ga-

lerum gerens marginibus demissis.

A sloven or slovenly fellow, homo sordidus, immundus, squalidus. Somewhat slovenly, sordidulus.

Slovenliness, slovenry, sordes, immunditia, squalor.

Slovenly, adv. sordide, squalide, turpiter.

A slough [quagmire] lacuna cœnosa. Slough [in hunting] apri volutabrum.

The slough of a snake, anguis exuvie.

A slough of bears, ursarum grex.

Sloughy [miry] paludosus, limosus.

Slow, piger, tardus.

The clock goes too slow, tardius movetur horologium.

Slow of foot, tardigradus, tardipes. Of speech, tardiloquus.

Somewhat slow, lentulus, tardiusculus.

To slow, differre.

To be slow, cunctari.

To be slow in one's motions, lente agere.

To grow slow, pigrescere.

Slowly, tarde, lente, pigre.

A business that goes on but slowly, lentum negotium.

Somewhat slowly, tardiuscule.

Slowness, tarditas, pigrities segalities.

To slubber a thing over, negligenter aliquid agere.

A slug or snail, limax. Slow ship, navis tarda. Sort of bullet, glans plumbea.

To grow or become a slug [not to go off by scale] vi escere.

A slug-a-bed or sluggard, dormitor, dormitator.

Sluggish, piger, torpidus.

To grow sluggish, torpescere.

Sluggishly, otiose, ignave, pigre.

Sluggishness, ignavia, segnitia.

A sluice or sluce, objectaculum, emissarium; cataracta, v. catarracta.

To sluice out water, sublato objectaculo aquam emitte.

Sluicy, effusus.

A slumber, quies, somnus levis.

To slumber, dormire.

To fall into a slumber, obdormiscere.

To slumber or nod over a business, alicui rei indormire.

A slumbering, dormitatio.

Slumbering, slumberous, slumbery, somniculosus.

A slur, macula, labea, dedecus.

To slur or slurry, maculare, sedare.

To slur, slurry, or cast a slur on one's reputation, alicuius existimationem violare.

A slurring, maculatio, inquinatio.

A slut, mulier sordida.

Sluttish, immunda, squalida.
To be sluttish, sordere, squalere.
To grow sluttish, sordescere.
Sluttishly, sordide, squalide.
Sluttishness or *sluttery*, immunditia, squalor.
Sty, vater, subdulus.
A sty fellow or *old fox*, veterator.
Styly, subdole, callide.
Styness, astutia, calliditas.
A smack [relish] sapor. *Of a whip*, flagelli sonus. *Kiss*, basium pressum. [*Little ship*] navigiolum.
To smack or *taste*, gustare. *Savour* of, sapere. *A little of*, subaspere. [*In kissing*] amicum premere. *One's lips*, labia strepitum edere.
To have but a little smack of learning or *skill in any art*, vix prinis literarum v. alicujus artis rudimentis imbui.
A smacker or *taster*, qui gustat.
Small [little] parvus, exiguus.
Very small, perminutus, pretenuus.
Small characters, literæ minutiæ.
A small number, pauci, pl. paucitas, numerus exiguus.
A very small part, pars perexigua.
Small or *slender*, gracilis, gracilentus, exilis.
Small may be sometimes rendered by the diminutive only; as, *A small account*, ratioculula. *A small farm*, agellus. *A small fish*, pisciculus.
To make small, tenuare, diminuire.
To be of small account, vilesceere. *Of small account*, villis.
A making small, attenuatio, diminutio.
To cut into small pieces, minutim v. minutatim concidere.
So small, tantulus, tantillus.
How small, quantulus, quantillus. *Soccer*, quantulusconque.
Small beer, cerevisia tenuis.
Small craft, navicula.
The small guts, lactes, pl.
The small-pox, variolæ, pl.
Small wares, merces minutiæ.
A dealer in small wares, mercium minutarum venditor.
A person of small credit, homo tressis.
Small arms, scloppi v. scloppeti, pl.
The small of the back, leg. &c. dorsi. cruris, &c. pars gracilior.
Smallage, apium palustre.
Smaller, minor.
Smallest, minimus.
Smallness [littleness] exiguitas, parvitas. [*Slenderness*] gracilitas.
Smally, tenuiter, exiliter.
Smart, genus pigmenti cornelæ.
Smart [subst.] dolor, cruciatus.
Smart or *sharp*, adj. [both of per-

sons and things] acer, asper.
In discourse, argutus, acutus.
To give one a smart answer or *reply*, salse respondere.
To smart, dolere.
To make to smart, cruciare, angere.
Smarting, asper, dolore plenus.
A smarting, dolor, pæna.
Smartly, acriter, acerbe.
Very smartly, perzalse, salsissime.
Smartness, acrimonia, acerbitas, asperitas. *Of pain*, doloris acerbities. *Of genius* or *wit*, argutie.
A smatch [taste or savour] sapor, gustus. *Small remains of a thing*, reliquæ, pl.
A smatterer in learning, semiductus.
A smatterer in grammar, grammatista.
A smatterer in poetry, poetaster.
A smatterer in medicine, empiricus.
A smatterer (in any art) [terminis alicujus artis rudimentis vix imbutus].
A smattering or *smatter*, levis artis alicujus scientia.
To smear or *besmear*, illinere, oblinere, ungere. *Over*, superlinere. *Under*, subterlinere.
Smear, unguen.
A smearer, unctor.
A smearing, litura, unctio.
To smeeth or *smutch*, fuligine designare.
To smell or *smell* of [neut.] olere, redolere. *Or smell to* or *out*, odorari, olfactere. *Or cast a smell*, olere. *Rank*, ntile olere. *Of wine*, vinum redolere.
To cast forth a good smell, jucunde olere.
A discourse smelling of antiquity, oratio redolens antiquitatem.
A smell, odor.
A sweet smell, fragrantia.
Causing a sweet smell, odorifer, odoriferus.
A bad smell, fætor.
The smell of meat or *provisions*, nidor.
A smell-feast, parasitus.
A smeller, qui v. quæ odorat.
A smelling, odoratio.
Smelling sweetly or *pleasantly*, odoros, odoratus.
The sense or *act of smelling*, odoratus.
Smelling rank, olidus, rancidus.
Smell or *smelt* out, olfactus, odoratus perceptus.
To smelt ore, metalla cruda liquesfacere.
Smick smack, repetito ictu percussus.
To smicker, subridere.
A smile, risus lentus. *A sweet smile*, os subrideus.
A smiling, arisio.

To smile, subridere. *At or upon one*, alicui arridere.
To snirch, obaubilare, conspurcare.
To snirk or *look pleasantly upon one*, alicui arridere.
To smite, ferire, percutere.
To be smitten with love, amore alicujus flagrare.
A smiter, percussor.
A smiting, percussus, percussio.
A smith or *blacksmith*, faber ferrarius. *A goldsmith*, aurifex. *A gunsmith*, sclopporum faber. *A locksmith*, claustrorum ferreorum faber, claustrarius artifex. *A silversmith*, faber argentarius.
A smithy or *smith's shop*, ferramentorum fabrica.
A smock or *smicket*, subucula feminea.
A smock-faced fellow, vir oris effeminati.
Smoke, fumus, vapor.
To smoke or *dry a thing in the smoke*, aliquid fumigare. *Send forth smoke*, fumare, vaporare.
Tobacco, tabaci fumum tubo exhaurire. *Wines*, vina fume maturare. *Offend with smoke*, fumificare. *A business*, perentescere.
To make one smoke for a fault, male aliquem malare.
To vanish into smoke, evanesceere.
Causing smoke, fumificus.
The place where they smoked their wines, fumarium.
Smokeless, sine fumo.
A smoking, vaporatio.
A smoking under, suffitus, suffimen.
Smoky or *full of smoke*, fumus, fumidus.
Smooth, leviss, planus.
A smooth table, mensa accurat levigata. *Road*, via planis.
Without hair, glaber, depilis.
Smooth-faced, comis, dulcis.
To smooth or *make smooth*, levigare, polire. *The way to one's intended usurpations*, viam futuris usurpationibus complanare. *The forehead*, explicare frontem. *Coax one*, alicui blandiri.
To speak one smooth, comiter affari.
A smoother, qui v. quæ levigat.
A smoothing, levigatio, politura.
A smoothing-iron, ferramentum ad pannum levigandum.
Smoothly, plane, polite.
Smoothness, levitas, levor. *Of behaviour*, urbanitas, humanitas, comitas.
To smother [choke or stifle] suffocare, strangulare. *Suppress*, comprimere. *Up* or *conceal*, reticere, tegere.

A smotherer, qui v. quem suffocat.
A smothering, suffocatio, præfocatio, strangulatio.
Smouldering [smoking] fumosus.
Smug, concinnus, comptus, elegans, nitidus, excultus, ornatus.
To smug one's self up, se nitide ornare.
A smugging up, ornatus, nitidus.
Smuggish, nitidiusculus.
Smuggishly, nitidiuscule.
To smuggle goods, merces furtim invehère.
A smuggler, qui merces furtim v. sine portorii solutione invehit.
Smugly, concinne, compte, laute.
Smugness, elegantia, lauitia.
Smut [colly] nigror, fuligo.
Smutt or smuttiness [obscenity] obscenitas.
To smutt or smutch, fuligine denigrare.
A smutting, denigratio.
Smutty or obscene, obscænus, sœdus. *Somewhat smutty*, sub-obscænus.
A snack, pars, portio.
To put in for a snack, portionem sibi vindicare.
To go snacks with one, allicujus rei particeps esse.
The snacket of a casement, fenestram obex.
A snaffle, freni lupus, carnus.
A snag or knot, nodus.
A snag or snagged tooth, dens ultra ceteros prominens.
Snagged or snaggy [knotty] nodosus.
A snail, testudo, cochlea.
Of a snail, testudineus.
A sea-snail, cochlea Veneris. *A house-snail*, limax.
A snake, anguis, coluber. *A little snake*, anguiculus. *A water-snake*, hydrus, natrix.
Of or belonging to a snake, snakey, anguinus, colubrinus.
A snake's skin, anguis exuvie.
A bed or knot of snakes, anguinum.
Having snakey hair or locks, snake-headed, anguicomus.
Snake-footed, anguipes.
A snap, crepitus. *With the fingers*, digitorum crepitus.
A snap or morsel, frustulum, fragmentum.
A snap-sack, pera militaris.
To snap or give a snap, crepitum edere. [Break] frangere. [Catch or lay hold of] rapere.
Bite, rictu v. morsu petere.
[Snub or reprove] aliquem irate reprehendere.
A snapper up, raptor.
Snappish, iracundus, captiosus, difficilis.
Snappishly, iracunde, morose.

Snappishness, iracundia, morositas, mordacitas.
A snare, laqueus; insidiam, pl.
To lay a snare, insidias struere, dolos nectere.
To fall into a snare, in laqueos v. insidias cadere.
To snare, illaqueare.
A snaring, illaqueatio.
To snarl like a dog, ringi.
To snarl at, obloqui.
To snarl thread or silk, involvère.
A snarler, homo morosus.
A snarling, rictus.
A snarling cur, ringens canis.
A snarl or little bite, morsuicula.
A snatch and away, præpropere.
To snatch, rapere. *Away*, abripere. *At*, captare.
A snatcher, raptor. *At*, captator.
Snatching, rapidus, rapax.
Snatchingly, raptim.
To sneak or creep along, repere, correpere. *Or be ashamed*, verecundari. *Cringe to*, demisso corpore serviliter devernari. *Lurk about*, latere, delitere. *Away*, clauculum se subducere.
Sneaking [niggardly] parcus, deparcus. [Mean, pitiful] humilis, abjectus.
A sneaking fire, ignis malignus.
Sneakingly [niggardly] parce, perparce. [Meanly, pitifully] humiliter, abjecte, demisse, misere.
Sneakiness [niggardliness] avaritia, parcimonia. [Meanness, pitifulness] tenuitas; animi abjectio.
Sneakup, ignavus; insidiosus.
A sneap, oburgatio, reprehensio.
To sneer, irridere, deridere.
A sneerer, irrisor, derisor; sannio.
To sneeze, sternuere. *Often*, sternutare.
A sneezing, sternutatio.
Sneezing-powder or snuff, sternutamentum.
To sniff up, inuicem resorbere.
To sniff at [despise] tenuere, contemnere.
To snicker or laugh in one's sleeve, sinu gaudere.
A snip or snippet [small part] segmen, frustulum.
A snip or natural mark [of white, black, &c.] macula.
Snip-snap, canium ruginum more.
To go snips or snacks with one. *Vid. Snacks*.
To snipe, amputare. *Off*, præcidere, decerpere.
A snipe or snite [bird] ga. Snago minor.
A pair of snippers, forfex.
Snippings, præsegmina, pl.

To snite or blow the nose, nares emungere.
Snivel, mucus, pituita nasi.
To snivel, mucum resorbere, nares comprehendere.
Snivelly or full of snivel, mucosus.
To snook or lurk about, latere.
To snore or snort, stertere.
A snorer, qui v. quem stertit.
A snoring or snorting, rhoncus.
Snout, mucus, pituita nasi.
Snotty, mucosus.
A snout, rostrum, nasus.
A little snout; rostellum.
An elephant's snout, proboscis.
Snouted, rostrum habens, rostratus.
Snow, nix.
To snow, ningere.
Snow-water, aqua nivalis.
Full of snow, nivosus.
A snow-ball, globus nivalis.
Snow-drop [herb] viola bulbosa.
A snub, tuber, nodus.
To snub or chide, increpare.
Curb, frenare. Sob, singultire.
A snudge or very covetous person, homo deparcus v. perparcus.
To snudge, otlari, otinum agere.
The snuff or wick of a candle or lamp, myxa.
Snuff or snush, sternutamentum.
To snuff a candle or lamp, can delum emungere.
To snuff with disdain, rhoncus sate.
To snuff a thing up one's nose, naribus aliquid haurire.
To snuff at or to be angry with, alicui irasci. *Despise*, temere.
A snuffer, emuncior.
Snuffers, emunctorium.
A snuffing, emunctio.
To snuffle, vocem e naribus proficere.
A snuffer, balbus; qui v. quem e paribus contractis verba profert.
Snug [close or secret] occultus, arcanus. [Compact] concinnus, nitidus.
To lie snug in bed, stragula se secreto involvère v. tegere.
To snuggle together, dense se mutuo comprimere.
So [in like manner] ita, sic. [So much] adeo, ita, perinde, tantopere. [So that] dum, dummodo. [So then] quamobrem, quapropter, quare, quocirca. *So, when this was done* hoc igitur facto.
Why so? quam ob rem?
So far as, quod, quoad, quantum.
So far off, tam procul, tam longe.
So great, tantus.
So little, tantulus, tantillus.
So long, tantum v. tandiu.
So long as, donec, usque dum, tamliu, quamliu, quoad.

So much [adj.] tantus. Adv. tain.
So many, tot. indecl. *Just so* many, totidem.
So often, toties.
So-so [indifferently] utcumque, mediocriter.
And so forth, et sic deinceps.
To soak in water, macerare, madefacere. *In or up*, imbibere, exsorbere. *Through*, permanere.
A soaker [drunkard] potor acer, potator maximus.
Soap, sapo, smegma.
Of soap, smecticus, smegmaticus.
Soap-balls, smegmatici globuli.
Soap-weed, *soap-wort*, saponaria.
A soap-boiler, saponis confector.
To soap, saponem ungere.
To wash clean with soap, saponem perluere.
Soar, altus volatus.
To soar aloft, altum volatu petere.
To sob, singultire.
A sob or sobbing, singultus.
Sober, sobrius, abstemius, moderatus.
To sober, sobrium reddere.
A person of sober conversation, homo probis moribus.
Soberly, sobrie, temperate, continenter.
Soberness or sobriety, abstinentia, temperantia.
Sociable or social, sociabilis, socialis. *Not sociable*, insociabilis.
Sociableness, sociabilitas, comitas.
Sociably, socialiter.
Society, societas, sodalitas, communitas.
To enter into society with one, consociare cum aliquo.
A socinian, Socini sectator; qui Christum Patri aequalem esse negat.
A sock to wear in shoes, udo, pedale.
A sock [sort of shoe used by the ancient comedians] soccus.
A little sock or start-up, ucculus.
Wearing socks, uccatus.
The socket of a candlestick, candelabri scapus.
The sockets of the teeth, dentium acetabula.
A sod or turf, cespes.
A green sod, cespes vivus.
Soder, Vid. *Solder*.
A sodomite, predicator.
Soft [not hard] mollis, tener.
Soft [silly, foolish] ineptus, stupidus.
Soft-footed, mollipes.
Softish or somewhat soft, molliculus.
To make soft or soften, mollire.
To soften an expression a little, quod quis dixerit, mitigare.
To grow soft, mollescere.

Softish [silly] ineptus, stupidus.
Softly [gently] molliter, leniter.
[Effeminately] muliebriter.
[Leisurely] lente. [Not too loud] submisce.
A softener, qui v. quem mollit.
Softness, mollitia, mollities.
So ho! eva v. evoe! heus!
Soil [ground] solum, fundus.
A barren soil, solum exile. *A fruitful soil*, solum fertile.
One's native soil or country, patria.
Soil [filth] sordes.
Soil or compost, lictamen, stercus.
To soil, inquinare, contaminare.
The deer takes soil, cervus aquis se credit.
A soiling, soiliness, or soilure, macula, sordas.
To sojourn, diversari, commorari.
A sojourner, hospes, peregrinus.
A sojourning, hospitium, peregrinatio.
Solace, consolatio, solatium.
To solace or comfort, aliquem consolari. *Himself*, sese oblectare.
Solar [belonging to the sun] solaris.
A solar or high chamber, solarium.
To be sold, venire, vendi.
Solder, ferrumen, ferrumentum, gluten.
To solder, ferruminare, coagulare, agglutinare.
A soldering, conglutinatio.
A glazier's soldering iron, glans ferruminatrix.
A soldier, miles. *A fellow soldier*, commilito. *An old soldier*, miles veteranus. *A young or fresh water soldier*, tiro. *A trained soldier*, miles exercitatus. *A common soldier*, gregarius. *A soldier who has forfeited his pay*, mer dirutus. *A soldier discharged by reason of age*, emeritus. *Receiving double pay*, duplicarius. *Newly raised*, nuper conscriptus. *Hired*, mercede conductus.
A soldier's boy, lixa, calo.
Of a soldier, soldierly, or soldierlike, militaris, bellicosus, fortis.
Likes a soldier, militariter, bellicose, fortiter.
To serve as a soldier, militare stipendium merere. *To enlist himself for a soldier*, nomen inter milites dare. *To raise soldiers*, milites conscribere. *To press soldiers*, milites invitare conscribere. *To muster soldiers*, milites lustrare.
A raising of soldiers, militum delectus.
The soldiery, militia; copias.
Sole [alone or only] solus, solitarius, unicus.
Solely, solum, solummodo.

The sole of the foot, planta pedis.
The sole of a shoe, solea.
To sole a shoe, calceo assummentum inducere.
A sole [fish] solea.
To sole a bowl, probe et rite emittere globum.
A solecism or impropriety in speech, solecismus.
An heir solely and wholly, hæres ex asse.
Solemn [religious] solennis. [Grave] ritu solenni factus.
A solemn assembly, celebritas.
A solemn day, dies solennis.
A solemn declaration, declaratio sacra.
A very solemn transaction, res solennitate plena.
Solemnity or solemnness, solennitas.
To solemnise, celebrare, sacrare.
A solemnising, solenni ritu celebratio.
Solemnly, solemniter, sancte.
Very solemnly or devoutly, persancte.
To take a solemn oath, persancte iurejurando se adigere.
To solicit a person to do a thing, aliquem ad aliquid sollicitare.
A soliciting or solicitation, sollicitatio, impulsio.
To do a thing at the solicitation of a person, alicujus impulsu aliquid agere.
A solicitor [suitor] sollicitator, procurator. [Lawyer] advocatus, patronus.
Sollicitous, sollicitus, anxius.
Solicitously, sollicite, anxie.
Solicitude, sollicitudo, animi agritudo.
Solid, solidus, firmus, stabilis.
A solid judgment, mens solida.
True and solid honour, vera solidaque gloria.
A solid and faithful friend, amicus firmus et fidelis.
A solid reason or argument, ratio certa.
To make solid, solidare.
Solidity, solidness, soliditas, firmitas; firmitudo.
Solidly, solide, firmiter.
A soliloquy or talking by one's self, soliloquium.
A solitary life, vita cælebs.
Place, locus desertus.
Solitary [melancholy] tristis, mæstus.
Solitariness, privatim.
Solitariness or solitude, solitudo.
The solstice, solstitium. *The summer solstice*, solstitium.
The winter solstice, bruma.
Of the solstice, solstitial, solstitialis, brumalis.
Solvent, vim v. potestatem habens solvendi.
Solvable [possible to be cleared by inquiry] quod solvi potest.

Solvability, qualitas rei quæ solvi potest.
Soluble, dissolubilis.
Medicines to make the body soluble, medicamenta alvi proluviem excitantia.
A solution or solving, solutio.
The solution of a difficult question, rei difficilis explicatio.
Solutive or loosening, alvum ciens.
Some, quidam, aliqui, nonnulli.
Some body or some man, aliquis, aliquisquam.
Some one, unusquispiam.
Some matter, something, or somewhat, adj. aliquod.
Somewhat, adv. aliquantulum, aliquantulum, nonnihil.
Sometimes or sometimes, aliquando, quandoque, interdum.
Somewhat, aliquantulum.
Somewhere or somewhere, aliqui.
Somewhere else, alio.
In some measure, quadantenus.
In some sort, quodammodo.
Somniferous, somnifer, somnificus.
A son, filius.
A little son, filiolus.
A son-in-law, gener.
A husband's or wife's son, or a stepson, privignus.
A son's wife or daughter-in-law, nurus.
Sons and daughters, liberi, pl.
A god-son, filius lustricus.
Sonship, filii cognatio.
A song, cantilena, canticum, cantus.
A country song, carmen agreste.
A marriage-song, epithalamium.
A mourning-song, nenia, elegia.
A songster, cantor, cantator.
A songstress, cantatrix.
Soniferous, sonoric, sonum edens.
A sonnet or little song, cantiluncula.
A sonneteer, postaster.
Sonorous, sonorus, canorus.
Soon, cito, statim, confestim.
Soon after, paulo post.
Soon at night, sub vesperam.
Very soon, ex tempore.
Too soon, præmature, nimium cito.
As soon as, quamprimum, simul ac.
As soon as ever, cum primum.
At the soonest, quam citissime.
Soot, fuligo.
Blackened or daubed with soot, fuliginè oblitus.
Of soot, fuliginæus.
A light soot-colour, color leucoplæus.
Sooty or black with smoke, fumosus.
Sooth, verum, veritas.
In sooth, verè, certo.
Or sooth, sane.

To sooth or sooth up, blandiri, assentare.
A soother, assentator, adulator, blandiloquus.
A soothing, adulatio, assentatio.
To soothsay or forstell, prædicere.
A soothsayer, aruspex v. haruspex, auspex, augur.
To act the part of a soothsayer, augurari, ominari.
A soothsaying, augurium, auguratio, latuspicium.
By soothsaying, augurato.
To sop, intingere.
A sophism, cavillatio, sophisma.
A sophist or sophister, cavillator, sophista v. sophistes.
To play the sophister, cavillari.
Sophistical, captiosus, fallax.
Sophistical arguments, ceratine ambiguitates.
To sophisticate or adulterate, adulterare, commiscere.
A sophisticating or sophisticating, rerum diversarum mixtura.
Sophistry, cavillatio captiosa.
Soporating, soporiferous, soporific, soporifer; soporus.
A sorcerer, veneficus.
A sorceress, venefica, saga.
Sorcery, veneficium.
Sordid [covetous] avarus, parcus. *In apparel*, ordilatus, pannosus. [Base, infamous] infamis, turpis.
Sordidly, sordide, fæde, turpiter.
Sordidness, sordes, avaritia.
Sore [grievous] asper, gravis, molestus.
Sore [as flesh] tener.
A sore, ulcer. *A little sore*, ulcusculum. *A plague-sore*, carbunculus.
A sore or difficult charge, provincia dura.
Sore eyes, oculi teneri.
To rub a sore place, ulcus tangere.
To make sore, exulcerare.
Sore, gravior.
Soreness, exulceratio; dolor.
Of a sorrel colour, helvus, helvinus.
Sorritly, male, misere, abjecte.
Sorrow, dolor, mæror, mæstitia.
To sorrow or be grieved, dolere, mærerere.
Sorrowful, tristis, mæstus, luctuosus. *Somewhat sorrowful*, subtristis.
To be broken with sorrow, mærore marcescere.
To drown sorrow, curas potando abigere.
Sorrowfully, ægre, mæste.
To look sorrowfully, contristari.
Sorry [sorrowful] tristis, mæstus. [Palty, vile] vilis, parum utilis.
A sorry fellow, homuncio.
To be sorry, dolere, mærerere.
To make sorry, contristare.
To be very sorry or pine with grief, perdolere.

A sort [manner] mos, modus.
The common sort of people, plebs, plebecula, vulgus.
After a sort, quodammodo, quodam modo. *A new sort*, novo modo. *Sort*, hujus modi, hujus farinæ. *That sort*, ejus modi, ejus farinæ. *The same sort*, idem.
In like sort, pariter.
In such sort, usque adeo.
Of all sorts, omnigenus.
Of the first sort, primærius. *Of the second*, secundarius.
Of what sort? cujus modi? qualis?
Of what sort soever, qualiscunque.
Of this sort, hujus modi; hujus sortis.
Of that sort, ejus modi, ejus sortis v. generis.
Of the same sort, istius modi, istius sortis, ejusdem farinæ, concors.
Of one sort, simplex, unus modi.
Of two sorts, duplex.
Of divers or many sorts, multiplex, multimodus.
To sort [distribute in proper order] commodè distribuere. *Be suitable to*, quadrare, aptari.
Come together, convenire, congregari.
Sortal, specialis.
A sorting, digestio, collocatio.
A sot [drunkard] ebriosus, temulentus. [Fool, blockhead] fatuus, stultus.
To sot or to tipple, sepe inebriare.
To sot, make sottish, or stupefy, infatuare.
To sot away one's time, ebriotate tempus conterere.
Sottish [drunken] ebriosus, temulentus. [Foolish] fatuus, insulsus.
Sottishly [drunkenly] temulenter, ebriorum more. [Foolishly] stulte, inepte, insulse.
Sottishness [drunkenness] ebrietas, temulentia. [Foolishness] stultitia, insipientia.
Sovereign, supremus, summus.
A sovereign, dominus v. princeps.
A sovereign medicine, medicamentum efficacissimum.
Sovereignly, supremo jure.
Sovereignty, principatus, dominatio, dominatus.
To have sovereignty, supremo jure imperare; summam potestati præesse.
A sough, fassa ad aquam elicienda.
The soul, anima, animus.
A pretty little soul, animula, animalula.
A great soul, animus magnus.
Resolution or constancy of soul, animi firmitas.
The souls of the dead, manes, pl. umbrae, pl.
Soul or person, homo.

All souls' day, ferialia februa.
Soulless, vilis, ignavus.
A sound [the object of hearing] sonus, sonitus.
A great sound or noise, strepitus, crepitus; sonus.
The sound or cuttle fish, sepiæ.
Sound [valid] firmus, ratus.
Healthful sanus, validus.
Sound goods or commodities, merces bonæ note.
A man of sound principles, vir spectatæ integritatis.
Sound and safe, incolumis, salvus.
To preserve safe and sound, sartum tectum conservare.
Sound of mind or in his right senses, animi v. mentis compus.
To sound or yield a sound, sonare, strepere. [As instruments] concinere. All about, circumsonare. Make to sound, sonum excitare. Or blow into a wind instrument, buccinam inflare; tibia candre. An alarm, classicum candre. A march, vasa conclamare. A retreat, receptum candre. Pronounce a word, verbum pronuntiare. The depth with a plummet, bolide profunditatem explorare. Back or again, to resound, resonare. Bass, gravior sonare. Ill, male sonare. To disagree or jar in sound, dissonare.
The sound-board of an instrument, pinnæ.
To make sound, solidare, consolidare.
To grow sound, solidescere.
To keep sound or in health, sospitare.
To be sound of body, valere, vigere.
To grow sound in body or recover after illness, convalescere.
Sounding back or resounding, resonabilia. Sounding ill, absonus. Sounding shrill, argutus. Sweetly, jucunde sonans. A sounding-lead or plummet, bolis.
Soundly or firmly, solide, firmiter.
Soundness or firmness, soliditas, firmitas.
Soundness of body, sanitas, vigor.
Soup, decoctum ex carne confectum. Strong soup, jusculum succi plenum.
A source, origo, scaturigo, fons.
Sour, acidus, acerbus.
Sour vine, vinum acidum.
Sourish or somewhat sour, acidulus, subacidus. Very sour, peracerbus.
A sour-looking person, torvus, tetricus.
Sourness of look, torvitas, tetricitas.
With a sour look, torve.

A person of a sour temper, homo ingenio moroso.
To be, grow, or turn sour, acedere, coacescere.
To sour or vex one, alicujus animum exasperare.
Sourly in taste, acerbè, aspere.
In look, torve, tetricè.
Sourness, acorbitas, asperitas.
Souse or pickle, muria, salsaugo.
To souse, muria macerare.
Plunge, mergere, immergere.
Box one about the ears, palmâ aliquem percutere.
The south, meridies, auster.
Of the south, meridionalis, australis.
The south wind, auster, notus.
The south-east wind, euroauster, euronotus. The south-south-west wind, libe, libonotus.
Southern or southerly, meridionalis, australis.
Southward, meridiem versus.
A sow [female swine] sus.
To grease the fat sow on the tail, opes divitibus dare.
To take the wrong sow by the ear, pro amphorâ urceus.
A sow with pig, sus prægnans.
A little sow, aucula. An old sow, scrofa. A wild sow, sus silvestris.
A sow-gelder, qui sues castrat.
Of a sow [adj.] suinus, suillus.
Sow-bread, cyclaminus.
A sow-thistle, sonchos.
Sow-like, suis more.
A sow [insect] millepeda.
To sow seed, serere, seminare.
A field, agrum serere. Between, interserere. Up and down or spread abroad, disseminare. Round about, circumserere. Dissension or discord, discordias v. lites serere.
A sower, sator, seminator.
A sowing, satio, seminatio.
Of sowing, seminalis.
Sowing-time, sementis.
Sown with divers sorts of grain, conseminalis, conseminus.
A space (of ground or time) spatium. [Of time or place] between, intercapedo, interstitium. Or term of life, vitæ curriculum. Of land, tractus. In the mean space or time, interim, interea.
The space between two or more pillars, intercolumnium.
Spacious, spatiosus, amplus.
A spacious house, domus ampla v. laxa.
Spaciously, spatiose, ample, laxè.
Spaciousness, amplitudo, laxitas.
A spade, ligo. [At cards] macula nigra.
Spadiers, fossores in acaptensulis stannis.
A span, palmus major; spithama.

Of or belonging to a span, palmaria.
Spick and span new, novissimus, recentissimus.
A spangle, bractea v. bractea.
A little spangle, bracteola.
A spangle-maker, bractearum fabricator.
The spangled or starry firmament, cælum stelliferum.
A spaniel dog, canis Hispanicus.
To spaniel, adulari, assectari.
The Spanish fly, cantharis.
A spar or wooden bar, obex, vectis.
A spar of a gate, assula spicata.
The spar of metal, cortex metalli rudis.
To spar, obdere.
A sparable, clavulus.
Spare [lean or thin] macer, gracilis.
To spare, parcere. [Forgive] condonare, remittere. [Favour] favere.
Spare or sparing [subst.] parsimonia, frugalitas.
Sparing [adj.] a sparer, parcus, tenax.
To be sparing in one's diet, genium fraudare.
Very sparing, perparcus, triparcus.
A sparing or laying up, conseruatio.
Sparingly, parce, restricte.
To live sparingly, parce vivere.
Sparingness, parsimonia, frugalitas.
A spark or sparkle [as of fire] scintilla.
A little spark, scintillula.
A spark or lover, procus, amasius. Or beau, homo bellus.
Sparkful, alacer, hilaris.
Sparkish, nitide vestitus.
To sparkle [emit sparks] scintillare. Glitter, fulgere, coruscare. [As wine] ardere.
A sparkling, scintillatio.
A sparkling or glittering, sparkliness, fulgor, nitor.
Sparklingly, splendide, nitide.
A sparrow, passer. A hedge-sparrow, curruca. A hen-sparrow, passer femina. A little sparrow, passerulus. A mountain sparrow, passer montanus.
A reed-sparrow, junco.
Sparry, ad corticem metalli pertinens.
The spasm or cramp, spasmus, tetanus.
To spatiate, expatiari.
To spatter or daub with dirt, luto conspergere, inquinare, maculare. Or defame, calumpniari; aliquem infamiâ aspergere.
Spatterdash, perones, pl.
A spatula or slice for spreading sauce, spatula.

The spavin, tumor quidam pedum equinorum.

To spawl, spuere, conspuere.

A spawler or spitter, sputator.

The spawn of fish, piscium ova.

A spawner, piscis femina.

To spawn, generare, procreare.

A spawning, piscium conjunctio procreandi causa.

To spay, feminarum castrare.

A spaying, feminarum castratio.

To speak, loqui, dicere; fari.

Aloud, eloqui, effari. *Against*, contradicere, obloqui.

Cleverly or well, optime v. recte loqui.

Ill or barbarously, oratione inculta uti.

Deceitfully, ambigue loqui.

At random, effutire, garrire.

A-propos, ad rem loqui.

Before, proloqui.

Big, magnifica verba proferre.

Briefly, perstringere.

Delicately, verba plangere.

Evil of one, maledicere, obtractare.

Face to face, coram loqui.

For, intercedere.

Low or with a low voice, submissa voce loqui.

Merrily, jocari.

One's mind freely, sensa animi libere proferre.

In public, ad populum, in curia, foro, senatu, &c. dicere.

Nothing, tacere, obmutescere.

Of, tractare, memorare; de aliqua re disserere.

Often, dicere.

Out, eloqui, clare dicere.

To a person, aliquem affari.

To the people, concionari.

Well of, collaudare.

Together, colloqui.

Through the nose, or rather with nostrils contracted, de naribus contractis loqui.

Thick and fast, verba precipitare.

Or confer with a person, cum aliquo colloqui.

To begin to speak, loqui incipere.

Not to be able to speak, obmutescere, conticescere.

A speaker, qui loquitur.

A public speaker, concionator.

A speaker of parliament, rogator comitiorum; senatus princeps.

To be always speaking of the same thing, aliquid semper in ore habere.

A speaking, locutio, dictio.

Of, mentio, commemoratio.

Out, pronuntiatio.

To, alloquium.

Together or with, colloquium.

Evil speaking, maledictum.

A spear, hasta, lancea.

A short spear, framea.

A little spear, hastula.

A boar-spear, venabulum.

An eel-spear, fuscina.

A horseman's spear, hasta velitaria.

A spear-man, hastatus.

A spear-staff, hastile.

King's spear [an herb] hastula regia.

Spearmint, mentha Romana.

Spearwort, ranunculus flammula.

A specht or speight, picus maritimus.

Special [chief or particular] precipuus, peculiaris.

[Excellent] excellens, eximius.

Speciality [particularly] nominatum, particulatum.

[Excellently] excellenter, egregie, exime.

Speciality [particularity] proprietas.

Specialty [bond] syngrapha, syngraphus.

To pay money in specie, pecuniam representare.

A species or particular sort, species.

The propagation of one's species, sobolis procreatio.

Specific or specific, singularis, specialis.

A specific or specific medicine, remedium speciale.

Specifically, specialiter, peculiariter.

Specification, designatio specialis.

To specify [mention, reckon up, or appoint particularly] denotare; specificationem denotare, describere.

A specifying, singularium notatio.

A specimen [example or proof] specimen, exemplum, exemplar.

Specious, speciosus, plauisibilis.

A speck or speckle, macula, labes.

A little speck, labecula.

A natural speck, naevus.

A speckle or pimple in the face, varus.

To speckle, maculis variare, variegare.

Full of speckles, maculosus; varius.

A speckling, maculis notatio.

A spectacle, spectaculum.

A dreadful spectacle, spectaculum luctuosum.

A pair of spectacles, conspiciulum.

A spectacle-maker, conspiciolum factor.

Spectacle, conspiciulo instructus.

A spectator, spectator, spectatrix, testis.

A spectre or apparition, spectrum, visum.

Specular, specularis.

To speculate, speculari.

Speculation, contemplatio.

Speculative, contemplativus.

Speculative philosophy, philosophia contemplativa.

Speculatively, contemplatu.

A speculator, speculator.

Speech, alloquium.

The speech, sermo, loquela.

A speech or harangue, oratio, concio.

A set speech, oratio conceptus verbis habita.

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A florid speech, oratio florida.

Neat, compta.

Flimsy, flaccida.

A short or little speech, orationcula, concionacula.

To deny any one the freedom of speech, vetare homines libere loqui.

A far-fetched speech, alte repetita oratio.

To make a speech to the people, populo concionari, verba facere.

To close a speech, perorare.

Fair speech, blanditia, pl. blandimentum.

Lofty, superbiloquentia.

Opprobrious, contumelia.

Rudeness of speech, sermonia rusticitas.

Speechless, mutus; elliguus.

Speed [celerity] expeditio.

To send a person with full speed, citato itinere mittere aliquem.

To put a horse to his speed, admisso subdere calcar equo.

Great speed, velocitas, celeritas.

Speed [success] successus.

To speed or make speed, festinare, properare.

Or hasten, maturare, accelerare.

Well [neut.] prosperis successibus uti.

Act, fortunare, prosperare.

Speedily, celeriter, festine, incitate.

Speediness, celeritas, agilitas.

Speedy, citus, expeditus, agilis.

Very speedy, praeripuerus.

A speck or spike, clavus ferreus.

A spell, incantamentum.

To spell, literas singulas appellare, et syllabas connectere.

Well or ill in writing, recte v. male literas connectere.

A spell of work, laborandi vices.

A speller, good or bad, qui literas recte v. male connectit.

The art of spelling, orthographia.

A spence or larder, promptuarium, cellula.

To spend, consumere, expendere.

Time on a thing, rei aliquid temporis impertire.

One's life in study, aetatem in rebus discendis conterere.

Labour in vain, operam ludere v. frustra conterere.

La rishly, profundere, prodigere.

Its force [as a bullet, &c.] elanguescere.

A wasteful spender or spend thrift, prodigus, nepos, decoctor.

Spending, consumens, impendens.

A spending, consumptio.

Excessive spending or wasteful lavishing, prodigalitas, effusio.

That cannot be spent, inexhaustus.

Sperable, sperabilis.

Sperm, semen.

Spermatical or **spermatic**, ad æmen pertinens.
To spew, vomere, vomere.
To be ready to spew, nauseare.
To make one spew, vomitionem concitare.
A spewer or **one subject to vomiting**, vomitor.
Of spewing, vomitorius.
A sphere, sphaera, globus.
To sphere, rotundare; in orbem formare.
Spherical, globosus, sphaericus.
A spherical figure, schema sphaeroides.
A sphinx, sphinx.
Spice or **spicery**, aroma.
To spice, aromata contusa inspergere.
Spiced sauce, conditura.
Savouring of spice, spicy, aromaticus.
A seller of spice, aromatum venditor.
A spider, aranea, araneus. **A little spider**, araneola, araneulus. **A sea-spider**; aranea marina. **A water-spider**, tippula. **Full of spiders**, araneosus.
A spider's web, aranea, araneum.
An epigot, epistomium, siphonis obturamentum.
A spike or **large nail**, clavus ferreus major.
The sharp point of a spike, mucro cuspidis.
To spike or **make sharp at the end**, spicare, spiculare.
To spike or **nail up cannon**, tormenta bellica clavis adactis obstruere.
A spill of money, nummulum aliquid.
To spill or **shed**, effundere.
A spilling, effusio.
A spilt, aliquid effusum.
To spin, vere, fila torquere. **[As a top]** in gyrum versari.
Out or prolong, protrahere, extrahere. **Out a discourse**, sermonem longius producere.
Home-spun [mean] crassus, incultus.
A spindle or **spool**, fusus.
Spindle legs or **shanks**, crura substricta.
The spindle of a wheel, rota axis.
A spinner [a person who spins] qui v. quæ net.
A spinner [little spider] araneolus.
A spinning, netus.
A spinning-wheel, rota nendo filo accommodata.
A spinster [woman who spins] lanifica. **[In law]** femina in-nupta.
Spiny or **thorny**, spinosus.
Spiral, ad spiram pertinens.
A spiral line, linea in spiram ducta.
Spiral motion, motus in spiram.
Spirally, spiras instar.

Spiration or **breathing**, respiratio.
A spire or **steeple**, pyramis.
A spire of grass, spica graminis.
To spire, as corn, spicare.
A spirit, spiritus. **The Holy Spirit**, Spiritus Sanctus.
A good or bad spirit, bonus v. malus genius.
A spirit [goblin] larva, spectrum.
Familiar spirits, lares, pl.
Spirit or **soul**, anima, mens. **[Courage]** animus, virtus, magnanimitas. **[Genius or wit]** ingenium, indoles. **[Briskness, liveliness]** vigor, alacritas.
To give up the spirit, animam efflare.
A broken spirit, animus afflictus et fractus.
Full of spirit or **courage**, fortis, strenuus, animosus.
A spirit of contradiction, contradicendi cacoethes. **Of discontent or sedition**, seditious cacoethes.
A piercing or discerning spirit, ingenium acre.
With spirit, acute, ingeniose, solerter.
To spirit up or **encourage**, animare, lustigare, hortari, lacitare.
To bring down one's spirits, alicujus arrogantiam reprimere.
To spirit away children, infantes furtim abducere.
To raise a spirit, manes evocare.
To lay a spirit, manes relegare.
To raise one's spirits, [as music] animum excitare.
High-spirited, animosus, superbus, arrogans.
Low-spirited, spiritless, mæstus, excors, languidus.
A mean-spirited person, homo sordidi animi.
Public-spiritedness, patriæ caritas.
Spiritual [heavenly] ad cælestia pertinens. **[Incorporeal]** corporis expertus, incorporealis. **[Devout]** pius, religiosus.
A spiritual living, sacerdotium.
Spiritualities, redditus ecclesiastici.
To spiritualise [in chemistry] spiritus subtilissimos elicere. **[In theology]** e rebus humanis animum ad cælestia spirandum docere.
Spiritually [devoutly] pie, religiose.
Spirituous, spiritous, spirituum plenus.
A spirit, impetus animi brevis.
A spirit or gust of wind, flabrum.
To spirit or **cast out**, elicere, expuere. **[As liquids]** exillire.
Spirititude or **thickness**, spissitudo.
A spit, veru, indecl. in sing. pl. verua, ueni.

A small spit or **broach**, veruculum.
To spit meat, carnem torrensiam veru transfigere.
To turn the spit, carnem veru transfixam ad locum versare.
To spit or **spaul**, spuere. **Down** despuere. **Upon the ground**, in terram. **Often**, sputare.
Out, expuere. **Out one's lungs**, pulmones fere exsiccare. **At** or **spit upon**, consputare, inspuere. **With retching**, screare, exscreare.
A spital or **spital-house** [hospital] nosocomium, ptochotrophium.
To rob the spital or **hospital**, nudo vestimenta detrahere.
Spite or **spitefulness**, malitia, malevolentia.
To spite, lividere, male alicui velle.
Spiteful, invidus, invidiosus, malevolus.
Spitefully, maligne, malitiose, inimice.
A spitter, sputator, screator.
A spitter [young deer] subido, cervus bimus.
A spitting, sputatio, screatus.
A spitting of blood, sanguinis exsputio.
Spittle, saliva, sputum.
Fasting spittle, jejuni oris saliva.
Full of spittle, salivosus.
A splash or **splash of dirt**, luti macula.
To splash or **dirty a person's clothes**, alicuius vestem conspurcare.
A splashing, luti perspersio.
Splashy, aquosus.
A splay-foot, pes distortus.
Splay-footed, valgus, pedibus distortis.
A splay-mouth, os dedita operâ distortum.
To splay a horse, armum equinum frangere.
The spleen [milt] lien, lienia, splen.
Of the spleen, splenicus.
The spleen-vein, vena splenica v. splenetica.
Spleen or **grudge**, livor, simultas.
To take spleen against any one, aliquid simultatem gerere.
Spleenful, spleeny, splenetic iracundus, murosus.
Splenetic, spleneticus, splenicus.
Spleenless, clemens, mitis, comis.
Splendid [bright] splendidus, nitidus. **[Magnificent]** splendidus, illustris.
Splendidly, splendide, laute.
Splendour [brightness] splendor, fulgor. **[Magnificence]** magnificentia, laetitia.
To spice cables, funium partes inter se texere.

A splint, splent, or splinter of a bone, ossis fragmentum. **Of wood,** ligni fragmentum.
To splint or splinter [secure by splinters] assulis ligneis os fractum firmare.
To splinter or be splintered, diffundi, in assulas secari.
To split or cleave asunder, diffundere, discludere.
To split upon a rock, in scopulum impingere.
A splitter, qui diffundit.
Spoil or plunder, spoliū, praeda, rapina.
Spoils of war, manubia, pl.
Spoils taken from the body of an enemy, exuvie.
To live upon spoil, vivere rapto.
To spoil [corrupt] corrumpere, depravare. [**Plunder or pillage**] compilare, spoliare, vastare. **One's sport or interrupt,** interturbare.
A spoiler [corrupter] corruptor, corruptrix.
[Plunderer or pillager] prædator, expilator.
Spoilful, rapax, depopulans.
A spoiling or corrupting, corruptio, vitium.
A spoiling of children by too much indulgence, inepta lenitas.
A spoiling [plundering or pillaging] expilatio, direptio.
A spoke of a wheel, radius rotæ.
Not fit to be spoken, fœdum dictu.
Which may be spoken, enarrabilis.
Easy to be spoken to or easy of address, affabilis, comis.
A well spoken person, facundus, eloquens.
A spokesman, orator.
To spoliare, spoliare, vastare.
Spoliation, spoliatio, vastatio.
A spondee, spondæus.
A spondyl, spondylus.
A sponge, spongia. Vid. **Sponge.**
Sponk [touchwood] lignum cariosum fomiti serviens.
Sponson or compact, sponso.
A sponsor or surety, sponsor.
In baptism or godfather, pater lustricus.
Spontaneity, spontaneousness, voluntarius.
Spontaneously, sponte sua.
A spool or quill for weavers, lusus.
A spoon or spoonful, cochlear v. cochleare.
To spoon [in navigation] contracta velia navim vento dâre.
Spoon-meats, cibaria liquida.
Sport [pastime] ludus, jocus, oblectamentum.
Innocent or liberal sport, ingeniosa oblectatio.
Sinful sport, voluptas impia.
To do a thing in sport, aliquod per jocum facere.
Sports or public shows for diversion, spectacula; ludi.

Note, when *sport* denotes the pleasure taken in the exercise of any particular game, it is to be rendered in Latin by some word expressing that species of recreation; as, for *hunting*, venatio, venatus; for *fooling*, aucupium, aucupatio; for *fishing*, piscatio, piscatus.
To sport, ludere, joculari.
To make one sport, aliquem oblectare.
To spoil one's sport or measures, alicujus rationes conturbare.
To sport with one by making fair promises, aliquem inanibus verbis producere.
To sport or trifle with religion, ludere cum sacris.
In sport, jocosè, joculariter.
A sporter, ludio, minus.
A sportsman, venator.
Sportful, sporting, or sportive, ludicè, ludibundus.
Sportful or sportingly, festive, facetè.
Sporting wantonly, lasciviens.
A sporting, sportfulness, or sportiveness jocundus, procacitas.
A spot [mark] macula, labe.
A little spot, labecula.
A spot or natural blemish in the body, nævus.
A spot or blemish in one's reputation, dedecus, probum.
A spot of ground, agellus.
To spot or stain, maculare, inquinare.
To take out a spot, maculam detergere.
To spot or speckle, variis maculis distinguere.
To pay money down upon the spot, pecuniam representare.
Spotless or without spot, immaculatus. [**Blameless**] irreprehensibilis.
A spotless life, vita sine vitio acta.
The spotted fever, febris purpurea.
A spotter, qui v. quæ maculat.
A spotting, maculæ aspersio.
Spotty or full of spots, maculosus.
Spousal, adj. connubialis, maritalis.
Spousals, subst. sponsalia, pl. nuptium.
A spouse or husband, maritus, sponsus, conjux.
A spouse or wife, uxor, sponsa, conjux.
Spouseless, vidua.
A spout or cock, tubus, siphon.
Torrent of water, torrens.
Spouts, drains, or gutters to convey water, collicæ v. colliculæ, pl.
The mouth of a spout, siphonis ostium.
To spout out, erumpere, effundere. **Pour out, effundere.**
Pour down, defundere, deor-

sum effundere. **Pour up,** in sublime effundere.
A spouting or issuing out, eruptio.
A spouting whale, physeter.
A spouting or pouring out, effusio, ejectio.
A sprain, membri distortio; luxatio.
To sprain, membrum distortionè luxare.
Spraints [the dung of an otter] lutre fœces.
Sprank or lively, vividus, agilis.
To sprawl, sprawl, or lie sprawling on the ground, humi prostratus repere.
Spray [the extremity of a branch] rami terminus.
[Sprinkling of water] aspergo.
To spread [extend] pandere, extendere. [**Run or creep abroad**] discurrere, serpere.
Scatter, spargere, dispergere.
Stress under, subternere
Upon, insternere, supersternere.
A spreader, qui spargit v. dissipat.
A spreading, distensio, porrectio.
The spreading of a distemper, contagio, contagium, labe.
A sprig, ramulus, surculus.
A small sprig to graft on, taleola.
Spriggy or full of sprigs, surculosus.
To grow spriggy, stirpescere.
A spright or sprite, larva, spectrum.
Sprightful or sprightly, alacer, vegetus, vividus.
Sprightfully, alacriter.
Sprightliness, alacritas.
A spring or fountain, fons, scaturigo.
Abounding with springs, scaturiginosus.
A little spring or well, fonticulus.
Of a spring, fontanus, puteanus.
A spring or beginning, ortus, origo.
A spring [of a watch, &c.] momentum, machina motumiciens. [Of a lock, &c.] organum alias partes agitans.
A work moved by springs or seeming to move itself, automatum v. automatum.
The spring of motion, motus principium.
The spring or spring-time, vernalis.
Early in the spring, primo vere.
Of the spring, vernus.
The beginning, middle, or end of the spring, ver novum, aduentum, præcep.
The spring of the day, diluculum.
To spring out or gush forth, [as liquids] erumpere, effundere.
Again, repullulascere, rev-

rea tre. *Leap*, salire. *Out or leap suddenly upon one*, in aliquem irrumpere. *A leak*, rimis fatiscere.

To begin to spring, gemmascere, pullulascere.

A springall or stripling, adolescentulus.

A springe, springle, or trap, laqueus, tendicula.

Springiness, vis resiliendi.

The springing of trees, germinatio, gemmatio.

A springing again, regerminatio.

Springy, vi resiliendi praeditus.

To sprinkle, spargere. *Abroad*, dispergere. *At, upon*, aspergere, conspergere.

A sprinkler, qui v. quae spargit.

A sprinkling, sparsio, aspersus.

A sprinkling upon or with, aspersio, inspersio.

The sprit-sail, velum malo anteriori affixum.

To sprout, germinare, pullulare.

A sprout or young twig, surculus, germens.

The young sprout of colewort or other herbs, cyma, prototomus.

Sprouts or young coleworts, caules prototomi.

A sprouting out, germinatio, gemmatio.

Spruce, bellus, comptus, concinnus.

Spruce beer, cerevisia triticea.

A spruce fellow, homo concinnus.

Sprucely, belle, concinne, nitide.

Spruceness, concinnitas, mundities, elegantia.

A spud or little fellow, homunculus, nanus.

Spume or scum, spuma. *Of lead*, molybdtis. *Of silver*, argyritis.

Spummy, spumous, spumeus, spumosus.

Home-spun [mean or ordinary] crassus, incultus.

A spunge or sponge, spongia.

The cavities of a sponge, spongia fistulae.

A little sponge, spongiola.

To sponge or clear with a sponge spongia extergere.

To sponge upon [in company] alieno sumptu edere v. potare.

A spurger, assecia.

Spunging-houses, caupones quibus debitores comprehensi detinentur, priusquam in carcerem coniciantur.

Spunginess, qualitas rei spongiatae.

Spungy, spongiosus.

A spur, calcar, stimulus.

A spur or incitement, illecebra, irritamentum.

A cock's spur, galli calcar.

The spur of a ship, rostrum navis.

To spur on, incitare, stimulare.

To be upon the spur, omnibus modis festinare.

To spur-gall, calcaribus sauciare.

A spurrier, stimulator.

A spurring, stimulatius, incitatio.

Spurious adulterinus.

To spurn, calcitrare, ierire.

A spurner, calcitro.

A spurning, calcitratus.

A sputter or bustle, turba, tumultus.

To sputter, sputare.

A sputterer, qui prae vehementia inter loquendum diuiniata profert verba.

A spy, speculator, explorator.

To spy [watch or observe] speculatio, observare. [See or perceive] videre, cernere, percipere, intelligere.

A spying or beholding, conspectus, aspectus, intuitus.

A spying afar off, prospectus.

Soon spying, oculatus, perspicax.

A squab or couch, grabatus.

A squab or stuffed cushion, pulvinus suffarcinatus.

A squab, squabbish, or fat and short person, homo pumilus et obesus.

A squab [pigeon] pipilo.

To squab [fall] concidere.

To squabble, litigare, concertare.

A squabble or squabbling, altercatio, rixa.

A squadron of horse, equitum turma.

To divide themselves into several squadrons, se turmatim explicare.

A squadron of ships, classis.

Squalid, squalidus, spurcus.

To squall, clamare, vociferare.

[As an infant] vagire, vagitare.

A squalling, clamor, vociferatio.

Squamous, squamosus, squameus.

To squander away, profundere, effundere. *An estate*, prodigere, profundere, dissipare.

A squanderer, nepos; homo profusus.

A squandering, profusio, effusio.

Square, [having four right angles, and four equal sides] quadratus.

A square, quadra.

A workman's square, norma.

A solid square or cube, cubus.

A square or pane of glass, quadra vitrea.

Square [honest] honestus.

To square or make square, quadrare.

To be upon the square or level with one, aequa conditione cum aliquo agere.

To square [rule or govern] regere, ad normam dirigere.

Agree with, quadrare, congruere.

To pave with square pieces, tessellis consternere.

A paving with square pieces, tessellatio.

Out of square, enormis, abnormis.

A squaring, quadratura.

To squash, comprimere.

A squashing, compressio.

Squat, brevis et compactus.

To squat down, succumbere, recumbere.

To take a hare squatting, excipere leporem in culili.

To squeal or squeak, argute stridere.

Squeaking or squealing, argutus, stridulus.

A squeaking or squealing, stridor, arguta vociferatio.

Squeakingly, argute stridens.

Squeamish, fastidiosus, nauseus.

To be squeamish, fastidire, nauseare.

Squeamishly, fastidiosae.

Squeamishness, fastidium, nausea.

To squeeze, comprimere. *Out*, exprimere, elicere. *Hard*, perstringere. *Together*, collidere, comprimere.

A squeezing, compressio.

A squelch or fall, casus, lapsus.

A squib, pyrobolus.

A squill [sea-onion] acilla, v. aquilla.

The squincy or squinancy, synanche.

Squint-eyed, strabus, strabo.

A squint look, aspectus distortus.

To squint, limis spectare.

A squinting, oculorum distortio.

Squintingly, limis oculis spectans.

A squirrel, sclurus.

A squirt or syringe, syrx.

To squirt out liquids, liquida ex arctiori tubo elicere. *Or, be squirted out* [as liquids] exsilire, prosilire.

St [be silent] au, st!

A stab, vulnus gladio, cultro &c. factum.

To stab, gladio, sick, cultro, &c. confodere.

A stabber, sicarius.

Stabiliment, stabilimentum.

Stability, stabilitas, firmitas.

Stable, stabilis, firmus.

A stable, equile.

To stable, stabulare.

A stableman, equiso.

Stableness, stabilitas, firmitas.

To establish or establish, stabilire, sancire.

A stack [of corn, hay, wood, &c.] cumulus, acervus, strues.

A stack of chimneys, caminorum series.

A staff, baculus, baculum. *An augur's staff*, lituus. *A plough-staff*, rulla. *The staff of a spear*, hastile. *A walking-staff*, scipio. *A quarter-staff*, clava fustis. *A cross staff*, baculus mathematicus.

Staff or power, potestas, potentia.
A staff of eight verses, strophe, octastichos.
A staff-bearer, claviger.
The staff of one's old age, senectutis praesidium.
A stag, cervus.
A stag-beetle or stag-fly, cervus volans.
A stage, scena.
To go off the stage or die, mori.
A stage whereon pageants were set, pegma.
A stage-play, fabula histrionalis.
A stage-player, histrio.
Like stage-players, scenice.
The art of stage-playing, histrionia.
Of stage-playing, scenicus, histrionialis.
A stage [of a journey] statio.
A stage-coach, currus meritorius.
A stage of life, gradus status.
An old stager or one well practised in a thing, homo in aliquo re diu multumque versatus.
To stagger [reel] vacillare, titubare. [*Wave or be in doubt*] dubitare, fluctuare, hæsitare.
One, scrupulum alicui afferre.
Staggeringly, titubanter, dubie.
The staggerer's, vertigo.
Stagnant, stagnans.
To stagnate, stagnare.
Stagnation, motus cessatio.
A stain, macula, labes.
A little stain, labecula.
A stain or blemish in one's reputation, dedecus, infamia.
To stain [spot or sully] maculare, fœdare. [*Discolour*, decolorare. *A person's reputation*, alicuius existimationem lædère. *Dye*, tingere, inficere.
Not stained or polluted, intaminatus.
A stainer or dyer, infector, tinctor.
A painter stainer, qui pingit coloribus.
A staining or dyeing, tinctura, infectus.
A staining or discolouring, decoloratio.
Stainless, purus, immaculatus.
A stair or step, gradus.
A stair-case or pair of stairs, scale, pl.
Straight or upright stairs, scale directæ graduum serie structæ.
Winding stairs, cochlides.
Private stairs, scale occultæ.
A pair of stairs [floor or story] contabulatio, contignatio.
A stake or post, stipes, postis.
A stake to tie cattle to, vacerra.
A forked stake, cervus.
A stake at play, pignus.
To sweep stakes, omnia pignora auferre.

To lie at stake, periclitari, in periculo versari.
To stake or lay stakes, deponere, pignurare. [*Prop up*, fulcire.
Stale [old] vetus, vetustus, inveterascens.
Stale or rank, putridus, rancidus. *Somewhat stale*, subrancidus.
A stale proverb, tritum proverbium.
Stale or antiquated, obsoletus, nimis antiquus.
Stale [urine] urina.
A stale or handle, instrumenti cuiusvis manubrium.
To grow stale, obsolescere. Or sour, concrescere.
A growing stale, senium.
Staleness, vetustas.
The stales or rounds of a ladder, scalarum gradus.
The stalk [of a plant] caulis, festuca.
A little stalk, cauliculus.
Having but one stalk, unicaulis.
Many stalks, multicaulis.
The stalk [of fruit] petiolus. [*Of an onion, leeks, &c.*] thailus. [*Of corn*] culmus, stipula.
To stalk, aucupium modo incedere. *About like a madman*, bacchari.
A stall for cattle, stabulum.
A stall or stable for horses, equile.
An ox-stall or cow-house, bovine.
A stall or little shop, catasta.
A stall or seat [in a choir] sella.
To stall or put into a stall, stabulare. [*Attend*] saginare.
Stallage or stall-money, locarium.
A stallion or housing of cattle, stabulatio.
A stallion [horse] equus admissarius.
A stallion or gallant, admissarius.
To stammer or stutter, balbutire, hæsitare, titubare.
A stammerer, balbus, blæsus.
A stammering at, hæsitantia, dubitatio.
Stammeringly, cum linguæ hæsitatione.
A stamp or mark, nota, signum. *Made with the foot*, vestigium.
A stamp to mark anything with, typus.
The stamp or impression made, impressio. *Persons of that stamp*, ejus modi homines. *Men of this stamp*, homines hujus modi.
A stamp [cut or print] figura, tabula.
To stamp, pedibus calcare. [*Walk heavily*] pedem suppedicare. [*Mark*] notare, signare. *Coin money*, nummum culdere, signare. [*Pound or bruise*] confringere. *Under foot*, conculcare, prœculcare.

A stamper or marker, qui signum imprimit.
A stamping with the feet, calcatura.
A stamping or trampling upon, conculcatio.
A stamping or marking, signatio.
Stanch, bonus, fidelis, solidus.
A stanch toper, potator strenuus.
Stanch [as a hound] odoratus.
To stanch blood, sanguinem suppressere.
A stancher, qui supprimit.
A stanching, suppressio, restinctio.
A stanchion or prop, fulcrum.
Stanchless, qui supprimit nequit.
Stand-crop [an herb] vermicularis.
A stand [stop or pause] mora, intervallum.
A stand [station] statio. [*Doubt or suspense*, dubitatio. [*Prop to bear up any thing*] fulcrum. *For a candlestick*, columella ad sustinendum candelabrum apta.
To stand, stare. Still, quiescere, stare, consistere. Or *keep in a place*, morari. *About*, circumstare. *Affected*, affici. *Against*, resistere, obistere. *Amazed*, obstupere. *Aside*, secedere. *Around*, distare. *By*, astare. *His ground*, litem vestigiis inherere. *To be bought or hired*, prostare. Or *persist in*, persistere. *In fear*, timere, metuere. *Fast or upright*, consistere. *One in stead*, prolesse; *Invare*. *In the way*, ob stare. *For a person or be of his side*, ab aliquo esse. *Candidate for an office*, munus petere. *For both parties*, in commune consilere. *Off*, absistere. *It out or persist in a thing*, persistere. *The charge of an enemy*, hostium impetum sustinere. *To, astare*, fidenter asserere. *Together*, constare. *Up for or defend a person*, aliquem defendere. *Upon*, instare, insistere. *Keep upon one's legs* [support one's credit] foro florere. *Upon punctilios*, de rebus levissimis altercari. *Up for the liberty of the people*, populi vindicare libertatem. *Up to a person by way of respect*, alicui assurgere. *Up together*, consurgere. *It out* [as one nation against another] sustinere.
To be at a stand [doubt] hærere, dubitare, hæsitare, cunctari.
To put one to a stand or make one doubt, alicui scrupulum inficere.
A standard, vexillum, signum militare.

A standard-bearer, signifer, vexillarius.
The Roman standard, aquila.
The Roman standard-bearer, aquilifer.
A standard [measure] mensura publica.
A standard or pattern, modulus, exemplum.
An old standard or person of an old standing, qui diu in litumque in re aliqua versatus est.
A stander-by, astans.
A standing place or station, statio.
Standing [durable, steadfast] stabilis, fixus.
Standing corn, seges.
A standing dish or food, cibus quotidianus.
A standing army, copie militares quibus stipendium perpetuum solvitur.
To keep one's standing, in gradu suo stare.
Standing stiff, obstinatus, obfirmatus, pertinax.
A standing or time, ætas, tempus.
The standing of a house, positio.
A standish, atramentarium.
A stannary or tin-mine, stanni fodina.
A stanza of verses, carminum series.
A stanza of eight verses, ogdoastichon.
A staple or mart for the sale of goods, emporium.
Staple commodities, merces primariæ.
The staple of a lock, cavum in quod pennis intruditur.
A star, stella, astrum.
The day-star or morning-star, Venus, phosphorus, lucifer.
A blazing star or comet, stella crinita, comans; cometa.
The dog-star, sirius, canicula.
Fixed stars, stellæ inerrantes.
Wandering stars, stellæ errantes, planetæ, pl.
A shooting star, sidus volans.
The seven stars, vergilium, pl. Pleiades.
Set thick with stars, star-paved, stellatus.
The star-board or right side of a ship, dextra navis pars.
A star-fish, stella piscis.
The star-hawk, astur.
Star-light, sublustris, sideribus illustris.
Starless, sine stellis.
Starlike, illustris, splendidus.
Starry, starred, stellatus, siderens.
Starch, amydon v. amydon.
To starch linen, lintea amylo imbued.
Starched in behaviour, homo affectatis moribus.
To stare, aspectare; obtutu harere. *Look wildly*, efferati

aspectu intueri. *About*, huc illuc oculos volvere.
To make the hair stare through fear, comas metu arrigere.
Staring or rough, horridus, hirtus, asper.
Eyes staring wildly, oculi efferati v. efferati.
Staringly or wildly, ferociter, efferati instar.
Stark, starkly, penitus, prorsus, omnino.
Stark naked, omnino nudus.
Stark naught, deterimus, nequissimus.
Stark mad, amentissimus.
A start, saltus, impetus.
To start or give a start, exsilire, trepidare, expavescere. *Back*, resilire. *A point in law*, questionem de jure facere. Or mention first, inferre. *A doubt*, scrupulum alicui injicere. Or go from one's subject, a proposition aberrare. *Up*, exsilire. [*Begin a journey or race*] in viam se dare.
To get the start of, præoccupare.
A starter of difficulties, qui scrupulos injicere solet.
A starting-hole, effugium.
A starting-place, carceres, pl.
Startingly, per intervalla; temere.
To startle [shrink through fear] trepidare. Vid. *To start*. Or *make a person to startle*, alicui repentino motu terrorem injicere. *Surprise*, nec opinantem temere opprimere.
To starve one with hunger, inedia alicui consumere.
To starve out a town in a blockade or siege, frumento oppidum interclusum fame premere.
To starve with cold, frigore horrere.
A starveling, qui præ inedia valde est macilentus.
State [condition] status, conditio.
To change one's state or way of life, vitam mutare.
State [degree or rank] ordo.
A council of state or of the three states of the realm, sollemnis trium ordinum conventus.
State [charge or office] munus, dignitas. [*Government*] regnum, rerum publicarum administratio. [*Show, magnificence*] pompa, magnificentia.
State-affairs, res politicæ.
To lie in state [as a dead body] splendide ornatus in conspectu adventantium poni.
To live in great state, magnifice vivere.
A state-house, basilica.
A state-room, camera magnifica.
A bed of state, lectus ad pompam ornatus.

The states [nobility] primores, pl. proceres.
The states of the Low Countries, ordines Provinciarum Fœderatarum.
To state [regulate] ordinare, molerari.
Stateliness, superbia, magnificentia.
Stately, adj. elatus, magnificus, splendidus.
To become or behave one's self stately, superbire, tumere.
Stately, adv. elate, magnifico, splendide.
A statesman, statist, or politician, politicus scientiam peritus.
An able statesman, rerum politicarum usu peritissimus.
Statics [the science of weights and measures] ponderum et mensurarum scientia.
A station or standing-place, statio, locus.
An advantageous station, locus commodus.
A station [post or office] munus.
To station, in statione ponere.
A stationer or seller of paper, chartopola.
Stationers [so called, because they anciently kept their shops together in one station, or row of building] stationarii, pl.
Stationary wares, merces quas stationarii vendere solent.
A statuary or carver of statues, statuarius.
Statuary [the art of carving statues] sculptura.
A statue or standing image, statua.
A statue of brass, &c. signum æneum, &c.
An equestrian statue, statua equestris.
Statue or size of the body, statua.
A person of small, great, &c. stature, homo parvus, magnus, &c. staturæ.
Statutable or agreeable to the statutes, legibus consentaneus.
Statutably, juxta leges.
A statute, statutum, decretum.
A penal statute, sanctio.
A statute of parliament, senatus consultum.
The statutes or statute laws of England, leges ab Anglicis comitiis late.
To stave off, protelare, propellere; impedire.
To stave or break in pieces, diffringere.
The staves of a barrel or tub, annuli doliarum.
A stay [delay or hindrance] mora, impedimentum.
Without stop or stay, sine mora, nullâ interpositâ morâ.
A stay or tarrying in a place, mansio, commoratio. [*Prop*]

fulcrum, sustentaculum. *Band*, ligula, retinaculum.
To be or stand at a stay, dubitare, hæerere.
To stay [abide or continue] manere, morari. [*Make one stay or stop*] sistere, demorari. [*Stop or curb*] cohibere, coercere. *Or appease one's fury*, irâ furentem mollire. *Or lean against*, inniti. *Prop up a thing*, aliquid fulcire. *For*, præmolari, expectare. *Loiter*, cessare, cunctari. *A way or be absent*, abesse.
Stayedly, graviter, severe.
Stayedness, gravitas, severitas.
A stayer or stopper, stator.
Staying upon, nixus, innixus.
A staying [continuing] commoratio.
A staying up, sustentatio.
A pair of stays for women, thorax feminarum nexilis.
Stead or place, locus.
In stead of, loco, vice.
To stand one in stead, prodesse.
Steadfast, stabilis, firmus.
Steadfastness, æquabilitas. *Vid.* *Steadiness*.
Steadfastly, acriter.
Steadily, firme, firmiter.
Steadiness, stabilitas, firmitas.
Steady, certus, firmus, fixus.
A steady resolution, propositum certum.
A steak, offella, ofula.
Beef, mutton, veal, steaks, offellæ carnis bubulæ, ovine, vitulinæ.
A steel or handle, [of any instrument] manubrium.
To steal or rob, furari, prædare. *Privately*, surripere. *Or go away privately*, recedere, secedere. *A marriage*, nuptialis clandestinas celebrare. *Into*, irrepere. *A look at one another*, furtim inter se aspicere. *Upon one unawares*, alicui imprudenter obrepere.
A stealer, fur, latro, prædo.
Given to stealing, furax.
A stealing, direptio, compilatio.
Stealingly or by stealth, furtim, furtive; clam, occulte.
Of or belonging to stealth, stealthy, furtivus; clandestinus.
A steam, vapor, halitus.
To steam, vaporare, exhalare.
A steed, equus, sonipes.
Steel, chalybs.
Of steel, chalybeus.
A steel to strike fire with, ignitarium.
A steel-yard or balance, statera.
To steel, chalybe temperare, durare.
Steep, steepy, abruptus, præruptus. [*Ascending or up-hill*] acclivis. [*Descending or down-hill*] declivis.
A steep place, præcipitium.

To steep, aquâ, vino, &c. macerare.
A steeping, maceratio.
A staple, templi pyramis.
Steeply, prærupte.
Steepness of ascent, acclivitas. *Of descent*, declivitas.
A steer, juvenecus, buculus.
To steer or govern, gubernare, imperare. *A ship*, navem gubernare. *One's course to a place*, cursum dirigere.
Steerage or steering of a ship, navis gubernatio.
The steerage, naucleri statio.
A steersman, gubernator. *Vid.* *Pilot*.
The stem of a plant or herb, caulis.
Having but one stem, unicaulis. *Having many stems*, multicaulis.
The stem or stock of a tree, arboris truncus.
The stem of corn, culmus, stipula.
A stem [race or parentage] progenies, prosapia.
The stem of a ship, navis rostrum.
To stem or stop, sistere, coercere.
To grow to a stem, caulescere.
To stem the tide, æstum marinum sistere.
A stench or stink, fætor, putor.
The stench of a thing burnt or broiled, nidor.
The stench of a foul breath, halitûs gravitas v. graveolentia.
A step or pace, passus, gradus.
A step or footstep, vestigium.
To follow or tread in another's footsteps, alterius vestigia præterire.
To make the first step in a thing, aliquid incipere.
The steps or rounds of a ladder, scalarum gradus.
The step or threshold of a door, linen.
Steps before the door of a house, podium.
The broad step of a stair-case, gradus intercalaris.
Step by step or step after step, gradatim, pedetentim.
A step-father, vitricus. *Mother*, noverca.
Of or belonging to a step-mother, novercalis.
A step-son, privignus. *Daughter*, privigna.
To step or go by steps, gradi, gradatim incedere. *Or go to a place*, aliquo ire, vadere. *After one*, aliquem sequi. *Along with one*, aliquem comitari. *Aside*, secedere. *It away or walk briskly*, gradum accelerare. *Back*, redire, gradum reducere. *Before*, præcedere. *Between*, inter alios incedere. *By one*, aliquem præterire. *Down*, descendere. (26)

Forth or forward, procedere. *In*, intrare, ingredi. *In unlooked for*, supervenire. *Off or away*, abscedere. *On or mend one's pace*, gradum accelerare. *Over*, transire. *To one*, aliquem adire. *Softly*, tarde ire. *Through*, pervadere. *Under*, subire. *Up*, ascendere. *Upon*, supergredi. *Going by steps*, gradatim. *Made with steps*, gradatus. *A stepping or going step by step*, gradatio, incessus lentus. *Aside*, recessus. *In*, ingressus. *In unlooked for*, adventus inopinatus.
Steril or barren, sterilis, infecundus.
Sterility, sterilitas, infecunditas.
To sterilize, sterilem reddere. *Sterling or sterling money* [so called from the goodness of the coin first stamped by a people of East Germany, by order of King Richard I. on which account they were known by the name of *East-erlings*] bona et legalis moneta; sterlingum.
A pound sterling, viginti solidi. *Stern*, torvus, tetricus.
To look stern or sternly, torvum tueri.
A stern old blade, tertius Cato. *The stern or hinder part of a ship*, puppis; navis gubernaculum.
To fall astern, in puppim incurrere.
Sternly, torve, tetre, severe.
Sternness, torvitas, tetricitas, severitas.
A stew or fish-pond, piscina.
A stew-pan, authepa.
A common stew or bawdy-house, lupanar.
A haunter of stews, ganeo, scortator.
A steward, dispensator, curator. *A domestic or house steward*, rerum domesticarum curator. *An out-steward*, prædiorum procurator.
A stick or staff, baculus; scipio. *To beat one with a stick*, aliquem bacillo cedere.
A stick or young twig, virgultum.
A stick or bavin, codicillus.
A stick of sealing wax, cere signatorie virgula.
To stick [fix] figere, infigere. *Fix up before*, præfigere. *Cleave to*, adherere, inherere. *Or snb one with a knife*, &c. aliquem cultro, &c. fodere. *At*, hesitare, dubitare. *Or put between*, interserere. *Or fasten in the ground*, defigere. *Or put out*, exstare, eminere. *Apply one's self to a thing*, se ad aliquid applicare. *To the*

ribs [as food] solidum nutrimentum præbere. To or insist upon a thing, insistere, urgere. A sticking or cleaving unto, adhesio.

To stickle for a person or party, ab aliquo stare.

A stickler for a person or party, alicujus v. cujusvis partis studiosus.

A stickling for a party, partium studium.

Sticky or clammy, viscidus, viscosus.

Stiff [not pliable] rigidus. Stiff, with cold, frigore torpens. [Benumbed] torpidus. [Inexorable, inflexible] inexorabilis. [Obstinate] pertinax, contumax. [Starched, full of affectation] nimium concinnitatem affectans. [Rigid] rigidus, acerbus, severus. [In drawing, painting, writing, &c.] nimio studio peractus. A stiff or strong gale, ventus validus.

Stiff-necked, contumax.

To be or grow stiff, rigere, torpere; frigescere.

To stiffen, make stiff, durare. With gum, &c. gummi, &c. sublinere.

Stiffly, rigide, obstinate.

To be stiffly bent on or upon a thing, in aliquid summo studio incumbere.

Stiffness [being stiff] rigor. [Numbness] torpor. [Obstinacy] pertinacia.

To stifle [suffocate] suffocare. A report, famam alicujus rei comprimere. Conceal, celare, tegere. One's resentmen, animi dolorem celare.

A stifling, suffocatio, præfocatio.

To stigmatise [mark with a hot iron] stigmatere inurere. [Brand with infamy] alicujus famam ledere.

A stile, septum scanale, climax.

A turn-stile, septum versatile.

Still [yet, continually] adhuc, etiamnum.

Still [calm, quiet] tranquillus, placidus.

To be still, silere, silesce.

To stand still from working, ab opere cessare.

To make one stand still, alicujus gressum reprimere.

Still-born or a still-born child, abortivus.

To still [calm or pacify] pacare, placare, sedare. Distil, succum hordel, &c. subjecto igne elicere.

Stillness, tranquillitas, serenitas.

Stilly, tranquille, placide.

Stills, grallæ, pl.

A goer on stilts, grallator.

To stimulate, stimulare, excitare.

A stimulating or stimulation, stimulatio.

A sting, stimulus, aculeus.

A little sting, aculeolus, punctiuncula.

To sting, pungere.

A sting of conscience, conscientie angor.

To be stung in conscience, mentis male sibi conscientie angoribus confici.

Having a sting, aculeatus.

Stinging [adj.] stimuleus.

A stinging feat, sarcasmus.

A stinging, punctio, compunctio.

Stingless, sine aculeo.

Stingingly, punctim.

Stinginess, tenacitas, avaritia, sortida.

Stingy, parce, sordide, avaro.

Stingy, deparcus, illiberaliter tenax.

A stink, fætor, putor.

To stink, fætere, putere, putescere.

A stinkard, homo graveolens.

Stinking, fætidus, graveolens.

Somewhat stinking, putidulus, rancidulus.

A stinking knave, sterquilinus.

Stinkingly, fælide, putide.

A stint, limitatio, modus, terminus.

To stint [limit] limitare, finire; præfinire. [Curb or restrain] frenare, temperare.

A stinting, limitatio, moderatio, coercitio.

A stipend, stipendium, salarium.

Yearly stipend, annuum stipendium.

To pay a stipend, stipendium numerare.

A stipendiary, stipendiarius.

To stipulate, stipulari, pacisci.

A stipulation, stipulatio, pactio.

A stipulator, stipulator.

A stir, turba.

To stir or move, pedem eiere.

Up or provoke, provocare, insigare, irritare. Up to anger, irritare, scerbare, exacerbare.

Beatir one's self in a business, diligenter agere. Circulate [as money] circulari. Walk abroad, deambulare, spatari.

Out of doors, domo egredi. One's stumps, ocyus se movere.

Or shake up and down, agitare.

To make or keep a stir, tumultuari, turbare eiere.

With much stir or tumult, tumultuose. [Difficulty] ægre, vix.

A stirrer, concitator, concitatrix. Of sedition, seditiois stimulator.

To be stirring, a lecto surgere.

A stirring [inciting] concitatio, incitatio. Moving, motus,

motio. Provoking, stimulatō.

About, agitatio, concussio.

Or bustling person, homo diligens.

A stirrup, scabellum.

A stirrup-leather, lorum ex quo scabellum equestre pendet.

A shoe maker's stirrup, lorum sutorium.

A stitch [in sewing] sutura.

A stitch in the side, lateris dolor.

To stitch, suere, consuere.

Round about, circumsuere.

A stitching, stitchery, sutura, consutura.

Astithy or smith's anvil, incua.

To stior one with heat, aliquem loco calido includere.

A stoat or polecat, putorius.

A stock or stump of a tree, arboris truncus.

A little stock, trunculus.

A stock [family] familia, prospapia; gens.

Descended of a noble stock, honesto loco natus.

Of the same stock, gentilia.

A stock [estate] res, pl. bona, census.

A good stock of goods, peculium amplum, mercium magna copia.

Having a very large stock of cattle, pecuarias habens grandes.

A great stock of any thing, magna cujusve rei copia. Fund of money, ingens nummorum vis.

A stock set in the ground to graft on, talea. A little stock, taleola. A leaning-stock, fulcrum.

A stock of a tree, caudex.

A very stock or blockhead, stockish, stipes, caudex; mulo inscius.

Stocks in the public funds, actiones pecuniarie.

Stocks for building ships on, ligneæ compages in quâ naves construi solent.

A pair of stocks, cippus, numella. To set in the stocks, cippo pedes alicujus inserere.

To stock a tree, surculum arbori inserere.

To stock or furnish with, instruere, suggerere.

A stock-jobber, sortibus pecuniaris negotians.

A stocking or furnishing, instructio, suppeditatio.

A stocking or hose, tibiale.

A stoic, stolicus, stom philosophus.

Stoically, stolce.

Stoicism, stolicismus, stolicorum dogmata.

A stole or long garment, stola, palla.

A groom of the stole, stolus v. vestium regiarum custos præmarus.

Stolen goods, res furtivæ.

Stolen away surreptitiously, surreptitius.

Stolen hours, hore subsecivæ.

The stomach, stomachus.

A stomach or appetite, appetitus, cibi appetentia.

A stomach like a horse, appetitus caninus.

To have a good stomach or appetite, esurire, cibum appetere.

To have no stomach, nullam ciborum appetentiam sentire.

To get one's stomach, stomachum acutere. To lose one's stomach, stomachum perdere.

To make one lose his stomach, alicui ciborum fastidium afferre.

Loss of stomach, appetitus prostratio.

To stay the stomach, famem eximere.

To turn one's stomach, nauseam facere.

Having a weak stomach, cardiacus.

Sick at the stomach, stomachicus.

The stomach-ache, stomachi dolor.

A person of a great stomach, esuritor egregius.

Stomach [anger] ira, iracundia. [Courage or spirit] audentia, contumacia.

To stomach, stomachari, indignari.

A stomacher, mamillare.

Stomachful, stomachous, stomachosus.

Stomachic [comfortable to the stomach] stomacho gratus.

Stomachless, nullam ciborum appetentiam sentiens.

A stone, lapis.

Of stone, saxeus, lapideus.

To leave no stone unturned, omnem lapidem movere.

A little stone, lapillus. A blood-stone, hæmatites. A chalk-stone, lapis cretaceus. A flint-stone, sillex. A great stone, saxum, petra. A load-stone, magnes. A mill-stone, lapis molaris. A pebble-stone, calculus. A precious stone, gemma. A pumice-stone, pumex. A sharp stone, scripus. A squared stone, lapis quadratus. A thunder stone, pyrites. A touch-stone, coticula. A wheel-stone, cox. A rolling-stone, cylindrus lapideus. Bristol stone, sancti Vincentii crystallus.

To stone, cast, hurl, throw, or rain stones, lapidare; lapidibus obruere.

To become hard as a stone, lapidescere.

To have stones, lapides cadere.

To build with heaven stone, lapide quadrato struere.

To rid a place of stones, locum e lapidibus liberare.

A stone of wool, luum quatuor-

decim libræ. Of meat [at London] carnis octo libræ.

The stone [a disease] calculus. Troubled with the stone, calculus.

The stones or testicles, testes, testiculi.

The stones [of cherries, &c.] ossicula, pl.

A stone-cutter, lapicida.

A stone-quarry, lapicidina.

A digger or heaver of stone, lapicida.

A stone-wall, maceria lapidea.

A stoning, casting, hurling, or raining of stones, lapidatio.

A stoner or hurler of stones, lapidator.

A place full of great stones or rocks, saxetum.

Living or growing among great stones, saxatilis.

That breaks stones, saxifragus.

That is engendered of stone, saxigenus.

Stony or full of stones, lapidosus.

A stool, sella, sedes.

A stool or going to stool, alvus, alvi dejectio.

To go to stool, alvum deicere, alvum exonerare. To the closest stool, alvum sella pertusa levare.

To cause to go to stool, alvum ciere.

To stoop [bend] se inclinare.

Cringe, demissa corpore serviliter deveneri. [Submit or yield to] alicui fasces submittere.

Stooping, stoopingly, inclinis, pronus.

A stooping, inclinatio.

A stop [hindrance] mora, impedimentum.

A stop or breaking off for a time, respiratio.

To be at a stop, consistere.

A stop or point in writing, punctum, interpunctum.

A full stop, periodus.

To stop or put a stop to, prohibere. Bleeding, reprimere sanguinem. Keep off, distinere. One's journey, iter alicui impedire. Or stand stock-still, continere gradum. Chinks, stipare. In reading, spiritum suspendere. A person upon the road as a highwayman does, invitum alicum cogere, consistere. Up, obstruere. Up [fill or stuff] implere. A way or passage, aditum claudere. Tarry, morari, cunctari. Or assuage, placare, mulcere. Punctuate, interpungere.

A stoppage or obstruction, obstructio. Or detention of money, &c. retentio.

A stopper or stopple, obturamentum.

A stopping of the breath or suffocation, suffocatio, præfoca-

tio. Or holding of the breath, animæ v. halitus retentio.

Store [plenty] abundantia, copia. [Provision] penus, con-

mentus, victus.

To store or furnish with, suppeditare, subministrare, instruere.

To have a store of or abound in, abundare, affluere.

To lay up in store, servare, reponere.

A store-house, repositorium, armarium. For victuals, promptuarium. For armour, armamentarium.

A storer or store-keeper, condus.

A stork, ciconia.

Stork's-bill [an herb] geranium.

A storm [tempest] procella, tempestas. Of rain, nimbus.

Of wind, turbo. [Bustle or tumult] turba, seditio. [Sudden and violent assault] repentina et vehemens aggressio.

Or rail at, or against, a person or thing, in aliquem v. aliquid debacchari, alicui convicia ingerere. A city or town, urbem v. oppidum oppugnare.

To take a town by storm, oppidum expugnare. With anger debacchari, succensere.

Stormy, procellosus, nimbosus.

A story, historia, narratio.

A little story, narrativicula.

To tell idle or pleasant stories fabulari.

To find one in a story or lie mendacii alicum prehendere.

Full of fabulous stories, fabulosus.

A story in building, tabulatum, contignatio.

A stove or hot-house, sudatorium.

A stove or fire-grate, craticula ignaria.

Stound, dolor, mœstitia.

Stour, impetus, tumultus.

Stout or courageous, fortis, strenuus. [Fierce, proud] ferox, superbus. [Strong, vigorous] validus, robustus.

Stout [a sort of strong beer] cerevisia primaria.

Stout-hearted, magnanimus.

To grow stout or proud, superbiere.

Stoutly [courageously] fortiter, animose. [Fiercely, proudly] ferociter, arrogant. [Strongly, vigorously] valide, acriter.

Stoutness [bravery, courage] fortitudo, virtus. [Haughtiness] arrogantia, superbia. [Strength] robur.

To stow or place, locare, recondere.

Stowage [room for stowing goods] repositorii capacitas. [Money paid for the stowing of goods] locarium.

To straddle, varicare, divaricare.

To sit or ride a-straddle, divaricatis cruribus sedere, v. equitare.
Straddling, varicus.
To straggle, palari, vagari.
A straggler, erro; vagus.
To pick up stragglers, palantes capere.
Straight [not crooked] rectus, directus. [Upright] erectus. [Tall] procerus.
To stand straight upright, erecto corpore stare.
Straight [directly] recte, directe. *Upright*, adv. sursum versus. *Downright*, deorsum versus.
Straight by line, ad amussim.
To straighten, corrigere.
Straightness or tallness, proceritas.
Straightway, statim, mox.
A strain, straining, or stretching, contentio.
A strain [in speaking or writing] stylus.
A strain or straining of the senses, nervorum intentio.
A strain in music, suavis modulus.
To strain [stretch] intendere. *The voice*, vocem contendere. *The eyes*, oculos fixo nimis diu obtutu ledere. *Or rack one's brain about a thing*, nimis animi contentione in aliquid incumbere. *Courtesies*, officia certare. [Kind or wring hard] comprimere, arcare stringere. *Or press out juice*, succum exprimere. *Or stretch a point*, rem v. argumentum plus justo torquere. *Liquids*, colare, defecare. *Or sprain a joint*, distorquere. *A sinew*, nervum intendere. *Or distort a person's goods*, bona alienius ex decreto curis auferre.
A strainer, colum, saccus.
A straining or stretching, contentio, distentio.
A straining or pressing out, expressio.
Strait or narrow, [adj.] angustus, strictus.
A strait or narrow place, viarum angustia.
A strait [difficulty or trouble] difficultas, rerum angustia.
Strait-handed, parvus, avarus.
Strait-laced [over scrupulous] nimis scrupulosus.
Strait [want, poverty] paupertas, egestas; indigentia.
To be reduced to great straits or poverty, omnibus rebus necessariis egere.
Strait of the sea, fretum. *Of a river*, fluminis angustia.
The straits of Gibraltar, fretum Gaditanum.
To straiten or narrow, arcare, coarctare. *Vex*, affligere.

A straitening or crowding together, coarctatio.
Straitly, anguste, arcte. *Very straitly*, peranguste.
Straitness, angustia.
A strand or strand [high shore near a river or sea] litus, acta. *To strand a ship*, navem vadis illidere.
Strange [foreign] peregrinus, externus. [Far-fetched] acsititius, longinquus, nimis exquisitus. [Odd, uncommon] inusitatus, insolens. [Shy, disdainful] aversus, fastidiosus. [Wonderful] mirus, mirabilis. *Very*, permirus.
A strange thing, miraculum, portentum.
A strange sort of a man, homo mirus.
To look strange upon one, or give one cold entertainment, frigide aliquem excipere.
Or strange! pape!
To strange or estrange, alienare, abalienare.
Strange, mirifice; mirum in modum.
Strangeness [uncommonness] insolentia, novitas. [Shyness] fastidium. [In pronouncing words like a foreigner] peregrinitas.
A stranger, advena, hospes; peregrinus.
To strangle, strangulare, suffocare. *One to death*, laqueo aliquem interimere.
A strangler, qui suffocat.
The strangles in a horse, crassior pituita narium equinarum.
A strangling or strangulation, strangulatio, suffocatio.
The strangury, urinae difficultas. *Troubled with the strangury*, cui lotium egre it.
A strap of leather, strupus coriaceus.
To strap one, loris aliquem cadere.
A strapper or strapping lass, virago.
A stratagem, stratagemata.
Full of stratagems, dolosus, astutus.
Straw [the stalk of corn] stramentum. *Or litter*, substramen.
Straw to thatch with, stipula, culmus.
A bundle or wad of straw, straminis fasciculus. *A rick or stack*, stramenti acervus.
Of straw, stramineus.
Not to care for or value one of a straw, aliquem nihil floci facere.
A man of straw, homunculus.
To stumble at a straw, nodos in scirpo quaerere.
A straw-bed, culcita straminea.
A strawberry, fragum, fructus arbuti.

A strawberry tree, arbutus.
Of the strawberry tree, arbutus.
A stray or strayed beast, bestia erratica.
To stray or go astray, errare, vagari.
A straying or going astray, erratio, aberratio.
A straying or strolling vagabond, erraticus.
A streak, radius.
The streak of a wheel, rotæ canthus.
To streak or mark with a different colour, vario colore distinguere.
A streaking, distinctio vario colore facta.
A stream, fluentum, flumen.
A small stream or rivulet, rivulus.
A stream or flow of words, orationis flumen.
To stream out, effluere.
To swim against the stream, adversus flumen navigare.
A streamer, vexillum, signum.
In a ship, aplustre.
Streamingly, flunter, profuenter.
A street, vicus, via.
A little street, viculus, angiportus.
Street by street, vicatim.
A place where two, three, or four streets meet, bivium, trivium, quadrivium.
Strength [vigour] robur; vires, pl. [Force] vis, efficacia. [Power] potentia.
The strength or fortification of a place, loci munimentum v. presidium.
The strength of a discourse, orationis vis.
Full of strength, robustus, nervosus.
Of great strength or efficacy, efficax, valens.
To give strength, vires suppeditare.
To gather or recover strength, convalescere, revalescere.
To strengthen, roborare, firmare.
A town, city, &c. oppidum v. urbem munit.
To strengthen the sight, visum acere.
A strengthener, efficax ad sanitatem confirmandam.
A strengthening, confirmatio.
Strengthless, debilis.
Strenuous, strenuus, fortis.
Strenuously, strenue, fortiter.
Strenuousness, vis, vigor, virtus.
Strepuous, strepens, clamorosus.
Stress [force or chief point], cardo, caput, vis.
Stress of weather, tempestas, procella.
To lay stress on a thing, aliquā re niti.
A stretch or stretching, distentio.
To stretch, tendere, perstringere.
Abroad, pandere, distare. *Or*

enlarge the bounds of a government, fines imperii proferre.
Out, distendere. With yawning, pandiculari.

That may be stretched, ductilis.
A stretching or yawning, pandiculatio.

To strew or throw, sternere, spargere, aspergere.

A strewing or sprinkling, sparsio, aspersio.

Strict [close] *arctus.* [*Exact, accurate*] *exactus.* [*Precise, formal*] *affectatus, nimis accuratioris studiosus.* [*Punctual*] *accuratus.* [*Rigid, severe*] *rigidus.*

Strictly [closely] *arcte, familiariter.* [*Exactly, accurately*] *exquisite.* [*Precisely, formally*] *cum affectatione; curiose.* [*Punctually*] *accurate.* [*Rigidly, severely*] *rigide, aspere.*

Strictness [closeness of friendship] *familiaritas, necessitas.* [*Exactness*] *diligentia.* [*Precision*] *affectatio.* [*Punctuality*] *accurata temporis observatio.* [*Rigidity, severity*] *rigor, severitas, duritia.*

A structure or spark, structura.

A stride, passus, gressus.

A long stride, gradus grallatorius.

To stride, varicare, divaricare.

Across or over, spatium aliquod distentis cruribus metiri.

A striding, crurum distantio.

Stridingly, tibis divaricatis.

Strife, rixa, contentio, disceptatio.

Full of strife, strifesful, rixosus, contentiosus.

A strike or bushel, mollus.

To strike, verberare, percutere, tundere. As a horse, calcitrare.

Or sound [as the bell of a clock] sonare. A measure with a strickle, mensuram radere.

Or level one's aim at a mark, ad scopum collineare.

At [aim or attempt to do] conari, designare. Blind, cecare, occicare. [*In measuring corn, &c.*] *radioquare.*

Down, affligere, dejicere.

Gently, leviter ferire. To pieces, effringere.

Or drive into, infigere. Off, abscindere.

Off one's head, decollare, obtruncare. Off one's hat, excutere galerum.

Or blot out, delere, expungere. Through, trajicere, transagere. Up or begin, incipere. At the root, subvertere. Up one's heels, supplantare.

A striker, pulsator.

A striking, percussio, pulsatio.

Back, repercussio.

A string, ligula, funiculus.

A leather string, corrigia, lorum.

A bow-string, arcus nervus.

The small strings of roots, fibræ, pl.

Having such small strings, fibratus.

The string of a dart, &c. amen-tum.

The strings of a musical instrument, fides, pl. The bass string, hypate. The second string, parhypate. The third, lichanos.

The middle, mese. The fifth, paramese. The sixth, parame-tete. The seventh, nete.

To string an instrument, lyræ, &c. nervos aptare.

To string pearls, margaritas filo conserere.

To string things together, res quasvis funiculo trajecto connectere.

Stringy or abounding with fibres, fibris scatens.

A strip or small piece, particula.

To strip, spoliare, nudare. One's self, vestes exuere. A person of his wealth, aliquem opibus spoliare. Off the rind or outside of a thing, decorticare.

A stripper, spoliator, prædator. A stripping, spoliatio, direptio.

A stripe, plaga, colaphus, ictus.

The mark or print of a stripe, vibex.

Full of stripes, plagosus.

Worthy of stripes, verberatus.

A stripe [streak of a different colour] linea v. virga varii coloris.

To stripe, lineis varii coloris distinguere.

A strippling, adolescens, ephebus.

To strive, conari, niti, moliri.

Against, obniti, obfuctari, obstare. Against the stream, contra torrentem brachia dirigere.

A striver with, concertator.

A striving or endeavouring, conatus, nixus.

A striving together, concertatio, conflictus.

Strivingly, certatim, contente.

A stroke, plaga, ictus.

A stroke or box on the ear, alapa, colaphus.

To stroke [smooth with the hand] palpare, mulcere. Milk, milgere.

The strokes of oars, pulsus remorum.

A stroking, palpatio, attractatio.

The strokings of milk, lac ex uberibus ultimâ manu emulsu.

To stroll or ramble about, vagari, circumcurare.

A stroller or rambler, erro, erro-rouer.

A strolling company of stage-players, histrionum erraticorum grex.

Strong [lusty, robust] *firmus, robustus, valens.* [*Earnest,*

vehement] *vehemens, ardens, acer.* [*Forcible, efficacious*] *efficax, potens.* [*Massive*] *solidus.* [*Mighty, powerful*] *potens, validus.* [*Numerous*] *numerosus.* [*Sharp in taste*] *acer, acidus.* [*In small*] *gravis, fædus.* [*Valiant*] *fortis, acer.*

Strong limbed, lacertosus.

A strong hand [force] *vis, violentia.*

A strong hold, propugnaculum munimentum.

To be strong, valere, pollere.

To be strong in shipping, plurimum classe valere.

To grow strong, convalescere.

To make strong, firmare, corroborare. Or massive, solidare.

Strongly, firmiter, fortiter.

A structure, ædificium, structura, moles.

A stately structure, ædificium nobile.

The structure or construction of words, verborum structura.

A struggle, conatus, contentio.

To struggle, conari, luctari.

Together, collectari.

A struggle or struggling, lucta, luctatio, certatio.

A struggler, luctator.

A stumpet, acortum, meretrix. Strumpeted, stupratus.

To strut, turgere, tumere. Along, superbie incedere.

A stub or stump, stipes, truncus.

A stub-nail, clavus detritus.

To stub up, eradicare.

A stubbed or stubby fellow, homo brevis compacto corpore et robusto.

Stubble, stipula, calmus.

Of stubble, stipularis.

A stubble goose, anser stipularis.

Stubborn, contumax, perversus, pertinax.

To be stubborn, obstinato animo esse.

Stubbornly, contumaciter, perversus.

Stubbornness, contumacia, pertinacia, perversitas.

A stud or embossed nail, bulla, latus clavus.

A little stud, bullula.

Studded, bullatus. With jewels, gemmis ornatus.

A stud of mares, equarum armentum.

A student, studiosus, doctrinæ studiosus.

A great or hard student, librum belluo, libris affixus.

Studious, studiosus. [Fond of] amans, curiosus.

Studiously, studiose, cupide.

Studiousness, studium; meditatio assidua.

Study [application of mind] *studium, meditatio.*

To employ one's self in several sorts of study, vario literarum generum versari.

To betake one's self to the study of learning, animus ad studia literarum conferre.
To be in a course of studies, literarum studio operam dare.
To leave off one's studies, studia literarum intermittere.
To spend all one's time in study, in studiis ac literis omne tempus conterere.
A study or closet to study in, museum. *Library*, bibliotheca.
To study or apply one's mind to the knowledge of a thing, alicui rei studere. *Meditate upon*, de aliquâ re meditari, contemplari. *Search out*, exquirere, explorare. *A person's humour*, alicujus mores observare.
A studying, meditatio, contemplatio.
Stuff or materials, materia.
Note, instead of *material*, it may be convenient to use the word which may best denote the particular stuff spoken of, whether cloth, leather, iron, &c.
Stuff [a sort of cloth] panni genus. *Woollen or silk stuff*, pannus laneus v. sericus. [*Baggage*] sarcinae, pl. impedimenta, pl.
Household stuff, suppellex.
Kitchen stuff, unguina, pl.
Note, though the word *stuff* has a great variety of significations, yet it is generally used to express contempt or dislike; as, *Mean or pitiful stuff* [speaking of style in a discourse] oratio abjecta v. humilia. *Nasty stuff*, sordes, pl. *Silly or trifling stuff*, nugae, pl. fabulae.
To stuff or cram, fardire. *Out*, distendere. *Up or choak*, suffocare, strangulare. *Or stop up with mud*, &c. limo, &c. obstruere.
Stuffed up with a cold, gravedineus, gravedine laborans.
A stuffing or cramming, fartura, sagina, saginatio.
The stuffing of a quilt, &c. tomentum.
The stum of wine, musti fermentationis cremor.
A stumble or trip, offensae, offensio pedis.
To stumble [trip] titubare. *Against a thing*, in aliquid incidere. *At or scruple*, dubitare, hesitare. *Upon a person or thing by chance*, in aliquem v. aliquid casu incidere.
A stumbling-block, offendiculum.
A stump, caudex, stipes, truncus.
A little stump, trunculus.
To stump or cut off by the stump, truncare. *Boast*, gloriari ostentare.

A stump or broken limb, membrum mutilum.
To stun or very much astonish, stupefacere; perturbare, perterrere. *Din one's ears with noise*, alicujus aures obtundere.
To be stunned, astonished, or stupefied, stupere, stupefieri; obstupescere.
To stunt or hinder the growth of a thing, alicujus rei incrementum impedire.
Stupefaction, stupor, torpor; torpedo.
Stupefactive, torporem inducens.
To stupefy one [astonish] aliquem conturbare, terrere, exterrere. [*Dull or benumb*] hēbetare, tūndere.
Stupendous, mirus, mirabilis.
Stupid [blockish] stupidus, fatuus. [*Without feeling*] torpens, torpidus.
Stupidity, stupiditas, stūpor.
Stupidly, stupide, inepte.
Sturdily [stubbornly] contumaciter. [*Stoutly*] fortiter.
Sturdiness [stubbornness] contumacia, perversicia. [*Hardiness, stoutness*] audacia, fortitudo. [*Strength of body*] corporis robur.
Sturdy [stubborn] contumax, perversicax. [*Stout*] acer, audax, fortis. [*Lusty, strong*] firmus, robustus.
A sturgeon, acipenser; sturio.
To stut or stutter, balbutire.
A stutler, bambalio.
A sty, suile.
To sty, coudere, includere.
A style (in wr'ting) stylus, scribendi ratio. *A low style*, oratio humilis. *A smooth*, oratio dulcis. *A grave*, sermo purus. *A rough*, oratio aspera. *A neat*, dicendi genus accuratum. *A sublime*, sublime. *A lofty*, alta oratio, turgida. *Floridness*, nitor, concinnitas. *A close or compact style*, oratio pressa. *A short style*, oratio curta, laconica. *A bombast style*, stylus inflatus. *An even kind of style*, æquabile dicendi genus. [*Iron pin with which the ancients wrote*] stylus. *Form*, formula. *Or pin of a dial*, gnomon.
To style, appellare, nominare, denominare.
A styling, appellatio, nominatio.
A styptic, medicamentum astrictorium.
Suasion or persuasion, suasio.
Suasive. Vid. *Persuasive*.
Suavoy, suavioris, hortativus.
Suavity, suavitas.
Subacid, subacidus.
A subalmoner, stipis largiendæ administer vicarius.

A subaltern or inferior officer, legatus.
Subalternately, alternis vicibus.
A subchanter, succentor.
A subcommissioner, procurator vicarius.
A subdeacon, subdiaconus.
Subditiuous or counterfeit, subdititius.
To subdivide, iterum dividere.
A subdividing or subdivision, divisio iterata.
Subduable, superabilis, domabilis.
To subduct, subducere, detrahere.
Subduction, subductio, deductio.
To subdue, pacare, superare, debellare. *One's passions*, frangere cupiditates.
To be subdued or yield to, alicui succumbere v. cedere.
A subduer, domitor, expugnatōr, victor.
A subduing, domitura, expugnatio.
Subject or in subjection to another, alteri subjectus. *Or obliged to another*, alteri obligatus. *Or liable to*, expositus.
A subject to a king or prince, regi v. principi subditus.
To be subject to another, alicui parere.
To impose any thing on his subjects, inferioribus aliquid injungere.
The subject or argument of a discourse, orationis argumentum.
A subject (in logic) res cui aliquid adheret.
To be the subject of discourse, sermonem subire.
To subject or subdue, subjicere.
Subjection, servitus, jugum.
A subjecting or laying before, subjectio.
To subjoin, subjungere, annexere.
Subitaneous or sudden, subitaneus, repentinus.
To subjugate, domare, superare, vincere.
Subjunctive, subjunctivus.
Sublime, sublimis, excelsus, elatus.
Sublimely, excellenter, summe.
Sublimeness, or *sublimity*, sublimitas.
Sublunary, sub luna positus.
Submarine, sub mari.
To submerge, submergere.
Submersion, submersio.
Submission, *submissiveness*, obsequium, observantia.
To receive the submission of a province, provinciam in fidem accipere.
Submission to the will of God, voluntatis humanæ cum divinæ consensio.
Submissive, *submiss*, humilis, morigerus.

Submissively, submissely, sub-
misso, humiliter.
To submit, submittere, alteri
cedere. To a conqueror, se
victori permittere.
To submit one's composition to
the judgment of friends, lucu-
brationes suas judicio amico-
rum permittere.
A submitting, submissio.
Subordinate, inferior.
Subordinately, ita ut inferiorem
debet.
Subordination, rerum diversarum
inter se ordinatio.
To suborn witnesses, testes sub-
ornare.
A subornation or suborning,
subornatio.
A subpoena, citatio in curiam sub
certa pœna.
To subpoena or serve with a sub-
pœna, aliquem in curiam citare
ad dandum testimonium.
To subscribe [underwrite] sub-
scribere, subsignare. [To give
one's assent] assentire.
A subscribing or subscription,
scriptio.
A subscriber, subscriptor.
Subscription-money for carry-
ing on an affair, collatio pecu-
nia.
To print a book by subscription,
librum collatio pecuniæ edere.
Subsecutive or subsequent, con-
sequens, subsequens.
Subsequently, per modum con-
secutionis.
Subservience, subserviency, uti-
litas ad aliquid efficiendum.
In subserviency to or to the end
that, eo, ideo, ut.
Subservient, subserviens, auxil-
aris.
To be subservient to, subservire,
obsecrare.
To subside or sink to the bot-
tom, subsidere.
Subsidiary [helping] subsidia-
rius, auxillaris.
Subsidy [assistance] subsidium.
[Tax] vectigal, tributum.
To lay a subsidy upon, tributum
imponere. To levy a subsidy,
censum agere.
To subsign, subsignare, sub-
scribere.
To subsist [abide or continue to
be] subsistere, existere; co-
herere. [Maintain or support]
alere; sustentare.
Subsistence [existence] subsis-
tentia.
A subsistence [livelihood, main-
tenance] victus v. sumptus sup-
peditatio.
A mean subsistence, arida vita.
Subsistent, existens.
Substance [matter] substantia,
materia; caput. [Estate] for-
tuna, pl. divitum; opes.
Of the same substance, ejusdem
substantiæ, ex eadem substantiâ.

To fill with substance or wealth,
locupletare, ditare.
Substantial [belonging to or
partaking of substance] ad sub-
stantiam pertinens. [Solid,
strong] solidus, firmus. [Weat-
hly] dives, locuples.
Substantially [solidly] solide,
firme.
Substantialness, firmitas, rohur.
A substantive or noun substan-
tive [word denoting substance
or a thing existing] nomen.
Substantively, substantive.
A substitute or deputy, vicarius,
opto.
A substituting or substitution,
substitutio.
A substruction or underlaying,
substructio.
Subsultorily, subsultum.
A subterfuge, effugium, vafa-
mentum.
Subterranean, subterraneous,
subterraneus.
Subtle, corruptly written sut-
tle [thin, of a piercing quality]
subtilis, tenuis.
Subtle, al. subtle [cunning]
subtilis, acutus.
Somewhat subtle or cunning,
acutus, argutus.
Subtly, al. subtly [cunningly]
subtiliter, acute, argute.
Subtly [cunning] subtilitas,
calliditas.
Subtily, subtilty, or subtilness
[thinness, piercingness] subtil-
itas, tenuitas.
To subtilise upon, de aliquâ re
subtiliter disserere.
To subtract, subtrahere, sub-
ducere.
A subtraction, detractio, deduct-
io.
To subvert, subvertere, diruere.
A subverter, everaor, subversor.
A subversion or subverting [an
overthrowing] subversio, ever-
sio.
The suburbs of a city, suburbl-
um; suburbana, pl.
Of the suburbs, suburban, subur-
banus.
The neighbourhood of the sub-
urbs to a city, suburbanitas.
A country-house near the sub-
urbs of a city, suburbanum.
Succedaneous, succedaneus.
To succeed or come after an-
other, alicui succedere, in locum
alicujus subire. To an estate,
hereditati succedere, heredita-
tem adire.
To succeed or answer expecta-
tion, respondere.
To succeed well or have good
success, bene, feliciter, cedere,
evenire.
To succeed ill or meet with ill
success, male, infelicitate, ce-
dere, evenire.
Succeeding generations, mino-
res, pl. nepotes.

A succeeding, successio.
Success [good or bad] succes-
sus, exitus.
Good success, successfulness
exitus bonus v. felix.
To pray for good success in
war, supplicationem habere per
urbem ut bellum feliciter eve-
niat.
Bad success, exitus malus v. in-
felix.
Successless, infelix.
To give success to, prosperare,
secundare.
To fail or miss of success, suc-
cesu carere.
In success of time, tempore pro-
cedente.
Successful, faustus, felix.
Successfully, fauste, feliciter.
Succession [a succeeding or fol-
lowing] successio.
Succession to an inheritance,
successio hæreditaria.
To cut off the succession or en-
tail, hæreditatem avertere.
To renounce one's rights of suc-
cession, jura hæreditatis cer-
nendæ repudiare.
Successive, succedens, conse-
quens.
Successively, perpetuâ serie.
A successor or succeder, suc-
cessor.
Our successors, posteri nostri v.
minores.
Succinct, brevis, compendia-
rius.
Succinctly, breviter, concisa
pressè.
To relate a matter succinctly
rem gestam breviter narrare.
Succinctness, brevis, compen-
dium.
Succour, auxilium, subsidium.
A place of succour, refugium.
perugium.
By way of succour, subsidiarius.
auxiliarius.
To succour [comfort] aliquem
consolari. [Come with or bring
succours or relief to] allicui
succurrere. A place that is be-
sieged, urbi obsessæ auxilia et
comineatus suppeditare. Vid.
To relieve.
A succourer [comforter] sola-
tor. [Helper] qui opem fert.
A succouring [comforting] cor-
solatio. [Helping] auxilium.
Succourless, desertus.
To leave succourless, relin-
quere, derelinquere.
Succulent, succul abundantia.
Succulent, succosus, succi ple-
nus.
To succumb or yield to, succum-
bere, cedere.
Such, talis, ejus modi, istius
modi.
Such as, quævis, ejus modi, ejus
modi, istius modi.
In such manner, sort, or wise,
pariter, similiter.

To suck, sugĕre. *In or imbibe*, imbibĕre, sorbere. *Out*, ex-sugĕre. *Up*, urbere.
A suck-spigot, enroians.
A sucker of trees, stolo.
The sucker of a pump, antliæ catheter.
A sucking, suctus.
A sucking-bottle, ampulla infanti sugenda.
To suckle, lactare, nutricare.
A suckling, animal lactens.
Suction, suctus.
Sudden, subito, repentinus.
On a sudden, all on a sudden, or suddenly, repente, improviso.
Suddenness, subitaneus eventus.
Sudorific [causing sweat] sudorificiens.
Suds or soap-suds, spuma saponia.
To be in the suds or be in a difficulty, magis angustis laborare.
To sue one at law, litigare. *Upon a bond*, ex syngraphâ cum aliquo agĕre. *For the recovery of one's goods or right*, bona sua v. jus suum lite prosequi. *One for debt*, in jus aliquem ob rem alienam vocare. *Or entreat earnestly*, deprecari, supplicare. *For peace*, pacem sollicitare.
Suet, sebum, sevim. *Melted suet*, liquamen. *Beef-suet*, sebum bovillum. *Sheep-suet*, sebum ovillum.
Mixed or stuffed with suet, omentatus.
Of or belonging to suet, sebosus v. sevosus.
To suffer [bear with] pati, perpeti. *Or bear pain with patience*, dolorem æquo animo pati. *Or bear a thing with an ill will*, moleste ferre. [Be punished] for a fault, pœnas dāre. *Or be in disgrace*, in offensam incurĕre. [Give leave or permit] permitĕre, sinĕre.
Sufferable, tolerabilis, paubilis.
Sufferably, tolerabiliter.
Sufferance [toleration] tolerantia, patientia. *Of evils*, &c. malorum, &c. perpessio.
Sufferance [permission] permissio, facultas.
On sufferance, permissu.
Long-sufferance, ad pœnas sumendas tarditas.
A sufferer [one that permits or suffers a thing to be done] qui permittit aliquid fieri.
A sufferer [loser] qui damno afficitur.
A suffering, perpessio.
Long-suffering [subt.] tarditas ad ultionem. *Adj.* ad pœnas piger.
To suffice or be sufficient, sufficere.
It abundantly suffices, sat sufficit.

Sufficiency [what is sufficient] quod satis est.
Sufficiency [ability or capacity] captus, facultas.
Self-sufficiency, arrogantia, superbia.
Sufficient [as much as suffices] quod sufficit. [Able, capable] sufficiens, capax, aptus. [In estate] satis dives, locuples.
Not sufficient, impar, inhiabilis, ineptus.
Sufficiently, sat, satis.
To suffocate, suffocare, præfocare.
A suffocating or suffocation, suffocatio, præfocatio.
Suffocative, vim habens suffocandi.
A suffragan, vicarius.
A suffrage or vote, suffragium, sententia.
To give one's suffrage or suffrage, suffragari.
The giving of one's suffrage, suffragatio.
He that gives his suffrage, suffragator.
Of suffrages, suffragatorius.
Suffumigation or making a smoke underneath, suffumigatio.
To suffuse, suffundĕre.
A suffusion [a spreading or pouring abroad; a cataract] suffusio.
A sug [sea-flea] pulex marinus.
Sugar, saccharum. *Muscovado or brown sugar*, saccharum nondum a facibus satis purgatum. *Treble-refined sugar*, saccharum purgatissimum.
Powder-sugar, saccharum ad pulverem redactum.
Sugar-candy, sacchari purgati flos.
A sugar-loaf, sacchari meta.
The sugar-cane, arundo Indica.
To sugar, saccharo condire.
Sugared words, blanditiæ, blandimenta.
To suggest [prompt] suggerĕre, insinuarĕ. [Admonish or pose] monere.
A suggester, moditor.
A suggesting or suggestion, monitio, admonitio.
To suggest, agitare.
Suicide or self-murder, suicidium.
Suillage, [rossa] ad sordes domus eliciendas.
A suit [request] petitio, rogatio.
An importunate suit, effragatio.
To get the better in a suit, iudicio vincĕre.
To lose one's suit, causâ cadĕre, litem perdĕre.
To let fall one's suit or be non-suited, tergiversari. *To end it by composition*, litem redimĕre.
A suit of apparel or clothes, vestis, indumentum. *A complete suit*, vestium simul indutarum omnis apparatus.

A neat suit, vestis conclina.
A suit or set of cards, chartarum pictarum familia.
To make suit to, aliquem orare.
To commence a suit against one, alicui dicam scribĕre. *Vid.* To sue.
To suit or match one thing with another, rem aliquam alteri æquare.
To suit with, quadrare, convenire.
Suitable, aptus, congruens, consentaneus.
Suitableness, congruentia.
Suitably, apte, accommodatē.
A suiting or fitting to, accommodatio.
A suitor or petitioner, supplex.
For an office, candidatus, petitor.
Suitors for a prince's favour, favoris v. grâtiæ principis captatores.
A suitor [wooer] procus, amans.
Sullen, contumax, morosus, austerus.
Sullenly, contumaciter, morose.
To look sullenly, frontem capere v. corrugare.
Sullenness, contumacia, pervicacia.
Sullied in one's character or reputation, infamâ notatus.
To sully, maculare, contaminare, inquinare. *A person's character*, alicui infamiam asferre.
A sully, sulliage, or sully, macula, labis aspersio.
Sulphur, sulphur v. sulfur.
Dressed or smoked with sulphur, sulphuratus.
Sulphureous, sulphurous, sulphury, or belonging to sulphur, sulphureus, sulphureus.
A sulphur-pit, sulphuraria.
A match dipped in sulphur, sulphuratum.
The sultan or grand seignior, Turcarum summus imperator.
A sultana or sultaness, regina Turcica.
Sultriness, vis æstus.
Sultry, torridus, fervidus.
A sum or sum of money, summa, summa pecuniæ. (Of a matter or discourse) argumentum, summa, capitulum. *Brief rehearsed*, summarium, rerum dictarum enumeratio.
A little sum, summula.
The sum total, numerus totus.
To sum up an account, rationes computare.
To sum up a discourse, res jam dictas breviter repetĕre.
To sum up all or in fine, denique, breviter.
Sunach [the tree] rhus, m. et f. [The seed or fruit] rhus, n.
Sunless, innumerus.
Summarily, summaticum, breviter.

Submissively, submissely, sub-
missee, humiliter.
To submit, submittere, alteri
cedere. To a conqueror, se
victori permittere.
To submit one's composition to
the judgment of friends, luctu-
brationes suas iudicio amico-
rum permittere.
A submitting, submissio.
Subordinate, inferior.
Subordinate, ita ut inferiorem
debet.
Subordination, rerum diversarum
inter se ordinatio.
To suborn witnesses, testes sub-
ornare.
A subornation or suborning,
subornatio.
A subpana, citatio in curiam sub
certa pena.
To subpana or serve with a sub-
pana, aliquem in curiam citare ad
dandum testimonium.
To subscribe [underwrite] sub-
scribere, subsignare. [To give
one's assent] assentire.
A subscribing or subscription,
subscriptio.
A subscriber, subscriptor.
Subscription-money for carry-
ing on an affair, collatitia pec-
unia.
To print a book by subscription,
librum collatitia pecunia edere.
Subsecutive or subsequent, con-
sequens, subsequens.
Subsequently, per modum con-
secutionis.
Subservience, subserviency, uti-
litas ad aliquid efficiendum.
In subserviency to or to the end
that, eo, ideo, ut.
Subservient, subserviens, auxil-
aria.
To be subservient to, subservire,
obsecundare.
To subside or sink to the bot-
tom, subsidere.
Subsidiary [helping] subsidia-
rius, auxiliaris.
Subsidy [assistance] subsidium.
[Tax] vectigal, tributum.
To lay a subsidy upon, tributum
imponere. To levy a subsidy,
censum agere.
To subsign, subsiguare, sub-
scribere.
To subsist [abide or continue to
be] subsistere, existere; co-
herere. [Maintain or support]
alere; sustentare.
Subsistence [existence] subsis-
tentia.
A subsistence [livelihood, main-
tenance] victus v. sumptus sup-
peditatio.
A mean subsistence, arida vita.
Subsistent, existens.
Substance [matter] substantia,
materia; caput. [Estate] for-
tuna, pl. divitiæ; opes.
Of the same substance, ejusdem
substantia, ex eadem substantia.

To fill with substance or wealth,
locupletare, ditare.
Substantial [belonging to or
partaking of substance] ad sub-
stantiam pertinens. [Solid,
strong] solidus, firmus. [Weat-
thy] dives, locuples.
Substantially [solidly] solide,
firme.
Substantialness, firmitas, rohur.
A substantive or noun substan-
tive [word denoting substance
or a thing existing] nomen.
Substantively, substantive.
A substitute or deputy, vicarius,
optio.
A substituting or substitution,
substitutio.
A substitution or underlaying,
substructio.
Subsultorily, subsultum.
A subterfuge, effugium, vafa-
mentum.
Subterranean, subterraneous,
subterraneus.
Subtle, corruptly written sut-
tle [thin, of a piercing quality]
subtilis, tenuis.
Subtle, al. subtle [cunning]
subtilis, acutus.
Somewhat subtle or cunning,
acutus, argutus.
Subtly, al. subtly [cunningly]
subtiliter, acute, argute.
Subtility [cunning] subtilitas,
calliditas.
Subtility, subtilty, or subtilness
[thinness, piercingness] subtil-
itas, tenuitas.
To subtilise upon, de aliquâ re
subtiliter disserere.
To subtract, subtrahere, sub-
ducere.
A subtraction, detractio, deduct-
io.
To subvert, subvertere, diruere.
A subverter, eversor, subversor.
A subversion or subverting [an
overthrowing] subversio, ever-
sio.
The suburbs of a city, suburbi-
um; suburbana, pl.
Of the suburbs, suburban, subur-
banus.
The neighbourhood of the sub-
urbs to a city, suburbanitas.
A country-house near the sub-
urbs of a city, suburbanum.
Succedaneous, succedaneus.
To succeed or come after an-
other, alicui succedere, in locum
alicujus subire. To an estate,
hereditati succedere, heredita-
tem adire.
To succeed or answer expecta-
tion, respondere.
To succeed well or have good
success, bene, feliciter, cedere,
evenire.
To succeed ill or meet with ill
success, male, infeliciter, ce-
dere, evenire.
Succeeding generations, mino-
res, pl. nepotes.

A succeeding, successio.
Success [good or bad] success-
us, exitus.
Good success, successfulness
exitus bonus v. felix.
To pray for good success in
war, supplicationem habere per
urbem ut bellum feliciter eve-
niat.
Bad success, exitus malus v. in-
felix.
Successless, infelix.
To give success to, prosperare,
secundare.
To fail or miss of success, suc-
cessu carere.
In success of time, tempore pro-
cedente.
Successful, faustus, felix.
Successfully, fauste, feliciter.
Succession [a succeeding or fol-
lowing] successio.
Succession to an inheritance,
successio hereditaria.
To cut off the succession or en-
tail, hereditatem avellere.
To renounce one's rights of suc-
cession, jura hereditatis cer-
nendæ repudiare.
Successive, succedens, conse-
quens.
Successively, perpetua serie.
A successor or succeder, suc-
cessor.
Our successors, posteri nostri v.
minores.
Succinct, brevis, compendia-
rius.
Succinctly, breviter, concise
pressè.
To relate a matter succinctly
rem gestam breviter narrare.
Succinctness, brevis, compen-
dium.
Succour, auxilium, subsidium.
A place of succour, refugium.
perugium.
By way of succour, subsidarius.
auxiliarius.
To succour [comfort] aliquem
consolari. [Come with or bring
succours or relief to] alicui
succurrere. A place that is be-
sieged, urbi obsessæ auxilia et
commeatus suppeditare. Vid.
To relieve.
A succourer [comforter] sola-
tor. [Helper] qui opem fert.
A succouring [comforting] cor-
sulatio. [Helping] auxilium.
Succourless, desertus.
To leave succourless, relin-
quere, derelinquere.
Succulency, succi abundantia.
Succulent, succosus, succi plo-
nus.
To succumb or yield to, succum-
bere, cedere.
Such, talis, ejus modi, istius
modi.
Such as, qualis, cujus modi, ejus
modi, istius modi.
In such manner, sort, or wise,
pariter, similiter.

To suck, sugere. In or imbibe, imbibere, sorbere. Out, exsugere. Up, urbere.
A suck-spigot, enosisus.
A sucker of trees, stolo.
The sucker of a pump, antlia catheter.
A sucking, suctus.
A sucking-bottle, ampulla infanti sugenda.
To suckle, lactare, nutricare.
A suckling, animal lactens.
Suction, suctus.
Sudden, subitus, repentinus.
On a sudden, all on a sudden, or suddenly, repente, improviso.
Suddenness, subitaneus eventus.
Sudorific [causing sweat] sudorem ciens.
Suds or soap-suds, spuma saponis.
To be in the suds or be in a difficulty, magnis angustiis laborare.
To sue one at law, litigare. Upon a bond, ex syngraphâ cum aliquo agere. For the recovery of one's goods or right, bona sua v. jus suum lite prosecui. One for debt, in jus aliquem ob eas alienum vocare. Or entreat earnestly, deprecari; supplicare. For peace, pacem sollicitare.
Suet, sebum, sevim. Melted suet, liquamen. Beef-suet, sebum bovillum. Sheep-suet, sebum ovillum.
Mixed or stuffed with suet, omentatus.
Of or belonging to suet, sebosus v. sevosus.
To suffer [bear with] pati, perpeti. Or bear pain with patience, dolorem æquo animo pati. Or bear a thing with an ill will, moleste ferre. [Be punished] for a fault, pœnas illire. Or be in disgrace, in offensam incurrere. [Give leave or permit] permittère, sinde.
Sufferable, tolerabilis, patibilis.
Sufferably, tolerabiliter.
Sufferance [toleration] tolerantia, patientia. Of evils, &c. malorum, &c. perpassio.
Sufferance [permission] permissio, facultas.
On sufferance, permissu.
Long-sufferance, ad pœnas sumendas tarditas.
A sufferer [one that permits or suffers a thing to be done] qui permittit aliquid fieri.
A sufferer [loser] qui damno afficitur.
A suffering, perpassio.
Long-suffering [suffer] tarditas ad ultionem. Adj. ad pœnas piger.
To suffice or be sufficient, sufficere.
It abundantly suffices, sat sufficit.

Sufficiency [what is sufficient] quod satis est.
Sufficiency [ability or capacity] captus, facultas.
Self-sufficiency, arrogantia, superbia.
Sufficient [as much as suffices] quod sufficit. [Able, capable] sufficiens, capax, aptus. [In estate] satis dives, locuples.
Not sufficient, impar, inhabilis, ineptus.
Sufficiently, sat, antia.
To suffocate, suffocare, prefocare.
A suffocating or suffocation, suffocatio, prefocatio.
Suffocative, vim habens suffocandi.
A suffragan, vicarius.
A suffrage or vote, suffragium, sententia.
To give one's suffrage or suffrage, suffragari.
The giving of one's suffrage, suffragatio.
He that gives his suffrage, suffragator.
Of suffrages, suffragatorius.
Suffumigation or making a smoke underneath, suffumigatio.
To suffuse, suffundere.
A suffusion [a spreading or pouring abroad; a cataract] suffusio.
A sug [sea-flea] pulex marinus.
Sugar, saccharum. Muscovado or brown sugar, saccharum noudum a fecibus satis purgatun. Treble-refined sugar, saccharum purgatissimum. Powder-sugar, saccharum ad pulverem redactum.
Sugar-candy, sacchari purgati flos.
A sugar-loaf, sacchari meta.
The sugar-cane, arundo indica.
To sugar, saccharo condire.
Sugared words, blanditiæ, blandimenta.
To suggest [prompt] suggerere, insinuarre. [Admonish or pose] monere.
A suggester, monitor.
A suggesting or suggestion, monitio, admonitio.
To sugillate, sugillare.
Suicide or self-murder, suicidium.
Suiliage, fossa ad sordes domus eliciendas.
A suit [request] petitiu, rogatio.
An importunate suit, effragatio.
To get the better in a suit, iudicio vincere.
To lose one's suit, causâ cadere, item perdere.
To let fall one's suit or be non-suited, tergiversari. To end it by composition, item redimere.
A suit of apparel or clothes, vestis, indumentum. A complete suit, vestium simul induturum omnis apparatus.

A neat suit, vestis concinna.
A suit or set of cards, chartarum pictarum familia.
To make suit to, aliquem orare.
To commence a suit against one, alicui dicam scribere. Vid. To sue.
To suit or match one thing with another, rem aliquam alteri æquare.
To suit with, quadrare, convenire.
Suitable, aptus, congruens, consentaneus.
Suitableness, congruentia.
Suitably, apte, accommodate.
A suiting or fitting to, accommodatio.
A suitor or petitioner, supplex.
For an office, candidatus, petitor.
Suitors for a prince's favour, favoris v. grætiæ principis captatores.
A suitor [wooer] procus, amans.
Sullen, contumax, morosus, austerus.
Sullenly, contumaciter, morose.
To look sullenly, frontem capere v. corrugare.
Sullenness, contumacia, pervicacia.
Sullied in one's character or reputation, lufamiliâ notatus.
To sully, maculare, contaminare, inquinare. A person's character, alicui infamiam afferre.
A sullying, sulliage, or sully, macula, labis aspersio.
Sulphur, sniphur v. sulfur.
Dressed or smoked with sulphur, sulphuratus.
Sulphureous, sulphurous, sulphury, or belonging to sulphur, sulphureus, sulphureus.
A sulphur-pit, sulphuraria.
A match dipped in sulphur, sulphuratum.
The sultan or grand seignior, Turcarum summus imperator.
A sultana or sultanness, regina Turcica.
Sultriness, vis æstus.
Sultry, torridus, fervidus.
A sum or sum of money, summa, summa pecuniæ. (Of a matter or discourse) argumentum, summa, capit. Brief rehearsed, summarium, rerum dictarum enumeratio.
A little sum, summula.
The sum total, numerus totus.
To sum up an account, rationes computare.
To sum up a discourse, res jam dictas breviter repetere.
To sum up all or in fine, denique, breviter.
Sumach [the tree] rhus, m. et f. [The seed or fruit] rhus, n.
Sumless, innumerus.
Summarily, summam, breviter.

A summary, summarium, bre-
vium.
A summing up, computatio, sup-
putatio.
Summer [a season of the year]
æstas.
Of summer, æstivus.
A summer's day, dies æstivus.
In the beginning of summer,
incunte æstate. *In the mid-*
dle of summer, æstate adultâ.
Towards the end of summer,
affectâ jam æstate.
A summer or country house, sub-
urbanum.
To summer, pass or spend the
summer, æstivare.
A summer suit of clothes, vesti-
menta æstiva.
A summer [great beam] trans-
trum, trabs.
A summer or architrave, eplasty-
lium.
A summering in a place, æstiva
commoratio.
The summit or top, vertex, ca-
cumen, fastigium.
To summon or cite, citare, cl-
ere, arcescere. *A town to sur-*
render, civibus imperare dedi-
tionem. *Up one's courage*,
animum recipere.
A summoner or apparitor, ap-
paritor, lictor.
A summoning or summons, cita-
tio, in jus vocatio. *By sub-*
pœna, denuntiatio. *To battle*,
evocatio.
A sumpter-horse, equus viatico
oneratus.
Sumptuary [belonging to ex-
penses] sumptuarius.
Sumptuous [costly, stately]
sumptuosus, magnificus.
Sumptuously, sumptuose, mag-
nifice.
Sumptuousity, luxus, splendor.
The sun, sol.
Of or belonging to the sun, so-
larius.
The light of the sun, lumen so-
lare.
An eclipse of the sun, defectio
solis.
The sun beams, radii solares.
To bask in the sun, apricari;
solem in cute figere.
A basking in the sun, apricatio.
To walk in the sun, ambulare in
sole.
Sun-dew [an herb] ros solis.
A sun-dial, solarium, horologi-
um solarium v. aciatheicum.
Sun-shine, apricitas.
Sun-rising, solis ortus. *At the*
first rising of the sun, a primo
sole.
Sun-set, solis occasus.
The sun is going down, sol in-
clinat.
To sun [set or dry in the sun]
solare, insolare; soli expo-
nere.
A sunning, apricatio.

To sit sunning, apricare.
Sunny, apricus.
Sunday, dies Dominica v. dies
Dominicus.
A Sunday garment, vestitus ele-
gantior.
Palm-sunday, Dominica palma-
rum.
To sunder or put asunder, sepa-
rare, sejungere.
Sundry, diversus, varius.
In sundry places, diversis locis.
Sundry ways, diverse, varie,
plurifariam.
A sup, haustus.
To sup or drink in, sorbere. *A*
little, sorbillare. *Again*, re-
sorbere. *Up*, absorbere; hau-
rire. [Eat at supper] cœnare.
At another man's cost, alienum
cœnare.
Superable [that may be over-
come or surmounted] supera-
bilis, vincibilis.
To superabound, abundare, ex-
superare, affluere.
A superabounding or super-
abundance, redundantia, exsu-
perantia.
Superabundantly, redundanter.
To superadd, superaddere.
Superannuated, senior, annosus.
A supercargo, oneria navium
curator.
Supercilious [lofty, grave] su-
perciliosus, superbus.
Superciliously, superbe, severe.
Superciliousness, supercilium,
fastus, superbia.
Supereminency, præcellentia.
Supereminent, supereminens.
Supereminently, insigniter.
To supererogate [give or do
more than is required] super-
erogare.
Supererogation, operum super-
fluitas.
Superexcellent, præcellens.
Superficial [belonging to the
surface] superficialis, exter-
nus.
A superficial scholar, homo levi-
ter eruditus.
Superficially, leviter, perfun-
ctorie.
The superficies or surface, su-
perficies.
Superfine [of cloth] tenuissi-
mus, subtilissimus.
Superfluity or superfluoussness,
superfluitas, redundantia.
Superfluous, superfluus, super-
vacuus, redundans.
A superfluous spending, profu-
sio, prodigentia.
To be superfluous, redundare.
Superfluously, redundanter, im-
modice.
To superinduce, superinducere.
Superinduction, superinductio.
To superintend, curare, inspi-
cere.
Superintendency, curatio, in-
spectio.

A superintendent, curator, pro-
curator.
A superior, superior; præses,
præfectus. *In rank or digni-*
ty, ordine superior.
Superiority, magisterium, præ-
fecti potestas.
Superlative [excellent] eximius,
egregius, præclarus.
Superlatively, excellenter, egre-
gie.
Supernal [above] supernus.
Supernally, superne.
Supernatural, naturam supe-
rans, supra naturæ leges po-
situs.
Supernumerary, justum nume-
rum supersans.
To superscribe, inscribere.
A superscription, inscriptio.
To supersede, supersedere.
A supersedeas in law, exaucto-
ramentum.
Superstition, superstitio.
Superstitious, superstitiosus,
religiosus.
Superstitiously, superstitiose,
religiose.
To superstruct, superstruere,
extruere.
A superstructure, structura, æ-
dificium.
To supervene, supervenire.
To supervise, procurare & in-
spicere.
A supervisor, curator, inspector.
Supine [with the face upwards]
supinus. [Careless, negligent]
improvidus, socors.
A supine (in grammar) supi-
num.
Supinely, supine, negligentem
indulgent.
Supinity, supineness, negligen-
tia, incuria, securitas.
A supper, cœna.
The first dish at supper, cœna
caput.
The Lord's Supper, cœna Do-
minica, eucharistia.
A supper or the act of supping
at home, domicanium.
Of or belonging to supper, cœ-
natorius.
To have an appetite for supper,
cœnaturire.
To be at supper, cœnare.
To go often to supper, cœnitare.
To invite himself to supper with
one, cœnam alicui condicere.
To make a short supper, subcœ-
nare.
Supperless, inccenatus.
Supper-time, tempus cœnandi.
A supping-room, cœnaculum.
A little supping room, cœnati-
uncula.
A supping or supping, sorbitio.
To supplant [trip up another's
heels with one's foot] supplan-
tare. [To displace by subtlety]
aliquem per fraudem a munere
arcere.
A supplanter, qui supplantat.

Supple or *limber*, leuitus, mollis, flexilis. *Somewhat supple*, molliculus, tenellus.
To supple, mollire, emollire; macerare.
To grow supple, lentescere.
Supplely, lente, laxe.
A supplement [a filling up] supplementum.
Supplemental, ad supplementum pertinens.
Suppleness, lentor, lentitia, molities.
A supplying or making supple by steeping, maceratio.
A suppliant or supplicant, supplex.
Like a suppliant, suppliciter.
To supplicate or make supplication, supplicare, obsecrare.
A supplication, supplicatio, supplex obsecratio.
Bills of supplication, libelli, supplices.
Supply [help or relief] subsidium, suppetit, pl.
A supply of soldiers, militum supplementum, auxilium, subsidium. *Of money*, subsidium argentarium.
To supply [make up what is wanting] supplere. *The room of an absent person*, aliquid absentis vices supplere. [*Furnish*] *with* suppeditare, subministrare. *Or relieve one's wants*, levare, sublevare.
A supplying, suppeditatio, instructio.
A support [prop] (s)crum, adminiculum.
Support [favour, protection] gratia, tutela.
To support [bear up] sustentare. [*Endure*] tolerare, pati. [*Defend or maintain*] vindicare, tueri. [*Give assistance to*] iuvare, adjuvare, opitulari, auxiliari.
Supportable, tolerabilis, patibilis.
A supporter [one who supports] qui sustentat; patronus. [*In building*] telamo.
Supporters [in heraldry] animalia scutum sustentantia.
Supporting one's self or leaning on, innixus.
A supporting, supportance, supportation, sustentatio, defensio.
Supposable, opinabilis.
A supposal, propositum pro vero admissum.
To suppose, [substitute in another's room] supponere. [*Think*] arbitrari, suspicari. [*Allow a thing to be as stated*] aliquid pro vero concedere, admittere.
A supposed father, pater aliquis exclamatione habitus.
A supposer, qui opinatur.
A supposing or supposition, opinio, exclamatione. *Note*, the Latin word *suppositio* denotes

a putting under or foisting in the room of another, which is quite a different idea from what we mean by a supposition or a putting of the case to be so.
Supposititious, supposititius.
Suppositively, ex opinione.
To suppress, supprimere, coercere.
A suppressing or suppression, suppressio, repressio.
To suppurate [run or rankle, as a sore] suppurare, pus emittere.
Suppuration, suppuratio.
Suppurative, suppuratorius. *A suppurative medicine*, medicamentum suppuratorium.
Supravulgar, qui vulgi captum superat.
Supremacy, primatus.
Supreme, supremus, summus.
To surcease [leave off] cessare, supercedere.
A surceasing, cessatio, omissio.
A surcharge, onus novum, nova oneris accessio.
To surcharge, onus novum imponere; supra vires onerare.
A surcharged stomach, stomachus nimis onustus.
A surcharging, novi v. in iusti oneris impositio. *Of the stomach*, crapula.
A surcingle, cingula, cinctorium.
A surcoat, tunica exterior.
A surd number or quantity [that is incommensurate with unity] numerus surdus.
Surdity, [deafness] surditas.
Sure [certainly known] certus, compertus, manifestus. [*Faithful*] fidus, fidelis. [*Safe*] tutus, salvus. [*Stable*] stabilis, firmus.
Sure-footed, pes minime labens.
To be sure or certain, aliquid certo scire; aliquid compertum habere.
To be sure or surely, certe, profecto.
To make sure of a thing or seize it, aliquid asservare, comprehendere, antecapere.
To go upon sure grounds or act cautiously, caute agere.
Surely, [certainly] certe, profecto, sane. [*Faithfully*] fideliter; bona fide. [*Safely*] tuto, secure. [*Steadfastly*] constanter.
To tread surely, gressus firmare.
Sureness, [certainty] certa rei ratio. [*Faithfulness*] fidelitas. [*Safety*] incolumitas. [*Stability, steadfastness*] stabilitas.
A taking of sureties, satisacceptio.
A putting in of sureties, satisfactio.
Suretieship, sponsio.
A surety or bail in a criminal

matter, vas. *Or bail for debt*, pæra.
To be surety, spondere.
To put in surety, vadari, satisfactum.
To take surety, satisacceptum, accipere.
A joint surety or surety with another, consponsor.
The surface [outside] superficies externa.
A surfet, crapula; cibi v. potus ingurgitatio.
A surfet or a being surfeited with, satias, satietas.
To surfet one's self, belluam crapulam contrahere.
To surfet [glut or satiate] satiare, saturare.
A surfeiter, belluo.
A surfeting or overcharging the stomach, crapulam contractio.
A surge [billow or great wave] fluctus ingens.
To surge, aestuare, fluctuare.
Full of surges, surgy, fluctuosus, undosus.
A surging, undarum tumultus.
A surgeon, [corruptly for chirurgeon] vulnerarius, chirurgus.
Surgery [the art] ea medicina pars quæ manu curat.
Of or belonging to surgery, chirurgicus.
Surlily, ferociter, morose.
Surliness, contumacia, morositas.
Surlly, contumax, ferox.
To be surly, ferocire.
A surmise, suspicio, præsagium. *A false surmise*, figmentum.
To surmise, suspicari, augurari; imaginari.
To surmount, superare, exsuperare, vincere.
A surmounter, superator, victor.
A surmounting, superatio.
A surname, cognomen, nomen gentilitium.
To give a surname, cognominare.
To surpass, antecellere, antecellere, antevincere.
Surpassable, superabilis, vincibilis.
A surpassing, præstantia, eminentia.
Surpassingly, excellenter, præclare.
A surplice, linteum amiculum sacerdotale.
A surplus or surpluage, additamentum, auctarium.
A surprise or surprisal [a coming upon one unawares] superventus. [*Astonishment*] perturbatio.
To surprise a person [come upon him unawares] aliquid nec opinantem opprimere.
To surprise or astonish one, aliquid conturbare, terrere.
To surprise a town or castle, improviso capere.

A surprier, qui aliquem nec opinantem opprimit.

Surprising [new, unexpected] novus, inopinatus. [*Astonishing, marvellous*] mirus, mirabilis.

Surprisingly, mirabiliter.

A surrender, deditio, resignatio.

The surrender of a town, &c. oppidi, &c. deditio.

To surrender [restore] reddere, restituere. [*Submit as a prisoner*] dedere, manus dare. *Upon conditions*, certis conditionibus in dedicationem venire. *At discretion*, liberum arbitrium victori de se permittere. *Up an office*, magistratu abire.

One that has surrendered, dedititius.

A surrendering, deditio, abdicatio.

Surreptitious, surreptitius.

Surreptitiously, furtim, secreto.

A surrogate [one who inquires or acts for another] vicarius, delegatus.

To surrogate, subrogare v. surrogare.

A surrogation or surrogating, surrogatio, substitutio.

To surround or encompass, circumdare, circumstare, circumfundere.

A surrounding, circuitio, circuitus, amplexus.

A survey [a viewing] lustratio, inspectio. [*A measuring*] metatio.

To survey [take a view of] lustrare, inspectare, circumspicere. [*Measure*] metiri, demetiri. [*Oversee*] curare, recognoscere.

A surveyor [viewer] inspector. [*Measurer*] mensor [*Overseer*] curator. [*Architect*] architectus. *Of the king's works*, operum regionum curator. *Of the highways*, viarum publicarum curator.

A surveyorship, metatoris v. procuratoris munus.

To survey, supereminere.

To survive, supervivere, superare.

Survival, survivance, or a surviving, supersistit, status.

A survivor or survivor, superstes.

A survivorship, superstitis munus.

Susceptible, susceptible, facile suscipiens, ad susceptionem facilis.

To suscite or raise, suscitare, commovere.

Suscitation, concitatio.

To suspect or have suspicion of, suspicari, suspectare; suspicere.

To make a person suspected, aliquem alicui in suspicionem ducere.

Easily suspecting or suspectful, suspicax, suspiciosus.

A suspecting, suspicio.

To suspend or defer, suspendere, differre. *One's judgment*, iudicium sustinere. *One from an office*, aliquem ab administratione sui muneris et tempus removere.

Suspense or doubt, dubium, scrupulus.

To be in suspense, dubitare, fluctuare, hæsitare.

A person in suspense, homo dubius.

A thing in suspense, res incerta.

To keep one in suspense, animum alicui suspendere.

To put one out of suspense, alicui scrupulum eximere.

A suspense or suspension, dubitatio, hæsitatio.

A suspension from an office, muneris administrandi interdictio.

A suspension of arms, indubiæ, pl.

A suspicion, suspicio, diffidentia.

To entertain a suspicion of one, alicui minime credere.

To fall under suspicion, in suspicionem cadere.

Suspicious [distrustful] suspiciosus, suspicax. [*Suspected*] suspectus.

Suspiciously, suspiciose.

A spirial or breathing-hole, spiraculum.

Suspuration [a sighing or breathing] suspiratio.

To suspire, suspirare, respirare.

To sustain [prop or defend] sustentare, sustinere. [*Bear or suffer*] sustinere, perferre.

A loss, damno officii.

Sustainable, quod sustineri potest.

A sustainer, Vid *Sufferer*.

A sustaining, sustentation, or supporting, sustentatio, defensio.

Sustenance or food, alimentum, nutrimentum, pabulum, cibus, victus.

A sutler [victualler in a camp] caupo.

A suture [seam] sutura.

A swath, scopa lanea.

A swabber [an inferior officer who is to see that the ship be kept clean] nauta cui purgandæ navis cura commissa est.

A swaddle or swaddling-band, fascia.

To swaddle [swathe] fasciare; fasciis involvere.

To swaddle [cudgel] verberare.

A swaddling, fasciis involutio.

To swing down, propendere.

A swag-belly, ventriosus, ventrosus.

To swagger, gloriari, jactare, ostentare.

A swaggerer, gloriosus; jactator, thiraso.

A swaggering, gloriatio, jactatio.

A swain or clown, colonus, rusticus.

A swain-mote, [a court kept thrice a year for matters of the forest] curia rustica ad saltus conservandos.

A swallow, hirundo.

To swallow, sorbere, absorbere haurire. *Up greedily*, devorare. *Eat one's words*, dicta retractare.

A swallowing down, haustus.

Swampy, paludosus, nebulosus.

A swan, cygnus, olor.

Of a swan, cygneus, olorius.

To swop, mutare, commutare.

Vid. To swop.

The sword or rind of bacon, cutis lardi.

The sword of earth, agri graminosi superficies.

A swarm or great number, multitudo. *Of bees*, apium examen. *Of people*, turba.

To swarm [as bees] examinare.

Together in great numbers, magno numero concurrere.

A city swarming with people, urbs populo frequens.

By swarms or in great numbers, turmatim.

Swart or swarthy, fuscus, infuscus, nigellus, subniger.

To swart, infuscare, denigrare.

Swarthy, nigricantis iustar.

Swarthiness, nigror.

To grow swarthy, infuscari, nigrescere.

A swath or swathe, fascia, tænia.

A swath or swath of grass, striga fœni demessa.

To swathe, fasciis involvere.

Sway [rule or government] imperium, dominatio, potestas.

To sway, [rule or govern] gubernare, imperare. *With one*, apud aliquem plurimum valere. *The sceptre of a kingdom*, summam rerum administrare.

To be swayed by another, alicuius consiliis regi.

A swaying, gubernatio, rerum administratio.

To sweat or melt away, inæqualiter eliquescere.

To swear, jurare, jure jurando se obstringere. *Against a thing or deny it by an oath*, abjurare. *Allegiance to one*, fidei sacramentum conceptis verbis dicere. *Falsely*, pejerare. *A great oath*, magnum juram juramentum. *Solemnly*, sanctissime jurare. *In a set form of words*, in certa verba jurare. *With a mental reservation*, linguâ tantum jurare, mentem injuratam gerere. *Put one to his oath*, ju-

ramenium ab aliquo exigere. *Profanely*, temere ac sæpe dejerare.
A swearer, jurator; qui jurat.
A false swearer, perjurus. *A profane swearer*, homo temere ac sæpe dejerans.
A swearing or taking of an oath, jurisjurandi interpositio.
A solemn swearing or oath, dejurium.
Sweat, sudor. *A breathing sweat*, sudor parvus.
To sweat, sudare, exsudare. *All over or run all down with sweat*, circumsudare.
To cause to sweat, sudorem clere.
To drop with sweat, sudore defluere.
To sweat blood, sanguine sudare.
A sweater, sudator, m. sudatrix, f.
A sweating, sudatio.
A sweating-place, sudatorium.
Of sweating, sudatorius.
Sweaty, sudans.
To sweep, verrere, convertere. *Away or carry off*, auferre. *Before*, prævertere.
A sweeper, qui scopis verrit.
A chimney-sweeper, caminorum mundator.
A sweeping, purgatio scopis facta.
Sweepings, purgamenta, pl. quisquiliæ, pl.
Sweet [pleasant to the taste or smell] dulcis, suavis.
A sweet breath, halitus suaviter olens.
A sweet or pleasant look, aspectus lætus.
Sweet: [affable, kind, good-natured] affabilis, blandus; benevolus. [Pretty] bellus, concinnus. [That has not an ill smell] inanime foetens.
Sweetish or somewhat sweet, dulciculus, subdulcis.
Sweet as honey, melleus, mellitus.
The sweet-bread, pancreas.
A sweet-ball, pastillus.
A woman's sweetheart, amasus, procus.
A man's sweetheart, amica; delicæ.
A sweet lips, gulosus; liguritar.
Sweet meats, tragomenta, cupedie, pl.
Sweet-scented, odoratus; odoriferus.
Sweet of speech, blandiloquus, suaviloquens.
To grow sweet, dulcescere, mitescere.
To sweeten [make sweet] dulcem facere. [Alleviate or pacify] placare, pacificare.
To be sweet upon a person, aliqui adulari, palpare.
A sweetener or wheedler, delectator, assentator.

A sweetening [an alleviating or pacifying] pacificatio, placatio.
Sweetish, dulciculus, subdulcis.
Sweetly [pleasantly] dulce, dulciter, suaviter. [Gently, smoothly] leniter, mansuete.
To live sweetly, jucunde v. quiete vivere.
Sweetness, dulcedo, dulcitus.
Of smell, odorum suavitatis.
Of speech, suaviloquentia. *Of temper*, affabilitas.
To make to swell, inflare, tumefacere.
To swell or puff up, tumere, turgere. *Grow out in length or breadth*, crescere, accrescere. *Bump out*, eminere, prominere.
A swelling, tumor. *In the neck*, &c. struma.
A swelling with bilious, æquoris asperitas.
To swelter with heat, calore pene suffocari.
Sweltering or sweltry hot, æstu pene suffocatus.
To swerve or go from, aberrare, declinare.
Swerving from, devius, declinans.
A swerving from, declinatio, deflectus.
Swift, celer, citus, pernix.
A swift or martinet [bird] apus.
Swift of foot, levipes, alipes.
To go a swift pace, incitato gradu incedere.
Swiftly, celeriter, cito, propere. *Somewhat swiftly*, celeriuscule.
Swiftness, celeritas, velocitas.
Swift or bog-wash, colluvies.
To swill [drink greedily] sorbere, ebibere. Or *rinse*, lavare, abluere.
A swiller or great drinker, temulentus, ebriosus.
A swilling or drinking much, ebrietas, ebriositas.
To swim, nare, natâre. *Float at the top*, supernatare. *Away*, abnatare. *Back*, renare. *Before*, prænatare. *In*, innare, innatare. *Out*, enare, enatare. *Over*, transnare. *To*, adnare. *Upon*, supernatare. *Under water*, subnatare.
A swimmer, natator.
A swimming, natatio.
The swimming of the head, vertigo.
Swimmingly [with good success] prospere.
A swine, porcus, sus. *A little swine*, porculus. *Wild swine*, soes sylvestres.
Swinish, porcillus, suillus.
A swine-herd, suarius.
A swine's sty, suile.
Swine's dung, suerda.
Swine-like, suis more.
A swing [to swing with] fauculus quo se quis jactat.

A swing or jerk, impetus.
To swing himself, se jactare. *About*, circumagere. [Brandish or cast with violent swinging] torquere, contorquere.
To swing [whip] flagellare, verberare.
Swinging [very large] ingens.
Hanging, pendulus.
A swinging or poising, libratio.
Wheeling about, rotatio.
Swingingly, valde, vehementer.
A swing-staff, scutula.
To wink, valde laborare.
A switch or rod, virgo, flagellum, vimen.
To switch, flagellare.
A swoel, verticula, verticulum.
To swoon, animo linqui v. deficere.
To recover from a swoon, linquentem animam revocare.
A swoon or swooning, deliquium, animi defectio.
To swoop or truck one thing for another, aliquid aliquid rem commutare.
A stooping, permutatio.
A sword, gladius, ensis.
A little sword, gladiolus, ensiculus. *A fighting-sword*, gladius pugnatorius. *A back-sword*, machæra. *Two-edged*, anceps bipennis. *Pointless*, obtusus.
To draw a sword, gladium stringere. *Hastily*, vaginâ eripere. *Upon one*, in aliquem.
To put up a sword, gladium recondere.
A naked or drawn sword, gladius strictus.
To stick, stab, or run one through with a sword, aliquem gladio trajicere.
To wear a sword, gladio succinctus esse.
To put one to the sword, gladio aliquem occidere. *To put all to the sword*, ad internecionem cadere, occisionem occidere.
The hilt of a sword, gladii capulus.
A sword-bearer, ensifer.
A sword-player, gladiator.
Of a sword-player, gladiatorius.
Sword-playing or fighting for a prize, gladiatura.
A sycophant [originally an informer against persons who exported figs from Greece, contrary to law, when it came to signify afterwards any informer, tale-bearer, or flatterer] sycophanta, delator; assentator.
To play the sycophant, sycophantari, adulari, assentari.
Syllabic or syllabic, secundum syllabas.
A syllable, syllaba.
By syllables, syllabatum.
Of one syllable, monosyllabus. *Of two*, bisyllabus. *Of more*

han two, hyperdisyllabus.
Of three, tres syllabas habens, trisyllabus. *Of four*, quatuor syllabas habens.
A syllogism, syllogismus.
Syllogistical, syllogisticus.
Syllogistically, per modum syllogismi.
To syllogise, ratiocinari.
Syltan, sylvaticus.
A symbol, symbolum v. symbolus.
Symbolical, ad symbolum pertinetis.
Symbolically, symbolice, aperte.
To symbolise, per symbolum aliquid indicare. [*Concur or agree with*] consentire, congruere.
A symbolising or denoting by symbols, per symbolos indicatio.
Symmetrical, singulis partibus sibi congruens.
Symmetry, congruentia, symmetria.
Sympathetically, mutuo affectu.
To sympathise, mutuam miserationem inveni.
Sympathy, [a fellow-feeling] mutua misericordia. [*The natural agreement of things*] naturæ cognatio.
Symphonious, modulatus, harmonicus.
Symphony, symphonia.
A symptom, indicium, index.
Symptomatical or symptomatic, symptomaticus.
A synagogue or Jewish church, synagoga.
A syncope [a figure in grammar] concisio, syncope.
A synod, conventus, synodus.
A synodal [money anciently paid to the bishop] tributum synodale.
Synonymal or synonymous, eundem v. similis significationis, synonymus.
A synonym, vox synonyma.
A synopsis, conspectus, synopsis.
Syntax, verborum structura; syntaxis.
A syringe, fistula, syrinx.
To syringe, per syringam injicere.
A system, corpus, systema.
Systematical, ad systema pertinetis.

T

A TABERNACLE, tabernaculum, tentorium.
Tabid [consumptive] tabidus, atrophus.

A table, mensa, tabula. **A little table**, mensula, tabella.
A table-book, pugillar.
A table well furnished, mensa laute instructa.
A slender table, victus tenuis.
To lay the table, mensam sternere.
To sit at table, mensam accumbere.
To wait at table, mensam astare.
A table-cloth, mappa, torale.
Table-discourse, fabula convivales.
A table in a book, index, syllabus.
A gaming-table, tabula linoaria.
Tables or a pair of chess tables, abacus tesserarius.
A table-nan, latro, latrunculus.
To play at tables, talis ludere.
A taker, convictor quotidianus.
A tabour, tabret, tabouret, tabourine, or tambourine, tympanum ininus.
A tack or clasp, ansula, fibula.
Tacit [silent, not expressed] tacitus.
Tacitly, tacite.
Taciturnity [silence] taciturnitas, silentium.
To tack or join together, assuere, consuere. *Up*, affigere.
Abut [as a ship] cursum obliquare v. invertere; obliquare sinus in ventum. [*Alter one's measures*] consilia mutare.
Tackle or tackling, armamentaria. *pl.* *For ships*, navium armamenta. *Kitchen tackle*, instrumenta culinaria.
Tactile [that may be touched or handled] tactilis.
Taction or touching, tactio.
A tadpole or little frog, gyrinus.
The tag or point of a lace, ligula bracteola.
To tag a lace, ligula bracteolam inserere.
Tag, rag, and bobtail, fax populi.
To tag after or follow a person, aliquem pone sequi.
A tail, cauda.
To wag the tail, cevere.
The tail of a garment, vestis tractus.
The tail or hindermost part, extremitas pars.
The plow-tail, stiva, bura.
Tailage or tollage, tributum viritum exactum.
A tailor, sartor, vestiarius.
A taint or infection, contagio.
Or blemish, labea, vitium.
To taint [corrupt] inficiare, vitiare. *Be tainted or corrupted*, putrescere. *Attaint* [of a crime] accusare.
Taintless, purus, contagionis expertus.

To take, capere, sumere. [*Succeed*] prospere cedere. **A thing or understand it**, intelligere rem. **Apprehend a person**, aliquem prehendere. **A bout**, amplecti, comploti. **After or imitate**, imitari, amulari. **Aside**, evocare. **A thing as a favour**, aliquid in beneficii partem dinumerare. **Away**, auferre. **Back again**, resumere, repetere. **Before**, præoccupare. **Cognisance of cognoscere**. **Or pull down house or building**, domum de jicere. **Down** [tame or subdued] domare, frenare. **From**, auferre. **Ill**, grievously, stomachari, indignari. **Up hastily**, corripere. **A person into his house**, aliquem domum ad se admittere. **The height of a place**, altitudinem loci explorare. **In a good or bad sense**, aliquid in bonam aut malam partem accipere. **One in or cheat him**, aliquem fraudare, decipere, fallere. **Down in writing**, aliquid scriptis mandare. **A thing kindly**, aliquid benigne accipere. **One thing for another**, in aliquo errare. **Out spots**, maculas eludere. **Time to consider of things**, ad considerandas res tempus adhibere. **Upon him**, audere, sibi assumere. *Up or be reclaimed*, mores corrigere.
A taker away, raptor, director spoliator.
A taking, acceptio, assumptio. **Advice**, deliberatio. **Away**, direptio, spoliatio. **Back**, resumptio. **Before**, anticipatio. **Hold of**, prehensio. **To**, assumptio.
A tale, fabula, narratio.
A false tale, fgmentum, ficta fabula. **A flattering tale**, assentatiuncula. **A tale of a tub**, anilla fabula.
The tale of money, &c. recensio.
To tell a tale or tales, confabulari, fabulam narrare. **Or falsity of one**, in aliquem mentiri. **A tale-bearer or tell-tale**, surreptio.
A teller of merry tales, congerio.
A talent, talentum. [*Endowment or parts*] facultas, dos.
A talisman, imaguncula magica.
Talk [mineral] stella terræ.
Talk [discourse] sermo, colloquium.
To talk, colloqui, confabulari. **Idly**, nugæ dicere. **Softly**, murrare, susurrare.
Talkative, loquax, dicax.
Over-talkative, impedio locus cior.
Talkativeness, garrulitas.

A talkative fellow, loquaculus, ~~sa~~ Dodoneum.
A great talker, multiloquus, ver-bosus.
An idle talker, gerro.
Talking, loquax, garrulus.
A talking together, colloquium.
A talking much, garrulitas.
A talking to one's self, solilo-quium.
Tall, procerus, celsus.
A tall gangrel fellow, longurio.
Tallness, proceritas.
Tallow, sebum liquatum.
A tallow-chandler, candelarum sebacearum venditor.
To tallow or dip in tallow, se-bare v. sebare.
Of tallow, sebaceus.
Tallowish or full of tallow, se-bosus v. sevosus.
A tally, tessera, tales. *A little tally*, tessera.
A tally-man, qui pro mercibus venditis pecuniam taleâ nota-tam per singulas hebdoma-das exigere solet.
To tally or mark on a tally, tes-seris numerum notare. Or agree with, convenire.
A talon or nail, unguis. *A lit-tle talon*, unguiculus.
Tamable, domabilis.
Tame or gentle, lenis, mansue-tus.
To tame, domare, mansuefa-cere.
To grow tame, mansuescere, mitescere.
Tamely, leniter, mansuete, pla-cide.
Tameness, lenitas, mansuetudo.
A tamer, domitor, m. domitrix, f.
A taming, domitura, domitus.
To tamper or be tampering with one, tentare, in suas partes sollicitationibus trahere.
To tamper with a disease, impe-rite curationem morbi ten-tare.
Tan, cortex ad coria inficienda adhibitus.
To tan leather, corium cortice parato inficere.
To tan or sun-burn, sole sus-citare.
A tan-house, officina ad coria dependa destinata. *A tan-pit or vat*, fovea ad coria dep-endenda.
A tanner, coriarius.
A tang, sapor vehemens.
Tangible, tactilis.
To tangle or entangle, impli-care, impedire.
A tankard, cantharus operculo instructus.
To be tanned, colorari.
Tantalism, spes vana v. decepta.
To tantalise, vanâ spe allicere.
Tavamonni, æquivalens, eodem rediens.
A tap [pipe] fistula, siphon.
To tap a vessel, c. solum relinere.

A tap or ale-house, caupona, cerevisiaria.
A tap [blow] ictus levis.
To tap or give one a tap, leviter aliquem tangere.
A tapster or ale-house-keeper, caupo cerevisiarius.
Tape, vittarum v. teniarum genus ex filo lineo contextum.
A taper or wax-light, cereus; fax.
Taper or like a taper, pyrami-datus.
Tapestry, tapes; aulæa, pl. *To make tapestry*, aulæa v. tapesas conficere. *Wrought tapestry*, aulæa imaginibus pictis or-nata. *To hang with tapestry*, aulæis ornare. *A hanging with tapestry*, aulæis adornatio.
A tapestry-maker, phrygio.
Tar, pix liquida.
To tar a thing over, pice liquidâ aliquid oblinere.
Tardily, pigre, tarde.
Tardily or tardiness, tarditas.
Tardy [slow] piger, tardus.
To be tardy, peccare, errare.
To tardy, differre, prolatære.
Tares, vicia, lolium.
A target, targe, scutum, clypeus major. *A round target*, parma.
A short target, ancile, pelta.
A targeteer or one armed with a target, scutatus.
To tarnish or be tarnished, in-fuscare, decolorare; nitorem perdere. *One's reputation*, fa-mam alicujus obscurare. Or *spoil the beauty of a thing*, ali-cujus rei nitorem obscurare.
A tarpauling, pannus canabius pice liquidâ illitus. [*A sailor*] meris nauta.
Tarrase [a kind of mortar] ce-mentum lutritum.
A tarrier, cunctator, cessator.
To tarry, morari, manere. For, expectare. *All night*, per-noctare. *Lag behind*, cunctari.
To make to tarry, sistere.
A tarrying, tarriance, mora, cunctatio.
Tarrying for, expectans, præ-stolans.
A tarrying for, expectatio.
Tarrying all night, pernox.
Tart or sharp, acidus, acer, a-cerbus.
To grow tart, acescere. *To make tart*, acidum reddere.
Somewhat tart, acidulus.
Tart in reflections, mordax.
A tart, scriblita.
A tart-maker, scriblitarius.
Tartar, vini arida fax.
A Tartar, Tartariæ indigena.
Tartly, acerbè, acriter.
Tartness, acerbitas. *In reflec-tions*, mordacitas.
A task, pensus.
To perform one's task, pensus peragere. *To be diligent in*

performing one's task, pensus accurare.
To task or set a task, pensus alicui præscribere.
To take one to task, rationem operis ab aliquo exigere.
A tasking, pensus inunctio.
A task-master, exactor operis.
A tassel, ornamentum pendu-lum ex filo v. serico contex-tum.
Tastable, gustui jucundus.
A taste or tasting, gustus.
Having a good taste, tasteful, boni v. grati saporis.
Having a rank or disagreeable taste, rancidi v. ingrati saporis.
A taste in things, sapor.
Without taste, insipidus, insul-sus, fatuus.
To take a light taste of, libare, gustare.
A taste beforehand, prægustare.
To taste or have a taste of, sap-ere.
Tasteless, insipidus, insulsus.
A taster or dram-cup, gustato-rium.
A tasting, gustatio, delibatio.
A tatter, pannus laceratus.
A tattered maulion or one full of tatters, pannosus balatro.
To tatter or tear into pieces, lac-erare, dilacerare.
Tattle or little-tattle, nugæ, ger-ræ.
A tattle-basket, loquax, dicaculus.
To tattle, garrire, blaterare.
A tatterer, garrulus; nugax; nugator.
A tattling, loquacitas, dicacitas.
A tavern, taberna vinaria; co-nopolium. *A tavern haunter*, qui tabernas vinarias nimis frequentat. *A tavern-man*, ta-vern-keeper, or vintner, taber-narius, vinarius.
Of a tavern, tabernarius.
A taunt, convicium. *A bitter taunt*, sarcasmus.
To taunt, conviciari; cavillari.
A taunter, conviciator maledi-cus.
Taunting, mordax, conviciis lacerans.
A taunting one with a kindness done, exprobratio.
Tauntingly, per deridiculum.
Tautology, repetitio vocum su-pervacua.
Tawdriness, ornatus ineleganter speciosus.
Tawdry, vestium splendidarum cum affectatione studiosus.
A tawdry dress, vestitus splen-dor affectatus.
Tawny, fulvus, fuscus.
A tax, tributum, vectigal, cen-sus.
A land-tax, agrorum tributa.
To tax [blame or charge with a crime] culpæ, accusare, insinulare. *Lay a tax upon*, taxare, censere. *To collect or*

has two, hyperdissyllabus.
Of three, tres syllabas habens, trissyllabus. *Of four*, quatuor syllabas habens.

A syllogism, syllogismus.

Syllogistical, syllogisticus.

Syllogistically, per modum syllogismi.

To syllogise, ratiocinari.

Sylvan, sylvaticus.

A symbol, symbolum v. symbolus.

Symbolical, ad symbolum perticiens.

Symbolically, symbolice, aperte.

To symbolise, per symbolum aliquid indicare. [*Concur or agree with*] consentire, congruere.

A symbolising or denoting by symbols, per symbolos indicatio.

Symmetrical, singulis partibus sibi congruens.

Symmetry, congruentia, symmetria.

Sympathetically, mutuo affectu.

To sympathise, mutua miseratione inveri.

Sympathy, [a fellow-feeling] mutua misericordia. [*The natural agreement of things*] naturæ cognatio.

Symphonous, modulatus, harmonicus.

Symphony, symphonia.

A symptom, indicium, index.

Symptomatical or symptomatic, symptomaticus.

A synagogue or Jewish church, synagoga.

A syncope [a figure in grammar] concisio, syncope.

A synod, conventus, synodus.

A synodal [money annually paid to the bishop] tributum synodale.

Synonymal or synonymous, ejusdem v. similis significationis, synonymus.

A synonym, vox synonyma.

A synopsis, conspectus, synopsis.

Syntax, verborum structura; syntaxis.

A syringe, fistula, syrinx.

To syringe, per syringa injicere.

A system, corpus, systema.

Systematical, ad systema perticiens.

A table, mensa, tabula. *A little table*, mensula, tabella.

A table-book, pugillar.

A table well furnished, mensa laute instructa.

A slender table, victus tenuis.

To lay the table, mensam sternere.

To sit at table, mensæ accumbere.

To wait at table, mensæ astare.

A table-cloth, mappa, torale.

Table-discourse, fabulæ conviviales.

A table in a book, index, syllabus.

A gaming-table, tabula insectoria.

Tables or a pair of chess tables, abacus tessararius.

A table-man, latro, latrunculus.

To play at tables, talis ludere.

A taker, convictor quotidianus.

A labour, tabret, tabouret, tabourine, or tambourine, tympanum minus.

A tack or clasp, ansula, fibula.

Tacit [silent, not expressed] tacitus.

Tacitly, tacite.

Taciturnity [silence] taciturnitas, silentium.

To tack or join together, assuere, consuere. *Up*, affigere.

About [as a ship] cursum obliquare v. invertere; obliquare sinus in ventum. [*Alter one's measures*] consilia mutare.

Tackle or tackling, armamentaria. *pl.* *For ships*, navium armamenta. *Kitchen tackle*, instrumenta culinaria.

Tactile [that may be touched or handled] tactilis.

Taction or touching, tactio.

A tadpole or little frog, gyrinus.

The tag or point of a lace, ligulae bracteola.

To tag a lace, ligulae bracteolam inserere.

Tag, rag, and bobtail, fex populi.

To tag after or follow a person, aliquem pone sequi.

A tail, cauda.

To wag the tail, cevere.

The tail of a garment, vestis tractus.

The tail or hindmost part, extrema pars.

The plow-tail, stiva, bura.

Tailage or tollage, tributum viritum exactum.

A tailor, sartor, vestiarius.

A taint or infection, contagio.

Or blemish, lues, vitium.

To taint [corrupt] inficere, vitare. *Be tainted or corrupted*, putrescere. *Attain* [of a crime] accusare.

Taintless, purus, contagionis expertus.

To take, capere, sumere. [*Succeed*] prospere cedere.

A thing or understand it, intelligere rem. *Apprehend a person*, aliquemprehendere.

About, amplecti, complecti.

After or imitate, imitari, emulati.

Aside, evocare. *A thing as a favour*, aliquid in beneficii partem dinumerare.

Away, auferre. *Back again*, resumere, repetere. *Before*, preoccupare. *Cognisance of cognoscere*. *Or pull down*, house or building, domum de jicere. *Down* [tame or subdue] domare, frenare. *From*, auferre. *Ill*, grievously, stomachari, indignari. *Up hastily*, corripere. *A person into his house*, aliquem domum ad se admittere. *The height of a place*, altitudinem loci explorare. *In a good or bad sense*, aliquid in bonam aut malam partem accipere. *One in or cheat him*, aliquem fraudare, decipere, fallere. *Down in writing*, aliquid scriptis mandare. *A thing kindly*, aliquid benigne accipere. *One thing for another*, in aliquo errare. *Out spots*, maculas eludere. *Time to consider of things*, ad considerandas res tempus adhibere. *Upon him*, audere, sibi assumere. *Up or be reclaimed*, mores corrigere.

A taker away, raptor, director spoliator.

A taking, acceptio, assumptio.

Advice, deliberatio. *Away*, direptio, spoliatio. *Back*, resumptio. *Before*, anticipatio.

Hold of, prehensio. *To*, assumptio.

A tale, fabula, narratio.

A false tale, figmentum, ficta fabula. *A flattering tale*, assentatiuncula. *A tale of a tub*, anilis fabula.

The tale of money, &c. recensio.

To tell a tale or tales, confabulari, fabulam narrare. *Or falsify of one*, in aliquem mendari.

A tale-bearer or tell-tale, surreptor.

A teller of merry tales, congerro.

A talent, talentum. [*Endowment or parts*] facultas, dos.

A talisman, imaguncula magica.

Talk [mineral] stella terræ.

Talk [discourse] sermo, colloquium.

To talk, colloqui, confabulari. *Idly*, nugas dicere. *Softly*, murrare, susurrare.

Talkative, loquax, dicax.

Over-talkative, impendio loquacior.

Talkativeness, garrulitas.

T

A TABERNACLE, tabernaculum, tentorium.

Tabid [consumptive] tabidus, atrophas.

TAP

TAS

TAX

A talkative fellow, loquaculus, m. Dodoneum.
A great talker, multiloquus, verbosus.
An idle talker, gerro.
Talking, loquax, garrulus.
A talking together, colloquium.
A talking much, garrulitas.
A talking to one's self, soliloquium.
Tall, procerus, celsus.
A tall gangrel fellow, longurio.
Tallness, proceritas.
Tallow, sebum liquatum.
A tallow-chandler, candelarum sebacearum venditor.
To tallow or dip in tallow, sebare v. sevrare.
Of tallow, sebaseus.
Tallowish or full of tallow, sebosus v. sevosus.
A tally, tessera, talea. A little tally, tesserula.
A tally-man, qui pro mercibus venditis pecuniam talea notatam per singulas hebdomadas exigere solet.
To tally or mark on a tally, tesseri numerum notare. Or agree with, convenire.
A talon or nail, unguis. A little talon, unguiculus.
Tamable, domabilis.
Tame or gentle, levis, mansuetus.
To tame, domare, mansuescere.
To grow tame, mansuescere, mitescere.
Tamely, leviter, mansuete, placide.
Tameness, lenitas, mansuetudo.
A tamer, domitor, m. domitrix, f.
A taming, domiturn, domitus.
To tamper or be tampering with one, tentare, in suas partes sollicitationibus trahere.
To tamper with a disease, imperite curationem morbi tentare.
Tan, cortex ad coria inficienda adhibitus.
To tan leather, corium cortice parato inficere.
To tan or sun-burn, sole suscare.
A tan-house, officina ad coria dependa destinata. A tan-pit or vat, fovea ad coria dependenda.
A tanner, coriarius.
A tang, sapor vehemens.
Tangible, tactilis.
To tangle or entangle, implicare, impedire.
A tankard, cantharus operculo instructus.
To be tanned, colorari.
Tantalism, spes vana v. decepta.
To tantalise, vanâ spe allicere.
Tanamount, equivalens, eodem sediens.
A tap [pipe] fistula, siphon.
To tap a vessel, c. alium relinere.

A tap or ale-house, caupona, cerevisaria.
A tap [blow] ictus levis.
To tap or give one a tap, leviter aliquem tangere.
A tapster or ale-house-keeper, caupo cerevisarius.
Tape, vittarum v. teniarum genus ex filo lineo contextum.
A taper or wax-light, cereus; fax.
Taper or like a taper, pyramidalus.
Tapestry, tapes; aulæa, pl. To make tapestry, aulæa v. tapeas conficere. Wrought tapestry, aulæa imaginibus pictis ornata. To hang with tapestry, aulæis ornare. A hanging with tapestry, aulæis adornatio. A tapestry-maker, phrygio.
Tar, pix liquida.
To tar a thing over, pice liquidâ aliquid oblinere.
Tardily, pigre, tarde.
Tardity or tardiness, tarditas.
Tardy [slow] piger, tardus.
To be tardy, peccare, errare.
To tardy, differre, prolatare.
Tares, vicia, lolium.
A target, targe, scutum, clypeus major. A round target, parma.
A short target, ancile, pelta.
A targeteer or one armed with a target, scutatus.
To tarnish or be tarnished, infuscare, decolorare; nitorem perdere. One's reputation, famam alicujus obscurare. Or spoil the beauty of a thing, alicujus rei nitorem obscurare.
A tarpawling, pannus cannabinus pice liquidâ illitus. [A sailor] meris nauta.
Tarross [a kind of mortar] camentum intritum.
A tarrier, cunctator, censor.
To tarry, morari, manere. For, expectare. All night, pernoctare. Lag behind, cunctari.
To make to tarry, sistere.
A tarrying, tarriance, mora, cunctatio.
Tarrying for, expectans, præstolans.
A tarrying for, expectatio.
Tarrying all night, pernox.
Tart or sharp, acidus, acer, acerbus.
To grow tart, acescere. To make tart, acidum reddere. Somewhat tart, acidulus.
Tart in reflections, mordax.
A tart, scribita.
A tart-maker, scribilitarius.
Tartar, vini arida fax.
A Tartar, Tartarie indigena.
Tartly, acerbè, acriter.
Tartness, acerbitas. In reflections, mordacitas.
A task, pensum.
To perform one's task, pensum peragere. To be diligent in

performing one's task, pensum accurate.
To task or set a task, pensum alicui præscribere.
To take one to task, rationem operis ab aliquo exigere.
A tasking, pensu inunctio.
A task-master, exactor operis.
A tassell, ornamentum pendulum ex filo v. serico contextum.
Tastable, gustul jucundus.
A taste or tasting, gustus.
Having a good taste, tasteful, boni v. grati saporis.
Having a rank or disagreeable taste, rancidi v. ingrati saporis.
A taste in things, sapor.
Without taste, insipidus, insulsus, fa'vus.
To take a light taste of, libare, gustare.
A taste beforehand, prægustare.
To taste or have a taste of, sapere.
Tasteless, insipidus, insulsus.
A taster or dram-cup, gustatorium.
A tasting, gustatio, delibatio.
A tatter, pannus laceratus.
A tatterdemalion or one full of tatters, juminosus balatro.
To tatter or tear into pieces, lacerare, dilacerare.
Tattle or little-tattle, nugæ, geræ. A tattle-basket, loquax, dicaculus.
To tattle, garrare, blaterare.
A tattler, garrulus; nugax; nugator.
A tattling, loquacitas, dicacitas.
A tavern, taberna vinaria; conopolium. A tavern haunter, qui tabernas vinarias nimis frequenter. A tavern-man, tavern-keeper, or vintner, tabernarius, vinarius.
(Of a tavern, tabernarius.)
A taunt, convicium. A bitter taunt, sarcasmus.
To taunt, conviciari; savillari.
A taunter, conviciator maledicus.
Taunting, inordax, convicia lacesens.
A taunting one with a kindness done, exprobratio.
Tauntingly, per deridiculum.
Tautology, repetitio vocum supervacua.
Tawdriness, ornatus ineleganter speciosus.
Tawdry, vestium splendorum cum affectatione studiosus.
A tawdry dress, vestitûs splendor affectatus.
Tawny, fulvus, fuscus.
A tax, tributum, vectigal, census.
A land-tax, agrorum tributa.
To tax [blame or charge with a crime] culpare, accusare, inanimulare. Lay a tax upon, taxare, censere. To collect or

gather a tax, tributum v. vectigal colligere. *To tax the costs and charges of a suit*, litem estimare. *To raise a tax*, census imponere.

To take off or lessen a tax, census minuire.

A tax-gatherer, tributuli exactor. *Taxable*, vectigalis, vectigali solvendo obnoxius.

A taxation, taxing, or imposing a tax, taxatio.

A taser, taxator.

A taxing [blaming] accusatio, criminatio.

Tea, thea. *Green tea*, thea viridis.

To teach, docere, edocere. *Children*, pueros literis et artibus inficere. *To teach somewhat or now and then*, subdocere.

Teachable, docilis.

A teacher, doctor, præceptor.

A teaching, institutio.

A team of horses yoked to a carriage, currua.

A tear, lacryma.

A small tear, lacrymula.

Worthy of tears, lacrymabilis, lugubris.

Ready to shed tears, lacrymabundus.

Full of tears, tearful, lacrymosus.

Tear-falling, lacrymabundus, misericors.

To shed tears, lacrymare.

To cause one to shed tears, lacrymas movere.

A shedding of tears, lacrymatio.

A tear or rent, scissura, fissura.

To tear or tear to pieces, lacerare, dilacerare, scindere.

A letter, concipere epistolam. *One another*, se mutuo laniare.

To rant and tear along, tumultuari.

A tearer, qui v. quæ lacerat.

A tearing, laceratio, dilaceratio.

To tease or tease wool, &c. lanam, &c. carpere.

To tease [vex] cruciare, exagitare, vexare.

A teaser, qui v. quæ sollicitat.

A teasing, sollicitatio assidua.

A teat [breast in general] mamma, uber. *A little teat*, mammula. *The teat or nipple*, papilla.

To suck the teat, mamam sugere.

Technical, artificialis, technicus. *A technical word*, vocabulum alicui arti v. scientiæ proprium.

Techily, iracunde, aspere.

Techiness, iracundia, asperitas.

Techy, iracundus, asper, difficilis.

Tedious [lasting long] longus, diutinus. [*Slow*] tardus, leu-

tus. [*Troublesome, irksome*] molestus, odiosus. *Somewhat tedious or long*, longiusculus. *Tediously* [lasting long] longe, diutine. [*Slowly*] tarde, lente. [*Troublesomely*] moleste.

Tediousness [length of time] temporis longinquitas. [*Slowness*] tarditas, pigrities. [*Troublesomeness*] molestia, tedium.

To teem or pour out, effundere. [*To be frequently with child*] sæpe in utero gestare.

Teeming, secunda, sæpe gravidata.

Teecless, infecunda, sterilis.

Teen, dolor, mœstitia.

Teeth [of tooth] dentes, pl. *The cheek-teeth*, dentes genuini.

The eye-teeth, dentes canini. *The teeth of a comb*, pectinis dentes. *The teeth of a wheel*, rotae dentes. *The fore-teeth*, dentes incisores. *Gag-teeth*, dentes exerti. *Mill-teeth*, dentes molaræ.

To breed teeth, dentire.

A child breeding teeth, puerulus dentiens.

A breeding of teeth, dentitio.

To clean the teeth, dentes purgare. *To dash out the teeth*, edentire. *To draw or pull out one's teeth*, alicui dentes eruisse. *To fasten the teeth*, dentes firmare. *To shed or lose one's teeth*, dentes amittere.

To hit one in the teeth with a thing or throw it in one's teeth, [reproach one with] aliquid alicui exprobrare.

Having teeth, dentatus, denticulatus.

Breaking the teeth, dentifrangibilis.

A powder for cleaning the teeth, dentifricium.

A tegument, tegumen.

A teint, tint, or tinct, color.

A telescope or perspective glass, telescopium.

To tell [say or relate] dicere, narrare. *Blaze abroad*, vulgare, publicare. *Again or rehearse*, renarrare, recitare.

Before, prædicere, prænarrare. [*Acquaint one with*] indicere, alicuius alicuius rei certiorum facere. [*Admonish of*] monere, commonefacere. [*Compute or reckon up*] computare, numerare. [*Relate*] narrare, commemorare. [*Know*] scire. *Bring one news*, annuntiare. *To tell tales or stories*, fabulari.

A tell-tale, delator, obrectator.

A teller, narrator, recitator.

Of stories, fabulator.

A fortune-teller, fatidicus, haridolus.

A teller or numberer, qui numerat.

A telling [saying] narratio.

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recitatio, repetitio. [*Reckoning*] numeratio, computatio. *Temerarious*, temerarius. *Temerity*, temeritas, precipitatio.

Temper [constitution of body] corporis temperies. [*Humour nature*] indoles, ingenium. [*Moderation*] moderatio.

A person of a good, agreeable, or pleasant temper, homo festivus, lepidus, facetus. *Of an aspiring temper*, homo imperi cupidus. *Of a choleric temper*, homo animo commotior. *Of a disagreeable or surly temper*, homo morosus, difficilis, austerus.

An even temper, animus placidus, equus. *An uneven or fickle temper*, animus levis v. inconstans.

Agreeableness or pleasantness of temper, festivitas, hilaritas. *Disagreeableness*, morositas, protivitas.

The temper of iron or steel, ferri v. chalybis, temperatio, temperatura.

To put or bring a person into a good temper, alicuius a severitate ad hilaritatem traducere.

To temper [or moderate] animum moderari, coercere. [*Mingle*] miscere, commiscere. *Steel*, chalybem temperare.

A temperament [expedient or mean to accomplish a thing] ratio, modus. *Or constitution of body*, corporis temperatio.

Temperance or moderation, temperantia, abstinentia.

With temperance, temperate temperant.

Temperate [moderate] abstinentus, modestus. [*Calm*] lenis, placidus.

Temperately, temperate, temperanter.

Temperateness or moderation, temperantia. *Vid. Temperance*.

Temperateness of weather, eam temperies equalis.

Temperature, temperamentum, temperies.

Good-tempered, festivus, lepidus. *Ill-tempered*, morosus, difficilis. *Vid. Temper*.

A tempering, temperatio, admixtio.

A tempest, tempestas, procella.

To avoid a tempest, procellam devitare. *To raise a tempest*, procellam excitare.

Tempest-tost, jactatus.

Tempest-beaten, vexatus.

Tempestuous, procellosus, nimis.

A temple, templum, delubrum.

The temple [in London] templum pacis, hospitium templarium.

A knight templar, eques templi.
The temple of the head, tempus.
Temporal [lasting for a time]
 temporarius. [*Secular*] secularis.

Lords spiritual and temporal,
 senatores superioris domus.

Temporalities of bishops, epis-
 coporum temporalia.

Temporality, at tempus.

Temporality, plebs; ordo laicus.

Temporaneous or temporary,
 temporarius.

To temporise, scenæ servire;
 se temporibus accommodare;
 tempori succumbere.

A temporiser, qui scenæ servit.

Temporising, assentatio.

To tempt [attempt or try] ten-
 tare; conari. [*Entice*] allu-
 cere.

Temptable, mollis in obsequium.
A temptation or enticement, ten-
 tatio, illecebra.

A temptation to anger, irrita-
 mentum iræ.

A tempter [tempter] inceptor.
 [*Enticer*] tentator, dolenitor.

The tempter [the devil] diabolus.

A tempting [attempting] cona-
 tus. [*Enticing*] illecebra.

Tempting [alluring] pellax.

Ten, decem, deni.

Of ten, denarius. Ten times,
 decies. *Ten years of age or*

lasting ten years, decennis. The

space of ten years, decennium.

The ten at cards, dice, &c. decas.

A pole or perch ten feet long,
 decemperda.

A cart or wagon drawn by ten
 horses, currus decemjugis.

Tenfold, decemplex.

The tenth, decimus.

The tenth, time, decimum.

Tenthly, decimo.

Tenths or tithe, decima [par-
 tes].

Tenable, quod teneri potest.

A tenable town, oppidum quod
 defendi potest.

Tenacious [obstinate] tenax,
 pertinax. *Of his opinion, propo-*

siti tenax. [Close-fisted,

niggardly] parcus, deparcus.

Tenaciously [obstinately] tena-
 citer, pertinaciter.

Tenaciousness or tenacity [ob-
 stinacy] tenacitas, pertinacia.

A tenancy or hired house, do-
 mus mercede conducta.

A tenant, inquilinus.

Tenantable, locationi aptus.

Tenantless, incultus.

To tend or attend [take care of]
 curare, comitari, deducere.

To tend a sick person, ægrum
 v. ægrotum curare. *To or*

aim at, tendere, pertinere. Ill

tended, male curatus. Well

tended, probe curatus.

A tendency [inclination] hæk-
 natio, propensio. [*Drift or*

design] consilium.

Tender [soft] tener, mollis.
Somewhat tender, tenellus, mol-

liculus. [Nice, dainty] lelli-

catus, fastidiosus. [Scrupu-

lous] scrupulosus, religiosus.

Tender-hearted, misericors, be-
 nignus. *Tender-heartedness,*

misericordia.

A tender or guarder, curator,
 stipator. *Or offer, res v. con-*

ditio oblati.

A tender or small ship, lembus.

A tender or waiter, assecla, fa-
 mulus.

To be tender of a person or have
 a tender affection for him, ali-

quem in deliciis habere, aliquem

toto pectore amare.

To make tender, mollire, emol-
 lire. *To grow tender, teneres-*

cere.

To tender [offer] offerre, præ-
 bere. [*Regard*] curare, in-

dulgere. [Love or value] a-

mare, diligere, plurimi facere.

A tender of money, pecunie re-
 præsentatio.

A tendering or offering, oblatio.

Tenderly, molliter. To use ten-
 derly, molliter tractare.

Tenderness [softness] teneritas.

[*Love, kindness*] amor, caritas.

[*Indulgence*] indulgentia.

[*Scrupulousness*] ingenium
 scrupulis nimis addictum.

A tending to, cura, curatio.

A tendon, tendo, cardilago.

A tendril, clavicula, capreolus.

The tendrils of coleworts or other
 plants, cyma.

Tendrils or gristles, cartilagine
 miuores.

Tenebrous [dark] tenebrosus,
 tenebricosus.

A tenement, domus mercede lo-
 cata.

A tenet, dogma.

Tenerly or tenderness, teneritas.

A tennis-ball, pila lusoria.

A tennis-court, sphæristerium.

Tennis-play, pila ludus.

To play at tennis, pila ludere.

A tenon, cardo, impages.

The tenor or chief course of a
 matter, tenor, series. [*Chief*

intent or purpose] propositum,
 consilium. [*Sense or meaning*]

sensus, sententia, verborum vis.
 [*In music*] tenor.

A tense [in grammar] tempus.

Tensible, tensile, tensibilis.

Tension [a binding or stretch-
 ing] tensio.

A tent, tentorium. In a fair or
 market, velabrum. *A little*

tent, tentoriolum.

To pitch tents, castrametari,
 castra ponere.

To strike their tents, tabernacu-
 la inclinare.

A tent for a wound, turunda,
 linamentum. *Or pessary, col-*

lyrium. To tent a wound, tu-

rundam in plagam indere.

To tent, habitare.

Tentation or temptation, tenta-
 tio.

A tenter for stretching cloth,
 paunitendium.

Tenter-hook, uncus, clavus
 uncatus.

To tenter, tensionem recipere.

To keep a person upon the ten-
 ters or in suspense, aliquem

suspensum tenere.

Tenuity [slenderness, thinness]
 tenuitas, gracilitas.

Tenuous, tenuis, gracilis.

A tenure, jus v. modus aliqui
 tenendi.

A base tenure, clientela servilis.

Tepid [lukewarm] tepidus, ege-
 lidus.

Tepidity, tepor.

A tercel, genile, falco mas.

To terebrate, terebrare, perfo-
 rare.

Terebration, terebratio.

Tergiversation [a bogging at]
 tergiversatio.

A term [word or expression]
 verbum, appellatio. [*Bound*

or limit] terminus, limes.

[*Limited space of time*] tempus
 præstitum v. præfinitura.

Conditio, conditio, lex, ratio.

The four law terms, quatuor
 tempora v. termini, quibus

causæ forenses adjudicantur.

The space between term and
 term, justitium.

To term [call or name] appel-
 lare, vocare.

Ternagancy, animus turbulen-
 tus.

A ternagant or scolding woman,
 mulier rixosa.

To terminate or limit, limitare,
 terminare. *To terminate in,*

desinere. To terminate a dis-

ference, controversiam diri-

mere.

A terminating or bounding, ter-
 minatio, limitatio.

A terminating or concluding,
 conclusio.

A termination or ending of a
 word, terminatio, verbi exitus.

Ternless, infinitus.

Ternary [belonging to three]
 ternarius.

A terrace or terrace walk, terro-
 nus agger quo deambulare

solemus. *Of larras, ambula-*

rum cæmentitium.

Terraced, terrenus agger con-
 structus.

Terraqueous, ex aqua et terrâ
 constans.

Terrene, terreous, terrenus.

Terrestrial, terrestrious, terres-
 tris.

Terrible, terribilis, horrendus.

Very terrible, perhorridus. In
 look, torvus, truculentus.

Terribleness, terror, horror, a-
 trocitas.

Terribly, atrociter.

gather a tax, tributum v. vectigal colligere. *To tax the costs and charges of a suit*, litem estimare.
To raise a tax, census imponere.
To take off or lessen a tax, census minuire.
A tax-gatherer, tributū exactor.
Taxable, vectigalis, vectigali solvendo obnoxius.
A taxation, taxing, or imposing a tax, taxatio.
A taxer, taxator.
A taxing [blaming] accusatio, criminatio.
Tea, thea. *Green tea*, thea viridis.
To teach, docere, edocere. *Children*, pueros literis et artibus instituere. *To teach somewhat or now and then*, subdocere.
Teachable, docilis.
A teacher, doctor, præceptor.
A teaching, institutio.
A team of horses yoked to a carriage, currus.
A tear, lacryma.
A small tear, lacrymula.
Worthy of tears, lacrymabilis, lugubris.
Ready to shed tears, lacrymabundus.
Full of tears, tearful, lacrymosus.
Tear-falling, lacrymabundus, misericors.
To shed tears, lacrymare.
To cause one to shed tears, lacrymas movere.
A shedding of tears, lacrymatio.
A tear or rent, scissura, fissura.
To tear or tear to pieces, lacerare, dilacerare, scindere.
A letter, concepere epistolam.
One another, se mutuo laniare.
To rant and tear along, tumultuari.
A tearer, qui v. quæ lacerat.
A tearing, laceratio, dilaceratio.
To tease or tease wool, &c. lanam, &c. carpire.
To tease [vex] cruciare, exagitare. vexare.
A teaser, qui v. quæ sollicitat.
A teasing, sollicitatio assidua.
A teat [breast in general] mamma, uber. *A little teat*, mammula. *The teat or nipple*, papilla.
To suck the teat, mamam sugere.
Technical, artificialis, technicus. *Technical word*, vocabulum v. scientiæ.

tus. [Troublesome, irksome] molestus, odicus. *Somewhat tedious or long*, longuaculus.
Tediously [lasting long] longe, diutine. [Slowly] tarde, lente. [Troublesomely] moleste.
Tediousness [length of time] temporis longinquitas. [Slowness] tarditas, pigrities. [Troublesomeness] molestia, tedium.
To teem or pour out, effundere. [To be frequently with child] sæpe in utero gestare.
Teeming, lactuosa, sæpe gravidata.
Teemless, infœcunda, sterilis.
Teen, dolor, mœstitia.
Teeth [of tooth] dentes, pl. *The cheek-teeth*, dentes genuini. *The eye-teeth*, dentes canini. *The teeth of a comb*, pectinis dentes. *The teeth of a wheel*, rotæ dentes. *The foreteeth*, dentes incisores. *Gag-teeth*, dentes exerti. *Mill-teeth*, dentes mœares.
To breed teeth, dentire.
A child breeding teeth, puerulus dentiens.
A breeding of teeth, dentitio.
To clean the teeth, dentes purgare. *To dash out the teeth*, edentire. *To draw or pull out one's teeth*, alicui dentes eruere. *To fasten the teeth*, dentes firmare. *To shed or lose one's teeth*, dentes amittere. *To hit one in the teeth with a thing or throw it in one's teeth*, [reproach one with] aliquid alicui exprobrare.
Having teeth, dentatus, denticulatus.
Breaking the teeth, dentifrangibilis.
A powder for cleaning the teeth, dentifricium.
A tegument, tegumen.
A tint, tint, or tinct, color.
A telescope or perspective glass, telescopium.
To tell [say or relate] dicere, narrare. *Blaze abroad*, vulgare, publicare. *Again or rehearse*, renarrare, recitare. *Before*, prædicere, prænarrare. [Acquaint one with] indicere, alicui aliquid rei certiorum facere. [Admonish of] monere, commonefacere. [Compute or reckon up] computare, numerare. [Relate] narrare, commemorare. [Know] scire. *Bring one news*, annuntiare. *To tell tales or stories*, fabulari.
A tell-tale, delator, obstrictor.
A teller, narrator, recitator. *Of stories*, fabulator.
A fortune-teller, faticus, haridolus.
A teller or numberer, qui numerat.
A telling [saying] narratio,

[recitatio, repetitio. [Reckoning] numeratio, computatio. *Temerarious*, temerarius.
Temerity, temeritas, præcipitatio.
Temper [constitution of body] corporis temperies. [Humour nature] indoles, ingenium. [Moderation] moderatio.
A person of a good, agreeable, or pleasant temper, homo festivus, lepidus, facetus. *Of a aspiring temper*, homo imperfecti cupidus. *Of a choleric temper*, homo animo commotus. *Of a disagreeable or surly temper*, homo morosus, difficilis, asinarius.
An even temper, animus placidus, equus. *An uneven or fickle temper*, animus levis v. inconstans.
Agreeableness or pleasantness of temper, festivitas, hilaritas. *Disagreeableness*, morositas, protervitas.
The temper of iron or steel, ferri v. chalybis, temperatio, temperatura.
To put or bring a person into a good temper, alicui a severitate ad hilaritatem traducere.
To temper [or moderate] animum moderari, coercere. [Mingle] miscere, commiscere. *Steel*, chalybem temperare.
A temperament [expedient or mean to accomplish a thing] ratio, modus. *Or constitution of body*, corporis temperatio.
Temperance or moderation, temperantia, abstinentia.
With temperance, temperate temperanter.
Temperate [moderate] abstinens, modestus. [Calm] lenis, placidus.
Temperately, temperate, temperanter.
Temperateness or moderation, temperantia. Vid. Temperance.
Temperateness of weather, cœli temperies æqualis.
Temperature, temperamentum, temperies.
Good-tempered, festivus, lepidus. *Ill-tempered*, morosus, difficilis. Vid. Temper.
A tempering, temperatio, admixtio.
A tempest, tempestas, procella. *To avoid a tempest*, procellam devitare. *To rise a tempest*, procellam excitare.
Tempest tost, jactatus.
Tempest-beaten, vexatus.
Tempestuous, procellosus, nimis bonus.
A temple, templum, delubrum. *The temple* [in London] templum pacis, hospitium templariorum.

A knight templar, eques templi.
The temple of the head, templus.
Temporal [lasting for a time]
temporarius. [Secular] secula-
ria.

Lords spiritual and temporal,
senatores superioris domus.

Temporalities of bishops, epis-
coporum temporalia.

Temporally, ad tempus.

Temporality, plebs; ordo laicus.
Temporaneous or temporary,
temporarius.

To temporise, scenæ servire;
se temporibus accommodare;
tempori succumbere.

A temporiser, qui scenæ servit.

A temporising, assentatio.

To tempt [attempt or try] ten-
tare; conari. [Entice] allu-
cere.

Temptable, mollis in obsequium.
A temptation or enticement, ten-
tatio, illecebra.

A temptation to anger, irrita-
mentum ire.

A tempter [attempter] inceptor.
[Enticer] tentator, delentor.

The tempter [the devil] diabolus.
A tempting [attempting] cona-
tus. [Enticing] illecebra.

Tempting [alluring] peltax.

Ten, decem, deni.

Of ten, decarius. Ten times,
decies. Ten years of age or
lasting ten years, decennis. The
space of ten years, decennium.

The ten at cards, dice, &c. decas.

A pole or perch ten feet long,
decempeda.

A cart or wagon drawn by ten
horses, currus decemjugis.

Tenfold, decemplex.

The tenth, decimus.

The tenth, time, decimum.

Tenthly, decimo.

Tenths or tithes, decima [par-
tes.]

Tenable, quod teneri potest.

A tenable town, oppidum quod
defendi potest.

Tenacious [obstinate] tenax,
pertinax. Of his opinion, propo-
sitit tenax. [Close-fisted,
niggardly] parvus, deparcus.

Tenaciously [obstinately] tena-
citer, pertinaciter.

Tenaciousness or tenacity [ob-
stinacy] tenacitas, pertinacia.

A tenancy or hired house, do-
mus mercede conducta.

A tenant, inquilinus.

Tenantable, locationi aptus.

Tenantless, incultus.

To tend or attend [take care of]
curare, comitari, deducere.

To tend a sick person, ægrum
v. ægrotum curare. To or
aim at, tendere, pertinere. Ill
tended, male curatus. Well
tended, probe curatus.

A tendency [inclination] incli-
natio, propensio. [Drift or
design] consilium.

Tender [soft] tener, mollis.
Somewhat tender, tenellus, mol-
liculus. [Nice, dainty] teli-
catus, fastidiosus. [Scrupu-
lous] scrupulosus, religiosus.

Tender-hearted, misericors, ben-
ignus. Tender-heartedness,
misericordia.

A tender or guarder, curator,
stipator. Or offer, res v. con-
ditio obata.

A tender or small ship, lembus.

A tender or waiter, assicia, fa-
mulus.

To be tender of a person or have
a tender affection for him, ali-
quem in deliciis habere, aliquem
toto pectore amare.

To make tender, mollire, emol-
lire. To grow tender, teneres-
cere.

To tender [offer] offerre, præ-
bere. [Regard] curare, in-
dulgere. [Love or value] a-
mare, diligere, plurimi facere.

A tender of money, pecunie re-
presentation.

A tendering or offering, oblatio.

Tenderly, molliter. To use ten-
derly, molliter tractare.

Tenderness [softness] teneritas.
[Love, kindness] amor, caritas.
[Indulgence] indulgentia.

[Scrupulousness] ingenium
scrupulis nimis addictum.

A tending to, cura, curatio.

A tendon, tendo, cartilago.

A tendril, clavicula, capreolus.

The tendril of coleworts or other
plants, cyma.

Tendrils or gristles, cartilagine
miuores.

Tenebrous [dark] tenebrosus,
tenebrosus.

A tenement, domus mercede lo-
cata.

A tenet, dogma.

Tenerly or tenderness, teneritas.

A tennis-ball, pila lusoria.

A tennis-court, sphæristerium.

Tennis-play, pila ludus.

To play at tennis, pila ludere.

A tenor, cardo, impages.

The tenor or chief course of a
matter, tenor, series. [Chief
intent or purpose] propositum,
consilium. [Sense or meaning]
sensus, sententia, verborum vis.

[In music] tenor.

A tense [in grammar] tempus.

Tensible, tensile, tensibilia.

Tension [a binding or stretch-
ing] tensio.

A tent, tentorium. In a fair or
market, velabrum. A little
tent, tentorium.

To pitch tents, castrametari,
castra ponere.

To strike their tents, tabernacu-
la inclinare.

A tent for a wound, turunda,
linamentum. Or pessary, cu-
llyrium. To tent a wound, tu-
rundam in plagam indere.

To tent, habitare.

Tentation or temptation, tenta-
tio.

A tenter for stretching cloth,
pauimentum.

A tenter-hook, uncus, clavus
uncatus.

To tenter, tensionem recipere.

To keep a person upon the ten-
ters or in suspense, aliquem
suspensum tenere.

Tenuity [slenderness, thinness]
tenuitas, gracilitas.

Tenuous, tenuis, gracilis.

A tenure, jus v. modus aliquot
tenendi.

A base tenure, clientela servilis.

Tepid [lukewarm] tepidus, ege-
lidus.

Tepidity, tepor.

A tercel gentle, falco mas.

To terebrate, terebrare, perso-
rare.

Terebration, terebratio.

Tergiversation [a boggling at]
tergiversatio.

A term [word or expression]
verbum, appellatio. [Bound
or limit] terminus, limes.

[Limited space of time] tempus
præstitutum v. præfinitum.

Condition. conditio, lex, ratio.

The four law terms, quatuor
tempora v. termini, quibus
causæ forenses dijudicantur.

The space between term and
term, justitium.

To term [call or name] appel-
lare, vocare.

Termagancy, animus turbulen-
tus.

A termagant or scolding woman,
mulier rixosa.

To terminate or limit, limitare,
terminare. To terminate in,
desinere. To terminate a dis-
ference, controversiam diri-
mere.

A terminating or bounding, ter-
minatio, limitatio.

A terminating or concluding,
conclusio.

A termination or ending of a
word, terminatio, verbi exitus.

Termless, infinitus.

Ternary [belonging to three]
ternarius.

A terrace or terrace walk, terre-
nus agger quo deambulare
solemus. Of tarrass, ambula-
rum clementium.

Terraced, terrenus agger con-
structus.

Terraqueous, ex aquâ et terrâ
constans.

Terrene, terreous, terrenus.

Terrestrial, terrestrious, terres-
tris.

Terrible, terribilis, horrendus.
Very terrible, perhorridus. In
look, torvus, truculentus.

Terribleness, terror, horror, a-
trocitas.

Terribly, atrociter.

gather a tax, tributum v. vectigal colligere. *To tax the coats and charges of a suit*, litem aestimare.
To raise a tax, census imponere.
To take off or lessen a tax, census minuire.
A tax-gatherer, tributū exactor.
Taxable, vectigalis, vectigali solvendo obnoxius.
A taxation, taxing, or imposing a tax, taxatio.
A taser, taxator.
A taxing [blaming] accusatio, criminatio.
Tea, thea. *Green tea*, thea viridis.
To teach, docere, edocere. *Children*, pueros literis et artibus inficere. *To teach somewhat or now and then*, subdocere.
Teachable, docilis.
A teacher, doctor, præceptor.
A teaching, institutio.
A team of horses yoked to a carriage, currus.
A tear, lacryma.
A small tear, lacrymula.
Worthy of tears, lacrymabilis, lugubris.
Ready to shed tears, lacrymabundus.
Full of tears, tearful, lacrymosus.
Tear-falling, lacrymabundus, misericors.
To shed tears, lacrymare.
To cause one to shed tears, lacrymas movere.
A shedding of tears, lacrymatio.
A tear or rent, scissura, fissura.
To tear or tear to pieces, lacerare, dilacerare, scindere. *A letter*, concerpere epistolam. *One another*, se mutuo laniare.
To rant and tear along, tumultuari.
A tearer, qui v. quæ lacerat.
A tearing, laceratio, dilaceratio.
To tease or tease wool, &c. lanam, &c. carpere.
To tease [vex] cruciare, exagitare, vexare.
A teaser, qui v. quæ sollicitat.
A teasing, sollicitatio assidua.
A teat [breast in general] mamma, uber. *A little teat*, mamula. *The teat or nipple*, papilla.
To suck the teat, mammam sugere.
Technical, artificialis, technicus. *A technical word*, vocabulum alicui arti v. scientiæ proprium.
Teachily, iracunde, aspere.
Techniness, iracundia, asperitas.
Techy, iracundus, asper, difficilis.
Tedious [lasting long] longus, diutinus. [Slow] tardus, len-

tus. [Troublesome, irksome] molestus, odicus. *Somewhat tedious or long*, longiusculus.
Tediously [lasting long] longe, diutine. [Slowly] tarde, lente. [Troublesomely] moleste.
Tediousness [length of time] temporis longinquitas. [Slowness] tarditas, pigrities. [Troublesomeness] molestia, tedium.
To teem or pour out, effundere. [To be frequently with child] sæpe in utero gestare.
Teeming, sæcunda, sæpe gravidā.
Teecless, infæcunda, sterilis.
Teen, dolor, mœstitia.
Teeth [of tooth] dentes, pl. *The cheek-teeth*, dentes genuini. *The eye-teeth*, dentes canini. *The teeth of a comb*, pectinis dentes. *The teeth of a wheel*, rotæ dentes. *The foreteeth*, dentes incisores. *Gag-teeth*, dentes exerti. *Mill-teeth*, dentes mœares.
To breed teeth, dentire.
A child breeding teeth, puerulus dentiens.
A breeding of teeth, dentitio.
To clean the teeth, dentes purgare. *To dash out the teeth*, edentire. *To draw or pull out one's teeth*, alicui dentes eruisse. *To fasten the teeth*, dentes firmare. *To shed or lose one's teeth*, dentes amittere.
To hit one in the teeth with a thing or throw it in one's teeth, [reproach one with] aliquid alicui exprobrare.
Having teeth, dentatus, denticulatus.
Breaking the teeth, dentifrangibilis.
A powder for cleaning the teeth, dentifricium.
A tegument, tegumen.
A teint, tint, or tinct, color.
A telescope or perspective glass, telescopium.
To tell [say or relate] dicere, narrare. *Blaze abroad*, vulgare, publicare. *Again or rehearse*, renarrare, recitare. *Before*, prædicere, prænarrare. [Acquaint one with] indicere, aliquid alicuius rei certiorum facere. [Admonish of] monere, commonefacere. [Compute or reckon up] computare, numerare. [Relate] narrare, commemorare. [Know] scire. *Bring one news*, annuntiare. *To tell tales or stories*, fabulari.
A tell-tale, delator, obtrectator.
A teller, narrator, recitator. *Of stories*, fabulator.
A fortune-teller, fœdicus, hariolus.
A teller or numberer, qui numerat.
A telling [saying] narratio,

recitatio, repetitio. [Reckoning] numeratio, computatio.
Temerarious, temerarius.
Temerity, temeritas, præcipitatio.
Temper [constitution of body] corporis temperies. [Humour nature] indoles, ingenium. [Moderation] moderatio.
A person of a good, agreeable, or pleasant temper, homo festivus, lepidus, facetus. *Of an aspiring temper*, homo imperi cupidus. *Of a choleric temper*, homo animo commotior. *Of a disagreeable or surly temper*, homo morosus, difficilis, ansterus.
An even temper, animus placidus, equus. *An uneven or fickle temper*, animus levis v. inconstans.
Agreeableness or pleasantness of temper, festivitas, hilaritas. *Disagreeableness*, morositas, protervitas.
The temper of iron or steel, ferri v. chalybis, temperatio, temperatura.
To put or bring a person into a good temper, aliquid a severitate ad hilaritatem traducere.
To temper [or moderate] animum moderari, coercere. [Mingle] miscere, commiscere. *Steel*, chalybem temperare.
A temperament [expedient or means to accomplish a thing] ratio, modus. *Or constitution of body*, corporis temperatio.
Temperance or moderation, temperantia, abstinentia.
With temperance, temperate temperantur.
Temperate [moderate] abstinentus, modestus. [Calm] lenis, placidus.
Temperately, temperate, temperanter.
Temperateness or moderation, temperantia. *Vid. Temperance*.
Temperateness of weather, eadē temperies æqualis.
Temperature, temperamentum, temperies.
Good-tempered, festivus, lepidus. *Ill-tempered*, morosus, difficilis. *Vid. Temper*.
A tempering, temperatio, admistio.
A tempest, tempestas, procella. *To avoid a tempest*, procellam devitare. *To raise a tempest*, procellam excitare.
Tempest tost, iactatus.
Tempest-beaten, vexatus.
Tempestuous, procelliosus, nimis bonus.
A temple, templum, delubrum. *The temple* [in London] templum pacis, hospitium templariorum.

A knight templar, eques templi.
The temple of the head, tempus.
Temporal [lasting for a time]
temporarius. [Secular] *secu-*
laris.

Lords spiritual and temporal,
senatores superioris domus.

Temporalities of bishops, epis-
coporum temporalia.

Temporality, ad tempus.

Temporarily, plebs; ordo laicus.

Temporaneous or temporary,
temporarius.

To temporise, scenæ servire;
se temporibus accommodare;
tempori succumbere.

A temporiser, qui scenæ servit.

A temporising, assentatio.

To tempt [attempt or try] *ten-*
tare; conari. [Entice] *alli-*
cere.

Temptable, mollis in obsequium.

A temptation or enticement, ten-
tatio, illecebra.

A temptation to anger, irrita-
mentum ire.

A tempter [tempter] *inceptor.*

[Enticer] *tentator, delentor.*

The tempter [the devil] *diabolus.*

A tempting [attempting] *con-*
atus. [Enticing] *illecebra.*

Templing [alluring] *pellax.*

Ten, decem, deni.

Of ten, denarius. Ten times,

decies. Ten years of age or

lasting ten years, decennis. The

space of ten years, decennium.

The ten at cards, dice, &c. decas.

A pole or perch ten feet long,

decempeda.

A cart or wagon drawn by ten

horses, curvus decemjugis.

Tenfold, decemplex.

The tenth, decimus.

The tenth, time, decimum.

Tenthly, decimo.

Tenths or tithe, decims [par-

tes.]

Tenable, quod teneri potest.

A tenable town, oppidum quod

defendi potest.

Tenacious [obstinate] *tenax,*

pertinax. Of his opinion, pro-

positi tenax. Close-fisted,

niggardly parcus, deparcus.

Tenaciously [obstinately] *tena-*

citer, pertinaciter.

Tenaciousness or tenacity [ob-

stinacy] tenacitas, pertinacia.

A tenancy or hired house, do-

mus mercede conducta.

A tenant, inquilinus.

Tenantable, locationi aptus.

Tenantless, incultus.

To tend or attend [take care of]

curare, comitari, deducere.

To tend a sick person, ægrum

v. ægrotum curare. To or

aim at, tendere, pertinere. Ill

tended, male curatus. Well

tended, probe curatus.

A tendency [inclination] *incli-*

natio, propensio. [Drift or

design] consilium.

Tender [soft] *tener, mollis.*
Somewhat tender, tenellus, mol-
liculus. [Nice, dainty] lelli-
catus, fastidiosus. [Scrupu-
lous] scrupulosus, religiosus.

Tender-hearted, misericors, be-
nignus. Tender-heartedness,
misericordia.

A tender or guarder, curator,
stipator. Or offer, res v. con-
ditio obata.

A tender or small ship, lembus.

A tender or waiter, assecla, fa-
mulus.

To be tender of a person or have
a tender affection for him, ali-
quem in deliciis habere, aliquem

toto pectore amare.

To make tender, mollire, emol-
lire. To grow tender, teneres-
cere.

To tender [offer] *offerre, præ-*
bere. [Regard] curare, in-
dulgere. [Love or value] a-
mare, diligere, plurimi facere.

A tender of money, pecuniæ re-
presentatio.

A tendering or offering, oblatio.

Tenderly, molliter. To use ten-
derly, molliter tractare.

Tenderness [softness] *teneritas.*

[Love, kindness] *amor, caritas.*

[Indulgence] *indulgentia.*

[Scrupulousness] *ingenium*

scrupulis nimis addictum.

A tending to, cura, curatio.

A tendon, tendo, cartilago.

A tendril, clavicula, capreolus.

The tendril of coleworts or other

plants, cyma.

Tendrils or gristles, cartilagineæ

minores.

Tenebrous [dark] *tenebrosus,*

tenebrosus.

A tenement, domus mercede lo-
cata.

A tenet, dogma.

Tenuity or tenderness, teneritas.

A tennis-ball, pila luoaria.

A tennis-court, sphæristerium.

Tennis-play, pila ludus.

To play at tennis, pila ludere.

A tenon, cardo, impages.

The tenor or chief course of a

matter, tenor, series. [Chief

intent or purpose] propositum,

consilium. [Sense or meaning]

sensus, sententia, verborum vis.

[In music] *tenor.*

A tense [in grammar] *tempus.*

Tensible, tensile, tensibilis.

Tension [a binding or stretch-

ing] tensio.

A tent, tentorium. In a fair or

market, velabrum. A little

tent, tentoriolum.

To pitch tents, castrametari,

castra ponere.

To strike their tents, tabernacu-

la inclinare.

A tent for a wound, turunda,

linamentum. Or pessary, col-

lyrium. To tent a wound, tu-

rundam in plagam indere.

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To tent, habitare.

Tentation or temptation, tenta-
tio.

A tenter for stretching cloth,
pannitendium.

A tenter-hook, uncus, clavus
uncatus.

To tenter, tensionem recipere.

To keep a person upon the ten-
ters or in suspense, aliquem
suspensum tenere.

Tenuity [slenderness, thinness]

tenuitas, gracilitas.

Tenuous, tenuis, gracilis.

A tenure, jus v. modus aliquid

tendi.

A base tenure, clientela servilis.

Tepid [lukewarm] *tepidus, ege-*
lidus.

Tepidity, tepor.

A tercel gentile, falco mas.

To terebrate, terebrare, perso-
rare.

Terebration, terebratio.

Tergiversation [a boggling at]

tergiversatio.

A term [word or expression]

verbum, appellatio. [Bound

or limit] terminus, limes.

[Limited space of time] *tempus*

præstitutum v. præfinitum.

Condition. conditio, lex, ratio.

The four law terms, quatuor

tempora v. termini, quibus

causæ forenses judicantur.

The space between term and

term, justitium.

To term [call or name] *appel-*
lare, vocare.

Termagancy, animus turbulen-
tus.

A termagant or scolding woman,

nuller rixosa.

To terminate or limit, limitare,

terminare. To terminate in,

desinere. To terminate a dis-
ference, controversiam diri-
mere.

A terminating or bounding, ter-
minatio, limitatio.

A terminating or concluding,

conclusio.

A termination or ending of a

word, terminatio, verbi exitus.

Termless, infinitus.

Ternary [belonging to three]

ternarius.

A terrace or terrace walk, terro-
us agger quo deambulare
solemus. Of turrass, ambula-
rum cæmentitium.

Terraced, terrenus agger con-
structus.

Terraqueous, ex aquâ et terrâ
constans.

Terrane, terreous, terrenus.

Terrestrial, terrestrious, terres-
tris.

Terrible, terribilis, horrendus.

Very terrible, perhorridus. In

look, torvus, truculentus.

Terribleness, terror, horror, a-
trocitas.

Terribly, atrociter.

Ier-ific, terrens, terrificus.
To terrify, terrere, territare,
perterrefacere.

A territory, regio, ditio.

To have larger territories than another, aliquem amplitudine ditionis superare.

Terror, terror, horror; formido.

Teras [clean or neat] ternus, lautus. [Smooth] lavis, politus.

To tertiate, tertiare.

Tesselated, tessellatus.

A test [trial] examen, trutina.

To bring to the test, rem aliquam ad examen vocare. To stand the test, trutinam ferre.

The test-oath, sacramentum quo ejuratur auctoritas pontificia.

Testaceous [having a shell] testaceus.

A testament or last will, testamentum.

A testament by word of mouth, testamentum nuncupativum.

Testamentary or belonging to a testament, testamentarius.

A forger of testaments, testamentarius.

A testament all written with the testator's own hand, holographum. Vid. Will.

The Old or New Testament, testamentum v. Fœdus Vetus v. Novum.

A testator, testator.

A tester [sixpence] semisolidus, sex denarii.

A tester or testern of a bed, lecti umbella.

The testicles, testiculi, testes. pl.

A testification or bearing of testimony, testificatio.

A testifier, qui testatur.

To testify, testificari, testari.

A testifying, testatio, testificatio.

Testimonial, ad testimonium pertinens.

A testimonial or certificate, scripta testificatio.

A testimony [deposition of a witness] testimonium; dictum.

A solemn testimony, affirmatio.

The testimony of a good conscience, conscientia bene actæ vitæ.

To bear testimony, testari.

To do a thing in testimony of respect, aliquid officii causâ facere.

To bear one testimony, testimonium alicui perhibere.

Testily, morose, proterve.

Testiness morositas, protervitas.

Testy, morosus, protervus.

A tether, jumentum retinaculum.

To keep within his tether, intra terminos subsistere. To tether a horse, equo compedes injicere.

A tetrarch, tetrarchia.

A tetrarchy, tetrarchia.

A tetrastich or poem of four verses, tetrastichon.

Tetrical, tetricus, morosus.

A tetter or ringworm, impetigo.

The text of a discourse, orationis argumentum.

Text letters, literæ unciales.

A textuist, textuary, or text-man, theologus sacris codicibus probe versatus.

A texture, textura.

Than, in comparison, is made by ac. atque or quam; and by an ablative case; as, We judge otherwise of them than of ourselves, aliter de illis ac de nobis judicamus. There is nothing that you think otherwise of than I do, nihil est de quo aliter tu sentias atque ego. They are dearer to me than life, mihi vitâ sunt cariorea. Nothing is more to be wished for than prosperity, nihil est magis optandum quam prospera fortuna.

A thane, comes.

To thank, return, or give thanks, gratiam, gratias v. grates aliquid pro beneficio accepto agere, habere, referre.

Thankful, gratus, beneficiorum memor.

Thankfully, grate; animo grato.

Thankfulness, gratus animus.

A thanking, thank-offering, or thanksgiving, gratiarum actio.

Thankless, ingratus.

Thankworthy, cedens gratiæ.

Thanks, gratia; gratiæ, pl. grates.

Tharm, intestina sœulia torta ad multas res accommodata.

That [a pronoun demonstrative] ille, is, iste.

That [who or which] qui.

Note, this is an improper use of the word, since it can only be used as a relative pronoun when it forms the nominative to a verb, or is governed in the accusative by a verb. Besides it wants the distinction of gender.

The same that or as, idem ac, atque, et, ut.

That [a conjunction] ut, quo, quod.

Note, 1. That, signifying because, and denoting time past, when it comes before a verb, may be rendered into Latin by quod; as, I am glad that you are returned safe, quod tu rediisti incolumis, gaudeo. But that, signifying to the end that, denoting time to come, and coming before a verb, which signifies to desire, fear, command, labour, take care, &c. must be made by ut; as, I desire that you will act the play, ut tu fabulam agas, volo.

Note, 2. That quod and ut may

generally be better omitted, if the verb immediately following them be put in the infinitive mood, and its nominative case changed into the accusative; as, *They say that he manages his own business, suum se negotium agere dicunt, for quod ille agit.*

Seeing that or since that, cum, quum, quando, quoniam.

Inasmuch that, adeo ut.

So that, dum, dummodo.

To the end that, eo, ideo.

Thatch, culmus, stipula.

To thatch a cottage, &c. casam, &c. culmis tegere.

A thatcher, qui casas culmis tegere solet.

A thaw, glaciæ v. nivis resolutio.

To thaw, act. regelare.

The, before a noun substantive, may, for the most part, be omitted in translating into Latin, as being sufficiently included in the noun itself; except it denote the particular thing mentioned before, and then it is to be translated by hic, ille, iste; according to the gender of its substantive, and the particular thing thereby referred to, whether this, that or the other; or when it is emphatically used to show that some person or thing is more than ordinarily remarkable; as, Alexander the Great, Alexander ille Magnus. I, the self same person, ego ille ipse. Then the same excellent man—

Tum iste vir optinus—

The one—the other, unus—alter; alter—alter.

The first, the second, the third, primus, alter, tertius.

From one end to the other, a principio ad finem.

From the one to the other, ultro citroque.

The, before a comparative degree, including in it by how much, by so much, is to be made by quanto, tanto; quo, eo, hoc; tam, quam; as, The longer he is absent, the more I miss him, quanto diutius abest, tanto magis cupio.

A theme or subject of a discourse, orationis argumentum v. thema.

A theatre [place for acting plays in] theatrum. A little theatre, theatridium.

Theatral or theatrical, theatralis.

Theatricaly, in modum theatralium.

Then [at that time] tum, tunc.

[After that] tum, inde, postea, exinde. [Therefore] ergo, igitur, idcirco.

Now and then, subinde. identidem.

Thence, illinc, inde.

Thence, [thereupon] eo, ex eo, exinde.

Thenceforth or *thenceforward*, deinceps, deinde.

Theological, ad res divinas perti-
nens.

Theologically, theologorum more.

A *theologer*, *theologian*, *theologist*, *theologue*, *theologian*, or *professor of theology*, *theologus*, *theologia professor*.

Theology, rerum divinarum scientia, *theologia*.

A *theorem* [speculative principle or rule, in opposition to a problem, which relates to practice] pronuntiatio contemplativum, *theoremata*, pronuntiatum problematicum.

Theorematical, *theorematikus*.

A *theorist*, *theoric*, qui aliquam rem contemplatur.

Theory [the speculative knowledge of a thing, in opposition to practical knowledge] contemplatio.

There [in that place] ibi, illic, istic.

Note, of late years, *there* is frequently, but most improperly used for *whither*; and *where* for *whither*—consequently *hither* and *thither* are becoming obsolete.

There, when it does not relate to place, has no particular Latin word for it; and in this sense, the nominative case in English is generally set after its verb, and not placed before it; as, *At that lake there is a little mill*, apud istum lacum est pistillia.

Thereabout [about that affair] de v. in illa re.

Thereabout or *thereabouts* [of place], circum, circa.

Thereafter, deinceps, exinde.

Thereat, in illa re.

Thereby, eo, inde.

Therefrom, ab eo, ex eo.

Therein, in eo loco.

Thereof, ejus, illius, illorum, &c.

Thereon or *thereupon*, exinde, ibi, tum.

Thereout, ex eo loco.

Therewith, cum eodem v. istodem. Or *therewith*, simul.

Therefore, ita, itaque, idcirco. All the compounds of *there* are inelegant except the last, and now seldom occur in fine writing.

These, hi, hæ, hæc.

A *thesis*, positio, thesis.

Thes, mores; consuetudo.

Thewed, assuefactus, consue-
tus.

Thick [not thin] *densus*, *crassus*. [*Large*] *largus*, *latus*, *crassus*, *amplus*. [*Gross*] *con-*

cretus. [*Muddy*] *cænosus*.

Thick or *muddy wine*, vinum *seculentum*.

Thick-grown, *creber*. *Thick-skinned*, *callosus*. *Thick-skulled*, *pingue ingenium*.

Standing thick together, *densus*, *frequens*, *confectus*.

Thick and threefold, *turmatim*, *frequentes*.

Thick of hearing, *surdus*.

To run through thick and thin to serve a person, *alicujus causæ quævis pericula adire*.

To grow thick or *frequent*, *crebescere*.

To thicken or *make thick*, *densare*, *spissare*, *consipare*.

To thicken or *make thick*, *spissescere*, *concresecere*.

A *thickening*, *densatio*, *spissatio*. A *thicket*, *dumetum*.

Thickly, *dense*, *crasse*.

Thickness [density] *densitas*, *crassitudo*. [*Frequency*] *crebritas*.

Thickness of hearing, *auditûs gravitas*.

A *thief*, *fur*. A *little* or *petty thief*, *furunculus*. A *night-walking thief*, *lavernio*. A *notable thief*, *fur insignis*.

To thieve or *play the thief*, *furari*, *assurari*; *surripere*.

Thievery, *furtum*.

A *thieving*, *direptio*, *expilatio* *clandestina*; *latrocinatio*.

Of thieving, *furtificus*.

Thievish, *furtivus*, *furtificus*.

Thievishly, *furaciter*.

Thievishness, *furacitas*.

The thigh, *coxa*, *femur*.

The thill of a cart, *temo*.

The thiller [horse] *equus temoni v. carro proxime subjectus*.

To fasten to a thill, *temoni adjungere*.

A *thimble*, *digitale aatorium*.

Thin [not thick] *rarus*, *tenuis*. [*Few*, of a small company] *infrequens*. [*Lean*] *macer*, *macilentus*. [*Light*, not heavy] *levis*. *Very thin* or *slender*, *peritenuis*.

A *thin table*, *cæna ambulatoria*.

To grow thin or *dwindle away*, *raresecere*. *To grow thin* or *lean*, *macere*, *emacescere*.

Somewhat thin, *tenuiculus*, *subtenuis*.

To make thin, or *rarefy*, *rarefacere*. Or *slender*, *teuare*. *Lean*, *emaciare*.

A *making thin* or *slender*, *attenuatio*.

Thinly, *exilliter*, *tenuiter*.

Thinness, *raritas*, *raritudo*.

Thine, *tuus*, *tua*, *tuum*.

A *thing*, *res*; *negotium*.

Note. 1. The word *thing* or *things*, is distinctly expressed by the nature of adjectives and participles, consequently the noun should be omitted;

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as, *It is a shameful thing*, *indignum est*.

Note, 2. The word *thing* is sometimes used to denote contempt of a person; as *She is a haughty thing*, *malier est fastosa*.

Above all things, *imprimis*; *ante omnia*.

Any thing, *quidquam*, *quidpiam*, *quidvis*, *quidnam*.

Something, *aliquid*, *nonnihil*.

Things of no value, *nugæ*, *pl. ineptiæ*.

To think [believe, suppress, or imagine] *putare*, *arbitrari*, *existimare*. *Again*, *recogitare*. *On or upon*, *meditari*, *contemplari*, *considerare*, *cogitare*. *On before-hand*, *præmeditari*. *Light of*, *parvi facere*, *pendere*. *Otherwise*, *dis-sentire*, *dissidere*. *Well of* or *approve*, *probare*, *approbare*. *Worthy*, *dignari*. *Scorn* *dedignari*, *aspernari*.

A *thinking*, *cogitatio*. A *think-
ing upon*, *meditatio*. *Before-
hand*, *præmeditatio*.

The third, *tertius*.

Every third day, *tertio quoque die*.

A *third* or *third part*, *triens*. *Of a third*, *tertiana*, *tertiarius*.

To till the ground or *do any thing the third time*, *tertiare*.

A *doing of any thing the third time*, *tertiatio*.

Thirdly, *the third time*, *tertio*, *tertium*.

To thirl, *penetrare*.

Thirst, *thirstiness*, *sitis*.

Thirst of riches, &c. *divitiarum*, &c. *sitis*.

To thirst, *be athirst*, or *thirsty*, *sitire*.

Thirstily, *sitienter*.

Thirsty, *sitiens*, *situlosus*.

Thirteen, *tredecim*, *indecl. decem et tres*, *terni deni*. *The thirteenth*, *decimus tertius*.

Thirteen times, *terdecies*.

Thirty, *triginta*, *indecl. tricen.*

Thirty-eight, *duodequadraginta*, *indecl. duodequadragen.*

The thirty-eight, *duodequadragagesimus*. *Thirty-nine*, *undequadraginta*, *indecl. Thirty nine times*, *undequadragies*.

Of or belonging to thirty, *tricenarius*. *Thirty-times*, *trices*, *terdecies*. *The thirtieth*, *tricesimus*.

Thistle, *hic*, *iste*.

To this place, *huc*, *hucusque*, *horum*. *In this place*, *hic*.

From this place, *hinc*. *Ey this place* or *way*, *hæc*.

A *thistle*, *carduus*. *Gum-thistle* or *oat-thistle*, *spina alba*.

Blessed-thistle, *carduus benedictus* v. *beatus Marini*. *Ful-
ler's thistle*, *carduus fullonum*.

The hundred-headed thistle or

eryngo, *eryngion*. *Sow-thistle* *scacchius*.
Thistle-down, pappus.
Thither, eo, illo, illuc.
Hither and thither, huc illuc, ultro citroque.
Thitherto, eatenus.
Thitherward, illorsum.
A thong, lorum, corrigia, ammentum. *A great thong*, loramentum.
Of a thong, loreus.
A thorn, spina. *The black thorn*, prunus silvestris. *The white thorn*, oxyacantha. *Box-thorn* or *a medicine made thereof*, lycium. *Buck's thorn*, rhamnus.
Bearing thorns, spinifer, spiniger.
Thorny or *full of thorns*, spinuosus, spinosus.
A place where thorns or briars grow, spinetum.
A thornback [fish] *raia clavata*.
Thorough, per.
To go thorough with a thing, aliquid ad exitum perducere.
A thoroughfare, or *passage*, via pervia.
Thoroughpaced [complete] consummatum, omnibus suis numeris absolutus.
Thou, tu.
Though, tho' [although] ut, licet, etsi, tametsi. [*Nevertheless*] nihilominus.
As though, quasi, perinde quasi, tanquam.
Thought [a thinking upon] cogitatio, contemplatio, meditatio. [*Thing thought on*] cogitatum. [*Care or concern*] cura, sollicitudo. [*Contrivance*] commentum, inventio. [*Aim or design*] consilium, propositum.
Idle thoughts or designs, consilia frivola.
To take thought about or *for*, curare, providere.
To take thought about or *for* [be concerned at] ex aliqua re ingritudinem suscipere.
Thoughtful [wary, considerate] cautus, providus, prudens, providens. [*Anxious*] anxius, sollicitus.
To be thoughtful about [consider of] considerare, contemplari, animadvertere, perpendere.
To be thoughtful for [anxious] animo suspensus et sollicito esse; animo angere.
Thoughtfully [warily, considerately] caute, provide, cogitare. [*Anxiously*] anxie, sollicite.
Thoughtfulness [weariness, consideration] cautio, cura, providentia. [*Anxiety, solicitude*] anxietas, sollicitudo, animi agritudo.
Thoughtless [inconsiderate, rash] inconsiderate, inco-

gitans, incogitabilis, temerarius.
Thoughtlessly, inconsiderate, inconsulte, improvide.
Thoughtlessness, inconsiderantia, incogitantia.
Thought-sick, animo perturbatus.
A thousand, [subst.] mille, in sing. millia, um, bus, in plur. [Adj.] generally indeclinable.
Ten thousand, bis mille v. duo millia. *Three*, ter mille v. tria millia. *Four*, quater mille v. quatuor millia. *Five*, siz, seven, eight, nine, or *ten thousand*, quinquies, sexies, septies, octies, novies, decies mille; v. sex, septem, &c. millia.
Ten thousand, decem millia.
Of a thousand, milliarius.
A thousand times [definitely] millies. [*Indefinitely*] sexcenties.
The thousandth, millesimus.
The two, three, four, five, &c. thousandth, bis, ter, quater, quinquies, &c. millesimus.
Thrall or *thraldom* [slavery, captivity] servitium, captivitas.
Thrasonical, gloriosus, thrasonicus.
Thread, filum. *For weaving*, linum, stamen. *Basting*, filum sutorium.
A thread [in cloth or silk] llicium.
A bottom or skein of thread, fill glomus.
To thread a needle, filum, sericum, &c. per acum immittere.
Thread by thread, flatim.
Threadbare, tritus, detritus.
The thread of a discourse, orationis tenor.
A threat, threats, or threatening, minæ, pl. minatio.
To threaten, minari, militari.
A threatener, qui v. quæ minatur.
Threatening or threatful, minax, minitans.
A threatening, minatio, comminatio.
Threateningly, minanter, minaciter.
Three, tres, tria, trium; trini v. terni.
The three, or trey point in cards, &c. numerus ternarius, trias.
Of or belonging to three, trinus, ternarius.
Three manner of ways, trifarium, tripliciter.
Divided into three parts, ad. tripartitus, adv. tripartito.
Threefold, triplex, triplus, trigeminus. *To make threefold*, triplicare. *Threefoldly* or *trebly*, tripliciter. *The being threefold*, triplicitas.
Three feet long, tripedalis.

Of or belonging to three feet, tripedaneus.
Having three bodies, tricorpor.
Three cornered or having three angles, triquetrus, triangulatus. *A three-angled figure*, triquetra, triquetrum.
Three days' space, triiduum.
Of three colours, tricolor.
Three-headed, triceps. *Three-horned*, tricornis. *Having three throats*, trifaux. *Having three shapes*, triformis. *Of three pounds' weight*, trilibris. *Three nights' space*, trinocium.
Three-pointed, tricusps. *Having three teeth or tines*, tridens. *Three years' space*, triennium. *Three years' old*, trimus. *The space of three years*, trimatus. *Three-leaved grass*, trifolium pratense. *Three forked*, trifurcus.
Three-score, sexaginta. *Of three-score*, sexagenarius.
Three-score times, sexagies.
Three-score and ten, septuaginta, indecl.
Three hundred, trecenti, a, a; tercenteni, tercenteni.
Thrice, ter. *Thrice as much*, triplo, triplus.
Three hundred times, trecenties.
To thresh corn, frumentum flagellare, tribulare.
To thresh or beat a person, aliquem cadere, pulsare.
A threshers, triturator.
A threshing, tritura.
A threshing-floor, area.
A threshold, limen.
Thrift, thriftiness [frugality] parsimonia, frugalitas.
Thriftily, frugaliter, parce.
To use thriftily, parce adhibere.
Thriftless, prodigus.
Thrifty, frugi, indecl. frugalis.
To thrill [drill or bore] terabrare, perforare.
To thrive or prosper, florere, valere, vigere. *In flesh*, pinguescere, corpus augere. *In learning*, progressus in studiis facere.
A thriving in the world, prosperitas.
A thriving or growing in flesh, corporis actus.
Thrivingly, prospere, feliciter.
The throat, guttur, gula, jugulum.
Of the throat, ad guttur v. jugulum pertinens.
The throat pipe or wind-pipe, arteria aspera.
To cut one's throat, jugulare.
To throb or pant, palpitare, mi care.
A throbbing, palpitatio.
A throne [royal seat] solium, thronus. [*Chief rule*] principatus.
To sit upon the throne [as a king] solio sedere. [*To rule*]

supremo jure imperare, summâ potestate præsepe.

To raise one to a throne, alicui ad regiam dignitatem promovere.

A throng or crowd of people, turba, caterva.

To throng or crowd, arctare, coartare. To a place, ad locum catervatim confluere, accurrere.

A throatle or thrush [bird] turdus.

To throttle, suffocare, strangulare. To throttle one to death, alicuius fauces oblidere.

A throttling, strangulatio, præfocatio.

Through, a, ex, per, propter.

Through, is often the same as by, and made by the ablative case; as, *Through me or by my means*, operâ meâ.

Through, after a verb, is often implied in it, especially in verbs compounded with *per* or *trans*; as, *To bore through*, perforare. *To dig through*, perfodere. *To run through*, transigere.

Through and through or quite through, penitus, prorsus.

A through or thorough fare, via pervia.

Through and through, quite through, thoroughly, penitus, prorsus, perfecte, plane.

Throughout, per omnes partes.

A throw or cast, jactus, missus.

Within a stone's throw, intra lapidis jactum.

A lucky throw at dice, jactus pleus, veneris jactus. An unlucky throw, jactus supinus.

To throw, cast, or fling, jactare, jacere, conjicere, mittere.

A thing directly or full in one's face, mittere in adversa ora.

A stone at one, aliquem lapide petere. One's self at a person's feet, asking for mercy, sese alicui ad pedes projicere.

All about, circumjicere. Abroad, spargere, dispergere. Against, objicere, allidere, illidere.

All along, abjicere. Aside or away, abjicere. One's money, pecuniam profundere. Back, rejicere. Before, objicere.

Behind, a tergo rejicere. Between, interjicere. Down, de- jicere. Down one's arms, mit- tere arma. Off one's acquaint- ance, notam deserere. Down headlong, præcipitare, præci- pitem dare. Down upon, in- gerere. Forth, emittere. In or into, injicere. A thing into one's teeth, aliquid alicui ex- probare. Into prison, in car- cerem v. vincula conjicere. Off [cast off] deijicere. [Re- nounce] rejicere. Off all sus- picion from one's self, omnem

rei suspicionem a se amoliri.

The odium of a thing upon the senate, invictam alicuius rei ad senatum rejicere. Out, ejicere. Over, transmittere.

Together, conjicere, coacervare. Unto, adjicere. Up, ejicere, egerere. Up as the tide does, expurgare. Up an office, munere se abdicare.

Upon, superinjicere. A thrower, jaculator.

A thrower down, demolitor. A throwing, jactus, coniectus; coniectio, petitio. Away, ab- jectio. Of a dart, jaculatio.

Down, dejectio. Down head- long, præcipitatio. In, in- jectio. Off, abjectio. Out, ejectio. Over, tractatus. Upon, superjunctio.

To be thrown out [of a borough] (as a parliament man) plu- rimis suffragiis vincti. Or distanced in a race, e stadio excludi.

The throws or throes of a woman in labour, labores puerperæ.

A throwster, qui liliam tor- quendo duplicat.

To thrum, imperite citharam pulsare.

Thrums, villi, pl.

A thrush [bird] turdus.

A thrust or push, impulsus, im- petus.

At one thrust, uno ictu.

To thrust [shove] pellere, trude- re. Against, obdere. Back, repellere. Down, detrudere.

Forward, propellere. Into, intrudere, ingerere, compin- gere. Out, expellere. One out of doors, aliquam foras pellere. Through, transigere.

Together, comprimere. A thruster, impulsor. A thruster forward or encourager, hor- tator, instigator.

A thrusting back, repulsio, re- pulsio. Forward, impulsus.

Together, compressio.

The thumb, pollex. Of the thumb, pollicaris. A thumb's breadth, pollex latus.

A thumb-stall, digitale.

To thumb a book, librum pollice terere.

A thump, ictus validus et so- norus.

To thump, tundere, pertundere.

To thump at, pulsare.

A thumper, pulsator.

A thumping, pulsus.

Thunder, tonitru.

To thunder, intonare, fulmi- nare. Again, retonare. Down upon, superintonare, detonare.

Round about, circumtonare.

A thunder-clap, fragor v. cre- pitus cæli. A thunder-bolt or thunder-stone, fulmen.

Thunder-struck, sideratus, de cælo tactus,

Of thunder, fulmineus.

A thunderer, fulminator.

A thundering, fulminatio.

Thundering from above, thun- derous, altitonus.

A thundering voice, vox Sten- torea.

Thuriferous, thurifer.

Thursday, dies Jovis, feria quinta. Holy Thursday, dies ascensionis Domini nostri in cælum. Maundy Thursday, dies Jovis quâ stips regia pau- peribus distribui solet.

Thus, ita, sic, hoc modo.

Thus far, hæcenus.

Thus much, tantum.

A thwack, ictus, verber.

To thwack, fustigare, fuste do- lare. To lay on thwack, thwack, ictus geminare.

A thwacking, verberatio, fus- tuarium.

Thwart or athwart, transversus, obliquus.

To thwart or contradict, adver- sari, contradicere.

Thwarting, adversus, repog- nans.

A thwarting or contradicting, contradictio.

Thy or thine, tuus.

Thyme [herb] thymus. Wild, serpyllum.

Belonging to thyme, thymineus, thymianus.

Full of thyme, thymosus.

A tiara, tiara v. tiaras.

A tick or tyke [insect] ricinus.

A tick [small pulsation] ictus levis.

Tick for a bed, culcita.

A ticket, tessera, testimonium.

To tickle, titillare.

A tickling, titillatio, titillatus.

Ticklish [not able to bear being tickled] titillationis, impatient.

[Captious] captiosus, morosus.

[Nice, easily mistaken] res lubrica, difficilis. [Dangerous] periculosus.

Tid bite, lautitæ.

To tiddle or tiddler one, alicui nimis indulgere.

The tide, æstus maris.

Tide [time] tempus, tempestas.

Whitsuntide, tempus pente- costes.

At Martinmas tide, ad tempus quo festum S. Martini cele- bratur.

Tidings, nuntius v. nuntium.

Good, nuntius bonus. Bad or evil, nuntius malus, tristis.

To bring tidings, nuntiare, nuntium afferre.

A bringer of tidings, nuntius.

A bringing of tidings, nuntiatio.

Tidy [neat] concinnus, habilis, calidus.

A tie, vinculum, ligamentum.

To tie or bind, ligare, destrin- gere, vincire.

A surpriser, qui aliquem nec opinantem opprimit.
Surprising [new, unexpected] novus, inopinatus. [*Astonishing, marvellous*] mirus, mirabilis.
Surprisingly, mirabiliter.
A surrender, deditio, resignatio. **The surrender of a town**, &c. oppidi, &c. deditio.
To surrender [restore] reddere, restituere. [*Submit as a prisoner*] dedere, manus dare. **Upon conditions**, certis conditionibus in dedicationem venire. **At discretion**, liberum arbitrium victori de se permittere. **Up an office**, magistratu abire.
One that has surrendered, dedititius.
A surrendering, deditio, abdicatio.
Surreptitious, sorreptitius.
Surreptitiously, furtim, secreto.
A surrogate [one who inquires or acts for another] vicarius, delegatus.
To surrogate, subrogare v. surrogare.
A surrogation or surrogating, surrogatio, substitutio.
To surround or encompass, circumdare, circumstare, circumfundere.
A surrounding, circutio, circuitus, amplexus.
A survey [a viewing] lustratio, inspectio. [*A measuring*] inectio.
To survey [take a view of] lustrare, inspectare, circumspicere. [*Measure*] metiri, demetiri. [*Oversee*] curare, recognoscere.
A surveyor [viewer] inspector. [*Measurer*] mensor [*Overseer*] curator. [*Architect*] architectus. **Of the king's works**, operum regiorum curator. **Of the highways**, viarum publicarum curator.
A surveyorship, metatoria v. procuratoris munus.
To survive, supereminere.
To survive, supervivere, superesse.
Survival, **surviance**, or **a surviving**, superstitis, status.
A survivor or survivor, superstes.
A survivorship, superstitis munus.
Susceptible, **susceptive**, facile suscipiens, ad susceptionem facillius.
To suscite or raise, suscitare, commovere.
Suscitation, concitatio.
To suspect or have suspicion of, suscipari, suspectare; suspicere
To make a person suspected, aliquem alicui in suspicionem ducere.

Easily suspecting or suspectful, suspicax, suspiciosus.
A suspecting, suspicio.
To suspend or defer, suspendere, differre. **One's judgment**, iudicium sustinere. **One from an office**, aliquem ab administratione sui muneris ad tempus removere.
Suspense or doubt, dubium, scrupulus.
To be in suspense, dubitare, fluctuare, hæsitare.
A person in suspense, homo dubius.
A thing in suspense, res incerta.
To keep one in suspense, animum alicui suspendere.
To put one out of suspense, alicui scrupulum eximere.
A suspense or suspension, dubitatio, hesitatio.
A suspension from an office, muneris administrandi interdictio.
A suspension of arms, indubiæ, pl.
A suspicion, suspicio, diffidentia.
To entertain a suspicion of one, alicui minime credere.
To fall under suspicion, in suspicionem cadere.
Suspicious [distrustful] suspiciosus, suspicax. [*Suspected*] suspectus.
Suspiciously, suspiciose.
A spirual or breathing-hole, spiraculum.
Suspiration [a sighing or breathing] suspiratio.
To suspire, suspirare, respirare.
To sustain [prop or defend] sustentare, sustinere. [*Bear or suffer*] sustinere, perferre. **A loss**, damno officii.
Sustainable, quod sustineri potest.
A sustainer, Vid *Sufferer*.
A sustaining, sustentation, or **supporting**, sustentatio, defensio.
Sustenance or food, alimentum, nutrimentum, pabulum, cibus, victus.
A sutler [victualler in a camp] caupo.
A suture [seam] sutura.
A swab, scopa lanea.
A swabber [an inferior officer who is to see that the ship be kept clean] nauta cui purgandæ navis cura commissa est.
A swaddle or swaddling-band, fasciæ.
To swaddle [swathe] fasciare; fasciis involvere.
To swaddle [cudgel] verberare.
A swaddling, fasciis involutio.
To swing down, propendere.
A swag-belly, ventriosus, ventrosus.
To swaggar, gloriari, jactare, ostentare.

A swaggarer, gloriosus; jactator, thiraso.
A swaggarer, gloriatio, jactatio.
A swain or clown, colonus, rusticus.
A swain-mote, [a court kept thrice a year for matters of the forest] curia rustica ad saltus conservandos.
A swallow, hirundo.
To swallow, sorbere, absorbere haurire. **Up greedily**, devorare. **Eat one's words**, dicta retractare.
A swallowing down, haustus.
Swampy, paludosus, nebulosus.
A swan, cygnus, olor.
Of a swan, cygneus, olorum.
To swap, mutare, commutare. **Vid. To swap**.
The sword or rind of bacon, cutis lardi.
The sword of earth, agri graminosi superficies.
A swarm or great number, multitudo. **Of bees**, apium examen. **Of people**, turba.
To swarm [as bees] examinare.
Together in great numbers, magno numero concurrere.
A city swarming with people, urbs populo frequens.
By swarms or in great numbers, turmatim.
Swart or swarthy, fuscus, infuscus, nigellus, subniger.
To swart, infuscare, denigrare.
Swarthily, nigricantis lustrare.
Swarthiness, uigror.
To grow swarthy, infuscari, nigrescere.
A swath or swathe, fasciæ, tænia.
A swath or swath of grass, striga fœni demessa.
To swathe, fasciis involvere.
Sway [rule or government] imperium, dominatio, potestas.
To sway, [rule or govern] gubernare, imperare. **With one**, apud aliquem plurimum valere. **The sceptre of a kingdom**, summam rerum administrare.
To be swayed by another, alicuius consiliis regi.
A swaying, gubernatio, rerum administratio.
To swell or melt away, inæqualiter eliquescere.
To swear, jurare, jure jurando se obstringere. **Against a thing or deny it by an oath**, abjurare. **Allegiance to one**, fidei sacramentum conceptis verbis dicere. **Falsely**, pejerare. **A great oath**, magnum juram juramentum. **Solemnly**, sanctissime jurare. **In a set form of words**, in certa verba jurare. **With a mental reservation**, lingua tantum jurare, mentem injuratum gerere. **Put one to his oath**, ju-

ramentum ab aliquo exigere. *Profanely*, temere ac sæpe de-
deserare.

A swearer, jurator; qui jurat.
A false swearer, perjurus. *A*
profane swearer, homo temere
ac sæpe deserans.

A swearing or taking of an
oath, jurisjurandi interpositio.
A solemn swearing or oath, de-
jurium.

Sweat, sudor. *A breathing*
sweat, sudor parvus.

To sweat, sudare, exsudare.
All over or run all down with
sweat, circumsudare.

To cause to sweat, sudorem ci-
ere.

To drop with sweat, sudore de-
fluere.

To sweat blood, sanguine sudare.
A sweater, sudator, m. suda-
trix, f.

A sweating, sudatio.
A sweating-place, sudatorium.
Of sweating, sudatorium.

Sweaty, sudans.

To sweep, verrere, converrere.
Away or carry off, auferre.

Before, præverrere.

A sweeper, qui scopis verrit.

A chimney-sweeper, caminorum
mundator.

A sweeping, purgatio scopis
facta.

Sweepings, purgamenta, pl.
quisquiliæ, pl.

Sweet [pleasant to the taste or
smell] dulcis, suavis.

A sweet breath, halitus suaviter
olens.

A sweet or pleasant look, aspectus
lætus.

Sweet: [affable, kind, good-natured]
affabilis, blandus; bene-
volus. [Pretty] bellus, concin-
ninus. [That has not an ill
smell] nñime foetens.

Sweetish or somewhat sweet,
dulciculus, subdulcis.

Sweet as honey, melleus, melli-
tus.

The sweet-bread, pancreas.

A sweet-ball, pastillus.

A woman's sweetheart, amantiss-
us, procius. *A man's sweet-
heart*, amica; delicia.

A sweet lips, gulosus; liguri-
ter.

Sweet meats, tragomenta, cupe-
dix, pl.

Sweet-scented, odoratus; odorif-
erous.

Sweet of speech, blandiloquus,
suaviloquens.

To grow sweet, dulcescere, m-
lescere.

To sweeten [make sweet] dulci-
ficare. [Alleviate or pa-
cify] placare, pacificare.

To be sweet upon a person, ali-
cui adulari, palpare.

A sweetener or wheedler, dele-
mator, assentator.

A sweetening [an alleviating or
pacifying] pacificatio, placatio.
Sweetish, dulciculus, subdulcis.
Sweetly [pleasantly] dulce, dul-
citer, suaviter. [Gently,
smoothly] leniter, mansuete.

To live sweetly, jucunde v. qui-
ete vivere.

Sweetness, dulcedo, dulcitus.

Of smell, odorum suavitatis.

Of speech, suaviloquentia. *Of*
temper, affabilitas.

To make to swell, inflare, tume-
facere.

To swell or puff up, tumere,
turgere. *Grow out in length*
or breadth, crescere, accrescere.

Bump out, eminere, promi-
nere.

A swelling, tumor. *In the neck*,
&c. struma.

A swelling with billows, æquoris
asperitas.

To swelter with heat, calore pne-
ne suffocari.

Sweltering or sweltry hot, æstu
pne suffocatus.

To swerve or go from, aberrare,
declinare.

Swerving from, devius, decli-
nans.

A swerving from, declinatio, de-
flexus.

Swift, celer, citus, pernix.

A swift or martin [bird] apus.

Swift of foot, levipes, alipes.

To go a swift pace, incitato
gradu incedere.

Swiftly, celeriter, cito, propere.

Somewhat swiftly, celeriuscule.

Swiftness, celeritas, velocitas.

Swift or bog-wash, colluvies.

To swirl [drink greedily] sorbere,
ebibere. Or rinse, lavare,
abludere.

A swiller or great drinker, tem-
ulentus, ebriosus.

A swilling or drinking much,
ebrietas, ebriositas.

To swim, nare, natare. *Float*
at the top, supernatare. *Away*,
abnatate. *Back*, renare. *Be-
fore*, prænatate. *In*, innare.

Innate, Out, enare, enatare.

Over, transnare. *To*, adnare.

Upon, supernatare. *Under wa-
ter*, subnatate.

A swimmer, natator.

A swimming, natatio.

The swimming of the head, ver-
tigo.

Swimmingly [with good suc-
cess] prospere.

A swine, porcus, sus. *A little*
swine, porculus. *Wild swine*,
sues sylvestres.

Swinish, porcillus, suillus.

A swine-herd, suarius.

A swine's sty, suile.

Swine's dung, sucorda.

Swine-like, suis more.

A swing [to swing with] funicu-
lus quo se quis jactat.

A swing or jerk, impetus.

To swing himself, se jactare.

About, circumagere. [*Brand-
ish or cast with violent swing-
ing*] torquere, contorquere.

To swing [whip] flagellare,
verberare.

Swinging [very large] ingens.

Hanging, pendulus.

A swinging or poising, libratio.

Wheeling about, rotatio.

Swingingly, valde, vehementer.

A swing-staff, scutula.

To swink, valde laborare.

A switch or rod, virgo, flagel-
lum, vimen.

To switch, flagellare.

A swoel, verticulus, verticulum.

To swoon, animolinqui v. defi-
cere.

To recover from a swoon, lin-
quentem suum revocare.

A swoon or swooning, deliqui-
um, animi defectio.

To swoop or truck one thing for
another, aliquid aliquali re com-
mutare.

A swooping, permutatio.

A sword, gladius, ensis.

A little sword, gladiolus, ensi-
culus. *A fighting-sword*, gla-
dius pugnatorius. *A back-
sword*, machæra. *Two-edged*,
anceps bipennis. *Pointless*
obtusus.

To draw a sword, gladium strin-
gere. *Hastily*, vaginâ eripere.

Upon one, in aliquem.

To put up a sword, gladium re-
condere.

A naked or drawn sword, gla-
dius strictus.

To stick, stab, or run one through
with a sword, aliquem gladio
trahere.

To wear a sword, gladio succin-
tus esse.

To put one to the sword, gladio
aliquem occidere. *To put all*
to the sword, ad internecionem
cadere, occisione occidere.

The hilt of a sword, gladii ca-
pulus.

A sword-bearer, ensifer.

A sword-player, gladiator.

Of a sword-player, gladiatorius.

Sword-playing or fighting for a
prize, gladiatura.

A sycophant [originally an in-
former against persons who
exported figs from Greece,
contrary to law, when it came
to signify afterwards any in-
former, tale-bearer, or flatter-
er] sycophanta, delator; as-
sentator.

To play the sycophant, sycophan-
tari, adulari, assentari.

Syllabical or syllabic, secundum
syllabas.

A syllable, syllaba.

By syllables, syllabatim.

Of one syllable, monosyllabus.

Of two, bisyllabus. *Of more*

han two, hyperdisyllabus.
Of three, tres syllabas habens, trisyllabus. *Of four*, quatuor syllabas habens.
A syllogism, syllogismus.
Syllogistical, syllogisticus.
Syllogistically, per modum syllogismi.
To syllogise, ratiocinari.
Sylvan, sylvaticus.
A symbol, symbolum v. symbolus.
Symbolical, ad symbolum perticiens.
Symbolically, symbolice, operte.
To symbolise, per symbolum aliquid indicare. [*Concur* or *agree with*] consentire, congruere.
A symbolising or *denoting* by *symbol*, per symbolos indicatio.
Symmetrical, singulis partibus sibi congruens.
Symmetry, congruentia, symmetria.
Sympathetically, mutuo affectu.
To sympathise, mutua miseratione inoveri.
Sympathy, [a fellow-feeling] mutua misericordia. [*The natural agreement of things*] naturæ cognatio.
Symphonious, modulatus, harmonicus.
Symphony, symphonia.
A symptom, indicium, index.
Symptomatic or *symptomatic*, symptomaticus.
A synagogue or *Jewish church*, synagoga.
A syncope [a figure in grammar] incisio, syncope.
A synod, conventus, synodus.
A synodal [money annually paid to the bishop] tributum synodale.
Synonymal or *synonymous*, ejusdem v. similis significationis, synonymus.
A synonym, vox synonyma.
A synopsis, conspectus, synopsis.
Syntax, verborum structura; syntaxis.
A syringe, fistula, syringa.
To syringe, per syringa injicere.
A system, corpus, systema.
Systematical, ad systema perticiens.

T

A TABERNACLE, tabernaculum, tentorium.
Tabid [consumptive] tabidus, atrophus.

A table, mensa, tabula. *A little table*, mensula, tabella.
A table-book, pugillar.
A table well furnished, mensa laute instructa.
A slender table, victus tenuis.
To lay the table, mensam sternere.
To sit at table, mensæ accumbere.
To wait at table, mensæ astare.
A table-cloth, mappa, torale.
Table-discourse, fabulæ conviviales.
A table in a book, index, syllabus.
A gaming-table, tabula insonria.
Tables or *a pair of chess tables*, abacus tesserarius.
A table-man, latro, latrunculus.
To play at tables, talia ludere.
A table, convictor quotidianus.
A tabour, tabret, tabouret, tabourine, or tamburine, tympanum minus.
A tack or *clasp*, ansula, fibula.
Tacit [silent, not expressed] tacitus.
Tacitly, tacite.
Taciturnity [silence] taciturnitas, silentium.
To tack or *join together*, assuere, consuere. *Up*, affigere.
Abut [as a ship] curam obliquare v. invertere; obliquare sinus in ventum. [*Alter one's measures*] consilia mutare.
Tackle or *tackling*, armamentaria. pl. *For ships*, navium armamenta. *Kitchen tackle*, instrumenta culinaria.
Tactile [that may be touched or handled] tactilis.
Taction or *touching*, tactio.
A tadpole or *little frog*, gyrinus.
The top or *point of a lace*, ligula bracteola.
To tag a lace, ligula bracteolam inserere.
Tag, rag, and *bobtail*, fœx populi.
To tag after or *follow a person*, aliquem pone sequi.
A tail, cauda.
To wag the tail, cevere.
The tail of a garment, vestis tractus.
The tail or *hindermost part*, extrema pars.
The plough-tail, stiva, bura.
Tailage or *tollage*, tributum vitium exactum.
A tailor, sartor, vestiarius.
A taint or *infection*, contagio.
Or blemish, labe, vitium.
To taint [corrupt] inficere, vitare. *Be tainted* or *corrupted*, putrescere. *Attain* [of a crime] accusare.
Taintless, purus, contagionis expertus.

To take, capere, sumere. [*Succeed*] prospere cedere. *A thing* or *understand it*, intelligere rem. *Apprehend a person*, aliquem prehendere. *About*, amplecti, complecti. *After* or *imitate*, imitari, amulari. *Aside*, evocare. *A thing as a favour*, aliquid in beneficii partem dinumerare. *Away*, auferre. *Back again*, resumere, repetere. *Before*, præoccupare. *Cognisance* of cognoscere. *Or pull down* house or building, domum de jicere. *Down* [tame or subdued] domare, frenare. *From*, auferre. *Ill*, grievously, stomachari, indignari. *Up hastily*, corripere. *A person into his house*, aliquem domum ad se admittere. *The height of a place*, altitudinem loci explorare. *In a good or bad sense*, aliquid in bonam aut malam partem accipere. *One in or cheat him*, aliquem fraudare, decipere, fallere. *Down in writing*, aliquid scripte mandare. *A thing kindly*, aliquid benigne accipere. *One thing for another*, in aliquo re errare. *Out spots*, maculas eluere. *Time to consider of things*, ad considerandas res tempus adhibere. *Upon him*, audere, sibi assumere. *Up* or *be reclaimed*, mores corrigere.
A taker away, raptor, director spoliator.
A taking, acceptio, assumptio. *Advice*, deliberatio. *Away*, direptio, spoliatio. *Back*, resumptio. *Before*, anticipatio. *Hold of*, prehensio. *To*, assumptio.
A tale, fabula, narratio.
A false tale, figmentum, ficta fabula. *A flattering tale*, assentatiuncula. *A tale of a tub*, anilis fabula.
The tale of money, &c. recensio.
To tell a tale or *tales*, confabulari, fabulam narrare. *Or falsity of one*, in aliquem mentiri. *A tale-bearer* or *tell-tale*, sursurro.
A teller of merry tales, congerro.
A talent, talentum. [*Endowment or parts*] facultas, dos.
A talisman, imaguncula magica.
Talk [mineral] stella terræ.
Talk [discourse] sermo, colloquium.
To talk, colloqui, confabulari. *Idly*, nugas dicere. *Softly*, musare, susurrare.
Talkative, loquax, dicax.
Over-talkative, impendio loquacior.
Talkativeness, garrulitas.

A talkative fellow, loquaculus, Dodonæum.
A great talker, multiloquus, ver-bosus.
An idle talker, gerro.
Talking, loquax, garrulus.
A talking together, colloquium.
A talking much, garrulitas.
A talking to one's self, solilo-quium.
Tall, procerus, celsus.
A tall gangrel fellow, longurio.
Tallness, proceritas.
Tallow, sebum liquatum.
A tallow-chandler, candelarum sebacearum venditor.
To tallow or dip in tallow, se-bare v. sevarare.
(f) tallow, sebacæus.
Tallowish or full of tallow, se-bosus v. sevosus.
A tally, tessera, talea. A little tally, tessera.
A tally-man, qui pro mercibus venditis pecuniam talea nota-tam per singulas hebdoma-das exigere solet.
To tally or mark on a tally, tes-seris numerum notare. Or agree with, convenire.
A talon or nail, unguis. A lit-tle talon, unguiculus.
Tameable, domabilis.
Tame or gentle, lenis, mansue-tus.
To tame, domare, mansuefa-cere.
To grow tame, mansuescere, mitescere.
Tamely, leniter, mansuete, pla-cide.
Tameness, lenitas, mansuetudo.
A tamer, domitor, m. domitrix, f.
A taming, domitura, domitus.
To tamper or be tampering with one, tentare, in suas partes sollicitationibus trahere.
To tamper with a disease, impe-rite curationem morbi ten-tare.
Tan, cortex ad coria inficienda adhibitus.
To tan leather, corium cortice parato inficere.
To tan or sun-burn, sole fus-sare.
A tan-house, officina ad coria dependa destinata. A tan-pit or vat, fovea ad coria dep-senda.
A tanner, coriarius.
A tang, sapor vehemens.
Tangible, tactilis.
To tangle or entangle, impli-care, impicere.
A tankard, cantharus operculo instructus.
To be tanned, colorari.
Tantalism, spes vana v. decepta.
To tantalise, vanâ spe allicere.
Taxamont, æquivalens, eodem rediens.
A tap [pipe] fistula, siphon.
To tap a vessel, c. llium relinere.

A tap or ale-house, caupona, cerevisiaria.
To tap [blow] ictus levis.
A tap or give one a tap, leviter aliquid tangere.
A tapster or ale-house-keeper, caupo cerevisiarius.
Tape, vittarum v. taniarum genus ex filo lineo contextum.
A taper or wax-light, cereus; fax.
Taper or like a taper, pyrami-datus.
Tapestry, tapes; aulea, pl. To make tapestry, aulea v. tapetas conficere. Wrought tapestry, aulea imaginibus pictis or-nata. To hang with tapestry, auleis ornare. A hanging with tapestry, auleis adornatio.
A tapestry-maker, phrygio.
Tar, pix liquida.
To tar a thing over, pice liquidâ aliquid oblinere.
Tardily, pigre, tarde.
Tardity or tardiness, tarditas.
Tardy [slow] piger, tardus.
To be tardy, peccare, errare.
To tardy, differre, prolatere.
Three, vicia, lolium.
A target, targe, scutum, clypeus major. A round target, parma.
A short target, ancile, pelta.
A targeteer or one armed with a target, scutatus.
To tarnish or be tarnished, in-fuscare, decolorare; nitorem perdere. One's reputation, fa-mam alicujus obscurare. Or spoil the beauty of a thing, ali-cujus rei nitorem obscurare.
A tarpauling, pannus cannabi-nus pice liquidâ illitus. [A sailor] merus nauta.
Turrass [a kind of mortar] cæ-mentum intritum.
A tarrier, cunctator, cessator.
To tarry, morari, manere. For, expectare. All night, per-noctare. Lag behind, cunc-tari.
To make to tarry, sistere.
A tarrying, tarrance, mora, cunctatio.
Tarrying for, expectans, præ-stolans.
A tarrying for, expectatio.
Tarrying all night, pernox.
Tart or sharp, acidus, acer, a-cerbus.
To grow tart, acescere. To make tart, acidum reddere.
Somewhat tart, acidulus.
Tart in reflections, mordax.
A tart, scriblita.
A tart-maker, scriblitarius.
Tartar, vini arida sâx.
A Tartar, Tartari indigena.
Tartly, acerbè, acriter.
Tartness, acerbitas. In reflec-tions, mordacitas.
A task, pensus.
To perform one's task, pensem peragere. To be diligent in

performing one's task, pensem accurare.
To task or set a task, pensem alicui præscribere.
To take one to task, rationem operis ab aliquo exigere.
A tasking, pœni Injunctio.
A task-master, exactor operis.
A tassel, ornamentum pendu-lum ex filo v. serico contex-tum.
Tastable, gustui jucundus.
A taste or tasting, gustus.
Having a good taste, tasteful, boni v. grati saporis.
Having a rank or disagreeable taste, rancidi v. ingrati saporis.
A taste in things, sapor.
Without taste, inapudus, insul-sus, fa-cuus.
To take a light taste of, libare, gustare.
A taste beforehand, prægustare.
To taste or have a taste of, sa-pere.
Tasteless, insipidus, insulens.
A taster or dram-cup, gustato-rium.
A tasting, gustatio, delibatio.
A tatter, pannus laceratus.
A tatterdemalion or one full of tatters, pannosus balatro.
To tatter or tear into pieces, lac-erare, dilacerare.
Tattle or tittle-tattle, nugæ, ger-ræ.
A tattle-basket, loquax, dicaculus.
To tattle, garrire, blaterare.
A tatter, garrulus; nugæ; nugator.
A tattling, loquacitas, dicacitas.
A tavern, taberna vinaria; co-nopolium. A tavern haunter, qui tabernas vinarias nimis frequentat. A tavern-man, ta-vern-keeper, or vintner, taber-narius, vinarius.
Of a tavern, tabernarius.
A taunt, convicium. A bitter taunt, sarcasmus.
To taunt, conviciari; cavillari.
A taunter, conviciator maledi-cus.
Taunting, mordax, conviciis lacescens.
A taunting one with a kindness done, exprobratio.
Tauntingly, per deridiculum.
Tautology, repetitio vocum su-pervacua.
Tawdriness, ornatus ineleganter speciosus.
Tawdry, vestium splendorum cum affectatione speciosus.
A tawdry dress, vestitus spec-der affectatus.
Tawny, fulvus, fuscus.
A tax, tributum, vectigal, cen-sus.
A land-tax, agrorum tributa.
To tax [blame or charge with a crime] culpâre, accusare, inaspulare. Lay a tax upon, taxare, censere. To collect or

gather a tax, tributum v. vectigal colligere. *To tax the costs and charges of a suit*, litem estimare.
To raise a tax, censum imponere.
To take off or lessen a tax, censum minuire.
A tax-gatherer, tributū exactor.
Taxable, vectigalis, vectigali solvendo obnoxius.
A taxation, taxing, or imposing a tax, taxatio.
A taser, taxator.
A taxing [blaming] accusatio, criminatio.
Tea, thea. *Green tea*, thea viridis.
To teach, docere, edocere. *Children*, pueros literis et artibus insicere. *To teach somewhat or now and then*, subdocere.
Teachable, docilis.
A teacher, doctor, præceptor.
A teaching, institutio.
A team of horses yoked to a carriage, currus.
A tear, lacryma.
A small tear, lacrymula.
Worthy of tears, lacrymabilis, lugubris.
Ready to shed tears, lacrymabundus.
Full of tears, tearful, lacrymosus.
Tear-falling, lacrymabundus, misericors.
To shed tears, lacrymare.
To cause one to shed tears, lacrymas movere.
A shedding of tears, lacrymatio.
A tear or rent, scissura, fissura.
To tear or tear to pieces, lacerare, dilacerare, scindere. *A letter*, compèrre epistolam.
One another, se mutuo laniare.
To rant and tear along, tumultuari.
A tearer, qui v. quæ lacerat.
A tearing, laceratio, dilaceratio.
To tease or tease wool, &c. lanare, &c. carpere.
To tease [vex] cruciare, exagitare, vexare.
A teaser, qui v. quæ sollicitat.
A teasing, sollicitatio assidua.
A teat [breast in general] mamma, uber. *A little teat*, mammula. *The teat or nipple*, papilla.
To suck the teat, mamam sugere.
Technical, artificialis, technicus. *A technical word*, vocabulum alicui arti v. scientiæ proprium.
Techily, iracunde, aspere.
Techniness, iracundia, asperitas.
Techy, iracundus, asper, difficilis.
Tedious [lasting long] longus, diluvius. [*Slow*] tardus, len-

tus. [*Troublesome, irksome*] molestus, odicus. *Somewhat tedious or long*, longiusculus.
Tediously [lasting long] longe, diutius. [*Slowly*] tarde, lente. [*Troublesomely*] moleste.
Tediousness [length of time] temporis longinquitas. [*Slowness*] tarditas, pigrities. [*Troublesomeness*] molestia, tedium.
To seem or pour out, effundere. [*To be frequently with child*] sæpe in utero gestare.
Teeming, sæcunda, sæpe gravida.
Teewless, infœcunda, sterilis.
Teen, dolor, mœsistia.
Teeth [of tooth] dentes, pl. *The cheek-teeth*, dentes genuini. *The eye-teeth*, dentes canini. *The teeth of a comb*, pectinis dentes. *The teeth of a wheel*, rotæ dentes. *The foreteeth*, dentes incisores. *Gag-teeth*, dentes exerti. *Mill-teeth*, dentes mœares.
To breed teeth, dentire.
A child breeding teeth, puerulus dentiliens.
A breeding of teeth, dentitio.
To clean the teeth, dentes purgare. *To dash out the teeth*, edentire. *To draw or pull out one's teeth*, alicui dentes eruere. *To fasten the teeth*, dentes firmare. *To shed or lose one's teeth*, dentes amittere.
To hit one in the teeth with a thing or throw it in one's teeth, [reproach one with] aliquid alicui exprobrare.
Having teeth, dentatus, denticulatus.
Breaking the teeth, dentifrangibilis.
A powder for cleaning the teeth, dentifricium.
A tegument, tegumen.
A teint, tint, or tinct, color.
A telescope or perspective glass, telescopium.
To tell [say or relate] dicere, narrare. *Blaze abroad*, vulgare, publicare. *Again or rehearse*, renarrare, recitare. *Before*, prædicere, prænarrare. [*Acquaint one with*] indicere, aliquid alicuius rei certiorum facere. [*Admonish of*] monere, commonefacere. [*Compute or reckon up*] computare, numerare. [*Relate*] narrare, commemorare. [*Know*] scire. *Bring one news*, annuntiare. *To tell tales or stories*, fabulari.
A tell-tale, delator, obsecrator.
A teller, narrator, recitator. *Of stories*, fabulator.
A fortune-teller, fatidicus, hariolus.
A teller or numberer, qui numerat.
A telling [saying] narratio,

recitatio, repetitio. [*Reckoning*] numeratio, computatio.
Temerarious, temerarius.
Temerity, temeritas, præcipitatio.
Temper [constitution of body] corporis temperies. [*Humour nature*] indoles, ingenium. [*Moderation*] moderatio.
A person of a good, agreeable, or pleasant temper, homo festivus, lepidus, facetus. *Of an aspiring temper*, homo imperi cupidus. *Of a choleric temper*, homo animo commotior. *Of a disagreeable or surly temper*, homo morosus, difficilis, austerus.
An even temper, animus placidus, equus. *An uneven or fickle temper*, animus levis v. inconstans.
Agreeableness or pleasantness of temper, festivitas, hilaritas. *Disagreeableness*, morositas, protervitas.
The temper of iron or steel, ferri v. chalybis, temperatio, temperatura.
To put or bring a person into a good temper, aliquem a severitate ad hilaritatem traducere.
To temper [or moderate] animi moderari, coërcere. [*Mingle*] miscere, commiscere. *Steel*, chalybem temperare.
A temperament [expedient or mean to accomplish a thing] ratio, modus. *Or constitution of body*, corporis temperatio.
Temperance or moderation, temperantia, abstinentia.
With temperance, temperate temperanter.
Temperate [moderate] abstinentus, modestus. [*Calm*] lenis, placidus.
Temperately, temperate, temperanter.
Temperateness or moderation, temperantia. Vid. Temperance.
Temperateness of weather, cœli temperies æqualis.
Temperature, temperamentum, temperies.
Good-tempered, festivus, lepidus. *Ill-tempered*, morosus, difficilis. Vid. Temper.
A tempering, temperatio, admistio.
A tempest, tempestas, procella. *To avoid a tempest*, procellam devitare. *To raise a tempest*, procellam excitare.
Tempest-tost, jactatus.
Tempest-beaten, vexatus.
Tempestuous, procellosus, nimis basis.
A temple, templum, delubrum. *The temple* [in London] templum pacis, hospitium templariorum.

A knight templar, eques templi.
The temple of the head, tempus.
Temporal [lasting for a time] temporarius. [Secular] secularis.
Lords spiritual and temporal, senatores superioris domus.
Temporalities of bishops, episcoporum temporalia.
Temporality, ad tempus.
Temporality, plebs; ordo laicus.
Temporaneous or temporary, temporarius.
To temporise, scenæ servire; se temporebus accommodare; temporis succumbere.
A temporiser, qui scenæ servit.
A temporising, assentatio.
To tempt [attempt or try] tentare; conari. [Entice] alligere.
Temptable, mollis in obsequium.
A temptation or enticement, tentatio, illecebra.
A temptation to anger, irritamentum ire.
A tempter [tempter] inceptor. [Enticer] tentator, delentor.
The tempter [the devil] diabolus.
A tempting [attempting] conatus. [Enticing] illecebra.
Tempting [alluring] pellax.
Ten, decem, deni.
Of ten, denarius. **Ten times**, decies. **Ten years of age or lasting ten years**, decennis. **The space of ten years**, decennium.
The ten at cards, dice, &c. decas.
A pole or perch ten feet long, decempeda.
A cart or wagon drawn by ten horses, currus decemjugis.
Tenfold, decemplex.
The tenth, decimus.
The tenth time, decimum.
Tenthly, decimo.
Tenish or tithes, decima [partes].
Tenable, quod teneri potest.
A tenable town, oppidum quod defendi potest.
Tenacious [obstinate] tenax, pertinax. **Of his opinion**, propositi tenax. [Close-fisted, niggardly] parvus, deparvus.
Tenaciously [obstinately] tenaciter, pertinaciter.
Tenaciousness or tenacity [obstinacy] tenacitas, pertinacia.
A tenancy or hired house, domus mercede conducta.
A tenant, inquilinus.
Tenantable, locationi aptus.
Tenantless, incultus.
To tend or attend [take care of] curare, comitari, deducere.
To tend a sick person, ægrum v. ægrotum curare. **To or aim at**, tendere, pertinere. **Well tended**, male curatus. **Well tended**, probe curatus.
A tendency [inclination] inclinatio, propensio. [Drift or design] consilium.

Tender [soft] tener, mollis. **Somewhat tender**, tenellus, molliculus. [Nice, dainty] lenticulus, fastidiosus. [Scrupulous] scrupulosus, religiosus.
Tender-hearted, misericors, benignus. **Tender-heartedness**, misericordia.
A tender or guarder, curator, stipator. **Or offer**, res v. conditio oblati.
A tender or small ship, lembus.
A tender or waiter, assecla, famulus.
To be tender of a person or have a tender affection for him, aliquem in deliciis habere, aliquem toto pectore amare.
To make tender, mollire, emolli-re. **To grow tender**, tenerescere.
To tender [offer] offerre, præbere. [Regard] curare, indulgere. [Love or value] amare, diligere, plurimi facere.
A tender of money, pecunie representationis.
A tendering or offering, oblatio.
Tenderly, molliter. **To use tenderly**, molliter tractare.
Tenderness [softness] teneritas. [Love, kindness] amor, caritas. [Indulgence] indulgentia. [Scrupulousness] ingenium scrupulis nimis additum.
A tending to, cura, curatio.
A tendon, tendo, cardilago.
A tendril, clavicula, capreolus.
The tendril of coleworts or other plants, cyma.
Tendrils or gristles, cartilagine miliores.
Tenebrous [dark] tenebrosus, tenebrosus.
A tenement, domus mercede locata.
A tenet, dogma.
Tenerily or tenderness, teneritas.
A tennis-ball, pila lusoria.
A tennis-court, sphæristerium.
Tennis-play, pilæ ludus.
To play at tennis, pilâ ludere.
A tenon, cardo, impages.
The tenor or chief course of a matter, tenor, series. [Chief intent or purpose] propositum, consilium. [Sense or meaning] sensus, sententia, verborum vis. [In music] tenor.
A tense [in grammar] tempus.
Tensible, tensile, tenebilis.
Tension [a binding or stretching] tensio.
A tent, tentorium. **In a fair or market**, velabrum. **A little tent**, tentoriolum.
To pitch tents, castrametari, castra ponere.
To strike their tents, tabernacula inclinare.
A tent for a wound, turunda, linamentum. **Or pessary**, collyrium. **To tent a wound**, turundam in plagam indere.

To tent, habitare.
Tentation or temptation, tentatio.
A tenter for stretching cloth, pannitendium.
A tenter-hook, uncus, clavus uncatius.
To tenter, tensionem recipere.
To keep a person upon the tenters or in suspense, aliquem suspensum tenere.
Tenuity [slenderness, thinness] tenuitas, gracilitas.
Tenuous, tenuis, gracilis.
A tenure, jus v. modus aliquot tenendi.
A base tenure, clientela servilis.
Tepid [lukewarm] tepidus, egellidus.
Tepidity, tepor.
A tercel genile, falco mas.
To terebrate, terebrare, perforare.
Terebration, terebratio.
Tergiversation [a boggling at] tergiversatio.
A term [word or expression] verbum, appellatio. [Bound or limit] terminus, linea. [Limited space of time] tempus præstitum v. præfinitum. **Condition**, conditio, lex, ratio.
The four law terms, quatuor tempora v. termini, quibus causæ forenses adjudicantur.
The space between term and term, iustitium.
To term [call or name] appellare, vocare.
Termagancy, animus turbulentus.
A termagant or scolding woman, mulier rixosa.
To terminate or limit, limitare, terminare. **To terminate in**, desiderare. **To terminate a difference**, controversiam dirimere.
A terminating or bounding, terminatio, limitatio.
A terminating or concluding, conclusio.
A termination or ending of a word, terminatio, verbi exitus.
Termless, infinitus.
Ternary [belonging to three] ternarius.
A terrace or terrace walk, terrenus agger quo deambulare solemus. **Of terraces**, ambulacrum cæmentitium.
Terraced, terreno aggere constructus.
Terraqueous, ex aquâ et terrâ constans.
Terrene, terreous, terrenus.
Terrastrial, terrastrious, terrestria.
Terrible, terribilis, horrendus.
Very terrible, perhorridus. **In look**, torvus, truculentus.
Terribleness, terror, horror, atrocitas.
Terribly, atrociter.

Ierrific, terrena, terrificus.
To terrify, terrere, territare, perterrefacere.
A territory, regio, ditio.
To have larger territories than another, aliquem amplitudine ditionis superare.
Terror, terror, horror; formido.
Terse [clean or neat] tersus, lautus. [Smooth] lavis, politus.
To tertiate, tertiare.
Tesselated, tessellatus.
A test [trial] examen, trutina.
To bring to the test, rem aliquam ad examen vocare. To stand the test, trutinam ferre.
The test-oath, sacramentum quo ejuratur auctoritas pontificia.
Testaceous [having a shell] testaceus.
A testament or last will, testamentum.
A testament by word of mouth, testamentum nuncupativum.
Testamentary or belonging to a testament, testamentarius.
A forger of testaments, testamentarius.
A testament all written with the testator's own hand, holographum. Vid. Will.
The Old or New Testament, testamentum v. Fœdus Vetus v. Novum.
A testator, testator.
A tester [sixpence] semisolidus, sex denarii.
A tester or testern of a bed, lecti umbella.
The testicles, testiculi, testes. pl.
A testification or bearing of testimony, testificatio.
A testifier, qui testatur.
To testify, testificari, testari.
A testifying, testatio, testificatio.
Testimonial, ad testimonium pertinens.
A testimonial or certificate, scripta testificatio.
A testimony [deposition of a witness] testimonium; dictum.
A solemn testimony, affirmatio.
The testimony of a good conscience, conscientia bene actæ vitæ.
To bear testimony, testari.
To do a thing in testimony of respect, aliquid officii causâ facere.
To bear one testimony, testimonium alicui perhibere.
Testily, morose, proterve.
Testiness morositas, protervitas.
Testy, morosus, protervus.
A tether, jumentî retinaculum.
To keep within his tether, intra terminos subsistere. To tether a horse, equo compedes implicare.
A tetrarch, tetrarcha.

A tetrarchy, tetrarchia.
A tetrastich or poem of four verses, tetrastichon.
Tetrical, tetricus, morosus.
A tetter or ringworm, impetigo.
The text of a discourse, orationis argumentum.
Text letters, literæ unciales.
A texturist, textuary, or text-man, theologus sacris codicibus probe versatus.
A texture, textura.
Than, in comparison, is made by ac. atque or quum; and by an ablative case; as, We judge otherwise of them than of ourselves, aliter de illis ac de nobis judicamus. There is nothing that you think otherwise of than I do, nihil est de quo aliter tu sentias atque ego. They are dearer to me than life, mihi vitâ sunt cariorea. Nothing is more to be wished for than prosperity, nihil est magis optandum quam prospera fortuna.
A thane, comes.
To thank, return, or give thanks, gratiam, gratias v. grates alicui pro beneficio accepto agere, habere, referre.
Thankful, gratus, beneficiorum memor.
Thankfully, grate; animo grato.
Thankfulness, gratus animus.
A thanking, thank-offering, or thanksgiving, gratiarum actio.
Thankless, ingratus.
Thankworthy, cedens gratiæ.
Thanks, gratia; gratiæ, pl. grates.
Tharm. intestina suilla torta ad multas res accommodata.
That [a pronoun demonstrative] ille, is, iste.
That [who or which] qui.
Note, this is an improper use of the word, since it can only be used as a relative pronoun when it forms the nominative to a verb, or is governed in the accusative by a verb. Besides it wants the distinction of gender.
The same that or as, idem ac, atque, et, ut.
That [a conjunction] ut, quo, quod.
Note, 1. That, signifying because, and denoting time past, when it comes before a verb, may be rendered into Latin by quod; as, I am glad that you are returned safe, quod tu redisti incolumis, gaudeo. But that, signifying to the end that, denoting time to come, and coming before a verb, which signifies to desire, fear, command, labour, take care, &c. must be made by ut; as, I desire that you will act the play, ut tu fabulam agas, volo.
Note, 2. That quod and ut may

generally be better omitted, if the verb immediately following them be put in the infinitive mood, and its nominative case changed into the accusative; as, *They say that he manages his own business, eum se negotium agere dicunt, for quod ille agit.*
Seeing that or since that, cum, quum, quando, quoniam.
Inasmuch that, adeo ut.
So that, dum, dummodo.
To the end that, eo, ideo.
Thatch, culmus, stipula.
To thatch a cottage, &c. casam, &c. culmis tegere.
A thatcher, qui casas culmis tegere solet.
A thaw, glaciæ v. nivis resolutio.
To thaw, act. regelare.
*The, before a noun substantive, may, for the most part, be omitted in translating into Latin, as being sufficiently included in the noun itself; except it denote the particular thing mentioned before, and then it is to be translated by hic, ille, iste; according to the gender of its substantive, and the particular thing thereby referred to, whether this, that or the other; or when it is emphatically used to show that some person or thing is more than ordinarily remarkable; as, *Alexander the Great, Alexander ille Magnus. I, the self same person, ego ille ipse. Then the same excellent man—Tum iste vir optimus—*
The one—the other, unus—alter; alter—alter.
The first, the second, the third, primus, alter, tertius.
From one end to the other, a principio ad finem.
From the one to the other, ultra citroque.
*The, before a comparative degree, including in it by how much, by so much, is to be made by quanto, tanto; quo, eo, hoc; tam, quam; as, *The longer he is absent, the more I miss him, quanto diutius abest, tanto magis cupio.*
A theme or subject of a discourse, orationis argumentum v. thema.
A theatre [place for acting plays in] theatrum. A little theatre, theatridium.
Theatral or theatrical, theatralis.
Theatricality, in modum theatralium.
Then [at that time] tum, tunc.
[After that] tum, inde, postea, exinde. [Therefore] ergo, igitur, idcirco.
*Now and then, subinde. identidem.***

Thence, illinc, inde.

Thence, [thereupon] eo, ex eo, exinde.

Thenceforth or **thenceforward**, deinceps, deinde.

Theological, ad res divinas pertinentes.

Theologically, theologorum more.

A theologer, theologian, theologist, theologue, theologician, or professor of theology, theologus, theologia professor.

Theology, rerum divinarum scientia, theologia.

A theorem [speculative principle or rule, in opposition to a problem, which relates to practice] pronuntiatum contemplativum, theorema, pronuntiatum problematicum.

Theorematical, theorematicus.

A theorist, theoretic, qui aliquam rem contemplatur.

Theory [the speculative knowledge of a thing, in opposition to practical knowledge] contemplatio.

There [in that place] ibi, illic, istic.

Note, of late years, there is frequently, but most improperly used 'for thither; and where for whither—consequently thither and thither are becoming obsolete.

There, when it does not relate to place, has no particular Latin word for it; and in this sense, the nominative case in English is generally set after its verb, and not placed before it; as, *At that lake there is a little mill*, apud istum lacum est pistrina.

Thereabout [about that affair] de v. in illa re.

Thereabout or **thereabouts** [of place] circum, circa.

Thereafter, deinceps, exinde.

Thereat, in illa re.

Thereby, eo, inde.

Therefrom, ab eo, ex eo.

Therein, in eo loco.

Thereof, ejus, illius, illorum, &c.

Thereon or **thereupon**, exinde, ibi, tum.

Thereout, ex eo loco.

Therewith, cum eodem v. idem. Or **therewithal**, simul.

Therefore, ita, itaque, idcirco. All the compounds of **there** are inelegant except the last, and now seldom occur in fine writing.

These, hi, hæ, hæc.

A thesis, positio, thesis.

Theses, mores; consuetudo.

Thewed, assuefactus, consuetus.

Thick [not thin] densus, crassus. [*Large*] largus, latus, crassus, amplus. [*Grove*] con-

cretus. [*Muddy*] cænosus.

Thick or **muddy wine**, vinum fæculentum.

Thick-grown, creber. Thick-skinned, callosus. Thick-skulled, pingue ingenium.

Standing thick together, densus, frequens, confertus.

Thick and threefold, turmatim, frequentes.

Thick of hearing, surdus.

To run through thick and thin to serve a person, alicujus causâ quævis pericula adire.

To grow thick or frequent, crebescere.

To thicken or make thick, densare, spissare, constipare.

To thicken or make thick, spissescere, concrecere.

A thickening, densatio, spissatio.

A thicket, dumetum.

Thickly, dense, crasse.

Thickness [density] densitas, crassitudo. [*Frequency*] crebritas.

Thickness of hearing, auditûs gravitas.

A thief, fur. A little or petty thief, furunculus. A night-walking thief, lavernio. A notable thief, fur insignis.

To thieve or play the thief, furari, suffurari; surripere.

Thievery, furtum.

A thieving, direptio, expilatio clandestina; latrocinatio.

Of thieving, furtificus.

Thievish, furtivus, furtificus.

Thievishly, furaciter.

Thievishness; furacitas.

The thigh, coxa, femur.

The thill of a cart, temo.

The thiller [horse] equus temoni v. carro proxime subjectus.

To fasten to a thill, temoni adjungere.

A thimble, digitale sutorium.

Thin [not thick] rarus, tenuis.

[*Few, of a small company*] infrequens. [*Lean*] macer, macilentus. [*Light, not heavy*] levis. *Very thin or slender*, pertenuis.

A thin table, cæna ambulatoria.

To grow thin or dwindle away, rarescere. To grow thin or lean, macere, emacescere.

Somewhat thin, tenuiculus, sub-tenuis.

To make thin, or rarefy, rarefacere. Or slender, tenuare. Lean, emaciare.

A making thin or slender, attenuatio.

Thinly, exilliter, tenuiter.

Thinness, raritas, raritudo.

Thine, tuus, tua, tuum.

A thing, res; negotium.

Note, 1. The word **thing** or **things**, is distinctly expressed by the nature of adjectives and participles, consequently the noun should be omitted;

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as, *It is a shameful thing*, indignum est.

Note, 2. The word **thing** is sometimes used to denote contempt of a person; as *She is a haughty thing*, muller est fastosa.

Above all things, imprimis; ante omnia.

Any thing, quidquam, quidpiam, quidvis, quidnam.

Something, aliquid, nonnihil.

Things of no value, nugæ, pi. ineptiæ.

To think [believe, suppress, or imagine] putare, arbitrari, existimare. *Again, recogitare. On or upon, meditari, contemplari, considerare, cogitare. On before-hand, præmeditari. Light of, parvi facere, pendere. Otherwise, dissimulare, dissidere. Well of or approve, probare, approbare. Worthy, dignari. Scorn*

dedignari, aspernari. A thinking, cogitatio. A thinking upon, meditatio. Before-hand, præmeditatio.

The third, tertius.

Every third day, tertio quoque die.

A third or third part, triens. Of a third, tertianus, tertianus. To till the ground or do any thing the third time, tertiare.

A doing of any thing the third time, tertiatio.

Thirdly, the third time, tertio, tertium.

To thirl, penetrare.

Thirst, thirstiness, sitis.

Thirst of riches, &c. divitiarum, &c. sitis.

To thirst, be athirst, or thirsty, sitire.

Thirstily, sitienter.

Thirsty, sitiens, siticulosus.

Thirteen, tredecim, indecl. decem et tres, terni deni. The thirteenth, decimus tertius.

Thirteen times, terdecies.

Thirty, triginta, indecl. triceni. Thirty-eight, duodequadraginta, indecl. duodequadrageni. The thirty-eight, duodequadagesimus. Thirty-nine, undequadragesima, indecl. Thirty nine times, undequadrages.

Of or belonging to thirty, tricenarius. Thirty-times, trices, ter decies. The thirtieth, tricesimus.

This, hic, iste.

To this place, huc, hucnaque, horsum. In this place, hic. From this place, hinc. By this place or way, hæc.

A thistle, carduus. Gum-thistle or oat-thistle, spina alba. Blessed-thistle, carduus benedictus v. beatus Maris. Fuller's thistle, carduus fulgionum. The hundred-headed thistle or

eryngo, eryngion. *Sow-thistle* scythius.

Thistle-down, pappus.

Thither, eo, illo, illuc.

Hither and thither, huc illuc, ultro citroque.

Thitherto, ettenus.

Thitherward, illorsum.

A thong, lorum, corrigia, amentum. *A great thong*, loramentum.

Of a thong, loreus

A thorn, spina. *The black thorn*, prunus silvestris. *The white thorn*, oxycantha. *Box-thorn* or *a medicine made thereof*, lycium. *Buck's thorn*, rhamnus. *Bearing thorns*, spinifer, spiniger.

Thorny or full of thorns, spinuosus, spinosus.

A place where thorns or briars grow, spinetum.

A thornback [fish] raia clavata.

Thorough, per.

To go thorough with a thing, aliquid ad exitum perducere.

A thoroughfare, or *passage*, via perula.

Thoroughpaced [complete] consummatus, omnibus suis numeris absolutus.

Thou, tu.

Though, tho' [although] ut, licet, etsi, tametsi. [*Nevertheless*] nihilominus.

As though, quasi, perinde quasi, tanquam.

Thought [a thinking upon] cogitatio, contemplatio, meditatio. [*Thing thought on*] cogitatum. [*Care or concern*] cura, sollicitudo. [*Contrivance*] commentum, inventio. [*Aim or design*] consilium, propositum.

Idle thoughts or designs, consilia frivola.

To take thought about or for, curare, providere.

To take thought about or for [be concerned at] ex aliqua re ingritudinem auspicere.

Thoughtful [wary, considerate] cautus, providus, prudens, providens. [*Anxious*] anxius, sollicitus.

To be thoughtful about [consider of] considerare, contemplari, animadvertere, perpendere.

To be thoughtful for [anxious] animo suspensus et sollicito esse; animo angere.

Thoughtfully [warily, considerately] caute, provide, cogitate. [*Anxiously*] anxie, sollicite.

Thoughtfulness [weariness, consideration] cautio, cura, providentia. [*Anxiety, solicitude*] anxietas, sollicitudo, animi agritudo.

Thoughtless [inconsiderate, rash] inconsideratus, inco-

gitans, incogitabilis, temerarius.

Thoughtlessly, inconsiderate, inconsulte, improvide.

Thoughtlessness, inconsiderantia, incogitantia.

Thought-sick, animo perturbatus.

A thousand, [subst.] mille, in sing. millia, um, bus, in plur. [Adj.] generally indeclinable.

Ten thousand, bis mille v. duo millia. *Three*, ter mille v. tria millia. *Four*, quater mille v. quatuor millia. *Five*, sex, seven, eight, nine, or ten thousand, quinquies, sexies, septies, octies, novies, decies mille; v. sex, septem, &c. millia.

Ten thousand, decem millia.

Of a thousand, milliarius.

A thousand times [definitely] millies. [*Indefinitely*] sexcenties.

The thousandth, millesimus.

The two, three, four, five, &c. thousandth, bis, ter, quater, quinquies, &c. millesimus.

Thrall or thralldom [slavery, captivity] servitium, captivitas.

Thrasonical, gloriosus, thrasonicus.

Thread, filum. *For weaving*, linum, stamea. *Basting*, filum aurtorium.

A thread [in cloth or silk] licium.

A bottom or skein of thread, fill glomus.

To thread a needle, filum, sericum, &c. per acum immittere.

Thread by thread, filatim.

Threadbare, tritus, detritus.

The thread of a discourse, orationis tenor.

A threat, threats, or threatening, minæ, pl. minatio.

To threaten, minari, minitari.

A threatener, qui v. quæ minatur.

Threatening or threatful, minax, minitans.

A threatening, minatio, comminatio.

Threateningly, minanter, minaciter.

Three, tres, tria, trium; trini v. terni.

The three, or *trey point* in cards, &c. numerus ternarius, trias.

Of or belonging to three, trinus, ternarius.

Three manner of ways, trifarium, tripliciter.

Divided into three parts, adj. tripartitus, adv. tripartito.

Threefold, triplex, triplus, trigeminus. *To make threefold*, triplicare. *Threefoldly or trebly*, tripliciter. *The being threefold*, triplicitas.

Three feet long, tripedalia.

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Of or belonging to three feet, tripedaneus.

Having three bodies, tricorpor.

Three cornered or having three angles, triquetrus, triangularis. *A three-angled figure*, triquetra, triquetrum.

Three days' space, triduum.

Of three colours, tricolor.

Three-headed, triceps. *Three-horned*, tricornis.

Having three throats, trifaux. *Having three shapes*, triformis.

Of three pounds' weight, trilibris.

Three nights' space, trinocium.

Three-pointed, tricuspis. *Having three teeth or tines*, tridens.

Three years' space, triennium.

Three years' old, trimus. *The space of three years*, trimatus.

Three-leaved grass, trifolium pratense. *Three forked*, trifurcus.

Three-score, sexaginta. *Of three-score*, sexagenarius.

Three-score times, sexagies.

Three-score and ten, septuaginta, indecl.

Three hundred, trecenti, a, a; tercenti, trecenteni.

Thrice, ter. *Thrice as much*, triplo, triplus.

Three hundred times, trecenties.

To thresh corn, frumentum flagellare, tribulare.

To thresh or beat a person, aliquid quem cedere, pulsare.

Aresher, triturator.

A threshing, tritura.

A threshing-floor, area.

A threshold, limen.

Thrift, thriftiness [frugality] parsimonia, frugalitas.

Thriftily, frugaliter, parce.

To use thriftily, parce adhibere.

Thriftless, prodigus.

Thriftily, frugi, indecl. frugalis.

To thrill [drill or bore] terabrare, perforare.

To thrive or prosper, florere, valere, vigere. *In flesh*, pinguescere, corpus augere. *In learning*, progressus in studiis facere.

A thriving in the world, prosperitas.

A thriving or growing in flesh, corporis augmentum.

Thrivingly, prospere, solíciter.

The throat, guttur, gula, jugulum.

Of the throat, ad guttur v. jugulum pertinens.

The throat pipe or wind-pipe, arteria aspera.

To cut one's throat, jugulare.

To throb or pant, palpitare, micare.

A throbbing, palpitatio.

A throne [royal seat] solium, thronus. [Chief rule] principatus.

To sit upon the throne [as a king] solice sedere. [*To rule*]

supremo jure imperare, summâ potestate præesse.

To raise one to a throne, aliquem ad regiam dignitatem promovere.

A throng or crowd of people, turba, caterva.

To throng or crowd, arcitare, coarctare. To a place, ad locum catervatim confluere, accurrere.

A throile or thrush [bird] turdus.

To throttle, suffocare, strangulare. To throttle one to death, alicujus fauces oblidere.

A throttling, strangulatio, præfocatio.

Through, a, ex, per, propter.

Through, is often the same as by, and made by the ablative case; as, Through me or by my means, operâ meâ.

Through, after a verb, is often implied in it, especially in verbs compounded with per or trans; as, To bore through, perforare. To dig through, perfodere. To run through, transigere.

Through and through or quite through, penitus, prorsus.

A through or thorough fare, via pervia.

Through and through, quite through, thoroughly, penitus, prorsus, perfecte, plane.

Throughout, per omnes partes.

A throw or cast, jactus, missus.

Within a stone's throw, intra lapidis jactum.

A lucky throw at dice, jactus plenus, veneris jactus.

An unlucky throw, jactus supinus.

To throw, cast, or sling, jactare, jacere, conjicere, mittere.

A thing directly or full in one's face, mittere in adversa ora.

A stone at one, aliquem lapide petere.

One's self at a person's feet, asking for mercy, sese alicui ad pedes projicere.

All about, circumjicere. Abroad, spargere, dispergere.

Against, objicere, allidere, illidere.

All along, abjicere. Aside or away, abjicere.

One's money, pecuniam profundere. Back, rejicere.

Before, objicere. Behind, a tergo rejicere.

Between, interjicere. Down, de- jicere.

Down one's arms, mittere arma. Off one's acquaintance, notos deserere.

Down headlong, præcipitare, præcipientem dare. Down upon, ingerere. Forth, emittere.

In or into, injicere. A thing into one's teeth, aliquid alicui exprobrare. Into prison, in carcerem v. vincula conjicere.

Off [cast off] deijicere. [Renounce] rejicere. Off all suspicion from one's self, omnem

rei suspicionem a se amoliri. The odium of a thing upon the senate, invidiam alicujus rei ad senatum rejicere.

Out, elicere. Over, transmittere.

Together, conjicere, coacervare. Unto, adjicere.

Up, ejicere, egerere. Up as the tide does, expurgare.

Up an office, munere se abdicare. Upon, superinjicere.

A thrower, jaculator. A thrower down, demolitor.

A throwing, jactus, conjectus; conjectio, petitio. Away, ab- jectio. Of a dart, jaculatio.

Down, dejectio. Down head- long, præcipitatio. In, in- jectio. Off, abjectio. Out, ejectio. Over, trajectus. Upon, superjectio.

To be thrown out [of a borough] (as a parliament man) plu- rimia suffragiis vinci. Or distanced in a race, e stadio excludi.

Ths throws or throes of a woman in labour, labores puerperæ.

A throwster, qui linum tor- quendo duplicat.

To thrum, imperite citharam pulsare.

Thrums, villi, pl. A thrush [bird] turdus.

A thrust or push, impulsus, im- petus.

At one thrust, uno ictu. To thrust [shove] pellere, tru- dère. Against, obdère. Back, repellere. Down, cetrudère.

Forward, propellere. Into, intrudère, ingerere, compin- gere. Out, expellere. One out of doors, aliquem foras pellere.

Through, transigere. Together, comprimere.

A thruster, impulsor. A thruster forward or encourager, hor- tator, instigator.

A thrusting back, repulsus, repul- sio. Forward, impulsus.

Together, compressio. The thumb, pollex. Of the thumb, pollicaris. A thumb's breadth, pollex latus.

A thumb-stall, digitale. To thumb a book, librum pollice terere.

A thump, ictus validus et so- norus. To thump, tundère, pertundère.

To thump at, pulsare. A thumper, pulsator.

A thumping, pulsus. Thunder, tonitru.

To thunder, intonare, fulmi- nare. Again, retonare. Down upon, superintonare, detonare.

Round about, circumtonare. A thunder-clap, fragor v. cre- pitus cæli. A thunder-bolt or thunder-stone, fulmen.

Thunder-struck, sideratus, de cælo tactus.

Of thunder, fulmineus.

A thunderer, fulminator.

A thundering, fulminatio.

Thundering from above, trun- drous, altitonans.

A thundering voice, vox Sten- torea.

Thuriferous, thurifer. Thursday, dies Jovis, feria quinta. Holy Thursday, dies ascensionis Domini nostri in cælum. Maundy Thursday, dies Jovis quâ stips regia pau- peribus distribui solet.

Thus, ita, sic, hoc modo. Thus far, hæcenus.

Thus much, tantum. A thwack, ictus, verber.

To thwack, fustigare, fuste do- lare. To lay on thwack, thwack, ictus geminare.

A thwacking, verberatio, fus- tuarium.

Thwart or athwart, transversus, obliquus.

To thwart or contradict, adver- sari, contradicere.

Thwarting, adversus, repug- nans.

A thwarting or contradicting, contradictio.

Thy or thine, tuus.

Thyme [herb] thymus. Wild, serpyllum.

Belonging to thyme, thyminus, thymianus.

Full of thyme, thymosus. A tiara, tiara v. tiaras.

A tick or tyke [insect] ricinus. A tick [small pulsation] ictus levis.

Tick for a bed, culcita. A ticket, tessera, testimonium.

To tickle, titillare. A tickling, titillatio, titillatus.

Ticklish [not able to bear being tickled] titillationis, impatientis. [Captious] captiosus, morosus. [Nice, easily mistaken] res lubrica, difficilis. [Dangerous] periculosus.

Tid bits, lautitie. To tiddle or tigger one, alicui nimis indulgere.

The tide, æstus maris. Tide [time] tempus, tempestas.

Whitsuntide, tempus pente- costes.

At Martinmas tide, ad tempus quo festum S. Martini cele- bratur.

Tidings, nuntius v. nuntium. Good, nuntius bonus. Bad or evil, nuntius malus, tristis.

To bring tidings, nuntiare, nuntium afferre.

A bringer of tidings, nuntius. A bringing of tidings, nun- tiatio.

Tidy [neat] conclivus, habilis, calidus.

A tie, vinculum, ligamentum. To tie or bind, ligare, destrin- gere, vincire.

To tie hand and foot, quadrupedem constringere.
To tie about, circumligare, cingere, circumvincire. *Back*, revincire. *Before*, praeligare. *Fast*, constringere. *Together*, copulare. *With a knot*, in nodum cogere. *Up in bundles*, fasciculis constringere.
A tying to, alligatio, annexus. *A tying together*, connexio.
A tiff [quarrel] illa, rixa.
A tiger [wild beast] tigris.
Of a tiger, tigrinus.
A tiger or cruel person, homo crudelis, savus.
A tigress, tigris femina.
Tight [neat] nitidus. [*Straight*] strictus. [*Sound*] sanus, validus. [*Fast*] arctus.
Tightly, dextere.
Tightness, firmitudo.
A tike [insect] ricinus.
A tile, tegula. *A plain tile*, tegula plana. *A gutter or ridge tile*, imbrex.
A tile-kiln, fornax tegularis.
To tile or cover with tiles, tegula obducere.
A tiler or bricklayer, tegularum structor.
Tiling or the place covered with tiles, tegulum, tegillum.
Till [until] anteaquam, donec, dum quoad. [*Before a noun*] ad, in, ad, ante.
Never till then, nunquam antehac, nunquam antea. *Never till now*, nunc primum, nuper. [*Before a verb*] ante, antequam, priusquam. [*A preposition*] ad, ante, in.
Till now, adhuc, usque adhuc, nunc primum.
Till such time as, quoad, donec.
Till then, antea.
Till a while ago, nisl nuper.
A till or little drawer, loculus.
To till the ground, terram colere.
Tillage, agricultura, aratio. *Knowledge or skill in tillage*, agriculturalis scientia. *To apply one's self to tillage*, se agriculturalis studio dñre.
A tiller of the ground, agricola, arator.
A tiller [small drawer] loculus.
The tiller of a boat, cymbæ gubernaculum.
A tilling or tilth, aratio, cultura, agricultura.
A tilt-cloth, tentorium.
A tilt or tournament, certamen equitum hastis concurrentium, decursio. *To tilt or run a tilt*, hastis adversis concurrere v. ludere.
To tilt a barrel, cadum inclinare.
A tilter, qui adversis hastis ludit.
A tilting or tournament, certamen equitum hastis concurrentium.

A tilting-staff, lancea, hasta.
The tilting of a barrel, cadi inclinatio.
A tilt-yard, spatium decursionis equestris.
Timber, lignum, materia, materies.
Timber-work, materiatura, materiatio.
A timber-merchant, materiarius.
Of timber, materiarius.
A timber-yard, fabrica materiaria.
Ship-timber, materia navalis.
The timber-worm, coasus.
A timbering, materiatio.
A timbrel, tympanum, creptaculum. *A brazen timbrel*, tympanum æneum. *An iron timbrel*, sistrum. *To play on a timbrel*, tympanum pulsare.
A timbrel-player, tympani pulsator.
Time [space of duration] tempus.
The time, ætas.
To spend one's time, tempus terere.
To lose time, tempus frustra terere.
To accommodate one's self to the times, temporì cedere.
To serve out one's time [as an apprentice] legitiūm tempus explere tirocinii.
A seasonable time, tempus opportunum. *An unseasonable or inconvenient time*, tempus alienum.
Time [leisure] otium.
A long time, diu.
Distance of time, temporis intervallum. *Length of time*, diurnitas.
A little or short time, tempus breve.
Seasonableness of time, opportunitas, tempestivitas.
In due time, tempestivus. *Out of due time*, intempestivus.
Time out of mind, multis ante seculis.
About that time, per id tempus.
At another time, alias, alio tempore.
For that time [as the times went] at temporibus illis.
From this time forth, dehinc, deinceps.
In due time, mature, tempestive.
Of or belonging to time, temporalis, temporarius, temporaneus.
Of old time, antiquitas.
Since the beginning of time, ab origine mundi, post homines natos.
To that time, eatenus.
To time a thing well or ill, tempestive v. intempestive aliquid agere.
Ill-timed, intempestivus.
Timeless, intempestivus, immortalus.

Timely, adj. tempestivus, opportunus.
Timely, adv. tempore, tempestive.
Tining well or ill, tempestive v. intempestive aliquid agens.
Hard times, tempora calamitosa.
Three times, ter. *Four times*, quater. *Many times*, sæpe. *How many times soever*, quotiescunque.
At all times, semper, nunquam non.
Time-serving, a time-server. *time-pleaser*, temporì cedens.
Timid, timidus, pavidus. *Vid. Timorous*.
Timidity, timiditas, timor.
Timorous, timidus, pavidus.
Timorously, timide, pavide.
Timorousness, timor, pavor.
Tin, stannum, plumbum album.
Of tin, stanneus. *A tinman*, stanneorum instrumentorum fabricator. *To tin or cover with tin*, stanno tegere.
A tinning, stanni inductio.
A tinct or tint, tinctus, color.
A tincture [dye] tinctura. *Impression of the mind*, mentis sensus. *Smattering knowledge of an art*, levis artis alienius scientia. *Infusion*, infusio.
To tincture one with an opinion, alienius animum quādam opinione imbuere.
Tinder, igniariū. *A tinder-box*, pyxidula igniariū continens.
To tinge, pun gere. *Vid. Teen*.
The ting of a bell, &c. tintinnabuli, &c. leviter percussus sonus.
To tinkle or tinkle, tinnire, resonare.
Tingling, tinniens, tinnulus.
A tinker, vasorum æreorum sartor circumforaneus.
Tinsel [a kind of shining gold] pannus metallo aurei coloris contextus. [*Any false lustre*] splendor falsus.
Tinselled, splendore falso ornatus.
Tiny [very little] parvulus.
The tip [utmost point] apex; summitas, extremitas. *Of the ear*, auris lobus. *Of the fingers*, digiti primores. *Of the nose*, nasal orbiculus.
To tip a vessel with silver, vas argento ab labris circumvolvère. *With iron*, ferro præmunire.
To stand on tiptoe, in digitos se arrigere. *To walk on tiptoe*, summis ambulare digitis.
A tippet, fascia, tenia. *A woman's tippet*, fascia collum ornans.
To tipple, potitare, pergræcari.
A tippler, ebriosus.
A tipping-house, cauponula.

A suppling, comissatio.
A tipstaff [officer] viator, Hector. [*Instrument*] viatoris baculus.
Tipsy, ebrius, temulentus.
A tire of ordnance, tormento-
rum series.
Tires of women, capilli adac-
tilii.
A tire-man, cinerarius. A tire-
woman, ornatrix.
To tire [dress] ornare, colere. [*Weary*] fatigare, lassare. Or *be tired, defetici.*
Tiresome laboriosus, operosus.
Tiresomeness, fatigatio.
A tiring, tiredness, fatigatio,
defatigatio.
A tiring-house or tiring-room,
penetrale, quo histriones se or-
nant.
Tissue, sericum auro v. argento
intertextum.
Tissued, intertextus, variegatus.
A tit [little horse] equulus,
 mannus.
Tithable, decimis obnoxius.
Tithe or tithes, decimæ, pl. dec-
ima pars.
To tithe, decimare.
A tither, qui decimat.
A tithing, decimatio.
A tithing [or hundred] decuria,
 tithing, decenna.
A tithing-man, decurio, decen-
narius.
To titillate, titillare.
Titillation or tickling, titillatio.
A titile, appellatio.
A title, title-page, or inscription,
 titulus, inscriptio, elogium.
A title of honour, dignitatis ti-
tulus.
A title [right] jus, auctoritas.
To give up one's title, jus suum
alteri cedere.
A title [writings or evidences
proving a right to] testimonia,
pl. instrumenta.
To title or entitle, nominare, in-
scribere.
Titleless, sine nomine.
To titter, cachinnare. Vid. To
twitter.
To titter-totter, vacillare.
A tittle, punctum.
Two tittles over a vowel, denot-
ing that it is not a part of a
diphthong, but to be pronounced
as a separate syllable, diere-
sis.
Title-tattle, twittle twattle [idle
talk] dicacitas garrulitas. [A
prater] garrulus, loquax.
To tittle-tattle, garrire, blate-
rare.
Titular, secundum titulum, no-
mine tantum.
To or for, before a noun, is
usually the sign of the dative
case; as, Fortune has given
too much to many, enough to
none, fortune multis nimis: a-
dedit, nulli satis. Of the pre-

positions, *ad* only conveys pri-
 marily this idea; *as, ad locum,*
to a place.
 The preposition must be omit-
 ted, when the structure of the
 Latin words renders it super-
 fluous; *as, He has a kind of*
covetous fellow to his father,
habet patrem quendam avidum.
What a woman have you
to your wife! quid mulieris
uxorem habes!
To, before a verb, is generally
a sign of the infinitive mood;
as, To despise money at a pro-
per time is sometimes the
greatest gain, pecuniam in loco
negligere maximum interdum
est lucrum.
To, before a verb, may be also
rendered into Latin other
ways; viz.
By a gerund in di; as, Resolved
to go, certus eundi.
By a subjunctive mood; as, I
have a just right to do it,
equum est ut faciam.
By a future in rus; as, I am to
go to Sicily, Sicillam profectu-
rus sum.
To-day, hodie; hodierno die.
To-morrow, cras, crastino die.
To-night, hæc nocte. To-year
or this year, hoc anno.
To and fro or to and again, sur-
sus deorsum, huc illuc, ultro
citroque.
To both places, utroque.
To no purpose, frustra, incas-
sum.
To this end or to the end that—
eo, ideo, eâ gratiâ, eo consilio,
ut—
To which end, quo, quocirca,
quam ob rem, quamobrem.
To wit or that is to say, nempe,
uimur, scilicet, videlicet.
To be, before a noun, esse,
fieri, ut sim, qui sim. You
seem not unworthy to be free,
non videre dignus, qui liber
sis. They deny it to be possi-
ble, negant posse.
To be short, breviter, ne multa,
ut paucis complectar.
To be, before a participle of
the preterperfect tense, is ge-
nerally rendered by the in-
finite mood of the passive
voice, as, He desires to be
thought rich, cupit haberi di-
ver. cupit se haberi divitem.
But it may be also turned in-
to Latin several other ways;
as, They praise those things
which are not to be praised,
laudant ea, quæ laudanda non
sunt. It is openly to be sold,
palam est venale. They may
seem filthy even to be spoken,
dictu quoque videantur turpia.
He desired to be taken up into
his father's chariot, optavit
ut in currum patris tollere-
 (317)

tur. He will not be fit to be
sent, non erit idoneus qui mit-
tatur.
To be, if it allows any tense of
the verb sum, may be made by
a participle of the future in
dus; as, In this, Panætius is
to be defended, Panætius in
hoc defendendus est.
Or by the verbal adjective in
bilis; as, Love is to be cured
by no herbs, nullis amor est me-
dicabilis herbis.
Or by the relative qui, and the
potential mood; as, Worthy
to be sent to bedlam, dignus qui
abiegetur Anticyras.
To be able, posse.
To be willing, velle. To be un-
willing, nolle.
A toad, bufo. A hedge-toad,
rubeta. The sea-toad, bufo
marinus.
To croak like a toad, coazare.
The croaking of toads or frogs,
coaxatio.
A toad-stool, fungus.
The toad-fish, rana piscatrix.
A toast, segmen tostî panis. Vid.
Tost.
A toast or toasted beauty, rau-
lier ob egregiam formam cele-
berima.
A toast or health, propinatio.
A merry toast, congerio lepi-
dus.
To toast, ad ignem torrere.
A toaster, qui propinat.
A toasting-iron, instrumentum,
ferreum ad aliquid igni torren-
dum.
Tobacco, tabacum, nicotiana.
A tobacco-box, pyxidula ta-
baci. A tobacco-pipe, tubus
quo fumus tabaci exhauritur.
A tobacco-stopper, instrumen-
tum ad tabacum tubo inferien-
dum.
A tobaccoist, tabaci venditor.
A tod of wool, lanæ viginti octo
libræ.
A toe, pedis digitus. The great
toe, pedis pollex. The little
toe, pedis digitus minimus.
A toft [place on which a house
 or messuage lately stood] tof-
 tum.
Together, adv. [meaning at the
same time or place] simul,
unâ. [Signifying without in-
termission] per, continenter,
&c. Adj. continuus, perpe-
tuis.
Toil, labor, opera.
A toilet, mundi muliebri tabet-
la.
Toils [nets] plagæ, casses, pl.
To toil or take pains, laborare,
sudare, operari.
Toiling or toilsome, laboriosus.
A toiling, elaboratio.
Toilsomeness, confilio rei non
sine multo labore conficienda.
A token [sign] signum, nota.

To send one a present in token of friendship, donum alicui mittere ut pignus amicitiae.
A token of ill luck, infaustum omen. *Of good luck*, faustum v. felix omen.
A token or present to a friend, munus.
A token or pledge of love, pignus amoris.
To token, manifestare.
Which may be told or numbered, numerabilis. *Which may not be told or numbered*, innumerabilis.
Not to be told [expressed] innarrabilis.
Tolerable [that may be borne] tolerabilis, patibilis. [*Passable, indifferent*] mediocritas.
Tolerably, tolerabiliter, mediocriter.
Tolerance, toleration, toleratio, patientia.
To tolerate, tolerare, perpeti.
A tolerating, toleration, toleratio, perpassio.
Toll, tollage [tribute] vectigal.
Toll for freight, portorium.
To toll or take toll, vectigal exigere.
A toll-gatherer, exactor, portitor. *A farmer of the tolls*, vectigalium redemptor.
To toll-booth, incarceration.
To toll a bell, campanam uno tantum latere pulsare.
The tolling of a bell, levis campanae pulsatio.
A tomb, tumulus, sepulcrum.
A tomb-stone, cippus.
To tomb. Vid. Entomb.
Tombless, sine sepulcrali monumento.
A tomboy, puella petulca.
A tome, tomus, volumen.
A tone, tonus, sonus.
A pair of tongs, forceps.
A tongue, lingua.
A tongue or language, lingua, sermo.
The Latin tongue, lingua Latina; sermo Latinus.
Speaking two tongues, bilinguis.
Three, trilinguis.
A little tongue, lingua.
A tongue-pad or babbler, garrulus, loquax.
A babbling tongue [talkativeness] loquacitas. *Ungovernable*, immodica lingua.
The mother tongue, lingua vernacula.
To bridle one's tongue, linguam continere.
To be tongue-tied, linguam vinculo a loquendo impediti.
All tongue, vox et praeerea nihil.
Tongued, lingua praeditus. *A double-tongued or deceitful person*, simulator. *Evil tongued*, maledicus. *Smooth-tongued*, blandiloquus. *Somewhat*, blandiloquentulus.

Tongueless, elinguis, mutus
Tonnage or tunnage, ex singulis dolis mercium vectigal.
The tonsils, tonsillae.
Too [also] etiam, quoque.
Too or too much, nimis, nimium, nimius.
Too, before an adjective, is often rendered by putting adjectives and adverbs into the comparative degree; as, *This is too frequent*, hoc frequentius est. *Liberally*, largiter. *Too liberally*, largius.
Too much, plus justo, plus æquo.
Too, too, nimis quam, heu nimis.
A tool [instrument] instrumentum. *An iron tool*, ferramentum.
All sorts of tools, arma, pl.
Barber's tools, arma tonsoria.
A tool [person employed in executing a design] minister.
The tool of a party, audacie aliorum minister.
A tooth, dens.
To draw a tooth, edentare.
A tooth-drawer, qui dentes extrahere solet.
A tooth-pick or tooth-picker, denticulipium.
The tooth-ache, dolor dentium.
Toothless, edentulus.
With tooth and nail or with might and main, manibus pedibque.
Gap-toothed, raris dentibus.
Toothsome or pleasant to the taste, gustui suavis.
The top of a thing, apex, culmen, cacumen.
The top of a house, tecti fastigium. *Of a hill*, colliis jugum.
Of a pillar, capitulum.
The top-mast, carchesium.
A top to play with, turbo, trochus.
To drive or whip a top, turbinem flagello agitare.
To top or strike off the top, decapitulari, obtruncare.
A striking off the top or topping, decapitatio, obtruncatio.
To top, supereminere.
Top-full, ad plenum. Vid. Brimfull.
Top-heavy, prægravis, temulentus.
A toparch, præfectus regionis.
To tope, potitare, perpotare.
A toper, bibax.
A toping, perpotatio.
A topic [subject of a discourse] argumentum.
Topical, topicus.
Topically, topicè.
Topics (in logic) opica v. loci.
Topless, sine vertice.
Topography, topographia.
A topping [tuft] apex, cristæ.
A topping man, homo dives.

Topping [eminent] eximius, egregius.
Topping, toppingly, or topgallant, nitidus, speciosus.
Topsy-turvy, præpostere.
A turning topsy-turvy, inversio.
A tor [tower] turris. [*High cliff*] montis iugum.
A torch, fax, lampas. *A little torch*, facula.
A torch-bearer or torcher, lych-nuchus.
Torchlight, ex facibus lux.
Torment, tormentum, cruciamentum.
To torment, cruciare, stimulare, vexare.
A tormentor, tortor, carnifex, afflictor.
A tormentor by too much importunity, vexator, homo importunus.
A tormenting, cruciatus, cruciamentum.
Torpid, torpent, torpidus, suspensus.
Torpidness, torpitude, torpor.
A torrent or flood, torrens.
Torrid, torridus, fervidus.
Torsion, torsio.
Tortive, tortilis, tortivus.
A tortoise, testudo. *Shell*, tegmen testudinis.
Tortuosity, tortura.
Tortuous, tortuosus.
Torture [a wreathing] tortura. [*A rack to make criminals confess their crimes*] tormenta, pl. [*Pain, torment*] cruciatus, tormentum.
To torture [vex] cruciare, discruciare. *Or put one to the torture or rack*, aliquem equuleo torquere.
A torturing, cruciatus.
A tory, qui constitutioni favet.
To tose wool, lanam carpere.
A tosing of wool, lanæ carpura.
A toss, jactus.
A toss-pot, potator strenuus.
To toss [cast] jactare, agitare.
In a blanket, ab excusso mittere in astra ago. *Carvass a matter*, aliquid examinare v. perpendere. *Aside or away*, abicere. *Back*, regerere. *Before*, obicere. *Down*, deicere. *In*, injicere. *Over or beyond*, trajicere. *Out*, eicere, projicere. *Up* (as the sea) egerere.
A tosser, qui v. quæ jaciât.
A tossing, jactatio, agitatio.
Tossingly, volutatio.
A tost, panis tostus.
Total, totus, integer. *The sum total*, summa, summa integra.
Totally, penitus, prorsus, omnino.
To totter, vacillare, nutare, titubare.
A tottering, vacillatio, nutatio, titubatio.

*A tottering house, ædes ruinosa. Totteringly, titubanter. Tottery, vacillans; instabilis. A touch or touching, contactus; tactio. A touch [essay or trial] periculum, experimentum. To have a touch at or attempt a thing, aliquid conari v. tentare. A touch [witty jeer or expression] dictionum. [Smattering knowledge of a thing] levis artis alicujus scientia. [In writing or painting] ductus. To give one a touch or gently reflect upon one, facere alicui perstringere. To touch [have contact with or concern] tangere, contingere. One another, inter se contingere. Or hit upon a matter exactly, rem acu tangere. [Move or effect] movere, commovere. To the quick, ulcus tangere. Or affect, a person in a tender part, ad vivum rescare. At a port [as ships] appellii ad portum, ibique pavulum morari. Handle, tractare, attrahere. Upon a subject, aliquid leviter tangere. Or assay gold, auri puritatis periculum facere. To be touched or affected in one's brain [be disordered in one's senses] mente capi. The touch-hole [of a gun, &c.] conceptaculum. A touch-stone, lapis Lydius. Touchable, tactilis. A touching [state of having contact with] tactio. A touching or handling, tractatio, tractatus. Touching one another, continuus, contiguus. Touchy, morosus, tetricus. Tough [clammy] lentus, tenax. [Hard] durus. [Difficult] arduus. [Stout] fortis. Toughly [clammy] lente. [Stoutly] fortiter. Toughness [clamminess] lentor, tennacitas. [Hardness] duritia. [Difficulty] difficultas. [Stoutness] fortitudo. A tour or circuit, circuitus, lustratio. Tournaments, decursus equestres, in numm. ant. decursio, certamina equestria. Tow, stupa v. stuppa. Of tow, stuppeus v. stuppeus. To tow along, pertrahere; remulco trahere. Toward or towards, according to its various significations, is made by several words in Latin; viz. by ad. adversus, contra, erga, in, obviam, sub, versus, and also by an inceptive in *er*; as, *It grows towards day, discedit.**

Towards some place, aliquo versus. Towards what place, quorsum, quorsus, quoquo. Towards what place soever, quaqueversum. Toward the right hand, dextrorsum, dextrorsus, ad dextram. The left hand, sinistrorsum, sinistrorsus, ad sinistram. Towardly, docilis. Towardness or towardliness, indolis docilis; dexteritas. A towel, mantile v. mantele. A tower, turris, arx. A small tower, turricula. A keeper of a tower, arcis præfectus. To tower or tour [soar aloft] alte volare. Towered, towery, or made like a tower, turritus. To have towering thoughts, se efferre, altum sapere. Of a towering spirit, elatus, ambitiosus. A town, oppidum. From town to town, oppidatim. A town-house, curia municipalia. A townsman, oppidanus. A town corporate or incorporate, municipium. Of a town corporate, municipalia. The town-talk, fabula per urbem. To towze, touze, or toze, turbare, perturbare. A toy [whimsical humour] repentinus animi impetus. [Silly things or such as are of no value] nugæ, trice. Toys [play-things for children] crepundia. [Little curiosities] minutie. A toy-man, minutiarum venditor. A toy-shop, taberna, quæ crepundia venduntur. To toy, nugari, ineptire. A toyer, nugator. Toyish, nugatorius, ineptus. Toyishness, ineptia, petulantia. A trace [footstep or mark] vestigium, nota, simulacrum. Or path, callis, semita. The traces of a draught horse, retinacula. To trace out, vestigare, investigare. Following the trace, indagant. A tracer, vestigator. A tracing, investigatio, indagatio. A track, vestigium. The track or rut of a cart wheel, orbita, rotæ vestigium. To track, vestigia consequi. Trackless, sine ullo pedis vestigio. Tract [extent] spatium, amplitudo. A tract of land, terræ v. regionis tractus. A tract [treatise] tractatus.

Tractable, tractabilis, affabilis mitis. To grow tractable, mitescere, mansuescere. To make tractable, mansuefacere, domare. Tractableness, tractabilitas, mansuetudo. Tractable, mansuete, leniter. A tractate or treatise, tractatus. Tractile, ductilis. Tractility, qualitas rei ductilis. Tractition, tractus, actus trahendi. A trade [craft] ars, artificium. To bring up to a trade, ad artem alicui addiscendam artificii tradere. To take up a trade, questam occipere. To break up trade, se ad vitam privatam conferre. To drive a sad trade, pessime vitam instituere. A trade [custom or way of life] ratio, via, modus. To trade, negotiari, mercari. Tradesful, ad commercium pertinens. A trader, negotiator, mercator. A wholesale trader, qui v. quæ merces in solidum vendit. A retail trader, propola; qui v. quæ merces particulatim vendit. A trader [merchant ship] navis mercatoria v. oneraria. Tradesfolk, fabri. A Jack of all trades, quivis homo. A trading, mercatura, negotiatio. Tradition, traditio. Traditional, traditio, traditive, ex vetere famâ. Traditionally, ore tenuis, memoriter. To traduce or defame, calumniari, infamare. A traducer, calumniator, obtrectator. Traducible, quod traduci v. derivari potest. A traducing or traducement, calumnia, maledictio. Traduction, traductio, deportatio, transitio. Traffic or commerce, commercium, negotiatio, mercatura. To traffic, negotiari, mercari. A trafficker, negotiator, mercator. A tragedian [actor of tragedies] tragædus. [Writer of tragedies] tragicus, poeta tragicus. A tragedy, tragedia. A tragic-comedy, tragico-comœdia. Tragical, tragicus. Tragically, tragice. Tragicalness, status rei luctuosus. Traject [a ferry] trajectus. To traject, trajectere. Trajection, trajectio. To trail, trahere, verrere.

To send one a present in token of friendship, donum alicui mittere ut pignus amicitiae.
A token of ill luck, infaustum omen. *Of good luck*, faustum v. felix omen.
A token or present to a friend, munus.
A token or pledge of love, pignus amoris.
To token, manifestare.
Which may be told or numbered, numerabilis. *Which may not be told or numbered*, innumerabilis.
Not to be told [expressed] inenarrabilis.
Tolerable [that may be borne] tolerabilis, patibilis. [*Passable, indifferent*] mediocris.
Tolerably, tolerabiliter, mediocriter.
Tolerance, toleration, toleratio, patientia.
To tolerate, tolerare, perpeti.
A tolerating, toleration, toleratio, permissio.
Toll, tollage [tribute] vectigal.
Toll for freight, portorium.
To toll or take toll, vectigal exigere.
A toll-gatherer, exactor, portitor. *A farmer of the tolls*, vectigalium redemptor.
To toll booth, incarcerare.
To toll a bell, campanam uno tantum latere pulsare.
The tolling of a bell, levis campanae pulsatio.
A tomb, tumulus, sepulcrum.
A tomb-stone, cippus.
To tomb. Vid. Entomb.
Tombless, sine sepulcrali monumento.
A tomboy, puella petulca.
A tome, tomus, volumen.
A tone, tonus, sonus.
A pair of tongs, forceps.
A tongue, lingua.
A tongue or language, lingua, sermo.
The Latin tongue, lingua Latina; sermo Latinus.
Speaking two tongues, bilinguis.
Three, trilinguis.
A little tongue, lingua.
A tongue-pad or babblers, garrulus, loquax.
A babbling tongue [talkativeness] loquacitas. *Ungovernable, immodica lingua*.
The mother tongue, lingua vernacula.
To bridle one's tongue, linguam continere.
To be tongue-tied, linguam vinculo a loquendo impediri.
All tongue, vox et præterea nihil.
Tongued, lingua præditus. *A double-tongued or deceitful person, simulator*. *Evil-tongued, maledicus*. *Smooth-tongued, blandiloquus*. *Somewhat, blandiloquentulus*.

Tongueless, elinguis, mutus.
Tonnage or tunnage, ex singulis dolii mercium vectigal.
The tonsils, tonsillae.
Too [also] etiam, quoque.
Too or too much, nimis, nimium, nimius.
Too, before an adjective, is often rendered by putting adjectives and adverbs into the comparative degree; as, This is too frequent, hoc frequentius est. Liberally, largiter. Too liberally, largius.
Too much, plus justo, plus equo.
Too, too, nimis quam, heu nimis.
A tool [instrument] instrumentum. *An iron tool, ferramentum*.
All sorts of tools, arma, pl.
Barber's tools, arma tonsoria.
A tool [person employed in executing a design] minister.
The tool of a party, audacis aliorum minister.
A tooth, dens.
To draw a tooth, edentare.
A tooth-drawer, qui dentes extrahere solet.
A tooth-pick or tooth-picker, denticulipalmus.
The tooth-ache, dolor dentium.
Toothless, edentulus.
With tooth and nail or with might and main, manibus pedibque.
Gap-toothed, raris dentibus.
Toothsome or pleasant to the taste, gustui suavis.
The top of a thing, apex, culmen, cacumen.
The top of a house, tecti fastigium. Of a hill, coelis jugum. Of a pillar, capitulum.
The top-mast, carchesium.
A top to play with, turbo, trochus.
To drive or whip a top, turbitem flagello agitare.
To top or strike off the top, decacuminare, obtruncare.
A striking off the top or topping, decacuminatio, obtruncatio.
To top, supereminere.
Top-full, ad plenum. Vid. Brimfull.
Top-heavy, prægravis, temulentus.
A toparch, præfectus regionis.
To tope, potitare, perpotare.
A toper, bibax.
A toping, perpotatio.
A topic [subject of a discourse] argumentum.
Topical, topicus.
Topically, topicè.
Topics (in logic) topica v. loci.
Topless, sine vertice.
Topography, topographia.
A topping [tuft] apex, crista.
A topping man, homo dives.

Topping [eminent] eximius, egregius.
Topping, toppingly, or topgalant, nitidus, speciosus.
Topsy-turvy, præpostere.
A turning topsy-turvy, inversio.
A tor [tower] turris. [*High cliff*] montis iugum.
A torch, fax, lampas. A little torch, facula.
A torch-bearer or torcher, lych-nuchus.
Torchlight, ex facibus lux.
Torment, tormentum, cruciamentum.
To torment, cruciare, stimulare, vexare.
A tormentor, tortor, carnifex, afflictor.
A tormentor by too much importunity, vexator, homo importunus.
A tormenting, cruciatus, cruciamentum.
Torpid, torpent, torpidus, suspidus.
Torpidness, torpitude, torpore.
A torrent or flood, torrens.
Torrid, torridus, servidus.
Torsion, torsio.
Tortive, tortilis, tortivus.
A tortoise, testudo. Shell, tegmen testudinis.
Tortuosity, tortura.
Tortuous, tortuosus.
Torture [a wreathing] tortura. [*A rack to make criminals confess their crimes*] tormenta, pl. [*Pain, torment*] cruciatus, tormentum.
To torture [vex] cruciare, dis-cruciare. *Or put one to the torture or rack, aliquem equuleo torquere*.
A torturing, cruciatus.
A tory, qui constitutioni favet.
To toss wool, lanam carpere.
A tossing of wool, lanæ carpura.
A toss, jactus.
A toss-pot, potator strenuus.
To toss [cast] jactare, agitare.
In a blanket, ad excusso mittere in astra ago. Canvass a matter, aliquid examinare v. perpendere. Aside or away, abicere. Back, revertere. Before, obicere. Down, deicere. In, inicere. Over or beyond, trajicere. Out, elicere, projicere. Up (as the sea) egerere.
A tosser, qui v. quæ jactat.
A tossing, jactatio, agitatio.
Tossingly, volutativè.
A tost, panis tostus.
Total, totus, integer. The sum total, summa, summa integra.
Totally, penitus, prorsus, omnino.
To totter, vacillare, nutare, titubare.
A tottering, vacillatio, nutatio titubatio.

A tottering house, ædes ruinosa.
Totteringly, titubanter.
Tottery, vacillans; instabilis.
A touch or touching, contactus; tactio.
A touch [essay or trial] periculum, experimentum.
To have a touch at or attempt a thing, aliquid conari v. tentare.
A touch [witty jeer or expression] dictiorum. [Smattering knowledge of a thing] levis artis alicujus scientia. [In writing or painting] ductus.
To give one a touch or gently reflect upon one, facete aliquem perstringere.
To touch [have contact with or concern] tangere, contingere. One another, inter se contingere. Or hit upon a matter exactly, rem acu tangere. [Move or effect] movere, commovere. To the quick, ulcus tangere. Or affect, a person in a tender part, ad vivum rescare. At a port (as ships) appellari ad portum, ibique paulum inorari. Handle, tractare, attricare. Upon a subject, aliquid leviter tangere. Or assay gold, auri puritatis periculum facere.
To be touched or affected in one's brain [be disordered in one's senses] mente capli.
The touch-hole (of a gun, &c.) conceptaculum.
A touch-stone, lapis Lydius.
Touchable, tactilis.
A touching [state of having contact with] tactio.
A touching or handling, tractatio, tractatus.
Touching one another, continuus, contiguus.
Touchy, morosus, tetricus.
Tough [clammy] lentus, tenax. [Hard] durus. [Difficult] ardua. [Stout] fortis.
Toughly [clammy] lente. [Stoutly] fortiter.
Toughness [clamminess] lentor, tennacitas. [Hardness] duritia. [Difficulties] difficultas. [Stoutness] fortitudo.
A tour or circuit, circuitus, lustratio.
Tournaments, decursus equestres, in numm. ant. decursio, certamina equestria.
Tow, stupa v. stuppa.
Of tow, stuppeus v. stuppeus.
To tow along, pertrahere; remulco trahere.
Toward or towards, according to its various significations, is made by several words in Latin; viz. by ad. adversus, contra, erga, in, obviam, sub, versus, and also by an inceptive in or; as, It grows towards day, discolit.

Towards some place, aliquo versus. Towards what place, quorsum, quorsus, quoquo. Towards what place soever, quaque versus. Toward the right hand, dextrorsum, dextrorsus, ad dextram. The left hand, sinistrorsum, sinistrorsus, ad sinistram.
Towardy, docilis.
Towardness or towardliness, indoles docilis; dexteritas.
A towel, mantile v. mantele.
A tower, turris, arx. A small tower, turricula.
A keeper of a tower, arcis præfectus.
To tower or tour [soar aloft] alte volare.
Towered, towery, or made like a tower, turritus.
To have towering thoughts, se efferre, altum sapere.
Of a towering spirit, elatus, ambitiosus.
A town, oppidum.
From town to town, oppidatim.
A town-house, curia municipalia.
A townsman, oppidanus.
A town corporate or incorporate, municipium.
Of a town corporate, municipalia.
The town-talk, fabula per urbem.
To toze, touze, or toze, turbare, perturbare.
A toy [whimsical humour] repentinus animi impetus. [Silly things or such as are of no value] nugæ, trica.
Toys [play-things for children] crepundia. [Little curiosities] minutie.
A toy-man, minutiarum venditor. A toy-shop, taberna, quæ crepundia venduntur.
To toy, nugari, ineptire.
A toyer, nugator.
Toyish, nugatorius, ineptus.
Toyishness, ineptia, petulantia.
A trace [footstep or mark] vestigium, nota, simulacrum. Or path, callis, semita.
The traces of a draught horse, retinacula.
To trace out, vestigare, investigare.
Following the trace, indagant.
A tracer, vestigator.
A tracing, investigatio, indagatio.
A track, vestigium.
The track or rut of a cart wheel, orbita, rotæ vestigium.
To track, vestigiis consequi.
Trackless, sine ullo pedis vestigio.
Tract [extent] spatium, amplitudo.
A tract of land, terra v. regionis tractus.
A tract [treatise] tractatus.

Tractable, tractabilis, affabilis, mitis.
To grow tractable, mitescere, mansuescere.
To make tractable, mansuescere, domare.
Tractableness, tractabilitas, mansuetudo.
Tractable, mansuete, leniter.
A tractate or treatise, tractatus.
Tractile, ductilis.
Tractility, qualitas rei ductilis.
Traction, tractus, actus trahendi.
A trade [craft] ars, artificium.
To bring up to a trade, ad artem aliquam addiscendam artificii tradere.
To take up a trade, questam occupare.
To break up trade, se ad vitam privatam conferre.
To drive a sad trade, pessime vitam instituere.
A trade [custom or way of life] ratio, via, modus.
To trade, negotiari, mercari.
Tradeful, ad commercium pertinens.
A trader, negotiator, mercator.
A wholesale trader, qui v. quæ merces in solidum vendit.
A retail trader, propola; qui v. quæ merces particulatum vendit.
A trader [merchant ship] navis mercatoria v. oneraria.
Tradesfolk, fabri.
A Jack of all trades, quisvis homo.
A trading, mercatura, negotiatio.
Tradition, traditio.
Traditional, traditionaly, traditive, ex vetere famâ.
Traditionally, ore tenus, memoriter.
To traduce or defame, calumniari, infamare.
A traducer, calumniator, obtrectator.
Traducible, quod traduci v. derivari potest.
A traducing or traducement, calumnia, maledictio.
Traduction, traductio, deportatio, transitio.
Traffic or commerce, commercium, negotiatio, mercatura.
To traffic, negotiari, mercari.
A trafficker, negotiator, mercator.
A tragedian [actor of tragedies] tragædus. [Writer of tragedies] tragicus, poëta tragicus.
A tragedy, tragædia. A tragic-comedy, tragico-comædia.
Tragical, tragicus.
Tragically, tragice.
Tragicalness, status rei luctuosus.
Traject [a ferry] trajectins.
To traject, trajicere.
Trajection, trajectio.
To trail, trahere, verrere.

Back, vestigia retro legere. A pike, pium trahere.
A train or retinue, comitatus.
The train of a gown or robe, vestis tractus.
A train-bearer, symmatophorus.
A train or order of things, rerum ordo.
The train or baggage of an army, impedimenta, pl.
A train of gunpowder, sulphurat pulveris ductus.
Train-oil, oleum cetaceum.
The train-bands, militia, copiae militares a singulis urbibus et ditionibus sustentatae.
To train or drag along, trahere, vertere.
To train up, educere, erudire.
To train soldiers, milites arte bellica erudire.
A trainer up, educator, educatrix.
A training up, educatio, instructio.
A trait, ductus.
A traitor, proditor, proditionis, traditor.
Traitorous, infidus, perfidus.
Traitorously, perfidiose.
A trammel or drag-net, tragula, verriculum.
To trample upon, calcare, pedibus proterere. All around, circumcalcare.
A trampler upon, qui v. quæ conculcat.
A trampling upon, calcatura, conculcatio.
A tramping noise, pedum strepitus.
A trance or ecstasy, mentis emotio.
To be in a trance, animo linqui.
Tranquil, tranquillus.
Tranquillity, tranquillitas. Tranquillity of mind or spirit, animus tranquillus.
To transact [despatch or manage] transigere, peragere. [Article or agree] cum aliquo pacisci.
A transaction or transactione [affair or thing done] res, negotium, res gestæ. [Agreement or covenant] pactum, fœdus.
A transactor or manager of affairs, rerum administrator, surator v. confector.
To transcend [surmount] transcendere. Exceed another in any thing, aliquem aliquâ re superare.
Transcendency, excellentia, præstantia.
Transcendent, transcendental, eximius, egregius, præclarus.
Transcendently, excellenter, eximie, egregie.
To transcolate, excernere; cribro decutere.
To transcribe or copy out, describere, transcribere.

A transcriber, qui exscribit v. conscribit.
A transcribing or transcription, transcriptio.
A transcript, exscriptum, apographon.
Transcriptively, in modum exscripti.
A transfer, translatio.
To transfer, transferre, traducere.
Transfiguration or transfiguring [a changing from one shape to another] transfiguratio, forma mutatio; metamorphosis.
To transfigure, transfigurare, transformare.
To transfix or run through, transfigere, trajicere.
To transform, transformare.
A transformation or transforming, forma mutatio; transfiguratio.
That is to be transformed, transformandus.
To transfuse or pour out of one vessel into another, transfundere.
Transfusion, transfusio.
To transgress [go beyond or surmount] transgredi, egredi.
To trespass against, in aliquem peccare v. delinquere.
A transgression or transgressing [trespassing] peccatum, legis violatio.
A transgressor or trespasser, legis violator.
Transgressive, culpandus.
Transient or transitory [passing over or through] transitorius.
Fraile, lasting but a little velle, caducus, fragilis.
Transiently, obiter; in transitu v. transcurso.
Transientness, status caducus v. fluxus; fragilitas.
A transit [passing or crossing from one place to another] transitus.
A transition, transitio, transitus.
Transitive, transitivus.
To translate from one language into another, Latine, Græce, Gallice, &c. vertere. To translate word for word, verbum e verbo exprimere.
A translation [removing from one to another] translatio.
A turning into another language, interpretatio, versio.
Translative, translativus, translatus.
A translator, interpres, metaphrastes.
A translator [cobbler] cerdo.
Transmarine, transmarinus.
Transmigrate, transmigrans.
To transmigrate, transmigrare, demigrare.
Transmigration, demigratio.
The transmigration of souls,

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animarum translatio, metamorphosis.
Transmission, transmissio, transmissio.
To transmit or send over, transmittere.
To transmit to memory, memorie prodere.
Transmutation [change of form] transmutatio, immutatio. Of metals, metallorum conversio.
To transmute, immutare, transmutare.
A transom or cross-beam, transstrum, trabs transversa. A transom window, fenestram scapi inter se trajecti.
Transparency, pelluciditas.
Transparent, pellucidus, perlucidus, translucidus. Somewhat transparent, pellucidulus.
Very transparent, pertranslucidus.
To be transparent, perlucere, translucere.
To transpire, transigere, transodere.
Transpiration or a transpiring, spiratio.
To transpire, perspirare.
To transplant or transplace, transferre; transducere.
A transplantation of people from one country to another, demigratio.
A transplanting, translatio.
A transplanting or transplantation, translatio.
To transplant persons in order to settle a colony, coloniam deducere.
A transport or violent passion of the mind, animi impetus v. æstus.
A transport of anger, iracundia vehementior. Of joy, exultatio; mirifica lætitia.
A transport [malefactor] malefactor in servitium deportandus.
A transport ship, navis oneraria.
Transportation, transportance, or a transporting from one place to another, transportatio, deportatio.
To transport, transportare, exportare; evehere.
To transport malefactors, damnatos minorum criminum ad tempus præfinitum in servitium deportare.
To transpose or remove to another place, transmovere, transponere. To transpose words, verba trajicere.
A transposing or transposition, trajectio.
To transpose out of verse into prose, e sermone stricto in solutum vertere.
To transubstantiate, in aliâ substantiam mutare.
Transubstantiation, unius substantiæ in alteram conversio.

Transverse or *across*, transversus.
A trap or snare to catch any creature with, laqueus, tenticula.
A trap door, tabulatum adaperitile, ostium cadens.
To trap or ensnare, or take in a trap, illaqueare, irretire.
To trap or adorn with trappings, phaleratis instruire.
To trapes up and down, discursare, circumcursare.
A trapes or slattern, mulier sordida v. male ornata.
Trapped with trappings, phaleratus, ephippiatus.
Trash, scruta, pl. frivola.
To trash, tundere, cedere.
Trashy, vilis, inutilis.
Travail, labor, opera.
To travail or labour, laborare, operare, sudare.
A woman's travail or travel, partus, puerperium, labor. *To travail with child*, parturire, parere. *The time of a woman's travail or lying in*, puerperium. *To travail before the time*, abortare.
With great travail, laboriose, operose.
A travelling or labouring, elaboratio.
A travelling with child, partus, partura.
To travel or go a journey, itinerari, iter facere. *On foot*, iter pedibus facere. *On horseback*, iter equo facere. *Into foreign countries*, peregrinari. *To the ends of the earth*, ultimas terras lustrare.
A traveller, viator. *Into foreign countries*, peregrinator.
Of a traveller or travelling, viatorius.
A travelling abroad, peregrinatio.
Traverse or across, transversus, obliquus.
A traverse in law, objecti criminis negatio.
A traverse or cross road, iter transversum.
To traverse a place, locum pererrare, perlustrare.
To traverse or thwart a person's designs, consilia alicujus obistere.
To traverse his ground as a fencer, componere ad proliandum gradum.
A traversing, peragratlo.
Treachery, vestibus mutatis.
A tray, trulla, alveus, qualus.
Treachorous, perfidus, infidelis, perfidus.
A treacherous knave, veterator.
Treacherously, perfidiose, dolose, fraudulent.
To deal or work treacherously, prævaticari, insidias alicui struere.
Treachery, perfidia, fallacia.
Treacle, theriaca, theriaca. Lon-

don treacle, theriaca Londinensis. *Venice treacle*, theriaca Anuromachi. *Poor man's treacle* or *garlic*, allium.
Of treacle, theriacus.
A tread or manner of walking, incessus.
To tread or go along, incedere, gradi. *To tread down or upon*, calcare, conculcare. *Stumblingly*, pedem incertum figere. *Gingerly or lightly*, suspensus pede incedere. *In another's steps*, alicujus vestigiis in istere. *On another's heels*, alicujus calces terere. *Awry*, distortis pedibus incedere. *[As a cock does a hen] inire*.
A treader upon, qui conculcat.
A treading upon or under foot, calciturnitas, conculcatio.
The treadle of a weaver's loom, insile. *[Of an egg] ovi umbilicus*.
Sheep's treadles, fimus ovinus.
Treason, proditio, perduellio.
High treason, crimen majestatis. *Petit treason*, proditio minor.
To commit treason against the state, populi majestatem immi nuere.
To be condemned for treason, de majestate damnari.
Treasonable, treasonous, perfidus, perfidiosus.
Treasonably, proditorum more.
A treasure, thesaurus, gaza.
A prince's treasure, fuscus, regia gaza.
To treasure or heap up money, pecuniam condere, thesaurum reponere; divitias cogere.
A public treasure-house, treasury or exchequer, aerarium, quæstorium.
A treasurer, quæstor. *The lord treasurer*, rerum præfectus.
The treasurership, quæstura.
Of or belonging to a treasurer, quæstorius.
A treasuring or heaping up, accumulatio, conservatio.
A treat or entertainment, convivium; epula, pl.
A handsome treat, epula conquisitissima.
To treat or give one a treat, convivio v. apparatis epulis aliquem excipere. *Or discourse upon a subject*, aliquid tractare, attingere. *Or deal with one about an affair*, cum aliquo de aliquâ re agere. *Or use one handsomely*, aliquem liberaliter tractare. *About terms*, de conditionibus agere.
A treatise, tractatus, dissertatio. *A short treatise*, commentarium.
Treatment, ratio aliquem accipiendi.
A treaty or agreement, pactum, conventum, fœdus.

Treble or triple, triplex, triplus. *The treble [in music]*, sonus acutus.
A treble-string [in an instrument], fidium tenuissima.
Treble forked, trisulcus.
To treble, triplicare.
A trebling, triplicatio.
Trebley, tripliciter; tribus modis, triplici ratione.
A tree, arbor v. arbos. *A fruit-tree*, arbor pomifera. *Fruitful*, fructuosa. *Fruitless*, infructuosa. *A tree planted or cultivated*, arbor sativa. *A wild tree*, arbor silvestris. *A tree bearing twice or thrice in a year*, arbor bifera v. trifera. *A little tree*, arbutuscula.
A place planted with trees, arbustum.
A tree that comes to bear, arbor ad frugem producta. *Comes to its full growth*, arbor justæ magnitudinis. *A dwarf or low tree*, arbor coactæ brevitatis.
A planter or lopper of trees, arborator, frondator.
An apple-tree, malus. *A pear-tree*, pirus. *A peach-tree*, nuxus Persica.
The tree of a cross-bow, scapus ballistæ.
The tree of a saddle, lignea selicæ forma.
Of a tree, arboreus, arborarius.
The bark of a tree, arboris cortex.
To grow to a tree, arboreascere.
Trefoil, trifolium. *Shrub or milk*, cythus. *Bean*, laburnum. *Spanish*, herba Medica. *Star-headed*, trifolium stellatum. *Sweet*, trifolium odoratum.
A trellis [from the French treillis, a sort of barricado or lattice], clathrus v. clathrum; cancelli, pl.
Trellised, clathratus.
To tremble, tremere, tremiscere, intrémiscere. *All over*, circumtremere.
To make one tremble, tremefacere.
Trembling, tremulus, tremebundus.
A trembling, tremor, trepidatio. *For cold or fear*, horror.
Tremblingly, trepide, trepidanter.
Tremendous, tremendus, horribilis, terribilis.
A tremor, tremor.
Tremulous, tremens, tremulus.
A tren or fish-spear, fuscina piscatoria.
A trench or ditch, fossa. *A little trench*, fossuola.
A trench [in war], vallum, agger, fossa vallo munita.
To trench or make a trench about, circumvallare, aggere singulis, vallo fossaque munire

To open the trenches, in a siege, aggeres v. fossas aperire. To attack or force the trenches, vallum invadere.

A trencher [wooden plate] scutella. Square, quadrata. Round, orbiculata.

A trencher-friend, a trencher-fly, or trencher-mate, parasitus. A good trencher-man, helluo, gulosus, gurgus.

The treadle of a mill, molucrum. A trental [thirty masses for the dead] triginta missae.

A surgeon's trepan, chirurgi terebra.

A trepan [cheat or sharper] veterator, fraudator.

To trepan [deceive or decoy] decipere, lenocinari.

To trepan the skull, calvariam perforatam laminâ argenteâ impositâ munire.

A trepanner, doli fabricator.

Trepidation or a trembling, trepidatio.

A trespass, culpa, injuria.

To trespass, peccare, violare; delinquere. Against a person, aliquem offendere v. laedere. To trespass upon a person's patience or good-nature, aliquis patientiam tentare v. exhaustire.

An action of trespass, injuriarum formula.

A trespasser, legum violator.

A tress or lock of hair, concinnus, cirrus.

Having golden tresses, auricomus.

A tressle or trestle, mensæ, &c. sulcrum.

Tret [in commerce] deductio a pondere mercium propter faciem, pulverem, &c.

Trevels or truels, scalponem, pl.

The trey point [number three in cards or dice] ternio.

Triable, quod tentari potest.

A trial [attempt or essay] molimen, probatio, tentamen; experimentum. [Temptation] tentatio, illecebra. [Examination] examen. Beforehand, prelusio, præcursorio. [Of skill] certatio, contentio; certamen. Before a judge, judicium, causæ cognitio.

To preside in a trial, judicium exercere.

The day of one's trial, judicii dies.

To put to the trial, periclitari.

To stand a trial, judicii arbitrio causam permittere.

To bring a cause to a trial, rem aliquam in judicium adducere. Or person, coram iudicibus aliquem sistere.

To put off a trial, judicium ampliari.

To be brought to trial, in jus duci, reus agi.

A triangle, triangulum.

Triangular or in form of a triangle, triangulus, triangularis.

A tribe [people living in the same ward] tribus. [Race or family] urogenies, prosapia, gens.

Of the same tribe, tribulis.

Of a tribe, tribuarius.

By tribes, tributum.

Tribulation, afflictio, cruciatus.

A tribunal, tribunal.

A tribune [a Roman magistrate] tribunus. A tribune of the people, tribunus plebis.

A military tribune, tribunus militum. Of a tribune, tribunitial, or tribunitian, tribunitius.

The dignity or office of a tribune, tribunatus.

Tributary or paying tribute, tributarius, vectigalis. Not tributary, a tributo immunis.

Tribute or impost, tributum, vectigal.

To impose a tribute on a people, populo tributum imponere.

To collect or levy a tribute, tributum v. vectigal exigere.

A levying of tribute, tributum exactio.

A tribute gatherer, exactor, publicanus.

A trice, temporis momentum.

In a trice, statim, contestim.

A trick or crafty fetch, dolus.

A crafty trick, artificium. A trick at cards, vices unæ, dux, &c. partes potiores. A foolish trick, ineptiæ. A base trick, facinus ludignum. A false trick, doctus malus.

Full of tricks, trickish, astutus, dolosus.

To trick or put tricks upon one [cheat one] aliqui illudere, aliquem dolis deludere.

To trick or trick up [adorn] ornare, decorare.

A tricker or trickster, fraudator, veterator.

A tricking [cheating] fraudulentio. [Decking] ornatus, cultus. A tricking humour, vafurum ingenium.

A trickle or drop, gutta, stilla.

To trickle or trickle down, stillare, manare. Through, permeare.

A trickling down, distillatio.

Tricksy, facetus, ipeidus.

A trident, tridens.

To be tried for one's life, causam capitis dicere.

Tried for life, reus rei capitalis.

Upon account of trespass, injuriarum.

Triennial [lasting three years] per triennium v. tres annos durans.

A trier, tentator, probator.

To trifallow, tertiare.

A trifallowing, tertiatio.

To trifle, nugari ineptire. With one, tergiversari.

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Time trifled away, temporis dispendium.

A trifier, nugator.

Trifles, nugæ, pl. tricæ.

Trifling, nugatorius, frivolus.

Trifling stories, logi, pl. fa buisæ.

Triflingly, nugatorie, inepte.

Triform, triformis.

To trig a wheel, sufflaminare.

A trigger, sufflamen.

The trigger of a gun, instrumentum quo laxatur scloppetum.

A trigon or triangle, trigonus.

Trigonal, trigonalis.

Trigonometry, trigonometria.

A trill in music, sonus modulatus.

To trill in singing, vocem cantando vibrare.

To trill or trickle down, stillare, manare. Through, permeare.

Trim or spruce, bellus, comptus, concinnus.

A sorry trim or dress, malus vestitus.

The trim of a ship, navis onus ad justam altitudinem æque ponderans.

To trim, trim up, or adorn, ornare, adornare, concinnare, decorare. Up old things, interpolare, renovare. Up or reft ships, rates rebecere.

Shave, tondere, radere. Clothes, vestes concinnare. In politics, temporibus servire.

Trimly, belle, concinne.

A trimmer [adorn] concinnator; ornatrix.

A trimmer or shaver, tonsor.

A trimmer in politics, omnium horarum homo.

A trimming, ornatus, cultus.

A trimming up for sale, interpolatio, mangonium.

Curious trimming to allure, leuocinium.

Trimness, concinnitas, elegantia.

Trine, trinal, trinus.

Trinitarians, qui trinas personas in uno Deo esse credunt.

The trinity, Sacra Trinitas.

Trinity Sunday, dies Dominica Sacre Trinitati dicata.

Trinkets or toys, nugæ, tricæ.

A trip [caper] tripudium. [False step] offensio pedis. [Light offence] offensa.

To trip, offermare, titubare.

Against a thing, in aliquid incurere. To err, errare, peccare. Caper [in dancing] tripudare. Up and down, cursitare, circumcurare. Falter in speech, balbutire. Up one's heels, supplantare.

Tripartite, tripartitus.

A tripe, omasum. A tripe-man qui omasa vendit.

A tripe house, allantopolum.

Triple, triplex, triplus.
To trippe, triplicare.
A triplet, tres. terni.
Tripletty, triplicitas.
A tripod or *three-legged stool*, tripods.
Tripoly, arena, quā. specula poliuntur.
A tripper or *stumbler*, qui titubatur.
To take one tripping, aliquem hallucinantem opprimere.
A tripping, agilis saltatio.
Trippingly, agiliter.
Tri syllabical, trisyllabus.
A trisyllable, trisyllaba.
Trite [worn out by use, common] tritus, vulgaris.
A trite saying or *proverb*, proverbium vulgare.
To triturate, triturare, in pulverem redigere.
Trituration, tritura.
A trivet or *trivet*, tripus.
Tri vial, trivialis, vilis, vulgaris.
Tri vially, vulgariter, leviter.
A triumph, triumphus.
To triumph, triumphare. *To exult*, letari, exultare.
Triumphal, triumphalis.
A triumphal chariot, currus triumphalis.
Triumphantly, magnifice.
Triumphal ornaments, triumphalia, pl.
A triumpher, qui triumphat.
The triumvirate [office of three in equal authority] triumviratus.
Of the triumvirate, triumviralis.
A trochee, trocheus.
To troll or *ramble about*, vagari, errare. [As hounds] nullo ordine prædam sectari. *For fish*, insecatos pisces majores lineâ longiore trahere. *For a fack*, lucium pisciculus insecare.
A trollop or *stuttish woman*, mulier squalida.
A troop or *multitude of people*, turba, caterva. *Of horse*, equitum turma.
Troops or *military forces*, exercitus, copie militares. *To levy troops*, copias parare. *A small number of troops*, copiolus, pl.
A troop of cattle or *beasts*, armentum.
To assemble in troops, catervatim confluere, convenire. *To troop* or *go in troops*, gregatim incedere.
To troop off or *away*, aufugere.
A trooper, eques.
A trope, verborum immutatio; tropus.
Trophied, tropæis ornatus.
A trophy or *monument for a victory*, tropæum.
Trophy-money, pecunia collatio ad militiam sustinendam.
Tropical, tropicus.

The tropics, tropici v. solstitiorum circuli. *The tropic of cancer*, tropicus Cancrī. *Of capricorn*, tropicus Capricorni.
To trot, succussare, succutere. *Up and down*, cursare, cursitare.
A trot, equi citatior gradus sessorem succussans.
An old trot, anicula vagans.
Troth, veritas, fides.
In troth, mehercule, profecto.
Troth-plight, desponsus, desponsatus.
A trotter [horse] succussator.
Sheep's trotters, pedes ovini.
A trotting, succussus.
Trouble [disturbance] turba, molestia; tumultuatio. [Difficulty] difficultas. [Misfortune or affliction] afflictio, infortunium. [Labour or pains] labor, ærumna.
Trouble of mind, tristitia, dolor.
The troubles or commotions of a state, res turbidæ, rerum publicarum tempestas.
To trouble or *bring into trouble*, turbare, inquietare, vexare. *With care* or *uneasiness*, sollicitare; agitare. *Or disturb impertinently*, obturbare, interpellare.
A troubler, turbator, vexator, interpellator.
Troublesome or *troubles*, acerbus, molestus, gravis.
A troublesome person, homo importunus v. odiosus. *Or contentious*, vitiligator.
Troublesome times, tempora turbida.
Troublesomely, acerbè, moleste, turbide.
Troublesomeness, molestia.
A trough, canaliculus, alveus.
A kneading-trough, mactra.
A hog-trough, aqualiculus porcinus.
To trounce or *punish one*, punire, castigare. *One of his money*, aliquem auro emungere.
A trouncing or *punishing*, punitio, castigatio.
A trout [fish] truta, trutta. *A salmon-trout*, salar.
I trow or *think so*, ita opinor, censeo.
A trowel, trulla.
To plaster with a trowel, trullissare.
A plastering with a trowel, trullissatio.
Trowsers or *trossers*, laxæ braccæ.
Troy weight, librā constans ex duodecim uncis.
A truant, cessator.
To play the truant, to truant, cessare, a scholâ v. a ludo literario frequenter abesse.
Truanting, truantship, cessatio, indiligentia.

A trub or *trub-tail*, mulier brevior sed compactæ staturæ.
A truce, induciæ.
To keep truce, induciarum jura servare.
A truce-breaker, induciarum violator.
Truck [exchange] mercurii permutatio.
To truck, merces mercibus permutare.
Truck [the play] ludus tudicularis.
The truckle of a pulley, trochlea.
A truckle or *trundle bed*, lectulus humilior rotis instructus.
To truckle to or *under*, alicui cedere.
Trucks, rotæ lignæ ad machinas bellicas movendas.
Truculence, truculentia, ævilita.
Truculent, truculentus, ævus.
To trudge up and down, cursitare.
True [certain] verus, certus. [Genuine, unmixed] genuinus, merus, purus. [Real, sincere] verus, sincerus.
Likely to be true, verisimilis, probabilis.
To be true to his superior, domini fidem præstare.
True-bred, naturalis; genuinus.
True-hearted, sincerus, candidus.
True-heartedness, sinceritas, integritas.
Trueneess, sinceritas, fidelitas.
A true, ecortillux.
Truly, vere, sane, profecto.
The trump at cards, charta index.
To trump up or *devise*, excogitare, machinari.
Trumpery, scruta, pl. frivola.
A trumpet or *trump*, tuba, buccina.
The sound of a trumpet, tubæ sonus.
To call soldiers together by sound of trumpet, bellicum v. classicum canere. *To proclaim by sound of trumpet*, tubâ indicere.
To trumpet or *sound a trumpet*, buccinare. *Forth* or *divulge*, vulgare, divulgare, publicare.
A trumpeter, tubicen, buccinator.
A trumping up or *devising*, excogitatio, machinatio.
A truncheon, scipio, baculus brevioris formæ.
To trundle or *roll along*, volvere, volutare.
A trunk [large box] risticus, scri-niolium. *A little trunk*, arcula.
The trunk or *body of a tree*, arboris truncus.
An elephant's trunk, proboscis.
A trunk or *pipe*, tuti; canalis.
To trunk or *break*, frangere truncare.

The trunnions of a cannon, tormenti bellici tubercula.
A truss, sarcina, fasciculus. *Of hay*, fœni manipulus.
To truss up, cingere, stringere.
To make up in trusses, in manipulos colligere.
A truss for those that are ruptured, herniosorum fascia.
A trussel, fulcrum, cantlierius.
Trust, fides, fiducia.
A trust, commissum, creditum.
To put one's trust in a person, alicui confidere.
To trust or put in trust with, aliquid alicujus fidei committere. *Sell one's goods upon trust*, alicui merces pecuniâ non oculatâ vendere. *To or depend upon*, alicui niti, in fide alicujus requiescere.
A place or office of trust, munus quo plurimum alicujus fidei conceditur.
To take a thing upon tick or trust, fide suâ eniptum sumere. *To take a thing upon trust*, alicui rei temere credere.
To trust or lend, commodare, mutuare.
Not to be trusted, trustless, infidus, infidelis.
A trustee, cujus fidei aliquid creditur, fide commissarius.
A trusting, fidei alicujus commissio.
Trustily, fideliter.
Trustiness, fidelitas.
Trusty, fides, fidelis.
Truth, veritas, fides.
The naked truth, veritas nuda.
In truth [indeed] sane, profecto.
To speak the truth, verum dicere.
A lover of truth, veri amator.
Likelihood of truth, verisimilitudo, probabilitas.
Speaking the truth, verax.
Trutination, actus trutinandi.
To try [essay] tentare, probare, conari. [Examine] examinare, explorare. *The fortune of war*, aleam Martis experiri. *The quarrel by dint of sword*, aggladiari. *Gold with a touchstone*, auri bonitatem indice lapide explorare. [Refine from dregs] defecare, purificare. *By rule*, ad amussim exigere. *By weight*, pensare. *A person's skill*, experiri qui vir sit. *A person's patience*, alicujus patientiam tentare.
A trying, tentatio, periclitatio.
A tub, cadus, dolium. *A bucking-tub*, labrum ad lintea lavanda. *A kneading-tub* or trough, alveus pistorius. *A powdering-tub*, carnarium.
A tube or hollow-pipe, tubus.
A little tube, tubulus.

A tubercle or small pimple, tuberculum.
Tuberous, tuberibus abundans.
Tubular or made in the form of a tube, tubulatus.
A tuck, dolon v. dolo.
To tuck or twich, vellicare, vellere.
To tuck up or gather up, cingere, succingere, ligare. *In the bed-clothes*, lecti stragula extrema comprimere.
A tucker or fuller, fullo.
A woman's tucker, mamillare.
A tucking, cinctura.
Tuesday, dies Martis. *Shrove-Tuesday*, bacchanalia, pl. dies genialis proximus ante quadragenarium jejunium.
A tuft, crista, apex. *Of grass*, cespes vivus. *Of hair*, cirrus.
A little tuft, cristula. *The tuft of a tree*, arboris apex.
A tuft of trees, frutetum.
The yellow tuft in a rose, &c. capillamentum.
To tuft or tuft up, in cristâ formam erigere.
A tug or tugging, nisus, conatus; molimen.
To tug, niti, conari. *Along*, trahere, ductare. *Against*, reniti, oblectari.
Tuition, tuitio, tutela, præsidium, custodia.
Of tuition, tutelaris.
A tulip, tulipa, tulpia, tulpiæ.
To tumble or be rolled, volitari. *Or roll a thing*, aliquid volvere. *Or roll back* [act.] revolvère. *Or throw down*, devolvère, diruere. *Or fall down*, ruere, cadere. *Towards* [act.] advolvère. *Together*, convolvère. *Under*, subvolvère. *Upon*, supervolvère.
Upside down, invertère. *One's clothes*, vestes corrugare.
A tumbler or dancer, saltator, m. saltatrix, f.
A tumbler [drinking-glass] calix.
A tumbling or rolling, volutatio. *Tumblingly*, volutativè.
A tumbrel or dung-cart, plautum stercorarium.
Tumefaction, inflatio, tumor.
To tumefy, tumefacere.
Tumid, tumidus.
A tumour or swelling, tumor, inflatio.
Tumorous, tumens, tumidus.
A tum or hillock, tumulus.
Full of bumps, tumulosus.
A tumult, tumultus, turba. *To make or raise a tumult*, tumultuari.
Tumultuously or tumultuously, tumultuose.
Tumultuaries. Vid. Turbulency.
Tumultuary, tumultuarius.
Tumultuation, tumultuatio.

Tumultuous, tumultuosus, seditiosus.
Tumultuously, turbulenter, tomere.
A tun, dolium majus; vas 252 congiurum capax.
Of or belonging to a tun, dolb-aris.
To tun wine, vinum in cadus infundere.
Tun-bellied, ventricosus, ventrosus.
A tun-dish or tunnel, infundibulum.
Tunbò, numerosus, canorus.
A tunable voice, vox canora.
Tunbleness, modulatio, harmonia.
Tunably, numerose, modulata.
A tune, tonus; cantus.
To be in tune, modulate sonare v. canere.
To sing a song in tune, carmen modulari.
To tune an instrument, fidulas apte contendere.
To set the tune as a clerk, cantu præcinere.
Well tuned, tuneful, apte modulatus. *Ill-tuned*, dissonans, male modulatus.
Tuneless, modulationis expertus.
A tuner, modulator.
A tunic, tunica.
The tunic or tunicle of the eye, oculi tunica.
A tuning, modulatio, modulatus. [Harmonious music] modulatus canorus.
Tunnage or tonnage, tributum in singula dolia impositum. [Money paid for weighing] vectigal pro mercium pondératione.
A tunnel, infundibulum. *Of a chimney*, camini tubus.
A tup or ram, aries.
To tup, inire, coire.
A turban or turband, tiara.
Turbaned, infulatus.
Turbinated [spiral] turbinatus.
Turbulency of spirit, animus turbulentus.
Turbulent, turbulentus, serox.
Turbulently, turbulenter, seditiosè.
A turquoise [stone] turcois.
Turdise, bacca.
A turf, cespes v. cespes. *A green turf*, cespes vivus. *A little turf*, glebula.
Turfy, cæspitius.
Turgid, turgent, turgidus, tumidus.
Turgidity, qualitas rei turgidæ.
A Turk, Turca, Turcus.
Turkish or Turkey, Turcicus.
A Turkey-carpet, tapes Turcicus v. Phrygius. *A turkey hen*, gallina Numidica.
Turk's-cap [herb] martagon.
Turneric, turmerica.
A turmoil or tumult, tumultus seditio, turba.

To turmoil or labour hard, corpus laboribus fatigare.
A turn or lathe, tornus.
A turn or circuit, circuitus.
A turn or taking a turn [in walking] ambulatio, inambulatio.
A turn or course, vicissitudo.
By turns or course, alterne, vicissim, invicem.
To do a thing by turns, alternare.
To take one's turn, vice suâ aliquid agere.
Done by turns, alternus.
At every turn, identidem.
A good turn, beneficium, benefactum.
An ill turn, injuria, noxa, offensaa. *A shrewd turn*, maleficium.
In the turn of the hand, momento v. puncto temporis.
To serve a turn, suis rationibus conducere. *To serve one's turn*, alicui satisfacere.
To take a turn, ambulare.
To turn or bend, vertere, flectere. [Become] fieri; evadere. [Change] aliquid in aliam formam mutare. *A thing to one's own use*, aliquid in usum suum convertere. *One from his wicked courses*, aliquem a vitis revocare. *Belake one's self to a thing*, alicui rei se dedere. *About*, circumvertere, circumagere. *Head against*, oppugnare. *Away or from*, avertere, divertere. *Back*, revertere, redire. *One's back upon one*, ab aliquo se avertere. *Cat in pan*, praevaricari, partes prodere. *His coat or change his party*, temporibus servire. *His course another way*, cursum alio inellinare, dirigere, flectere. *A discourse to some other subject*, sermo. em alio transferre. *The edge of an instrument*, instrumenti aciem retundere. *His forces against one*, alicui copias obvertere. *Fool*, inepite. *Aside*, divertere. *Into Latin*, Latine reddere v. vertere. *Merchant*, mercatum exercere. *Off*, rejicere, aspernari. *Over*, evolvere. *One out of the senate*, aliquem senatu movere. *To turn a person out of doors*, aliquem foras egerere. *Out*, ejicere, extrudere. *Papist*, transire ad pontificios. *Out of the way*, divertere, deflectere. *Round*, rotare. *The best side outward*, speciosam personam sustinere. *Topay turey or upside down*, subvertere, invertere. *Up the ground* [in digging] terram effodire. *With the face upward*, resupinare. *One's back upon all that is good*, virtutis auxilium remittere.

A man of a different turn, homo diverse indolis et ingenii.
A turner, qui tornat.
Turner's wares, toreumata. pl. *That is turned by a turner*, tornatus.
A turner's wheel, tornus.
A turning, versatio. *Away from*, aversatio. *About*, rotatio. *Back again*, reversio. *Aside or upside down*, inversio, subversio. *Round*, vertigo. *Of horses or oxen at the land's end*, versura.
A crooked turning, anfractus, viz flexio.
Full of crooked turnings, anfractuosus, sinuosus.
A turning or by-way, diverticulum.
A turncoat, qui scenae servit.
A turnip, rapum.
A turnpike, septum versatile in viâ publicâ.
Turnsick, vertiginosus.
A turnspit, qui carnem versat axem ad ignem versat.
Turpitude [filthiness] turpitudinis. [Vice] scelestia.
A turret, turris.
Tursted, turritus.
A turtle [bird] turtur. [Tortoise] testudo.
Tush! or *tut, tut*, phy! vah.
The tushes or tusks of a boar, apri dentes falcati; fulmen.
Tusked, tuskus, dentibus falcatis instructus.
Tutelage, anni pupillares.
Tutelar or tutelary, ad tutelam pertinens.
Tutmouthed, brochus, broecus.
A tutor [patron or guardian] tutor. [Domestic teacher] præceptor.
To tutor or instruct, de aliquâ re præcipere; mandata dare.
Tutorage, præceptoris munus.
A tutorese, gubernatrix.
A tutoring, institutio, præceptio.
Twain, duo, bini.
A twang or shrill sound, clangor. Or *ill tone in speaking*, prava elocutio.
To speak with a twang, male pronuntiare.
To twattle, garrare, blaterare.
A twatting, garrulitas.
A twear or twenak [twitch with the fingers] vellicatio. [Perplexity] anxietas.
To twear or twenak, summis digitis comprimere.
A tweeze or tweezers, volsella.
The twelfth, duodecim.
Twelve, duodecim, indecl. duodenarii. *Of twelve*, duodenarius.
Twelve times, duodecies.
Twelve hundred, mille et ducenti. *Twelve thousand*, duodecim v. duodena millia, duodecies mille.
A twelvemonth, annus, bissestilis mensis.

Twenty, viginti, indecl. vicensi. *Of twenty*, vicensarius.
Twenty years' space, vicennium.
Twenty times, vices. *Twenty-two*, bis et vices. *Twenty-eight*, duodevices. *The twenty-eight*, duodevicesimus.
The twentieth, vicesimus, vigesimus.
The soldiers of the twentieth legion, vicesimani, pl.
A twentieth part, vicesima pars.
Of the twentieth part, vicesimarius.
Twice, bis.
Twice as much, duplo major.
A twig, ramus, virga, termes. *Vid. Lat.*
A vine-twig, uvæ sarmentum.
A willow or wicker-twig, vimen.
A lime-twig, calamus aucupatorius.
A young twig fit for planting, malleolaris virga.
Twigs to bind vines with, vitilla, pl.
A place where young twigs grow together, virgultum.
Of twigs, virgigen, virgeus.
Twiggy or full of twigs, sarmentosus.
Twilight, crepusculum.
Twins, gemelli, gemini.
To bring forth twins, to *twin*, gemellos parere.
Bringing forth twins, gemelli para.
Twin-born, eodem partu natus.
Twine, filum retortum.
To twine or twist, torquere.
Thread, filum circumplicare. *About or encircle*, amplexi.
A twiner or twister, tortor.
A twining about, amplexus.
A twinge, vellicatio, vellicatus.
To twinge, vellicare.
To twinkle, as the eye, nictare, nictari. *As a star*, scintillare.
A twinkle, twinkling, or *twink*, nictatio. *Of the stars*, scintillatio.
In the twinkling of an eye, in oculi nictu; temporis momento.
To twirl, circumrotare, circumagere.
Twist or mohair twisted, pili camelini contorti.
The twist or hollow part on the inside of the thigh, femina pars cava.
To twist, torquere. *To untwist*, retere.
A twister [person] tortor.
A twisting, torsio, tortus.
A twisting of the guts, tormen.
To twit, exprobrare, obiectare.
A twit or twitting, exprobratio.
A twitch or twitching, vellicatio, contractiuncula.
To twitch, vellicare; evellere. *With pincers*, volsella convellere.
A twitler or upbrainer, exprobrator, m. exprobratrix, f.

To twitter [tremble] tremere.
[Sneer] irridere, deridere.
Two, duo, bini, gemini.
Two by two or by two and two, bini.
One of the two, uter, utervis.
Having two heads, biceps. *Having two horns*, bicornis. *Of two colours*, bicolor.
Two-fold, duplex.
Two days' space, biduum.
Two nights' space, binotium.
Belonging to two months, bimensis.
Two years old, bimus.
Two years' space, biennium.
Having two feet, bipes.
Two feet long, wide, or thick, bipedalis.
Every two days, alternis diebus.
Two-handed, ingens.
Two-hundred, ducenti. *Two-hundred times*, ducenties. *The two hundredth*, ducentesimus.
To tie, ligare. Vid. Tie.
A tying to, alligatio.
A tying together, connexio.
A tymbal, tympanum abeueum v. Mauritanicum.
The tympany, tympanites; aqua intercus.
A type or figure, similitudo, typus.
Typical [figurative] typicus.
Typically, ad similitudinem; typice.
A typographer or printer, typographus.
Typographical, typographicus.
Tyrannical, tyrannic, tyrannous, tyrannicus.
Tyrannically, tyrannice.
To tyrannise, tyrannidem exercere v. tyrannice saviere.
Tyranny, tyrannis.
A tyrant, tyrannus.
A tyrant-killer, tyrannicida.
The killing of a tyrant, tyrannicidium.

V

VACANCY [of place] vacuitas. [*Leisure*] otium, quies a negotiis.
Vacant [void] vacuus, vacuus.
[At leisure] otiosus.
To be vacant [empty] vacare. [*At leisure*] otiosi.
To vacate [empty] vacuare, vacuificare. [*Annul*] abrogare, antiquare.
A vacation or ceasing from ordinary exercise, vacatio, relaxatio, cessatio.
Vacation time or vacancy between two law terms, iustitium.
Vacillation, vacillancy, or a wavering to and fro, vacillatio.

Vacuity, vacuum, vacuitas.
Vacuuous, vacuus.
A vagabond, erro, erroneus, errahundus.
A vagary or whim, repentinus animi impetus.
Vagrancy or a straying up and down, vagatio.
A vagrant. Vid. Vagabond.
Vails, lucella adventitia; muscicola famulis data.
Vain [idle, useless] vanus, inanis, inutilis. *Somewhat vain, subinanis*. [*Proud*] superbus.
In vain, frustra.
To labour in vain, operam ludere, operam perdere; interem lavare.
Vain-speaking, vaniloquentia.
Vainly [proudly] superbe. [*Faulest*] inaniter.
A vale, vallis.
Valediction or a bidding one farewell, valedictio.
To balance, ornamentis fimbriatis decorare.
A valet, servus, assecla. A valet de chambre, cubicularius, minister cubiculi.
Valetudinary [sickly] valetudinarius.
Valiant, fortis, animosus, bellicosus.
Valiantly, fortiter, viriliter, animose.
Valiantness, fortitudo, magnanimitas.
Valid, validus, firmus.
Validity, firmitas, validitas.
A valley, vallis. Between two mountains, convallis.
A little valley, vallecule v. vallicula.
Valorous, virilis, fortis.
Valorously, viriliter, fortiter.
Valour, valiance, fortitudo, virtus.
Valuable or of great value, carus, pretiosus.
Valuation, aestimatio.
Value, valor, pretium.
A person who sets too great a value on himself, immodicus aestimator sui.
To value or set a value upon, aestimare, pendere. Highly or at a great rate, admirari; plurimi facere. At a low rate, vili pendere.
Of little or no value, vilis, per-villa.
To be of no value, vilesce, sordescere.
Of so great a value, tanti [pretii].
Of more value, pluris. Of less value, minoris.
Valueless, vilis, nihili.
A valuer, valuator, aestimator.
A valuing, aestimatio. Setting to sale, addictio.
Valves [folding doors] valvae, pl. [*In anatomy*] valvulae, pl.
To vamp up or new vamp a

*thing, aliquid reficere, recon-
 chinare*.
A vane or weathercock, triton.
A van guard, exercitus frons.
*To vanish, vanece, evanes-
 cere*; discedere, in nubem
 cedere.
Vanity [inanity] vanitas, inani-
 tas, futilitas. [*Vain-glory*]
 arrogantia.
To vanquish [overcome] vir-
 care, expugnare, superare.
[In arguing] convincere, cou-
 futare.
*Vanquishable, vincibilis, super-
 abilis*.
To confess himself vanquished,
herbam porrigere.
*A vanquisher, victor, debella-
 tor, domitor, expugnator*.
A vanquishing, expugnatio.
Vanage or advantage [gain]
 quæstus, lucrum.
*A vantage or overplus, addita-
 mentum*.
To vantage, prodiesse.
*A vant courier, præcursor, pro-
 dromus*.
Vapid [of a flat taste] vapidus.
Vaporous, vapores emittens.
*A vapour, vapor, exhalatio,
 halitus*.
*To send out vapours, vaporare,
 exhalare*.
*To vapour or hector, gloriari,
 jactare*.
*Full of vapours, vaporous, va-
 poribus abundans*.
*Vapouring, a vapourer, glori-
 ans, ferax*.
Vapourish, morosus, diffidus.
*Variable, varius, inconstans,
 levis*.
*Variableness, levitas, mutabili-
 tas*.
Variance, altercatio, contentio.
*To be at variance, altercari, lit-
 igare; dissidere*.
Variation, variatio, mutatio.
*To variegate, coloribus variare
 v. distinguere*.
Variety, varietas, diversitas.
Various, varius, diversus.
*Variouly, varie, diverse. Very,
 pervarie*.
To vary [alter] variare, mutare.
[Disagree] discrepare, discor-
 dare.
*A wicked varlet, furcifer; homo
 scelestus*.
Variety [rabble] plebs.
Varnish, encaustum.
*To varnish, fucare, polire. Over
 or disguise, dissimulare, ce-
 lare, occultare*.
A vase, vas speciosum.
A vassal, verna, mancipium.
Vassalage, mancipium.
Vast, vasty, vastus, ingens.
Vastation or a laying waste,
vastatio.
Vastly, vaste, valde.
Vastness, vastitas, immensitas.
A vat or fat, cupa, labrum, do-

Mum. *A barley-wat, ptisanarium.* *A cheese-wat, forma casearia.* *A dyeing-wat, ahenum tinctorium.*
To vaticinate, vaticinari.
A vault, fornix, camera, testudo, arcus. *A vault under ground, vaultage, crypta, hypogæum.* *A vault for a dead corpse, sepulcrum cameratum.*
To vault or cover over with an arch, fornicare, camerare. *Or leap over, transultare, transilire.* *Off, desilire.* *On, insilire.*
A vaulter, desultor, saltator.
A vaulting or arching over, fornicatio, concameratio.
A vaulting or leaping, desultura. *Vaulting or leaping, desultorius, saltatorius.*
A vaunt, vaunting or boasting, jactatio, gloriatio, ostentatio.
To vaunt or boast, gloriari, jactare.
A vaunter, jactator, gloriosus.
Vaunting, vauntful, gloriosus.
Vaunting words, sesquipedalia verba.
Vauntingly, jactanter, gloriose.
The vaunt guard, frons exercitus.
Ubiquity, ubiquitas.
An ubiquitous, qui ubique existit.
An udder, uber, mamma.
Uddered, uberibus lac gerens.
Veal, caro vitulina.
A veer, navigatio obliqua v. in gyrum acta.
To veer about, circumagere.
A cable, rudentem transferre.
The sails, sinus velorum obliquare.
Vegetable, vegetabilis.
To vegetate, vegetare; germinare.
Vegetation, vegetatio.
Vegetative, vegetativus.
A vegetive, planta: vegetabilis.
Vehemence or vehemency, vehementia, vis.
Vehement, vehemens, servidus.
To be vehement, fervere; exardescere.
Vehemently, vehementer, impense.
A vehicle, vehiculum.
A veil, velum.
A vein, vena. *A little vein, venula.*
A vein in writing, stylus.
A pleasant vein, lepor facilius, urbanitas, festivitas. *In a pleasant vein, lepidus, festivus.*
A vein for poetry, facultas poetica.
A vein of silver or lead, molybdæna.
To open a vein, venam secare, incidere.
The opening of a vein, vena sectio, phlebotomia.

Veined or grained, crispatus.
Veiny or full of veins, venosus.
Vellication, vellicatio.
Vellum, membrana, Pergamena [charta.]
A little skin or piece of vellum, membranula.
Of vellum, membranaceus.
Velocity, velocitas.
Velvet, velure, pannus holosericus altero latere villosus.
Venal, [set to sale] venalis, venalitus.
To vend, vendere, venditare.
Vendible, vendibilis, mercabilis.
Vendibly, venaliter.
A vendee or purchaser, emptor.
A vending, venditio.
A vender or seller, venditor.
Veneficial, veneficus.
Veneficially, more venefico.
Venerable, venerabilis, venerandus.
Venerably, auguste.
To venerate or pay honour to, aliquem revereri, venerari.
Veneration, veneratio, honor; reverentia.
A venerator, venerator.
Venerator or venerous, venerens.
Venery [carnal lust] libido veneræ. [A hunting] venatio.
Vengeance, vindicta, vindicatio, ultio.
To take vengeance of, ulcisci.
Vengeance [cruelty] diritas, sevitia. *A taker of vengeance, ultor.*
With a vengeance to, diras imprecando.
Vengeful, revengeful, vengeable, ultionis avidus.
Venial, veniale, venia dignus.
Venison, ferina.
Venom, venenum, virus.
To venom, venerare.
Venomous, venenosus, virosus.
Venomously, perniciose, maligne.
Venomousness, qualitas rei venenosa.
A vent or vent-hole, spiraculum, spiramen.
Vent [sale] venditio, vendendi copia.
To vent or vend [sell] venditare, vendere.
To vent or give vent to, spiraculum aperire.
To give vent to or let air into a thing, alicui rei aërem immittere.
To ventilate [fan or winnow] ventilare.
Ventilation, ventilatio.
The ventricle, ventriculus.
A venture [undertaking] ausum, inceptum. [Chance] sortis. [Hazard] alea.
At a venture, temere.
To venture or put to the venture, periclitari. *A battle, pugna* *fortunam experiri.* *A wager,*

pignus cepondere. *Or dare to do, audere.*
A venturer, qui aliquid agere audet.
Venturesome or venturous, audens, audax, animosus.
Venturesomely or venturously, audenter, audacter.
Venturousness, audacia, temeritas.
Venus [one of the planets] Venus.
Veracity, veritas, veracitas.
A verb [in grammar] verbum.
Verbal, verbalis. *A, &c.*
A verbal noun, nomen verbale.
Verbally, ore tenuis.
Verbatim [word for word] verbatim.
Verberation, verberatio.
Verbose [full of words] verbosus.
Verdant, virens, viridis.
A verdere or verdour [officer of a forest] saltus curator.
Verdict, sententia, opinio. *Of a jury, juratorum sententia, veredictum.*
To pass a verdict, judicare.
A verdict brought in against a person, iudicium damnatorium.
Verdigris, serugo.
Verdour or verdure, virditas, viror.
The verge [bounds or compass] limes, ambitus.
A sergeant's verge, gestamen lictoris.
To verge, vergere.
A verger, licitor, viator.
Veridical [speaking truth] veridicus.
Veriest, may be rendered by putting the adjective in the superlative degree; as, The veriest fool, stultissimus.
A verifier, confirmator, assertor.
To verify, aliquid verum esse ostendere.
A verifying or verification, confirmatio.
Verity, equidem, nã, reverã, vere. *Yea verity, maxime, imo.*
Verisimilitude, verisimilitudo, verisimilitudo.
Veritable, verus.
Verity, veritas.
Verjuice, omphacium.
Vermicular, vermicularis.
Vermiculated [wrought with small pieces of different colours] vermiculatus.
Vermiculation, vermiculatio.
Vermilion, minium. *A vermilion mine, miniaria.*
Of vermilion, miniaris, miniatulus.
To paint with vermilion, to vermilion, miniare.
Vermis, vermis, pediculus.
Full of vermin, verminosus, pediculatus.
Verminous, vermicularis, verminosus, verminus.

Vernacular, vernaculus.
Vernal, vernus.
A verrelor ferrel of iron, &c. annulus ferreus.
Versatile, versatilis.
A verse, versus, carmen.
Verse [as opposed to *prose*] oratio numerosa v. numeris stricta. **False verses**, carmina viliosa.
A little or short verse, versiculus.
A half verse, hemistichium.
A verse of a chapter, incisum, versus.
Hexameter verse, carmen hexametrum. **Pentameter**, carmen pentametrum. **A strophe**, stanza or poem consisting of two, four, six, eight, or ten verses, distichon, tetrastichon, hexastichon, octostichon, decastichon.
Well versed in, peritus, callidus.
A versicle [little verse] versiculus.
A versifier, verser, versificator.
To versify, make or turn into verse, versificare, versus facere.
A versifying, versificatio.
A version, interpretatio.
Vert [green] viridis.
Vertical, in vertice; verticalis.
The vertical point [in astronomy] zenith, index.
The vertigo, vertigo.
Vertiginous, vertigine laborans, vertiginosus.
Vervain or vervain [herb] verbenacea, verbenaca; hierobotane.
Very, adj. [true, self, &c.] verus; merita.
Very is oftentimes expressed by a superlative degree; as, **A very wise man**, vir sapientissimus. Or, instead thereof, by a positive, with cum primis or in primis; as, **Very honourable**, cum primis honestus. **Very well skilled**, in primis peritus. Also by valde, multum, maxime, &c.
Very greatly or much, valde, in primis, cum maxime.
Very [adv.] admodum, apprimè, multum, valde.
Vesicular, fistulosus.
Vespers or evening prayers, preces vespertinae.
A vessel, vas. **A little vessel**, vasculum.
A vessel of plate, vas argenteum.
A vessel or little ship, navicula, navigium, navigiolium.
A vest, vestis, vestimentum.
To vest one with the possession of a thing, possessionem alicui rei alicui dare.
To vest in an office, inaugurare, cooptare.
Vestal [belonging to *Vesta*] Vestalis.
A vesting in an office, inauguratio, cooptatio.

A vestment, vestis, vestimentum.
A vestry [a room in which sacred utensils and priests' garments are kept] vestiarius, sacrarium. **A council held by the chief parishioners**, concilium hominum præcipuorum alicujus parochie. **A vestryman**, in parochie concilium cooptatus.
A vesture, vestis, vestitus.
A vetch or tare, vicia. **Hedge-vetch**, vicia maxima dumetorum. **Kidney-vetch**, anthyllus. **Milk-vetch**, astragalus.
A place sown with vetches, vicarium.
Of vetches, vetchy, vicarius.
A veteran or old soldier, veteranus.
To vex, vexare, inquietare, agitare.
Vexation of mind, animi vexatio, angor.
Vexatious, acerbus, molestus, infestus.
Vexatiously, ægre, infeste.
A vexer, vexator, interpellator, afflictor.
Vexing [that causes vexation] molestus, gravis.
A vexing, vexatio, inquietatio.
Ugily, deformiter, fæde.
Ugliness, deformitas, fœditas.
Ugly, deformis, inhonestus, turpis.
To make ugly, fœdare, dehonestare.
To grow ugly, deformari, deturpari.
A vial, or rather phial, phiala.
To vial, in phiala recondere.
Vials, cibus, cibaria, pl. dainties vinda, dapes, pl. cupiditas.
To vibrate, vibrare, agitare.
Vibration, agitatio.
A vicar [one that acts in another's stead] vicarius. **Priest**, sacerdos vicarius. **A vicar general**, vicarius generalis.
A vicarage, vicaria, vicariatus.
A vicarage-house, domus sacerdotalis.
Vicarious or belonging to a vicar, vicarius.
A vicarship, vicarii munus.
Vice or viciousness, vitium, viciositas; animi pravitas.
To be free from vice, vitio vacare v. carere.
A vice [iron instrument] cochlea.
Vice [from the Latin *vice*] in compound words often denotes a person acting in subordination to another in the same office, as, **A vice-admiral**, legatus classiarum. **A vice-chamberlain**, vice cubicularii fungens. **A vice-chancellor**, vicecancellarius, pro cancellarius. **A vicegerent**, legatus. **A viceroy**, prorex.

Vicinage or vicinity, vicinitas propinquitas.
Vicissitude [a frequent changing] vicissitudo, varietas.
A vicount or viscount, vicecomes.
A victim, victima, hostia.
A victor or conqueror, victor, debellator.
Victory, victoria.
A complete victory, vera victoria.
To get the victory, vincere, devincere; superare.
A naval victory, victoria navalis.
A bloody victory, cruenta victoria.
A bloodless victory, incruenta victoria.
A person who has gained several victories, plurimarum palmarum homo.
A token or monument of victory, tropæum.
Victorious, victor, m. victrix, f.
A victorious army, victor exercitus.
Victoriously, victoris instar.
A victress, victrix.
Virtual or virtuals, victus, cibaria.
To victual, commentu v. esculentis instruire.
To sell victuals, cauponari.
Of victuals, cibarius, penurarius.
To buy victuals, opsonari.
Victuals for an army, commentus.
A victualler, caupo.
The trade of a victualler, cauponaria.
A victualling house, caupona, popina.
To vie with, certare, contendere. Or compare, æquiparare.
A view, visus, conspectus.
At first view, specie primâ.
A view or prospect of a place, loci alienius prospectus.
To view the situation of a place, naturam loci perspicere, locum explorare.
To take a view of the roads, itinera cognoscere.
To view the posture of an enemy, hostium copias speculari.
In one view, uno aspectu.
In the view of the world, palam in conspectu.
To offer a thing to any one's view, rem inspicendam alicui offerre.
To have a thing in view, aliquid prævidere v. in oculis habere.
To view or take a view of, illustrare, speculari, inspicere.
Heedfully, considerare. **Examine diligently into**, investigare, scrutari. **Narrowly**, inspicere propius.
A viewer, inspector, speculator.
A viewing, speculatio, inspectio.
Viewless, invisus.
The vigil of a feast, vigilia.

Vigilance or *vigilancy*, *vigilantia*, *diligentia*.

Vigilant, *vigil*, *vigilans*. *Very vigilant*, *pervigil*.

To be very vigilant, *vigilare*, *excubare*.

Vigilantly, *vigilanter*, *diligenter*.

Vigor, *vigorousness* or *strength*, *vigor*, *robur*. *Resolution of mind*, *animi constantia*.

Without vigour, *enervis*, *lan-
guidus*.

To restore to vigour, *vires revo-
care*.

Vigorous, *vegetus*, *vigens*, *acer*, *alacer*. *A vigorous war*, *acre bellum*.

Vigorously, *acriter*, *strenue*, *alacriter*.

Vile [mean] *vilis*, *ignobilis*. [*Filthy*] *foedus*, *sordidus*, *obscenus*. [*Wicked*] *flagitiosus*, *pravus*.

Viled, *probrosus*.

Vilely, *viliter*, *prave*.

Vileness, *vilitas*, *pravitas*, *foeditas*, *impuritas*.

To vilify, *vili pendere*, *vituperare*, *infamare*.

A vilifying, *vituperatio*.

A vill or village, *vicus*, *pagus*.

A villa or country-house, *diversorium*.

Village by village, *vicatim*, *pagatim*.

A villager, *vicanus*, *paganus*.

Villagery, *vici finitimi*.

A villain or villan [bondman] *mancipium*, *servus*. [*Rogue*] *sceleratus*.

Villany, *villanousness*, *flagitium*, *scelus*.

Villanage, *clientela*. *Tenure in villanage*, *coloniarius*.

To villanise, *defamare*.

Villanous, *sceleratus*, *sceleratus*, *flagitiosus*.

Villanously, *scelerate*, *nefarie*, *improbe*, *flagitiose*, *inhoneste*.

Villatic, *ad vicum pertinens*.

Villous, *villosus*.

Vincible, *vincibilis*, *superabilis*.

To vindicate, *vindicare*, *tueri*.

A vindicating or *vindication*, *defensio*.

A vindicator, *vindex*, *patronus*.

Vindicatory, *vindicatus*.

Vindictive, *vindicative*, *vindicte avidus*.

A vine, *vitis*, *vinea*. *A little vine or the tendril of a vine*, *viticula*. *A lusty vine*, *vinea sublimis*. *A low vine*, *vinea humilis*. *La'er or late-bearing vines*, *tarbæ vites*.

Wearing vines, *vitifer*.

A planter of vines, *vitator*.

A wild vine, *labrusca*. *A vine that grows round trees*, *vitis jugata* s. *maritata*.

A vine branch, *sarmentum*, *palmes*.

A vine-dresser, *pampinator*, *vinitor*; *viticola*.

To dress or prune a vine, *pampinare*; *vitem colere*, *incidere*.

The dressing or pruning of vines, *pampinatio*.

A vine-leaf, *pampinus*.

Of or belonging to a vine-leaf, *pampineus*.

Full of vine leaves, *pampinosus*.

A vine-fetter or *vine-grub*, *convolvulus*.

Of a vine, *vinealis*, *vinarius*.

Springing of a vine, *vitigenus*, *vitigenus*.

A place wherein young vines are set, *vitularium*.

A fork to hold up vines, *capreolus*.

Vinegar, *acetum*. *Strong vinegar*, *acetum acre*.

Vineyed, *winnowed*, or *vinny* [molty] *nuclidus*.

A vineyard, *vinea*, *vinetum*.

Vinous, *vinosus*.

A vintage, *vindemia*. *A little vintage*, *vindemiola*.

A vintager, *vindemiator*, *vindemiator*.

Of vintage, *vindemiatorius*.

A vintner, *vinarius*, *caupo vinarius*.

A vinty or place wherein wine is sold, *œnopolium*.

A viol, *fides*, *pl. lyra*, *cithara*.

A bass viol, *fides primaria* *sonus gravi*.

Violable, *violabilis*. *Inviolable*, *inviolabilis*.

To violate, *violare*, *temerare*.

A violating or *violation*, *violatio*, *ruptio*.

A violator, *violator*, *temerator*, *ruptor*.

Violence, *violentia*, *vis*, *impetus*.

To offer violence to a person, *vim alicui inferre*.

To take by violence, *rapere*, *diripere*.

With violence, *violenter*.

Violent, *violens*, *violentus*, *vehemens*, *acris*.

To be violent, *severe*.

To lay violent hands on himself, *mortem sibi consciscere*.

A violent breaking in, *irruptio*.

Violently, *violenter*, *acriter*.

Violently wronged, *graviter oppressus*.

A violet, *viola*.

Of violets, *violacens*.

A violet-red, *violarium*.

Violet-colour, *color violaceus*.

A painter of violet-colour, *violarius*.

A violin, *fides minor*, *cithara minor*.

A violist or *player on a violin*, *fili-con*.

A viper, *vipera*, *echidna*.

Little vipers or *the young of a viper*, *viperæ catuli*.

Viperous or *belonging to a viper*, *viperæus*, *viperinus*.

A virago [manlike woman] *virago*.

Virent, *virens*.

A virgin, *virgo*.

Of a virgin, *virgineus*, *virginalis*.

Virginity, *virginitas*, *castitas*, *puclitia*.

Virile, *virilis*, *masculus*.

Virile courage, *animus virilis*.

Virility, *virilitas*.

Virtual, *insitus*.

Virtually, *vi r. virtute insita*.

Virtue or *piety*, *virtus*, *probitas*.

[*Efficacy*] *virtus*, *vis*; *proprietas*.

Virtuous, *pius*, *probus*.

Virtuously, *pie*, *religiose*.

A virtuous, *curiosus* *rerum indagator*.

Virulency [smartness] *mordacitas*, *asperitas*.

Virulent [poisonous] *virulentus*, *venenosus*. [*Satirical*] *mordax*, *satiricus*.

Virulently [smartly] *aspere*, *acerbe*.

The visage, *facies*, *os*, *vultus*.

Sour-visaged, *torvus*, *tetricus*.

A little visage, *vulticulus*.

Viscid or *clammy*, *viscidus*.

Viscosity, *visciditas*, *humoris glutinosi qualitas*.

Viscous, *viscosus*, *viscidus*.

Visibility, *rei visibilis qualitas*.

Visible [that may be seen] *aspectabilis*. [*Manifest*] *apertus*, *clarus*, *conspicuus*.

Visibly, *aperte*, *manifeste*, *perspicue*.

The grand visier or *visier*, *summus imperatoris Turci consiliarius*.

A vision, *visio*, *visum*.

A vision or *phantasm*, *spectrum*, *phantasma*.

Visionary, *ad visionem* s. *visum pertinens*.

A visionist, *visorum inaniam fector*.

A visit, *officiosus* *ad aliquem aditus*.

To visit a person, *aliquem videre*, *visitare*. *Now and then*, *intervisere*.

To receive visits, *potestatem alicui adirendi sui facere*.

A visiter, *visitant*, *salutator*.

A visiting or *visitation*, *officiosus* *ad aliquem aditus*.

A visitation or *inspection*, *speculatio*, *instructio*.

A visor or *vizard* [mask] *persona visor* or *vizardus*, *personatus*.

A vista, *locus apertus et prospectu pulcherrimus*.

Visual, *ad visionem pertinens*.

Vital, *vitalis*.

The vitals or *vital parts*, *vitalia pl.*

Vitality, *vitalitas*.

Vitally, *vitaliter*.

To vitiate, *vitare*, *depravare*.

A vitiating or *vitiation*, *vitatio*, *depratio*.

Vitiosus, vitiosus, pravus.
Vitiously, vitiose, prave, nequiter.
Vituousness, pravitas, improbitas.
Vitreous, vitreus.
To vitrify or vitrificate, in vitrum mutare.
To vituperate or blame, vituperare.
Vituperation, vituperatio.
Vivacious, vivax, vitalis.
Vivacity, vivacitas, vitalitas.
A vivary or warren, vivarium.
Vive, vivus, efficax, potens.
Vivid or lively, vividus.
Vividly, vivide.
Vivific, vivificus.
To vivificate or vivify, vivum facere.
Viviparous [bringing forth young ones alive] vivos fetus pariens.
A vixen or scold, femina rixosa.
Viz, contract. for *Videlicet*, q. v.
A vizard, vizor or visor, [mask] larva, persona.
An ulcer, ulcus. A little ulcer, ulcusculum. *A deep ulcer*, ulcus altum.
The edges or lips of an ulcer, ulceris labra.
To ulcerate, ulcerare.
An ulcerating or ulceration, ulceratio, exulceratio.
Ulcerous or full of ulcers, ulcerosus.
Ultimate or last, ultimus, postremus.
Ultimately, ultimo.
Umbilical, umbilicalis.
The umble of a deer, exta cervina.
Umbrage [shade] umbra, umbraculum. [Colour or pretence] species, pretextus. [Suspicion] suspicio.
To take umbrage at, suspicari, suspectare, suspicere.
To give umbrage to, alicui suspicionem facere.
Umbrageous [shady] umbrosus.
An umbrella, umbella.
Umpirage, arbitrium.
An umpire, arbiter.
Un, a negative particle commonly placed before English words, and answering to the Latin *in*, i. e. *not*.
Unabashed, nullo pudore suffusus.
Unable, impotens, debilis, imbecillus. *To make unable*, debilitare.
Unabolished, nondum antiquatus.
Unabsolved, non absolutus.
Unacceptable, ingratus, odiosus.
Unaccepted, non acceptus.
Unaccessibleness, status rei cui non patet accessus.
Unaccommodated, non suppeditatus.
Unaccompanied, solus.

Unaccomplished, infectus.
Unaccountable [of which no account can be given] de quo ratio reddi non potest. [Strange] mirus, mirabilis.
An unaccountable creature, homo importunus. *Humour*, petulans.
Unaccountably, mirifice, mirandum in modum.
Unaccuteness, defectus.
Unaccustomed, inusuetus, insolitus.
Unaccustomedness, insolentia.
Unacknowledged, minime agnitus.
Unacquainted with, inscius, ignarus.
Unacquaintedness, imperitia, inscitia.
Unactive, languidus, piger, iners.
Undeceived, unanimated, non animatus, non incitatus.
Unaddicted, minime addictus.
Unadmired, non insignis; inglorius.
Unadored, non veneratus, non cultus.
Undeavourous, timidus, inaudax.
Unadvisable [improper] incommodus, inutilis.
Unadvised, imprudens, inconsideratus, preceps, temerarius.
Unadvisedly, imprudenter, temere, inconsulte.
Unadvisedness, imprudentia, temeritas.
Unaffected, minime affectus v. affectatus. *Met.* [Open, candid] apertus, candidus, ingenuus.
Unaffectedly, aperte, candide, ingenie, sincere.
Unaffectedness, simplicitas, sinceritas.
Unafflicted, felix.
Unagreeable, incongruens, ingratus.
Unagreeableness, repugnantis.
Unaidable, inops.
Unaided, *Vid.* *Unassisted*.
Unalienable, quod alienari non potest.
Unalienated, non alienatus.
Unallayed, non commixtus.
Unallied, non affinis.
Unallowable, minime concedendus.
Unallowed, minime concessus.
Unalterable, immutabilis.
Unalterably, constanter.
Unaltered, immutatus.
Unamazed, intrepidus.
Unambitious, unaspiring, sine ambitione.
Unamendable, inemendabilis.
Unamiable, inamabilis.
Unanchored, non ad anchoras retinens.
Unanealed, inunctus.
Unanimity, unanimitas, consensus concordia.

Unanimous, unanims, concors.
Unanimously, concorditer, unanimes, una voce.
Unanswerable, non refellendus.
Unanswerably, ita ut nihil obijci possit.
Unappalled, intrepidus.
Unapparent, obscurus, invisus.
Unappeasable, implacabilis, inexorabilis.
Unappeased, implacatus, inodatus.
Unapplicable, qui non applicari potest.
Unapprehended [not understood] non comprehensus.
Unapprehensive, minime suspicans.
Unapprised, de re aliqua nondum certior factus.
Unapproachable, unapproached, inaccessible.
Unapproved, non comprobatus.
Unapt, ineptus, inabilis.
Unaptly, inepte, incommode.
Unaptness, ineptitudo.
Unargued, non diceptatus.
To unarm, exarmare.
Unarmed, inermis, dermatus.
Unarrayed, non vestitus.
Unartful, imperitus.
Unartfully, non concinne.
Unartificially, inartificialiter.
Unasked, minime rogatus.
Unassailable, inexpugnabilis.
Unassailed, non oppugnatus.
Unassayed, inexpertus.
Unassisted, minime adjutus.
Unassuaged, implicatus, minime mitigatus.
Unassuming, modestus.
Unassured, incertus.
Unattainable, quod quis assequi non potest.
Unattempted, inexpertus, inanis.
Unattended, incommittatus, sine comitatu, expers comitum.
Unattentive, unattending, incautus, indiligens.
Unattentively, incaute, indiligenter.
Unavailable, nihil conducens.
Unavailing, inutilis, inanis.
Unavoidable, inevitabilis, minime vitandus.
Unavoidableness, qualitas rei ineluctabilis.
Unavoidably, ita ut vitari nequeat.
Unauthorized, sine auctoritate.
Unawares [unwary, heedless] incautus, nec opianus.
Unawares, adv. Improviso, inopinanter.
To take unawares, nec opinum aliquem deprehendere.
Unawed, parum reverens.
Unbacked [as a horse] nondum domitus.
Unballasted, non saburratus.
To unbar, pessulum detrudere.
A4 unbarring, pessuli detractio v. reductio.

Unbarbed, parum rarus.
Unbarked, decorticatus.
Unbashful, impudens.
Unbated, non diminutus.
Unbathed, non madidus.
Unbattered, minime contusus.
Unbearing, sterilis, infecundus.
Unbeaten, non verberatus.
Unbecoming, indecens, invenustus.
Unbecomingly, indecore, indecenter.
Unbecomingness, indecorum.
Unbefitting, parum accommodus.
Unbefriended, inops.
Unbegotten, non genitus.
Unbeheld, invisus.
Unbelief, infidelitas.
Unbelievable, incredibilis.
An unbeliever, unbelieving, infidelis, evangelio parum credens.
Unbeloved, inamatus.
To unbend, laxare, solvère.
Unbending, non inclinans.
Unbenevolent, minime benevolus.
Unbeneficed, non ad munus ecclesiasticum admissus.
Unbenign, malignus.
To unbewomb, a torpore liberare.
To unbesee, dedecere.
Unbeseeching, indecorus, indecens.
Unbeseechingly, indecore, indecenter.
Unbeseechingness, rei indecentis status.
Unbesailed, indefectus, indeploratus.
To unbewitch, fascino liberare.
Unbiased, in neutram partem proclivans.
Unbiasedly, sine præjudicio.
Unbidden, injussus.
Unbidden to a feast, &c. invocatus.
An unbidden guest at a feast, umbra.
Unbigoted, minime superstitiosus.
To unbind, solvère, exsolvère.
An unbinding, vinculi solutio v. dissolutio.
Unblamable, unblamed, inculpatus, innoxius, innocuus.
Unblamably, sine culpa.
Unblamableness, innocentia; quod vituperari v. reprehendi non potest.
Unblemished, integer. Vid. *Unblamable*.
Unblest, execratus.
Unblinded, minime excecatus.
Unbloody, unbloodied, incruentus, minime cruentus.
Unblown, nondum efflorescens.
Unbodied, incorporeus.
Unboiled, incoctus.
To unbolt, obicem detrudere.
Unbonded, exosatus.
Unbonneted, sine galericulo.

Unbookish, rudis.
Unbooted, ocreis, exutus.
Unborn, nondum natus.
Unborrowed, proprius.
To unbosom one's self to a person, sua consilia cum aliquo communicare.
Unbought, inemptus.
Unbound, irreligatus.
Unbounded, interminatus, infinitus.
Unboundedly, infinite.
Unbowed, inflexus.
To unbowel, exenterare, eviscerare.
An unbowelling, exenteratio.
To unbrace, fibulas solvère. *A drum*, tympanum retendère.
Unbreathed, non exercitatus.
Unbreathing, inanitus.
Unbred, male educatus, indoctus.
Unbreeched, nondum bracciis indutus.
Unbrided, muneribus non corruptus.
To unbridle, frenis exolvère.
Unbridled, effrenus, infrenis, infrenatus.
Unbroken [not broken] infractus. [Unamed] indomitus.
Unbruised, illæsus, non fractus.
To unhuckle, fibulas solvère.
Unbuckled, reinctus.
Unbuilt, inædificatus.
To unbung, relinère.
To unburden, exonerare.
Unburied, inhumatus.
Unburned or *unburnt*, igne non exutus.
To unbutton, fibulam solvère.
An unbuttoning, fibulæ solutio.
Uncalled, invocatus, sponte, ultro.
To uncalm, perturbare.
Uncancelled, nondum deletus.
Uncapable, incapax.
Uncapableness or *incapacity*, imperitia, incitia.
Uncared for, neglectus, despectus.
To uncase a man or discover his hypocrisy, integumentis dissimulationis suæ exolvère.
Uncased, capæ nudatus.
An uncasing, e capæ exemptio.
Unccaught, indeprehensus.
Uncautious, incautus, improvidus.
Uncelebrated, non solenni ritu celebratus.
Uncensured, irreprehensus.
Uncertain, incertus, ambiguus, dubius.
To be uncertain what to do, dubitare, hesitare.
Uncertainly, incerte, dubitanter.
Uncertainty, dubitatio.
To unchain, catenâ exolvère.
Unchangeable, immutabilis.
Unchangeably, firme, constanter.
Unchangeableness, immutabilitas.

Unchanged, immutatus.
To uncharge, reprehensionem revocare.
Uncharitable, inhumanus, omnia sinistre interpretans.
Uncharitableness, inhumanitas.
Uncharitably, inhumane, inhumaniter.
To uncharm, incantamentis solvère.
Unchaste, impudicus, obscenus.
Unchastely, impudice, obscene.
Unchasteness, unchastity, impudicitia, obscenitas.
Unchecked, minime repressus.
Unchewed, non masticatus.
Unchristened, aquâ lustrali nondum ablutus.
Unchristian, Christiano indignus.
Unchristianly, Christianum minime decens.
To unchurch a person, jura Christianismi alicui abjudicare.
Uncircumcised, minime circumcissus.
Uncircumcision, præputium.
Uncircumscribed, interminatus.
Uncircumspect, improvidus, inconsideratus.
Uncircumspectly, improvide, incaute.
Uncircumstantial, nihili.
Uncivil, incivillia, inurbanus.
Uncivilly, incivilliter; inurbane.
Uncivilised, insociabilis.
Uncloth or unclothed, vestibus exutus.
Unclothed, nondum defæcatus.
To unclasp, uncinum laxare.
Unclassed, uncinum laxato.
An unclasping, uncinum laxatio.
Unclassic, non classicus.
An uncle by the father's side, patruus. *By the mother's side*, avunculus. *A great uncle by the father's side*, propatruus.
Unclean [dirty] sordidus, sordus, immundus. *In manners*, impudicus, disinctus.
To be unclean, sordere. *To grow unclean*, sordescere. *To make unclean*, spurcare, maculare.
Uncleanliness, [dirtiness] immundities, faditas. *Of life*, impudicitia.
Uncleanly, sordide, sode.
Uncleaness, illuvies; immundities.
Uncleaned, non purgatus.
Uncleft, indivisus, individuum.
Unclicked, non diminutus.
To unclog, solvère, exonerare.
Uncloistered, solutus, liberatus.
To uncloth, vestibus exuere.
To uncover or open a thing sealed, resignare. [Disclose or reveal] revelare, indicare.
Unclothed, uncloudy, serenus, in nubibus.
Unclothedness, serenitas, claritas.

Uncolled, expeditus, solutus.
Uncoined, nondum cusus.
Uncollected, non collectus.
Uncoloured, non v. minime coloratus.
Uncombed, impexus, incompactus.
Uncomeliness, deformitas.
Uncomely, adj. indecorus, iuvenustus.
Uncomely, adv. indecenter, ineleganter.
Uncomfortable, inamœnus, n. æstus.
Uncomfortableness, injucunditas, acerbitas.
Uncomfortably, injucunde, mœste.
Uncommanded, non mandatus v. edictus.
Uncommendable, illaudabilis.
Uncommon, infrequens, rarus, parum consuetus.
Uncommonly, raro, infrequenter.
Uncommonness, infrequentia, raras.
Uncommunicable, non participandus.
Uncompained, Vid. *Unattended*.
Uncompassionate, immittis, immisericors.
Uncompelled, non compulsus.
Uncomplaisant, inurbanus, non affabilis.
Uncomplete, imperfectus.
Uncompounded, incomplexus, simplex.
Uncompoundedness, simplicitas.
Uncomprehensive, incomprehensibilis.
Unconceivable, incomprehensibilis.
Unconceivableness, incomprehensibilitas.
Unconceived, non conceptus.
Unconcern, negligentia, securitas.
Unconcerned, immotus, securus, indifferens.
Unconcernedly, indifferenter, immisericorditer.
Unconcernedness, animus immisericors. Vid. *Unconcern*.
Unconclusive, unconcludent, unconcluding, ex quo nihil concludi potest.
Unconcocted, nondum concoctus.
Uncondemned, indemnatus.
Unconditional, sine exceptione.
Unconfined, unconfineable, liber.
Unconformed, nondum ratus.
Unconformable, se ritibus consuetis non conformans.
Unconformity, repugnantia.
Unconfused, minime confusus.
Unconfusedly, sine confusione.
Unconfutable, admodum certus.
Uncongealed, non congelatus.
Unconquering, non dissimulans.
Unconquerable, invincibilis, insuperabilis.
Unconquerably. Vid. *Insuperably*.

Unconquered, invictus.
Unconscionable, injustus, iniquus.
Unconscionableness, injustitia, iniquitas.
Unconscionably, injuste, inique.
Unconscious, non conscius.
Unconsecrated, nondum consecratus.
Unconsented to, cui non assentimur.
Unconsequently, inepte, absurde.
Unconsidered, neglectus, non perpensus.
Unconsonant, absurdus.
Unconstancy, instantia, instabilitas.
Unconstant, inconstans, instabilis.
Unconstantly, leviter, inconstanter.
Unconstrained, voluntarius, spontaneus.
Unconstrainedly, ultro, sponte.
Unconsummate, non absolutus v. consummatus.
Uncontaminated, incontaminatus, purus.
Uncontemned, non despectus.
Uncontented, Vid. *Discontented*.
Uncontentable, de quo contendere non potest.
Uncontested, non litigatus.
Uncontrollable, qui nullius imperio est subjectus.
Uncontrolled, liber, immunis.
Uncontrolledness, libera vivendi v. agendi potestas.
Uncontroverted, de quo non ambigitur.
Unconversable, non affabilis.
Unconvicted, non v. nondum evictus.
To uncord, funes solvere.
Uncorded, funibus solutis.
Uncorrect [faulty or full of faults] mendosus, vitiosus.
Uncorrected [unpunished] incastigatus.
Uncorrupt or uncorrupted, incorruptus, integer, purus.
Uncorruptible, corruptionis expers.
Uncorruptly, incorrupte, integre, sincere.
Uncorruptness [free from corruption] putredini non obnoxius. [Integrity] integritas, probitas.
To uncover, detegere, patefacere.
An uncovering, patefactio.
Uncountable, innumerus, innumerabilis.
Uncourteous, genivus.
To uncouple, disjungere, abjungere; copulam eximere.
Uncourteous, inurbanus. Vid. *Discourteous*.
Uncourtliness, inconcinnitas.
Uncourty, inurbanus, rusticus.
Uncouth, impolitus, rudis, inæscitus, novus.
Uncouthly, impolite, inæcite.

Uncouthness, rusticitas, inæcitas.
To uncreate, Vid. *To annihilate*.
Uncreated, non c. eatus.
Uncreditableness, mala existimatio.
Uncropped, non decerptus.
Uncrowded, sine turba.
To uncrown, coronam detrāhere. [To dethrone] de solio deturbare. Vid. *Dethrone*.
Uncrumpled, non corrugatus.
An unction or anointing, unctio, unctio.
Unctuous, pinguis. *Somewhat unctuous*, unctuosulus.
Unctuousness or unctuousity, pinguedo.
Unculpable, Vid. *Unblamable*.
Uncultivated [not tilled] incultus. [Neglected] neglectus, horridus.
Uncumbered, minime impeditus.
To uncurb a horse, lupatum equo dētere.
Uncurbed, minime repressus.
Uncurable, insanabilis.
Uncured, incuratus. *Fish*, pisces nondum sale conditi.
Uncurious, incuriosus.
To uncurl, solvere, expēdere.
Uncurled, non crispatus.
Uncurrent, non probus, non receptus.
Uncut, imputatus, intonsus.
Undamaged, illæsus.
Undaunted, intrepidus, interritus.
Undauntedly, intrepide, fortiter.
Undauntedness, animi fortitudo.
Undazzled, non præstrictus.
Undecayed, vegetus, fortis.
Undeceivable, minime fallax.
To undeceive one, errore aliquem liberare.
Undeceived, non deceptus.
Undecided, in iudicatus, non decus.
Undecked, inornatus, impexus.
Undefaced, undeformed, nondum eversus.
Undefended, indefensus.
Undeified, impollutus, intaminatus.
Undefinable, quod non definiripotest.
Undeprayed, non erogatus.
Undelighted, indelectatus.
Undelightful, ingratus, inamœnus.
Undemolished, non eversus.
Undemonstrable, quod demonstrari nequit.
Undeniable, non negandus.
Undeniably, ita ut nullo modo negari possit.
Undeplored, indeploratus.
Undepraved, incorruptus.
Under, in, infra, sub, subter. [In place or degree] infra, inferior. [In number] infra, minor, minus, &c. [In price] minoris, minori pretio.
Under, adj. inferior

To be under, subesse.
To bring under, superare; sub jugum mittère, in potestatem redigère.
To keep under, frenare, cohercere, cohibere, compescere.
To tread under foot, calcare.
Under age or one under age, ephæbus, prætextatus, impubes.
The being under age, ætas impubis.
An under beam, capreolus.
To under-bear, pati, tolerare.
To under-bind, subligare, subcingere.
An under butler, suppromus.
Caterer, obsoator vicarius.
Cook, coquus vicarius.
To underflow, subterfluere, subterlabi.
To undersong. Vid. To undertake.
To undergird, subligare, subcingere.
To undergo, subire, tolerare.
An under governor, gubernator vicarius.
Under ground, subterraneus.
To have a thing under hand or in hand, sub manibus aliquid habere.
Underhand [private] clam, secreto.
To deal or work underhand, prævaricari.
An underhand dealer, prævaricator.
Underhand dealing, prævaricatio.
An underjobber, minister.
An under-writing, subscriptio.
A writing or note under one's hand, chirographum.
Underived, non derivatus.
To underlay, supponere, subjicere.
An under-leather, solea.
An underling, inferior.
To undermine, subruere, suffodere. And overthrow, labefacere. Or supplant a person, supplantare, insidias alicui struere.
An underminer [he that saps] qui subruit. [Supplanter] supplantator.
An undermining, suffossio.
Undermost, infimus, imus.
Underneath, infra, subter, subtus. Being underneath, inferior.
Underogatory, gloriam nequam minuens.
To underpin, substruere.
An underpinning of a house, substructio.
An underplot [in a play] res extra argumentum assumpta.
To underpraise, haud dignis laudibus efferre.
To underpris. Vid. Undervalue.
To underprop, suffulcire; statuminare.

Weakly, underpropped, tibi sine sculneo subnixus, tenui tibi sine fultus.
An underpropping, statuminatio.
An under-rate, pretium justo minus.
To under-rate, pretio justo minori æstimare.
To undersay, derogare.
An under secretary, scriba inferior.
To undersell or sell cheaper than others, minoris quam alii vendere.
An under servant, famulus inferior.
Undersewed, subautus.
An under-sheriff, subvicecomes.
To underset, supponere, subjicere, statuminare.
The undersong, versus intercalaris.
To understand [perceive] intelligere, calere. Aright, recte intelligere. Amiss, male intelligere. Somewhat not expressed, subintelligere.
To give to understand, significare, monstrare.
To understand the world, tenere mundi rationes; rerum peritus esse.
The understanding or intellect, intellectus.
Understanding or agreement, concordia. Or knowledge, intelligentia, perceptio.
Understandingly, cum intelligentiâ.
An understrapper, homunculus tenuis.
A person of good understanding, homo intelligens, sapiens.
Of or belonging to the understanding, ad intellectum pertinens.
Understandingly, solerter, sapienter.
To undertake, conari, tentare; auspicere, moliri. For a thing or warrant that it shall come to pass, alicujus rei auctor esse.
An undertaking or attempt, ausum, inceptum.
An undertaker, molitor, inceptor.
Of public works, operum publicorum redemptor. Of funerals, libitinarius.
To undervalue, pretio justo minori æstimare. [To slight] temere, despiciere.
An undervassal, mancipium.
An underwood, silva cædua.
To underwork or labour a thing less than it ought, aliquid non satis elaborare. Or endeavour to undermine a person, insidias alicui struere.
To underwrite, subscribere, designare.
Undescribed, non descriptus.
Underserved, immeritus, indignus.

Undeservedly, immerito, indignè.
Underserving, immerens.
Undesigning, sincerus, fraudis expertus.
Undesirable, minime expetendus.
Undesired, inexpectatus.
Undeterminable, quod determinari non potest.
Undetermined or undetermined, indefinitus.
Undeterminedly, indefinite, indeterminedly.
Undevoted, minime devotus.
Undevout, irreligiosus.
Undevoutly, irreligiose.
Undied, non iunctus.
Undigested, indigestus, incompositus; crudus.
Undiligent, indiligens.
Undiminishable, quod diminui non potest.
Undiminished, non imminutus, inattenuatus.
Undinted, minime contusus.
Undipped, non immersus.
Undirected, minime directus.
Undiscerned, minime perceptus.
Undiscernible, incompertus, non perceptus.
Undiscernibly, undiscernedly. Vid. Imperceptibly.
Undischarged [as a duty] non præstitus. [As a reckoning ratio non expuncta.
Undisciplined, indoctus, ineruditus, imperitus.
Undisciplined troops, copie inexercitæ. Vid. Raw.
Undiscoverable, minime indagandus.
Undiscovered [not known] incompertus. [Not made public] non patefactus.
Undisained, ininspectus.
Undisguised, in conspectu positus.
Undishonoured, non infamâ notatus.
Undismayed, imperterritus.
Undispersed, non dispersus.
Undisposed of, [not sold] nondum venditus. [Not given away] nondum alienatus.
Undisputed, de quo nulla est disceptatio.
Undissembled, minime dissimulatus.
Undissipated, minime dissipatus.
Undissolvable, indissolubilis.
Undissolving, non liquescens.
Undisadined, intaminatus.
Undistempered, sanus.
Undistinct or undistinguished indistinctus, indiscretus.
Undistinguishable, quod distinguui non potest.
Undistracted, minime confusus.
Undistractedly, sine confusione.
Undisturbed, imperturbatus; pacatus, placidus.
Undisturbedly, pacate, placide, sedate.

Undreadable, individuus.
Undivident, individus, indiscretus.
Undisguised, secretus, minime patefactus.
To undo [what is done] telam retexere. [Annul] abrogare, antiquare. [Slacken] relaxare. [Unravel] extricare. [Untie or take to pieces] solvere. [Ruin] perdere.
Undoing [ruin] ruina, luterius. [Annulling] abolitio, abrogatio. [A slackening] laxatio, remissio. [An untying or taking to pieces] solutio. [An unravelling] extricatio. [A ruining] perditio.
Undone [not done] imperfectus.
Undoubtable, indubitabilis.
Undoubted, indubius, indubitatus.
Undoubtedly, indubitanter, procul dubio.
Undrainable, qui exsiccare non potest.
Undrawn, minime tractus.
Undreaded, minime formidatus.
Undreamed, inopinatus.
To undress one's self, vestibus se exuere. Another, vestes v. vestimenta alicui detrahere.
Undried, insiccatus.
Undrossy, purus.
Undubitable. Vid. *Indisputable*.
Undue, indebitus.
To undulate, undare, fluctuare.
Undulated, undulaty, undulatory, undulatus.
Undulation, agitatio undatim.
Unduly, indebite, parum jure.
Undutiful, unduteous, contumax, impius.
Undutifully, contumaciter, minus obsequenter.
Undutifulness, contumacia.
Undying, nunquam moriturus; immortalis.
Unearned, sine labore partus.
Unearthed, e terra excitatus.
Unearthly, minime terrenus.
Uneasy, difficilis, æger, arduus, importunus, anxius.
Uneasily, difficulter, ægre.
Uneasiness, difficultas, molestia.
Uneasiness of mind, animi perturbatio.
Uneaten, haud comesus.
Unedified [not built] nondum edificatus. Note, *Inedificatus* significat either built upon or pulled down when built. [Not instructed] indoctus, inauditus.
Unedifying, inutilis.
Uneffectual, inefficax.
Unelected, non electus.
Uneligible, non eligendus, non expetendus.
Uneloquent, indisertus, infacundus.
Uneloquently, indiserte.
Unemployed, feriatuus.

Unemptiable, inexhaustus.
Unendowed, indotatus.
Unengaged, non addictus.
Unenjoyed, minime perceptus.
Unenlightened, minime illuminatus.
Unenslaved, unenthralled, sui juris.
Unentombed, insepultus.
Unenvied, minime invidendus.
Unequable, diversus, alienus.
Unequal, inæqualis, dispar.
Unequally, inæqualiter.
Unequitable, inustus.
Unequivocal, minime ambiguus.
Unerring, inerrans, error non obnoxius.
Unerringly, sine errore.
Uneschevable, inevitabilis.
Unespied. Vid. *Undiscovered*.
Unessential, non magni momenti.
Unestablished, sine auctoritate.
Unevangelical, evangelio non consentaneus.
Uneven, inæqualis.
Unevenly, inæqualiter.
Unevenness, inæqualitas, iniquitas.
Unevitable, inevitabilis.
Unavoidably, ita ut vitari nequeat.
Unextracted, minime flagitatus.
Unexamined, nondum examinatus.
Unexampled [of which there is no example] cujus exemplar desideratur. [Unheard of] novus, inauditus.
Unexceptionable, exceptionibus non obnoxius.
Unexecuted, infectus.
Unempt, non immnis.
Unexercised. Vid. *Unpractised*.
Unexhausted, inexhaustus.
Unexpected, insperatus, inopinatus.
Unexpectedly, insperato, inopinatus.
Unexpectedness, rei inopinatus interventus.
Unexpedient, incommodus.
Unexperienced, rerum imperitus v. rudis, nescius.
Unexpert, imperitus, rudis.
Unexpertly, imperite.
Unexpired, nondum finitus.
Unexplored, incognitus.
Unexpressible, ineffabilis, inerrabilis.
Unextended, non extensus v. porrectus.
Unextinguishable or *unextinguished*, inextinctus.
Unextinguishable, inextirpabilis.
Unfaded, *unfading*, minime deflorescens.
Unfailing, certus.
Unfair or unjust, injustus, iniquus.
Unfairly, injuste, inique.
Unfairness, injustitia, iniquitas.
Unfaithful, fudus, infidelis.
Unfaithfully, infideliter, perfide.

Unfaithfulness, infidelitas, perfidia.
Unfalsified, non adulteratus.
Unfamiliar, inusitatus.
Unfashionable, hodierno usum parum accommodatus.
Unfashioned, informis.
To unfasten, reficere, solvere.
Unfathomable, cujus fundus explorari nequit.
Unfatigued, minime fatigatus.
Unfavourably. Vid. *Unkindly*.
Unfeathered, implumis.
Unfeastly [adj.] inconditus, per-versus. Adv. incondite, per-versus.
Unfeatured, deformis.
Unfed, impastus.
Unfed, honorario non auctus.
Unfeeling, insensibilis.
Unfeigned, non fictus, integer sincerus.
Unfeignedly, non fecte, vere.
Unfeignedness, sinceritas, veritas.
Unfenced, inermis, immunus.
Unfelt, sensibus non perceptus.
Unfermented, minime fermentatus.
Unfertile, infecundus, sterilis.
Unfertility, infecunditas, sterilitas.
To unfetter, a compedibus solvere.
Unfettered, a compedibus solutus.
Unfilled, minime impletus, minime suppletus.
Unfinished, infectus, imperfectus.
Unfirm, infirmus, debilis.
Unfit, ineptus, inhabilis. To learn, indocilis, hebes. For labour, impotens, debilis.
Unfity, inepte, indecore.
Unfitness, inconcinnitas.
Unfitting, incongruens, inconveniens.
To unfit, reficere, labefacere.
Unfledged, nondum pennatus; deplumis.
Unfledged, novitius.
Unfoiled, invictus.
To unfold or explain, explicare, replicare.
To unfold sheep, oves septis inclusas dimittere.
That may be unfolded or explained, explicabilis. *That cannot be unfolded*, inexplicabilis.
An unfolding, explicatio.
To unfold, a stultitiâ revocare.
Unforbidden, minime prohibitus.
Unforced, spontaneus, voluntarius.
Unforcedly, sponte, ultro.
Unforcible, virum expers.
Unforeboding, sine præagio.
Unforeknown, minime præsens.
Unforeseen, improvisus.
Unforfeited, non confiscatus.

Unforgotten, non oblivioni traditus.
Unforgiving, inexorabilis.
Unformed, informis, indigestus.
Unforsaken, non derelictus.
Unfortified, immunitus.
Unfortunate, infortunatus, infelix.
Unfortunate days, dies nefasti.
Unfortunately, infeliciter, improspere.
Unfortunateness, infelicitas, infortunium.
Unfouled, incorruptus.
Unfound, incompetus.
Unfrequency, infrequentia.
Unfrequent, infrequens, minime frequens.
Unfrequently, minime frequentatus.
Unfrequently, raro, minime frequenter.
Unfriended. Vid. *Friendless*.
Unfriendliness, malevolentia, animus iniquus.
Unfriendly, adj. inimicus.
Unfriendly, adv. parum amice.
Unfrozen, minime congelatus.
Unfruitful, infœcundus, infructuosus.
Unfruitfully, infœcunde, steriliter.
Unfruitfulness, infœcunditas, sterilitas.
Unfulfilled, non um expletus.
To unfurl, expandere.
To unfurnish [to deprive] spoliare, nudare.
Ungainful, minime lucrosus v. questuosus.
Ungainly, inepte, minus apte.
Ungarnished, inornatus, impolitus.
Ungartered, sine fasciis tibialibus.
Ungathered, nondum collectus.
Ungenerated, ingenitus.
Ungenerous, degener, illiberalis.
Ungenerously, illiberaliter, minus ingenue.
Ungentle, illiberalis, inhonestus.
Ungentlely, ungentlemanly, illiberaliter, inhoneste.
Ungentleness, illiberalitas, rusticitas.
Ungentle, immanis, implacitus.
Ungentleness, inurbanitas.
Ungently, aspere, inurbane.
Ungilt, non lauratus.
To ungird, discingere, reclinare.
Ungirded or *ungirt*, discinctus, reclinatus.
To ungirth a horse, cingulum equi solvere.
Unloved, non manicus.
To unloose, deglutinare.
Ungodly, impie, irreligiose, accelerato.
Ungodliness, impietas, scelus.
Ungodly, impius, irreligiosus, scelestus.

Unogred, illæsus; non defamatus.
Unogred, nondum exsaturatus.
Ungotten, ingenitus.
Ungovernable, indomabilis, intractabilis, violentus.
An ungovernable tongue, immodica lingua.
Ungovernableness [in temper] ingenium intractabile.
Ungraceful, inconcinuus, indecorus.
Ungracefully, inconcinne, indecore.
Ungracefulness, inconcinuitas.
Ungracious, impius, improbus, pravus.
An ungracious wretch, scelus; nequam, indecl.
Ungraciously, impie, improbe, prave.
Ungraciousness, impietas, nequitia.
Ungrasped, nondum insutus.
Ungrammatical, arti grammaticæ non consentaneus.
Ungranted, inconcensus.
To ungrapple, ab harpagonibus infixis liberare.
Ungrateful, ingratus, beneficii immemor.
Ungratefully, ingrate.
Ungratefulness or *ingratitude*, ingrati animi crimen.
To ungravel [to free from gravel] a sabulo liberare. *To free from scruple*, scrupulum eximere.
Ungravely, haud serio.
Ungrounded, nullis nixus rationibus.
Ungrudgingly, sincere.
Unguarded, incautus, minime stipatus. [*Ina:scree:*] imprudens, temerarius.
Unguardedly [indiscreetly] imprudenter, temere.
Unguent or *ointment*, unguentum.
Ungessed, non in conjecturâ positus.
Unguided, minime directus.
Unhabitable or *uninhabitable*, inhabitabilis.
To unhast, manubrium detrachere.
To unhallow, profanare, temerare.
To unhalter, a laqueo liberare.
To unhand, e manibus liberare.
Unhanded, intactus.
Unhandsome, ineustus, inconcinuus.
Unhandsomely, inconcinne, ineleganter.
Unhandsomeness, inconcinuitas, deformitas.
Unhanged, nondum crucifixus.
Unhappily, infeliciter, improspere.
Unhappiness, infelicitas, infortunium.
Unhappy, infelix, infaustus, improprosper.

To unharbour a stag, &c. corvum, &c. a cubili exigere.
Unhardened, minime obduratus.
Unhardy, imbellis, timidus.
Unharmful, innocuus, innoxius.
Unharmless, inmodulatus.
To unharneß, phaleras detrachere.
To unhasp, reserare.
Unhazarded, sine periculo.
Unhazable, insanabilis, immedicabilis.
Unhealed, incuratus.
Unhealthful or *unhealthy*, v. ludiarius, insalubris.
Unhealthiness or *unhealthfulness* of body, insanitas.
Unheard, inauditus.
Unheated, non calefactus.
Unheeded, inobservatus.
Unheedily, incaute, indiligenter.
Unheediness, incuria, indigentia, negligentia.
Unheedy, *unheedyful*, incuriosus, negligens.
Unhelpful, nullam ferens opem.
Unhidden, non additus, revelatus.
To unhinge [throw off the hinges] de cardine detrachere. [*To disorder*] conturbare.
Unholiness, impietas.
Unholy, impius, profanus.
Unhonest, improbus, fraudulentus. Vid. *Dishonest*.
Unhonoured, inhonoratus.
To unhoodwink, oculos obvolutos retere.
To unhook, hamum solvere.
Unhoped for, inasperatus, inexpectatus.
Unhopeful, de quo bene sperare non possumus.
To unhorse, equo deicere.
Unhospitable, inhospitalis.
Unhostile, non ad hostem pertinens.
Unhoused, ex edibus exturbatus.
Unhouselled, communione cæmæ Dominicæ privatus.
Unhumbed, parum demissus.
Unhurt, illæsus, inviolatus.
Unhurtful, innoxius, innocuus.
Unhurtfully, innocenter.
Unhuked, e siliciâ excussus.
A unicorn, unicornis, monoceros.
Uniform, unius formæ, unius modi. *A country of one uniform appearance*, ager unâ specie.
Uniformity, qualitas rei unius formæ.
Uniformly, unâ formâ v. ratione.
Unimaginable, mente v. cogitatione non percipiendus.
Unimpaired, minime diminutus.
Unimportant, levis.
Unimpoertuned, non sollicitatus.
Unimproced, inductus.
Unindifferent, partium studio abrepius.

Uninflamed, non accensus.
Uninformed, parum eruditus.
Uningenuous, illiberalis.
Uninhabitable, inhabitabilis.
Uninhabited, non habitatus, vacans, vastus.
Uninjured, illesus.
Uninscribed, sine inscriptione.
Uninspired, haud divino numine afflatus.
Uninstituted, non institutus.
Uninstructed, inductus, minime edoctus.
Uninstructive, non ad docendum accommodatus.
Unintelligent, imperitus.
Unintelligible, animo non percipiendus.
Unintelligibly, ita ut ratione comprehendi nequeat.
Unintentionally, non de industria.
Uninterested, commodi sui minime studiosus.
Uninterrupted, minime interruptus, perennis.
Unintrenched, non vallo cinctus.
Uninvestigable, non investigandus.
Uninvited, invocatus, minime iuvatus.
Union, concordia, consociatio.
Unjoyous, tristis.
A unison [in music] concensus.
A unit or unity [in arithmetic] unitas.
To unite, jungere, conciliare.
Differences, lites componere.
Or be joined together, coalescere. [As two kingdoms do] in unam ditoneam coire.
Unitedly, cum conjunctione.
A writer, qui conjungit.
A uniting, conjunctio, voluntatum consensio.
Unity, unitas.
Unjudged, in iudicatus.
Universal, universus, universalis; catholicus, communis.
A universal heir, haeres ex asse.
Universality, universalitas.
Universally, universe, generaliter.
The universe, universus terrarum orbis.
A university, academia.
Of a university, academicus.
Univocal, una vox pluribus conveniens.
Univocally, univoce.
Unjust, injustus, iniquus.
Unjustifiable, iustis non consonus.
Unjustifiableness, iniquitas.
Unjustifiably, iulque, ita ut defendi nequeat.
Unjustly, injuste, inique.
Unked or unkind, desertus, solitarius.
To unkenel, e cubili excitare.
Unkept, Vid. *Unobserved*.
Unkind, inhospitus, inclemens.
Unkindly, inclementer, aspere, inhumane, minime benigne.

An unkindly year for corn, annus adversus frugibus.
Unkindness, inclementia, inhumanitas.
To unking, de gradu regio deiecere.
Unkissed, non basiatu.
Unknightly, equite indignus.
To unknit, euolare.
Unknowingly, inscienter, inconsulto, imprudenter.
Unknown, ignotus, incognitus.
To be unknown, ignorari, latere.
Unlaboured, inelaboratus.
Unlaced, recinctus.
To unlade a burden, exonerare, onus iumento deponere.
To unlade or lade out of one vessel into another, capulare, decapulare. *A ship*, navem exinanire.
Unlamented, indeploratus.
Unlaudable or illaudable, illaudabilis.
Unlawful, illicitus, inconcessus.
Unlawfully, illicite, non legitime.
Unlawfulness, iniustitia, iniquitas.
To unlearn, dediscere.
Unlearned, indoctus, illiteratus, rudis.
Unlearnedly, indocte, inrudite.
To unleash or let go the hounds, canes venaticos laxare.
Unleavened, fermenti expers.
Unless, ni, nisi.
Unlesioned, unlettered, indoctus.
Unlicensed, non privilegio donatus.
Unlicked, deformis.
Unlighted, non accensus.
Unlightsome, obscurus.
Unlike, ab similibus, dispar. *To be unlike*, differre, distare.
Unlikelihood, conditio rei improbabilis.
Unlikely [not probable] improbabilis.
Unlikeness, dissimilitudo, diversitas.
Unlimited, unlimitable, interminatus, indefinitus.
Unlimitedly, infinite.
Unlined, pannum intus assutum non habens.
Unliquefied, non liquefactus.
To unload, exonerare, deonerare.
To unlock, reserare; recludere.
Unlooked for, inexpectatus, inopinatus, repentinus.
Unloved, inamatus.
Unloveliness, insoles inamabilis.
Unlovely, inamabilis.
Unloving, minime benignus.
Unlucky, infelix, infaustus. [Unlucky] nequam, indecl. improbus.
Unluckily, infelicitate, inauspicato.

Unluckiness [unhappiness] infelicitas. [Unlucky] nequitia, protervitas.
An unlucky throw at dice, cancella.
Unmade, infectus, imperfectus.
To unmake, irritum facere.
To unman, evirare.
Unmanageable, intractabilis.
Unmanly, effeminatus.
Unmannerliness, morum inurbanitas.
Unmannerly, adj. inurbanus, rusticus.
Unmannerly, adv. inurbane, rustice.
Unmannered, incultus, inartatus.
Unmarked, minime notatus.
Unmarried, caelebs.
To unmarry, matrimonium abrogare.
To unmask, larvam detrahere.
Unmasked [having the mask stripped off] larva exutus [Open] apertus.
Unmastered, unmastered, in domitus.
To unmatch, disparare, male sociare.
Unmatched or matchless, incomparabilis.
Unmeasurable, immensus, immodicus.
Unmeasurableness, immensitas.
Unmeasurably, immodice, immoderate.
Unmeddled with, intactus.
Unmeditated, non praecogitatus.
Unmeet, indecens, ineptus, in commodus.
Unmeet for, impar, impos.
Unmeetly, indecenter, inepte.
Unmeetness, incongruitas.
Unmelted, non liquefactus.
Unmentioned, non commemoratus.
Unmerchantable, non vendibilis.
Unmerciful, immisericos, immitis, crudelis.
Unmercifully, immisericorditer crudeliter, atrociter.
Unmercifulness, atrocitas, crudelitas; aevitia.
Unmeritable, unmerited, immeritus.
Unmeritedness, status rei immeritae.
Unmilked, nondum emulsus.
Unminded, minime curatus.
Unmindful [forgetful] immemor. [Headless] incautus, negligens.
Unmindfulness [forgetfulness] oblitio. [Headlessness] incuria.
Unmingled, unmixed, or unmixt, non mixtus, merus, purus.
Unmired, non luto conspersus.
Unmitigated, minime lenitus.
Unmoaned, indefectus.
Unmolested, non molestus.
Unmolested, imperturbatus, molestia vacuus.
To unmoor a ship, navem ab

choris utrumque distentam solvere.
Immoralised, non moribus humanis instructus.
Unmorigated, non pignori oppositus.
Unmorigated, haud mœrore refrenatus.
Unmoveable, immobilis, fixus. *Vid.* *Immoveable*.
Unmoved [not removed] immotus. [*Unaffected*] nullis minis, precibus, &c. motus.
Unmourned, indeploratus.
To unmuffle, focale detrahère.
Unmusical, non modulatus; harmoniæ expertus.
To unmuzzle, capistrum exuere.
Unnatural [cruel] inhumanus, crudelis. [*Preter-natural*] quod præter naturam est; portentuosus.
Unnaturally [cruelly] atrociter. [*Against nature*] non naturaliter.
Unnaturalness, naturæ contrarietas.
Unnavigable, innabilis.
Unnecessarily, inutiliter, interpestive.
Unnecessary or *unneedful*, inutilis, supervacuosus.
Unneighbourly, non ita ut vicinum decet.
To unnerve, infirmare, debilitare.
Unnerve, debilis.
Unnoble, ignobilis. *Vid.* *Ignoble*.
Unnumbered. *Vid.* *Innumerable*.
Unobeyed, neglectus, contemptus.
Unobservant, minime observans.
Unobserved, *unnoticed*, non observatus, non notatus, non cultus.
Unobstructed, non impeditus.
Unobtained, non acquisitus.
Unobtrusive, non occurrens.
Unoccupied, inexercitatus.
Unoffending, innocuus. *Vid.* *Unblamable*.
Unofficial, inofficiosus.
Unofficialness, officii neglectus.
Unoperative, inefficax.
Unopposed, nemine repugnante.
Unorderly, incoaditus. *Vid.* *Disorderly*.
Unordinary, haud vulgaris.
Unoriginal, sine origine inducitur.
Unorthodox, de Christianâ fide non recte sentiens.
Unowed, indebitus.
To unpack, fasciculum resolvere.
Unpaid, insolutus.
Unpained, non dolore affectus.
Unpainful, nullo dolore afficiens.
Unpainted [not painted] non pictus. [*Undisguised*] sine lûco v. fallaciis.
Unpalatable, fastidium afferens.

Unparalleled, incomparabilis, singularis.
Unpardonable, inexcipiabilis.
Unpardonably, cui venia non debetur.
Unpardoned, non condonatus, non remissus.
Unpardoning, inexorabilis.
Unpared, irsectus.
Unparliamentary, consuetudini parliamentariæ dissimilans.
Unpartable, minime separabilis.
Unparted, indivisus.
Unpassable, invius, avius.
Unpassionate, minime iratus, tranquillius.
Unpassionately, tranquille.
Unpastured, impastus.
Unpathed, sine vestigiis v. impressi pedis notâ.
Unpatterned, sine exemplo, nullum habens exemplum.
To unpave, lapides constratos erûere.
Unpaved, non pavitus.
Unpawened, non pignori oppositus.
Unpeaceable, turbulentus, turbidus.
Unpeaceably, turbulenter, turbide.
To unpeg, paxillum eximere.
Unpensioned, non mercede annuâ obstrictus.
To unpeople, populari, vastare.
Unperceivable, minime sensibus perceptus.
Unperceivably, ita ut sub sensum non cadat.
Unperceived, sensibus minime perceptus.
Unperform, l. infectus.
Unperishable, corruptionis expertus.
Unperjured, non perjuris.
Unperplexed, minime perplexus.
Unpersuadable, inexorabilis.
Unpestered, imperturbatus.
Unphilosophical, regulis philosophiæ minime conveniens.
To unphilosophise, philosophi de gradu dejicere.
Unpierceable, impenetrabilis.
To unpile, acervum diruere.
Unpillaged, indireptus.
Unpillowed, sine pulvino.
To unpin, aciculis exemptis solvere.
Unpinked, non perforando ornatus.
Unpinioned, a manicis solutus.
Unpitied, cui misericordia non adhibetur, nulli flebilis.
Unpitifully, sine misericordiâ.
Unpitying, inimisericors.
Unplagued, minime vexatus.
Unplaited, minime plicatus.
Unplanted, inhumine plantatus.
Unplausible, non plausibilis.
Unplausible, non probans.
Unpleasant, injucundus, inamœnus, inamabilis.
Unpleasantly, infacete.

Unpleasantness, injucunditas, offensio.
Unpleasantness of air, cœli gravitas, intemperantia.
Unpleasing, inausavis, injucundus.
Unpleasingly, injucunde.
Unpleasingness, inausavitas, injucunditas.
Unpliant, inflexibilis.
Unploughed, inaratus.
To unplume, plumas detrahère.
Unpoetic, minime poeticus.
Unpolished or *unpolite*, impolitus, infacetus, rudis.
Unpoliteness, barbaria.
Unpolluted, impollutus, incontaminatus.
Unpopular, non popularis.
Unpossessed, vacuus.
Unpossessing, inops.
Unpowerful, impotens.
Unpracticable, impossibilis.
Unpractised, inexercitus.
Unpraised, illaudatus.
Unprecarious, non precarius; proprius.
Unprecedented, sine exemplo.
Unpreferred, nondum ad honores promotus v. evehctus.
Unpregnable, inexcipugabilis.
Unprejudiced, *unprejudicate*, nullo præjudicio laborans, æquus.
Unprelatic, quod præselem minime decet.
Unpremeditated, non præmeditatus.
Unprepared, imparatus.
Unprepossessed, *Vid.* *Unprejudiced*.
Unpressed, minime pressus.
Unpretending, sine simulatione v. fastu.
Unprevailing, inefficax.
Unprevented, quem nihil impedit.
Unprincely, quod principem minime decet.
Unprincipled, non doctrinâ v. opinionibus imbutus.
Unprinted, non impressus.
Unprisoned, liber.
Unprizeable, *unprized*, inestimabilis.
Unproclaimed, non promulgatus.
Unprofranel, non violatus.
Unprofitable, inutilis, infructuosus; inanis.
Unprofitableness, inutilitas, incommoditas.
Unprofitably, inutiliter, incommode.
Unrolitic, sterilis, infœcundus.
Unpromising, de quo vix bene sperare licet.
Unpronounced, non pronuntiatus.
Unproportionate, infaustus.
Unproportionable, minime secundum justam proportionem.
Unproposed, non propositus.
Unpropred, fulcro destitutus.
Unprosperous, improsper, infaustus, infelix.

Unprosperously, infelicitèr.
Unprotected, minime delectus.
Unproved, inexpertus, non probatus.
Unprovided, imparatus.
To take unprovided, imparatum aliquem offendere.
Unprovoked, minime provocatus v. laceratus.
Unpruned, non amputatus.
Unpublished, ineditus; incognitus.
Unpunished, impunitus, impunis.
Unpurchased, inemptus.
Unpurged, unpurified, non purgatus.
Unpurposed, non dedit operâ.
Unpursued, non inactatus.
Unputrefied, incorruptus.
Unqualified, inhabilis, ineptus.
To unqualify. Vid. *Disqualify*.
Unquenchable or *unquenched*, inextinctus.
Unquestionable, indubitabilis.
Unquestionably, unquestioned, indubitanter; sine dubio.
Unquiet, inquietus, insecutus.
To make quiet, inquietare.
Unquietly, turbide.
Unquietness, inquietudo.
Unracked [as liquor] non defæcatus.
Unraked [as the fire] non cineribus conditus.
Unranked, nondum ordinatus.
Unransacked, indireptus.
Unransomed, non pretio redemptus in libertatem.
Unrated, non æstimatus.
To unravel, extricare, expedire.
Unrazored, intonsus.
Unread, non lectus.
Unreadily, non promptè.
Unreadiness, quod in promptu non est.
Unready, imparatus.
Unreal, quod non existit.
Unreasonable [void of reason] rationis expers. [Unjust] iniustus. [Immoderate] immodicus.
Unreasonable-ness, injustitia, iniquitas.
Unreasonably, injuste, inique.
Unrebukable or *unre-uked*, irreprensus.
Unrecallable, irrevocabilis.
Unreceived, non receptus.
Unreclaimed, ad bonam frugem non perductus.
Unrecompensed, non remuneratus.
Unreconcilable, implacabilis.
Unreconcilably, implacabiliter.
Unreconciled, nondum in gratiam restitutus.
Unrecorded, non in acta relatus.
Unrecoverable, irreparabilis.
Unrecounted, non memoratus.
Unredeemable, nullo pretio redimendus.
Unredeemed, nullo pretio redemptus.

Unreduced, nondum sub ditionem deductus.
Unreformable, insanabilis.
Unreformed, nondum renovatus.
Unrefreshed, non levatus.
Unregarded, contemptus, neglectus, spretus.
Unregardful, negligens.
Unregardfully, negligenter, ascitantèr.
Unregenerate, nonlum renatus.
Vid. Unreformed.
Unregistered, non in tabulas relatus.
Unreined, effrenus.
Unrelenting, inflexibilis, inexorabilis.
Unrelieved, minime levatus.
Unremediable, immedicabilis, insanabilis.
Unremembered, non memoratus.
Unremembrance, oblitio.
Unremembering, non reminiscens; oblitus.
Unremittable, inexcipiabilis.
Unremovable. Vid. *Resolute*.
Unremovably, ita ut removeri non possit.
Unremoved, immotus.
Unrepaid. Vid. *Unrecompensed*.
Unrepaid, non reparatus.
Unrepassable, irreameabilis.
Unrepealed, minime abrogatus.
Unrepented, de quo non penitet.
Unrepining, sine querelâ; non ægre ferens.
Unreplenished, non repletus.
Unreproachable, cuius supplicium promereri non potest.
Unreproached, non exprobratus.
Unreproved, inculpatus.
Unrepugnant, minime repugnans.
Unreputable, infamia.
Unrequited, minime muneratus, non compensatus.
Unresented, sine indignatione.
Unreserved in speech, aperte loquens.
Unreservedly, sine exceptione.
Unreservedness, sinceritas.
Unresistible, ineluctabilis.
Unresisted, nullo v. nemine repugnante.
Unresisting, minime repugnans.
Unresolvable, minime solvendus.
Unresolved, hæsitans, fluctuans.
To be unresolved, hæsitare, fluctuare.
Unresolving, nihil statuens.
Unrespectful, unrespective, immemor officii, inurbanus.
Unrest, inquietudo.
Unrestored, minime restitutus.
Unrestrained, indomitus, solutus.
Unretracted, minime retractus.
Unrevealed, minime revelatus v. relectus.
Unrevenged, inultus.
Unreverend, reverentiæ expers.
Unreverently, parum reverenter.
Vid. Irreverent.

Unreversed. Vid. *Unrepealed*.
Unrevocable, irrevocabilis.
Unrevoked. Vid. *Unrepealed*.
Unrewarded, non muneratus.
To unriddle, ænigma solvere.
Unriddled, explicatus, expositus.
Unridiculous, minime risu dignus.
To unrig, vestes exuere, apparatu spoliare.
Unrigged [of a person] vestibus exutus. [Of a ship, &c.] sublatiis armamentis.
Unrighteous, unrightful, iniquus, injustus.
Unrighteously, injuste, inique.
Unrighteousness, injustitia, iniquitas.
To unrip, dissuere, resuere.
Unripe, unripened, immaturus, crudus.
Unripeness, immaturitas, cruditas.
Unripped or *unript*, dissutus, resutus.
Unrivalled, sine æmulo v. rivali.
To unroll, evolvere, explicare.
Not unrolled, involutus.
Unromantic, quod heroicum facinus non sapit.
To unroof, tecta detrahère.
To unroot, extricare, extirpare.
Unroyal, principe indignus.
Unruffled, imperturbatus, minime perturbatus.
Unruly, impotens.
Unruly, effrenatus, licentia.
Unruly, effrenatus, defrenatus.
To be unruly, nullis legibus teneri.
To unsaddle, ephippium equo detrahère.
Un saddled, non ephippiatus.
Unsafe, intutus, minime tutus.
Unsafe, periculose.
Unsaid, indictus, minime dictus.
Unsaile, innavigabilis, innabilis.
Unsaleable, non vendibilis.
Unsalted, insulsus.
Unsaluted, insalutatus; inhonotatus.
Unsanctified, non consecratus.
Unsatisfactoriness, status rei satisfactionem minime præbens.
Unsatisfactory, minime satisfaciens.
Unsatisfied, minime contentus.
Unsaucy, insolens.
Unsauciness, insolentia.
Unsaucy, insipidus, insulsus.
To unsay what one has said, recantare, palliodiam canere.
To unscale, desquamare.
Unscaly, sine squamis.
Unscarred, non cicatricibus obductus.
Unscholastic, æteris minime o.
Unschool, § ruditus.
Unscorched, non adustus.

Unscoured, non detergus.
Unscratched, non laceratus.
Unscreened. Vid. *Uncovered*.
Unscriptural, scripturis sacris non innitens.
To unscreeve, cochleam torquendo reficere.
To unseal, resignare.
To unseam, diffundere.
Unsearchable, minime vestigandus.
Unsearchableness, status rei minime vestigandæ.
Unseasonable, intempestivus.
Unseasonableness, intempestas.
Of weather, cœli intemperies.
Unseasonably, intempestive, immature.
Unseasoned, minime salitus.
Unseasoned timber, humida materia.
Unseconded, non adjutus.
Unsecret, infidus.
Unsecure, intutus, minime securus.
Unseduced, non in fraudem illectus.
Unseeming, qui non videtur.
Unseemliness, indecorum.
Unseemly, indecens; indecorus.
It is unseemly, dedecet.
Unseen, invisus, minime visus.
Unselfish, non nimium sui amans.
Unsent for, invocatus, non vocatus.
Unseparated, integer; indiscretus.
Unserviceable, inutilia.
Unserviceableness, inutilitas, incommoditas.
Unserviceably, inutiliter, incommode.
Unset, non satus, sponte natus.
To unsettle, aliquid incertum facere.
Unsettled [instable] instabilis, irregulus. [Not determined] dubius. [As liquor] sæculentus, sæcatus.
Unsettledness, instabilitas, levitas.
Unsevered, individuum.
To unsew, dissuere, resuere.
To unsex, aliquem proprio sexu privare.
To unshackle, a compedibus liberare.
Unshadowed, parum inumbratus.
Unshaken, immotus.
Unshaled, minime decorticatus.
Unshamed, haud rubore perfusus.
Unshamedness, inavercundia, impudentia.
Unshapen, ineffigatus, informis.
Unshared, cujus nemo est particeps.
Unshaved or *unshaven*, intonsus, indetonatus.
To unshenthe, e vagina stringere.
Unshed, non effusus.

Unsheltered, non adjutus v. defensus.
To unship, navem exonerare.
Unshocked, non permotus.
To unshoe, discalceare.
Unshorn, intonsus, iudetonatus, irrasus.
Unshrink, non labascens; intrepidus.
Unshunnable, inevitabilis.
Unshut, apertus, disciusus.
Unshuf, non cribro decussus.
Unsignificance, deformitas, indecorum.
Unsignightly, deformis, sædus.
Unsin, minime sincerus, simulatus.
Unsin, amicitia simulata.
Unsinced, enervis.
Unsinced, minime ustulatus.
Unsin, non subsidens.
Unskanned or *unscanned*, non perpensus.
Unskilled, inexpertus, rudis.
Unskilful, imperitus, inscius, rudis.
Unskilfully, imperite, indocte.
Unskilfulness, imperitia, inactia.
Unslain, non occisus.
Unsleeping, vigilans.
Unslipping, fixus.
Unsmirched, immaculatus.
Unsmoked [as a tobacco-pipe] non exhaustus.
Unsmooth, non lævis; asper.
Unsnared, laqueo expeditus.
Unsociable, insociabilis, ferox, inhumanus.
Unsociably, inurbane.
Unsodden, incoctus.
Unsoiled, immaculatus.
Unsold, non venditus.
Unsoiled, minime ferrumina-
Unsoldierlike, quod militem minime decet.
To unsol, soleam calceo detrahère.
Unsolicted, minime sollicitatus.
Unsollicitous, minime sollicitus.
Unsolid, fluidus.
Unso, non explicatus.
Unso, non commixtus.
Unsorted, non apte distributus.
Unso, minime quæsitus.
Unsound, insanus, corruptus.
Unsound, non exploratus.
Unsoundness, insanitas.
Unsour, non ingenio aspero v. moroso.
Unspared, sine gratiâ v. favore.
Unsparing, minime parcus.
To unspeak. Vid. *To recant*.
Unspeakeable, inenarrabilis, ineffabilis; immemorabilis.
Unspeakeably, inenarrabiliter.
Unspecified, non speciatim denotatus.
Unspent, inconsumptus.
To unsphere, ex orbitibus detrahère.
Unspied. Vid. *Undiscovered*.
Unspilled, non effusus.
To unspr, deprimere.

Unspitted, veru nondum transfixus.
Unspoiled, non spoliatus.
Unspoken of, indictus.
Unspotted, impollutus, intaminatus.
Unspurred, abnormis.
Unstable, instabilis, levis, mobilis.
Unstability, instabilitas, levitas, inconstantia.
Unstained, intaminatus, immaculatus.
Unstanch, non restructus.
To unstale, e gradu dimovere.
Unstatutable, non legibus constans.
Unstayed, levis, inconstans.
Unsteadiness, levitas, inconstantia.
Unsteadily or *unsteadfastly*, leviter, inconstanter.
Unsteadiness, levitas, inconstantia.
Unsteady or *unsteadfast*, incertus, levis.
Unsteeped, non aquâ maceratus.
Unstirred, immotus.
Unstopping, firmus, inflexibilis.
To unstop, aliquid obstructum aperire.
Untrained, facilius.
Unstrengthened, non adjutus.
To unstring a bow, arcum retendere.
Unstruck, non permotus.
Unstrung, retentus, remissus.
Unstudied, non multo studio elaboratus.
Unstuffed, minime refertus.
Unsubduable, indomabilis.
Unsubdued, indomitus, invictus.
Unsubstantial, non sub tactura cadens. Vid. *Unreal*.
Unsuccessful, infelix, sinister.
Unsuccessfully, infelicitate, improspere.
Unsuccessfulness, infelicitas.
Unucked, minime lac præbens.
Unufferable, intolerabilis, impatiibilis.
Unufferably, intolerabiliter.
Unsuitable, unsuited, ineptus, inhabilis.
Unsuited, intaminatus.
Unsung, non decantatus.
Unsun, non soli expositus.
Unsuperfluous, non supervacaneus.
Unsupplanted, non per deum dejectus.
Unsupportably, intolerabiliter.
Unsupported, non sustentatus.
Unsure, incertus, dubius.
Unsurmountable, insuperabilis.
Unsusceptible, hand capax.
Unsuspected, non in suspicionem adductus.
Unsuspecting, unsuspicious, minime suspiciosus.
To unsuave, e fasciis evolvere.
Unsuaved, fasciis evolutus.
Unswayed, minime tractatus.
To unswear. Vid. *To recant*.

To unsweat, refrigerare.
Unsweating, non sudans.
Unsweet, insuavis.
Unswept, non mundatus verrendo.
Unsworn, injuratus.
Untainted, intactus, intaminatus, inviolatus.
Untaken, indeprehensus.
Untalked of, non memoratus.
Untamable, insuperabilis.
Untamed, indomitus, invictus.
To untangle, extricare, expedire.
Untasted [or not tasted] minime gustatus. [*Untouched*] illibatus.
Untaught, indoctus, ineruditus.
To unteach, dedocere.
Unteachable, indocilis, hebes.
Untempted, non illecebris delinatus.
Untenable, qui teneri non potest.
Untervanted, sine inquilino.
Untended, incomitatus.
Untender, insensilis; sevens.
Untendered, non oblatius.
Untented, sine linamento.
Unterrified, intrepidus, imperterritus.
Unthanked, cui gratias non agatur.
Unthankful, ingratus, beneficii inmemor.
Unthankfully, ingrate.
Unthankfulness, ingrati animi crimen.
Unthawed, nondum regelatus.
Unthinking, inconsideratus, temerarius.
Unthought of, inopinatus, inseparratus. *Before*, non ante cogitatus.
Unthreatened, non minus territatus.
An unthrift, prodigus; nepos.
Unthriftily, prodigie.
Unthriftiness, prodigientia, profusio, effusio.
Unthrifty, prodigus, disinctus.
Unthriving, non florens.
To unthrone, de solio deturbare.
To untie, solvere, resolvere.
To untile, tegula nudare.
Until, donec, usque ad, usque dum.
Untilled, incultus, inaratus.
Untimeliness, intempestas, immaturitas.
Untimely [unseasonably] intempestivus. [*Not yet ripe*] immaturus. [*Ripe too soon*] precox.
An untimely birth, abortio.
Untinged, non infectus.
Untired, infatigabilis.
Untitled, sine dignitatis titulo.
Unto, ad, tenus. *Vid. To*.
Untrue [not said] indictus. [*Not numbered*] non numeratus.
To untomb, tumulo erudire.

Untoothsome, insuavis, gustui ingratus.
Untouchable, sub tactum non cadens.
Untouched, intactus, illibatus, indelibatus.
Untoward, contumax, perversus.
Untowardly, contumaciter, proterve.
Untowardness, contumacia, pervicacia.
Untraceable, non vestigandus.
Untraced, sine vestigiis.
Untractable, intractabilis, immanusuetus.
Untractableness, pervicacia.
Untrading, non mercatorum faciens.
Untrained, non eruditus; inexpertus.
Untransferable, quod non transferri potest.
Untransparent, opacus.
Untravelled, nullius vestigiis notatus.
To untread, liadem vestigiis regredi.
Untreasured, non repositus.
Unreatable, intractabilis.
Untried, intentatus, indemnat.
Untrimmed, incomptus, inornatus.
Untrud or *untrudden*, pedibus non calcatus.
Untroubled, imperturbatus.
Untrue, non verus, falsus.
Untrue, falso, false, fallaciter.
To untruss, dischigere. *To untruss a point*, alvum exonerare.
Untrustiness, infidelitas.
Untrusty, infidus, inthelias.
An untruth, commentum, mendacium. *To tell an untruth*, mentiri.
Full of untruths, fabulosus.
To unuck, reclingere.
Untunable, dissonus.
To untune, modulationem turbare.
Unturned, minime versus.
Untutored, minime edoctus.
To untwine or *untwist*, retexere.
Untwisted, retortus, resolutus.
Unvaluable, inestimabilis.
Unvanquishable, indomabilis.
Unvanquished, indomitus, invictus.
Unvaried, immutatus.
Unvarying, qui non variatur.
To unveil, develare; velum detrahère.
Unveiled, aperte.
An unveiling, patefactio.
Unventilated, non ventilatus.
Unversed, imperitus, inexpertus.
Unweezed, minime vexatus.
Unwielded, illiens.
Unwinuous, virtutis experta.
Unwisited, insalutatus.
Ununiform, non unus formæ.

Unvoyageable, non trajiciendus.
Unurged, minime instigatus.
Unused or *unusual*, inusitatus, insuetus.
Unusually, inusitate, inusitato.
Unusualness, raritas, desuetudo.
Unuseful, inutilis, ineptus.
Unusefully, inutiliter.
Unusefulness, inutilitas.
Unutterable, ineffabilis, inenarrabilis.
Unvulnerable. *Vid. Invulnerable*.
Unweakened, non expectectus.
Unwealed, immunitus.
Unwearily, incaute, improvide.
Unwariness, temeritas, imprudentia.
Unweary, incautus, improvidus.
Unwarned, non admonitus.
Unwarrantable, quod minime defendi potest.
Unwarrantably, ita ut defendi nequeat.
Unwarranted, incertus.
Unwashed, illotus, sordidus.
Unwasted, inconsumptus.
Unwasting, non decrescens.
Unwatched, inobservatus, incustoditus.
Unwatered, non rigatus.
Unwaver, indubius.
Unwayed, qui non solet iter facere.
Unweakened, non debilitatus.
Unweaponed, inermis.
Unweariable, infatigabilis, assiduus.
Unwearied, infatigatus, indefessus.
Unweariedly, assidue, diligentissime.
Unweariedness, assiduitas.
To unweary, recreare.
To unweave, retexere.
Unwedded, conjugii exors, exleba.
Unweeded, nondum a noxiis herbis liberatus.
Unweeped or *unwept*, indeploratus.
Unweening, ignarus, inscius.
Unweighed, non perpensus.
Unweighing, inconsideratus, imprudens.
Unwelcome, male acceptus, odiosus, invidus.
Unwel, non humectatus.
Unwholesome, insalubris.
Unwholesomeness of the air, cæli intemperies.
Unwieldily, torpide; inepte.
Unwieldiness, difficultas movendi.
Unwieldy, inhabilis, ineptus.
Unwilling, invitus, nolens. *To be unwilling*, nolle.
Unwillingly, invito gravate.
Unwillingness, repugnantia.
To unwind, retro glomerare.
Unwiped, non deteratus.
Unwise, insipiens, insultus, stolidus.
Unwisely, insipienter, insulæ.

To unwish, optatum spernere.
Unwithdrawing, perpetuo liberalis.
Unwithered, non marcescens.
Uneitnessed, sine testimonio.
Unwittily, infacete.
Unwisitng, imprudens, iacutus.
Unwitting to me, clam me.
Unwittingly, incite, imprudenter, inscienter.
Unwittily, illepidus, infacetos v. infectus.
Unwonted, insolitus, inæuetus.
Unwontedness, insolentia.
Unworking, ignavus, fugiens laborem.
Unworkmanlike, infabre, crasse.
Unworm, nondum gestatus.
Unworm out, non detritus.
Unworshipped, sine cultu.
Unworthily, indigne, immerito.
Unworthiness, indignitas.
Unworthy, indignus, immeritus.
An unworthy action, facinus indignum.
Unwoven, retextus.
Unwound, retro glomeratus.
Unwounded, indistrictus, invulneratus.
To unwrap, evolvère, explicare.
An unwrapping, evolutio.
To unwreath, retrinquere.
Unwrinkled, minime rugatus.
Unwriting, nihil scribens.
Unwritten, inscriptus.
Unwrought, inelaboratus, rudis.
Unwringing, minime contortus.
Unyielded, non deditus.
Unyielding, inflexibilia.
To unyoke, abjungere, dejungere.
Unzoned, disinctus; sine zonâ.
A vocabulary, liber rerum vocabula exhibens.
Vocal, vocalis.
Vocal music, vocum cantus.
Vocality, vocalitas.
To vocalise, vocalem reddere.
Vocally, distincte voces efferendo.
Vocation, vocatio.
Vocative, vocativus. *The vocative case*, vocandi casus v. quintus casus.
Vociferation or a crying out, vociferatio, exclamatio.
Vociferous, clamorans.
Vogue, fama, eximatio.
To be in vogue, invalescere.
A voice [sound emitted by the mouth] vox.
A melodious voice, vox dulcis.
A soft voice, vox submissa.
High or loud, vox contenta.
Low, submissa. *To lower the voice*, vocem deprimere.
One that has a good voice, homo bene vocalis.
A voice [suffrage or vote] suffragium.
To give one's voice or vote, suffragium ferre.

A giving of one's voice, suffragatio.
Of the giving of voices in elections, suffragatorius.
To raise the voice, vocem attollere.
Voiced, voce præditus.
Void [empty] vacuus, in nis. [Of no authority,] irritus.
A void space, inane, vacuum.
To void or go from a place, de loco cedere. [Cast out] egerere. [By stool,] alvum exonerare. *By urine*, mēdre.
By coughing, tussiendo expuere.
To be void, vacare.
To make void, vacuare, inanire.
A law, legem abrogare, antiquare.
Voidable, quod abrogari potest.
Voidance, exinanitio.
A voider [basket] cophinus ad analecta tollenda.
A voiding, excretio; egestio.
Voidness, vacuitas, inanitas.
Volant, volans.
Volatile, volatilis, volaticus.
Volatileness, volatilitas, qualitas rei volaticæ.
To volatilisæ, aliquid volaticum reddere.
A vole.—To win a vole, sibi omnes partes trahere.
Volitation, actus volandi.
Volition, voluntas.
Volitive, ad voluntatem pertineans.
A volley [shout] acclamatio. *Of shot* [for a welcome] salutatio tormentis disposita facta.
Voltied, emissus; dispositus.
Volubility, volubilitas.
Voluble, volubilis, lubricus.
A volume, volumen, toinus, corpus.
A portable volume, manuale.
Voluminous, ex pluribus voluminibus constans.
Voluminously, in multis voluminibus.
Voluntarily, ultro, sponte.
Voluntary, voluntarius, spontaneus.
Volunteers, volones, pl. milites voluntarii.
To volunteer, ultro nomen militum dare.
Voluptuary or voluptuous, voluptarius, voluptuosus.
Voluptuously, luxuriose, jucunde.
Voluptuousness, voluptas, luxuria.
Volutation or a rolling, volutatio.
A vomit, vomitus.
To vomit, vomere. *Again*, revomere. *Often*, vomitare. *Out or up*, evomere, ejicere.
An inclination to vomit, nausea.
To have an inclination to vomit, nauseare.
Ready to vomit, nauseabundus.

A vomiter, vomitor, nauseator.
A vomiting, vomition, vomitio, vomitus.
To cause vomitings, vomitiones concitare.
Pertaining to vomiting, vomitus.
Subject to vomiting, vomicosus.
Vomitive or vomitory, vomitorius.
Voracious, vorax, gulosus.
Voracity, voracitas.
Vortical, circumactus.
A votares, voto obstricta.
A votary, votarist, or humble servant, alicui devotus, addictus.
A votary or one under a vow, voto obstrictus, voti reus.
A vote, suffragium, sententia.
A unanimous vote, assensio universi ordinis.
To vote or give one's vote, suffragium ferre. *By common consent*, consensire. *For*, suffragari. *Against*, refragari.
To assemble the people to give their votes, cum populo agere.
Not to be suffered to give one's vote, de ponte dejici.
To have the most votes, explorare suffragia.
Avoting or a giving of one's vote, suffragatio.
Votive, votivus.
To vouch, asserere, vindicare.
Vid. Avouch.
A voucher, asserter, vindex.
A vouching, astipulatio, assertio.
To vouchsafe, dignari, concedere.
Vouchsafement, beneficium, donum.
A vow, votum, promissum.
To vow, vovere.
To bind by vow, devotare.
A vowel, vocalis littera.
A vowfellow, eodem voto obstrictus.
A vowing, votum, devotio.
A voyage, iter, expeditio. *To go a voyage*, peregrinari, peregre proficisci.
Up [go up] ascende. [Rise up] surge.
Up by the roots, radicitus, funditus.
Up to, tenus, usque ad.
Up and down, sursum deorsum, huc illuc, ultro citroque.
Up hill, acclivis.
To blow up with gunpowder, pulverem nitratu auferre.
Up or upward, sursum.
To upbear, tollere, elevare.
To upbraid, exprobrare, arguere.
An upbraider, exprobrator, m. exprobratrix, f.
An upbraiding, exprobratio.
Upbraidingly, contumeliose.
Upbrought, educatus.
To upgather, se contrahere.
Uphill, difficilis.

To unsweat, refrigerare.
Unsweating, non sudans.
Unsweet, insuavis.
Unswapt, non mundatus verrendo.
Unsworn, injuratus.
Untaken, intactus, intaminatus, inviolatus.
Untaken, inleprehensus.
Untalked of, non memoratus.
Untamable, insuperabilis.
Untamed, indomitus, invictus.
To untangle, extricare, expedire.
Untasted [or not tasted] minime gustatus. [*Untouched*] ilibatus.
Untaught, indoctus, ineruditus.
To untouch, delocere.
Unteachable, indocilis, hebes.
Untempted, non illecebris delinitus.
Untenable, qui teneri non potest.
Untenned, sine inquilino.
Untended, incommittus.
Untender, insensilis; severus.
Untendered, non oblatius.
Untented, sine linamento.
Unterrified, intrepidus, imperterritus.
Unthanked, cui gratias non agatur.
Unthankful, ingratus, beneficii immemor.
Unthankfully, ingrato.
Unthankfulness, ingrati animi crimen.
Unthawed, nondum regelatus.
Unthawing, inconsideratus, temerarius.
Unthought of, inopinatus, insperatus. *Before*, non ante cogitatus.
Unthreatened, non minus territatus.
An unthrift, prodigus; nepos.
Unthriftilly, prodige.
Unthriftiness, prodigientia, profusio, effusio.
Unthrifty, prodigus, disinctus.
Unthriving, non florens.
To unthroned, de solio deturbare.
To untie, solvere, resolvère.
To untile, tegulis nudare.
Until, donec, usque ad, usque dum.
Untilled, incultus, inaratus.
Untimeliness, intempestas, immaturitas.
Untimely [unseasonably] intempestivus. [*Not yet ripe*] immaturus. [*Ripe too soon*] immox.
An untimely birth, abortio.
Untinged, non infectus.
Untired, infatigabilis.
Untitled, sine dignitatis titulo.
Unto, ad, tenus. *Vil. To*.
Untold [not said] indictus. [*Not numbered*] non numeratus.
To untomb, tumulo erudere.

Untoothsome, insuavis, gustui ingratus.
Untouchable, sub tactum non cadens.
Untouched, intactus, ilibatus, indeilatus.
Untoward, contumax, perversus.
Untowardly, contumaciter, proterve.
Untowardness, contumacia, pervicacia.
Untraceable, non vestigandus.
Untraced, sine vestigiis.
Untractable, intractabilis, immanusuetus.
Untractableness, pervicacia.
Untrading, non mercaturam faciens.
Untrained, non eruditus; inexpertus.
Untransferable, quod non transferri potest.
Untransparent, opacus.
Untravelled, nullius vestigiis notatus.
To untread, liadem vestigiis regredi.
Untrasured, non repositus.
Untratable, intractabilis.
Untried, intentatus, indemnatus.
Untrimmed, incomptus, inornatus.
Untrud or *untrudden*, pedibus non calcatus.
Untroubled, imperturbatus.
Untrue, non verus, falsus.
Untruth, falsus, false, fallaciter.
To untruth, disingere. *To untruth* a point, alium exonerare.
Untrustiness, infidelitas.
Untrusty, infidus, infidelis.
An untruth, commentum, mendacium. *To tell an untruth*, mentiri.
Full of untruths, fabulosus.
To unuck, recingere.
Untunable, dissonus.
To untune, modulationem turbare.
Unturned, minime versus.
Untutored, minime edoctus.
To untwine or *untwist*, retexere.
Untwisted, retortus, resolutus.
Unvaluable, inestimabilis.
Unvanquishable, indomabilis.
Unvanquished, indomitus, invictus.
Unvaried, immutatus.
Unvarying, qui non variatur.
To unveil, devehare; velum devaldere.
Unveiledly, aperte.
An unveiling, patefactio.
Unvenilated, non ventilatus.
Unversed, imperitus, inexperitus.
Unrezed, minime vexatus.
Unviolated, illæsus.
Unviruous, virtutis expertus.
Unvisited, inasclutatus.
Ununiform, non unus formæ.

Unvoyageable, non trajiciendus.
Unurged, minime instigatus.
Unused or *unusual*, inusitatus, insuetus.
Unusually, inusitate, inusitato.
Unusualness, raritas, desuetudo.
Unuseful, inutilis, ineptus.
Unusefully, inutiliter.
Unusefulness, inutilitas.
Unutterable, ineffabilis, inenarrabilis.
Unvulnerable. *Vid. Invulnerable*.
Unweakened, non expectatus.
Unwealled, immunitus.
Unwearily, incaute, improvide.
Unweariness, temeritas, imprudentia.
Unwary, incautus, improvidus.
Unworned, non admonitus.
Unwarrantable, quod minime defendi potest.
Unwarrantably, ita ut defendi nequeat.
Unwarranted, incertus.
Unwashed, illotus, sordidus.
Unweasted, inconsumptus.
Unwasting, non decrevens.
Unwatched, inobservatus, incustoditus.
Unwatered, non rigatus.
Unweaving, indubius.
Unwayed, qui non solet iter facere.
Unweakened, non debilitatus.
Unweaponed, inermis.
Unweariable, infatigabilis, assidus.
Unwearied, infatigatus, indefessus.
Unwecariedly, assidue, diligentissime.
Unweariness, assiduitas.
To unweary, recreare.
To unweave, retexere.
Unwedded, conjugii exors, cælebs.
Unweeded, nondum a noxis herbis liberatus.
Unweeped or *unweep*, indeploratus.
Unweening, ignarus, inscius.
Unweighed, non perpensus.
Unweighing, inconsideratus, imprudens.
Unwelcome, male acceptus, odiosus, invidus.
Unwet, non humectatus.
Unwholesome, insanulris.
Unwholesomeness of the air, cæli intemperies.
Unwieldily, torpide; inepte.
Unwieldiness, difficultas moverendi.
Unwieldy, inhabilis, ineptus.
Unwilling, invitatus, volens. *To be unwilling*, nolle.
Unwillin ty, invite gravate.
Unwilliness, repugnantia.
To unwind, retro glomerare.
Unwiped, non deterius.
Unwise, insipiens, insanus, stolidus.
Unwisely, insipienter, insanæ.

To unwish, optatum spernere.
Unwithdrawing, perpetuo liberalis.
Unwithered, non marcescens.
Unwitnessed, sine testimonio.
Unwittily, infacete.
Unwitting, imprudens, incautus.
Unwitting to me, clam me.
Unwittingly, incite, imprudenter, inscienter.
Unwitty, illepidus, infacetus v. inficetus.
Unwonted, insolitus, insuetus.
Unwontedness, insolentia.
Unworking, ignavus, fugiens laborem.
Unworkmanlike, infabre, crasse.
Unworn, nondum gestatus.
Unworn out, non detritus.
Unworshipped, sine cultu.
Unworthy, indigne, immerito.
Unworthiness, indignitas.
Unworthy, indignus, immeritus.
An unworthy action, facinus indignum.
Unwoven, retextus.
Unwound, retro glomeratus.
Unwounded, indistrictus, invulneratus.
To unravel, evolvere, explicare.
An unraveling, evolution.
To unravel, retrahere.
Unwrinkled, minime rugatus.
Unwriting, nihil scribens.
Unwritten, inscriptus.
Unwrought, inelaboratus, rudis.
Unwring, minime contortus.
Unyielded, non deditus.
Unyielding, inflexibilis.
To unyoke, abjungere, dejungere.
Unzoned, distinctus; sine zonâ.
A vocabulary, liber rerum vocabula exhibens.
Vocal, vocalis.
Vocal music, vtrum cantus.
Vocality, vocalitas.
To vocalise, vocalem reddere.
Vocally, distincte voces efferendo.
Vocation, vocatio.
Vocative, vocativus. *The vocative case*, vocandi casus v. quintus casus.
Vociferation or *a crying out*, vociferatio, exclamatio.
Vociferous, clamorans.
Vogue, fama, existimatio.
To be in vogue, invalescere.
A voice [sound emitted by the mouth] vox.
A melodious voice, vox dulcis.
A soft voice, vox submissa.
High or loud, vox contenta.
Low, submissa. *To lower the voice*, vocem deprimere.
One that has a good voice, homo bene vocalis.
A voice [suffrage or vote] suffragium.
To give one's voice or vote, suffragium ferre.

A giving of one's voice, suffragatio.
Of the giving of voices in elections, suffragatorius.
To raise the voice, vocem attollere.
Voiced, voce præditus.
Void [empty] vacuus, in nis. [Of no authority,] irritus.
A void space, inane, vacuum.
To void or go from a place, de loco cedere. [Cst out] egerere. [By stool,] alvum exonerare. *By urine*, mēdre. *By coughing*, tuasiendo expuere.
To be void, vacare.
To make void, vacuare, inapire.
A law, legem abrogare, antiquare.
Voidable, quod abrogari potest.
Voidance, exinanitio.
A voider [basket] cophineus ad analecta tollenda.
A voiding, excretio; egestio.
Voidness, vacuitas, inanitas.
Volant, volans.
Volatile, volatilis, volaticus.
Volatileness, volatilitas, qualitas rei volaticæ.
To volatillise, aliquid volaticum reddere.
A vote.—*To win a vote*, sibi omnes partes trahere.
Volitation, actus volandi.
Volition, voluntas.
Volitive, ad voluntatem pertinens.
A volley [shout] acclamatio. *Of shot* [for a welcome] salutatio tormentis disposita facta.
Volted, emissus; dispositus.
Volubility, volubilitas.
Voluble, volubilis, lubricus.
A volume, volumen, tornus, corpus.
A portable volume, manuale.
Voluminous, ex pluribus voluminibus constans.
Voluminously, in multis voluminibus.
Voluntarily, ultro, sponte.
Voluntary, voluntarius, spontaneus.
Volunteers, volones, pl. milites voluntarii.
To volunteer, ultro nomen militie dare.
Voluptuary or *voluptuous*, voluptarius, voluptuosus.
Voluptuously, luxuriose, jucunde.
Voluptuousness, voluptas, luxuria.
Volutation or *a rolling*, volutatio.
A vomit, vomitus.
To vomit, vomere. *Again*, revomere. *Often*, vomitare. *Out or up*, evomere, ejicere.
An inclination to vomit, nausea.
To have an inclination to vomit, nauseare.
Ready to vomit, nauseabundus.

A vomiter, vomitor, nauseator.
A vomiting, vomition, vomitio, vomitus.
To cause vomitings, vomitiones concitare.
Pertaining to vomiting, vomicus.
Subject to vomiting, vomicosus.
Vomitive or *vomitory*, vomitorius.
Voracious, vorax, gulosus.
Voracity, voracitas.
Vortical, circumactus.
A volareess, vota obstricta.
A votary, votariet, or *humble servant*, alicui devotus, addictus.
A votary or one under a vow, voto obstrictus, voti reus.
A vote, suffragium, sententia.
An unanimous vote, assensio universalis ordinis.
To vote or give one's vote, suffragium ferre. *By common consent*, consensire. *For*, suffragari. *Against*, refragari.
To assemble the people to give their votes, cum populo agere.
Not to be suffered to give one's vote, de ponte deijci.
To have the most votes, explere suffragia.
Avoting or a giving of one's vote, suffragatio.
Votive, votivus.
To vouch, asserere, vindicare. *Vid. Avouch*.
A voucher, assertor, vindex.
A vouching, astipulatio, assertio.
To vouchsafe, dignari, concedere.
Vouchsafement, beneficium, donum.
A vow, votum, promissum.
To vow, vovere.
To bind by vow, devotare.
A vowel, vocalis litera.
A vowfellow, eodem voto obstrictus.
A vowing, votum, devotio.
A voyage, iter, expeditio. *To go a voyage*, peregrinari, peregre proficisci.
Up [go up] ascende. [*Rise up*] surge.
Up by the roots, radicatus, funditus.
Up to, tenus, usque ad.
Up and down, sursum deorsum, huc illuc, ultro citroque.
Up hill, acclivis.
To blow up with gunpowder, pulvere nitrate murdere.
Up or upward, sursum.
To upbear, tollere, elevare.
To upbraid, exprobrare, argutare.
An upbraider, exprobrator, m. exprobratrix, f.
An upbraiding, exprobratio.
Upbraidingly, contumeliose.
Upbrought, educatus.
To upgather, se contrahere.
Uphill, difficilis.

To uphold, condere.
To uphold, sustentare, sustinere.
An upholder, qui sustentat.
An upholsterer, upholsterer, supellectilis fabricator.
An upholding, sustentatio.
Uplands, loca montana.
Uplandish, montanus.
Upon, a, ad, in, super, &c.
To fight upon one's knee, de genu pugnare.
Upon the right or left hand, dextrorsum, sinistrorsum.
Upon my life, dispeream, emoriar, ne vivam, si—
Upon my honour or credit, do fidem ita futurum, meâ fide,
Upper, superior.
Uppermost, supremus, summus.
Uppish, superbus, insolens, ferrox.
To upraise, elevare.
To uprear, tollere, levare.
Upright [in morals] justus, probus, integer. [In posture] arrectus.
Upright dealing, justitia, integritas, æquitas, sinceritas.
Uprightly, integre, æque.
Uprightness, probitas, integritas, sinceritas.
An uprise, ortus.
To uprise, surgere.
An uprising,urrectio.
An uproar, turba, tumultus.
To be in an uproar, tumultuari.
To set all in an uproar, omnia permiscere.
To uproot, eradicare.
To uprouse, excitare, instigare.
The upshot of a matter, rei aliquid eventus.
Upside down, inverso ordine.
An upstart, upspring, terræ filius.
To upstart, prosilire.
To uptake, attollere.
To uptrain, educere.
To upturn, elevare.
Upward, sursum.
With the face upward, supinus, resupinus.
Bending upward, reclinis.
To turn upward, resupinare.
To upwind, convolvere.
Urbanity, urbanitas, comitas.
An urchin [hedgehog] erinaceus.
A sea urchin, erinaceus marinus.
An urchin [dwarf] nanus, pumilio.
The ureter, ureter.
To urge, urgere, adurgere.
Urgency, impulsus; necessitas.
Urgent, importunus, vehemens.
Urgently, importune, vehementer.
An urging, impulsus, incitatio.
An urger, impulsor, stimulator.
A urinal, vas ad urinam excipiendam.
Urinary, urinous, urinarius.
Urine, urina. Difficulty of urine.

stranguria. A too great flux of urine, urinæ profluvium.
Full of urine, urinâ distentus.
To urine, mieri.
An urn, urna.
Usage, usus, consuetudo, assuetudo.
Good or bad usage, benigna v. iniqua aliquem accipiendi ratio.
Tender, indulgentia.
A usager, usuarius.
Double usance, bimestre spatium.
Use [the using of a thing] usus, usurpatio.
To lose the use of one's limbs, membris capi.
A thing convenient or proper for some use, res in usum aliquem apta.
The use or profit of that which is another man's, usufructus.
Use [custom] usus, consuetudo.
After the common use, usitate.
Contrary to the common use, inusitate.
Out of use, exoletus, desuetus, inusitatus.
Use or interest of money, usura, fœnus.
To use [make use of] uti, occupare. Often, usurpare. One's utmost endeavour, sedulo facere; operam dare. [Exercise] exercere. [Treat] tractare, accipere. A person tenderly, molliter aliquem habere. One gently, liberaliter habere [Be wont to do] solere, consuescere. [A tavern or coffee-house] frequentare.
To make use of or have the use of, uti, frui.
To bring into use, morem inducere.
To grow into use, invalere, obthihere. Out of use, desuescere, exolescere.
Want of use, desuetudo.
Much used, usitatus, consuetissimus.
Useful, utilis, necessarius.
Usefulness, utilitas.
Useless, inutilis, vanus.
Useless people in a siege, &c. turba imbellis.
Uselessly, inutiliter.
Uselessness, inanitas.
A user, qui utitur.
A using, usus, usurpatio.
An usher walking before a person, anteambulo, viator. [Sergeant] flector, accensus.
An usher of a school, hypodidascalus.
To usher, introducere.
Usual, usitatus, consuetus.
By usual methods, usitatis rebus.
Usually, usitate, plerumque.
A usufructuary, usufructuarius.
A usurer, fœnerator, m. fœneratrix, f.
Usurious, fœnerator.
To usurp, usurpare; asserere.

Note, Usurp, in English though derived from the Latin word, is always used to denote an unjust using or invading of another's property; but in Latin, it often signifies simply to use.
To usurp another's right, jus alterius invadere v. occupare.
Usurpation, alterius juris ipjusa usurpatio.
A usurper, qui jus alterius inique usurpat.
Usurpingly, sine jure.
Usury, usura, fœnus.
Usury of five in the hundred, usura quincuncialis.
To lend on usury, or to usure, fœnerare, ad usuram locare.
To borrow on usury, fœnerari.
With usury, fœnerato.
Belonging to usury, fœneratorius.
Utensils, utensilia, pl. vasa.
Uterine, uterinus.
Utility, utilitas, commoditas.
Utmost, extremus, summus.
To do one's utmost, pro viribus niti; pro virili conari.
Utter or outer [outward] exterior:
Utter [total] totus, integer.
To utter [speak forth] profari, effari, eloqui. [Sell] vendere.
Utter barristers, licentiatii in jure.
Utterable, quod enuntiari potest.
Utterance, eloquium, dicendi facultas.
Utterance of wares, mercium venditio.
Of good utterance, eloquens, disertus.
An utterer, editor.
An uttering of wares, mercium venditio.
Utterly, penitus, omnino, prorsus.
Uttermost, extremus. Vid. Utmost.
A volcano, mons ignitus.
Vulgar [common] vulgaris, quotidianus. [Mean] humilis, abjectus.
The vulgar, vulgus, plebs.
Vulgarity, mores vulgi.
Vulgarity [commonly] vulgariter. [Meanly] humiliter, abjecte.
Vulnerable, vulneri obnoxius.
Vulnery [healing] ad sanationem utilis.
To vulnerate, vulnerare lædere.
A vulture [bird] vultur.
Of or belonging to a vulture, vulturinus.
The uvula, uvula, columella.
The falling of the uvula, columellæ inflammatio.
Uxorious, uxorius.
Uxoriously, nimio obsequio uxorem.

W

To wobble, motu vacillare.
A wad [bundle] fascis, fasciculus.
Wad [black lead] stibium.
Wadded, pannu suffarctatus.
To waddle, incesu vacillare.
To wade, in aquâ incedere.
Over, per vadum transire.
Wadeable, qui vado transiri potest.
Wading over, per vadum transiens.
A wafer made of meal, crustulum farinarium tenuissimum.
A wafer for sealing letters, crustulum signatorium.
To make a waft at sea, vibrato vexillo auxilium postulare.
To waft or convey, deferre. Or *carry over*, trajicere.
Waft, vectatio.
Wafture, agitatio.
A wag, homo lepidus.
A wag wanton, salaputium.
A wag-tail [bird] motacilla.
To wag, act. agitare, vibrare.
Neut. vacillare, nutare. *The tail*, cervere.
To wage, pignore certare. *Lav.* litigare. *War*, bellum gerere.
A wager, pignus, depositum.
To lay a wager, to *wager*, pignus opponere. *To offer to lay a wager with one*, sponatione aliquem provocare.
Wages, salarium, stipendium. *A mariner's*, naulum. *A soldier's*, stipendium militare. *A year's*, annuum salarium. *A day's*, diarium.
Of wages, stipendiarius.
Waggery, dicacitas.
A wagging, vacillatio, admotio.
Waggish, petulans, procax, lascivus.
Waggishly, petulante, procaciter.
Waggishness or waggery, petulantia, lascivia.
To waggle, vacillare.
A wagon, rheda, essedum, plaustrum. *To carry by wagon*, rheda vehere. *To drive a wagon*, aurigare.
Wagonage, vectura.
A wagoner, auriga, rhedarius.
To wail or lament, lamentari, plorare, des flere, lugere.
Wailful, lugubris.
A wailing, lamentatio, luctus.
With others, compioratio.
A wain, plaustrum. *A wain-load*, vehes. *A wain-driver*, Vtil. *Wagoner*.
To carry by wain, plastro vehere.
Charles's wain, ursa, septentriones, pl.

A wainrope, funis ad plaustrum pertinens.
Wainscot or wainscoting, opus intestinum tabulatum. *To wainscot*, opere intestino tabulare.
The waist, cinctura, media corporis pars.
To wait, or *wait for*, expectare, opperiri. *Upon or serve*, famulari, assectari. *Upon or accompany*, comitari, deducere. *Upon or visit one*, aliquem visitare, invisere. *For day after day*, diem de die expectare.
To lay wait for or lie in wait, insidiari, insidias struere.
A lie in wait, insidiator, m. insidiatrix, f.
Lying in wait, insidiosus, dolosus.
By lying in wait, insidiose; ex insidiis; clanculum.
A lying in wait, insidie, pl.
A waiter, assecla, famulus, minister.
A waiting for, expectatio.
A waiting-man, famulus, pedisequs. *A waiting-woman*, famula, pedisequa.
The waits, spondaule, pl.
Waiveard, morosus, protervus.
Waiveardy, morose, proterve.
Waiveardness, morositas, protervitas.
To wake, act. expergefascere, excitare. *Neut.* expergiaci.
Wakeful, vigil, insomnis.
Wakefully, vigilantiter.
Wakefulness, vigilantia.
A waking all night, pervigillum.
To be awakened, expergefieri.
Wakerobin, arum.
Wakes [country feasts] pagania, pl. ferie rustice.
A walk, ambulacrum, ambulatio.
To walk or take a walk, ambulare, deambulare.
A walker or gadder abroad, ambulator, m. ambulatix, f.
Of walking, ambulatorius, ambulatio.
A walking, ambulatio. *A walking abroad*, deambulatio.
A walking-place, ambulacrum.
A little walking-place, ambulaculum.
A walking about or up and down, obambulatio.
A night-walker, noctuabundus, notivagus.
A walking-staff, scipio.
The wall [of a city] murus. *Fortified*, mœnia, pl. *Of a house*, paries.
The ruins of an old wall, parietina, sc. ruina.
A wall or mound about a place, mœria.
A partition wall, septum transversum. *A brick wall*, paries lateritius. *A mud wall*, paries luteus. *A wall made with laths*, paries cratilius.

Of or belonging to a wall, muralis.
To wall, munire, admonere.
Wall-eyed, glaucomate laborans.
A wallet, mantica, pera.
A walnut or walnut-tree, juglans.
A wallop or lump, bolus.
To wallop or boil, bullire, ebullire.
To wallow, act. volutare. *Neut.* volutari.
A wallowing, volutatio, volutatus.
A wallowing-place, volutabrum.
Wallowingly, volutatum.
Wallowish, insipidus, insulsus.
To wamble [as a pot] bullire, ebullire.
Wan, pallidus, pallens.
To be wan, pallere.
To grow wan, pallescere.
A looking wan, pallor.
A wand, virga, rudis.
To wander, errare, vagari. *About*, oberrare. *From*, aberrare. *Over*, pererrare. *Under*, suberrare. *Up and down* evagari.
A wanderer, erro.
Wandering, errabundus, erraticus, vagus.
Wandering on the hills, montivagus.
Wandering all alone, solivagus.
Wandering about, circumforaneus.
A wandering, erraticus, vagatio.
Through, peragratio.
The wane of the moon; luna decrementum.
The wang teeth, dentes molares.
Wanness, pallor.
Want or wanting [indigence] egestas, inopia. [Deficiency] defectio; desiderium. *Of knowledge*, ignorantia, inscientia. *Of parents, children, &c.* orbitas. *Of money*, pecuniam inopia. *Of corn or provision*, annonam difficultas.
To want or be in want of, act. carere, egere, indigere. *Neut.* deesse, deficere.
In want, egenus.
A want, now obsolete. See *Mole*.
Wanton, lascivus, procax, petulcus.
Somewhat wanton, lascivulus.
To cast a wanton eye at one, aliquem limis oculis obtueri.
Playing the wanton, petulans petulcus.
Wantonly, molliter, effeminate.
Wantonness, lascivia, petulantia.
Wantwit, stultus.
Waped, mæore afflictus.
A wapentake, centuria, wapentagium.
War [hostility] bellum. [*Arms*] arma, pl.

To uphold, condere.

To uphold, sustentare, sustinere.

An upholder, qui sustentat.

An upholder or upholsterer, suppellectilis fabricator.

An upholding, sustentatio.

Uplands, loca montana.

Uplandish, montanus.

Upon, a, ad, in, super, &c.

To fight upon one's knee, de genu pugnare.

Upon the right or left hand, dextrorsum, sinistrorsum.

Upon my life, disperam, emoriar, ne vivam, si—

Upon my honour or credit, do fidem ita futurum, meâ fide.

Upper, superior.

Uppermost, supremus, summus.

Uppish, superbus, insolens, ferrox.

To upraise, elevare.

To uprear, tollere, levare.

Upright [in morals] justus, probus, integer. [In posture] arrectus.

Upright dealing, justitia, integritas, equitas, sinceritas.

Uprightly, integre, reque.

Uprightness, probitas, integritas, sinceritas.

An uprise, ortus.

To uprise, surgere.

An uprising, surrectio.

An uproar, turba, tumultus.

To be in an uproar, tumultuari.

To set all in an uproar, omnia permiscere.

To uproot, eradicare.

To uprouse, excitare, instigare.

The upshot of a matter, rei aliquid eventus.

Upside down, inverso ordine.

An upstart, upspring, terræ filius.

To upstart, prosilire.

To uptake, attollere.

To uptrain, educere.

To upturn, elevare.

Upward, sursum.

With the face upward, supinus, resupinus.

Bending upward, reclinis.

To turn upward, resupinare.

To upwind, convolvere.

Urbanity, urbanitas, comitas.

An urchin [hedghog] erinaceus.

A sea urchin, erinaceus marinus.

An urchin [dwarf] nanus, pumilio.

The ureter, ureter.

To urge, urgere, adurgere.

Urgency, impulsus; necessitas.

Urgent, importunus, vehemens.

Urgently, importune, vehementer.

An urging, impulsus, incitatio.

An urger, impulsor, stimulator.

A urinal, vas ad urinam excipiendum.

Urinary, urinous, urinarious.

Urine, urina. Difficulty of urine,

stranguria. A too great flux of urine, urinæ profluvium.

Full of urine, urinâ distentus.

To urinate, inierere.

An urn, urna.

Usage, usus, consuetudo, assuetudo.

Good or bad usage, benigna v. iniqua aliquem accipiendi ratio.

Tender, indulgentia.

A usager, usuarius.

Double whence, bimestre spatium.

Use [the using of a thing] usus, usurpatio.

To lose the use of one's limbs, membris capi.

A thing convenient or proper for some use, res in usum aliquem apta.

The use or profit of that which is another man's, usufructus.

Use [custom] usus, consuetudo.

After the common use, usitate.

Contrary to the common use, inusitate.

Out of use, exoletus, desuetus, inusitatus.

Use or interest of money, usura, sœnus.

To use [make use of] uti, occupare. Often, usurpare. One's utmost endeavour, sedulo facere; operam dare. [Exercise] exercere. [Treat] tractare, accipere. A person tenderly, molliter aliquem habere. One genteelly, liberaliter habere. [Be wont to do] solere, consuescere. [A tavern or coffee-house] frequentare.

To make use of or have the use of, uti, frui.

To bring into use, morem inducere.

To grow into use, invalere, obtinere. Out of use, desuescere, exolescere.

Want of use, desuetudo.

Much used, usitatus, consuetissimus.

Useful, utilis, necessarius.

Usefulness, utilitas.

Useless, inutilis, vanus.

Useless people in a siege, &c. turba imbellis.

Uselessly, inutiliter.

Uselessness, inanitas.

A user, qui utitur.

A using, usus, usurpatio.

An usher walking before a person, anteambulo, viator. [Serjeant] lictor, accensus.

An usher of a school, hypodidascaulus.

To usher, introducere.

Usual, usitatus, consuetus.

By usual methods, usitatis rebus.

Usually, usitate, plerumque.

A usufructuary, usufructuarius.

A usurer, sœnator, m. sœnatrix, f.

Usurious, sœnator.

To usurp, usurpare; asserere.

Note, *Usurp*, in English though derived from the Latin word, is always used to denote an unjust using or invading of another's property; but in Latin, it often signifies simply to use.

To usurp another's right, jus alterius invadere v. occupare.

Usurpation, alterius juris ipsius usurpatio.

A usurper, qui jus alterius ini que usurpat.

Usurpingly, sine jure.

Usury, usura, sœnus.

Usury of five in the hundred, usura quincuncialis.

To lend on usury, or to usure, sœnare, ad usuram locare.

To borrow on usury, sœnari.

With usury, sœnato.

Belonging to usury, sœnatorius.

Utensils, utensilia, pl. vasa.

Uterine, uterinus.

Utility, utilitas, commoditas.

Utmost, extremus, summus.

To do one's utmost, pro viribus

ulti; pro virili conari.

Utter or outer [outward] exterior.

Utter [total] totus, integer.

To utter [speak forth] profari, effari, eloqui. [Sell] vendere.

Utter barristers, licentiatii in jure.

Utterable, quod enuntiari potest.

Utterance, eloquium, dicendi facultas.

Utterance of wares, mercium venditio.

Of good utterance, eloquens, disertus.

An utterer, editor.

An uttering of wares, mercium venditio.

Utterly, penitus, omnino, prorsus.

Uttermost, extremus. Vid. *Utmost*.

A volcano, mons ignitus.

Vulgar [common] vulgaris, quotidianus. [Mean] humilis, abjectus.

The vulgar, vulgus, plebs.

Vulgarity, mores vulgi.

Vulgarity [commonly] vulgarter. [Meanly] humiliter, abjecte.

Vulnerable, vulnere obnoxius.

Vulnery [healing] ad sanationem utilis.

To vulnerate, vulnerare lædere.

A vulture [bird] vultur.

Of or belonging to a vulture, vulturinus.

The uvula, uvula, columella.

The falling of the uvula, colicæ inflammatio.

Uxorious, uxorius.

Uxoriously, nimio obsequio uxorem.

W

To wobble, motu vacillare.

A wad [bundle] fascis, fasciculus.

Wad [black lead] stibium.

Wadded, panno suffarcinatus.

To waddle, incesu vacillare.

To wade, in aquâ incedere.

Over, per vadum transire.

Wadeable, qui vado transiri potest.

Wading over, per vadum transiens.

A wafer made of meal, crustulum farinarium tenuissimum.

A wafer for sealing letters, crustulum signatorium.

To make a waft at sea, vibrato vexillo auxilium postulare.

To waft or convey, deferre. Or carry over, trajicere.

Waft, vectatio.

Wafure, agitatio.

A wag, homo lepidus.

A wag wanton, salaputium.

A wag-tail [bird] motacilla.

To wag, act. agitare, vibrare.

Neut. vacillare, nutare. The tail, cervere.

To wage, pignore certare. Law,

litigare. War, bellum gerere.

A wager, pignus, depositum.

To lay a wager, to wager, pignus opponere. To offer to lay a wager with one, sponsione aliquem provocare.

Wages, salarium, stipendium.

A mariner's, nautum. A soldier's, stipendium militare. A

year's, annuum salarium. A day's, diarium.

Of wages, stipendiarius.

Waggery, dicacitas.

A wagging, vacillatio, admotio.

Waggish, petulans, procax, lascivus.

Waggishly, petulanter, procaciter.

Waggishness or waggery, petulantia, lascivia.

To waggle, vacillare.

A wagon, rheda, essedum, plaustrum. To carry by wagon, rhedâ vehere. To drive a wagon, aurigare.

Wagonage, vectura.

A wagoner, auriga, rhedarius.

To wail or lament, lamentari, plorare, deferre, lugere.

Wailful, lugubris.

A wailing, lamentatio, luctus.

With others, compioratio.

A wain, plaustrum. A wain-load, vehes. A wain-driver, Vid. Wagoner.

To carry by wain, plauastro vehere.

Charles's wain, ursæ, septentrionis, pl.

A wainrope, funis ad plaustrum pertinens.

Wainscot or wainscoting, opus luteumque tabulatum. To wainscot, opere intestino tabulare.

The waist, ciuctura, media corporis pars.

To wait, or wait for, expectare, opperiri. Upon or serve, famulari, assectari. Upon or accompany, comitari, deducere. Upon or visit one, aliquem visitare, invisere. For day after day, diem de die expectare.

To lay wait for or lie in wait, insidiari, insidias struere.

A liar in wait, insidiator, m. insidiatrix, f.

Lying in wait, insidiosus, dolosus.

By lying in wait, insidiose; ex insidiis; clanculum.

A lying in wait, insidiæ, pl.

A waiter, assecla, famulus, minister.

A waiting for, expectatio.

A waiting-man, famulus, pedisequus. A waiting-woman, famula, pedisequa.

The waits, spondaulæ, pl.

Wainward, morosus, protervus.

Wainwardly, morose, proterve.

Wainwardness, morositas, protervitas.

To wake, act. expergefacerè, excitare. Neut. expergisci.

Wakeful, vigil, insomnis.

Wakefully, vigilanter.

Wakefulness, vigilantia.

A waking all night, pervigilium. To be awakened, expergefieri.

Wakerobin, arum.

Wakes [country feasts] paganalia, pl. feræ rusticæ.

A walk, ambulacrum, ambulatio.

To walk or take a walk, ambulare, deambulare.

A walker or gadder abroad, ambulator, m. ambulatrix, f.

Of walking, ambulatorius, ambulatilis.

A walking, ambulatio. A walking abroad, deambulatio.

A walking-place, ambulacrum.

A little walking-place, ambulatuncula.

A walking about or up and down, obambulatio.

A night-walker, noctuabundus, notivagus.

A walking-staff, scipio.

The wall [of a city] murus. Fortified, mœnia, pl. Of a house, paries.

The ruins of an old wall, parietina, sc. ruina.

A wall or mound about a place, mœria.

A partition wall, septum transversum. A brick wall, paries lateritius. A mud wall, paries luteus. A wall made with laths, paries cratidus.

Of or belonging to a wall, muralis.

To wall, munire, admœnare. Wall-eyed, glaucomata laborans.

A wallet, mantica, pera.

A walnut or walnut-tree, juglans.

A wallop or lump, bolus.

To wallop or boil, bullire, ebullire.

To wallow, act. volutare. Neut. volutari.

A wallowing, volutatio, volutatus.

A wallowing-place, volutabrum. Wallowingly, volutativum.

Wallowish, insipidus, insulsus.

To wamble [as a pot] bullire, ebullire.

Wan, pallidus, pallens.

To be wan, pallere.

To grow wan, pallescere.

A looking wan, pallor.

A wand, virga, rudis.

To wander, errare, vagari. About, oberrare. From, aberrare. Over, pererrare. Under, suberrare. Up and down, evagari.

A wanderer, erro.

Wandering, errabundus, erraticus, vagus.

Wandering on the hills, montivagus.

Wandering all alone, solivagus.

Wandering about, circumforaneus.

A wandering, erraticus, vagatio.

Through, peragratio.

The wane of the moon, lunæ decrementum.

The wang teeth, dentes molares.

Wantness, pallor.

Want or pining [indigence] egestas, inopia. [Deficiency] defectio; desiderium. Of knowledge, ignorantia, inscientia.

Of parents, children, &c. orbitas. Of money, pecuniæ inopia. Of corn or provision, annonæ difficultas.

To want or be in want of, act. carere, egere, indigere. Neut. deesse, deficere.

In want, egenus.

A want, now obsolete. See Mole.

Wanton, lascivus, procax, petulcus.

Somewhat wanton, lascivulus.

To cast a wanton eye at one, aliquem limis oculis obtueri.

Playing the wanton, petulans, petulcus.

Wantonly, molliter, effeminate.

Wantonness, lascivia, petulantia.

Wantwit, stultus.

Waped, marore afflictus.

A wapentake, centuria, wapentagium.

War [hostility] bellum. [Arms] arma, pl.

The art of war, res militaria.
Civil war, bellum civile v. intestine.
Open war, Mars aperta.
Mortal war, bellum interuicinium.
A naval war, bellum nauale.

Warring or belonging to war, bellicus, bellicosus.

A war-horse, equus bellicus.

A man of war or a military man, bellator, homo bellicosus.

A man of war [ship] navis longa.

To war or make war, bellum gerere.
To make war upon one, bellum alicui inferre.

To declare or proclaim, indicere.
To foment or stir up, commovere.

To undertake a war, suscipere.
To finish or put an end to, conficere.

To learn the art of war, rem militarem discere.
To serve out one's time in the wars, stipendia conficere.

To serve in war, militare, merere.
To raise forces for war, milites conscribere.

To make an offensive war, bellum ultro inferre.
To make a defensive war, bellum illatum defendere.

To carry on the war with vigour, omni studio ad bellum incumbere.

Warfare, militia, bellum.
A warrior, bellator, proliator, miles.

To warble, modulari.
A warbler, modulator.

Warbling, canorus, garrulus.
A warbling, modulatio.

A ward or guard, custodia.
A ward in a city, regio, curia.

Of the same ward, tribulis.
Ward by ward, tributim.

A ward or young person under ward, pupillus, m. pupilla, f.

Of or belonging to one under ward, pupillaris.

To be under ward, in tutelâ esse.
Nonage or the time a young person is under ward, anni pupillares.

A wardship, tutela.
Belonging to a wardship, tutelaris.

The ward of a lock, serræ ferramentum clathrata.

To ward, custodire, tueri.
Against a thing ab aliquâ re cavere.
Off a blow, ictum depellere.

A warden, custos.
Of the ports, portuum custos.
Of the Cinque ports, guardianus quinque portuum.
Of the Fleet prison, guardianus prisonæ domini regis de Fleet.

A church-warden, ædituus, sacrorum custos.

A warden-pear, pyrum volenum.

A warder, vigil.
A wardrobe, vestiarius.

The keeper of the king's wardrobe, vestium regiarum custos

præcipuus.
A yeoman of the wardrobe, vestiarius.
The master of the king's wardrobe, vestiarii regii præfectus.

A wardmote, regionis urbanae conventus.

Ware, merx, merclmonium.
China-ware, vasa fictilia Sineasica.
Earthen, vasa fictilia.

Cutlers, instrumenta culttraria.
Turners, vasa toruata.

One that sells wares, tabernarius.
A warehouse, repositorium, receptaculum.

A warehouse-keeper, repositorii custos.

Wary [cautious] cautus, circumspectus.
[Thriftily] parcus, frugalis.

To be wary, cavere, providere.
Warily, caute, circumspecte, provide.

Wariness, cautio, providentia, prudentia.

Warlike, bellicus, bellicosus, pugnaux.

Warm [tepid] calidus. [Ardent] ardens, acer.
Lukewarm, tepidus.

To warm or make warm, calefacere, tepefacere.
To be made warm, tepefieri.
To be warm, calere.
To grow warm, calefcere.

A warming, calefactio.
Warmly [tepidly] calide, tepide.
[Ardently] ardentem, acriter, vehementer.

Warmness or warmth, calor, tepor.

To warn, monere, admonere.
Privately, monuere. Beforehand, præmonere.
To appear, citare, accessere.

A warner, monitor, admonitor.
A warning, monitio, monitus.

To give fair warning, probe aliquem monere.

The warning of a clock, horæ instantis signum.

The warp of cloth, panni stamen.
A warp [sea-term] helcium.

To warp a woof, telam ordiri.
To warp or be warped [as wood] curvari, contrahi.

A warping [as wood] curvatio, incurvatio.

A warrant, præceptum, mandatum.

A justice's warrant, pacis curatoris mandatum.

To serve a warrant, aliquem comprehendere; manum alicui injicere.

To warrant, securum præstare.
To warrant [in law] sdsjubere.

I warrant you [in an ironical or expletive sense] credo, scilicet.

Warrantable, legitimus.
Unwarrantable or not warrantable, illegitimus.

Warrantably, ita ut defendi possit.

A warranter, auctor, stipulator.

A warranting, warrantise, or warranty, auctoritas, stipulatio.

A warren, vivarium.
A warren of hares, leporarium.

A warren or warren-keeper vivarii custos.

A wart, verruca. A little wart verrucula.

Warty or full of warts, verrucosus.

Wart-wort [herb] verrucaria.

A wash, compositio ad aliquid lavandum.

Wash or hog's wash, sorbitis suilla.

A wash or marsh, æstuarium.
To wash, lavare, luere.
Or flow near to, alluere.
All about, circumluere.
Away or off, abluere, eluere.
Between, interluere.
All over, proluere.
Or gargle the mouth and throat gargarizare.

Not washed, illotus, immundus.
A washer, lotor.

A washing, lotio, lotura.
Away ablutio.

A washing or gargling the mouth or throat, gargarizatio.

A washing-place or wash-house lavatrina.

A wash-ball, smegma. A wash-bowl, labrum.

Washy, humidus; infirmus.
A wasp, vespa.

Waspish, morosus, perversax.
Waspishly, morose, perverse.

Waspishness, morositas, perversitas.

A waspsail [drunken bout] compositio. [Liquor made of ale, apples, sugar, &c.] cerevisia pomorum succo et saccharo condita.

A wasailer, bibax.
Waste [ravage] spoliatio, vastatio. [Loss] damnum, detrimentum.

The waste or waist of the body media corporis pars.

Waste [useless] inutilis.
A waste place or common, solitudo.

Waste or loose papers, adversaria, pl.

To waste or lay waste, vastare, devastare, spoliare, despoliare.
Or spend, consumere, conficere.
Riotously, prodigere, nepotari.
Consume, contabescere. [Consume or pine away] tabescere, marcescere.

Wasteful, profusus, effusus, prodigus.

Wastelessly, profuse, effuse.
Wastefulness, profusio, effusio.

A waster or spoiler, vastator, spoliator.
Or riotous spender, prodigus; nepos.

Wasting or pining away, tabescens, marcescens.

A wasting or pining away, tabes.
A prodigal wasting, profusio, effusio.

A wasting, vastatio, spoliatio.

Wastrel, ager incultus.

A watch, horarium manuale, horologium automatum loculo portandum.

A watch-maker, horarii manualis fabricator.

To put a watch out of order, horarii manualis motum turbare.

Watch and ward or nightly watch, excubiæ, pl. custodia nocturnæ.

To watch or guard, vigilare, excubare. Carelessly, vigilias obire negligenter. Diligently, diligenter vigilias obire. Observe, observare, explorare. For or seek, aucupari. For an opportunity, occasionem querere. All night, pervigilare. And ward or keep watch and ward, advigilare; excubias agere; in statione esse; custodire. Carelessly, vigilias obire negligenter. Diligently, diligenter.

A watcher [observer] observator. [One who keeps watch] evigilator.

Watchful, vigil, vigilax.

Watchfully, vigilantiter.

Watchfulness, vigilantia.

Watching or being on the watch, in excubiis stans.

Watching all night, pernox: All day, perdius.

A watching or observing, observatio.

A watching all night, pervigilatio, pervigilium.

A watching and warding, excubatio.

A watch-candle, lucerna lucubratoria.

A watch-house, excubitorium statio.

A watch-man, excubitor, vigil.

A watch-tower, specula, pharus.

A watch-word, tessera, symbolum.

To give the watch-word, symbolum transmittere.

Water, aqua.

A water or river, amnis, fluvius, flumen. A little water, aquula.

A fall of water, cataracta v. cataractes.

Holy water, aqua lustralis. Cistern-water, aqua cisternine. Cordial, aquæ cordis auxilia conferentes. Medicinal, aquæ medicatæ. To drink medicinal waters, aquas medicatas potare.

Living in water, aquatilis.

A creature living by water and land, anceps bestia; amphibium.

Of water, aquaticus, aquatilis.

Rain-water, aqua pluvia, pluvialis, v. celestis. River, fluvialis. Running, viva, fluens. Salt or sea, salum, aqua salina v. marina. Snow, aqua nivalis. Spring, latex. Mineral, per venas metalli fluens. Well, aqua puteana. Dead, profunda.

The springing of water, scatebra, scaturigo.

A standing water, stagnum, lacus.

High water, plenus maris æstus. Low water, maris recessus v. refluxus.

To take or let in water, perfluere, rimis fatescere.

To water, rigare, irrigare, humectare.

To raise water, aquam in altum locum profunderè.

To make water, melire.

To drive cattle to water, pecora aquatum agere.

To water or go to take in fresh water [sea-term] aquatum ire.

To water or provide water, aquari.

A taking in of fresh water, aquatio.

A water-bailiff, aquarius.

A water-bank, ripa.

A water-bearer, aquator.

A water-beetle, scarabæus, aquaticus.

A water-man, remex. The waterman's trade, navicularia ars.

A water-work, artificiosus fons dissilientis aque.

A waterer, qui irrigat v. aquâ conspergit.

A watering. [a moistening with water] rigatio, irrigatio. Or a steeping in water, in aquâ maceratio.

Watery or watery, aqueus, aquatilis.

Waterishness, wateriness, aquæ abundantia. Of blood, sanguinis serum.

A wattle or hurdle, crates.

To wattle or cover with hurdles, cratire.

To wattle or make wattles, vimina contextere.

The wattles or ruddles of a cock, galli gallinacei paleæ.

A wave, fluctus, unda. A great wave, fluctus decumanus. A little wave, undula.

To waive [sea-term] navem signo aliquo advocare. Up and down, fluctuare, vacillare.

To toss up and down, agitare, jactare. One's hat, galerum agitare. Or omit an argument, argumentum prætermittere.

An offering, aliquid Deo oblatum agitare.

Wave-offerings, dona agitationis.

To waver [move to and fro]

tremere, vacillare. [Doubt in mind] ambigere, dubitare.

A waverer, instabilis.

Wavering [moving to and fro] tremulus, vacillans. Wavering in mind, animi ambiguus.

A wavering [a moving to and fro] vacillatio. [A doubting] dubitatio, hæsitatio.

Waveringly [doubtfully] ambigue, dubie, incerte.

Full of waves or rising up in waves, undosus, fluctuosus.

Like waves or after the manner of waves, undatim.

A waving or tossing up and down, agitatio, jactatio.

A waving or omitting, omissio, prætermissio.

To wawl [howl] caurire. [To howl] clamare, vociferare.

Wawmish, nauseans, nauseabundus.

Wax, cera. A little wax, cerula. Ear-wax, aurium cera.

Red, rubra. Sealing, sigillaris. White, candida. Yellow, flava.

Of or belonging to wax, cereus. Covered with wax, ceratus.

Of a wax colour, cerinus.

To make or mould wax, ceram facere.

Wax-work, ceræ figura.

To make a thing in wax-work, aliquid cerâ effigere.

To wax or do over with wax, cerare.

To wax [grow] crescere. Or become, fieri. Fat, pinguescere. Old, canere, canescere.

A waxing or increasing, incrementum, augmentum.

A way [road] via, iter. [Passage] aditus, meatus.

By the way or by the by, obiter, casu.

By the way or in the journey, in viâ.

In the way, obviam, obvius.

A beaten way, callis. A broad way, platea. A by-way, diverticulum. A foot-way, semita.

A horse-way, actus. A high or public-way, via regia, publica. A rough way, via salebrosa.

A little way off, haud procul.

A great way off, longe.

A cross way, via transversa, trames. A direct, recta. A deep, alta. A dusty, pulverulenta. A good, bona. A bad, interrupta. A jolting, jactans.

A ready, expedita. A nearer, brevior v. compendiaris.

By way of recreation, animi laxandi causa.

One's way of life, vitæ consuetudo.

Both ways, in utramque partem. A way [manner] ratio, modus.

This way, hæc [viâ.]

That way, illæ [viâ.]

Every way, quâquaversum v. quâquaversus.

Which way soever, quâcunque, quoquo.

A long way about, dispendium, circuitus.

Another way, allo.

Out of the way, avius, devius.

To be, go, turn, or wander out of the way, aberrare; de viâ rectâ decedere.

To go, one's way, abire, discedere.

To give way, cedere.

To make one's way through a crowd, dimovere turbam.

To show the way to a person, viam alicui monstrare.

To set in the way, in viam ducere.

To bring one on his way, aliquem deducere.

A setting in the way, in viam deductio.

To way-lay a person, insidiari, insidias alicui struere.

A way-layer, insidiator.

Leading the way, praevis.

Lying in the middle way, intermedius.

Many ways or after many ways, multifariam, multifarie.

Two manner of ways, bifariam.

Three, trifariam. All manner of ways, omnino.

A wayfaring man or wayfarer, viator.

Of a wayfaring man, viatorius.

Wayless, avius.

Wayward, morosus, protervus.

Waywardly, proterve.

Waywardness, protervitas.

Weak, debilis, infirmus, imbellis.

Weak in judgment, fatuus, fatidilis.

To be weak, languere, elanguere.

To weaken or make weak, debilitare, infirmare.

A weakening, debilitatio, infirmatio.

A weakling, debilis.

Weakly [adj.] debilis, infirmus.

Vid. Weak. Ado. infirme, imbecilliter.

Weakness, debilitas, imbecillitas, infirmitas.

Of constitution, valetudinis infirmitas. Of age, etatis imbecillitas. Of courage, animi debilitatio. Of mind, mentis debilitas.

Weak side, defectus.

A weal, vibex.

Weal or wealth, divitiæ, pl. res.

A commonwealth, respublica, democratia.

The commonwealth or public state of a nation, publicarum rerum status.

A good commonwealthsman or a person studious of the public weelfare, rerum publicarum studiosus. A lover of popular

government, democraticus. [A factious person] seditiosus.

Wealthy, opulenter, laute.

Wealthiness, opulentia; divitiæ, pl.

Wealthy, opulentus, beatus; dives, locuples.

To wean, a lacte depellere. One's self from pleasure, a voluptatibus abstinere.

A weaning, a lacte depulsio.

A weapon, telum.

Weapons, arma, pl. tela.

To provide with weapons, armare; armis instruere. To despoil of weapons, exarmare.

Bearing weapons, telifer.

Weaponless, inermis, inermus.

A wear or floodgate, emissarium, cataracta.

A wear for catching fish, piscium excipulum.

To wear away or wear out, terere, deterere, conficere.

Clothes, vestiri, vestes gerere. Away or be worn out, deteri.

decrescere. [In flesh] labescere, macrescere. Out land, agrum defatigare. Out of use, desuescere. Out of mind, e memoria excidere.

A wearer, tritor.

Not wearied, indefessus.

That cannot be wearied, indefatigabilis.

Weariness, lassitudo, fatigatio.

Wearing [dress] vestimentum.

A wearing away, attritus.

A wearing out of use, desuetudo.

Wearisome, molestus, laboriosus.

Wearisomely, moleste, graviter.

Wearisomeness or weariness [lonthomness] tedium, fastidium.

Weary, fessus, lassus.

To be weary, defetisci, defatigari.

To grow weary, lassescere, languescere.

To make weary, lassare, fatigare. With words, tedio enecare.

Weary of, pertæus.

Somewhat weary, lassulus.

A wearying, fatigatio.

The weasand, gurgulio.

A weasel, mustela.

Weather, tempestas, aer, cæli temperies. Changeable, varians. Fair or fine, apricitas, cælum serenum. Bad or foul, cæli intempestas. Dark, gloomy, tempus nubilum.

Open and moist, tempestus humida et calida. Raw, frigida et nubila. Clear, tempestas serena. Drizzling, cælum pluviale. Louring, nubilum. Fine growing, tempestas ad fruges producendas ilouea. Rainy, aquatic. Dry, aritudo.

It becomes fair weather, disce-reuat.

Seasonableness of weather, cæli temperies anni tempori accommodata. Unseasonableness of weather, cæli intempestas.

To weather or double a cape, obliquo cursu promontorium præternavigare.

A fleet sore weather-beaten, classis tempestata acta.

To weather a storm [to ride out a tempest at sea] eluctari.

[Bear up against any severe trial] pericula magno animæ sustinere.

A weather-glass, weather-gage or weather-wiser, instrumentum philosophicum aeris temperamentum ostendens.

A weather-cock, triton.

A weather-epy, astrologus.

Weather-wise, tempestatis factor præcius.

To weave, texere, telam ordiri. Together, contextere. Throughout or to the end, pertexere.

Unto or with, attexere.

A weaving, textura. Together, contextura.

A weaver, textor, m. textrix, f. A linen-weaver, textor linarius. A silk-weaver, textor sericarius. The weaver's trade, texendi ars. A weaver's shop, textrina. A weaver's beam, jugum textorium. Shuttle, radius textorius. Slay, pecten textorius.

A weaver fish, araneus piscis. A web [weil] tela.

A cob-web, aranea.

A web in the eye, oculi suffusio.

Webbed, web-footed, palmipes.

A webster, or weaver, textor.

To wed, matrimonium contrahere. [As a man] uxorem ducere. [As a woman] nubere.

To be wedded, matrimonio conjugungi.

Wedded to his own will, obstinatus, refractarius.

A wedding, nuptiæ, pl. conjugium.

Of a wedding, nuptialis, conjugalis.

A wedding-day, dies nuptialis.

A wedding-su: per, cana nuptialis. A wedding-garment, vestitus nuptialis. A wedding ring, annulus pronubus.

A wedding song, thalassio.

Wedlock, matrimonium, conjugium.

A wedge, cuneus. A little wedge, cuneolus. A wedge of metal, metalli massa.

To make in the form of a wedge, cuneare.

In form of a wedge, cuneusim. Made like a wedge, cuneatus.

To wedge or thrust in, vi per rumpere.

Wednesday, dies Mercurii, feria quarta.

A weed or useless herb, herba ignobilis, inutilis, noxia.
Sea-weed, alga.
A weed or weeds [dress or garment] habitus, vestis. **Weeds or mourning apparel**, vestis lugubris, atra, pulla. **A friar's weed**, habitus monachi.
To weed [clear of weeds] sarculari, exherbare. **With a weeding-hook**, runcare, eruncare.
Weeded, weedless, a noxis herbis liberatus.
A weeder, sarritor, runcator.
A weeding, sarritura v. sartura.
Weeding again, resarriens.
A weeding-hook, sarculum.
Weedy, algosus.
A week [the space of seven days] hebdomada v. hebdomas.
Passion week, sabbatum magnum.
A worker by the week, mercenarius in hebdomadas singulas conductus.
A week-day, dies profestus.
Weekly, singulis hebdomadis.
To ween [old word signifying to think or suppose] autumnare, opinari.
To weep, lacrymare v. lacrymari, plorare, flere. **Like a woman**, se lamentis muliebritter dedere. **For**, desere, deplorare. **Greatly**, in lacrymas solvi. **Together**, collacrymare, complorare.
To make one weep, lacrymas allici elicere.
Ready to weep, lacrymabundus.
A weeper, plorator.
Weeping much, lacrymosus.
Weepingly, lacrymose.
A weevil [insect] curculio.
A weft [stray beast] bestia erratica.
A weif of cheese, casei pondus continens libras 256.
To weigh, pendere, ponderare, librare. [Consider] æstimare, examinare, pensare. **With the hand**, manu ponderare, neut. pendere. **Down or weigh more**, præponderare, degradare. **Or sink down**, deprimere. **Up** [with an engine] tollere, levare.
A weigher, pensator, libror.
A weighing, ponderatio. [Considering] pensatio.
A weighing down, oppressio.
A weight, pondus.
Even weight, æquilibrium.
A great weight, moles.
Weight [influence] auctoritas.
A matter of weight, aliquid magni momenti v. ponderis.
A little weight, pondusculum.
Over-weight, additamentum, auctarium.
Weightily, graviter.
Weightiness, gravitas.

A pair of weights, trutina.
Money-weights, trutina monetaria.
Weighty, gravis, ponderosus, onerosus.
Somewhat weighty, graviusculus.
To grow weighty, gravescere.
To be more weighty, præponderare, degradare.
To grow more weighty, ingravescere.
To make weighty, aggravare.
A Welchman, Cambro-Britannus.
Welcome, gratus, optatus; jucundus.
To welcome, gratulari, congratulari, liberaliter aliquem accipere.
Welcomeness, gratia, suavititas.
A welcomer, qui gratulatur.
Welcoming, gratulans, gratulabundus.
A welcoming, gratulatio.
Welfare, salus, incolumitas.
The welkin [old word for sky] æther, cælum.
Well, bene, recte, probe, belle.
Exceeding well, imprimis bene.
Well! age!
Well in health, sanus, validus.
To be well in health, valere, bene se habere; secundâ valetudine frui.
Well in years, ætate proventus.
Well to pass, opulentus, dives.
All in well, salva res est.
Well then [in transitions] age, age vero, agesis vero.
As well, tam, æque.
Well a day! eheu! heu! hoil!
Well advised, consilius.
Well attending, attentus.
Well done! euge! belle!
To well, scaturire.
To live well or be well to pass, opibus satis abundare. **Fare well**, epulare epulari, dapibus epiparis pasci.
To grow well again, revallescere.
To consult well for the public good, in commune consulere.
To take a thing well, æqui bonique consulere.
A well, puteus. **A little well**, fonticulus.
Of a well, putealis, puteanus.
The cover of a well, puteal.
A well-digger, putearius.
A well-head or well-spring, scaturigo.
To sink or dig a well, puteum fodire.
The well of a garment, vestis limbus. **Of a shoe**, calcei lacina.
To welt a thing, allicujus rei oram limbo prætexere.
To welter, volutari, se volutare.
A weltering, volutatio.
The worm or womb [the paunch] abdomen.
A wen, Struma.

Wens under the throat, scrofulæ, pl.
Full of wens, wenny, strumosus.
A wench [young woman] puella. [Maid servant] ancilla. **Young wench**, virguncula, puellula. **A singing wench**, siličina.
To wench, scortari, lustra ire quantare.
A wench, scortator.
To weni, ire, vadere.
To be wept for, flebilis, plorabilis.
Were it not that, nisi; si.
As it were, quasi, ceu, tanquam.
The west, occidentis, occasus.
Westerling, occidentalis.
Western or westerly, occidentalis, occiduus.
Westward, occidentem versus.
Wet, humidus, madidus, uliginosus.
To wet, madidare, madefacere.
To begin to be wet, humescere, madescere.
To be wet, madere, demadere.
To be thorough wet, permadere.
To be wet with dew, rorescere.
Wet or wetness, humor.
A wepher [sheep] vervex. **A bell-wether**, vervex sectarius.
Wether-mutton, caro vervecæ.
Of a wether, vervecus.
Wetlish or somewhat wet, humidus, subhumidus.
A whale, balæna, cetus. **A whale-bone**, os cetaceum.
Whaly or wealy, vario colore distinctus.
A wharf, fluminis portus.
Wharfage, portorium.
Free wharfage, immunitas a portorio.
A wharfinger, portus custos.
What, qui, quia, qualis.
What manner of, cujus modî.
What manner of man, qualis.
What countryman, cujus.
What [in number or order] quotusquinque.
Whatssoever, quicumque, qualiscunque, qualis qualis.
To what place, quo. **To what place soever**, quocunque, quâcunque.
In what place, ubi. **In what place soever**, ubicunque.
By what place, quâ.
By what means soever, quibuscunque modis.
At what time, quando. **At what time soever**, quandocunque.
For what cause? I quam ob rem? quâ de re?
A wheel or weal, pustula, pustula. **A little wheel or pimple**, papula, pustula: tuberculum.
Full of wheals, pustulatus.
Wheat, triticum. **Buck**, tragus.
Wheat, triticum. **Buck**, tragus.
Indian, Indicum. **White**, sili-go apicâ mitis.
Wheaten or belonging to wheat, triticus.

Wheat-flour, pollen.
Of fine wheat flour, siligineus.
To wheedle, illicere, pellicere, allicere, blandiri.
A wheedler, delinitor; sycophanta.
Wheeding, pellax, blandiloquus.
A wheedling, blanditia, blandimentum.
A wheel, rota. *A little*, rotula.
A spinning, nendo filo accommodata. *A turner's or lathe*, tornus: *For torture*, equuleus. *A potter's*, rota figuraris. *The wheel of a pulley*, trochlea.
To break upon the wheel, in rotâ strati membra ferreo vecte contundere.
To turn a wheel, torquere.
To work with a turner's wheel, tornare.
To wheel about, circumagere.
A wheelwright or wheeler, faber rotarum.
A wheeling, rotatio. *Round*, circumactio.
Wheely, rotundus.
To wheeze, irrauescere, spiritum streperum edere.
Wheezing, asthmaticus.
A wheezing, ravis.
A wheel, papula, pustula.
To wheel, tegere, cooperire.
A whelp, catulus, catellus. *A lion's whelp*, scymnus.
Of a whelp, catulinus.
To whelp, catulos parere.
To cry like a whelp, gaudicare.
When? quando?
When, quando, cum, quum, ubi.
Just when, simul ac, cum primum.
When as, quum, quando.
Whensoever, quancumque, quousque tempore.
Whence, unde, ex quo.
Whensoever, undecumque.
Whence you will, undelibet.
Where, ubi, ubinam.
Whereas, cum, quod.
Whereabout or whereabouts, ubi, ubi loci.
Whereat [at which] quo, ad quod.
Whereby, quo, per quod.
Where ever, ubicumque, ubi ubi.
Wherein, in quo.
Whereinto, in quod, in quæ.
Whereof, cuius, quorum, &c.
Whereon, super quod, in quo.
Whersoever, ubicumque, ubi ubi.
Whereto or whereunto, ad quod.
Whereupon, unde, inde.
Wherewith or wherewithal, quo, quibus.
Everywhere, passim, ubique.
No where, nullibi, nusquam.
Wherefore, cur, quare, quamobrem, &c.
Where is of late frequently, but

improperly, used instead of
Whither. Except *Wherefore*, the compounds of this adverb are nearly obsolete.
A wherret, alapha, colaphus.
A wherry, scapha, cymba.
Whether, seu, sive, utrum, an, anue.
Whether of the two, uter.
A whet, incitamentum.
To whet, acuire, exacuire.
A whetstone, cos. *A little*, cotacula.
A whetter, qui acuit.
A whetting, exacutio.
Whey, serum lactis.
Whey-coloured, albidus.
Wheyish, serosus.
Which, quis, uter.
Which [a relative] qui, quæ, quod.
Which way, quâ [viâ].
Which way soever, quocumque, quomodocumque.
A whiff, halitus, flatus.
To whistle [waver] vacillare, herere. Or *make way for persons to pass through a crowd*, turbam submovere.
A whiffer or whiffing fellow, homo levis, futilis.
A whiffer [to make way] viator.
Whig, serum lactis tenue.
A whig, turbæ fautor.
Whiggish, democraticus.
Whiggism, illorum qui libertatis studium præ se ferunt opinio.
While or whilst, dum, cum, quoad.
While; a vulgarism for until. See *Until*.
A while or little while, paulisper, parumper.
A while after, paulo post.
Some while after, aliquanto post.
A while ago or a while since, pridem, nuper.
A good while or a great while, diu, jam diu.
A while ago, jamdudum.
A little while ago; modo, nuper.
After a while or within a while, brevi, mox.
The while or mean-while, interim, interea.
To while, otari.
Whilst that, donec, quoad.
A whim or whimsey, repentinus animi impetus.
To whimper, obvagire.
Whimsical, levis, inconstans.
Whin or furze, genista spinosa.
To whine, gannire, vagire, queritare.
A whining or whine, gemitus, querela.
Whining, queribundus, querulus.
A whin, flagellum, scutica.
To whip [scourge] flagellare, verberare. [Stitch] prætexere. *Up and down*, discurrere. *Cut his sword*, gladium

festinanter stringere. *A top* turbinem agere.
Whip-cord, funiculus ad conficiendum flagellum.
Whip-hand.—*To have the whip hand*, superior esse.
To be whipped, vapulare.
One worthy to be whipped, verbero.
A whipper or whipeter, verberator, flagellator.
A whipping, flagellatio, verberatio.
A whipping-post, cippus v. columna, ad quam alligati mæstigis flagris ceduntur.
A whirl, verticillum.
A whirl about, vertige.
To whirl about, torquere, rotare.
The whirl-bone of the knee, patella.
A whirlbat, cæstus.
A whirlingig, rhombus, verticillum.
The whirling round or eddy in a stream, a whirlpool, vortex, gurgis.
A whirlwind, turbo.
Full of whirlwinds, turbineus.
Whirring, stridulus.
A whisk [broom] scopula.
A whisk or whisking about, vertigo.
To whisk [brush with a whisk] scopulâ purgare. *About*, colesiter cursare.
Whiskers, mystax.
To whisper, susurrare, submissè loqui. *Together*, consusurrare. *In the ear*, in aurem insusurrare.
A whisperer, qui susurrat.
A whispering, susurrus, susurratio.
A privity whispering in the ear, insusurratio.
Whist or hush, at, au, tace, silentium.
To be whist, silere, tacere.
Whist [game at cards] quidam foliorum pictorum ludus.
To whistle [with the mouth] ore fistulare. [As birds] cantillare. *As the wind*, crepitare.
Back, fistulâ revocare. *For*, fistulâ accessere.
A whistle, fistula.
A whistler, fistulator.
A whistling to a horse, poppy-ma.
With a whistling sound, stridule.
A whit [very little] aliquantulum.
Every whit, prorsus, omnino.
Not a whit or never a whit, nihil, non omnino.
White, albus, candidus. *Somewhat white*, exalbidus, candidulus. *White as milk*, lacteus. *As snow*, niveus. *As ivory*, eburneus.
A white spot or speck in the eye, albugo.

in white or clad in white, candidatus.
To white, whiten, or make white, dealbare.
To hit the white, scopum attingere.
To be white, albere, candere.
To grow white [grow fairer] albicare, albescere. [*Pale*] pallescere. *With age*, canere, canescere.
To be white again, recandere.
Whitely, candide.
A whiter or whiter, fullo, dealbator.
To whiten clothes, insolare.
Whiteness, albor, candor.
Whiteness of the hair, canities.
A bright or shining whiteness, nitor, candor.
A whitening or whitening, dealbatio. *Or bleaching of clothes*, insolatio.
Whitish, candidulus, albidus.
Whitish with frost, pruinosis.
With age, canis.
To grow whitish, canescere.
Whiteness, canities.
Whither, quo, quoniam.
Any whither, usquam, quopiam.
Some whither, aliquo.
Any whither or some whither, aliquo, alicubi.
To whither, nusquam.
Whithersoever, quoque, quocunque.
Whitethroat, aluta.
A whitlow, ulcus digitale, paronychia.
Whitsuntide, Pentecoste.
Whitsunday, dies pentecostes.
The whitten-tree, sambucus aquatica.
A whittle [mantle] palla candida.
A child's whittle, fascia.
A whittle or little knife, cultellus.
To whittle or cut with a whittle, cultello rescare.
To whiz, stridere.
Whizzing, stridulus.
A whizzing, stridor.
Who? inter. quis? quæ? quid?
Who or which, qui, quæ, quod.
Who [indefinite] quis, quæ, quid.
Whoever, whoso, or whosoever, quisquis quilibet, quicumque, quæcunque.
Whole [entire, solid] integer, solidus.
Whole [all] totus, universus.
Whole or universal, universus.
Whole [in health] sanus, validus.
That may be made whole, sanabilis, medicabilis.
The whole, summa, summa totalis.
Whole court-days, dies fasti.
Whole-footed or hoofed, solidipes.
To be whole [in health] valere, vigere.
To grow whole [in health] con-

alescere, sanescere. *Or solid*, solidescere.
To make whole or heal, sanare, curare. *Or solid*, solidare, consolidare. *Again or repair*, sarcire, resarcire.
Wholeness, integritas, sanitas.
A wholesome man, solidarius.
Wholly [solidly] solide.
Wholly [altogether] penitus, prorsus.
Wholesome, saluber, salutaris.
Wholesomely, salubriter, saluberrime.
Wholesomeness, salubritas.
A whoop-bub. Vid. *Hubbub*.
A whoop or halloo, clamor.
A whoop or hoopo [bird] upupa.
To whoop or halloo, clamare, inclamare.
Whooping, clamorus, vociferans.
A whooping, clamatio, vociferatio.
The whooping cough, tussis ferina.
A whore, meretrix, scortum.
To whore, scortari, meretricari. *To play the whore*, quæstum corpore facere.
A whore-house, lupanar, fornic.
To haunt whore-houses, lustrari, meretricari.
Whoredom, meretricium, pellicatus. [*Of married persons*] adulterium.
A whoring, adulterium.
Whoring [given to whores] stuprosus.
A whoremonger or whoremaster, mæcnus, scortator.
A whoreson. Vid. *Bastard*.
Whorish or whorrelike, meretriciosus.
Whorishly, meretricie.
Whosoever, quicumque, quæcunque.
Who? phyl.
To whur [as a dog] ringere.
Why, cur, quare, quomobrem.
Why not, cur non, quid ita non, quin.
Why so? quid ita? cur ita?
The wick [of a candle] myxa. [*Of a lamp*] ellychnium.
Wicked, impius, scelestus, scelerratus.
A wicked rogue or wretch, scelus.
Wickedly, imple, scelestè, nefarie.
Wickedness, impietas, scelus, nequitia.
Full of wickedness, scelerosus, sceleratus, flagitiosus.
A wicker, vimen.
Made of wickers, vimineus.
A wicker-basket, sporta viminea.
A wicket, ostium.
To widdle waddle along, luceasu vacillare.
Wide, latus, spatiosus.
Wide open, patulus, propatulus.
Widely, late, spatiosè, ample, laxè; vaste.

To widen, dilatare, ampliare.
Wideness or width, latitudo, amplitudo.
A widegeon or widgin [kind of silly bird] penelope, opia. [*A simpleton*] fatuus, stultus.
A widow, vidua.
To make a widow, to *widow*, viduare.
A widow-maker, qui viduat.
A widow's estate, bona dotalia.
A widower, homo viduus.
Widowhood, viduitas.
To wield with command, tractare, attrahere.
To wield a sceptre, regere, gubernare.
A wife, uxor, conjux; marita.
A little wife, uxorcula. *A new-married wife*, sponsa. *A sober wife*, matrona. *A housewife*, materfamilias, matrisfamilias.
An old wife, anus, vetula. *A son's wife*, nurus. *A brother's wife*, fratris uxor. *A wife's father*, socer. *A wife's mother*, socra.
The wife's grandmother, proavcrus.
Of a wife, exceedingly fond of a wife, uxorius.
To marry a wife, uxorem ducere.
A wig [sort of cake] libum. [*Perruwig*] callendrum, capillus acstitius.
A wight, homo, animal.
Wild [fierce, untamed] ferus, indomitus. [*Mad*] furiosus. [*Fantastic*] levis. [*Uncultivated*] agrestis. [*Absurd*] absurdus, insulsius.
To sing a wild note, canere indoctum.
Wild or hair-brained, dissolutus, distinctus.
To make wild, efferrare.
To grow wild [as trees] silvescere.
To lead one a wild-geese-chase, or amuse with fair promises or expectations, aliquem inanibus verbis lactare.
Wildered or bewildered, errabundus, devius.
A wilderness, desertum v. potius deserta, pl. solitudo.
A dweller in the wilderness, deserta colens.
To turn into a wilderness, vastare.
A wilding, arbutum.
A wilding-tree, arbutus.
Wildly [fiercely] ferociter. [*Impertinently*] inepte.
Wildness [fierceness] feritas, ferocitas. [*Impertinence*] insulsiitas.
A wile or crafty trick, dolus, astuticium.
Witily, astute, callide, dolose.
Witiness, astutia, versutia.
Witly, astutus, callidus, dolosus. *A wily fellow*, versipex.

lia, veterator. A witty talker, versutilliquus.
Witful [intentional] deliberatus. [Obstinate] contumax.
To be witful, animo esse obfirmato.
Witfully [intentionally] deliberate. [Obstinately] pertinaciter.
Witfulness [obstinacy] pertinacia, contumacia.
The will [determining faculty of action or thinking] voluntas. [Desire] studium, votum. [Pleasure] libido, arbitrium. [Command] mandatum, jussum. [Intention] intentio, consilium.
Free will, voluntas libera.
Good will or kindness, benevolentia.
With a good will, libenter.
Of mere good will, gratuito, gratis.
Bearing good will to, benevolus, alienus studiosus.
Ill will, invidia, malevolentia; malignitas.
To bear ill will to, alicui invideri v. male velle.
Bearing ill will, invidus, malignus.
Against one's will, adj. invitus, ingratus. Adv. invite, ægre.
To do a thing against one's will or with an ill will, invitus v. ægre facere.
Much against one's will, perinvitus.
Of one's own will, sponte suâ, ultro.
To will [please or desire] velle. [Command] jubere, mandare.
A will or last will, testamentum.
A nuncupative or unwritten will, testamentum nuncupativum.
A cancelled will, testamentum irritum.
To make a will, testari.
To bequeath by will, legare.
A person making a will, testator, m. testatrix, f.
A writer of wills, testamentarius.
A forger of wills, testamentarius.
To forge a will, testamentum falsum supponere.
Without a will, intestato. To die without a will, intestatus mori.
One who cannot by law make a will, intestabilis.
Of a will, testamentarius.
Self-willed, obstinatus, contumax.
Willing, libens, volens.
To be willing, velle. Vid. To will.
Willingly, libenter, ultro.
Willingly and willingly, sciens prudensque.
Not willingly, invito, ingratis.
Willingness, prolibium, desiderium.

A willow, salix. The dwarf, humilis. The water, aquatica.
A place planted with willows, salictum, salicetum.
Of a willow, willowish, saliguus, saligneus.
A wimble, terebra, cestrum.
A little wimble, terebellum.
To bore with a wimble, terebrare.
A boring with a wimble, terebratio.
A wimple, peplum flammeum.
To win or gain, lucrare, lucrifacere. A person's favour or affection, gratiam alicujus sibi conciliare. By conquest, vincere, domare. By entreaty, exorare. Obtain, obtinere, potire.
A winner, qui lucratur.
A winning, questus lucrificus.
By assault, expugnatio.
To wince or winch, calcitrare, recalcitrare.
A wincer or wincing horse, calcitro.
A winch for drawing or towing, trochlea, recharius.
The winch of a press, preli cochlea.
Wincing, calcitrosus.
A wincing, calcitratus.
The wind, ventus.
The eight winds known to the ancients: 1. Equinoctial east, eurus, subsolanus. 2. Equinoctial west, favonius, zephyrus. 3. Due north, septentrio. 4. Due south, merides. 5. North-east, aquilo, boreas. 6. South-west, caurus, argestes. 7. South-east, vulturus, euro-notus. 8. South-west-by-west, africanus, liba. Euroaquilo, in St. Luke, seems to be best translated by east-north-east, the very wind that would directly drive the ship from Crete to the African Syria.
A little wind made with a fan or other instrument, ventulus.
To have the wind with one or have a favourable wind, secundum habere ventum.
A boisterous wind, turbo v. turben. A contrary, refusus. A gentle, lenis. A fore [at sea] secundus. A side, ex parte adversus. A quarter, ex quadrante secundus. A slack, lenior. A tack, oblique flans. West-south-west, Africus.
A whistling wind, ventus stridulus.
To have the wind of, vento prævertère.
An easterly wind, solanus, subsolanus, eurus, vulturus.
A northerly wind, aquilo, septentrio, ventus aquilonalis.
A southerly wind, auster, notus; ventus austrinus. That causes rain, pluvialis. A side wind, obliquus. A fair wind,

secundus. A westerly wind, zephyrus, favonius.
Wind-bound, vento adverso detentus.
A wind-egg, ovum urinum.
A wind-fall [apple, &c. beater down by the wind] pomum, &c. caducum. [Accidental acquisition] lucrum inasperatum.
One's wind or breath, halitus, spiritus, anima.
To take wind or breath, respirare. Be known abroad, patèfieri, evulgari.
To be out of wind, anhelitum ducere.
To wind or turn about, vertère, contorquere. Roll about, volvere, convolvere. In, intorquere. Into bottoms, in glomos glomerare. Off, devolvere. One's self into a person's favour, in amicitiam alicujus se insinuare. One's self out of difficulties, se ex angustis expellere. Up a clock or watch, filum horarii torquere. Up of end a speech, perorare. Or blow a horn, cornu inflare.
Long-winded, animæ prælargus. A long-winded piece of work, opus diutini laboris.
Short-winded, anhelus, suspiriosus. A short-winded person, anhelator.
A winder, tortor.
Windiness, ventu inclusi abundantia.
Winding, tortilis, flexilis.
A winding or bending, flexus.
Round, glomeratio.
Winding in and out, flexuosus sinuosus.
With turnings and windings flexuosus.
The winding or turning of a path, anfractus. Of a river, flexus. Of a rope or cable, spiræ. Of vine-twigs one about another, funetum.
A winding-sheet, involucreum feralè.
A windlacc or rather windlass, trochlea, recharius.
The windlass of a crane, sucula, grus.
A window, fenestra. A little, fenestella. A bay, manianum. A glass, vitrea. A grated, clathrata. Iron-grated, transenna ferrea.
A window-shutter, fenestra claustrum.
To open or make a window, fenestrare.
Of a window, fenestralis.
To throw the house out at the windows, terra calum miscere.
Windward, ventum versus.
Windy, ventosus.
Windy or flashy expressions, ampullæ, pl. verba ventosa, rotalia.
Wine, vinum.
New wine, mustum. Old wine,

vina velusta. Neat or unmixed, merum. Alayed with water, vinum aqua dilutum. Coming from the grapes before pressing, vinum lixivum. Of the second pressing, vinum secundarium. Of the last pressing, vinum tortivum. Small wine, villum. Muddy, faeculentum. Strong or rich, tectum, vinum generosum. Muscadell, vinum ex uvâ Apianâ. Red or claret, vinum rubens. Soft, lene v. molle. Tart, asperum. White, album. Wormwood, absinthites. That has lost its flavour by age, vestustate edentulum. Dead, marcidum.
To brew wine, vinum elutriare. To mix wines, vinia miscere. Medicines tempered with wine, vinolenta medicamenta. To smell of wine, vinum olere. To taste or judge of wine, vini censuram facere. Having the savour of wine, or given to wine, vinosus. Of wine, vinarius. A wine-bibber, vinolentus, vinosus. A wine-shop or any place where wine is sold, œnopolium. A seller of or dealer in wine, vinarius. A wine-press, torcular v. preum vinarium. Winy, vinosus, vinolentus. A wing, ala. To clap one's wings, alas premere. To clip one's wings, alas alicui incidere. The wings of an army, alæ, pl. cœnua, pl. To wing, volatu ferri. Winged, wingy, alatus, pennatus. Of or belonging to wings, alaria, alarina. A wink, nictus. To tip the wink, oculis signum dare. To wink, connivere, nictare. And strike, andabatarum more pugnare. At or upon, to give or tip one the wink, alicui adnictare. With one eye [as when aiming at a mark] colineare. A winker, qui alicui adnictat. A winking at, dissimulatio. To winnow, ventilare, eventilare. A winnower, ventilator. A winnowing, ventilatio. Winnowings, glumæ, pl. Winter, hiems, tempora hiberna. In the depth of winter, summâ hiere. An early winter, hiems præmatura. A rough, dura, aspera. Hard, sæva.

Winter-quarters for soldiers, hiberna, pl. Of winter, hiemalis, hibernus. To winter, hiemare, hibernare. It is winter, hiemat. A wintering, hiematio, hibernatio. Winterly, wintry, or wintry-like, hibernus, brumalis. A wipe [jeer] sanna, dicterium. To give one a wipe, ludificari, mordere. To wipe [scour or clean] tergere. Away, abstergere. Clean, extergere. Off, detergere. Out, delere, expungere. A wiper, qui v. quæ terget. A wiping or cleaning, purgatio. Wire, metalli filum. Copper, cupreum filum. Gold, aureum filum. To wire-draw [make into wire] metallum in filum deducere. [Spin out] protrahere. [Search or sift out] exquirere. A wire-drawer, qui metallum in filum deducit. Wiry, ex metalli filo constans. Wisdom, wiseness, sapientia, prudentia. Wise, sapiens, prudens, catus, callens. To be wise, sapere. To grow wise again, resipere, resipiscere. A wise-acre, fatuus, insulsus. Wisely, sapienter, sagaciter. In no wise, nequâquam, neuliquam. In this wise, sic, ita, hoc modo. A wish, votum, optatum. To wish, optare, velle, cupere. One joy, gratulari, congratulari. Rather, præoptare, malle. Well unto, alicui favere. To have one's wish, optato potiri. A well-wisher, benevolus, fautor. A wishing, optatio, desideratio. A wisket, corbis, cophinus. A wisp or brush, scopula. A wisp or little cushion, pulvillus. A wisp of straw, &c. manipulus stramineus. A wisp in the eye, inflammatio palpebræ. Wistly, wistful, wistfully, oculis intentis. Wit, ingenium, sagacitas, lepor. A fine wit, ingenium peracere, eximium, præclarum. To abound with wit, ingenio abundare. A man of fine wit, homo ingeniosus, acutus. To wit, nempe, nimirum. To be in one's wits, sapere, mentis compos esse. To be out of one's wits, desipere, delirare, demens esse. To live by one's wits, ex ingenii viribus victum querere.

To come to or recover one's wits again, se conigère. A witch, suga, venenica; præcantrix. To witch or bewitch, insantere, fascinare. Witchcraft, witchery, fascinum, veneficium. Of witchcraft, magicus. A user of witchcraft, magus, veneficus. A witching or bewitching, fascinatio. Witchcraft [cunning contrivance] artificium, commentum. A witchcracker, witnapper, facetus; jocator. Wit, vituperatio. To wite, vituperare, exprobrare. With, cum, apud. Note 1. In the pronouns, me, te, nobis, vobis, se, cum is joined to the end of the word; as, With me, mecum, &c. Note 2. When with denotes the instrument, cause, or manner of the action, the preposition in Latin is generally omitted; as, He killed him with his own hand, manu sua occidit. With a good will, libenter, non gravate. With an ill will, invitus, invite, gravate, repugnant. With all speed, quam primum, quam celerrime. One with another, promiscue. With much ado, æge, vix. Together with, pariter, simul, una cum. To agree with one, alicui assentire. To be angry with one, alicui irasci. Withal [with which] quo, quibus, quocum, quibuscum. [Besides, moreover] ad hæc, præterea, insimul. With child or young, gravida, prægnans. A wither, vimen. Made of withes, vimineus. To withdraw, avocare, amovere. Retire, recedere, abscedere. Alienate from, alienare, abalienare. A withdrawing, amotio, subductio. Or retiring, recessus, recessio. A withdrawing-room or place of retirement, recessus, accessus. To wither, exarescere, inarescere, flaccescere. Withered, marcidus, flaccidus. Long withered, passus. A withering, marcor, languor. The withers of a horse, dorsai suffragines. To withhold, detinere, retinere. A withholder, qui v. quæ detinet. A withholding, retentio.

Within [adv.] intus, intro.
Prepos. intra.

Within a while or within this little while, brevi, propediem.
He was within a little of putting them away, paulum abfuit quin amoveret.

Without [not with] sine, absque, citra, extra. [Not within] foris, extra. **Adj.** externus. [Unless] ni, nisi.

To be without or destitute of, vacare, egere.

Without book, memoriter; ex memoria. **Burial**, insepultus.

Cares, curis expeditus v. vacuus. **Cause**, immerito, injuria, immerenter. **Consideration**, temere, inconsulte.

Constraint, sponte, ultro. **Danger**, tuto. **Delay**, mox, illico, confestim. **Desert**, immerito.

Disimulation, aperte, plane. **Doors**, foris, forinsecus. **Doubt**, certe, procul dubio, indubitanter. **End**, in infinitum.

Envy, citra invidiam. **Fear**, intrepidus, interritus. **Hope**, exaspes. **Of life**, exspes vite.

Jeating, extra, jocum. **Being invited**, invocatus. **Knowing of it**, luscens. **Learning**, illiteratus. **Life**, exanimis. **Loss or damage**, citra jacturam.

Looking for, insperato, exinsperato. **Moderation**, immoderate, intemperanter. **Much ado**, facile. **Not without much ado**, difficulter, ægre, vix.

Without noise, tacite, silenter. **Opening his lips**, tacitus. **Order**, incompositus, incomposite. **My order**, me non jubente. **Punishment**, impune.

Trouble or noise, sedate, tranquille.

To withstand, obsistere, obniti, oblectari.

A withstander, adversarius, adversator, adversatrix, repugnator.

Withstanding, repugnax, repugnans.

A withholding, repugnantia, contradictio.

A withy or osier, salix, vimen.

A willing, semidoctus.

A witness, testis; attestator. [Voucher] astipulator. [Judge] arbiter, m. arbitra, f.

A creditable witness, testis gravis. **An ear-witness**, testis auritus. **An eye-witness**, testis oculatus.

Witness [testimony given of a fact] testimonium.

The witness of a good conscience, conscientia bene actæ vite.

To witness or bear witness, testari, testificari.

To call to witness, testari, contestari; appellare.

To produce witnesses, testes adducere.

To take off from the credit of a witness, de testimonio alicujus detrahère.

A witnessing or bearing of witness, testificatio. [Vouching] astipulatio.

A witicism, acutum dictum; diciturum.

Wittily, acute, argute, ingeniose.

Witiness, sagacitas, acumen ingenii.

Wittingly, prudenter, scienter.

Witless, insipiens, stultus.

Witty, acutus, argutus, eagax, subtilis, facetus.

Witty sayings, facetiæ, pl.

A wizard, hariolus, magus, veneficus.

Woe, calamitas, miseria. **Woe is me**, O me infelicem, vae misero mihi.

Woebegone, dolore oppressus.

Woeful, miser, ærumosus, tristis, luctuosus.

Woefully, misere, miserabiliter, calamitose.

Woefulness, miseria, calamitas.

A wolf [wild beast] lupus.

To keep the wolf from the door, famem a foribus pellere.

A she-wolf, lupa.

Wolfish, volvish, lupinus.

A woman, mulier, femina.

A young woman, adolescentula.

A little or sorry, muliercula.

A grave, matrona. **A prating**, lingulaca. **A working**, operaria. **A manly**, virago.

A new-married, sponsa. **A child-bed**, puerpera. **A woman bearing twins**, gemellipara.

A woman servant, ancilla, famula.

Woman's attire, mundus.

Of or belonging to a woman, womanish or womanly, muliebris, femineus.

Womanlike, adj. [delicate, tender] muliebris; effeminatus.

Adv. muliebriter, effeminatè.

The womb, uterus, matrix. **A little womb**, uterulus.

Of the womb, uterinus.

To womb, includere; secreto generare.

Won [of win] lucrativus, lucrifactus.

A wonder or thing to be wondered at, miraculum, portentum, prodigium.

To wonder at or admire, mirari, admirari. **Or be astonished at**, stupere, obstupescere.

To promise wonders, aureos montes pollicere.

To be wondered at, mirandus.

A wonderer, mirator, miratrix.

Wonderful or wondrous, mirabilis, admirabilis, mirificus, miris, prodigiosus.

Wonderfully or wondrously, mire, mirifice, mirabiliter, attonite.

Wonderfulness, mirabilitas, admirabilitas.

Wondering, mirans, mirabundus.

A wondering, miratio, admiratio.

A wont, wontedness, or custom. mos, consuetudo.

To be wont, solere, consuecere.

Not wonted, wontless, insoletus, inusitatus.

To woo or make suit for, amare, sollicitare. **Go a courting for a wife**, procar.

A wooer, procus, amasius.

Woefully, illecebrose.

Wood or timber, lignum, materia.

A wood, silva. **A small**, silvula.

An inclosed, nemus. **Sacred to some deity**, lucus.

An underwood or coppice, silva cædua.

Woody, wooded, or full of wood, silvossus, nemorosus.

Brush-wood, cremum. **Sea-wood**, ramalia, pl. **Great wood for fire**, lignum. **Great wood for timber**, materia. **Touch-wood**, lignum cariosum.

To fell wood, materiam cædere.

A felling of wood, lignatio.

To grow to a wood, silvescere.

A purveyor of wood, lignator.

A wood-culver or wood pigeon, palumbus.

A pile or stack of wood, ligni strues.

A wood-lark, galerita arborea.

A wood-louse, cimex.

A wood-man [hewer of wood] arborator. [Huntsman] venator.

A wood-monger or wood-seller, lignarius, lignator.

A wood-pecker, picus Martius.

A wood-ward or forester, saltarius.

A wood-worm, coasis.

Wooden, ligneus.

The woof [in weaving] trama.

Wool, lana. **A lock of wool**, lanæ flocculus, floccus. **Coarse wool**, lana crassa. **New-shorn wool**, lana succida. **Unpacked wool**, lana rudis.

A wool-pack or wool-sack, lanæ fascis.

To pick wool, lanam carpere.

To card wool, carminare.

A wool-seller or wool-winder, lanarius.

A wool-comber, a wool-comber, qui lanas carminat.

A carder of wool, lanifica.

A carding or picking of wool, carminatio.

Woollen or made of wool, lanæus, lanarius.

A woollen-drawer, lenarius.

Woolly or bearing wool, lanaris, lanatus.

A word [single part of speech] verbum, vocabulum, dictum.

A little word, vocula.
A made word, verbum fictum v. novum.
An affected word, dictum putidum. *Big or proud words*, ampullæ. *Slandrous, convicia*, dicta probrosa. *Smart*, verborum aculei, dicta mordacia.
A jocular word, dictum jocosum. *Good or fair words*, blanda verba. *Opprobrious words*, convicia, pl.
Word [promise] promissum.
The word or watch-word, tessera, symbolum.
By word of mouth, vivâ voce, ore tenus.
Word for word, ad verbum.
In a word or in few words, breviter.
In word only, verbo tenus.
Word [command] præceptum, jussum.
Not a word, tace, ne gry quidem.
To word, verbis exprimere.
To carry word, nuntiare, annuntiare.
To send word back again, renuntiare.
To bring word before, prænuntiare.
To abuse one with words or give ill words to one, contumeliis aliquem lacerare v. conviciis proscindere.
To drop a word, verbum incaute proferre.
To make words about a thing, de aliquâ religare.
To eat one's words, recantare.
To take one's word, alicui credere v. fidem adhibere.
Full of words, wordy, adj. verbosus.
Full of words, adv. verbosè.
The speaking of few words, pauciloquium. *Of many*, multiloquium.
Well worded, eleganter dictus.
Trifling words, fabulæ, logi, pl.
A work [business] opera, opus. *Work* [trouble] turba, tumultus.
A piece of work, opificium.
A day's work, labor vultus diei.
To set one to work, aliquem ad aliquid agendum impellere.
Checker or inlaid work, opus tessellatum v. vermiculatum.
Works [sciences] opera, pl. munimenta.
To work [labour] operare, laborare. *Fashion*, fabricare, fingere. [As liquors] fermentescere, fermentari, fervere. [As physic] alvum movere. *Upwards*, vomitionem clere. *Downwards*, per inferiora purgare. *One's self into a person's favour*, se in alicujus gratiam insinuare.
To finish a work, perficere, concludere.

A worker or workman, operarius, opifex.
A worker by the great, operum redemptor.
A workfellow, adjutor.
A workhouse, ergastulum.
A workshop, officina, fabrica.
A working, operatio.
A working-day or work-day, dies proletus.
A skilful workman, opifex, artifex.
Workmanlike or workmanly, affabre, artificiose, adj. faber. *Not workmanlike*, infabre, inartificialiter.
Workmanship, opificium, artificium.
A workwoman, acu pingendi perita.
The world, mundus, orbis, rerum natura.
Affairs of the world, pl. res humanae, res hominum.
The little world, microcosmus.
A description of the world, orbis descriptio, geographia.
A world of strength, magna vis.
A world of tears, lacrymarum infinita vis. *A world of very small stars*, infinitæ minutissimæ stellæ. *And a world more*, innumerabilesque alii.
To be before-hand in the world, divitiis abundare. *To be behind hand in the world*, ære alieno opprimi.
To begin the world, quæstum aliquem occipere.
To have the world in a string, rebus secundissimis uti.
Worldliness or over-covetousness, avaritia, pecunie aviditas.
A worldling, avarus; terrenus.
Worldly [belonging to the world] mundanus, terrenus. [Covetous] avarus; divitiarum cupidus.
Worldly or sensual pleasures, voluptates corporeæ.
A worm, vermis. *A little worm*, vermiculus. *A belly-worm*, lumbricus intestinorum. *A book-worm*, tineæ. [A great reader] librorum helio. *A canker-worm*, cossius. *An earth-worm*, lumbricus. *A glow-worm*, cicadela. *A hand-worm*, acarus. *A palmer-worm*, eruca. *A ring-worm*, lichen. *A cabbage-worm*, eruca brassicaria. *A blind or sloe worm*, cæcilia. *A nettle-worm*, eruca urticaria. *A meal-worm*, farinaria. *A muck-worm*, vermis stercorarius. *A silk worm*, bombyx. *A wood-worm*, cossus. *A worm-hill*, collis vermiculosa.
Worm-eaten, cariosus.
A breeding of worms, verminatio, vermiculatio.
Full of worms, verminosus.
Full of worm-holes, terebrine crebra pertusa.

To be worm-eaten, vermiculari. *To breed or have worms*, vermiculare.
Wormy, vermiculosus, vermiculosus.
Worn out with age, defloccatus.
To worry or tear to pieces, morsu frangere. *Tease*, cruciare, exagitare.
Worse, adj. pejor, deterior, v. lior.
To make worse [impair] deteriorare. *Aggravate*, aggravare, exaggerare.
Worse, adv. pejus.
To grow worse, in pejor ruere.
A sickness growing worse, n. gravescens valetudo.
Worship, cultus, reverentia.
The worship of God, adoratio, cultus divinus.
Image-worship, simulacrorum cultus.
To worship, colere, adorare, venerari.
Worshipful, venerabilis, v. venerandus. *Right worshipful*, i. e. honorificus.
Worshipfully, honorifice, honorate.
A worshipper, cultor, cultrix, i. adorator.
A worshipping, adoratio, reverentia.
The worst, pessimus.
To make the worst of a thing, in pejorem partem rapere.
To worst, superare, vincere.
The worst of crües, extrema flagitia.
Worsted [woollen yarn] filus laneum.
Wort of ale or beer, mustus, hordenceum.
A wort or herb, herba; olus.
Wort or colewort, brassica.
The worth [value of a thing] valor, pretium, summa.
Worth [quality] dignitas, meritum.
Of great worth, pretiosus; magni pretii.
Of little or no worth, vilis; nullius pretii.
Want of worth, vilitas.
A thing of little worth, civilitas.
Worth or being worth, valens.
To be worth, valere, fieri.
To be more worth, prævalere, plus esse.
To be of like worth, æquivalere.
Worthily, digne, conlignè.
Worthless, vilis, perversus.
Worthlessness, tenuitas, vilitas.
Worthy, dignus.
To worthy, ad dignitatem promoverè.
To think worthy or vouchsafe, dignari.
Well worthy or very worthy, perdignus.
A worthy man, vir genere, vir-

Within [adv.] intus, intro.

Prepos. intra.

Within a while or within this little while, brevi, propediem.
He was within a little of putting them away, paulum abfuit quin amoveret.

Without [not with] sine, absque, citra, extra. [Not within] foris, extra. Adj. externus. [Unless] ni, nisi.

To be without or destitute of, vacare, egere.

Without book, memoriter; ex memoria. **Burial**, insepultus.

Cares, curis expeditus v. vacuus. **Cause**, immerito, injuria, immerenter. **Consideration**, temere, inconsulte. **Constraint**, sponte, ultro. **Danger**, tuto. **Delay**, mox, illico, confestim. **Desert**, immerito.

Dissimulation, aperte, plane. **Doors**, foris, forinsecus. **Doubt**, certe, procul dubio, indubitanter. **End**, in infinitum.

Envy, citra invidiam. **Fear**, intrepidus, interritus. **Hope**, exapes. **Of life**, exapes vitæ.

Jesting, extra jocum. **Being invited**, invocatus. **Knowing of it**, insciens. **Learning**, illiteratus. **Life**, exanimis. **Loss or damage**, citra jacturam.

Looking for, inasperat, exasperato. **Moderation**, immoderate, intemperanter. **Much ado**, facile. **Not without much ado**, difficulter, ægre, vix.

Without noise, tacite, silenter. **Opening his lips**, tacitus. **Order**, incompotitus, incompotite. **My order**, me non jubente. **Punishment**, impune.

Trouble or noise, sedate, tranquille.

To withstand, obsistere, obniti, oblectari.

A withstander, adversarius, adversator, adversatrix, repugnator.

Withstanding, repugnax, repugnans.

A withstanding, repugnantia, contradictio.

A withy or osier, salix, vimen.

A witling, semidoctus.

A witness, testis; attestator. [Voucher] astipulator. [Judge] arbiter, m. arbitra, f.

A creditable witness, testis gravis. **An ear-witness**, testis auritus. **An eye-witness**, testis oculatus.

Witness [testimony given of a fact] testimonium.

The witness of a good conscience, conscientia bene actæ vitæ.

To witness or bear witness, testari, testificari.

To call to witness, testari, contestari; appellare.

To produce witnesses, testes adducere.

To take off from the credit of a witness, de testimonio alicujus detrahère.

A witnessing or bearing of witness, testificatio. [Vouching] astipulatio.

A witicism, acutum dictum; dictionum.

Wittily, acute, argute, ingeniose.

Wittiness, sagacitas, acumen ingenii.

Wittingly, prudenter, scienter.

Witless, insipiens, stultus.

Witty, acutus, argutus, eagus, subtilis, facetus.

Witty sayings, facetiæ, pl.

A wizard, hariolus, magus, veneficus.

Woe, calamitas, miseria. **Woe is me**, O me infelicem, vix misero mihi.

Woebegone, dolore oppressus.

Woeful, miser, ærumosus, tristis, luctuosus.

Woefully, misere, miserabiliter, calamitose.

Woefulness, miseria, calamitas.

A wolf [wild beast] lupus.

To keep the wolf from the door, famem a foribus pellere.

A she-wolf, lupa.

Wolfish, volvish, lupinus.

A woman, mulier, femina.

A young woman, adolescentula.

A little or sorry, muliercula.

A grave, matrona. **A prating**, lingulaca. **A working**, operaria. **A manly**, virago. **A new-married**, sponsa. **A child-bed**, puerpera. **A woman bearing twins**, gemellipara.

A woman servant, ancilla, famula.

Woman's attire, mundus.

Of or belonging to a woman, womanish or womanly, muliebri. femineus.

Womanlike, adj. [delicate, tender] muliebris; effeminatus.

Adv. muliebriter, effeminate.

The womb, uterus, matrix. **A little womb**, uterulus.

Of the womb, uterinus.

To womb, includere; secreto generare.

Won [of win] lucrativus, lucrifactus.

A wonder or thing to be wondered at, miraculum, portentum, prodigium.

To wonder at or admire, mirari, admirari. **Or be astonished at**, stupere, obstupescere.

To promise wonders, aureos montes pollicere.

To be wondered at, mirandus.

A wonderer, mirator, miratrix.

Wonderful or wondrous, mirabilis, admirabilis, mirificus, mirus, prodigiosus.

Wonderfully or wondrously, mire, mirifice, mirabiliter, attonite.

Wonderfulness, mirabilitas, ad mirabilitas.

Wondering, mirans, mirabundus.

A wondering, miratio, admiration.

A wont, wontedness, or custom, mos, consuetudo.

To be wont, solere, consuescere.

Not wonted, wontless, insoletus, inusitatus.

To woo or make suit for, amare, sollicitare. **Go a courting for a wife**, prociari.

A wooer, procius, amasius.

Woefully, illecebrose.

Wood or timber, lignum, materia.

A wood, silva. **A small, silva.** **An inclosed, nemus.** **Sacred to some deity**, lucus.

An underwood or coppice, silva cædua.

Woody, wooded, or full of wood, silvossus, nemorosus.

Brush-wood, cremium. **Seawood**, ramalia, pl. **Great wood for fire**, lignum. **Great wood for timber**, materia. **Touchwood**, lignum cariosum.

To fell wood, materiam cædere.

A felling of wood, lignatio.

To grow to a wood, silvescere.

A purveyor of wood, lignator.

A wood-culver or wood pigeon, palumbus.

A pile or stack of wood, ligni strues.

A wood-lark, galerita arborea.

A wood-louse, cimex.

A wood-man [hewer of wood] arborator. [Huntsman] venator.

A wood-monger or wood-seller, lignarius, lignator.

A wood-pecker, picus Martius.

A wood-ward or forester, saltuarius.

A wood-worm, coasis.

Wooden, ligneus.

The woof [in weaving] trama.

Wool, lana. **A lock of wool**, lanæ flocculus, floccus. **Coarse wool**, lana crassa. **New-shorn wool**, lana succida. **Unpacked wool**, lana rudis.

A wool-pack or wool-sack, lanæ fascis.

To pick wool, lanam carpere.

To card wool, carminare.

A wool-seller or wool-winder, lanarius.

A wool-cumber, qui lanas carminat.

A carder of wool, lanifica.

A carding or picking of wool, carminatio.

Woollen or made of wool, lanæus, lanarius.

A woollen-dresser, lanarius.

Woolly or bearing wool, lanaris, lanatus.

A word [single part of speech] verbum, vocabulum, dictum.

A little word, vossula.
A made word, verbum fictum v. novum.
An affected word, dictum putidum. *Big or proud words*, ampullæ. *Standerous*, convicia, dicta probrosa. *Smart*, verborum aculei, dicta mordacia.
A jocular word, dictum jocosum. *Good or fair words*, blanda verba. *Opprobrious words*, convicia, pl. *Word* [promise] promissum.
The word or watch-word, tessera, symbolum.
By word of mouth, vivâ voce, ore tenus.
Word for word, ad verbum.
In a word or in few words, breviter.
In word only, verbo tenus.
Word [command] præceptum, jussum.
Not a word, tace, ne gry quidem.
To word, verbis exprimere.
To carry word, nuntiare, annuntiare.
To send word back again, renuntiare.
To bring word before, prænuntiare.
To abuse one with words or give ill words to one, contumeliis aliquem lacerare v. conviciis proscindere.
To drop a word, verbum incaute proferre.
To make words about a thing, de aliquâ re litigare.
To eat one's words, recantare.
To take one's word, alicui credere v. fidem adhibere.
Full of words, wordy, adj. verbosus.
Full of words, adv. verbose.
The speaking of few words, pauciloquium. *Of many*, multiloquium.
Well worded, eleganter dictus.
Trifling words, fabule, logi, pl.
A work [business] opera, opus.
Work [trouble] turba, tumultus.
A piece of work, opificium.
A day's work, labor unius diei.
To set one to work, aliquem ad aliquid agendum impellere.
Checker or inlaid work, opus tessellatum v. vermiculatum.
Works [fences] opera, pl. munimenta.
To work [labour] operare, laborare. *Fashion*, fabricare, fingere. [As liquors] fermentescere, fermentari, fervere. [As physics] alvum movere. *Upwards*, per inferiora purgare. *One's self into a person's favour*, se in alicujus gratiam insinuare.
To finish a work, perficere, concludere.

A worker or workman, operarius, opifex.
A worker by the great, operum redemptor.
A workfellow, adiutor.
A workhouse, ergastulum.
A workshop, officina, fabrica.
A working, operatio.
A working-day or work-day, dies profectus.
A skilful workman, opifex, artifex.
Workmanlike or workmanly, affabre, artificiose, adj. faber. *Not workmanlike*, infabre, inartificialiter.
Workmanship, opificium, artificium.
A workwoman, acu pingendi perita.
The world, mundus, orbis, rerum natura.
Affairs of the world, pl. res humane, res hominum.
The little world, microcosmus.
A description of the world, orbis descriptio, geographia.
A world of strength, magna vis.
A world of tears, lacrymarum infinita vis. *A world of very small stars*, infinitæ minutissimæ stellæ. *And a world more*, innumerabilesque alii.
To be before-hand in the world, divitiis abundare. *To be behind-hand in the world*, mere alieno opprimi.
To begin the world, quæstum aliquem occipere.
To have the world in a string, rebus secundissimis uti.
Worldliness or over-covetousness, avaritia, pecuniæ aviditas.
A worlding, avarus; terrenus.
Worldly [belonging to the world] mundanus, terreus. [Covetous] avarus; divitiarum cupidus.
Worldly or sensual pleasures, voluptates corporeæ.
A worm, vermis. *A little worm*, vermiculus. *A belly-worm*, lumbricus intestinorum. [A great reader] librorum belluo.
A canker-worm, cossus. *An earth-worm*, lumbricus. *A glow-worm*, cicindela. *A hand-worm*, acarus. *A palmer-worm*, eruca. *A ring-worm*, lichen. *A cabbage-worm*, eruca brassicaria. *A blind or slow worm*, cæcilia. *A nettle-worm*, eruca urticaria. *A meal-worm*, farinaria. *A muck-worm*, vermis stercorarius. *A silk-worm*, bombyx. *A wood-worm*, cossus. *A worm-hill*, collis vermiculosus.
Worm-eaten, cariosus.
A breeding of worms, verminatio, vermiculatio.
Full of worms, verminosus.
Full of worm-holes, tereidine crebrâ pertusus.

To be worm-eaten, vermiculari.
To breed or have worms, verminare.
Wormy, vermiculosus, vermiculosus.
Worn out with age, defloccatus.
To worry or tear to pieces, morari frangere. *Tease*, cruciare, exagitare.
Worse, adj. pejor, deterius, v. lior.
To make worse [impair] deterere. *Aggravate*, aggravare, exaggerare.
Worse, adv. pejor.
To grow worse, in pejorâ rudiri.
A sickness growing worse, n. gravescentia valetudo.
Worship, cultus, reverentia.
The worship of God, adoratio, cultus divinus.
Image-worship, simulacrorum cultus.
To worship, colere, adorare, venerari.
Worshipful, venerabilis, v. venerandus. *Right worshipful*, j. er honorificus.
Worshipfully, honorifice, honorate.
A worshipper, cultor, cultrix, i. adorator.
A worshipping, adoratio, reverentia.
The worst, pessimus.
To make the worst of a thing, in pejorem partem rapere.
To worst, superare, vincere.
The worst of crimes, extrema flagitia.
Worsted [woollen yarn] filum laneum.
Wort of ale or beer, mustus, hordenceum.
A wort or herb, herba; olus.
Wort or colewort, brassica.
The worth [value of a thing] valor, pretium, summa.
Worth [quality] dignitas, meritum.
Of great worth, pretiosus; magni pretii.
Of little or no worth, vilis; nullius pretii.
Want of worth, villitas.
A thing of little worth, civillitium.
Worth or being worth, valens.
To be worth, valere, fieri.
To be more worth, prævalere, plus esse.
To be of like worth, equivalere.
Worthily, digne, condigne.
Worthless, vilis, perversus.
Worthlessness, tenuitas, villitas.
Worthy, dignus.
To worthy, ad dignitatem promoveri.
To think worthy or valuable, dignari.
Well worthy or very worthy, perditus.
A worthy man, vir genere, vir

tute, v. factis, clarus. *A worthy or valuable friend*, amicus carus v. quantivis pretii.
Unworthy or not worthy, indignus.
A worthy deed, facinus egregium.
Worthy of reward, meritorius.
To wit [old word for to know or believe] scire, credere.
Any woven stuff, textum.
A wounding, propensio.
A wound, vulnus, plaga. *A little wound*, vulnusculum. *A mortal wound*, vulnus mortiferum.
To wound, vulnerare, sauciare, consauciare. *To death*, alicui mortiferum vulnus infligere.
To wound a person's reputation, alicuius famam lædere.
Of a wound, vulnerarius.
A curer of wounds, vulnerarius.
A wounder, qui vulnerat.
That wounds, vulnificus, vulnifer.
A wounding, vulneratio, sauciatio.
A wrangle, rixa, jurgium, lis.
To wrangle, jurgare, litigare.
A wrangler, rixator, altercator, iitigator.
Wrangling, rixosus, jurgulosus.
A wrangling, jurgium, altercatio, cavillatio.
A wrangling fellow, amans lium. Pettifogger, vitiligator.
To wrap or fold in, involvere.
Entangle, irretire. *Together*, complicare. *Up*, colligere.
One's cloak or coat close about one, pallium v. togam arcte colligere.
A wrapper, involutum, tegmen.
A wrapping, implicatio.
A wrapping-paper, cucullus.
Wrath, ira, indignatio.
To be in wrath, succensere, irasci.
To stir up wrath, irritare, acerbare, exacerbare.
Wrathful [angry] iratus. [Subject to wrath] iracundus.
Wrathfully, iracunde.
Wreak, vinlieta.
To wreak, vindicare, viciari.
Wreakless, sine vindictâ.
A wreath, sertum, corona. *A little wreath*, corolla. *A wreath about a pillar*, voluta.
To wreak, torquere, crispare.
Wreathed, wealthy [as a cable] in spiram convolutus.
A wreck or shipwreck, naufragium.
Wreck, damnum, clades.
To wreck, perdere; damno afficere. *A ship*, navem ad scopulos affigere.
Wrecked, naufragus.
A wren, regulus. *A little wren*, regululus.

A wrench or sprain, membri distortio.
To wrench or sprain a limb, membrum distortionē luxare.
To wrench open a door, fores efringere.
To wrest, torquere, detorquere. *Aside*, detorquere. *Back*, retorquere. *From*, extorquere.
To wrest the senses, sensum pervertēre.
A wrestler, contortor, extortor.
A wrestling or wrest, torsio, contorsio.
To wrestle, luctari. *Against*, obluctari. *With*, colluctari.
A wrestler, luctator, palæstrita.
Wrestler-like, athleticæ, palæstricæ.
A wrestling, lucta, luctatus.
A wrestling place, palæstra.
A champion at wrestling, athleta.
Of wrestling, athleticus, palæstricus.
The exercise of wrestling, boxing, &c. pancratium.
A wretch, miser, perditus.
Wretched, miser, miserabilis, ærumnosus.
A wretched fellow, homo tressis v. triobolaris.
Wretchedly, misere, miserabiliter.
Wretchedness, miseria, ærumna.
To wriggle, vacillare.
Awright or workman, faber, opifex. *A shipwright*, navium fabricator. *A wheelwright*, rotarum fabricator.
To wring, premere, stringere. *Hard*, comprimere, constringere. [As the colic] verminare.
A wringer, qui aquam exprimit.
A wringing, torsio, contorsio.
A wringing of the colic, tormina ventris.
A wrinkle, ruga.
To wrinkle, rugare, corrugare.
The forehead, frontem capere.
A wrinkled face, facies rugosa.
Wrinkledness, cutis contractio.
A taking away of wrinkles, erugatio.
The wrist, carpus.
A wristband, brachiale.
A writ, libellus, præceptum.
To issue out a writ, mandatum emittēre.
Holy writ, sacræ literæ, scripta sacra.
To write, scribere, conscribere, exarare. *Again or back*, rescribere. *On the backside*, in tergo scribere. *Before*, præscribere. *Between or interline*, interscribere. *A book*, librum scribere. *By candlelight*, lucubrare. *Or set one a copy*, literas alicui præfermare. *After or imitate a copy*, scripturam imitando effingere. *Down a thing*, aliquid literis

mandare. *Or take down in short-hand*, alicuius verba velocissime notis excipere. *A good hand*, pulchre scribere. *In or upon*, inscribere. *Often*, scriptitare. *On or upon*, inscribere, superscribere. *Together*, conscribere. *Out or throughout*, perscribere. *Out or over*, exscribere, describere. *To*, ascribere. *Under or under-write*, subscribere.
A writer [scribe] scriptor, scriba.
A writer or author, scriptor, auctor.
A hackney writer, scriba conductitius.
A writer of short-hand, notarius.
To write, torquere, obtorquere. *Back*, retorquere. *The mouth*, os distortere.
A thing writed, tortilis.
A writhing, torsio. *Backward*, retorsio.
A writing, scriptio, scriptura.
The art of writing, ars scribendi.
A fault in writing, mendum scripturæ.
A writing or thing written, scriptum, conscriptio.
A writing fixed up to a place, proscripita tabella.
A hand-writing, manus, scriptura.
To counterfeit one's hand-writing, manum alicuius apte imitari.
A writing-desk, mensa scriptoria.
Writing-ink, atramentum scriptorium.
A writing-master, scribendi præceptor.
A writing underneath, subscriptio. *Upon*, inscriptio.
To read a thing that is written, ex scripto dicere.
A wrong or injury, injuria, noxa, damnum.
Wrong, adj. malus, pravus.
The wrong side of cloth, silk, &c. pauni, serici, &c. interior facies.
Wrong, adv. male, prave, perperam.
Open wrong, vis manifesta.
To wrong or do wrong, violare, nocere, lædere. *To take wrong measures*, suis rationalibus male consulere.
To have wrong done one, injuriâ affici.
To be in the wrong, errare, hallucinari.
Right or wrong, per sita nefasque.
A wronger or wrong doer, homo injurius, iniquus.
Wrongful, injurius, injuriosus, injustus.
Wrongfully, wrongly, injuriose, inique.
Wrongheaded, stultus hebes : inconsultus.

A wronging, violatio.
To be wrought, fieri.
Wry, obliquus, distortus, curvus.
A wry mouth or wry face, es distortum.
To make wry faces, os fæde distorquere.
Wry-legged, loripes.
A wry-neck, collum distortum.
To wry, torquere, contorquere.
The neck, collum obtorquere.
Wryly, oblique, torte.

Y

A YACHT or small sea-vessel, celox, navicula.
A yard [measure] ulna.
A yard or court, area, atrium.
A yard for fowl, chors.
A timber or wood-yard, fabrica materialaria.
A sail-yard, antenna.
The yard-arms, anteunarium cornua.
A yard-land, virgata terra.
Half a yard, sesquipes.
Yarn, silium. Woollen yarn, lana ueta. Linen yarn, linum netum.
A weaver's yarn-beam, textoris jugum.
A yaspin or handful, manipulus.
A yate or gate which shuts of itself, janua ultro sese claudens.
To yawl or bawl, ejulare, vociferari.
To yawl [as a ship] huc illuc vacillare.
To yawn, oscitare, hiare.
An aptness to yawn, oscedo.
A yawning, yawn, oscitatio.
Yea, etiam, ita, sane.
To yearn, satum entii.
A yearning, nixus, partus.
A yearning, agnus.
A year, annus.
The current year, annus vertens.
In the beginning of the year, initio anni; anno ineunte. At the end of the year, extremo anno, anno exeunte.
Leap year, annus intercalaris.
The perilous year, annus climactericus.
A year and a half, sesquiannus.
Two years' space, biennium.
Three, triennium.
Well stricken in years, provectus etate.
One year old, a yearling, annulus.
Two years' old, bimus, biennis.
Three, trimus, triennis.
The four seasons of the year, cardines temporum.

This year's or of this year, hennus.
Yearly or every year, quotannis, singulis annis. Or annual, annuus, anniversarius.
To yearn [be moved with compassion] visceribus commoveri.
A yearning or being moved with compassion, miseratio.
Yeast. See Yest.
The yelk or yolk of an egg, ovi vitellus.
To yell, ejulare. Or squeak aloud, vagire.
A yelling or yell [crying out] ejulatus, ejulatio.
The yelling of children, vagitus.
Yellow, flavus, fulvus, luteus.
As gold, aureus. As honey, inellus. As saffron, croceus.
As the yolk of an egg, luteus.
Bastard-yellow, melinus.
Yellow-haired, rufus, rutilus.
Yellow ochre, ochra.
To be yellow, flavere. To be jealous, zelotypia cruciari.
To grow or become yellow, flavescere.
To make yellow, rutilare.
Yellowish, subflavus, luteolus.
Yellowness, flavelo.
To yelp, gannire, latrare.
A yelper, latrator.
A yelping, gannitus, latratus.
A yeoman [a countryman having some land of his own] paganus ingenuus. Of the guard, satellites. Of the larder, peni procurator. Of the robes, vestiarius. Of the stirrup, scabelli equestri procurator.
The yeomanry, fundorum domini.
A yerk or jerk, verber, ictus, plaga.
To yerk or jerk, verberare, flagellare.
To yerk out behind, calcitrare.
A yerker out, calcitro.
A yerking out, calcitratio.
Yea, etiam, imo, maxime.
Note 1. It is common among the Roman writers to repeat in the answer the word on which the question principally depended; as, Did not I say that this would come to pass? Yes, you did say so, an non dixi hoc esse futurum? Dixi.
Note 2. Sometimes the word which, according to these examples, should be repeated, is omitted, as being sufficiently explained by the following words; as, Will you not be gone out of this place? Yes [I will go] with all my heart, fugi'n' hinc? Ego vero [fugio] ac lubens.
Yest, cerevisia flos v. spuma.
Yesty or yeasty, spumosa.
Yesterday, heri, here.

The day before yesterday, nūdiusterius.
Of or belonging to yesterday, hesternus.
Yesterday, heri vesperi.
Yet, at, certe, tamen, attamen.
Yet or as yet, adhuc. [Moreover] praterea, insuper. A gain, iterum.
Scarcely yet, vix dum.
Not yet, nondum.
A yew-tree, taxus. Of the yew-tree, taxeus.
The yez or hiccough, singultus.
Yezingly or sobbingly, singultim.
To yield or give way to, cedere, concedere. Or submit to, fuses alicui submittere v. palmam dare. [Give or deliver up] dedere, tradere. One the victory, alicui cedere, manus dare. Upon conditions, certis conditionibus se hosti dedere. At discretion, victori se permittere. [Bring forth or produce] producere; gignere. Over his right, de jure suo cedere. [Give consent to] assentire, assentiri. [Grant or confess] fateri, concedere.
A yielder, qui cedit v. concedit.
A yielding [granting] cessio, concessio. Again or restoring, restitutio. Or surrendering up, delitio.
Yieldingly, obsequenter.
Yieldingness, obsequium, indulgentia.
A yoke [for oxen] jugum.
Of a yoke, jugalis.
A yoke of oxen, juges, par boum.
To yoke or put a yoke upon one, jugum alicui imponere.
To yoke oxen, boves jungere, adjungere.
To yoke unto, adjugare. Together, conjugare.
To bring under the yoke, subjugare; sub jugum mittere.
To unyoke, sejungere, disjungere. To take off a yoke, jugum demere.
A yoke [slavery or subjection] jugum, servitus.
To shake off the yoke of slavery, jugum servile a suis cervicibus dejicere.
To go under the yoke, jugum subire; jugo cervicem submittere.
A yoke-fellow [husband or wife] conjux. Yoke-mate [in an office] collega.
Used to the yoke, subjugis.
The yoke-elm or yoke-tree, carpinus.
That was never yoked, jugum non passus.
A yoker, jugarius.
Yon or yonder, illic.
On yon side, ab illa regione.
Of yore, olim, quondam.

tute, v. factis, clarus. A worthy or valuable friend, amicus carus v. quantivis pretii. Unworthy or not worthy, indignus.
A worthy deed, facinus egregium.
Worthy of reward, meritorius.
To wot [old word for to know or believe] scire, credere.
Any woven stuff, textum.
A wounding, propensio.
A wound, vulnus, plaga. A little wound, vulnusculum. A mortal wound, vulnus mortiferum.
To wound, vulnerare, sauciare, consauciare. To death, alicui mortiferum vulnus infligere.
To wound a person's reputation, alicujus famam lædere.
Of a wound, vulnerarius.
A curer of wounds, vulnerarius.
A wounder, qui vulnerat.
That wounds, vulnificus, vulnifer.
A wounding, vulneratio, sauciatio.
A wrangle, rixa, jurgium, lis.
To wrangle, jurgare, litigare.
A wrangler, rixator, altercator, litigator.
Wrangling, rixosus, jurgiosus.
A wrangling, jurgium, altercatio, cavillatio.
A wrangling fellow, amans litium. Pettifogger, vitililgator.
To wrap or fold in, involvere. Entangle, irretire. Together, complicate. Up, colligere.
One's cloak or coat close about one, pallium v. togam arcte colligere.
A wrapper involutum, tegmen.
A wrapping, implicatio.
A wrapping-paper, cucullus.
Wrath, ira, indignatio.
To be in wrath, succensere, irasci.
To stir up wrath, irritare, acerbare, exacerbare.
Wrathful [angry] iratus. [Subject to wrath] iracundus.
Wrathfully, iracunde.
Wreak, vindicta.
To wreak, vindicare, ulcisci.
Wreakless, sine vindictâ.
A wreath, sertum, corona. A little wreath, corolla. A wreath about a pillar, voluta.
To wreak, torquere, crispare.
Wreathed, wreathy [as a cable] in spiram convolutus.
A wreck or shipwreck, naufragium.
Wreck, damnum, clades.
To wreck, perdere; damno afficere. A ship, navem ad scopulos affigere.
Wrecked, naufragus.
A wren, regulus. A little wren regululus.

A wrench or sprain, membri distortio.
To wrench or sprain a limb, membrum distortionem luxare.
To wrench open a door, fores effringere.
To wrest, torquere, detorquere. Aside, detorquere. Back, retorquere. From, extorquere.
To wrest the sense, sensum pervertere.
A wrestler, contortor, extortor.
A wrestling or wrest, torsio, contorsio.
To wrestle, luctari. Against, obluctari. With, colluctari.
A wrestler, luctator, palaestra.
Wrestler-like, athletic, palastrice.
A wrestling, lucta, luctatus.
A wrestling place, palaestra.
A champion at wrestling, athleta.
Of wrestling, athleticus, palastricus.
The exercise of wrestling, boxing, &c. pancratium.
A wretch, miser, perditus.
Wretched, miser, miserabilis, ærumosus.
A wretched fellow, homo treas v. triobolarius.
Wretchedly, misere, miserabiliter.
Wretchedness, miseria, ærumna.
To wriggle, vacillare.
A wrought or workman, faber, opifex. A shipwright, navium fabricator. A wheelwright, rotarum fabricator.
To wring, premere, stringere. Hard, comprimere, constringere. [As the colic] verminare.
A wringer, qui aquam exprimit.
A wringing, torsio, contorsio.
A wringing of the colic, tormina ventris.
A wrinkle, ruga.
To wrinkle, rugare, corrugare.
The forehead, frontem cape-rare.
A wrinkled face, facies rugosa.
Wrinkledness, cutis contractio.
A taking away of wrinkles, erugatio.
The wrist, carpus.
A wristband, brachiale.
A writ, libellus, præceptum.
To issue out a writ, mandatum emittere.
Holy writ, sacre literæ, scripta sacra.
To write, scribere, conscribere, exarare. Again or back, rescribere. On the backside, in tergo scribere. Before, præscribere. Between or interline, interscribere. A book, librum scribere. By candlelight, lucubrare. Or set one a copy, literas alicui præformare. After or imitate a copy, scripturam imitando effingere. Down a thing, aliquid literis

mandare. Or take down to short-hand, alicujus verba velocissime notis excipere. A good hand, pulchre scribere. In or upon, inscribere. Often, scriptitare. On or upon, inscribere, superscribere. Together, conscribere. Out or throughout, perscribere. Out or over, exscribere, describere. To, ascribere. Under or under-write, subscribere.
A writer [scribe] scriptor, scriba.
A writer or author, scriptor, auctor.
A hackney writer, scriba conductivus.
A writer of short-hand, notarius.
To writhe, torquere, obtorquere. Back, retorquere. The mouth, os distortere.
A thing writhed, tortilis.
A writhing, torsio. Backward, retorsio.
A writing, scriptio, scriptura.
The art of writing, ar. ascribendi. A fault in writing, mendum scripturæ.
A writing or thing written, scriptum, conscriptio.
A writing fixed up to a place, proscripta tabella.
A hand-writing, manus, scriptura.
To counterfeit one's hand-writing, manum alicujus apte imitari.
A writing-desk, mensa scriptoria.
Writing-ink, atramentum scriptorium.
A writing-master, scribendi præceptor.
A writing underneath, subscriptio. Upon, inscriptio.
To read a thing that is written, ex scripto dicere.
A wrong or injury, injuria, noxa, damnum.
Wrong, adj. malus, pravus.
The wrong side of cloth, silk, &c. panni, serici, &c. interior facies.
Wrong, adv. male, prave, perperam.
Open wrong, vis manifesta.
To wrong or do wrong, violare, nocere, lædere. To take wrong measures, suis rationibus male consulere.
To have wrong done one, injuria affici.
To be in the wrong, errare, hallucinari.
Right or wrong, per sās nefasque.
A wronger or wrong doer, homo injurius, iniquus.
Wrongful, injurius, injuriosus, injustus.
Wrongfully, wrongly, injuriose, inique.
Wrongheaded, stultus hebes; inconsultus.

A wronging, violatio.
To be wrought, fieri.
Wry, obliquus, distortus, curvus.
A wry mouth or wry face, es distortum.
To make wry faces, os fœde distorquere.
Wry-legged, loripes.
A wry-neck, collum distortum.
To wry, torquere, contorquere.
The neck, collum obtorquere.
Wryly, oblique, torte.

Y

A YACHT or small sea-vessel, celox, navicula.
A yard [measure] ulna.
A yard or court, area, atrium.
A yard for fowl, chora.
A timber or wood-yard, fabrica materialaria.
A sail-yard, antenna.
The yard-arms, antennarum cornua.
A yard-land, virgata terræ.
Half a yard, sesquipes.
Yarn, licium. Woollen yarn, lana veta. Linen yarn, linum netum.
A weaver's yarn-beam, textoris jugum.
A yaspin or handful, manipulus.
A yale or gate which shuts of itself, janua ultro sese claudens.
To yawl or bawl, ejulare, vociferari.
To yawl [as a ship] huc illuc vacillare.
To yawn, oscitare, hiare.
An apiness to yawn, oscedo.
A yawning, yawn, oscitatio.
Yea, etiam, ita, sane.
To yeap, fœtum eniti.
A yeaping, nixus, partus.
A yeapling, agnus.
A year, annus.
The current year, annus vertens.
In the beginning of the year, initio anni; anno ineunte. At the end of the year, extremo anno, anno exeunte.
Leap year, annus intercalaris.
The perilous year, annus climactericus.
A year and a half, sesquiannus.
Two years' space, biennium.
Three, triennium.
Well stricken in years, provectus ætate.
One year old, a yearling, anniculus.
Two years' old, bimus, biennis.
Three, trimus, triennis.
The four seasons of the year, cardines temporum.

This year's or of this year, hor-nus.
Yearly or every year, quotaennis, singulis annis. Or annual, annuus, anniversarius.
To yearn [be moved with compassion] visceribus commoveri.
A yearning or being moved with compassion, miseratio.
Yeast. See Yest.
The yelk or yolk of an egg, ovitellus.
To yell, ejulare. Or squeak aloud, vagire.
A yelling or yell [crying out] ejulatus, ejulatio.
The yelling of children, vagitus.
Yellow, flavus, fulvus, luteus.
As gold, aureus. As honey, inelleus. As saffron, croceus.
As the yolk of an egg, luteus.
Bastard-yellow, melinus.
Yellow-haired, rufus, rutilus.
Yellow ochre, ochra.
To be yellow, flavere. To be jealous, zelotypiâ cruciari.
To grow or become yellow, flavescere.
To make yellow, rutilare.
Yellowish, subflavus, luteolus.
Yellowness, flavedo.
To yelp, gannire, latrare.
A yelper, latrator.
A yelping, gannitus, latratus.
A yeoman [a countryman having some laud of his own] paganus ingenuus. Of the guard, satelles. Of the larder, peni procurator. Of the robes, vestiarius. Of the stirrup, scabell equestris procurator.
The yeomanry, fundorum domini.
A yerk or jerk, verber, ictus, plaga.
To yerk or jerk, verberare, flagellare.
To yerk out behind, calcitrare.
A yerker out, calcitro.
A yerking out, calcitratio.
Yes, etiam, imo, maxime.

Note 1. It is common among the Roman writers to repeat in the answer the word on which the question principally depended; as, *Did not I say that this would come to pass? Yes, you did say so, an non dixi hoc esse futurum?* Dixi.

Note 2. Sometimes the word which, according to these examples, should be repeated, is omitted, as being sufficiently explained by the following words; as, *Will you not be gone out of this place? Yes [I will go] with all my heart, fugi'n hinc? Ego vero [fugio] ac lubens.*

Yest, cerevisia flos v. spuma.
Yesty or yeasty, spumosus.
Yesterday, heri, here.

The day before yesterday, nū-diustertius.
Of or belonging to yesterday, hesternus.
Yesternight, heri vespere.
Yet, at, certe, tamen, attamen.
Yet or as yet, adhuc. [More-over] præterea, insuper. A-gain, iterum.
Scarcely yet, vix dum.
Not yet, nondum.
A yew-tree, taxus. Of the yew-tree, taxeus.
The yez or hiccough, singultus.
Yezingly or sobbingly, singul-tim.
To yield or give way to, cedere, concedere. Or submit to, fuscas alicui submittere v. palmam dare. [Give or deliver up] dedere, tradere. On the victory, alicui cedere, manus dare. Upon conditions, certis conditionibus se hosti dedere. At discretion, victori se permittere. [Bring forth or produce] producere; gignere. Over his right, de jure suo cedere. [Give consent to] assentire, assentiri. [Grant or confess] fateri, concedere.
A yielder, qui cedit v. concedit.
A yielding [granting] cessio, concessio. Again or restoring, restitutio. Or surrendering up, deditio.
Yieldingly, obsequenter.
Yieldingness, obsequium, indulgentia.
A yoke [for oxen] jugum.
Of a yoke, jugalis.
A yoke of oxen, juges, par boum.
To yoke or put a yoke upon one, jugum alicui imponere.
To yoke oxen, boves jungere, adjungere.
To yoke unto, adjudare. Togeth-er, conjugare.
To bring under the yoke, subjuga-re; sub jugum mittere.
To unyoke, sejungere, disjungere.
To take off a yoke, jugum demere.
A yoke [slavery or subjection] jugum, servitus.
To shake off the yoke of slavery, jugum servile a suis cervicibus dejicere.
To go under the yoke, jugum subire; jugo cervicem sub-mittere.
A yoke-fellow [husband or wife] conjux. Yoke-mate [in an office] collega.
Used to the yoke, subjugus.
The yoke-elm or yoke-tree, carpinus.
That was never yoked, jugum non passus.
A yoker, jugarius.
Yon or yonder, illic.
On yon side, ab illâ regions.
Of yore, olim, quondam.

You [spoken but of one] tu.
 [Spoken of more than one] vos.
You yourself, tu ipse, tute.
Young, youngish, juvenis, parvus, tener.
Very young, admodum adolescens, peradolescens.
A young student, eloquentiam candidatus. *A young lady*, virgo nobilis. *A young man*, adolescens, juvenis. *A young woman*, adolescentula.
A young tree, arbor novella.
To be young or grow young, juvenescere.
To grow young again, repubesce.
To come up young, pullulare, pullulascere.
A young fowl, beast, &c. pullus.
With young or big with young, gravidus, pręgnans.
To be with young, utero v. ventre ferre.
To bring forth young, parere, gignere.
The young of any creature lately brought forth, fetus, partus.
The breeding or bringing forth of young, lactura, partura.

A young beginner, tiro. A very young beginner, tirunculus.
Younger, junior, natu minor.
Youngest, minimus natu.
Youngly, tenderly, etate.
A youngster, youngling, or youngster, adolescentulus.
Your or yours [spoken of one only] tuus. [Spoken of more than one] vester.
Yourself, tu ipse, tute, tutemet.
Youth, youth, juvenus, juvenia, adolescentia.
A youth, adolescens, adolescentulus juvenis.
Youth or young people, juvenus.
A mere youth, admodum adolescens, peradolescentulus. *A very fine youth*, eximius juvenis.
A teacher of youth, adolescentium præceptor.
Youthful, youthful, juvenile, juvenilis.
To be youthful, adolescenturire.
To act or play a youthful part, juvenari.
Youthfulness, juvenilitas.
Youthfulness, juvenus, juvenia.
Yule, festum nativitatis.
 (356)

Yule games or Christmas gambols, ludi Christi natali celebrati.

Z

A ZANY, scurra, sannio.
Zeal, æmulatio, studium.
Zeal for God's glory, flagrans divinę glorię studium.
A zealot or zealous person, zelota, zelotes.
Zealous, emulans, studiosus.
To be zealous for a thing, alicui rei studere.
Zealously, studioso, servide, diligenter.
The zenith or vertical point zenith, indecl.
Zephyr, Zephyrus, Zephyrus.
The zodiac, zodiacus.
A zone, zona.
Zoography, animalium descriptio.

ON THE LATINIZATION OF NAMES.

(*Classical Journal*, Vol. I. p. 247, seqq.)

THE learned Huet, Bishop of Avranches, who spent a long life chiefly in reading, has left a paper published in the "*Huetiana*," on the subject of putting men's names into Latin. The proper mode of effecting this was a matter of no small importance in the periods when scholars and men of science universally wrote in the Latin language, and when even narrations relative to modern history were frequently composed in that tongue; nor has it at present entirely lost its interest, since many writers upon topics of erudition on the continent, and some in our own country, continue the practice. A summary of the Bishop's Essay, therefore, with a few additional remarks, may not prove unacceptable. The author begins by observing, that examples may be met with of the manner of naturalising names derived from a foreign country, both in the Oriental, the Greek, and the Roman writers. The latter, however, are those, whose practice ought especially to have served as a model to modern Latinists; who would have found that the Romans universally either cited foreign names unchanged, as they heard them pronounced, or accommodated them to the genius of their own tongue, merely by giving them the Latin inflection and termination, without regarding their signification. Thus the Greek names Πλάτων, Πυρρὸς, and Ἐπικούρος, implying the senses of *broad*, *ruddy*, and *auxiliary*, are simply rendered by *Plato*, *Pyrrhus*, and *Epicurus*. In other cases they have changed the Greek termination *ος* into the Latin *er*; as *Alexander*, *Periander*, &c. though even here the oldest form seems to have been *Alexanderus*, *Perianderus*, &c. These authorities, however, were not regarded by the moderns, who, in their Latinization of names, followed no certain rule, but their own particular fancy. Their various methods may be thus arranged:

The most inartificial was that of giving the christian name in Latin, and the surname in its proper form; as *Johannes Mandeville*, *Bartolomæus Glanville*, *Gulielmus Ockam*, *Johannes Duns*, *Johannes Gerson*.

Others, who had no surname, a common case in early times, formed one from their father's christian name, examples of which they found in their own languages: thus in English we have *Johnson*, *Thompson*, *Williamson*, &c. This mode of Latinization gave such names, as *Johannes Christophorus*, *Petrus Raymundi*, *Franciscus Martini*, *Gulielmus Duranti*. Sometimes the name of another relation, or of a friend, gave the appellation; as *Petrus Damiani*, *Eusebius Pamphili*.

Surnames have often been taken from the name of the person's country, added in the form of a patronymic adjective. Thus we have *Gulielmus Parisiensis*, *Gilbertus Anglicus*, *Josephus Iscanus*, *Gulielmus Brito*, *Otho Frisingensis*. Frequently, however, it was thought sufficient to subjoin the name of the country with a preposition; as *Gilbertus de Hollandia*, *Dominicus de Flandria*, *Henricus de Hesia*, *Petrus de Saxonia*. This latter mode was more used when the place of nativity was of small consideration; as *Gulielmus de Nangiac*, *Jacobus de Voragine*, *Thomas a Kempis*. To these patronymic surnames may be added a number derived from a fief, a lordship, an estate, and a residence, of which examples appear in *Petrus de Casa*, *Leoninus de Porta Sancti Petri*, *Gulielmus de Rubrugis*, *Petrus de Vineis*, *Alnus de Rupe*.

The majority of surnames have been taken from corporeal qualities, dispositions, trades, professions, and other circumstances in common life. Of these there are abundant examples in all modern languages; as in English we have *White*, *Brown*, *Smith*, *Mason*, *Bold*, *Merry*, &c. It has been a common practice in Latinization to translate such names by equivalent terms; and thus have been produced the Latin names of *Dionysius Exiguus*, *Olaus Magnus*, *Hugo Candidus*, *Dominicus Niger*, *Petrus Crinitus*, *Johannes Jesumator*, *Petrus Comestor*, *Rodolfus Agricola*, *Jacobus Faber*, *Jonchimus Camerarius*, *Marius Mercator*, and a number more of the like kind. But this mode, though it might seem an elegance, was in fact the source of all that ambiguity concerning the identity of persons, which is the greatest fault of nomenclature. For the Latin word being the same from whatever language the translation of the real surname was made, persons and countries became necessarily confounded, and no trace was left by which the man, who was known to the learned world by his writings, could be discovered in his private life and family connexions. The evil was still greater, when modern historians, who wrote in Latin, adopted this mode of transforming names, thus filling their pages with

riddles or enigmas, which it is impossible to solve without a knowledge of persons and things from some other source. The excellent de Thou has been singularly faulty in this respect, and has made a particular vocabulary necessary for the understanding of his history. Without such an explanation, who, for example, would discover the house of *Entragues*, in *Interamnus*, or *Menage*, in *Oeconomus*?

The pedantry, that naturally accompanied the revival of classical literature, promoted this method of travestying names; men of learning thinking those they bore in the vulgar tongues of their respective countries unfit to appear in the title-page of a work of erudition. Thus Erasmus both Latinised and Græcised his name of *Gerard* (signifying *amiable* in Dutch) to *Desiderius Erasmus*. Thus *Reuchlin* became *Capnio*; *Schwaertsdit*, *Melanchthon*; *Des Jardins*, *Hortensius*; *Huusschein*, *Oecolampadius*; *De l'Hopital*, *Xenius*; *Geishauer*, *Myconius*; *Grosman*, *Megander*; *Voorbroeck*, *Perizonius*; *De l'Oeuvre*, *Operarius*; *Vander Beken*, *Torrentius*. *Casaubon*, in his first works, called himself *Hortibonus*; but afterwards with better judgment, returned to his true name, with *us* subjoined. *Chandieu*, a minister of Geneva, even went to the Hebrew for a version of his name, and wrote himself *Sadeck*. It was a much greater offence against taste to form hybrid names, composed partly of the vernacular, partly of the translated appellative. "I have often been surprised," says Huet, "at receiving letters from James Pannier de Gretemesnil, from his residence at *Vandeure*, dated *Vandopera*, as if the word had been compounded of the barbarous term *Vand*, and the French *oeuvre*, rendered *Opera*, whereas the whole is a purely English word, corrupted from *Wandover*." Instances of this kind are *Rocheposay*, Latinised (by Scaliger) into *Rupiposæus*; *Roche foucault* into *Rupifoualdius*; *Tourneroché* into *Tornorupæus*. Some refined scholars, through their attachment to antiquity, were led to quarrel with their own baptismal names, and to change them for others resembling them in sound, borrowed from the pure times of Paganism. Thus *Johannes* was altered to *Janus*, by *Parrhasius*, *Læcuria*, *Cornarius* and *Douza*. A Dutch professor took *Petrelus* instead of *petrus*. It was made one of the charges against the learned and elegant *Palæarius* (burnt for heresy in 1579) that he had changed his christian name of *Antonio* for *Aonius*; which, however, he needed not to have done on a classical account, since *Antony* is a good Roman name; but it was rather in consequence of an affectation which then prevailed among those who dedicated themselves to polite literature, of assuming new names in a kind of classic ceremonial. Thus *Jacopo Sannazaro* adopted the names of *Actius Sincerus*, and *Filippo Buonacorsi*. of *Callimachus Experiens*. *Gaucher de Saint Marthe* translated his proper name into *Scævola*, erroneously (according to Huet) supposing that *Gaucher* had the signification of left-handed.

To the same passion for antiquity Huet ascribes the prevalent practice of Latinising names by the termination *ius*, in imitation of the greater part of the Roman families; as *Grotius*, *Baudius*, *Heinsius*, *Vossius*, *Lipsius*, *Bigotius*. This he acknowledges often sounds better, though the more simple and regular formation in *us* has succeeded very well in *Muretus*, *Turnebus*, *Doletus*, and others. He confesses that he himself is a defaulter in adopting the name of *Huetius*; but this was in his youth, and was first imposed by his learned correspondents. Here the Bishop of Avranches closes his remarks on this subject.

In England, the Latin writers have never, it is believed, adopted the pedantic affectations just mentioned, but have followed the simplest mode of Latinizing proper names. With respect to the two terminations *us* and *ius*, it would seem that when the staple of the name is preserved entire enough to render it easily cognisable the rest may be left to the decision of the ear. The common English termination in *y* and *ey* naturally forms *ius*; as *Hay*, *Rivius*; *Harvey*, *Harveius*; *Bentley*, *Bentleius*; that in *e* mute likewise has been similarly converted; as *Musgrave*, *Musgravius*; *Pope*, *Popius*; (Clarke's Homer,) *Hare*, *Harius*; yet *More* and *Pole* were made *Morus* and *Polus* by the writers of their times. Perhaps, however, the English monosyllabic names in general are advantageously lengthened by the dissyllable termination; as *Lowthius* and *Toupius*. Our more sonorous names do not seem to want this help; and *Murkinus*, *Hudsonus*, *Wartonus*, and *Porsonus*, may pass muster with the other "gens en *us*," as the French call them. As the modern taste is in general averse to pedantry, the custom prevails both in England and on the continent, for an author in his title-page to give his name in its vernacular form; as *Lowin*, *Clayne*, &c. but the Latin termination is assumed in the oblique cases when they speak of another person; as in dedications: thus, *Heynio*, *Hermanuo*; and the like. How far this violation of analogy is justified by the rules of grammar and good taste, is left to the classical critics to decide.

· DICTIONUM LIBER SECUNDUS; LATINARUM SCILICET NOTATIONES VARIASQUE SIGNIFICATIONES

JUSTO ORDINE TRADENS

AB

ABD

ABH

A ab, and abs, are prepositions of the same signification, and govern the ablative case. The first is used before words beginning with a consonant, the second before such as begin with a vowel, and the last when the initial consonant is q or t; for the exceptions with respect to r and s are so very few that they scarcely merit notice. Ab is of most frequent occurrence, from standing before not only all the vowels, but all the consonants occasionally, unless q, v, and z. According to most Dictionaries its significations exceed twenty; but although the English may be improved by that variety, it will be of advantage to the learner to restrict the number to three or four. Indeed this variety of meaning is not suggested or conveyed by the preposition, but arises chiefly from the other words of the sentences, as the following examples from Ainsworth will testify. 1 From. 2 By. 3 By reason of. 4 After, next. 5 At. 6 In. 7 The term from. 8 For that reason. 9 Out of. 10 From. 11 Against. 12 For. 13 After. 14 For, on our side. 15 On. 16 With. 17 In comparison of. 18 As far as from. 19 Towards an object. 20 The moving cause, for, out of. 21 The part affected. 22 A relation to the subject. In all these instances, the preposition may be translated by from, by, or for. Take the same author's examples. 1 A rebus, from things. 2 Ab his, by these. 3 A spe, from hope. 4 Ab illo, from him. 5 Ab ostio, by the door. 6 A mendacio, by a lie. 7 A labore, from labour. 8 A re, from the thing. 9 A Germaniâ, from Germany. 10 A puero, from a boy. 11 A frigore, from the cold. 12 A me, for me. 13 A securi, from the

axe. 14 A me, for me. 15 A parte, from the direction. 16 A potu, by a drink. 17 A verecundiâ, from modesty. 18 Ab Româ, from Rome. 19 Ab innocentia, for innocence. 20 Ab amore, from love. 21 Ab oculis, from the eyes. 22 A labore, by labour. A, in composition, is only used before mandr. Ab before vowels and d, f, h, j, l, n, r, s. In aufero and aufero, ab is changed into au. Abactus, a, um, part. [ex abigo] driven away by force; by stealth or otherwise; forced to leave; passed over. Abactus, ùe, m. a driving away. Abiculus, i. m. dim. from abacus, a counter to number with, as some think; or, as others, a table, or chess-man. Abacus, i. m. any flat, as a desk or cupboard; a bench or table used for accounts by mathematicians; a square table or stone on the chapter of pillars; the board on which they played at chess, cockall, tables, &c. Abalienatio, onis, f. an alienation or making over of any thing to another by agreement. Abalienatus, a, um, part. alienated, separated, cut off; disfranchised; rendered useless, unserviceable. Aballicino, ñre, ñvi, ñtum, act. to throw off; to dispose of or sell; to alienate; to estrange. Abavus, i. m. a great-grandfather's father. Abazæa pl. ancient sacrifices, so called from the silence observed therein. Abdicatio, onis, f. a disowning, rejecting, abjuration; an abdication, abrogating, quitting. Abdicatus, a, um, part. renounced. See Abdico. Abdico, ñre, ñvi, ñtum, act. (dico, ñre.) to disown; to renounce; to abrogate; to reject; to abdicate or resign.

(1)

Abdico, ñre, xi, ctum, act. (dicerè) to refuse; to bode ill to forebode. Abditè, adv. secretly. Abditivus, a, um, adv. concealed, clandestine. Abditum, i n. a place of secrecy. Abditus, a, um, part. et adj. removed, hidden, hoarded up, secret, private, absconded, abstruse, occult. Abdo, dère, didi, dñtum, act. to remove; to hide; to retire; to withdraw. Abdomen, ñnis, n. [ex abdo] the fat of the lower part of the belly, the paunch; the belly; gluttony, sottishness. Abduco, ñre, xi, ctum, act. to lead away; to carry off; to possess a thing; to take by force; to remove from or withdraw. Abductus, a, um, part. separated, taken aside. See Abduco. Abedo, ñre, esi, caum, to eat up; to devour. Abeo, ñre, ñvi, or ñi, ñtum, neut. to depart; to go away; to go or come; to spring; to be changed into; to go off to or escape. Abequito, ñre, ñvi, ñtum, to ride away. Aberratio, onis, f. aberration, a going out of the way, a wandering; a refreshing intermission or respite. Aberro, ñre, ñvi, ñtum, neut. to wander; to make a digression; to mistake; to differ; to have a respite. Abfore, [the infinitive of absum] to be wanting or hinder. Absüturus, a, um, part. to be about to be absent; to be of no avail. Abhinc, adv. ago, since; hence. Abhorrens, tis, part. disliking, reluctant, abhorring; differing; adj. unfit, unsuitable, senseless. Abhorreo, ñre, ul. — neut. to dislike; to have an antipathy

to; to abhor; to differ; to be disagreeable, unfit, unsuitable.
 Abiecte, adv. meanly, poorly, sorrowfully.
 Abiectio, ōnis. f. a taking away; despondency, dejectedness.
 Abiectus, a, um, part. cast off or laid aside. See Abjicio.
 Abiectus, a, um, adj. dispirited, drooping, low, abject, mean, contemptible, vile.
 Abiegun, a, um, adj. made of fir.
 Abiens, ahe utia, part. [ex abeo] departing from, relinquishing. Adj. Swift, posting; declining.
 Abies, ōtis. f. a fir tree; a ship; a plank or board.
 Abigo, ĕre, ĕgi, actum. act. [ex ab et ago] to drive away; to send away; to expel; to cast off.
 Abjicio, ĕre, ĭci, ctum. act. [ex ab et jacio] to throw or cast away; to lessen; to undervalue; to throw; to slight; to neglect; to leave off; to renounce; to set aside.
 Abito, ōnis. f. [ex abeo] a departing or departure; death.
 Abitto, are, to go away.
 Abitur, impers. it is departed. The word which would have been the nominative, had the verb been used in the active voice, is to be understood after this and similar impersonal verbs, governed in the ablative by the prepositions a or ab; as, Abitur, [a me, &c.] It is departed by me, &c. I depart. The sense in which the verb is used will suggest the words that are suppressed, which the young scholar in every instance ought to be taught to supply.
 Abitus, ūs, m. [ex abeo] a going away; a ceasing.
 Asjūdo, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. to give money, &c. by sentence or verdict; to deny; to judge the contrary.
 Abjunctus, a, um, part. unyoked.
 Abjungo, ĕre, xi, ctum. act. to unyoke; to separate; to remove; to disuse.
 Abjūraso pro Abjurarvero, ab Abjuro.
 Abjūrus, a, um, part. abjured, kept contrary to justice, denied by a false oath.
 Abjūro, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. act. to deny a thing upon oath.
 Ablāqueō, ōnis. f. a laying open the roots of vines or other trees.
 Ablāqueo, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum, act. to lay bare the roots.
 Ablātūrus, a, um, part. [ab aufero] about to take away.
 Ablatus, a, um, part. [ab aufero] taken away.
 Alēgātio, ōnis. f. [ex ablego] a sending away.
 Ablēgātus, a, um, part. sent out of the way; laid aside.

Ablego, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. s. act. [ex ab et lego, as] to send or drive away; to lay aside.
 Abligārio, ĩre, ĩvi, ctum. act. to spend riotously in eating and drinking.
 Ablōcr, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum, act. to let out for hire.
 Ablūde, ĕre, ai, sum. neut. to differ or be unlike. Alludo, raro v.c.
 Abluo, ĕre, ui, ctum. act. to wash clean; to wash away; to wash out; to purify; to remove.
 Abnāto, act. to swim away.
 Abnēgo, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. act. to refuse; to deny; to fall from his word.
 Abnēpos, ōtis. m. a grandchild's grandson.
 Abneptis, is. f. a grandchild's granddaughter.
 Abnōdo, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. [ex ab et nodus] to cut off knots.
 Abnormis, is. e. adj. [ex ab et norma] irregular, singular.
 Abnuo, ĕre, ui, ctum. act. to deny; to refuse; to hinder; to prevent.
 Abōleo, ĕre, ui et vi, ctum. act. to abrogate; to annul; to abolish; to remove; to destroy.
 Abolesco, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. neut. to wither away; to decay; to be extinct or abolished.
 Abōlitiō, ōnis. f. an abolition, annulling, effacing, cancelling, obliteration, revocation.
 Abōlitus, a, um, part. [ab aboleo] ruinous, antiquated, abolished, abrogated, consumed, or destroyed.
 Abolla, ō. f. a senator's robe, a soldier's coat, a philosopher's cloak.
 Abominātus, a, um, part. shunning as ominous or unlucky; abhorring or abhorred.
 Abominor, ari, atus, dep. [ex ab et omen] to deprecate as ominous; to abhor; to hate; to abominate.
 Abōrigines, an ancient people of Italy; but used as a common name for the first inhabitants of any country.
 Abōrior, ōriri. ortus. 3 et 4 conj. to fail; to die; to be born before the time.
 Abortio, ōnis. f. abortion, a miscarriage, cause of a miscarriage.
 Aborto, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. neut. to miscarry.
 Abortivum, i. n. abortion; that which causes abortion.
 Abortivus, a, um, adj. abortive, born before the time; addle.
 Abortus, ūs, m. [ex aborior] a miscarriage. Abortum facere, to miscarry or cause a miscarriage.
 Abrādo, ĕre, ai, sum. act. to scrape; to shave off; to grate;

to cut off; to get from another.
 Abreptus, a, um, part. [ex abripiō] torn away, forced.
 Abripiō, ĕre, ui, reptom. act. [ex ab et rapio] to drag away by force; to carry away; to deliver.
 Abrōdo, ĕre, ai, sum. act. to gnaw off; to gnaw; to cut off.
 Abrōgātio, ōnis. f. an abrogation, abolition, revocation, annulling, or repeal of a law.
 Abrōgātus, a, um, part. taken away; abrogated, repealed, abolished, decried, annulled, revoked.
 Abrōgo, ĕre, ĕvi, ctum. act. to abrogate; to annul; to revoke; to repeal; to drive away; to defeat.
 Abōrōnſtis, ō. m. southern-wood wine.
 Abōrōnſum, i. n. the herb southernwood.
 Abrumpo, ĕre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break; to sever; to snap a sunder; to break off; to leave.
 Abrupte, adv. [ex abruptus] abruptly, without order, inconsistently.
 Abruptio, ōnis. f. a breaking, breaking off; a divorce.
 Abruptum, i. n. a steep place, a precipice.
 Abruptus, a, um, part. [ex abrumpon] Item adj. broken off or from; cut off; steep, rough, craggy, abrupt, without preamble or preface; not well joined, rash, hasty.
 Abscēditur, impers.
 Abscēdo, ĕre, cessi, cessum. neut. to depart; to go away; to be taken away; to cease; to escape from; to forsake; to suppart.
 Abscessio. See Abscessus.
 Abscessus, ūs, m. a recess, a departing from, an imposthume, abscess.
 Abscido, ĕre, cidi, ctum. act. [ex abs et cædo] to cut off.
 Abscindo, ĕre, cidi, ctum. act. to cut off; to rend off; to put an end to.
 Abscisse, vel Abscise, adv. [hinc ex abscido, illud ex abscondo] shortly, in few words.
 Abscissio, ōnis. f. cutting short, a figure in Rhetoric.
 Abscissus, a, um, part. [ex abscondo] cut off, parted, broken, rough, craggy, steep, cut short, sharp, severe.
 Abscondite, adv. abstrusely, secretly.
 Absconditus, a, um, part. hid den, covered, abstruse.
 Abscondo, ĕre, di et didi, ctum et sum. act. [ex abs et condito] to abscond; to hide; to keep close; to leave behind; to bury.
 Absens, tis. part. [a verbo abr

sum] *absent, out of sight, distant.*

Absentia, *æ. f. absence.*

Absellio, *ire, ui et ii, sup. inusit. neut. [ex ab et salio] to leap away; to fly away; to start off.*

Absimilis, *is, e. adj. [ex ab et similis. Ab has a privative sense] very unlike; frequently preceded by haud, non, nec, neque.*

Absinthites, *æ. m. wormwood wine.*

Absinthium *et Absynthium*, *i. n. wormwood.*

Absistitur, *impers.*

Absisto, *ere, stit. neut. to depart; to cease; to desert.*

Absolveo, *ere, vi, lūtum. act. to absolve; to acquit; to discharge; to accomplish; to finish; to consume; to destroy; to despatch; to dismiss.*

Absolūte, *adv. absolutely, perfectly.*

Absolūtio, *ōnis. f. a discharging, absolving, acquitting; perfection.*

Absolūtōrium, *i. n. a cure.*

Absolutōrius, *a, um. adj. absolute, pertaining to acquitting, &c.*

Absolutus, *a, um. part. [ex absolvo] acquitted, discharged, cleared; adj. perfect, consummate.*

Absonus, *a, um. adj. harsh in sound, dissonant; irregular, absurd; unsuitable, disagreeable.*

Absorbeo, *ere, ui et psi, ptum. act. to absorb; to lay under water; to carry away.*

Absque, *præp. without, except. Governs the ablative.*

Abstemius, *a, um. adj. [q. abstinentes temet, h. e. vini] abstemious, sober, not given to wine, not fond of wine.*

Abstergeo, *ere, si, sum. act. to wipe clean; to discuss; to break in pieces.*

Absterreo, *ere, ui, itum. act. to deter; to discourage; to frighten from or away; to hinder.*

Abscristus, *a, um. part. afrighted from.*

Abstersus, *a, um. part. wiped off.*

Abstinentes, *tis. adj. ex parte temperate, forbearing, abstinent, chaste.*

Abstemius, *adv. modestly, harmlessly.*

Abstinentia, *æ. f. [ex abstinentes] an abstaining from, abstinence, inoffensiveness; moderation, integrity.*

Abstineo, *ere, ui, abstentum. act. [ex ab et teneo] to abstain from; to keep from; to refrain; to forbear.*

Abstinetur, *impers. it is abstained from.*

Absto, *stere, stiti, itum. neut. to stand at a distance or stand off.*

Abstractus, *a, um. part. drawn or dragged away.*

Abstrahō, *ere, xi, ctum. act. to drag away; to separate; to free; to abstract; to draw away.*

Abstrūdo, *ere, si, sum. act. to conceal; to hide; to cast away; to banish.*

Abstrūsus, *a, um. part. concealed, hidden. Adj. Secret, inward, deep, abstruse; reserved.*

Abstūli. *See Aufero.*

Absum, *esse, fui. neut. to be absent; to be wanting; to be far from; to be of no avail.*

Absumo, *ere, psi, ptum. act. to consume; to destroy; to spend; to waste utterly.*

Absumptus, *a, um. part. [ex absumo] lost, gone, undone.*

Absurde, *adv. foolishly, absurdly, nonsensically.*

Aburdus, *a, um. adj. [ex ab et surdus] harsh, grating, unpleasant; silly, senseless, absurd.*

Abverto, *for Avertō.*

Abundans, *tis. part. [ex abundo] et adj. abounding, rich, affluent; great, vast; copious; overflowing.*

Abundanter, *adv. largely, richly, copiously, abundantly.*

Abundantia, *æ. f. plenty, abundance.*

Abundātio, *ōnis. f. idem.*

Abunde, *adverb. abundantly, amply, richly, enough.*

Abundo, *ere, vi, itum. neut. to abound; to overflow; to be rich.*

Abūso, *ōnis. f. an applying to another use, or an improper use; an abuse.*

Abusque, *for usque ab, from as far as.*

Abūsus, *ūs. m. a misapplication, an abuse.*

Abūtor, *i, ūsus. dep. to use contrary to the nature or first intention of any thing; to apply to a wrong end; to abuse.*

Ac, *and, and indeed. Ac non, neither; than, after nouns or adverbs of contrariety or comparison; as.*

Aciccia, *a kind of thorn.*

Academia, *æ. f. a place in the suburbs of Athens, famous for Plato's school, called so from Acadēmus or Ecadēmus, a nobleman; hence all great schools were called by that name; a university, an academy.*

Academicus, *a, um. adj. of this school; an academician, a member of a university.*

Acanthice, *æ. f. the gum of the herb helzine.*

Acanthinus, *a, um. adj. of or like branch-hircin, or brank-urcin, or bear's-foot.*

Acanthion, *i. n. a kind of thorn.*

Acanthis, *ills. f. a little bird,*

perhaps a linnet, goldfinch, or nightingale; the herb groundsel.

Acanthus, *i. m. the herb branch-hircin or brank-urcin, or bear's-foot; the form of its leaves often adorned the chapter of pillars.*

Acapna, *ōrum, pl. n. dry wood, small or old coal.*

Acapon, *n. a kind of honey.*

Acorne, *æ. f. a kind of sea-fish.*

Acāron, *i. n. et Acāros, i. f. wild myrtle.*

Acctum, *i. n. a pinnacle or small barge.*

Accanto, *ere, āvi, itum. act. [ex ad et canto] to sing to.*

Acceditur, *impers. it is approached.*

Accedo, *ere, sei, sum. neut. [ex ad et cedo] to draw near; to accede; to go or come to; to be added to or increased; to assent or agree. [The construction of this verb is as follows: Accedero, to approach, or draw near, is commonly construed with ad or in. Livy sometimes uses the dative. When it signifies to agree with a person, it is almost uniformly joined to the dative. When it signifies to agree to any thing it is followed by the dative, or by ad. When it signifies to be added, it is construed in the same manner, but more frequently with ad; and is, accordingly, in this sense, always followed by an adverb of motion to a place: as, Huc accedebat, to this was added, or, in addition, besides, &c.]*

Acceleratio, *ōnis. f. a hastening, acceleration.*

Accelerō, *ere, āvi, itum. act. [ex ad et celero] to hasten; to despatch; to accelerate. neut. to make haste; to be expeditious; to be quick.*

Accendo, *ere, di, sum. act. [ex ad et candeo] to set on fire; to light up; to animate; to stir up; to increase; to make bright; to burnish.*

Accenseo, *ere, ui, sum. (et forte situm, unde accensitas) act. [ex ad et censeo] to add to; to reckon among; to join to.*

Accensus, *a, um. part. [ab accendo] set on fire, lighted; enraged, inflamed, exasperated.*

Accensus, *i. m. [ex ad et census] a public officer appointed to call courts or other assemblies; a pursuivant, usher, mace-bearer. [It was the ancient practice also for the Accensus to walk before the consul, during the month in which he had not the fasces, while the lictors followed behind. Varro likewise tells us, that before the invention of water-clocks, it*

was the business of the Accensus to call out to the prætor in court, when it was the third hour, or nine in the morning; when it was mid-day; and when three in the afternoon.]

Acceptio, ònis. f. a taking, an acceptance, granting or allowing a proposition, sense, meaning.

Accepto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freu. [ab accipio] to take; to receive; to submit to.

Acceptor, òris, in. a receiver, an approver.

Acceptrix, icis. f. a female receiver.

Acceptum, i. n. a thing received or taken; a receipt for money.

Acceptus, a, um. part. received or taken; treated, entertained; submitted to.

Acceptus, a, um. adj. ex part. beloved; acceptable, welcome, grateful.

Accesso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. rectius Accessio, to fetch; to send for; to try; to implead one by law.

Accessor, òris. m. rectius Accessor, a caller or sender for.

Accessus, a, um. part. et adj. rectius Accessitus, fetched, sent for; far-fetched; affected, unnatural.

Accessus, ùs. m. a calling or sending for.

Accerso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. æd rectius Accessio, [ab ar. ant. pr. ad et cio] to send for; to fetch; to call; to accuse; to procure.

Accessio, ònis. f. an accession, addition; an acquiescent, a recruit; interest of money; a wing added to a house.

Accessus, ùs. m. an approach; access or leave to approach; an admittance; an increase; a pursuit.

Accidentia, æ. f. a purpose, design; accident.

Accido, Ære, i. —. neut. [ex ad et cudo] to fall down at; to fall; to come to; to happen to, to befall.

Accido, Ære, di, sum. act. [ex ad et cudo] to cut short; to pare; to weaken; to afflict.

Accio, cire, clvi, cltum. [ex ad et cieo] to send for.

Accinctus, a, um. part. [ex accingo] girded, furnished with, prepared for.

Accingo, Ære, xi, cltum. act. to gird to; to prepare for; to go about a thing briskly; to provide with.

Accio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex ad et cio] to send for; to call one; to get; to cause; to procure.

Accipio, Ære, Ævi, eptum. act. [ex ad et capio] to take; to undertake; to learn; to accept of; to suck; to drink in; to receive; to sustain; to hear; to

treat; to entertain; to obey; to take; to levy; to find; to obtain; to enter; to set down. Accipiter, tris. m. [ab accipio] a hawk; an extortioner, a plunderer.

Acclaus, a, um. part. [ex accido] cut off, clipped short; shortened or falling short; impaired, straitened, weakened.

Accitus, a, um. part. [ex accio] sent for.

Accitus, tús. m. a sending for, a calling.

Acclāmans, ntis. part. calling or shouting.

Acclāmatio, ònis. f. a calling aloud, a shouting, a huzza, a crying against.

Acclāno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to shout; to huzza; to cry out against.

Acclinatus, a, um. part. leaning over, bent forward.

Acclinis, is, e, adj. leaning on, bending forward, shelving; prone, inclined to.

Acclino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex ad ant. clino] to lean or bend forward; to consent, incline to.

Acclivia, is, e, adj. [ex ad et clivus] up hill, steep, rising, ascending.

Acclivus, a, um. adj. steep.

Acclivitas, Ætis. f. a bending upwards, steepness, acclivity.

Accola, æ. c. g. a near inhabitant. Accolo, Ære, ul, cultum. act. [ex ad et colo] to dwell near.

Accommodate, adv. aptly, fitly, suitably.

Accommodatio, ònis. f. an applying, adapting, adjusting, fitting, or suiting; an accommodation.

Accommodatus, a, um. part. et adj. accommodated, adapted, suited to, designed for; proper, suitable; like.

Accommodo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex ad et commodo] to put to; to suit; to accommodate, adjust; to lend; to adhere to.

Accommodus, a, um. adj. apt, suitable, meet, proper.

Acerdo, Ære, di, òtis. act. to give credit to; to consent to; to believe.

Acerementum, i. n. increase, growth.

Accresco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to grow; to increase; to accrue.

Aceretio, ònis. f. an increasing, accretion.

Accubans, tis. part. lying down or sitting at table; adjoining.

Accubatio, at. leg. Accubatio, ònis. f. a lying down or sitting at table, accusation.

Accubitorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sitting down.

Accubitus, ùs. m. a sitting down to table.

Accubo, Ære, bui, bitum. neut. [ex ad et cubo] to sit or (as the Romans) recline at table.

Accudo, Ære, di, sum. act. [ex ad et cudo] to coin more.

Accumbo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [ex ad et cumbo] to lie down; to recline at meat.

Accumulatio, ònis. f. accumulation, a heaping.

Accumulatio, òris. m. a heaper up.

Accumulo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ab ad et cumulus] to add one heap to another; to amass; to accumulate; to increase.

Accurate, adv. cautiously, carefully; diligently, strictly; neatly, accurately, nicely, critically.

Accuratus, a, um. part. v. potius, adj. performed with care, choice, accurate, exquisite, nice, elaborate, strict.

Accuratio, ònis. f. carefulness, diligence, accuracy, niceness, strictness.

Accuro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to take care of, to look to.

Accurritur, impers. it is run.

Accurro, Ære, ri, sum. neut. to run to.

Accursus, ùs. m. a concourse.

Accusabilis, is, e, adj. to be accused; blameworthy.

Accusatio, ònis. f. an accusation, information, indictment, an accusing.

Accusator, òris. m. an accuser, a plaintiff.

Accusatorie, adv. with the design or mind of an accuser.

Accusatorius, a, um. adj. accusatory, of an accuser.

Accusatrix, icis. f. a female accuser.

Accusatus, a, um. part. accused, blamed, impleaded.

Accuso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex ad et causor] to accuse in judgment; to impeach; to blame.

Acer, Æris. u. a maple tree.

Acer, v. Acris, cris, e. adj. sharp, sour, poignant, tart, acrimonious; courageous, brisk, smart, mettlesome.

Acerbe, adj. sharply, severely, cruelly, bitterly, virulently.

Acerbitas, Ætis. f. sharpness, sourness, eagerness, harshness in taste; grief, anguish, grievousness, virulence.

Acerbo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to aggravate, heighten, enrage.

Acerbus, a, um. adj. unripe, sour, tart; vexatious, satirical, displeasing, troublesome; pinching, severe.

Aceruus, a, um. adj. [ab acer] of maple wood.

Acerua, æ. f. a censer.

Acerime. See Acriter.

Aceruilis, is, e. adj. heaped or piled up.

Aceruim, adv. by heaps, promiscuously.

Aceruatio, ònis. f. a heaping up.

Aceruatus, a, um. part. heaped up.

Acervo, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. act. to *pile; to heap together.*
Acervus, i. m. a *heap, hoard, pile; accumulation.*
Acesco, Ēre. — incept. [ab aceo] to *grow tart, sour, eager.*
Acēsis, is. f. the herb *carneoli* or *water-sage.*
Acēstibulum, i. n. [ab acetum] a *saucer; a measure of two ounces and a half; the pan in the joint of bones; the claw of lobsters, &c.*
Acētāria, ōrum. pl. n. a *sallad; minced meats.*
Acetum, i. n. [ab acer] *vinegar; rallery.*
Achātes, m. m. *achāt* or *agate.*
Achēron, et **Achērona**, tis. m. a *river in the infernal regions; the state and place of the dead; the grave; hell; perdition, destruction.*
Achēronicus, a, um. adj. of *Achēron.*
Achētē, ōrum. pl. f. a *sort of grasshoppers.*
Acchilleum, i. n. a *sort of sponge.*
Achnas, ōdis. f. a *wild pear-tree.*
Acidūlus, a, um, adj. dim. *something sour or tart.*
Acidus, a, um. adj. [ab aceo] *sour, acid, eager, tart.*
Acies, ēi. f. the *sharp edge or point of any thing; the sight of the eye; an army in battle order; sharpness of any thing; quickness of apprehension.*
Acinōces, is. m. a *scymetar, a falchion.*
Acinōsus, a, um. adj. *full of or like kernels.*
Acinus, i. m. et **Acinum**, i. n. et **Acina**, ō. f. the *stone of grapes.*
Acipenser, ōris. m. a *large fish, taken commonly for a sturgeon.*
Acis, idis. f. a *kind of short dart.*
Acatus, *without dregs or sediment.*
Acōnītum, i. n. *wolfbane, monkshane; poison.*
Acōpa, ōrum. n. *medicines against weariness.*
Acor, ōris. m. [ab acer] *sharpness, sourness, acrimony.*
Acōrum, i. n. et **Acōrus**, i. m. the *sweet cane; garden flag.*
Acquiesco, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. neut. [ex ad et quiesco] to *be easy in bed; to delight in; to acquiesce; to assent; to rely; to be satisfied with.*
Acquiro, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. [ex ad et quero] to *acquire; to get; to purchase.*
Acquisitus, a, um. part. *acquired, adacititious.*
Acridūla, ō. f. a *woodlark, or, as some, a nightingale.*
Acridmōla, ō. f. [ab acer] *acidity, sharpness, sourness; ear-nestness, vehemence, acrimony; stveliness, briskness.*

Acriter, acrius **Acerrime**. adv. [ab acer] *valiantly, sturdily, courageously; earnestly, strenuously, intensely, severely; stedfastly.*
Acritūdo, ōdis. f. [ex acer] *sharpness.*
Acrobāma, ātis. n. an *opera, play; a farce; a concert of music; an actor or musician.*
Acroāsis, is. f. an *audience.*
Acrochordōn, ōdis. a *wart.*
Acrostichis, idis. f. an *acrostich.*
Acrotērion, i. n. the *extreme part of any thing.*
Acta, ō. f. a *shore or pleasant strand.*
Acta, ōrum. pl. n. [ex ago] *acts, exploits; chronicles; journals, registers.*
Actio, ōdis. f. [ex ago] an *action, a process or an action at law.*
Actito, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. freq. [ab ago] to *plead; to act.*
Actor, ōris. m. [ex ago] an *actor, agent; bailiff, comptroller; pleader at the bar, comedian.*
Actuāribulum, i. n. dim. ab **Actuārium**, i. n. a *pinnace, a small barge.* Vid. seq.
Actuārius, a, um. adj. *light, nimble, swift-sailing.*
Actuārius, i. m. a *notary or clerk.*
Actum est, imperf. [ab ago] *it is done, i. e. all is over or ruined.* It has always this meaning when followed by *de*; but this meaning is reversed if followed by *cum*, and preceded by an adverb; as, *Bene actum est mecum, I am fortunate or have gotten well off.*
Actuōse, adv. *earnestly, actively.*
Actuōsus, a, um. adj. [ex actus] *active, busy, practical.*
Actus, a, um. part. [ex ago] *done, achieved, determined; led; driven; dispersed; beaten or driven in; impleaded, accused.*
Actus, ūs. m. [ab eod.] an *act or deed; an act of a play; the several stages of a business; pleadings in law.*
Actūth, adv. [ab actu] *forthwith, presently.*
Aculeatus, a, um. adj. [ab aculeus] *having a sting, prickle, or sharp point; biting, sharp, piquant, keen.*
Aculeus, i. m. a *sting, prickle, sharpness, sophistry, pinching, biting.*
Acūmen, inis. n. [ab acuo] the *point or edge of any thing; sharpness, shrewdness; cunning; smartness; quickness of relish.*
Acūminatus, a, um. adj. *pointed, peaked, sharp.*
Acuo, Ēre, ūi, ūtum. act. [ex

acus] to whet; to point; to improve; to provoke.
Acus, acēris. n. *chaff.*
Acus, ūs. f. a *needle, a bodkin, or cramping-pin.*
Acus, i. n. a *long prickly sea-fish.*
Acūte, adv. *sharply, ingeniously, keenly, wittily.*
Acūtulus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat sharp, subtle.*
Acutus, a, um. adj. *made sharp pointed, ingenious, acute, wit-ty, glaring, shrill, scorching.*
Ad, prep. to, at, for, until, towards, against, before, after, besides, according to, with regard to, upon.
Ad, applied to numbers signifies *nearly, about, i. e. a little more or fewer.*
Adactio, ōdis. f. [ab adigo] a *forcing, a constraint.*
Adactus, a, um. part. [ex adigo] *forced, driven, struck into, brought under.*
Adaequatus, a, um. part. *equalled or levelled, adequate.*
Adaeque, adv. *equally, as much as, so much.*
Adaequo, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. to *equalise or make equal with.*
Adestuo, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. neut. to *overflow; to boil over.*
Adagēro, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. to *heap or lay in heaps.*
Adalligo, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. [ex ad et alligo] to *tie close to.*
Adāmantus, a, um. adj. *adamantine, hard as adamant.*
Adāmantinus, a, um. adj. *hard as adamant.*
Adāmantis, idis. f. an *herb.*
Adāmas, ntis. m. a *hard stone, a diamond.*
Adkinatus, a, um. part. *greatly beloved.*
Adambūlo, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. to *walk up to.*
Adūno, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. to *love greatly, wantonly.*
Adspēro, Ēre, rūi, ertum. act. to *open; to disclose; to uncover.*
Adspertilis, is, e, adj. *which may be opened.*
Adspertus, a, um. part. *laid open.*
Adaptatus, a, um. part. *adapted, fitted to.*
Adāquo, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. to *water.*
Adactus, a, um. part. *increased.*
Aductus, ūs. m. an *increasing.*
Adaugeo, Ēre, xi, ctum. act. to *aggravate; to enhance; to increase; to enlarge.*
Adaugeo, Ēre, — incept. to *be increased.*
Adaxint, for **Adegerint.
Adbibo, Ēre, bibi, bibitum. act. to *drink hard; to suck in; to mind attentively.*
Adidcet, impers. *it becomes.*
Addeuseo, Ēre, ūi. — act. to *close together.*
Adenso, Ēre, ēvi, Ētum. act. to *thicken.***

addisco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to approve; to gratify; to sell; to give over to bondage; to sentence to bondage a debtor; to hire out work; to devote or be an humble servant; to condemn; to adjudge; to award.
Addictio, ōnis. f. a valuing or setting to sale.
Addictus, a, um. part. valued at a price; very much obliged; condemned, assigned, given in bondage to his creditors, devoted, addicted.
Addiaco, ēre, didici, — act. to learn more; to learn.
Additamentum, i. n. an addition, accession, a perquisite.
Additus, a, um. part. added, annexed.
Addivino, ēre, ēvi, ctum. act. to confecture.
Addo, ēre, idi, ctum. act. to give; to adjoin; to add; to give or put to.
Addubitātus, impers. it is doubted.
Addubitō, ēre, ēvi, ctum. neut. to be in some doubt; to hesitate a little.
Addūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to lead; to prevail with; to engage; to induce; to bring; to straiten; to shrivel.
Adducte, ius. comp. adv. closely, nearly.
Adductor, ōnis. m. a leader, bringer.
Adductus, a, um. part. brought unto, induced, contracted, &c.
Adēdo, ēre, v. esse, ēdi, esum v. estum. act. to devour or eat up.
Ademptio, ōnis. f. [ex adimo] a taking away, a disfranchising, banishment.
Ademptus, a, um. part. taken away, lost, dead.
Adēo, adv. so, to that pass, and therefore, much more, at this time, very much, indeed, inso-much that.
Adēo, ēre, ivi et ii, ctum. neut. to go to; to come to; to accost; to address to; to under-go; to be exalted unto; to go upon; to undertake; to attack.
Adeps, ipis. m. et f. sed sapius, m. [ab adipiscor] fat, grease, tallow.
Adēptio, ōnis. f. [ex adipiscor] a getting, obtaining or acquisition.
Adeptus, a, um. part. [ex adipiscor] having gotten, obtained, come to.
Adēquito, ēre, ēvi, ctum. act. to ride up to or by.
Adēsūro, ēre, ivi, ctum. to be hungry.
Adēsus, a, um. adj. ex part. eaten, spent, consumed.
Adfrango, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. to break or dash against.

Adgemo, ēre, vi, ctum. act. to groan; to sigh at.
Adhæreo, ēre, si, sum. neut. to stick to; to adhere; to keep close to.
Adhæresco, ēre. — id. quod Adhæreo.
Adhæsiō, ōnis. f. adhesion, a coupling or joining.
Adhālo, ēre, āvi, ctum. act. to breathe upon.
Adhibeo, ēre, vi, ctum. act. [ex ad et habeo] to call; to send for; to admit; to use; to employ; to apply. This word may be often translated by the cognate verb of the noun following: as, Adhibere solatium, to comfort, Adhibere auxilium, to help, &c.
Adhibitus, a, um. part. used, employed, &c.
Adhinnio, ēre, ivi, ctum. neut. to neigh after; to exult or applaud.
Adhortatio, ōnis. f. an exhortation, counsel, persuasion.
Adhortator, ōnis. m. an encourager, exhorter.
Adhortatus, a, um. part. having exhorted, encouraged, animated.
Adhortor, āri, atus. dep. to exhort; to counsel; to encourage; to animate.
Adhuc, adv. hitherto, heretofore, as yet, besides.
Adjaceo, ēre, vi, ctum. neut. to lie contiguous; to border upon; to adjoin.
Adiantum, i. n. the herb maiden-hair.
Adjectio, ōnis. f. [ex adjicio] an addition, increase or augmentation.
Adjectus, ūs. m. an adding, putting to or in.
Adjectus, a, um. part. [ab adjicio] added to, annexed.
Adiens, euntis. part. [ab adeo] Adgo, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. [ex ad et ago] to drive; to bring to; to force; to compel.
Adjiciālis, is, e. adj. noble, splendid, grand.
Adjicio, ēre, ēci, ctum. act. [ex ad et jacio] to cast unto; to add; to adjoin; to annex; to apply; to cast upon.
Adimo, ēre, ēmi, ctum. act. [ex ad et emo] to take away; to free from; to keep from.
Adinventus, a, um. part. curiously invented.
Adspatium, i. n. [ab adeps] fat meat.
Adipiscor, i. Adptus. comm. to get; to obtain; to arrive at; to overtake; to be attained.
Aditur, et Aditum est, impers. [ab adeo.]
Aditus, a, um. part. gone to.
Aditus, ūs. m. a way, entrance, passage, access, recourse to, avenue, method, way, mean.

Adjūdico, ēre, ēvi, ctum. act. to give sentence; to adjudge, to attribute; to impute; to award; to determine; to resolve.
Adjūgo, ēre, āvi, ctum. act. [ex ad et jugum] to join; to couple together; to yoke.
Adjūmentum, i. n. [ex adjuvo] help, aid, assistance, furtherance.
Adjunctio, ōnis. f. a conjunction, an addition, a figure in oratory.
Adjunctor, ōnis. m. he who joins
Adjunctus, a, um. part. yoked, joined, annexed, adjacent, contiguous; nearly related.
Adjungo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to adjoin; to associate; to apply; to reconcile; to procure; to enlarge; to take in alliance; to admit; to yoke; to fasten.
Adjūro, ēre, āvi, ctum. to swear solemnly; to adjure; to compel another to swear.
Adjūtābilis, is, e. adj. assisting, helping.
Adjūto, ēre, ēvi, ctum. freq. [quod ab adjuvo] to aid; to help.
Adjutor, ōnis. m. an aider or helper, an assistant, a second, a partisan.
Adjūtrix, icis. f. she who helps or encourages.
Adjūtōrium, i. n. help or succour.
Adjūtus, a, um. part. [ex adjuvo] helped, assisted.
Adjūtum est, impers.
Adjūvo, ēre, āvi, ctum. act. to assist; to back; to favor.
Adlāboro, vid. Alāboro.
Admātūro, ēre, ēvi, ctum. act. to hasten; to accelerate; to be hastened.
Admētor, īri, mensus. dep. to measure out.
Admīncūlātus, a, um. part. propped.
Admīnculo, ēre, ēvi, ctum. sed usitatus.
Admīnculor, āri, ctus. dep. to prop; to support; to aid; to assist.
Admīncūlum, i. n. qu. Admīnculum. a shore, prop, support, aid.
Admīnister, tri. m. a servant, an officer; an assistant; a manager.
Admīnistrā, m. f. she who serves, &c.
Admīnistratio, ōnis. f. the management, dispensation, administration or care of an affair.
Admīnistrātor, ōnis. m. an attendant or administrator, a general of an army.
Admīnistrātus, a, um. part. served, managed.
Admīnistro, ēre, ēvi, ctum. to administer; to serve up; to manage; to rule; to command.
Admīrābilis, is, e. adj. [ex admiror] wonderful, admirable.

Admirabilis, *Etis. f. wonder, admiration.*
Admirabiliter, *adv. wonderfully, admirably, excellently.*
Admiratio, *Onis. f. wonder, admiration.*
Admirator, *Oris. m. an admirer. Raro occ.*
Admiror, *Eri, Etus. dep. to wonder at; to admire; to value; to esteem.*
Admisceo, *Ere, cui, mistum et mixtum. act. to mingle with; to mix; to meddle with; to interfere.*
Admissarius, *a, um. adj. Admissarius equus, a stallion.*
Admissarius, *i. m. a libertine.*
Admissio, *Onis. f. admittance, access.*
Admissum, *i. n. ex part. a crime, a fault.*
Admissura, *m. f. coition, the time and act of engendering.*
Admissus, *a, um. part. admitted, committed; adj. swift, upon the gallop.*
Admixtio, *v. Admixtio, Onis. f. a mixing, a mingling.*
Admixtus, *v. Admixtus, a, um. part. [ab admisceo] mixed, mingled, intermixed.*
Admitto, *Ere, misi, assum. act. [ex ad et mitto] to admit; to commit; to gallop; to put the male to the female; to inoculate; to engraft; to allow; to hearken to.*
Admōdō, *Eri, Etus. dep. to govern; to rule.*
Admōdum, *adv. [ex ad et modus] very, greatly, very much; yea, truly.*
Admōlor, *Eri, Etus. dep. to heap; to throw up.*
Admōneo, *Ere, ui, Itum. act. to put in mind; to admonish; to warn; to acquaint.*
Admōnitio, *Onis. f. admonition, advice, counsel, warning, informing, reminding.*
Admōnitor, *Oris. m. he who counsels, warns, or admonishes, a monitor, a remembrancer.*
Admōnitum, *i. n. Admōnitus, ūs. m. counsel, advice, putting in mind; admonishing, warning, notice.*
Admōnitus, *a, um. part. warned, advertised, admonished, informed, exhorted.*
Admordeo, *Ere, di, sum. act. to bite hard; to gnaw; to bite or cheat one.*
Admorsus, *a, um. part. bitten, gnawed.*
Admōtio, *Onis. f. a wagging or moving.*
Admōtus, *a, um. part. placed near, applied; adj. close, near, adjoining.*
Admōtus, *ūs. m. an applying.*
Admōveo, *Ere, vi, utum. act. to*

move or bring to; to close; to put to; to apply; to lay upon; often resolved into the nominal verb.
Admūgio, *Ere, Ivi, Itum. neut. to love or bellow to.*
Admurnrātio, *Onis. f. a hum, murmur, either of applause or dislike.*
Admurmūro, *Ere, Evi, Itum. neut. to applaud; to hiss at; to show approbation or dislike by a hum.*
Admūttilo, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to lame; to maim.*
Adnascor, *vid. Agnascor.*
Adnāto, *Ere, Evi, Itum. freq. [ab adno] to swim to.*
Adnāvigo, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to sail to.*
Adnāsus, *v. Adnāsus, a, um. part. [ab adnitor] showing, pushing, leaning upon, endeavouring.*
Adnitor, *i, xus. dep. vid. Anitor.*
Adno, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to swim to.*
Adnōto, *vid. Annoto, &c.*
Adnūbilo, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to darken; to overcast.*
Adnūto, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to nod to.*
Adnūtrio, *Ere, Ivi, Itum. act. to nourish near to.*
Adōleo, *Ere, ui et Evi, adultum. act. [ex ad et oleo, i. e. oleasco] to grow; to increase; to worship by burnt-offerings; to burn.*
Adōlescens, *tis. c. g. a young man or woman, till arrived at full growth. [Adolescens properly means, one growing up to maturity. Juvenis, a person grown up, or one arrived at maturity.]*
Adōlescētia, *m. f. the age succeeding childhood, youth.*
Adōlescētūla, *m. f. dim. a young woman, a damsel.*
Adōlescētūlus, *i. m. dim. a youth, a stripling.*
Adōlescētūrio, *Ere, Ivi, neut. to be youthful, to act like a boy.*
Adōlesco, *Ere, Evi, ultum. incept. neut. to grow; to increase; to burn; to blaze.*
Adōpērtus, *a, um. part. hidden, covered, closed.*
Adōptātūlus, *i. m. the son of one adopted; also he that is adopted.*
Adōptio, *Onis. f. adoption, grafting.*
Adōptivus, *a, um. adj. belonging to adoption.*
Adōpto, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to adopt; to take for a son; to put himself into such an order; to assume; to take; to call by one's own name; to be ingrafted into.*
Ador, *Oris, et Adus, Oris. n.*

[dict. ab adrendo] a fine corn used in sacrifice.
Adōrandus, *a, um. part. to be worshipped, adorable.*
Adōrātio, *Onis. f. adoration, worship.*
Adōrātus, *a, um. worshipped, adored.*
Adōrea, *m. f. a present of corn; praise, reward.*
Adōreum, *i. n. sc. far. fine corn.*
Adōrior, *Ere, v. Eris, Iri, orius et oraus. dep. to assault; to attack; to accost; to attempt; to endeavour.*
Adōrnāte, *adv. elegantly.*
Adōrnātus, *a, um. part. prepared, accoutred, embellished.*
Adōrno, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to adorn; to prepare; to rig; to garnish; to equip; to go about a thing; to set off; to commend.*
Adōro, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to honour; to adore; to worship; to salute.*
Adōrus, *a, um. part. [ex ador] undertaken, begun.*
Adōrtus, *a, um. part. [ab ador] attacked, assaulted.*
Adpluo, *vid. Appluo, &c.*
Adrēdo, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to shave or shear.*
Adrēpo, *Ere, psi, ptum. act. to creep to or into; to insinuate.*
Adsciacō, *vid. Asciacō.*
Adstus, *a, um. part. [ex adstero] planted by or near.*
Adsum, *fui, esse, neut. [ex ad et sum] to be present; to come; to be joined; to stay; to be added; to be ready; to assist; to defend; to be of good courage; to agree with; to favour. [Adesse merely signifies to be present; but interesse, to be present and taking a part in an affair.]*
Advectio, *Onis. f. [ex adveho] a bringing or carrying to.*
Advectilius, *a, um. adj. brought, imported, foreign.*
Advecto, *Ere, Evi, Itum. freq. [ab adveho] to bring or carry often to.*
Advectus, *ūs. m. a bringing to, a carrying to.*
Advectus, *a, um. part. brought or carried to.*
Advēho, *Ere, xi, ctum. act. to import; to export; to carry; to convey.*
Advēlo, *Ere, Evi, Itum. act. to cover; to veil.*
Advēna, *m. c. g. [ex ad et venio] a stranger, a foreigner.*
Advēnēr, *Eri, Itus. a. to adore; to worship.*
Advēnio, *Ere, vēni, tum. neut. to come to; to arrive; to accrue; to happen.*
Adventilius, *a, um. adj. adventitious, extraordinary, foreign.*
Advento, *Ere, Evi, Itum. freq.*

[*ad advenio*] *to come; to approach; to draw near.*

Adventus, ūs. m. *Coming, approach, arrival.*

Adversa, ōrum, pl. n. of the adj. properly *adverse* or *afflictive things*; hence, *adversity, affliction, misfortune.*

Adversans, tis. part. *contradicting, thwarting, repugnant.*

Adversarius, a, um. adj. *opposite, the reverse of.*

Adversarius, ii. m. *et Adversaria*, æ. f. [the masculine and feminine of last adjective] *an enemy or adversary.*

Adversaria, ōrum, pl. n. [quasi *adversā paginā scripta*] *a notebook, memorandum-book, loose papers.*

Adversatrix, icis. f. *she that stands in opposition.*

Adversitas, ūtis. f. *a difference, contrariety, opposition.*

Adversor, ūri, atus. dep. *to oppose; to withstand; to oppose; to thwart.*

Adversum, i. n. [of adj.] *adversity.*

Adversum, præp. *against, towards, opposite to.* Adv. *towards one, in the way of.*

Adversus, a, um. part. *opposite, over against, right towards us.* Adj. *unfortunate, adverse, unreasonable, hostile, displeased.*

Adversus, præp. *see Adversum.*

Adverto, ūre, ti, sum. act. *to turn to; to advert; to apply to.*

Advesperascit, impers. *it grows late.*

Advigilo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to watch; to keep watch; to take care.*

Adulatio, ūnis. f. *flattering, cringing, adulation, soothing.*

Adulātor, ūris. m. *a flatterer, flatterer, cringer.*

Adulātorius, a, um. adj. *wheeling, soothing, adulatory, flattering.*

Adulor, ūri, ūlātus. dep. *to frown (properly of dogs); to flatter; to soothe; to cringe.*

Adulter, ūra, um. *adulterous, lewd, mixed.* The masculine and feminine are used as nouns.

Adulter, ūri, m. *an adulterer, a debauchee, a lewd husband.*

Adultera, æ. f. *an adulteress, a lewd wife.*

Adulterātus, a, um. adj. *ex part. debauched, defiled, adulterated, sophisticated, mixed.*

Adulterinus, a, um. adj. *begotten basely, false, counterfeit.*

Adulterium, i. n. *adultery, whoredom.*

Adulteror, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. [ab *adulter*] *to commit adultery; to adulterate; to debauch; to mix; to counterfeit; to corrupt.*

Adulteror, ūri, atus. dep. *et pas. to adulterate; to be adulterated.*

Adultus, a, um. part. [ab *adulesco*] *scæpius* adj. *grown up, adult, strong, matured.*

Adumbrātim, adv. *somewhat obscurely.*

Adumbratio, ūnis. f. *a sketch, delineation, rough draught.*

Adumbrātus, a, um. part. *shadowed out, counterfeited, feigned.*

Adumbro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. [ex *ad et umbra*] *to shade from heat; to draw; to sketch; to shadow out; to delineate; to represent.*

Aduncitas, ūtis. f. *hookedness, crookedness.*

Aduncus, a, um. adj. *hooked, crooked, wreathed.*

Advocatio, ūnis. f. [ab *advoco*] *the office of a patron and advocate; plea or defence; an advocate; consultation.*

Advocātus, i. m. *a patron, advocate, lawyer, counsellor.*

Advoco, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to call; to send for; to assist; to plead for; to advise; to summon together; to conjure; to assist.*

Advolātus, ūs. m. *a flying to.*

Advolo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to fly to; to make haste; to come quickly; to spring out.*

Advolvero, ūre, vi, lūtum. act. *to roll to; to raise; to lift up.*

Advolutus, a, um. part. *rolled to, prostrate or fallen down.*

Aduro, ūre, ūssi, ūstum. act. [ex *ad et uro*] *to burn; to scorch; to pinch with cold; to chafe; to gail; to burn as love does.*

Adustio, ūnis. f. [ex *aduro*] *a parching, roasting, pinching, or fretting.*

Adustus, a, um. part. *burned, pinched, nipped, frost-bitten.*

Ailyum, i. n. *the more secret place of the temple; a recess, a secret cell.*

Ecce, vid. *Eccere.*

Edēpol, vid. *Edepol.*

Ædes, potius *Ædis*, is. f. *a house, temple* (for *ædis*, in the singular number, signifies also a private house, though rarely,) *a chamber, a bee-hive.*

[The primitive meaning of *ædes* seems to have been, an apartment, or chamber; hence it came to denote a chamber for divine worship, a temple; and, in the plural, a collection of apartments, i. e. a house.]

Ædícula, æ. f. dim. [ab *ædis*] *a little chapel; the shrine or cell where the statue of the god stood; a small house.*

Ædificatio, ūnis. f. *the act of building; a building.*

Ædificatiuncula, æ. f. dim. *a small building.*

Ædificator, ūris. m. *a builder, a founder.*

Ædificatus, a, um. part. *built.*

Ædificum, i. n. *an edifice, house, structure, building.*

Ædifico, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ex *ædis et facio*] *to build; to erect; to frame; to create; to wake.*

Ædilis, is. m. *an edile.*

Ædilitas, ūtis. f. *the office of the edile.*

Ædilitius, a, um. adj. *belonging to the edile.*

Ædilitus et *Ædituus*, i. m. *a kind of overseer or churchwarden.*

Ædon, ūnis. m. *a nightingale.*

Æger, gra, grum. adj. *sick; weak, faint, difficult, pensive, grieved for, doubtful.*

Ægillus, i. m. *a shore or bank.*

Ægilopa, æ. f. *a fistula in the corner of the eye.*

Ægilops, ūpis. m. *a kind of bulbous root; darnel, cockle, weed amongst corn.* The same with *Ægilopa*.

Ægis, idis. v. Idos. f. *a kind of shield belonging to Jupiter and Pallas, and rendered terrible by a Gorgon's head upon it.*

Ægithus, i. m. *a bird at enmity with the ass.*

Ægocéphalus, i. m. *a bird without a spleen.*

Ægoceros, ūtis. m. *the sign capricorn.*

Ægophthalmos, i. m. *a precious stone like a goat's eye.*

Ægre, adv. [ab *æger*] *grievously, vexatiously, difficultly.*

Ægresco, ūre. — [ab *æger*] *to be sick; to be grieved.*

Ægrimicia, æ. f. [ab *æger*] *sorrow, grief, sadness.*

Ægritudo, ūnis. f. *sickness, sorrow, anxiety.*

Ægritudo, ūnis. f. *a distemper, sickness of body; grief of mind.*

Ægrito, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. [ab *æger*] *to be sick; to be corrupted; to be depraved.*

Ægritus, a, um. adj. *sick, diseased, languishing.*

Æmūlatio, ūnis. f. *emulation, zeal; imitation, with a desire to excel; hatred, contention.*

Æmulator, ūris. m. *a rival, an imitator, more frequently*

Æmulus, a, um. (for it is properly an adjective though used substantively), *emulous, vying with, a rival, competitor.*

Æmūlatus, ūs. m. *emulation, rivalry, &c. see Æmūlatio.*

Æmūlor, ūri, ūtus. dep. *to use endeavours to excel; to imitate; to rival.*

Ænektor, ūris. m. *a trumpeter, a*

Ænēus, a, um. adj. [ab *ahēnus*] *brass, made of brass.*

Ænigma, ūtis. n. *a riddle, dark sentence, a position expressed*

in obscure and ambiguous terms.

Ædūpylis, ærum. f. pl. pipes to let out the smoke.

Æquibilis, is, e. adj. [ab æquo] equal, alike, of a piece, consistent.

Æquilitas, ætis. f. evenness of temper, steadfastness.

Æquibiter, adv. evenly, equality, constantly.

Æquævus, a, um. adj. of the same age.

Æquālis, is, e. adj. [ab æquo] equal, of the same age.

Æquālitās, ætis. f. equality, likeness, parity.

Æquāliter, adv. equally, evenly.

Æquānitās, ætis. f. evenness of temper, patience, candour.

Æquātio, ðnis. f. [ab æquo] an equation, equality, making even.

Æquūtas, a, um. part. [ab æquo] made equal, like, matched.

Æque, adv. [ab æquus] so, as well, alike.

Æquilibris, is, e. adj. [ex æqua et libra] of the same weight or level.

Æquillibritas, ætis. f. equality in weight.

Æquilibrium, i. n. an even poise, a level.

Æquinoctialis, is, e. adj. equinoctial, belonging to the equinox, ab

Æquinoctium, i. n. [ab æquus et uox] the vernal or autumnal equinox.

Æquipāribilis, is, e. adj. which may be equalled.

Æquūāro, ære, ævi, ætum. act. [ex æquis et paro] to equal; to vie with; to compare.

Æquopondium, i. n. [ex æquis et pondus] a counterpoise, the same weight.

Æquitas, ætis. f. [ab æquus] equity, evenness of temper, justice, kindness.

Æquo, ære, ævi, ætum. [ab æquus] to equal; to lay flat; to level; to equalize; to represent; to divide into equal parts; to compare.

Æquor, ðnis. n. [ab æquus] a plain, level superficies; the sea.

Æquoreus, a, um. adj. [ab æquor] belonging to any plain or level, but chiefly of the sea.

Æquum, i. n. reason, equity, justice.

Æquus, a, um. adj. level, even, equal, alike, just, impartial, kind, contented, patient, moderate.

Ær, is. m. in acc. Ætra (pl. Ætres) the air, the atmosphere; breath, the weather.

Æra, æ. f. a kind of weed amongst corn, a mark upon money to show the value; a remarkable period of time.

Æramētum, i. n. any thing made of brass or copper.

Ærāria, æ. f. [sc. fodina] a mine of brass or copper.

Ærārium, i. n. the treasury or exchequer. Sanctus ærarium, consisted of the twentieth part of the sum paid for taxation, and was kept for extraordinary emergencies of the state.

Ærārius, a, um. adj. [ab æra] belonging to brass or copper.

Ærarius [faber] a coppersmith or brazier. Tribuni ærarii, receivers general. Ærarius scriba, a clerk of the exchequer.

Inter ærarios referre, to disfranchise.

Ærātus, a, um. adj. covered with brass, made of brass.

Æreus, a, um. adj. made of brass or copper; covered with brass.

Æreus, et Ærius, a, um. adj. [ab ær] airy, aerial, lofty.

Æriser, a, um. adj. [ex æs et ferro] bearing brass or timbrels of brass.

Ærifodina, æ. f. a brass mine.

Æripes, pēdis. c. g. [ex æs et pes] brazen-footed.

Æripes, pēdis. c. g. [ex ær et pes] nimble, swift of foot.

Æristonus, a, um. adj. [ex æs et sonus] sounding or ringing like brass.

Æro, ðnis. m. a mat to lie on, a sort of basket.

Ærosus, a, um. adj. [ab æs] full of brass, mixed with brass.

Ærūgnōsus, a, um. adj. rusty, cankered, eaten with rust.

Ærūgo, gluis. f. rust (properly of brass,) biting language.

Ærumma, æ. f. toil, affliction, wretchedness, anguish.

Ærumnābilis, is, e. adj. id. quod ærumnōsus, a, um. adj. wretched, calamitous, miserable.

Æa, æris. n. brass, copper, iron, silver or gold money; anything covered with brass. Alienum æa, another's money, i. e. debt.

Æalio, ðnis. m. a kind of hawk.

Æschynōmēne, es. f. the sensitive plant.

Æacūlātum, &c. See them with Æ.

Ætas, ætis. f. summer, one of the four seasons of the year. The ancient year had only two seasons, summer commencing at the vernal, and terminating at the autumnal, equinox. Winter included the other six months. Ineunte ætate, in the beginning of summer. Adultā, at midsummer. Præcipite, in the end of summer.

Æstātes, pl. heats, freckles.

Æstifer, æra. ærum. adj. sultry, bringing heat.

Æsthūbilis, is, e. adj. es. imabile, valuable.

Æstīmatio, ðnis. f. a valuing or setting a price, a computation reckoning; the thing valued.

Æstimātor, ðris. in. an appraiser, an arbitrator, an umpire, judge.

Æstimo, ære, ævi, ætum. act. to appraise; to esteem; to account; to value, regard.

Æstiva, ðrum. pl. m. sc. loca, tempora, aut castra, a fold, shade for cattle, a country-seat, summer quarters for soldiers.

Æstive, adv. thinly, summer-like.

Æstivo, ære, ævi, ætum. [ab æstas] to be in the summer-time; to retire to a country-house; to pass the summer.

Æstivus, a, um. adj. æstival, pertaining to summer.

Æstivans, tis. part. scorching, glowing hot, sultry, &c. boiling with any passion, stirred up.

Æstuarium, i. n. an estuary, a frith, an arm of the sea.

Æstuo, ære, ævi, ætum. neut. [ab æstus] to be very hot; to sweat; to boil over; to rage; to storm; to fret; to chafe.

Æstudee et Æstudius, adv. hotly.

Æstudius, a, um. adj. very hot, boiling, rising with surges.

Æstus, ðs. m. scorching, heat; hot weather, a tide, a torrent, a stream.

Ætas, ætis. f. qu. Ævitas [ab ævum] an age, the period of human life, a hundred years, a generation of men, a day, a year.

Ætātem, adverbialiter positum, v. sub. præp. per. a long while, an age.

Ætātula, æ. f. dim. [ab ætas] youth, childhood.

Æternitas, ætis. f. eternity, time without beginning or end.

Æterno, ære, ævi, ætum. act. to eternalize; to render immortal.

Æternum, adv. pro in æternum, continually, to the end of the world, for ever and ever.

Æternus, a, um. adj. [contr. pro Æviternus, ab ævum] eternal, perpetual, lasting.

Æther, æris. m. car. pl. in acc. Æthera et Ætherem, the pure air, the sky, the firmament, the whole region of the air, fire and light, above us. The poets use it for heaven, for Jupiter, and for the weather.

Æthērus, a, um. adj. at Æthērus, ethereal, airy, aerial, heavenly, divine.

Æthiopia, ðtis. f. an herb growing in Ethiopia, like lettuce, with which enchanters used to open locks, and dry up rivers, &c.

Æthiops, ðpis. m. a blackmoor, a negro.

Æthra, æ. f. *the clear sky or air; the heavens.*

Ætiologia, æ. f. *a figure in rhetoric; a showing of a cause or reason.*

Ætles, æ. m. *more Gr. et Ætles, the eagle stone.*

Ævum, i. n. *eternity, an age, the life of a man, time, an action done in time, one's age, old age.*

Æter, fra, frum. of *Africa.*

Affābilis, is. e. adj. [*ex ad et tati*] *affable, accessible, humane, gentle, courteous.*

Affābilitas, ātis. f. *courtesy, affability, kindness, gentleness, easiness of address.*

Affābre, æ. *Adfābre*. adv. [*ex ad et faber*] *cunningly, workmanlike, ingeniously, artificially, exquisitely, handsomely.*

Affāris, v. āre, affātus, affāri. [*ex inusit. affur*] *to speak to; to commune with; to thank; to treat.*

Affāum, adv. *abundantly, to the full, enough in conscience. Sun. et substantice cum gen.*

Affātus, a, um. part. [*ab affāris*] *speaking, or having spoken to.*

Affātus, ūs. m. *a speaking to or talking with; talk, discourse.*

Affectātio, ōnis. f. *affection, curiosity, affectedness, conceit, over-much care, and diligence; love, affection.*

Affectātor, ōris. m. *an affected person; one who over-curiously affects or aspires at a thing.*

Affectio, ōnis. f. [*ab afficio*] *an affection of the mind or body; the state or natural disposition of any thing; passion, desire; sickness, a ling, love, affection.*

Affecto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [*ab afficio*] *to affect; to desire; to hanker after; to seek for over-much; earnestly to endeavour, in bonā, mediā, et malā notione.*

Affectus, a, um. part. [*ab afficio*] *affected, circumstanced, disposed or inclined, either well or ill, with respect to body or mind; endured. It is often best distinguished by the noun following; or by the adverb of quality. Without an adjunct or case, it frequently signifies, broken, sunk, weak, languishing, sick, much advanced, in great forwardness.*

Affero, afferre, attūli, allātum. act. v. *Adfero*, *to bring, report, or bring word or news; to allege; to say; to plead; to bring for excuse; to contribute; to cruse; to breed or procure. Reg. acc. cum dat. int. cum acc. et ad. It is many times Englished by the verb of the following noun.*

Affertur, impers. *the report is; or news comes.*

Afficio, ēre, feci, sectum. act. [*ab ad et facio*] *to affect; to influence; to have power over; to move, with respect either to body or mind.*

Affigo, ēre, fixi, fixum. act. *to fasten; to clap close; to fix upon; to affix; to imprnt.*

Affingo, ēre, finxi, fectum. act. [*ab ad et fingo*] *to form; to fashion; to feign; to devise; to frame; to invent; to add to a story; to counterfeit; to resemble.*

Affinis, is. e. adj. [*ab ad et finis*] *neighbouring, adjacent, of kin, properly by marriage, having a share in any thing, accessory, guilty, privy to.*

Affinis, is. c. g. ex adj. *a kinsman, or kinswoman by marriage.*

Affinitas, ātis. f. *affinity.*

Affirmāte, adv. *solemnly, assuredly.*

Affirmatio, ōnis. f. *an affirmation, a solemn testimony, a speaking point blank.*

Affirmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et firmo*] *to affirm; to maintain; to avow; to assure; to establish.* [Affirmo and confirmare differ as follows: Affirmare aliquid alicui, to affirm any thing to any one. Confirmare aliquid alicui, to assure any one of any thing.]

Afflatus, ūs. m. *a blast, a gale of wind, a vapour, the letter H or note of aspiration, inspiration.*

Afflictio, ōnis. f. *a throwing down, demotishing, affliction, trouble.*

Afflictio, ōnis. f. *a dashing on the ground, trouble, sorrow, anguish.*

Affligo, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [*ab affligo*] *to shatter; to toss, to torment; to vex; to afflict.*

Afflictor, ōris. m. *a thrower down; an afflicter, troubler.*

Afflictus, a, um. part. *thrown down, dashed against, profligate, dejected, distressed, grieved, dispirited.*

Affligo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. [*ex ad et inus. fingo*] *to throw or dash on the ground; to demolish; to afflict; to perplex; to trouble; to weaken.*

Afflo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et flo*] *to breathe upon; to blast; to breathe or send forth a sweet smell; to savor.*

Affluens, tis. part. et adj. *flowing, abounding, affluent, resorting.*

Affluentia, æ. f. *affluence, abundance, plenty, luxury.*

Affluentius, adv. comp. *more abundantly.*

Affluo, ēre, xi, xum. neut. [*ex*

ad et fluo] *to flow upon; to flow in; to creep upon; to resort; to abound.*

Affodio, ēre, odi, aum. act. [*ex ad et fodio*] *to dig up or into.*

Affore [*ex ad et fore*] *to be present hereafter.*

Afrango, ēre, frēgi, fractum. act. *to break night or upon.*

Afrēmo, ēre, ui. — v. *Adfrēmo*, neut. *to murmur; to bluster.*

Africo, āre, āvi et ui, ātum. act. [*ex ad et frico*] *to rub against or upon.*

Africtus, ūs. m. *a rubbing upon or against.*

Afrido, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et frido*] *to rub into powder; to crumble.*

Afulgeo, ēre, si, sum. neut. [*ex ad et fulgeo*] *to shine upon; to favour; to encourage; to smile upon.*

Afundo, ēre, ūdi, ūsum. act. [*ex ad et fundo*] *to pour upon or into; to besprinkle.*

Africāne, ārum. f. scil. *ferm. panthers, beasts brought out of Africa, turkey-hens.*

Africus, i. m. [scil. *ventus*] *the wind south-west and by west.*

Agās, ōnis. m. *a horse-keeper, a groom of the stable, a drudge.*

Agēdum, et **Agitedum**. *come on well.*

Agellus, i. m. dim. [*ab ager*] *a little field.*

Agēma, ātis. n. *a battalion of horse or foot, a squadron, a brigade, chiefly in the Macedonian army.*

Ager, agri. m. *a field, land, a manor, farm, the country, a county, shire or district.*

Agēsia, adv. [*ex age et sis, pro si vis*] *go to, come on.*

Agger, āris. m. [*ex ad et gero, ac. ab aggerendo*] *a heap, a pile, a causey, a mud-wall, a fortress, rampart, bank, or dam to keep rivers from overflowing.*

Aggēro, āre, āvi, ātum. [*ab agger*] *to heap; to aggravate; to exaggerate.*

Aggēro, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. *to lay on a heap; to bring; to carry to one.*

Aggestus, ūs. m. *a heap, a terrace, a pile of earth; entrenchment of a camp.*

Agglōmēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ad et glomero*] *to wind up yarn into a ball; to throng or crowd together.*

Agglūtino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ad et glutino*] *to glue; to solder together; to associate.*

Aggrāvātus, a, um. part. *aggravated, heightened, grown more grievous.*

Aggrāvesco, āre. — — *incept. to grow worse, trouble some.*

Aggravō, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. act. [ex ab et gravo] to aggravate; to accumulate; to exaggerate; to heighten.

Aggrēdiōr, i, gressus. dep. [ab ad et gradiōr] to go to; to accost; to fall upon; to attack; to set upon; to attempt.

Aggrēgo, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. [ab ad et grex] to gather together; to assemble; to join. **Aggregare se,** to associate himself.

Aggressio, ōnis. f. [ab aggrēdiōr] an assault, an onset, an enterprise.

Agilis is. e. adj. [ab ago] active, brisk, sprightly, swift, speedy, nimble.

Agilitas, ōtis. f. [ab agilis] quickness, agility, dexterity.

Agitatio, ōnis. f. motion, agitation, stirring, exercise, practice.

Agitator, ōris. m. a driver of cattle, a charioteer, coachman, carter or waggoner.

Agitatus, a, um. part. et adj. tossed, stirred, perplexed, exercised, employed, debated, discussed, churned, nimble, sprightly.

Agite, Agitēdum. adv. go to.

Agito. Ēre. Ēvi. Ētum. freq. [ab ago] to drive; to agitate; to shake; to chase; to hunt; to manage; to trouble, vex; to consider; to handle; to debate; to exercise; to dwell.

Aglaōphōris, ōdis. f. a kind of peony.

Agmen, ōnis. n. [g. Agimen] an army marching, a company of soldiers, chiefly infantry, a number of people walking together, a herd of beasts; the course of a river, the working of oars, the winding of a serpent, an assault.

Agna, ō. f. an ewe lamb.

Agnasco, v. Adnasco, i, natus. dep. to be born after the father's will is made; to grow upon or to.

Agnatio, ōnis. f. agnation, kindred by the father's side.

Agnati, ōrum. pl. m. kindred by the father's side.

Agnatus, a, um. part. growing upon or to, grown beside nature; whence, **Agnata nembra,** parts that are more than should be by nature, as a sixth finger, &c.

Agnus, a, um. adj. of a lamb.

Agnitio, ōnis. f. [ab agnosco] an acknowledgment, a confessing, an owning.

Agnitus, a, um. part. [ab agnosco] owned, avowed, acknowledged.

Agnomen, ōnis. n. a surname.

Agnos, sive Agnus castus. the chaste-tree or the tree called park-leaves.

Agnosco, Ēre. nōvi, nŕtum. act. pro **Adgnosco,** to know; to discover a thing known before; to recognise; to allow; to acknowledge; to avow.

Agnus, i. m. a sucking lamb.

Ago, Ēre, Ēgi, actum. act. to drive; to do; to execute; to talk of; to mind; to require; to take care of; to endeavour; to implore or indict; to apply to; to move; to shake; to disturb; to live; to personate; to act; to treat; to plead; to exercise; to count; to manage; to bargain.

Aggō, ditcher or trenches, in gold mines, to convey away the water.

Agon, ōnis. m. a playing for a prize, tilting, wrestling; a match at any exercise.

Agrarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to the field. **Lex agraria,** an act of the senate for an equal distribution of lands among the people.

Agrēstis, is. e. adj. pertaining to the field; rural, wild, clownish, unmannerly, ill-bred, slowly, home-spun, harsh, coarse. [Agrēstis is opposed not only to Urbanus, but also to Oppidanus, implying what belongs to the country, as opposed to what belongs to the city, or to any town or village. Hence, it generally implies a greater degree of uncouthness, wildness, and rusticity, than the term Rusticus.]

Agria, ō. f. a scab, a rebellious ulcer.

Agriōla, ō. m. et l. [ex ager et colo] a husbandman or ploughman.

Agricōlāris, is. e. adj. belonging to husbandry.

Agriculator, ōris. m. a husbandman.

Agricūlūra, ō. f. Cultus agrom. husbandry, tillage.

Agrīpeta, ō. m. et f. [ab ager et peto] one who claims a share in the division of lands.

Agrium, i. m. a kind of nard, also a kind of nitre.

A. li. in notis antiquis, Alii Homines.

Al, interj. ah! alas! woe is me; a, a, a; what! hah! fie; tush; no, away, away; ho, ho! stay, ho.

Ala, interj. away, fie, no.

Alūiens, a, um. adj. Poët. pro **Æreus.** brazen, of brass, or copper; strong.

Alūstipes, ōdis. adj. having brazen feet.

Alūnum, i. u. [i. e. vas] a caldron, a kettle, a copper, brass pot or pan, a vat.

Alūnus, a, um. adj. Poët. brazen, made of brass or copper.

Algleuces, i. e. semper mustum. a kind of sweet wine, wine that never wrought, stum.

Alō, ais, alit, alunt. def. imperf. aiebam, &c. to affirm; to testify; to avouch, or aver.

Aizōon, zōl. n. an herb always green.

Ala, ō. f. [ab axilla, fugā literarū vastioris] the wing of a bird, an arm-pit or arm-hole, the arm, the wings of an army, or the horse on each side flanking the foot, the pinnacles or turrets on houses, the hollow between the stem of the leaf, and the stalk of the herb.

Alibānica rosa, a kind of damask rose, with whitish leaves.

Alibāstrites, ō. m. [ab Alabastrō oppido Ægypti] alabaster-stone.

Alibāstrum, i. n. [ab eod.] a box of ointment or perfume, made of alabaster.

Alibāstrus, i. m. the same with Alabastrum.

Alabes, ōtis. m. a sort of fish peculiar to the river Nile.

Alacer, v. cris, cris, cre. merry, gladsome, cheerful, sprightly, active, gay, mettlesome, courageous, fierce, sharp, ready, apt, pleasant, delightful.

Alacritas, ōtis. f. [ab alacer] alacrity, gaiety, cheerfulness, nimbleness, eagerness, promptness, courage, pleasure.

Alāpa, ō. f. a blow on the cheek with the open hand; a box on the ear.

Alāris, is. e. adj. [ab ala] belonging to a wing.

Alārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a wing.

Alāternus, i. f. a barren tree, leaved like the ilex, and the olive-tree.

Alātus, a, um. adj. [ab ala] winged.

Alauda, ō. f. a lark.

Albārium, i. [ac. opus] white-washing.

Albārius, a, um. adj. made of white mortar.

Albātus, a, um. part. [ab albor inest.] made white, clothed in white, in his best clothes.

Albātus, i. m. an inferior magistrate.

Albeo, Ēre, ui. — neut. [ab albus] to be white.

Albesco, Ēre. — Incept. [ex albeo, albus fio] to grow or become white; to be bright.

Albiterāta ficus. **Ficus sylvestris** [qu. ab albā cerā] a kind of broad fig, with a small stalk.

Albico, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. neut. to grow or become white.

Albidus, a, um. adj. [ab albeo] whitish.

Albor, *iris*. m. a white color, whiteness.
Albūcum, ci. n. is taken for the white daffodil.
Albūgo, *guis*. f. a white spot in the eye, a pearl or web that grows over the sight.
Albūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [ab albus] somewhat white.
Album, i. n. a whitened table, whereon the praetors had their edicts, actions and decrees, written, a matricular register, a list of names, a muster roll.
Albumen, *inis*. m. the white of an egg.
Albuminum, i. n. [ab albo colore] the white sap or sappy part of trees on the outside next the bark, subject to rot, and to be worm-eaten.
Alburnus, i. m. a small white fish, perhaps a bleak or blay.
Albus, a, um. adj. white, hoary; pale, wan; fortunate, happy.
Alce, es. v. **Alces**, cis. f. an elk.
Alcea, æ. f. a kind of wild-mallows; marsh-mallows.
Alcedo, *disis*. f. the king's fisher.
Alcedonia, *drum*. pl. n. the time when the king's fisher hatches, quiet, peaceable times.
Alia, æ. f. a die, dice, plur. or dice-play, gaming of all sorts, hazard, danger, luck, fortune.
Alektor, *oris*. m. a dice-player or gamester.
Alektorius, a, um. adj. pertaining to dice or dicing.
Alectoria, v. f. scil. gemma. a stone found in the maw or gizzard of a cock, of a crystal colour.
Alectorolophus, i. m. an herb bearing leaves like a cock's comb.
Ales, *itis*. adj. [ab ala] light, swift, quick, winged.
Ales, *itis*. c. g. any great winged bird, a fowl.
Alex, *ecis*. f. a pickle made of fishes.
Alexipharmakon, ci. n. an antidote against poison, enchantments, and witchcraft.
Alga, æ. f. an herb growing on the sea-shore, sea-weed.
Algenais, is, e. adj. [ab alga] of or belonging to reeds or sea-grass.
Algeo, *ere, aisi et alxi, alsuin*. neut. to be grievously cold; to be chill; to shudder; for cold; to starve with cold; to catch cold; to be slighted.
Algidus, a, um. adj. cold; chill.
Algor, *oris*. m. [ab algeo] cold, shivering, chilliness, shuddering.
Algustus, a, um. adj. [ab alga] weedy, full of sea-weeds or reeds.
Algonis, a, um. adj. [ab algor] very cold, chilly.

Alias, adv. [ab alius] at another time, in another manner, in another fashion.
Alibi, adv. elsewhere, with another person, in another place, in any other business or affair.
Alica, æ. f. [ab alendo] pot-lodge, drunk, summery, barley-broth, &c. **alcarisæ**. women who live by prostitution.
Alicastrum, i. n. [ab alica, ut a sillica, siliquastrum] a kind of bread-corn.
Alicubi, adv. [qu. aliquo ibi] some where, in some place; any where, in any place.
Allicunde, adv. [qu. aliquo unde] from some place or other; from some body, from some thing.
Allicutio, *onis*. f. [ab alieno] an alienation, abdication or making over to another; an aversion, dislike, a keeping at a distance.
Alienatus, a, um. part. alienated, abdicated, delivered up, estranged, severed, parted, bereaved of, revolted.
Alienigena, æ. c. g. [ex alienus et gigno] a stranger, a foreigner, an alien.
Alienigenus, a, um. adj. foreign, strange, outlandish.
Alieno, *äre, ävi, ätum*. [i. e. alienum facio] to alienate or convey away an estate; to sell a thing; to deliver up; to estrange; to withdraw; to revolt.
Alienor, *äri, atus*. pass. to be alienated or estranged; to revolt; to be distracted or dis-tempered; to be corrupted or perverted.
Alienus, a, um. adj. [ab alius] another man's, of another country, foreign, alien, disagreeable, misbecoming, different, absurd, delirious, averse, estranged, hurtful, disadvantageous, offensive.
Alifer, *ära, drum*. [ex ala et fero] winged, having wings.
Aliger, *ära, drum*. [ex ala et gero] the same with Alifer.
Alimentarius, a, um. adj. alimentary.
Alimentum, i. n. [ab alo] nourishment, one's keeping, living, sustenance.
Alimon, i. n. a kind of shrub, hurtful to the growth of trees, but when eaten, prevents hunger.
Alio, adv. [ab alius] ad alium locum. to another place, business, or purpose.
Aliquel, v. **Alioquin**, conj. otherwise, if not, any other way.
Aliorsum, adv. [contr. ex alio versum] towards another place, elsewhere; to some other purpose, otherwise than.
Alipena, *drum*. pl. **plasters** which have no fat in them.
Alipes, *edis*. c. g. [ex ala et pes] nimble, swift of foot.
Aliptes, æ. m. **Alipta**; pl. **Aliptæ**, he that anointed the wrestlers before they exercised, and took care to keep them sound, and in good complexion.
Alitqua, adv. [i. e. aliquā viā] by some place, by some means or other.
Alitquandiu, adv. [i. e. aliquantum diu] a good while, some time, some while.
Alitquando, adv. sometimes, at length, formerly, hereafter.
Alitquantillum, dim. [a dim. alitquantulum] a very little, somewhat.
Alitquantisper, adv. [ab alitquantum] a little while, for a short time.
Alitquanto, adv. somewhat, a little.
Alitquantulus, a, um. [used chiefly in the neuter] **Alitquantulum**, adj. et adv. dim. [ab alitquantum] a very little, somewhat, never so little.
Alitquantum, i. e. aliquod quantum, adv. vel. nom. somewhat, a little.
Alitquātūsus, adv. somewhat, in some measure, by some means; some way or other.
Alitquis, **Alitqua**, **Alitquod**. v. **Alitquid**. [ex alius et quis] some, somebody, something, some one or other; some certain person.
Alitquispiam, **quāpiam**, **quodpiam**. v. **quidpiam**, any.
Alitquisquam, **aliquāquam**, **aliquidquam**, &c. any.
Alitquo, adv. ad aliquem locum. some whither, to some place.
Alitquot, pl. indecl. some, some certain, a few.
Alitquoties, v. **Alitquotiens**, adv. several times, divers times.
Alitquoversum, adv. one way or other.
Alter, adv. [ab ant. alis, pro alius] after another manner, otherwise, else.
Altus, a, um. part. [ab alo] nourished, kept, maintained.
Aliubi, adv. [i. e. alio ubi, pro alibi] elsewhere, in some other place.
Aliunde, adv. [qu. alio unde] from some other place or person.
Alius, a, nd. gen. **Alius**, another, other, diverse, contrary, changed, personated. [Alius, when followed by alius, means one of many; when it stands alone, it means another of many. Alter, means one of two.]
Aliusmodi, **potius**, **Alius modus**, of another sort or fashion.
Alitabor, *äris, äbi*, **lapsus** **te-**

[*ex ad et labor*] to slide by; to row or sail by; to pass near.
Allābōro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to labour hard; to endeavour; to add.
Allāpus, a, um. part. [*ab allābōro*] sliding to, flying.
Allāpus, ūa, m. a sliding or passing by.
Allatro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. cum acc. [*ex ad et latro*] to bark at or against; to roar; to backbite; to sail; to accuse maliciously.
Allāturās, a, um. part. fut. [*ab adfero*] that will bring or procure.
Allātus, a, um. part. pass. [*ab adfero*] brought, reported, told, pleaded.
Allāudo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et laudo*] to commend one highly.
Allectatio, ōnis. f. [*ab allecto*] an alluring or enticing.
Allecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. freq. [*ab allicio*] to allure; to entice; to wheedle; to provoke; to draw by fair means.
Allectūras, a, um. part. about to choose.
Allectus, a, um. part. [*ab allicio*] allured, enticed, decoyed.
Allectus, a, um. part. [*ab allego*] chosen, elected.
Allegatio, ōnis. f. a message, an embassy, a sending, a soliciting, an allegation, a plea.
Allegatus, ūa, m. see Allegatio.
Allego, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et lego*] to send one as a messenger, ambassador; to depute; to appoint; to allege; to name, or set one down in writing.
Allego, ēre, ēgi, ētum. act. [*ex ad et lego*] to choose; to admit.
Allegementum, i. n. ease or comfort.
Allevatio, ōnis. f. an easing or assuaging of grief or pain.
Allevo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et levo*] to lift up or raise aloft; to grow haughty; to lighten; to comfort; to assuage; to mitigate; to help; to relieve.
Allicio, ēre, lexi, et licui, lectum. act. [*ex ad et lacio*] to wheedle; to allure; to attack forcibly; to provoke; to draw on.
Allido, ēre, ai, sum. act. [*ex ad et lido*] to dash or throw against the ground, &c.
Alligatio, ōnis. f. alligation, a joining to.
Alligator, ōris. m. a binder (as of vines to their stakes.)
Alligātūra, ē. f. the knot where it is tied.
Alligo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et ligo*] to bind; to connect; to tie; to wrap up; to entangle; to hinder; to oblige; to engage; to impeach.

Allino, ēre, iui et ēvi, itum. act. [*ex ad et lino*] to anoint; to besmear; to taint.
Allium, i. n. garlic.
Allōcūdo, ōnis. f. a speaking to one, an address; a harangue to the soldiers.
Allōquium, i. n. conversation, discourse, speech, talk, consolation.
Allōquor, i, cūtus sum. dep. [*ex ad et loquor*] to speak to one; to talk to; to advise with; to salute; to address.
Allūbesco, ēre, bui, bītum. act. [*ex ad et lubet*] to please; to give content.
Allūceo, ēre, luxi. — act. [*ex ad et luceo*] to shine upon; to give light.
Allūdo, ēre, si, sum. neut. [*ex ad et ludo*] to play and sport with one; to banter; to jest; to allude to; to quibble; to pun; to fawn.
Alluo, ēre, ui, — act. [*ex ad et anti. luo*] to flow near to; to wash.
Allūvies, ei. f. [*ab alluo*] a land flood, a dirty or muddy stream.
Allūvio, ōnis. f. [*ab alluo*] the rising and swelling of a river; an inundation of water.
Almus, a, um. adj. [*ab alo, pro alimus*] cherishing, nourishing, holy, pure, fair, clear.
Alneus, a, um. adj. made of alder.
Alnus, i. f. an alder-tree, a boat.
Alo, ēre, ui, ālitum et altum. act. to nourish; to feed; to cherish; to maintain; to bring up; to augment; to improve.
Aloe, es. f. aloe.
Alpha, indecl. the first letter of the Greeks, called by us A; the first or chief of any thing.
Alsine, es. f. al. Myosoton, the herb chick-weed or mouse-ear.
Alsior, us. comp. [*qu. ab alsus inus, ab algeo*] more cold or cool.
Alsivēus, a, um. adj. [*ab algeo*] cold of nature, chill, subject to cold.
Altānus [*ab alto, i. e. mari dict.*] a high wind; an eastern wind.
Altāre, is. n. an altar.
Alte, adv. on high, aloft, low, deeply.
Alter, ēra, ērum. adj. gen. **Altērius**; another, any other, the other. **Alter—alter**, the one—the other. **Alter—alter**, the latter—the former; or the former—the latter. The sense must regulate the translating of this pronoun when repeated in the same sentence.
Altercātio, ōnis. f. a bickering, chiding, brawling, strife, jarring, reasoning, debate.
Altercātor, ōris. m. a wrangler,

a brawler, a pleader; a quarrelor, a bickerer.
Alterco, ēre, āvi, ātum. to contend; to debate.
Altercor, āri, ātus. dep. [*ab alter, contra alterum contendō*] to reason; to debate; to scold; to quarrel; to brabble; to braw; to be at variance.
Altercum, ci. v. **Altercangēnou**, i. n. the herb hen-bone.
Altēriusēcus, v. potius **Altēriusēcus**, on both parts or on either side.
Alterne, adv. by turns.
Alternō, ēre, āvi, ātum. [*ab alternus*] to do any thing by turns; to vary; to alter; to change; to interchange; to reciprocate; to shift; to change one's mind by turns; to come and go; to ebb and flow.
Alternus, a, um. adj. [*ab alter*] that is done by turns, interchangeable, mutual, reciprocal.
Alterūter, tra, trum. gen. **utrius**, the one or the other, one of the two.
Alterūterque, trāque, trumque. gen. **utriusque**, one or other of the two, both of the two; on either or each part or side.
Althea, ē. f. Lat. Hibiscus, a kind of wild mallows, marsh-mallows.
Altilis, is, e. adj. [*ab alo*] fat-tened, fed, crammed.
Altisimū, a, um. adj. [*ex altus et sono*] sounding from above, thundering, sublime, heroic.
Altitudō, ōnis. f. [*ab altus*] altitude, height, depth, loftiness, greatness, stateliness, height of spirit.
Altivolans, tis. [*ex altus et volo*] flying high, soaring aloft.
Altivōlus, a, um. adj. flying high, soaring loftily.
Altior, ōris. ri. [*ab alo*] a nourisher, a cherisher, a maintainer, a foster-father.
Altēriusēcus, adv. [*ex alter et secus*] on either side, on both sides.
Altrix, icis. f. a female nourisher, feeder, or maintainer; a foster-mother.
Altrix, ix, icis. adj. nourishing, feeding, vegetative.
Altum, i. n. subst. [*sc. mare cælum*] the main sea, heaven.
Altus, a, um. part. [*ab alo, bred, cherished, nursed, fed, maintained*.]
Altus, a, um. adj. high, lofty, stately, deep, deeply rooted; anxious, noble.
Alveare, is, et **Alvear**, ēris. et **Alveārium**, i. n. [*ab alveus*] a place where bee-hives stand, a bee-hive.

Alveolus, a, um. adj. *ex part.* *channeled, trenced, guttered.*
 Alveolatus, a, um. adj. *hollowed, guttered.*
 Alveolus, i. m. dim. [*ab alveus*] *a chess-board or pair of tables, a scoop, a tray, a bathing-tub, a pigeon-hole, a socket.*
 Alveus, ei. m. *the channel of a river, a conduit-pipe, a trough, a hollow large vessel, the hold of a ship, the belly of any thing, a bee-hive, the bees, a chess-board.*
 Alum, i. n. *comfrey or camfrey.*
 Alumen, i. n. *alum. liquidum, roche-alum; scissile, stone-alum.*
 Aluminatus, a, um. adj. *ex part.* *imregnated or tintured with alum.*
 Aluminatus, a, um. adj. *full of alum.*
 Alumna, æ. f. *a nurse, a nurse-child.*
 Alumnus, i. m. [*ab alendo*] *a pupil or foster-child; a scholar, a learner; a foster-father.*
 Aluta, æ. f. *tanned leather, a purse, a leather shoe.*
 Alvus, i. f. *et interdum, m. the belly, the bowels, the entrails, the womb; the stomach.*
 Amabilis, is, e. adj. *amiable, lovely.*
 Amabiliter, adv. *friendly, amiably, lovingly.*
 Amandatio, onis. f. *a sending away, a removal, a banishing.*
 Amando, ære, avi, ætum. act. [*ex a et mando*] *to send away; to set farther off; to remove.*
 Amans, tis. c. g. subst. poet. *a lover, a sweetheart; a gallant; a mistress.*
 Amanter, adv. *lovingly, courtously, friendly, affectionately.*
 Amantius, is. m. [*i. e. a manu servus*] *a secretary, a notary, a scribe, a clerk.*
 Amaraclinum, sc. unguentum, *ex amaraco confectum. an ointment or perfume, made of sweet marjoram.*
 Amaraclinus, a, um. adj. *of sweet marjoram.*
 Amaraclus, i. m. *et Amaraclum, i. n. sweet marjoram or feverfew.*
 Amaranthus, i. m. *everlasting, a flower which never fades.*
 Amarities, ei. f. *bitterness, grief, discontent.*
 Amartudo, dinis. f. *bitterness, tartness, frowardness, railing.*
 Amarus, oris. m. *bitterness.*
 Amarus, a, um. adj. *bitter, brackish, sorrowful; taunting, sarcastic; froward, choleric.*
 Amasus, i. m. *a suitor, a lover, a wooer.*
 Amator, oris. m. *a lover, a courtier of women, a gallant.*
 Amatorculus, i. m. diu. [*ab amator*] *a pitiful lover.*

Amatorie, adv. *amorously.*
 Amatorium, i. n. *a philtre, a love potion.*
 Amatorius, a, um. adj. *of love, amorous, procuring love.*
 Amatrix, icis. f. *a she lover.*
 Ambage, in abl. sing. Ambages. pl. f. *et Ambagibus; turnings, windings. prevarication, a long circuit of words, tedious stories, mysterious sayings, charms or spells.*
 Ambulo, ære. — [*ex am et edo*] *to eat or gnaw round about.*
 Ambusus, a, um. part. *eaten on all parts or round about.*
 Ambigitor, impers. *it is not certain, it is doubted.*
 Ambigo, ære. — act. [*ex am-circum, et ago*] *to go about; to surround; to doubt; to be in suspense; to dispute.*
 Ambigue, adv. *doubtfully, obscurely, ambiguously.*
 Ambiguitas, atis. f. *doubtfulness, obscurity, ambiguity.*
 Ambiguus, a, um. adj. [*ab am-bigo*] *ambiguous, of doubtful meaning, uncertain, changeable, unsteadfast.*
 Amio, ire, iui, itum. act. [*ex am et eo*] *to go about; to encompass; to stand candidate for; to compliment; to woo or caress.*
 Ambitio, onis. f. *a suing, canvassing, importunity, courtship, ambition, desire of promotion, affectation, vain-glory.*
 Ambitiose, adv. *diligently, affectedly, earnestly, submissively.*
 Ambitosus, a, um. adj. *spacious, encircling, ambitious, vain-glorious, magnificent, stately, complimentary, fawning, done for favour, pompous, ostentatious, earnest, gracious.*
 Ambitus, a, um. part. *compassed about, inclosed, entreated or sued unto, procured by favour and interest; canvassed.*
 Ambitus, us. m. [*quod ab ambeo*] *a compass, a reach, a canvassing; the making of friends, the procuring of favour, an earnest desire, ambition, ostentation.*
 Ambo, bo, bo. adj. pl. both. *Legiturambo pro ambo.* [*Ambo means the two taken together. Uterque denotes each of two taken individually.*]
 Ambrosia, æ. m. *ambrosia, the food of the gods.*
 Ambrosicus, a, um. adj. *delicious.*
 Ambrosius, a, um. adj. *ambrosian, immortal, divine, sweet, delicate.*
 Ambrosia, ærum. f. *lewd girls who lived at Rome by music and prostitution.*

Ambulacrum, i. n. [*ab ambulo, a piazza, a gallery.*]
 Ambulatio, onis. f. *a walk or place to walk in.*
 Ambulatio, onis. f. [*ab ambulo*] *a walking; a place to walk in.*
 Ambulator, oris. m. *a walker abroad, a vagabond, a pedlar.*
 Ambulatrix, icis. f. *a gossip.*
 Ambulo, ære, avi, ætum. neut. [*ab ambulo*] *to walk; to go a foot pace; to amble; to converse with.*
 Amburo, ære, ussi, ustum. act. *to burn all about; to scorch; to parch; to burn half; to blast; to scald.*
 Ambustio, onis. f. [*ab amburo*] *a burning; a scalding; a burn or scald.*
 Amelhus, i. m. *a flower or herb, starwort.*
 Amens, tis. adj. *foolish, silly; out of his wits.*
 Amenia, æ. f. *madness, phrenzy, silliness.*
 Ameno, ære, avi, ætum. act. *to tie with a string or thong; to sling.*
 Amentum, i. n. *a thong, a loop.*
 Amerrimonia, heart's-ease, an herb.
 Ames, tis. m. *a fowler's staff.*
 Amethystinus, a, um. adj. *of an amethyst or violet colour.*
 Amethystus, æ. m. *carbunculi.* The choicest sort of carbuncles or rubies, the waters whereof, in the extreme parts, seem of a violet or amethyst colour.
 Amethystus, i. m. *an amethyst, a precious stone.*
 Amica, æ. f. [*ab amicis*] *a mistress, a sweet-heart, a courtesan.*
 Amice, adv. *friendly, amicably, lovingly.*
 Amicio, ire, ui, iui, et ixi, ctum. act. [*ex am et icere, i. e. Jacere*] *to put on a garment; to cover; to wrap up.*
 Amicitia, æ. f. *friendship, amity, kindness, alliance, favour, esteem, protection, service.*
 Amictus, a, um. part. [*ab amicio*] *clothed, clad, decked, attired, arrayed.*
 Amictus, us. m. *a garment, clothing, apparel, attire.*
 Amicula, æ. f. dim. [*ab amica*] *a courtesan, a little miss.*
 Amiculum, i. n. [*ab amicio*] *an upper short cloak for men, a woman's upper garment.*
 Amiculus, i. m. dim. *a dear friend, a loving friend, a crony.*
 Amicus, a, um. adj. [*ab amo*] *friendly, loving, acceptable, amiable, opportune, favourable, profitable.*
 Amicus, i. m. [*ex adj.*] *a friend, a lover, an acquaintance, a companion, a favourite, a counsellor, a confidant, a patron.*

Amisio, *onis*. f. [ab amitto] a loss or losing.

Amisus, *us*. m. loss.

Amīta, *æ*. f. an aunt by the father's side.

Amitto, *ere*, *mi*, *sum*. act. to send away; to dismiss; to lose; to let go; to relinquish; to omit; to leave off. [Amittre is simply to lose the possession of that which one has once had. Perdere is to lose, destroy, or throw away uselessly or hurtfully.]

Amnium, *i*. n. an herb, by some called piperula.

Amnōchrysus, *i*. m. a precious stone, shining like gold sand.

Amnōdyles, *æ*. m. a kind of viper, of the colour of the sand where it lies.

Amnōnīacum, *i*. n. [sc gummi] the gum of the tree *Agaylis*.

Amnōnis cornu, a gem of a golden colour, like a ram's horn.

Amnōnitrūm, *i*. n. a kind of white glass.

Amnōcūla, *æ*. c. g. [ex amnis et colu] dwelling or growing by a river.

Amnōcūlus, *i*. m. a little river.

Amnōgnus, *a*, *um*. adj. bred in the river.

Amnis, *is*. m. et f. a river, a stream, the sea or ocean.

Amo, *ere*, *eri*, *atum*. act. to love; to be in love; to delight in; to admire; to thank.

Amōnitas, *itis*. f. [ab amēnus] pleasantness, pleasure, delightfulness.

Amōnus, *a*, *um*. adj. pleasant, delicate, delightful to the eye.

Amōlior, *iri*, *ius*. dep. et aliq. pass. to remove with some difficulty; to be despatched; to be removed; to be consulted.

Amōmis, *idis*. f. an herb like *Amomum*, but not so sweet.

Amōmum, *i*. n. a shrub, an ointment made from that shrub; afterwards called *momia* or *mumia*; hence mummy, because this ointment was used in embalming.

Amor, *oris*. m. [ab amo] love, affection, lust; the god of love, the person beloved.

Amōtio, *onis*. f. a removal, a displacing.

Amōveo, *ere*, *ovi*, *otuin*. act. to remove; to lay aside; to depose; to convey away; to steal.

Amplētis, *idis*. f. a sort of bitumen.

Amplēdeamos, a kind of herb used to tie vines with in Sicily.

Amplēdeuce, a wild vine; briony or nep.

Amplēdiprōn, *n*. leek-vine, raising, bear's garlic.

Amphēlos agria, wild vine.

Amphibōlia, *v*. **Amphibōlogia**, *æ*. f. an ambiguity, an equivocation; when a sentence may be construed two ways.

Amphibrāchys, *v*. *us*. a foot in verse, containing one long between two short syllables; as, *Hābēre*.

Amphimācer, *cri*. a foot in verse, containing a short between two long syllables; as, *Cōndērant*.

Amphimallus, *a*, *um*. adj. frized or shagged on both sides.

Amphitāne, *es*. f. a precious stone of a gold colour, called also *chrysocola*.

Amphithēālis, *is*, *e*. adj. of or pertaining to an amphitheatre.

Amphithēātrum, *i*. n. a building consisting of two theatres joined together; an amphitheatre.

Amphōra, *æ*. f. a vessel of a foot square, with two ears or handles; a rundlet or firkin holding nine gallons.

Amphōrālis, *is*, *e*. adj. containing an amphora or rundlet.

Ample, *adv*. [ab amplus] amply, largely, richly, magnificently.

Amplector, *ti*, *xus*. to surround; to encircle; to embrace; to lay hold of; to make much of; to address; to comprehend.

Amplexor, *eri*, *amplexātus*, *freq*. to embrace heartily; to make much of.

Amplexus, *a*, *um*. part. [ab amplector] having embraced or compassed.

Amplexus, *ūs*. m. [ab amplector] a surrounding, an embrace, a buss.

Amplificatio, *onis*. f. an amplifying, magnifying or enlarging.

Amplificator, *oris*. m. an amplifier, an improver.

Amplifico, *ere*, *eri*, *atum*. act. [i. e. amplum facio] to amplify; to enlarge; to extol; to increase; to improve; to embrace.

Amplio, *ere*, *eri*, *atum*. [ab amplus] to amplify; to augment; to increase; to enlarge; to adjourn.

Ampliter, *adv*. nobly, magnificently, sumptuously. See *Ample*.

Amplitudo, *dnis*. f. bigness, greatness, largeness, extent, spaciousness, height, excellence, grace, dignity, grandeur.

Amplius, *adv*. comp. more, upwards of, longer, nay, more than that; a law term, when the cause was adjourned from some difficulty arising.

Amplus, *a*, *um*. adj. ample, large, stately, great, sumptuous, noble, copious, fluent, of great authority. [Amplus denotes properly that greatness which consists in superficial capacity.]

Ampulla, *æ*. f. a cruet, a jug, any thing blown or puffed up; bombast,rodomontade.

Ampullaceus, *a*, *um*. adj. like phial or bottle.

Ampullarius, *a*, *um*. adj. pertaining to bottles.

Ampullarius, *i*. m. a maker of jugs or bottles.

Ampullor, *eri*, *atus* [ab ampulla] to be like a bottle; to swell; to rodomontade.

Ampulatio, *onis*. f. excision, a cutting or lopping off.

Ampulatus, *a*, *um*. part. removed, lame and imperfect.

Amputo, *ere*, *eri*, *atum*. act. [ex am et puto] to cut; to pare; to prune; to lop; to retrench; to remove.

Amuletum, *i*. n. an amulet; a charm, a spell.

Amurea, *æ*. f. the mother or lees of oil; the scum that swims uppermost.

Amurcarius, *a*, *um*. adj. of tube or vessels to receive the mother or dregs of oil.

Amisium, *i*. n. v. *Amussium*, a weathercock, a compass.

Amussia, *is*. f. a mason's or carpenter's rule.

Amusclātus, *a*, *um*. adj. nice, exact.

Amūsus, *i*. m. [a musis alienus] one that has no ear for music, unlearned, ignorant.

Amygāla, *æ*. f. an almond-tree, an almond.

Amygālinus, *a*, *um*. adj. of almonds.

Amygālites, an herb of the spurge kind, so called from its leaf, which is like that of an almond.

Amylon, et **Amylum**, *i*. n. a kind of medicine, food made of wheat unground.

Amystis, *idis*. f. a way of drinking among the Thracians, to pour it down without fetching the breath or shutting the mouth; a cup or bowl.

An, *adv*. whether? or else; either if, or no; yea, or nay.

An, in the latter part of a question, answers to *Utrum*, or to another *An* or *Ne*, either expressed or understood.

Anācampēstros, *osis*. an herb of force (as magicians say) to reconcile friends only by touching it.

Anācephalēdēals, *is*. f. a repetition or summing up of what has been said.

Anādēma, *kūs*. n. a woman's

Alveolus, a, um. adj. *ex part.* *channeled, trenched, guttered.*
Alveolatus, a, um. adj. *hollowed, guttered.*
Alveolus, i. m. dim. [ab alveus] *a chess-board or pair of tables; a scoop, a tray, a bathing-tub, a pigeon-hole, a socket.*
Alveus, ei. m. *the channel of a river, a conduit-pipe, a trough, a hollow large vessel, the hold of a ship, the belly of any thing, a bee-hive, the bees, a chess-board.*
Alum, i. n. *confrey or camfrey.*
Alumen, inis. n. *alum. liquidum, roche-alum; scissile, stove-alum.*
Aluminatus, a, um. adj. *ex part.* *imregnated or tinctured with alum.*
Aluminosus, a, um. adj. *full of alum.*
Alumna, æ. f. *a nurse, a nurse-child.*
Alumnus, i. m. [ab alendo] *a pupil or foster-child; a scholar, a learner; a foster-father.*
Aluta, æ. f. *tanned leather, a purse, a leather shoe.*
Alvus, i. f. *et interdum, m. the belly, the bowels, the entrails, the womb; the stomach.*
Amabilis, is, e. adj. *amiable, lovely.*
Amabiliter, adv. *friendly, amiably, lovingly.*
Amantatio, onis. f. *a sending away, a removal, a banishing.*
Amando, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex a et mando] *to send away; to set farther off; to remove.*
Amanus, tis. c. g. subst. poet. *a lover, a sweetheart; a gallant; a mistress.*
Amanter, adv. *lovingly, courtously, friendly, affectionately.*
Amannensis, is. m. [i. e. a manu servus] *a secretary, a notary, a scribe, a clerk.*
Amarricinum, sc. unguentum, *ex amaraco confectum, an ointment or perfuma, made of sweet marjoram.*
Amarricinus, a, um. adj. *of sweet marjoram.*
Amarricus, i. m. et **Amarricum**, i. n. *sweet marjoram or feverfew.*
Amkranthus, i. m. *everlasting, a flower which never fades.*
Amartities, ei. f. *bitterness, grief, discontent.*
Amartitudo, dinis. f. *bitterness, tartness, frowardness, railing.*
Amarror, Æris. m. *bitterness.*
Amarus, a, um. adj. *bitter, brackish, sorrowful; taunting, sarcastic; froward, choleric.*
Amasius, i. m. *a suitor, a lover, a wooer.*
Amator, Æris. m. *a lover, a courter of women, a gallant.*
Amatorculus, i. m. dim. [ab amator] *a pitiful lover.*

Amatorie, adv. *amorously.*
Amatorium, i. n. *a philtre, a love potion.*
Amatorius, a, um. adj. *of love, amorous, procuring love.*
Amatrix, icis. f. *a she lover.*
Ambage, in abl. sing. **Ambages**, pl. f. et **Ambagibus**; *turnings, windings. prevarication, a long circuit of words, tedious stories, mysterious sayings, charms or spells.*
Ambædo, Ære. — [ex am et edo] *to eat or gnaw round about.*
Ambesus, a, um. part. *eaten on all parts or round about.*
Ambigetur, impers. *it is not certain, it is doubted.*
Ambigo, Ære. — act. [ex am-circum, et ago] *to go about; to surround; to doubt; to be in suspense; to dispute.*
Ambigue, adv. *doubtfully, obscurely, ambiguously.*
Ambiguitas, atis. f. *doubtfulness, obscurity, ambiguity.*
Ambiguus, a, um. adj. [ab am-bigo] *ambiguous, of doubtful meaning, uncertain, changeable, unsteadfast.*
Amulio, Ære, Ævi et li, Ætum. act. [ex am et eo] *to go about; to encompass; to stand candidate for; to compliment; to woo or caress.*
Ambulo, onis. f. *a suing, canvassing, importunity, courtship, ambition, desire of promotion, affectation, vain-glory.*
Ambulose, adv. *diligently, affectedly, earnestly, submissively.*
Ambulosus, a, um. adj. *spacious, encircling, ambitious, vain-glorious, magnificent, stately, complimentary, fawning, done for favour, pompous, ostentatious, earnest, gracious.*
Ambulus, a, um. part. *compass-ed about, inclosed, entreated or sued unto, procured by favour and interest; canvassed.*
Ambulus, us. m. [qu. ab ambeo] *a compass, a reach, a canvassing; the making of friends, the procuring of favour, an earnest desire, ambition, ostentation.*
Ambo, bæ, bo. adj. pl. both. *Legitur ambo pro ambo.* [Ambo means the two taken together. Uterque denotes each of two taken individually.]
Ambrosia, æ. ambrosia, *the food of the gods.*
Ambrosiacus, a, um. adj. *delicious.*
Ambrosius, a, um. adj. *ambrosian, immortal, divine, sweet, delicate.*
Ambubake, Ærum. f. *lured girls who lived at Rome by music and prostitution.*

Ambulacrum, i. n. [ab ambulo, a piazza, a gallery.]
Ambulatio, onis. f. *a walk or place to walk in.*
Ambulatiuncula, æ. f. dim. *a walking; a place to walk in.*
Ambulator, Æris. m. *a walker abroad, a vagabond, a pedlar.*
Ambulatrix, icis. f. *a gossip.*
Ambulo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [ab ambio] *to walk; to go a foot pace; to amble; to converse with.*
Amburo, Ære, ussi, ustum. act. *to burn all about; to scorch; to parch; to burn half; to blast; to scald.*
Ambustio, onis. f. [ab amburo] *a burning; a scalding; a burn or scald.*
Amelus, i. m. *a flower or herb, sweetwort.*
Ameus, tis. adj. *foolish, silly; out of his wits.*
Amnesia, æ. f. *madness, phrenzy, silliness.*
Amento, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to tie with a string or thong; to fling.*
Amentum, i. n. *a thong, a loop.*
Amerimnon, heart's-ease, an herb.
Ames, tis. m. *a fowler's staff.*
Amethystinus, a, um. adj. *of an amethyst or violet colour.*
Amethystizontes, sc. carbunculi. *The choicest sort of carbuncles or rubies, the waters whereof, in the extreme parts, seem of a violet or amethyst colour.*
Amethystus, i. m. *an amethyst, a precious stone.*
Amica, æ. f. [ab amicus] *a mistress, a sweet-heart, a courtesan.*
Amice, adv. *friendly, amicably, lovingly.*
Amicio, Ære, ui, Ævi, et Æxi, etum. act. [ex am et icere, i. e. Jacere] *to put on a garment; to cover; to wrap up.*
Amicitia, æ. f. *friendship, amity, kindness, alliance, favour, esteem, protection, service.*
Amictus, a, um. part. [ab amicio] *clothed, clad, decked, attired, arrayed.*
Amictus, us. m. *a garment, clothing, apparel, attire.*
Amictula, æ. f. dim. [ab amica] *a courtizan, a little miss.*
Amiculum, i. n. [ab amicio] *an upper short cloak for men, a woman's upper garment.*
Amiculus, i. m. dim. *a dear friend, a loving friend, a crony.*
Amicus, a, um. adj. [ab amo] *friendly, loving, acceptable, amiable, opportune, favourable, profitable.*
Amicus, i. m. [ex adj.] *a friend, a lover, an acquaintance, a companion, a favourite, a counsellor, a confidant, a patron.*

Ammissio, ōnis. f. [ab amitto] a loss or losing.
Ammissus, ūs. m. loss.
Amitta, æ. f. an aunt by the father's side.
Amitto, ēre, msi, ssum. act. to send away; to dismiss; to lose; to let go; to relinquish; to omit; to leave off. [Amittre is simply to lose the possession of that which one has once had. Perire is to lose, destroy, or throw away uselessly or hurtfully.]
Amnium, i. n. an herb, by some called piperula.
Amnūchrysus, i. m. a precious stone, shining like gold sand.
Amnūdytes, æ. m. a kind of viper, of the colour of the sand where it lies.
Amnūdiūcum, i. n. [sc gummi] the gum of the tree Agayzilis.
Aminōnis cornu, a gem of a golden colour, like a ram's horn.
Amnūditrum, i. n. a kind of white glass.
Amnūcola, æ. c.g. [ex amnis et colo] dwelling or growing by a river.
Aminūculus, i. m. a little river.
Aminūgenus, a, um. adj. bred in the river.
Aminis, is. m. et f. a river, a stream, the sea or ocean.
Amo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to love; to be in love; to delight in; to admire; to thank.
Amoenitas, ātis. f. [ab amoenus] pleasantness, pleasure, delightfulness.
Amoenus, a, um. adj. pleasant, delicate, delightful to the eye.
Amolior, iri, ius. dep. et aliq. pass. to remove with some difficulty; to be despatched; to be removed; to be confuted.
Amōmis, Idie. f. an herb like Amomum, but not so sweet.
Amōmum, i. n. a shrub, an ointment made from that shrub; afterwards called momia or mumia; hence mummy, because this ointment was used in embalming.
Amor, ōris. m. [ab amo] love, affection, lust; the god of love, the person beloved.
Amōtio, ōnis. f. a removal, a displacing.
Amōveo, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to remove; to lay aside; to depose; to convey away; to steal.
Amplūitis, Idie. f. a sort of bitumen.
Amplūodesmos, a kind of herb used to tie vines with in Sicily.
Amplūoleuca, a wild vine; briony or nep.
Amplūoprasum, n. leek-vine, raine, bear's garlic.

Amplōs agria, wild vine.
Amphibolia, v. Amphibōlogia, æ. f. an ambiguity, an equivocation; when a sentence may be construed two ways.
Amphibrāchys, v. us. a foot in verse, containing one long between two short syllables; as, Hābērē.
Amphimācer, cri. a foot in verse, containing a short between two long syllables; as, Cōndrēnt.
Amphimallus, a, um. adj. frized or shagged on both sides.
Amphitane, es. f. a precious stone of a gold colour, called also chrysacolla.
Amphithēstralis, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to an amphitheatre.
Amphithēstrum, i. n. a building consisting of two theatres joined together; an amphitheatre.
Amphōra, æ. f. a vessel of a foot square, with two ears or handles; a rundlet or firkin holding nine gallons.
Amphōrālis, is. e. adj. containing an amphora or rundlet.
Ample, adv. [ab amplus] amply, largely, richly, magnificently.
Amplector, ti, xus. to surround; to encircle; to embrace; to lay hold of; to make much of; to address; to comprehend.
Amplexor, āri, amplexātus, freq. to embrace heartily; to make much of.
Amplexus, a, um. part. [ab amplector] having embraced or compassed.
Amplexus, ūs. m. [ab amplector] a surrounding, an embrace, a buss.
Amplificatio, ōnis. f. an amplifying, magnifying or enlarging.
Amplificator, ōris. m. an amplifier, an improver.
Amplifico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [i. e. amplum facio] to amplify; to enlarge; to extol; to increase; to improve; to embrace.
Amplio, āre, āvi, ātum. [ab amplus] to amplify; to augment; to increase; to enlarge; to adjourn.
Ampliter, adv. nobly, magnificently, sumptuously. See Ample.
Amplītudo, dnis. f. bigness, greatness, largeness, extent, spaciousness, height, excellence, grace, dignity, grandeur.
Amplius, adv. comp. more, upwards of, longer, nay, more than that; a law term, when the cause was adjourned from some difficulty arising.

Amplus, a, um. adj. ample, large, stately, great, sumptuous, noble, copious, fluent, of great authority. [Amplus denotes properly that greatness which consists in superficial capacity.]
Ampulla, æ. f. a cruet, a jug, any thing blown or puffed up; bombast, rodomontade.
Ampullaceus, a, um. adj. like phial or bottle.
Ampullarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to bottles.
Ampullarius, i. m. a maker of jugs or bottles.
Ampullor, āri, ātus [ab ampulla] to be like a bottle; to swell; to rodomontade.
Ampulatio, ōnis. f. excision, a cutting or lopping off.
Ampulatus, a, um. part. removed, lame and imperfect.
Ampūto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ez am et puto] to cut; to pare; to prune; to lop; to re-french; to remove.
Amulētum, i. n. an amulet; a charm, a spell.
Amures, æ. f. the mother or less of oil; the scum that swims uppermost.
Amurcarius, a, um. adj. of tubs or vessels to receive the mother or dregs of oil.
Amūsiūm, i. n. v. Amusiūm, a weathercock, a compass.
Amussis, is. f. a mason's or carpenter's rule.
Amussitatus, a, um. adj. nice, exact.
Amūsius, i. m. [a musis alienus one that has no ear for music, unlearned, ignorant].
Amygdāla, æ. f. an almond-tree, an almond.
Amygdālinus, a, um. adj. of almonds.
Amygdālites, an herb of the spurge kind, so called from its leaf, which is like that of an almond.
Amylon, et Amylum, i. n. a kind of medicine, food made of wheat unground.
Amystis, Idie. f. a way of drinking among the Thracians, to pour it down without fetching the breath or shutting the mouth; a cup or bowl.
An, adv. whether? or else; either if, or no; yea, or nay.
An, in the latter part of a question, answers to Utrum, or to another An or Ne, either expressed or understood.
Anūcampeōros, ōtis. an herb of force (as magicians say) to reconcile friends only by touching it.
Anūcephalōsis, is. f. a repetition or summing up of what has been said.
Anūdēma, ktis. n. a woman's

head-dress; a garland; a coronet; a ribbon.
 Anáglypha, pl. n. vessels or plate chased, embossed, or wrought with the hammer.
 Anagráphe, es. f. a registering, a commentary.
 Analectides, um. pl. f. the stuffings of a garment, to make a crooked body straight.
 Ananchitis, idis. f. a stone used in magic.
 Anapæsticus, a, um. adj. made up of anapæsts.
 Anapæstus, i. m. a foot in verse, of which the first two syllables are short, and the last long; as Πιέτᾱ; an anapæst.
 Anapæstum, i. n. an anapæst.
 Anarrhizon, n. dic. et Antirrhinum, a kind of herb called pimpernel.
 Anas, ætis. f. [a nando] a duck or drake.
 Anátærius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ducks.
 Anáticula, æ. f. dim. [ab anas] a duckling, a wild duck.
 Anátivus, a, um. adj. [ab eodem] of or belonging to a duck.
 Anátocismus, i. m. compound interest.
 Anceps, ancipitús. adj. two-edged, double, double-headed or two-faced; obscure; dangerous, doubtful, amphibious.
 Anchóra, æ. f. an anchor. Anchora sacra, the sheet anchor; the last refuge.
 Anchórilla, um. n. pl. the cable of an anchor.
 Anchórilis, is, e. adj. pertaining to an anchor.
 Anchórarius, a, um. adj. of an anchor.
 Anchúsa, æ. f. a kind of bug-loss.
 Ancile, is, n. a short oval shield or buckler.
 Ancilis, is, e. adj. of shields, targets, or bucklers, like the sacred shields, short and round.
 Ancillum, i. n. a sacred shield. See Ancile.
 Ancilla, æ. f. a maid servant, a hand-maid.
 Ancillans, tis. part. waiting upon, attending.
 Ancillaris, is, e. adj. belonging to a maid-servant; mean, pitiful.
 Ancillula, æ. f. dim. a waiting-maid.
 Ancon, onis. m. the part of the rule where the perpendicular and basis meet like an elbow, as in the letter L; a foreland or promontory. Plur. Ancones, the corners or comers of walls; the crossbeams or overhanging rafters; hooks on which they used to hang their nets.
 Ancyloblépharon i. n. an im-

posthume in the eye when the eyelids grow close together.
 Andábitta, æ. m. a fence which fought hoodwinked on horse-back.
 Andródāmas, antis. m. a precious stone, a blood-stone, black and ponderous.
 Andrógynus, v. Andrégynus, i. m. a hermaphrodite.
 Andron, onis. m. the room used by men only; the space between two walls where the rain falls.
 Anellus, i. m. dim. a little ring.
 Anémōne, es. f. the flower into which Adonis was turned.
 Anéthum, i. n. the herb anise or dill.
 Anfractus, ūs. m. v. Anfractum, i. n. [ab am, circum, et frango] the turning or winding of a way; a circuit or compass.
 Angina, æ. f. the quinsy.
 Angiportum, i. n. a narrow way, alley, or passage, a lane.
 Angiportus, ūs. m. the same.
 Ango, ēre, xxi. nctum. act. to strangle; to throttle; to choke; to straiten; to vex.
 Angor, oris. m. [ab angō] anguish, pain, agony; sorrow, grief, vexation.
 Anguicōmus, a, um. adj. having snake locks.
 Anguicūlus, i. m. dim. [ab anguis] a little snake or adder.
 Anguifer, ēri. m. [ex anguis et fero] a constellation, in form like a serpent.
 Anguifer, ēra, um. adj. snake-bearing, snakey.
 Anguigēus, æ. c. g. [ex anguis et gigno] engendered by a snake.
 Anguilla, æ. f. an eel, a grig, a snig.
 Anguimānus, i. m. an elephant.
 Anguineus, a, um. adj. [ab anguis] of a snake, snakey.
 Anguinum, i. n. a bed or knot of snakes.
 Anguius, a, um. adj. [ab anguis] of or like a snake.
 Anguipēdes, um. c. g. pl. snake-footed.
 Anguis, is. m. et f. a serpent, a snake, an adder.
 Anguitēns, tis. a constellation in the form of a serpent.
 Angulāta, a, um. adj. having corners.
 Angulōsus, a, um. adj. full of corners or nooks.
 Angulus, i. m. a corner, a close or narrow place; an angle.
 Anguste, adv. closely, straitly, briefly, sparingly.
 Angustia, æ. f. [ab angustus] closeness, narrowness, contractedness, brevity, poverty, perplexity, trouble, distress.
 Angusticiavius, i. m. one of the equestrian order. Laticlavus, a senator or nobleman, whose

gown had greater studs or bosses of purple.
 Angustus, ēre, xvi. ūtum. act. to straiten; to restrain.
 Angustus, a, um. adj. [ab angō] narrow, close, scanty, short, brief, small, mean, needy, pinching.
 Anhelitus, ūs. m. [ab anhelō] one's breath, vapour, a scent.
 Anhelō, ēre, xvi. ūtum. act. to breathe short, and with difficulty; to send forth; to labour in doing a thing.
 Anhelus, a, um. adj. short-winded, breathing thick and short, puffing and blowing.
 Anicetum, i. n. anise-seed.
 Anicēna, pl. n. a kind of pears.
 Anicula, æ. f. dim. [ab anus] a little old woman, a sorry old woman.
 Anilis, is, e. adj. [ab anus] of or pertaining to an old woman; dotting.
 Anillitas, ætis. f. old age of women, dotage.
 Anilliter, adv. like an old woman, dotingly.
 Anima, æ. f. dat. and abl. plur. ūbus [ab animus] air, breath, the animal life, wind, the soul.
 Animābilis, is, e. adj. giving life and breath.
 Animadversio, onis. f. [ex animadverto] an observing, a giving attention and heed to a thing, a reproof; an animadversion, castigation, punishment.
 Animadversor, oris. m. he that nicely observes, a corrector, an animadverter, a reprover.
 Animadversus, a, um. part. considered, observed, taken notice of, punished.
 Animadverto, ēre, i. sum. act. [animum advertō] to mind, to observe; to perceive; to regard; to mark; to note, to consider; to animadvert, to chastise; to punish. [Animadvertere, when it signifies to punish, is construed with the preposition in, and the accusative. It refers, in this sense, to the vigilance of the magistrate, in marking offences committed.]
 Animal, ætis. n. a living creature, an animal.
 Animālis, is, e. adj. [ab anima] having life, living, sensible.
 Animans, ūtis. f. v. n. et alig. m. act. pro pass. any living creature, a man, a brute.
 Animatio, onis. f. animation, an enlivening, quickening, emboldening.
 Animatus, a, um. adj. [ab anima] minded, inclined, disposed.
 Animo, ēre, xvi. ūtum. act. [ab animus] to give life; to en-

courage; to embolden; to spirit up; to revive; to enliven.
Animose, adv. *valiantly, manfully, stoutly, fondly, earnestly.*
Animosus, a, um, adj. [*ab animus*] *stout, courageous, magnanimous, fierce, mettlesome, ardent, stately, generous.*
Animula, æ. f. dim. [*ab anima*] *the life, a poor little soul.*
Animulus, l. m. dim. [*ab animus*] *a little soul.*
Animus, l. m. *the soul, the mind, humour, thought, passion, inclination, disposition, purpose, courage, heart, soul, conscience, instinct.*
Anisum, l. n. *the herb anise.*
Annalis, is, e. adj. [*ab annus*] *of a year. Annales*, in plur. sc. libri *histories or chronicles, of things done from one year to another. Annalium* scriptor, an *annalist or writer of annals.*
Annavigo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex ad et navigo*] *to sail unto or close by.*
Anne, conj. Interrog. [*ex an et ne*] *whether or no?*
Annecto, Ære, exi, exum. act. [*ex ad etnecto*] *to knit; to join; to tie to; to annex; to adjoin.*
Annellus, l. m. *rectius, Annulus, a little ring.*
Annexus, ūs. m. [*ab annecto*] *a trying, annexing to; alliance.*
Annūculus, a, um, adj. [*ab annus*] *of one year's age or growth.*
Annifer, a, um, adj. [*ex annus et fero*] *bearing fruit all the year.*
Annotor, ti, nŕus v. nixus. dep. *to lean to; earnestly to endeavour; to use all means.*
Anniversarius, a, um, adj. [*ex annus et versor*] *anniversary; yearly.*
Annōna, æ. f. [*ab annus*] *year's increase from land; provision, chiefly of corn; all kinds of victuals, an allowance of victuals, as flesh, wine, &c.*
Annus, a, um, adj. *full of years, aged, old.*
Annōtator, oris. m. [*ab annoto*] *an observer or marker; one that writes notes or annotations.*
Annōtinus, a, um, adj. [*ab annus*] *that which is one year old.*
Annōto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex ad et noto*] *to set down in writing; to observe; to remark; to appoint; to mark out.*
Annua, Ærum. n. [*sc. alimenta ab annuus*] *a yearly allowance, a pension, a salary.*
Annūlŕis, is, e. adj. [*ab annulus*] *the ring-finger.*
Annūlŕius, l. n. *one that makes or sells rings*

Annŕlŕus, a, um. *ringed or that wears rings.*
Annŕlus, v. Annŕus, l. m. dim. [*ab annus*, v. annus, i. e. circulus] *a ring; a curled lock of hair; the mails in a coat of armour; fetters.*
Annŕmŕo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex ad et numero*] *to number; to reckon up; to pay.*
Annuntŕio, ŕis. f. *the delivery of a message.*
Annuntio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex ad et nuntio*] *to deliver a message; to bring news; to tell or declare a thing.*
Annuo, Ære, i. — act. et n. [*ex ad et nuo*] *to nod; to hint; to intimate by a nod; to affirm; to assent; to promise; to grant; to favour.*
Annus, l. m. *a ring, circle; a year. Annus intercalaris*, a *leap year.*
Annuus, a, um, adj. [*ab annus*] *yearly, anniversary.*
Antŕyna, Ærum. n. pl. *anodynæ.*
Antŕnium, l. n. *dead-nettle or gch-angel.*
Antŕonymus, a, um, adj. *without name, anonymous.*
Antŕmis, is, e. adj. v. *Abnormis.* *without rule or order.*
Anquiro, Ære, stŕvi, stŕtum. act. [*ex am et quero*] *to inquire; to make diligent search; to acquire; to join to; to make inquiry.*
Ansa, æ. f. *the handle of a cup, the buckle or clasp of a shoe, an occasion or advantage.*
Anstŕus, a, um, adj. *having a handle or ears like a handle or pot-ear.*
Anser, Æris, m. *a goose, a gander.*
Ansercŕlus, l. m. dim. *a gosling or a young goose.*
Anserŕnus, a, um, adj. *of a goose or gander.*
Ante, prep. *before.* When the noun is suppressed after this preposition, it is called an adverb; as, *Paucis diebus ante* (Caesar.) Now the nature or meaning of *ante* is unchanged by the ellipse, which the scholar should be taught to supply, thus: *Ante adventum.* This is necessary to complete the sense, and forms a profitable exercise to the learner.
Ante, adv. *before, since.*
Antea, adv. i. e. *ante ea*, sc. *tempora v. facta, before, aforesaid, formerly, heretofore.*
Anteactus, a, um, part. *done before, former, past.*
Anteŕgor, l. actus. *pass. to be done or driven before.*
Anteambulŕo, ŕis. *a client that waits on his patron, for the greater state.*
Anteŕŕnis, is. m. *the less dog-*

star; so called because it rises before the greater dog star.
Anteŕŕpio, Ære, cŕpi, captum, *to take beforehand; to make sure of; to anticipate; to forestall.*
Anteŕŕdo, Ære, æi, saum. act. *to go before; to surpass; to excel.*
Anteŕŕllo, Ære, ul. — act. *to excel; to surpass; to surmount.*
Anteŕceptus, a, um, part. *taken up beforehand, prepossessed.*
Anteŕŕŕŕio, ŕis. f. [*ab antecedo*] *a going before, exceeding.*
Anteŕŕŕŕor, ŕis. m. *a predecessor.*
Anteŕŕŕŕus, ŕis. m. *a giving beforehand, an earnest or part of payment.*
Anteŕŕŕŕor, ŕis. m. [*ab antecurro*] *qui prœcurrit, a courier, a scout, a forerunner. The Antecurŕores* were the dragoons or the forlorn hope that rode before the army.
Anteco, Ære, ŕvi, ŕtum. act. *to go before; to out-go; to excel; to surpass.* [*Anteire*, *to go before, at any distance. Præire*, *to go immediately before.*]
Anteŕero, ŕere, ŕŕli, ŕatum. act. *to get before; to prefer; to esteem.*
Anteŕŕŕior, di, saus. dep. [*ex ante et gradior*] *to go before; to usher in.*
Antehæbeo, Ære, ul, ŕtum. act. *to esteem more; to prefer before; to honour alone.*
Antehac, adv. *before, formerly, hitherto, till now.*
Anteŕŕŕus, a, um, part. [*ab antefero*] *preferred, more valued.*
Anteŕŕŕium, il. n. *a preamble or preface.*
Anteŕŕŕŕŕus, a, um, adj. [*ex ante et lux*] *before day-light, early.*
Anteŕŕŕŕŕŕŕus, a, um, adj. [*ex ante et meridies*] *before noon; in the forenoon.*
Antenna, æ. f. *the sail-yard.*
Anteocŕpŕŕio, ŕis. f. *an anticipation, forestalling, obviating; surpassing.*
Anteocŕpŕo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to prevent; to anticipate; to answer an objection beforehand.*
Antepagmŕta, Ærum. n. pl. *the ornaments of porches or doors wrought in timber or stone.*
Antepŕlŕni, Ærum. m. *the middle rank of the Roman army that marched after the Hastati, and before the Triarii.*
Antepŕŕno, Ære, pŕŕui, poŕŕtum. act. *to set before; to prefer.*
Anteŕ quâm, adv. *before that, ere that.*
Anteŕŕides, um. f. pl. *props or shores set against walls.*
Antea, ŕum. m. *the fore ranks of vines; files of horsemen; a battalion or brigade of horse.*

Antisignificans, i. m. *he who goes right before the standard to defend it; he that marches in the van; an ensign, a standard-bearer.*

Antesto v. **Antisto**, stare, stēti, antesto, to stand before; to excel.

Antestor, ēri, ētus. dep. to be witness of any matter in law.

Antēvniō, ire, vni, ventum, to come before; to get the start of; to come; to prevent; to disappoint; to surpass.

Antēvertō, ēre, ti, verum. act. to go before; to outstrip; to prevent; to be before-hand with; to prefer.

Antēvōlo, ēre, vni, ētum. act. to fly before; to march in haste.

Anthēdon, ōnis. f. a kind of medlar-tree.

Anthēmia, idis. f. the herb camomile.

Anthēra, m. f. a flowery herb.

Anthēricus, i. m. the stalk of a daffodil.

Anthias, m. m. a kind of fish.

Anthinus, a, um. adj. flowery, made of flowers.

Anthologica, ōrum. n. books that treat of flowers.

Anthracinus, a, um. adj. black as a coal.

Anthracitis, idis. f. Anthracites, m. m. a precious stone.

Anthrax, kcis. m. a coal or coals.

Anthriscus, v. Anthriscum, an herb like sandix.

Anthropophagus, i. m. one that eats human flesh, a cannibal.

Anthus, i. m. a little bird which feeds upon flowers, and imitates the neighing of a horse.

Anthyllon, i. n. an herb like lentil, very diuretic, which stops bleeding.

Antibreus, a, um. looking towards the north.

Antica, (sc. pars) the south part of the heavens, as the aurig mood.

Anticipatio, ōnis. f. anticipation, the notion or natural apprehension of a thing, &c.

Anticipo, ēre, vni, ētum. act. [ex ante et capio] to forestall; to prevent; to anticipate; to get before; to interlope.

Anticum, i. n. sc. ostium [ab ante] a porch before the door, the fore-door.

Anticus, a, um. adj. [ab ante] the fore-part, southward.

Antidōtum, i. m. a preservative against poison, an antidote.

Antidōmia, m. f. the interfering or clashing between two laws in some point.

Antipathia, m. f. a natural repugnance, antipathy; a temperance of metal to keep it from rust.

Antipodes, um. pl. m. people dwelling on the other side of the earth, with their feet directly opposite to ours.

Antiquarius, a, um. adj. studious of antiquity; one who uses obsolete words and phrases.

Antiquatus, a, um. part. repealed, made void, abolished, abrogated, out of date.

Antique, adv. of old, after the manner and fashion of the ancients.

Antiquitas, ktis. f. antiquity; men of ancient time; love, regard.

Antiquus, adv. of old time, long ago.

Antiquo, ēre, vni, ētum. act. i. e. antiquum facio v. antiquis sto, to repeal; to make void; to set aside; to annul; to vote against a bill; to bring into the ancient manner; to put out of memory; to wear out of fashion by disuse.

Antiquus, a, um. adj. [ab ante] ancient, of long standing; old-fashioned, antique, out of date, worthy, of the old fashion; older; dearer, more acceptable.

Antirrhinon, v. Anarrhinon, n. the herb snap-dragon.

Antiscrodon, i. n. a kind of garlic.

Antisōphistes et Antisōphista, m. m. a counter-sophister.

Antistes, ktis. c. g. [ab antisto] a chief-priest, prelate, bishop, or abbot; a great lawyer; an oracle of the law, a priestess.

Antistita, m. f. a priestess, abbess, prioress, &c.

Antisto, ēre, vni, ētum [ex ante et sto] pro Antesto, to excel; to surpass.

Antithēkamus, i. m. an antichamber.

Antithesis, is. f. a rhetorical flourish, when contraries are opposed to each other.

Antitheton, i. n. Lat. Oppositum, the opposite or contrary.

Antlia, m. f. a pump.

Antrum, i. n. a den or cave; a lurking place, a grot.

Anus, i. m. a circle, a year.

Anus, ōis. et ūis. f. an old woman or wife. Adj. Anus, a, um, old, shrivelled.

Anxie, adv. anxiously, sorrowfully; diligently, superstitiously.

Anxiētas, ktis. f. fretfulness, heaviness, thoughtfulness, anxiety, carefulness, perplexity.

Anxietudo, dōnis. f. et Anxitudo, disquiet of mind, vexation, sadness.

Anxifer, a, um. adj. bringing care, causing anguish, or disquiet.

Anxius, a, um. adj. [ab angō] solicitous, sorrowful, careful, solicitous.

Apāge, et **Apāgēte**, adv. away, out upon you, get you gone.

Apāgēsis, adv. [ex apage et nis pro si vis] away, away with; fle.

Apklēstri, ōrum. m. rude, awkward in behaviour, ill-bred.

Apactias, m. m. the north wind.

Apkthes, pl. a sort of philosophers so rigid and unconcerned, as if they were quite destitute of natural affections.

Apēcūla, v. Apēcūla, m. dim. [ab apes] a little bee.

Apēliotes, m. m. the south-east wind.

Apella, m. c. g. [qu. sine pelle, i. e. recutitus, verpus] a Jew, one that is circumcised; the proper name of a man.

Aper, pri. m. a wild boar, a boar, a brawn.

Apērio, ire, rei, rtum. act. [ex ad et inus, perio] to open; to discover; to bring out; to explain; to interpret; to uncover; to make bare.

Aperte, adv. plainly, clearly, manifestly, avowedly, explicitly, openly.

Apertum, i. n. (neut. of part.) an open or public place.

Apertura, m. f. an aperture, a little open passage.

Apertus, a, um. part. v. adj. set open, standing open, wide, clear, serene, professed, visible, unmasked, exposed to, easy to be come at, plain, downright.

Apes, v. potius **Apis**, is. f. a bee. In gen. pl. Apum v. Apium.

Apex, ktis. m. the top of any thing; a woollen tuft on the top of the flamen's or high priest's cap; the cap itself, a priest's mitre, any like thing of a conic form; the comb or tuft of feathers on a bird's head; the plume or crest; the sharp point of any thing; the mark or accent over letters; dignity, grandeur.

Apexkō, ōnis. m. a black pudding.

Apēica, m. v. **Apēice**, es. f. a kind of pulse.

Aptractus, i. m. et **Aptractum**, i. n. an open ship; a brigantine.

Aprrōnitrum, i. n. saltpetre.

Aproscrodon, i. n. a kind of great garlic.

Apēya, m. f. v. **Apēya**, a small ordinary fish, as a minnow, a joach or bleak.

Apianus, a, um. adj. [ab apes] belonging to bees.

Apīarium, i. n. a bee-stall or stand.

Apīarius, i. m. he that keeps bees.

Aplastrum, i. n. an herb which bees delight in, balm-gentle or runt.

Apīatus, a, um. adj. [for *ex ape v. apio*] of or belonging to bees or smallage. It is applied to timber, and may signify, that the grain resembles either a bee or the seed of smallage.

Apica, æ. f. a kind of small sheep, which have no wool on their bellies.

Apicatus, a, um. adj. i. e. apicem gestans, having or wearing an apex; tufted, crested.

Apicula, æ. f. dim. [ab *apis*] a little bee.

Applascus, ūdis. gold ready to be coined.

Apium, i. n. parsley, smallage.

Applūdā v. Applūda, the winnowings of any corn; the refuse.

Aplustre, ls. n. an ornament of a ship, the flag, colours, or streamers.

Aplostrium, i. n. a flag, &c.

Apocynon, i. n. a bone in the left side of a frog.

Apodes um. f. Vid. *Apus*.

Apodytērion, i. n. the stripping room, where they undressed before they went into the bath.

Apogel, ōrum. m. winds that blow from the land.

Apographon, i. n. a copy of any thing, a pattern or draught.

Apolactizo, āre. act. to kick one; to slight; to scorn.

Apolēcti, m. pl. principal senators or counsellors; the council of state or privy council.

Apolēctus, i. m. a kind of tunny fish.

Apollōgus, i. m. a fable.

Apophōrēta, ōrum. n. presents given to guests at feasts.

Apophthegma, ātis. n. a brief and pithy saying; an apophthegm.

Apophthegmāta, ātis. n. one's seal, coat of arms, or any other impression on a ring or seal.

Apostōma, ātis. n. an imposthume.

Apōthēca, æ. f. In Latin authors; a wine-cellar; a storehouse; a room; a safe or press to keep any thing in.

Appārete, adv. [ex *apparatus*, adj.] nobly, bravely, sumptuously.

Appārātio, ōnis. f. [ex *apparare*] an accoutring, great preparations, gallantry.

Appāratur, impers. things are getting ready.

Appārātus, a, um. adj. ex part. prepared, accoutred, furnished, splendid, magnificent.

Appārātus, ūs. m. a preparing; provision, equipage, habili-ment, furniture, entertainment.

Appāreo, ēre, ui, ūtum. neut. [ex *ad et pareo*] to appear; to show himself; to be forthcoming; to attend; to be in a place under a superior magistrate.

Appāret, impers. it appears, it is a plain case.

Appārītū, ōnis. f. [ab *appareo*] the attendance of the apparitors or other officers upon a magistrate.

Appārītōr, ōris. m. a serjeant, pursuivant, summoner, marshal, beadle, clerk, interpreter, &c. any inferior officer who waits upon a superior magistrate.

Appārītūra, æ. f. the attendance or waiting of under officers upon a magistrate.

Appārō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex *ad et paro*] to prepare; to provide; to make ready; to design; to make provision for; to furnish; to accoutre; to set out.

Appellatio, ōnis. f. a naming, a term, a title; an appeal; pronouncement.

Appellātor, ōris. m. an appellant, an appellant.

Appello, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to call; to name; to mention; to speak familiarly to one; to accuse; to call to witness; to call to one for help; to dun; to appeal; to proclaim; to pronounce.

Appello, ēre, pūll, pulsum. act. [ex *ad et pello*] to drive to; to bring to laul; to force; to apply; to devote to.

Appendicula, æ. f. dim. a little appendage, a perquisite.

Appendix, Icīs. f. an appendage, an addition, a part, auxiliary troops; a thorn.

Appendō, āre, di, ensum. act. [ex *ad et pendo*] to hang by; to weigh out, pay.

Appensus, a, um. adj. et part. hanged up, weighed out.

Appētens, tis. adj. covetous, desirous of.

Appētētia, æ. f. appetency, a desiring, a hankering after.

Appētītio, ōnis. f. [ex *appeto*] a catching at, affection, a strong desire, an appetite.

Appētītus, a, um. part. caught at, attempted, attacked.

Appētītus, ūs. m. natural appetite, desire. In the plural number, passions, affections.

Appēto, ēre, ii et Ivi, ūtum. act. [ex *ad et peto*] to desire earnestly; to catch at; to assault; to set upon; to aspire to; to attempt; to approach.

Appingo, ēre. pēgi, pactum. sed viz leg. in prat. et sup. [ex *ad et pango*] to join unto; to fasten; to bind to; to add.

Appingo, ēre. pinxi, pictum. act. [ex *ad et pingo*] to paint; to write.

Applaudō, ēre, si, sum. neut. to approve; to express approbation by clapping of hands, or beating with the feet.

Applausor, ōris. m. a clapper an applauder or approver.

Applausus, ūs. m. a clapping o, hands; applause.

Applicatio, ōnis. f. an application, an inclination of mind.

Applicātus, a, um. part. applied, laid to; arrived; bent or inclined.

Applicātus, a, um. part. adjoined.

Applico, are, ui et āvi, ūtum et ūtum. act. [ex *ad et plico*] to apply; to set or place one thing to or near another; to bring; to direct.

Applo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to weep; to lament.

Applo, ēre, ui et ūvi, ūtum. act. to rain near or upon.

Appōno, ēre, pōui, positum. act. to put to; to lay upon or nigh to; to mix or put in; to reckon; to add; to serve up, to suborn.

Apporrectus, a, um. part. [gu. ab *apporrigor*] stretched out, lying close by.

Apporto, āre, āvi, ātum. [ex *ad et porto*] afferro, adveho, to carry; to bring; to bring news to cause.

Apposco, ēre, pōscoi. — act. to ask; to require more.

Apposite, adv. properly, aptly appositely, pertinently, fitly, patty.

Appositio, ōnis. f. an adding to, applying, or annexing.

Appōstus, a, um. part. laid near; put to; set upon; near, situate by. Adj. convenient, fit for the purpose; meet, apposite, pertinent.

Appōstus, ūs. m. a putting or moving to, an applying.

Appōtus, a, um. adj. [ex *ad et potus*] intoxicated, fuddled.

Apprēcātus, a, um. part. praying to.

Apprehendo et Apprendo, āre, di, sum. act. to apprehend; to lay hold of; to snatch; to take hold of; to learn; to understand; to perceive; to comprehend; to hold.

Apprehensus, a, um. part. laid hold of.

Appressus, a, um. part. pressed or crushed together.

Apprime v. Adprime, adv. very much, very well, greatly, chiefly, eminently, excellently.

Apprimo, ēre, essi, assum. [ex *ad et premo*] to press close; to squeeze hard.

Apprimus v. Adprimus, a, um. adj. chief, principal, excellent.

Apprōbatio, ōnis. f. approbation, allowance, liking, assurance.

Apprōbātor, ōris. m. an approver or allower.

Apprōbo, āre, āvi, ātum. act.

fer ad et proba] to approve; to like; to allow; to make good; to justify; to avow; to make apparent.
Apprōmittō v. *Adprōmittō, āre, misi, mīsum.* act. to engage for another; to become surety.
Apprōpēro v. *Adprōpēro, āre, ēvi, ētum.* act. to make haste; to hasten; to set forward.
Apprōpinquāto, ōnis. f. an advancing; a coming nigh; an approach.
Apprōpinquo, āre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to come nigh; to draw near; to approach; to be ready at hand.
Appulus, a, um. part. [ab appellor] arrived, landed.
Appulus, ūs. m. an arrival, a coming to, an advancing.
Apricans, tis. part. warming or basking in the sun.
Apricatio, ōnis. f. a basking in the sun-shine; a being abroad in the open air.
Apricitas, ūtis. f. the warmth of the sun, sun-shine, open fair weather, a clear air.
Apricor, ari, atus. dep. to bask in the sun; to sun himself; to walk or sit in the open air.
Apricus, a, um. adj. sunny, warmed with the sun.
Aprilis, is. m. [quasi aperilis, quod omnia aperiat] April, the fourth month of the year.
Aprilis, is. e. adi. of April.
Aprōnia, æ. f. an herb called the black vine or briony.
Aprugnus, a, um. adj. belonging to a boar, brawn.
Aspis v. Absis, Idia. f. the ring of a cart-wheel; a circle above the stars; the bowing of an arch.
Apte, adv. fitly, acceptably, oppositely, agreeably, suitably, conveniently, properly, pertinently.
Apto, āre, ēvi, ētum. act. to fit; to accommodate; to adapt; to adjust; to join; to address; to make ready; to provide.
Aptus, a, um. part. tied, fitted, tight, pat, close, proper, suitable, convenient, good for, easy, agreeable.
Apia, æ. f. a little fish, the same with *Aphyæ*.
Apud, præp. close by, nigh; with, at, among, in, before.
Apus, ōdis. f. [sic dic. quasi careat pedibus] a martinet, a kind of swallow.
Apprexia, æ. f. the abatement or decrease of a fever; or the cold fit of an ague.
Appreivus, a, um. adj. scrib. et *Appreivus*, without kernel or stone; with a small kernel or stone.
Apprōtos, l. m. the best sort of carbuncle.

Asprum sulphur, brimstone not burnt.
Aqua, æ. f. water, rain, water-fish humour, juice, a wave.
Aquaticulus, i. m. dim. [ab aqualis] a hog's trough, the lower part of the belly, the paunch, the stomach.
Aqualls, is. m. [ab aqua] a water-pot, ewer, laver.
Aquarium, i. n. a watering-place for cattle.
Aquarius, a, um. adj. of water.
Aquarius, i. m. one of the signs of the zodiac; a water-bailiff; a water-carrier.
Aquaticus, a, um. adj. of the water; living or growing in or about the water; waterish, rainy.
Aquittilis, is. e. that lives in the water; watery.
Aquatio, ōnis. f. a watering, a carrying or fetching of water; abundance of rain, wet weather.
Aquator, ōris. m. he that waters or provides water.
Aquatus, a, um. adj. thin, like water; watery or mixed with water.
Aquifolia, æ. f. sc. ilex, et
Aquifolium, i. n. a kind of holm-free.
Aquifolius, a, um. adj. of the holm-tree.
Aquila, æ. f. an eagle, a northern constellation; Roman ensign, generally made of silver; the uppermost story in buildings.
Aquilegium, l. n. a gathering of rain, and a conveyance of water.
Aquilex, ōgis. m. a water-bailiff.
Aquillifer, ōri. m. the standard-bearer, who had on his ensign the figure of an eagle; an ensign or cornet.
Aquillinus, a, um. adj. of or like an eagle; rapacious.
Aquillo, ōnis. m. the north wind, the north-east cold wind.
Aquilonaris, is. e. adj. northern.
Aquilonius, a, um. adj. northern or exposed to the north; cold.
Aquilus, a, um. adj. [ab aqua] dark, dun, of the colour of water, sun-burnt, swarthy.
Aquor, āri, ātus. dep. [ab aqua] to water; to provide water.
Aquosus, a, um. adj. waterish, wet; resembling water.
Aquula, æ. f. dim. [ab aqua] a little water; a splash or brook.
Ara, æ. f. an altar; a southern constellation; a refuge; a sanctuary.
Arabilis, is. e. adj. [ab aro] that can be ploughed, arable.
Arctia ficus, a kind of white fig.

Aranea, æ. f. a spider, a cobweb, the down of willow blossoms.
Araneſſa, æ. f. dim. [ab aranea] a small spider, a cobweb.
Araneſſus, l. m. the same.
Araneſus, a, um. adj. full of spiders' webs or things like cobwebs.
Araneum, l. n. a spider's web, a rime or dew like a cobweb.
Araneus, i. m. a spider, a spider's web, a kind of sea fish, a grey or field mouse.
Aratio, ōnis. f. [ab aro] tillage, ploughing, ploughed land.
Aratuncula, æ. f. dim. a little piece of ploughed land, a field farmed of the public.
Arator, ōris. m. a plougher, a tiller.
Aratrum, f. n. a plough.
Arbitr, tri. m. an arbitrator, an umpire, a referee, a witness, a prince or ruler, a person or a thing that overlooks. [Arbitr (from ar for ad, and bitere, an obsolete verb, to go,) denotes, according to its primitive import, one who goes up to an object, and hears with his own ears, and sees with his own eyes.]
Arbitra, æ. f. a witness.
Arbitrario, adv. arbitrarily.
Arbitrarius, a, um. adj. voluntary, left to one's own choice, arbitrary.
Arbitratus, ūs. in. judgment, opinion, arbitration, election, fancy, pleasure, disposal.
Arbitrium, i. n. an arbitrement or award, judgment, will, pleasure, humour, a reference, power, conduct, choice, money paid to the public for the right of monopoly.
Arbitror, āri, ātus. dep. [ab arbitri] to arbitrate or end a dispute by arbitration; to sentence; to award; to suppose; to imagine; to think; to overhear.
Arbor et Arbos, ōris. f. a tree, the mast of a ship, an oar, the timber of a press, the wood of a tree, the name of a great fish.
Arbōrius, a, um. adj. of a tree.
Arbōrator, ōris. m. [qu. ab arbora] a lopper, planter or pruner of trees.
Arboreſco, āre —. to grow to the bigness of a tree.
Arboreus, a, um. adj. of a tree, branched like a tree.
Arboscula, æ. f. dim. [ab arbor] a little tree, a shrub; the nave or ball of a cart-wheel, the cap or tuft upon the heads of peacocks.
Arbustivus, a, um. adj. belonging to shrubs or trees.
Arbusto, āre, ēvi, ētum. act. to

plant with trees; to set a place with trees for vines to grow amongst.

Arbustum, i. n. a copse, a grove of trees, an orchard, a vineyard.

Arbuteus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to an arbutus or strawberry-tree; made of that tree.

Arbutum, i. n. the fruit of the arbutus.

Arbutus, i. f. the wild cranberry, strawberry, or cherry tree.

Arca, æ. f. a chest, a coffer, an escrotoire, a coffin or tomb, money, a dam of wood, an ark.

Arcano, adv. privately, secretly.

Arcanum, i. n. ex adj. seq. a secret, a hidden mystery.

Arceus, a, um. adj. [ab arca] silent, secret, hidden, close, unknown, privy, mystic al.

Arceus, adj. [ab arcus] melius

Arquatus, v. **Arceus**, made arch-wise, arched.

Arceo, Ære, cul. — act. to keep off; to stop; to hinder; to debar; to drive away; to hold fast; to keep in; to hold together; to save; to protect.

Arceus, æ. f. a kind of wain or cart covered on every side.

Arcessior, iri, itus. pass. to be called; to be sent for.

Arcessitor v. **Arcessitor**, Æris, m. a messenger sent forth to fetch one.

Arcesso, Ære, Ivi, itum. act. to call; to go to call; to send for; to fetch; to procure; to accuse.

Archæus, a, um. adj. old fashioned, plain, homely.

Archetypum, i. n. ex adj. an authentic copy, the original of a writing or picture or any piece of art.

Archetypus, a, um. anything at first hand, original, true.

Archeostis, is. f. the white vine.

Archilochius, a, um. adj. after the manner of Archilochus, biting, railing, satirical, sarcastic.

Archimægrus, i. m. the master-cook.

Archimus, i. m. the principal player; a mimic.

Archipirata, æ. m. an arch-pirate.

Architecta, æ. f. a female architect.

Architecton v. **Architecto**, Ænis, m. a master-workman, a chief builder.

Architectonice, es. f. architecture.

Architectonicus, a, um. adj. belonging to architecture or to the chief builder.

Architector, Æri, itus. dep. to devise or model; to draw plans for building; to prescribe; to invent; to be built.

Architectura, æ. f. [ab architectus] the art to devise or draw plans for building, architecture, carpentry, masonry.

Architectus, i. m. an architect, a master-builder; the chief mason; the surveyor of the building, the Creator; the principal deviser, contriver, or inventor of anything.

Archon, ontis. m. a chief magistrate among the Athenians.

Architæneus, tis. adj. bow-holding; an archer, an epithet of Apollo; the sign Sagittarius.

Arctæus, a, um. part. narrow, straitened.

Arcte, adv. straitly, dearly, stiffly, hardly, closely, soundly.

Arcto, Ære, Ævi, itum. freq. [ab arceo] to strain; to tie close; to thrust; to crowd.

Arctophylax, Æcis, m. a constellation near the greater bear, the same with Bötes and Bübulcus.

Arctos v. **Arctus**, i. f. Lat. Ursa. Two constellations in the form of bears, near the north pole, whereof the greater is called Charles's wain; the north country, the northern parts of the world.

Arctous, a, um. adj. belonging to the north, northern.

Arcturus, i. m. a star between the legs of Bötes.

Arctus, a, um. adj. [ab arceo] close, tight, stingy, pitiful, small, narrow, scanty, crowded, grievous, pinching, difficult.

Arctum, adv. like a bow or arch.

Arctus, a, um. part. fashioned like a bow or arch, arched, jaundiced.

Arctula, æ. f. dim. [ab arca] a little coffer, chest, draper, or box.

Arctularius, i. m. a cabinet-maker.

Arceo, Ære, Ævi, itum. act. to bend like a bow; to arch; to vault.

Arceus, Æs. [et l. rar.] m. v. f. the vault of a roof or an arch, a bow, a hand-bow, or long-bow, the rainbow, the shoots of vines-bowed down.

Ardea, æ. f. a bird called a heron or hern.

Ardeio, Ænis, m. a meddler, a busy body.

Ardens, tis. part. v. nom. ex part. burning hot, sprightly, restless, bright, furnished, illustrious, earnest, importunate, raging, rough, boisterous.

Ardent, adv. hotly, fervently, vehemently, ardently, earnestly.

Ardeo, Ære, arsi, arsum. neut. et act. to burn; to scorch; to shine; to sparkle; to be earnest; to love; to desire passionately; to be tormented or troubled.

Ardesco, Ære —, incept. [ab ardeo] to grow hot; to become hasty; to be set on fire.

Ardor, Æris, m. [ab ardeo] a burning heat, fervour, earnestness, rage, animosity, a glittering brightness, vivacity.

Arduitas, Ætis, f. height, steepness.

Arduus, a, um. adj. inaccessible, high, steep, hard, difficult, dangerous, arduous, laborious.

Area, æ. f. any void place in a city, a court-yard, a quarter or bed in a garden, a close, field, or park, a threshing-floor, an ulcer, a scald.

Arēficio, Ære, feci, factum. act. to dry; to make dry; to set to dry.

Arēfactus, a, um. part. [quasi ab arēfio] dried, withered.

Arēna, æ. f. [ab arendo] sand, grit, a shore, land, or haven; the amphitheatre, any other place of contention, a court of pleading; any calling or employment.

Arēnaceus, a, um. adj. of or like sand, sandy, gritty.

Arēnārie, Ærum, f. [sc. fodinæ] sand or gravel pits.

Arēnātus, a, um. adj. mixed with sand, sandy.

Arēnātum, i. n. mortar made of lime and sand.

Arēnōsus, a, um. adj. sandy, gravelly, gritty.

Arēnula, æ. f. dim. small sand or grit.

Areo, Ære, ui. — neut. to be dry; to be parched up; to be thirsty.

Areola, æ. f. [ab area] a little bed or quarter in a garden.

Arēpāgia, æ. m. one of the judges who sat on Mars-hill at Athens.

Arresco, Ære. — incept. [ab arceo] to become dry; to be dried up; to harden; to become hard.

Argēi, Ærum, pl. m. places in Rome where some noble Argives or Grecians had been buried.

Argentaria, æ. f. [sc. taberna, fodina, mensa] ab argentum] a banker's table or shop, a silver mine, the office of bankers or usurers.

Argentarius, a, um. adj. belonging to silver or money.

Argentarius, i. m. a banker, a scrivener, a usurer, a pawnbroker, a cashier or cash-keeper; the chamberlain of a city.

Argentatus, a, um. adj. [quasi ab argenteo] silvered over or plated with silver.

Argentēlus, a, um, adj. [a seq.] silvered, done with silver.
Argentēus, a, um, adj. of or made of silver, clear or bright as silver; of money.
Argentifodina, æ. f. a silver-mine or place where silver is dug up.
Argentus, a, um, adj. [a seq.] full of silver, mixed with silver.
Argentum, i. n. silver in the mass; bullion, which is called grave or infectum, and if refined, pustulatum; plate, all things made thereof, which is called factum; coin or money made thereof, called signatum.
Argestes, æ. m. a western wind.
Argilla, æ. f. white clay or potter's earth.
Argilæus, a, um, adj. made of white clay, full of clay.
Argillous, a, um, adj. clayey; full of white clay or marl.
Argonautæ, ærum. pl. argonauts; and by a pun, idle mariners, lazy swabbers.
Argumentatio, ðnis. f. a reasoning or producing of arguments, either probable or necessary.
Argumentor, æri, ætus. [ab argumentum] to reason; to dispute; to debate; to argue; to infer from probable arguments; to prove by argument; to discuss or sift out a thing.
Argumentosa, a, um, adj. somewhat large, full of argument or matter.
Argumentum, i. n. [ab arguo] a reason or argument, a proof or evidence, a subject or conjecture, a sign, a cause, a device, a lesson or instruction.
Arguo, ære, ui, ætum. act. to show; to prove; to make proof of; to argue; to accuse; to object; to convince; to reprove; to hinder.
Argutatio, ðnis. f. [ab argutor] a reasoning, debating, jangling or quarreling, prattling, tittle-tattle, a creaking.
Argute, adv. smartly, briskly, pertly, shrewdly, wittily.
Argutim, ærum. f. sharpness, repartees, quips, shrewd words, witty sayings.
Arguto, ære, ævi, ætum. act. to upbraid; to rally smartly.
Argutor, æri, ætus. dep. to quibble; to cavil; to pun; to take words otherwise than spoken; to make a shrill noise; to caper.
Argutulus, a, um, adj. dim. talkative.
Argutus, a, um, part. [ab arguo] accused, charged. Adj. quick, witty, sharp, facetious, quaint,

talkative, jangling, shrill, loud, harsh, creaking, resounding, short, neut. picked.
Argyrodinas, ntis. m. a kind of precious stone.
Åriditas, Åtis. f. dryness, drought.
Åridulus, a, um, adj. dim. [ex Åridus] somewhat dry.
Åridum, i. n. the shore, the land.
Åridus, a, um, adj. [ab areo] dry, parched, lean, thin, pithless, lifeless, thirsty, niggardly, hard, mean, barren, shrill, grashing.
Åries, Åtis. m. a ram or tup, a battering-ram; one of the twelve signs of the zodiac, a sea-fish.
Årietarius, a, um, adj. pertaining to a ram or like a ram.
Årietatus, a, um, part. butted or clashed against, gnashed, as the teeth.
Årietinus, a, um, adj. [ab Åries] of a ram.
Årieto, Åre, Åvi, Åtum. act. [ab Åries] to push or butt like a ram; to beat or strike down; to batter. Neut. to be thrown down; to fall; to encounter; to engage.
Årista, æ. f. the beard of corn; an ear of corn; corn itself; summer, harvest, a year, a hair or bristle, the prickle of a fish.
Åristalthea, æ. f. marsh-mallows, white mallows.
Åristolochia, æ. f. an herb called aristolochy, corruptly, birthwort.
Årithmetica, æ. f. v. Årithmetice, æ. f. arithmetic.
Årithmeticus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to arithmetic; arithmetic.
Åritudo, ðnis. f. dryness, stinkiness, dry weather, drought.
Årma, ærum. pl. n. arms, war, battle, valour, chivalry, military science, equipments, coats of arms, tools for all arts, occupations and diversions.
Årmaenta, ærum. n. tackle, tools, implements.
Årmaentarium, i. n. an armoury, all kinds of furniture for war; an arsenal, a magazine.
Årmæribulum, i. n. dim. a little study, closet; also a cabinet, a case of instruments.
Årmærium, i. n. [ab armis] a store-house, a press, locker, safe, pantry, study, closet, chest, counting-house.
Årmætura, æ. f. [ab armo] armour, harness, the exercising of soldiers, the soldiers themselves when in arms.
Årmatus, a, um, part. armed, harnessed, weaponed, fenced,

furnished, stocked, provided, fortified, resolved.
Årmatu, abl. with armour.
Årmænikum pomum, a fruit like apricots. Malus Årmanica, the apricot-tree.
Årmentalis, is, e. adj. of a drove or herd.
Årmentarius, i. m. a herdsman, a grazier.
Årmentinus, a, um, adj. of great cattle that go in herds.
Årmentitius, a, um, adj. belonging to a herd.
Årmentum, i. n. [ab arando, per sync. pro aramentum] a herd of large cattle; oxen; horses; elephants. Årmentum is also used for deer. Grex seems to have a more general, Årmentum a more special, signification, sometimes a single ox.
Årmifer, a, um, adj. bearing armour, warlike.
Årmiger, a, um, adj. armed, bearing arms.
Årmilla, æ. f. [ab armis, i. e. brachiis] a bracelet; an iron ring whereon the gudgeons of a wheel move.
Årmillatus, a, um, adj. having or wearing bracelets, collared.
Årmiptens, tis. adj. valiant, mighty, or powerful in arms or war.
Årmisotus, a, um, adj. rustling with armour.
Årmo, ære, Åvi, Åtum. [ab arma] to arm; to raise; to stir up to arms; to furnish; to provide.
Årmus, i. m. a shoulder, an arm, a wing.
Åro, Åre, Åvi, Åtum. act. to plough; to till; to dig; to dress; to reap; to gather.
Årōna, Åtis. n. raro leg. in sing. pl. Aromata, all sweet spices, herbs, seeds, or roots; all sorts of drugs; grocery ware.
Årōmaticus, a, um, adj. odorous, fragrant, aromatic.
Årōmatites, æ. m. hippocras or wine brewed with spices.
Årcuatius, i. e. Arcuatius, a, um, part. [ab arcuor] arched, having the jaundice or king's evil.
Årrectarius, a, um, adj. erected, set upright, set up on end. In the neuter plural, it denotes, pillars.
Årrectus, a, um, part. [ab arrior] erected, lifted up, bolt upright, steep, attentive, ready.
Årriabo, ðnis. m. an earnest or earnest-penny, a token or pledge, a pawn, a hostage.
Årrideo, ære, risi, risum. neut. [ex ad et rideo] to laugh at; to smile; to please.
Årrigo, ære, rexi, rectum. act

[*ex ad et rego*] to lift up; to raise; to encourage.
Arripio, ēre, pui, reptum. act. [*ex ad et rapio*] to take by force; to seize; to catch at; to make himself master of; to learn; to arrest; to implead; to inveigh against.
Artisio, ōnis. f. smiling.
Artisor, ōnis. m. [*ab arideo*] a smiler, a laughier, a flatterer.
Arrodo, ēre, rōsi. rōsum. act. [*ex ad et rodo*] to gnaw; to nibble; to rob; to plunder.
Arrogans, tis. part. [*ab arrogo*] arrogant, haughty, disdainful, insolent, self-conceited.
Arroganter, adv. conceitedly, proudly, presumptuously, disdainfully, insolently.
Arrogantia, ē. f. conceitedness, arrogance, pride, presumption, haughtiness, insolence, self-conceitedness, vain glory.
Arrōgo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to ascribe; to confer by vote; to arrogate; to challenge; to claim; to attribute.
Arrōsor, ōris. m. [*ab arrodo*] a gnawer, a plunderer, a robber.
Arrōsus, a, um. part. gnawed, bitten, &c.
Arts, tis. f. art, science, skill, trade, craft, occupation, profession, cunning, deceit, a trick or device.
Armenicum, i. n. orpiment, arsenic.
Artemisia, ē. f. the herb mugwort or motherwort.
Artēmo v. **Artēmo**, ōnis. m. the pulley of a crane, the main-sail in a ship.
Arteria, ē. f. *sed sapius* Arteriae in pl. an artery or vein; the pulse.
Artērium, i. n. *pro Arteria*. an artery.
Arthriticus, a, um. adj. [*ab arthriti*] ill of the gout, gouty.
Arthritis, ūdis. f. the gout, a disease in the joints.
Articulāris, is. e. adj. pertaining to the joints.
Articulārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to the joints.
Articulāris, i. m. a gouty man.
Articulāte, adv. distinctly, particularly.
Articulūm, adv. from joint to joint, from point to point, distinctly, articulately.
Articulatio, ōnis. f. the shooting of plants from joint to joint, articulation.
Articulo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to joint, to utter distinctly.
Articulōsus, a, um. adj. full of joints or knots, full of short members or clauses.
Articulus, i. dim. [*ab artus*] an article, a joint, a knot; a moment or instant of time.
Artifex, icis. c. g. [*ab ars et*

facio] an artist, artificer, craftsman, a maker, a creator, a workman, a cunning fellow, a contriver, an author.
Artifex, icis. adj. cunning, workmanlike, artificial.
Artificiālis, is. e. adj. the same.
Artificiāliter, adv. cunningly, artfully, artificially.
Artificiosus, adv. artificially.
Artificiosus, a, um. adj. artificial, cunning, done by the rules of art.
Artificium, i. n. workmanship, trade, occupation, an artifice, a device, a trick.
Artus, ūs. m. a joint, the limbs, the body.
Artūlis, is. e. adj. of or in the fields.
Arvina, ē. f. fat, tallow.
Arvisia vina, potius **Ariusia**, malmsey, sweet-wine.
Aruncus, i. m. a goat's beard.
Arundifer, a, um. adj. bearing canes or reeds.
Arundinaceus, a, um. adj. of or like a reed.
Arundinētum, i. n. a place where reeds or canes grow.
Arundineus, a, um. adj. of a reed or cane.
Arundinosus, a, um. adj. full of reeds, canes, or sedge.
Arundo, ōnis. f. a reed or cane, an arrow or shaft, a child's hobby-horse, an angling rod, a pipe.
Aruspex, icis. c. g. a soothsayer or diviner.
Aruspiciūm, i. n. soothsaying.
Arvum, i. n. et **Arvus**, i. m. [*ab arō*] ploughed land, a fallow field, a field, ground, land, corn, produce, tillage.
Arx, arcis. f. a top, peak, ridge of any thing; fort, castle; a court, palace; a temple.
As, et *antiq.* **Assis**, gen. **assis**. in. a pound weight, consisting of 12 equal parts or ounces. He that had the whole estate was called *Ex asse* heres.
Asarum, i. n. *Al. Nardum* silvestre, the herb foalsfoot or wild spikenard.
Asbestinum, i. n. et **Asheston**, n. a kind of flax, of which they made cloth, that was cleansed by burning in the fire. Also cloth made of it.
Asbestos, i. m. a kind of stone, which being set on fire cannot be quenched.
Asbōlis, i. m. coal; a dog's name.
Asclikōstes, ē. f. a kind of stello or evet.
Ascalōnia, ē. f. v. **Ascalōniūm**, i. n. a kind of onion or skallion from Askalon, a city of Judea.
Ascendo, ēre, di, ensum. act. [*ex*

ad et scando] to ascend; to climb; to come up; to rise higher; to mount.
Ascensio, ōnis. f. an ascent, an advancement.
Ascensus, ūs. m. an ascending or climbing up; a rise, an ascent or advancement.
Aschynōmēne, es. f. *corr. pro* **Eschynōmēne**, the sensitive plant.
Ascia, ē. f. a chip-axe or great hatchet.
Ascio, ēre, ēvi, ātum. to cut; to hew; to purge; to cleanse.
Ascisco, ēre, cti, cti. act. [*ex ad et scisco*] to take to him; to call for; to associate; to ally; to call in; to fetch in; to bring into use.
Asclites, ē. m. a kind of dropsy.
Ascltus, a, um, part. [*ab ascior*] admitted, taken to, associated, strange, far-fetched, usurped, adopted, accidental, adscititious.
Ascius, a, um. adj. without shadow.
Asclēpias, ūdis. f. swallowwort.
Ascōptra, ē. f. a bag, a sack.
Ascribo, ēre, psi, ptum. act. [*ex ad et scribo*] to write unto; to enroll; to register; to add; to join; to impute; to ascribe; to attribute; to assign; to annex; to subscribe.
Ascriptio, ōnis. f. a joining, enrolling or registering.
Ascriptitius, a, um. adj. chosen, registered, additional, supernumerary.
Ascriptor, ōris. m. [*ab ascribo*] a subscriber, a promoter, a maintainer, a favourer.
Ascriptus, a, um. part. subscribed, ascribed, written to; enrolled, registered, chosen.
Asella, ē. f. dim. [*ab asina*] a little she-ass.
Asellus, i. m. dim. [*ab asinus*] a little ass, an ass's colt; a fish of the colour of an ass; a codfish; a cheelip or sow, an insect.
Asilus, i. m. v. **Asillum**, i. n. a horse-fly, a gad-bee, dun-fly, the sea-breeze, which gets under the fins of great fishes, and stings them.
Assina, ē. f. a she-ass.
Asinārius, a, um. adj. of an ass.
Asinārius, i. m. an ass-herd or driver.
Asinus, i. m. an ass; a block-head.
Asio, ōnis. m. the horned owl.
Asotus, a, um. adj. riotous, debauched, extravagant.

Aspikithus, i. m. *the rose of Jerusalem, or our lady's rose.*
Aspiragus, i. m. *asparagus, a plant.*
Aspectabilis, is, e. adj. [*ab aspectu*] *worthy to be looked upon; discoverable, visible.*
Aspecto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et specio*] *to look attentively; to gaze; to regard; to have regard to; to look towards.*
Aspectus, ūs. m. *the sight, an aspect, look, or appearance; the presence; the view.*
Aspello, āre, ūli, ulsum. act. [*ex abs et pello*] *to put back; to drive away; to expel.*
Asper, āra, ārum. adj. *unpleasant, disagreeable, rough, rugged, unsightly, harsh, biting, hard, sharp, abrupt, stinking, fetid, grating, ill-bred, ill-natured, rude, austere, fierce, cruel, unjust, severe, manly, sturdy.*
Aspère, adv. *roughly, sharply, harshly, shrewdly, rudely, angrily, ruggedly, strictly.*
Aspergo, āre, si, sum. act. [*ex ad et spargo*] *to besprinkle; to moisten; to intermix; to interlace; to asperse; to give a little sprinkling.*
Aspergo, gnis. f. *a besprinkling, splashing, moistening, or bedewing.*
Asperitas, ātis. f. [*ab asper*] *roughness, ruggedness, sharpness, ill-breeding, clownishness, sourness, austerity, harshness, virulence, asperity.*
Asperuatio, ōnis. f. [*ab aspernor*] *a scorning, slighting, neglect, disregard.*
Aspernor, āri, ātus. dep. [*ex ad et sperno*] *to slight; to condemn; to disdain; to fly; to avoid; to abhor; to refuse.*
Aspéro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make rough; to freeze; to sharpen; to point or head; to anger, exasperate; to aggravate, heighten.*
Aspersio, ōnis. f. [*ab aspergo*] *a sprinkling, a casting water upon.*
Aspersus, a, um. part. *aspered, besprinkled, bedewed, flattered.*
Asperus, ūs. m. *a spright ing.*
Aspidélus, i. m. *the daffodil.*
Aspiciendus, a, um. part. *necessary to be seen, fit to be looked on.*
Aspicio, cēre, pexi, pectum. act. [*ex ad et specio, inusit.*] *to behold; to look upon; to spy; to see; to perceive; to be propitious; to esteem; to honour; to obey.*
Aspiratio, ōnis. f. *a breathing, a fetching of breath; an influence or blowing on; a damp or exhalation.*

Aspro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et spiro*] *to breathe; to blow; to inspire; to infuse; to aspire unto; to reach; to come at; to have access to; to favour.*
Aspis, Idis. f. *an asp. hinc forte Angl. a spider.*
Asportatio, ōnis. f. *a carrying or conveying away.*
Asporto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex abs et porto*] *to carry or convey away; to transport.*
Aspretum, i. n. [*ab asper*] *a rough place, craggy or full of bushes; a brake.*
Assa, ōrum. n. pl. *a dry bag-nio.*
Assūrius, a, um. adj. [*ab assō*] *roasted.*
Assūsus, a, um. part. *boarded, planked.*
Assella, æ. c. g. *an attendant, a page, a lacquey, valet or waiting man; a spunger, a hanger-on, a retainer.*
Assectatio, ōnis. f. *attendance or a waiting upon; observation.*
Assectator, ōris. m. *an attendant, a follower, an observer, imitator.*
Assessor, āri, ātus. dep. *to attend; to wait upon one; to follow one up and down with a design to ingratiate himself; to dog one.*
Assēctūs, a, um. part. *having overtaken or reached.*
Assensio, ōnis. f. [*ab assentio*] *assent, consent, acquiescence.*
Assensor, ōris. m. *he that assents, consents, or is of the same party.*
Assensum est, impers. *it was assented or agreed to.*
Assensus, a, um. part. *assented or agreed to.*
Assensus, ūs. m. *assent, accord, compliance, consent, agreement.*
Assentatio, ōnis. f. [*ab assentor*] *flattering; cogging; soothing, adulation, assent, compliance, interest, authority.*
Assentiuncula, æ. f. dim. *a coaxing, a compliment.*
Assentator, ōris. m. *a flatterer, a pickthank.*
Assentiōrie, adv. *complimentally, fawningly.*
Assentiatrix, icis. f. *she that flatters, a fawning gossip.*
Assentiens, ntis. part. *assenting or agreeing to, accordant, compliant.*
Assentio, āre, si, sum. act. [*ex ad et sentio*] *to assent; to agree to; to be of one's mind; to consent; to acquiesce.*
Assentior, āri, usus. dep. *to assent, comply, agree, condescend.*
Assensor, āri, ātus. dep. [*ab assentio*] *to flatter; to cajole;*

to soothe; to insinuate; to say as another says; to comply; to humour one.
Assēquor, qui, cūsus. dep. *to overtake; to reach; to match; to get; to achieve; to acquire; to obtain; to understand.*
Asser, āris, m. dic. *et Assis*, gen. *assis, a pole or piece of wood; a chump, a joist, a square piece of wood; a shingle; a lever; a pole which chairmen used.*
Assercūlus, i. m. *et Assercūlum*, i. n. dim. [*ab asser*] *a little pole; a small piece of wood.*
Assēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et sero*] *to plant; to sow.*
Assēro, āre, ui, tum. act. *to free; to rescue; to pronounce free by law; to claim; to challenge; to usurp; to avouch; to maintain; to assert.*
Assertio, ōnis. f. [*ab assero*] *an assertion or affirmation; a claim of one's liberty, or a trial at law for it.*
Assertor, ōris. m. *an assister, a voucher, a verifier; he who either sets one at liberty, and bails him, or demands one for his bondman.*
Asservio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to serve, help, second.*
Asservo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et servo*] *to keep; to preserve; to keep safe; to observe; to take notice of.*
Assessio, ōnis. f. [*ab assideo*] *a sitting down by one; a giving assistance or advice.*
Assessor, ōris. m. *a justice, a counsellor, an assistant, a confidant, an assessor.*
Assēvtranter, adv. *confidently, boldly, eagerly, affirmatively.*
Assēvtratio, ōnis. f. *an asservation, affirmation, assurance.*
Assēvro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to assert; to maintain; to affirm; to make a show of; to pretend to.*
Assicco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to dry; to harden.*
Assideo, āre, sēdi, sessum. neut. [*ex ad et sedeo*] *to sit by; to attend; to be near; to attend one who is ill; it is also a law-word, to sit on the bench, whence Assessor.*
Assido, āre, sēdi, sessum. act. [*ex ad et sēdo*] *to sit down; to sit by one; to attend; to wait upon.*
Assidue, adv. *ssime, sup. daily, assiduously, continually, very often.*
Assiduitas, ātis. f. *assiduity, custom, constant care, attendance, earnestness, frequency.*
Assiduo, adv. *See Assidue.*

Assiduus, a, um. adj. *assiduous, continual, daily, diligent, earnest, sedulous, constant, incessant.*
Assignatio, onis. f. *an assignation, assignment, distribution.*
Assigno, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to assign; to allot; to proportion; to allow; to attribute; to subscribe.*
Assilio, ire, īvi et īl, ultum. neut. [ex ad et salio] *to leap at, upon, or against; to assail.*
Assimilis, is, e. adj. *very like.*
Assimiliter, adv. *in like manner or fashion.*
Assimilo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to take the likeness; to assimilate; to liken; to compare; to resemble.*
Assimulatio, onis. f. *counterfeiting, dissembling.*
Assimulo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [ex ad et simulo] *to pretend; to feign what is not; to make a show of; to liken; to forge; to counterfeit; to paint to the life; to copy out.*
Assimulor, āri, atus. pass. *to be made like; to be dressed for.*
Assipondium, i. n. [ex asse et pondo] *a pound weight.*
Assis, is. m. *a Roman coin, &c. Vid. As.*
Assis, is. m. *a plank or board.*
Assisto, ēre, stitī, — neut. *to stand up; to stand still; to assist; to help; to be an advocate.*
Assitus, a, um. part. [ab assero] *assisted or set close by.*
Asso, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [ab assis] *to plank; to board; to ceil; to floor.*
Associo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to associate; to accompany; to fit; to match.*
Assolet, it is wont, it is the custom or customary.
Assono, ēre, nui, — neut. *to answer by sound, like an echo.*
Assudo, ēre, — act. *to sweat with toil.*
Assuſſicio, ēre, ſſici, factum. act. *to accustom; to inure; to use one to a thing.*
Assuescitur, impers. *it is usual or wont.*
Assuesco, ēre, uſui, uſtum. incept. neut. *to habituate; to accustom; to be exercised in, accustomed or used; to acquaint or use.*
Assuetudo, dinis. f. *custom, use, continuance, usage, long practice.*
Assuetus, a, um. part. et ad. *accustomed, practised, inured, exercised.*
Assula, e. f. dim. [ab assis] *a board, a lath, a shingle or slate, a piece of wood, a splinter, a slice of any thing.*

Assulſum, piece-meal, in chips or slices
Assulose, adv. the same.
Assultim, adv. [ab assilio] *by leaps or jumps.*
Assulto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. [ab assilio] *to leap upon one; to assault; to attack.*
Assultus, ſus. m. *a leaping upon; an assault or onset.*
Assumendus, a, um. part. *to be assumed, received, entertained, &c.*
Assumo, ēre, pſi, ptum. act. *to take; to adjoin; to take upon him; to assume; to regain; to take as granted; to eat and drink.*
Assumptio, onis. f. *a taking, an assuming, an assumption, the minor proposition in a syllogism.*
Assumptivus, a, um. adj. *assumptive, extrinſical.*
Assuo, ēre, ui, ſtum. act. *to sew unto; to stitch to; to sear; to tack together.*
Assurgitur, impers. *they rise.*
Assurgo, ēre, rexi, rectum. n. *to rise up; to ascend; to stand up; to increase; to use a lofty style.*
Assus, a, um. adj. *Assatus, roasted, unmixed, alone, pure.*
Assyrius, a, um. adj. ut malus *Assyria, the orange, citron, or lemon-tree.*
Ast, con]. [ab at, insertū a] *but, and yet, however, surely, truly.*
Astacus, i. m. *a kind of shell-fish, a lobster or crevices.*
Astaphis, Idis. f. *a comfit, a raisin confected.*
Astelmos, i. m. *a pleasant trope; a witty jest.*
Aster, ſtis. m. *the herb starwort, sharewort, or cod-wort.*
Astſerion, i. n. *a sort of spider.*
Asterno, ēre, strāvi, strātum. act. [ex ad et sterno] *to spread; to prostrate; to lay along, by, or near to.*
Asternor, i, stratus. pass. *to grovel or lie all along upon the ground near to.*
Astipulatio, onis. f. *assent, agreement, witnessing or vouching.*
Astipulātor, ōris. m. *he who agrees or assents; a witness or voucher.*
Astipulātu, abl. m. *by the assent or agreement.*
Astipulor, ſri, ſtus. dep. [ex ad et stipulor] *to agree; to consent to.*
Astilio, ēre, ui, tūtum. act. [ex ad et statuo] *to set before; to carry before.*
Asto, ſri, titi, tūtum. neut. [ex ad et sto] *to stand by; to be present; to approach; to be*

at hand; to assist; to wait upon.
Astrāgilus, i. m. *an herb; a verseth or circle about a pitar engraven; nine-pins, dice, chess.*
Astrāpo, ēre, pui, ptum. neut. *to make a noise; to applaud; to give a shout.*
Astricte, adv. *closely, briefly, compendiously.*
Astrictio, onis. f. *astriction, sharpness of taste.*
Astrictorius, a, um. adj. *styptic, apt to bind, astringent.*
Astrictus, a, um. part. [ab astringor] *tied, bound, fastened, straitened. Adj. confined, shackled, obliged, compelled, forced, necessitated, wrinkled, knit, frowning, frozen, rough, unpleasant, saving, niggardly, hide-bound.*
Astricus, a, um. adj. *of stars, starry.*
Astrifer, ſra, ſrum. *bearing or having stars.*
Astringo, ēre, nxi, ictum. act. *to tie; to bind; to fasten; to gird; to oblige; to engage.*
Astrōbillus, a *gem like a fish's eye.*
Astrolites, e. m. *a stone in a fish's eye.*
Astrōlogia, e. f. *astrology.*
Astrōloger, i. m. *an astrologer a prognosticator, a fortune-teller.*
Astrum, i. n. *a constellation or celestial sign, consisting of many stars; a single star.*
Astruo, ēre, uxi, uctum. act [ex ad et struo] *to build near to; to join one building to another; to super-add; to accumulate.*
Astu, n. indecl. *the city, emphatically, of Athens.*
Astūpeo, ēre, pui. — neut. *it be amazed at.*
Asturco, onis. m. [sc. ex Asturiā] *an ambling nag, a Spanish gennet, a palfrey.*
Astus, ſus. m. *in the sing. it rarely occurs except in the abl., never in gen., dat., or abl. plural. Craft, subtilty, policy.*
Astūte, adv. *craftily, cunningly, knavishly, slyly, subtilty.*
Astūtia, e. f. *craftiness, knavery, archness, policy, shrewdness, subtilty, wiliness.*
Astūtus, a, um. adj. [ab astus] *subtile, crafty, wily, politic, arch, cunning, sharp, shrewd.*
Asylum, i. n. *a sanctuary, a temple, a privileged place.*
Asymbdus, a, um. adj. *that pays none of his reckoning, scot-free.*
At, con]. *but.*
Atat, inter]. *heyday! how now! O strange! O wonderful! Ha! how say you?*

Ativus, i. m. *the great grandfather's or great grandmother's grandfather; an old grandfathers or ancestors indefinitely.*

Atellānicus, a, um. et **Atellānus**, a, um. adj. [*ab Atellā, Campanie opp.*] *humorous, merry, droll, funny.*

Āter, tra, trum, adj. *black, coal-black, brown, dark, gloomy, mournful, fatal, mortal, stormy, raging, foul, filthy.*

Āthāra, æ. f. *a kind of pulse or gruel; panada.*

Ātheos, i. et **Ātheus**, i. m. *an atheist.*

Āthlāta, æ. m. *a master wrestler, a champion.*

Āthlētice, adv. *stoutly, lustily, champion-like.*

Āthlēticus, a, um. adj. *pertaining or belonging to wrestlers.*

Ālūia, a kind of elm-tree.

Ālūcium, i. n. et **Ālūcion**, i. n. *any medicine that causes abortion.*

Ālūmus, i. f. et m. *a mole, an atom, a mite.*

Ātque, conj. *and, as, especially, and yet, than, but, even as, also, after, after that.*

Ātqui, conj. *but, and yet, however, truly.*

Ātrāmentum, i. n. *ink, the blood of the cuttle-fish, coppers or vitriol, shoemaker's blacking.*

Ātrīdus, a, um. adj. *made or dyed black, wearing mourning or black clothes.*

Ātrīcolor, ōris. adj. *of a black colour.*

Ātriensis, is. e. adj. *belonging to the court-yard or first entrance of a house.*

Ātriensis, is. m. [*sc. servus*] *a head servant, a steward.*

Ātrīdum, i. n. dim. *a porch, piazza, or little hall.*

Ātrium, i. n. *a court-yard, a hall.*

Ātrōcitas, ōtis. f. [*ab atrox*] *cruelty, atrociousness, heinousness, grievousness, troublesomeness.*

Ātrōcter, adv. *cruelly, fiercely, heinously, barbarously, dreadfully, outrageously, harshly.*

Ātrōphia, æ. f. *a consumption, an atrophy.*

Ātrōphus, a, um. adj. *consumptive, whose meat does not nourish him, tabid.*

Ātrox, ōcis. adj. *cruel, heinous, atrocious, direful, fell, grievous; parching, resolute, bold, inflexible, fierce, eager.*

Āttractus, a, um. part. [*ab attingo*] *touched.*

Āttractus, ūs. m. *a gentle, soft touch.*

Āttrāgen, ōnis. m. *a delicious bird, a woodcock or snipe.*

Āttāgēna, æ. f. *a moor-cock, a rail, a godwit or snipe.*

Āttālicus, a, um. adj. [*a rege Atalo*] *made of cloth of gold, brocaded; wealthy, opulent.*

Āttāmen, adv. *but yet, for all that, however.*

Āttēgie, ūrum. f. [*ab attingendo*] *cottages, huts, cabins, tents, or booths, in fairs.*

Āttēlābus, i. m. *a kind of little locust without wings.*

Āttēphāte, adv. *seasonably, aptly, in the very nick of time.*

Āttēphōro, ūre, āvi, ātum. act. *to attempt; to make fit; to aim right.*

Āttēndo, ūre, di, ntum. act. *to bend the mind to; to regard; to take heed; to listen; to study.*

Āttēntātus, a, um. part. *assailing, attempted.*

Āttēnte, adv. *attentively, diligently, carefully, earnestly, heedfully.*

Āttēntio, ōnis. f. *attention, heed, care, application, caution, diligence.*

Āttēnto, ūre, āvi, ātum. act. *to attempt; to essay; to assail; to set upon; to prove; to try.*

Āttēntus, a, um. part. [*ab attingendo*] *p. adj. held, detained, attentive, devoted to, mindful; full of care, diligent, solicitous.*

Āttēnuāte, adv. *slenderly, closely, concisely.*

Āttēnuātio, ōnis. f. *a diminishing, lessening.*

Āttēnuātus, a, um. part. *diminished, weakened, made fewer, made thinner or leaner.*

Āttēnuo, ūre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make thin; to attenuate; to lessen; to impair; to wear out; to bring low; to pull down.*

Āttēnuor, ūri, ātus. pass. *to be wasted, worn, &c.*

Āttēro, ūre, trivi [*et terui*] *tritum*. act. *to rub against or upon; to wear out or away; to bruise; to beat down with one's feet; to waste; to lessen; to detract from.*

Āttēstātor, ōris. m. *a witness, a voucher.*

Āttēstor, ūri, ātus. dep. *to call one to witness; to witness; to affirm.*

Āttēxo, ūre, xui, xtum. act. *to knit or weave into or with; to join unto.*

Āttis, idis. f. *a nightingale.*

Āttice, adv. *after the manner or phrase of the Attics; eloquently, elegantly.*

Ātticismus, i. m. *a phrase or way of speech used by the Athenians; an elegance of the Attic dialect, an Atticism.*

Ātticus, a, um. adj. *Athenian,*

belonging to the Athenians
eloquent, fine.

Āttineo, ūre, nui, entum. act. [*ex ad et teneo*] *to hold back; to stay; to hold forth; to appointain.*

Āttingo, ūre, tigi, tactum. act. [*ex ad et tango*] *to touch lightly; to treat of; to adjoin; to be related to; to concern; to belong to; to reach; to arrive at.*

Āttollo, ūre, attūli, — act. *to lift; to raise up; to raise; to advance; to elevate; to exalt; to set off; to bring up.*

Āttondeo, ūre, di, sum. act. *to clip; to shear; to shave close; to cut; to round; to brouse; to feed upon; to chouse.*

Āttōnte, adv. *wonderfully, devoutly, amazingly, surprisingly.*

Āttōnūsus, a, um. part. [*ab attono*] *astonished, aghast, stunned, possessed with inspiration; amazed, affrighted, surprised, abashed, raving, mad.*

Āttōno, ūre, nui, ntum. act. [*ex ad et tonno*] *to astonish; to amaze; to affright; to put one out of his wits.*

Āttōnsus, a, um. part. *shaved close, clipped, shorn, mowed; or reaped; diminished, choused.*

Āttractus, a, um. part. et adj. *drawn, dragged, fetched up, contracted, wrinkled.*

Āttrāho, ūre, traxi, tractum. act. *to draw to one; to attract; to drag; to entice; to allure.*

Āttractātus, ūs. m. [*ab atrecto*] *handling, touching, meddling with.*

Ātrecto, ūre, ūvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et tracto*] *to touch; to handle; to grope; to feel; to meddle with.*

Āttrēmo, ūre, mui, — neut. *to tremble at.*

Āttrēpido, ūre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to hobble along.*

Āttribuo, ūro, hui, būtum. act. [*ex ad et tribuo*] *to give to; to attribute; to impute; to lay the blame upon; to assign; to allow; to pay down.*

Āttribūtio, ōnis. f. *an assignment of money, an attribute, as of the Deity.*

Āttribūtum, i. n. *money assigned for the payment of soldiers; an affection; an attribute or perfection of the Deity.*

Āttritus, a, um. part. [*ab attrito*] *v. adj. rubbed, fretted or worn away; wasted, diminished, decayed.*

Āttritus, ūs. m. [*ab attrito*] *rubbing, the fretting or galling of the skin, wearing.*

Attūli, *præf. ab affero. quod vid.*
Aul v. *Hau!* Interjec. *aw!* *haw!*
away for shame! peace!
Avāre, *adr. stingily, greedily,*
covetously, penuriously, cau-
tiously, earnestly.
Avāritia, *æ. f. [ab avarus] an*
immoderate desire, avarice,
covetousness, greediness, nig-
gardiness, penuriousness.
Avārus, *a, um. adj. [ab aveo]*
greatly desirous of any thing,
chiefly of money; covetous,
penurious, greedy, insatiable.
Auceps, *cūpis. c. g. [ex avia, et*
capio, qu. aviceps] a fowler, a
bird-catcher, a hawk.
Auctārium, *i. n. [a sup. auc-*
tum] advantage, overplus.
Auctio, *ōnis. f. [ab aucto] in-*
creasing, a setting things open
to sale.
Auctionans, *tis. part. he or she*
that makes a public sale.
Auctionārius, *a, um. xij]. of*
open or public sale.
Auctionor, *āri, ūtum. dep. to*
make an open sale; to make an
outcry of goods, slaves, &c.
Auctio, *āre, āvi, ūtum. freq. [a*
freg. aucto] to increase much
or often.
Aucto, *āre, āvi, ūtum. freq.*
[ab augeo] to increase; to ad-
vance.
Auctor, *ōris. c. g. [ab augeo]*
properly an increaser or en-
larger; a father, a founder, a
master, a leader, a chief; an
author, a writer, an adviser, a
counsellor, a persuader; one
vested with original power or
in whom power is trusted or
lodged, and from whom it is
derived to others; an approver
or ratifier; a causer or con-
tributor; an inventor; a report-
er or teller; a precedent; one
who has done a thing before
another; an owner or seller of
a thing upon warranty.
Auctōrāmentum, *i. n. a stipu-*
lating or contracting, the hire or
wages; a donative or present.
Auctōrātus, *a, um. part. hired*
or lent out for money, condemn-
ed or bound to serve; pressed
or listed.
Auctōritas, *ētis. f. [ab auctor]*
authority, credit, reputation,
esteem, weight, force, power,
interest; an order or commis-
sion, judgment, opinion, ad-
vice; a testimony quoted out
of an author, a record, au-
thentic deed, or instrument
made by the prince or state; a
right, title, or property to a
thing.
Auctōro, *āre, āvi, ūtum. act.*
[ab auctor] to bind; to engage
one as by a covenant or hire for
service.
Auctus, *a, um. part. v. adj.*

created, begotten, increased,
heightened, multiplied, exalt-
ed, enriched, improved.
Auctus, *ūs. m. increase, growth,*
augmentation.
Aucupātio, *ōnis. f. [ab aucupo]*
birding, fowling.
Aucupātorius, *a, um. adj. of*
bird-catching or fowling.
Aucupium, *i. n. [ab aucups]*
birding, fowling; a curious
search, an earnest desire or en-
deavour; an enticement; a
way or means.
Aucupo, *āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to*
watch; to spy; to listen.
Aucupo, *āri, ūtum. dep. [ab auc-*
ups] to hunt after; to strive
to obtain; to watch; to lie
upon the catch for; to seek or
get by cunning.
Audacia, *æ. f. [ab audax]*
audaciousness, presumption,
boldness, impudence, despe-
rateness, rashness, fool-hardi-
ness, effrontery, assurance,
sauciness, courage, resolute-
ness, stoutness.
Audaciter v. **Audacter**, *adv.*
freely, boldly, courageously,
confidently, resolutely, auda-
ciously, daringly.
Audax, *ācis. adj. [ab audeo]*
bold, confident, resolute, adven-
turous, valiant, daring, auda-
cious, desperate.
Audenter, *adv. hardily, boldly,*
daringly.
Audentia, *æ. f. daringness, cou-*
rage, fortitude.
Audeo, *āre, sus, sum. act. to*
dare; to adventure; to pre-
sume; to be bold; not to be
afraid.
Audeo, *ēri. pass.*
Audiens, *tis. part. v. etiam adj.*
hearing, obedient.
Audentia, *æ. f. audience, at-*
tention.
Audio, *ire, īvi, ūtum. act. to*
hear; to hearken; to mind;
to regard; to listen; to hear
say; to grant; to agree to;
to give credit to; to be one's
auditor or scholar; to try; to
judge.
Auditio, *ōnis. f. a hearing, hear-*
say, report.
Auditor, *ōris. m. a hearer, an*
auditor, a scholar.
Auditorium, *i. n. a school, an au-*
ditory, an assembly of hearers.
Auditum, *i. n. [neut. of part.]*
report; hearsay.
Auditus, *a, um. part. heard,*
related.
Auditus, *ūs. m. the sense of*
hearing, hearing; a relation
of a fact.
Ave, *verb. defect. Ave, aveto;*
plur. Avete, avetote. Infin.
Avēre, *all hail, God save you.*
In the end of an epistle, adieu,
farewell.

Avectus, *a, um. part. carried*
away.
Avēho, *āre, exi, ectum. act. to*
carry away.
Avellāna, *æ. f. [ab Avellā Cam-*
paniæ oppido] a filbert nut.
Avello, *āre, li et vulsi, vulsum.*
act. to pull or drag away; to
part; to keep asunder.
Avēna, *a. f. oats, oatens straw,*
a pipe, a reed; a mean low
style, as in pastoralis.
Avēnceus, *a, um. adj. of oats.*
Aveo, *āre, — — to desire; to*
covet; to wish.
Avēnālis, *is, æ. adj. of the in-*
fernal regions, infernal.
Avēnus, *a, um. adj. infernal.*
Avēro, *āre, ri, verum. act. to*
sweep or carry away.
Avērrunco, *āre, āvi, ūtum. act.*
[ex ad et erunco; av pro ab
posito, ut in aufero] to cut; to
scrape; to take away; to hoe
or weed ground; to prune; to
avert; to appease.
Avērruncus, *i. m. the god that*
puts away evil.
Avērsābilis, *is, æ. adj. abomin-*
able, detested.
Avērsatio, *ōnis. f. [ab aversor]*
aversion, mistaking, loathing,
disdain, abhorrence.
Avērsatus, *a, um. part. dislik-*
ing, refusing.
Avērsor, *ōris. m. a purloiner.*
Avērsor, *āri, ūtum. dep. to turn*
from with aversion; to disre-
gard; to slight; to disdain;
to loathe; to disallow.
Avērsus, *a, um. part. v. adj.*
turned away or back; with
the back turned towards one;
averse, strange, disaffected;
shy, loath; purloined, embex-
zled.
Avēro, *āre, ti, verum. act. to*
turn away; to drive away; to
leave off; to beat back; to
put to flight; to pervert; to
embezzle or misemploy.
Aufēro, *auferre, abstūli, abla-*
tum. act. [ex ab et fero] to
take away; to carry away; to
hinder; to deprive; to take
up; to get; to cease; to
leave off; to give over; to
plunder; to deceive.
Aufūgio, *āre, gi, ūtum. act. [ex*
ab et fugio] to run away; to
flee from; to shun; to be all
gone.
Augeo, *āre, auxi, auctum. act. to*
create; to make; to increase;
to magnify; to enlarge; to set
off; to commend; to enrich;
to advance; to set forth; to
make a thing seem greater.
Augeo, *āre, — — incept. to in-*
crease; to plump up; to become
heightened or aggravated.
Augmen, *ōnis. u. [ab augeo] in-*
crease, augmentation, growth
of body.

Augur, ūris. c. g. a soothsayer, a conjecturer, a diviner.
Augurāle, is. u. an instrument belonging to the augurs, a tower whence the augurs took their observations.
Augurālis, is, e. adj. belonging to the augurs or soothsayers.
Augurātio, ōnis. f. [ab auguror] soothsaying, divining.
Augurāto, adv. by soothsaying or divining.
Augurātus, a, um. part. pass. confirmed or limited by divination.
Augurātus, ūs. m. [ab augur] the place or quality of the augurs.
Augūrium, i. n. divination or soothsaying, by the flight or singing of birds; augury; foreboding, token, prediction, conjecture, surmise.
Augūrius, a, um. adj. belonging to augury.
Augūro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et Augūrō, āri, ātus. dep. to preange; to divine; to conjecture; to surmise what will happen; to guess; to forebode.
Augustāle, is. n. a palace, a pavilion, a general's tent.
Augustālia, um. pl. n. plays instituted in honour of Augustus.
Augustālis, is, e. adj. imperial, stately.
Auguste, adv. venerably, nobly, majestically.
Augustus, a, um. adj. sacred, venerable, imperial, majestic, princely, kingly.
Augustus, i. m. August, the sixth month, formerly called *Septilis*.
Āvia, ē. f. [ab avus] a grandmother, a grandame.
Āvia, drum. n. [sc. loca] by-paths, unpassable places.
Āviārium, i. n. an aviary, a cage, a decoy, a bushy place in woods.
Āviārius, i. m. a poulterer, a bird-catcher.
Āvide, adv. eagerly, greedily, covetously, rapaciously.
Āviditas, ātis. f. greediness, eagerness, desire, appetite.
Āvidus, a, um. adj. [ab aveo] greedy, hungry, ravenous; covetous, parsimonious; ear-nest.
Āvis, is. f. a bird or fowl; an-
 men.
Āvitus, a, um. adj. [ab avus] left by a man's ancestors; an-cient, of long time, belonging to ancestors.
Āvius, a, um. adj. [i. e. sine viā] pathless, unpassable, in-accessible, devious.
Aula, ē. f. a fore-court, a hall, king's palace, a honey-comb.

Aulæum, i. n. a curtain, freq. in pl. *Aulæa*, hangings, tapestry.
Aulētus, ē. m. m. a piper.
Aulēticus, a, um. adj. in acc. *Aulēticon*. [a *præced.*] of or belonging to pipes; good to make pipes of.
Aulicus, a, um. adj. [ab aula] court-like, belonging to the court.
Aulicus, i. m. a courtier.
Aulædus, i. m. a minstrel or piper.
Āvōcamentum, i. n. an avoca-tion, relaxation, diversion, pastime.
Āvōcātio, ōnis. f. a calling away or from, a diverting the thoughts.
Āvōco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to call off; to alienate; to with-draw; to turn aside.
Āvōco, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly away; to hasten away; to pass away quickly.
Aura, ē. f. a gentle gale, a breath; a blast of wind; the air or atmosphere; favour, applause; the humour, as of a mob; splendour, beauty.
Aurāmentum, i. n. [ab aurum] an instrument to take gold out of the mine or to gild with.
Aurāria, ē. f. [sc. fodina] a gold-mine.
Aurāta, ē. f. [ab auri colore] a fish.
Aurātūra, ē. f. gilding.
Aurātus, a, um. part. gilt or gilded; decked or clad with gold.
Aurēolus, a, um. adj. dim. [ab aureus] of the colour of gold, golden, shining like gold; ex-cellent.
Aurēolus, i. m. a little piece of gold.
Auresco, ēre. — incept. to grow bright as gold.
Aureus, a, um. adj. of gold, golden; yellow; shining, glit-tering; rich; beautiful, good-ly; excellent, precious.
Aureus, i. m. a piece of gold coin.
Auricōmus, a, um. adj. having hair as yellow as gold, golden locks.
Auriculā, ē. f. dim. [ab auris] the lap or flap of the ear; the ear.
Auriculārius, a, um. adj. of the ear; auricular.
Aurifer, ēra, ērum. that bears or brings gold.
Aurifex, icis. m. [ex aurum et facio] a goldsmith, a gold-finer.
Aurifodina, ē. f. a gold mine.
Auriga, ē. c. g. a carter, a carman; a waggoner, a chario-tee; a groom or equerry; a

pilot of a ship; a certain sign upon the horns of Taurus.
Aurigārius, i. m. a coach-driver or charioteer.
Aurigātio, ōnis. f. the driving of a cart, coach, or chariot.
Aurigēnia, ē. m. [ex auro gēnitus] gold-begotten, Perseus.
Auriger, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing or wearing gold.
Aurigo, āre, āvi, ātum. [ab au-riga] to drive a chariot or coach.
Auripigmentum, i. n. [ex au-
 rum et pingo] a kind of ochre of the colour of gold, arsenic, orpin, or orpiment.
Auris, is. f. an ear; hearing.
Auriscalpium, i. n. an ear-picker.
Auritus, a, um. adj. [ab auris] having large or long ears, hear-ing well, listening.
Aurōra, ē. f. the morning, the time just before sun-rising; the east.
Aurum, i. n. gold, any thing made of gold, money, cups, rings; a yellow colour.
Auscultātio, ōnis. f. hearkening, hearing, obeying.
Auscultātor, ōris. m. a listener, hearkener, or hearer.
Ausculco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to listen; to give ear; to ob-serve; to attend; to obey.
Auscultabitur, impers. you shall be obeyed.
Ausim, sis, sit; pl. *Ausint*, do sect. [ab audeo] I durst be bold, I dare.
Auspex, icis. m. gu. *Avispex*, a soothsayer or diviner by birds; an assistant; a lead-ing or principal person.
Auspiciō, adv. after having consulted the augurs; pros-perously; auspiciously, for-tunately.
Auspiciatus, a, um. part. r. adj. set apart by the soothsayers, lucky, auspicious.
Auspiciālis, is, e. v. *Auspicalis* is, e. relating to soothsaying.
Auspicium, i. n. [ab auspex] consulting the auspices, a sign shown by birds, an event; conduct, management, govern-ment, authority, fancy, piece-
 sure.
Auspiceo, ēri, ētum. dep. [i. e. auspicium capio] to seek or gather from omens; to begin a business.
Auster, tri. m. the south wind; the south part of the world.
Austere, adv. austere, grimly, roughly, sharply.
Austēritas, ātis. f. [ab austerus] austerity, sharpness, rough-ness, harshness, deepness of colour, gravity or reserved-ness, grimness.
Austērus, a, um. adj. harsh,

rough, sharp, austere, sour, crabbed, unripe; grave, reserved, unsociable.
Australis, is, e. adj. [ab *auster*] southward, southern.
Aurinus, a, um. adj. from the south, southern; dark, rainy.
Ausu, abl. [ab *ausus*, *us*] with hazard or daring.
Ausum, si. n. [ab *audeo*] an adventurous act, an attempt, a hardy enterprise.
Aut. conj. or, or else, either.
Autem, conj. but, however, notwithstanding, nevertheless; yea, nay, and also, besides, truly, on the contrary, not before.
Authepsa, æ. f. a stew-pan or other vessel to boil meat in.
Autōmātō v. **Autōmātum**, i. n. an engine that goes with a spring; any piece of art that seems to move of itself, as a clock, jack, &c.
Autōmātus, a, um. adj. that which goes with a spring or screw, and seems to move of itself.
Autopyros panis, household bread.
Autumnālis, is, e. adj. belonging to autumn.
Autumnitas, ātis. f. the fall of the leaf, the time or season of autumn.
Autumno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be of the temperature of autumn.
Autumnus, a, um. adj. of autumn, autumnal.
Autumnus, i. m. autumn, the third season of the year, time of harvest and of vintage.
Autūmo, āre, āvi, ātum. to think; to suppose; to avouch; to affirm.
Avulsio, ōnis. f. [ab *avello*] a plucking away, a pulling up of herbs, &c.
Avulsor, ōris. m. he that knaps off, plucks away, or up.
Avulsus, a, um. part. pulled away, knapped, or slipped off.
Avunculus, i. m. dim. [ab *avus*] the mother's brother.
Avus, i. m. a grandfather or grandaunt, an ancestor.
Auxiliāris, is, e. auxiliary, subservient, medicinal, healing.
Auxiliāris, a, um. adj. auxiliary, subsidiary.
Auxiliator, ōris. m. an aider or helper.
Auxiliatus, a, um. part. having helped or cured.
Auxiliatus, ūs. m. help or succour.
Auxilior, āri, ātus. dep. to aid; to help; to succour; to relieve; to heal.
Auxilium, i. n. aid, help, succour, furtherance, protection, patronage, remedy, relief, ease;

auxiliary forces sent by the Roman allies.
Axiētulus, i. m. dim. [ab *assia*] a little board, a lath; a pin that a pulley runs on.
Axilla, æ. f. the arm-hole, the arm-pit.
Axiōma, ātis. n. an axiom, a proposition, a general rule, a maxim.
Axis, is. m. [ab *ego*, *axi*, ant.] an axle-tree; a cart, wagon, or chariot; either of the two poles, the north-pole especially; the whole heaven; the hook or hinge of a door or gate; a board or table.
Axungia, æ. f. the grease for the axle-tree of a wheel.
Azyina, ōrum. n. the feast of unleavened bread.
Azynus, a, um. adj. unleavened, sweet, sincere.

B

BABÆ, inter]. O strange & wonderful!
Bābylōnius, a, um. adj. of Babylon, Babylonish; woven with different colours, magical, astrological.
Bacca, æ. f. berry, a pearl.
Baccilia, æ. f. a bay-tree or laurel.
Baccātus, a, um. a.] [a *bacca*] adorned or set with pearls.
Baccha, æ. f. a priestess of Bacchus; a courtesan.
Bacchābundus, a, um. adj. revelling, ranting.
Bacchānal, ātis. n. the place where the feasts of Bacchus were solemnized; the feast itself; a bawdy-house, a mad-house.
Bacchānālia, a, um. pl. n. the feasts of Bacchus; called also *Libēralia* and *Dionysia*.
Bacchar, al. **Baccar**, āris. n. et **Bacchāris**. is. f. an herb, lady's glove, clown's spikenard; thought by the ancients to prevent or thwart fascinations.
Bacchatio, ōnis. f. [a *bacchor*] a debauch, revelling, ranting.
Bacchātus, a, um. part. raging, in a rage; danced or run over distractedly.
Bacchicus, a, um. adj. of Bacchus.
Bacchus, i. m. a foot in verse of one short and two long syllables; as *Amāvī*.
Bacchor, āri, ātus. dep. to keep the feast of Bacchus; to revel; to riot; to run about in a distracted manner; to swagger; to bully.

Baccifer, āra, ērum. adj. bearing berries.
Baccula, æ. f. dim. [a *bacca*, a small berry].
Bacillum, i. n. dim. [a *laculum*] a stick or little staff.
Baculum, i. n. et **Bāculus**, i. m. dim. a staff, stick, cudgel; a walking-stick, a baton, a sceptre.
Badius, a, um. adj. brown, bay, sorrel, chestnut colour.
Bāfizo et **Bāfisso**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to go; to walk; to pace or amble.
Bājūlo, āre. āvi, ātum. act. [a *eq. bajulus*] to carry; to bear.
Bājulus, i. m. a porter, a day-labourer.
Bālēna, æ. f. a grampus, a kind of whale.
Bālānātus, a, um. adj. [a *balanus*] anointed with the oil of hen.
Bālānātus, a, um. adj. made of hen.
Bālāntes, æ. m. a gem.
Lālāntis, idis. f. a kind of round chestnut.
Bālānis. i. c. g. an acorn, a chestnut; a kind of shell-fish; hen.
Bālātro, ōnis. m. a pitiful fellow, a sorry rogue, a tatterdemalion, a shabby rascal.
Bālātus, ūs. m. [a *balō*] a bleating of sheep or lambs.
Balanātus, a, um. adj. like the flower of a pomegranate.
Balanatium, i. n. the flower of a pomegranate.
Balbus, a, um. adj. stammering, stuttering.
Balbūtio, ire, īvi, itum. act. to stammer; to stutter; to flap; to babble; to say something to no purpose.
Bālneum, i. n. pro *Balneum*, a bath, bagnio, a hot-house.
Bālītus, a, um. adj. dim. [a *balio colore*] a tawny-moor, a negro.
Bālīsta, æ. f. v. *potius* *Ballista*, a warlike engine to throw or shoot stones or darts; a cross-bow, a brake, or sling.
Bālīstrum, i. n. the place where the balista was mounted.
Bālūs, a, um. tawny, black.
Ballōte, es. f. the herb called stinking horehound.
Baluez, ērum. f. [a *balneum*] public baths or bagnios.
Balneūrium, i. n. a place where a bath is.
Balneāris, a, um. adj. belonging to the baths.
Balneātor, ōris. m. the keeper of a bagnio, the master of a bath.
Balneolum, i. n. dim. [a *balneum*] a little bagnio or bath.

Balsam, i. n. a bath, a bagnio, a washing place.

Bālo, āre, āvi, ātum. to bleat.

Balsāminus, a, um. adj. made of balm.

Balsāmur, i. n. balsam, or balm, the tree, and likewise the juice which drops from it.

Balteus, i. m. et **Balteum**, i. n. a girdle, a sword-belt.

Bālux, ūcis. f. gold ore, gold dust.

Bambācion, i. n. cotton, bombast.

Bambācīnus, a, um. adj. of cotton.

Bambācion, ōnis. m. a stammerer or stuturer; a nick-name of M. Antony's father-in-law.

Banchus, i. m. a kind of sea-fish.

Baucus, i. m. a bank or bench, a seat. **Baneus regius**, the king's bench. **Baneus communis**, the common pleas.

Baptistērīum, i. n. a font, a bath, a vessel to wash the body in.

Bārāthrum, i. n. a gulch, a deep pit; hell; the maw; a wasteful harlot; a glutton, a belly-god.

Barba, a. f. a beard.

Barbāre, adv. barbarously, unintelligibly, clownishly, rudely; not Greek.

Barbāria, a. f. any barbarous country, chiefly Phrygia; barbarity, incivility, unpolliteness, rusticity.

Barbāricus, a, um. adj. barbarous, foreign, rich, savage, unpollished, mean.

Barbāries, ei. f. a barbarous people, an impropriety of words, a barbarism, rudeness.

Barbāricismus, i. m. a barbarous use of words, a barbarism.

Barbārus, a, um. adj. foreign, outlandish, unintelligible, barbarous, rude, boorish, clownish; uncivil; foolish, silly; cruel, savage.

Barbāta, a. f. the osprey.

Barbātūlus, a, um. adj. having a little beard or newly trimmed.

Barbātus, a, um. adj. bearded; simple, silly, old-fashioned.

Barbiger, a, um. adj. having or wearing a beard.

Barbitas, i. c. g. et **Barbitus**, i. m. et **Barbiton**, i. n. a stringed instrument of music.

Barbitūla, e. f. dim. a little beard.

Barbāteus et **Bardīceus**, a, um. adj. of the country of Gaul or dressed like Gauls.

Bardōcūllus, i. m. a French cloak, with a cowl or hood to it.

Bardus, a, um. adj. dull-witted, foolish, heavy, slow.

Bardus, i. m. [a Germ. Waerd, Angl. Word] a British bard, a poet among the old Gauls, a Welsh rhymor or harper.

Bāris, idos. f. a boat wherein the Egyptians carried dead bo-

dies to the grave; hence the English word bier.

Bāro, ōnis. m. a blockhead, a dolt, a fool, a common soldier.

Barrus, i. m. [voc. Sabinum] an elephant.

Bāsātes, e. m. a kind of marble.

Bāsāntes, e. m. a whetstone or touchstone.

Bāsātio, ōnis. f. a kissing.

Bāsātor, ōris. m. a kisser.

Bāsālica, e. f. a town hall or court of justice, a state house, a piazza, or exchange, a church, a large vein in the arm, a large gallery to walk in.

Bāsālice, adv. royally, nobly, princely, splendidly; utterly.

Bāsālicon, i. n. a princely robe; the best sort of walnuts, a sovereign kind of ointment.

Bāsālicus, a, um. adj. princely, royal, noble, stately.

Bāsālicus, i. m. a basilisk; a cockatrice.

Bāsio, āre, āvi, ātum. to kiss.

Bāsīs, is. f. the foot or base of a pillar, a pedestal, a pillar.

Bāsium, i. n. a kiss or buss.

Bassādis, idis. f. a priestess of Bacchus.

Bat, interj. tush, pshaw, pish; peace, hush.

Bātūllum, i. n. et **Bātūllus**, i. m. a fire-shovel, an incense-pan, a chafing-dish; a paddle-staff, and a staff-hook to reap ears of corn with, and leave the straw standing; a light wooden shovel or spade.

Bātis, idis. f. a skate; samphire.

Batui, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to beat or batter; to fight; to combat; to fence; to bind up.

Baubor, āri, ātus. dep. [vox canum] to bough; to bark like a dog.

Buxea, e. f. a clog or shoe with a wooden sole.

Bellūm, i. n. a black tree in Arabia, the gum of the same tree, of a fragrant scent, and bitter taste.

Beāte, adv. blessedly, happily, prosperously, honestly.

Beātitas, ātis. f. blessedness, happiness, felicity, prosperity.

Beātitude, ūtis. f. blessedness, beatitude, felicity.

Beātūllus, a, um. adj. somewhat happy or lucky.

Beātus, a, um. adj. [a beo] v. adj. blessed, happy, joyful, wealthy, fruitful.

Bēchion, i. n. foal-foot, ale-hoof or horse-hoof.

Bellāria, ōrum, pl. n. sweet meats, dainties, the second course of tarts, confections, preserved fruits, &c. the dessert; the choicer sorts of wines.

Bellātor, ōris. m. [a bello] a man of war, a warrior.

Bellātorius, a, um. adj. pertaining to war or warriors.

Bellatrix, icis. f. warlike, fit for war, said of feminine nouns.

Bellātur, impers. it is warred; war is carried on.

Bellax, ācis. adj. warlike.

Belle, adv. prettily, finely, neatly, handsomely, daintily, well.

Belli, gen. pro. adv. in loco, in the war. Vid. **Bellum**.

Belliose, adv. ius. comp. valiantly, stoutly.

Bellioseus, a, um. adj. valiant at arms, warlike, martial, full of war.

Bellucum, i. n. [sc. signum] the sound of a trumpet, the signal for the battle.

Bellucus, a, um. adj. of war or belonging to war.

Bellifer, ēra, ērum. adj. warlike, making war.

Belliger, ēra, ērum. adj. warlike, martial.

Belligēratūr, impers. war is made.

Belligēro, āri, ēvi, ātum. act. [ex bellum et gero] to make or wage war; to carry on war.

Bellipotens, tis. adj. puissant, mighty in war, warlike.

Bellis, is. f. et **Bellus**, i. m. the white dray.

Bello, āre, āvi, ātum. to war; to wage war; to fight; to combat.

Bellor, āri, ātus. dep. the same.

Bellua v. **Belua**, e. f. any great beast or fish.

Bellūstus, a, um. adj. Belluata tapetia, tapestry wrought with the figures of beasts.

Bellūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a bellus] pretty, neat, spruce.

Bellum, i. n. [a duellum] war, the state of war, all the time of war; the soldiers' baggage; a fight, warfare.

Belluosus, a, um. adj. full of monstrous creatures.

Bellus, a, um. adj. pretty, fine, charming; nice, delicious; complaisant, courteous; good at; conversant in; beautiful, spruce.

Bēne, adv. **Melius**, comp. Op-time, sup. well, rightly, happily, prosperously, pretty, very.

Bēneficio, adv. by way of blessing; civilly, courteously, obligingly.

Bēneficio, ēre, dixi, dictum. act. to speak well of; to praise; to applaud.

Bēnefictum, i. n. a thing well or courteously spoken, a good saying, good language.

Bēneficio, ēre, feci, factum. act. to do well; to do one good; to benefit; to be serviceable to.

Bēnefactum, i. n. a good deed, a benefit, favour, kind action.

Bēnēfīcēntia, *m. f.* *beneficence, bounty, charitableness, the doing of a good turn, favour, or kindness to*.
Bēnēfīciārius, *a, um. adj.* *beneficial, advantageous*.
Bēnēfīciārius, *i. m.* *he that receives some kindness from another person, the person obliged; pensioners; dependents; soldiers promoted*.
Bēnēfīcium, *i. n.* *a benefit, courtesy, favour, kindness, promotion, immunity*.
Bēnēficus, *a, um. adj.* *kind, apt to do good, beneficent, bountiful*.
Bēnēfō, *ātri, factus.* *to be well done or bestowed*.
Bēnēfōle, *adv.* *favourably, friendly, affectionately, amicably, graciously*.
Bēnēfōlentis, *tis. adj.* *favourable, friendly, learning good-will*.
Bēnēfōlentia, *m. f.* *benevolence, favour, good-will, mildness, friendliness, graciousness, courtesy, endearment*.
Bēnēfōlus, *a, um. adj.* *well-wishing, friendly, kind, affectionate, amicable, favourable*.
Bēnigne, *adv.* *bountifully, liberally; graciously, freely, willingly*.
Bēnignitas, *ātis. f.* *courtesy, bounty, kindness, benignity, charitableness, favourableness, liberality*.
Bēnignus, *a, um. adj.* [*ab ant. bonus*] *plentiful, fertile, kind, favourable, gentle, beneficent, bountiful, gracious, fortunate, lucky, indulging*.
Bēo, *āre, ēvi, ātum. act.* *to bless; to make immortal; to make one happy; to do one good; to oblige one*.
Bēryllus, *i. m.* *a beryl; a ring set therewith; a cup adorned with this stone set therein*.
Bēs *et Bessis*; *gen. Bessis, m.* *the weight of eight ounces, i. e. two thirds of the as, or pound; or perhaps of any other thing; a measure holding two-thirds of a pint*.
Bēsālis, *is, e. adj.* *of eight ounces or inches*.
Bestia, *m. f.* *a beast, bird, fish, serpent, &c.*
Bestiārius, *i. m.* *one that fought with beasts at the public shows, either hired or condemned to it*.
Bestiārius, *a, um. adj.* *belonging to beasts*.
Bestiōla, *m. f. dim.* *a little beast*.
Bēta, *m. f. dim.* *beet; the second letter of the Greek alphabet, but undeclined*.
Bētūnica, *m. f. quā et Vettonica*, *the herb betony*.
Bētūla, *et Bētula*, *m. f.* *a birch-tree*.
Bibitar, *impers.* *men drink*.

Bibliōpōla, *m. m.* *a bookseller or stationer*.
Bibliōthēca, *m. f.* *a library, a study; the books themselves*.
Biblus *v. Biblos*, *i. f.* *an Egyptian plant, called also papyrus, out of the bark whereof was made paper*.
Bibo, *ēre, bibi, bibitum. act.* *to drink; to imbibe; to drink in; to suck; to listen attentively*. [*Bibere* means simply *to drink*; to quench one's thirst; but *potare*, to be addicted to drinking, or to drink to excess.]
Bibulus, *a, um. adj.* *soaking, drinking, spongy, thirsty*.
Biceps, *capitū. adj.* [*a bis et caput*] *two-headed, having two heads, two parts or factions, two-topped*.
Biclinium, *i. n.* *a two-bedded chamber*.
Bicōlor, *ōris. adj.* *of two colours, parti-coloured*.
Bicornis, *is, e. adj.* [*a bis et cornu*] *having two horns, forked*.
Bicorpor, *ōris. adj.* *having two bodies*.
Bicūbitalis, *is, e. adj.* *of two cubits*.
Bidens, *tis. adj.* *having two teeth*.
Bidens, *tis. f.* [*sc. ovis v. hostia*] *a sheep fit for sacrifice having two teeth longer than the rest, which was at two years old; a huggrel; a sacrifice*.
Bidental, *alis. n.* *a place struck with lightning; a person struck with lightning*.
Biduum, *i. n.* [*ex bis et dies*] *the space of two days, two days long*.
Biennis, *is, e. adj.* [*ex bis et annus*] *of two years' continuance, two years old*.
Biennium, *i. n.* *the space of two years*.
Bisāriam, *adv.* [*sc. viam*] *two manner of ways, in two parts*.
Biser *v. Biferus*, *a, um. adj.* [*ex bis et fero*] *bearing double, yielding fruit twice a-year*.
Bisfidus, *et*
Bisfidus, *a, um. adj.* *cut in two pieces; cloven or divided into two parts; forked*.
Bisoris, *is, e. adj.* *having a double door, gate, leaf, or flap*.
Bisformatus, *a, um. part. double-shaped, two-bodied*.
Bisformis, *is, e. adj.* *having two shapes, as half man, half horse*.
Bisfrons, *ontis. adj.* *having two foreheads or faces*.
Bisfurcus, *a, um. adj.* *forked or having two branches*.
Biga, *m. f. v. Biga*, *ārum*, *a cart or chariot, drawn by two horses side by side*.
Bigatus, *a, um. adj.* *having the image of a chariot drawn with two horses*.

Bigemmis, *is, e. adj.* *having two buds or young branches*.
Bigēnēris, *is, e. et Bigēner*, *a, um. adj.* *of two sundry kinds, mongrel*.
Bijūgis, *is, e. adj.* *et Bijūgus*, *a, um. adj.* *yoked or coupled side by side*.
Bilbra, *m. f.* *two pounds weight*.
Bilthris, *is, e. adj.* *of two pounds weight; holding a quart*.
Bilinguis, *is, e. adj.* *one that can speak two languages; deceitful, double-tongued*.
Biliōsus, *a, um. adj.* *choleric*.
Bilis, *is, f.* *choleric, wrath, anger*.
Bilix, *icis. adj.* [*ex bis et licium*] *woven with a double thread, double-platted*.
Bilustris, *is, e. adj.* [*ex bis et lustrum*] *the space of ten years*.
Bitmāris, *is, e. adj.* *lying between two seas*.
Bitmāter, *ātis. adj.* *having two mothers; an epithet of Bacchus*.
Bitmātus, *ūs. m.* [*a bimus*] *the space or age of two years*.
Bimembris, *is, e. adj.* *having parts of two different species; of two parts*.
Bimensis, *is, m.* *the space of two months*.
Bimestris, *is, e. adj.* *two months old; lasting two months*.
Bimūlus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [*a bimus*] *two years old*.
Bimus, *a, um. adj.* [*a bis*] *two years old, of two years' continuance*.
Binocium, *i. n.* *two nights, the space of two nights*.
Binominis, *is, e. adj.* *having two names*.
Binus, *a, um. adj. pl. Bini*, *m.* [*a bis*] *two and two; by couples; every two; double*.
Bipalium, *i. n.* *a mattock or pick-ax, with two bits, a grubbing-ax, a hoe*.
Bipalmis, *is, e. adj.* *two spans broad or long*.
Bipartior *v. Bipertior*, *iri, itus. dep.* *to divide, into two parts; to be parted in two*.
Bipartito, *adv.* *in two parts or fashions*.
Biprtens, *tis. part.* *open on both sides, with two doors or entrances*.
Bipēdālis, *is, e. adj.* *two feet long or wide*.
Bipēdāneus *et Bipēdānus*, *a, um. adj.* *two feet thick or deep*.
Bipennifer, *ēra, ērum. adj.* *carrying a halberd or pole-ax*.
Bipennis, *is, e. adj.* *having two pinions; cutting both ways*.
Bipennia, *is, f.* [*sc. securis*] *a halberd, a pole-ax*.
Bipertior, *iri, itus. dep. et pass.* *Vid. Bipartior*.
Bipes, *ēdis. adj.* *two-footed*.

Strémis, is. f. [navis] a ship which has two banks of oars or two oars in a seat, a galley.
Bis, adv. twice, double.
Bleon, ontis. m. a buffalo.
Bisquinius, a, um. adj. the tenth.
Bissexii, æ, z. adj. pl. twice six, twelve.
Bisulcus, a, um. adj. cloven-footed, forked.
Bithymum, i. n. [sc. mel] honey gathered by bees, from two sorts of thyme.
Bitumen, isis. n. a kind of fat clay or slime like pitch; it was used for lime or mortar; as also for oil in lamps.
Bituminatus, a, um. adj. mixed with bitumen.
Bitumineus, a, um. adj. of bitumen.
Bituminosus, a, um. adj. full of bitumen or unctuous clay.
Bivertex, icis. adj. having two tops.
Bivium, i. n. [ex bis et via] a way having two paths; a place where two ways meet.
Bivius, a, um. adj. that leads two ways; of two fashions.
Biazus, a, um. adj. stammering or lisping.
Blande, adv. courteously, kindly, amorously, charmingly, alluringly, attractively, softly, sweetly.
Blandicus, a, um. adj. speaking flatteringly or kindly.
Blandiloquentia, æ. f. fair and flattering speech, courteous language, compliment.
Blandiloquentulus, a, um. adj. dim. fair-spoken, flattering.
Blandiloquus, a, um. adj. fair-spoken, courteous, complimentary.
Blandimentum, i. n. [a blandior] a courting, an allurement, a blandishment, a cajole, a wheedle.
Blandior, tri, itus. dep. to flatter; to speak fair; to compliment; to wheedle; to please; to tickle the fancy; to encourage; to fawn as a spaniel.
Blanditia, æ. f. a compliment, wheedling, an enticement.
Blanditie, Ærum. pl. f. fair words, compliments, caresses, courtship; love-letters; flattery.
Blanditus, a, um. adj. pleasing, charming, delighting, encouraging.
Blandus, a, um. adj. kind, gentle, courteous, affable, complimentary, charming, enticing, alluring, pleasant, flattering, fawning.
Blapigônia, æ. f. barrenness; loss of generation.
Blâtêro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to

babble; to talk idly; to clatter; to prate to no purpose; to blab; to falter in his speech.
Blatta, æ. f. a book-worm, a shorn-bug, the chaffer, or beetle; the slow-legged beetle.
Blattaria, æ. f. v. Blattaria, æ. f. the herb called purple or moth-mullein.
Blattarius, a, um. adj. infested with moths.
Blechuon, i. n. a kind of fern or brake.
Blechon, i. n. wild penny-royal.
Blennus, i. m. a snout-nose, a coxcomb, a noddy, a dolt.
Bliteus, a, um. adj. unsavoury, vile, insignificant, silly, dull.
Blitum, i. n. blite or blites.
Boa, æ. f. et Bova, a serpent; red pimples in the skin, perhaps measles.
Boârius, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to oxen.
Bola, æ. v. Boia, Ærum. f. a collar or yoke about the neck, first, as it should seem, made of leather, but afterwards of iron or wood, wherewith servants were punished.
Bolbiton, i. n. beast's dung, cow-dung.
Bolêtus, i. m. a mushroom.
Böllis, isis. f. a sounding plummet; a fiery meteor like a dart.
Bölus, i. m. a mass or lump of metal or any thing else; a wedge or piece, a goblet, mouthful, or bit, a prey.
Bölus, i. m. a cast or throw at dice; a chance; a draught with a net in the water.
Bombax, interj. poh! pish!
Bombilo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to hum like a bee; to buzz.
Bombus, i. m. the humming of bees, a buz, the hoarse sound of a trumpet; a hum or applause.
Bombycinus, a, um. adj. [a bombyx] made of silk, silken.
Bombylis, is. f. the grub of which comes the silk-worm.
Bombyx, yeis. a silk worm, masc. the silk yarn spun by the worm, fem. the finest or inmost part of cotton.
Bönkus, i. m. a wild beast like a bull, only that he has the mane of a horse.
Bönitas, Ätis. f. goodness, bounty, kindness, propriety, fertility, excellency in any kind, quickness of apprehension, justice.
Bönium, i. n. [ex adj.] any good or blessing, virtue, a particular virtue, moral or divine, as justice, &c. any endowment, accomplishment, or qualification of mind; a mistaken good, a satisfaction of some

irregular passion; ease, daintiness, softness, a benefit, advantage; acuteness, sharpness of apprehension. Bona, pl. an estate, possessions, goods.
Bonus, a, um. adj. Melior, Optimus, good, virtuous, beautiful, kind, friendly, wise, prudent, happy, gentle, peaceable, propitious, chaste, continent; skilful, expert, learned; healthy, plump, fair, beautiful, nobly descended, honourable, wealthy, opulent, auspicious, prosperous; fertile, firm, strong, precious, valuable, useful, profitable, healthful, towards, true, sincere, great, large; audible, notorious, famous, in a bad sense; delicious, welcome, perfect, harmonious.
Boo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to low; to bellow like an ox; to roar; to ring; to echo.
Boies, æ. m. a star following Charles's wain. Lat. Bubulcus, Arctophylax.
Böreas, æ. m. the north-wind, a cold freezing wind. Lat. Aquilo.
Börëus, a, um. adj. belonging to the north.
Bos, bövis, c. g. an ox. a bull. a cow, a heifer; money stamped with an ox upon it; a large fish.
Boscas, Ädis. f. al. Boscis, a pochard.
Bötänismus, i. m. a weeding or pulling up of weeds or herbs.
Bötellus, i. m. dim. [a botulus] a sausage, a hog's pudding.
Botrus, i. m. a bunch or cluster of grapes.
Botryo, onis. m. a bunch of grapes preserved.
Bötülarius, i. m. he who makes or sells puddings or sausages.
Böville, is. u. [a bove] an ostall or cow-house.
Bräbeuta v. Bräbeutes, æ. m. he that gives the prize in any game of wrestling, running, &c.
Bräbyla, Damascene plum or damask prune.
Bracca, al. Braca, æ. f. breeches, trowsers, galligaskins, thick mantles, garments made of frieze, worn by northern people.
Braccatus, a, um. adj. breeched, wearing trowsers.
Brächikle, is. n. [sc. ornamentum] a bracelet, a wristband, or bracer.
Brächiklia, is. e. adj. of or belonging to the arm.
Brächäus, a, um. adj. having arms or branches.
Brächitölm, i. n. dim. a pretty little arm.
Brächium, i. n. the arm, the

bough of a tree, a line or work thrown up in fortifying a place; an arm of the sea, a crab's claw, a forked stake, the fore feet of a horse, the tendrils of a vine. [Brachium means strictly, the arm from the wrist to the elbow; and Lacertus, from the elbow to the shoulder. They are each, however, frequently employed to denote the whole arm.]

Bractea, *m. f. seu Brattea*, a thin leaf or plate of gold, silver, or other metal; a tinsel, a spangle, a chip or thin piece of wood, a weather-cock upon the top of turrets, steeples, &c.

Bracteatus, *a, um. adj.* covered with thin plates or leaves of any metal; plated; glittering, gaudy, of no substance.

Bractœola, *m. f. dim.* a little leaf of gold, silver, or other metal.

Brassica, *m. f. cauliflower*, cabbage.

Brève [*sc. tempus*] for a short time, for a little while.

Brēvi, soon after, in a short time; briefly, in short, in a few words.

Brēvia, *um. n. pl. [sc. loca]* fords, shelves, shallow places; flats.

Brēvifarium, *i. n.* a breviary or compendious draught; an abridgment, an abstract, an epitome or summary, a register, a roll, or brief, a prayer-book.

Brēvilocus, *is. ad.* short, brief.

Brēvio, *are, avi, ātum.* [a brev-ia] to bridge; to make short; to shorten.

Brēvis, *is, e. adj.* short, compendious, brief, small, little, narrow.

Brēvitas, *is. f.* lowness, as of stature, &c. shortness, brevity.

Brēviter *adv.* briefly, shortly.

Brisa, *m. f.* a lump of trodden or pressed grapes.

Britannica, *m. f.* the herb *Britannica* or spoonwort, very good against the scurvy.

Brochitas, *is. f.* crookedness or bending of the teeth or tusks.

Brochus, *i. m. leg. st* *Brochus et Broccus*, *a, um. adj.* blubber-tipped, crooked and sharp, like boars' tusks.

Bronchœle, *es. f.* a bunch or swelling in the throat, like a rupture.

Brontia, *m. f.* the thunder-stone.

Brūma, *m. f.* the shortest day of the year, the winter solstice; winter.

Brumalis, *is, e. adj.* belonging to winter, wintry, winter-like.

Bruscum, *i. n.* a bunch, knot, or knur in a maple-tree.

Brūta, *m. f.* a kind of tree like a cypress, of a fragrant smell, next to that of cedar.

Brūtiāni *v. Brūtiārii*, servile of scors to magistrates.

Brūtus, *a, um. adj.* insensible, senseless, brutish; irrational, void of reason, insignificant.

Bryōnia, *m. f.* briony or wild nep, white vine.

Būbātus, *i. m.* a buffalo or wild ox; a buffle or bugle.

Būbūle, *is. n.* [a bubus, *i. e.* bobus] an ox-stall or cow-house.

Būbū, ōnis. *m.* an owl.

Būbūm, *i. u.* a kind of herb.

Būbūla, *m. f. [sc. caro, a bos]* beef.

Būbūlector, *ari, ātus. dep.* to tend cattle.

Būbūculus, *i. m.* [a bubus] a herdman.

Būbūlo, *are, avi, ātum.* to hoot like an owl.

Būbūlus, *a, um. adj. id. quod* Bovinus, of or belonging to an ox or cow.

Būcardia, *m. f.* a stone like the heart of an ox.

Bucca, *m. f.* the hollow part of the cheek; the cheek; a trumpet.

Buccæa, *m. f.* [a bucca] a morsel or mouthful, a collop.

Buccina, *m. f.* [a bucca] a trumpet, cornet, or horn; a neat-herd's or swine-herd's horn.

Buccinātor, *oris. m.* a trumpeter, a publisher, proclaimer.

Buccino, *are, avi, ātum.* to sound a trumpet; to publish.

Buccinum, *i. n.* a trumpet or horn, a shell-fish.

Bucco, *ōnis. m.* [a bucca] blub-checked or wide-mouthed.

Buccūla, *m. f. dim.* [a bucca] a little cheek, the cheek-piece of a helmet.

Bucculentus, *a, um. adj.* blub-checked or wide-mouthed.

Būcerus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to oxen or beasts; horned like an ox.

Būcētum, *i. n.* a pasture where cattle are bred or fattened.

Būcēda, *m. m. al.* *Bucēda* [a bos et cædo] he that is beaten with leather whips, made of an ox's hide.

Būcēthica, *drum. n. pl. [sc. carmina]* a bubulcia, pastoral songs, wherein shepherds' loves and concerns are discoursed of.

Būcēlicus, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to oxen or beasts; or to herdsmen; pastoral.

Būcēla, *m. f.* a young cow or heifer.

Būcēlus, *i. m. dim.* [a bos] a young ox or steer; a bullock.

Būfo, *ōnis. m.* a toad.

Būlaphithon, *i. n.* [a bu intens. et laphithon] the herb patience or great dock.

Bulbæus, *a, um. adj.* [a bul-

bus] with round heads like an onion, bulbous.

Bulbæus, *a, um. adj.* bulbous.

Bulbus, *i. m.* a scallion.

Bulle, *es. f.* the council of state.

Būleuta, *m. m.* a common council-man, a senator.

Būlētūrium, *i. n.* a town-hall; a large building in Cyzicum, with out pin or nail in it.

Bulla, *m. f.* a bubble of water; a great head of a nail, embossed on doors or gates; stud or boss, an ornament worn about the neck or breast of children, made like a heart, till they were seventeen years old, and then hung up to the household gods.

Bullatio, *ōnis. f. v.* *Bulbatio*, a bubbling.

Bullātus, *a, um. adj.* garnished with studs or broaches, vain, puffed up, without substance.

Bullio, *ire, ivi, itum.* [a bulla] to boil in seething; to bubble.

Bullo, *are, avi, ātum.* [a bulla] to bubble.

Bullūla, *m. f. dim.* [a bulla] a little bubble, boss, or stud; also a little wheel or pustule.

Būmastus, *i. m.* a large swelling grape, like a teat.

Būmēlia, *m. f.* a kind of large ash-tree.

Būnias, *adis. f.* a rape or round radish of Limosin; a turnip.

Būnium, *i. n.* a turnip.

Buphthalmus, *i. f.* May-weed, ox-eyes, stinking chamomile.

Būprestia, *is et idia. f.* a kind of cantharides, fatal to a beast, if eaten amongst grass, a sort of herb which kills cattle; the burn-cow.

Būra, *m. et Buris. is. f.* the plough-tail or handle.

Bustirāpus, *i. m.* a robber of tombs or graves; or a snatcher of victuals at funeral feasts.

Bustūrius, *a, um. adj.* that keeps about tombs or graves.

Bustūrius, *i. m.* a fencer or sword-player.

Bustum, *i. n.* the place where dead bodies were burned; a tomb, a grave, or sepulchre.

Būteo, *ōnis. m.* a kind of hawk.

Būthysia, *f.* a slaying or sacrificing of oxen.

Būtyrum, *i. n.* butter.

Buxetum, *i. n.* a place set with box-trees.

Buxeus, *a, um. adj.* of box, of a pale yellow colour, like box.

Buxifer, *era, erum. adj.* bearing box.

Buxosus, *a, um. adj.* [a buxus] full of box, much like box.

Buxum, *i. n.* box-wood, a pipe made of box.

Buxus, *i. f.* the box-tree, the wood; a trumpet, flute, or pipe.

with two rows of holes; a top, comò, or any thing made of haz-wood.

Byrsa v. Bursa, m. f. the tower or citadel of Carthage; an exchange; a purse; an ox's hide.

Byssinus, a, um. adj. [a byssus] made of lawn or cambric.

Byssus, i. f. a kind of fine flax or linen.

Byturos, a worm in Campania, that grazes vines.

C

CÆBALLINUS, a, um. adj. of a horse.

Cæballus, i. m. a sorry horse, a jade, a mill-horse, a pack-horse.

Cæcabo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to cry or call like a partridge.

Cæcibus, i. m. a kettle or pipkin.

Cæcilia, m. f. an herb called wild caraway, or wild chervil.

Cæcilius, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. [a cæco] to go to stool.

Cæcitus, a, um. part. beehit, bedaubed, bewrayed.

Cæciphāton, Cæcophāton, v. Cæcophāton, n. a harsh sound of words.

Cæcietes, is. v. ta, m. et Cæcietus, i. m. of an ill constitution of body.

Cæcexia, m. f. an evil state of body.

Cæchinnatio, Ænis. f. [a cachinno] a loud laughter.

Cæchino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to laugh loud.

Cæchino, Ænis. m. [a cachinnus] a great laughter, a scoffer.

Cæchinor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to laugh loud.

Cæchinus, i. m. a loud laughing, a laughter in derision.

Cæchrys, yos. f. oak-apples, beech-mast, ash keys, the cattin upon nut-trees, the gostins on willows, &c. Also, the seed of rosemary.

Cæco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to go to stool, to cack.

Cæcochymus, a, um. adj. causing bad digestion.

Cæcōdemon, Ænis. m. an evil spirit, a devil.

Cæcōthes, is, n. a boil, a botch, a cancer; an evil custom, an ill habit.

Cæcōtella, m. f. affected imitation.

Cæcōtulus, i. m. one that imitates scurvily, an affecter of new words.

Cæctos, i. f. an artichoke.

Cæcilla, m. m. a soldier's boy.

Cæcimen, ius. n. the top, the peak, the perfection of any thing.

Cæcūmino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to make pointed, sharp or capped.

Cædāver, Æris. n. a carcass, a dead body.

Cædvērōsus, a, um. adj. like a dead carcass, ghastly, wan.

Cædvus, a, um. adj. that falls of itself.

Cædmia, m. f. brass ore.

Cædo, Ære, cæcidi, cæsum. n. to slip down; to tumble; to fall down; to falter; to trickle; to pour down; to chance; to belong; to suit; to end; to set or go down; to die; to be slain; to be sacrificed; to be derived; to fall under; to be subject; to miscarry; to be disliked; to sink; to droop; to be laid; to be diminished.

Cædvēstōr, Æris. m. a herald.

Cædvēcum, i. n. et Cædvēcus, i. m. a staff or white wand of ambassadors, a rod, Mercury's wand.

Cædvīfēr, Æri. m. an epithet of Mercury from his caduceus.

Cædvum, i. n. an escheat, a wind-fall.

Cædvus, a, um. adj. [a cædo] ready to fall; falling or trickling down; frail, uncertain, brittle, ruinous, falling to decay, perishable; falling of itself, fading, transitory; fallen; escheated to the prince or lord.

Cædvum, i. n. a white coverlet or quilt for a bed; a sheet; the whole bed.

Cædvus, i. m. a measure about eighteen gallons; the wine contained therein.

Cæcias, m. the north-west or north-east wind.

Cæcigenus, a, um. adj. born blind.

Cæcilia, m. f. a sloe-worm or blind-worm.

Cæclitas, Ætis. f. blindness.

Cæco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to blind; to dazzle.

Cæcus, a, um. adj. blind, secret, unseen, unforeseen, uncertain, precipitate, headstrong; confused, jumbled together, ignorant, unacquainted, ambiguous, obscure.

Cædes, is. f. [a cædo] a felling or cutting down, slaughter, havoc, murder.

Cædo, Ære, cæcidi, cæsum. act. to lash; to whip; to beat; to fell timber; to kill; to slay in sacrifice; to knock; to prune; to convict.

Cædvus, a, um. adj. [a cædo] used to be cut or lopped.

Cæclamen, ius. n. engraving or

etching in metal, the figure or story engraven.

Cæclator, Æris. m. [a cælo] an engraver or carver.

Cæclatūra, m. f. the skill of engraving or of embossing; engraving itself or embossing.

Cælebs, ius. potius Cælebs, adj. unmarried, single, solitary.

Cælebs, ius. c. g. a bachelor, a widower, a widow.

Cæles, ius. adj. heavenly, celestial.

Cælestis, is, e. adj. [a cælum] heavenly, of heaven.

Cælibātus, ūs. m. celibacy, a single life; widowhood.

Cælicola, m. c. g. an inhabitant of heaven, a god.

Cælisfer, Æra, Ærum. adj. bearing or upholding heaven; an epithet of Atlas and Hercules.

Cælites, ūm. m. pl. inhabitants of heaven, gods.

Cælo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to chase; to emboss; to raise figures.

Cælum, al. Cælum, i. n. pl. Cæli, Ærum. heaven, the sky, the air or firmament; the weather, a climate, the gods.

Cælum, i. n. a graver or graving-tool.

Cæmentitius, a, um. adj. rough or made of rubble stones and mortar; rough-cast.

Cæmentum, i. n. rubbish, shards, unburnt stones, mortar, clay, wall made with such stuff.

Cæpe, is. n. See Cepa.

Cærmōnia, al. Cærmōnia, al. Cærmōnia, m. f. ceremony, religion, holiness, pomp, or state.

Cærvēlātus, a, um. adj. dyed or coloured blue, or like azure.

Cærvēlum, i. n. a sand found in the ore of gold and silver, utramarine.

Cærvēlus, a, um. adj. blue, azure, sky-coloured, green, pale.

Cærvēlus, a, um. adj. sky-coloured, blue.

Cæsāries, Æi. f. [a cædo, cæsum] hair, a bush of hair. [Cæsaries is particularly applied to the hair of a man's head, the women, among the Romans, wearing theirs long.]

Cæsim, adv. [a cædo, cæsum] with the edge, with downright blows; in short clauses

Cæsio, Ænis. f. [a cædo] a cutting, pruning or lopping.

Cæsius, a, um. adj. grey, sky-coloured, grey-eyed.

Cæso, Ænis. m. one that is ripped or cut out of his mother's belly.

Cæspes v. Cæspes, ius. m. a turf or sod.

Cæstrum, i. n. al. Cestrum, a graving tool, a piercer or wimble.

Cæstus, ūs. m. [a cædo] a kind of club or rather thong of leather, having plummets of lead fastened to it, used in boxing; a whirlbat, a thin plate of iron, worn for defence on the arm.

Cæstra, æ. f. a cutting, a gash or incision.

Cæsus, a. um. part. [a cædor] cut, beaten, slain, sacrificed, entrained.

Cætera, um. adj. the other, the rest.

Cætero, adv. as for the rest of the time, howbeit, afterwards.

Cæteroquin v. **Cætroqui**, adv. otherwise, in other things, or respects; besides this.

Cæterum, adv. henceforward, but, in all other respects.

Cællamarius, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to quills or pen and inkhorn.

Cællamētum, i. n. broken pieces of reeds by which vines in vineyards were propped.

Cællamistratus, a, um. part. crisped, curled.

Cællamistrum, i. n. a crisping-pin, a curling iron.

Cællamitas, ætis. f. a lodging or laying of corn; trouble, damage, distress, adversity, mischief, hurt; a misfortune, disaster, miscarriage.

Cællamites et **Cællamita**, æ. m. a little green frog.

Cællamites, æ. m. a kind of gem like a reed.

Cællamitose, adv. miserably, pitifully, wretchedly, distressedly, disastrously.

Cællamitosus, a, um. adj. broken down, destroyed by a tempest; full of calamity, miserable, calamitous, troublesome, hurtful, afflictive, disastrous.

Cællamochnus, i. m. a kind of down growing about canes.

Cællamus, i. m. a reed, a cane, a straw or stalk of corn, a pipe, a quill, a pen, an angle-rod, a lime twig, a grass or cyon, an arrow, a shaft, a style or manner of writing, a sweet cane, growing in Arabia, Syria, and India.

Cællathicus, i. m. dim. [a calathus] a little basket.

Cællulus, i. m. a basket, a hamper, a vessel or pan for milk, and cheese-curd, a cheese-vat, a sort of cup for wine in sacrifices.

Cællator, ōris. m. an apparitor, summoner, bailiff, or crier.

Calcanemum, i. n. et **Calcaneus**, i. m. [a calx] the heel.

Calcar, æris. n. a spur.

Calcaricus, a. um. adj. pertaining to lime.

Calcaricus, i. m. a lime-burner.

Calcatūra, æ. f. treading.

Calctus, a, um. part. trodden,

broken, trampled upon, despoiled.

Calceamen, inis. n. a shoe or sock.

Calceamentum, i. n. a shoe.

Calcearium v. **Calciarium**, i. n. a place to keep shoes in.

Calceatus, ūs. m. [a seq.] a being shod or having shoes on.

Calceo, v. **Calcio**, ære, ævi, ætum. act. to put on shoes; to shod.

Calceolarius, i. m. a shoemaker.

Calceolus, i. m. dim. [a calceus] a little shoe or sandal.

Calceus, i. m. a shoe, a patten.

Calcifraga, æ. f. [sc. planta] a calx et frango] a kind of sarsifraga, good against the stone.

Calciatus, ūs. m. [a seq.] a kicking, wincing, or spurning.

Calciator, ære, ævi, ætum. act. [a calx] to kick; to spurn; to wince; to sting; stubbornly to refuse.

Calcitro, ōnis. m. a kicker, a spurner.

Calcitrans, a, um. adj. striking or stinging often; kicking backward, wincing.

Calco, ære, ævi, ætum. act. [a calx] to tread; to tread under foot; to trample upon; to kick; to spurn; to subdue; to contemn.

Calculātor, ōris. m. an accountant, a calculator, a caster up of accounts.

Calculosus, a, um. adj. [a seq.] full of pebble-stones or gravel; subject to the gravel.

Calculus, i. m. [a calx] a little pebble; the stone in the bladder; chess-men or table-men, counters; an account, reckoning, or computation, a doubt, a difficulty; a sentence, a vote, or suffrage; revenue, income.

Calda, æ. f. [i. e. aqua] hot water.

Caldarium, i. n. [sc. ahenum] a caldron, a hot bath, a sweating house, a bagnio.

Caldarius, a, um. adj. which makes hot, pertaining to a caldron.

Caldus, a, um. adj. See **Calidus**.

Calcfacio et **Calcfacio**, ære, fæci, factum. to make hot; to cherish; to put one in a heat.

Calcfacto, ære, ævi, ætum. freq. to warm often or heat.

Calcfactus v. **Calcfactus**, a, um. part. heated, warmed, chafed, irritated, stirred up.

Calcfactus v. **Calcfactus**, ūs. m. abl. **Calcfactu** [a calcfacio] a heating or warming.

Calcfæto, færi, factus, to be made hot; to be warmed or heated.

Calendæ, ærum. f. pl. [a calo, to call, obs.] the calends or first day of every month.

Calendarius, i. n. a book of accounts or debt-book, an almanack.

Caléo, ære, lui. — n. to be hot; to glow; to be kindled; to be new or fresh; to be earnest; to be intent upon; to be heightened; to be in love; to be sprightly.

Callesco, ære. — to become hot or grow warm.

Calletur, impers. it is hot weather.

Calcfacio, ære, fæci, factum. Vid. **Calcfacio**.

Calcfilius, i. m. dim. [a calix] a little cup, goblet or mazer.

Calide, adv. hotly, eagerly.

Calidus, a, um. adj. [a calix] hot, scalding, warm, rash, heady, passionate, light, swift, unpremeditated.

Calindrum, i. n. an ornament of a woman's head or a perwig; a tower.

Caliga, æ. f. a stocking, hose, breeches, a harness for the legs, set full of nails, used by soldiers, especially of the common sort; the state or office of a common soldier.

Caligaris, is. e. adj. pertaining to harness for the legs.

Caligarius, a, um. adj. belonging to the nails of the caliga.

Caligatio, ōnis. f. [a caligo] dimness of sight, blindness of mind.

Caligatus, a, um. adj. wearing harness for the legs, well accoutred, stout, able.

Caliginosus, a, um. adj. dark, misty, dim.

Caligo, ære, ævi, ætum. neut. to be dark, and dim; to be dim-sighted; to grow blind; to be misty; to be cloudy, stupified, or ignorant.

Caligo, gnis. f. darkness, a mist, a fog, dimness, obscurity, blindness, ignorance, dizziness, a shade.

Calix, icis. m. a cup, pot, chalice, or other vessel, to drink in; a tumbler, a tankard, a rummer, a beaker, a platter or dish to serve up salade, the capacious part in a fish's shell, &c.

Callatus, a, um. adj. of a Venetian or sea-green colour.

Callata, idis v. is. f. a precious stone of a sea-green.

Callarius, æ. m. a haddock or whiting.

Calleo, ære, lui. — neut. to be hard; to be hardened; to know well, as by experience; to be cunning or well skilled; to understand. [Callere (from callus or callum, denoting that hardness of the skin which is occasioned by much labour) signifies to be hard like brawn.

It is metaphorically applied to the mind, to denote that state of it, which is the effect of repeated impressions, or much practice in any subject to which its attention has been directed. Callere, therefore, signifies, to know thoroughly; to be well practised in.]

Callibrophrum, i. n. a wash to make women's eyebrows look black.

Callide, adv. expertly, shrewdly, subtly, snavily.

Calliditas, f. m. f. prudence, policy, circumspection, craftiness, subtlety, deceitfulness.

Callidus, a, um, adj. [a calleo] wise, circumspect, adroit, skilful by long experience; sly, arch, crafty, wily.

Calligonum, i. n. way-grass, knot-grass.

Callis, is, m. a path, a foot-path.

Callistruia, m. f. a fig of an excellent taste.

Callithrix, f. m. f. a kind of ape in Ethiopia, with a long beard and spreading tail; the herb maiden-hair.

Callousus, a, um, adj. having a thick skin; brazen, callous, hard, insensible.

Callus, i. m. et Callum, i. n. hardness, roughness; a kind of hard flesh, brownness or hardness of the skin, a hard thick skin and insensible; brown.

Calo, onis, m. a soldier's boy or any sort of servant.

Calor, oris, m. [a caleo] heat, vital heat or life, warmth, anger, hot love, precipitancy.

Alba, m. f. the marigold.

Albula, m. f. a garment of the colour of the marigold.

Alva, m. f. [a calvus] a skull, scalp.

Alvria, m. f. a skull, a place of skulls, a common place of burial, Calvary.

Alvritus, a, um, part. made bare.

Alvessio, fieri, factus. to be made bald or peeled.

Alveo, ere, vi. — [a calvus] to be bald; to become bald.

Alvesco, ere. — — incept. to grow bald or bare; to grow thin.

Calvities, ei, f. baldness.

Calvitium, i. n. baldness. Calvitium loci, the barrenness of a place in a vineyard.

Calumnia, m. f. a false accusation, a forged crime, a malicious slander or detraction; a calvil, a quirk.

Calumniator, oris, m. a false accuser, a slanderer; a calviller, a malicious interpreter.

Calumnior, ari, arius, dep. to accuse or charge falsely; to slander; to calumniate.

Calvus, i. m. pro qualis, a twig-vessel.

Calvus, a, um, adj. bald, bare, thin.

Calx, cis, f. a chalk-stone, lime, mortar, cement.

Calx, cis, m. et f. the heel; the end of a thing; a spurn or kick with the heel.

Calyx, ycis, m. the cup of a flower, the bud of a flower, the knop or button of a rose-bud; the inward rind of a walnut.

Camellus, a, um, adj. of camels.

Camella, m. f. a kind of milk-vessel; a ruddle-cup.

Camellopardalis, is, f. a beast like a camel and a panther.

Camellus, i. m. a camel.

Camena, m. f. al. Camena, a muse, a song, poetry, verse.

Camera, m. f. v. Camara, a vault or arched roof; an upper gallery; a kind of ship.

Camariarius, a, um, adj. [a camera] of a vault or gallery.

Caminiot, ari, arius, pass. to be made like a furnace or chimney.

Caminus, i. m. a chimney, a stove, a fire-hearth; fire.

Camistrus, i. m. a kind of crab-fish.

Campester v. tris, tris, tre. of or belonging to the plain fields; campaign or campaign country.

Campestre, is, n. [sc. tegmen] a pair of breeches or apron, which served to cover men around the middle when they wrestled; the rest of the body was naked.

Campus, i. m. a plain or down; an open field; Mars's field, where the Romans held their assemblies, and exercised the troops; a large subject, a field of discourse.

Camirus, a, um, adj. crooked or crumpled.

Camus, i. m. a bridle, bit or rein; a snaffle; a cord or chain.

Canace, es, f. barker.

Canaliculatus, a, um, adj. fashioned round and hollow, like a pipe; channelled.

Canaliculus, i. m. dim. [a canalis] a little channel or trough; the gutter or channel in pillars.

Canalis, is, m. et f. any fall or spout of water; a trunk or pipe; a kennel, a gutter, a channel; a hollow surgical instrument; the neck of the bladder; an instrument used in making oil.

Canalitus, a, um, adj. of or like a conduit-pipe.

Canaria, m. f. [sc. herba] hound-grass.

Canarius, a, um, adj. of a dog.

Canarium, i. m. a kind of Arabian gum, much like myrrh.

Cancellatum, adv. lattice-wise, like a net or window.

Cancellatus, a, um, part. made lattice-wise, like a net or window; cross-barred.

Cancelli, drum, pl. m. lattices or windows made with cross-bars of wood, iron, &c.; balusters or rails to encompass; bounds or limits.

Cancello, are, avi, arius, act. to make like a lattice, to cut cross-wise.

Cancer, cri, m. et Canceris, a crab-fish; one of the twelve signs; a canker.

Candefacio, ere, feci, factum. act. [ex candeo et facio] to make white; to bleach; to make fiery or glowing hot.

Candefactus, a, um, part. set on fire, made red hot.

Candela, m. f. [a candeo] a candle of tallow, wax, &c.

Candelabrum, i. n. a candlestick; leg. et Candelabrus, i. m.

Candeo, ere, dui. — neut. to be white; to shine; to glitter; to glow; to burn.

Candesco, ere. — — incept. [a candeo] to grow white or hoary; to grow hot; to be on fire.

Candidatorius, a, um, adj. pertaining to a candidate.

Candidatus, a, um, part. clothed in white.

Candidatus, i. m. a candidate or suitor, for any place of honour or profit; so called from the white garments he wore.

Candide, adv. in white; favourably, gently, without malice.

Candidulus, a, um, adj. whitish, pretty and white.

Candulus, a, um, adj. [a candeo] bright, shining, white; fortunate, lucky; sincere, innocent; friendly, favourable, kind, candid, fair, clear.

Candor, oris, m. [a candeo] brightness, shining, whiteness, beauty, fairness; purity, sincerity, uprightness, candour.

Canena, tis, part. [a caneo] hoary, grey, white.

Caneo, ere, nui. — neut. [a canus] to be white; to shine; to be hoary; to have grey hairs; to grow old.

Canephora, m. f. a young noble lady with a basket on her head, on the festival of the goddess Minerva.

Canesco, ere. — — incept. [a caneo] to grow white; to grow hoary; to wither; to decay.

Cānīcula, æ. f. dim. [a canis] a little dog or bitch; a sign in the heavens; the dog-star; the dog-days; the unluckiest cast at the dice, the ace which lost all; a cross jade; a kind of fish, the dog-fish.
Cānina, æ. f. [ac. *Pellia v. caro*] a dog's skin or dog's flesh.
Cāninus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a dog; doggish, curish.
Cānis, is, c. g. a dog or bitch; a hound, a cur; the dog star; a dog-fish; an accuser, back-biter, or parasite; a name in railing; a coat at dice losing all; the ace-point; a chain or fetter; an attendant. Pl. the furies.
Cānistrum, i. n. a basket or flask made of osiers; a bread-basket, a volder.
Cāntiles, ei. f. [a canus] hoariness, whiteness or greyiness of hairs; old age, gravity.
Canna, æ. f. a cane or reed; a sugar-cane; a pipe, a flageolet; a canoe.
Cannibinus, a, um. adj. of hemp, hempen; of canvass.
Cannibius, a, um. adj. of hemp, hempen.
Cannabis, is. f. hemp.
Canneus, a, um. adj. of a reed or cane.
Cāno, ēre, cācni, cantum. act. to sing; to play upon an instrument; to sound; to write of; to praise; to prophesy; to report; to proclaim aloud.
Cānopus v. **Cānopus**, i. m. a star in the southern hemisphere.
Cānor, ōris. m. [a cano] melody singing, melody.
Cānorus, a, um. adj. loud, shrill, tunable, warbling, melodious.
Cantabrica, æ. f. the wild gilly-flower.
Cantāmen, inis. n. enchantment, witchcraft, a charm.
Cantātor, ōris. m. [a canto] a singer, a chanter, or musician.
Cantātrix, icis. f. a woman singer, an enchantress.
Cantātus, a, um. part. sung of, praised, famous; enchanted, charmed.
Cantēriūsus v. **Cantēriūsus**, a, um. part. underpropped, under-set.
Cantēriūsus, i. m. a little prop to set under, and stay any thing.
Cantāstria, æ. m. a stone having a beetle in it.
Canthāria, idis. f. dim. [ex *cantharus*] a sort of fly of the beetle kind; the Spanish fly, used to raise blisters.
Cantharus, i. m. a black beetle; a pot or great jug; a tankard;

a constellation in Aquarius; a knot; the knocker of a door; a fish.
Canthērinus, a, um. adj. like a horse that sleeps as he stands.
Canthērius v. **Canthērius**, i. m. a gelding or labouring beast; a rafter; a joist of a house; a spar; a rail or prop.
Canthus, i. m. a fellow, the iron wherewith the cart-wheel is bound.
Canticum, i. n. a song, a ballad, a song set to music.
Cantilēna, æ. f. [a cantu] a song, an old saw.
Cantio, ōnis. f. a song or tune; an enchantment.
Cantito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to sing often.
Cantiuncula, æ. f. dim. [a cantio] a ballad, a catch.
Canto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a cano] to sing; to chant; to repeat often the same thing; to praise; to enchant.
Cantor, ōris. m. [a cano] a singer or chanter; a singing-man, a stage-player.
Cantrix, icis. f. a female singer.
Canthus, ūs. m. [a cano] singing, a song, a tune or melody; the sound of a trumpet, the crowing of a cock, &c.; a charm or enchantment.
Cānus, a, um. adj. hoary, grey, grey-haired, aged, white, venerable.
Cānūsīnātus, a, um. adj. arrayed in cloth made of Canusian wool.
Cānūsīnus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to Canusium.
Capācitas, ātis. f. [a capax] capacity, largeness; a gauge or measure, bigness, size.
Capax, ācis. adj. [a capio] holding, keeping, or containing; capacious, large, big, wide, apprehensive, apt.
Capēdo, dīnis. f. a great pot, jug, or pitcher, with handles or ears, used in sacrifices.
Capēduncula, æ. f. a little pot or pitcher.
Capella, æ. f. dim. [a capra] a young goat, a kid; a star.
Capellānus, a, um. adj. of a goat.
Capēr, pri. m. a gelded he-goat, a buck; the smell of the arm-pits.
Capērātus, a, um. adj. [a caper] wrinkled like a goat's horn, beetle-browed.
Capēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to frown; to lour; to wrinkle the forehead; to knit the brows.
Capesso, ēre, āvi, ātum. to take; to take in hand; to begin to take the charge or government of; to enter upon a business.

Capillāceus, a, um. adj. hairy, stringy.
Capillamentum, i. n. the hair or a head of hair; a wig or false hair; strings or threads about the roots of herbs; a flaw in crystal.
Capillāre, is. n. [ac. oleum] common oil for the hair.
Capillāris, is. e. adj. of or like hair.
Capillātus, a, um. adj. wearing long hair.
Capillor, āri, ātus. dep. to be hairy; to grow like hairs.
Capillus, i. m. hair, a head of hair, a beard.
Capio, ēre, cēpi, captum. act. to take; to take by force; to seize; to take prisoner; to take by assault; to hold; to please; to allure; to wheedle; to trepan; to be capable of; to suffer; to admit; to receive; to obtain; to accept; to reach; to conceive; to apprehend; to understand; to discover; to enter upon; to design; to appoint to an office; to choose; to put on; to wear.
Capis, idis. f. a pot or cup; drinking cup.
Capistarium, i. n. a riddle or sieve.
Capistrātus, a, um. part. head-stalled, haltered.
Capistro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to halter; to put on a collar; to muzzle.
Capistrum, i. n. a halter or head-stall; a rope; a muzzle; a band; a cord to hold up the wine-press.
Capital, ālis. n. a crime worthy of death or disfranchisement; a woman's coif, cowl, or hair-lace.
Capitālis, is. e. adj. belonging to the head or life; capital, worthy of death; disfranchisement, or loss of liberty; pernicious; hurtful; shrewd, pert, sharp.
Capitātus, a, um. adj. having a head, growing with a head.
Capitāl um i. n. a little head; the top of plants.
Capitum, i. n. a woman's stomacher; a hood, a capouch.
Capito, ōnis. m. a fold-head; a kind of codfish, a pollard.
Capitolinus, a, um. adj. of the capitol.
Capitolium, i. n. the temple of Jupiter in Rome, called the Capitol, built on the Tarpēian mount.
Capitulātum, adv. by heads or chapters; head by head, briefly, summarily, by parts.
Capitulātus, a, um. adj. headed or having the fashion of a head; knobbed.
Capitulum, i. n. dim. [a caput]

a little head, the top; a *man or woman*; the head or chapter of a pillar.
 Capnitis, itidis, f. *thin flakes of brass, sticking on the sides of the furnace.*
 Capnos, i. f. *Capnion*, i. n. *the herb fumitory.*
 Capnūmargus, i. m. *a kind of clay.*
 Cāpo, ōnis, m. *a capon.*
 Cappa, indecl. *the name of a Greek letter.*
 Cappāris, is, m. *a shrub bearing fruit called capers; the fruit capers.*
 Capra, æ. f. *a she-goat; a constellation, the goat which nourished Jupiter when a child; the stinking savor of the arm-pits; a fiery meteor.*
 Caprārius, i. m. *a goat-herd.*
 Caprea, æ. f. [*a simil. quādam capræ*] *a roe, a deer, a gazel; a branch that puts forth tendrils.*
 Capreōlis, i. m. dim. [*a caprea*] *a wild buck, a cheveril, a tendril of a vine, a cross piece of timber, a b. ace, a fork or prop for a vine, a forked instrument to dig with.*
 Capricornus, i. m. [*ex capra et cornu*] *a constellation called Capricorn.*
 Caprifictio, ōnis, f. *a husbanding or dressing of wild fig-trees.*
 Caprifictiōlis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to a fig-tree.*
 Capriflor, āri, ūtus, dep. *to be ripened, as figs are, by the gnats which are bred on the wild fig-tree.*
 Caprificus, i. f. *a wild fig-tree; vain glory or a foolish ostentation of useless learning.*
 Caprigēnus, a, um, adj. *of goat's breed, goatish.*
 Caprie, is, n. *a stable or cot for goats.*
 Caprimulgus, i. m. *a milker of goats, a goat-herd, or some such sorry fellow, a bird which sucks goats.*
 Caprinus, a, um, adj. [*a caper*] *of a goat.*
 Capripes, ōdis, adj. *goat-footed.*
 Capsa, æ. f. *a coffer, a chest, a box, a case, a satchel.*
 Capsārius, i. m. *a servant that waited on noblemen's children to school, and carried their books for them.*
 Capsūla, æ. f. dim. [*a capsā*] *a little coffer or chest; a casket.*
 Capus, i. m. v. Capsum, i. n. *a stall for cattle; a place in the chariot, where the driver sits.*
 Captatio, ōnis, f. *a catching or aiming at; a seeking by craft or wheedling; a bickering or contending.*
 Captator, ōris, m. *he that en-*

deavours to get any thing, he that flatters a man to be his heir, a legacy hunter, a sycophant.
 Captio, ōnis, f. [*a capio*] *a taking, a taking advantage of; a catch, quirk, or cavil.*
 Captiose, adv. *captiously, deceitfully, subtly.*
 Captivus, a, um, adj. *captious, full of craft and deceit, hurtful, prejudicial.*
 Captivitas, ōtis, f. *captivity, imprisonment, slavery.*
 Captivūcūla, æ. f. *a capricious cavil, a little quirk or fetch.*
 Captiva, æ. f. [*æc. femina*] *a female captive, a prisoner.*
 Captivus, a, um, adj. [*a captus*] *taken captive, taken in war, imprisoned.*
 Captūrus, i. m. [*æc. homo*] *a captive, a prisoner.*
 Capto, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to lie in wait; to go about to take; to trip up; to trick; to put upon; to entrap; to covet; to desire; to allure and win our purpose by gifts; to spy out; to watch; to wheedle or make presents; to embrace; to clasp; to entwine; to take.*
 Captūra, æ. f. [*a capio*] *a catching, a taking; the thing caught; earnings or wages.*
 Captus, a, um, part. *taken by force; deceived, entangled; pleased, delighted, ravished; bereft or deprived of; appointed.*
 Captus, ūs, m. [*a capio*] *a taking, an attachment or seizure; capacity, apprehension, understanding, state, condition, ability.*
 Cāpūla, æ. f. dim. [*a capis*] *Integre Capidula, a little wooden or earthen cup; a ladle or spoon.*
 Cāpūlāris, is, e. adj. *very old, ready to be laid on the bier, at death's door.*
 Cāpūlātor, ōris, m. *he who takes oil out of vessels with a ladle; the officers belonging to the prefect of the city, who distributed oil to the people.*
 Cāpūlum, i. n. et Cāpūlus, i. m. *a hilt, haft, or handle; a bier.*
 Cāpus, i. m. et Cāpo, ōnis, a capon; *a sunuch.*
 Cāput, itis, n. *a head, the sum, or principal point; an author, beginner, or ring-leader; a chapter, a particular, an article, or clause, the beginning or upper end of a thing, the top of a tree, plant, &c., a chief city or metropolis; life, reputation, liberty; the principal or money lent out to usury; the spring of a river; the mouth of a river; the amount of corn or any other thing due by the commonwealth by way of tax;*

the whole man; the top or head of a bile or ulcer.
 Cārbūbus, i. m. *a lobster, a crab, cray-fish, or crevice.*
 Carbas, æ. m. *the south-west wind.*
 Carbæus, a, um, adj. *made of fine flax or linen.*
 Carbāsīnus, a, um, adj. *the same.*
 Carbāsus, a, um, the same.
 Carbāsus, i. f. et m. *fine linen, cambric, lawn, tiffany, &c., a sail of a ship, a robe or garment; a veil.*
 Carbātīnus, a, um, adj. *coarse, rough, made of raw ox-hide.*
 Carbo, ōnis, m. *a coal; a burning coal.*
 Carbōnārius, a, um, adj. *pertaining to coals.*
 Carbōnārius, i. m. *a collier.*
 Carbunculatio, ōnis, f. *blasting, blight.*
 Carbuncūlo, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. *to be turned to a coal; to be blasted or smuted.*
 Carbuncūloſus, adj. *full of little black stones; parched, burnt up, blighted, rough.*
 Carbuncūlus, i. m. dim. [*a carbō*] *a little coal, an ulcer, a carbuncle, a boil, a plague-sore, a carbuncle, hot earth, earth wherein are found black slates, a blasting or smutting of trees.*
 Carcer, ōris, m. *a prison, gaol, or hold; a rogue; a gaol-bird, a stulp, a barrier, or starting-place, a beginning.*
 Carcērārius, a, um, adj. *of a prison or gaol.*
 Carchēbus, i. m. *an iron or brass ring.*
 Carchēdōnius, i. m. *a kind of small carbuncle or precious stone.*
 Carchēsalum, i. n. *a tunnel, a large tall cup or bowl, a crans for loading and unloading goods.*
 Carcinōdes, is, e. adj. *cancerous, gangrened.*
 Carcinōdes, is, f. *a disease in the nose, called a polypos.*
 Carcinōma, ōtis, n. *a canker or cancer, an eating sore.*
 Carcinus, i. m. *the crab-fish.*
 Cardimōmum, i. m. *an Indian spice.*
 Cardiacus, i. m. *a griping or wringing at the stomach; sickness at the heart.*
 Cardinālis, is, e. adj. *belonging to a hinge or hook.*
 Cardinālis, a, um, adj. *hinged or pinned fast.*
 Cardice, es, f. *a stone in the shape of a heart.*
 Carlo, dinis, m. *the hinge of a gate, the tenon, a way crossing over and through the midst of the fields, from north to south,*

the north and south poles, a season of the year; the very point or crisis of a matter, an occasion, conjecture, or nick of time; the end or conclusion.

Carduus, i. m. *a thistle, fuller's thistle, teasel.*

Cære, adv. *dearly, at a great price.*

Cæretum, i. n. *pro Caricetum, a place where sedge grows.*

Cæraum v. **Cæraum vinum**, *wine boiled away one third part.*

Cæro, **Ère**, **rei** et **casus** **sum**, **Itum** et **cassum**. *neut. to lack that which we have had, or would have; to want; to be without; to be free from; to be deprived of; not worthy to have.*

Cæreum, i. n. v. **Caros**, *caraway.*

Cærex, i. c. *s. sedge, sheer-grass.*

Cærica, m. f. [*sc. ficus*; a **Cariâ** regione dicta] *a kind of dry fig, a lenten fig.*

Cæries, ei. f. *rotteness, the dross or lees of wine.*

Cærina, m. f. *the keel or bottom of a ship the whole ship.*

Carinæ, pl. *buildings in Rome, like the keels of ships.*

Carinatus, a, um. *made like the keel of a ship.*

Cærio, **Ère**, **Èvi**, **Ètum**. *to make like the keel of a ship.*

Cæriosus, a, um. adj. *worm-eaten, rotten, putrefied.*

Cæritas, **Ètis**. f. [*Charitas*] *dearh, scarcity, dearness; love, complacency, affection, endearment.*

Carmen, **Ènis**. n. [*a caro*] *a card for wool, a hatchel.*

Carmen Ènis. n. *a single verse; one book of verses; a song or ode; any poem, epic, lyric, &c. a tune or ditty; a hooting or crying; a charm; a prophecy; a prayer; an epitaph or inscription; the words of an oath or curse, by way of vow; a sentence.*

Carmenatio, **Ènis**. f. *a picking or carding of wool; a heckling of flax.*

Carmenatus, a, um. part. *carded, teased, or picked.*

Carmîno, **Ère**, **Èvi**, **Ètum**. act. [*a carmen*] *to card and comb wool; to hatchel flax.*

Carnarium, i. n. [*a caro*] *a larder; a butcher's shambles, a flesh-market; a vessel to keep flesh in; flesh itself, flesh-meat.*

Carnarius, i. m. *a butcher, a flesh-monger, or lover of flesh.*

Carnifex et **Carnifex**, i. c. m. *a hangman or executioner; a gnoler; a roguer or villain.*

Carnificina, m. f. *a place where malefactors are executed; the office of a hangman; torture, racking.*

Carnificor, **Èri**, **Ètus**. *pass. to be executed, and cruelly killed.*

Carnivorus, a, um. [*ex caro et voro*] *devouring flesh; that lives upon flesh; carnivorous.*

Carnosus, a, um. adj. *fleshy, gross, thick, plump, pithy, pulpy.*

Cârno, **carnis**. f. *flesh of birds, beasts, fishes; the substance under the peel or rind of plants.*

Cârno, **Ère**. — *to card.*

Carpentarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a chariot, &c.*

Carpentum, i. n. *a chariot, a wagon, a coach.*

Carpheum, i. n. *pure and white frankincense.*

Carpineus, a, um. adj. *made of the carpin-tree.*

Carpinus, i. f. *a kind of plane-tree or maple.*

Carpo, **Ère**, **psi**, **ptum**. act. *to gather; to pull; to pluck; to take; to carve; to cut up; to separate; to tease; to card; to pull; to pick; to choose; to waste; to consume; to enjoy; to carp or find fault with; to rob; to pillage.*

Carpobalsamum, i. n. *the fruit of the balsamum.*

Carubhyllon, i. n. *laurel of Alexandria.*

Carpitum, adv. [*a carpo*] *here and there, by snatches, summarily, in a few words, by parcels, one by one.*

Carpitor, **Ènis**. m. *a carver.*

Carpitum, m. f. *a gathering or picking.*

Carpitus, a, um. part. *plucked, cropped, gathered, teased.*

Carpitum, abl. *qu. a carpitus. a gathering, a plucking.*

Carpus, i. m. *the wrist.*

Carruca, m. f. [*a carrus*] *a little cart, a caroché, a calash.*

Carrum, i. n. *a car or cart.*

Carrus, i. m. *a car, wain, or wagon.*

Carthægon, *the seed of the box-trees.*

Cartilagineus, a, um. adj. *of a gristly substance or full of gristles.*

Cartilaginæus, a, um. adj. *full of gristles, gristly.*

Cartilago, **Ènis**. f. *qu. Carnilago, a cartilage, a gristle, tendon.*

Câruncilla, m. f. dim. [*a caro*] *a little piece of flesh, a kernel.*

Cârus, a, um. adj. *dear, costly, precious, beloved.*

Cârystides, um. f. *images of women.*

Cârion, **yl**. n. *a walnut-tree; a walnut.*

Cârionta, m. f. *a kind of date.*

Cârionta, **Ètis**. f. *a kind of date.*

Câs, m. f. *a cottage or cabin of turf, &c. a thatched house, a lodge, a soldier's hut.*

Câseile, **Èis**. n. *a cheese-loft.*

Câsearius, a, um. adj. *pertaining to cheese.*

Câseus, i. m. et **Câseum**, i. n. *cheese.*

Câsia, m. f. *a sweet shrub bearing spice like cinnamon, a flower, a sweet herb.*

Câso, **Ère**, **Èvi**, **Ètum**. freq. [*a cado*] *to fall often; to tumble; to reel.*

Case, adv. *in vain, fruitlessly.*

Cassida, m. f. *a helmet, a cap of steel, a basinet or salade.*

Cassis, **Èis**. m. *a hunter's net, a toil, a cob-web.*

Cassis, **Ètis**. f. *a helmet, a head-piece, a salade.*

Cassia, m. f. *a lark.*

Cassiteron, i. n. *tin, white lead.*

Cassus, a, um. adj. *vain, frivolous, of no value, void, ignorant.*

Castanea, m. f. [*sc. nux*] *a chestnut or chestnut-tree.*

Castanetum, i. n. *a grove of chestnuts.*

Castaneus, a, um. adj. *of a chestnut or chestnut-tree.*

Caste, adv. [*a castus*] *chastely, purely; honestly, devoutly.*

Castellinus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a castle.*

Castellinus, i. m. *a garrison-soldier.*

Castellatim, adv. *from castle to castle, fort by fort, in small parties; piecemeal or in several patches.*

Castellum, i. n. dim. [*a castrum*] *a castle, a fort, a town or village, a conduit or pipe.*

Castèria, m. f. *a house, wherein oars, and other tackling of ships is kept, while the ship is laid up.*

Castificus, a, um. adj. [*a castus et facio*] *making chaste.*

Castigabilis, **Èis**. e. adj. [*a castigo*] *fit to be chastised or corrected.*

Castigatio, **Ènis**. f. *castigation, animadversion, chastisement, reproof, a reprimand.*

Castigator, **Ènis**. m. *a corrector, a chastiser.*

Castigatus, a, um. part. *chastised, corrected, lessened or assuaged, to be amended or adjusted.*

Castigo, **Ère**, **Èvi**, **Ètum**. act. *to chastise; to correct; to chide; to reprove; to mend exactly.*

Castimonia, m. f. [*a castus*] *chastity, continency.*

Castitas, **Ètis**. f. *chastity, continence, purity.*

Castor, **Èris**. m. *a beaver, a badger, or gray.*

Castrea, **Èrum**. n. pl. *beavers' stones, used much in medicine.*

Castreum, i. n. *oil made of the stones of beavers.*

Castreus, a, um. adj. *of a beaver.*

Castra, *drum*. pl. [a castrum] a camp, an army lodged, pavilions or tents; war, a province, business, or art.

Castrāmeātor, *dris*. m. the marshal, who appoints the camp, the quarter-master-general.

Castrāmeātor, *āri*, *ātus*. dep. to pitch a camp; to encamp; to pitch tents.

Castrāta, *m. f.* a kind of red wheat.

Castrātio, *ōnis*. f. a gelding, a pruning, or cutting of trees.

Castrātūra, *m. f.* a gelding or taking away; a shaling or hulling of corn.

Castrātus, *a, um*. part. [a castratus] gelt; weakened, diminished.

Castrensis, *is, e*. adj. of or pertaining to the camp or field; to the army or war.

Castro, *āre, āvi, ātum*. act. to geld; to emasculate; to cut off; to prune; to bore holes low in trees; to take away; to diminish; to retrench; to weaken.

Castrum, *i. n.* a castle, a fortress, or citadel.

Castus, *a, um*. adj. chaste, pure, devout, honest, sincere, faithful.

Cāsūi, *m. f.* dim. [a casa] a little cottage or house.

Cāsus, *ūs*. m. [a cado, casum] a fall; fortune, chance, an event; peril, decay, ruin, misfortune; occasion, an emergency; the case of a noun, an end or conclusion.

Cātāchrēsis, *is, e*. f. a figure of speech by which one word is abusively put for another.

Cātāclismus, *i. m.* a general ood, a deluge, great rain.

Cātādrōmus, *i. m.* a kind of engine like a crane for raising great weights; a tight rope or dancers.

Cātāgrāpha *drum*. pl. n. pictures where only one side is represented to view; profiles.

Cātālogus, *i. m.* a roll, a bill; a scroll, a catalogue, a register of names, a recital.

Cātāmlus, *i. m.* a cup-bearer, a catamite, an effeminate person.

Cātāphracta, *m. f.* [sc. lorica] a breast-plate or coat of mail; a cuirass of the foot, of the horse.

Cātāphractus, *a, um*. adj. armed on all parts, from top to toes, cap-a-pie.

Cātāplasma, *ātis*. n. a plaster, a poultice.

Cātāplus, *i. m.* a voyage at sea, an arrival of ships, a fleet of merchant-men.

Cātāpōtium, *i. n.* a pill.

Cātāpulta, *m. f.* a warlike en-

gine to shoot darts or stones with.

Cātāpultārius, *a, um*. adj. shot out of an engine.

Cātārracta v. **Cātārracta**, *m. f.* et **Cātārractes**, *m. m.* a portculis or draw-bridge, at a city-gate, a great fall of water, a catarract, a flood-gate, a sluice, a lock in the river, a cornorant-fowl.

Cātāscopus, *i. m.* a spy, a scout.

Cātasta, *m. f.* a cage or stall wherein slaves were exposed to sale.

Cātē, *adv.* warily, cunningly.

Cātēia, *m. f.* a barbed dart or spear, an engine to fling stones or darts.

Cātella, *m. f.* [dim. a catena] a little chain; a little puppy.

Cātellus, *i. m.* dim. [a catulus] a little dog, a whelp, a puppy, a beagle.

Cātēna, *m. f.* a chain, a tie or band, a pin or bracket of wood.

Cātēnārius, *a, um*. adj. chained, linked.

Cātēnātio, *ōnis*. f. a chaining or linking; a closing or fastening.

Cātēnātus, *a, um*. part. linked, chained, fastened with a chain.

Cātēva, *m. f.* a battalion of foot, a rout, multitude or confused party; a concourse of people.

Cātēvārius, *a, um*. adj. pertaining to companies, confused, in a huddle or disorder.

Cātēvātim, *adv.* in companies or flocks, in a huddle or confusion, by bands or great parties.

Cātēharticus, *a, um*. adj. purgative, cathartic.

Cātēthēdra, *m. f.* a seat, a chair, a desk, a pulpit; a sedan or covered chair.

Cātēthēdrālitus, *a, um*. adj. of or belonging to a chair.

Cātēthēdrārius, *a, um*. adj. of or belonging to the chair.

Cātēllo, *āre, āvi, ātum*. to lick the dishes; to feed greedily.

Cātēllus, *i. m.* dim. [a catinus] a little dish or porringer.

Cātēnus, *i. m.* a large dish or platter, a melting-pot.

Cātēschlēs, *m. m.* a precious stone in Corsica, which is very clammy like gum; a kind of fig.

Cātēpyrites, *m. m.* a kind of precious stone from Cappadocia.

Cātēllo, *ire*. — neut. to desire the male.

Cātēllitio, *ōnis*. f. [a catullo] a desire for the male, rankness of the soil.

Cātēllus, *i. m.* dim. [a canis] a little dog, a whelp; the young of all beasts, and per-

haps of fishes, a girth, a collar.

Cātus, *a, um*. adj. wise, wary, circumspect; sharp, quick, smart; skilled in the law, sly, subtle.

Cāvadum, *i. n.* a gallery or portico; a piazza, a quadrangle.

Cāvāticus, *a, um*. adj. [a cavus] hollow.

Cāvātor, *dris*. m. [a cavo] the makes holes or any thing hollow.

Cāucklis, *is, v. klis*. f. an herli like fennel; bastard parsley.

Caucou, *i. n.* the herb called horse-tail.

Cauda, *m. f.* the tail of a beast, bird or fish; the rump, the sag end.

Caudex, *icis*. m. a stick or trunk; the stem, body, or stump of a tree, a table-book, a seat, a stool, a blockhead.

Caudicālis, *is, e*. adj. belonging to blocks, logs, or the bodies of trees.

Cāvena, *m. f.* [a cavitate] a cave or den, a cage or coop, a scaffold, a bee-hive, any place list-ed or railed in.

Cāveo, *ēre, cāvī, cautum*. act. to beware; to take heed; to take care of; to prevent; to shun; to avoid; to provide against; to take security by bond or otherwise; to give security by hostages; to be bound for, &c.; to advise; to appoint; to provide. [Cave, when followed by the subjunctive mood, was used by the Latins in the same sense with Vide ne; as, Cave facias, take care you do not do it.]

Cāverna, *m. f.* [quia cava] a cave or den; a cavern, a vault the hollow of the ears.

Cāvernōsus, *a, um*. adj. full of holes, caves, or dens; hollow.

Cāvernūla, *m. dim.* [a caverna] a little hole or hollow cave.

Cāvētur, *impera*. care is taken; it is provided.

Cāvilla, *m. f.* a mock, a scoff, a taunt, a cavil, railery, banter.

Cāvillātio, *ōnis*. f. [a cavillor] a jesting, drollery, cavilling or wrangling, captiousness, an idle exception, a pretence, or put-off; a quirk.

Cāvillātor, *dris*. m. a caviller, a captious fellow; a sophister, a wrangler, a born companion.

Cāvillātrix, *icis*. f. she who cavils or wrangles.

Cāvillor, *ārī, ātus*. dep. [a cavillum] to cavil; to taunt; to banter; to jeer; to droll; to jest pleasantly.

Cāvillum, *i. n.* a scoff, a taunt, a banter.

Caula, *m. f.* a sheep-cot, a fold, a passage or pore; any receptacle.

Caulis, *is. m.* the stalk or stem of an herb; any kind of pot-herb, especially coleworts: the quill of birds, the tail of a beast.

Caulicles, *m. m.* [a *caulis*] a broad-leaved colewort.

Caucanæ, *v. Cananæ*, [*sc. ficus v. caricæ*] a kind of fig brought from Caucus, a sea port of Caria.

Cavo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to hollow; to make hollow; to scoop; to bore through.

Caupo et **Copo**, *onis. m.* a victualler, a victualler, a huckster, a retailer, an inn-keeper, a sutler; a drawer.

Caupona, *m. f.* [a *caupo*] a tavern, a cellar, or victualling-house.

Cauponus, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to taverns or victualling-houses.

Caupouilla, *m. f. dim.* [a *caupona*] a tipping-house or ale-house; a tap-house, a little tavern.

Caurinus, *a, um. adj.* [a *caurus*] belonging to the westerly winds.

Caurio, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to cry or roar like a panther.

Caurus, *i. m.* **Cörus** et **Chaurus**, *e.* west or south-west wind, a north-west.

Causa et **Causa**, *m. f.* a cause, a design, a purpose; a pretence, an excuse; a motive, an inducement; a cause or process at law; sake or account, profit, advantage; reason or defence; an affair or business; a state or condition; a formal plea or defence in law; a thing or matter; fault or blame; side or party; sickness; hence **Causarius**.

Causarius, *a, um. adj.* assigned in law or excused for any matter, crazy, sick or maimed.

Causatus, *adv. comp.* with greater cause or reason.

Causator, *a, um. part.* [a *causor*] pretending, alleging.

Causia, *m. f.* a broad-brimmed hat.

Causidicus, *i. m.* [*ex causa et dico*] a lawyer, a pleader, a barrister, a counsellor, an advocate.

Causor, *äri, ätus. dep.* to pretend or plead by way of excuse; to blame; to excuse; to be blamed.

Cauticus, *a, um. adj.* that can burn, apt to burn.

Causula, *m. f. dim.* [a *causa*] a little cause; a small plea or idle pretence.

Cautel, *ius iurime. adv.* warily,

circumspectly, subtly, advisedly, closely.

Cautelium, *i. n.* an instrument to mark, brand or burn with.

Cautus, *is. f.* a rugged rock, a crag or cliff.

Cautum, *adv.* warily, with good advice.

Cautio, *onis. f.* [a *caveo*] a caution or taking heed, wariness, considerateness; care and provision; a bond, bill, or obligation.

Cantor, *oris. m.* [a *caveo*] an assurer, a warrantor, a provider, or taker of care; a wary man.

Cautus, *a, um. adj.* [a *caveo*, actively] wary, provident, artful, circumspect, subtle, well-advised, cautious, or cautelous; safe, secure.

Cavum, *i. n.* a hole or hollow place; a sink or vault.

Cavus, *a, um. adj.* hollow, full of holes.

Cavus, *i. m.* a hole or hollow place.

Ceavestis et **abest**. **Cea**, *pl.* [*sc. vestimenta*] a garment of silk or lawn.

Ceditur, *impers.* it is yielded; place is given.

Cedo, *äre, cessi, cessum. neut.* to give place; to depart; to give ground; to retreat; to submit; to yield; to succeed; to happen; to fall out; to go back; to give up; to be instead of; to pass away; to desert.

Cedo [in imperative tantum] *legitur* *pl.* **Cedite**, give me, tell me, show me.

Cedratus, *a, um. adj.* [a *cedrus*] anointed with the juice or oil of the cedar-tree.

Cedrelite, *es. f.* the great kind of cedar.

Cedrelæou, *i. n.* cedar-oil.

Cedria, *m. f.* [*sc. pix*] the pitch or resin of the great cedar.

Cedratus, *a, um. adj.* made of cedar.

Cedris, *idis. f.* the fruit or berry of the cedar.

Cedrium, *i. n.* [*sc. oleum*] the oil of the cedar-tree.

Cedrostris, *is. f.* the white vine, growing in hedges; briony.

Cedrus, *i. f.* the cedar-tree.

Ceirra, *avis, vulgo* **Ciris**, a puttock.

Celator, *oris. m.* a concealer.

Celatus, *a, um. part.* concealed, kept secret, hidden, kept close; unacquainted, not made privy to.

Celeberr *v. bris, hris, bre. adj.* renowned, famous, thronged, very much frequented.

Celberitine, *adv.* very frequently, very famously, or solemnly.

Celebratio, *onis. i.* reputation, a

celebration or solemnising, an assembly or company.

Celebrator, *oris. m.* a setter-forth of public plays.

Celebratus, *a, um. part.* renowned, famous, much spoken of, published, mentioned with honour, much haunted or frequented; of great solemnity.

Celebritas, *ätis. f.* [a *celebris*] renown, repute, good report, credit, a solemn assembly, a solemnity, a frequent report.

Celebro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to frequent; to celebrate; to solemnise; to commend greatly; to set forth; to make famous; to record; to have in estimation; to exercise and perform frequently; to publish.

Celer *v. eris, eris, äre. swift*, fleet, quick, active, nimble, sudden, immature, brisk, airy, light, short.

Celeres [*scil. equites*] the light horse, 300 in number, chosen out of the rest of the cavalry by Romulus, for his body-guard.

Celeripes, *ädias. adj.* [*ex celer et pes*] swift of foot.

Celeritas, *ätis. f.* quickness, swiftness, speed, haste, diligence, celerity.

Celeriter, *adv.* quickly, swiftly, nimbly, hastily, suddenly, shortly.

Celero, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to hasten; to quicken; to speed a thing.

Cella, *m. f. antiq. scrip.* **Cella**, a cellar or store-house, a buttery, a pantry, a monk's cell, a chamber for servants, a private place in a bath to wash in, a chapel in a temple; a honeycomb; a place in the stove.

Cellaris, *is. e. adj.* pertaining to a cellar.

Cellarium, *i. n.* a cellar, store-house, buttery, or pantry.

Cellarius, *i. m.* a butler, a yeoman of the larder, a store-keeper, a clerk of the kitchen.

Cellula, *m. f.* a little cellar, buttery, spense, chancel, or secret chamber.

Celo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to hide; to muffle up; to conceal; to dissemble.

Celox, *öcis. a.* kind of little bark, brigantine, or yacht; a fly-boat, pinnace or wherry.

Celsitudo, *dinis. f.* highness, nobility, excellence.

Celsus, *a, um. adj.* [a *cello*, *Voss.*] erect, upright; noble, brave, courageous; high, tall, lofty, stately.

Cenosis, *i. f.* the leontopodium.

Cenchridites, *um. f. pi.* the grains or stones of figs.

Cenchris, *is. m.* a venomous serpent all over speckled on the belly.

Cenebris, *Idis*, f. a kind of speckled hawk, a *kastrel*.

Censeo, *Ere*, *sui*, *sum*. to think; to suppose; to judge; to be of opinion; to vote; to resolve; to tax; to levy; to assess; to pay the rate; to enroll; to make an estimate of; to be angry or displeased.

Censor, *Eri*, *sus*, *dep.* to enroll in the censor's table.

Censio, *dnis*, f. [a censor] a punishing or censuring by the censor; a rate.

Censor, *dnis*, m. he who executed the census, a censor, critic or other severe person.

Censorius, a, *um*, adj. pertaining to the censor or his office, censorious, severe, grave.

Censura, *æ*, f. [a censor] the censorship, censure, a reprimand, a pattern, authority, punishment, judgment, or censure of others; an essay or proof.

Census, a, *um*, part. assessed, taxed, rated, valued, registered.

Census, *us*, m. [a censeo, census] the valuation of every man's estate, the registering of one's self, one's years, tribe, family, profession, wife, children, and servants; a cessing, valuing or mustering of the people; a tribute, tax, or subsidy to be levied according to men's estates; a man's estate, wealth, or yearly revenue.

Centauræa, *æ*, f. [sc. herba] et Centauræon, i. n. v. Centaureum, the herb centaur.

Centaurōmēchia, *æ*, f. a fighting with centaurs.

Centaurus, i. m. a people of Thessaly, a centaur, a feigned creature, half man and half horse; one of the twelve signs, Sagittary; the name of a ship in Virgil.

Centenarius, a, *um*, adj. [a centenus] of a hundred.

Centenus, a, *um*, adj. a hundred.

Centesima, *æ*, f. [sc. usura] interest of one in the hundred every month, or twelve per cent. per ann.

Centesimus, a, *um*, adj. the hundredth, a hundred-fold.

Centiceps, *capitis*, adj. [ex centum et caput] hundred-headed.

Centies, adv. [a centum] a hundred times.

Centifolia, *æ*, f. [sc. rosa] a kind of rose having many leaves.

Centimānus, i. m. hundred-handed.

Centinodia, *æ*, f. [ex centum et nodis] knot-grass, swine-grass.

Centipoda, *æ*, f. [ex centum et

pes] a worm having many feet, a palmer.

Centipellio, *dnis*, m. the paunch of a stag, the umbles of a deer.

Cento, *dnis*, m. a patched garment, patched clothes; a shroud or tarpaulin to keep off stones or darts; a rhapsody.

Centrālis, *is*, e, adj. [a centrum] placed in the centre or midst.

Centrines, *um*, m. pl. a kind of gnats.

Centrosus, a, *um*, adj. full of knots and knurs; gritty.

Centrum, i. n. the point in the midst of any round thing, the centre of a circle, the standing foot of the compasses; a hard knot or knur in timber or stone; a part in crystal.

Centum, adj. indecl. pl. a hundred, a great many.

Centumgeminus, a, *um*, adj. a hundred, hundred-handed.

Centumviri, *is*, e, adj. pertaining to the centumviri or hundred judges.

Centumviri, *orum*, pl. m. judges or commissioners chosen to hear certain civil causes among the people, of whom every tribe had three.

Centunculus, i. m. dim. [a cento] a horse-cloth laid under the dorsers; cud-weed or chaff-weed.

Centuplex, *icis*, adj. a hundred-fold.

Centuplacto, adv. a hundred times doubled.

Centipondium, i. n. a hundred weight; a great weight.

Centuria, *æ*, f. [a centum] a subdivision of the Roman people into centuries or hundreds, by Servius Tullius.

Centuriatim, adv. by hundreds or company by company.

Centuriatus, *us*, m. the office and quality of a centurion; a captain's place.

Centuriatus, a, *um*, part. registered or enrolled in the number of the hundreds, divided into hundreds.

Centurio, *dnis*, m. a centurion, a captain over a hundred footmen.

Centurio, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, act. [a centuria] to divide into companies.

Centuriatus, *us*, m. a captain's place or office.

Centussis, *is*, m. [ex centum et as, assis] a rate of Roman money, containing forty sesterces ten deniers; that is six shillings and three-pence of English money.

Cēpa, *æ*, f. v. Cēpe, n. indecl. an onion.

Cēphāla, *æ*, f. the head-ache.

Cēphālicum, i. n. a plaster or salve for a broken head.

Cēphālicus, a, *um*, adj. belonging to the head.

Cēphālus, i. m. a kind of fish.

Cēphēnes, *um*, pl. m. young drones.

Cēphus, i. m. a beast in Æthiopia, with hands and feet like a man.

Cēpina, *æ*, f. [a cepa] a bed or company of onions; a place sown or set with onions.

Cēpite sive Cēpīcapites, *æ*, m. a precious stone of the agate kind.

Cēphicus, a, *um*, adj. very light, trifling, of no weight or moment.

Cēphus, i. m. a sea-measure.

Cēpūrica, *orum*, n. a book which Sabinus Tiro wrote on gardening.

Cēra, *æ*, f. wax, letters, tables, table-books and note-books, covered over with wax, and written upon with an iron style; the busts or images of wax; enamel; a will or testament; a page or side of a leaf; the apartment in a honey-comb; a cere-cloth.

Cērāria, *æ*, f. a female wax-chandler.

Cērarium, i. n. wax-money, the fee for the seal in wax, seal money.

Cērāsinus, a, *um*, adj. [a cerasis] of a cherry-red colour.

Cērastes, *æ*, v. is. m. a serpent having four pair of horns; deer, satyrs.

Cērāsum, i. n. et Cērāsus, i. m. a cherry.

Cērāsus, i. f. a cherry-tree.

Cērātiās, *æ*, m. a blazing star like a horn.

Cērātūsus, a, *um*, adj. sophistical or intricate arguments; sophisms.

Cērātūsus, *is*, f. horned poppy.

Cērātūsus, i. n. Latine, aliqua. a husk or pod; the fruit of the carob-tree; the tree itself.

Cērātūsus, i. n. [sc. emplastrum] a plaster made of wax, rosin, and gums; a cere-cloth.

Cērātūsus, *æ*, f. a waxing or laying over with wax.

Cērātūsus, a, *um*, part. waxed, covered with wax.

Cērāunia, *æ*, f. a thunder-stone.

Cērāunium, i. n. a kind of puff or mushroom.

Cērāunibolus, i. m. the table of Apelles.

Cerbēreus, a, *um*, adj. of Cerberus, infernal.

Cerbērus, i. m. the infernal dog, which is feigned to have three, and sometimes 100 heads.

Cercopithecus, i. m. a marmoset or monkey.

Cerdo, *dnis*, m. any man that

uses a mean trade for gain; a cobbler, a currier, a tanner, or smith.
Cereālia, um. pl. solemn feasts to the goddess Ceres.
Cereālis, is, e. adj. [a Ceres] pertaining to Ceres or corn.
Cerebellum, i. n. dim. [a cerebrium] the cerebellum or the hinder part of the head; brains.
Cerebrōsus, a, um. adj. passionale, hasty, choleric; brain-sick, crazed, hare-brained, wild, dizzy, fantastic.
Cerebrum, i. n. qu. carabrum. the brain, the head, the spinal marrow; the pith [of a tree].
Cereōnia, e. f. Vid. Ceremonia.
Ceres, ēris. f. the goddess of corn. Also, corn, bread, food made of corn.
Cerevisia, e. f. qu. cererisia. ale, beer.
Cereus, a, um. adj. [a cera] of wax, waxy; soft, easy, pliant; yellow; prone, apt to take any form; greasy.
Cereus, i. m. a taper or wax-light.
Cerifico, ēre, ēvi, ātum. to make wax, as bees do.
Cerinthe, es. et Cerintha, m. f. a honeysuckle.
Cerium, i. n. [ec. vestimentum] a garment of a wax colour.
Cerinus, a, um. adj. of a wax-colour.
Cerion, i. n. an ulcer or botch like a honey-comb.
Cerno, ēre, crēvi, crētum. act. to sift; to range flour; to separate; to distinguish; to divide; to discern; to see; to judge; to understand; to pre-empt; to resolve; to determine; to decree; to engage with; to fight. [Cernere is to see clearly, so as to be able to discriminate, or judge, whether by the eye, or by the mind. Its original signification was, to sift or separate the flour from the bran.]
Cernuo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. [a cernuus] to stoop with his face forward; to tumble and show tricks; to throw one upon his face.
Cernuus, a, um. adj. [a cerno] hanging down his head with his face downwards.
Ceroma, ātis. n. wrestlers' ointment; the place where wrestlers were anointed with oil.
Ceromāticus, a, um. adj. anointed with the ceroma or wrestlers' oil.
Cerostrotum, i. n. a kind of painting.
Cerotum, i. n. Vid. Ceratum.
Ceruus, a, um. adj. belonging to a tree called *ceruus*.

Cerrinus, a, um. adj. made of the holm-trees.
Ceritus, a, um. adj. qu. Cereritus [a Cerere percussus] mad, frantic, out of his wits.
Cerrus, i. m. a holm-tree or the bitter-onyx.
Certāmen, inis. n. [a certo] a contest; a controversy; a dispute; a trial of skill; a battle or skirmish; a bustle; hazard or danger; a game or exercise; an eager pursuit; the thing striven for.
Certātim, adv. emulously, earnestly, eagerly.
Certatio, ōnis. f. a striving, a struggling; an emulation; exercise of body.
Certātus, impers. [a certo] there is a strife, quarrel or difference.
Certātus, ōis. m. [a certo] a wrestling or striving.
Certātus, a, um. part. striven, contended for.
Certe, adv. [a certus] certainly, surely, undoubtedly, assuredly; at least. After a question, yes. After an objection, true, right.
Certo, adv. certainly, surely, assuredly.
Certo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. [a cerno] to vie with one; to fight; to hicker; to quarrel; to contest; to be mightily earnest; to plot or beat his brains.
Certus, a, um. adj. [a cerno] certain, sure; distinct, determinate, separate; secured from; steady, firm; trusty, faithful; particular; proper, convenient; unerring; resolved; manifest, notorious.
Cerva, e. f. [a cervus] a hind or deer.
Cervātus, a, um. adj. [ab eodem] belonging to a hart or stag.
Cerūchus, i. m. the cords or ropes, by which the two ends of the sail-yards are managed.
Cervical, ālis. n. a pillow or bolster; a night-cap.
Cervicūla, e. f. dim. [a cervix] a little neck.
Cervinus, a, um. adj. [a cervus] of or belonging to a stag or hart.
Cervix, icis. f. the hinder part of the neck, the neck, the shoulders.
Cerūla, e. f. dim. [a cera] a little wax.
Cerūsa, e. f. [qu. creta alba] white lead, paint.
Cerūsātus, a, um. adj. [a cerūsa] painted with ceruse, coloured with white.
Cervus, i. m. a hart or stag, a fork wherewith cottages were propped, a forked stake or pali-sado.
Cespes, itis. m. Vid. Caspes.

Cessatio, ōnis. f. [a cesso] cessation, slackness, idleness, truanting, loitering; a sitting still, a doing nothing; lying fallow.
Cessātor, ōris. m. [a cesso] a loiterer or lingerer, an idle companion, a sluggard or truant.
Cessātum est. impers. they have been loitering.
Cessātus, a, um. adj. ceased, given up, untilled, having lain fallow.
Cessio, ōnis. f. [a cedo] a ceding or giving up.
Cesso, ēre, ēvi, ātum. neut. [a cedo] to cense; to give over; to leave off; to be idle; to play the truant; to delay; to loiter; to linger; to lie still; to be deficient or wanting.
Cestron, i. n. the herb betony.
Cestrosphendone, es. f. a sling, an engine of war to throw darts.
Cestrita, drum. pl. n. pieces of ivory or horn wrought and enamelled with a.
Cestrum, i. n. Vid. Cæstrum.
Cestus, i. m. a marriage-girdle.
Cetāria, e. f. [a cete] a place near the sea where great fishes are taken and salted.
Cetaria, drum. pl. n. great ponds near the sea-side.
Cetarius, i. m. a fishmonger; a taker or seller of great fishes.
Cete, n. pl. muleci. whales.
Cetra, e. f. a short square target or buckler used by the Spaniards and Moors.
Cetrātus, a, um. adj. using such a target.
Cetus, i. m. a whale or a other monstrous sea-fish.
Ceu, adv. as it were, even like us.
Ceva, e. f. a kind of little ci a milch cow.
Cevo, ēre. — neut. to v or move the tail.
Ceyx, ycis. m. a bird breeds in the halcyon's nest.
Chære, all hail, God save you.
Cherēphyllum, i. n. an herb called cherbil.
Chalastrium v. Chalastrium nitrum, pure salt-petre.
Chalaxion, i. n. a stithe; a little pimple or wart on the eye-lid.
Chalcantion et Chalcanthum, i. n. copperas, vitriol, shoe-maker's black; the water of copper or brass.
Chalceos, i. f. a kind of thistle or prickly herb.
Chalcetum, i. n. a kind of thistle.
Chalcens, a, um. adj. of brass, brazen.
Chalcis, idis. f. a newt or evel, a venomous serpent, a certain fish of the turbot kind.

Chalcites, *æ* m. a precious stone of the colour of brass.
Chalcitis, *Iudis*, f. the stone from which brass is melted, brass ore; red vitriol.
Chalcophonus, i. c. g. a black stone, sounding like brass.
Chalcus, i. m. the thirty-sixth part of a drachm; also a coin of seven miles.
Chaldeus, i. m. a Chaldean, &c. an astrologer, a caster of nativities.
Chaldaicus, a, um. adj. of Chaldean, belonging to astrology or fortune-telling.
Challo, *fire*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to slacken the sail.
Challybius, a, um. adj. of steel.
Challybs, *ybis*, m. a kind of very hard iron, steel, a sword.
Chimæactæ, *es*. f. Walwort or Danewort, a kind of dwarf elder-tree.
Chimæocræsus, i. f. a dwarf cherry-tree.
Chimæocissus, i. f. ground-ivy.
Chimæaphne, *es*. f. the herb periwinkle; spurge laurel.
Chimæoleon, *ontis* v. *onis*, m. a chamælion; a thistle of which there are two sorts, viz. white and black.
Chimæleuce, *es*. f. the herb orna; or, according to others, marsh marigold; coltsfoot.
Chimæmælon, i. u. the herb chamæmile.
Chimæplātūnus, i. n. dwarf plumb-tree, water elder.
Chimærophes, *rectius* **Chimæriphe**, um. m. pl. a kind of date-trees, dwarf palm.
Chimætræ et Chimætrides, um. f. pl. little images resembling hand-maids or waiting-women sitting on the ground.
Chimnæa, *æ*. f. a kind of herb, see-fingered grass or spurge olive.
Channe, *es*. f. a fish like a perch, a ruff.
Chaos, n. *accus*. Chaos; *dat. et abl.* Chao. a confused and disordered heap of things; the first matter whereof poets supposed all things were made; any deep, dark, place; hell.
Chara, *æ*. f. a certain root, eaten instead of bread.
Chāræctus, a, um. adj. staked or pruned up as vines are.
Chāræctus, *æ*. m. a kind of spurge.
Chāracter, *eris*, m. a branding-iron; a character; a style; a form or fashion of writing or speaking; a description or character.
Chāradrivus, i. m. a bird, the seeing of which cures those that have the jaundice; a sea-lark.
Chāristie, *trum*. pl. n. a solemn feast or banquet among kinsfolk.

Chāritas, *ātis*, f. love, charity, &c.
Chārites, um. pl. f. the three Graces, Aglaia v. Pasithea, Thalia, Euphrosyne.
Charta, *æ*. f. paper; any material to write upon; a thin plate of any thing; a charter, a card; a leaf or side of paper, a book, a letter or epistle.
Chartavius, a, um. adj. of paper.
Chartula, *æ*. f. dim. [a charta] a little roll or piece of paper, a cartel.
Chārus, a, um. adj. dear, dearly beloved.
Chasma, *ātis*, n. a great gaping or opening of the earth or firmament; a gulf.
Chaus, i. m. a wolf spotted like a panther or leopard; a cat o' mountain.
Chelæ, *trum*. pl. f. crabs' claws; the clefts or forepart of the celestial sign Scorpio or Libra.
Chelidonia, *æ*. f. [sc. herba] the herb celandine, very good for the eyes; swallow-wort, a kind of fig, the name of a precious stone.
Chelidontas, *æ*. m. qui et Favonius, the west wind.
Chelidontus, a, um. adj. belonging to a swallow.
Chelonia, *trum*. n. pl. the cheeks or side posts of a crane, to lift up great stones or timber with.
Chelōntis, *Iudis*, f. a precious stone like a tortoise, used in magic.
Chelydrus, i. m. a water-tortoise, a water-snake like a tortoise.
Chelys, *vos*, m. a lute or harp.
Chenilōpex, *æcis*, f. a bird of the goose kind.
Chenoboscum, i. n. a goose-pen.
Chērūntes, *is*, m. a kind of precious stone.
Chernites, *is*, m. a stone like ivory, in which dead bodies were preserved.
Chersinus, a, um. adj. of land.
Chersonesus v. **Cherrontus**, i. f. a peninsula or tract of land, almost surrounded by the sea.
Cheros, i. f. land or ground unmanured; a continent or mainland.
Chersydros, i. m. a serpent living as well on the land as in the water.
Chia, *æ*. f. [sc. ficus] a delicious fig.
Chiliarchus, i. et **Chiliarcha**, *æ*. m. a captain over a thousand, a colonel or commander of a thousand men.
Chimera, *æ*. f. a poetical monster, like a lion in the forepart, a dragon behind, and a goat in the middle, the name of a ship, in Virg.—of a miss, in Hor.
Chimerifer, *tra*, *trum*. adj. pro-

ductive of chimæras or monsters.

Chimérinus, a, um. adj. wintry; the winter tropic.
Chiragra, *æ*. f. the hand-gout.
Chiragricus, a, um. adj. [a præced.] one having the gout in his fingers.
Chiramaxium, i. n. a child's go-cart.
Chirogrāphum, i. n. a hand-writing; a bill or bond under one's own hand.
Chirōnion, i. n. century; the herb gentian or fell-wort; the third sort of panacea, wound-wort or all-heal.
Chirōnius, a, um. adj. [a præced.] of Chiron. Chironia vitis, the wild or black vine; briony.
Chirōnōmia, *æ*. f. a kind of gesture with the hands, either in dancing or carving of meat or pleading.
Chirōnōmon, *ōntis*, m. showing nimble motions with his hands.
Chirōnōmus, i. m. one that uses motions with his hands in dancing.
Chirurgia, *æ*. f. the art of chirurgery or surgery.
Chirurgus, i. m. a chirurgeon or surgeon.
Chlāmēdētus, a, um. adj. cloaked, having a short cloak on.
Chlāmys, *ydis*, f. a cloak, a soldier's coat, a tunic or loose coat, to be worn over the vest or doublet; a woman's gown or mantle; a child's garment.
Chlorites, *æ* m. a precious stone, green like grass.
Chonaspites, *æ*. m. a precious stone, green and glittering like gold.
Chōlōra, *æ*. f. the sickness of the stomach, with a flux and vomit.
Cholēricus, a, um. adj. troubled with cholera, cholerick.
Chōlos, i. m. a precious stone of the emerald kind.
Chōragium, i. n. the tiring or dressing room in play-houses, the players' apparel, and furniture of the stage, &c., dress or ornament.
Chōrāgus, i. m. in Greek authors, a setter forth or the master at plays, who provides all things at his own expense; but in Latin, the keeper of the apparel, or he who furnishes the attire at the expense of others.
Chōraules v. **Chōraula**, *æ*. m. a minstrel.
Chōraulistria, *æ*. f. [a præced.] a she-minstrel or woman-piper.
Chorda, *æ*. f. the string of a harp, lute or any other such instrument, a cord.
Chordapsus, i. m. the wringing and griping pains or twisting

of the small guts, together with a swelling.

Chordus, a, um. adj. *Vid.* Cordus.

Chorea, æ. f. a dance; a ball.

Choræus, i. m. a foot in verse, of two syllables, one long and one short, as *Scribb.* It is also called *Trochæus*.

Chorobates, æ. m. a measure of twenty feet long.

Chorocitharista, æ. m. he that plays on a harp or lute with others, as they dance.

Chorocitharista, Ærum. f. pl. a concert of instruments and voices.

Chorographus, i. m. a describer of countries and regions.

Chora, tis. f. per sync. ex cohora. a place where poultry are kept, a yard, a barton, a pen, or coop, a band or company of soldiers.

Chortalis, is, e. adj. [a. *præced.*] of such a coop or that is fed in such a coop.

Chorus, i. m. a company of singers and dancers; a choir or company, a concert, a band or company of men, any company or assembly.

Chreston, i. n. succory.

Chria, æ. f. a short moral sentence for an exercise in rhetoric.

Chroma, tis. n. pleasant and delightful music, sung with quavers and graces; a set off, a colour or fair pretence in rhetoric.

Chronica, Ærum. pl. n. chronicles or histories.

Chronicus, i. m. a chronologer, a historian.

Chrysilla, idis. f. a worm or grub, of which comes the butterfly.

Chrysanthemum, i. n. crowfoot with yellow flowers, called golden knobs; corn-marigold.

Chrysotrumum, i. n. gold-coloured amber.

Chryseleus, a, um. adj. stones of a yellow amber-colour.

Chrysendeton, i. n. a cup tipped with gold.

Chrysiopæa, æ. f. a kind of herb.

Chrystitis, idis. f. gold foam, the herb milfoil or yarrow.

Chrysoberyllus, i. m. a chrysolite stone.

Chrysocarpum, i. n. a kind of ivy.

Chrysotampis, idis. f. a precious stone.

Chrysolithos, i. m. a chrysolite.

Chrysomelum, i. n. a yellow quince, an orange.

Chrysophrys, yos. f. a fish so called from the golden colour over his eyes.

Chrysopsis, is. f. a precious stone like gold.

Chrysotærus, i. m. a kind of topaz.

Chrysos, i. m. gold, a gold-head, a fish.

Chrysobthales, is. f. the less sort of wall-pennywort.

Chydæus, a, um. adj. vile, of no worth.

Cibalis, is, e. adj. of meat or food.

Cibaria, Ærum. pl. n. food, meat, victuals, provision.

Cibarium, i. n. the second sort of flour; food.

Cibarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to meat or victuals.

Cibatus, Ærum. m. victualling, food, sustenance, provision; feeding or fattening of cattle.

Cibo, Ære, avi, Ætum. act. to feed; to nourish; to fatten.

Ciborium, i. n. the Egyptian bean; a large drinking cup.

Cibus, i. m. meat, any kind of victuals, food; increase, nourishment.

Cicada, æ. f. a cauterelle; a balm-cricket.

Cicatricosus, a, um. adj. that has many scars; full of chops or gashes.

Cicatricula, æ. f. dim. a little scar.

Cicatrix, icis. f. a scar, a chop in the bough of a tree, a rent or patch in a shoe.

Cicum, i. n. al Cicum. the skin in a pomegranate, a thing of nought, a straw, a rush, a pin, &c.

Cicer, Æris. n. a small pulse less than peas, vetches.

Cicera, æ. f. a kind of pulse good for fodder.

Cicerilla, æ. f. dim. [a cicer] chichling, little chiches.

Cicercilum, i. n. a kind of cinop or red colour.

Cichorium, i. n. the herb succory.

Cichorium, i. n. cichory or succory, the wild endive.

Ciconia, æ. f. a stork; an instrument used by husbandmen.

Cicur, Æris, omn. gen. adj. tame, gentle, mild.

Cicuta, æ. f. hemlock; a kind of hellebore; a pipe made of the stalk of hemlock; a shepherd's pipe.

Cidaris, is. f. a sash, a turban, a mitre.

Cleo, Ære, tri, Ætum. act. to move; to stir; to incite; to make; to provoke and egg one on; to excite; to rouse; to summon; to call; to call upon; to invoke; to name; to repel or drive back.

Cilium, il. n. the outmost edge of the eye-lid, the hairs of the eye-lids.

Cimex, icis. m. a kind of fly or worm, a wall-louse, chinch or bug.

Cimolia terra, fuller's earth

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Cinædicus, a, um. adj. wanton, lecherous, bawdy.

Cinædus, i. m. a gelded youth, a catamite; a wanton dancer or shower of tricks, a tumbler; a fish all over yellow.

Cinædus, a, um. adj. pro Cinædus, soft, wanton, bawdy.

Cinæra, æ. f. an artichoke.

Cinncinnatus, a, um. adj. [a cinncinnus] that has curled or crisped hair.

Cinclinulus, i. m. dim. [ah eodem] a little lock or curl of hair.

Cinclinus, i. m. a crisped, curled, braided, or frizzled lock.

Cinctulus, i. m. dim. [a cinctus] a short coat girded about the navel, and reaching to the middle of the leg.

Cinctorium, i. n. a girth or girdle; a belt, a water-belt.

Cinctura, æ. f. a girding.

Cinctus, a, um. part. girded, encompassed, beset with, surrounded, environed.

Cinctus, Ærum. m. [a cingo] a girdle, a short coat girded a little below the paps; a dress.

Cinctutus, a, um. adj. armed and ready to fight; or girt and trusted up, after the old fashion.

Cinifactus, a, um. part. turned to ashes, incinerated.

Ciniferæus, a, um. adj. [a cinis] of an ash-colour.

Ciniferius, i. m. id. quod Ciniflo, a tire-man, who makes dresses for women, or attends them when they are dressing.

Ciniferus, a, um. adj. of or like ashes; of an ash-colour.

Cingo, Ære, xxi, Ætum. act. to tie about; to gird; to surround. to defend; to environ; to be siege; to dwell round about.

Cingula, æ. f. a band to bin beasts with; a girth.

Cingulum, i. n. a girdle or binding band, the cestus of *Venus*. The five zones are called cinguli.

Ciniflo, Ænis. m. [ex cinis et flo] a frizzler or curler of the hair, he that made ashes or powder to colour women's hair or blow them upon the hair.

Cinis, cineris, m. v. f. ashes, embers, cinders; the reliques and memory of the dead.

Cinnabari, n. indecl. et Cinnabaris, is. f. a gum or liquor of an Indian tree; a soft red stone found in mines, called minium, red-lead or vermilion.

Cinnamomulus, a, um. adj. [a seq.] made of cinnamon.

Cinnamomum, i. n. the cinnamon-tree or cinnamon itself.

Cinnamum, i. n. the cinnamon-tree or cinnamon.

Cinnaris, is. f. an herb which is a remedy against poison to the stag or hart.

Cir, tre, tvi, itum. to stir; to call; to excite.

Cippus, i. m. a *palisado* or sharp stake, a *grave-stone* or monument.

Circa, prap. cum acc. [a circum] about; concerning; nigh or near to; hard by.

Circa [sc. herba a Circe] the herb *nightshade*.

Circenses, ium. m. [sc. ludi] games or exercises of wrestling, running, &c. running with great horses, tilts, barriers, jousts, or tournaments.

Circensis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the circus, or place of exercise.

Circes, tis. m. [a circus] a hoop or ring, a sort of olive.

Circinatio, onis. f. [a circino] an orbicular motion, a turning round, a measuring with compasses.

Circinatus, a, um. part. compassed, rounded.

Circino, are, avi, atum. act. [a circinus] to make a circle; to compass round; to turn round.

Circinus, i. m. [a circus] a compass, a pair of compasses; the shingles.

Circiter, adv. [a circa] about, nigh.

Circius, i. m. a vehement wind, blowing out of France through Italy.

Circulus, i. m. pro *Circulus*, a hoop, &c.

Circos, i. m. a kind of hawk, lame of one foot.

Circueo v. Circumeo, culre, cutvi, cultum. to go about.

Circuito, onis. f. a circuit, a ring the round in a city or amp, a fetching a compass; gving by sorites; a going about the bush, a long preamble.

Circuitus, a, um. part. gone about or compassed round.

Circuitus, us. m. a compass or circuit; a going about.

Circularis, is, e. adj. round, circular or belonging to a circle.

Circulatio, adv. circle-wise, round about; in a circle or ring.

Circulator, oris. m. [a circulo] any hawk for gain; a mountebank, a quack.

Circulatorius, a, um. adj. belonging to strollers, mountebanks, &c.

Circulatrix, icis. f. a she-gipsy, &c. a stroller, or one who lies by acting drolls and showing tricks.

Circulo, are, avi, atum. [a circulus] to environ; to compass about; to encircle; to turn the head about; to stare round.

Circulor, ari, atus. dep. to meet in companies; to run to and

fro; to hawk about; to stroll.

Circulus, i. m. dim. [a circus] an orb, circle, or compass, a ring or round chain, a hoop, an assembly or company of men standing or sitting together in a circle, a round cake.

Circum, prap. regit acc. about, round about; with or in company with.

Circumactus, a, um. part. turned round.

Circumactus, us. m. a turning round.

Circumaggéro, are, avi, atum. act. to heap about; to cast a heap about.

Circumago, are, avi, atum. act. to turn round; to wheel about; to pursue; to drive one about; to make free.

Circumaro, are, avi, atum. act. to plough round about.

Circumcido, are, cidi, clausum. act. [a circum et cado] to cut or pare about; to lop or prune trees; to shorten; to take off; to take away; to forbid.

Circumcingo, are, xxi, actum. act. to compass round; to environ.

Circumcirca, adv. round about, on every side.

Circumcise, adv. briefly, shortly.

Circumcisa, e. f. a cutting or incision.

Circumclaus, a, um. part. pruned, lopped, cut, or pared away; avoided, short, circumcised, taken away, forbidden.

Circumclaudio, are, claudi, clausum. act. to inclose round; to hem in on every side; to environ; to compass round about.

Circumclúdo, are, cludi, clusum. act. [ex circum et claudio] to inclose round; to encompass; to hem in.

Circumclusus, a, um. part. shut and closed in.

Circumcölo, lere, lui, cultum. to dwell; to inhabit round about or nigh some place.

Circumculeo, are, avi, atum. act. [calco] to trample all over.

Circumcurrents ars, in art not limited to any certain matter, but conversant about every thing.

Circumcurso, are, avi, atum. freq. to run up and down or hither and thither.

Circumdo, are, dudi, dñtum. act. to compass about; to environ; to inclose; to clasp fast about. [Circumdare, when it means to put around, governs the thing put round in the accusative, and the thing enclosed in the dative: but when it signifies to surround, it governs the accusative of the thing

enclosed, and the ablative of that which is put around, or with which it is encompassed. Hence, circumdari is frequently ambiguous, admitting two meanings directly contrary. If we say, Murus ignibus circumdatus est, it may signify either, the wall was encompassed with fires; or a wall was put round the fires, that is, the fires were surrounded with a wall.]

Circumdüco, are, duxi, ductum. act. to lead about; to lead one out of the way; to cheat; to impose upon.

Circumductio, onis. f. a bringing round; an amplification; a circumference; a cheating; a cozening.

Circumductus, a, um. part. surrounded, wrapped, muffled.

Circumductus, us. m. a circumference, a winding about.

Circümeo, tre, tvi, itum. act. to go about; to encircle; to encompass; to environ; to circumvent; to deceive.

Circümquillo, are, avi, atum. act. to ride about.

Circumferro, are, avi, atum. act. to move up and down.

Circumfero, ferre, tñli, latum. act. to carry about; to report; to purify by lustration.

Circumfermo, are, avi, atum. act. to fortify and make strong on all sides; to support.

Circumflecto, are, flexi, flexum. act. to bend about; to fetch compass.

Circumflexus, a, um. part. bowed or bent about.

Circumflö, are, avi, atum. act. to flow on all sides.

Circumfluo, are, fluxi, fluxum. act. to flow about; to abound; to come together.

Circumfluous, a, um. adj. that flows or runs about; flowed about.

Circumfödio, are, di, fossum. act. to dig about.

Circumforäneus, a, um. adj. that goes up and down; that is carried about the market.

Circumforätus, a, um. part. bored round.

Circumfossor, oris. m. he that digs or delves about; a pioneer.

Circumfossura, e. f. a digging about the roots of trees.

Circumfrämo, märe, mul, itum. act. to chirp; to chatter; to make a noise about.

Circumfrico, are, ul, etum. act. to rub all over.

Circumfulgeo, are, fulsi, fulsum. act. to shine round about on every side.

Circumfundo, are, fudi, fulsum. act. to pour or shed about; to encompass.

Circumfusus, a, um. part. *compassed about; compassing about, lying round about; routed, slain.*
Circumfusus, a, um. part. *frozen all over.*
Circumgemo, āre, mui, mltum. act. *to groan; to roar; to make a lamentable noise round about.*
Circumgesto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to carry about with him.*
Circumgibitus, a, um. adj. *gathered in heaps.*
Circumgredior, di, gressus. dep. *to march round about.*
Circumjaceo, ēre, ui, itum. act. *to lie about.*
Circumjecto, abl. a *laying or covering round.*
Circumjectus, a, um. part. *laid, cast, situate, or made about.*
Circumjicio, cēre, jeci, jectum. *to cast all about or on every side.*
Circumlitus, ūs. m. [a *circumeo*] *a going about the farthest way.*
Circumlambo, bēre, bi. — *to lick about.*
Circumlatus, a, um. part. [a *circumfero*] *carried about; reported.*
Circumlavo, āre, lāvi, lōtum et lāvatum. *to wash or flow round about.*
Circumligo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to tie about.*
Circumlino, ēre, lvi, itum. *to anoint or besmear all over; to lard a discourse.*
Circumlinitus, a, um. part. *besmeared about, painted round on the borders.*
Circumlino, āre, lvi, lvi et lvi, itum. act. *to anoint or daub all over.*
Circumlito, ōnis. f. *an anointing about; a polishing, burnishing or putting the last hand to; the finishing work.*
Circumlōcūto, ōnis. f. *a periphrasis; circumlocution.*
Circumlōquor, qui, locūtus. dep. *to speak by way of circumlocution.*
Circumlucens, tis. part. *glaring, glittering or shining, round.*
Circumluo, ēre, lui. — act. *to wash about.*
Circumlustro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to go round about; to reconnoitre.*
Circumlūvio, ōnis. f. [a *circumst lavo*] *the flowing or compassing about of waters.*
Circummissus, a, um. part. *sent round about.*
Circummitto, ēre, misi, missum. act. *to send round about.*
Circummoio, ēre, lvi, itum. act. *to wall about.*
Circummantus, a, um. part. *walled or inclosed round about.*
Circummaleo, ēre, lai, lum et

letum. act. *to stroke softly or gently on every part.*
Circummūlo, ēre, lvi, itum. act. *to entrench; to ditch in all about; to fence all round.*
Circummūtio, ōnis. f. *the inclosing or investing of a place.*
Circumnavigo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to sail round.*
Circumnecto, nectēre, nexui, nexum. act. *to connect or join together.*
Circumobruo, ēre, ui, ātum. act. *to cover all over with earth; to overlay.*
Circumpādnus, a, um. adj. *dwelling or lying about the river Po.*
Circumpēdes, um. pl. m. *pages or lacqueys; waiters or attendants at table.*
Circumplector, ti, lexus. *to embrace; to surround; to encompass.*
Circumplexus, a, um. part. *surrounding, environing.*
Circumplexus, ūs. m. *a clasping or embracing one another; a twining round; a twisting about.*
Circumplectus, a, um. part. *twisted about, entwined, enfolded.*
Circumplio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to fold or wind about; to roll or wrap about.*
Circumpōno, ēre, pōui, pōstum. act. *to lay or put all about.*
Circumpōtūto, ōnis. f. *a quaffing or drinking round.*
Circumpurgo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to cleanse round about.*
Circumrādo, ēre, rāui, rāsum. act. *to shave round; to scrape about.*
Circumrāso, ōnis. f. *a shaving or scraping round about.*
Circumrāsus, a, um. part. *shaved or scraped about.*
Circumrēdo, ēre, rēui, itum. act. *to entangle; to ensnare.*
Circumrētus, a, um. part. *entangled, hampered, hemmed in.*
Circumrōdo, ēre, rōui, rōsum. act. *to gnaw about; to detract.*
Circumscalpo, ēre, psi, ptum. *to scrape about.*
Circumscarificus, a, um. part. *scarified round.*
Circumscindo, ēre, scidi, scisum. act. *to cut round about.*
Circumscribo, ēre, ipsi, iptum. act. *to draw a circle round; to draw; to circumscribe; to limit; to comprise briefly; to cheat; to over-reach; to circumvent; to cast out of office.*
Circumscripte, adv. *closely, briefly.*
Circumscriptio, ōnis. f. *a bounding or limiting; a cheating or over-reaching.*

Circumscriptor, ōris. m. *a cheat, a cheater.*
Circumscriptus, a, um. part. et adj. *circumscribed, confined, discarded, cashiered; deceived, cheated.*
Circumsēco, ēre, cui, ectum. act. *to cut round.*
Circumsectus, a, um. part. *circumcised.*
Circumsēdeo, ēre, sēdi, sessum. act. *to sit round about; to besiege.*
Circumsēpio, ēre, psi, ptum. act. *to inclose; to hedge in.*
Circumsēro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to sow or plant round about.*
Circumsessio, ōnis. f. *a sitting round about.*
Circumsessus, a, um. part. *besieged, surrounded, encompassed, beset on all sides.*
Circumsideo, ēre, sēdi, sessum. act. [ex *circum et sedeo*] *to beset; to besiege; to invest; to block up.*
Circumsido, ēre. — sessum. *to lay siege to; to sit about; to invest a place; to block it up.*
Circumsigno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to mark all about.*
Circumilio, ēre, lui. — neut. *to leap round about.*
Circumsisto, ēre, stiti, stitum. act. *to stand about; to gather about; to defend.*
Circumsōno, āre, ui, itum. act. *to sound all about; to ring again.*
Circumsōnus, a, um. adj. *sounding round about.*
Circumspectrix, tris. f. *a starrer or gazer.*
Circumspecte, adv. *advisedly, circumspectly, warily.*
Circumspectio, ōnis. f. [a *circumspectio*] *advisement, great consideration, circumspection, carefulness, discretion.*
Circumspecto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to look about; to consider a thing diligently.*
Circumspectus, a, um. adj. *as part. wise, prudent, wary, circumspect; watchful, considerate; regarded, considered.*
Circumspingo, ēre, rai, raum. act. *to sprinkle about.*
Circumspicio, ēre, exi, ctum. act. *to look about; to take care; to be cautious; to boast or vaunt.*
Circumspicatur, impers. *it is looked about; circumspection is exercised.*
Circumstantia, ō. f. *a circumstance.*
Circumstipatus, a, um. part. *thronged about.*
Circumstipor, āri, ātus. pass. *to be closely crowded round; to be guarded.*
Circumsto, āre, stiti, stitum. act. *to stand about.*

affinity in this respect to *lenitas*, *suauietas*, *felicitas*, &c. Hence it denotes, and perhaps strictly so, citizenship or the freedom of the city.]

Civitascula, *m. f.* a little city, &c.

Claes, *is. f.* a discomfiture, slaughter, defeat, or overthrow in war; all kinds of misery and misfortune; hurt, ruin, destruction; plague, pestilence; a destroyer.

Clam, *prep.* *regit. abl.* by stealth, privily, secretly, closely, clandestinely, without one's knowledge, unawares.

Clam, *adv.* secretly, covertly, suddenly, by way of surprise or ambushade.

Clamator, *bris. m.* a bawler or maker of a noise; a crier.

Clamatorius, *a, um. adj.* clamorous, bawling or crying.

Clamatus, *a, um. part.* called to or upon.

Clamatio, *onis. f.* shouting, bawling.

Clamito, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. freq.* [a clamo] to cry out against; to cry aloud; to cry goods about; to profess openly; to declare.

Clamo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to cry; to call upon; to beg earnestly; to complain; to clamour; to speak aloud; to proclaim.

Clamor, *bris. m.* a loud voice; an earnest calling; a din; a clank, humming, lowing, &c. a bawling; a brawling, a clamour; a shriek; an outcry.

Clamose, *adv.* loudly, noisily.

Clamoseus, *a, um. adj.* clamorous, loud, shrill; re-echoing.

Clancularius, *a, um. adj.* secret, close, unknown, anonymous.

Clanculum, *adv.* secretly, privily, privately.

Claustino, *adv.* privately, clandestinely.

Clandestinus, *a, um. adj.* secret, hidden, private, clandestine.

Clango, *äre, nxi, — act.* to sound a trumpet; to clang; to cry like an eagle, a goose, or a crane; to shout.

Clangor, *bris. m.* the sound of a trumpet; the cry of an eagle, the clanking of a goose or the crunking of a crane; any loud or shrill noise.

Clare, *adv.* brightly; distinctly; clearly; aloud; plainly, explicitly.

Clareo, *äre, rui, —* to be clear and bright; to shine; to be illustrious; to be known or manifested.

Claresco, *äre. —* Incept. to grow bright and clear; to be manifest; to become famous.

Clarifico, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to call aloud.

Clarificus, *a, um. adj.* sounding aloud.

Clarigatio, *onis. f.* [a clarigo] a demand of satisfaction for injury, and upon refusal a proclamation of war; a levying of taxes.

Clarigo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* [a clarus] to demand amends for injuries done; to proclaim; to denounce war.

Clarisonus, *a, um. adj.* sounding clear, loud or shrill.

Claritas, *ätis. f.* plainness, clearness, brightness; excellency, fame, renown; nobleness of birth.

Claritudo, *dinis. f.* renown or fame.

Claro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* [a clarus] to clear; to brighten; to declare; to show; to make plain; to ennoble; to make famous.

Claror, *bris. m.* brightness, neatness.

Clarus, *a, um. adj.* clear, bright, fair; plain, evident; loud and shrill; famous, renowned; noble, honourable; brave, heroic.

Classarius, *a, um. adj.* belonging to a navy.

Classicen, *inis. m.* [a classicum] a trumpeter; the crier of a court; a common crier.

Classicula, *m. f. dim.* [a classis] a little fleet.

Classicum, *i. n.* the sound of a trumpet; the trumpet itself.

Classicus, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to a fleet or navy.

Classicus, *i. m.* he that sounds a trumpet to call the classes to the assemblies; the crier of the court; a seaman, a foreman; a freeman or denizen; a subsidy-man, a citizen or freeman paying scot and lot.

Classis, *is. f.* a navy or fleet; an armada; a single ship; a class or rank of citizens; a form in schools; any division of men; a troop of horse.

Clathratus, *a, um. part.* latticed, barred, cross-barred, grated.

Clathro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to shut with lattices, bars, grates or rails.

Clathrus, *i. m. v.* lathrum, *i. n.* a bar; a lattice; a grate with cross-bars; a baluster; a harrow or rake.

Clava, *m. f.* a club or baton.

Clavator, *bris. m.* a servant who carries a club for his master's defence.

Claudius, *a, um. adj.* [a Claudius] of Claudius; royal, imperial.

Claudicatio, *onis. f.* halting, limping, lameness.

Claudio, *äre, ävi, ätum. [a claudio, pro claudio] to halt; to be lame; to hobble; to fail; to be feeble or maimed.*

Claudo, *äre, ausi, ausum. act.* to shut; to stanch; to stop; to close; to finish; to keep off; to withstand; to surround; to encompass.

Claudus, *a, um. adj.* lame, halting, crippled; wavering, uncertain, feeble; short, deficient.

Clavicula, *m. f. dim.* [a clavis] the tendril, young twig or shoot of a vine.

Claviger, *ära, ärum. adj.* carrying a club.

Claviger, *ära, ärum. adj.* that carries keys.

Clavis, *is. f.* a key, a lock, or bolt; a cliff in music.

Clavola, *m. f. dim.* [a clava] a graft, a slip of a tree, a cion, or young set.

Claustum, *i. n.* [a claudio] an inclosure, bar or close gate; any manner of thing that incloses; a closet or withdrawing-room, the leaf of a gate, door or window; a limit, bound or fence.

Clausula, *m. f. dim.* [a clausa] a little sentence; the conclusion or end of a letter, a close or utmost end.

Clausum, *i. n.* a close, a stable, a stall, or hive; any close place.

Clausus, *a, um. part.* [a claudio] inclosed, shut up, environed, surrounded, besieged, finished, concluded, secret, close confined.

Clavulus, *i. m. dim.* [a clavus] a little nail, a hobnail, a spangle.

Clavus, *i. m.* a nail, a spike, a note by which the old Romans reckoned their years, serving instead of a calendar, a button or stud, a round knob or stud of purple, or the robes of senators and knights, the former wore them broader than the latter; hence called *laticlavii* and *angusticlavii*; the dignity itself, the rudder of a ship, rule or government, a way of life; a fancy or humour, any callous flesh, a corn in the toe, a little swelling of hard flesh in the corner of the eye, a whitlow, a puff or knur.

Clēmātis, *idis. f.* the herb periwinkle or cotton-weed.

Clēmēns, *tis. adj.* quiet, peaceable; mild, meek, dispassionate, courteous, affable, merciful, compassionate; smooth, easy, undisturbed, benign, kind, moderate.

Clēmēter, *adv.* quietly, leisurely, gently, softly, easily, fa-

pourably, kindly, courteously, compassionately, mercifully, mildly.

Clementia, *a. f.* easiness, evenness of temper, courtesy, affability, good humour, benignity, gentleness, mildness, pity, compassion, calmness, tranquillity; a goddess so called.

Clepo, *pāre, pāi, ptum. act.* to steal; to pilfer; to cover; to shelter; to protect; to conceal.

Clepsydra, *m. f.* a vessel measuring time by water; an hour-glass.

Cleptes *v. Clepta*, *m. m.* [a clepo] a thief or robber.

Clēros, *i. m.* the miscarriage of bees, &c. a worm in bee-hives, which makes the bees sick.

Clibānus, *i. m.* a portable oven or furnace, a stove or hot-house.

Clidūchus, *i. m.* the picture of one holding keys.

Clieus, *tis. m. et f.* a client; a retainer or dependant, a vassal.

Clienta, *æ. f.* a woman retainer, a tenant's wife.

Clientela, *m. f.* the state or relation of clients to their patrons or of tenants to their lords, a dependent, an homager; patronage, protection, guardianship.

Clientulus, *i. m.* a poor client.

Clitax, *clis. n.* in geometry, a plat of land sixty feet square; in astronomy, a clime or climate.

Climacter, *clis. m.* the step or round of a ladder; every seventh year of a man's life.

Climactericus, *a, um. adj.* climacterical. ascending; also, perilous, dangerous, fatal.

Clīnāmen, *clis. n.* a bending or declination.

Clitice, *es. f.* a part of physic which prescribes diet and medicine to bed-ridden people.

Clitacus, *i. m. v. a, um. adj.* of or belonging to bed-ridden patients; of physicians attending them; of the patients themselves.

Clīno, *āre, āvi, ātum.* to bend; to incline.

Clīnōpōdion, *i. n.* the herb horse-thyme, wild basil.

Clitellæ, *clum, pl. f.* dorsers, a pannier or pack-saddle.

Clitellarius, *a, um. adj.* bearing a pannier or pack-saddle.

Clivina avis, [a clivus auspiciis, *i. e.* adversus] a bird, which, in soothsaying, gave a sign against a thing's being done.

Clivusus, *a, um. adj.* full of cliffs, steep, craggy.

Clivulus, *i. m. dim.* a little cliff or descent.

Clivus, *i. m. et Clivum*, *i. n.* any deverity, declivity, slanting, or sloping; any ascent; the ascent or descent of a hill; labour, difficulty.

Closca, *æ. f.* a common sewer, a sink, a wye-draught.

Clodiāna vasa, vessels so called from the maker or inventor.

Clūdo, *dāre, ūsi, ūsum. act.* to shut; to close; to surround; to environ; to stop; to tie about.

Clueo, *uēre*, — — to be named or called; to be spoken of; to be reputed; to be famed or highly commended; to appear to be.

Clūnis, *is. m. et f.* a buttock or haunch.

Clūpen, *æ. f.* a shad.

Clūsilis, *is, e. adj.* [a cludo] easy to be shut up.

Clūsīnus, *a, um. adj.* of Clusium, a city of Etruria.

Clūsus, *a, um. part.* shut up, inclosed.

Clypeātus, *a, um. part.* armed with a buckler, shield or target.

Clypeum, *i. n.* a shield, buckler, &c.

Clypeus, *i. m.* a shield, buckler, or target, an image painted or graven upon it.

Clyster, *clis. m.* a clyster.

Cnebrum *v. Cnebron*, *i. m.* an herb or flower.

Cnicos *v. Cnicus*, *i. f.* bastard saffron, mock saffron.

Cnide, *es. f.* a kind of shell-fish.

Cnōdax, *clis. m.* the gudgeon in the spindle of a wheel, an iron spike.

Coaccēdo, *āre, cessi, cessum. act.* to approach or draw nigh with others; to be added to.

Coācervātio, *clis. f.* a heaping, a gathering together in heaps; an assemblage or accumulation.

Coācervo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to heap up; to lay in heaps; to amass; to accumulate.

Coācesco, *āre*, — — *n.* to grow sour, tart, stale or unpleasant.

Coactio, *clis. f.* [a cogo] an assembling or bringing together; the business of a collector.

Coacto, *āre*, — — *freq.* to constrain much or often.

Coactor, *clis. m.* [a cogo] a gatherer; a collector or receiver; a gatherer of usurers' debts, a purveyor, a constraint or enforcer.

Coactūra, *æ. f.* the gathering up of any thing, a heaping together.

Coactus, *a, um. part.* [a cogo] gathered, assembled, brought together; curdled; hard bound; forced, constrained, compelled; straitened, made narrow.

Coactu, *m. abl.* [a cogo] by constraint, force or compulsion.

Coaddo, *āre, dīdi, dītum. act.* to add or lay together.

Coadjūcio, *āre, jēci, jectum. act.* to cast to or together.

Coādicātus, *a, um. part.* built close together, contiguous.

Coquālis, *is, e. adj.* like, equal, even, coequal.

Coquo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to make one thing equal and even with another; to level; to make indifferent.

Coaggūro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [decomp. ex con, ad, et gero] to amass; to heap up together.

Coagmentatio, *clis. f.* a joining or gluing together; a cementing.

Coagmento, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to join or glue together; to cement.

Coagmentum, *i. n.* a strait joining or coupling of things together; a joint; mortar, cement.

Coāgūlātio, *clis. f.* a curdling, the turning to a curd, the coming of cheese or butter.

Coāgūlātus, *a, um. part.* curdled or congealed together.

Coāgūlo, *āre, āvi, ātum.* to curdle or gather into cream, to curdle; to thicken.

Coāgūlum, *i. n.* the runnet which turns milk; a calf's maw; any thing that joins things together.

Coālesco, *āre, coalui*, — — *n.* to grow together or close; to grow into; to be united.

Coāllitus, *a, um. part.* grown increased, improved.

Coangusto, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to make narrow; to restrain, to make straiter.

Coarctatio, *clis. f.* a straitening or crowding together.

Coarcto, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to straiten; to gather a matter into few words; to reduce to a narrow compass.

Coarguo, *quēre, gui, gūtum. act.* to tax; to charge one downright; to convince; to convict; to prove manifestly; to disprove; to take tardy.

Coaspermans, *tis. part.* [a coaspermor, *inuit.*] slighting together.

Coassatio, *clis. f.* [a seq.] a boarding or joining; a planking or laying a floor; the laying of the joists.

Coasso, *āre, āvi, ātum. quod et Coaxo*, to plank; to floor with boards.

Coaxatio, *clis. f.* the boarding or flooring of a room.

Coaxātus, *a, um. part.* boarded, floored, planked.

Coaxo, *āre, āvi, ātum.* [ex *sons* *factus*] to croak like a frog.

Cöbio, onis. m. *usitatus* Gobio, a gudgeon.
Cocclnatus, a, um. adj. arrayed in scarlet.
Cocclneus, a, um. adj. died in grain, of scarlet or crimson.
Cocclnum, i. n. a scarlet robe or garment died in grain.
Cocclnus, a, um. adj. of a scarlet or crimson colour.
Coccum, i. n. the grain wherewith cloth is died scarlet; scarlet cloth died in grain.
Coccus, i. m. cloth died with scarlet.
Cochlea, æ. f. the shell of a snail or the snail itself, a fish called a cockle, a periwinkle, a shell-fish; any thing in a periwinkle or spiral form; a vice or worm; the screw or spindle of a press, a pair of winding stairs, a pump, a kind of door.
Cochleare, is. n. et per apocop.
Cochlear, Æris, n. a spoon, a measure, a spoonful.
Cochleæria, is. e. adj. of or pertaining to a spoon.
Cochlearium, i. n. the least measure of liquid things, the twelfth part of a cyathus, a spoonful; a cockle-pit; a stove or place to keep cockles or shell-fish in.
Cochlidium, i. n. et Cochlis, Idis. f. a winding stair-case.
Cöcio, onis. m. a higger or pedlar.
Cocles, Itis. c. g. that is born with one eye only or that has but one eye.
Cocolobis, is. f. a Spanish grape.
Cocclnum, i. n. Vid. Cottana.
Cocclibis, is. e. adj. easily boiled or baked; easy of digestion.
Coccllis, is. e. adj. sodden, baked, wasted.
Cocclio, onis. f. [a coquo] seething, boiling, digestion, concoction.
Cocclivus, a, um. adj. easily boiled or roasted; soon ripe, perhaps easily concocted or digested.
Cöctor, öris. m. [a coquo] a seether or boiler.
Cocclura, æ. f. a seething, digestion, seasonable weather to ripen fruit.
Cocclus, a, um. adj. sodden, boiled, baked, cooked; ripe; ruminated, digested.
Cöclum, i. n. [a coquo] a pot or kettle to boil in.
Cödex, teis. m. the body, stump or stock of a tree; a book or volume.
Cödicillus, i. m. dim. [a codex] a stick or bavin, a little book, a table-book, a letter missive; in plur. epistles, letters; letters patent of a prince; an appendix to a will.

Cöclivus, a, um. adj. diseased in the lower ventricle, griped in the guts, that cannot go to stool.
Cöelum, i. n. Vide Cælum.
Cöemo, Ære, mi, mptum. act. [ex con et emo] to buy up commodities; to hire.
Cöemptio, onis. f. a buying up, a form of the civil law, in which the man and wife that were to be, did, as it were, buy one another, so that by that means they had a right to each other's goods.
Cöemptus, a, um. part. bought up.
Cæna, æ. f. a set meal among the ancients, a supper; the room wherein they supped.
Cænæculum, i. n. a parlour or other place to sup in; an upper chamber, a garret or cock-loft in the top of a house.
Cænæticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to supper.
Cænatio, onis. f. a summer-house to sup or eat in; a parlour.
Cænätioncûla, æ. f. dim. a little place or parlour to sup in; a little room of entertainment.
Cænätorium, i. n. a night-gown, a garment to sup in.
Cænatum est. impera. it is supped; supper is over; we, ye, they, &c. supped.
Cænäturio, Ære, Ivi, —. to have an appetite for supper.
Cænatus, a, um. part. having supped, treated with a supper.
Cænito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to sup often.
Cæno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to sup; to be at supper.
Cænæus, a, um. adj. dirty, filthy, miry, full of nastiness.
Cænûla, æ. f. dim. [a cæna] a little supper, a short collation.
Cænium, i. n. dirt, mire; obscurity, poverty, meanness; a vile, dirty fellow.
Cöbo, colre, colvi, coltum. to come together; to assemble; to meet; to convene; to be drawn up as soldiers; to swarm together; to close; to shut itself up close; to join battle; to charge the enemy; to rally; to plot unlawfully; to design secretly; to couple together in generation; to join one's self; to accompany; to shrink; to grow thick; to curdle.
Cæpi, lat. &c. præterit. [a cæpio] I have begun or taken in hand.
Cæpio, përe, pl. —. to begin; to attempt.
Cæpto, Ære, —. to begin; to undertake; to be about to do; to set upon a thing; to attempt.

Cæptum, i. n. a beginning, enterprise, attempt.
Cæptusum, I began.
Cæptus, a, um. part. begun, undertaken, attempted.
Cæptus, Ære, mi, mptum. act. to begin or undertake.
Cöequito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to ride together; to ride side by side.
Cöerceo, Ære, cui, clum. act. [a con et arceo] to restrain; to stop; to confine; to bridle; to curb; to keep under; to keep in awe; to bind; to tie up; to comprehend; to contain; to force; to compel; to hinder; to correct; to punish.
Cöercitio, onis. f. [a cöerceo] restraint, coercion, confining, chastisement, a keeping in subjection.
Cöercitus, a, um. part. restrained, refrained, kept in, stopped, compelled, tied up.
Cætus, Ære, mi, mptum. act. a meeting, a conventicle or unlawful meeting, a flock, an engagement or charge, a conjunction or union.
Cöexercitatus, a, um. part. exercised or practised together.
Cögitabilis, is. e. adj. that may be thought upon.
Cögitate, adv. advisedly, on purpose, knowingly.
Cögitatio, onis. f. thinking, musing; a thought; consideration, care; imagination; an intention.
Cögitatum, i. n. a thing mused on, devised or imagined in one's mind; a thought or resolution.
Cögitatus, a, um. part. thought upon, intended, purposed, devised, considered, proposed.
Cögitto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to think; to muse; to cast in mind; to regard; to intend; to bethink himself; to design for; to have in mind or remembrance; to imagine; to devise.
Cögnatio, onis. f. kindred; likeness, agreement.
Cögnatus, a, um. adj. [ex con et nascor] kin allied, near a kin, of the same blood; agreeable, very like; high or adjoining to.
Cögnatus, i. m. a kinsman, by blood; a cousin, by either parent or by adoption.
Cögnitio, onis. f. [a cognosco] knowledge, judgment; a trial or hearing of a cause; cognisance; a rule, definition, or precept; an examination.
Cögnitor, öris. m. one that takes cognisance; a witness; a proctor, an attorney, a lawyer who defends one's cause.

Cognitūra, *m. f.* the practice of an attorney; proctorship or a proctor's fee; a commission for trying and examining of causes.

Cognitus, *a, um. part. et adj.* known; heard, known by report; tried, enjoyed.

Cognōmen, *luis. n.* a surname.

Cognōmentum, *i. n.* a surname; a nickname.

Cognōminātus, *a, um. part. sur-named, nick-named.*

Cognōminis, *is. c. g.* having the same name or surname; a name-sake.

Cognōmīno, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to give a surname; to nickname.

Cognosco, *ēre, nōvi, cognitum. act.* [ex con et nosco] to know; to make enquiry; to sift out; to understand; to be informed; to hear a matter debated, and, as judge, to determine it; to observe; to inform one's self; to view and examine; to find by experience; to have carnal knowledge of; to be acquainted with; to descry.

Cōgo, *ēre, cōgi, cōactum. act.* [contract. ex coago, a con et ago] to gather; to assemble; to make thick; to collect; to receive; to heap up; to rally; to bring up; to curdle; to compel; to conclude and infer by strong arguments; to range under certain heads; to confine people to their own rank.

Cōhærenter, *adv.* together, without interruption; fitly, agreeably.

Cōhærentia, *m. f.* a fastening, hanging or sticking together; a subsisting.

Cōhæreo, *ēre, hæsi, hæsum. neut.* [a con et hæreo] to stick; to hang together; to be joined to; to agree together; to be all of a piece; to cleave together; to be all of one mind; to love each other heartily; to subsist.

Cōhæres, *ēdis. c. g. et Cohæres, a joint-heir with another; a co-heir.*

Cōhæresco, *ēre, — incept.* to agree or hang together; to cling or stick together.

Cōhibeo, *ēre, bui, bitum. act.* [ex con et habeo] to keep close; to hold in; to inclose; to tie about; to keep under; to repress; to bridle; to refrain; to curb; to contain.

Cōhonesto, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to commend; to set off; to honour; to amplify.

Cohorreo, *ēre, rui, — neut.* to shake and quiver; to shiver as in an ague; to be in great horror; to tremble for fear.

Cōhora, *tis. f.* [per sync. Chora,

Cor, et Curs]* a yard where poultry are kept; a coop; a pen; a band of men or soldiers; a regiment of foot in a legion; an assembly or company; a crowd, a pack. [A Cohort, in the Roman armies, consisted generally of six hundred men.]

Cōhortālis, *is, e. adj.* fed in a coop.

Cōhortatio, *ōnis. f.* an exhortation or encouraging; a heartening.

Cōhortātus, *a, um. part.* encouraged, animated, heartened.

Cōhorticūla, *m. f. dim.* a small retinue; a train of servants or attendants.

Cōhortis, *is. f.* a coop or pen.

Cōhortor, *āri, ātus. dep.* to exhort; to encourage; to hearten.

Cōinquinō, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to corrupt; to infect; to defile; to debauch.

Colitio, *ōnis. f.* [a cōbo] an assembling or meeting together; a confederacy; a correspondence or partnership; a shock or charge.

Colitus, *us. m.* [a cōbo] a coming together or assembling.

Cōliphus, *i. m.* a buffet, a blow, a box on the ear; a clap or slap or the chops.

Cōlītus, *a, um. part.* strained.

Cōles *v. Colis, is. m.* a stalk of beans, coleworts, &c. a man's yard.

Cōleus, *i. m.* a man or beast's testicles.

Cōlias, *m. m.* bastard tunny or mackarel.

Cōlica *m. v. Cōlice, is. f.* the colic.

Cōlicūlus, *i. m. dim.* [a coles] a little stalk or the tender branch of an herb.

Cōlicus, *a, um. adj.* of the colic.

Cōliphium, *i. n. et. Colliphium*, a kind of cake which wrestlers ate, to make themselves strong and firm-fleshed.

Cōlībasco, *ēre, —* to be ready to fall; to stagger; to falter.

Cōlībēfacto, *facēre, fēci. factum. act.* to loosen; to destroy; to waste; to enfeeble; to supplant.

Cōlībēfactus, *a, um. part.* weakened or melted.

Cōlībēfacto, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to throw down; to enfeeble; to discourage; to deter.

Cōlībēflo, *stēri, factus. to be broken; to be cast or beaten; to be dashed into pieces; to founder.*

Cōlībor, *i, lapsus. dep.* to fall; to sink; to give way; to stumble; to fall away.

Cōlīcērātus, *a, um. part.* torn or mangled.

Collacrymatio, *ōnis. f.* a weeping with others.

Collacrymo, *āre, āvi, ātum. to bewail or weep for a thing with another.*

Collapsus, *a, um. part.* [a col-labor] ruined or fallen down; out of heart, fainting, fallen into a swoon.

Collāre, *is. n. v. Collarium, i.* [a collum] a collar; a band, cravat or neck-cloth.

Collāria, *m. f.* [scil. catena] a collar or iron ring, for the necks of malefactors.

Collātātus, *a, um. part.* copious enlarged, amplified.

Collātio, *ōnis. f.* [a confero] a bringing or joining together; a comparing or conferring; a tax, an assessment, impost; benevolence or a voluntary contribution or loan; a rhetorical simile.

Collātūsus, *a, um. adj.* borrowed, hired, paid by several, contributed.

Collātivus, *a, um. adj.* Collatīvus venter, a great punch or wen.

Collātor, *ōris. m.* [a confero] a contributor, a collator, an equa-payer.

Collātum est, *impers.* there was a contribution made.

Collātus, *a, um. part.* [a confero] one set or advanced over against the other; compared contributed, bestowed, employed, brought together.

Collaudatio, *ōnis. f.* praise or commendation.

Collaudātus, *a, um. part.* praised, extolled, commended.

Collaudo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to praise with others; to extol to commend; to speak well of.

Collecta, *m. f.* [a colligo] a gathering, a shot or reckoning, club or collection.

Collectāneus, *a, um. adj.* gathered, scraped up together; collected here and there.

Collectio, *ōnis. f.* a collection or gathering together; a picking up, an imposthume or gathering of humors together; a swelling; a conclusion or inference.

Collectivus, *a, um. adj.* gathered up of all sorts, picked up and down.

Collectivus, *a, um. adj.* collective; apt to gather or make inference; that is gathered together into one.

Collectum, *i. n.* that which is gathered together.

Collectus, *a, um. part. et adj.* [a colligo] gathered together, assembled, gotten, picked up, recovered and increased, tied.

Collēga, *m. m.* a fellow, companion, or co-partner, an assistant, associate, coadjutor, cot-

league; one of the same college.
Collēgium, l. n. [a *collega*] a college, a corporation, a company, a fraternity, a society, a fellowship, a partnership.
Collēvo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to mitigate; to give ease.
Collēbertus, i. m. he that is made free by the same master.
Collibet, collibuit, collibitum est, it pleases.
Collīcie, ārum. f. pl. pipes, troughs, gutters, drains.
Collido, ēre, llii, llium. act. [ex con et lēdo] to beat; to knock; to bruise together; to dash one against another.
Colligatio, ōnis. f. a binding, a joining together; a tying fast, a knot, a conjunction.
Colligātum, i. n. a thing that is bound together.
Colligātus, a, um. part. bound together, fastened, enveloped, suited together.
Colligo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex con et ligo] to tie; to bind; to clap together; to pinion; to fetter; to entangle; to engage; to repress; to curb; to suit fitly together.
Colligo, ēre, lēgi, lectum. act. [ex con et lego] to gather; to bring together; to pluck; to pick from the stalk; to harness; to join together; to reckon; to sum up; to collect; to make a collection of; to conclude; to infer; to get; to acquire; to comprehend; to contain; to take up; to recover himself; to take heart; to call to mind; to recollect; to tie; to truss up.
Collīneo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to level; to aim in a right line; to hit the mark.
Collīnitus, a, um. part. [a *collīnio*] daubed over.
Collīno, ēre, llini, llini, et llini, llinum. act. [ex con et lino] to besmear; to defile; to daub.
Collīnus, a, um. adj. of a hill or *collis*.
Collīquēfactus, a, um. part. melted down.
Collīqueo, ēre, lliui. — neut. to melt; to be dissolved.
Collīquesco, ēre, — — to begin to melt; to be dissolved; to be melted down.
Collīquie, ārum. f. pl. drains, water-furrows, gutters.
Collis, īs. m. a little hill, any easy ascent, a hillock, a down.
Collisio, ōnis. f. [a *collido*] a breaking, bruising, knocking or dashing together; collision.
Collisus, a, um. part. dashed together, battered.
Collitui, ahi. m. a beating or dashing together.

Collitus, a, um. part. [ex *collis*] beamed, dirtied.
Collōcatio, ōnis. f. a placing, setting or disposing of things; a settling or bestowing.
Collōco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex con et loco] to set; to pitch; to put; to lay; to employ; to bestow; to let out; to let out for hire; to give in marriage.
Collōcūpleto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to enrich; to make more rich; to adorn; to set forth.
Collōcūtio, ōnis. f. v. *Collōcūtio*, a communication, conference or talking together; a parley.
Collōcūtus, a, um. part. having talked or conversed with.
Collōquium, i. n. a talking together, a parley; a discourse, talk, conference, conversation.
Collōquor, qui, locūtus. dep. to parley; to speak together; to talk with one; to discourse; to confer.
Collūbet, built, et bītum est, impers. it pleases my humour or fancy.
Collūcatio, ōnis. f. the cutting or thinning of boughs in a grove.
Collūceo, ēre, luxi, — neut. to shine; to give a general light; to glitter; to be evident.
Collūco, āre, āvi, ātum. to top or lop trees.
Colluctatio, ōnis. f. a wrestling or struggling together.
Colluctor, āri, ātus. dep. to wrestle or struggle together; to contend.
Collūdo, ēre, lūsi, lūsum. act. to play or sport together; to plead by covin; to deceive.
Collum, i. n. the neck, the crag.
Colluo, ēre, lui, lūsum. act. to rinse; to wash; to scour.
Collūso, ōnis. f. covin and collusion used among lawyers.
Collūsor, ōris. m. a play-fellow, a fellow-gamster.
Collūstorie, adv. knavishly.
Collūstratus, a, um. part. made clear; enlightened, brightened.
Collustro, āre, āvi, ātum. to make clear; to enlighten; to look round about him; to take a view of; to take a survey.
Collūtulo, āre, — — act. to defile; to drag through the dirt; to dishonour; to disgrace.
Collūtus, a, um. part. washed, cleansed.
Collūvīarium, i. n. a sink or gutter; a common sewer.
Collūvies, ei. f. [a *colluo*] filth, dirt; a sink, a kennel; hog-wash, druff, swill; a rabble of people.
Collūvio, ōnis. f. [a *colluo*] filth, wash; offscouring.

Collybus, i. m. the gain or loss by changing money, a handling or telling of money.
Collyra, æ. f. a little loaf of bread, a bun, a cracknell, a cippet.
Collyricus, a, um. adj. bread sopped in broth; a brevis.
Collyrium, i. n. a medicine for the eyes, eye-salve; a tent or pessary, a clyster.
Colātus, a, um. part. strained, cleansed.
Colo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a *colum*] to strain; to purge; to cleanse.
Colo, ēre, lui, cultum. act. to till; to cultivate ground; to deck; to adorn; to dress; to prune; to inhabit; to live; to dwell in; to worship; to revere; to love; to favour; to esteem; to make court to; to be attached to; to wait upon one; to make love; to exercise; to practise; to study; to follow; to use; to maintain; to preserve; to keep.
Colocasia, æ. f. et *Colocasium*, i. n. the Egyptian bean.
Colocynthis, idis. f. a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called *Coloquintida*.
Colou, i. n. the great gut winding from the left side to the right, in which is the disease called the colic; a member of a sentence.
Colona, æ. f. a husbandman's wife, a countrywoman.
Colonia, æ. f. a colony; a company of people transplanted from one place to another, with an allowance of land for the tillage; a dwelling-house; a copy-hold, a free-farm.
Colōntus, a, um. adj. pertaining to husbandry or to a colony.
Colōnus, a, um. adj. that may be tilled or fit to be tilled.
Colōnus, i. m. [a *colo*] a husbandman, a farmer, a tiller of the ground; a hind or country fellow at service, *hinc* Angl. a clown; a planter.
Colōr v. *Colōra*, ōris. m. a natural colour, a complexion or the air of one's face, a die or hue, painters' colours, the outward show or beauty of a thing, a cloak or pretence; an excuse or plea.
Colōrite, adv. [a *seq.*] by way of colour or pretence.
Colōrātus, a, um. part. coloured, painted; set out, graced, trimmed, vamped, varnished over, disguised, pretended, tanned, sunburnt, black or tawny.
Colōro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a *color*] to colour; to dye; to

give a complexion; to set a gloss on a thing; to infuscate; to make tawny; to disguise; to cloak.

Colosseus, a. um. adj. *colossean*, of extraordinary size, gigantic or giant-like.

Colossus, a, um. adj. of a huge height and size, like a colossus.

Colossinus color, a bright purple colour.

Colossus, i. m. a great image or high statue, a huge pillar.

Colostrā, m. f. etrum, i. n. the first milk; beastings, a term of endearment.

Colostratio, ōnis. f. a disease incident to young ones, by sucking the dam's milk too soon after the birth.

Colostratus, a, um. adj. thick, like beastings.

Coluber, bri. m. a serpent, a snake.

Colubra, m. f. a female snake or adder.

Colubrifer, ſra, ſrum. adj. bearing snakes; having snakey tresses.

Colubrinus, a, um. adj. of a snake; witty, crafty.

Colum, i. n. a colander, a strainer, a wheel, a member of a sentence; the colic.

Columba, m. f. a dove, a pigeon, a culver.

Columbar, ſris. n. a pillory; the mortise-holes, holes and spaces.

Columbāria, m. f. [ec. domus v. cella] a pigeon-house.

Columbaris, is, e. adj. of a dove or pigeon.

Columbārium, i. n. a pigeon-house, a dove-cot; a locker.

Columbārius, i. m. he that keeps a culver-house or a dove-house.

Columbinus, u, um. adj. of or belonging to pigeons.

Columbūlus, i. m. a little dove, a young pigeon.

Columbus, i. m. a cock pigeon.

Columnella, m. f. dim. a little pillar, a tomb-stone or pillar of inscription.

Columnellaria, is, e. adj. of the fashion of a little pillar.

Columnis, ſtis. n. the wind-beam, principal post or prop of a house, a mountain, a stay, a support, a buttress; the chief, the head.

Columnis, is, e. adj. whole, sound, safe, healthy.

Columna, m. f. a round pillar or post, a column, a support.

Columnarii, ōrum. pl. m. bankrupts, spendthrifts, and beggarly fellows.

Columnarium, i. n. a tribute for every pillar; vent-holes in aqueducts.

Columnus, a, um. adj. made of the hazel or cornel tree.

Colus, i. f. raro m. in ablat.

Colo et Colu. a distaff or rock, a whorl.

Colutha, ōrum. n. pl. junkets, sweetmeats.

Colymbædes, um. f. pl. pickled olives.

Coma, m. f. a bush or head of hair, branches, flakes of fire, the sun-beams.

Comans, tis. having long hair, hairy, bushy, bearing long grass, full of leaves.

Comarchus, i. m. an earl, a governor of a town or city; a burgo-master.

Comaron, i. n. a wilding or crab.

Comarus, i. f. a wilding or crab-tree; a crab.

Comatus, a, um. adj. having hair or a bush of hair; having branches and leaves.

Combibo, ſre, bibi, bibitum. to drink together; to suck in; to drink up; to learn; to take in.

Combibo, ōnis. m. a pot-companion.

Comburo, ſre, bussi, bustum. act. to burn or consume with fire; to scorch; to parch; to dry up; to pass away; to spend.

Combustus, a, um. part. burned or consumed in the funeral pile.

Coma, ea. f. an herb called goat's beard.

Comedo, is v. comes, comest, edere v. esse, edi, esum v. estum. act. to eat; to eat up; to waste; to devour; to squander away.

Comes, ſtis. c. g. [ex con et es] a companion, a fellow-traveller, a colleague, a partner, an attendant or follower; a partaker, an accessory or abettor, a confidant, all sorts of officers; assistants to the judges. [Comes, a companion or fellow-traveller. Socius, a companion or associate; a generic term, denoting a member of the same society, a sharer or partner in the same fortune. Sodalis, a companion in amusement or pleasure.]

Comestura, m. f. an eating or feeding.

Comesus et Comestus, a, um. part. eaten up, spent in luxury.

Cometa et Cometes, m. n. a comet or blazing star.

Comice, adv. pleasantly, comically, merrily.

Comicus, a, um. adj. belonging to comedy, comical.

Comicus, i. m. [scil. poeta] a writer or maker of comedies or interludes.

Comitia, a kind of olive.

Cominus, adv. nigh at hand, hand to hand, forthwith, presently.

Comis, is, e. adj. gentle, gracious, affable, accessible; good-natured, kind, courteous; nice, courtly, having a delicate taste.

Comissabundus, a, um. adj. revelling.

Comissatio, ōnis. f. revelling, junketing.

Comissator, ōris. m. a reveller, a debauchee, a boon companion.

Comissor, ſri, ſtus. dep. to make good cheer; to junket; to feast; to revel; to banquet after supper.

Comitas, ſtis. f. affability, gentleness, courtesy, civility, mildness.

Comitatus, a, um. part. he that accompanies or is accompanied or attended.

Comitatus, ſtis. m. a train or retinue of attendants or followers; equipage; a convoy of provision.

Comiter, missime, sup. adv. gently, affably, complacently, courteously, civilly, splendidly, genteelly.

Comitia, ōrum. pl. n. an assembly of people for choosing of officers or making of by-laws.

Comitialis, is, e. adj. pertaining to such an assembly.

Comitiaster, adv. in manner or by reason of the falling sickness.

Comitiarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to a public assembly or convocation of people.

Comitiatus, ſtis. m. an assembly or meeting of the people in the court-house.

Comitium, i. n. an assembly, particularly of people met for the making of laws, &c., the place where the assembly met; a parliament-house, the court or town-hall, the state-house. [Comitium, in the singular, means, the place of assembly, in the plural, the assembly itself.]

Comito, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to accompany; to go along with; to follow.

Comitor, ſri, ſtus. dep. et raro pass. to accompany; to attend; to wait upon one; to go along with. [Sequi, to follow or go after. Comitari, to accompany or go along with.]

Commaculatus, a, um. part. defiled, stained.

Commaculo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to spot; to defile; to stain; to detain; to soil.

Commudeo, dūre, dui, — to be moist; to be well soaked.

Commandūcātus, a, um. part. *chewed or champed with one's teeth.*

Commandūcātus, ūs. m. a *champing and chewing.*

Commandūco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *chew meat; to champ with the teeth.*

Commēātus, ūs. m. [a commeo] a *safe-conduct, a pass-port; provision of victuals, a flourish, a convoy of a ship or fleet; a trip or voyage.*

Commēdātor, āri, ātus. dep. to *meditate; to muse upon; to think; to consider; to con over.*

Commēdāmi, isse. verb. defect. to *remember; to have in remembrance.*

Commēdāribilis, is, e. adj. *memorable, worth mentioning or remembering.*

Commēdāriō, ōnis. f. a *mentioning and putting in mind of, a remembrance, a commemoration.*

Commēdāro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *call to mind; to recount; to mention; to remember; to rehearse; to make a rehearsal of; to commemorate; to advertise; to acquaint.*

Commēdābilis, is, e. adj. *worthy to be praised and commended, commendable.*

Commēdātiō, ōnis. f. a *commendation or recommendation; a setting forth or gracing of one.*

Commēdātivus, a, um. adj. *commendatory, praiseworthy.*

Commēdātrix, icis. f. *she or it that praises or commends.*

Commēdāus, a, um. part. et adj. *committed to charge, commended, recommended, valued, praised, esteemed, regarded.*

Commēdo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex con et mando] to *commit; to put one in trust with; to recommend to one's favour or care; to commend; to set forth; to set off with advantage; to grace; to procure one's favour; to get him esteem.*

Commēsus, ūs. m. [a commetio] the *measure or size of a thing.*

Commētridūm, i. n. a *little register-book or memorial; a journal.*

Commētrivus, i. m. a *note-book, a book of comments.*

Commētārium, i. n. a *commentary, an abstract, a memorandum of the heads of an action or discourse, notes upon an author.*

Commētārius, i. m. [sc. liber] a *commentary, a brief register; things briefly written; an historical memorial, a book of notes, a day-book, a commonplace-book.*

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Commētātiō, ōnis. f. [a commetio] a *meditating, a thinking upon, a description, a description or gloss.*

Commētātus, a, um. part. act. et pass. *Pass. studied, devised, thought upon, hammered. Act. having thought upon, commented, disputed.*

Commētivus, a, um. adj. *feigned, devised, romantic; commentitious, chimerical, fabulous; newly invented.*

Commētior, āri, ātus. to *devise; to feign; to romance; to reason; to argue; to discourse; to dispute; to write a commentary; to indite; to compose; to muse; to think upon; to study; to cast in one's mind; to imitate.*

Commētior, ōris. m. [a comminior] an *inventor or deviser.*

Commētum, i. n. any *new invention, thought, device or contrivance; a romance, a feigned story, a fable.*

Commētus, a, um. part. Act. *that imagines or devises. Pass. forged, feigned.*

Comēo, āre, āvi, ātum. [ex con et meo] to *go in company; to go to and fro; to come; to move.*

Commercium, i. n. *commerce, traffic, merchandise, a buying and selling, a bartering; an intercourse or correspondence; acquaintance, fellowship, converse; a common use.*

Commercior, āri, ātus. dep. to *buy and sell together; to traffic.*

Commerēo, āre, ui, ātum. act. to *merit; to deserve well or ill; to commit some great offence.*

Commerēor, ēri, ēritus. dep. to *deserve ill at one's hands, highly to offend.*

Commētor, tri, meneus. dep. to *take measure of; to proportion; to adjust.*

Commigrātiō, ōnis. f. *commigration, a motion, a removing of one's residence, a going elsewhere.*

Commigro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *go from one place to another; to dwell; to sit; to shift one's residence.*

Commiles, itis. m. a *fellow-soldier, a companion in war.*

Commilitium, i. n. *fellowship in war, a company of fellow-soldiers.*

Commilito, ōnis. f. a *fellow-soldier, a comrade.*

Commīnātiō, ōnis. f. *commination, a denouncing, threatening, braving or swaggering.*

Commīngo, āre, nxi, mictum. act. to *pie; to bespie.*

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Commīnātor, ci, mentus. dep. to *devise; to invent; to imagine; to feign; to forge; to recollect; to call to mind.*

Commīnor, āri, ātus. dep. to *threaten greatly.*

Commīnuo, āre, ui, ātum. act. to *crush; to break into pieces; to bruise; to crumble into small parts; to abate; to enfeeble; to diminish.*

Commīlūtus, a, um. part. *broken to pieces, impaired, diminished.*

Commīscēo, āre, cui, mictum. act. to *mix or mingle together; to jumble; to adulterate; to commix.*

Commīserātiō, ōnis. f. *compassion, pity, a fellow-feeling, commiseration.*

Commīserescit, impers. *he or she has pity or compassion on.*

Commīseror, āri, ātus. to *be-wail; to condole; to commiserate.*

Commīssio, ōnis. f. [a committo] a *setting together of two, for trial of mastery in any exercise.*

Commīssum, i. n. *ex part. an undertaking; an attempt; an offence; a fault committed; a forfeiture, a secret or trust.*

Commīssūra, æ. f. a *knuckle, a joint, a closure, a seam, a joining close.*

Commīssus, a, um. part. *joined, set or clasped together, cemented, soldered, communicated, imparted, committed to one's charge, intrusted, joined together, engaged, begun, committed, perpetrated, forfeited, confiscated.*

Commītigo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *bruise; to break; to soften.*

Commīto, āre, mīsi, mīssum. to *send out together; to let start together; to pair; to match; to compare; to recite publicly; to stretch; to exert; to join; to embroil; to set people together by the ears; to intrust with; to commit to one's care; to impart to; to acquaint with; to expose; to begin; to engage; to put in; to enjoin; to give in charge; to offend; to commit a crime; to suffer; to give cause or occasion; to confiscate.*

Commīdātus, a, um. part. *fitted or made fit; suited; lent.*

Commōdē, adv. *well, handsomely, conveniently, fitly, advantageously, commodiously, expeditiously.*

Commōditas, itis. f. *commodity, profit, advantage, convenience, fitness, opportunity, good-nature, civility, an obliging friend.*

Commōdo, āre, āvi, ātum. act.

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Commōdo, āre, āvi, ātum. act.

[a commodus] to profit; to do good to; to pleasure; to serve one; to advantage; to help; to lend; to suit; to make fit; to give.

Commodūle, adv. dim. [a commodus] somewhat commodiously or conveniently.

Commodūlum, adv. pretty well, pretty handsomely.

Commodum, i. n. advantage, gain, emolument, profit, commodity, benefit, interest, convenience; a reward given to soldiers over and above their pay at their discharge.

Commodum, adv. handsomely, partly, seasonably, luckily; just then, scarcely.

Commodus, a, um, adj. just, exact, proportionate, middling, convenient, commodious, apt, advantageous, profitable, advisable, beneficial, courteous, kind, civil, genteel, good company; condescending, lucky and fortunate, seasonable; neat, handsome, exactly placed.

Commollor, tri, itus, dep. to endeavour; to attempt; to practise.

Commollus, a, um, part. pass. ground, bruised, broken and mashed.

Commollo, ēre, ui, itum, act. to grind; to bruise; to break small.

Commonefacio, facere, feci, factum, act. to advise; to admonish; to acquaint; to apprise; to remind; to rehearse; to mention.

Commoneſco, fieri, factus, neut. pass. to be put in mind, apprised, warned.

Commoneo, ēre, ui, itum, act. to warn; to advise; to put in mind of.

Comminutio, ōnis, f. a warning, an admonishing, a summing up.

Comminutus, a, um, part. apprised, warned, put in remembrance.

Commouſtro, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to show or tell what is hidden or unknown.

Commoratio, ōnis, f. [a commoror] commoration, a staying or continuing; a dwelling or place of abode; a delay, a lingering; a figure when one insists and dwells long upon the principal point.

Commoratus, a, um, part. having staid.

Commoreo, ēre, mōmordi, morsum, act. to bite close.

Commorior, i, mortuus, dep. neut. to die together.

Commoror, āri, ātus, dep. to abide with one; to be in a place; to sojourn; to stop; to make

to tarry; to continue; to insist long.

Commorsus, a, um, part. bitten close.

Cominortalis, is, e, adj. altogether mortal or frail.

Cominosis, eos, f. the first ground-work of bees in making honey.

Commotio, ōnis, f. commotion, trouble, disturbance; agitation, aggravation.

Commotiunculā, m, f. dim. a small motion or passion, a fit.

Commotus, a, um, part. [a commoveo] raised, stirred, agitated, moved, vexed, quick, expeditious.

Commoveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum, act. to move; to stir; to remove; to trouble; to disturb; to disquiet; to agitate; to irritate; to cause pity or compassion in; to astonish; to excite; to raise up.

Commune, is, n. ex adj. a commonwealth, a state; the public wealth or treasure.

Communificatio, ōnis, f. communication, imparting; partnership; the bestowing of freedom and privileges on one; a figure in rhetoric.

Communificatus, a, um, part. pass. imparted, communicated.

Communifico, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a communis] to commune; to talk together; to confer; to discourse; to consult; to communicate; to impart; to share; to make partaker of.

Communio, ire, ivi, itum, [ex con et munio] to fortify.

Communio, ōnis, f. communion, mutual participation; an equal privilege, an enjoyment.

Communis, is, e, adj. [ex con et munus] common, the same, general, universal, all alike, plain, ordinary, familiar, gentle, free, equal; the universality or whole body of a state.

Communitus, ātis, f. community, fellowship, society; right or justice in men's dealings.

Commulter, adv. in common, indifferently, together, jointly.

Communitio, ōnis, f. a fortifying.

Communitus, a, um, part. fortified, fenced, made strong.

Commurmuro, āre, āvi, ātum, to whisper; to murmur together; to grumble.

Commurmuror, āri, ātus, dep. to mutter; to mumble.

Commutabilis, is, e, adj. changeable, mutable, subject to change.

Commutatio, ōnis, f. a change, commutation or alteration; a figure in rhetoric.

Commūtatus, ūs, m. a change or alteration.

Commūto, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to change; to alter; to exchange; to barter; to truck; to chaffer.

Comō, āre, āvi, ātum, to clothe; to attire; to wear a bush of hair.

Comō, mēre, mpsi, mptum, act. [a coma] to comb or deck the hair; to trim; to attire; to make gay.

Comodia, m, f. a comedy or interlude, &c.

Comodice, adv. pleasantly, merrily, comically.

Comodius, i, m. an actor; a comedian or stage-player.

Comodius, a, um, adj. personating what one is not.

Comodus, a, um, adj. very hairy, full of branches or leaves, tufted.

Compactilis, is, e, adj. compact, joined or set together; made of divers pieces.

Compactio, ōnis, f. [a compingo] an assemblage, a joining or setting together; a compacting.

Compactum, i, n. an agreement, a composition, a confederacy; a compact, appointment or bargain.

Compactus, a, um, part. v. adj. joined or pressed together; well set, compact.

Compāges, is, f. a close joining or setting together; a closure, a close embrace.

Compāgo, gnis, f. [ex con et pago] a joint, a closure.

Compar, āris, adj. equal, even, like, agreeable, well-matched.

Compar, āris, c. g. a companion, a second, a husband or wife, a compeer, a partner; a scheme in rhetoric, when the members of periods have equal syllables.

Comparābilis, is, e, adj. that may be compared, comparable.

Comparāte, adv. in comparison or respect.

Comparātio, ōnis, f. a getting or acquiring; provision or preparation; comparison, likening; analogy, proportion, regard, consideration; order, appointment.

Comparātivus, a, um, adj. relative, comparative.

Comparātum est, impers. it is appointed or provided.

Comparātus, a, um, part. procured, ordained, received in usage, compared.

Comparo, ēre, parsi, parsum, neut. to spare; to husband a thing well.

Compāreo, ēre, ui, itum, to appear; to be extant.

Compāro, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a con et paro] to prepare; to provide; to purchase; to acquire; to procure; to make equal

to; to compare; to get together; to set together; to make comparisons; to take order; to confer; to agree; to appoint; to order; to hire; to suborn, to join together; to raise soldiers; to dress; to get in readiness.

Compasco, ēre, pāvi, pastum. to feed; to keep cattle in pasture together.

Compascor, i, pastus. to be eaten up by cattle.

Compascuus, a, um. adj. belonging to commonage.

Compēdis, f. gen. et Compēde, abl. in sing. pl. Compedes, a fetter or shackle for the feet, ornaments of the feet.

Compēdio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to shackle; to fetter; to bind.

Compellāto, ōnis. f. a compellation, accosting, addressing, chiding.

Compello, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to speak to; to call on; to accost; to address; to chide; to call before the magistrate.

Compello, ēre, pūli, pulsū. act. [ex con et pello] to drive; to bring together; to compel; to force; to constrain; to drive; to chase.

Compendiārio, adv. v. adj. sc. itinere. by a short way, compendiously.

Compendiāria, m. f. [sc. via, ratio] a compendious way, a short cut.

Compendiārius, a, um. adj. brief, short, abridged, compendious.

Compendiācio, fīcēre, fīci, factum. to abridge; to make short; to profit; to save.

Compendium, i. n. [a con et pendo] gain got by saving, profit, advantage; a compendious or short way or method; an abridgment or abstract; an abbreviation or extract, a short cut or the nearest way.

Compensāto, ōnis. f. a recompense, requital, satisfaction, or compensation, an amends.

Compensātus, a, um. part. rewarded, requited.

Compensō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to recompense; to make amends; to compensate; to requite; to equal; to prize; to esteem as much; to abridge; to shorten.

Compēndiātio, ōnis. f. a delay of the action or pleading, until the third day following; an adjournment or putting off a trial.

Compēndiātiūs, ūs. m. the deferring of a trial.

Compēndiātiūs, a, um. part. prolonged, adjourned, delayed, deferred.

Compēndiāno, ēre, āvi, ātum.

act. to delay; to prolong; to defer from day to day; to put off; to adjourn till three days hence.

Compērio, ire, ri, ritum. [ex con et pario] to find out; to discover; to know for certain and by trial; to get good intelligence.

Compērior, tri, pertus. dep. to know assuredly; to be sure of a thing.

Compērnis, is. c. g. [ex con et perna] having his knees bowing together, bowing inward.

Compertus, a, um. part. v. adj. known for certain or by experience; found out, discovered, convicted.

Compes, ēdis. f. Vid. Compēdis, in sing.

Compesco, cēre, cui, — act. [ex con et pascō] to keep within the same pasture; to pasture together; to stop; to creak; to restrain; to appease; to hold; to keep in; to bridle; to allay; to assuage; to quench; to prune; to lop boughs; to forbear; to leave off.

Compētitor, ōnis. m. a competitor, a rival.

Compētrix, icis. f. a female rival.

Compēto, ēre, ivi, itum. to ask or sue for the same thing; to stand for the same place; to agree; to be proper or convenient; to fall out; to join; to meet even; to be sound; to be, in good health.

Compillāto, ōnis. f. pillage, robbing, pilling and polling.

Compilo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to steal; to filch; to pillage; to plunder.

Compingo, ēre, pēgi, pactum. act. [ex con et pango] to compact; to put together; to make or frame a thing of several pieces; to thrust in.

Compitālia, um. n. pl. [sc. festa] feasts in honour of the rural gods, hence called Lares or Compitalitia.

Compitālis, is, e. adj. belonging to the cross ways.

Compitālitia, ōrum. n. pl. id. quod Compitālia.

Compitālitius, a, um. adj. belonging to the feasts called Compitālia.

Compitum, i. n. a cross way, a place where several ways met.

Complūceo, ēre, cui [et citus sum] etum. neut. to please; to be well liked.

Complacet, imp. it pleaseth, &c.

Complēctus, a, um. part. well pleasing, pleased.

Complānātus, a, um. part. made even, levelled with the ground, razed.

Complāno, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make plain, level, or even; to smooth; to finish.

Complāudo, ēre, plausi, plausum, to clap hands for joy or in sign of favour; to applaud.

Complector, i, plexus. dep. [a con et plector] to embrace; to comprise; to comprehend; to contain; to clasp and collar; to hug; to take hold of; to describe; to set forth; to utter; to compass; to set; to conceive; to comprehend.

Complēmentum, i. n. [a compleo] a filling up, a perfecting, an accumulation, a complement or completion.

Compleo, ēre, plēvi, plētum. act. [ex con et pleo inusitat.] to fill up; to recruit; to finish or end; to achieve; to supply the place of; to fulfil; to accomplish; to perform.

Complētus, a, um. part. complete, full, accomplished, finished, ended.

Complexio, ōnis. f. [a complector] a compression, a comprisal, a compass, a period or full sentence, the conclusion of a syllogism or argument, a dilemma, a grammatical figure, when two syllables are contracted into one.

Complexus, a, um. part. act. et pass. Act. embracing, containing. Pass. embraced, contained, comprised, complex.

Complexus, ūs. m. an embrace, affection and love; a caress; a space, a compass; comprehension.

Complicatus, a, um. part. complicated.

Complico, ēre, ui et āvi, itum et ātum. act. to fold up or wrap together.

Complodo, ēre, plōsi, plōsum. act. [ex con et plaudio] to strike or clap together.

Complorāto, ōnis. f. a lamenting, weeping, or wailing together.

Complorātus, a, um. part. bewailed, lamented, given up for lost.

Complorātus, ūs. m. a mourning or lamentation.

Comploro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to bewail or weep together; to make lamentation.

Complūsus, a, um. part. stricken or clapped together.

Complūres, ea, a v. ia. many, a great many, a great company.

Complūries, adv. oftentimes, full often, many a time.

Complūscūli, ōrum. dim. many.

Complūviātus, a, um. adj. fashioned like a gutter.

Complūvium, i. n. a penthouse or eaves, a gutter.

Compluvius, a, um. adj. *rainy, into which the rain falls.*

Compono, Ære, pñau, pñaltum. act. [ex con et pono] to put or lay together; to frame; to place; to set in order; to marshal; to adorn; to join close together; to appease; to quiet; to settle; to determine; to finish; to compose; to write any work; to adjust; to take order about; to counterfeit; to devise; to build; to bury; to close; to reconcile; to agree; to encounter; to attack; to confront; to compare; to dispose; to methodize; to construe; to compound.

Comportatio, ðuis. f. a carrying, a fetching, a carriage.

Comporto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to carry together; to convey.

Compos, ðuis. c. g. etiam n. g. having obtained his desire or purpose; a partaker; containing himself in one's right senses.

Compositæ. adv. lus. comp. in order, orderly, handsomely.

Compositio, ðuis. f. [a compono] a composition, compound, confection or mingling, a composing or digesting; a compire, a compilation, a continuance or disposal, a composition or agreement, a matching or pairing together.

Composito [sc. abs. de v. ex] of purpose, for the nonce, of set purpose, on design.

Compositor, ðris. m. he that sets, joins, or puts things together; a maker or composer; a compositor.

Compositura, æ. f. a joining or putting together; a setting in order.

Compositus, a, um. part. et adj. [a compono] fitted set together, compounded, adjusted, set in good order, set in array, fashioned, ready, disposed, prepared, elegant, fine, confronted, settled, appointed or agreed upon, trimmed, adorned, still, calm, quiet, false, feigned, ransomed, bought off, agreed upon, accorded, composed, fitted set together, matched.

Compositus, pro Compositus, q. v.

Compositio, ðuis. f. a banqueting or drinking together; a drinking match, a club.

Comptor, ðris. m. a pot-companion, a good fellow.

Comptrix, icis. f. a female pot-companion.

Compransor, ðris. m. he that dines with another.

Compræctio, ðuis. f. a supplication, a solemn prayer.

Comprecor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to pray; to beseech.

Comprehendo, Ære, i, hensum. act. to take or lay hold of; to catch; to apprehend; to seize; to comprehend; to contain; to comprise; to understand; to conceive; to perceive; to find out; to bind; to join; to take root; to conceive; to be with child; to embrace; to favour.

Comprehensibilis, is, e. adj. that may be understood; comprehensible.

Comprehensio, ðnis. f. the apprehending or laying hold of a person, an arrest or capture, understanding, comprehension, compass, a period or sentence; a discovery.

Comprehensus, a, um. part. caught at, apprehended, laid hold of, arrested, perceived, understood, compassed, comprehended, concluded, found out.

Comprêndo, Ære, i, prênsum. act. pro Comprênto, per sync.

to catch at; to comprehend. &c.

Comprese, adv. lus. comp. briefly, compactly, in few words, closely.

Compressio, ðuis. f. a squeezing together; compression, a brief comprehension.

Compressiuncula, æ. f. a gentle squeezing or crushing.

Compressor, ðris. m. a deflowerer or ravisher of women.

Compressus, a, um. part. crushed, thrust, pressed close, squeezed, compressed, kept close under, shut close, clenched, closed, stayed, repressed, ravished, deflowered, stopped, costive, narrow.

Compressus, abl. m. [a comprim] a pressing close, a keeping in a deflowering or ravishing of a woman.

Comprimo, Ære, pressi, pressum. act. [ex con et premio] to press together; to compress; to keep close; to close; to strangle; to make costive; to hold in; to ravish or deflower; to appease; to stop; to stint; to repress; to keep under.

Comprôbitio, ðuis. f. the approving, commending, or allowing of a thing; an approbation.

Comprôbator, ðris. m. an approver, an allower.

Comprôbo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to approve; to commend; to allow; to make good; to verify.

Comprômissum, i. n. a bond, an engagement, a compromise.

Comprômitto, Ære, misi, missum. act. to put to arbitration; to give bond to stand to an award; to consent to a reference; to compromise.

Comptus, a, um. part. [a como] combed, decked, trimmed, made spruce, neat, fine, adorned.

Comptus, ðis. m. [a como] a trimming or decking; attire.

Compulsus, a, um. part. driven, forced, compelled, restrained.

Compunctio, ðnis. f. a stitch or pricking pain; compunction.

Compunctus, a, um. part. marked, spotted, &c.

Compungo, Ære, nxi, nctum. act. to prick; to offend; to dazzle to sting; to vex; to torment.

Compurgo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to purify; to clear.

Computabilis, is, e. adj. countable, computable.

Computatio, ðnis. f. an account calculation, or reckoning; a computation or casting up.

Computator, ðris. m. a computer, a reckoner.

Computo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to prune; to cut off; to lop boughs; to deem; to think; to count; to reckon; to compute; to cast up an account; to score.

Computresco, Ære, ui, — incept. to putrefy; to become rotten.

Confinen, ðnis. n. an endeavour, an attempt, an essay, an effort.

Confirmamentum, i. n. that which helps in doing; a lever.

Conatus, a, um. part. attempted, endeavoured.

Conatus, ðis. m. [a conor] an endeavour, attempt, or enterprise.

Concâco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to defile with ordure; to bawling.

Concâlfacio, et Concalfacio. cñre, feci, factum. to warn; to chafe; to heat.

Concâlfactorius, a, um. adj. that heats or makes warm; hot in operation.

Concâlfactus, a, um. part. heated, warmed, chafed.

Concâlfio, fñri, factus. neut. pass. to be heated; to grow hot or warm.

Concâlesco, Ære, — v. Concâleo, Ære, ui — to be warm; to be made warm.

Concalleo, Ære, ui, — ncut. [a callus] to grow brawny or hard, as the hands or feet with labour, inured, practised, well versed.

Concâmratio, ðnis. f. an arch, a vault; a ceiling of chambers; a walk or arbor in a garden, arched over.

Concâmero, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to vault; to ceil; to arch over.

Concastigo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to chastise; to punish.

Concavo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make hollow; to bend; to bow.
Concāvus, a, um. adj. hollow or concave.
Concēditur, imper. it is granted, allowed, or agreed to.
Concēdo, ēre, cessi, cessum. act. to depart; to retire; to withdraw; to give place to; to grant; to allow; to permit; to consent; to submit; to pardon; to die; to debase; to abate.
Concēbro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to celebrate; to solemnise; to keep solemn; to people; to stock a country; to frequent; to resort to; to extol; to set forth; to make renowned.
Concentio, ōis. f. a concert of voices, an accord in music, a singing in tune, harmony, melody.
Concenturio, āre, āvi, ātum. [a centuria] to take the votes in the centuries; to call over; to call together; to recollect.
Concentus, ūs. m. [a concio] a concert of music, a singing in tune; agreement, concord, the chirping or melody of birds.
Conceptaculum, i. n. a receptacle, a receiver.
Conceptio, ōis. f. [a concipio] the conception of a female; a conceiving or breeding, the moulding or writing or drawing up of bills, &c.
Conceptus, a, um. part. [a concipio] conceived, engendered, begotten, bred, caused, occasioned, thought of, conceived, hatched; worded.
Conceptus, ūs. m. conception or the act of conceiving; breeding; the thing conceived.
Concerpo, ēre, si, tum. act. [ex con et carpo] to pull to pieces; to rend; to tear.
Concerptus, a, um. part. rent, torn to pieces, pulled to rags.
Concertatio, ōis. f. contention, strife, conflict, debate, dispute, bickering, jarring, wrangling, a difference or opposition.
Concertativus, a, um. adj. contentious, quarrelsome, accusing one another, recriminating.
Concertator, ōis. m. a striver with a rival.
Concertatīvus, a, um. adj. belonging to pleadings in suits and trials at law; controversial.
Concerto, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to strive together; to quarrel; to contend; to dispute; to bicker; to squabble; to debate; to chide; to brawl; to strive for victory; to play a prize.
Concessio, ōis. f. [a concessio]

a loitering, leaving off, stopping or staying by the way.
Concessio, ōis. f. [a concedo] sufferance, permission; a grant, leave, or licence; a concession.
Concessum, i. n. a thing granted or permitted; a grant, a concession.
Concessu, abl. [ab inusitat. concessu, m.] by permission, leave, or allowance.
Concha, ē. f. a shell fish with two shells, as an oyster, scallop, &c. the shell of any such fish, a pearl, a hollow vessel, a large box for ointment, a wine pot, a trumpet, a little measure containing two spoonfuls or six drachms; a ladle.
Conchāsus, a, um. adj. fashioned like the shell of a fish, wide and hollow.
Conchisa, is. f. [a concha] a bean unshelled or boiled in the shales or cods.
Conchita, ē. m. [a concha] he that gathers up shell-fish, an oyster-man, one who fishes for the purple-fish.
Conchūla, ē. f. dim. [a concha] a little shell.
Conchyliatus, a, um. adj. dyed with purple; of a purple or violet colour.
Conchylium, i. n. all sorts of shell-fish, particularly a shell-fish, called also Murex; the purple or violet colour itself; garments of that colour.
Concido, ēre, idi, cism. act. [ex con et cado] to cut to pieces; to hack small; to chop; to mince; to hash; to beat; to lash; to kill; to slay; to jerk; to expose; to rail at one; to cut off; to maim; to dismember; to ruin; to utterly destroy.
Concido, āre, cidi, — neut. [ex con et cado] to fall down flat; to die; to be slain; to fall into decay; to go to ruin; to be baffled; to fail; to faint; to fall.
Concleo, clāre, clvi, cltum. act. to move; to stir up; to raise; to call together.
Conclibulum, i. n. [a conclio] a place of assembly, a convective, a meeting-place, a riot, a junto, a cabal, an unlawful assembly.
Conciliatio, ōis. f. reconciliation, procurement or a gaining of favour; a reconciliation, acquaintance, agreement.
Conciliator, ōis. m. a reconciler or procurer; a purchaser.
Conciliatīvūla, ē. f. dim. [a seq.] a little procurer.
Conciliatrix, icis. m. she that procures, in a good sense; a reconciler; a baud.
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Conciliatūra, ē. f. a reconciling a procurer of favour.
Conciliatus, a, um. part. et ac.) joined together; made a friend, gained to his part; purchased, procured, bought.
Conciliatū, abl. m. by composition, mixture, or packing together.
Concilio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a concilium] to join; to knit together; to reconcile; to make friends; to conciliate; to procure; to favour; to render propitious; to unite; to get; to purchase; to buy; to procure; to recommend.
Concilior, āri, ātus. dep. to full cloth or work fells.
Concilium, i. n. an assembly, a company, a multitude; a herd, a crew, a pack, an agreement, a mixture, a conglomeration, a place of meeting; a consistory, the white flower of the herb lasion. [Concilium signifies a promiscuous assembly, or one composed of the inferior orders: but Consilium, an assembly of chiefs, or leading men, for the purpose of deliberation.]
Concinnatio, ōis. f. a fitting or making fit; a preparing or mixing.
Concinnator, ōis. m. a trimmer or dresser.
Concinnatus, a, um. part. fitted, trimmed, apparelled, accoutred.
Concinne, adv. handsomely, neatly, artfully, fashionably, finely, prettily.
Concinnitas, ātis. f. neatness, spruceness, good grace, exactness, compactness, quaintness, the fingling of words.
Concinnitudo, ōis. f. elegance, politeness, neatness.
Concinno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a concinnus] to make fit, fine, or neat; to make ready; to order; to fit up; to mix; to prepare; to make; to cause.
Concinnus, a, um. adj. fine, trim, well-fashioned, compact, elegant, polite, comely, becoming, genteel, pleasant, facetious, agreeable.
Concio, ēre, ui, centum. [ex con et cano] to agree; to accord; to sing; to sound; to play; to sing one's praise on an instrument; to foretell; to prophesy; to agree; to consent.
Concio, īre, īvi, itum. act. [ex con et cio, i. e. cio] to call together; to assemble; to raise; to stir up.
Concio, ōis. f. [a conciendo] an assembly or congregation of people called together to hear an harangue; an harangue, an

oration or public discourse, a speech.

Conciōnālis, is, e. adj. *belonging to an assembly or an haranguing; the deliberate genus in Rhet.* is called *Conciōnale*.

Conciōnārius, a, um. adj. *which is often in or comes to assemblies.*

Conciōnātor, ōris. m. *a speech-maker, a public speaker; a demagogue.*

Conciōnor, āri, ātus. dep. *to make public orations; to harangue; to speak to the people; to preach.*

Concipiō, āre, āvi, ātum. *to seize upon.*

Concipiō, ēre, ēpi, ceptum. act. [ex con et capio] *to conceive a child; to breed; to entertain; to get a habit; to devise; to plot; to contrive; to conceive; to comprehend; to gather; to reckon; to determine in the mind.*

Conclūe, adv. *in pisces, briefly, concisely.*

Conclūsūra, æ. f. *a cutting, chopping or hacking.*

Conclaus, a, um. part. [a concidor] *cut to pieces, hewed, chopped, battered, bruised, dismembered, killed; broken, humbled.* Adj. *short, brief, concise.*

Conclāmētum, i. n. *an incentive or stirring up; an emotion.*

Conclātio, ōnis. f. *a stirring, raising or moving, a motion, agitation, or earnest contention of the passions, mutiny, sedition.*

Conclātor, ōris. m. *a mover or stirrer up.*

Conclātrix, icis. f. *she who moves or stirs.*

Conclātus, a, um. part. et adj. *stirred, provoked, moved, agitated, encouraged, abetted, put on, speeded, violent, vehement, eager.*

Conclito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to stir up; to cause; to abet; to excite; to agitate; to raise; to trouble; to disturb; to prick forward.*

Conclitor, ōris. m. [a concileo] *a stirrer, a causer, a disturber, a mutineer.*

Conclitus, a, um. part. [a concileo] *moved, stirred, incited, provoked, hastened, stirred.*

Conclitus, a, um. part. [a concilio] *summoned together.*

Concluncūla, æ. f. dim. [a conclo] *a small assembly, a short oration.*

Conclāmātio, ōnis. f. *a noise of many together, a shout, a hubbub, a clamoration.*

Conclāmātum est, impers. *it is*

given up for lost; it is past all hope; it is all over.

Conclāmto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to cry aloud or shout all about after one; to make many outcries.*

Conclāmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to cry together; to make a shout; to call upon with a loud voice; to make proclamation.*

Conclāve, is. n. *an inner parlour or chamber; a private room; a dining-room.*

Conclāvium, i. n. *a parlour.*

Conclausus, a, um. part. *shut up together, inclosed.*

Conclūdo, ēre, ūsi, ūsum. act. [ex con et claudō] *to shut up; to inclose; to lock up; to stop; to confine; to encompass or hem in; to comprehend; to comprise; to gather; to infer; to conclude; to finish; to make an end.*

Conclūse, adv. *concludingly, closely, roundly, fully.*

Conclūsio, ōnis. f. *a shutting up, a siege, an end; a reasoning or argument; an inference.*

Conclūsioncūla, æ. f. dim. *a sophism, a captious reasoning; a wrested silly inference.*

Conclūsūra, æ. f. *the end or extremity of a thing.*

Conclūsus, a, um. part. et adj. *shut up, inclosed, limited, comprehended, comprised, concluded, determined, ended.*

Concoctio, ōnis. f. [a concoquo] *concoction, digestion in the stomach.*

Concoctus, a, um. part. *sodden or boiled with; concocted, digested.*

Concōnatio, ōnis. f. [ex con et ceno] *a banqueting or supping together.*

Concolor, ōris. adj. *of the same colour.*

Concōmīstus, a, um. adj. *accompanied, attended.*

Concōquo, quēre, coxi, coctum. act. *to boil; to concoct; to digest; to brook; to endure; to suffer; to abide.*

Concordia, æ. f. [a concors] *agreement, peace, concord, union, harmony.*

Concorditer, adv. *by one consent, peaceably.*

Concordo, āre — — neut. *to agree; to be at accord; to be in tune; to hold together.*

Concorpō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to mingle together; to incorporate; to embody.*

Concors, dis. adj. *of one mind or will; unanimous, peaceable, quiet, equal, alike or of the same sort; in tune, tunable, harmonious.*

Concrēdo, ēre, ūli. Itum. act. *to intrust; to deliver; to com-*

mit upon trust; to trust one with a thing; to venture; to hazard.

Concrēmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to burn together; to set on fire.*

Concrēpo, āre, ūli. Itum. *to make a noise; to rustle; to rattle; to ring; to creak; to cry softly.*

Concrecentia, æ. f. [a seq.] *an increase, an abounding.*

Concreresco, ēre, crēvi, crētum. n. *to grow together; to congeal; to be frozen; to clot; to curdle; to thicken; to grow thick.*

Concrētio, ōnis. f. [a concreresco] *a gathering, clotting, or growing together; a thickening, congealing, or growing hard; concretion.*

Concrētum, i. n. *a thing grown together or made up of several ingredients; a substance or solid thing.*

Concrētus, a, um. part. et adj. [a concreresco] *joined or grown together, mixed, made up, congealed, frozen, clotted, curdled, thickened, concreted, gross, thick, fixed, habitual.*

Concrētus, ūs. m. *a growing together, &c.*

Concrētinor, āri, ātus. dep. *to blame; to accuse; to charge; to tax one; to rail against.*

Concrūciō, āri, ātus. pass. *to be tormented all over.*

Concūbina, æ. f. *a concubine, a bedfellow, a paramour, a mistress.*

Concūbinātus, ūs. m. *concubinage, fornication, whoredom.*

Concūbinus, i. m. *a bedfellow, a catamite.*

Concūbitus, ūs. m. [a concumbo] *a lying or lodging together; the act of generation or copulation.*

Concūbium, i. n. *the still and dead time of night.*

Concūbius, a, um. adj. *of bed-time or sleep.*

Conculcātio, ōnis. f. *a trampling or pawing with the foot.*

Conculco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [æ con et calco] *to tread or trample under foot; to lay waste.*

Concumbo, ēre, cūbui, cūbitum. *to lie together.*

Concupisco, ēre, īvi, Itum. act. *to covet; to desire; to lust after.*

Concupiscus, a, um. part. [a concupisco] *coveted, longed for, lusted after.*

Concūro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to take care of; to look to several things together.*

Concurrir, impers. *it is run.*

Concurro, ēre, ī, cursum. neut. *to run together; to come about one; to gather or flow together; to be or be placed together; to run at; to fall foul of one another.*

other; to give the shock or charge; to grapple with; to concur; to come together; to agree; to be equal and alike.

Concursatio, *dis*, *f.* a running together; a rout, a disturbance, an earnest contention, a medley, a confusion.

Concursator, *dis*, *m.* a runner to and fro; a skirmisher or pickeerer.

Concursio, *dis*, *f.* a running or meeting together.

Concurso, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *freq.* [a *concurro*] to run up and down or hither and thither; to pickeer.

Concursus, *dis*, *m.* [a *concurro*] a concourse; an encounter or engagement; a concurrence or coming together.

Concussus, *a*, *um*, *part.* shaken, moved, troubled, disquieted, disturbed.

Concussus, *abl.* *m.* by shaking or stirring.

Concutio, *dis*, *vi*, *usum*, *act.* [ex *con* et *quatio*] to shake; to jog; to stir; to brandish; to make to tremble; to pelt; to terrify; to disorder; to vex.

Conditium, *i*, *n.* a kind of ring which servants formerly wore; a thimble.

Condicentia, *ae*, *f.* becomingness, seemliness, fitness.

Condicet, *impers.* it well becomes; it becoms; it is meet.

Condicoratus, *a*, *um*, *part.* adorned, graceful, handsome.

Condicoro, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to grace; to honour; to credit; to embellish; to adorn; to set forth; to deck.

Condellesco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* — to melt together; to incorporate.

Condemnator, *dis*, *m.* a condemner, an accuser.

Condemno, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* [ex *con* et *damno*] to accuse; to cause to be condemned; to cast in judgment; to doom; to condemn.

Condenseo, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* — to make thick; to condense.

Condensio, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to make thick; to condense; to curdle; to gather; to flock together.

Condensus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* thick, condensed; close together.

Condepo, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to mingle; to knead together.

Condicto, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to appoint; to order; to agree upon; to declare; to undertake; to promise; to claim.

Condictus, *a*, *um*, *part.* mutually appointed, promised.

Condigne, *adv.* worthily, suitably, as becomes one.

Condignus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* worthy, suitable, befitting, like; deserved.

Condimentarius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* belonging to sauce or seasoning; serving for pickle.

Condimentarius, *i*, *m.* a salter, an oilman.

Condimentum, *i*, *n.* sauce, seasoning, a haut-gout.

Condio, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to season meat; to powder, to corn it; to pickle; to preserve; to embalm; to sweeten; to relish.

Condiscipula, *ae*, *f.* a school-fellow.

Condiscipulatus, *us*, *m.* fellowship at school or in learning.

Condiscipulus, *i*, *m.* a school-fellow.

Condiaco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to learn; to learn with others.

Conditivus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that may be seasoned, pickled, or laid up.

Conditio, *dis*, *f.* [a *condio*] a powdering or seasoning.

Conditio, *dis*, *f.* [a *condio*] a making or creation; a frame or make, a state, a condition, disposition, order, rank or degree, a way, manner or course; a condition or case, a hoarding or laying up; a bargain, condition, agreement or clause of it; affinity, a match; unlawful love, power, liberty; choice, election.

Conditivus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* powdered, seasoned, kept, or laid up.

Conditivum, *i*, *n.* a grave or vault to bury in.

Conditivus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that is or may be preserved, and kept in store for use; that may be laid up, and preserved.

Conditio, *dis*, *m.* [a *condio*] a maker, a builder, a founder, the first inventor or beginner, an author, compiler, or writer.

Conditorium, *i*, *n.* [a *condio*] a place to lay up things in, a sepulchre, a burying vault; a coffin, an arsenal, an armoury.

Conditura, *ae*, *f.* [a *condio*] sauce, powdering, seasoning, pickle.

Conditura, *ae*, *f.* [a *condio*] a building or framing.

Conditus, *a*, *um*, *part.* et *adj.* [a *condio*] seasoned, powdered, or corned; well relished, pickled, tempered, mixed, embalmed.

Conditus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [a *condio*] laid up, hidden, shut up, inclosed, built, made, composed; buried, stale, long kept, rank.

Conditos, *us*, *m.* [a *condio*] a seasoning, a preserving of grapes, a pickling of olives, &c.

Condo, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to lay up; to hoard; to stow; to put up; to put into; to hide; to

keep close; to bury; to make; to build; to rebuild entirely; to close; to shut; to institute; to ordain; to make; to compose; to write.

Conducere, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to teach; to instruct; to acquaint; to inform.

Conducere, *a*, *um*, *part.* famed, taught to do as we would have them.

Conduco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to teach; to instruct.

Conductus, *a*, *um*, *part.* taught, or instructed together.

Conduco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to be much in pain; to condole.

Conduco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to be much in pain; to condole.

Conduco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to be much in pain; to condole.

Conduco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to be much in pain; to condole.

Conduco, *dis*, *vi*, *itum*, *act.* to be much in pain; to condole.

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Com Eio, Ere, Evi, Etum. act. to *harden greatly.*

Conduſ, i. m. a *butler, a yeoman of the larder, a ſteward or ſtore-keeper.*

Condyloma, Atis. n. a *ſwelling in the fundement, proceeding from an inflammation.*

Condylus, i. m. a *knuckle, a joint in the knee, ancle, elbow, &c.*

Conſabſſor, Ari, Etus. dep. to *tell tales; to confabulate; to diſcourſe; to talk together.*

Conſarreſtio, Onis. f. a *ſolemnizing of a marriage, a ceremony uſed at marriage.*

Conſarreſtus, a, um. part. married with a *bride-cake eaten together.*

Conſarreo, Ere, Evi, Etum. to *marry with a bride-cake eaten together.*

Conſtātilis, is, e. adj. of the *ſame fate or deſtiny.*

Conſectio, Onis. f. [a *conſectio*] a *making up; a deſpatching, achieving, effecting, or ending of any buſineſs.*

Conſector, Onis. m. a *deſpatcher, ender, ſnicher, achiever; a conſumer, waſter, or deſtroyer.*

Conſectura, æ. f. the *making or doing of any thing.*

Conſectus, a, um. part. *deſpatched, ſnicked, achieved, adjusted, composed, obtained, won, ſpent, waſted, worn out, deſtroyed, ſpoiled, killed, murdered, chewed, digeſted.*

Conſercio, Ire, Ferſi, Fertum. act. *ex con et facio* to *stuff; to fill; to ram or cram in; to drive thick and cloſe.*

Conſero, Ferre, Tūli, Collatum. to *bring together; to advantage; to avail; to do good; to conſer; to diſcourſe; to contribute; to beſtow; to collate; to compare with; to lay out; to beſtow; to employ; to lay; to impute; to attribute; to be- take himſelf to; to deſer; to put off; to join; to bend; to apply; to refer to; to be judged by another; to compoſe; to digeſt.*

Conſertum, adv. in a *heap or crowd; cloſe, pell-mell, in great numbers.*

Conſertus, a, um. part. *full, crammed in, thick and cloſe together.*

Conſerva, æ. f. an *herb called ſponge of the river, good for the cure of broken bones.*

Conſervatio, Ere, Feci, factum. act. to *make hot.*

Conſerveo, Ere, Erui, — neut. to *be very hot; to boil up; to knit and grow together again.*

Conſerveſco, Ere, — to *grow eſcalding or boiling hot; to ſeethe.*

Conſeſſio, Onis. f. [a *conſeſſio*]

a *confession or acknowledgment.*

Conſeſſus, a, um. part. Act. that *confesses or acknowledges.* Paſſ. *manifest, not to be denied, confeſſed or profeſſed, notorious.*

Conſeſtim, adv. *forthwith, by and by, out of hand, immediately, continually, all along.*

Conſibula, æ. f. a *clasp or tack; a wooden pin, made to clench or clasp two pieces together; one of the implements about an oil or wine-press, to keep cloſe the great timbers.*

Conſilio, Ere, Feci, ſectum. act. [ex *con et facio*] to *deſpatch; to ſmish; to make an end of; to bring to paſſ; to accompliſh; to kill; to elay; to perform; to manage; to wear out; to vex; to chew meat; to conſume; to ſpend; to concoct or digeſt; to paſſ over time or place; to get; to procure; to make evident; to prove; to bargain with.*

Conſilio, Onis. f. [a *conſilio*] a *ſeigning, forging, or counterfeiting.*

Conſilius, a, um. part. *ſeigned, counterfeited.*

Conſilens, tis. adj. *ex part.* confident, *grave, ſteady, firm; fool-hardy, daring, raſh, preſumptuous, chameleee, impudent.*

Conſidenter, adv. *confidently, boldly, adventurolly, ſhameleſſy, impudently, audaciously, preſumptuouſly.*

Conſidentia, æ. f. confidence, *courage, preſumption, boldneſs, aſſurance, audaciousneſs, hardineſs.*

Conſido, Ere, Idi et Iſus, — to *truſt; to conſide; to rely or depend upon; to put confidence in; to be confident or well aſſured; to truſt; to expect; to hope.*

Conſigo, Ere, Fixi, fixum. act. to *etick or thruſt into a thing; to nail or faſten together; to pierce; to conſix; to fix earneſtly.*

Conſiguro, Ere, Evi, Etum. act. to *faſhion; to form or make alike.*

Conſine, is. n. a *place adjoining or nigh to.*

Conſingo, Ere, ſinxi, ſictum. act. to *form; to make; to ſeign; to pretend; to forge; to invent; to ehape; to faſhion.*

Conſinis, is, e. adj. next to, *adjoining, bordering, bounding, lying very near to; joined to; like, of the ſame ſort.*

Conſinis, is. m. a *neighbourer, a borderer.*

Conſinium, i. n. the *marches, frontier, limit, or bound, the*

conſine, nearneſs of place, likenneſs, a neighbour.

Conſio, ſieri, factus. neut. paſſ. to *be made; to be brought to paſſ.*

Conſirmatio, Onis. f. *encouragement, conſolation, a confirmation or aſſurance; an aſſerting, a ſcheme in theſtorie, a making good, a proof.*

Conſirmator, Onis. m. a *conſirme, an aſſertainer.*

Conſirmatus, a, um. part. *et adj.* confirmed, *made ſtrong, fortified, conſtant, reſolute, firm, ſure, certain.*

Conſirmo, Ere, Evi, Etum. act. to *confirm; to ſtrengthen; to fortify; to encourage; to hearten; to recover; to get ſtrength; to make good; to enforce; to eſtabliſh; to aſſertain; to comfort; to aſſure; to aſſirm; to ſay boldly.*

Conſiſcacio, Onis. f. a *forſeiting, or conſecation.*

Conſiſcatus, a, um. part. *laid up in the treaſury, ſeized on conſecrated.*

Conſiſcor, Ari, Etus. paſſ. to *be laid up in the public treaſury to be conſecrated.*

Conſiſio, Onis. f. [a *conſiſio*] a *affiance or aſſurance.*

Conſiſus, a, um. part. *truſting, relying, or depending upon.*

Conſiſtor, Ari, ſeſſus. dep. [ex *con et fateor*] to *acknowledge; to grant; to confeſs; to own; to declare; to profeſs; to ehow.*

Conſixus, a, um. part. [a *conſigo*] *pricked, thruſt, or ſho through; pierced, etuck, caſt condemned.*

Conſiſtratus, a, um. part. *burned, ſet on fire, conſumed.*

Conſiſtro, Ere, Evi, Etum. te *burn; to be on fire; to be ſet on fire.*

Conſiſtura, æ. f. the *art or aſt of melting or caſting metal.*

Conſiſtus, a, um. part. *blown together, forged, contrived, raiſed, made up, composed, levied, occaſioned.*

Conſiſſus, a, um. part. *blown or bent.*

Conſiſtātus, a, um. part. *struggling or grappling with.*

Conſiſtio, Onis. f. [a *conſiſtio*] a *crashing, clashing, dashing; a conflict, combat, ſkirmiſh or bickering.*

Conſiſto, Ere, Evi, Etum. freq. [a *conſiſto*] to *etruuggle; to encounter; to ſtrive; to trouble; to peeter; to vex.*

Conſiſtor, Ari, Etus. dep. to *etruuggle or grapple with; to be fretted, plagued, or troubled.*

Conſiſtus, ſis. m. [a *conſiſto*] the *dashing or ſtriking of one*

thing against another; a just-
ing or striving together; a
contest.

Confligo, *äre, fligi, flictum*. act.
to contend; to strive; to en-
counter; to skirmish; to just-
le; to grapple with; to con-
flict; toicker; to contest;
to try it at law; to debate;
to dispute; to be contrary to;
to contradict one another.

Conflo, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act. to
blow; to blow together; to
melt metal; to forge; to
found; to cast; to get; to
cause; to contrive; to devise;
to make up; to compose.

Confluens, *tis*. m. a place where
two rivers run together.

Confluo, *fluere, fluxi, fluxum*.
neut. to flow or run together; to
resort; to apply themselves.

Confedio, *äre, fodi, fossum*. act.
to dig; to stab.

Confere, to be.

Conformatio, *önis*. f. the fram-
ing, fashioning, figuring order-
ing; an embellishment or beau-
tiful proportion; the same
with the *Propopola*.

Conformo, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act.
to form; to shape; to fashion;
to conform; to bring into fa-
shion; to make like to.

Conforulco, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act.
to make like an arch or vault;
to vault; to arch.

Confractus, *a*, um. part. [a con-
fractio] et ad]. dug, stabbed,
thrust through.

Confractus, *üs*. m. roughness.

Confractus, *a*, um. part. [a con-
fractio] broken, bruised.

Confractus, *a*, um. adj. rough,
rugged, craggy, uneven, hard
to be understood, rude in lan-
guage, unpleasant, hoarse, and
farring.

Confractus, *a*, um. adj. rough,
rugged, unpassable.

Confrémur, *äre, ui*, — neut. to
murmur; to roar or hum toge-
ther.

Confrictus, *a*, um. part. rub-
bed.

Confrico, *äre, ui, tum et ätum*.
act. to rub hard; to rub down.

Confringo, *äre, frégi, fractum*.
act. [ex con et frango] to
bruise; to dash to pieces; to
break open.

Confugio, *äre, fūgi, itum*. neut.
to fly to for help or relief;
to go to for refuge; to retire;
to have recourse to.

Confugium, *i*. n. a place of suc-
cour and refuge; a shelter, a
retreat, a harbour.

Confulgen, *äre, fulsi*, — neut. to
shine all over; to glitter.

Confuno, *äre, fūdi, fūsum*. act.
to pour out together; to con-
found; to mingle together; to
blend; to huddle; to discom-

pose; to trouble; to disorder;
to embroil; to abash; to dis-
may and astonish.

Confuse, adv. confusedly, un-
methodically.

Confusio, *önis*. f. [a confundo] a
mixing or jumbling together;
a confusion, a disorder;
trouble of mind or disturbance;
shamefacedness, blushing.

Confusus, *a*, um. part. et ad].
having mixed; confused, jumb-
led, immethodical, mingled,
obscure, troubled, frightened,
terrified, discomposed, or dis-
ordered.

Constitutio, *önis*. f. a confuta-
tion or disproving; an answer
to objections, a rhetorical
scheme.

Constituto, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act. to
confute or convince in reason-
ing; to disprove; to reprove;
to tell one his own; to allay;
to repress.

Constitutio, *önis*. f. a freezing
or being frozen.

Constituto, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act. to
congeal; to starve; to freeze.

Constitutio, *önis*. f. a re-
doubling, a folding.

Constituto, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act.
to redouble; to multiply;
to make two of one.

Constituto, *äre, ui*, — n. to groan
or sigh round; to bewail; to
lament.

Constituto, *gēnēris*. adj. of one
stock or kindred; of the same
sort.

Constituto, *a*, um. part. be-
gotten together.

Constituto, *a*, um. adj. begot-
ten together, congenial.

Conger et Congrus, *i*. m. a fish
called a conger.

Congries, *ei*. f. [a congero] a
mass, a heap, a pile, a hoard.

Congro, *äre, gessi, gestum*. act.
to heap; to pile up; to accu-
mulate; to amass; to lay up;
to hoard; to build nests; to
heap upon.

Congerro, *önis*. m. a merry
companion or company-keeper;
a droll.

Congestitus, *a*, um. adj. cast
up in heaps, heaped up, raised.

Congestus, *a*, um. part. brought
together, heaped, or piled up;
cast in a heap; accumulated,
amassed, laid up in store,
brought on every side, gather-
ed together, built up.

Congestus, *üs*. m. a heap, a
carrying or bringing of things
together.

Conglacio, *is*, e. adj. holding a
conglus or gallon.

Conglaciūm, *i*. n. a vessel hold-
ing a gallon, a largess, a dols,
a gift in corn or money, a
prince's present to a private
man.

Conglaciūm, *a*, um. adj. of the
measure called conglus.

Conglus, *i*. m. a kind of mea-
sure containing six sextaries
about one gallon or a littl;
more.

Conglacio, *äre, ävi, ätum*. neut.
to freeze; to turn to ice;
to grow stiff; to do nothing.

Congliaco, *äre*, — to shine
with others.

Conglobatio, adv. in a round
lump, in heaps, like a round
ball.

Conglobatio, *önis*. f. a gathering
round or a coming together
like a ball.

Conglobatus, *a*, um. part. ga-
thered round together, accu-
mulated.

Conglombo, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act. to
gather into a ball or lump.

Conglomerō, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act.
to wind upon a bottom; to
heap upon one.

Conglutinatio, *önis*. f. a gluing;
conglutination, a joining or
closing together.

Conglutinatus, *a*, um. part.
glued together, cemented;
made up or composed of.

Conglutino, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act.
to glue; to cement; to join;
to close up.

Congræco, *äre, ävi, ätum*. et
Congræcor, *äri, ätus*. dep. to
feast; to banquet; to make
good cheer; to live like a
Greek.

Congratulor, *äri, ätus*. dep. to
rejoice with; to congratulate;
to wish one joy.

Congressor, *di, gressus*. dep.
[ex con et gradior] to assemble;
to meet; to go together; to
converse with; to join battle;
to encounter; to struggle
with; to engage in dispute;
to cope with; to go and talk
with one.

Congregabilis, *is*, e. adj. soci-
able, easily brought together.

Congregatio, *önis*. f. a congre-
gation, an assembly, society
or company; an assemblage or
gathering together.

Congregitus, *a*, um. part. ga-
thered or assembled together
condensed, thickened.

Congregō, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act.
[ex con et grex] to gather;
to assemble together.

Congressio, *önis*. f. [a congre-
diō] a coming together, a
meeting with one, an assembly.

Congressus, *a*, um. part. meet-
ing, assembling, encountering,
or engaging with.

Congressus, *üs*. m. a meeting,
a coming together; an accout-
ing. an interview; a company
or company-keeping; resort; a
conference, a congress; con-
versation; a conjunction; con-

pulation; an engagement, battle, or fight.

Congruens, tis. part. agreeing, answerable, congruous, suitable, meet, fit, convenient.

Congruenter, adv. aptly, fitly, agreeably, suitably.

Congruentia, æ. f. agreeableness, suitability, conformableness, answerableness, likeness, congruity.

Congruo, Ære, I, — to come together; to agree with; to accord; to suit; to match; to answer.

Congruus, a, um. adj. apt, fit, convenient, agreeable, suitable, proper.

Conjectatio, ðnis. f. a guessing or conjecturing; a divination.

Conjectio, ðnis. f. [a conjicio] a casting, throwing, hurling, or flinging, a divination or interpreting of dreams.

Conjecto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to guess; to conjecture; to divine; to imagine.

Conjector, ðris. m. an expounder or interpreter of dreams; a soothsayer, a diviner; a conjecturer, a guesser.

Conjectrix, Icis, f. she who expounds or conjectures.

Conjectura, æ. f. a guessing or divination; a conjecture or guess, an imagination or conceit.

Conjecturâlis, is, e. adj. conjectural.

Conjectus, a, um. part. cast, hurled, flung, thrown, cast upon, conjectured, divined, guessed.

Conjectus, us. m. a casting, hurling, or throwing, a cast or glance.

Conifer v. Cóniferus, Æra, Ærum. adj. Conifera arbor, a tree that bears taper fruit like the pine apple.

Conifer, Æra, Ærum. adj. See Conifer.

Conjicio, cêre, jeci, lectum. act. [ex con et jacio] to cast together; to throw; to fling; to hurl; to drive; to digest; to put; to comprise; to conjecture; to divine; to guess; to imagine; to fancy; to interpret; briefly to lay open; to state the case; to fix upon; to limit.

Cónisao, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to butt with their heads and horns at one another; to frisk up and down; to make ready for battle.

Conisterium, i. n. a place where wrestlers, after they were anointed with oil, were besprinkled with dust, that they might take the surer hold of each other.

Conjugalis, is, e. adj. conjugal; of or belonging to marriage.

gal; of or belonging to marriage.

Conjûgata, ðrum. pl. words which are derived from one original.

Conjûgatio, ðnis. f. a yoking or coupling together; a derivation of words, being of one kind.

Conjûgator, ðris. m. a joiner or coupler; a matcher.

Conjûgâlis, is, e. adj. belonging to marriage, wedlock, or a bridal.

Conjûgium, i. n. [a conjux] marriage, wedlock, carnal copulation, a pair of creatures, male and female.

Conjûgo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to yoke; to couple together.

Conjûgulus, a, um. adj. dim. having a mate, paired, mated.

Conjûgus, a, um. adj. yoked, mated, paired.

Conjuncte, adv. jointly, conjointly, friendly, familiarly, dearly.

Conjunctim, adv. jointly, conjointly, complexly.

Conjunctio, ðnis. f. a joining or mixing together; union, agreement, familiarity, acquaintance, mutual love, concord, intimacy, fellowship, company, alliance, affinity, nearness.

Conjunctus, a, um. part. et adj. joined, coupled together; familiar; intimate, allied, akin, belonging or appertaining to; married, near to, close.

Conjungo, Ære, Junxi, junctum. act. to join together; to conjoin; to cement; to link; to put together; to couple in marriage; to associate; to ally.

Conjûrâtio, ðnis. f. a confederacy, a conspiracy, a combination, or general compact.

Conjûrâvus, a, um. part. sworn into a conspiracy.

Conjûro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to confure; to conspire together; to bandy; to plot; to swear together.

Conjux, ugis. c. g. [ex con et jugum] a spouse, a husband or wife; a yoke-fellow, a mate, one who was expected to be so.

Conlâbescio, fieri, factus. to go to decay.

Conlâtro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to bark with; to rail at a thing; to decry.

Conlaxo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to slacken.

Conlîco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to lop the boughs which hinder the light.

Connecto, Ære, nexi et nexui, nexum. act. to connect; to knit; to tie; to link; to fasten

together; to join; to add to; to continue a discourse.

Connexio, ðnis. f. a tying or linking together; a connexion or conclusion.

Connexum, i. n. the conclusion of a discourse.

Connexus, a, um. part. connected, joined, linked together, fitted to, tied or trussed up close; entangled.

Connexus, us. m. a knitting, tying, or joining together; a joint or knot.

Connluso, a, um. part. struggling or striving together.

Connlitor, i. nixus v. nluso. to endeavour; to struggle; to try to the utmost; to lean upon; to travail with child; to yearn; to be delivered of; to bring forth young.

Connlveo, Ære, lvi et lxi, — to wink or twinkle with the eyes; to wink at a matter; to connive at; to dissemble a thing; to take no notice of; to make as if he did not see.

Connlvis, a, um. part. [a con nitor] leaning on; bending or thrusting forward, bringing forth young.

Connûbialis, is, e. adj. pertaining to wedlock or marriage.

Connubium, i. n. [ex con e nuho] wedlock, marriage, a wedding.

Connûdatus, a, um. part. made bare, naked, uncovered.

Conôpseum, i. n. v. Conôpseum, a canopy, a curtain, an umbrella, a pavilion, a tester over a bed.

Cônoro, Æri, cônûsus. dep. to endeavour; to try; to go about, to attempt; to essay; to aim at; to enterprise.

Conquassatio, ðnis. f. a shaking or harassing.

Conquassatus, a, um. part. shaken.

Conquasso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to shake; to dash; to break in pieces; to harass; to ruin, to lay waste.

Conqueror, i, queatus. dep. to complain of; to bewail; to lament; to make complaint; to expostulate.

Conquestio, ðnis. f. a complaining, a making moan.

Conquestus, us. m. [a conqueror] an expostulation, a complaint.

Conquiesco, Ære, quievi, quiescitur. to be at rest; to repose; to be content; to cease; to leave off; to be respited; to acquiesce; to take delight in; to be allayed or assuaged.

Conquisco, Ære, quexi, — to duck the head; to bow or bend the body; to stoop.

Conquiro, Ære, quistvi, quistum. act. [ex con et quero] to

seek about ; to search for diligently ; to get together ; to rake up.
Conquisitor, adv. exquisitely, exactly, curiously, accurately.
Conquisitio, onis, f. a diligent inquiry ; a searching for, a pressing of soldiers.
Conquisitor, onis, m. [a conqueror] a searcher, an inquisitor, commissioners to raise an army, press-masters, officers who arrest offenders, going after them with hue and cry.
Conquisitus, a, um, part. et adj. searched out, chosen, invented, devised ; exquisite, fine, curious, rare, choice.
Conrido, ere, risi, to laugh ; to be pleasant.
Consalutatio, onis, f. a saluting or greeting one another.
Consalutatus, a, um, part. saluted or greeted.
Consaluto, are, avi, atum, to salute ; to greet ; to call.
Consano, ere, — incept. to become sound ; to be cured.
Consanguineus, a, um, adj. akin by blood and birth, of the same blood and kindred.
Consanguinea, æ, f. a kinswoman by blood, a cousin-german.
Consanguineus, i, m. a cousin, a kinsman, of the same blood by the father's side, a brother by the same father, a cousin-german.
Consanguinitas, atis, f. kindred by blood or birth ; consanguinity.
Consarrio, ire, ivi, itum, act. to rake ; to weed.
Consaucius, a, um, part. wounded together.
Consaucio, are, avi, atum, act. to wound ; to hurt.
Consceleratus, a, um, part. et adj. defiled, profaned, wicked, villainous.
Conscelero, are, avi, atum, act. to profane ; to unhallow ; to pollute ; to defile.
Conscendo, ere, di, sum. [ex con et scando] to climb ; to get up to ; to mount ; to get up ; to take ship ; to embark.
Consensio, onis, f. a taking of ship, a mounting on horseback.
Consensus, a, um, part. climbed, mounted, embarked.
Consentia, æ, f. [a part. consensio] privacy or the knowledge of another's designs and actions ; conscience, consciousness, the testimony and witness of one's own mind, knowledge, remembrance, reflection, remorse, a sense of guilt, innocence.
Conscindo, ere, scidi, scissum, act. to cut or tear to pieces ;

to lash ; to censure severely ; to twitch ; to pinch.
Conscio, ire, ivi, itum, to know ; to be privy to.
Conscidulus, a, um, adj. dim. [a conscia] conscious, privy to, &c.
Conscisco, ere, conscivi, consecutum, act. to vote by common consent ; to make an order or act ; to commit ; to procure.
Conscissura, æ, f. a gash or cut, a scar, a rent, a jag, a slash.
Conscissus, a, um, part. torn, cut, or rent to pieces.
Conscius, a, um, adj. conscious, privy to, or witness of another's counsels or actions, obnoxious, guilty ; knowing any thing by one's self.
Conseror, eri, ritus, dep. to hawk or spit.
Conscribillo, are, avi, atum, act. [a scribo] to write down ; to register ; to enroll ; to serm ; to scribble.
Conscribo, ere, scripsi, scriptum, act. to write ; to write a letter ; to set down in writing ; to make ; to ordain ; to list and levy soldiers.
Conscriptio, onis, f. a writing, an enrolling, a registering.
Conscriptus, a, um, part. written, enrolled, registered, mustered, scribbled.
Conscripti, orum, m. sive Patres conscripti, senators.
Conscro, are, vi, itum, act. to cut ; to hack ; to cut to pieces.
Conscritio, onis, f. a dedication, a consecration.
Conscritus, a, um, part. consecrated, dedicated, devoted, canonised, sainted, immortalised, sworn.
Conscro, are, avi, atum, act. [ex con et sacro] to consecrate ; to devote ; to hallow ; to canonise ; to saint ; to make a god ; to immortalise ; to render immortal.
Consectarium, i, n. a corollary, consecratory, consequence, inference, or deduction.
Consectarius, a, um, adj. consequent, deducible.
Consectatio, onis, f. a following or pursuing ; an affection, an imitating, an endeavouring to get ; a pursuit, a running after.
Consectator, onis, m. a pursuer, a follower.
Consectatrix, icis, f. she who pursues.
Consectio, onis, f. [a consecro] a cutting, hacking, or hewing ; a felling of trees.
Consector, eri, ritus, freq. [a consequor] to follow one up and down ; to run after ; to haunt one's company ; to court one ; to hunt after ; to hanker after ; to pursue in the rear ;

to prosecute ; to endeavour to get ; to labour to set forth ; to enumerate ; to imitate ; to lust after.
Consequutio, onis, f. [a consequor] a sequel, a consequence, an orderly consequence, an inference.
Consequutus, a, um, part. following, succeeding, having gotten, obtained.
Conseminalis, is, e, adj. sown or planted with several sorts of seeds or plants.
Conseminus, a, um, adj. sown with several kinds of seed.
Consequeo, ere, seculi, — incept. to grow old ; to grow out of date ; to decay ; to fade ; to lose its force ; to grow cool.
Consensio, onis, f. consent, agreement ; one mind or purpose ; unanimity ; a plot or conspiracy.
Consensus, us, m. a consent, accord, or agreement ; unanimity ; a granting, acknowledging, or owning.
Consentaneus, a, um, adj. consentaneous, agreeable, consonant, meet, convenient, fit, answerable, reasonable, not unlike, probable.
Consentio, ire, sensi, sensum, to consent ; to agree ; to accord ; to be of one opinion ; to be agreeable to ; to plot together.
Consentitur, impers. it is agreed.
Conseprio, ire, sepsi, septum, act. to hedge in ; to inclose.
Consepium, i, n. a close or inclosure ; a place inclosed or fenced in.
Conseptus, a, um, part. inclosed, hedged in.
Consequens, tis, part. following, succeeding, consequent, consecutive, ensuing, meet and convenient.
Consequens, tis, n. a conclusion, an inference, a sequel, or consequence.
Consequentia, æ, f. a sequel, a consequent, or consequence ; an orderly following.
Consequor, sequi, secutus, dep. to follow with ; to follow close ; to reach ; to overtake ; to get ; to purchase ; to win ; to acquire ; to procure ; to imitate ; to reckon up ; to comprise.
Consero, serere, savi, atum, act. to sow ; to set ; to plant.
Consero, serere, savi, sertum, act. to close ; to join ; to put ; to lay together.
Conserte, adv. fast, as if they were linked and tacked to one another.
Consertor, onis, m. a fastener, a tack, or brace.

Consertus, a, um. part. [a consero] *joined, packed, pinned, interlaced, interwoven, set together.*

Conserva, æ. f. *she that serves the same mistress.*

Conservatio, ōnis. f. *a keeping, maintaining, preservation.*

Conservator, ōris. m. *a protector or defender; a keeper or maintainer; a preserver.*

Conservatrix, icis. f. *she who protects or preserves.*

Conservatus, a, um. part. *preserved, kept, maintained, saved.*

Conservitium, i. n. *fellowship in service; a being a fellow-servant.*

Conservo, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to keep; to maintain; to conserve; to defend; to save; to observe; to mind; to keep warily; to keep up.*

Conservus, i. m. *a fellow-servant.*

Consessor, ōris. m. *he that sits with or by others.*

Consessus, ūs. m. *an assembly sitting together, a company or meeting; a session or sitting in commission.*

Consideo, ĩre, sēdi, sessum. to sit with; to sit together; to sit down; to pitch; to light; to take up his quarters; to be at a stand; to have room or place; to be allayed; to be settled; to sink down.

Considerantia, æ. f. *consideration, regard, caution, wariness.*

Considerate, adv. *with consideration, warily, cautiously, deliberately.*

Consideratio, ōnis. f. *consideration, regard, advice, advertency, carefulness, circumspection.*

Consideratus, a, um. part. *considered, viewed, regarded, heeded, weighed, well thought of.* Adj. *circumspect, wise, advised, discreet, considerate, wary, careful.*

Considero, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to consider; to think of; to regard; to advert; to take heed; to view heedfully.*

Consido, ĩre, sēdi, sessum. to sit down; to pitch; to light; to cease; to abate; to slack; to settle; to dwell; to take up his quarters; to sink down; to lie flat; to be allayed; to rest; to settle at the bottom.

Consignatio, ōnis. f. *a sealing, a marking, consignation; a writing sealed, a hand-writing.*

Consignatus, a, um. part. *signed, assigned, marked, sealed, put in writing, recorded, implanted, engraven.*

Consigno, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to seal; to sign; to mark; to*

register; to record; to confirm; to ratify.

Consulesco, ĩre, — *to be still or silent.*

Consiliarius, a, um. adj. *giving counsel.*

Consiliarius, i. m. *a counsellor, one of the counsel.*

Consiliator, ōris. m. *a counsellor.*

Consiligo, ĩnis. f. *an herb called bear's foot or fetterwort.*

Consilio, ĩre, ui et ĩvi, sultum. [ex con et salio] *to set upon; to assai; to assault; to leap upon; to fall on.*

Consilior, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. *to give counsel.*

Consilium, i. n. *deliberation, counsel, advice, design, a device, purpose, intent, the Roman senate, the privy council, an assembly of counsellors, a session, reason, understanding, discretion, will or pleasure.* [vid Concilium.]

Consimilis, is, e. adj. *very like; in all things alike; just such another, as like as may be.*

Consipio, ĩre, ui, — *to be well in his wits.*

Consisto, ĩre, stiti, stitum. neut. *to stand; to stand upright; to abide; to stay; to tarry; to keep in one place; to be settled; to stand; to make a halt; to be at a stay; to be stopped; to be abated; to be recovered of a distemper; to agree; to consist in; to depend upon.*

Consistio, ōnis. f. [a consero] *a setting or planting.*

Consitor, ōris. m. [a consero] *a setter or planter.*

Consultus, a, um. part. [a consero] *set, sown, planted.*

Consobrina, æ. f. *a cousin-german, a mother's sister's daughter.*

Consobrinus, i. m. *a cousin-german, a mother's sister's son, a mother's brother's son.*

Consocer, ĩri. m. *those whose son and daughter have married together.*

Consociatio, ōnis. f. *fellowship, society, an accompanying, partnership.*

Consociatus, a, um. part. et adj. *associated, consociated, consorted, joined in fellowship.*

Consocio, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to associate; to consociate; to join together; to make partner of.*

Consolabilis, is, e. adj. *consolable, that may be comforted or appeased.*

Consolatio, ōnis. f. *comfort, consolation by words or reflection.*

Consolator, ōris. m. *one who comforts.*

Consolatorius, a, um. adj. *consolatory.*

Consolidatus, a, um. part. *joined in one, clapped together consolidated.*

Consolido, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to consolidate; to solder.*

Consolo, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. id. quod

Consolor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. [ex con et solor] *to comfort; to divert one's grief; to console; to encourage; to be comforted.*

Consomnio, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. to dream.

Consönans, tis. part. et adj. *sounding together, very consonant, meet, agreeable, likely.*

Consönans, tis. f. [sc. litera] *a consonant.*

Consönantia, æ. f. *the agreement of voices, harmony, consonance.*

Consönantissime, adv. superl. *most harmoniously, most agreeably.*

Consönus, ĩre, ui, ĩtum. *to make a great noise; to ring again; to echo; to agree; to be suitable or consonant.*

Consönus, a, um. adj. *consonant, of like tune or sound; convenient, agreeable, answerable, consistent.*

Consopio, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. *to lay asleep; to lull asleep.*

Consopitus, a, um. part. *laid asleep, cast asleep.*

Consors, tis. c. g. *a partner or consori; a companion, colleague, partaker, sharer, like, of the same condition, friendly.*

Consortio, ōnis. f. *partnership, fellowship, society.*

Consortium, i. n. *fellowship, intercourse, community, partnership, correspondence, sympathy.*

Conspectus, a, um. part. et adj. *beheld, looked at, gazed upon; discerned.*

Conspectus, ūs. m. *a sight or view; presence or regard.*

Conspingo, ĩre, spersi, spersum. act. *to besprinkle; to strew; to dash.*

Conspersus, a, um. part. *sprinkled, strewn, set about with, adorned, embellished.*

Conspicatus, a, um. part. act. *having spied.*

Conspicillum, i. n. [a conspicio] *a peeping-hole to look out at, a pair of spectacles.*

Conspicio, ōnis. f. *a distant view, a prospect.*

Conspicio, ĩre, spexi, spectrum. act. [ex con et specio] *to take a view of; to see; to behold; to discern; to look towards; to discover; to find out; to consider; to mind.*

Conspicor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. *to see; to perceive; to spy; to set*

sight on; to descry; to discover.

Conspicuus, a, um, adj. [*a conspicio*] conspicuous, apparent, easy to be seen, clear, taken notice of, remarkable, excellent, eminent, worthy, commendable.

Conspirāte, adv. *ius comp.* by way of conspiracy, with great ardour.

Conspiratio, ōnis, f. any agreement, a conspiracy, a plot; plotting, combination, confederacy, unanimity, consent, a meeting together, harmony, union.

Conspirātr, *impers.* a conspiracy is formed.

Conspiro, āre, āvi, ātum. *to blow together; to conspire; to consent; to conspire; to conspire; to conspire; to conspire.*

Conspiro, āre, āvi, ātum. *act.* [*ex cou et spiro*] to wind round as serpents do.

Conspissatus, a, um, part. thickened, made thick, curdled.

Conspisor, ōris, m. he that is bound with another, a joint security.

Conspensus, a, um, adj. mutually agreed, betrothed.

Conspuo, ēre, spul, spātum. *act.* to spit upon; to spit in one's face.

Conspuro, āre, āvi, ātum. *act.* to defile; to besow; to bewray.

Conspūto, āre, āvi, ātum. *freq.* [*a conspuo*] to spit often at one; to bespawl.

Constābilis, ire, ivi, itum. *act.* to make sure; to settle; to assure.

Constans, tis, adj. steady, resolved, even, moderate, always the same, fixed, constant, immutable.

Constanter, adv. deliberately, considerably, sedately, evenly, constantly, stoutly, always, incessantly, after one fashion, like itself.

Constantia, e, f. steadfastness, perseverance, firmness, constancy; a constant course.

Constat, *impers.* it is evident, plain, and perepicuous, agreed on or well known.

Consternatio, ōnis, f. [*a consterno*] a great fear, fright, or astonishment; an agony, an alarm, a mutiny or rising of the people.

Consternatus, a, um, part. sore troubled, appalled, affrighted, agitated, astonished, dismayed; alarmed, tumultuous.

Consterno, āre, āvi, ātum. *act.* to appal; to astonish; to dash; to dismay; to dash; to discourage; to affright; to rout and put into disorder.

Consterno, āre, strēvi, strē-

tum. *act.* to strew; to cover; to pave.

Constipō, āre, āvi, ātum. *act.* to cram close; to thicken; to crowd; to throng in.

Constituō, ēre, ui, ūtum. *act.* [*ex con et statuo*] to set; to range; to dispose; to establish; to constitute; to appoint; to assign; to pitch upon; to purpose; to mean; to settle; to determine; to constitute; to make to stop; to make to halt; to build; to erect; to govern; to manage; to order.

Constituta, ōrum, n. pl. statutes, decrees, ordinances.

Constitutio, ōnis, f. a constitution, order or decree; an establishment, the state or complexion of the body, a stating of a cause.

Constitūto, [*subaud.* tempore] at the time appointed, according to appointment.

Constitutor, ōris, m. an ordainer, constitutor, or appointer.

Constitutum, i, n. a decree, constitution, a judged case, an appointment or certain time agreed upon for the trial of a suit at law.

Constitutum est mihi, *impers.* I propose or am determined.

Constitutus, a, um, part. founded, constituted, appointed, settled, determined, agreed upon.

Consto, atāre, stili, stitum et stātum. *to stand together; to be consistent; to agree with one's self; to consist; to be made up; to be built of; to abide; to cost; to stand in; to appear; to be plain or evident, clear and manifest.*

Constrātor, ōris, m. [*a consterno*] a leveller, that lays flat.

Constrātum, i, n. the deck of a ship.

Constrātus, a, um, part. coerced, paved strewed.

Constrictus, a, um, part. et adj. bound hard, strained; narrow; constrained.

Constringo, āre, strinxī, strictum. *act.* to bind fast; to tie strait; to gripe; to strain; to tie up; to constrain; to compel; to restrain; to bridle.

Constructio, ōnis, f. building, framing, making; a frame or building, construction.

Constructus, a, um, part. heaped or piled up; built, made, or framed; set together or in a rank; furnished.

Constructio, ēre, struxī, structum. *act.* to heap up; to build; to frame; to make; to set a thing together.

Construator, ōris, m. an adulterer or ravisher; a deflowerer or debaucher of women.

Constupro, āre, āvi, ātum. *act.* to commit adultery with; to ravish; to debauch; to deflower.

Consuāden, ēre, suāvi, suāsum. *to advise; to persuade.*

Consuālia, um, pl. n. [*a consus*] feasts and games instituted by Romulus in honour of Neptune.

Consulātor, ōris, m. a counsellor or adviser.

Consuādo, ēre, —. *to sweat together.*

Consuādo, āre, āvi, ātum. *neut.* to sweat.

Consuāficio, ēre, fēci, factum. *to accustom; to inure; to use.*

Consuādo, suēre, suēvi, suētum. *to be wont or be used to do.*

Consuesco, ēre, suēvi, suētum, et suētus, um, neut. et act. *to be accustomed; to be wont; to accustom; to have to do with; to be intimate with; to accustom.*

Consuetudo, ōnis, f. [*ex consuetus*] custom, usage, company, conversation, intimacy, familiarity, intercourse, acquaintance, fashion or manner, conversation with a woman. [*Consuetudo*, answers very meanly to the word habit. Mos, to our words. custom and usage.]

Consuetus, a, um, part. et adj. accustomed, used, wont, inured, usual, ordinary, in fashion, customary.

Consul, ūlis, m. a consul, a chief officer among the Romans, two of whom were yearly chosen to govern the city; a consul.

Consulāris, ia, e, adj. of or pertaining to the consul.

Consulārter, adv. consul-like or like a consul.

Consulātus, ūis, m. the consulship; the office or honour of a consul.

Consultr, *impers.* people consult or advise about.

Consulo, ēre, sūli, sultum. *to consult; to consult with; to ask or give counsel; to provide for; to take care of; to do for; to consider; to regard; to judge of; to interpret.* [*Consulo te*, means, I consult you, or I ask your advice. *Consulo tibi*, I provide for your interest; I consult your good. *Consulo boni*, I take it in good part.]

Consultatio, ōnis, f. a consultation, deliberation; an asking or taking of counsel or advice.

Consulte, adv. wisely, considerably, discreetly, warily.

Consulto, āre, āvi, ātum. *freq.* [*a consulo*] to deliberate; to consult; to debate together; to ask; to provide for.

Consulto, adv. advisedly, delibera-

ately, considerably, discreetly, purposely.

Consultor, *ōis*, *m.* [*a consulo*] *he who asks counsel, a lawyer's client; a counsellor or giver of counsel.*

Consultrix, *icis*, *f.* *she who asks counsel.*

Consultum, *i. n.* *an ordinance, a decree of counsel; a statute, a law; council, a resolution.*

Consultus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *consulted with, debated, considered, weighed.* *Adj.* *skilful, wise, well versed in.*

Consultus, *i. m.* *a counsellor, one who is consulted.*

Consummabilis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* *that may or is to be perfected.*

Consummatio, *ōnis*, *f.* *the sum total, a perfecting, a full finishing or ending; an accomplishment; consummation.*

Consummatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *summed up, ended, finished, accomplished.* *Adj.* *complete, perfect, consummate; elaborate.*

Consummo, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* *to sum up; to make up; to finish; to complete; to make an end of; to accomplish; to perfect.*

Consumo, *āre*, *sumpsi*, *sumptum*, *act.* *to spend lavishly; to lay waste; to consume; to destroy; to wear out; to bestow; to lay out; to discard; to throw off; to put an end to; to satisfy; to eat up; to devour.*

Consumptio, *ōnis*, *f.* *a spending, wasting, consumption, a laying out, a bestowing.*

Consumptor, *ōis*, *m.* *a spender, waster, consumer.*

Consumptus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *consumed, wasted, decayed, spent, perished.*

Consuo, *āre*, *sui*, *sūtum*, *to sew; to stitch up.*

Consurgitur, *impers.* *it is risen, &c.*

Consurgo, *āre*, *surrexi*, *surrectum*, *act.* *et neut.* *to rise up; to rise against; to arise; to grow.*

Consurrectio, *ōnis*, *f.* *a respectful rising up.*

Consuauro, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* *to whisper together.*

Consūtus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *sewed or stitched together, invented, pieced up.*

Contabescio, *āre*, *feci*, *factum*, *act.* *to waste or consume.*

Contāresco, *āre*, *tābul*, *—*, *to pine; to droop or waste away with grief, &c.*

Contābūllatio, *ōnis*, *f.* *a joining of boards together, a planking, a boarding of a floor or wainscoting; a timber frame.*

Contābūllatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *boarded or covered over.*

Contābūlo, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.*

to plank; to floor with boards; to seame a building of timber; to make a bridge over a river.

Contactus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [*a contingo*] *touched, dyed, stained, coloured, tainted or infected.*

Contactus, *ūs*, *m.* [*a contingo*] *a touch or contact, an infection, deflement.*

Contāgio, *ōnis*, *f.* *an effect, an affection, contagion, infection, pollution.*

Contāgium, *i. n.* *a contagion, an infection, a catching disease.*

Contāminatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *et adj.* *spoiled by unnatural mixture; contaminated; corrupt, naughty, defiled, debauched.*

Contāmino, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* *to spoil by mixing; to make uneasy; to defile; to pollute; to contaminate; to disdain; to soil; to disgrace.*

Contātio, *ōnis*, *f.* [*a contor*] *a delaying, a beating down the price, a huckstering.*

Contechinatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *devising or playing tricks.*

Contectus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *covered, hidden.*

Contēgo, *āre*, *texi*, *tectum*, *act.* *to cover; to cloak; to conceal.*

Contēmpro, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* *to violate; to injure; to wrong; to profane.*

Contemno, *āre*, *tempsi*, *temptum*, *act.* *to undervalue; to contemn; to despise; to disdain; to disparage; to bid defiance to; to make no account of; to disdain.* [Contemnere is a stronger term than despiciere.

The former denotes the absolute vileness of the object; whereas despiciere implies, that the person despising thinks meanly of the person despised, as compared with himself. Hence, *despicio te* is equivalent to *contemno te* præ me: I think contemptuously of you compared with myself.]

Contemplatio, *ōnis*, *f.* *a beholding, a gazing upon, a regarding, contemplation, study, meditation, a survey, a regard, consideration.*

Contemplātivus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *given to contemplation, contemplative, belonging to theory, speculative.*

Contemplātor, *ōis*, *m.* *a beholder or viewer; one who contemplates.*

Contemplātrix, *icis*, *f.* *she that beholds, meditates, or contemplates.*

Contemplātu, *abl.* *by contemplation or consideration.*

Contemplātus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *having beheld.*

Contempro, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *to look; to behold.*

Contemplor, *āri*, *ātus*, *dep.* *to behold; to look upon; to look wisely; to gaze upon; to muse; to think upon; to consider; to meditate; to contemplate.*

Contemptim, *adv.* *contemptibly, scornfully, disdainfully.*

Contemptio, *ōnis*, *f.* *a slighting, disdain, despising, contempt, disesteem.*

Contemptor, *ōis*, *m.* *a contemner, a disdainer, a despiser.*

Contemprix, *icis*, *f.* *she who scorns, cares not for, or fears not.*

Contemptus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *slighted, despised, contemned, disesteemed, disobeyed; et adj.* *abject, mean.*

Contemptus, *ūs*, *m.* *contempt, despite, scorn, disdain, disdainfulness, derision.*

Contendo, *āre*, *i. ensum* *et entum*, *to stretch; to strain; to rack; to labour; to strive; to march; to pursue his way in all haste; to be earnest with one; to press; to urge; to be positive in a thing; to undertake to make it good; to compare; to match; to set together; to quarrel; to bicker; to debate; to fight; to struggle; to endeavour; to hasten a journey; to request; to sue for.*

Contēnebrat, *brāvit*, *impers.* *night comes on, it grows dark.*

Contente, *adv.* *closely, straitly, forcibly, earnestly, vehemently.*

Contentio, *ōnis*, *f.* *a straining or stretching; an effort; an enforcement; eagerness, vehemency, strife, a lawsuit, contention, conflict, quarrel, a brawling, a dispute, a comparison, a rhetorical scheme; an equality.*

Contentiosus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *contentious, vehement, earnest, quarrelsome, stubborn, brawling, wrangling.*

Contentus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [*a contineo*] *contained, held.* *Adj.* *contented, satisfied.*

Contentus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [*a contendo*] *stretched, girded, bent or drawn as a bow; drawn or screwed close; speedy.*

Conterminum, *i. n.* *a bordering or neighbourhood.*

Conterminus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *bordering or bordering near together; nigh.*

Contēro, *āre*, *trivi*, *tritum*, *act.* *to break or bruise small; to bray or pound in a mortar; to waste; to consume; to spend; to pass over; to wear out with using; to weary; to tense; to make light of; to despise.*

Conterreo, *āre*, *ui*, *itum*, *act.* *to make afraid; to put in fear to affright; to astonish; to scare.*

Conterritus, a, um. par. put in fear, affrighted, scared.

Contestatus, a, um. part. witnessed, proved by witnesses, well known.

Contestor, āri, ātus. dep. to call to witness; to make protestation of a thing.

Contexo, ēre, ui, ēxtum. act. to weave; to join to; to tie together; to twist together; to forge; to devise.

Contexte, adv. closely, compactly, jointly, or together.

Contextim, adv. of one piece, interweavingly.

Contextas, a, um. part. woven, wrought together, interlaced, made up; clapped together.

Contextus, ūs. m. a weaving, a plaiting together; a composition, contexture; the form and style of a continued discourse, a text or context.

Conticeo, ēre, ui, — to be silent; to become speechless.

Conticesco, ēre, — incept. to hold one's tongue; to be hush or still.

Contiguatio, ōnis. f. the raftering or rearing up of a house; the boarding of a house; a floor, a story of a house.

Contignatus, a, um. part. raftered, floored, built into stories.

Contigno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to raft; to floor a house.

Contiguus, a, um. adj. [ex con et tango] contiguous, adjoining, adjacent.

Continctus, a, um. part. dyed or coloured.

Continens, ūs. f. [sc. terra] the continent or main land.

Continens, tis. part. adjoining or next to; joining together; of one piece, close; continual, without intermission; continent; moderate; abtinent; temperate, chaste, virtuous, modest.

Continter, adv. continently, chastely, soberly, sparingly, closely, continually, incessantly.

Continentia, ō. f. a keeping or holding in; continency, chastity, temperance, abstinence from pleasure, or covetousness; forbearance.

Continentia, um. n. pl. the hinge or principal points of a matter in controversy.

Contineo, ēre, ui, tentum. act. [ex con et teneo] to hold together; to keep up; to hold in; to keep close; to keep back; to hinder; to stop; to bind; to coerce; to bridle; to rule; to govern; to forbear; to refrain; to contain; to comprise; to comprehend; to converse or preserve.

Contingens, tis. part. touching, adjoining, relating to, contingent.

Contingit, impers. it happens; it falls out.

Contingo, ēre, tigi, tactum. act. [ex con et tango] to touch; to lay hold of; to handle; to hit; to arrive at; to reach to; to affect; to influence; to be a-kin to; to befall; to attain to.

Contingo, ēre, tinxī, tinctum. act. to anoint; to season.

Continuatio, ōnis. f. a joining without interruption, a continuation.

Continuitas, a, um. part. continued or joined together; contiguous.

Continue, adv. daily.

Continuitas, ūs. f. the continuity or whole length, depth, &c.

Continuo, adv. by and by, presently, forthwith, immediately, therefore, for that reason.

Continuo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to continue; to persevere; to hold on; to join; to close-together.

Continuus, a, um. adj. continual, without intermission, daily, constant, close together, touching each other, adjoining, plain, even, uniform.

Contonat, impers. it thunders.

Contorqueo, ēre, torsi, torsum et tortum. act. to wind about; to twist; to turn round; to whirl about; to cast; to sling; to hurl.

Contorte, adv. awry, wrily, forcedly, obscurely intricately.

Contortio, ōnis. f. a wrestling or screwing.

Contortor, ōris. m. a racker or wrester.

Contortilis, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat twisted.

Contortus, a, um. part. et adj. hurled with force, violently turned about, entangled, perplexed, crised, curled, wreathed, circled.

Contra, prap. reg. acc. against, contrary to, over against, opposite to.

Contra, adv. on the contrary, on the other hand, contrariwise, otherwise, opposite, mutually, reciprocally.

Contractio, ōnis. f. [a contraho] a contraction or shrinking in; a bending, a clenching, a contracting, or narrowing; abbreviating, abridging, a figure in grammar, leaving out letters.

Contractiuncula, ō. f. dim. a little twitch, a pinch.

Contractura, ō. f. the making of pillars small about the top.

Contractus, a, um. part. et adj. gathered, mustered, or drawn together, wrinkled, bended, mo-

derated, joined close, gotten procured, contracted, abridged, abbreviated, shortened. Adj. narrow, strait, difficult.

Contractus, ūs. m. a lessening or making smaller.

Contradico, ēre, dixi, dictum. act. to contradict; to gainsay; to thwart; to oppose.

Contradictio, ōnis. f. a contradicting, gainsaying, a speaking contrary to, an objection.

Contraeo, ēre, ivi, itum. to go contrary; to contradict.

Contraho, ēre, traxi, tractum. act. to draw together; to gather; to pick up; to muster; to pluck; to shrink in; to procure; to contract; to bargain; to have to do with; to shorten; to abbreviate; to abridge.

Contrahitor, ēri, itus. dep. to cheapen; to offer money for what another is about to buy.

Contrapositus, a, um. part. opposite, contrary to.

Contrarie, adv. contrarily, on the contrary.

Contrarius, a, um. adj. contrary to, repugnant, hurtful, athwart, directly over against.

Contravenio, ēre, veni, ventum. to come against; to speak against one; to accuse; to oppose; to cross.

Contractabiliter, adv. palpably, manifestly.

Contractatio, ōnis. f. a touching, a handling; contractation, dalliance.

Contractatus, a, um. part. handled.

Contracto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex con et tracto] to touch often; to handle; to treat of; to perse; to meddle with; to be concerned with; to lie with.

Contrémisco, ēre, — incept. to tremble for fear; to be afraid of.

Contrémio, ēre, ui, — to tremble; to quake; to shake; to tremble at; to fear; to waver; to falter.

Contribuo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to contribute; to allow; to attribute; to give; to account; to reckon among; to divide; to distribute.

Contributus, a, um. part. contributed, given; counted, reckoned; under the same government.

Contristatus, a, um. part. grieved.

Contristo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make sorry or sad.

Contritus, a, um. part. [a contrero] broken, brayed or bruised small; worn, much used, common.

Contröversia, ō. f. a controversy, debate, variance, dispute, quarrel. [Contröversia, is a

dispute or controversy, concerning any questionable or doubtful matter. Disceptatio means, a discussion or debating concerning a matter of controversy, with a view to a decision. Contentio means simply, a striving together. Its primary idea is a strenuous exertion of faculty, corporeal or mental.]

Contrōversīdus, a, um. adj. full of controversy; contentious, litigious.

Contrōversus, a, um. part. et adj. doubtful, controverted, debated, disputed, quarrelsome, litigious.

Contructūctus, a, um. part. wounded grievously, left for dead.

Contructido, ēre, āvi, ātum. to kill or slay; to butcher.

Contrūdo, ēre, trūsi, trūsum. act. to thrust together; to crowd in.

Contrunco, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to mangle; to chop; to hack to pieces; to cut off by the stumps; to diminish.

Contūbernālis, is, e. adj. [ex con et taberna] belonging to the same quarters.

Contūbernālis, is, e. g. a comrade or chamber-fellow; a companion, a colleague or partner in an office.

Contūbernium, i. n. a company of soldiers that lodge in the same tent or are billeted or quartered together; a file of soldiers under a sergeant; the hut or tent itself; fellowship in one house; conversation, company, acquaintance, the marriage with a servant or of servants with one another, an unlawful familiarity.

Contueor, ēri, tultus. dep. to look wistfully upon; to survey.

Contultus, ūs. m. an earnest beholding or steadfast looking, sight, presence.

Contūmācia, ō. f. [a contumax] stubbornness, insolence, wilfulness, haughtiness, sullenness, peevishness, contumacy; disobedience, frowardness, obstinacy, stoutness, resolution.

Contūmācter, adv. ius. comp. stubbornly, frowardly, proudly, contumaciously, disobediently, with great reluctance.

Contūmax, ācis. adj. [a contumex] swelling, contemptuous, haughty, insolent, rebellious, contumacious; cross, disobedient, stubborn, hard and stiff, restive, headstrong, heady, cruel, constant, steady.

Contūmēlia, ō. f. [a contumex] a naughty speech, a bitter taunt, a sarcasm; a pasqui-

nade, a sharp piece of raille-ry, wit, foul language. contumely, scurrility, sauciness, railing; an affront, an injury coupled with contempt, a scornful shock, brunt or onset.

Contūmēliose, adv. spitefully, reproachfully, outrageously, disdainfully, abusively, contumeliously, injuriously.

Contūmēliōsus, a, um. adj. reproachful, outrageous, insolent, contumelious, abusive; injurious, affrontive, disgraceful.

Contūmūlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to inter; to bury; to lay in the grave.

Contundo, ēre, tūdi, tūsum. act. to beat; to knock; to thump; to bang; to dint; to batter; to bruise; to strike down; to repress; to tame; to mitigate.

Contuor, ul, tultus et tūtus. dep. to behold; to spy or see.

Conturbāto, ōnis. f. a troubling, disordering or confounding, disorder, confusion.

Conturbātor, ōris. m. a troubler, a bankrupt; one who breaks; an undoer.

Conturbātus, a, um. part. v. adj. disordered, troubled, disquieted.

Conturbo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to trouble; to disquiet; to astonish; to disorder; to put in confusion; to spend; to waste; to crack his credit; to turn bankrupt; to break; to fail.

Contus, i. m. a long pole or staff; a spear.

Contūso, ōnis. f. [a contundo] a battering, bruising; a crush, a blunting.

Contūsus, a, um. part. pounded, stamped, beaten, worn, dulled, bruised, mauled, wasted, disheartened, afflicted.

Convāleo, ēre, ui, itum. to recover; to become well again.

Convālesco, ēre, — incept. to grow strong; to amend; to recover health; to grow; to get force or strength.

Convallis, is, f. a valley or dale.

Convāsus, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to truss bag and baggage; to pack; to bundle up.

Convecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a convehio] to carry; to lug along.

Convēctor, ōris. m. a fellow-passenger in a ship.

Convectum, i. n. provision or ammunition laid up beforehand in a town or magazine.

Convectus, a, um. part. carried or brought together.

Convehio, ēre, vexi. vectum. act. to carry or convey by cart, boat, ship, &c.

Convēlātus, a, um. part. covered over; close.

Convello, ēre, vellī et vultī, vultum. act. to rend; to pull up; to pluck up by the roots; to tear asunder; to unsettle; to weaken; to annul; to rescind; to reverse; to confute; to disprove; to destroy; to remove; to loose.

Convēna, ō. c. g. people of divers countries assembled together to dwell in one place.

Convēniens, tis. part. et adj. gathering or assembling together, peaceable, fit, suitable, agreeable, proper, becoming, and convenient.

Convēniēter, adv. conveniently, consistently, agreeably, to the purpose; fitly, suitably, expeditiously; at a very good time and season.

Convēnientia, ō. f. agreeableness, proportion, accord, consent, an agreement; comfortableness.

Convēnio, īre, vōni, ventum. neut. to come or resort together; to assemble; to convene; to meet; to resolve upon a thing together; to agree or accord together; to suit; to fit; to answer; to befit; to beseech; to meet with; to come and talk with one; to sue one in law; to couple. [Convenio is thus construed: Convenire in urbem, to come into the city and assemble. Convenire in urbe, to assemble in the city, having been there before. Convenire aliquem, to have an interview with any one. Convenit hoc mihi, this suits me. Convenit mihi cum illo, I agree with him.]

Convēnit, impers. it is meet, convenient or suitable; it is agreed upon.

Convēnticūlum, i. n. dim. a little assembly, a conventicle or house for unlawful meetings.

Convēntio, ōnis. f. a meeting of people, a convention, a covenant.

Convēntum, i. n. a covenant, an agreement; a league, a compact.

Convēntus, a, um. part. met and talked with, agreed upon.

Convēntus, ūs. m. an assembly, a convention, a meeting, a pack or crew; a hundred or county; a district, a covenant, bargain, a contract. an assize or session.

Convēbō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to beat.

Converbo, ēre, verri et versū, versum. act. to sweep all over; to brush; to make clean; to beat one; to brush his coat for him.

Conversatio, *onis*, f. a turning or whirling about, familiarity; keeping company with; a conversation, behaviour, carriage.

Converse, *adv.* neatly, cleanly.

Conversio, *onis*, f. a course, a revolution, an alteration or change, a turning upside down, a disturbance.

Converso, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *freq.* [a *convorto*] to turn about; to whirl round.

Conversor, *ari*, *atus*, *dep.* to converse or keep company with one; to haunt; to frequent; to be often with.

Conversus, *a*, *um*, *part.* turned, converted, changed, turned about, translated, turned towards.

Converto, *ere*, *verti*, *versum*, *act.* to turn about; to whirl; to convert; to turn towards; to transform; to translate; to change; to apply one's mind to a thing.

Convector, *ti*, *versus*, *pass.* *rar.* *dep.* to be turned; to turn.

Convestio, *ire*, *ivi* (*Lic.*) *itum*, *act.* to clothe all over; to cover; to deck.

Convestitus, *a*, *um*, *part.* clothed or covered all over.

Convexitas, *atis*, f. convexity, the crookedness and bending or bowing of a thing downward.

Convexus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* convex, crooked, bending down on every side, vaulted, arched, roofed.

Conviciator, *oris*, *m.* a railer.

Convicior, *ari*, *atus*, *dep.* to taunt; to reproach; to rail at; to revile one.

Convictum, *i*, *n.* a loud noise, a reproach or ill word, an abuse, a braving, importunity; an exclamation or crying out against; a merry jest, a pleasant droll.

Convictio, *onis*, f. [a *convivo*] a lying or boarding together.

Convictor, *oris*, f. [a *convivo*] a companion at table, a daily guest, a table or fellow-boarder.

Convictus, *a*, *um*, *part.* thoroughly proved, convicted, attained, vanquished, or overcome.

Convictus, *us*, *m.* [a *convivo*] a living together in one house or at one table; a boarding together; familiarity, ordinary food, meat and drink, diet, company or society.

Convinco, *ere*, *vici*, *victum*, *act.* to overcome; to vanquish; to prove manifestly; to confute; to convince; to convict.

Convincio, *onis*, f. [a *convincio*] a conjunction or word that connects the clauses of a sentence.

Convivo, *ere*, *visi visum*, *act.* to go to see; to visit; to take a view of.

Conviva, *æ*, c. g. [a *convivo*] a guest.

Convivâlis, *is*, e, *adj.* of or belonging to a feast or banquet.

Convivator, *oris*, *m.* an entertainer, a feaster, the founder of a feast.

Convivium, *i*, *n.* a feast or banquet; a collation, entertainment; a prince's table or supper. [Convivium is a common domestic repast. Epulum, a religious or public feast given to the people. Epulae, a sumptuous banquet given by a private individual to such as he chose to invite.]

Convivo, *ere*, *vixi*, *victum*, *neut.* to live or dwell together; to eat and drink together.

Convivor, *ari*, *atus*, *dep.* to feast; to banquet; to revel.

Convocatio, *onis*, f. a convocation, a calling or assembling together; an assembly.

Convoco, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to call together; to assemble.

Convolo, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *neut.* to fly together; to come together in all haste.

Convolvere, *ere*, *volvi*, *vblutum*, *act.* to wrap together; to entwine; to wind about; to tumble or roll together; to envelop; to encompass.

Convolveris, *i*, *m.* a little hairy worm which eats vine-leaves; a vine-fretter; the herb with-wind or bind-weed.

Convomo, *ere*, *ui*, — *act.* to vomit up; to defile by vomiting.

Conus, *i*, *m.* a cone, the crest of a helmet.

Convulsero, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to wound one grievously.

Convulsio, *onis*, f. [a *convello*] a plucking or shrinking up; the cramp or convulsion of the nerves.

Convulsus, *a*, *um*, *part.* plucked or pulled up, shrunk up, taken with the cramp.

Conyza, *æ*, f. fleabane, an herb, the leaves whereof kill gnats and fleas.

Converso, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to burden or lay a great load on.

Cooperculum, *i*, *n.* a cover or lid.

Cooperio, *ire*, *ui*, *pertum*, *act.* to cover all over; to envelop; to overwhelm.

Cooperus, *a*, *um*, *part.* covered, overwhelmed.

Cooptatio, *onis*, f. a choosing, an electing; an investiture, election or choice.

Coopto, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to choose; to elect by vote; to

adopt; to invest in an office.

Cobrior, *iri*, *coortus*, *dep.* to arise, as in a storm or mutiny.

Copa, *æ*, f. *quæ* et *Cupa*, a hostess, a winess.

Cyphus, *i*, *m.* a twig basket, a pannier, a coffer, a coffin.

Copia, *æ*, f. plenty, abundance, store, exuberance, riches, health; store, number, power, ability, possibility; leave, liberty, aid, help, assistance, an assistant, a supplier, a helper, the goddess of plenty.

Copie, *arum*, *pl.* provision of victuals; forces of soldiers.

Copie, *arum*, *f.* *pl.* *dim.* small force or store; a little army or company of men in arms.

Copiose, *adv.* abundantly, amply, plentifully, at large, copiously, with a great train or attendance.

Copiosus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* plentiful, abundant, copious, ample, rich, wealthy, well provided, furnished, or stored; populous, much frequented.

Copis, *ilis*, *f.* a kind of falchion, a cimeter; a hanger.

Copro, *onis*, *m.* *ant. pro* *Caupo*, a huckster or victualler.

Coprea, *æ*, et *Coprias*, *æ*, *m.* a jester or buffoon.

Copros, *i*, *m.* dung.

Copta, *æ*, f. a kind of hard cake made of almonds, &c. or rather a hard biscuit that would break one's teeth.

Copilla, *æ*, f. a dog's collar; a fetter or shackle; a couple, a band or tie.

Copulatio, *onis*, f. a coupling or joining.

Copulatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* coupled, joined, compounded.

Copulo, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to couple; to join together; to keep company.

Cochlearius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of the kitchen.

Cochino, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to cook; to play the cook; to dress victuals.

Cochinus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* pertaining to the kitchen or cook.

Cocco, *ere*, *coxi*, *coctum*, *act.* to seethe; to boil; to bake; to cook victuals; to ripen; to dry; to scorch; to digest; to concoct; to heat in the fire; to contrive or design; to put in a ferment; to fret; to burn one inwardly.

Cocqua, *i*, *m.* *v.* *Cocus*, [a *coquo*] a cook.

Cor, *dis*, *n.* the heart; the mind; wit, wisdom, judgment, courage, affection; the whole man.

Coracinus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* [a *corax*] of a raven.

Coracinus, *i*, *m.* a black fish, peculiar to the river Nile.

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Contrōversivus, a, um, adj. full of controversy; contentious, litigious.

Contrōversus, a, um, part. et adj. doubtful, controverted, debated, disputed, quarrelsome, litigious.

Contrucidātus, a, um, part. wounded grievously, left for dead.

Contrucidō, āre, āvi, ātum. to kill or slay; to butcher.

Contrūdō, āre, trūsi, trūsum. act. to thrust together; to crowd in.

Contrunco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to mangle; to chop; to hack to pieces; to cut off by the stumps; to diminish.

Contubernālis, is, e, adj. [ex con et taberna] belonging to the same quarters.

Contubernālis, is, c. g. a comrade or chamber-fellow; a companion, a colleague or partner in an office.

Contubernium, i, n. a company of soldiers that lodge in the same tent or are billeted on quarters together; a file of soldiers under a serjeant; the hut or tent itself; fellowship in one house; conversation, company, acquaintance, the marriage with a servant or of servants with one another, an unusual familiarity.

Contueor, ēri, tūtus. dep. to look wistfully upon; to survey.

Contutus, ūs, m. an earnest beholding or steadfast looking, sight, presence.

Contumacia, a, f. [a contumax] stubbornness, insolence, wilfulness, haughtiness, sullenness, peevishness, contumacy; disobedience, forwardness, obstinacy, stoutness, resolution.

Contumācter, adv. ius, comp. stubbornly, forwardly, proudly, contumaciously, disobediently, with great reluctance.

Contumax, ātis, adj. [a contumex] swelling, contemptuous, haughty, insolent, rebellious, contumacious; cross, disobedient, stubborn, hard, stiff, recalcitrant, headstrong, heady, cross, constant, steady.

Contumelia, a, f. [a contumex] a naughty speech, a discourtesy, a sarcasm; a paucity,

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Contumeliose, adv. spitefully, reproachfully, outrageously, disdainfully, abusively, contumeliously, injuriously.

Contumeliosus, a, um, adj. reproachful, outrageous, insolent, contumelious, abusive; injurious, affrontive, disgraceful.

Contumulo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to inter; to bury; to lay in the grave.

Contundo, āre, tūdi, tūsum. act. to beat; to knock; to thump; to bang; to dint; to batter; to bruise; to strike down; to repress; to tame; to mitigate.

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Contus, i, m. a long pole or staff; a spear.

Contusio, ōnis, f. [a contundo] a battering, bruising; a crush, a blunting.

Contusus, a, um, part. pounded, stamped, beaten, worn, dulled, bruised, mangled, wasted, disheartened, afflicted.

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Convāso, āre, āvi, ātum. to truss bag and baggage; to pack; to bundle up.

Convecto, āre, āvi, ātum. [a conveho] to carry along.

Convectior, ōris, m. a passenger in a ship.

Convectum, i, n. a communication held in a town or market.

Convectus, a, um, part. v. adv. throughly.

Convectus, āre, āvi, ātum. to carry.

Convectus, āre, āvi, ātum. to carry.

Convēlātus, a, um, part. covered over; close.

Convello, āre, velli et vulsi, vulsum. act. to rend; to pull up; to pluck up by the roots; to tear asunder; to unsettle; to weaken; to annul; to rescind; to reverse; to confute; to disprove; to destroy; to remove; to loose.

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Corallifcus lapis, a white sort of marble, called coralline.

Corallum, i. n. (ancipites prim. et sec. syll.) coral.

Coraloächites, m. m. a kind of agate, like a coral.

Coram, prep. regit abl. before, in presence of.

Coram, sine casu, face to face, openly.

Corambele, es, et m. f. an herb which dims the sight.

Corax, Æcis. m. a raven; an engine so called.

Corbis, is. f. et m. a twig basket or pannier.

Corbita, m. f. a great ship for traffic, merchandise, or burden, slow of sailing; a hoy.

Corbula, m. f. dim. [a corbis] a little basket, pannier, or mound.

Corchirus, i. m. the herb pimpnel or chickweed; Jew's mallow.

Corculum, i. m. dim. [a cor] a little or poor heart; a word of endearment; a sweet-heart, a minion; a surname of Scipio Nasica.

Corculus, a, um. adj. wise, prudent.

Cordate, adv. wisely, discreetly.

Cordatus, a, um. adv. wise, discreet, prudent, sage, judicious, considerate.

Cordax, Æcis. m. a kind of dance used in comedy; the Trochæus, a foot fitted thereto.

Cordus, ad rectius Chordus, a. m. n. adj. that comes or springs late in the year; lateward;

late-born; the surname of several men for that reason.

Cordyla, m. f. the fry of the tunny-fish.

Correllina castanea, a kind of chestnut.

Corriago, Inia. f. [ex corium] the sickness of cattle when hide-bound.

Coriandrum, i. n. the herb called coriander.

Coriarius, il. m. a tanner or currier; an herb and shrub, with the dry leaves of which they use to tan leather, called pith; also, Rhus.

Corias, m. m. a kind of fish.

Corinthas, Ælis. f. an herb which heals the stinging of serpents.

Coriolana pira, pears so called from one Coriolanus.

Corion, i. n. the herb St. John's wort.

Coris, is. f. St. John's wort or ground pine; a gnat or bug.

Corium, il. n. the hide of a beast, leather; the skin of a man; the skin of a fish; the husks of chestnuts, acorns, or such things; the coat of a floor.

Corneolus, a, um. adj. dim. almost as hard as horn.

Cornescio, Ære, — n. to grow hard as horn.

Cornetum, i. n. a grove of cornel-trees.

Corneus, a, um. adj. [a cornu] of or like horn; hard or white as horn; horny, made of horn.

Corneus, a, um. adj. [a corno arbore] of the cornel-tree; made of the wood.

Cornicen, Inia. c. g. he who winds or blows a horn or cornet.

Cornicor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to chatter or cackle like a chough; to prate.

Cornicula, m. f. dim. [a cornix] a chough or little crow; a jackdaw.

Cornicularius, li. m. [a corniculum, quod vid.] a cornet of horse, a trooper in the wing of an army, a brigadier.

Corniculum, i. n. dim. a little horn; a kind of ornament presented by the general to soldiers for their good services, and worn on their helmets.

Corniger, Æra, Ærum. adj. horned; having or wearing horns;

a bull; an epithet of Jupiter.

Cornipes, Ælis. adj. having a hard or horny hoof; subst. a horse.

Cornix, Æcis. f. a crow or rook.

Cornu, n. indecl. plur. Cornua, um. a horn; a cornet; a horn or trumpet; a corner or winding creek; the wing of an army, a squadron in a fleet; a horn of the moon; a bow; an elephant's tooth; the extremity of any thing; the ends or bosses of the stick about which they rolled their books, were called cornua libri; a lantern.

Cornua, the pith or chief part of an argument; power, courage; the bendings or divided streams of a river.

Cornuopia, m. f. abundance of all things, God's plenty, the horn which Hercules broke off from Achelous.

Cornum, i. n. a cornel, the fruit of the cornel-tree.

Cornuo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. n. to bend like a horn; to bend or bow till the horns meet.

Cornus, i, et Æs. f. the cornel-tree of both sexes; the female called the dog-tree or the wild cherry-tree; a javelin or lance made of the wood of that tree.

Cornus, Æs. m. pro Cornu.

Cornutus, a, um. adj. horned, having horns.

Corolla, m. f. dim. a little crown or garland; a chaplet, a coronet.

Corollarium, il. n. a coronet or reward given to actors, champions, or sencers above their due; the vantage or overnea-

sure; the overplus; an accession; any little present.

Corona, m. f. a crown, a diadem, a coronet, a chaplet, a garland, of which there were various sorts. Corona triumphalis, a garland which was presented to the general after a victory. Obsidionalis, one given to him who had raised a siege. Civica, a garland made of oak leaves, and given to him who had rescued a citizen in fight. Muralis, a garland given to him who first scaled the walls of an enemy's garrison. Vullaris, one given to him who first entered the enemy's camp, made in form of a trench, quæ et Castrensis. Navalis, a garland given to him who first boarded an enemy's ship; a circle, a compass, or company of men, standing round about one, or sitting round in a ring; a constellation in the heavens; any round thing in fashion of a coronet; the coping or cornice of a wall or pillar, to cast off the rain.

Coronamentum, i. n. stuff where-with to make garlands.

Coronarius, a, um. adj. that belongs to or serves to make garlands or crowns.

Coronarius, i. m. a maker or seller of garlands.

Coronaria, m. f. she who makes and sells garlands.

Coronatus, a, um. part. crowned, wearing a garland.

Coroneola, m. f. a musk-rose, a canker-rose.

Coronis, Ælis. f. the top or peak of a hill or any building; the fane; the utmost part or end of a thing; the conclusion of a book.

Corono, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to crown; to set a garland upon one's head; to beset; to surround; to encompass.

Coronopus, Ælis. m. the herb buck's horn or dog's tooth, swine's cresses.

Corophium, i. n. a kind of crab-fish.

Corporealis, is, e. adj. corporeal, bodily, belonging to the body.

Corpustura, m. f. bulk of body.

Corpustus, a, um. part. embodied, incorporated, having a body.

Corporeus, a, um. adj. bodily, corporeal, that has a body, or belongs to the body.

Corporo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to form into a body; fashion like a body.

Corpulentia, m. f. grossness, fleshiness, corpulency, bulkiness.

Corpulentus, a, um. adj. corpulent, gross, fleshy, bulky.

Corpus, ōris. n. a body, the flesh, substance, the whole man, a soul, a spirit, a shade; a system or volume; a whole nation; a distinct part of the whole; a temper or constitution.

Corpusculum, i. n. dim. a little or small body, an atom, a collection.

Corrado, ōre, rāsi, rāsum. act. to scrape or rask together; to hoard.

Correctio, ōnis. f. [a corrigo] a correction, an amendment.

Corrector, ōris. m. a corrector or amender.

Correctus, a, um. part. corrected, amended, redressed.

Correpto, ōre, repsi, reptum. neut. to creep; to sneak; to sink into a place.

Correpte, adv. shortly.

Correptio, ōnis. f. a shortening.

Corruptor, ōris. m. a reprover or rebuker.

Corruptus, a, um. part. seized, laid hold on; reproved, chidden.

Corrideo, ōre, rāsi, rāsum. neut. to laugh; to smile; to look pleasantly.

Corriga, ōis. f. the latchet of a shoe, a thong of leather.

Corrigo, ōre, rexi, rectum. act. [ex con et rego] to set to rights; to straighten; to correct; to amend; to make better; to reform; to make amends for.

Corripio, ōre, ul, reptum. act. to catch up hastily; to snatch; to seize on; to apprehend; to slip or sink away; to hasten; to take up; to chastise; to reprove; to snip; to check; to diminish; to cut short.

Corrivāles, ium. pl. c. g. rivals in love.

Corrivātio, ōnis. f. the running of water together in one stream.

Corrivātus, a, um. part. running together, made up of several streams.

Corrivor, ōri, ōtus. pass. to run or flow together.

Corrobōro, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to fortify; to make strong; to corroborate; to strengthen; to enforce; to confirm.

Corrōdo, ōre, rōsi, rōsum. act. to gnaw; to corrode; to fret.

Corrūgo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to bring together by entreaty; to seek up and down; to scrape up; to get together; to hoard.

Corrosus, a, um. part. gnawed, wasted, and worn round about; corroded.

Corrūdo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to make round.

Corrūda, ōis. f. an herb called wild sperage.

Corrūgātus, a, um. part. wrinkled, shrivelled.

Corrūgo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to wrinkle; to make in wrinkles.

Corrumpo, ōre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to mar; to spoil; to infect; to destroy; to waste; to lose; to forge; to falsify; to bribe; to suborn; to deface; to taint; to infect; to deflower.

Corruo, ōre, ul. — neut. to fall together; to fall or tumble down; to fail; to miscarry; to be broken and spent; to decay; to come to utter ruin. Act. to heap up.

Corrupte, adv. depravedly, improperly, corruptly.

Corruptēla, ōis. f. a bane or mischief, a corrupter, a spoiler, a debauching, a depraving or falsifying; bribery.

Corruptio, ōnis. f. corruption, a spoiling, a depraving.

Corruptor, ōris. m. a corrupter, a ruiner, a misleader, a spoiler, a defler, a debaucher.

Corruptrix, icis. f. she who corrupts, a corrupter.

Corruptus, a, um. part. et adj. corrupted, spoiled, marred, blighted; mixed or confounded with, depraved, wicked, bribed, infected, soft, delicate, wanton; forged, falsified, deflowered, debauched.

Cors, tis. f. See Chors.

Corsa, ōis. f. the fore part of the head; the garnishing of porches or doors.

Corsoides, is. m. a certain stone, in colour like hoary hair.

Cortex, icis. m. v. f. a rind, bark; a shell or pecl.

Corticātus, a, um. part. having a rind or bark.

Corticōsus, a, um. adj. full of thick bark.

Corticūla, ōis. f. dim. a thin rind or little bark.

Cortina, ōis. f. a caldron, a kettle, a dyeing vat, a vessel set under to receive oil, when the olives were pressed, the table or tripod of Apollo, the oracle itself.

Cortināle, is. n. a place where the kettles or caldrons were set.

Corus, i. m. [ventus] the north-west wind.

Cōrusco, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. to glitter; to flash; to shine; to brandish; to shake; to be shaken; to wave to and fro.

Cōruscus, a, um. adj. glittering, shining bright, waving.

Corvus, i. m. a raven, a cabot, term in architecture, a kind of

grapple or iron hook used in war, a surgeon's instrument.

Cōrycæus, i. m. a spy, a scout, a tell-tale, an informer, an intelligencer.

Cōrylētum, i. n. a grove or copse of hazel-trees.

Cōrylus, i. f. a hazel or Alherd tree.

Cōrymbia, ōis. f. a decoction of the stalk of giant-fennel, seasoned with brine and honey.

Cōrymbifer, ōre, ōrum. adj. bearing berries like ivy.

Cōrymbium, v. Cōrymbium, i. n. a peruke or tower worn by women.

Cōrymbites, ōis. m. a kind of spurge with broad leaves.

Cōrymbus, i. m. a bunch or cluster of ivy-berries, the fruit or flower of the herb chrysosome, the head of an artichoke, thistle, or the like.

Cōryphaeus, i. m. the chief or principal, a ringleader.

Cōrytos, i. m. a bow-case or quiver.

Cōryza, ōis. f. the distillation out of the head into the eyes or nose; a rheum or running at the nose.

Cos, cotis. s. a whetstone, a hone, a grindstone, an incentive.

Cosmēla, ōis. m. v. f. a valet or groom of the chamber; a keeper of the wardrobe.

Cosmīnium, i. n. sc. unguentum, rich perfume prepared by one Cosmus.

Cosmīcus, a, um. adj. according to the course of the world.

Cossis, is. et Cossus, i. m. a worm bred in wood.

Costa, ōis. f. a rib, a coast, a side.

Costātus, a, um. adj. ribbed, having large ribs.

Costus, i. f. et Costum, i. n. a kind of shrub growing in Syria and Persia, having a root of a most pleasant spicy smell; Zedoary, an ointment or balsam made of it.

Cōthurnātus, a, um. adj. wearing buskins, writing in a high style, tragical.

Cōthurnus, i. m. a buskin, a chippine or chippen; a high-soled shoe, a pantofle; a lofty strain or high style; a tragedy.

Cōtēla, ōis. f. dim. [a cos] a little whetstone or grindstone, a touchstone to try gold, a small vessel made thereof.

Cōtinus, i. f. a kind of wild olive.

Cōtōnea, ōis. f. an herb so called by the Venetians, but by the Gauls named Halum.

Cōtōneum, i. n. a quince.

Crotoneus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a quince.*
Cottābus, i. m. *the sound which the lashing of a whip makes.*
Cottāna, Cottōna v. Cottōna, drum. pl. n. *a kind of small Syrian fig.*
Coturnix, icis. f. *a quail.*
Cotyla, æ. f. *a measure somewhat less than a pint or a pound; a kind of dish or like vessel to drink in.*
Cotylēdon, ōnis. f. *an herb called great pennywort or wall pennywort.*
Coturnarius, i. m. *a charioteer.*
Cotinus, i. m. *a kind of chariot, armed with hooks, used in war by the Britons and Germans.*
Coxa, æ. f. *the hip or haunch; the hucklebone, the joint of the hip.*
Coxendix, icis. f. *the hip or haunch.*
Crābro, ōnis. m. *a kind of great wasp, a hornet.*
Crambe, es. f. *a kind of colewort.*
Crāpula, æ. f. *a surfeit; a surcharge of the stomach; headache or dizziness; a kind of medicinal mixture of the dregs of rosin put into new wine.*
Cras, adv. *to-morrow, in time to come.*
Crassānen, Inis. n. [*a crassus*] *a thick matter, as the bottom, dregs, grounds, or sediment.*
Crassamentum, i. n. *dregs, sediment.*
Crasse, adv. *thickly, grossly, rudely, bunglingly.*
Crassesco, ēre, — incept. *to thicken; to grow thick; to grow fat.*
Crassitudo, Inis. f. *thickness, bigness, grossness.*
Crassus, a, um. adj. *gross, fat, fleshy; foggy, clotted, weighty, thick, coarse, homely, dull, heavy, simple, artless, fat, fertile, fruitful.*
Crastinus, a, um. adj. [*a cras*] *of to-morrow, or of the time to come.*
Crāter, ēris. m. *a great cup or bowl; a goblet; the cistern or trough, a platter, a hole or vent.*
Crātera, æ. f. *a cup or goblet to drink out of; a constellation.*
Crātērtes, æ. m. *a precious stone, very hard.*
Crātes, is. f. *a bundle of rods wattled together, a drag or harrow, a grate of brass or wood, an instrument of torture.*
Crātēcula, æ. f. dim. *a gridiron or roaster.*
Crātio, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to cover with hurdles or grates; to wattle; to harrow; to break clods.*

Crātītius, a, um. adj. *wattled, and daubed.*
Crēatio, ōnis. f. *a creation, a making, an election.*
Crēator, ōris. m. [*a creo*] *a maker, a creator, a father, a founder or builder.*
Crēatrix, icis. f. *she who makes or creates; a mother.*
Crēatus, a, um. part. [*a creo*] *created, made, framed, formed, born, descended.*
Crēber, bra, bruni. adj. *thick, thick grown, close; frequent, often.*
Crēbre, adv. *frequently, thick, here and there.*
Crēresco et Crēbesco, ēre, — incept. *to become thick; to grow common; to increase more and more.*
Crēbritas, ātis. f. *thickness, closeness, frequency.*
Crēbrit, adv. *frequently, closely.*
Crēbro, adv. *often, frequently.*
Crēdibilis, is, e. adj. *credible, that may be believed, likely enough.*
Crēdibīlter, adv. *credibly, probably.*
Crēditor, ōris. m. *he that lends or trusts; a creditor.*
Crēditum, i. n. *a debt, anything committed to one's trust; credit, a trust.*
Crēditur, impers. *it is believed.*
Crēditus, a, um. part. *trusted, believed, lent.*
Crēdo, ēre, dīdi, dītum. act. [*qu. cretum do*] *to think; to suppose; to imagine; to trust; to credit; to believe; to tell; to discover; to disclose; to put confidence in; to lend; to commit; to intrust; to venture; to put into one's hands; forsooth, I warrant ye.* [The verb *Creo* is thus construed: The person to whom credit is given, or who is believed as speaking, is put in the dative. The thing believed, or the object of belief, is put in the accusative. Thus; *Creo tibi, I believe you. Creo huic rem, I believe this thing.*]
Crēdilitas, ātis. f. *credulity, lightness or rashness of belief.*
Crēdulus, a, um. adj. *credulous, silly, simple, foolish, easy, light, or rash of belief.*
Crēmāster, ēris. m. *any hook, but especially the nerve or sinew upon which the testicle hangs.*
Crēmatio, ōnis. f. *a burning.*
Crēmum, i. n. *a dry stick, a spray; a bavin.*
Crēmo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to burn; to set on fire; to consume with fire.*
Crēmor, ōris. m. *the thick juice*

of barley, panada, water gruel, &c.

Creo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to create; to make; to frame, to fashion; to beget; to breed; to bring forth; to occasion; to choose; to ordain; to establish.*

Crēpōrus, a, um. adj. *doubtful, dark, uncertain.*

Crēpida, æ. f. *a low shoe with a latchet, a slipper, a sandal, a pantofle, a shoemaker's last.*

Crēpidatus, a, um. *wearing such shoes or slippers.*

Crēplō, Inis. f. *a creek, a shore, a bank; the top, edge, or brow of a steep rock, a place or hole by the highway where beggars sit; the border, mouth, brink, or brim; the ground or foundation of a pillar.*

Crēpidula, æ. f. dim. *a little pantofle.*

Crēpis, idis. f. *a kind of herb, our lady's slipper.*

Crēptaculum, i. n. [*a crepitus*] *a child's rattle, a tinsel or such like thing made of brass.*

Crēpito, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [*a crepo*] *to clatter; to make a noise; to gnash; to growl; to rumble; to crackle; to creak; to chatter as a bird.*

Crēpitus, ūs. m. *a rustling noise, a crashing; a creaking or ringing; a jingling, a flashing or jerking; a clap.*

Crēpo, ēre, ūi, ūtum. neut. *to make a noise; to creak; to crackle; to fingle; to crash; to growl; to rumble; to clatter; to burst; to break; to chatter; to talk of; to brag, to boast of; to complain of.*
Crēpundia, ūrum. n. *children's play-things, baubles, the first apparel of children.*

Crēpusci, ūrum. m. pl. *children born about twilight.*

Crēpusculum, i. n. [*i. e. crepusculum dubia lux*] *the twilight in the evening after sun-set or in the morning before sun rising.*

Creco, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to grow; to increase; to become bigger; to be brought up; to get an advantage by; to rejoice at; to increase in honour or riches; to be promoted.*

Crēta, æ. f. *chalk, fuller's clay, loam, women's white paint, the goal or mark at the end of a race.*

Crētaceus, a, um. adj. *of chalk, chalky, that grows in a chalky ground.*

Crētarius, a, um. adj. *chalky, of chalk.*

Crētatus, a, um. adj. *chalked, whitened.*

Crētāus, a, um. adj. *chalky, full of chalk.*

Crētūla, *m. f. dim.* *chalk used in sealing letters; a kind of colour.*
Crētus, *a, um. part.* [*a cresco*] *born, descended.*
Crēvi, *prēt.* [*a cresco*] *I am grown up or larger; [a ceno] I have determined or resolved.*
Crībriarius, *a, um. adj.* *belonging to a sieve.*
Crībros, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to sift, bolt, or range flour.*
Crībrum, *i. u.* *a sieve or sieve.*
Crīmen, *luis. n.* *an impeachment, a charge, or indictment; a crime, a grievous fault, a suspicion, a reproach, a scandal, an error, a villainous person.*
Crīmīnātio, *ōnis. f.* *the objecting a crime, an accusing or impeaching.*
Crīmīnātor, *ōris. m.* *an accuser, an impeacher.*
Crīmīnor, *āri, ātus. dep.* *to accuse; to charge with a crime; to blame; to find fault with.*
Crīmīnōse, *adv.* *criminally, slanderously, faultily.*
Crīmīnōsus, *a, um. adj.* *accusatory, scandalous, reproachful, criminal.*
Crīnīle, *is. n.* [*a crinis*] *a bodkin, a hair-pin.*
Crīnīlis, *is, e. adj.* *pertaining to hair.*
Crīniger, *ēra, ērum. adj.* *wearing much hair.*
Crīnio, *unde pass.* *Crīnior, īri.* *to be crested or tufted.*
Crīnis, *is. m.* *the hair of the head, the fin of a fish, a band made of horse-hair. [Crinis properly means, hair plaited, or in tresses, and conveys the idea of dressing or arrangement of one's locks.]*
Crīnitus, *a, um. adj.* *hairy, full of hair, having much or long hair.*
Crīnīnōn, *i. n.* *the state of the case, issue in law.*
Crīnou, *i. n.* *a reddish lily.*
Crīpa, *m. f.* *a kind of syrup made with vine-shoots.*
Crīsis, *is. f.* *judgment; the decision of the conflict between nature and the distemper.*
Crīspans, *tis. part.* *shaking, brandishing, quivering, trembling; wreathed, wrinkled.*
Crīspo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to curl; to crisp; to frizzle; to breathe; to shake; to brandish; to cause to shine.*
Crīspūlus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [*a seq.*] *having curled tresses or locks.*
Crīspus, *a, um. adj.* *crisped, curled, frizzled, veined or grained; crumpled, jagged.*
Crīsta, *m. f.* *a tuft or plume on the head of a bird, the crest, tuft, plume, or horse-hair on the cone of a helmet, an herb so*

called from its likeness to a cock's comb.
Crīstātus, *a, um. adj.* *tufted, combed, crested, wearing a crest.*
Crīstūla, *m. f. dim.* [*a crista*] *a little comb, plume, or crest.*
Crītīe, *es. f.* *a stythe or sty on the eye like a barley-corn.*
Crītīcus, *a, um. adj.* *critical.*
Crītīcus, *i. m.* [*sc. censor*] *one who judged of the genuineness and goodness of other men's writings.*
Crōcātus, *a, um. adj.* [*a crocus*] *like saffron, tinged with or coloured like saffron.*
Crōceus, *a, um. adj.* *like saffron, yellow.*
Crōcīnum, *i. n.* [*sc. unguentum*] *an ointment of saffron.*
Crōcīnus, *a, um. adj.* *of or belonging to saffron; of the colour of saffron.*
Crōcio, *īre. neut.* *to crow or croak like a raven.*
Crōcis, *īdis. f.* *an herb of the smell or colour of saffron.*
Crōcōdīllia, *m. f.* *the sweet excrement of the land crocodile.*
Crōcōdīllinus, *a, um. adj.* *like a crocodile; sophistical, ambiguous.*
Crōcōdīllium, *i. n.* *an herb like the thistle.*
Crōcōdīllis, *i. m.* *a crocodile.*
Crōcōmagina, *ātis. n.* *dregs of the oil of saffron and other spices, made into balls for keeping.*
Crōcōta, *m. f.* [*sc. vestis*] *a woman's garment of a saffron colour; a yellow coat or gown.*
Crōcōtārius, *a, um. adj.* *of or belonging to saffron.*
Crōcōtta, *m. f. leg. et Crōcōtta* [*a croci colore*] *a kind of mongrel beast in Æthiopia.*
Crōcōtūla, *m. f. dim.* *a little saffron coloured or yellow garment.*
Crōcus, *i. m. v.* *Crōcum, i. n.* *saffron.*
Crōtkīla, *drum. pl. n.* *jewels so worn, that they jingle as they strike against one another.*
Crōtkīlīstria, *m. f.* *a woman playing upon the instrument called crotalon; a female minstrel.*
Crōtkūm, *i. n.* *an instrument made of two brass plates or bones, which being struck together make a kind of music; a castanet.*
Crūciābīlīter, *adv.* *painfully, cruelly.*
Crūciāmentum, *i. n.* *torture, pain, trouble, anguish.*
Crūciārius, *i. m.* *one hanged; deserving to be hanged.*
Crūciātus, *ūs. m.* [*a crucio*] *torture, pain, agony; affliction, grief, anguish, anxiety.*

Crūciātus, *a, um. part.* *tortured, tortured.*
Crūcīfer, *ēra, ērum. adj.* *a cross-bearer.*
Crūcīfigo, *ēro, fixi, fixum. act.* *to crucify; to nail to the cross; to hang.*
Crūcīfixus, *a, um. part.* *crucified, nailed to the cross.*
Crūcio, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [*a cruce*] *to put in pain; to torture; to torment; to afflict; to vex; to grieve.*
Crūdāria, *m. f.* *a vein of silver at the top of a mine.*
Crūdēlis, *is, e. adj.* [*a crudus*] *cruel, fierce, ill-natured, inextinguishable, hard-hearted, barbarous.*
Crūdēlitas, *ātis. f.* *cruelty, inhumanity, barbarity.*
Crūdēlīter, *adv.* *cruelly.*
Crūdesco, *ēre. —* *to become raw, green, or fresh; to increase more and more; to grow more fierce and cruel.*
Crūdītās, *ātis. f.* *crudity, indigestion; rawness; a crude humour; immaturity.*
Crūdus, *a, um. adj.* *raw, fresh, green, new-made, unripe, immature, crude, sour, unpleasant, undigested, raw, not boiled or roasted, that has a raw stomach, queasy, fierce, cruel, bloody, too young.*
Crūentātus, *a, um. part.* *made bloody, dyed with blood, blood-shot.*
Crūente, *adv.* *bloodily, cruelly.*
Crūento, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to fetch blood of one; to make bloody; to imbue; to sprinkle with blood.*
Crūentus, *a, um. adj.* [*a cruor*] *of blood, as red as blood; bloody, cruel.*
Crūmēna, *m. f.* *a purse, a bag of leather worn about the neck.*
Crūor, *ōris. m.* *blood from a wound, gore.*
Crūpellārīi, *drum. m. pl.* *soldiers armed cap-a-pie.*
Crūrīlis, *is, e. adj.* *belonging to the leg.*
Crūs, *crūris. n.* *the shank or leg; the hinder leg of a quadruped.*
Crūscūlum, *i. n. dim.* *a little leg or shank.*
Crusma, *ātis. n.* *a timbrel or tabour; the sound of the organs or cymbals.*
Crusta, *m. f.* *a crust or piece of ice; a piece of wood or stone, &c. engraven, and finely inlaid into vessels; an inlaid square piece of coloured marble in floors or walls; the shell of lobsters, crabs, fish, &c. the scurf and scab of a sore; the shell, peel, or skin.*
Crustārius, *i. m.* *a pargeter, a mason, an engraver of little pieces to be inlaid into vessels.*

Crustatus, a, um. part. *crusted, pargeted, rough-cast, inlaid with marble, &c.*
Crusto, āre āvi, ātum. act. to *parget*; to *plaster*; to *set a crust upon*; to *preserve fruit*.
Crustosus, a, um. adj. *that has a hard crust or shell over it, crusty*.
Crustula, æ. f. dim. *a little scab or the scar of a sore*.
Crustularia, i. m. *a pastry-cook*; one *that makes spice-cakes*.
Crustulum, i. n. dim. *a wafer or such like thing*; *a thin cake used to be given to children*.
Crustum, i. n. [a crusta] *a piece, a morsel*; *a crust, a bun, or sinner*.
Crustumina pira Crustumina, *pears red on one side, Casharine pears*.
Cruz, crucis. f. *a cross, gibbet, or gallows*; *any thing or person that troubles or torments*.
Crypta, æ. f. *a hollow place or vault*; *a grot, a sink under ground, a common sewer, a wydraught*; *a courtesan's cell, a cloister or low gallery*.
Cryptoporceus, ūs. f. *a close walk, alley, or gallery, closed on all parts, to be cool in summer, a cloister, a grot*.
Crystallinum, i. n. [sc. vas] *a crystal glass to drink out of*.
Crystallinus, a, um. adj. *crystalline, made of crystal, or like crystal in clearness*.
Crystallum, i. n. *crystal*.
Crystallus, i. f. *crystal*.
Cubans, tis. part. *lying or sitting*; *lying sick or ill*; *leaning, stooping*; *low, descending*.
Cubatus, ūs. m. [a cubo] *a lying down or lodging, a lying in, a sitting to hood*.
Cubatio, ōnis. f. *a tying down*.
Cubicularis, is. e. adj. *pertaining to a chamber or lodging-room*.
Cubicularius, a, um. adj. *pertaining to a chamber*.
Cubicularius, i. m. *a chamberlain, a groom of the chamber, a gentleman of the bed-chamber*.
Cubiculatus, a, um. adj. *formed to lie in*.
Cubiculum, i. n. *a bed-chamber, a lodging-room, a parlour, a pavilion, or royal tent*.
Cubicus, a, um. adj. [a cubus] *cubical, square like a die*.
Cubile, is. n. [a cubando] *a bed or couch*; *a bird's nest*; *a den or place where beasts resort to lie*; *a bed case*; *a mine*; *a ground-work or course of stones in building*.
Cubital, ālis. n. *a fore sleeve for the arm to the elbow down-*

wards, or a cushion to put under one's elbow.

Cubitālis, is. e. adj. *a cubit high or long*.

Cubitassus, ūs. m. *with the elbow*.

Cubito, āre, āvi, ātum. to *be used to lie*.

Cubitor, ōris. m. *he that lies down or is apt to lie down*.

Cubitum, i. n. *a cubit*.

Cubitus, i. m. *on elbow, the arm from the elbow to the end of the middle finger*; *a cubit, a measure, a foot and a half*.

Cubitus, ūs. m. *a lying down, a bed or couch, a nest*.

Cubo, āre, ūi, ūtum. neut. to *lie down*; to *be in bed*; to *keep one's bed in sickness*; to *lie in child-bed*; to *sit at table*.

Cubus, i. m. *a cube or figure square on all sides*; *a die*.

Cucullo, ōnis. m. *a kind of garment for servants to wear in rainy weather*; *a frock*.

Cucullatus, a, um. adj. *hooded, covered*.

Cucullio sive Cuculio, ōnis. m. [a cucullus] *a traveller's hood to keep off the rain*.

Cucullus, i. m. *a hood, a frock, a cornet of paper*; *a coffer or coffin for spices*.

Cuculus, i. m. *a cuckold-maker*; *a name of reproach on many accounts*.

Cucuma, æ. f. [a cucumer] *a vessel of brass or tin, fashioned like a cucumber, and used to warm water*; *a little bath*.

Cucumer, ōris. m. *a cucumber*.

Cucumis, is. m. in accus. *cucumini*, *a cucumber, a kind of shell-fish, which smells and looks like a cucumber*.

Cucurbita, æ. f. [a curvitate] *a gourd*; *a cupping instrument, anciently made of brass or horn, but now commonly of brass*.

Cucurbitatus, a, um. adj. *of or like gourds*.

Cucurbitula, æ. f. dim. [a cucurbita] *a cupping-glass*.

Cucurio v. **Cucurio**, ūre. ūvi, — to *crow like a cock*; to *cluck, as when he calls his hens*.

Cudo, āre, cūdi, cūsum. act. [a cudo] to *strike as smiths do*; to *hammer*; to *forge*; to *stamp*; to *coin*.

Cudo, ōnis. m. *a cap or head-piece made of a raw skin*.

Cūlas, ālis. pronom. o' *what country or sect* / *belonging to whom*?

Culei mōdi, of *what sort or manner soever*; *be it what it will*.

Cūsus, a, um. adj. *antig. Quo- jus, whose or whereof*

Cūjusdam mōdi, of *some sort or other*; *whatsoever it be*.

Cūjusmōdi, should be *printed,*

cūjusdam mōdi; also, **cūjus mōdi** do; **cūjusmōdicunque**, **cūjus- cunque modi**; and **cūjusque mōdi**, **cūjusque mōdi**, each being two words; of *what sort manner, or fashion*; of *what quality*.

Culcita, æ. f. *the tick of a bed*; *a feather, flock, or woollen bed, a cushion or pillow*.

Culeāria, is. e. adj. *containing the measure of the culeus*.

Culeārium, i. n. *a measure of forty urns*.

Cūlens v. **Culleus**, i. m. *a leathern sack or bag*; *a measure containing 20 amphoræ, or 40 urns, o' our measure 130 gallons*; *a pipe*.

Cūlex, ūcis. m. *a gnat or little fly*.

Cūligna, æ. f. *a bowl or dish*.

Cūlina, æ. f. *a kitchen*.

Culmen, ūis. n. *the top or height of a thing*; *the ridge of a house or hill*; *the crown of one's head*; *honour, advancement, dignity*.

Culminis, æ. f. *a sort of olive*.

Culmus, i. m. *the stem, stalk, or straw of corn, from the root to the ear*.

Culpa, æ. f. *a fault, blame, guilt, failure, or miscarriage*; *an offence done unwittingly*.

Culpatus, a, um. part. et adj. *blamed, faulty*.

Culpato, āre, ūvi, ātum. freq. to *blame or find fault with one often*.

Culpo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *blame*; to *find fault with*; to *lay the fault on one*; to *dislike*; to *censure*; to *discommend*; to *rep ove*.

Cultellatus, a, um. adj. *edged or sharp like a knife*.

Cultello, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *cut plain*; to *make even*.

Cultellus, i. m. dim [a culter] *a little knife*; *a pruning knife*.

Culter, tri. m. *the coulter of a plough*; *the part of a sickle towards the handle*; *a knife*.

Cultio, ōnis. f. [a colo] *a tilling, husbanding, cultivating or manuring*; *tillage or tith*.

Cultor, ōris. m. *a tiller, a husbandman*; *a dresser or pruner of a vine*; *a dweller*; *an inhabitant*; *a worshipper*; *a lover*; *an observer*.

Cultrarius, i. m. [a culter] *he that kills beasts in sacrifice, the slaughterman*.

Cultratus, a, um. adj. *made sharp or keen like a knife*.

Cultrix, ūcis. f. [a colo] *a female polisher or dresser*; *a worshipper*; *an inhabitant*.

Cultum, i. n. *ploughed land*.

Cultūra, æ. f. *husbandry tilling, tith, culture, a dressing or trimming of vines, &c. culture or instruction of the mind*

observance, attendance, and waiting upon.
Cultus, a, um. part. et adj. tilled, manured, husbanded, dressed, cultivated; decked, trimmed, garnished; worshiped, adored, served. *Adj.* fine, neat, trim, gay, polite.
Cultus, ūs. m. tilling, culture, manuring, husbandry; tillage, trimmings, finery, ornament; apparel, dress, clothing, worship, adoration, honour, service, respect, observance, attendance, provision, furniture; a way or method of living.
Cūlullus, i. m. dim. a pitcher or pot; a jug.
Cum, prap. regit abl. with, together with, in, in conjunction with, assisted by, so that, provided that. It is often expressed in *English* by an adverb, signifying the manner. It is elegantly redundant.
Cum, adv. et conj. when, at what time; because, for as much as, seeing that, although, albeit. *Cum, tum, as—so; not only—but also; indeed, but especially, since.* *Cum,* used adverbially, is frequently written *quum*.
Cūmātilis, is, e. adj. sky-coloured, blue or sea-coloured; watered.
Cūmēra, æ. f. a great wicker vessel to hold corn in, a meal-tub.
Cūminum et Cymnum, i. n. cummin, the herb and its seed.
Cūmpūcrum, adv. at most.
Cūmpūcrim, adv. very much, mightily, exceedingly.
Cūmūlāte, adv. abundantly, amply, to satisfaction.
Cūmūlātum, adv. by heaps or piles; one upon another.
Cūmūlātus, a, um. part. et adj. heaped up, filled, pestered, cumbered.
Cūmūlo, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [a cumulus] to heap up; to pile; to augment; to increase.
Cūmūlus, i. m. an overflowing of water; a heap or pile, an accession or addition; an epilogue or conclusion.
Cūnābūla, ūrum. n. pl. cradle-clothes; infancy, the bringing up of children, the original rise or beginning, a bird's nest.
Cūne, ūrum. f. pl. a cradle; a bird's nest.
Cunctābundus, a, um. adj. slow, lingering, loth, delaying, dilatory, being at a stand.
Cunctans, tis. part. et adj. delaying, tarrying, lingering, slow, heavy, staggering, doubting.

Cunctanter, adv. slowly, leisurely, difficultly, dilatorily.
Cunctatio, ōnis. f. a dilatoriness, delay, doubt, hesitation.
Cunctator, ōris. m. a lingerer, a prolonger of time; a deferrer, a delayer, a dodger.
Cunctos, āri, ūtus, dep. to delay longer; to dally; to prolong time; to demur; to linger; to stay; to be at a stand.
Cunctus, a, um. adj. altogether, full and whole, perfect, entire. [*Cunctus* is opposed to *sejunctus* or *diversus*, and means all together, or considered as one aggregate.]
Cūnētum, adv. wedge-wise, in throngs and crowds, by bands or companies.
Cūnētus, a, um. part. et adj. wedged, made like a wedge, broad at one end and narrow at the other.
Cūneo, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to wedge; to fasten with a wedge; to pen; to pin; to make wedge-wise; to join; to fasten.
Cūneūlus, i. m. dim. a little wedge; a crooked tent to put into a fistula.
Cūneus, i. m. a wedge, the fashion of a wedge, a battalion or company of foot drawn up in form of a wedge, seats and benches in the theatres, narrower near the stage and broader behind, a company of men standing thick together; a triangular figure in pavements for ornament.
Cūncūlātum, adv. by holes or mines under the earth; or in fashion of a pipe.
Cūncūlus, i. m. a coney, a rabbit, a coney-burrow, a hole or passage under ground, a mine in the earth, a long pipe of a still or furnace, cunning, treachery, underhand dealing, intriguing.
Cūnula, æ. f. et Cūnula, an herb whereof there are three sorte, viz. savory, marjoram, and penny-royal.
Cūnūlāgo, ūnis. f. flea-bane or moth-mullein.
Cunque (particula adverbialis) howsoever, whensoever, whosoever.
Cūpa v. Cuppa, æ. f. a butt, cowl, vat, tun, or pipe of wine, large empty vessels which they made use of to bear up the hulls of ships, when they careened them and mended their sides; a cup or drinking vessel; a hostess, one that sells wine, or rather a tavern.
Cūpēdis, æ. f. [a cupedo] an immoderate desire of dainty

fare, lickerishness, daintiness, delicacy.
Cūpēdis, ūrum. f. pl. [a cupedo] dainties, fine eating, tidbits, delicacies.
Cūpēdis, ūrum. n. pl. dainties, tidbits.
Cūpēdmārius, il. m. a cook of dainty meat.
Cūpēdo, ūnis. f. et Cuppēdo, desire, lust, greediness, gluttony.
Cūpēle, adv. desirously, greedily, greedily, fondly, affectionately, passionately.
Cūpēdineus, a, um. adj. of Cupido, pertaining to love, wanton.
Cūpēditas, ātis. f. [a cupidus] desire, earnestness, engerness; a desire or appetite; covetousness, ambition, study of revenge, unlawful love, lust.
Cūpēdis, ūnis. m. et f. [a cupio] desire, appetite, love, earnest desire, covetousness, lust, concupiscence, ambition, luxury.
Cūpido, ūnis. m. the god of love, Cupid.
Cūpidus, a, um. adj. desirous, covetous, greedy, eager, fond, desirable, pleasing to one's mind or content.
Cūpienter, adv. with great desire, desirously, earnestly.
Cūpio, āre et īre, īvi, ūtum. act. to covet; to desire; to wish; to long for; to be ready and glad to do a thing; to wish one well.
Cūpitor, ōris. m. verb. a desirer, a coveter.
Cūpītus, a, um. part. desired, longed for, coveted.
Cupressētum, i. n. a cypress grove.
Cupressseus, a, um. adj. made of the cypress-tree.
Cupressifer, ēra, ūrum. adj. that bears cypress-trees.
Cupressinus, a, um. adj. made of cypress.
Cupressus, i. v. ūs. f. a cypress-tree.
Cupreus, a, um. adj. of copper.
Cur, adv. interr. [pro Quare, i. e. Quare] wherefore? why? for what cause? why, for which? because.
Cūra, æ. f. care, concern, thought, regard, advertency, application, love or the person beloved, study, diligence, sorrow, grief, trouble, the charge or oversight; a person who has the charge of, providence, foresight.
Cūrāte, adv. diligently, well, exactly, carefully.
Cūrātio, ōnis. f. a taking care of or looking to a thing;

agency, management, oversight, provision, ornament or dressing, healing, an office or charge, a method of cure, the dressing of a wound.

Cūrātor, ōris, m. a surveyor, an overseer, a bailiff, a commissioner, a trustee, an administrator, an agent, a guardian.

Cūrātur, impers. care is taken.

Cūrātūra, ō. f. an ordering, dieting or management.

Cūrātus, a, um, part. done with care, taken care of, procured, administered, dispensed, in good plight or condition; smooth, sleek, and plump, accurate, earnest.

Curculio, ōnis, m. the weasand, a little worm; a mite or weevil, the name of a parasite in *Plantus*, from whom one of his plays is so called.

Curculiunculus, i. m. dim. a little weevil.

Cūrīa, ō. f. a court, the council-house or state-house; the hall or moot-house that belongs to every one of the thirty-five wards of Rome, the ward itself, the senate, any consecrated place.

Cūrīālis, is, e. adj. of the court, of the same tribe or ward.

Cūrīālis, is, m. a headborough, a tithing-man, a common-council-man.

Cūrīātus, a, um, adj. belonging to the tribes or wards.

Cūrīo, ōnis, m. the alderman, deputy or chief person of every ward, the crier of a court; a proclaimer or publisher; any public crier, a lean serge.

Cūrīose, adv. curiously, inquisitively, strictly, affectedly, warily, with care.

Cūrīositas, ātis, f. curiosity, over-much care, inquisitiveness.

Cūrīosus, a, um, adj. full of cares, inquisitive, curious, busy, over-curious, critical, studious, busy, prying, inquisitive, pragmatical.

Cūrīs, is, f. a spear.

Cūrō, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a eura] to take care of; to see to; to look to a business; to order; to treat; to provide; to refresh himself; to regard; to attend to; to cause; to bring to pass; to dress; to set off; to tend; to look after; to command in war; to cook; to dress meat; to indulge; to make much of; to expiate; to pay respect and homage to; to attend; to administer; to rule; to cure; to heal; to matter; to value; to govern; to fear; to care for.

Curriculo, adv. in post-haste, as fast as his legs can carry him.

Curriculum, i. n. a place to run in, the lists, a course, a nation, a race, a term or space of time, a customary exercise; a cart or chariot.

Curritur, impers. it is run, viz. by him, her, them, &c. i. e. he runs, &c.

Curro, āre, cūcurri, cursum, neut. to run; to go apace; to post away; to pass swiftly; to flow; to sail apace; to make way; to turn swiftly; to thrill; to pierce.

Curruca, ō. f. the bird that hatches the cuckoo's eggs; a hedge-sparrow or a tom-tit, by others called a pinnock, a cuckold or wittol.

Currua, ūs, m. a chariot, a coach, a caroch, a triumph; the horses; a pinnace or fly-boat.

Cursatur, impers. it is run up and down.

Cursim, adv. hastily, swiftly, roundly, in full speed, in a hurry; cursorily, by the by.

Cursito, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. to run to and fro; to trot or gallop up and down.

Curso, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. to run to and fro; to hurry up and down.

Cursor, ōris, m. [a curro] a runner; a racer; a lacquey, a messenger, a courier, a stated post.

Cursura, ō. f. [a curro] a running.

Cursus, ūs, m. [a curro] a running, a race, a flying, speed or haste, a voyage, a journey or way, a resort or recourse; a manner or fashion; a course of life, the course of the sun, moon, or stars, or of any other thing.

Curto, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a curtus] to shorten; to lessen; to diminish.

Curtus, a, um, adj. short, little, small, imperfect, curtailed or bob-tailed, battered, broken, circumsised.

Curvamen, inis, n. a bowing, a bending.

Curvatio, ōnis, f. a bowing, bending or winding.

Curvatura, ō. f. a flexure, bowing, bending.

Curvatus, a, um, part. bent, bowed, winding.

Cūrūlis, is, e. adj. belonging to a chariot.

Curvo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to bow; to bend; to make crooked.

Curvor, ōris, m. crookedness.

Curvum, i. n. the plough-handle.

Curvus, a, um, adj. crooked, bended, bowed; that has turnings and windings.

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Cuspīdātīm, adv. point-wise, with a point.

Cuspīdātus, a, um, part. pointed.

Cuspīdo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to point; to make sharp at the end; to tag.

Cuspīs, idis, f. the point of a spear or other weapon; a spear, javelin, arrow or such weapon; a epil or broach, an earthen pipe, a sting.

Custodia, ō. f. [a custos] a keeping, a preserving; care, charge; watch and ward; the keeper or guard; a prison or place where prisoners are kept; a watch-tower; a prisoner; a company of prisoners; tuition or education.

Custodio, ire, ūvi, ūtum, act. [a custos] to keep safe; to preserve; to defend; to look to; to attend to; to observe; to watch; to mark diligently; to retain.

Custodite, adv. ius. comp. reservedly, warily.

Custoditus, a, um, part. kept, preserved, watched, retained.

Custos, ōdis, c. g. a keeper, a preserver, a watchman, an overseer, a tutor, a tender or looker on, a spy, an observer, a sentinel, a porter to stand at the door, a house-dog, a young branch.

Cūtīcula, ō. f. dim. [a cutis] a thin, tender skin, the outermost skin.

Cūtīs, is, f. a skin, the bark, rind, peel or outermost coat of a thing; an outward show. [Cutis, is the human skin while on the body; pellis, a skin of any kind stripped off.]

Cyānēa, ō. f. a kind of precious stone, like a bean when broken.

Cyānos, i. m. the Egyptian bean.

Cyāneus, a, um, adj. of a bright blue or azure colour.

Cyānus, i. m. a kind of blue Jasper; a torquois or the lazuli stone; a flower of that colour, the blue bottle.

Cyāthisso, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to pour drink into one's cup; to serve one at his cup.

Cyāthus, i. m. a little pot or glass to drink out of, a small measure, containing the twelfth part of a sextarius, a kind of weight, of ten drachms.

Cybā, ō. f. a kind of great ship or carrack.

Cybiosactes, is, m. a fishmonger.

Cyblum, i. n. a four-square piece of salt fish, a rand of tunny.

Cychnārus, i. m. a sort of bird

accompanying quails in their return to Italy.

Cycladātus, a, um. adj. having a woman's gown on.

Cyclāminus, i. f. et Cyclaminum, i. n. the herb called sowbread.

Cyclas, ādis. f. a kind of gown, of a round form, with a long train, worn by women.

Cycliscus, a, um. adj. circular or turning round, strolling.

Cyclopsēdia, æ. f. learning which comprehends all the liberal sciences.

Cycnūs, a, um. adj. of a swan, swan-like, soft and sweet.

Cycnus v. Cygnus, i. m. a swan; a poet; a nickname for a blackmoor.

Cydonius, a, um. adj. Cydonium, quidanny. Mala cydonia, quince.

Cylindræceus, a, um. adj. like a cylinder; in the manner of a cylinder.

Cylindrus, i. m. a roller; a rolling-pin, or other thing easy to be rolled; a precious stone, oblong and round, which women used to hang at their ears.

Cyma, æ. f. the young sprouts of coleworts or other herbs; a little shoot or branch.

Cyma, ātis. n. a sprout.

Cymātium, i. m. dim. a kind of carved work, resembling the waves of the sea.

Cymba, æ. f. a boat, a pinnace, a ferry-boat; a fishing-boat.

Cymbālistria, æ. f. she that plays on the cymbals.

Cymbālum, i. n. a cymbal, a musical instrument of brass; a pipe in water engines, to make music.

Cymbium, i. n. [a cymba] a cup to drink out of, like a boat.

Cymbūla, æ. f. dim. [a cymba] a little boat, a skiff, a skulker.

Cymindis, is. f. the night-hawk, an enemy to the eagle.

Cyminum, i. n. See Cumina.

Cymōsus, a, um. adj. [a cyma, æ.] full of young sprouts.

Cyna, æ. f. a tree in Arabia, with leaves of which they make garments.

Cynētica, ōrum. n. pl. books written on hunting.

Cynice, adv. after the manner of the Cynics.

Cynicus, a, um. adj. cynical, dogfish, curriish, churlish, like a dog.

Cynocéphālæa, æ. f. an herb.

Cynocéphālus, i. m. a kind of ape, with a head like a dog, a baboon.

Cynodontes, um. m. pl. the dog-teeth.

Cynoglossus, i. m. the herb called hound's or dog's tongue.

Cydnatūn, i. n. a kind of weed

growing among corn, and killing it; choak-weed.

Cynōpyta, æ. f. quæ et Pulicaria, a dog-fly; the herb flea-bane.

Cynorthōdion, i. n. the wild rose, or sweet-briar rose; the flower of the red lily.

Cynosbātou, i. n. et

Cynobātus, i. f. the eglantine or sweet-briar; the caper-bush.

Cynsorchis, is. f. the herb dog-stones; gander-geese or ragwort.

Cynsūra, æ. f. the less bear-star, or the star in the tail of the less bear.

Cynsūria, idos. f. having a dog's tail.

Cynsurus, a, um. adj. addle eggs, so called in the summer time, especially in the dog-days.

Cypāriassias, æ. m. [a seq.] the greatest kind of spurge.

Cypāriassus, i. f. a cypress-tree.

Cyperis idis. f. an Indian herb like ginger, which being chewed has the virtues of saffron.

Cypēros, i. m. et

Cypērūm, i. n. galingal.

Cyprinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the privet-tree.

Cyprinus, i. m. [sc. piscis] a carp.

Cyprinus, a, um. adj. of or from Cyprus; copper.

Cyprus, i. f. a bush or tree, like that we call privet.

Cypēlus, i. m. a martlet or martin; a bird somewhat like a swallow.

Cytinus, i. m. the first bud or flower of a pomegranate-tree.

Cytisus, i. m. a kind of shrub.

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DABŪLA, æ. f. a kind of palm among the Scenite Arabians.

Dactylōthēca, æ. f. a case or box for rings; a collection of jewels.

Dactyliscus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a dactyle.

Dactylis, idis. f. a raisin, a long grape like a finger, a date raisin, a raisin of the sun.

Dactylos, i. f. five-fingered grass.

Dactylus, i. m. a date, the fruit of the palm-tree, growing like a finger; a dactyle, or a foot of three syllables the first long, the other two short, as cārminis; a kind of shell fish or muscle.

Dædūlus, a, um. et Dædūlus, adj. artificial, neatly made,

handsomely contrived; of various colours; cunning, skilful, expert.

Dæmon, ōnis. m. a demon or spirit; an angel, good or bad; a guardian angel; a good or bad genius.

Dæmoniūm, i. n. dim. a good genius or angel.

Dāma. æ. c. g. a fallow-deer; a buck or doe; a wild goat.

Damnatio, ōnis. f. a condemnation a condemning.

Damnatorius, a, um. adj. that condemns, condemnatory.

Damnātus, a, um. part. condemned, cast, blamed, disliked, disallowed; bound or obliged to a thing.

Damnātus, ūs. m. a condemnation

Damnificus, a, um. adj. that brings harm, damage, loss, or prejudice.

Damnificūlus, a, um. adj. bringing harm or damage.

Damno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a damnum] to condemn; to dislike; to disallow; to devote to; to consign over; to doom to; to cast in a suit at law; to oblige or bind one to do a thing.

Damnōse, adv. hurtfully, harmfully.

Damnōsus, a, um. adj. hurtful, harmful, detrimental, disadvantageous, prejudicial, wasteful, prodigal, expensive; full of losses or that suffers damage.

Damnūm, i. n. harm, hurt, loss, damage, hindrance, prejudice, disadvantage, annoyance, a discourtesy, an injury.

Dāniata, æ. m. a usurer, a banker.

Dānunt, pro Dant.

Dāpālis, is. e. adj. sumptuous, costly.

Dāpes, um. pl. f. good cheer, dcinties.

Daphne, es. f. a bay-tree.

Daphnia, æ. f. a precious stone, good against the falling sickness.

Daphnoides, is. f. an herb called laurel, or laury; a kind of cassia.

Daphnon, ōnis. m. a laurel grove.

Daps, dāpis. f. a feast, a banquet.

Dapsile, adv. sumptuously.

Dapsilis, is. e. adj. noble, free, bountiful, liberal, costly, stately, plentiful, abundant.

Dartos, i. m. et Darton, i. n. one of the four skins that cover the testicles.

Dāsyus, ōdis. m. a coney or rabbit.

Dātūrus, a, um. adj. freely given or bestowed.

Dātūm, adv. by giving from one to another.

Dēdo, *de*, *idi*, *sum*. act. [*ex de et cado*] to cut off; to cut out; to determine; to conclude; to decide a business; to compound; to capitulate; to express.

Dēdiuus, *a*, *um*. adj. subject to failing, fading, hanging down, dangling.

Dēdiuus, *a*, *um*. adj. cut down.

Dēcies, *adv*. [*a decem*] ten times. Decies, alone or with the genit. sestertium, sign. so many hundred thousand sesterces, often, never so often, indefinite.

Dēcima, *m*. f. v. **Dēcima**, *ec*. pars. *atenth* or *tithe*.

Dēcimū, *arum*. pl. f. [*sc. partes*] tenths, tithes.

Dēcimāni, *arum*. m. pl. *tithe-gatherers*; also, *those of the tenth legion or regiment*.

Dēclmānus, *a*, *um*. adj. **Vid.** Decumanus.

Dēcimo, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to *tithe*; to take the tenth part; to punish every tenth man; to decimate.

Dēcimōdius v. Decemmodius, *a*, *um*. adj. holding ten bushels.

Dēclmum, *adv*. the tenth time.

Dēclmus, *a*, *um*. adj. v. **Dēclmū**, the tenth.

Dēclpio, *are*, *cepi*, *ceptum*. act. [*ex de et capio*] to take; to catch; to entrap; to deceive; to beguile; to cheat; to impose upon. [*Decipere* always implies, that the person deceived is misled, or imposed upon, by something positive and express in the person or thing deceiving. *Fallere*, that we are deceived by something negative, or indirect, in words, actions, or appearance. The former denotes, that we are deceived by something which we see, or hear, or know; the latter by something, which we do not know, in the character of the person or thing deceiving. Hence *fallere* often denotes, to elude our notice; to escape our observation. *Decipere* never implies this idea.]

Dēclretno, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to bring within compass; to draw a circle with a pair of compasses.

Dēclrēma, *is*. f. a kind of galley or ship with ten banks of oars.

Dēclāio, *onis*. f. a deciding, determining, or ending of a business, a decision or composition of a matter.

Dēclsus, *a*, *um*. part. [*a decido*] cut off, determined, decided, ended, expressed, declared.

Dēclāmatio *onis*. f. a declaim-

ing, a declamation, the subject of a declamation.

Dēclāmator, *dis*. m. a declaim-er, a pleader.

Dēclāmātorius, *a*, *um*. adj. pertaining to the exercise of declaiming, declamatory.

Dēclānito, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. freq. [*ex de et clamito*] to declaim; to plead often; to cry out against.

Dēclāmo, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. neut. to declaim; to make set speeches; to cry out aloud; to cry out against; to inveigh.

Dēclārātio, *onis*. f. a declaration, an exposition or explication, a remonstrance.

Dēclārātor, *dis*. m. he that declares or remonstrates.

Dēclārātus, *a*, *um*. part. declared, reported, remonstrated.

Dēclāro, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to declare; to show evidently; to make a thing clear; to signify; to proclaim; to pronounce.

Dēclīnādo, *onis*. f. a stepping aside, a bending, a digression, a declining, eschewing, or avoiding, a declension of a noun or conjugation of a verb.

Dēclīnātus, *a*, *um*. part. that swerves or is turned aside.

Dēclīno, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. et neut. to bend; to turn one way or other; to leave; to pass by; to decline; to shun; to avoid; to decline, i. e. to lessen; to abate; to digress; to decline nouns, &c.

Dēclivis, *is*, *e*. adj. [*ex de et clivus*] bending downwards, steep.

Dēclivitas, *itatis*. f. a bending, a leaning downwards; a declivity.

Dēclivus, *a*, *um*. adj. bending downwards, steep.

Dēcocta, *m*. f. [*sc. aqua*] water boiled, then put into a glass, and cooled with snow put about it, an invention of Nero's.

Dēcoctor, *dis*. m. a spendthrift, a bankrupt.

Dēcoctum, *i*. n. a decoction; the concentrated virtues of simples, by the process of boiling.

Dēcoctūra, *m*. f. **Vid.** Decoctum.

Dēcoctus, *a*, *um*. part. et adj. much soddlen or boiled away; melted away, luscious, well digested, pure, refined, riotously and wastefully spent.

Dēcoctio, *is*. m. a decoction.

Dēcollō, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to *hew* a thing from off one's neck, &c.; to fail; to disappoint; to be gone; to cut off one's neck; to behead.

Dēcollor, *dis*. adj. discoloured, that has lost its colour, deprav-

ed, corrupt, tawny, shameful, dishonourable.

Dēcollorātio, *onis*. f. a discolouring.

Dēcollōro, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to discolour; to tarnish; to stain.

Dēcoquo, *are*, *coxi*, *coctum*. act. to boil; to seethe; to boil away; to be separated in melting; to turn to loss; to consume; to waste; to spend all; to bankrupt or break one; to fail.

Dēcor, *dis*. m. comeliness, a fine mien, gracefulness, beauty, seemliness, handsomeness, grace, loveliness.

Dēcorāmen, *luis*. n. an ornament.

Dēcoro, *adv*. comely, seemly, handsomely, amiably, decently, gracefully.

Dēcoro, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. [*a decus dis*] to set forth; to recommend; to grace; to adorn; to embellish; to beautify; to trim.

Dēcortēctio, *onis*. f. a barking or peeling of a tree.

Dēcortēctus, *a*, *um*. part. barked, peeled.

Dēcortico, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. [*ex de et cortex*] to peel or bark a tree.

Dēcorum, *i*. n. comeliness, good grace, decorum, handsomeness, seemliness, decency, good fashion or carriage, the suitableness of the character to the person.

Dēcōrus, *a*, *um*. adj. [*a decor*] handsome, lovely, assembly, decent, comely, graceful, fashionable.

Dēcreptus, *a*, *um*. adj. very old, decrepit, crazy.

Dēcrescientia, *m*. f. a decreasing.

Dēcreseo, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. neut. to decrease; to wear away; to decay; to grow less; to wane; to assuage; to abate.

Dēcrēssat, *pro Decrevissat*.

Dēcrētōrius, *a*, *um*. adj. pertaining to a decree, judicial, critical, decisive.

Dēcrētum, *i*. n. a decree, an act, ordinance, or statute; a ban, a principle, an axiom.

Dēcrētus, *a*, *um*. part. [*o decerno*] decreed, ordained, assigned, determined, resolved upon.

Dēculco, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. [*ex de et calco*] to tread under foot; to trample upon.

Dēcūma, *m*. f. *pro Decima* [*sc. pars*] the tenth part.

Dēcūmū, *arum*. pl. f. [*sc. partes*] the tenths or tenths of corn, an impost upon land, a kind of tithe.

Dēcūmāni, *arum*. pl. m. the farmers or gatherers of tenths

Dŭto, ōnis. f. a giving.

Dātīvus, a, um. adj. dative, that gives.

Dāto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a do] to give from hand to hand.

Dātor, ōris. m. [a do] a giver, a causer.

Dātum, i. n. a thing given; a gift or present.

Dātur, impers. it is given.

Dātus, a, um. part. given, granted, dated, lent, joined with, or assigned to.

Dātus, ūs. m. [used chiefly in the abl.] a giving or granting.

Daucus, i. m. a kind of wild carrot.

De, prap. regit abl. of, concerning, touching, or about; from, out of; by, according to, or after; on or upon; after; for or on account of; for, proceeding from; in with regard to; by reason of; at.

Dea, æ. f. a goddess.

Deſciſſiſſus, a, um. part. stoned or cleared from the stones of fruit.

Dealbātus, a, um. part. whitened.
Dealbo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to whiten; to white-wash; to parge.

Deſcāmātus, a, um. adj. greatly prized, very much valued.

Deambulatio, ōnis. f. a walking abroad, a walk.

Deambulō, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to walk abroad; to walk up and down; to take a walk.

Deāmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to love one dearly.

Dearmātus, a, um. part. [qu. a dearmor] disarmed.

Deartātus, a, um. part. dismembered, disjointed; entirely ruined.

Deartuo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to joint; to quarter; to dismember; to cut to pieces; entirely to ruin; to destroy.

Deascior, āri, ātus. [ex de et ascia] to be heven with an axe; to be cafoled.

Debachātus, a, um. part. having raged, stormed, or played the madman.

Debacchor, āri, ātus. dep. to rage; to roar; to rave like a madman; to rage furiously.

Debellātor, ōris. m. a vanquisher or conqueror.

Debellātur, impers. the war is at an end.

Debello, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to vanquish; to conquer; to subdue.

Debeo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to owe; to be in debt; to be obliged to one.

Debilis, is, e. adj. weak, faint, feeble, maimed, impotent.

Debilitas, ātis. f. weakness, feebleness, decay of strength.

Debilisatio, ōnis. f. a weaken-

ing, disabling, or enfeebling; a discouraging, a dispiriting.

Debilisatus, a, um. part. weakened, enfeebled, enervated, disabled, discouraged, daunted.

Debilito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to weaken; to enfeeble; to debilitate; to disable; to break; to lame; to discourage; to invalidate.

Debitio, ōnis. f. an owing.

Debitor, ōris. m. a debtor.

Debitum, i. n. [a debeo] a debt.

Debitus, a, um. part. [a debeo] due, owing, deserved, designed, appointed.

Deblatō, āre, āvi, ātum. to blab; to talk simply; to prattle; to babble.

Deſcāmūtiō, ōnis. f. a top-ping off the top of a tree.

Deſcāmūtiātus, a, um. part. having the top cut off.

Deſcāmūno, āre, āvi, ātum. to strike off the top; to lop.

Deſcāntus, a, um. part. sung or solemnly pronounced, much spoken of, in every body's mouth.

Deſcanto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sing; to chant; to repeat often; to babble; to prate; to praise one much; to make an end of singing.

Deſcaſtylus, a, um. adj. having ten pillars.

Deſcauleſco, ēre, — incept. to grow to a stalk; to shed its leaves.

Deſcilo, ēre, ceſſi, ceſſum. neut. to depart; to retire; to retreat; to withdraw; to yield; to give place to; to go out of one's way; to be diminished; to cease; to go off; to weaken; to decay; to die; to deſcease; to ſhun one's company.

Deſcēditur, impers. it is departed or gone away.

Deſcem, adj. indecl. plur. ten.

Deſcember, bris. m. the month of December.

Deſcēmbriſ, is, e. adj. of December.

Deſcemjūgis, is, e. adj. [ex jugum] having ten yoked or coupled together.

Deſcēmpēda, æ. f. a perch or pole of ten feet in length.

Deſcēmpēdātor, tris. m. a ſurveyor.

Deſcēmplex, icls. adj. [ex plico] tenfold or ten times over.

Deſcēmpriſi, ōrum. m. pl. the ten chief headboroughs; general receivers of tribute.

Deſcēmscalmus, a, um. adj. having ten benches or oars.

Deſcēmvirālis, is, e. adj. pertaining to the office of the ten governors.

Deſcēmvirātus, ūs. m. the office of the ten governors.

Deſcēmviri, ōrum. pl. m. ten men

appointed by the Roman ſenate to write the laws of the twelve tables, and to govern the ſtate until theſe laws were published; the ſame number was named for various other purpoſes.

Deſcennis, is, e. adj. of ten years, laſting ten years.

Deſcennium, i. n. the ſpace of ten years.

Deſcens, tis. adj. et part. becoming, beſeeming, decent, meet, ſeemly, comely, handſome.

Deſcenter, adj. comely, graceſully, decently, ſeemly, excellently.

Deſcentia, æ. f. comelineſs, decency.

Deſceo, ēre, ui, — neut. to become; to beſeem.

Deſceptio, ōnis. f. a deceiving, deceit, deception.

Deſceptor, ōris. m. a deceiver or beguiler.

Deſceptus, a, um. part. beguiled, deceived, caught.

Deſcerno, ēre, crēvi, crētum. act. to diſcern by the eye; to judge; to give ſentence; to conclude; to appoint; to determine; to decide; to put to trial; to contend; to deſign; to purpoſe; to fight; to combat; to diſpute; to order; to decrees.

Deſcerpo, ēre, cerpi, cerptum. act. [ex de et carpo] to pull; to pluck off; to pull away; to crop; to gather; to get; to gain; to diminish; to abate; to take off.

Deſcerptus, a, um. part. gathered, plucked up; taken from.

Deſcertatio, ōnis. f. a ſtriving for the maſtery, the management of a debate.

Deſcertātorius, a, um. adj. that ſtrives for the maſtery.

Deſcertatur, impers. a quarrel or contention is made.

Deſcertātus, a, um. part. contented about, ſtriven or fought for, performed or obtained by contention.

Deſcerto, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to contend; to ſtrive; to diſpute; to try it out by words or blows.

Deſceſſio, ōnis. f. a departure, a leſſening, an abatement, an intermiſſion.

Deſceſſor, ōris. m. a predecessor in an office.

Deſceſſus, ūs. m. a departure, a ceasing, a deſcease, death.

Deſcet, impers. it becomes; it beſeems; it behoves; it is convenient, apt, or meet.

Deſcidium, i. n. a downſall, a falling downward; a decay.

Deſcilo, ēre, illi, — neut. [ex de et cado] to fall down; to fall into; to love; to fall ſhort; to be brought low; to die.

Dēdo, ēre, *Idi*, *Is*um. act. [*ex de et cado*] to cut off; to cut out; to determine; to conclude; to decide a business; to compound; to capitulate; to express.

Dēdūus, a, um. adj. subject to failing, fading, hanging down, dangling.

Dēdūus, a, um. adj. cut down.

Dēcies, adv. [a decem] ten times. Decies, alone or with the genit. sestertium, sign. so many hundred thousand sesterces, often, never so often, indefinite.

Dēcima, æ. f. v. **Dēcūma**, sc. pars. a tenth or tithe.

Dēcime, Ærum. pl. f. [sc. partes] tenths, tithes.

Dēcimāni, Ærum. m. pl. tithes-gatherers; also, those of the tenth legion or regiment.

Dēcimānus, a, um. adj. Vid. **Decumanus**.

Dēcimo, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to tithe; to take the tenth part; to punish every tenth man; to decimate.

Dēcimbōdius v. **Decemmodius**, a, um. adj. holding ten bushes.

Dēcimum, adv. the tenth time.

Dēcimus, a, um. adj. v. **Dēcūmus**, the tenth.

Dēcipio, ēre, cēpi, ceptum. act. [*ex de et capio*] to take; to catch; to entrap; to deceive; to beguile; to cheat; to impose upon. [Decipere always implies, that the person deceived is misled, or imposed upon, by something positive and express in the person or thing deceiving. Fallere, that we are deceived by something negative, or indirect, in words, actions, or appearance. The former denotes, that we are deceived by something which we see, or hear, or know; the latter by something, which we do not know, in the character of the person or thing deceiving. Hence fallere often denotes, to elude our notice; to escape our observation. Decipere never implies this idea.]

Dēcīrclno, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to bring within compass; to draw a circle with a pair of compasses.

Dēcīrēmia, is. f. a kind of galley or ship with ten banks of oars.

Dēcīso, Ænis. f. a deciding, determining, or ending of a business, a decision or composition of a matter.

Dēcīsus, a, um. part. [a decido] cut off, determined, decided, ended, expressed, declared.

Dēcīlāmētio Ænis. f. a declaim-

ing, a declamation, the subject of a declamation.

Dēcīlāmātor, Æris. m. a declaimer, a pleader.

Dēcīlāmātorius, a, um. adj. pertaining to the exercise of declaiming, declamatory.

Dēcīlāmīto, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [*ex de et clamito*] to declaim; to plead often; to cry out against.

Dēcīlāmo, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to declaim; to make set speeches; to cry out aloud; to cry out against; to inveigh.

Dēcīlārātio, Ænis. f. a declaration, an exposition or explication, a remonstrance.

Dēcīlārātor, Æris. m. he that declares or remonstrates.

Dēcīlārātus, a, um. part. declared, reported, remonstrated.

Dēcīlāro, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to declare; to show evidently; to make a thing clear; to signify; to proclaim; to pronounce.

Dēcīlāndō, Ænis. f. a stepping aside, a bending, a digression, a declining, eschewing, or avoiding, a declension of a noun or conjugation of a verb.

Dēcīlātus, a, um. part. that swerves or is turned aside.

Dēcīlno, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. et neut. to bend; to turn one way or other; to leave; to pass by; to decline; to shun; to avoid; to decline, i.e. to lessen; to abate; to digress; to decline nouns, &c.

Dēcīlvīs, is, e. adj. [*ex de et clivus*] bending downwards, steep.

Dēcīlvītus, Ætis. f. a bending, a leaning downwards; a declivity.

Dēcīlvīs, a, um. adj. bending downwards, steep.

Dēcōcta, æ. f. [sc. aqua] water boiled, then put into a glass, and cooled with snow put about it, an invention of Nero's.

Dēcōctor, Æris. m. a spendthrift, a bankrupt.

Dēcōctum, i. n. a decoction; the concentrated virtues of simples, by the process of boiling.

Dēcōctūra, æ. f. V. **Decoctum**.

Dēcōctus, a, um. part. et adj. much sodden or boiled away; melted away, luscious, well digested, pure, refined, riotously and wastefully spent.

Dēcōctus, us. m. a decoction.

Dēcōllo, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to loose a thing from off one's neck, &c.; to fail; to disappear; to be gone; to cut off one's neck; to behead.

Dēcōlor, Æris. adj. discoloured, that has lost its colour, deprav-

ed, corrupt, tawny, shameful, dishonourable.

Dēcōlōrātio, Ænis. f. a discolouring.

Dēcōlōro, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to discolour; to tarnish; to stain.

Dēcōquo, ēre, cōxi, coctum. act. to boil; to seethe; to boil away; to be separated in melting; to turn to loss; to consume; to waste; to spend all; to bankrupt or break one; to fail.

Dēcōr, Æris. m. comeliness, a fine mien, gracefulness, beauty, seemliness, handsomeness, grace, loveliness.

Dēcōrāmen, Ænis. n. an ornament.

Dēcōre, adv. comely, seemly, handsomely, amiably, decently, gracefully.

Dēcōro, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. [a decus Æris] to set forth; to recommend; to grace; to adorn; to embellish; to beautify; to trim.

Dēcōrticēctio, Ænis. f. a barking or peeling of a tree.

Dēcōrticētus, a, um. part. barked, peeled.

Dēcōrtico, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex de et cortex*] to peel or bark a tree.

Dēcōrūm, i. n. comeliness, good grace, decorum, handsomeness, seemliness, decency, good fashion or carriage, the availability of the character to the person.

Dēcōrūs, a, um. adj. [a decor] handsome, lovely, seemly, decent, comely, graceful, fashionable.

Dēcōrūpitus, a, um. adj. very old, decrepit, crazy.

Dēcōrescentia, æ. f. a decreasing.

Dēcōresco, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to decrease; to wear away; to decay; to grow less; to wane; to assuage; to abate.

Dēcōrūset, pro **Decrevisset**.

Dēcōrētōrius, a, um. adj. pertaining to a decree, judicial, critical, decisive.

Dēcōrētum, i. n. a decree, an act, ordinance, or statute; a ban, a principle, an axiom.

Dēcōrētus, a, um. part. [a decerno] decreed, ordained, assigned, determined, resolved upon.

Dēcūlco, ēre, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex de et calco*] to tread underfoot; to trample upon.

Dēcūma, æ. f. pro **Decima** [sc. pars] the tenth part.

Dēcūmme, Ærum. pl. f. [sc. partes] the tithes or tenths of corn, an impost upon land, a kind of tithe.

Dēcūmāni, Ærum. pl. m. the farmers or gatherers of tithes

or other like taxes; tithing-men.

Dēcūmānus, i. m. the tenth; great, fair, of a large size, huge.

Dēcūmbo, ēre, cūbul, cūltum. neut. to lie down; to sit down at table; to keep his bed when sick; to fall down and die.

Dēcūplo, adv. tenfold.

Dēcūplus, a, um. adj. ten times as much.

Dēcūria, m. f. [ex de et curia] a set or roll of judges. **Dēcūria** [a decem] a set of ten men appointed to any business or office; a pack of good fellows.

Dēcūriātio, ōnis. f. a dividing into wards, q. d. companies.

Dēcūriātus, a, um. part. divided into wards or into bands and troops.

Dēcūriātus, ūs. m. the dividing of soldiers into small companies of ten men each.

Dēcūrio, ōnis. m. a captain over ten men, horse or foot; the foreman or leader of the files; a corporal or sergeant.

Dēcūrio, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to put soldiers into files or small companies; to rank citizens into wards and companies.

Dēcūritōnātus, ūs. m. a captaincy over ten, a sergeant's place.

Dēcūritur, impers. it is run or recourse is had.

Dēcūro, ēre, curri, cursum, to run down or along; to run nily; to run a tilt; to resort to for succour; to have recourse to; to sail along; set down; to describe hastily; to run over; to go through; to pass over.

Dēcursio, ōnis. f. a running or course; a tilt or tournament, descent or inroad of horsemen into an enemy's country, a sailing.

Dēcursis, a, um. part. passed or run over; run out, achieved, finished, ended.

Dēcursus, ūs. m. a running down, a descent, a tilt or tournament, the end of a course or race, a course, stream, or cataract; going or passing through.

Dēcursātus, a, um. part. shortened, curtailed, maimed.

Dēcūs, ōnis. n. [a decet] a credit or grace; an honour or commendation.

Dēcussātim, adv. cross-wise, in form of the letter X.

Dēcussātio, ōnis. f. a cutting across, after the manner of an X or a star.

Dēcussis, ūs. m. [i. e. decem asses] a coin or piece of money, of the value of the Roman de-

narius, ten asses; ten pounds weight; the number ten; the figure of the letter X.

Dēcusso, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to cut after the form of the letter X; to cut equally in the midst, cross-wise.

Dēcussus, a, um. part. [a decutio] shaken, beaten down, or demolished.

Dēcussus, ūs. m. a striking or shaking off; a battering or beating down.

Dēcūtio, ēre, ūssi, ūssum. act. [a de et quatlo] to shake down; to strike or shake off; to beat down.

Dēdēco, ēre, ūi. — neut. cum acc. to misbecome; not to be seem.

Dēdēcet, impers. it misbecomes or does not become.

Dēdēcor, ōnis. adj. unseemly, disgraceful.

Dēdēcōro, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to dishonour; to disgrace; to disparage.

Dēdēcōrose, adv. shamefully.

Dēdēcōrus, a, um. adj. shameful, disgraceful.

Dēdēcūs, ōnis. n. disgrace, discredit, dishonour, disparagement, infamy, shame; a shameful or disgraceful thing or action.

Dēdicātio, ōnis. f. a dedication or consecration.

Dēdico, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to dedicate; to consecrate; to devote.

Dēdignātio, ōnis. f. a disdain or scorn.

Dēdignātus, a, um. part. having disdained and refused with scorn.

Dēdignor, ūri, ūtus. dep. to count unworthy; not to touch; to disdain; to slight; to scorn.

Dēdisco, ēre, dēdidici, — act. to unlearn; to forget what one has learned; to leave one's former wont.

Dēditio, ōnis. f. a yielding up, a surrender.

Dēdititūsus, a, um. adj. that has surrendered himself into another's power.

Dēditus, a, um. part. given, surrendered, yielded up, addicted.

Dēdo, ēre, dēdidici, dēditum. to submit; to yield; to give up; to surrender; to give over; to commit; to intrust. [Dedere implies, that the person or thing surrendered is put under the power and direction of the person to whom it is given, for an unlimited time, as if it were his own. Tradere denotes, that the mere possession is transferred, but not the right of property or ownership.]

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Dēdōco, dēdēcēre, dēdēcū, doctum. act. to unteach; to teach otherwise.

Dēdōlātus, a, um. part. hewn, chopped, squared.

Dēdōleo, ēre, ūi, ūtus. neut. to grieve thoroughly; to give over grieving; to grieve no more.

Dēdōlo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to cut; to hew with an axe; to chip; to square; to fashion.

Dēductio, dūcēre, duxi, ductum. act. to bring down; to pull down; to lead forth; to transplant; to wait upon; to attend; to accompany; to draw out; to subtract; to abate; to derive; to remove; to withdraw; to prolong; to convey; to bring forth; to persuade.

Dēductio, ōnis. f. a bringing forth; an accompanying or conducting; a conveyance; a deduction or abatement.

Dēductor, ōnis. m. a companion, a follower, an attendant, a client.

Dēductus, a, um. part. brought, fetched, conducted, accompanied, handed down, derived, slender, low, mean, divided, abated, deducted, brought over from any thing, wrinkled, contracted.

Dēduro, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to wander out of the way; to straggle; to go astray; to digress from the purpose; to miss the mark.

Dēerrātur, impers. it is wandered, &c.

Dēfēcātus, a, um. part. fined, clear from dregs, depurated, quiet and free from trouble.

Dēfeco, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ex de et fax] to draw from the dregs; to decant; to strain through a strainer or sieve; to fine; to defecate.

Dēfīgūtio, ōnis. f. weariness, fatigue.

Dēfīgūsus, a, um. part. wearied, tired, spent, worn out of heart.

Dēfīgo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to weary; to fatigue; to tire.

Dēfēctio, ōnis. f. a defection or revolt; a swoon or qualm; a defect or want; a failing or deviating; an eclipse; feebleness, weakness.

Dēfector, ōnis. m. a revolter, a runaway, a turncoat.

Dēfectus, a, um. part. wasted, worn out, decayed, wanting or having lost; forlorn; in a swoon.

Dēfectus, ūs. m. defect, default, imperfection, want, failing, an eclipse.

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Defendo, ēre, fendi, fensum. act. to strike; to keep off; to defend; to preserve; to keep; to avouch a thing; to maintain and stand to it; to act; to bear the part of.

Defensio, ōnis. f. a defending, a defence.

Defensito, ēre, ēvi, ātum. freq. [a defenso] to defend very often.

Defenso, ēre, ēvi, ātum. freq. [a defenso] to defend often.

Defensor, ōris. m. a defender or saviour from; a keeper; a preserver; an advocate in law; a champion.

Defensus, a, um. part. struck off, defended, preserved, avouched.

Deserbo, ēre, deserbui, — to grow cool.

Desero, ferre, tūli, lātum. act. to carry; to bring; to convey; to bring word; to offer; to present; to bestow.

Deservācio, ēre, feci, factum, to make to boil; to make thorough hot.

Deservēfactus, a, um. part. boiled well.

Deserveo, ēre, deservi et deserbui, — incept. to grow cool; to relent; to be abated.

Desessus, a, um. part. [a defet-lator] weary, languid, listless, heartless.

Desētor, ci, desessus [ex de et faticor] to be weary or faint.

Deficio, ēre, feci, factum. act. et absol. [ex de et facio] to leave or fail one; to be in an eclipse; to faint; to be discouraged; to falter; to decay; to revolt; to end in; to break.

Defigo, ēre, fixi, fixum. act. to put down; to plant; to fasten with nails; to thrust into; to astonish; to pitch a camp; to bewitch; to place; to set; to fix upon.

Definso, tre, fvi, fūm. act. to bound; to limit; to end; to conclude; to determine; to propose; to appoint; to declare; to sit down; to define.

Definitus, adv. expressly, namely, precisely, particularly, determinately, definitely, definitively.

Definitio, ōnis. f. a limiting, a bounding, a definition.

Definitivus, a, um. adj. definitive.

Definitum est, it is resolved.

Definitus, a, um. part. definite, finite, determined, limited.

Defio, fīri, factus. pass. to lack; to be wanting.

Deficiūlus, i. m. that lacks an eye.

Defixus, a, um. part. fastened,

fixed, set, intent, in a brown study, at a stand.

Deflagratio, ōnis. f. a burning or consuming with fire; a conflagration.

Deflagro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. neut. to be burnt down; to be set on fire; to grow somewhat cool; to be allayed.

Deflatus, a, um. part. blown upon, slighted.

Deflecto, ēre, flexi, flexum. act. to bend down; to turn aside; to be changed; to digress from a purpose; to wrest.

Defleō, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to deplore; to bewail; to lament; to weep for.

Defletus, a, um. part. bewailed, lamented, deplored.

Deflexus, a, um. part. bent or laid, turned out of the way.

Deflexus, ūs. m. a bowing or bending, a deflexion.

Deflo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to blow away; to blow off; to blow upon; to slight.

Defocatus, a, um. part. worn out.

Defloratus, a, um. part. having shed its blossoms or lost its fruit; forestalled, anticipated.

Defloresco, ēre, deflorui, — incept. to shed its blossoms; to shed or cast its flowers; to decay and fade.

Defluo, ēre, fluxi, fluxum. act. to flow or swim down; to go down by water; to fall down; to slip out; to fall or slip off; to be over; to flow; to abound; to decay; to fade; to be derived; to descend; to flow all out; to cease to flow.

Deflūvium, i. n. a falling off.

Defluus, a, um. adj. flowing down, falling off.

Defodio, ēre, fodi, fossum. act. to dig down; to dig in the earth; to hide or bury in the ground.

Defenērandus, a, um. part. to be ruined by paying interest.

Defore, i. e. defuturum esse, to lack; to be wanting hereafter.

Deformatio, ōnis. f. a deforming, defacing, disfiguring, disgracing; a description or delineation.

Deformatus, a, um. part. disfigured, defaced, deformed; disgraced, fashioned, formed, shaped.

Deformis, is, e. adj. [ex de et forma] deformed, ugly, misshapen, ill favoured, unsightly, rough, uncultivated, sordid, dishonourable.

Deformitas, ātis. f. deformity, ugliness, ill-favouredness, indecency, disgrace, dishonour.

Deformiter, adv. disgracefully,

with dishonour, poorly, unpleasantly, deformedly.

Deformo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. [ab ad]. deformis to disfigure; to mar the fashion of; to deform; to dishonour; [ex de et formo] to describe; to draw a model.

Defossus, a, um. part. dug, dug out, hidden under ground, buried.

Defossus, ūs. m. a digging down.

Defractus, a, um. part. broken down, broken.

Defrēntatus, a, um. part. unbridled, ungoverned, unruly.

Defraudator, ōris. m. a deceiver, impostor, beguiler.

Defraudo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to beguile; to deceive; to impose upon; to defraud; to cheat; to cozen.

Defrēmo, ēre, ui, — neut. to be appeased.

Defrictus et **Defrictus**, a, um. part. rubbed hard, scoured.

Defricco, fricāre, fricui et fricāfrictum et fricātum. act. to rub hard.

Defrigo, ēre, frigi, — incept. to grow cold.

Defringo, ēre, frēgi, fractum. act. [ex de et frango] to break down or off.

Defrūdo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. pro Defraudo, to defraud; to cheat; to cozen.

Defrūtarius, a, um. adj. belonging to boiled wine.

Defrūto, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to boil new wine.

Defrūtum, i. n. a mixture made of new wine.

Desuat, pro Desit, may be wanting.

Defugio, ēre, ēi, gitum. act. to shun; to avoid; to be shy of; to refuse to accept of.

Defulgūro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. ac to brandish.

Defunctorie, adv. carelessly, slightly, covertly.

Defunctorius, a, um. adj. slight.

Defunctus, a, um. part. that has gone through with a business, rid, quit, past danger, ended, finished, dead, defunct.

Defunctus, i. m. a dead corpse.

Defundo, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour out.

Defungor, gi, functus. dep. to be rid of a business; to go through with it; to discharge; to perform; to escape; to be quit; to be past danger; to make an end; to be contented with.

Defusus, a, um. part. poured down, poured forth.

Defuturus, a, um. part. about to be wanting.

Degener, ēris. adj. unlike his ancestors, degenerating, igno-

Me, cowardly, faint-hearted. unworthy, base.
 Degenero, āre, āvi, ātum. [a degener] to degenerate; to grow out of kind; to become unlike his ancestors; to grow worse or wild; to emasculate; to weaken; not to come up to; to fall short of.
 Degero, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. to carry away.
 Deglubo, āre, bi, bitum et degluptum. act. to peel; to pull off the skin or rind; to flay.
 Deglutino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to unglue.
 Dego, ēre, ēgi, — [ex de et ago] to lead; to pass; to spend; to live; to dwell.
 Degradinat, impers. it hails down-right.
 Degrasatus, a, um. part. -obbing, killing, or attacking upon the highway.
 Degravatus, a, um. part. weighed down.
 Degravo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to weigh down; to sink down.
 Degredior, di, gressus. [ex de et gradior] to go down; to descend.
 Degressus, a, um. part. going down or having come down; alighting from an horseback.
 Degusto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste; to sound or try one; to touch slightly; to speak briefly; to catch; to essay; to prove; to conceive.
 Dehaurio, īre, hausi, haustum. act. to draw out or off.
 Dehinc, adv. from henceforth, henceforward, after this time; and then, after that.
 Dehisco, āre, — neut. to gape; to open wide; to cleave; to chap; to chink; to open and spread.
 Dehonestamentum, l. n. a disgrace or disparagement, a blemish, a reproach, a despite.
 Dehonesto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to disgrace; to disparage; to discredit; to discountenance; to dishonour.
 Dehortor, āri, ātus, dep. to dehort; to dissuade; to advise to the contrary.
 Dejectio, ōnis. f. a throwing down; a stool, a going to stool; a making of water.
 Dejectus, a, um. part. [a dejectio] cast down, fallen down, shed, slain, killed, setting, low, declining; debased by the loss of, abased, disused.
 Delectus, ūs. m. a throwing down, a turning out of place, a bending, a descent, the embarrassment of a precious stone, a felling, a cutting down.
 Dejero, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et iuro] to swear down-right; to take a solemn oath.
 Dejicio, ēre, jeci, lectum. act. [ex

de et iacio] to throw down; to put out of office; to abase; to disseise; to remove; to put away; to go to stool.
 Dein, adv. afterwards, hereafter, moreover, furthermore.
 Deinceps, adv. successively, one after another, besides or moreover, furthermore, henceforth, henceforward, hereafter, again.
 Deinde, adv. thence, from that place; and then; next after that, afterwards, hereafter, henceforward.
 Deintegro, adv. anew, again, afresh. Should be written de integro, being a prap and adj.
 Dejūgis, is, e. adj. unyoked.
 Dejungo, āre, junxi, junctum. act. to unjoin; to sever; to part; to put asunder.
 Dejuro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to swear deeply. Vid. Dejero.
 Dejuvo, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. nō: to help, to leave one to himself.
 Delabor, i, lapsus. dep. to slip or slide down; to fall to decay; to fall into; to descend.
 Delabitor, impers. it is fallen.
 Delacero, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to tear; to rend in pieces.
 Delacrymatio, ōnis. f. a weeping or crying.
 Delacrymo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to weep; to bleed.
 Delavo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to smooth or plane.
 Delambo, ēre, — act. to lick gently all over.
 Delamentor, āri, ātus. dep. to bewail; to lament.
 Delapido, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to clear the ground of stones.
 Delasso, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to weary; to fatigue; to tire out.
 Delatio, ōnis. f. [a defero] an information, a secret or public accusation; an impeachment.
 Delator, ōris. m. an informer, a secret accuser, a pick-thank, a tell-tale.
 Delatus, a, um. part. [a defero] arrived, brought, carried, conferred, accused, complained of.
 Delibellus, is, e. adj. that may be blotted or erased.
 Delectabilis, is, e. adj. delectable, pleasant, delightful, saucy.
 Delectamentum, l. n. a delight, a pastime, a sport, a laughing-stock.
 Delectatio, ōnis. f. delectation, complacency, pleasure, delight.
 Delecto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et lacto] to allure; to draw; to delight; to please.
 Delectus, a, um. part. [a deligo] culled, chosen.
 Delectus, ūs. m. an election, a choice or picking out, a deachment or levy, a difference.
 Delégatio, ōnis. f. a sending

away, a giving in charge, a putting in commission, the assignment of a debt over to another.
 Delégatus, a, um. part. sent away, banished, appointed, assigned, deputed, ordered, consecrated.
 Delégo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to delegate; to send on an embassy; to assign; to allot; to attribute; to impute; to refer; to commit; to entrust; to give charge of.
 Delensivus, a, um. adj. smooth and gentle.
 Delénio v. Dellnio, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to mitigate; to ease; to smooth one up; to entice; to cajole; to put one out of his wits; to mope one.
 Delénitus v. Dellntus, a, um. part. charmed, delighted, moped.
 Dileo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [ex de et leo pro lino] to blot out; to deface; to expunge; to raise; to destroy; to abolish; to kill; to murder; to extinguish; to vanquish; to rout.
 Delétra, ūs. f. she who destroys.
 Delibamentum, l. n. [ex de et libo] a sacrifice, a drink-offering.
 Delibatus, a, um. part. gently touched, picked, chosen, taken out of, selected, distained.
 Deliberatio, ōnis. f. a deliberation, consultation, debate, or consideration, the deliberative kind in rhetoric.
 Deliberativus, a, um. adj. deliberative.
 Deliberator, ōris. m. an adviser, consultant, or considerer.
 Deliberatur, impers. it is deliberated.
 Deliberatus, a, um. part. et adj. consulted of, done with advice, deliberated, resolved upon, determined.
 Delibro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to deliberate; to advise; to take advice; to consult; to debate; to consider; to think upon, to resolve.
 Delibo āre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste; to take a smack of a thing; to have the first essay of a thing; to pick out; to cull, to bruise; to hurt; to take a portion of; to diminish; to distain.
 Dellbro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to peel; to pull off the bark.
 Delibutus, a, um. part. anointed, bleached, daubed over, stained, defiled.
 Delicite, adv. delicately, deliciously.
 Delicatus, a, um. adj. delicate, fine, dainty, wanton, effeminate, skittish, coy, squeamish, nice.

Delectio, *deum*, pl. f. [a delectio] *delights, pleasures, pastimes, toys, fantasies; wantonness, dalliance, niceness, squeamishness, jokes, peevishness, forwardness, a darling, a sweetheart, a minion, a delight.*

Delectibile, *deum*, f. pl. dim. *my little delight.*

Delectidum, l. n. dim. *a little delight, a little darling, a minion.*

Delectum, l. n. *a delight or pleasure; a play-thing.*

Delictum, l. n. [a delinquo] *a fault, a crime, an offence, a failure in duty, a misdeed, a sin.*

Deliculus porcus, *a weaned pig.*

Deligo, *de, ligi, lectum*, act. [ex de et ligo, *de*] *to bind up; to tie; to make fast.*

Deligo, *de, legi, lectum*, act. [ex de et lego, *de*] *to choose; to pick out; to cull; to make choice of; to separate; to alienate; to gather; to pick.*

Delinatus, a, um, part. *scraped or filed off.*

Delineo, *de, linei, lictum*, act. [ex de et linea] *to delineate; to describe; to fashion; to figure; to draw the outlines or sketch of any thing; to make a rude draught; to chalk out.*

Delingo, *de, linxi, linctum*, act. *to lick off; to lick up.*

Delinimentum, l. n. *a mitigating or assuaging, a love-potion or powder; a charm.*

Delinio, *de, lvi, ltum*. *Vid Delenio.*

Delinitor, *oris*, m. *a cafoler or wheedler; a speaker-fair; a flatterer.*

Delinquo, *de, liqui, lictum*, neut. *to omit; to fail in duty; to offend; to do wrong; to do amiss.*

Deliquesco, *de, cui*, —. *Incept. to melt down; to consume; to be dissolved; to grow soft.*

Deliquis, *deum*, pl. f. *gutters into which the house-eaves drop.*

Deliquium, l. n. *lack, defect, want, loss.*

Deliquo, *de, avi, lctum*, act. *to drain out water; to decant; to strain; to clear; to clarify.*

Deliramentum, l. n. *a doting or foolish, idle, story.*

Deliratio, *onis*, f. *a going crooked, and a making of a balk in ploughing; dotage, folly, madness.*

Delirium, l. n. *dotage or being out of one's wits.*

Deliro, *de, avi, lctum*, neut. *to make a balk in ploughing land; to dote; to rave; to talk or act idly.*

Delirus, a, um, adj. *doting, silly.*

Delneo, *de, ui*, — neut. [ex de

et lateo] *et Delnesco*, *de*, — *incept. to lie hid; to sculk; to abscond; to lurk; to shelter.*

Delitgo, *de, avi, lctum*, neut. *to brabble; to brawl; to chide.*

Delitua, a, um, part. [a delitua] *beamed or anointed, blotted, defaced, slabbered.*

Delphin, *inis*; *et Delphinus*, l. m. *a dolphin; a star or constellation; a kind of vessel in the form of a dolphin.*

Delstou, l. n. *a constellation of stars like the Greek letter Delta.*

Delubrum, l. n. *a church or chapel; a shrine or place where some image or idol stood; an altar; a place before the chapel where they washed before they performed sacrifice.*

Deludifico, *de, avi, lctum*, act. *to flout; to mock; to make a fool of.*

Deludiflor, *ari, lctus*, dep. *to mock; to impose upon.*

Deludium, l. n. *a giving over play.*

Deludo, *de, lusi, lsum*, act. *to delude; to beguile; to cheat; to deceive; to frustrate; to balk; to disappoint; to give over play.*

Delumbatus, a, um, part. *hipped or hipshot; wanting sinews, weak, feeble.*

Delumbia, is, e. adj. *weak, feeble; broken-backed; soft, wanton.*

Delumbo, *de, avi, lctum*, act. *to break one's back; to weaken; to enfeeble; to hip-shot; to mutilate; to make perfect.*

Deluo, *de, ui, lctum*, act. *to wash clean; to rinse; to wash off, to blot out.*

Delusus, a, um, part. *deluded, beguiled, cheated, mocked.*

Delutamentum, l. n. *a daubing.*

Deluto, *de, avi, lctum*, act. *to daub with clay; to lute; to lay with a ground-floor.*

Demandu, *de, avi, lctum*, act. *to commit; to intrust; to give in charge.*

Demādo, *de, avi, lctum*, neut. *to stream; to flow along.*

Demarchus, l. m. *a ruler of the people, a burgomaster.*

Demens, tis, adj. [ex de neg. et mens] *mad, outrageous, hare-brained, simple, silly, ranting, roaring.*

Demensio legum. *Vid. Dimensio.*

Demensum, l. n. *an allowance of meat, drink, or corn, given to servants, to serve them for a month.*

Demensus, a, um, part. [a demetor] *measured out; parcelled, detained, proportioned.*

Dementer, adv. *madly, foolishly, simply.*

Dementia, *æ. f. madness, stupidity, sottishness, foolishness, silliness.*

Dementio, *de, lvi, lctum*, act. *to be mad or stupid; to dote.*

Demereo, *de, ui, lctum*, act. *to earn; to oblige; to endear.*

Demeror, *ari, lctus*, dep. *to oblige; to endear; to deserve well.*

Demergo, *de, ersi, ersum*, act. *to dive; to flounce; to plunge over head and ears; to sink; to swallow down; to pull down; to oppress; to put in the ground; to sow; to plant.*

Demeritus, a, um, part. *deserved.*

Demersus, a, um, part. *drowned, overwhelmed, sunk down or swallowed up; put or planted deep.*

Demessus, a, um, part. *plucked, cropped, gathered.*

Demetior, *iri, mensus*, dep. *to measure exactly.*

Demetor, *ari, lctus*, dep. *to set out limits or bounds.*

Demitto, *de, messi, messum*, act. *to reap; to mow; to cut down; to crop; to gather; to chop or cut off.*

Demigratio, *onis*, f. *a shifting of quarters, a removing from one place to another.*

Demigro, *de, avi, lctum*, neut. *to depart; to go back; to remove from one place to another to shift; to change his dwelling or lodging.*

Diminuo, *de, ui, lctum*, act. *to diminish; to abate; to impair; to lessen.*

Diminutus, a, um, part. *diminished, lessened; one who has lost his freedom, or is degraded into a meaner order or family; or adjudged to serve his creditor, or is taken by the enemy.*

Dimiror, *ari, lctus*, dep. *to admire; to wonder at greatly; to think strange.*

Demisse, adv. *low, not high; meekly, pitifully, abjectly, humbly.*

Dimissio, *onis*, f. *a letting fall, a discouragement or a dispiriting.*

Dimissus, a, um, adj. *low, hanging down, long.*

Dimissus, a, um, part. *sent from, dismissed; let down; hanging down, long; stowed, bestowed, derived, descended.* Adj. *low, mean, abject, dejected, humbly minded, sad, melancholy, cheap, undervaluing himself.*

Dimittor, *ari, lctus*, pass. *to become more gentle and calm.*

Dimitto, *de, misi, missum*, act. *to send down; to cast down; to hang down; to let fall; to humble; to submit; to dig a well; to fell; to cut down.*

Dēmum, i. n. a *precious stone* of the *Sarda kind*.
Dēmurgus, i. m. a *statesman*.
Dēmo, ēre, mpsi, mptum. act. to take away from a whole; to abate; to diminish; to pare.
Dēmoliōr, iri, itus. dep. to demolish; to batter down; to throw down; to pull down; to destroy; to abolish; to remove; to put away.
Dēmoliō, ōnis. f. a beating or throwing down.
Dēmōlitor, ōris. m. one that casts down, a demolisher.
Dēmōstratiō, ōnis. f. demonstration, a necessary argument, a clear proof; the demonstrative genus in rhetoric.
Dēmōstrātivus, a, um. adj. demonstrative.
Dēmōstrātor, ōris. m. a demonstrator, shower, declarer, or relater.
Dēmōstrātūr, impers. it is shown.
Dēmōstrō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to show; to point at; to demonstrate; to prove evidently; to relate; to declare.
Dēmōstrātus, a, um. part. having tarried.
Dēmōrleo, ēre, mōmordi, morsum. act. to bite off.
Dēmōriōr, ri, mortuus. dep. to die; to be mightily in love; to die of love.
Dēmōror, āri, ātus. dep. to keep back; to stay; to stop; to hinder; to wait; to look for; to tarry; to abide.
Dēmōrus, a, um. part. bitten off, gnawed.
Dēmortuus, a, um. part. dead, departed.
Dēmōtus, a, um. part. removed, sent away; banished; thrust back or aside.
Dēmōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to remove; to send away; to banish; to put out; to displace.
Dēmpus, a, um. part. taken away; plucked off; crompt or gathered.
Dēmūgtus, a, um. part. ringing with the noise and loving of beasts.
Dēmūlceo, ēre, mulsi, mulsum. act. to stroke one softly; to coax; to wheedle.
Dēmum, adv. [a demo] at length, at last; never till now or then; only, certainly, indeed.
Dēmurmō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to mutter; to mumble over.
Dēmūtatiō, ōnis. f. a changing.
Dēmūtūlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et Dēmūtūlo, to break off; to lop off.
Dēmūtō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to change; to alter; to revoke; to unsay. Neut. to change.

Dēnārium, i. n. a penny.
Dēnārius, a, um. adj. containing the number of ten, a tenth.
Dēnārius, i. m. [sc. nummus] a Roman denier.
Dēnarro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to tell in order; to relate.
Dēnascor, i, ātus. to cease to be; to die.
Dēnāso, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cut, bite, or pull off one's nose.
Dēnāto, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to swim down the stream.
Dendrāchūtes, æ. m. a precious stone of the agate kind, having veins resembling the branches of a tree.
Dendritis, is. f. a kind of gem.
Dendroides, is. f. a kind of spurge full of branches like a tree.
Dēnegātus, a, um. part. denied, disavowed.
Dēnegō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to refuse; not to suffer; not to give; to say he will not; to disavow.
Dēni, æ. a. adj. pl. ten, by tens.
Dēniciles ferie, a kind of solemn purification, the tenth day after any of the family died.
Dēnigro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to blacken; to sinit.
Dēntique, adv. [ex de, novo, et que] to conclude, in fine, at last, finally; at length, in process of time; only or indeed.
Dēnominātiō, ōnis. f. a denomination or naming.
Dēnominātus, a, um. part. named, denominated.
Dēnōmīno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to name; to give a name; to denominate.
Dēnormo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et norma] to set out of rule; to make unequal.
Dēnōtātus, a, um. part. observed, marked, denoted, drawn, or chalked out.
Dēnōto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to set a mark upon; to point out; to set down; to denote; to imply.
Dēns, tis. m. a tooth, a tusk, a fang; anything like a tooth, the tine of a prong or fork, the fluke of an anchor, a key.
Dēnsatiō, ōnis. f. a growing or making thick; a thickening.
Dēnsātus, a, um. part. made thick, standing or held close together.
Dēnsē, adv. thickly, closely, frequently.
Dēnsēo, ēre, — — neut. to thicken; to grow thick; to clotter; to clouter. Act. to thicken; to make thick; to curdle.
Dēnsitas, ātis. f. thickness.
Dēnsō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to thicken; to make thick; to set or hold close together.

Densus, a, um. adj. *thick, close set close, full of*.
Dēntē, is. n. [a dens] the wood whereon the share or coulter of the plough is put, a coulter or share; the plough-tail; a rake or harrow.
Dēntātus, a, um. adj. toothed, having teeth, single or fag-toothed, one born with teeth, in form of a comb, smooth, polished.
Dēntex, icis. a kind of fish, with sharp teeth.
Dēnticulātus, a, um. adj. that has little teeth or fangs; or that has teeth like those of a saw; jagged, notched.
Dēntificium, i. n. powder or any thing, wherewith to rub the teeth; a dentifrice.
Dēntio, īre, īvi, itum. neut. to breed teeth; to chatter.
Dēntiscapium, i. n. a tooth-pick.
Dēntitiō, ōnis. f. a growing or breeding of teeth; the pain of breeding them.
Dēnūbio, ēre, psi, ptum. neut. to be married or wedded.
Dēnūdo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make bare or naked; to despoil; to strip; to expose the body to view.
Dēnūmōro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to tell out or count money; to pay in ready money.
Dēnuntiātiō, ōnis. f. a foreshowing or foretelling, a denouncing or proclaiming, a menacing or threatening; a summoning.
Dēnuntiātum, i. n. a denouncing or threatening.
Dēnūntio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to foreshow; to foretell; to give notice; to signify; to declare; to denounce; to proclaim; to threaten; to summon a witness.
Dēnuo, adv. [i. e. de novo] anew, afresh, again.
Deocco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to harrow; to break clods.
Deōnōro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to deburden; to unload; to ease and discharge; to cast off.
Deopērio, īre, ul, ertum. act. to uncover; to lay bare.
Deorsum, adv. down, downward up and down.
Deōscūlor, āri, ātus. dep. to kiss and hug.
Deōpaciōr, i, pactus. dep. to make a contract; to bargain; to agree upon; to covenant; to promise.
Deōpactus, a, um. part. [a deōpaciōr] bargained, agreed.
Deōpactus, a, um. part. [a deōpango] fastened, planted, or set, prefixed or fore-appointed.
Deōpūlatiō, ōnis. f. an increase.
Deōpango, ēre, panxi et pēgi,

paetum, act. to plant; to set; to fasten; to stick in the ground.

Dēparcus, a, um, adj. niggardly, very sparing.

Dēpasco, ēre, pāvi, paatum. act. et neut. Neut. to feed; to graze; to browse. Act. to feed cattle; to eat down; to wear off; to cause his cattle to feed upon; to waste; to embezzle.

Dēpascor, i, pastus. dep. to eat up; to feed upon.

Dēpastio, ōnis. f. the feeding of cattle.

Dēpastus, a, um, part. eaten up, barked, gnawed or browsed on, fed on.

Dēpaupero, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to impoverish; to make poor.

Dēpesciscor, i. Vid. Depaciscor.

Dēpecto, ēre, pexui, pexum. act. to comb down or off; to trim; to dress.

Dēpēsculator, ōris. m. a robber of the state; an extortioner, an open thief.

Dēpēsculātus, a, um, part. having robbed the public funds or committed sacrilege.

Dēpēsculor, āri, ātus. dep. to rob the exchequer; to commit sacrilege; to spoil and undo; to plunder; to rifle.

Dēpello, ēre, pūli, pulsum. act. to put away; to thrust out; to expel; to repel; to drive along; to wear.

Dēpendeo, ēre, di, sum. neut. to hang down or upon; to depend; to be in suspense.

Dēpendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to weigh; to poise; to give by weight; to pay; to bestow; to examine.

Dēperditus, a, um, part. lost, utterly undone.

Dēperdo, ēre, didi, dītum. act. to lose; to have killed or taken in battle.

Dēpereō, ire, ivi, itum. neut. [ex de, per, et eo] to perish; to be lost; to die; to be violently in love with one.

Dēpesta, ōrum. pl. n. wine-vessels which the Sabines used in their sacrifices.

Dēpexuō, a, um, part. [a depecto] combed, trimmed, dressed, curried.

Dēpictus, a, um, part. [a depingo] painted, drawn, described.

Dēpilātus, a, um, part. made bald.

Dēpilis, is, e. adj. without hair, bald.

Dēplango, ēre. pinxi, pictam. act. to paint; to figure; to draw; to describe; to set forth.

Dēplango, ēre, plauxi, plane-

tum. act. to beat; to bewail greatly.

Dēplantātus, a, um, part. plantedor set.

Dēplauto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to root up; to displant; to break off a graft; to plant.

Dēpleo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to empty; to lade; to shift out of one vessel into another; to decant; to rack; to drink off or up.

Dēplorābundus, a, um, adj. like one lamenting.

Dēplorātus, a, um, part. bewailed, bemoaned, or lamented for, desperate, past recovery, past all hope, given over.

Dēploro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to lament; to bemoan; to bewail; to deplore; to complain; to make grievous complaint to.

Dēplūmis, is, e. adj. featherless, callow, unfledged.

Dēploō, ēre, ui, ūtum. neut. to rain downright; to come down.

Dēpollo, ire, ivi, itum. act. to make perfect; to finish; to polish.

Dēpono, ēre, pōui, pōstum. act. to lay or put down; to put off; to lay aside; to fix upon; to leave; to intrust; to deposit; to sow; to plant; to set; to wager; to take off or from; to resign; to give up; to leave off; to lay one out for dead; to impose upon.

Dēpontāni, ōrum. pl. m. old men past threescore years of age, and discharged from public business.

Dēpōpūlatio, ōnis. f. a wasting or laying waste; a making desolate; a spoiling and robbing, a pillaging and plundering.

Dēpōpūlātor, ōris. m. a spoiler, waster, or destroyer.

Dēpōpūlātus, a, um, dep. having depopulated or laid waste. Pass. being depopulated or laid waste.

Dēpōpūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to spoil; to lay waste.

Dēpōpūlor, āri, ātus. dep. to destroy; to waste; to rob; to spoil; to harass and ravage; to pillage or plunder.

Dēportālio, ōnis. f. a conveying or carrying out of one place into another. [A sending into exile. Vid. Exsilium.]

Dēportātus, a, um, part. carried, conveyed, banished, transported.

Dēporto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to carry away; to convey; to bring home; to banish; to transport; to carry off; to bear away.

Dēposco, ēre, pōposci, posci-

tum. act. to require; to call for; to demand; to ask; to wish for.

Dēpōsitum, i. n. a trust, a pledge, a wager, a stake.

Dēpōsitus, a, um, part. laid aside, rejected or refused, deposited, intrusted; desperate, past hope of safety or recovery, deposited.

Dēpostulo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to require; to demand.

Dēprāvāte, adv. corruptly; badly, improperly.

Dēprāvatio, ōnis. f. a depravation, a depraving or corrupting; a distorting, a writhing, a misinterpretation, a false gloss.

Dēprāvātus, a, um, part. depraved, corrupted, marred, spoiled.

Dēprāvo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to deprave; to corrupt; to spoil; to wrast; to rack; to distort.

Dēprēcābundus, a, um, adj. praying or petitioning.

Dēprēcāneus, a, um, adj. alarming without danger.

Dēprēcatio, ōnis. f. prayer, entreaty, deprecating, a petitioning, an excusing, a begging pardon.

Dēprēcator, ōris. m. an intercessor, a solicitor, an excuser, a preserver.

Dēprecor, āri, ātus. dep. to beseech; to desire; to entreat; to pray earnestly; to request of one; to sue; to beg; to petition; to deprecate; to beg pardon; to pray against a thing; to refuse it; to avert to remove; to turn away.

Dēprehendo et Deprendo, ēre, i, sum. act. to catch one; to take unawares; to take in the fact; to discover; to find out; to come to the knowledge of; to overtake; to perceive; to discern; to seize.

Dēprehensio, ōnis. f. a discovery.

Dēprehensus et **Dēprensus**, a, um, part. caught unawares, taken in the fact, tripping in his evidence; found out, discovered; found.

Dēpressus, a, um, part. [a deprimō] et adj. pressed or weighed down; kept down; sunk or drowned; abused, trodden under foot; thrust down. Adj. low, shallow, flat.

Dēprimo, ēre, pressi, pressum. act. [ex de et premo] to keep; to hold; to bear; to thrust; to weigh down; to abase; to make one stoop; to sink; to plant in the ground.

Dēprēcūl, adv. afar off.

Dēprōmo, ēre, impi, mptum. act. to draw; to fetch out; to bring forth.

DER

Dēpromptus, a, um. part. *drawn out, brought forth.*
Dēprōpō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make haste ; to accelerate ; to hasten.*
Depso, ēre, sui, stum. act. *to knead ; to mould ; to work dough till it be soft ; to tan or curry leather.*
Dejatus, a, um. part. *kneaded together, worked or trodden with the feet ; tawed, tanned or curried.*
Dēpūdet, uit, ēre, impers. *it is past shame.*
Dēpugnatūr, impers. *it is fought out or successfully.*
Dēpugnātus, a, um. part. *fought out.*
Dēpugno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to fight it out ; to fight ; to contend ; to disagree.*
Dēpulsio, onis. f. *a thrusting or beating away ; a removing ; detrusio ; a pleading not guilty in law.*
Dēpulsio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *[a depello] to thrust ; to push ; to beat aside.*
Dēpulsor, oris. m. *he that repels or puts away.*
Dēpulsus, a, um. part. *[a depello] put or driven away ; thrust out by force ; detrued ; weaned.*
Dēpurgo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to cleanse ; to purge ; to clear.*
Dēpūtō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to prune or cut off ; to fudge ; to esteem ; to think ; to repute ; to account ; to reckon.*
Dēpygia, is, e. ad. *[ex de et pyga] one that has but small or little buttocks ; pinch-breeched.*
Dēque, adv. *down.* Suaque *de que, up or down.*
Dēquestus, a, um. part. *having complained of.*
Dērado, ēre, rāsi, rāsum. act. *to grate ; to shave ; to bark ; to scrape off.*
Dērasus, a, um. part. *shaved or scraped off.*
Dērelictio, onis. f. *a leaving, forsaking, deserting, abandoning, desisting, dereliction.*
Dērelictus, a, um. part. *[a derelinquo] abandoned, left destitute, forsaken, forlorn, solitary, unmarried, uncouth.*
Dērelinqūo, ēre, itqui, licum. act. *[ex de et relinquo] to leave ; to abandon ; to desert ; to forsake utterly.*
Dērepente, adv. *suddenly, unexpectedly.*
Dērepro, ēre, psi, ptum. *to creep down.*
Dēreptus, a, um. part. *snatched away.*
Dērideo, ēre, rīsi, rīsum. act. *to laugh to scorn ; to mock ; to sneer ; to deride ; to despise.*

DES

Dēridicūlum, i. n. *a scorn, a laugh-in-stock, a jest, foolery.*
Dēridiculus, a, um. adj. *fit to be laughed at, silly, ridiculous.*
Dēripio, ēre, ui, reptum. act. [*ex de et rapio*] *to take down; to take; to snatch; to steal; to fitch.*
Dērisor, ōris. m. *a mocker, a scoffer, a fleerer or flouter, a jester, a parasite, a droll or buffoon.*
Dērisus, a, um. part. [*a derideo*] *mocked, laughed at.*
Dērisus, ūs. m. *derision, scorn, mockery.*
Dērivatio, ōnis. f. *a draining of water, a turning of its course.*
Dērivatus, a, um. part. *derived, drawn down in channels; turned, converted; derived, drawn from.*
Dēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex de et rivus*] *to drain; to convey water; to derive from one to another; to turn aside; to intercept; to embezzle.*
Dērogatio, ōnis. f. *a taking from, derogation or a taking away a part.*
Dērogito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [*a derogo*] *to ask earnestly; to desire ardently; to pray fervently.*
Dērogo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to degrade; to abate; to lessen; to take away by a new law; to make some exception to a former.*
Dērogor, āri, ātus. pass. *to be lessened, &c. as when some clause in an old law is repealed by a new law.*
Dērosus, a, um. part. [*qu. a derudo*] *gnawed, nibbled.*
Dēruptio, ēre, rūpi, ruptum. act. *to break off.*
Dēruclivatus, a, um. part. *smoothed or planed.*
Dēruclino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to shave with a planing-tool; to cheat.*
Dēruo, ēre, rui, rūtum. act. *to pull down; to take away; to fall down.*
Dēruptum, i. n. *a steep or craggy place.*
Dēruptus, a, um. part. *broken, craggy, steep, downwards.*
Dēscaro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to consecrate; to hallow.*
Dēscario, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. *to leave off his passion; to be quiet and calm; to rage extremely; to show cruelty.*
Dēsaltatus, a, um. part. *danced over.*
Descenditur, impers. *it is gone down.*
Descendo, āre, ī, sum. neut. [*ex de et scando*] *to descend; to go or come down; to take*
 (83)

DES

root ; to alight ; to light off :
 to condescend ; to agree ; to
 be content ; to degenerate ; to
 grow worse ; to trickle ; to
 fall ; to be digested.
 Descensio, ōnis. f. a going down,
 a descent, a landing.
 Descensus, ūs. m. a descent.
 Descisco, ēre, scīvi, scitum.
 neut. [ex de et scisco] to de-
 part ; to revolt ; to alter and
 change.
 Descissus, a, um. part. torn o-
 rent.
 Descitum est, impers. pass. they
 revolted.
 Describo, ēre, psi, ptum. act. to
 copy ; to write out ; to draw
 out ; to describe ; to exempli-
 fy ; to tax ; to assess ; to di-
 vide ; to distribute ; to order ;
 to appoint ; to define.
 Descriptio, ōnis. f. a writing
 out, a copy or transcript, a de-
 scription, a model or plan, a
 registering, a distributing or
 enrolling, an appointing, a dis-
 tribution, a characterising or
 rhetorical description.
 Descriptiuncŭla, æ. f. dim. a
 short description.
 Descriptus, a, um. part. written
 out, copied, set down, assign-
 ed, appointed, set in order,
 parted and divided ; taxed.
 Dēscō ēre, ui, tum. act. to cut
 off ; to cut down ; to reap ;
 to mow down ; to clip off ; to
 poll.
 Dēscrātus, a, um. part. unhal-
 lowed, profaned.
 Dēsectio, ōnis. f. [a deseco] a
 cutting off, a reaping or mow-
 ing down.
 Dēsectus, a, um. part. cut off,
 mowed down or reaped ; cut ;
 heven.
 Dēserō, ēre, ui, tum. act. to
 leave off ; to let alone ; to for-
 sake ; to abandon ; to desert
 to fail.
 Dēserpo, ēre. neut. to creep
 down or along.
 Dēsertātus, a, um. part. forsak-
 en, deserted.
 Dēserto, ōnis. f. a leaving, for-
 saking or deserting.
 Dēsertor, ōris. m. a deserter,
 a renegade, a turncoat ; an
 exile.
 Dēsertum, i. n. a desert or wil-
 derness.
 Dēsertus, a, um. part. et adj. [a
 desero] forsaken, deserted,
 abandoned, set, planted, stuck
 fast. Adj. desert, uninhabited,
 untilled, lonely.
 Dēservio, īre, īvi, itum. neut. to
 be serviceable ; to do service
 to ; to wait upon ; to attend,
 to be assiduous.
 Dēseus, idis. adj. [a desideo] idle,
 slow, slothful, careless.
 Dēsiccatio, ōnis. f. a drying up

Dēsicco, ēre, āvi & um. act. to dry up.

Dēsideo, ēre, sēdī, — neut. [ex de et sedeo] to sit still; to be idle; to loiter; to go to stool.

Dēsidērābilis, is, e. adj. to be desired or wished for, wanted.

Dēsidērātio, ōnis. f. a desiring or wishing for.

Dēsidērātus, a, um. part. desired, longed, or wished for, wanted, rare.

Dēsidēriū, i. n. desire, love, affection, or longing; a craving, plur. want, absence, a request, petition, or supplication.

Dēsidēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to desire; to long for; to complain of the want; to need; to require.

Dēsidia, ō. f. [a deses] idleness, slothfulness.

Dēsidiūm, i. n. [ex desidia] a lounging place, a bench where lazy people sit.

Dēsidiēs, ei. f. Vid. Desidia.

Dēsidiōse, adv. slothfully, idly.

Dēsidiōsus, a, um. adj. lazy, slothful, having nothing to do.

Dēsido, ēre, dēsēdi, — neut. to sink; to fall down; to settle; to sit down; to assuage; to fall; to chink; to gape; to light down.

Dēsīgnātio, ōnis. f. a designation or appointment; anoting or specifying; a denoting, designing, designation, designation, a delineation.

Dēsīgnātor, ōris. m. a marshal, a herald, a master of ceremonies.

Dēsīgnātus, a, um. part. designed, preordained, appointed, marked out, named, elected, or chosen.

Dēsīgnō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to mark out; to aim at; to intend; to destine; to design; to appoint; to choose; to play some new prank; to show; to signify; to denote.

Dēsillio, ēre, īvi et ūi, sultum. neut. [ex de et salio] to leap down; to alight; to vault.

Dēsīnītur, impers. an end is made.

Dēsīno, ēre, īvi et īi, ītum. neut. et act. [ex de et sino] to leave; to desert; to lay aside; to discontinue; to omit for a time; to renounce; to give quite over; to hold one's peace; to terminate; to come to one's end; to die.

Dēsīpīentia, ō. f. doting, silliness, raving.

Dēsīpio, ēre, ūi, — [ex de et sapio] to dote; to rave; to be light-headed; to be transported; to be a fool.

Dēsīstītur, impers. people desist.

Dēsīsto, ēre, dēsīti, dēsītum. neut. to stand apart; not to come near; to depart; to go away; to leave off; to give over; to discontinue; to desist.

Dēsītus, a, um. part. [a desero, sevi] planted, set.

Dēsītus, a, um. part. [a desino] laid aside, ceased, left off.

Dēsōlātus, a, um. part. left alone, abandoned, forsaken, deserted, laid waste, depopulated, desolate.

Dēsolo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et solus] to lay waste.

Dēspectātio, ōnis. f. a looking down, a prospect.

Dēspecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to look down upon; to despise.

Dēspectus, a, um. part. et adj. looked down upon; despised, contemned, slighted.

Dēspectus, ūs. m. a looking down, a despising, contempt, despite.

Dēsperūter, adv. hopelessly, despairingly.

Dēsperītio, ōnis. f. despairing, despair.

Dēsperātus, a, um. part. et adj. past hope, past cure, desperate, resolute through despair.

Dēsperno, ēre, sprēvi, sprētum. act. to contemn; to slight; to despise much.

Dēspero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to despair; to be heartless or out of hope.

Dēspectātio, ōnis. f. a contemning, despising, contempt, despite.

Dēspectātus, a, um. part. et adj. contemning, despising, contemned, disesteemed, disregarded, slighted, despised.

Dēspectātus, ūs. m. despite, a despising.

Dēspectentia, ō. f. a looking down at; a contemning, despising, or slighting.

Dēsprecio, ēre, spēxi, spēctum. to look down; to disregard; to depreciate; to slight. [Vid. Contemno.]

Dēsplīstītor, ōris. m. a plunderer.

Dēsplīlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to rob; to plunder; to pilage; to impoverish; to strip.

Dēspondeo, ēre, di v. spēpōndi. act. to promise freely; specially to betroth; to affiancé; to promise in marriage; to think one's self secure of; to despair of.

Dēsponsātus, a, um. part. betrothed, affianced.

Dēsponsus, a, um. part. solemnly promised, specially betroth-

ed, promised in marriage, affianced.

Dēsputātus, a, um. part. clari- fied, purged, fermented.

Dēsputō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et apuma] to scum; to take off the froth; to clarify; to digest; to take off; to lessen.

Dēsputo, ēre, spul, spūtum. act. to spit down; to spit out in abhorrence; to detest.

Dēsquēmātus, a, um. part. barked or peeled off.

Dēsquāmo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to scale; to bark.

Dēsterto, ēre, ūi, — to leave off snoring or dreaming.

Dēsillio, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to distil; to drop; to run down.

Dēsīnūto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to goad through; to prick; to waste; to consume.

Dēsīna, ō. f. a supporter or pillar.

Dēsīnūto, adv. resolutely, peremptorily.

Dēsīnūtio, ōnis. f. a purpose, destination, resolution, determination.

Dēsīnūtus, a, um. part. bound fast, fixed, destined, designed, appointed, determined, fixed, resolved upon, betrothed.

Dēsīno, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to bind fast together; to design; to purpose; to order; to appoint; to conceive; to conjecture; to set a price upon; to betroth; to mark out; to buy; to aim at.

Dēsīno, ēre, ūi, ātum. act. [ex de et statuo] to fasten; to place; to forsake; to abandon; to desert; to leave destitute; to disappoint; to deceive; to break one's promise; to leave off; to give over; to fail.

Dēsītūtio, ōnis. f. a leaving off; a forsaking; a disappointment.

Dēsītūtus, a, um. part. placed, set, abandoned, destitute, bereft, disappointed, forlorn, in despair.

Dēsūrgīmentum, i. n. that which is scraped or rubbed off any thing.

Dēsūrgo, ēre, strīnxī, strīctum. act. to cut or lop off; to scrape off; to scrub; to curry; to gather; to pull; to diminish; to be hard upon; to attack.

Dēsūctio, ōnis. f. a demolishing; a subversion; a resolution.

Dēsūro, ēre, struxī, strūctum. act. to destroy; to pull down; to break up; to batter; to demolish; to overthrow; to spoil; to abate; to discredit; to disparage; to invalidate.

Dēsub, prep. *under*.
Dēsubito, adv. *all on a sudden*.
Dēsūdascitur, impers. *people sweat much*.
Dēsūdō, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to sweat much; to labour earnestly*.
Dēsūēfactus, a, um. part. *unaccustomed, disused*.
Dēsūdō, fīrī, factus. *to be weaned from a thing*.
Dēsuesco, ēre, suēvi, suētum. neut. *to disuse himself; to change his fashion or custom*.
Dēsuetūdo, īnis. f. *disuse, disuse, lack of custom*.
Dēsūctus, a, um. part. *disused, worn out of use*.
Dēsultor, ōris. m. [*a desilio*] *a vaulter*.
Dēsultōrius, a, um. adj. *leaping, jumping, or friking to and fro; vaulting; inconstant, fickle, wavering, desultory*.
Dēsultūra, ō. f. *a vaulting, a jumping down*.
Dēsūm, esse, fui, to be wanting; to fail; to be absent.
Dēsūmo, ēre, mpsi, mptam. act. *to pick out; to choose*.
Dēsūo, ūere, ui, ūtum. act. *to sew behind; to fasten below*.
Dēsūper, adv. *from above, aloft, over-head; upon, on the top*.
Dēsurgo, ēre, rexi, rectum. neut. *to arise from; to go to stool*.
Dētectus, a, um. part. *laid open, bare, naked, discovered, disclosed, detected*.
Dētēgo, ēre, texi, tectum. act. *to uncover; to lay open; to expose; to disclose; to detect; to discover*.
Dētēdo, ēre, i, sum. act. *to un-stretch; to take down*.
Dētēnsus, a, um. part. *unstretched, taken down*.
Dētētus, a, um. part. [*a detineo*] *withheld or kept back*.
Dēter, obsol. unde comp. *dēterior*, et sup. *dētērimus*. ill, naught, bad, weak, feeble.
Dētergeo, ēre, et *Dētergo*, ēre, si, sum. act. *to wipe; to brush; to scour; to cleanse; to wipe off; to rub off; to cut off; to clear up; to uncover; to pare; to take only a small part off*.
Dētērius, adv. comp. *worse or after a worse manner; more scurvily*.
Dēterminātiō, ōnis. f. *a boundary, a conclusion, a close, a determination, a decision*.
Dēterminātus, a, um. part. *ascertained, expired, decisory, determined, expired, limited*.
Dēterminō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to determine; to appoint; to describe bounds and limits; to measure; to fix a period; to put an end to*.

Dētēro, ēre, trivi, tristum. act. *to bruise; to beat out; to rub one against another; to make worse; to attenuate; to diminish; to impair; to wear out*.
Dēterreo, ēre, ui, itum. act. *to deter; to frighten; to discourage; to scare; to dismay; to dissuade from*.
Dētērtus, a, um. part. *dismayed, discouraged, awed, frightened, scared*.
Dētērus, a, um. part. *wiped, brushed, cleaned*.
Dētēstābilis, is, e. adj. *detestable, abominable, unlucky, unhappy*.
Dētēstātiō, ōnis. f. *detestation, a detesting or abhorring; an abomination; an imprecation or cursing*.
Dētēstor, āri, ātus. dep. *to detest; to loathe; to abominate; to abhor; to avert; to wish by way of curse; to avoid; to call earnestly to witness*.
Dētēxo, ēre, ui, tum. act. *to weave; to plait; to work it off*.
Dētēxtus, a, um. part. *woven, plaited*.
Dētēneo, ēre, ui, tentum. act. [*ex de et teneo*] *to detain; to stay; to stop; to hinder; to employ; to entertain; to amuse; to hold one intent or in doubt; to sustain; to support*.
Dētēndeō, ēre, i, tonsum. act. *to shear; to fleece; to clip; to poll; to cut or lop off*.
Dētēno, āre, tonui, —. neut. *to thunder mightily*.
Dētēnsus, a, um. part. *shorn, clipped, cut off, nipped, shred*.
Dētēorno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to work as turners do; to make by turning*.
Dētēorqueo, ēre, torsi, torsum et tum. act. *to turn aside; to draw aside; to bend; to direct; to misconstrue*.
Dētēortus, a, um. part. *rent, wrested, bowed, crooked, de-torted*.
Dētractiō, ōnis. f. *a drawing away; an abating, discount; detraction, backbiting*.
Dētractor, ōris. m. *a detractor, a diminisher, a slanderer*.
Dētractus, a, um. part. *with-drawn or pulled away; abated, discounted*.
Dētraho, ēre, traxi, tractum. act. *to draw off; to pull away; to remove; to take away; to draw; to force; to diminish; to lessen; to derogate; to detract; to disparage; to speak ill of*.
Dētrēctātiō, ōnis. f. *a refusal or denial to do; a drawing back, a revolt*.
Dētrēctātor, ōris. m. *a refuser, a diminisher*

Dētrecto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex de et tracto*] *to refuse; to decline; to disown; to shift off; not to accept of; to lessen; to sink one's courage; to detract; to speak ill of*.
Dētrectus, a, um. part. *refused*.
Dētrimentōsus, a, um. adj. *hurtful, injurious, harmful*.
Dētrimentum, i. n. *detriment, disadvantage, damage, loss, hurt*.
Dētritus, a, um. part. [*a detero*] *worn, worn out*.
Dētrūdo, ēre, trūsi, trūsum. act. *to detrude; to thrust down; to shove from; to defer; to put off; to compel; to force*.
Dētruncātiō, ōnis. f. *a cutting off, a lopping or shredding*.
Dētruncātus, a, um. part. *lopped off, maimed, mangled*.
Dētrunco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to cut or lop off; to maim; to mangle*.
Dētrūsus, a, um. part. *thrust down, detruded*.
Dētūmeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. *to assuage; to leave off swelling*.
Dētūmesco, ēre, —. incept. *to assuage; to cease to swell*.
Dēturbō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to tumble down; to beat down; to throw down; to demolish; to thrust or turn out; to disorder; to disturb; to dash and confound*.
Dēturpo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to defile; to deface; to disgrace*.
Dēvastātus, a, um. part. *wasted, spoiled, killed*.
Dēvastō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to waste; to destroy; to plunder; to make havoc of*.
Dēvectus, a, um. part. *carried down, brought to*.
Dēvēho, ēre, veki, vectum. act. *to carry or convey away*.
Dēvello, ēre, li et vulsi, sum. act. *to pull away; to pluck off*.
Dēvēlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to open; to unveil; to discover*.
Dēvēnōror, āri, ātus. dep. *to worship; to adore; to pray to; to be prayed against; to be atoned*.
Dēvēnio, īre, ēni, entum. neut. *to come down to; to chance; to happen*.
Dēvēhō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to beat sorely*.
Dēvēro, ēre, i, sum. act. *to turn away or aside*.
Dēvēto, āre, āvi v. ui, ātum et itum. act. *to forbid*.
Dēvēxtus, a, um. part. *lashed*.
Dēvēxtas, ātis. f. *a bending down, a sloping, a bias; de-velocity*.
Dēvēxus, a, um. adj. *bending, hanging or declining down; shelving, drawing toward an end*.

Devictus, a, um. part. *conquered, subdued.*
Devincio, ire, vixi, victum. act. to bind fast; to tie up; to oblige; to ally; to engage; to endear; to assure; to secure; to hamper; to entangle
Dēvincio, ēre, icl, ctum. to conquer; to overcome; to vanquish.
Devinctus, a, um. part. et adj. bound, fettered, tied about, allied, obliged, endeared, forced, constrained.
Devitiatio, onis. f. an avoiding, shunning.
Devito, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to evade; to shun; to avoid.
Devius, a, um. adj. [ex de et via] out of the way; excursive, devious, lying or wandering out of the way, uncouth, desert, unfrequented; wandering out of the way or swerving from; straggling, bewildered; erroneous.
Dēunx, cis. m. eleven ounces, eleven parts of any other thing divided into twelve; a vessel holding eleven cyathi or a pint and six ounces; a measure of land containing 26400 feet.
Dēvōco, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to call down from; to call away; to recall; to invite.
Dēvōlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly down; to haste away from; to spend or hasten away.
Devolveo, ēre, vi, vōlūtum. act. to devolve; to tumble or roll down; to wind off; to pour out hastily; to reduce; to cut off.
Devolutus, a, um. part. tumbled down, devolved, come up.
Devoratus, a, um. part. swallowed down, devoured, spent.
Dēvoro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to devour; to eat up; to swallow down; to engorge; to gobble up; to ingurgitate; to spend; to waste; to take hastily and greedily; to bear patiently; to look earnestly on a thing, as if one would eat it; to take in carelessly, without digesting; to suppress; to keep under.
Dēvōtio, onis. f. a vowing, devoting, a giving up, an accursing or damning; an imprecation, execration; a charm, a magic-spell.
Dēvoto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. act. to devote; to give up by vow; to conjure; to lay a spell upon.
Devotus, a, um. part. [a devotea] vowed, devoted, engaged, addicted, dedicated, destined, determined, designed, execrable, cursed, detestable.
Devotus, i. m. [sc. servus v.

clien] a devoted servant or client.
Dēvoveo, ēre, vōvi, vōtum. act. to vow; to consecrate; to devote; to engage; to accurse; to damn; to charm; to bewitch.
Dēvoro, ēre, ussi, ustum. act. to burn; to set on fire; to sting; to empoison; to envenom; to blast.
Deus, i. m. et f. a god, a goddess, a genius, an oracle, a patron, a benefactor, an angel, a saint.
Deustus, a, um. part. burned down, blasted.
Deutēria, drum. pl. n. small beverage made of the husks of grapes.
Deutor, i, ūsus. dep. to make an ill use of.
Devulus, a, um. part. pulled off, plucked away.
Dextans, tis. m. [quod deest sextans] ten ounces or ten parts of twelve; a measure of land containing 24000 feet.
Dextella, æ. f. dim. a little right hand.
Dexter, ēra, ūtrum v. tra, trum. right-handed; fit, suitable, meet; lucky, favourable, fortunate, propitious.
Dextēra, æ. f. [sc. manus] the right hand.
Dextēre, adv. ius, comp. rtme. sup. dexterously, successfully, aptly, neatly, handsomely; with agility or address.
Dextēritas, ātis. f. aptness, readiness, dexterity, activity, agility, address.
Dextra, æ. f. [sc. manus, contr. a dextera] the right hand or right side; a hand, aid, or help; alliance or agreement by league.
Dextrorsum, adv. qu. dextro- versum. towards or on the right hand.
Dextrorsus, adv. towards the right hand.
Dextroversum, adv. towards the right hand.
Di pro Diis v. Divi [a divus] m. pl. the gods. in dat. et abl. pl.
Divis, Diis, Dis.
Dikūtes, m v. is. m. a faucet, a tunnel or water-pipe.
Dikchyton, i. n. a kind of must or sweet wine.
Dikēdion, i. n. a syrup made of the tops of poppy.
Dikēma, ātis. n. a white fillet wherewith kings and queens encircled their foreheads, a diadem; an imperial or royal crown.
Dikēmātus, a, um. adj. wearing a diadem or crown.
Dikētochos, i. f. a stone like a beryl.
Dierēsis, is. f. a distribution.

Dieta, m. f. diet, food, a regular way of life; a parlour to sup in, a summer-house in a garden.
Diētētica, æ. f. [sc. medicina] the first part of physic, relating to a regimen in diet.
Diēteticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to diet.
Diēlaucion, i. n. a medicine for the eyes.
Dikēonios, i. f. a line in geometry, from one corner to the other.
Diagramma, ātis. n. a description or draught of a thing; a diagram.
Diagraphice, es. f. the art of painting, particularly on box.
Dialectica, æ. f. et Dialecticæ, es. [sc. ars v. disciplina] the art of logic or teaching to reason.
Dialectica, drum. pl. n. logical matters, logical questions.
Dialecticæ, adv. by the art of logic, like a logician.
Dialecticus, a, um. adj. logical.
Dialecticus, i. m. a logician, a disputant.
Dialectos, i. f. a manner of speech in any language, diverse from another, a dialect.
Dileucon, i. n. a kind of saffron, white through the middle.
Dialis, is, e. adj. pertaining to Jupiter.
Dillage, es. f. Conciliatio, a figure when many arguments are brought to the same purpose.
Dillōgus, i. m. a dialogue or discourse, between two or more.
Dilmāter, rect. Dikmetros, i. f. a diameter or line dividing any figure into equal parts, or going through the middle of any figure.
Dikōme, es. f. a distributing or allotting.
Dikpasma, ātis. n. a perfume of sweet powder, a pomander.
Dikpōsis, n. indec. a concord of music, consisting of all the eight notes.
Dikpente, n. indec. a concord of fife notes.
Diaphragma, ātis. n. the midriff.
Dikpōntius, a, um. adj. that comes from beyond sea.
Dikrion, i. n. [a die] provision for one day, a day's allowance, a day's wages; ordinary, coarse fare.
Diarrhoea, æ. f. a looseness, a lax, a flux.
Dikthyrum, i. n. a screen or fence of boards, &c. to keep out the wind; a rail or pale before a door.
Dikthai, drum. pl. m. [sc. laph-

[*tes*] corner-stones, band-stones, parpen-stones.

Diätōnum v. Diätōnīcum, i. n. plain song.

Diatrētum, i. n. a cup chased and curiously engraved.

Diavulus, i. m. a measure of ground containing two furlongs.

Diazōma, ātis, n. a girdle or waist-belt.

Dibāpha, æ, f. [sc. purpura] purple twice dyed.

Dibāphus, a, um, adj. double-dyed, dyed in grain, scarlet.

Dicu, æ, f. an action at law, an indictment, a process.

Dicūctitas, ātis, f. drollery, wag-gery, banter, repartee, dicit-ty. [The leading idea in *dicacitas* is satirical smartness of expression.]

Dicaculus, a, um, adj. dim. [a *dicax*] full of words, chatting, prating, tattling.

Dicātio, ōnis, f. a denoting, addic-tion, or dedicating; a tak-ing a freedom in a city.

Dicātūra, æ, f. the dedication of a book, &c.

Dicātus, a, um, part. dedicated, consecrated, designed, or prom-ised, suited to, employed in.

Dicax, ācis, adj. [a *dicō*, is] talkative, jesting, prating, ban-tering, flouting, abusive.

Dicis, in gen. qu. a rect. dex, dicis, *cujus compos. sunt in usu, ut* Julex, vindex, of form, of fashion.

Dicitur, impers. it is said.

Dico, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to dedicate; to consecrate; to vow; to promise; to appoint; to design; to devote; to em-ploy; to set apart; to bestow.

Dico, āre, dixi, dictum, act. to speak; to say; to tell; to bid; to call; to name; to give in evidence; to appoint; to write; to set forth; to harangue; to declaim; to pronounce; to rehearse; to promise; to speak of; to mean; to give his opinion; to declare; to show; to plead; to object; to trans-late; to play.

Dicrētum, i. n. a galley, having two oars in a seat or bank.

Dictamnus, i. m. dittander or dittany; garden-ginger.

Dictāta, ōrum, pl. n. precepts, instructions, dictates, lessons, notes, school-boys' exercises.

Dictātor, ōris, m. [a *dictando*] a dictator, a chief magistrate.

Dictātorius, a, um, adj. of or belonging to a dictator; of the dictator's family.

Dictātrix, icis, f. a governante or governess.

Dictātūra, æ, f. the office or ho-nour of the dictatorship.

Dictērium, i. n. v. potius Dic-

tēria, ōrum, p. *feſta, vittic-isms, scoffs, flouting, drollery.*

Dicūo, ōnis, f. a speaking, an uttering; a style, expression, diction, or manner of speech; an oration, a pleading; elo-quence, an oracle.

Dictōsus, a, um, adj. droll-ing, full of pleasantries.

Dictōto, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. to speak or tell often; to give out; to pretend.

Dictō, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. [a *dico*] to say often; to dictate how or what one shall write; to counsel; to advise; to sug-gest; to appoint; to order; to promise.

Dictum, i. n. a saying, expres-sion, or word, a proverb, a re-proach or ill word, a jest, a merry saying, a testimony or evidence, a wipe or lampoon; eloquence; an order or com-mand; a deed or action; a proof or argument.

Dictus, a, um, part. [a *dico*] spoken, said, told, pleaded, called, reputed, declared, ap-pointed, designed, promised; set at a price, valued.

Dictyōton, i. n. *quod* et Dictyō-thōton, *perperam*, a kind of building made full of grates for men to look through. Lat. Reticulatum.

Diditus, a, um, part. given out, spread abroad; divided.

Dilo, āre, dididi, diditum, act. to give out; to spread abroad; to distribute; to divide.

Didōron, i. n. a tile of two hands' breadth long.

Didūco, āre, duxi, ductum, act. to lead or draw aside; to se-ver; to part; to set open; to stretch wide; to divide; to di-gest; to concoct; to drain.

Diluctus, a, um, part. separa-ted, dispersed, opened, cleft, gaping, divided, parted, es-tranged, divorced.

Diēcula, æ, f. dim. a little while, a short space or time.

Diērecte, adv. with a mischief.

Diērectus, a, um, adj. hanged in the open air, gibbeted, truss-ed up.

Dies, et, m. v. f. in plur. m. a day, natural or civil; a joyful time, the light; the transac-tions of the day; the day of one's funeral; life; length of time; some time hence.

Diespiter, tris, m. Jupiter.

Diffāmātus, a, um, part. pub-lished, talked of, defamed, as-per-sed, bespattered, branded.

Diffāmo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to spread an ill report of; to pub-lish.

Differentia, æ, f. a difference.

Diffēro, ferre, distūli, distūtum, act. to scatter abroad; to carry

up and down; to put off; to delay; to adjourn; to spread a report; to tear to pieces; to distract; to tease; to unsettle; to plant trees in a row; to bear; to endure. Neut. to dif-fer; to vary; to be unlike.

Differtus, n, um, part. [a *dif-fercio*] filled or stuffed, crowd-ed.

Diffibūlo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to unbutton; to open; to unbind.

Difficile, adv. hardly, difficultly, uneasily.

Difficilis, is, e, adj. hard, diffi-cult, craggy, rugged, rough, boisterous, hard to please, crabbed, captious, hard-heart-ed, obdurate.

Difficiliter, adv. hardly, diffi-culty.

Difficultas, ātis, f. difficulty, trouble, intricacy, danger, dis-tress, scarcity, dearth, a dis-ease.

Difficulter, adv. hardly, diffi-culty.

Diffidenter, adv. suspiciously, diffidently.

Diffidentia, æ, f. mistrust, diffi-dence.

Diffido, āre, fasis, sum, neut. to distrust; to mistrust; to de-spair.

Diffindo, āre, fidi, fissum, act. to cleave; to part asunder; to slit; to cut.

Diffingo, āre, fluxi, fictum, act. to new-make; to mar; to do that which is made; to deny; to dissemble; to pretend.

Diffinitio, ōnis, f. a definition or declaration.

Diffissus, n, um, part. [a *diffin-do*] cleft or cut asunder.

Diffisus, a, um, part. [a *diffido*] mistrusting, disbelieving, dis-trusting.

Diffiteor, ēri, sessus, dep. to deny; to disavow; to say to the contrary.

Difflo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to blow away; to scatter with blowing.

Diffluo, āre, fluxi, fluxum, neut. [ex *dis et fluo*] to flow or run abroad; to melt; to dissolve; to fall asunder; to fall down.

Diffringo, āre, frēgi, fractum, act. [ex *dis et frango*] to break to pieces.

Diffugio, āre, fūgi, fūgtum, act. et neut. to flee; to run away; to avoid; to refuse to do a thing.

Diffugium, ii, n. a refuge, a place to flee to; a running a-way.

Diffulmīno, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to strike with a thunder-bolt; to break down.

Diffunditor, āri, ātus, pass. to be squandered abroad; to be lavished.

Diffundo, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour out; to disperse; to spread abroad; to publish; to deliver down to posterity; to dilate; to diffuse; to extend; to cheer; to make merry.

Diffuse, adv. *diffusely*, scatteringly, extensively.

Diffusilis, is, e. adj. that may be diffused or spread abroad.

Diffusio, ōnis. f. a spreading, diffusiveness.

Diffusus, a, um. part. et adj. poured, racked, or filled out; diffused, spread abroad, extended, scattered, dishevelled, hanging loose, large, wide, gay, cheerful.

Digamma, ātis. n. the letter F in sound; in use for V.

Digero, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. to divide; to distribute; to dispose; to set in order; to dissolve; to discuss; to dissipate; to loosen; to enfeeble; to waste; to digest; to concoct; orderly to declare; to explain.

Digestio, ōnis. f. a setting in order, a disposing, an arrangement; the separation of meats in the stomach, in order to concoction; digestion.

Digestorius, a, um. adj. digestive.

Digestus, a, um. part. put in order, digested, methodised.

Digestus, us. m. a distribution, a management.

Digitale, is. n. a finger-stall, a thimble, a finger of a glove.

Digitalis, is, e. adj. of belonging to a finger.

Digitalis, a, um. part. that has fingers, toes, or claws.

Digitalium, i. m. et Digitalium, i. n. an herb called sea-green, the greater or prick-maiden.

Digitalis, i. m. dim. a little finger.

Digitus, i. m. a finger; a finger's breadth; a toe; a claw.

Digladior, āri, ātus. dep. to fight with swords; to fence; to scuffle; to dispute.

Dignatio, ōnis. f. reputation, respect, esteem, credit; a post in war or peace; authority, worth, majesty.

Dignatus, a, um. part. dep. vouchsafing, thought worthy.

Digne, adv. worthily, deservedly, decently, meetly.

Dignitas, ātis. f. dignity, nobility, greatness, advancement, honour, credit, gravity, authority, majesty, comeliness, gracefulness, magnificence, grandeur, excellency, eminence, worthiness.

Dignor, āri, ātus. dep. to vouchsafe; to think worthy. Pass. to be thought or esteemed worthy.

Dignosco, ēre, nōvi, nōtum. act. to discern; to distinguish.

Dignus, a, um. adj. worthy, deserving, decent, becoming, meet. *fit*.

Digrādior, i, gressus. dep. [ex di et gradior] to go or turn aside; to depart; to digress; to go from the purpose.

Digressio, ōnis. f. a parting, a digression, an excursion.

Digressus, a, um. part. having departed or turned aside.

Digressus, ūs. m. a departure or going aside; a digression.

Digrunio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to grunt like a hog.

Dijicio, ēre, jeci, jectum. act. [ex di et jacio] to cast down; to cast away or asunder.

Dijudicatio, ōnis. f. a judging between two, a discerning.

Dijūlico, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to disjunctate; to distinguish; to discern; to judge between; to believe; to suppose; to decide.

Dijunctio, ōnis. f. a parting, a disjoining.

Dijungo, ēre, junxi, junctum. act. to unyoke; to unharass; to part; to sever; to disjoin.

Dilābidus, a, um. adj. that falls, slides, or wears away quickly.

Dilābor, i, lapsus. dep. [ex di et labor] to slip aside; to steal away; to slip out of; to waste; to come to nothing; to be spoiled; to rot.

Dilācēratūs, a, um. part. torn, rent, destroyed, spent.

Dilācēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to tear or rend in pieces; to destroy; to consume; to spend; to make havoc of; to trouble.

Dilācērimo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to weep or drop with moisture.

Dilāmino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex lamina] to cleave in two; to split.

Dilānio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to tear; to rend in pieces; to mangle; to dismember.

Dilāpido, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to rid a place of stones; to pelt with stones; to consume wastefully; to squander away in riot; to embezzle; to dissipate.

Dilapsus, a, um. part. [a dilabor] gliding along; slipping aside; fallen down or decayed.

Dilargior, tri, itus. dep. to bestow liberally.

Dilatio, ōnis. f. [a differo] a delaying or deferring; an adjournment.

Dilato, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make wide; to open wide; to extend; to enlarge; to increase; to dilate.

Dilator, ōris. m. a delayer or dallyer.

Dilatatus, a, um. part. [a differo]

deferred, delayed, adjourned, spread abroad.

Dilaudo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to extol; to praise highly; to commend greatly.

Dilectus, a, um. part. v. adj. dearly beloved or chosen.

Diligens, tis. adj. diligent, mindful, heedful, earnest, studious, industrious, thrifty, wary.

Diligenter, adv. diligently, carefully, industriously, earnestly; discriminately.

Diligentia, m. f. diligence, carefulness, attention, labour, earnestness, industry, frugality, thriftiness, discretion.

Diligo, ēre, lexi, lectum. act. [ex di et lego] to favour; to respect; to affect; to love.

[Diligere expresses a love founded in, and created by, virtue and esteem. It refers to a love founded in comparison, or the preference of one object to another, on account of its superior merit. Amare denotes the emotion of love absolutely, as excited by an object in itself amiable or lovely.]

Dilōgia, m. f. a rhetorical scheme, when the same word has two notions.

Dilōrico, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to undo; to rip; to unbuckle; to ungrind.

Dilūceo, ēre, luxi, — neut. to shine; to be clear; to be evident or manifest.

Dilūcescit, impers. it dawn; day breaks; it grows light.

Dilūcide, adv. evidently, manifestly, clearly.

Dilūcidus, a, um. adj. clear, bright, manifest.

Dilūcillo, adv. at break of day, very early.

Dilūcillum, i. n. the dawning of the day, day-break.

Diluo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to wash; to rinse; to wash off; to drive away; to temper; to mix; to allay; to dilute; to dissolve; to purge; to clear; to explain; to weaken; to refuse.

Diluvium, i. n. an infusion.

Dilutus, a, um. part. et adj. washed or wetted; tempered, mingled or allayed; watery, thin.

Diluvius, eod. f. a deluge; a great flood, covering the ground.

Diluvio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to overflow and cover a country.

Diluvium, i. n. a deluge or inundation; an overflowing, a calamity, destruction.

Dimāche, ōrum. pl. m. draughts, soldiers that occasionally served on horseback or on foot.

des corner-stones, band-stones, parpen-stones.
Diätōnum v. **Diätōntum**, i. n. plain song.
Diātērūm, i. n. a cup chased and curiously engraved.
Diāulus, i. m. a measure of ground containing two fur-
 longes.
Diazōma, ātis. n. a girdle or waist-belt.
Dibāpha, m. f. [sc. *purpura*] purple twice dyed.
Dibāphus, a, um. adj. double-dyed, dyed in grain, scarlet.
Dica, m. f. an action at law, an indictment, a process.
Dicacitas, ātis. f. drollery, wag-
 gery, banter, repartee, dila-
 cily. [The leading idea in *dica-*
citas is satirical smartness of
 expression.]
Dicaculus, a, um. adj. dim. [c
dicax] full of words, chatting,
 prating, tattling.
Dicatio, ōnis. f. a devoting, ad-
 dicting, or dedicating; a tak-
 ing a freedom in a city.
Dicātūra, m. f. the dedication
 of a book, &c.
Dicātus, a, um. part. dedicated,
 consecrated, designed, or prom-
 ised, suited to, employed in.
Dicax, ācis. adj. [a *dico*, is]
 talkative, jesting, prating, ban-
 tering, flouting, abusive.
Dicis, in gen. qu. a rect. dex,
dicis, *cujus compos. sunt in*
usu, ut *julex, vindex, of form,*
of fashion.
Dicetur, impers. it is said.
Dico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to
 dedicate; to consecrate; to
 vow; to promise; to appoint;
 to design; to devote; to em-
 ploy; to set apart; to bestow.
Dico, ēre, dixi, dictum. act. to
 speak; to say; to tell; to
 bid; to call; to name; to give
 in evidence; to appoint; to
 write; to set forth; to harangue;
 to declaim; to pronounce;
 to rehearse; to promise; to speak
 of; to mean; to give his
 opinion; to declare; to show;
 to plead; to object; to trans-
 late; to play.
Dicētum, i. n. a galley, having
 two oars in a seat or bank.
Dictamnus, l. m. dittander or
 dittany; garden-ginger.
Dictāta, ōrum. pl. n. precepts,
 instructions, dictates, lessons,
 notes, school-boys' exercises.
Dictator, ōris. m. [a *dictando*]
 a dictator, a chief magistrate.
Dictātorius, a, um. adj. of or
 belonging to a dictator; of the
 dictator's family.
Dictātrix, icis. f. a governante
 or governess.
Dictātūra, m. f. the office or ho-
 nour of the dictatorship.
Dictērium, i. n. v. *potius* Dic-

teria, *Drum. p. festa, vittici-*
cisms, scoffs, flouting, drollery.
Dictio, ōnis. f. a speaking, an
 uttering; a style, expression,
 diction, or manner of speech;
 an oration, a pleading; elo-
 quence, an oracle.
Dictiosus, a, um. adj. drolling,
 full of pleasantries.
Dictio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to
 speak or tell often; to give
 out; to pretend.
Dicto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a
dico] to say often; to dictate
 how or what one shall write;
 to counsel; to advise; to sug-
 gest; to appoint; to order;
 to promise.
Dictum, i. n. a saying, expres-
 sion, or word, a proverb, a re-
 proach or ill word, a jest, a
 merry saying, a testimony or
 evidence, a wipe or lampoon;
 eloquence; an order or com-
 mand; a deed or action; a
 proof or argument.
Dictus, a, um. part. [a *dico*]
 spoken, said, told, pleaded,
 called, reputed, declared, ap-
 pointed, designed, promised;
 set at a price, valued.
Dictyōton, i. n. *quod et* *Dictyō-*
thēton, perperam, a kind of
 building made full of grates
 for men to look through. *Lat.*
Reticulatum.
Diditus, a, um. part. given out,
 spread abroad; divided.
Dido, ēre, dididi, diditum. act.
 to give out; to spread abroad;
 to distribute; to divide.
Didōron, i. n. a life of two hands'
 breadth long.
Didūco, ēre, duxi, ductum. act.
 to lead or draw aside; to se-
 ver; to part; to set open; to
 stretch wide; to divide; to di-
 gest; to concoct; to drain.
Diductus, a, um. part. separa-
 ted, dispersed, opened, cleft,
 gaping, divided, parted, es-
 tranged, divorced.
Didūla, m. f. dim. a little
 while, a short space or time.
Diērecte, adv. with a mischief.
Diērectus, a, um. adj. hanged in
 the open air, gibbeted, truss-
 ed up.
Dies, ei, m. v. f. in plur. m. a
 day, natural or civil; a joyful
 time, the light; the transac-
 tions of the day; the day of
 one's funeral; life; length of
 time; some time hence.
Diēspiter, tris. m. Jupiter.
Diēstāmus, a, um. part. pub-
 lished, talked of, defamed, as-
 persed, bespattered, branded.
Diēstimo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to
 spread an ill report of; to pub-
 lish.
Diēfferentia, m. f. a difference.
Diēffero, ferre, distūli, distūtum.
 act. to scatter abroad; to carry

up and down; to put off; to
 delay; to adjourn; to spread
 a report; to tear to pieces; to
 distract; to tease; to unsettle;
 to plant trees in a row; to
 bear; to endure. *Neut. to dif-*
fer; to vary; to be unlike.
Diēfertus, a, um. part. [a *dif-*
fero] filled or stuffed, crowd-
 ed.
Diēfūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to
 unbutton; to open; to unbind.
Diēficile, adv. hardly, difficultly,
 unasily.
Diēficilis, is, e. adj. hard, diffi-
 cult, craggy, rugged, rough,
 boisterous, hard to please,
 crabbed, captious, hard-heart-
 ed, obdurate.
Diēficilliter, adv. hardly, diffi-
 cultly.
Diēficultas, ātis. f. difficulty,
 trouble, intricacy, danger, dis-
 tress, scarcity, dearth, a dis-
 ease.
Diēficulter, adv. hardly, diffi-
 cultly.
Diēfidenter, adv. suspiciously
 diffidently.
Diēfidentia, m. f. mistrust, diffi-
 dence.
Diēfido, ēre, fāus, sum. *neut. to*
distrust; to mistrust; to de-
spair.
Diēfundo, ēre, fidi, fissum. act.
 to cleave; to part asunder; to
 slit; to cut.
Diēfingo, ēre, finxi, fictum. act.
 to new-make; to mar; to un-
 do that which is made; to deny;
 to dissemble; to pretend.
Diēfinitio, ōnis. f. a definition or
 declaration.
Diēfissus, a, um. part. [a *diffin-*
do] cleft or cut asunder.
Diēfissus, a, um. part. [a *diffido*]
 mistrusting, disbelieving, dis-
 trusting.
Diēfiteor, ēri, fessus. dep. to
 deny; to disavow; to say to
 the contrary.
Diēfio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to
 blow away; to scatter with
 blowing.
Diēfluō, ēre, fluxi, fluxum. *neut.*
[ex dis et fluo] to flow or run
abroad; to melt; to dissolve;
to fall asunder; to fall down.
Diēfringo, ēre, frēgi, fractum.
 act. [ex *dis et frango*] to break
 to pieces.
Diēfūgio, ēre, fūgi, fūgitum. act.
 et *neut. to flee; to run away;*
to avoid; to refuse to do a
thing.
Diēfūgium, ii. n. a refuge, a
 place to flee to; a running a-
 way.
Diēfūlmino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act.
 to strike with a thunder-bolt; to
 break down.
Diēfunditor, āri, ātus. pass. to
 be squandered abroad; to be
 lavished.

Diffundo, Ære, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour out; to disperse; to spread abroad; to publish; to deliver down to posterity; to dilate; to diffuse; to extend; to cheer; to make merry.

Diffuse, adv. diffusely, scattering, extensively.

Diffusilis, ia, e. adj. that may be diffused or spread abroad.

Diffusio, Ænis. f. a spreading, diffusiveness.

Diffusus, a, um. part. et adj. poured, racked, or filled out; diffused, spread abroad, extended, scattered, dishevelled, hanging loose, large, wide, gay, cheerful.

Digamma, Ætis. n. the letter F in sound; in use for V.

Digro, Ære, gessi, gatum. act. to divide; to distribute; to dispose; to set in order; to dissolve; to discuss; to dissipate; to loosen; to enfeeble; to waste; to digest; to concoct; orderly to declare; to explain.

Digestio, Ænis. f. a setting in order, a disposing, an arrangement; the separation of meats in the stomach, in order to concoction; digestion.

Digestivus, a, um. adj. digestive.

Digestus, a, um. part. put in order, digested, methodised.

Digestus, us. m. a distribution, a management.

Digitale, is. n. a finger-stall, a thimble, a finger of a glove.

Digitalis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a finger.

Digitatus, a, um. part. that has fingers, toes, or claws.

Digitellus, i. m. et Digitellum, i. n. an herb called sea-green, the greater or prick-madam.

Digitulus, i. m. dim. a little finger.

Digitus, i. m. a finger; a finger's breadth; a toe; a claw.

Digladior, Æri, Ætus. dep. to fight with swords; to fence; to scuffle; to dispute.

Dignatio, Ænis. f. reputation, respect, esteem, credit; a post in war or peace; authority, worth, majesty.

Dignatus, a, um. part. dep. vouchsafing, thought worthy.

Digne, adv. worthily, deservedly, decently, meetly.

Dignitas, Ætis. f. dignity, nobility, greatness, advancement, honour, credit, gravity, authority, majesty, comeliness, gracefulness, magnificence, grandeur, excellency, eminence, worthiness.

Dignor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to vouchsafe; to think worthy. Pass. to be thought or esteemed worthy.

Dignosco, Ære, nōvi, nōtum. act. to discern; to distinguish.

Dignus, a, um. adj. worthy, deserving, decent, becoming, meet fit.

Digrador, i, gressus. dep. [ex di et gradior] to go or turn aside; to depart; to digress; to go from the purpose.

Digressio, Ænis. f. a parting, a digression, an excursion.

Digressus, a, um. part. having departed or turned aside.

Digressus, Æis. m. a departure or going aside; a digression.

Digrunio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to grunt like a hog.

Dijicio, Ære, jeci, jectum. act. [ex di et jacio] to cast down; to cast away or asunder.

Dijudicatio, Ænis. f. a judging between two, a discerning.

Dijudico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to adjudicate; to distinguish; to discern; to judge between; to believe; to suppose; to decide.

Dijunctio, Ænis. f. a parting, a disjoining.

Dijungo, Ære, junxi, junctum. act. to unyoke; to unharness; to part; to sever; to disjoin.

Dilabidua, a, um. adj. that falls, slides, or wears away quickly.

Dilabor, i, lapsus. dep. [ex di et labor] to slip aside; to steal away; to slip out of; to waste; to come to nothing; to be spoiled; to rot.

Dilaceratus, a, um. part. torn, rent, destroyed, spent.

Dilaceror, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to tear or rend in pieces; to destroy; to consume; to spend; to make havoc of; to trouble.

Dilacerum, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to weep or drop with moisture.

Dilamino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex lamina] to cleave in two; to split.

Dilanio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to tear; to rend in pieces; to mangle; to dismember.

Dilapido, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to rid a place of stones; to pelt with stones; to consume wastefully; to squander away in riot; to embezzle; to dilapidate.

Dilapsus, a, um. part. [a dilabor] gliding along; slipping aside; fallen down or decayed.

Dilargior, tri, Ætus. dep. to bestow liberally.

Dilatio, Ænis. f. [a differo] a delaying or deferring; an adjournment.

Dilato, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to make wide; to open wide; to extend; to enlarge; to increase; to dilate.

Dilator, Æris. m. a delayer or daltier.

Dilatatus, a, um. part. [a differo]

deferred, delayed, adjourned, spread abroad.

Dilaudo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to extol; to praise highly; to commend greatly.

Dilectus, a, um. part. v. adj. dearly beloved or chosen.

Diligens, Æis. adj. diligent, mindful, heedful, earnest, studious, industrious, thrifty, wary.

Diligenter, adv. diligently, carefully, industriously, earnestly; discriminately.

Diligentia, æ. f. diligence, carefulness, attention, labour, earnestness, industry, frugality, thriftiness, discretion.

Diligo, Ære, lexi, lectum. act. [ex di et lego] to favour; to respect; to affect; to love. [Diligere expresses a love founded in, and created by, virtue and esteem. It refers to a love founded in comparison, or the preference of one object to another, on account of its superior merit. Amare denotes the emotion of love absolutely, as excited by an object in itself amiable or lovely.]

Diligia, m. f. a rhetorical scheme, when the same word has two notions.

Dilisco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to undo; to rip; to unbuckle; to ungird.

Diluces, Ære, luxi, — neut. to shine; to be clear; to be evident or manifest.

Dilucescit, impers. it dawn; day breaks; it grows light.

Dilucide, adv. evidently, manifestly, clearly.

Dilucidus, a, um. adj. clear, bright, manifest.

Diluculo, adv. at break of day, very early.

Dilucidum, i. n. the dawning of the day, day-break.

Diluo, Ære, ui, Ætum. act. to wash; to rinse; to wash off; to drive away; to temper; to mix; to allay; to dilute; to dissolve; to purge; to clear; to explain; to weaken; to refute.

Diluvium, i. n. an infusion.

Dilutus, a, um. part. et adj. washed or wetted; tempered, mingled or allayed; watery, thin.

Diluvies, el. f. a deluge; a great flood, covering the ground.

Diluvio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to overflow and cover a country.

Diluvium, i. n. a deluge or inundation; an overflowing, a calamity, destruction.

Dimichei, ærum. pl. m. dragoons, soldiers that occasionally served on horseback or on foot.

Dīmādeo, ēre, mādni, — neut. to grow wet; to melt.

Dīmāno, ēre, āvi, ātūm. neut. to flow; to abound; to spread abroad.

Dīmēnsio, ōnis. f. [a dimetior] a measuring; a dimension, a compartment.

Dīmēnsus, a, um. part. Act. having measured; meted out. Pass. measured.

Dīmēnsiō, tis. f. [sc. linea] the diameter of a figure.

Dīmētior, iri, mēnsus. dep. to measure; to mete; to account; to reckon up; to tell over.

Dīmīcātio, ōnis. f. a skirmish, an encounter or battle, a struggle or contest.

Dīmīcātūr, impers. there is a struggle or contest.

Dīmūco, ēre, ui et āvi, ātūm. act. to fight; to skirmish; to try; to struggle; to contend.

Dīmīdiātus, a, um. part. divided into two parts, halved; half.

Dīmīdium, i. n. the half of any thing.

Dīmīchus, a, um. adj. half, that is divided into two parts.

Dīmīnuo, ēre, ui, ūtūm. act. to diminish; to lessen; to impair; to make fewer; to extenuate; to abate; to break to pieces; to alienate.

Dīmīnūtio, ōnis. f. a diminishing or lessening; curtailing, abating, discount, extenuation.

Dīmīnūtus, a, um. part. diminished, lessened, abated, impaired.

Dīmīssio, ōnis. f. a discharging, disbanding or dismissing, a sending forth.

Dīmīssus, a, um. part. dismissed, disbanded, discarded, lost, left, sent down; dropped or thrown down; remitted, not exacted; divorced; dispersed, divulged, discharged or paid.

Dīmītto, ēre, mīsi, mīssum. act. to dismiss; to disband; to send away; to let fall; to let go; to quit; to leave; to let slip; to discharge; to acquit; to submit; to be lowered; to thrust in.

Dīmōtus, a, um. part. parted, thrust away, removed, banished, distinguished.

Dīmōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to thrust aside; to displace; to remove; to put away; to stir; to distinguish; to disperse; to plough or turn up; to banish.

Dīmōmērātio, ōnis. f. a numbering, paying, or telling.

Dīmōnēro, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to number; to reckon; to count; to pay or tell money.

Dībōlāris, is, e. adj. hired for a little money, cheap, vile.

Dībōcāis, is v. eos. f. a jurisdiction, a government, a province, a bailiwick.

Dībōcēs, ē. m. m. a steward, a manager, an overseer, a bailiff.

Dībōysia, drum. pl. n. the feast of Bacchus celebrated at Athens.

Dībōysias, ādis. f. a precious stone with red spots, smelling like wine, yet resisting drunkenness.

Dībōysonymphas, ādis. f. a magical herb.

Dībōtrā, ē. f. a geometrical instrument, to take the distance and height of a place afar off; it may be used for the looking-hole or sight of any instrument; a perspective glass, &c. an instrument to poise and gage water.

Dībōsyros, i. f. the herb stonecrop.

Dībōtā, ē. f. a kind of vessel or jar for wine, with two handles; any drinking pot with two ears.

Dībōphris, is. f. a precious stone of two sorts, white and black, male and female.

Dībōphrys, ygis. f. a sediment of melted brass.

Dībōphthongus, i. f. a diphthong, two vowels sounded together in one syllable.

Dībōplinthius, a, um. adj. of the thickness of two bricks.

Dībōplōma, ātis. n. a charter, a prince's letters patent; an edict, a mandamus.

Dībōpondiarius, a, um. adj. of two pounds weight.

Dībōpondum et Dībōpondium, i. n. v. Dībōndius et Dībōndius, i. m. a weight of two pounds; a small piece of money, a penny half-penny.

Dībōsācon et Dībōsācum, i. n. v. **Dībōsācus**, i. m. a teasle, a fuller's thistle.

Dībōsās, ādis. f. a kind of viper or adder.

Dībōsyros, i. c. g. twice in the fire.

Dībōdiō, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to place vines in fashion of sunbeams.

Dībō, ārum. pl. f. [sc. preces v. deū] curses, execrations, or imprecations; the furies.

Dībōctio, ōnis. f. a direction, an aim, a mark.

Dībōctō et Dībōctē, adv. straight, directly; simply, without condition.

Dībōctum, i. n. right, justice, equity.

Dībōctūra, ē. f. a paying out by a line.

Dībōctus, a, um. part. et alij, (34)

directed, ordered, straight, set in array, ruled straight; right, direct, plain.

Dībōmptio, ōnis. f. a separation a breaking off.

Dībōrēpō, ēre, pāi, ptum. act. to creep; to come softly.

Dībōrēptio, ōnis. f. [a diripio] a robbing, pillaging, ransacking, extortion.

Dībōrēptor, ōris. m. a robber, spoiler, or rifter.

Dībōrēptus, a, um. part. plucked or torn in pieces; torn from; robbed, spoiled, plundered; pulled down.

Dībōrībēo, ēre, bui, —. act. to count over; to distribute.

Dībōrībitor, ōris. m. an officer that makes a scrutiny in a muster; an officer in the Roman elections, who marshalled the tribes into their several classes or orders, and distributed the tables among them, when they voted.

Dībōrībitorium, i. n. a house where soldiers were mustered, and received their pay; a place where the diribitores attended.

Dībōrīgeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to grow stiff; to curdle for cold or fear; to stand on end.

Dībōrīgo, ēre, rēxi, rectum. act. [ex di et rego] to direct; to guide; to order; to range; to steer; to rule; to level; to aim; to raise; to lift up; to measure; to mark out.

Dībōrīmō, ēre, rēmi, remptum. act. to break off; to interrupt; to divide; to determine; to make an end of.

Dībōrīpio, ēre, rīpui, reptum. act. [ex de et rapio] to tear asunder; to snatch away by force; to rob; to spoil; to ransack; to pillage; to plunder; to cast to the ground; to tear open; to lessen; to detract from.

Dībōrītās, ātis. f. fierceness, ruggedness, cruelty, inhumanity; unluckiness, ominousness.

Dībōrūmpō, ēre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break; to break to pieces; to burst; to break off.

Dībōrūo, ēre, rūi, rūtum. act. to break down; to batter down; to overthrow; to destroy.

Dībōrūptio, ōnis. f. a bursting.

Dībōrūptus, a, um. part. [a dirumpio] et ad. burst or broken; quite wasted; steep, craggy.

Dībōrūs, a, um. adj. direful, dire, fell, execrable, cruel, horrible, dreadful, terrible; mournful; fatal, ominous.

Dīs, dis, et dītis, dītis, dīte. adj. gen. dītis, dītior, or, us. comp. dītissimūs. superl. rich, wealthy, great, fertile, ample.

Dībōcāveo, ēre, āvi, cautum.

neut. to be very careful; to beware.

Disceditur, *discessum est*, impers. people depart.

Discedo, ēre, cessi, cessum. neut. to depart; to go away; to leave; to cease; to be parted; to slope; to open; to gape; to vanish; to die; to cease to be; to be changed; to give place; to go or come off; to except.

Disceptatio, ōnis. f. a disputing, discoursing, debating or reasoning; contending, difference. [Vid. *Controversia*.]

Disceptator, ōris. m. an umpire, an arbitrator, a mediator.

Disceptatrix, icis. f. she that is judge between two.

Disceptatur, impers. the point is argued.

Discepto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex *dis et capto*] to debate; to reason; to dispute; to award; to determine; to judge.

Discerniculum, i. n. a pin or bodkin, wherewith women part their hair.

Discerno, ēre, crēvi, crētum. act. to discern; to put a difference; to judge; to determine; to appease; to quell.

Discerpo, ēre, psi, ptum. act. [ex *dis et carpo*] to pluck; to tear to pieces; to divide; to disperse.

Discerptus, a, um. part. torn in pieces, dispersed.

Discessio, ōnis. f. [a *discedo*] a departure, an absence or want; a voting for or agreeing to, a divorce or parting.

Discessus, ūs. m. a departing, a going away, an opening, a going asunder.

Disceus, eos. m. [a *discei figurā*] a comet or some such like impression in the air.

Disidium, i. n. [a *disciendo*] a separation, a divorce, discord, dissension, departure, death.

Disinctus, a, um. part. ungirt, disarmed, cashiered, dissolute, negligent, slothful, slovenly.

Disciendo, ēre, scidi, scissum. act. to hew or cut asunder; to rend in pieces; to cleave; to rise; to separate; to break off.

Discingo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to ungird; to undo; to strip; to put out of office; to confute; to baffie.

Disciplina, e. f. [a *discipulus*] discipline, instruction, information, skill, science, a profession or trade; a fashion, a way or custom; a sect of philosophers; an example.

Disciplinabilis, is, e. adj. that may be learned or taught.

Discipula, m. f. a female scholar or auditor.

Discipulus, i. m. [a *disco*] a scholar, a disciple, an apprentice or learner.

Discissus, a, um. part. [a *disciendo*] rent or torn, pulled down.

Disctur, impers. learning is acquired.

Disclūdo, ēre, clūsi, clūsum. act. to separate; to set apart; to shut up apart.

Disclūsus, a, um. part. separated, set apart.

Disco, ēre, didici, —. act. to learn; to acquire the knowledge of; to be informed of; to understand.

Discobolus, i. m. in acc. Discobolon, a quoit-caster, a piece of Myron's workmanship.

Discoctus, a, um. part. [a *discoquo*] sodden or well boiled.

Discolor, tris. adj. omn. gen. of a different colour, discoloured; unlike.

Discolorius, a, um. adj. of divers and sundry colours.

Discondict, impers. it is not available or conclusive.

Disconvēnio, tre, fui, entum. neut. to disagree; to be unlike.

Disconvēnit, impers. it disagrees.

Discoquo, ēre, coxi, coctum. act. to see/he well.

Discordabilis, is, e. adj. disagreeable, inconvenient.

Discordia, m. f. discord, discordance, dissension, disagreement, disunion, variance, debate, strife.

Discordius, a, um. adj. contentious, discordant, quarrelsome.

Discordo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a *disco*] to be at discord and variance; to far; to disagree; to differ; to be contrary to.

Discors, dis. adj. [ex *dis et cor*] discordant, jarring, differing, harsh, untunable, contrary.

Discorpatin, m. f. variance, discordance, disagreeing, difference.

Discrepat, impers. it differs.

Discrepatio, ōnis. f. a dispute, a reasoning, a controversy.

Discrepto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a *discrepo*] often to disagree or far.

Discrepo, āre, ui et āvi, ātum. neut. to give a different sound; to vary; to dissent; to disagree; to far.

Discrete, adv. separately, distinctly.

Discretus, a, um. part. [a *discerno*] parted, severed. Adj. different.

Diserimen, mis. n. diversity, difference, distinction, debate, controversy or doubt, danger, adventure, hazard, peril, battle, a space or distance, the ploughing or harrowing of land, the parting of the hair, discretion.

Diserimūtim, adv. distinctly, severally.

Diserimatus, a, um. part. distinct, separate, discriminated.

Diserimino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to discriminate; to divide; to part.

Disericiatus, a, um. part. tortured, troubled, afflicted.

Disericio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. Unde

Disericio, āri, ātus. pass. to be much vexed or troubled.

Diseribitus, ūs. m. a sitting down at meat.

Diseribo, āre, ui, ātum. neut. to lie down to sleep.

Diseribitur, impers. they sit down to table.

Diserumbo, ēre, cūbul, cūbitum. neut. to lie at meat upon a couch; to sit at table; to lie down to sleep.

Diserueatus, a, um. part. cloven, or opened as it were with a wedge.

Diserupio, ēre, rvi, ātum. neut. to desire much.

Diserurro, ēre, curri et disercurri, rum. neut. et act. Neut. to run hither and thither. Act. to run over.

Diserurritur, impers. men run.

Diserursatio, ōnis. f. a running up and down.

Diserurso, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to run over or up and down.

Diserurus, ūs. m. a running to and fro, a wandering course.

Diseruo, i. m. a quoit.

Diseruasio, ōnis. f. a shaking.

Diseruasius, a, um. adj. able to discuss, dissolve or break.

Diseruasus, a, um. part. shaken off, dispersed.

Diserutio, ēre, cussi, cussum. act. [ex *dis et quatio*] to shake; to cast; to batter down; to dash in pieces; to discuss; to digest; to drive away; to shake off; to quash.

Diserte, ius. comp. elegantly, expressly.

Disertim, adv. expressly.

Disertus, a, um. adj. [a *dissero*] copious, eloquent, fluent; subtle, witty; plain, express.

Disilasco, ēre, — incept. to begin to think or chap.

Disiecto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a *disjicio*] to toss and throw up and down.

Disiectus, a, um. part. scattered, dispersed, cast to the ground, routed, discomfited.

Disiectus, ūs. m. a scattering

asunder, a severing, a dissipation.

Disjacio, ġre, ġaci, ġectum. act. [ex dis et jacio] to cast asunder; to scatter; to discomfit; to put to flight; to prevent.

Disjunctio, ōnis. f. a separation, disunion, or parting; disagreeing or differing.

Disjunctus, a, um. part. separated, divided, alienated, unlike, unyoked. Adj. separated, set apart.

Disjungo, ġre, ġunxi, ġunctum. act. to disjoin; to sever; to part; to estrange; to unyoke.

Dispalātus, a, um. part. scattered, dispersed, straggling.

Dispallescō, ġre, — incept. [a dispalo] to be published and made known.

Dispando, ġre, i, passum, pessum, et pansom. act. to stretch out; to spread abroad.

Dispansus, a, um. stretched out.

Dispar, ġris. adj. unlike, unequal, different.

Dispartilis, is, e. adj. different, unequal.

Dispartititer, adv. unequally, diversely.

Dispartō, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. [a dispar] to sever; to separate; to be unequal or unlike.

Dispartio, ġre, ġvi, ġum. act. to divide; to part.

Dispartior, ġri, ġtus. dep. to divide, &c.

Dispartitus, a, um. part. divided.

Dispassus, a, um. part. [a dispando] extended, stretched out.

Dispectus, ūs. m. [a dispecio] consideration, regard.

Dispello, ġre, pūli, pulsus. act. to dispel; to drive away; to separate; to divide; to dissipate.

Dispendiosus, a, um. adj. hurtful, costly, prejudicial, dangerous.

Dispendium, i. n. expense, cost, charge, detriment, loss, damage; a long way about.

Dispendo, ġre, i, sum. act. to spend; to employ; to take up.

Dispensatio, ōnis. f. the charge of laying out money for another, distribution, management, a stewardship.

Dispensator, ōris. m. a dispenser, a steward or officer that lays out money; a manager.

Dispensatur, impers. it is so ordered or dispensed.

Dispensatus, a, um. part. dispensed, distributed, ordered, divided.

Dispenso, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. freq. [a dispensō] to lay out money; to administer; to dispense; to manage; to distribute; to dispose.

Dispercutio, ġre, cussui, cussum. act. to beat; to dash out.

Disperditio, ōnis. f. an undcing or destroying.

Disperditus, a, um. part. lost, destroyed, undone.

Disperdo, ġre, chli, dītum. act. to lose; to throw away; to spend; to consume; to waste; to destroy; to squander.

Disperreo, ġre, ġvi et ġi, ġtum. neut. to be utterly lost, destroyed, and undone; to be marred or spoiled.

Dispergo, ġre, si, sum. act. [ex dis et spargo] to spread abroad; to scatter; to disperse; to disseminate; to dissipate.

Disperse, adv. scatteringly, here and there.

Dispersim, adv. severally, asunder.

Dispersus, a, um. part. sprinkled, dashed, dispersed, dissipated, scattered.

Dispersus, ūs. m. a dispersing, a scattering; diffusiveness, dissemination.

Dispartio, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. [ex dis et partio] to divide; to distribute; to give part to one, part to another.

Dispartitus, a, um. part. divided, distributed.

Dispesco, ġre, cui, cītum. act. to separate; to divide.

Dispersus, a, um. part. [a dispando] stretched wide or asunder.

Dispecto, ġre, pexi, pectum. act. to look about on every side; to discern; to espy; to consider.

Displicatus, a, um. part. [a displico] scattered and spread abroad.

Displacentia, æ. f. a displeasing, disliking, or discontent.

Displiceo, ġre, cui, cītum. neut. [ex dis et placeo] to dislike; to disapprove; to disgust; to dissatisfy.

Displodo, ġre, ōsi, ōsum. act. to break asunder with a great noise.

Displuviātus, a, um. adj. ex part. made shelving to carry off the rain both ways.

Displūbūlum, i. n. a place where robbery or any other villainy is committed.

Dispolio, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. Vid. Despolio.

Dispono, ġre, pōui, ġtum. act. to dispose; to set in order; to appoint; to administer; to put; to divide; to distribute.

Disposuite, adv. orderly, methodically.

Dispositio, ōnis. f. [a dispono] disposition, a disposal, a setting in order or in array.

Dispositor, ōris. m. a disposer and setter in order.

Dispositura, æ. f. a disposition.

Dispositus, a, um. part. et adj.

disposed, set in order, ranked or ranged; set in array.

Dispositus, ūs. m. a disposal, a placing in order.

Dispidet, ġre, uit et ġtum. est. to be ashamed of.

Dispullus, a, um. part. separated, dispelled.

Dispungo, ġre, xi, cītum. act. to divide; to mark.

Disputābilis, is, e. adj. disputable; controversial.

Disputatio, ōnis. f. a discourse, a disputation, a dispute, a debate.

Disputatiuncula, æ. f. dim. a small or trivial discourse or dispute.

Disputator, ōris. m. a disputer, a disputant.

Disputatrix, ġcis. f. she that disputes.

Disputatur, impers. it is disputed.

Disputo, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. to make plain or clear; to adjust; to settle; to reason; to discourse; to treat of; to argue a matter; to dispute; to debate.

Disquiro, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. [ex dis et quero] to search diligently.

Disquisition, ōnis. f. diligent search, inquiry, or examination.

Disruptio, ġre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break off.

Dissēco, ġre, ui, tum. act. to cut in pieces; to cut open; to cleave asunder; to dissect.

Dissectio, ōnis. f. a cutting down, a reaping.

Dissectus, a, um. part. cut in pieces, disjointed.

Disseminatus, a, um. part. published, disseminated.

Dissimino, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. to spread abroad; to publish; to disseminate.

Dissensio, ōnis. f. dissent, discord, strife, variance, debate, difference, disagreement.

Dissensus, ūs. m. dissension, difference, variance.

Dissentaneus, a, um. adj. disagreeing, dissentaneous.

Dissentio, ġre, sensi, sensum. neut. to dissent; to disagree; to be of a contrary sentiment.

Dissipio, ġre, sepi septum. act. to break down a hedge; to dispart; to separate.

Dissertum v. Dissipium, i. n. a wall about a house; an inclosure.

Dissertus, a, um. part. broken down, separated.

Dissolvatur, impers. it becomes fair weather.

Dissolvō, ġre, ġvi, ġtum. act. to clear up.

Dissatur, impers. it is debated or discussed.

Dissero, ēre, sēvi, ātum. act. to sow seed; to transplant.

Dissero, ēre, ui, sertum. neut. to discourse; to debate; to reason; to declare.

Disserto, ēre, neut. to spring; to arise here and there.

Disserto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a dissero] to discourse; to argue; to debate.

Dissidentia, m. f. discord, disagreement, strife.

Dissideo, ēre, sēdi, sēssum. neut. [a dis et sēdo] to be at variance; to disagree; to be unlike; to be contrary to; to differ; to be separated; to be divorced.

Dissidetur, impers. there is a difference.

Dissidium, i. n. [a dissideo] a parting or separation; a disagreement, breach of friendship; a divorce; variance, discord, dissension, disunion.

Disignator, ōis. m. an officer who appoints places in public solemnities.

Disallo, ire, ui et iui, aultum. neut. to leap hither and thither; to shiver; to fly in pieces; to burst or break asunder; to chop; to chink; to be dissolved.

Dissimilis, is. e. adj. unlike; of different kinds; unlike to each other; various.

Dissimilitur, adv. in diverse fashions or manners, diversely.

Dissimilitudo, ōis. f. unlikeness.

Dissimulanter, adv. covertly, secretly, closely, dissemblingly.

Dissimulantia, m. f. a dissembling or pretending what is not.

Dissimulātum, adv. closely, secretly.

Dissimulatio, ōis. f. a dissembling, cloaking, concealing, disguising; connivance, insincerity, dissimulation; an irony.

Dissimulātor, ōis. m. a dissembler.

Dissimulo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to dissemble; to cloak; to conceal; to counterfeit; to pretend what is not; to take no notice of; to pass by; to connive at. [Vid. Simulo.]

Dissipabilis, is. e. adj. that may be scattered or dispersed.

Dissipatio, ōis. f. a dissipation, a scattering, a wasting.

Dissipatus, a, um. part. scattered, spread abroad, dispersed, dissipated, torn in pieces, discomfited, driven asunder, routed.

Disipio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex dis et ant. sipo] to scatter; to

dissolve; to drive away; to disperse; to put into disorder; to discuss; to dissipate; to consume; to squander; to spread abroad; to publish.

Disistus, a, um. part. scattered up and down.

Dissociābilis, is. e. adj. irreconcilable, opposite.

Dissociatio, ōis. f. disunion, a separating of company; an antipathy, an unwillingness to mix.

Dissocio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to break company; to dissolve fellowship; to part; to separate.

Dissolūbilis, is. e. adj. easy to be loosed or dissolved.

Dissolvo, ēre, i, ūtum. act. to loose; to dissolve; to break; to melt; to unwind; to disengage; to disannul; to cancel; to abrogate; to pay; to answer a question; to resolve; to perform; to purge; to forfeit; to free one from suspense; to cause to die.

Dissolūte, adv. carelessly, dissolutely, negligently.

Dissolūtio, ōis. f. a dissolving, a loosing, a dissolution, a purgation, an answering, an abolishing, a breaking, weakness, an easiness of temper.

Dissolūtus, a, um. part. loosed, dissolved, dishevelled, broken, abolished, shaken off, avoided. Adj. weak, dissolute, debauched, wasteful, graceless.

Dissōno, āre, āvi et ui, ātum et ūtum. neut. to be discordant; to jar; to disagree.

Dissōnus, a, um. adj. dissonant, different, discordant, jarring, confused.

Dissors, ūis. adj. disagreeable to.

Dissuādeo, ēre, suāsi, suāsūm. act. to dissuade; to advise to the contrary. [Sundero and dissuadero are construed with the dative of the person and the accusative of the thing.]

Dissuāsiō, ōis. f. dissuasion, a counselling to the contrary.

Dissuāsor, ōis. m. a dissuader, an adviser to the contrary.

Dissuāsvior, āri, ātus. dep. to kiss sweetly.

Dissulto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a dissilio] to break and fly all about; to roar from.

Dissuo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to untwist; to unrip; to break off by little and little.

Distābesco, ēre, — incept. to consume; to melt away.

Distendit, ait et tēsum est. it loatheth or irketh.

Distantiā, m. f. distance, a space between, difference.

Distendo, āre, di, tum et sum.

act. to stretch; to reach out; to stuff out.

Distensus, a, um. part. stretched out, stuffed out.

Distentio, ōis. f. a stretching or standing out.

Distento, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a distendo] to stretch out; to make large; to stuff; to cram.

Listentus, a, um. part. [a distendo] et adj. stretched out, stuffed out, extended, filled up.

Listentus, ūis. m. a stretching out.

Listentus, a, um. part. [a distineo] busied, taken up, let, hindered.

Determino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bound place from place; to divide; to separate.

Listerminus, a, um. adj. separated from.

Listichon, i. n. a distich.

Distichum hordeum, a fine white sort of barley.

Distillatio, ōis. f. a distillation, a rheum, a catarrh.

Distillo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to distil; to drop down by little and little.

Distincte, adv. distinctly, orderly, plainly, determinately, expressly, explicitly, particularly, precisely.

Distinctio, ōis. f. a distinction, a noting of difference, diversity, a point or note; an adorning or setting off.

Distinctus, a, um. part. et adj. noted, pointed, divided into several parts or ranks; set, enmelled, inlaid, embellished, stripped, diversified, distinct, explicit, methodised.

Distinctus, ūis. m. a distinction, a separation; variety.

Distineo, ēre, ui, tentum. act. [ex dis et teneo] to hinder; to keep employed; to keep off; to stop; to divide; to puzzle; to perplex.

Distinguo, āre, tinxī, tinctum, act. to distinguish; to put a difference; to discern; to discriminate; to part; to divide; to diversify; to set; to garnish; to embellish; to enamel; to inlay; to utter distinctly.

Distito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a disto] to stand apart; to be distant from one another.

Disto, āre, iti. — neut. to be distant or apart from one another; to differ; to be unlike.

Distorqueo, ēre, torxi, tortum. act. to set awry; to wrest aside.

Distortio, ōis. f. contortion, a twisting or writhing; crookedness.

Distortus, a, um. part. et adj.

distorted, bowed, mis-shapen, crooked, deformed, awry.

Distractio, ōnis. f. *a separation, an alienation.*

Distractus, a, um. part. *et adj.* drawn or pulled asunder; parted or divided, spread throughout, distracted, confused.

Distrāho, ěre, traxi, tractum. act. *to pull or draw asunder; to part; to separate; to divide; to break off; to sell; to delay; to end; to finish; to make a diversion.*

Distribuo, ěre, i. ūtum. act. *to distribute; to divide; to deal; to bestow; to appoint.*

Distribūte, adv. lus. comp. *distinctly, particularly.*

Distribūtio, ōnis. f. *a distribution or division, an assignment, a figure in rhetoric.*

Distribūtor, ōris. m. *a divider or distributor.*

Distribūtus, a, um. part. *divided, distributed, bestowed, spread abroad.*

Districte, adv. *shortly, briefly, sharply, straitly.*

Districum, adv. *straitly, shortly.*

Districtus, a, um. part. [*a distring*] bound; in a strait, perplexed, troubled, busied, engaged in; drawn. Adj. *severe, hard, rigorous.*

Distringo, ěre, strinxi, strictum. act. *to bind fast; to strain hard; to busy; to take one up; to strike; to prick softly; to graze; to rub or cleanse the body; to chip; to pare; to break into small pieces; to crumble; to draw; to distract; to put into confusion; to beat off; to pull.*

Distrunco, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to cut off a piece; to cut to pieces; to quarter one.*

Disturbātio, ōnis. f. *a casting down, a demolishing, a disordering.*

Disturbo, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to batter; to overthrow; to cast down; to disorder; to confound; to let and hinder.*

Ditatus, a, um. part. *enriched, stored.*

Ditesco, ěre, — incept. *to grow rich; to be full; to be well stored.*

Dithyrambicus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a dithyrambic.*

Dithyrambus, i. m. *a name of Bacchus; a song in honour of Bacchus.*

Ditio, ōnis. f. *rule, power, authority, empire, lordship.*

Ditis, iā, e. adj. [*a dis*] *rich, fruitful.*

Ditto, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to enrich.*

Diu, adv. *a long time or while,*

long, of long continuance, in the day time.

Diva, æ. f. [*a divus*] *a goddess.*

Divāricātus, a, um. part. *reversed, straddling, splay-footed.*

Divārico, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to stride; to spread from one another; to straddle; to set asunder.*

Divello, ěre, li et vulsi, vulsum. act. *to pull asunder; to loose; to hinder; to undo; to take away by force.*

Divenditio, ōnis. f. *a selling to different persons.*

Divenditus, a, um. part. *sold in parcels.*

Divendo, ěre, idi, idum. act. *to sell to divers persons or in divers parcels; to set to sale.*

Diverbātus, a, um. part. *beaten or cleft asunder.*

Diverbero, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to strike; to beat; to bang; to cleave; to cut.*

Diverbium, i. n. *the first part of a comedy.*

Diverse, adv. *diversely, in diverse parts.*

Diversitas, ātis. f. *diversity, disagreeing, contrariety, difference, unlikeness.*

Diversitor, ōris. m. *a host that keeps an inn.*

Diversor, āri, ātus. dep. *to resort to a place; to sojourn; to bait; to lodge.*

Diversor, ōris. m. *a guest or lodger.*

Diversorĭum, i. n. *a little inn; a lodging.*

Diversorĭum, i. n. *an inn, a lodging, a harbour, a villa or country-house.*

Diversorĭus, a, um. adj. *belonging to an inn or lodging.*

Diversus v. **Divorsus**, a, um. adj. *sundry, different, distinct, unlike; contrary; over-theart; apart.*

Diverticulum, i. n. *a turning, a side-way, a by-path or passage; a lane; an inn, a lodging; a shift, a hole to get out at, a digression.*

Diverto v. **Divorto**, ěre, ti, rsu. neut. *to turn aside or out of the way; to take lodging; to bait; to take up his inn; to digress; to go from his purpose; to differ; to lead aside; to divert.*

Diverto v. **Divorto**, i, rsu. dep. *to lodge; to inn; to take up his lodging.*

Dives, itis. adj. *rich, able, wealthy, opulent; abounding.*

Divezo, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to vex many ways; to infect; to rifle and spoil; to harass; to waste; to consume.*

Divi [dei. dii v. di] **Drum**. pl. *the gods or canonized saints.*

Diviāna, æ. f. [*qu. diva Jana*] *an epithet of the moon.*

Divitia, æ. f. [*a dividendo*] *discontent, grief, trouble, heart-breaking.*

Divido, ěre, vlsi, vlsu. act. *to divide; to distribute; to cover; to cut off; to break down; to distinguish.*

Divina, æ. f. [*a divinus*] *a prophes.*

Divinatio, ōnis. f. *a conjecturing, a telling of things to come; divination; a natural goodness of temper; a trial for the preference in accusing.*

Divinatus, a, um. part. *guessed, deemed, divined.*

Divine, adv. of God, as it were *by inspiration, divinely.*

Divinitas, ātis. f. *the godhead, divinity.*

Divinitus, adv. *from God; divinely.*

Divino, ěre, āvi, ātum. act. *to foretell things to come; to divine; to judge.*

Divinus, a, um. adj. *pertaining to or coming from God; divine, heavenly; blessed; very great, more than human; presaging, foretelling; holy, consecrated.*

Divinus, i. m. *a soothsayer, a diviner, a conjurer.*

Divisio, ōnis. f. [*a divido*] *division, partition, compartment, distribution, a severing.*

Divisor, ōris. m. *a divider, partier, or distributor; he who, at elections for officers, distributed money among poor citizens, to buy their votes.*

Divisura, æ. f. *a division, cleft, chop, notch.*

Divisus, a, um. part. *divided, distributed, cut off, discontinued.*

Divisus, ūs. m. *a dividing.*

Divitiæ, ārum. pl. f. *riches.*

Divorto, ěre. *Vid. Diverto.*

Divortium, i. n. *a turning or passage; a division, a separation, a divorce.*

Dium, i. n. [*a dius*] *the daylight, under the firmament; the open air, abroad.*

Diurnum, i. n. *a day's hire or provision; a diurnal, or journal.*

Diurnus, a, um. adj. [*i. e. diurnus, a diu*] *belonging to the day; daily.*

Divus, a, um. adj. *divine, heavenly, excellent, of a noble house; descended from Jupiter.*

Diutne, adv. *a long time, a great while.*

Diutinus, a, um. adj. *long, durable, continual.*

Diuturne, adv. *a long time, Diuturnitas, ātis. f. long com*

diuturnus, *diuturnity*, *lastingness*.

Diuturnus, a, um, adj. *lasting*, of long duration, of long life.

Divulgatus, a, um, part. *celebrated*, every where extolled; abandoned or given up to, common, easily gained.

Divulgo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to publish; to divulge; to set; to spread; to make common.

Divulsus, a, um, part. [*a* *divello*] pulled asunder, broken, divorced, parted forced.

Divum, *id quod illam*. the open air.

Divus, i, m, a god.

Do, *däre*, *dädi*, *dätum*. act. to give; to bestow; to grant; to yield; to commit; to entrust; to apply; to proffer; to offer; to tell; to show; to commit; to deliver; to appoint; to assign; to do; to bring; to make; to ordain; to allow; to suffer; to admit; to sell; to throw; to cast; to lend.

Duceo, *äre*, *cui*, *cum*. act. to teach; to instruct; to inform; to declare; to tell; to advise; to prove.

Dochimus, i, m. a foot consisting of five syllables, a short, two long, a short and a long; *Anticton téus*. *Rectius* *Dochimus*.

Docilis, is, e, adj. quickly taught, apt to learn, docile, tractable.

Docilitas, *ätis*. f. aptness to learn, easiness to be taught, docility.

Docte, adv. learnedly, skilfully, subtly.

Doctor, *öris*. m. a master, a teacher of a school, a doctor, an instructor, a tutor.

Doctrina, *æ*. f. doctrine, teaching, theory, instruction, the office of teaching, learning, erudition, wisdom, philosophy, science.

Doctus, a, um, part. v. adj. taught, instructed. Adj. learned, skilful, subtle, cunning.

Döclumen, *mis*. n. a document, a warning, a lesson.

Döclumentum, i, n. an example, a proof, an instance, a warning, a lesson, an omen, preface, experiment, reputation, honour. [*Documentum* means a lesson, by which we learn any truth or fact, in any mode whatever. *Specimen*, a sample, an instance, furnishing an evidence of quality or character.]

Döcus, i, f. a beam, a meteor like a beam.

Dödecathëos, i, f. a kind of herb with leaves like a lettuce; a secret banquet which Augustus

made, consisting of twelve guests of both sexes.

Dödecätëmorion, ii. n. the twelfth part.

Dödrans, *tis*. m. nine ounces or inches, nine parts of twelve, or three parts of four, a measure of land containing 21600 feet, being three fourths of an acre.

Dödrantälis, is, e, adj. of nine ounces or nine inches.

Dögma, *ätis*. n. a decree, a received opinion.

Döläbëlla, *æ*. f. a little axe or hatchet; a little plane.

Döläbelläna pira, pears with a long stalk.

Döläbra, *æ*. f. [*a* *dolando*] a carpenter's axe, a chip-axe.

Döläbrätus, a, um, adj. ex part. chipped with an axe.

Dölätus, a, um, part. rough-hewn.

Dölens, *tis*. part. et adj. grieving, repining at; afflicted.

Adj. grievous, painful.

Dölenter, adv. sorrowfully, grievously.

Dölëa, *äre*, *vi*, *ätum*. neut. to be in pain; to ache; to be sorry; to be displeased; to envy; to repine; to vex; to fret.

Döläkris, is, e, adj. as big as a tun, gorbellied.

Döläräus, i, m. a cooper, one that makes great vessels.

Dölëchum, i, n. dim. a little caak.

Dölëum, i, n. a tub, any great vessel; a tun, pipe or hog-head.

Dölö, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum* et *ätum*. to cut; to hew smooth; to chip; to square; to rough-hew; to hang; to contrive.

Dölön et *Dölö*, *önis*. m. a staff, with a little rapier in it, a little sword or skene; a tuck; a small sail in a ship, called the trinket; the sting of a fly.

Dölör, *öris*. m. [*a* *dölëo*] pain, smart, ache, soreness, a throe or pang; sorrow, discontent, rage, anguish.

Dölöse, adv. craftily, deceitfully, cunningly, fallaciously.

Dölösus, a, um, adj. cunning, crafty, deceitful, treacherous, dissembling, false-hearted.

Dölös, i, m. a device, a crafty purpose, a fallacy, a wile, a trick, guile, treachery, cunning, fraud, collusion, falsehood.

Dölösäbils, is, e, adj. easy to be tamed or subdued.

Dölösör, *öris*. m. a tamer or subduer.

Dölösäctus, a, um, part. tamed; cultivated, ploughed.

Dölösäctim, adv. house by house, by households.

Dölösäctus, a, um, adj. of the

same house, domestic, staying at home; civil, private, tame, familiar.

Dölëcillum, i, n. a sojourning place, an abode, a receptacle.

Dölëcanium, i, n. a supper at home, in one's own house.

Dölëna, *æ*. f. a lady, a mistress, a dame, a governess.

Dölënätio, *önis*. f. dominion, rule, authority, sovereignty, lordship, tyranny, arbitrariness, absolute or despotic government, a governor.

Dölënätor, *öris*. m. a master, a lord; a governor or ruler.

Dölënätrix, *icis*. f. a mistress, lady, governess.

Dölënäsus, a, um, part. having ruled or governed.

Dölënäsus, *üs*. m. mastership, rule, authority, lordship, sovereignty, power.

Dölënäsus, a, um, adj. pertaining to the lord or master.

Dölënäum, i, n. lordship, dominion, authority, empire, a domain.

Dölënor, *äri*, *ätus*. dep. to be lord and master, to rule; to bear rule; to domineer. Antiq. pass. to be governed.

Dölënus, i, m. a master of a house, the son or young master, a possessor, an owner, a husband, he that makes a banquet; a sciler; sir.

Dölëporta, *æ*. f. a snail's epithet, a shell-snail, that carries her house on her back.

Dölëto, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. freq. [*a* *domo*] to tame; to break; to weary.

Dölëtor, *öris*. m. [*a* *domo*] a tamer, a breaker, a vanquisher, a subduer, a conqueror.

Dölëtrix, *icis*. f. a governess, a mistress.

Dölëträa, *æ*. f. a taming or breaking.

Dölëtus, a, um, part. tamed, subdued, vanquished, entirely reduced.

Dölëtus, *üs*. m. [*a* *domo*] a taming or breaking.

Dölëo, *äre*, *vi*, *ätum*. act. to break; to tame; to vanquish; to overcome; to keep under; to boil.

Dölëmulto, *önis*. f. a going or returning home again.

Dölëmucüllä, *æ*. f. dim. a little house, a cottage, offices.

Dölëus, *üs* v. l. f. a house, a lodging, a dwelling, a temple, a church; peace, as opposed to war; a family, a household, a lineage, a nation, a nest, a stable, a settled habitation, one's country, the fountain or spring-head of a river; a sect, all the followers of a sect.

Dölëbils, is, e, adj. worthy of

a present, deserving to be presented.

Dōnārium, i. n. [a donum] a temple wherein gifts and presents were offered to the gods; the gifts themselves.

Dōnatio, ōis. f. a giving or bestowing freely; a donation, an allowance.

Dōnātium, i. n. a prince's or commander's largess, a benevolence, a gift, a donative, a dole.

Dōnātus, a, um. part. bestowed, given, addicted, granted, forgiven, remitted, having a present given.

Dōnax, ācis. m. a reed, or cane, whereof they made arrows and pens; an angling-rod; a kind of sea fish.

Dōnec, adv. until; as long as, while that.

Dōnecum, adv. until.

Dōno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a donum] to give liberally; to bestow; to present gratis; to forgive; to remit; to indulge. [Donare is construed two different ways: thus, *Donare aliqui aliquid*, or *aliquem aliquare*.]

Dōnum, i. n. [a dando] a free gift, a present, a reward, a bribe, an offering, a promise.

Dorcas, ādis. f. a doe or hind; a nick-name applied to a lean woman.

Dorceus, i. et eos. m. the name of a dog, *Spy-all*.

Dōris, idis. f. a certain herb, called also *anchusa*.

Dormio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to sleep; to be asleep; to be unemployed.

Dormaco, āre, — incept. to begin to sleep.

Dormitator, ōris. m. a sleeper, a sluggard; one that robs by night, and sleeps by day.

Dormito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to be sleepy; to slumber; to sleep; to be careless; to twinkle.

Dormitor, ōris. m. a long sleeper.

Dormitorium, i. n. a dormitory, a sleeping-place, a bed-chamber.

Dormitorium, a, um. adj. that pertains to or serves for sleep.

Dorou, i. n. a handbreadth; a gift.

Dorsum, i. n. the back; a promontory or hill lying out; a shelf or heap of sand gathered in the sea; a ridge or side of a hill; the shell of a tortoise or such like.

Dryenium, i. n. a poisonous herb, whereof they gathered arrow-heads, darts, &c. rock-rose.

Dryphorus, i. m. a life-guard man, a pensioner or partizan.

Dos, ōis. f. a portion, a dowry, a property, a nature, an advantage or privilege, a subject, an argument.

Dossuarius, a, um. adj. ant. pro *Dorsuarius*, which bears burdens on his back.

Dotālis, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to a dowry.

Dotātus, a, um. part. endowed, married, joined.

Doto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a dos] to endow; to give a dowry.

Drachma, m. f. a drachm, the seventh, or rather the eighth part of an ounce, 84 of them going to a pound, 12 ounces to the pound. Also, a Greek coin, the same with the Roman denier, of the value of four sesterces, *id. ob.*

Drāco, ōnis. m. a serpent; an old hardened vine-branch; a fish called a quaviver.

Drācōnigēna, m. c. g. sprung from a serpent.

Drācōntes, **Drācōntis**, seu **Drācontias**, m. m. a precious stone taken out of the brain of a serpent, whilst alive.

Drācontium, i. n. dragon-wort; a kind of generous vine.

Drācunculus, i. m. an herb, a kind of yarrow, having the stalk speckled like a serpent's tail; dragon's wort or dragons.

Drāpēta, m. m. a fugitive.

Drāpēnis, is. f. a sea-swallow.

Drōmas, ādis. m. a dromedary, a kind of camel very swift; the name of a dog.

Drōmo, ōis. m. a kind of fish, very swift.

Drōpax, ācis. m. a medicine or ointment to take away hair.

Druide, ārum. m. pl. et **Druides**, um. the Druids, the philosophers of the Gauls and Britons.

Drūpae, pro **Drūpētē**, ārum. f. pl. unripe olives, or rather olives growing black with ripeness, and ready to fall off the tree.

Dryādes, um. pl. f. the nymphs of the woods.

Dryites, m. m. a precious stone found in the roots of trees, which burns much like wood.

Dryōphōnon, i. u. an herb like oak-fern.

Dryōphyte, es. f. a kind of fog.

Dryopteris, is. f. an herb called oak-fern, petty fern.

Dryōshyphear, a kind of misetoe.

Duāna, is, e. adj. pertaining to two, dual.

Dūbe, adv. doubtfully, uncertainly.

Dūbitābils, is, e. adj. that may be doubted of.

Dūbitanter, adv. doubtingly, uncertainly, irresolutely.

Dūbitatio, ōnis. f. a doubt or

mistrust, uncertainty, hesitating, irresolution.

Dūbitatur, impers. it is doubted.

Dūbito, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to doubt; to be in doubt; to mistrust; to fear; to protract time; to delay; to consider; to muse; to waver.

Dūbium, i. n. a doubt, a question; danger, hazard.

Dūbūs, a, um. adj. doubtful, dubious, variables, irresolute, ambiguous, sharp on each side; dangerous, perilous.

Dūcāus, āis. m. [a duce] ut a tribuno, **tribunatus**] a conduct or leading, a charge, a government; a generalship, a captain's place; a play which children used, of king and subject.

Dūcēnārius, a, um. adj. of two hundred.

Dūcēni, m, a. adj. pl. two hundred.

Dūcenti, m, a. adj. pl. two hundred.

Dūcenties, adv. two hundred times.

Dūco, āre, xi, ctum. act. to lead; to go along with; to conduct; to wait upon; to stink; to induce; to move; to persuade; to draw; to form; to forge; to protract; to delay; to take; to deride; to esteem; to wheedle; to cajole; to marry; to receive; to take along with him; to begin; to reckon; to compute; to pass away; to expose to sale. [Vid. Nubo.]

Ductārius, a, um. adj. that draws or guides.

Ductilis, is, e. adj. easy to be drawn, ductile, malleable, conveyed into.

Ductim, adv. by little and little, leisurely.

Ductio, ōnis. f. a conveying, a drawing.

Ductilius, a, um. adj. easy to be led, ductile, malleable.

Ductilo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to lead quickly away; to cheat; to decoy; to take for a wife.

Ducto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to lead; to draw along; to wheedle; to keep a miss; to esteem; to account.

Ductor, ōris. m. a guide, a captain, a leader, a conveyer.

Ductus, a, um. part. led on, direct, straight, drawn, moved, induced, begun, drawn out; derived; counted or computed.

Ductus, ūs. m. a leading, guidance, or conduct; a draught, shape, form or figure; a conduit-pipe for the conveyance of water.

Dūdum, adv. but late, a while ago, not long since, heretofore; a great while since, long ago.

Duellum, i. n. battle, war be-

tween two people, kings, or parties.

Dulce, adv. *sweetly, comically, pleasantly.*

Dulcēdo, *inis*, f. *sweetness, pleasantness, delightfulness, fondness, desire, harmony, melody; luxury.*

Dulcesco, *ere*, — — incept. *to grow sweet.*

Dulcissimus, a, um, adj. *belonging to what is sweet.*

Dulcissulus, a, um, adj. *dim. sweetish, somewhat sweet.*

Dulciferus, a, um, adj. *bearing sweet.*

Dulcissimus, a, um, adj. *sweetly sounding.*

Dulcio, *ire*, *ivi*, *istum*, neut. *to become sweet.*

Dulcis, *is*, e, adj. *luscious, sweet, delicious, pleasant, delightful, charming, loving, dear, beautiful, lovely; successful; handsome.*

Dulciter, adv. *sweetly, gently, delightfully, lusciously.*

Dulcissudo, *inis*, f. *sweetness, comfortableness, lusciousness.*

Dum, adv. *until; upon condition that, provided that, so that; while, whilst, as long as; as yet.*

Dumetum, *i*, n. *a brake, a thick-et; intricacy, perplexity.*

Dummodo, adv. *so that, provided that.*

Dumosus, a, um, adj. *full of bushes, brambles, or briars; bushy.*

Dumus, *i*, m. *a bush; all kinds of thorns, briars, or brambles; a grove.*

Duntaxat, adv. *only, alone, at least; to wit.*

Duo, *æ*, o, pl. *two, twain, both.*

Duodecies, adv. *twelve times.*

Duodecim, adv. *decl. twelve.*

Duodecimus, a, um, adj. *the twelfth.*

Duodenarius, a, um, adj. *of twelve.*

Duodeni, *æ*, a, adj. *pl. twelve.*

Duodenoaginta, adj. *pl. indecl. eighty-eight.*

Duodeoctoginta, adj. *pl. indecl. seventy-eight.*

Duodequadragesimi, *æ*, a, adj. *pl. thirty-eight.*

Duodequadragesimus, a, um, adj. *the forty-eight.*

Duodequingenta, adj. *pl. indecl. forty-eight.*

Duodeviginti, a, um, adj. *the fifty-eight.*

Duodetrices, adv. *eight and twenty times.*

Duodevicensi, *æ*, a, adj. *pl. eighteen.*

Duodevicesimus, *et* **Duodevi-**

gesimus, a, um, adj. *the eighteenth.*

Duovicesimānus, a, um, adj. *of the two and twentieth legion.*

Duplex, *icis*, adj. *double, twofold; twice as much, big, or many; broad; crafty, subtle, wily.*

Duplicarius v. **Duplicarius**, a, um, adj. *belonging to what is double.*

Duplicatio, *onis*, f. *a doubling.*

Duplicatio, adv. *two ways and manners.*

Duplicatus, a, um, part. *doubled, made twice as many or great, bowed or bended.*

Dupliciter, adv. *doubly, for two causes.*

Duplico, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, act. *to make twice as much, big, or long; to increase; to make bigger.*

Duplo, *onis*, m. *the double, the paying double the trespass.*

Duplo, adv. *twice as much.*

Duplum, *i*, n. *the double or twice as much.*

Duplus, a, um, adj. *double, twice as much.*

Dupondarius et Dispondarius, a, um, adj. *holding or weighing two pounds.*

Dupondius, *i*, m. *of two pounds weight or three halfpence.*

Durabilis, *is*, e, adj. *durable, of long continuance, lasting.*

Duracinus, a, um, adj. *hard, rough, tough, sticking.*

Duramen, *inis*, n. *et Duramentum*, *i*, n. *a hardening, a congealing; the arm of a vine; constancy, stableness; a hardening or strengthening.*

Duratus, a, um, adj. *wooden or of wood.*

Duratrix, *icis*, f. *she that hardeneth.*

Duratus, a, um, part. *hardened, dried, frozen, conformed, patient.*

Dure, adv. *hardly, harshly.*

Dureo, *ere*, *ui*, — neut. *to be hard.*

Duresco, *ere*, — — incept. *[a dureo] to become hard; to be hardened, to be frozen; to continue long.*

Durēta, *æ*, f. *a vessel or wooden chair for bathing in.*

Duricorius, a, um, adj. *hard-skinned.*

Durtas, *atis*, f. *churlishness, rigour, cruelty.*

Duriter, adv. *hardly, painfully, rudely, roughly, harshly, rigorously, ruggedly, grievously, heinously.*

Durtia, *æ*, f. *hardness, cruelty, ruggedness, harshness; coarseness; living hard; stupidity.*

Durtie, *pl.* *tumours, swellings.*

Durties, *ei*, f. *hardness, harshness, cruelty.*

Duriusculus, a, um, adj. *dim. somewhat rough, harsh, unpolished.*

Duro, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, act. *et neut. to harden; to injure to hardships; to make hardy; to indurate; to abide; to bear; to last; to continue; to forbear; to become hard; to stop; to make costive.*

Durus, a, um, adj. *hard, stiff; rough, unpleasant; obstinate, inexorable; blunt, clownish, boorish, rusty, hardy; rugged, patient in labour; austere, rigorous, cruel, severe; costive, bound; scarce, dear; gripping, tenacious; impudent, shameless; dull, harsh without spirit, unpolished.*

Duumvir, *iri*, m. *et Duumviri*, *orum*, m. *pl. two officers at Rome, invested with much the same authority as our sheriffs.*

Duumviriatus, *us*, m. *the office of two in equal quality; the sheriffdom in a city.*

Dux, *ducis*, c. g. *[a duco] a leader, a leading person, a ringleader; a king, a commander, a captain-general, a lieutenant-general, an admiral.*

[Imperator means the commander in chief. Dux, the highest of the inferior officers, having himself an important command.]

Dynamis, *eos*, f. *power, plenty, store.*

Dynasta v. **Dynastes**, *æ*, m. *a nobleman of great power, a prince, a ruler, a potentate, a lord.*

Dysentēria, *æ*, f. *the bloody flux or the griping of the guts.*

Dysentēricus, a, um, adj. *troubled with dysentery.*

Dyspnœa, *æ*, f. *hardness or shortness of breath; pursiness.*

Dysūria, *æ*, f. *a difficulty of making water.*

Dysūricus, a, um, adj. *labouring under a stranguery.*

E

E, prep. *regit abl. per apoc. ex; out of, from, for; according to.*

E, followed by certain adjectives, is reckoned, but improperly, an adverb;

as, **E contrario**.

Et [*viā*] *that way.*

Eale, *a beast in Index, of the*

signess of a horse, and having moveable horns.
Eamse, *eampse*, or *easpe*, *pro eam ipseam*, her very self.
Eārites, *m. m.* the blood-stone.
Eāstēnus [ēā, *sc. parte tenuis*] so far forth, so far, so long, hitherto, or to that time.
Ebēnum, *i. n.* the wood of the ebony-tree, ebony.
Ebēnus, *i. f.* the ebony-tree.
Ebibō, *ēre*, *bibi*, *bibitum*. *act.* to drink up all; to drink; to suck dry; to forget by drinking.
Eblandior, *iri*, *itus*. *dep.* to obtain by flattery; to coax; to charm. *Pass.* to be soothed.
Eblauditus, *a*, *um*. *part. Act.* having obtained by flattery or fair words; flattering. *Pass.* being obtained by wheedling or by fair words.
Eborārius, *a*, *um*. *adj.* belonging to ivory.
Eborātus, *a*, *um*. *part.* covered or inlaid with ivory.
Ebdreus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* made of ivory.
Ebrīatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* intoxicated, fuddled.
Ebrīctas, *ātis*. *f.* drunkenness, sottishness.
Ebrīctus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* somewhat intoxicated, fuddled.
Ebrīctas, *ātis*. *f.* habitual drunkenness.
Ebrīctus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* sottish or addicted to drinking; full of strong liquors.
Ebrīus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* intoxicated; soaked, dipped, drenched; mad, plentiful.
Ebullio, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *neut. et act.* to boil; to seethe; to bubble up; to fret; to work; to utter; to break out into talk; to avow; to vaunt.
Ebūlum, *i. n.* et **Ebūlus**, *i. f.* waulwort or damewort; dwarf elder.
Ebur et **Ebor**, *ōris*. *n.* ivory; any thing made of ivory.
Ebūrlas, *a*, *um*. *adj.* dim. set with little pieces of ivory.
Eburneolus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* made of ivory.
Eburneus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* of ivory, fair, white, like ivory.
Eburnus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* made of ivory.
Ecator, **Ecator**, [*i. e. per eam* *comuni* *Castoris*] by Castor, an oath commonly used by women.
Ecbōlas, *ōdis*. *f.* a sort of grape.
Echōlia, *drum*. *n. pl.* et **Echōlās**, *drum*. *n. pl.* et **Echōlades**, *um*. *f. pl.* a medicine to fetch a dead child out of the womb; a kind of grape of use therein.
Ecca, *pro Ecce* *ea*. *f. pron.* mind her there.
Eccam, *i. s.* *Ecce* *eam*.
Ecee, *adv.* lo! see, behold.

Eccheuma, *ātis*. *v. turn*, *ti. n.* the pouring out.
Eccliam, *et istam*, see, there she is.
Ecclillum, *eccum*, *pro Ecce illum* *et eum*. see him; look, there he is. *Eccos*, *pro Ecce eos*.
Eclēsia, *ē. f.* a congregation or assembly; a meeting of people.
Eclēsiastērīum, *i. n.* a place for the meeting of public assemblies.
Ecdicus, *i. m.* a proctor or solicitor of a corporation.
Echēnēis, *īdis*. *f.* a little fish, which, sticking to the keel of a ship, stops its course; a sea-lamprey.
Echidna, *ē. f.* a viper; the hydra.
Echinātus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* covered or set with prickles.
Echinōmetra, *ē. f.* a small shell-fish, of a reddish and green colour.
Echinōphōra, *ē. f.* a sort of shell-fish.
Echinōpus, *ōdis*. *f.* a kind of prickly herb, by some called globe-thistle.
Echinus, *i. m.* a sea-urchin; the rough prickly shells of cheenute; a vessel.
Echion, *i. n.* wild borrag or viper's bugloss; a medicine for sore eyes.
Echite, *es*. *f.* an herb like scammon.
Echo, *ūs*. *f.* the rebounding of a noise or voice in a valley or wood; an echo.
Eclecta, *drum*. *n. pl.* things picked or chosen out of divers others; choice pieces.
Ecligma, *ātis*. *n.* a kind of medicine to be sucked or licked; a lochoch, an electuary.
Eclipsis, *is*. *f.* a waning or failing; an eclipse.
Eclipticus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* belonging to an eclipse.
Eclōgīus, *i. m.* a collector or writer down of such things summarily as he has read.
Echnēphias, *ē. m.* a storm that breaks out of a cloud.
Echphōra, *ē. f.* a jutty or bearing out in building.
Ecquando, *adv.* at what time? whether at any time? but when? [*Ecquando* is distinguished from *quando*, by its implying indignation or contempt in the speaker. It is also distinguished from *quando*, by its not being taken indefinitely, but always interrogatively.]
Ecquis, *ecqua*, *equod*. *v. ecquid*, what, who, or whether any man, woman or thing; whether at all.
Ecquo, *adv.* whither.
Ectrapēlus, *i. m.* that in stature

and form differs from the common fashion of nature, monstrous.
Ectrōpium, *i. n.* a disease in the eyes, when the nether lid will not close with the other.
Ectypum, *i. n.* a copy taken from the original.
Ectypus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* copied from the original.
Edāctas, *ātis*. *f.* [ab *edax*] greedy eating, gormandising, devouring, edacity.
Edax, *ēdis*. *adj.* *sauimus*, *sup.* [ab *ēdo*] eating much, gluttonous, gormandising; wasting, consuming.
Edento, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ātum*. *act.* to dash out one's teeth.
Edentulus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* toothless or one that has few teeth left.
Edepol, *adv.* contracted for *edem Pollūcis*. [*sc. per*] swearing by Pollux.
Edico, *ēre*, *dixi*, *dictum*. *act.* to tell plainly; to declare; to advertise; to tell beforehand; to order; to appoint; to give notice; to publish by edict or proclamation.
Edictio, *ōnis*. *f.* a command of one in authority, a charge or injunction.
Edicto, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ātum*. *freq.* to declare and pronounce; to tell; to inform; to make known.
Edictum, *i. n.* a command, an ordinance, a proclamation, a placart, a mandamus from a prince, ruler, or magistrate, the command of a private man.
Edictus, *a*, *um*. *part.* proclaimed, pronounced, published.
Edisco, *ēre*, *didici*. — *act.* to con or learn by heart; to get without book; to learn; to discern; to distinguish.
Edisēro, *ēre*, *ui*, *tum*. *act.* to declare; to rehearse; to dispute; to discourse.
Edissertatio, *ōnis*. *f.* a relation, a dissertation.
Ediserto, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ātum*. *freq.* to tell or declare plainly and particularly.
Editio, *ōnis*. *f.* [ab *ēdo*] a setting forth of plays; an edition, a publishing; a naming, a creating.
Editus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* named, allowed, set forth or to be set forth.
Editor, *ōris*. *m.* a publisher, a setter forth; a putter forth, an utterer.
Editus, *a*, *um*. *part.* [ab *ēdo*] published, uttered, declared, exhibited; named, appointed, set forth, made for the public; born, begotten; descended, sprung; hatched, brought forth.

Ednus, a, um. adj. *high, lofty*.
Edo, es, est, ēre v. esse, ēdī, ēsum. act. *to eat; to graze; to consume; to waste*.
Edo, ōnis. m. a great eater, a glutton.
Edo, ēre, ēdī, ēdum. act. *to utter; to put forth; to publish; to set out in writing; to declare; to tell; to bring forth; to produce; to show*.
Edoceo, ēre, cui, doctum. act. *to instruct; to direct; to teach diligently; to certify; to apprise*.
Edoctus, a, um. part. *taught, instructed; advertised, informed*.
Edolatus, a, um. part. *smoothed*.
Edulo, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. *to cut smooth; to polish; to finish*.
Edonatus, a, um. part. *broken; tamed, brought into subjection*.
Edomo, ēre, ui, itum. act. *to tame; to make gentle; to conquer; to subdue*.
Edormio, ēre, iui, itum. act. *to sleep out or away; to sleep soundly or to the full*.
Edormior, iri, itus. pass.
Edormisco, ēre, — incept. *to sleep out; to digest by sleeping*.
Educatio, ōnis. f. a breeding up; a fostering, nurturing, nourishing, education, or learning.
Educator, ōris. m. one that brings up, a foster-father.
Educatrix, icis. f. a nurse that brings up.
Educo, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. [*ex et duco*] *to foster; to maintain; to feed; to cherish; to feast continually; to teach; to instruct*.
Educo, ēre, duxi, ductum. act. [*ex et duco*] *to lead forth; to draw out; to raise up; to build; to midwife; to bring into the world; to nourish; to bring up; to drink all off*.
Eductus, a, um. part. *brought up, bred, drawn forth; raised, high, run, drained; drawn, unsheathed*.
Edulis, is. e. adj. *eatable*.
Edulium, i. n. meat, food, any thing to be eaten.
Eduro, ēre, ūvi, ātum. neut. *to endure; to continue; to hold out*.
Edurus, a, um. adj. *very hard, tough; unkind, hard-hearted*.
Efferio, Vid. **Effercio**.
Effertus, a, um. Id. quod **effertus**, part. *stuffed crammed*.
Effascinatio, ōnis. f. a bewitching or charming.
Effascino, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. *to bewitch; to charm; to overlook*.

Effatum, i. n. a dialectical proposition, a maxim, or avowed rule. **Effata**, pl. solemn prayers or speeches of diviners; oracles, prophecies.
Effatus, a, um. part. *speaking or having spoken*. Pass. *dedicated or consecrated with solemn words*.
Effectio, ōnis. f. [*ab efficio*] a causing, making, or effecting.
Effective, adv. *effectively*.
Effector, ōris. m. a maker, effector, or worker; a finisher.
Electrix, icis. f. she who makes or procures.
Effectum, i. n. an effect, a thing done.
Effectus, a, um. part. *made, done, despatched, brought to pass, finished, completed*.
Effectus, ūs. m. an effect, a result, a bringing to pass, a thing made or procured.
Effeminate, &c. Vid. **Effeminate**, &c.
Effertus, a, um. part. *made wild or fierce; enraged, savage; unruly*.
Effercio, ēre, fersi, fectum. act. *to fill; to stuff; to cram full*.
Efferio, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. *to make wild or savage; to enrage one*.
Efferio, fersi, extūli, ēlātum, [*ab ex et fero*] *to bring or carry forth; to carry; to carry forth to burial; to bring forth fruit; to raise; to advance; to exalt; to utter; to pronounce; to divulge; to make public; to transport; to carry beyond bounds; to praise; to magnify; to commend; to bear out; to surmount; to disengage; to extricate; to disentangle*.
Efferus, a, um. part. et adj. [*ab effercio, quod ab ex et fercio*] *stuffed, full, plentiful*.
Effervesco, ēre, — incept. *to be very hot; to boil over; to ferment; to be chafed, troubled, or moved; to be allayed or grown cool*.
Efferio, ēre, vi et bui, — neut. *to boil over; to grow hot, &c*.
Efferus, a, um. adj. *wild, outrageous, distracted, fierce, eager*.
Efficacia, e. f. force, efficacy, strength, virtue, prevalency.
Efficacia, ātis. f. efficacy, force, power.
Efficaciter, adv. *effectually, powerfully*.
Efficax, ācis. adj. *effecting; effectual, forcible, prevailing much; efficacious, powerful, available, stirring, active*.
Efficens, tis. part. r. adj. *making, causing, bringing to pass*.
Efficenter, adv. *casually, in nature of a cause, with effect*.

Efficio, ēre, fāci, fectum. act. *to bring to pass; to effect; to fulfil; to accomplish; to do; to make; to procure; to perform; to prove by argument; to conclude; to serve; to be instead of*.
Efficitur, impers. *it is brought to pass or proved and made good*.
Effictio, ōnis. f. [*ab effingo*] an expressing or representing; a fashioning.
Effictus, a, um. part. *drawn out, expressed, represented*.
Effigia, e. f. an image or likeness.
Effigies, ei. f. [*ab effingo*] an image, portrait, status or resemblance; shape, likeness, form; a manner; a pattern, an image.
Effindo, ēre, act. *to cut; to divide*.
Effingo, ēre, finxi, fectum. act. *to fashion; to work; to engrave; to portray; to make; to represent; to express; to imitate; to rub; to wipe*.
Effio, fieri, lectus. pass. *to be made, done, or brought to pass*.
Effugitatio, ōnis. f. a dunning, an importunate suit, or begging; an earnest request.
Effugitatus, a, um. part. *instantly, or earnestly required*.
Effugitatus, ūs. m. importunity.
Effugito, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. *to desire; to crave; to importune; to exact; to extort*.
Effleo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to weep out*.
Efflictum, adv. *utterly, desperately*.
Efflictor, ūri, ātus. pass. *to be tormented or vexed*.
Effligo, ēre, flixi, flictum. act. *to straiten; to vex sore*.
Efflo, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. *to break out*.
Effloresco, ēre, — incept. *to blow as a flower; to spring forth; to flourish greatly; to be copious*.
Effluo, ēre, fluxi, fluxum. neut. *to flow; to run out; to run over; to abound; to leak; to slip and slide away; to be published abroad; to decay; to be quite lost; to be quite forgotten*.
Effluviu, i. n. a flowing or running over.
Effodio, ēre, fodi, fossum. act. *to dig out; to dig up; to pull out; to grieve sore*.
Effoditur, impers. *it is digged up, it is pulled up*.
Effemināte, adv. *womanly, unbecomingly, lasciviously, nicely, effeminately*.
Effeminatus v. **Effeminatus**, a,

um. part. et adj. womanlike, delicate, nice, tender, effeminate, a pathic.

Effemino, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. to grow effeminate; to make effeminate.

Effete, adv. v. Effēte, barrenly, remissly, feebly, weakly.

Effetus v. Effētus, a, um. adj. [ab ex et fetus] barren, past having any young or bearing fruit; worn out, decayed, feeble, past work; that has lately hatched or brought forth; that is hatched.

Effor, non leg. āri, ātus. dep. to speak; to speak out; to utter; solemnly to pronounce.

Effractus, a, um. part. digged, turned up; digged out, pulled out.

Effractorius, i. m. a burglar or house-breaker.

Effractus, a, um. part. [ab effringo] broken, broken down, broken open, dashed out.

Effrenate, adv. rashly, fiercely, unruly, loosely.

Effrenatio, ōnis. f. unbridled rashness, unruly headiness.

Effrenatus, v. Effrēnātus, a, um. part. unbridled, loose, rash, headstrong, unruly.

Effrenus, a, um. adj. [ab ex et frenum] unbridled, rash, headstrong, unruly; headstrong.

Effringo, ēre, frēgi, fractum. act. [ab ex et frango] to break up or open; to break down; to enfeeble.

Effrons, tis. c. g. [ab ex i. e. extra et frons] bold, impudent, shameless.

Effugio, ēre, fūgi, Itum. act. et neut. to escape; to flee; to shun; to elude; to avoid.

Effugium, i. n. a fleeing away, a flight, an escape, an evasion, a shunning, an escaping, a place to escape; a passage or way to escape; a subterfuge.

Effulgeo, ēre, fulsi, fuisum. neut. to shine forth; to appear; to show itself; to glitter.

Effulus, a, um. part. [ab effulcio] stayed, borne up.

Effundo, ēre, fūdī, fūsum. act. to spill; to pour out; to shed; to disemogue; to come forth in companies; to put or bring forth in great store; to lavish; to waste; to confound; to spread abroad; to tell; to relate; to discomfit; to rout.

Effuse, adv. prodigally, largely; abundantly, bountifully, excessively, expensively, extravagantly, scatteringly, wastefully, speedily, vehemently, passionately.

Effusio, ōnis. f. [ab effundo] a pouring out; prodigality, effusion, wasteful and extrava-

gant spending; expensiveness; a rout, company or multitude; an excessive dilatation.

Effusus, a, um. part. et adj. poured out, dashed out, effused, overflowing, running over the bank, wasted, squandered away, swift, quick, thrown off, discomfited, scattered.

Adj. wide, open; bountiful, liberal; expensive, very prone, much given to; exceeding, immoderate, having earnest recourse to.

Effutio, ire, ivi, Itum. act. to prate; to babble; to speak foolishly; to blab out.

Effutillus, a, um. adj. rashly or foolishly babbled; tattled.

Effutulus, a, um. part. foolishly or rashly spoken abroad or uttered.

Effutus, ēre, ul, — neut. to lavish upon mistresses.

Egallus, a, um. adj. lukewarm, that has the cold taken off; very cold.

Egeus, a, um. adj. wanting, destitute; distressed, necessitous.

Egeo, ēre, ul, — neut. to need; to lack; to be in want; to stand in need of.

Egrius, i. m. a man so nicknamed from being very poor.

Egermino, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. to spring; to bud forth; to branch; to germinate.

Egros, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. to bear out; to cast out; to spout out; to pass over; to spend.

Egestas, ātis. f. extreme poverty, beggary, indigence, lack or want.

Egestio, ōnis. f. [ab egero] a casting forth, a voiding, a laying out.

Egestus, a, um. part. cast, carried out, voided.

Egestus, ūs. m. a casting forth, a voiding.

Egatur, impers. there is a want.

Ego, mei, mihi, me. pron. I, I myself.

Egomet, I myself.

Egone, who? I!

Egredior, i, gressus. dep. [ex e et gradior] to step forth; to go out; to debark; to land; to go beyond; to transgress.

Egregie, adv. extremely, extraordinarily, exceedingly; rarely, accurately, admirably, choicely, excellently, notably, transcendently; in a singular manner, beyond others.

Egregius, a, um. adj. [ex toto grege lectus] excellent, egregious, choice, singular, chosen out of the flock; notable, admired, eminent, exalted.

Egressio, ōnis. f. an excursion, a digression.

Egressus, a, um. part. gone forth, exceeding, gone beyond landing or debarking.

Egressus, ūs. m. a passage or going forth; an egress, a debarking or landing.

Egula, æ. f. a kind of brimstone, to whiten wool with.

Egurgio, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. to draw out; to empty; to disgorge; to disemogue.

Ehem, interj. O strange! hah! ahah!

Eheu, interj. ah, alas! well-a-day.

Eho, interj. what! pray say ho, sirrah, ehoh! O strange, wonderful! how?

Ehulm, adv. come hither, prithee now.

Eicio, Vid. Ejicio.

Eja, interj. good sir! aye marry! woe! Ofe!

Ejaculatus, a, um. part. having shot or darted.

Ejacular, āri, ātus. dep. to shoot or dart afar off; to let fly; to spout or squirt out.

Ejectamentum, i. n. that which the water casteth up to land.

Ejectio, ōnis. f. [ab ejicio] a casting or throwing out; an ejection, disgorging, disposing, exterminating.

Ejectus, a, um. adj. cast out, that casts its burden before the time; and that is cast or slunk before the time.

Ejecto, āre, ēvi, ātum. freq. [ab ejicio] to cast or throw out often; to vomit.

Ejectus, a, um. part. cast or shut out; disorged, ejected, exterminated, shipwrecked; stretched out at length; slunk.

Ejero, āre, ēvi, ātum. neut. to refuse; to except against a fudge or court.

Ejicio, ēre, jēci, jectum. act. [ex e et jacio] to cast or thrust out; to discard; to exterminate; to show itself; to break out; to cast off; to throw up; to vomit; to disgorge.

Ejullatio, ōnis. f. a wailing or crying out; exultation, screaming; a pitiful yelling.

Ejullatus, ūs. m. wailing, lamenting.

Ejulo, āre, ēvi, ātum. neut. to cry; to wail; to howl; to scream.

Ejuncidus, a, um. adj. dry, lean, slender, dwindled away.

Ejuratio, ōnis. f. a renouncing, a forewearing of a thing, a protesting against it; an abjuring.

Ejuro, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. to swear against a thing; to

quilt, resign, or surrender it on oath; to refuse a judge or court.
 Ejuedem mōdi, adj. of the same sort. Vid. Idem.
 Ejus mōdi, such like, of the same sort.
 Elābor, i, lapsus. dep. to slide away; to fall out; to escape.
 Elāborātus, a, um. part. industriously employed; elaborate, laboured, requiring pains; done perfectly, exactly, or curiously; exquisite.
 Elābōro, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to work as an artificer; to labour; to take pains; to struggle; to endeavour; to procure; to cause; to make.
 Elācūta, e. f. et Elācūtena, e. f. a kind of tunny.
 Elāmōmēli, n. indec. a sort of gum thinner than resin, and thicker than honey, of a purging nature.
 Elāmōthēsalum, i. n. a place where they used to be anointed by the aliptæ after bathing.
 Elanguesco, ēre, ui. — incept. to grow faint, cold, or remiss; to languish.
 Elāpe, es, v. potius Elaps, is. f. a kind of serpent.
 Elāphōboscon, i. n. wild pariah.
 Elapsus, a, um. part. [ab elabor] slipped away or aside; escaped; gone, past.
 Elargior, īre, ītus. dep. to give largely and bountifully.
 Elasesco, ēre, — incept. to grow weary; to decay; to wear out.
 Elāte, es. f. a kind of date-tree.
 Elāte, adv. sublimely, loftily, haughtily; vain-gloriously, stately.
 Elātērūm, i. n. a strong purge, a medicine of the juice of wild cucumbers, to purge choler and phlegm with.
 Elātine, es. f. a weed called buck-wheat or bind-corn; fusellin or dog-burr.
 Elātio, ōnis. f. [ab effero] a lifting or taking up; exaltation, height; loftiness, greatness of soul, magnanimity; sublimity.
 Elātites, e. m. a kind of blood-stone.
 Elatro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bark; to yelp; to speak aloud.
 Elātus, a, um. part. et adj. carried out, carried to burial, lifted up, puffed up, transported. Adj. lofty, sublime, arrogant, haughty, published, divulged.
 Elāvo, āre, lāvi, lōtum. act. to

wash clean; to rinse; to scour.
 Elautus, a, um. part. well and thoroughly washed.
 Elēcebra, e. f. [ab elicio] an allurement, a lure; a wheedler, a conzer.
 Electe, adv. choicely, distinctly.
 Electilis, is, e. adj. choice, dainty.
 Electio, ōnis. f. [ab eligo] an election or choice.
 Electo, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab elicio] to invite; to allure; to cajole; to wheedle.
 Elector, ōris. m. a chooser, an elector.
 Electrum, i. n. amber, whereof beads are made; a mixture of gold and silver, whereof the fifth part was silver.
 Electus, a, um. part. et adj. [ab eligo] chosen, picked out, elected. Adj. choice, singular.
 Electus, ūs. m. an election or choice.
 Eligans, tis. adj. eligible, handsome, fit, preferable; expert in any thing; neat, polite, trim, spruce, dainty, fine, but not costly; curious, critical, delicate, eloquent.
 Eliganter, adv. choicely, elegantly, purely; artfully, finely, neatly; sumptuously, luxuriously; genteelly, courteously.
 Eligantia, e. f. spruceness, finery, prettiness, neatness, elegance, politeness; luxury; civility, genteelness.
 Elēgia, e. f. an elegy or elegiac verse.
 Elēgia, e. f. an elegy, a mournful song, a lamentable ditty, a love-sonnet; a reed creeping along near the ground.
 Elēgia, ōrum. pl. n. elegies, lamentable verses.
 Elēgidārion, i. n. a small composition or poem in elegiac verse.
 Elēgidium, i. n. dim. a little elegy.
 Elēgus, i. m. an elegiac verse, an elegy, a mournful ditty.
 Elēisia, idis. f. a distracted priestess of Bacchus.
 Elēsiaphācum, i. n. et Elēsiaphēcos, i. f. the herb sang or sage.
 Elēmētārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to letters, principles, elements.
 Elēmētum, i. n. an element; a letter, as A, B, &c. the first rudiments or ground of any thing.
 Elēnticus, a, um. adj. reprehensible, serving for confutation.
 Elēphantia, e. f. a white scurf,

which makes the skin rough, like the skin of an elephant; the scurf.
 Elēphantiasis, is. f. a white scurf, like leprosy.
 Elēphantium, i. n. a black paint, made of burnt ivory.
 Elēphantinus, a, um. adj. of an elephant; of or like ivory.
 Elēphantus, i. m. an elephant; a sea monster; a kind of lobster; ivory or the elephant's tooth.
 Elēphas, antis. m. an elephant; the leprosy.
 Elēvatio, ōnis. f. a debasing, palliating, diminishing, disesteeming, or disparaging.
 Elēvo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to lift or heave up; to extenuate; to diminish; to lessen; to palliate; to slight; to disparage; to undervalue; to disesteem; to dispraise.
 Eleutheria, ōrum. pl. n. feasts which bondmen or servants made when they were set at liberty, in honour of Jupiter Eleutherius.
 Elices, ium. pl. m. [ab eliciendo] gutters for water-drains.
 Elicio, ēre, cui, citum. act. [ex e et lacio] to entice out; to draw out; to screw out; to strike out; to call or fetch out; to elicit.
 Eldo, ēre, īvi, īsum. act. [ex e et lēdo] to strike against or out; to strangle; to throttle; to pound small; to kill; to overlay; to crush; to stamp to death; to force out; to emit.
 Eligo, ēre, legi, lectum. act. [ex e et lego] to choose; to elect; to pick out.
 Eligūrio, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to consume; to gormandise.
 Elīmātus, a, um. part. filed, filed off; made smooth or even.
 Elīmino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to turn out of doors; to publish; to tattle abroad; to babble.
 Elīmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cut off with a file; to make even, smooth, or perfect; to correct; to polish.
 Elīnguus, is, e. adj. dumb, speechless.
 Elīquāmen, īnis. n. gravy, dripping of meat.
 Elīquātus, a, um. part. cleared, melted.
 Elīquesco, ēre, — incept. to be dissolved; to melt.
 Elīquo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to melt down; to make liquid; to clarify; to strain liquor; to consume; to spend; to sing softly and effeminately.
 Elīsio, ōnis. f. a squeezing.

Elisus, a, um. part. [ab elido] burst, squeezed, strangled, throttled, forced through, emitted.

Eliz, icis. m. [ab eliciendo] a gutter or furrow for the draining of water.

Elizus, a, um. part. boiled, sodden; moistened, wet.

F am, pro **En illam**, see! there she is!

Ellébörum, i. n. *Vid. Hellebörum*.

Ellops, opis. m. a choice fish; perhaps the sturgeon.

Elum, pro **En illum**, see! there he is!

Ellychnium, i. n. the match of a lamp, the wick of a candle.

Ellicäus, a, um. part. removed out of his place, carried into captivity; let to farm, let to hire.

Elisco, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to remove; to put out of place; to let to hire; to let to farm; to let out at a price; to lease out.

Ellocütio, önis. f. [ab eloquer] elocution; utterance, delivery, pronunciation.

Ellocütöris, a, um. adj. belonging to elocution.

Ellocütrix, icis. f. she that speaks readily.

Ellocütus, a, um. part. having spoken.

Ellogium, i. n. pro **Ellogium**, a brief saying, a sentence, a title or inscription; a certificate, a testimonial in praise or otherwise, an epitaph or superscription on a tomb; a testament or last will.

Elloquens, tis. adj. eloquent, that hath a grace in speaking, well spoken.

Elloquentes, um. m. pl. orators.

Elloquentia, æ. f. a gift or good grace in speaking; eloquence. [Facundia seems to refer to grace and facility in speaking; *Eloquentia* includes these, and also all the other requisites for persuasion.]

Elloquium, i. n. discourse; eloquence, eloquent speech, graceful delivery.

Elloquor, qui, quäus. dep. to speak out; to declare; to deliver; to speak; to speak eloquently; to be at a word.

Elotus, a, um. part. [ab elavo] washed or cleansed with water.

Eluceo, äre, luxi, —. neut. to shine forth; to be bright; to be notable; to show itself; to appear.

Eluctäbilis, is, e. adj. that may be surmounted or passed over.

Eluctätus, a, um. part. having struggled and escaped through.

Eluctor, äri, ätus. dep. to struggle; to strive; to get out; to break through; to escape.

Elücubrätus, a, um. part. elaborate; studied and wrought by candle-light.

Elücubro, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to write by candle-light.

Elücubror, äri, ätus. dep. to work by candle-light.

Elüdo, äre, lüsi, lüsum. act. to make an end of playing; to conquer at play; to elude; to shun; to parry; to avoid; to shift off; to make a fool of one; to mock; to chouse; to elude; to disappoint.

Elvenäca vitis. [ab *Elvio* oppido] a noble sort of wine.

Elügeo, äre, luxi, luctum. neut. to leave off mourning; to mourn for one the full time.

Elumbis, is, e. adj. one that has feeble loins, broken-backed.

Eluo, äre, lui, lütum. act. to wash out; to rinse; to make clean; to wash away; to wipe off; to clear himself of a thing.

Elütus, a, um. part. deluded, mocked, deceived, eluded.

Elütus, a, um. part. [ab eluo] washed, rinsed, watered. Adj. watery, plashy.

Elüvies, ei. f. [ab *eluo*] a waterpool, a bog, a quagmire; a common sewer or sink; the offscouring or filth of kennels and gutters; a dirty thing or person.

Elüvio, önis. f. a deluge, an inundation.

Eluxätus, a, um. part. out of joint, put out of its place.

Eluxürlo, äri, ätus. dep. to grow rank; to be over full of fruit or branches.

Elysiun, i. n. paradise.

Elysius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to Elysiun.

Emäcërätus, a, um. part. made lean.

Emäcesco, äre, —. neut. [ex e et maceo] to be lean, lank, or thin.

Emäcio, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to make lean; to macerate; to emaciate.

Emäcitas, ätis. f. [ab emo] a desire to be always buying.

Emacresco, äre, —. incept. to grow lean; to fall away.

Emaculo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to make clean; to take out spots; to correct.

Emädeo, äre, ui, —. act. to be wet.

Emäñat, impers. it becomes known abroad.

Emancipätio, önis. f. a setting free or at liberty.

Emancipätus, a, um. part. alienated, emancipated, enslaved, or under the power of another.

Emancipo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to emancipate; to set at liberty; to alienate; to sell; to make away one's title to another; to put to service; to enslave.

Emäno, äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to issue; to flow; to run out; to be spread abroad.

Emarcesco, äre, marci, —. incept. to wither; to fade away.

Emargino, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to tak; away the scurf about the brims of wounds and ulcers.

Emätüresco, äre, türui, —. incept. to grow full-ripe; to be at the highest; to be past.

Emax, äcis. adj. [ab emo] ready to buy, fond of buying.

Emamma, ätis. neut. all kinds of sauce.

Embäiter, äris. m. the hole or sight of a cross-bow.

Embläma, ätis. n. an emblem or picture-work of wood, stone, or metal; small images, flowers, or the like ornaments, set in bosses on plate; flowers of rhetoric.

Emböline, es. f. a shrub growing in Asia, the leaves where of are small, and good against poison.

Emböllum, i. n. the argument or first entry into a comedy, an interlude, a lynch-pin.

Emböllus, i. m. the bar of a door, a spoke, a pin, a wedge; the beak, head, or stem of a ship.

Emädullo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to take out the marrow of piñ; to take away the strength of; to declare; to lay open.

Emendäbilis, is, e. adj. amendable.

Emendäte, adv. purely, accurately, correctly.

Emendätio, önis. f. an emendation, reclaiming, or strengthening; redressing.

Emendätör, öris. m. a corrector, reformer, or amender.

Emendätrix, icis. f. she who corrects.

Emendätus, a, um. part. et adj. amended, made better, improved, redressed; reformed.

Emendäco, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to ask as a beggar; to beg.

Emendo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to [a mendä purgo] to reform; to amend; to correct; to make better; to heal; to take away.

Emensur, a, um. part. [ab eme tor] Act. that has measured or passed. Pass. measured or passed over.

Ementior, tri, ätus. dep. to lis

downright; to feign what is not true; to counterfeit; to forge; to pretend; to take upon him; to belie.

Ementitus, a, um. part. Act. that counterfeits, belies, or feigns. Pass. counterfeited, feigned.

Emercor, āri, ātus. dep. to buy.

Emēro, ēre, mēruī, mērtum. act. to merit; to deserve.

Emērkōr, āri, ātus. dep. to deserve; to win; to get. Pass. to be ended; to serve one's whole time.

Emergo, ēre, ei, sum. neut. to swim; to issue; to come out; to pop up; to appear; to show itself; to rise up; to escape; to recover; to extricate; to disentangle; to be manifest; to come to; to arrive at.

Emērtus, a, um. part. deserved, earned; complete, finished, ended; discharged, acquitted.

Emeraus, a, um. part. risen up, escaped.

Emeraus, ūs. m. a coming forth or out, a rising up.

Emētōr, īri, ensus. dep. to measure out; to bestow; to travel; to go or pass over; to finish; to make an end of.

Emēto, ēre, messui, messum. act. to reap; to mow down.

Emico, ēre, cul, —. neut. to shine forth; to jump, leap, or sally out; to assail; to rise; to mount; to grow; to spring; to spurt, gush, or issue forth; to start out; to show himself; to appear; to excel; to be eminent.

Emigro, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to go from one place to another; to remove.

Emīnatio, ōnis. f. [ab emīnor] a threatening aloud.

Emīnens, tis. part. et adj. appearing aloft, rising up, standing out. Adj. eminent, high, advanced, conspicuous, remarkable.

Emīnentia, e. f. a protuberance, a standing out; a surpassing; a relief in a picture or statue.

Emineo, ēre, ul, —. neut. et act. to stand or show itself above others; to be higher; to appear above; to overtop; to overhear; to excel; to be eminent; to be notorious or famous.

Emīnor, āri, ātus. dep. to threaten openly.

Emīnulus, a, um. adj. rising somewhat in height, sticking out a little.

Eminus, adv. far off, aloof, at a distance.

Emīror, āri, ātus. dep. to won-

der greatly at; to gaze at a distance.

Emisceo, ēre, cul, tum. act. to All out; to pour out.

Emissārium, i. n. a sluice, sink, a flood-gate, a wear, or water-gate.

Emissārius, a, um. adj. sent out, put forth, put apart for breeding.

Emissārius, i. m. an emissary, a trepan, an informer, an accuser suborned; a missionary; one appointed as an officer to procure, to bribe, or bring tales; a messenger at hand; a setter for thieves; a picqueteer, one of the vanguard; a procurer, a pimp.

Emissio, ōnis. f. a hurling or shooting forth; a bounce, a discharge; a casting out, an emission.

Emissitio, a, um. adj. that is sent or cast out.

Emissus, a, um. part. sent forth, hurled, or flung, let out, uttered, freed, delivered.

Emitto, ēre, misi, missum. act. to send forth or out; to let go; to escape; to throw away; to publish; to hurl; to fling; to let out; to empty; to breed or lay; to utter; to make one free.

Emo, ēre, ēmi, em, ātum. act. to take; to obtain; to purchase; to buy; to bribe; to hire.

Emolūlandus, a, um. part. to be sung or tuned.

Emollōr, īri, ītus. dep. to accomplish; to effect; to stir or raise up; to cast out by force.

Emollesco, ēre, —. incept. to grow soft and supple.

Emollio, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to make soft or pliant; to supple; to loosen; to effeminate; to civilise.

Emolo, ēre. act. to grind thoroughly; to spend; to consume.

Emolūmentum, i. n. profit, benefit, advantage; availment, consequence, importance, interest.

Emōriōr, mōri, mortuus. n. dep. to die.

Emortuālis dies, the day of one's death.

Emortuus, a, um. part. dead, senseless, dull.

Emoveo, a, um. part. [ab emoveo] removed, cast off, stirred, cast up, disturbed; thrown off; sent away or caused to depart.

Emoveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to put out of its place; to transplant; to remove.

Emstrōn, i. n. the herb called saffron or saffrage.

Empūlis, is. f. earnestness, ex-

press signification of an intent.

Empirice es. f. skill in physic got by mere practice; quackery.

Empiricus, i. m. a physician by practice only; a quack, an empiric, a mountebank.

Emplastriō, ōnis. f. a kind of grafting or inoculating.

Emplastror, āri, ātus. pass. to be grafted or inoculated.

Emplastum, i. n. a plaster or salve, of divers things; a plaster of clay or wax to lay on a graft.

Emplecton opus, work well knit and couched together.

Emporēticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to merchants.

Emporium, i. n. a market-town; a place where a fair is kept, a mart.

Empio, ōnis. f. a getting, acquiring, buying, or purchasing.

Emptionālis, is. e. adj. using to buy proscribed goods.

Emptitius, a, um. adj. that is or may be bought or hired for money.

Emptio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab emo] to use to buy; to buy often.

Empor, ōis. m. a purchaser, buyer, or chapman.

Empus, a, um. part. [ab emo] purchased, procured; bought; bribed.

Emūcidus, a, um. adj. very mouldy.

Emūgio, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to bellow out; to cry aloud.

Emulgeo, ēre, ei, sum v. ctum. act. to milk out; to stroke.

Emulus, a, um. part. drawn dry; drained.

Emunctio, ōnis. f. [ab emungo] a sniffing or wiping the nose.

Emunctus, a, um. part. snuffed, wiped; cheated, choused.

Emundo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cleanse.

Emungo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to wipe or sniff the nose; to cheat one of his money.

Emūnio, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to fence; to inclose; to secure.

Emūntus, a, um. part. fortified.

Emuscor, āri, ātus. pass. to be cleared or rid of moss.

Emūtus, a, um. part. changed.

Emūto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to change for the better.

En, adv. lo, see, behold.

Enargia, e. f. evidence, clearness of expression.

Enarrābilis, is. e. adj. that may be declared or showed.

Enarratio, ōnis. f. a plain declaration, exposition, or interpretation.

Enarro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to

tell things at length; to recite the particulars; to rehearse; to declare; to display; to expound.

Enascor, i, ātus, *to grow or spring out of a thing; to be born of.*

Enāto, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. *to swim out; to swim to land; to escape; to disentangle.*

ātus, a, um, part. [ab enascor] *grown out, sprung up.*
āvigo, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. *to sail out or through; to land; to escape; to get out of.*

ānenia, ārum, pl. n. *anniversary feasts on the days whereon cities were built.*

Encardia, e, f. *a precious stone having in it the form of a heart.*

Encarpa, pl. n. *flower or fruit-work, graven on chaplars of pillars.*

Encaustice, es, et **Encaustica**, e, f. *enamelling, a making images with fire. Vid. Cera-cetrum.*

Encausticus, a, um, adj. *enamelled or wrought with fire.*

Encaustum, i, n. *varnish, enamel; a sort of picture wrought with fire.*

Encaustus, a, um, adj. *enamelled or wrought with fire.*

Enchūsa, e, f. *a kind of bugloss.*

Endrōmis, idis, f. *a thick shag mantle.*

Enēco v. **Enīco**, āre, ui et āvi, tum et ātum, act. *almost to kill or slay; to trouble; to plague; to tease.*

Enectus, a, um, part. [ab eneco] *almost slain or killed; almost dead.*

Enervātus, a, um, part. *feeble, faint, heartless, soft, effeminate.*

Enervis, is, e, adj. *feeble, weak, faint, lank, slim.*

Enervo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to enervate; to debilitate; to enfeeble; to effeminate.*

Engnāsi, indecl. *a sign in the firmament.*

Engnāstus, a, um, adj. *having several angles.*

Enhydri, idis, f. *an adder or water-snake; an otter.*

Enhydros, i, m. *a round stone, smooth and white, wherein somewhat seems to move to and fro.*

Eulm, conj. *for, truly, forsooth; but, therefore, indeed, yea.*

Eulmvero, conj. *verily, truly, indeed; forsooth, I warrant you; on the other part; really.*

Enūma, a, um, part. [ab enitor] *clambering, endeavouring, endeavoured.*

Enīleo, āre, ui, — n. *to shine; to appear fair or bright; to be famous and renowned.*

Enītesco, āre, incept. *to shine; to become glorious.*

Enītor, i, īsus et īxus, dep. *to climb up with pain; to clamber; to tug; to pull; to endeavour; to strain hard; to travail with child; to bring forth; to farrow; to yearn.*

Enīxe, adv. *earnestly, with tooth and nail.*

Enīxus, a, um, part. *having endeavoured; strenuous, laborious, industrious; having brought forth, farrowed, yearned.*

Enīxus, ūs, m. *travailing or delivery of young; a foaling, yearning, &c.*

Ennēphylion, i, n. *a certain herb with nine long leaves.*

Eno, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. *to swim out; to escape; to pass through.*

Enōdāte, adv. *clearly, plainly, evidently.*

Enōdātio, ōnis, f. *an explication or explanation.*

Enōdātus, a, um, part. *having the knots cut off; explained; made manifest or evident.*

Enōdis, is, e, adj. [ex e et nodus, i. e. sine nodo] *knottless, smooth, plain, without difficulty.*

Enōdō, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to unknot; to cut away the knots of trees; to declare; to explain; to elucidate; to expound.*

Enormis, is, e, adj. [ex e et norma] *out of rule, out of square, irregular; enormous, anomalous; exceedingly great, huge, enormous.*

Enormiter, adv. *unmeasurably, irregularly.*

Enōtesco, āre, tui, — incept. *to come to knowledge; to be known.*

Enōto, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to mark or gather out; to observe.*

Ens, tis, part. [a sum] *being, accurately in use.*

Ens, tis, u, a *being.*

Enscūlus, i, m. dim. *a little sword or rapier.*

Ensis, āra, ārum, adj. *that bears a sword.*

Ensisger, āra, ārum, adj. *sword-bearing.*

Ensis, is, m. *a sword, a rapier, a tuck; an office, a command; government.*

Entērocliticus, a, um, adj. *belonging to the falling of the guts.*

Entēatus, a, um, inspired by a god.

Entheus, a, um, adj. *sacred, inspired.*

Enthymēma, ātis, n. *an argument drawn from contraries; an imperfect syllogism, wanting the major or minor proposition; an enthymem.*

Enūbo, āre, psi, pium, neut. *to be married out of one's order, state or degree.*

Enucleāte, adv. *clearly, politely, exactly, plainly.*

Enucleātus, a, um, part. *declared, made manifest, thoroughly scrutinised, sifted and weighed.*

Enucleo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *take out the kernel; to declare; to expound; to explain.*

Enūdo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to make naked or bare; to expound; to lay open.*

Enūmērāto, ōnis, f. *a reckoning up, a rehearsing or enumeration.*

Enūmēro, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to enumerate; to count; to recite; to reckon up; to pay.*

Enūntiāto, ōnis, f. *an axiom, a maxim, a proposition.*

Enūntiātus, a, um, adj. *expressive, apt to pronounce or propose.*

Enūntiātrix, icis, f. *she that pronounces or speaks.*

Enūntiāto, i, n. *a proposition; the minor of a syllogism.*

Enūntiātus, a, um, part. *uttered, declared, signified.*

Enūntio, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to utter; to deliver; to pronounce; to speak; to tell; to declare; to publish; to disclose; to reveal.*

Enūptio, ōnis, f. *a woman's marrying out of her tribe, or quality.*

Enūtrio, ire, ivi, itum, act. *to nourish; to feed; to cherish; to maintain.*

Eo, ire, ivi, itum, neut. *to go; to walk; to come; to sail; to fly away; to flow; to swim; to proceed.*

Eo, adv. *thither or to that place; to that pass or condition; therefore or thereupon; to that end; so far as.*

Eodem, adv. *to the same place, to the same purpose, to the same state or condition.*

Eou v. **Eōne**, es, f. *the tree whereof the ship Argo was made.*

Eos, ōis, f. *the morning.*

Eōus, a, um, adj. *eastern; oriental.*

Eōus, i, m. *the day-star; one of the horses of the sun.*

Eōusque, adv. *so far forth; so long; to that height.*

Epigon, ontia, m. *a truckle in a crane or like engine.*

Epiphērēsis, is, f. *a rounding or polling of the hair, and cutting it into steps.*

Epastus, a, um. part. eaten.
Epēticus, a, um. adj. of the liver.
Ephebeum, i. n. the place where young men wrestled and exercised themselves.
Ephebus, i. m. a stripling of fourteen years of age; a youth, a lad.
Ephēlis, idos. f. a certain cuticular disease.
Ephēmeris, idis. f. a day-book, a journal, a cash book, an almanack, an ephemeris.
Ephēmeron v. rum. i. n. the herb hermodactyl; May-lilies; lily of the valley, meadow-saffron.
Epialtes, m. m. the disease commonly called the night-mare.
Ephippiatus, a, um. saddled; that rides with a saddle.
Ephippium, i. n. the harness of a horse, a saddle, a housing or horsecloth.
Ephorus, i. m. a Lacedæmonian magistrate, the same with a Tribune in Rome.
Epibola v. Epibates, m. m. a soldier serving at sea or on ship-board. Lat. Classarius.
Epibathra, m. f. a scale or ladder.
Epicauma, ktis. n. a foul sore in the eyes.
Epichrōma, ktis. n. a proof of a proposition by argument.
Epichysis, i. f. a large vessel out of which wine was poured into cups or glasses; a funnel.
Epicænus, a, um. adj. common, epicene, of both sexes or kinds.
Epicæcus, a, um. adj. yellow or saffron-coloured.
Epicūreus, a, um. adj. of the sect of Epicurus.
Epicūrus, i. m. an epicure or one that gives himself wholly to pleasure.
Epicus, a, um. adj. epic or belonging to epic poetry.
Epillecticus, a, um. adj. demonstrative. Lat. Demonstrativum.
Epidipnis, idis. f. a collation, a treat after supper.
Epidromis, idis. i. the arming of a net.
Epidromus, i. m. the mizen sail in a ship.
Epiglottis v. Epiglossus, idis. f. the cover or flap of the windpipe.
Epigramma, ktis. n. an inscription upon a statue or monument; an epigram; a brand, a fugitive's mark.
Epigrammation, i. n. a short epigram or inscription.
Epilogue, i. m. a conclusion or

close of a speech; an epilogue of a play.
Epimædion v. Epimedium, i. n. the name of a plant.
Epimælus, ktis. m. a white precious stone, having a blackish colour over it.
Epimēnia, drum. pl. n. small presents sent from Africa to Rome every month; a soldier's monthly pay.
Epimēnidium, i. n. a kind of onion.
Epimicion, i. n. a song in triumph.
Epinyctis, idis. f. a wheal, a push rising in the skin by night, a sore in the eye.
Epipetros, i. m. an herb which never flowers, and comes spontaneously.
Epiphonēma, ktis. n. a smart close at the end of a narration, a moral reflection, a figure of rhetoric.
Epiphora, m. f. the watering or dropping of the eye by reason of the rheum; the fall of water into the code, womb, belly, &c.
Epiploctē, es. f. a kind of rupture, when the caul falls into the code.
Epirhēdium, i. n. al. Epirrheidium, a wagon or cart; the harness of a cart-horse.
Epischidion, i. n. et Epischis, idis. f. a wedge.
Episcōpius, a, um. adj. spying, searching for.
Episcōpus, i. m. an overseer, a lord lieutenant of a county.
Epistates, m. m. an overseer, a proctor, a steward, or bailiff.
Epistola, m. f. an epistle, a letter sent. [Epistola is considered, by some critics, as distinguished from *Littera*, by its denoting a letter written for the purpose of communicating instruction, as Pauli Epistolæ, The Epistles of Paul. When instruction is intended, *epistola*, is the preferable term; but it is frequently used as synonymous with *littera*.]
Epistolāris, ie, e. adj. serving to write letters.
Epistolium, i. n. dim. a little epistle or letter.
Epistomium, i. n. a cock or spout in a conduit; a tap, a spigot, a bung, the stop in an organ.
Epistrōphe, es. f. a figure when several sentences end in the same word.
Epistylum, i. n. the chapter of a pillar.
Epitaphium, i. n. an epitaph, a funeral song or verse.
Epithēca, m. f. an addition.
Epitheton, v. Epithetum, i. n. an epithet.

Epithymon, i. m. a weed which grows winding about thyme.
Epitōgium, i. n. a tabard, a garment worn upon a gown.
Epitōme, es. et Epitoma, m. f. an abridgment; an epitome, an abstract, an extract.
Epitōnium, i. n. an instrument wherewith cords are stretched; a pin or peg in a stringed instrument.
Epitoxia, idis. f. the notch in cross-bow.
Epityrum, i. n. a kind of salsa made of olives, with oil, vinegar, cummin, fennel, rue, and mint; used to be served up with cheese.
Epizygia, is. f. the hole wherein the nut of the steel bow lies.
Epodes, is. m. a kind of fish.
Epodus, i. f. a kind of verse; a title of a book of Horace.
Epōs, indecl. a verse, a poem.
Epoto, are, avi, ātum. et pōtum. act. to drink up; to suck in.
Epotus, a, um. part. drunk up; swallowed, sucked up.
Epulæ, ārum. pl. f. [qu. edipulæ] banquets, feasts, victuals, dishes of meat; a regale; any sort of food for any creature.
Epullāris, ie, e. adj. belonging to feasts or banquets.
Epullatio, onis. f. a feasting, regaling, or banqueting; a banquet or feast.
Epulatus, a, um. part. having feasted or made good cheer.
Epulo, onis. m. one of the three officers in Cicero's time whose duty it was to furnish banquets for Jupiter and the rest of the gods; the same officer, after the number of public sports was increased.
Epulor, āri, ātus. dep. et trāns. to banquet; to feast; to eat.
Epulum, i. n. contr. pro Edipulum, a solemn feast or banquet; a great treat, a regale, a meal. [Vid. Convivium.]
Equa, m. f. a mare.
Equūria, m. f. a herd of horses or a stud of mares.
Equūrius, a, um. adj. belonging to a horse.
Eques, ktis. c. g. a horseman; a man of arms among the Romans; a knight or chevalier; one of the three orders in Rome; a horse; the cavalry of an army; the place in the theatre where the knights sat.
Æquestris v. Equestris, ie, e. adj. of or belonging to a horse or horsemen; knightly.
Æquestris, um. pl. n. fourteen seats in the theatre, for the gentry to sit in, and see shows and plays.
Æquidem. conj. verily, truly, indeed.
Æquiferus, i. m. a wild horse.

Equus, *is*, *n.* a stable for horses.
Equinus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to a horse.
Equio, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*, *neut.* to desire to go to horse.
Equiria, *orum*, *pl. n.* certain horse-ridings or races.
Equitallis v. **Equisetis**, *is*, *f.* et **Equisetum**, *i*, *n.* horsetail.
Equiso, *onis*, *m.* a horse's rider or master; an equerry or groom of a stable; a jockey, a horse-master.
Equitabilis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* easy to be ridden upon or that may be ridden over.
Equitatio, *onis*, *f.* a riding.
Equitatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* ridden.
Equitatus, *us*, *m.* the act of riding; a company of horsemen, the horse, the cavalry.
Equito, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to ride; to sit a horse; to bestride a horse; to gallop along.
Equula, *m*, *f.* *dim.* [abequa] a mare or filly.
Equuleus, *i*, *m.* a horse colt; a little horse, a nag; an instrument of torture made like a horse.
Equulus, *i*, *m.* *dim.* a colt.
Equus, *i*, *m.* a horse; an engine of war, otherwise called aries; a sea-fish; a star.
Eradicatus, *adv.* from the very root.
Eradico, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to pluck up by the roots; to grub; to root up; to destroy utterly.
Erado, *ere*, *rasi*, *rasum*, *act.* to scrape off or out; to put out; to blot out; to efface.
Eraus, *a*, *um*, *part.* raised or scraped out; blotted, effaced; put out of pension or pay; clean taken out.
Erisco, *ire*, — to divide goods or lands.
Eriscor, *i*, — *dep.* to divide lands between divers heirs.
Erebeus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* infernal.
Erectio, *onis*, *f.* a lifting up or rearing; an erection.
Erectus, *a*, *um*, *part.* et *adj.* [aberigo] made erect or upright, standing upright, raised high; pro¹, haughty; stout, courageous; intent, earnest; sublime, aspiring; gay, sprightly.
Ereptione (potius e regione) just over against; straight, directly.
Ereptio, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to sail over.
Erepto, *ire*, *si*, *tum*, *neut.* to creep out; to get out hastily; to pass over with difficulty; to ascend gradually.
Ereptio, *onis*, *f.* [ab eripio] a violent taking away.

Erepto, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *freg.* [ab erepo] to creep along often.
Ereptor, *oris*, *m.* [ab eripio] a spoiler, a taker away by force, a robber, a ravisher.
Ereptus, *a*, *um*, *part.* taken away from, taken out; delivered, saved, rescued; stolen; dend.
Eretria, *m*, *f.* [ab Eretriâ regione] a kind of ceruse.
Ergo, *prep.* towards; against, over against.
Ergastularius, *i*, *m.* a keeper of a workhouse; a jailor or keeper of a prison or house of correction.
Ergastulum, *i*, *n.* a workhouse, a house of correction, a prison; a slave or prisoner.
Ergastus, *m*, *f.* an engine called a capstan, a wind-beam, or draw-beam, a crane; an iron crow.
Ergo, *conj.* therefore, then; a particle of explication for inquam; for, because, for one's sake.
Erica, *m*, *f.* the sweet broom, heath, or ting.
Ericaeus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* found or gathered upon heath or ting.
Ericaeus et Ericius, *i*, *m.* an urchin or hedge-hog; a warlike engine, made of iron, full of sharp-pointed nails or spikes.
Erigeron, *tis*, *m.* the herb groundsel.
Erigidus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* very cold.
Erigo, *ere*, *rexi*, *rectum*, *act.* [ab e et rego] to erect; to make upright; to build up; to found; to lift or hold up; to set up; to advance; to succour; to comfort; to relieve; to make famous; to rouse; to excite; to draw up an army.
Erigonēus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of *Erigone* or the dog-star.
Erinaceus, *i*, *m.* a hedge-hog.
Eriphia, *m*, *f.* an herb which some call hollow-root or holywort.
Eripio, *ere*, *pui*, *reptum*, *act.* [ex e et rapio] to take away by force; to pluck or pull out; to snatch; to take away; to free; to deliver; to rescue.
Erisma, *utis*, *n.* a short ladder.
Erisma, *m*, *f.* an arch, buttress, or prop.
Erithace, *es*, *f.* a kind of war or honey; a red juice in the honey-comb of bees.
Erithacus, *i*, *m.* a robin red-breast.
Erithales, *is*, *f.* the herb prick-madam, sengreen, or house-leek.

Erivo, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* [ex e et rivus] to drain away water by a sluice.
Erix, *scis*, *broom*. *vid.* *Erica*.
Erneum, *i*, *n.* a cake baked in an earthen pot.
Erodo, *ere*, *si*, *sum*, *act.* to gnaw off or out; to eat into.
Ergatio, *onis*, *f.* a bestowing or laying out; a profuse spending of money; a liberal distribution.
Ergatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* distributed, delivered out, bestowed, defrayed, disbursed.
Ergito, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *ire* [ab erogo] to desire heartily to exert.
Erogo, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to make a law and order for the employing and laying out the public money; to layout and bestow a thing upon.
Erosus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [aberodo] gnawn round about; eaten into.
Erotopægnion, *i*, *n.* a poem of *Livius Andronicus* concerning lovers, a romance.
Erotylos, *i*, *m.* a precious stone like a flint, used in divination.
Errabundus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* wandering, bewildered, straying, vagrant.
Erraticus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* unfixed, wandering, or straying abroad; wild.
Erratio, *onis*, *f.* a wandering, erring, mistaking, a going out of the way; mutability, inconstancy.
Erratum, *i*, *n.* a mistake; a fault, a thing done amiss, a miscarriage.
Erratur, *impers.* they are mistaken.
Erratus, *a*, *um*, *part.* wandered about, strayed over.
Erro, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*, *neut.* to rove; to roam; to saunter up and down; to wander; to straggle; to go out of the way; to walk abroad; to mistake; to misunderstand; to be mistaken; to offend; not to understand; to be at a loss; to graze; to feed; to pasture.
Erro, *onis*, *m.* a wanderer, a loiterer, a stroller, a vagrant, a vagabond, a starter aside, a straggler, a landleaper, a gadder, a fugitive.
Erroneus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* running up and down; erroneous.
Error, *oris*, *m.* a maze or wandering; a winding or turning out of the way; a deceit or surprise; an error or mistake; a wrong or false opinion; a weakness or infirmity.
Erubescendus, *a*, *um*, *part.* that

one ought to be ashamed of; base, mean, poor, sorry.

Erubescō, ēre, būi, —. incept. to be red; to colour; to blush; to flush; to be ashamed.

Erica, æ. f. a palmer or canker worm; the herō rocket.

Eruco, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. to belch; to throw up.

Erudēritus, a, um. part. cleansed from rubbish.

Erudio, ire, īvi, itum. act. to teach; to instruct; to inform; to direct; to bring up; to exercise. [*Docere* differs from *erudire* as follows: The former is to give information or instruction, with no reference to the previous state of the person instructed; the latter implies his previous want of culture and tuition.]

Erudite, adv. learnedly, skillfully.

Eruditio, ōnis. f. learning, scholarship, science, literature, erudition.

Eruditrix, icis. f. a mistress or teacher.

Eruditus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat learned. Subst. a smatterer.

Eruditus, a, um. part. et adj. taught, instructed, bred up, practised in. Adj. inured, accustomed; learned, skillful; curious, nice.

Erugio, ōnis. f. a taking away of wrinkles.

Erugo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to take away wrinkles; to make smooth.

Ervilla v. Ervilla, æ. f. et **Ervillum, i. n.** a kind of vetches.

Erumpo, ēre, ūpi, uptum. neut. et act. to break, gush, or burst out; to sally out; to attack; to set violently upon; to vent; to discharge; to come abroad to men's knowledge; to show; to discover.

Erunco, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to weed out; to pull out weeds.

Eruo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to pluck; to root; to tear up; to scratch; to pull out; to search out; to bring forth; to dig up; to subvert; to overthrow.

Eruptio, ōnis. f. a bursting forth; a gushing out; an issuing; a breaking forth; an eruption; a violent assailing; a sally.

Erutus, a, um. part. plucked or weeded out, cast up, digged or taken up, subverted and overthrown; pulled up by the roots; found out or discovered.

Ervum, i. n. a kind of pulse like vetches or tares.

Eryngion, i. n. sea-holm or sea-holly.

Erysimum, i. n. a kind of seed or an herb; wild cresses, hedge-mustard.

Erysipilas, itis. n. a swelling full of heat and redness; a sore commonly called Saint Anthony's fire.

Erysiceptrum, i. n. English galingale; base or flat vervain.

Erythraie, es. f. an herb with a yellow flower, and leaved like *acanthus*.

Erythraie, es. f. that wherewith the bees join the outermost part of their combs.

Erythrinus, i. m. a sea-fish, all red except the belly.

Erythreus, a, um. adj. red or belonging to the Red Sea.

Erythrinus, i. m. a sea-fish, all red but the belly, which is white.

Erythricismus, i. m. a kind of orange.

Erythrodanum, i. n. an herb having a red root; madder, that dyes use.

Erythros, i. m. sunnack, a shrub, the leaves whereof curriers use to dress their leather.

Echa, æ. f. meat, food, a bait to catch fishes or birds with.

Escurius, a, um. adj. [*ab esca*] pertaining to meat.

Escendo, ēre, i, nsum. to ascend; to go up.

Eschateoblon, i. n. the latter end of a book.

Esculentus, ōrum. n. meat, esculents.

Esculentus, a, um. adj. esculent, any thing to be eaten or pertaining to eating.

Esculetum, i. n. [*ab esculus*] a grove of beeches.

Esculeus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a beech.

Esculinus, a, um. adj. made of beech.

Esculus, i. f. a beech or mast-tree.

Esso, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. to eat often; to use to eat.

Esos v. Exos, ōcis. m. a great fish in the river Rhine, a laz, a salmon.

Estēda, æ. f. a chariot, chaise, a waggon.

Estēdarius, ii. m. a waggon or cart maker; a carter, a waggoner; a charioteer; he who fights in a chariot.

Estēdum, i. n. [*vox Gallica*] a wain, chariot, or waggon; a chaise used by the Gauls and Britons.

Essentia, æ. f. the being of any thing; essence.

Esto, impers. [*a verbo sum*] put

the case it be so; be it or suppose it to be so.

Estrix, icis. f. a female raven or great eater.

Estur [*a verbo ēdo*] it is eaten.

Estūria, is, e. adj. belonging to fasting.

Estūriens, tis. part. being hungry; greedy, covetous.

Estūries, ei. f. hunger; niggardliness or misery.

Estūrio, ire, īvi, itum. [*ab ēdo, ēsum*] to desire to eat; to hunger; to be hungry; to be poor.

Esturio, ōnis. m. a hungry fellow.

Esturtio, ōnis. f. hunger, one's being hungry.

Esturtor, ōris. f. one that is often hungry.

Et, conj. and, also, yet, even, both, and afterwards, although.

Etenim, conj. for, because, that, and also, but.

Etēsiā vitis, a. sort of vine.

Etēsias, æ. m. a north-east wind that blows constantly every year for forty days together in the dog-days.

Etēsius, a, um. adj. yearly or belonging to the eastern winds.

Ethologia, æ. f. the art or skill of counterfeiting men's manners; a figure in rhetoric.

Ethologus, i. m. he that expresses other men's manners by voice or gesture; a jester, a buffoon, a mimic.

Etiam, conj. [*ab et et iam*] also, too, yea, further.

Etiamnum, adv. as yet, to this very time, still.

Etiamsi, conj. though, although.

Etsi, conj. although, albeit.

Etymologia, æ. f. etymology, one of the four parts of grammar.

Etymon, i. n. the etymon or original of a word.

Eu, interj. rarely done! O brave!

Evācuo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to empty; to make void; to evacuate.

Evādo, ēre, si, sum. neut. et act. to elude away; to get out of; to glide; to evade;

to avoid; to pass over; to get or come to; to go or reach;

to climb; to mount; to become; to grow; to come to pass.

Evāgitio, ōnis. f. a wandering, a roving abroad.

Evāgitus, a, um. part. wandered, strayed, rambled abroad.

Evāgor, āri, ātus. dep. to wander; to stray; to rove about;

to ramble; to grow luxuriant; to overflow; to spread; to digress from his purpose.

Evaleo, ēre, ui, ſum. neut. to be of power; to be able.

Evaleſco, ēre, — incept. to become very ſtrong; to proſper; to grow.

Evallo, ēre, ūl, ſum. act. to winnow corn or make it clean.

Evan, tis. m. a cry of the Bacchantſ; Bacchus.

Evaneſco, ēre, nul. — incept. to waſh away; to diſappear; to periſh and be loſt; to decay; to fade; to wear away; to be conſumed; to grow out of eſteem.

Evangelus, i. m. a bringer of good tidings.

Evānidiſ, a, um. adj. vain, ſeaſy, fading, apt to decay, frail, periſhable.

Evans, tis. part. ſhoutiug in praiſe of Bacchus.

Evaporatio, ōniſ. f. a breathing or ſteamiug out; an evaporation.

Evastatus, a, um. part. laid waſte.

Evasto, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to waſte; to deſtroy.

Evax, interj. a word of joy, a huzzā.

Evectus, a, um. part. carried or brought out; mounted; advanced, extolled; carried through or beyond.

Evectus, ūs. m. carriage, conveyance by ſhip or otherwiſe.

Evēho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to carry out; to export; to convey; to extol; to lift up; to exalt; to promote; to praiſe; to advance.

Evello, ēre, velli et vulſi, vulsum. act. to pluck up or out; to pull off; to twitch; to deliver; to root out; to aboliſh.

Evēni, ire, vēni, entum. neut. to come out; to proceed; to come; to happen by chance; to come to paſs; to fall out; to fall to one's lot.

Evēni, impers. it happens or falls out.

Eventillo, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to winnow; to fan; to ventilate.

Eventum, i. n. the event or iſſue.

Eventus, ūs. m. hap, chance, ſucceſs; an incident, a ſequel; the end, iſſue or event; a god worſhipped chiefly by husbandmen.

Everbero, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to beat; to pummel; to ſlap; to ply.

Everso, ēre, — act. to caſt or ſend forth.

Everticulum, i. n. a drag-net, a ſweep or draw-net; one who by extortion robs the country.

Everro, ēre, i, ſum. act. to ſweep clean or away; to

bruſh; to ſcrub; to examine curiouſly; to ſift.

Eversio, ōniſ. f. [ab averto] an overſion, ſubverſion, overthrowiug; a ruin, a deſtruction, an overthrow.

Eversor, ōriſ. m. an overthrower, demolisher, ſubverter or deſtroyer.

Eversus, a, um. part. [ab averto] overthrowen, overturned, deſtroyed, caſt down, ruined, broken, ſhattered; ploughed, turned out of; ſore loſſed.

Eversus, a, um. part. [ab everro] bruſhed, ſcrubbed; robbed, pillaged.

Everso, ēre, i, ſum. act. to turn upſide down; to turn out of; to overthrow; to deſtroy; to batter; to beat down; to ſubvert; to overſet; to dig down; to confound.

Eveſtigatus, a, um. part. found or traced out.

Eveſtigio, adv. [melius e veſtigio] inſtantly, forthwith.

Euglacton, i. n. a kind of herb, good to breed milk.

Euge, interj. O brave! well done!

Eugenia, æ. f. [æc. uva] an excellent ſort of grapes.

Eugēpe, interj. O brave boy! rarely ſaid or done.

Euhōo, interj. ho! ho! oho!

Evictus, a, um. part. overcome, convicted by law, caſt, proved guilty, prevailed upon; cut down.

Evidenter, adv. clearly, manifeſtly, evidently, apparently, plainly.

Evidentia, æ. f. evidence. perſpicuity, clearneſs; notoriety.

Evigilatus, a, um. part. done by watchfulneſs, care or good advice.

Evigilo, ēre, āvi, ſum. neut. to watch; to be diligent, careful, and laborious; to awake; to ſtudy by night.

Evileſco, ēre, lui, — incept. to grow cheap, and of ſmall eſteem.

Evinclo, ire, vincli, vinctum. act. to bind; to tie about.

Evincio, ēre, vici, victum. act. to vanquiſh; to ſubdue; to maſter; to evince; to prove; to juſtify; to bear down; to overtop; to prevail; to gain his point.

Evinctus, a, um. part. bound, tied up; fettered, manacled.

Eviratio, ōniſ. f. a gelding; a weakening or diſcouraging.

Eviratus, a, um. part. effeminate.

Evro, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to geld; to make effeminate; to weaken; to unman.

Evisceratus, a, um. part. embowelled, gutted.

Eviscero, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to bowel; to draw out the garge or guts.

Evitabilis, is, e. adj. avoidable that may be ſhunned.

Evitatio, ōniſ. f. an eſchewing eluding, avoiding or ſhunning.

Evitatus, a, um. part. avoided ſhunned.

Evlto, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to ſhun; to evade; to elude; to eſcape; to flee; to avoid.

Eulogia, æ. f. praiſe or benediction; a good and probable reaſon.

Eunēce, is. f. a kind of balm.

Eumētris, is. f. a precious ſtone like a flint; which being put under the head cauſes ſtrange dreams.

Eunuchion, i. n. a kind of broad lettuce, ſo cold, that it allays the heat of luſt.

Eunuchus, i. m. a eunuch, a caſtrated man.

Evocatio, ōniſ. f. a calling forth, an invocation or a calling upon.

Evocator, ōriſ. m. one that calls forth.

Evocatus, a, um. part. called out, ſummoned, implored, let out.

Evocatus, i. m. a veteran ſoldier, who, after his diſmiſſion, was called again to ſervice; one of the emperor's guards; a penſioner or ſquire of the body.

Evoco, ēre, āvi, ſum. act. to call out; to bid to come forth; to call forth or away; to invite; to entice; to provoke; to challenge; to dare; to ſummon; to command; to appear; to implore; to conjure; to raiſe up; to draw forth; to cauſe to ſpring or come forth; to recall.

Eva, diſſyl. interj. A word of acclamation among the prieſts of Bacchus.

Evōho, Euhōo, Evox et Euoh, interj. a Bacchanalian acclamation.

Evōlaticus, a, um. adj. that flies and gads abroad.

Evollto, ēre, āvi, ſum. freq. to fly out often.

Evolo, ēre, āvi, ſum. neut. to fly out or away; to hie away ſpeedily; to paſs away quickly; to ruſh out ſpeedily; to eſcape; to get away from.

Evolvo, ēre, i, lūtum. act. to evolve; to roll or tumble away or over; to pull out; to unroll; to unweap; to unfold; to expound; to declare; to utter; to extricate; to diſengage; to caſt in one's mind; to ſearch out; to muſe; to think upon; to turn

over a book; to peruse; to sever.
Evōlūtio, ōnis. f. *evolution; a rolling over; a reading over.*
Evōlūtus, a, um. part. *unfolded, stripped off, turned out.*
Evomō, ēre, ul, ūtum. act. *to vomit up; to disgorge; to spue; to cast out; to speak despitefully or maliciously; to disemboag; to discharge.*
Eudōnymus, i. f. *the spindle-tree or prick-timber.*
Euphōbria, a, m. f. et **Euphōbrium**, i. n. *the herb agrimony or liver-wort.*
Euphōstōlos, i. f. *a precious stone of four colours; viz. fiery, blue, vermillion, and green; a kind of laurel.*
Euphorbia, a, f. *a tree first found by king Juba, which he so called from his physician, Euphorbus.*
Euphrōsyna, a, m. f. *borage or buggloss.*
Euphlea, a, m. f. *an herb of magical use.*
Eureos, el. f. *a precious stone like an olive-kernel.*
Eurius, a, um. adj. *eastern, of the east.*
Euripus, i. m. *an arm of the sea between Bœotia and Eubœa, now Negropont; another in Sicily; a canal, a pool, or stand of water; a ditch, trench, or moat, about a place; an inlet or small creek.*
Euroauster, tri. m. *a south-east wind.*
Eurōstus, i. m. *the south-east wind.*
Eurōstas, a, m. m. *a precious black stone.*
Eurus, i. m. *the east wind; the eastern parts.*
Eurythmia, a, m. f. *a graceful proportion and carriage of body.*
Euschēme, adv. *handsomely.*
Eusēbes, eos. adj. *pious or devout.*
Evulgo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to publish; to reveal; to spread abroad.*
Evulsiō, ōnis. f. *an evulsion; a plucking, pulling, or drawing out.*
Evulsus, a, um. part. *pulled or rooted up; drawn out or drained.*
Euzōmos, i. f. v. **Euzōmon**, i. n. *the herb rocket.*
Ex, prap. regit abl. *out of, from, of, for.* This preposition and the word governed by it may frequently be translated by an adverb; as **Ex animo**, *heartily*, better literally, *from the heart*, &c.
Exacerbātus, a, um. part. *soured, irritated, provoked to anger, stirred up.*

Exacerbo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to sour; to provoke; to anger; to exasperate.*
Exācesco, ēre, ācui, — incept. *to become sour, eager, tart, or sharp.*
Exācon, i. n. *one of the kinds of century.*
Exactio, ōnis. f. *exaction, a levying or gathering of public money, a driving out or expelling; a demanding, requiring, or dunning.*
Exactor, ōris. m. *a gatherer or receiver of money; a collector of taxes and tolls; a driver out, a nice person, a critic.*
Exactum, i. n. *an exact or absolute thing.*
Exactus, a, um. part. *passed over; thrust; driven out, exterminated, hurried, plagued; exacted, demanded; perfectly done and finished.*
Adj. *almost spent, accurate, exact, perfect, firm.*
Exactus, ūs. m. *a sale or utterance.*
Exācuō, ēre, cui, cūtum. act. *to whet; to sharpen; to make a sharp edge; to point; to quicken; to clear.*
Exācūtio, ōnis. f. *the pointing or making of a thing sharp.*
Exācūtus, a, um. part. et adj. *whetted, made sharp or pointed.*
Exadversum, adv. et **Exadversus**, over against.
Exedificātio, ōnis. f. *a building up or making of a thing perfect.*
Exedificātus, a, um. part. *built up.*
Exedifisco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to build up; to finish; to make an end; to cast out.*
Exequiātio, ōnis. f. *a levelling or equalling.*
Exequātus, a, um. part. *made equal, smooth, plain, level, adjusted.*
Exequo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make equal; to adjust; to make smooth and plain; to equalize.*
Exequor, āri, ātus. dep. *to equal; to make or count equal.*
Exestuo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to boil; to cast up waves and surges; to boil over; to be greatly moved.*
Exaggerātio, ōnis. f. *a heightening or a rhetorical heaping up of words.*
Exaggerātus, a, um. part. *heaped up, increased, amplified; enlarged, heightened, exaggerated.*
Exaggēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to heap up together; to enlarge; to increase; to am-*
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plify; to set off; to aggravate; to exaggerate; to heighten.
Exāgilātor, ōris. m. *a vexer, a disqueter, a teaser, an evil speaker, a persecutor.*
Exāgilātus, a, um. part. *harassed, driven out, banded, tossed to and fro, canvassed, prosecuted.*
Exāgito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to move; to rouse; to hunt up; to chase away; to persecute; to disturb; to disquiet; to provoke; to excite; to pester; to terrify; to discuss; to debate.*
Exāgōga, a, m. m. *a carrier away or exporter of goods.*
Exalbesco, ēre, — incept. *to grow pale and lean.*
Exalbidus, a, um. adj. *some-what pale or white.*
Exālūmīnātus, a, um. part. *clear like alum, orient.*
Exāmen, inis. n. *a swarm of bees, a flock, a shoal, a company; the tongue, beam, or needle of a balance; examination, test, trial.*
Exāminātus, a, um. part. *bred in swarms; examined, tried.*
Exāmino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to breed swarms; to examine; to try; to try by weight; to question; to pose; to collate; to eventilate.*
Exāmussim, adv. *exactly, completely, very perfectly.*
Exānīmālis, is, e. adj. *killng; without soul or life.*
Exānīmātio, ōnis. f. *a being troubled in mind, solicitude, a disheartening, a surprise.*
Exānīmātus, a, um. part. *troubled in mind, astonished, amazed; stunned, struck dead, faint, out of breath, without heart, as if dead.*
Exānīmils, is, e. adj. *astonished, lifeless, heartless, breathless; dead.*
Exānīmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et animus v. anima*] *to astonish; to stun; to exanimate; to kill.*
Exānīmus, a, um. adj. *heartless, lifeless.*
Exante, *melius ex ante*, before.
Exantlātus, a, um. part. *pumped out, exhausted; endured, undergone, performed.*
Exantlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to draw out; to empty; to suffer; to sustain; to endure; to overcome with great pain.*
Exaptus, a, um. adj. *very apt or fit, well compacted.*
Exārātus, a, um. part. *ploughed, defaced, digged up in ploughing, written.*
Exardeo, ēre, rai, raum. neut. *to be on fire; to be very fierce*

EXC

or hot; to burn; to be very vehement; to become terrible.

Xardesco, Ere, — — incept. to grow hot; to be very desirous.

Xârêño, Êri, factus. neut. to be made dry; to be dried up.

Xârêno, Âre, Âvi, Êtum. act. unde

Xârênor, Êri, Êtus. pass. to be purged from sand and gravel.

Xarô, Êre, ui, —. neut. to become dry.

Xâresco, Êre, — — neut. to be or grow dry; to wither; to pine; to decay; to fall away; to wear out of mind.

Xarmô, Âre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to unarm; to disarm; to weaken.

Xârô, Âre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to receive or get by ploughing; to plough; to dig up; to furrow; to write; to indite.

Xasperâtus, a, um. part. sharpened, vexed; embittered, irritated, exasperated.

Xasperô, Êre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to make rough; to whet; to make angry; to vex; to exasperate, to irritate.

Xauctôrâtus, a, um. part. cashiered, discharged, dismissed, disbanded, discarded.

Xauctôro, Âre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to discharge one from his place; to cashier; to disband; to dismiss out of service.

Xaudio, Ire, Ivi, Êtum. act. to hear perfectly; to hear; to regard.

Xauditus, a, um. part. heard, granted, regarded.

Xaugeo, Êre, auxi, auctum. act. to increase much.

Xaugurâlo, Onis. f. an unhallowing.

Xaugûro, Êre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to unhallow; to profane what was hallowed.

Xauspico, Êre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to do a thing unfortunately; to have ill luck; to come forth in an ill hour.

Xbibbo, Êre, i, Êtum. act. to drink.

Xcecûtus, a, um. part. blinded; stopped up.

Xcaco, Êre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to make blind; to put one's eyes out; to deprive one of one's reason; to stop; to choke; to hide.

Xcalceûtus, a, um. part. unshod, barefooted.

Xcalceo, Êre, Âvi, Êtum. act. to pull off one's shoes.

Xcalificatio v. Excalfâcio, Êre, feci, factum. act. to make very hot.

EXC

Excalfactio, ōnis. f. *a heating or making hot.*
 Excalfactorius, a, um. adj. *that heats or is apt to heat.*
 Excalfio, ēri, factus. *to be made hot.*
 Excandēfācio, ēre, fēci, factum. *to be made very hot, white, or angry.*
 Excandescētia, æ. f. *great heat or anger.*
 Excandesco, ēre, dui, — incept. *to wax very hot; to be very angry; to be in a fume.*
 Excantātia, a, um. part. *charmed out of its place.*
 Excanto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to enchant; to charm; to bewitch; by enchanting to bring from a place.*
 Examificātia, a, um. part. *quartered, cut in pieces.*
 Examifico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to quarter; to cut in pieces; to torment.*
 Excāvatio, ōnis. f. *a making hollow.*
 Excāvo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to scoop; to make hollow.*
 Excēditur, impers. *it is departed; people depart.*
 Excēdo, ēre, ssi, ssum. neut. *to depart; to go forth; to be gone; to go; to come; to arrive at last; to die; to exceed; to surmount; to surpass.*
 Excellens, tis. part. et adj. *high, rising, topping, excelling, surmounting, transcendent, excellent.*
 Excellenter, adv. *excellently, passing well, transcendently.*
 Excellentia, æ. f. *excellency, excellence, transcendancy.*
 Excello, ēre, ui, celsum. neut. *to be high; to ascend; to excel; to pass; to surmount.*
 Excelse, adv. *haughtily, loftily, on high, highly.*
 Excelsitas, ātis. f. *height, loftiness, altitude, haughtiness, nobleness.*
 Excelsus, a, um. adj. *high, tall, lofty, noble, stately.*
 Exceptio, ōnis. f. [*ab excipio*] *an exception or clause, restraining in some part; a generality, a reserve, an exception required by the defendant, to be made in the form of a process or suit.*
 Exceptitius, a, um. adj. *that is taken or received; kept back, excepted.*
 Exceptiunculā, æ. f. *a small exception.*
 Excepto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to take or draw in; to gather; to receive often.*
 Excepto, adv. *except, unless, saving.*
 Exceptus, a, um. part. [*ab excipio*] *excepted, received, wel-*

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EXC

comed, entertained, taken prisoner; taken or understood.

Excernere, ēre, cerni, cernum. act. to sift; to purge; to search; to hawk; to spit up; to gangle; to void by stool.

Excerpto, ēre, s, tum. act. [ab ex et capio] to pick; to single out; to take out; to choose; to exempt.

Excerpta, Brum. n. pl. things picked or culled out.

Excessus, pro Excesseris.

Excessus, ūs, m. [ab excedo] excess, a going out; a departure, death, decease; a digression; a deviation, an aberration.

Excursa, æ. f. a viper or serpent.

Excidio, onis. f. [ab excido] a destroying or destruction.

Excidium, i. n. et Excidium, the sacking of a city; ruin, destruction, subversion.

Excido, ēre, i. — neut. [ab ex et cado] to fall out or away, to fail; to perish; to forget; to be forgotten; to slip out of memory; to escape out of.

Excido, ēre, i, sum. act. [ab ex et cado] to cut out; to cut down; to hew; to destroy; to sack; to raise; to abolish.

Excindo, ēre, idi, issum. act. [ab ex et scindo] to cut out or down; to raise; to overthrow; to root out; to abolish.

Exclo, ire, ivi, itum. act. to call out; to raise up; to waken; to rouse; to summon; to challenge.

Excupio, ēre, cūpi, ceptum. act. [ab ex et capio] to receive; to take up; to take upon him; to entertain; to welcome; to except; to exclude; to entrap; to catch; to ensnare; to surprise; to gather; to hear; to listen after; to succeed; to follow; to pull out; to sustain; to bear off; to answer.

Excipulus, i. m. an instrument to take or catch any thing in; a weel, a snatch, any vessel whatsoever to save and receive any thing in.

Exclatio, onis. f. [ab excido] a breaking down, a wasting, raising, or destroying.

Excelsioris, a, um. adj. belonging to cutting or carving.

Excisus, a, um. part. [ab excido] cut out, down, or off; destroyed, raised, and defaced.

Excitāte, adv. vehemently, briskly. Unde comp. Excitātus.

Excitātus, a, um. part. et ad-moved or stirred up. Adj. raised, exalted, advanced; loud, shrill, brisk, vehement.

Excito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. freq. *to move, stir, or raise up; to waken; to erect; to rouse up; to root up; to enliven; to invigorate; to quicken; to encourage; to animate; to incite; to instigate.*

Excito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to excite; to provoke.*

Excitus, a, um. part. [*ab excio*] *called or raised up.*

Excitatio, ōnis. f. *an acclamation, an exclamation; a bawling, a hooting, a screaming; a scheme in rhetoric.*

Excitatio, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. *to cry out; to call aloud; to exclaim; to hoot; to hoot; to scream; to quail; to call out with a loud voice; to give a shrill inarticulate sound.*

Excitatio, āri, ātus. pass. *to be enlightened.*

Excludo, ēre, si, sum. act. [*ab ex et claudio v. antiq. cludo*] *to shut out; to exclude; to except; to reject; to debar from; to put out; not to admit; to prevent; to hinder.*

Exclusio, ōnis. f. *a shutting out, a debarring, an exclusion.*

Exclusus, a, um. part. et adj. *shut, cast, or thrust out; excluded, debarring, hindered; hatched.*

Excoctus, a, um. part. [*ab excoquo*] *thoroughly sodden; parched, tanned, baked to a crust; perfectly tried.*

Excoctatio, ōnis. f. *a meditation, an invention.*

Excoctator, ōris. m. *an inventor or deviser.*

Excoctatus, a, um. part. et adj. *thought upon, found out; exquisite, exactly devised.*

Excocto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to find out; to feign; to invent; to devise; to think or consider thoroughly.*

Excolo, ēre, ui, cultum. act. *to till; to cultivate; to adorn; to deck; to polish; to trim up; to instruct; to perform; to exercise.*

Excoquo, ēre, coxi, coctum. act. *to boil thoroughly; to boil away; to refine metals; to dry up by heat; to devise; to invent; to procure.*

Excora, dis. adj. [*ab ex et cor*] *heartless, spiritless; witless, foolish, silly.*

Excrementum, i. n. [*ab excerno*] *excrement.*

Excreco, ēre, crevi, cretum. n. *to grow out or up; to increase; to rise.*

Excretio, ōnis. f. *the voiding of excrements.*

Exeritum, i. n. *the refuse or offal of corn or meal sifted; the gurgeons.*

Exeritus, a, um. part. [*ab excreco*] *well grown.*

Exeritabilis, is. e. adj. *worthy to be tormented, punishable.*

Exeritio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to torment; to torture; to afflict; to disquiet.*

Exeritatio, ōnis. f. *a watching, a keeping guard.*

Exeritatur, impers. *men watch and take pains.*

Exeritum, ārum. pl. f. *a lying abroad all night; watch and ward.*

Exeritor, ōris. m. *one that watches and wards by night, a sentinel, a guard; pl. the advanced guard.*

Exeritus, ūs. m. *a watch.*

Exeritio, āre, ui. itum. neut. *to lie out; to stand sentry; to keep watch and ward; to stand upon guard; to grow.*

Exeritio, ēre, i, sum. act. *to beat or strike out; to stamp; to coin; to forge; to imprint; to hatch eggs; to find out with study; to make; to compose; to wrest from; to obtain by entreaty.*

Exeritio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et calco*] *to tread; to trample upon; to spurn at; to kick out; to wring out.*

Exeritio, ēre, si, tum. act. [*ab ex et sculpo*] *to engrave; to carve; to pull out; to erase; to get hardly; to wrest from.*

Exeritio, a, um. part. [*ab excoli*] *polished, adorned, dressed, cultivated.*

Exeritatus, a, um. part. et adj. *handsomely received, entertained, or treated; dressed or handled diligently; choice, curious, dainty.*

Exeritio, ēre, curri et cūcurri, cūsum. neut. *to rush hastily; to sally out; to make an inroad; to display itself; to extend; to shoot out in length or breadth; to run out into other matters.*

Exeritatio, ōnis. f. *an excursion, an inroad.*

Exeritio, ōnis. f. *an invasion, incursion, or inroad; a sally; an excursion, a digression in speech; a diversion from some business.*

Exeritio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to run up and down.*

Exeritor, ōris. m. *a skirmisher, a robber in war, a courier, a straggler, a corsair.*

Exeritus, a, um. part. *run out, passed over.*

Exeritus, ūs. m. *a going abroad, a stage; a course beyond due bounds; a running or lying out in length; a digression; a sally, a charge.*

Exeritabilis, is. e. adj. *that may be excused, excusable.*

Excūsate, adv. *tolerably, without blame, with excuse.*

Excūsatio, ōnis. f. *an excuse, a defence; a plea.*

Excūsatus, a, um. part. et adj. *excused or taken for an excuse.*

Excūsio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et causa*] *to excuse; to allege for excuse; to answer; to clout; to bring for an excuse; to allege in excuse.*

Excūsor, ōris. m. [*ab excudo*] *a beater or hammerer out of any work; a printer, a founder, a coiner, a maker of pots or images of brass.*

Excūsse, adv. *critically, exactly, strictly.*

Excūsatorius, a, um. adj. *that shakes out.*

Excūsus, a, um. part. [*ab excutio*] *shaken off; chased or driven out; flung or cast; examined, searched, pillaged; saved out of.*

Excūtio, ēre, cussi, cūsum. act. [*ab ex et quatio*] *to shake off; to discharge; to shake out; to make to fall out; to drive; to strike or dash out; to sting; to examine; to canvass; to search; to dislodge; to rouse; to pillage; to pick and cull.*

Excūsio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to split out or part along the ridge-bone just in the midst.*

Excūsio, āre, ui, tum. act. [*ab ex et seco*] *to cut; to cut off or out; to make a hole in; to take off; to retrench; to rid of; to castrate.*

Excūsabilis, is. e. adj. *cruel, detestable, abominable, cursed, execrable, horrible, dire, dreadful.*

Excursio, ōnis. f. *an execration or cursing.*

Excursus, a, um. part. *executed, detested, abhorred, devoting, cursing.*

Excursor, āri, ātus. dep. [*ab ex et sacro*] *to execrate; to curse; to wish mischief to; to accurse; to abhor; to detest.*

Excursio, ōnis. f. [*ab execo*] *a cutting off.*

Excursus, a, um. part. *cut out; cut off; castrated; cut short; barred from.*

Excursio, ōnis. f. [*ab exequor*] *an execution, a doing of a thing, a pursuit; an administration, a government.*

Excursor, ōris. m. *a punisher, an avenger, an executor.*

Excūsio, ēre, ēdi, eum. act. *to eat, as an ulcer; to eat up; to consume; to eat one out.*

Excūsio, a. f. *a by-place, a jutty building with seats, either for study or discourse; a parlour, a withdrawing-room.*

Exemplar, āris. n. et **Exemplū**

re, is. n. a pattern, a sampler, a resemblance, a plan, a model, a copy, a similitude.

Exemplum, i. n. an example, a precedent, a copy, a draught, a plan, a way, a manner, a model, a resemblance, a sample, a pattern, a specimen, a thing brought in for the proof and declaration of a matter; an instance, a paradigm; a warning to others; a mirror; tortures, torments.

Exemptilis, is, e. adj. that may be easily taken out or away.

Exemptio, onis. f. [ab eximo] a taking away, an exception, an exemption.

Exemptor, oris. m. a taker away, a heaver of stones out of quarries.

Exemptus, us, m. a removing or taking away.

Exemptus, a, um. part. [ab eximo] exempted, spared, privileged, chosen out, excluded, taken out.

Exentéro, are, avi, atum. act. to pull out the garbage or guts; to draw a fowl; to gut a fish; to embowel; to empty.

Exentéror, ari, atus. pass. to be inearily vexed.

Exeo, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to go out; to come out; to launch forth; to set sail; to depart; to retire; to withdraw; to be continued; to sprout or spring forth; to grow up; to be discovered; to be spread abroad; to be past; to be rid of; to vanish; to fall or run as rivers do; to publish; to end; to avoid; to exceed.

Exequiæ, arum. pl. f. funeral solemnities; the train of a funeral pomp, a burial.

Exequialis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a funeral.

Exsequor, qui, quætus. dep. [ab ex et sequor] to follow after; to go on; to persist; to bring to pass; to set forth; to recount; to desire earnestly; to do; to execute; to perform; to accomplish; to punish; to prosecute; to revenge; to follow; to imitate.

Exerceo, ere, ui, itum. act. [ab ex et arceo] to exercise; to ply; to use; to practise; to profess; to instruct; to train up; to till; to occupy; to pass; to lead; to vex and trouble; to keep from idleness; to find one work; to employ or lay out to advantage; to get or earn.

Exercitatio, onis. f. exercise, practice, use, custom, recreation.

Exercitator, oris. m. an exerciser, a master of an exercise.

Exercitatrix, icis. f. a female exerciser or practiser.

Exercitatus, a, um. part. exercised, practised, experienced, accustomed, hardened, vexed, disquieted, turmoiled.

Exercito, are, avi, atum. freq. to exercise often.

Exertor, oris. m. a tutor or master; who teaches others.

Exertus, a, um. part. exercised, employed, injured to, hardened, tormented, troubled, teased, vexed, wearied, tried and approved.

Exertus, us, m. a host or band of armed soldiers; an army; a great flock, a shoal; trouble or grief; exercise. [Exercitus answers precisely to our English word army, and means, as Ulpian observes, not one troop, or one cohort, but a considerable number trained by exercise. It is the generic term, being equally applicable, whether the army be at rest or in motion, whether drawn up in battle order, or promiscuous and loose. *Acies* is applied to an army in martial array. *Agmen* to an army or band of men in action, or in motion.]

Exero, ere, ui, tum. act. [ab ex et ero] to thrust out; to put forth; to draw out; to advance; to lift up; to bring forth; to expose to view; to show; to lay bare; to discover; to exert.

Exerro, are, avi, atum. neut. to decline out of the way.

Exerto, are, avi, atum. freq. to thrust; to hold out.

Exertus, a, um. part. [ab exero] shown, put forth, exerted, standing out, open, laid bare, drawn out.

Exesor, oris. m. [ab exedo] an eater up, a waster.

Exesus, a, um. part. [ab exedo] eaten up, gnawed, old, worn, eaten up with age or rust; rotten, hollow.

Exurgitio, are, avi, atum. act. to throw out.

Exhereditatio, onis. f. a disinheriting.

Exhereditatus, a, um. part. disinherited.

Exheredito, are, avi, atum. act. to disinherit a son.

Exhæres, etis. c. g. disinherited.

Exhâlâtio, onis. f. an exhalation, a reeking, fume, vapour rising up.

Exhâlâtus, a, um. part. breathed out, exhaled, yielded up.

Exhâlo, are, avi, atum. act. to

exhale; to breathe out; to evaporate; to steam; to send forth a fume or vapour.

Exhaurio, ire, hauri, haustum. act. to draw out; to empty; to evacuate; to leave; to dig up; to pillage; to rob; to take from one all he hath; to spend; to consume; to waste; to exhaust; to draw; to despatch; to accomplish; to detract; to take from; to suffer; to undergo.

Exhaustum, i. n. the taking of pains.

Exhaustus, a, um. part. drawn out, emptied, exhausted, drained, sucked dry, undergone, quite wearied, ended, finished, beggared.

Exhibebis, i. m. a fair white stone, wherewith goldsmiths polish gold.

Exhêdra, v. f. Vid. Exedra.

Exhêdrium, ii. Idem.

Exherbo, are, avi, atum. act. to pluck up herbs or weeds.

Exhibeo, ere, ui, itum. act. [ab ex et habeo] to show; to make to appear; to represent; to exhibit; to exert; to resemble; to offer; to present; to produce forthwith.

Exhibitus, a, um. part. shown, plainly discovered, exhibited, given, shown, allowed.

Exhilaratus, a, um. part. comforted, made merry, refreshed.

Exultéro, are, avi, atum. act. to rejoice; to delight; to make merry; to elevate; to revive; to exhilarate.

Exhorreo, ere, ui, — neut. to dread.

Exhorreco, ere, — incept. to tremble; to dread; to be sore afraid of.

Exhortatio, onis. f. an exhortation, an encouraging.

Exhortor, ari, atus. dep. to exhort; to incite; to encourage; to cherish. Pass. to be exhorted; to be desired.

Exigo, ere, egi, actum. act. [ab ex et ago] to drive out; to expel; to divorce; to try; to prove; to weigh; to measure; to require; to demand; to exact; to end; to finish; to despatch; to dispute; to reason; to thrust; to push; to spend; to pass away; to kiss off; to expel; to take out; to clear.

Exigue, adv. hardly, niggardly, sparingly, scarcely, slightly.

Exiguus, etis. f. littleness, slenderness, scantiness, shortness, small store.

Exiguum, i. n. a little.

Exiguus, a, um. adj. *little, petty, puny, scant, small; pitiful, sneaking.*

Exilio, ire, ui et li, ultum. neut. [*ab ex et alio*] to get out hastily; to leap out; to gush; to spurt; to issue out; to start up; to sparkle forth; to leap for joy; to fly up.

Exilis, is, e. adj. *thin, lean, mean, small; fine, slender; hungry, barren; trifling, low, creeping; shrill, treble; free from, void of.*

Exilitas, itis. f. *slenderness, smallness, barrenness, flatness, poorness.*

Exiliter, adv. *faintly, poorly, feebly, barely.*

Exilium, i. n. [*ab exul*] *exile, banishment.* [*Exilium*, denotes simply a removal from one's native soil, not necessarily implying either of the two accessory ideas, *compulsion or disgrace.* The banishment implied by *exilium*, may be either voluntary or involuntary. It was compulsory, when it took place in consequence of the sentence, *interdictio aqua et igni*, for, being deprived of all the necessities of life in his native country, the individual had no alternative but to go into exile. A person banished by a legal sentence, or who chose to exile himself, to escape punishment, forfeited, but not irrecoverably, all the rights of citizenship. *Deportatio* differs from *exilium* in implying uniformly that the banishment is involuntary, that the rights of citizenship are irrecoverably forfeited, and that the property of the individual, unless secured to him by an express clause in the sentence, is confiscated. The place also of his exile was not left to his own choice; and was generally some rocky and barren island. *Relegatio* agrees with *deportatio*, and differs from *exilium*, in denoting, that the banishment is always involuntary. It did not however, exclude the individual from the rights of citizenship, and allowed him the entire possession of his property. He was permitted also to bequeath it by will. While *deportatio* implied a fixed residence, to which the exile was to be confined, *relegatio* rather referred to certain territories from which he was excluded.]

Eximie, adv. *choicely, specially; excellently, notably, egregiously, illustriously, superlatively, surpassingly, entirely or dearly; sumptuously.*

Eximius, a, um. adj. *choice, select; egregious, eminent, ex-*

cellent, notable, unparalleled, exempted, particular.

Eximo, ěre, ěmi, emptum. act. [*ab ex et emo*] to take out; to take away; to dig; to hew out; to exempt; to except; to free; to deliver; to discharge; to waste; to spend.

Exin, adv. *afterwards, henceforth; from that place.*

Exinānio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to evacuate; to discharge; to waste away; to strip; to plunder; to unladen; to empty; to exhaust; to void.

Exināntio, ōnis. f. *an emptying, purging, voiding.*

Exināntus, a, um. part. *emptied, exhausted, plundered; brought to nought.*

Exinde, adv. *from that time; from a place or thing.*

Exinspĕrāto, adv. *unlooked for, unexpectedly.*

Exintĕgro, adv. [*melius ex integro*] *of new, anew, afresh.*

Existimātio, ōnis. f. Act. *a supposal, a private opinion. Pass. reputation, respect, esteem, credit.*

Existimātor, ōris. m. *an appraiser.*

Existimātus, a, um. part. *judged, esteemed.*

Existimo, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. to judge; to esteem; to repute; to think; to suppose; to imagine.

Existo, ěre, extiti, stitum. neut. [*ab ex et sisto*] to be; to exist; to appear; to be seen; to rise; to spring; to come of.

Exstĕrilis, is, e. adj. *hurtful, destructive, pernicious, fatal, cruel; pestilent, venomous.*

Exstĕrĭlis, is, e. adj. *mischievous, hurtful, destructive, pernicious, mortal, fatal.*

Exĭtio, ōnis. f. *a going forth.*

Exstĕrĭsus, a, um. adj. *deadly, hurtful, mischievous, dangerous.*

Exstĭtum, li. n. [*ab exeo*] *a going out, a disease, death; ruin, mischief, a distemper, the plague, a destroyer.*

Exitor, ĩpers. *it comes forth.*

Exitus, ūs. m. [*ab exeo*] *a going forth; an issue or end; success, an event; death; an effect, a result.*

Exstĕbra, e. f. *a device or gin to drain.*

Exlex, ěgis. c. g. *he or she that lives without law; lawless.*

Exmĕveo, ěre, vi, mĕtum. act. et neut. *to remove.*

Exobsecro, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. *to make great or earnest entreaty.*

Exocĕtus, i. m. *a fish so called, because it goes to land to sleep.*

Exocŭlo, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. *to put or pull out one's eyes.*

Exodĭum, i. n. *the end; an interlude, a farce.*

Exōlesco, ěre, lui et lĕvi, lĕtum. *to grow stale; to go out of use; to be out of mind; to be forgotten.*

Exolĕtus, a, um. part. *past the prime, grown stale, out of use, defaced and worn out; antique, out of date, forgotten.*

Exolĕtus, i. m. subst. *an old cat. amite.*

Exolvo, ěre, vi, lŭtum. act. *Vid. Exsolvo.*

Exolŭtus, a, um. part. *Vid. Exsolŭtus.*

Exolĕro, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. *to exonerate; to lighten; to unload; to disburden; to unburden; to put off; to discharge; to free from.*

Exoptābilis, is, e. adj. *to be desired or wished.*

Exoptātus, a, um. part. *greatly desired; earnestly wished or longed for.*

Exopto, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. *to wish heartily; to long after; to desire frequently or greatly.*

Exorābilis, is, e. adj. *easy to be entreated; flexible, persuadable.*

Exorābĭlum, i. n. *an argument or motive to persuade.*

Exorātor, ōris. m. *he that prevails by entreaty.*

Exorātus, a, um. part. *gotten or obtained by entreaty; persuaded, prevailed upon.*

Exordĭor, tri, orsus. dep. *to lay the warp; to begin; to use a proem or preamble before we come to the matter.*

Exordĭum, i. n. *a beginning, a principle, a preface, a preamble, a proem or introduction to a discourse.*

Exorĭor, rĕris et rĭris, tri, ortus. dep. *to rise; to spring up; to be born; to appear; to proceed; to be comforted; to be refreshed; to be made.*

Exorĕntio, ōnis. f. *a decking, a trimming, a garnishing, attiring or apprelling; ornament, ornature, elegance.*

Exornātor, ōris. m. *a setter off, a garnisher.*

Exorno, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. *to dress; to adorn; to embellish; to deck; to adjust; to garnish; to grace; to paint; to set forth; to commend.*

Exoro, ěre, ěvi, ětum. act. *to get by entreaty; to invite; to force; to beg earnestly.*

Exors, ūs. adj. [*ab ex et ors*] *without share, shareless; given by choice, extraordinary, choice.*

Exorsum, i. n. [*ab exordior*] *beginning or enterprise; a story, a long preamble.*

Exorsus, a, um. part. [*ab exordior*] Act. *that has begun.* Pass. *begun, put into the loom.*

Exorsus, ūs. m. *a beginning or entrance of a discourse.*

Exortivus, a, um. adj. *that pertains to rising or the eastern part; oriental.*

Exortus, a, um. part. [*ab exorior*] *that is risen or appears; begun.*

Exortus, ūs. m. *a rising, a beginning.*

Exos, ossis. adj. *without bones, boneless.*

Exoscullo, ōnis. f. *a kissing; the billing of doves.*

Exoscultus, a, um. part. *having kissed.*

Exoscūlor, āri, ātus. dep. *to kiss.*

Exossatus, a, um. part. *that has the bones or teeth plucked out or broken; toothless.*

Exosso, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex eo*] *to pluck out the bones; to break bones; to garbage.*

Exteus, a, um. part. act. [*ab odii*] *hating.*

Exoticus, a, um. adj. *brought out of a strange land, outlandish, foreign.*

Expalleo, ēre, ui, — neut. *to be pale.*

Expallesco, ēre, — — neut. *to be very pale and wan; to fear.*

Expalliat, a, um. part. *stripped of his cloak.*

Expalpo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et āri. dep. *to grope; to feel; to get by flattery; to soothe one up.*

Expanditor, ōnis. m. *a river that flows abroad or over the banks.*

Expando, ēre, i, passum et pan-sum. act. *to spread out or a-broad; to expand; to display; to open wide; to expound; to lay open.*

Expango, ēre, xi, actum. act. *to set or fix; to order; to marshal.*

Expāpillatus, a, um. adj. *stretched forth.*

Expasus, a, um. part. [*ab expando*] *opened, laid open.*

Expātians, tis. part. *running abroad over the banks; of large compass.*

Expātistua, a, um. part. *that spreads or flows far abroad.*

Expātor, āri, ātus. dep. *to walk out; to wander abroad; to expatiate; to enlarge on a subject.*

Expāvēfācio, ēre, fēcī, factum. neut. *to terrify; to make afraid; to frighten.*

Expāveo, ēre, pavi, — *to recoil from fear.*

Expāvesco, ēre, — — incept. *to*

be greatly afraid; to be frightened at.

Expectatio, ōnis. f. *expectation, attendance, dependence; a looking, longing, or hoping for; fear of things to come; attention.*

Expectatus, a, um. part. *expected, hoped, looked for, earnestly desired; welcome.*

Expecto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et specto*] *to look for; to tarry; to wait; to hope for; to fear a thing will come to pass; to wait for; to await; to respect; to expect; to desire to know; to watch in order to attack.*

Expecto, ēre, — — act. *to comb out.*

Expectro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to throw out of his breast; to expectorate; to discharge; to free one's mind.*

Expēcūlatus, a, um. adj. *having lost his stock.*

Expēdio, īre, īvi, ītum. act. *to free; to quit; to discharge; to unravel; to extricate; to loose; to undo; to disengage; to despatch; to finish; to put an end to; to get in readiness; to set out; to bring to pass; to speed; to hasten; to send in haste; to declare; to utter; to show; to get; to procure.*

Expēdit, impers. *it is expedient, needful, profitable.*

Expēditte, adv. *speedily, readily, easily, dexterously.*

Expēditio, ōnis. f. *a military preparation, an expedition, a voyage, a quick despatch; speed.*

Expēditus, a, um. part. et adj. *disengaged, freed, rid of; nimbly thrown or hurled; provided, prepared, &c.* Adj. *prone; ready; nimble, light, speedy, dexterous; easy, fluent.*

Expello, ēre, pūli, pulsam. act. *to expel; to exterminate; to thrust; to drive; to chase forth, out, or away; to reject; to thrust forth in length.*

Expendo, ēre, i, sum. act. *to weigh; to rate; to value; to ponder; to consider; to examine strictly or diligently; to spend; to lay out money; to put out money to interest.*

Expēnsa, e. f. *expense, charge, cost, disbursement.*

Expensio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to use; to lay forth.*

Expensum, i. n. *expensae, money laid out.*

Expēnsus, a, um. part. *weighed, pondered, considered, laid out, disbursed, reckoned.*

Expērgācio, ēre, fēcī, factum. (lis)

act. to awaken out of a sleep, to stir up.

Expērgēlio, fēri, factus. *to be roused up or awakened.*

Expērgiscor, i, pērectus. dep. [*ab expērgo*] *to awake; to bestir himself; to take heart.*

Expērgitus, a, um. part. *wakened by another.*

Expēriētia, tis. part. et adj. *having experience, acquainted with the world; inured to.*

Expēriētia, e. f. *trial; practice, experience, good management, knowledge.*

Expēriēntum, i. n. *an experiment, proof, or trial; an essay; practice.*

Expērior, īri, pētus. dep. *to attempt; to try; to essay; to prove; to find; to experience; to try his right.*

Expērectus, a, um. part. *wakened, risen.* Adj. *brisk, pert.*

Expers, tis. adj. [*ab ex et part, qu. alique part*] *without, destitute; free, void, that has no experience of; absent from.*

Expertus, a, um. part. et adj. Act. *having tried or made proof of.* Pass. *tried, proved.*

Adj. *expert, skilful, of good experience.*

Expēttibilis, is. e. adj. *to be desired or wished for.*

Expūto, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. *to desire much; to long after; to covet; to endeavour to get; to ask; to demand; to pray.* Neut. *to happen; to fall; to light upon; to last; to be remembered.*

Expūibilis, is. e. adj. *that may be purged or expiated; expiable.*

Expūitio, ōnis. f. *an expiation, a satisfaction; a purging or atoning by sacrifice.*

Expūitio, ōnis. f. *a pillaging, rifling, extortion, ravage, a robbing.*

Expūlātor, ōnis. m. *a pillager, rifter, robber, spoiler, ravager, extortioner, plunderer.*

Expūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et pillo*] *to rob; to take by extortion or deceit; to spoil; to pillage; to plunder; to ransack.*

Expūgo, ēre, pinxi, pictum. act. *to paint; to draw; to limn; to represent in picture.*

Expūnsor, i, — pass. *to be ground out.*

Expūo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et pio, i. e. colo*] *to expiate; to atone; to purge by sacrifice; to punish; to hallow; to consecrate.*

Expūritio, ōnis. f. *an exhaling, a vapour, a breathing out.*

Expūritur, impers. *a man dies or fetches his last breath.*

Expiro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et spiro*] to exhale; to breathe forth; to cast or send out; to expire; to give up the ghost; to die; to breathe his last.

Expiscor, āri, ātus. dep. to fish out; to search out diligently; to get out of one.

Explānābilis, is, e. adj. distinct, uttered leisurely, that may be explained.

Explānāte, adv. plainly, clearly, intelligibly.

Explānātiō, ōnis. f. an explanation, a declaration; an interpretation or exposition; utterance; expiation.

Explānātor, ōris. m. an explainer, expounder, declarer, interpreter.

Explānātus, a, um. part. made plain or smooth, declared, explained, distinctly pronounced.

Explāno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make plain or smooth; to smooth; to explain; to make manifest; to expound.

Explanto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pull up what is set or planted; to displant.

Explēbilis, is, e. adj. that may be filled or satisfied.

Explēmentum, i. n. a filling, a satisfying.

Explendescō, āre, splendui, — neut. to grow bright; to shine and glitter; to be eminent; to be conspicuous.

Explo, āre, ēvi, ētum. act. [*ab ex et pleo*] to fill; to glut; to perfect; to finish; to make up; to satiate; to satisfy; to content; to quench; to comfort; to close up; to empty; to diminish; to perform.

Expliciō, ōnis. f. a filling or glutting; an accomplishing.

Explicūsus, a, um. part. filled up, accomplished, finished, replenished, satisfied.

Explicābilis, is, e. adj. that may easily be explained, performed, or numbered.

Explicite, adv. plainly, openly, clearly.

Explicātiō, ōnis. f. an unfolding or untwisting, an exposition, an application; declaration, elucidation, illustration; determination.

Explicitor, ōris. m. an explainer or interpreter.

Explicātrix, icis. f. she who explains.

Explicātus, a, um. part. et adj. unfolded, smooth, without wrinkles; explained, discussed; plain, easy; finished, perfect in kind, despatched; rescued, freed from, reco-

vered; exposed to view, displayed.

Explicātus, ūs. m. an untwisting, a displaying or unfolding; an exposition, an explanation.

Explicūsus, a, um. part. unfolded, declared; drawn up; despatched, ended.

Explico, āre, ui et āvi, itum. et ātum. act. to unfold; to unfurl; to open; to expand; to make larger; to discover; to display; to set in array; to draw up; to disengage; to set free; to unravel; to unwrap; to treat more largely of; to be more copious in; to accomplish; to make an end of; to set out; to bring forth; to extend; to deliver; to loose or rid out of trouble; to make smooth.

Explōdo, āre, si, sum. act. [*ab ex et plaudo*] to drive out with clapping of hands; to hiss; to stamp off the stage; to dislike; to disapprove; to explode.

Explōrāte, adv. for a certainty.

Explōrātio, abl. part. after search was made.

Explōrātor, ōris. m. a scout, an examiner, a spy, a private searcher.

Explōrātōrius, a, um. adj. pertaining to searching or spying.

Explōrātus, a, um. part. certainly known; undoubted, tried, sure; discussed, explored.

Explōro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to view or search diligently; to pry into; to scrutinise; to explore; to grope; to feel; to sound; to endeavour to find out; to try; to essay; to prove; to spy out; to scout; to cry; to lament; to bewail; to bemoan.

Exploāio, ōnis. f. a casting off, or rejecting.

Explosus, a, um. part. driven out of the place with clapping; exploded, rejected or cast off; hissed off the stage.

Expolio, īre, īvi, itum. act. to polish exactly; to furbish; to make smooth; to adorn; to set off; to finish; to complete.

Expolitiō, ōnis. f. a polishing, a trimming, a burnishing, a cleaning.

Expolitus, a, um. part. et adj. polished, made smooth; neat, clean, trim, or fine, winnowed.

Expōno, āre, sul, itum. act. to set forth; to lay abroad in view; to put out; to set on shore; to expose; to subject; to leave to the wide

world; to set to sale; to teach; to expound; to elucidate; to explain; to interpret; to show; to give an account of.

Expōpūlatiō, ōnis. f. a wasting, spoiling, or ravaging.

Expōrrectus, a, um. part. et adj. stretched out, smooth, brisk, active.

Expōrrigo, āre, rexi, rectum. act. et Expōrgo apud comicos. to extend; to reach or stretch out; to prolong.

Expōrtātiō, ōnis. f. a conveying or carrying out, an exportation; banishment.

Expōrtātus, a, um. part. carried out, transported.

Expōrto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bear; to carry; to convey out; to export; to transport.

Expōsco, āre, pōposci — act. to ask or require earnestly; to demand one to be delivered up to be punished.

Expōstatiō, ōnis. f. [*ab expōne*] an exposition or declaration; an exposing; a scheme in rhetoric.

Expōstittus, a, um. adj. exposed to hazard, left to the wide world.

Expōstus, a, um. part. [*ab expōno*] exposed, subject, open to; situate, set out, declared, discussed, displayed, propounded, or interpreted; open, obvious; common, trifling; put on shore, landed.

Expōstūlatiō, ōnis. f. a quarrelling, a complaining, an expostulation.

Expōstūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to demand; to require earnestly; to argue the case; to expostulate; to take one to task; to take one up.

Expresse, adv. aptly, and to the purpose; explicitly, expressly, to the life.

Expresiones, um. f. pl. a term in architecture.

Expresus, a, um. part. et adj. squeezed or beaten out; wrested, forced, constrained; sounded or pronounced too full; made, framed; translated; done to the life, declared; express, written out, set forth in a lively manner.

Exprimo, āre, pressi, pressum. act. [*ab ex et premo*] to press; to wring; to strain out; to squeeze; to extort; to constrain; to express; to portray; to draw out; to describe; to resemble; to be like; to copy out; to imitate; to pronounce; to translate; to declare; to make apparent.

Exprobrātiō, ōnis. f. a reproach,

a twitting, an upbraiding, an exprobration.
Exprobrator, *bris. m. he that upbraids.*
Exprobratrix, *icis. f. she who upbraids.*
Exprobratus, *a, um. part. upbraided, reproached.*
Exprobro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to upbraid; to reproach; to cast in the teeth; to rebuke despitely; to charge with; to reprove; to a.s.wallow.*
Expromo, *äre, upsul, mptam. act. to draw out; to extract; to show forth; to tell plainly; to produce; to bring out; to lay out; to spend; to employ.*
Expromptus, *a, um. part. taken out, extracted, shown abroad, in readiness.*
Expugnabilis, *is, e. adj. that may be overcome or won by assault.*
Expugnatio, *onis. f. a conquering or winning by force, the storming of a town.*
Expugnator, *bris. m. a conqueror, a subduer; a ravisher.*
Expugnatus, *a, um. part. taken by force, stormed.*
Expugnax, *äcis, adj. powerful in subduing.*
Expugno, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to win by storm; to force; to conquer; to subdue; to overcome; to vanquish; to sack; to break open by violence; to gain or win by reason, gifts, flattery, &c.*
Expulsio, *onis. f. [ab expello] a drawing out, expelling, exterminating, banishment.*
Expulso, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to bang about; to beat to and fro.*
Expulsor, *bris. m. an expeller, one that drives out.*
Expulsus, *a, um. part. put or thrust out; expelled, banished; torn up.*
Expultrix, *icis. f. she who expels or drives away.*
Expunctus, *a, um. part. crossed out of the bill, put out of pay; effaced.*
Expungo, *äre, punxi, punctum. act. to put, scrape, or scratch out; to expunge; to efface; to erase; to pull out hairs with tweezers.*
Expuo, *äre, i, ätum. act. [ab ex et puo] to spit out; to pour out; to cast out.*
Expurgatio, *onis. f. a purging, clearing, or making clear; a clearing or justifying of one's self.*
Expurgo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to purge; to cleanse; to scour; to clear; to justify.*
Expulto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to lop; to prune; to shred; to*

understand perfectly; to imagine; to examine.
Exputresco, *äre, trui, — neut. to rot; to putrefy.*
Exquiro, *äre, ävi, ätum. [ab ex et quero] to search into; to inquire diligently; to examine; to search out; to explore; to pray for; to ask.*
Exquisite, *et Exquisitum, exquisitely, accurately, nicely, strictly, curiously.*
Exquisitum est, *it is found out or known for certain.*
Exquisitus, *a, um. part. et adj. much searched for, exquisite, choice, curious; rare, dainty, fine, accurate, exact.*
Exsævio, *äre, i, ätum. act. neut. al. exsævio. to wax gentle and mild; to cease to rage.*
Exsanguinatus, *a, um. part. bloodless.*
Exsanguis, *is, e. adj. bloodless, lifeless, pale.*
Exsänio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. [ab ex et sanies] to squeeze out corruption.*
Exsänitus, *a, um. part. exsänitus, glutted.*
Exsänio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to sate; to gorge; to cloy; to exsäniate; to glut.*
Exsäntritus, *a, um. part. glutted filled.*
Exsäntrio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to glut; to gorge; to fill a hungry stomach; to content a greedy mind.*
Exscalpo, *äre, si, ätum. act. to pierce or drill out; to scratch out; to erase.*
Exscalptus, *a, um. part. erased.*
Exscendo, *äre, i, ätum. act. to go forth; to embark; to land.*
Exscensio, *onis. f. [ab exscendo] a descending, coming forth.*
Exscensus, *us, m. a descent from on ship-board.*
Exscindio, *onis. f. the raising and destroying of a town.*
Exscrebibilis, *is, e. adj. that may be spit out.*
Exscreatio, *onis. f. a hawking, keeking, or spitting up.*
Exscreo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to hawk, keek, or spit up with retching.*
Exscribo, *äre, psi, ätum. act. to write out; to copy; to transcribe; to exemplify; to resemble; to be like.*
Exscriptus, *a, um. part. written or copied out.*
Exsculpo, *Vid. Exculpo.*
Exstillo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to hiss; to hiss off the stage.*
Exsiccatüs, *a, um. part. dried up.*
Exsiccresco, *äre, — neut. to grow dry or hard.*
Exsicco, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to dry up or thoroughly; to quaff.*

Exsiccus, *a, um. adj. dry or dried up.*
Exsigno, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to seal; to mark; to show by signs.*
Exsilio, *äre, ui, ävi, ätum. act. neut. to leap out.*
Existo, *äre, ästi, ästum. neut. Vid. Existo.*
Exsolvo, *äre, i, ätum. act. to unbind; to loose; to free; to pay; to disengage; to perform; to fulfil; to melt.*
Exsolütus, *a, um. part. loosed, unbound; not costive, explained.*
Exsomnia, *is, e. adj. sleepless, waking, or awakened.*
Exsono, *äre, ui, ätum. act. to resound.*
Exsorbeo, *äre, ui, ätum. act. to sup or drink up; to sustain; to overcome; to swallow; to shed plentifully; obscena notatione.*
Exsors, *tis. adj. without share. Vid. Exors, &c.*
Exspes, *ei. adj. omn. gen. hopeless, void of or past hope.*
Exspissatus, *a, um. part. thickened.*
Exspisso, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to make thick; to thicken.*
Exspoliatus, *a, um. part. robbed, plundered.*
Exspolio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to spoil; to rob; to plunder; to deprive.*
Exspulio, *onis. f. a spitting out.*
Exspümo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. et neut. to cast out a foam or froth; to froth.*
Exspuo, *äre. Vid. Expuo.*
Extimulátor, *bris. m. an encourager, a stirrer up.*
Extimulatus, *a, um. part. spurred or excited.*
Extimulio, *v. Extimülo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to spur on; to prick forward; to excite; to incite; to encourage; to instigate; to instigate; to enrage; to rouse.*
Exsuccus, *a, um. adj. dry, barren, sapless.*
Exsurditus, *a, um. part. deafened.*
Exsurdo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. [ab ex et surdus] to make deaf; to deafen; to make dull; to spoil; to mar.*
Exsuscitatio, *onis. f. a stirring up, a awakening.*
Exsusulto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to waken from sleep; to encourage; to raise; to rouse up.*
Extä, *örum. pl. n. the bowels, inwards or entrails.*
Extäbesco, *äre, ätini, — incept. to wear or pine away; to become dry; to consume; to grow old and out of use.*

Extans, tis. part. et adj. *standing out; overtopping.*

Extantia, æ. f. *a standing up, an appearing above.*

Extēris, is, e. adj. *belonging to the entrails.*

Extemplo [mēlius ex templo] *soon, quickly, immediately.*

Extemporalis, is, e. adj. *sudden, immediate, without premeditation or study.*

Extemporalitas, tis. f. *a promptness or readiness, without premeditation.*

Extendo, ēre, i, sum et tum. act. *to extend; to stretch out; to continue; to lengthen; to enlarge; to make longer; to defer; to make bigger; to exert; to employ.*

Extensio, ōnis. f. *an extension.*

Extensus, a, um. part. *stretched out, drawn out in length; dilated.*

Extento, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to stretch out; to thrust out.*

Extensus, a, um. part. et adj. *extended, stretched out; drawn out in length; long; continued; of great extent; loud or shrill.*

Extēnuatio, ōnis. f. *a diminishing, palliating; an extenuation.*

Extēnuissime, adv. *very slenderly.*

Extēnuo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to grind small; to chew; to make thin, lean or slender; to emaciate; to debase; to undervalue; to diminish; to extenuate; to palliate; to set in thin array.*

Exter, ēra, ērum. adj. *foreign, of another country.*

Extērebro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to pierce and make a hole through; to screw out a thing.*

Extergeo, ēre, si, sum. act. *to wipe clean.*

Extērnātor, ōris. m. *a banisher or driver out; a destroyer.*

Extērnātus, a, um. part. *banished, destroyed, overthrown, utterly undone, abolished, exterminated.*

Extērnāto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to drive or cast out; to banish; to exterminate; to destroy; to root out; to send away.*

Extērnātus, a, um. part. *astonished, scared, frightened.*

Extērno, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab extērnus*] *to astonish; to fright out of his wits.*

Extērnus, a, um. adj. [*ab extērnus*] *outward, external; strange; of another country; foreign.*

Extēro, ēre, trivi, tritum. act. *to wear scrub or rase out; to*

beat out; to whet; to grind; to thresh; to digest.

Exterreo, ēre, ui, itum. act. *to put in fear; to frighten; to scare.*

Exterritus, a, um. part. *frighted, scared.*

Extērus, a, um. part. *wiped clean, cleansed, scoured, ransacked, plundered, left without anything.*

Extērus, a, um. adj. [*exterior, comp. extērnus et extimius, superl.*] *strange, alien, foreign, of another country.*

Extexo, ēre, ui, tum. act. *to unweave; to unravel; to turn one from his purpose.*

Extillō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et stillō*] *to drop out; to trickle down with tears; to distil.*

Extimeo, ēre, ui, — neut. *to be in great fear; to be sore afraid.*

Extimesco, ēre, mui, —. incept. *to be greatly afraid.*

Extimius, a, um. adj. superl. [*ab extērus*] *the uttermost, outmost or last.*

Extinctio, ōnis. f. [*ab extinguo*] *a putting out, a quenching; an abolishing; an extinction.*

Extinctor, ōris. m. *a quencher, an extinguisher, a destroyer; a suppressor, one that makes an end of a thing.*

Extinctus, a, um. part. *put out, quenched, extinct, killed, dead, gone and lost, abolished.*

Extinctus, ūs. m. *the putting out of a candle, &c.*

Extinguo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. [*ab ex et stinguo*] *to put out anything that burns; to extinguish; to quench; to appease; to stint; to abolish; to put an end to; to put to death; to make a difference; to distinguish.*

Extirpāto, ōnis. f. *a plucking up by the roots, a rooting out, extermination, extirpation.*

Extirpātus, a, um. part. *eradicated, plucked up.*

Extirpo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to eradicate; to pluck up by the roots; to root out; to extirpate; to exterminate.*

Extispex, icis. c. g. [*ab exta inspiciendo*] *a soothsayer, a diviner, who foretells things to come from the entrails of beasts.*

Extispicium, ii. n. *the craft of soothsaying, the looking into the entrails of beasts sacrificed, and thence foretelling things to come.*

Extio, āre, still, ātum et stitum. neut. [*ab ex et sto*] *to stand out; to stick up; to be; to remain; to be left; to be apparent; to be seen above*

others; to exceed; to excel; to spring out.

Extollo, ēre, extūllī, ēlātum. act. *to lift; to hold up; to raise up; to praise; to exalt; to extol; to prolong; to put off; to defer; to bring up.*

Extorqueo, ēre, torā, tortum. act. *to wrench; to put out of joint; to wrest from; to extort; to get out of one.*

Extorreo, ēre, — act. *to toast; to roast; to bake; to parch; to burn up.*

Extorris, is. c. g. *an exile, a banished man.*

Extortor, ōris. m. [*ab extorqueo*] *one that wrests and wrings; an extortioner.*

Extortus, a, um. part. *wrested, extorted or forced from; tormented, tortured.*

Extra, prap. [*regit acc.*] *without, out of, beyond, except, over and above.*

Extra, adv. *without, on the outside.*

Extractorius, a, um. adj. *that has the nature and power to draw out.*

Extractus, a, um. part. *drawn out, prolonged, continued, spun out.*

Extrāho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to draw or pluck out; to extract; to extricate; to disengage; to rid out of; to prolong; to delay; to defer; to continue; to draw one by persuasion; to extort; to bring off; to withdraw.*

Extrāneus, a, um. adj. *strange, foreign, of another country, outward.*

Extraordinārius, a, um. adj. *extraordinary, contrary to common order and fashion, great.*

Extrāquam, adv. *except or saving that.*

Extrārius, a, um. adj. [*ab extra*] *outward, foreign, strange, of another house or kindred.*

Extremitas, tis. f. *the end or extremity; the edge, brink, border or brim; the frontier of a country.*

Extremo, adv. *lastly, finally.*

Extremum, adv. *idem.*

Extremus, i. n. *the extreme part; the beginning or the end; the hem of a garment; hazard, danger, death.*

Extremus, a, um. adj. sup. [*ab extērus*] *the last, final, the extreme, outermost or utmost; the lowest or most afflicted; the basest or worst; remote.*

Extrīco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. denom. [*ab ex et trīco*] *to rid out; to deliver; to unravel; to disentangle; to disengage; to get an account of; to understand; to get; to obtain; to procure; to cleanse.*

Extrínsecus, adv. outward, on the outside, out of the matter, from without.

Extritus, a, um. part. [*ab extero*] rubbed or worn out.

Extructio, ōnis. f. [*ab extruo*] a building up.

Exstructus, a, um. part. built or raised, furnished, heaped up.

Extrūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to thrust or drive out; to hasten; to send away with speed; to utter; to sell.

Extruo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. [*ab ex et struo*] to erect; to set; to pile up; to build; to furnish.

Extrūberatio, ōnis. f. a botch, a swelling or rising in the body.

Extrūbero, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to swell much; to bunch out; to rise up like a bunch; to make to swell.

Extūmeo, ēre, ui, — neut. v. **Extumesco**, ēre, to swell or rise up.

Extūmīdus, a, um. adj. that swells or rises.

Extundo, ēre, ūdi, ūsum. act. to beat; to knock; to thump; to hammer out; to find or get out with thought; to invent; to extort; to drive away.

Exturbātus, a, um. part. thrust or tumbled out; pulled up by the roots.

Exturbo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to drive or thrust out; to banish; to trouble; to discompose; to confound.

Extuasio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to cough out; to void by coughing.

Extrūberatio, ōnis. f. a swelling, an abounding; a figure in rhetoric, when more is said than is strictly true.

Extrūbero, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. [*ab adj. uber*] to abound; to be plentiful; to bear in great abundance; to overflow; to make to abound.

Exūdo, ēre, āvi, ātum. [*ab ex et sudo*] Absol. to sweat. Act. to sweat out.

Exvēlātus, a, um. part. uncovered, stripped.

Exūgo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. [*ab ex et sugo*] to suck out; to drink up.

Exul, et *caepe* **Exsul**, ūlis. c. g. a banished man or woman; an exile.

Exulatio, ōnis. f. banishment.

Exulceratio, ōnis. f. a soreness, a festering, a making of a botch; an aggravation.

Exulcerātorius, a, um. adj. that causes wheals or blisters to arise; that is apt to fret and break the skin, or make it sore.

Exulcerātrix, icis. adj. blistering.

Exulcerātus, a, um. part. made sore, fretted; galled, aggravated.

Exulcero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *ulcus facio*, to make sore; to gall; to fret; to eat the skin; to anger; to exulcerate.

Exūlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be banished; to live in exile; to be sent packing.

Exultābundus, a, um. part. like one rejoicing.

Exultantius, adv. more *jocundly* or *jocosely*.

Exultatio, ōnis. f. a rejoicing, a leaping for joy, exultation; boasting, vaunting.

Exultim, a, v. with leaps and frisks, *skittishly*.

Exulto, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. [*ab ex et salto*] to leap and frisk about; to be *busom*, frolicsome; to bubble; to boil; to rise with surges; to rejoice exceedingly; to brag; to vaunt.

Exululātus, a, um. part. howling or having howled.

Exulūlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to howl; to cry out; to make a place ring with howling.

Exundatio, ōnis. f. an overflowing, an inundation, a superfluous abounding.

Exundo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to overflow; to break out; to spread far; to diffuse itself.

Exungo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to anoint; to besmear all over.

Exuo, ēre, i, ūtum. act. to put off; to divest; to strip; to shake off; to free.

Exūperābilis, rectius **Exsuperābilis**, is, e. adj. that may be exceeded, surpassed.

Exūperantia, ōnis. f. excellence, preeminence.

Exūperatio, ōnis. f. an exceeding or surpassing; a scheme in rhetoric, when more is insinuated than expressed.

Exūpero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ab ex et supero*] to exceed; to surmount; to get beyond; to surpass; to superabound; to be predominant.

Exurgo, ēre, urai, ursum. act. to squeeze; to crush out.

Exurgo, rectius **Exsurgo**, ēre, rexi, rectum [*ab ex et surgo*] to rise up; to rise out of trouble; to increase; to amount.

Ex arce, ēre, ussi, ustum. act. to burn out; to burn; to parch; to consume.

Exustio, ōnis. f. a firing or setting on fire.

Exustus, a, um. part. [*ab exuro*] burnt; parched, scorched, dried, or withered.

Exūtus, a, um. part. [*ab exuo*] divested, deprived, stripped

of; freed from; plundered, left naked and bare.

Exūvia, ārum. pl. f. clothes, hair, &c., put or left off; spoils, booty, pillage; the skin or hide of a beast; the cast skin of a snake or adder, a slough.

F

FABA, ōnis. f. a bean.

Fābācia, ōnis. f. a bean-cake.

Fābāginus, a, um. adj. of beans.

Fābūle, is. n. a bean-straw or stalk.

Fābūlis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a bean.

Fābūrius, a, um. adj. pertaining to beans, one that lives on beans.

Fabula, ōnis. f. dim. [*a fabula*] a short tale or story; a little interlude or play; an epilogue.

Fāber, bra, brum. adj. ingenious, workmanlike, artificial.

Fāber, bri. m. a workman, a smith, a forger, a hammerer; a maker; a kind of fish.

Fabre, adv. [*a faber*] cunningly, artificially; exquisitely.

Fabrēfactus, a, um. part. cunningly wrought or devised.

Fabrica, ōnis. f. fabri officina, a shop or workhouse; the art of framing or making; the fabric, frame, make, fashion, or design; a wile, deceit, or crafty device.

Fabricatio, ōnis. f. a framing or making.

Fabricator, ōris. m. a framer, a forger, a builder, or maker; an inventor, a contriver; a causer.

Fabricātus, a, um. part. framed, made.

Fabrico, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et **Fabricor**, āri, ātus. dep. to make; to forge; to frame;

to build; to fabricate; to invent; to devise.

Fabriliis, is, e. adj. belonging to smiths' or carpenters' work.

Fabrūm, in gen. pl. *usitatus* quam *fabrorum*.

Fabūla, ōnis. f. [*a fando*] a tale, a discourse; a story; an argument of a play; a fable, a feigned device; a play or comedy; an actor in a play; town-talk.

Fabūla, ōnis. f. dim. [*a faba*] a little bean.

Fābūlaris, is, e. adj. of or like a fable; *fabulous*.

Fābūllātor, ōis, m. a maker or teller of tales and stories; a maker or writer of fables; a mythologist.

Fābūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. et **Fābūlor**, āri, ātus. dep. to speak; to talk; to prate; to chat; to make or tell stories.

Fābūlosē, adv. fabulously fictionally.

Fābūlositas, ātis. f. the telling lies or false stories.

Fābūlosus, a, um. adj. *fabulous*, romantic, much talked of.

Fac, imperat. [a facio] grant it to be so, suppose, or put the case.

Fācessitur, imperat. it is doing.

Fācessus, a, um. part. *done*.

Fācesso, āre, si et sivi, sum et situm. act. [a facio] to go about to do; to do; to accomplish; to procure; to cause; to create; to send parting. Neut. to get one gone; to go away; to be packing.

Fācēte, adv. merrily, wittily; facetiously, humorously, jocosely.

Fācētia, m. f. sed sāpius **Fācētiae**, āru. pl. f. merry and pretty conceits, witty and pleasant sayings, repartees, drollery, raillery; facetiousness; pastime.

Fācētus, a, um. adj. *jocose*, full of mirth and pleasantry.

Fācētus, a, um. adj. *facetious*, merry, pleasant, witty; *jocose*, humorous; *fine*, choice, dainty; soft, graceful.

Fācies, ei. f. a face, a visage; the make or fashion; the stature of the body; the portrait or outside figure.

Fācile, adv. easily, lightly, certainly.

Fācilis, is, e. adj. [a faciendo] easy, feasible, facile, gentle, plain, pliable; tractable, mild, good-natured, easily pleased; kind, favourable, courteous.

Fācilitas, ātis. f. easiness, facility, readiness, flexibility, gentleness, graciousness.

Fāciliter, adv. easily.

Fācinorōsus, a, um. adj. villainous, wicked, stark naught, ungracious; criminal, facinorous.

Fācinus, ōis. n. [a facio] a great action, an exploit, an enterprise, or adventure; a foul fact, a villainous deed or prank. [*Fācinus* denotes a bold or daring action, and unless it be joined with a favourable epithet, or the action be previously described as commendable, the term is always to be understood in a vituperative sense. *Scelus* implies a higher

degree of criminality. *Flagitium* denotes any fault, error, or crime which reflects more or less disgrace on the offender; and implies a less degree of moral guilt than *scelus*.]

Fācio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to do; to make; to cause; to paint; to draw; to practise; to exercise; to compose; to give; to grant; to commit; to perpetrate; to suppose; to pretend; to perform; to make good; to introduce; to be suitable; to conduce; to value; to esteem; to forbear; to sacrifice; to bring forth; to force; to compel; to make up; to constitute; to abide; to continue at; to hinder; to suppose; to put the case. *Fācio* may often be translated by the cognate verb of the noun which it governs; as, *facere moram*, to delay; *facere sacra*, to sacrifice; *facere sumptum*, to spend, &c.

Fāctio, ōis. f. [a facio] a doing, a making, a deed, riches, authority, ability, credit, power, a faction, a party, a company, a consent or friendship among good men.

Fāctiōsus, a, um. adj. one that promises to do great things; *factious*, *mutinous*, *wealthy*, *noble*.

Fāctitius, a, um. adj. *artificial*; *done or made by art*.

Fāctito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a facio] to do often; to practise; to make; to compose.

Fāctum, i. n. a deed, a thing done or made; a fact or feat; a making.

Fāctūra, m. f. the making of a thing.

Fāctus, a, um. part. *made*, *done*, *practised*.

Fāctus, ūs. m. a making or building; a pressing.

Fācūla, m. f. dim. [a fax] a little torch.

Fācultas, ātis. f. easiness, quickness, readiness, aptness, promptness, apprehension, art, science, liberty, advantage, permission, matter, cause, occasion, opportunity, convenience, estate or substance, efficacy or virtue. Pl. *wealth*, *means*, *abilities*.

Fācunde, adv. eloquently.

Fācundia, m. f. eloquence, a grace in ready speaking; *pi/asantry*. [Vid. *Eloquentia*.]

Fācunditas, ātis. f. eloquence.

Fācundus, a, um. adj. *eloquent*, *well-spoken*.

Fācūsus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to dregs.

Fācātus, a, um. part. *made of dross*, *unsettled*, *not fixed*.

Fācīnus et Fācīnius, a, um. adj. *dreddy*, *foul*.

Fācōsus, a, um. adj. *dreddy*, full of dregs or grounds.

Fācūla, m. f. *small dregs*, *lees*, *tartar sticking to the bottom and sides of wine-vessels*.

Fācūlentus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to lees or dregs; *dreddy*; *seculent*.

Fācūs, a, um. adj. *filthy*, *dirty*, *nasty*.

Fāx, fūcis. f. dregs or lees of wine; sediment; a kind of colour made of it; the grounds or settlement; a kind of sauce; the dross of metal; the baser sort, the mob, the scum.

Fāgeus, a, um. adj. of beech.

Fāginus, a, um. adj. of beech.

Fāginus, a, um. adj. made of beech.

Fāgus, i. f. a beech-tree.

Fāgūllis, is, e. adj. belonging to beech.

Fāla, m. f. a high tower made of timber, a gallery, a scaffold, to shoot or throw darts out of.

Fālarica, m. f. a spear bound about with wild-fire, shot out of an engine; a moving tower brought against a besieged city; a fiery dart.

Fālcūsus, i. m. he that uses a scythe or hook; a mower, a maker of scythes; armed with a scythe.

Fālcātus, a, um. part. *hooked*, *crooked*, *bowed like a hook*, armed with hooks or scythes; topped with bills or pruning-hooks.

Fālcifer, a, um. adj. that bears a hook or scythe.

Fālco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cut or prune with a bill or hook.

Fālcūla, m. f. dim. [a falx] a little hook or bill; a vine or grape knife; a crooked claw or talon; a kind of swallow, a bank-marten.

Fālere, is. n. a pile or buttress.

Fālernum, sc. vinum. [a Fālerno agro] muscadine, a rich sort of wine; a sort of amber.

Fālisca, m. f. [a falisco ligno] a crib or rack for oxen and beasts to eat their meat in.

Fālisus, a, um. adj. a haggess or hog's halet, a pudding in a pig's belly.

Fāllācia, m. f. deceit, a crafty device, a fallacy, a sham, baseness, capriciousness, delusion, guile, guilefulness.

Fāllācter, adv. *deceitfully*, *falsely*; *capriciously*, *fallaciously*.

Fāllax, ācis. adj. *deceitful*, *evasive*, *fallacious*, *sophistical*, *false*, *adulterate*, *lying*, *vain*, *uncertain*.

Fallo *ire, fesseli, falsum. act. to slip; to slide; to deceive; to gull; to mislead; to beguile; to cozen; to cheat; to disappoint; to lurk; to sculk; to abscond; to escape notice; to be obscure; to counterfeit.* [vid. Decipere.]

Falsarius, i. m. *a forger of writings, a falsifier of evidences, a cheat.*

False, *adv. falsely.*

Falsidicus, a, um. adj. *lying, doubtful, false.*

Falsificus, a, um. adj. *that works deceitfully or guilefully.*

Falsiſſimus, a, um. adj. *swearing falsely.*

Falsissimus, a, um. adj. [*ex falsus et liquor*] *lying, false.*

Falsipater, *us. c. g. that owns a wrong father.*

Falstus, *atis. f. falsehood.*

Falso, *adv. falsely, wrongfully.*

Falsum, i. n. *a falsehood.*

Falsus, a, um. part. [*a fallo*] *deceived, mistaking. Adj. false, lying, unfaithful, deceiving, spurious.*

Falx, *cis. f. a hook, bill, scythe, or sickle; a pruning-knife; an engine of war, crooked like a hook.*

Fama, *æ. f. fame, rumor, common talk or report; tidings; renown, praise, a good name or reputation; infamy; a tradition or hearsay.*

Famelicus, a, um. adj. *hungry, famished, hunger-starved.*

Fames, *is. f. hunger, fasting, dearth, a greedy desire of.*

Famiger, *tra, trum. adj. carrying tales or slanders.*

Familia, *æ. f. originally, the servants belonging to one common master; it afterwards included, besides the servants, the wife and children, the family or household; the descendants from one common progenitor; a race, a society, company, or fraternity of men of the same sect or profession; a man's estate or substance.*

Familiaſſicus, a, um. adj. *of a family.*

Familiaſſis, *is, e. adj. of the same family or household; belonging to a family; familiar, usual, friendly, intimate.*

Familiaſſis, *is, m. a servant of the family; a friend, a familiar; one of high or long acquaintance.*

Familiaſſitas, *atis. f. familiarity, amity, acquaintance, familiar friendship, intimacy; a familiar friend.*

Familiaſſiter, *adv. familiarly, homely, plainly, privately, thoroughly, tenderly, intimately, with great concern.*

Fāmōsa, *æ. f. a miss, a courtesan.*

Fāmōsus, a, um. adj. *infamous, notorious, greatly renowned, much spoken of.*

Fāmūla, *æ. f. a maid or maid-servant.*

Fāmūlaris, *is, e. adj. of a servant.*

Fāmūlatus, *us. m. servile attendance.*

Fāmūltium, *i. -n. service; drudgery, attendance.*

Fāmūltari, *ātus. dep. to serve; to attend; to wait upon.*

Fāmūlus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a servant.*

Fāmūlus, *i. m. a servant, a household servant, a waiting-man.*

Fānaticus, a, um. adj. *inspired, possessed, mad, frantic.*

Fandus, a, um. part. *to be divulged; fit to be spoken, lawful, right.*

Fānum, *i. n. a temple, a church, a plot of ground consecrated.*

Far, *farris. n. all kinds of corn, beer, barley, meal, or flour.*

Farcimen, *inis. n. a gut-pudding, a sausage.*

Farcio, *ire. sl, tum et ctum. act. to stuff; to farce; to frank; to feed; to fatten; to cram.*

Farcitura, *æ. f. a cramming of souls; the filling of stones, the filling of the walls in the midst with rubbish.*

Farfūgum, *i. n. the white poplar-tree.*

Fāri, *Vid. For.*

Fārīna, *æ. f. meal, flour, powder, dust.*

Fārīnarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to meal.*

Fārīnarius, *i. m. a mealman.*

Farnus, *i. m. a kind of oak.*

Farrūceus, a, um. adj. *of corn.*

Farrāgo, *inis. f. a mixture of sundry grains together, mesce-lin; a mixture; a hodge-podge.*

Farrātus, a, um. adj. *done with corn.*

Ferreum, *i. n. a wheat-cake used in marriage; a barn to lay corn in; a vessel to fry corn in.*

Farrētus, a, um. adj. *of corn.*

Fartilis, *is, e. adj. that is crammed in order to be made fat.*

Fartor, *ōris. m. [a farcio] a poulticer that feeds or crams souls, a pudding or sausage maker.*

Fartum, *i. n. a pudding, a sausage; a kind of meat-offering made up of several sorts of stuff.*

Fartus et Fartus, a, um. part. *stuffed, crammed, loaded.*

Fartus, *us. m. a stuffing, filling, or cramming.*

Fas, *n. indecl. piety, justice,*

equity, right; a thing lawful or possible.

Fascia, *æ. f. a swathe, band, or roller, used by the ancients on their thighs and legs, instead of breeches; a bandage for wounds or broken limbs; a cloud; a wreath about the top of a pillar; a diadem; a sto macher or breast cloth; a child's bib; a scarf.*

Fasciūm, *adv. bundlewise.*

Fasciūsus, a, um. part. *swathed.*

Fasciūlus, *i. m. dim. [a fascia] a packet, a parcel, a posy or nosegay; a handful.*

Fascinādo, *ōnis. f. a bewitching, enchanting, or charming; fascination, incantation.*

Fascino, *ire, āvi, ātum. act. to bewitch; to forelook; to fore-speak; to conjure; to fascinate; to praise one overmuch.*

Fascinum, *i. n. an amulet or countercharm.*

Fascinus, *i. m. the god that frights away charms and witchcraft.*

Fasciola, *æ. f. dim. [a fascia] a little winding-band or swathing-cloth; a garter.*

Fascis, *is. m. a bundle of wood, twigs, straw, reeds, &c. a faggot; a bavin, a sheaf; a bundle, fardle, burden, pack, or packet. Fasces, plur. bundles of birchen rods, carried before the Roman magistrates, with an axe bound up in the middle of them; the office and dignity itself.*

Fassus, a, um. part. [*a fateor*] *confessed, owned, granted.*

Fasti, *drum. pl. m. et Fastus, uum. pl. m. calendars, wherein were set down their festivals, the names of their officers, their pleading-days, and all the public business they had throughout the year; a work of Ovid's, so called for that reason.*

Fastidio, *ire. Ivi, itum. act. to abhor; to disdain; to scorn; to set little value on; to make no account of; to detest; to disgust; to dislike; to nauseate; to loathe.*

Fastidiosis, *adv. ius. comp. scornfully, disdainfully, disrespectful, loathingly.*

Fastidiosus, a, um. adj. *disdainful, scornful, disrespectful, high-minded; queasy, squeamish, that loathes and cannot brook; curious, nice; shy, coy.*

Fastidius, a, um. part. *despised, slighted, loathed; disdainful, disgusted, disliked.*

Fastidium, *i. n. pride, haughtiness, scorn; aversion, antipathy, disgust; nausea, queasiness, a loathing, disdain, queasiness or qualms of women with child.*

Fastigiātus, a, um. *sharpened at the top like a pyramid.*

Fastigio, v. *potius Fastigo*, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to raise or build up to a sharp top.

Fastigium, i. n. the top, roof, point, peak, or height of a thing; the ridge of a house; the bottom or depth; a temple set on the tops of great houses, raised in form of a pyramid; the accomplishment or close of a work; rank or quality; sort or kind.

Fastosus, a, um. adj. proud, disdainful, supercilious, scornful, shy, haughty.

Fastus, us. m. [a *fas* do] *haughtiness, pride, disdain, arrogance, coyness, shyness.*

Fastus, a, um. adj. [a *fas*] *lucky, lawful.*

Fātālis, is, e. adj. fatal, ordered by fate; killing; natural, deadly.

Fātāliter, adv. *fatally, by order of destiny.*

Fāteor, ēri, fassus. dep. to confess; to own; to grant; to acknowledge; to discover. Pass. to be owned or granted.

Fātēclūsus, a, um. adj. v. **Fātēclūsus**, foretelling what is to come.

Fātēdicus, a, um. adj. *sooth-saying or fortunetelling.*

Fātēdicus, i. m. a prophet or foreteller of things to come; a fortune-teller.

Fātēr, a, um. adj. *destructive, deadly, mortal.*

Fātēgātio, ōnis. f. a sore wearying, harassing, or tiring; weariness, fatigue.

Fātēgo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to fatigue; to weary; to tire; to vex; to trouble much; to importune; to distress; to torment; to give no rest; to spur; to baffle; to confute; to drive; to beat; to wear out; to spend. [When the body is fatigued or the strength exhausted by labour, exercise, or trouble, we use *fatigatio*, but it is seldom or never employed to denote that weariness of spirit, or sinking of mind, which is occasioned by care, vexation, or affliction. *Fessus* is applied to both; and is not only more generic in point of signification, but also implies a greater degree of fatigue and debility.]

Fātēlōquus, a, um. adj. *fat-declaring.*

Fātēscō, ēre, — neut. to chink; to chap; to rise; to cleave; to split; to gape; to leak; to fail; to grow faint or feeble; to be wrought out of heart as land is; to be weary; to tire.

Fātue, adv. *foolishly, foppishly.*

Fātuitas, ātis. f. *foolishness, simplicity, coitishness.*

Fātuor, āri, ātus. dep. to dote; to play the fool or ninny.

Fātuor, āri, ātus. pass. [a *Fatua* *Fauni* uxore] to be inspired; to prophesy.

Fātum, i. n. God's providence or decree; fate, the order and series of causes, the course of nature; destiny or fortune; calamity, mischief, misfortune; death, a natural death; an untimely death; fortune or circumstances; an oracle.

Fātus, a, um. part. [a *fari*] *having spoken.*

Fātūus, a, um. adj. *insipid, mawkish; silly, foolish, oafish, doltish, flashy, giddy.* This adjective may be translated in the singular by a noun; a fool, a simpleton, an idiot, a sot, an oaf, a mere tony, a prating coxcomb.

Fauces, um. pl. f. the chops.

Fāveo, ēre, fāvi, fātum. neut. to favour; to befriend; to countenance; to be for one; to abet; to wish one well; to desire; to attend with silence.

Fāvētur, impers. *men favour.*

Fāvilla, æ. f. a hot ember, white ashes.

Fāvōniāna pira, Catherine pears or the like.

Fāvōnius, i. m. the west wind.

Fāvor, ōris. m. good-will, favour, kindness, acceptableness, benevolence, grace.

Fāvōrābilis, is, e. adj. Pass. who or that is favoured. Act. favourable or that favours.

Fāvōrābilitas, adv. *favourably, with favour.*

Fauiste, adv. *prosperously, luckily, successfully, auspiciously.*

Fāustitas, ātis. f. good luck, happiness, or the goddess thereof.

Faustus, a, um. adj. *lucky, auspicious, fortunate, prosperous.*

Fautor, ōris. m. [a *faveo*] a favourer, a furtherer, or maintainer. a partisan.

Fautrix, icis. f. she who favours.

Fāvus, i. m. a honey comb; a six-cornered tile.

Faux, cis. f. pl. Fauces, the jaws, the chops; the gorge or gullet-pipe; straits or narrow passages, the mouth of a river.

Fauces, pl. the starting place.

Fax, fācis. f. a torch, a flambeau, a link, a taper, a fire-brand.

Fehricito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to be sick of a fever or ague.

Fehricula, æ. f. dim. a little slight fever or ague.

Febrio, ire, ivi, itum. to have a fever or ague.

Febrius, is. f. a fever; an ague.

Feburia, ōrum. pl. n. [a *servendo*] sacrifices for the ghosts of the dead; purifications.

Febuārius, ii. m. the month of February.

Febuātus, a, um. part. *purged with sacrifice.*

Fēciliālis, is, et pl. **Fēciliālis**, ium. m. a herald at arms who proclaimed war or peace, and was of the order of the priests.

Fēciliālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to heralds at arms.

Fecunditas, Vid. **Fecunditas**.

Fel, fellis. n. gall, bitterness, grief of spirit, poison.

Fēles et Felis, is. f. a cat; a hawk that picks up girls.

Fēlicitas, ātis. f. fortune, prosperous or adverse: felicity, happiness, opulence, wealthiness; fruitfulness, fecundity.

Felicitas, adv. *fruitfully plentifully, happily, prosperously, auspiciously.*

Fellineus et Felinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a cat.

Fēlix, icis. adj. happy, auspicious, felicitous, prosperous, fortunate; favourable, kind; profitable; fruitful.

Fellātor, ōris. m. a sucker.

Felleus, a, um. adj. of gall, as bitter as gall.

Fēmella, æ. f. a female.

Fēmen, inis. n. the inside of the thigh.

Fēmina, æ. f. a woman. Vid. **Fēmina**.

Fēminalia, um. n. pl. *al. Fēminalia*, bande to wrap a out the thighs, slops, drawers, trousers.

Fēmur, ōris. n. the thigh; the outside of the thigh.

Fēnestella, æ. f. dim. a little window, a hole to let in light.

Fēnestra, æ. f. a window; an entry or way into; a hole, a gap; an inlet. an occasion.

Fēnestrātus, a, um. adj. *having windows; open, clear, manifest.*

Fēnestro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to open or make a window.

Fēnum, i. n. use. *use-money.*

Fēra, æ. f. a wild beast, any kind of beast or wild fowl.

Fērācitas, ātis. f. *fruitfulness.*

Fērācius, adv. *more plentifully or fruitfully.*

Fērālia, um. n. pl. *sacrifices for the dead; the time of the solemnity.*

Fērālis, is, e. adj. *deadly, fatal dismal, belonging to funerals.*

Fērax, icis. adj. *fertile, fruitful, abounding.*

Ferulum, i. n. a dish or mess of meat, borne to the table.

Fēre, adv. *almost, nigh, within*

a little; for the most part, generally, ordinarily, commonly, greatly, very much.
Ferēntārius, a, um. adj. bringing immediate relief.
Ferēntārius miles, a light-harnessed soldier, a slinger.
Ferēbila vitis [a ferendo] a kind of fruitful vine.
Ferētrius, i. m. one of Jupiter's epithets.
Ferētrum, i. n. a bier or coffin; that whereon spoils were carried in triumph.
Ferīe, ārum, pl. f. holidays; an idle or holiday life.
Ferīātus, a, um. part. unemployed, idle.
Ferīna, m. [sc. caro] venison.
Ferīnus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to wild beasts.
Ferīo, īre, —, act. to butt; to strike; to hit; to knock; to sacrifice; to make; to ratify; to coin; to stamp; to compose.
Ferīor, īri, ātus. dep. to be idle or at leisure; to keep holiday.
Ferītas, ātis. f. wildness, fierceness, cruelty; hard-heartedness; also, a company of wild trees growing together.
Ferme, adv. almost, for the most part; near, thereabouts.
Fermentātus, a, um. part. leavened; puffed up, swollen, heaved.
Fermentesco, ēre, —, incept. to be puffed or raised up by learning; to be light and puffy.
Fermento, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to leaven with dough; to ferment; to make light, puffy or loose.
Fermentum, i. n. leaven, a lump leavened, that which is light and puffy, fermented liquor, as beer, ale, &c. a fretting, anger, discontent.
Ferō, fers, ferre, tūli et tētūli, lātum. act. to carry; to bring; to condescend; to vouchsafe; to bear with; to lead; to extol; to produce; to breed; to bring forth; to propose; to get; to receive; to purchase; to show; to manifest; to possess; to sustain; to suffer; to permit; to prescribe; to give out; to report; to endure.
Ferōcia, m. f. fierceness, harshness, cruelty.
Ferōcio, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to be fierce, cruel or unruly; to huff; to hector.
Ferōcitas, ātis. f. headiness, fierceness, rashness; surliness, moroseness, huffishness, sauciness.
Ferōciter, adv. fiercely, wildly, saucily, huffishly, hastily, cruelty.

Ferōcūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a serox] somewhat fierce, cruel, surly.
Ferōx, ōcis. adj. fierce, stout, lusty, hardy; cruel, cruel, surly, insolent, huffish, headstrong, mettlesome.
Ferōmentum, i. n. an instrument or tool of iron; an edged or pointed weapon.
Ferriāria, m. f. an iron-mine.
Ferrārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to iron.
Ferrātūlis, is, e. adj. belonging to iron.
Ferrātus, a, um. adj. done with iron, hard as iron; harness-ed, armed or closed in iron; fettered, shackled or laid in irons.
Ferrea, m. f. a kind of instrument used in husbandry.
Ferrens, a, um. adj. of iron; hard, stout; unkind, cruel; indolent, insensible; crabbed, hard, difficult to be understood.
Ferrūdina, m. f. an iron-mine.
Ferrūdus, i. m. a slave in chains.
Ferrūtium, i. n. a prison, a place where fetters clink.
Ferrūgineus, a, um. adj. of the colour of rusty iron or soot; dark blue or murrey; mingled of black and red.
Ferrūgo, īnis. f. rust of iron; the colour of polished iron; a dark murrey colour; a sad blue.
Ferrum, i. n. iron; any weapon or tool made of iron; a ploughshare; a sword; fetters of iron.
Ferrūmen, īnis. n. et **Ferrūmentum**, i. n. solder, glue, pitch, or such like binding things; steel or iron hardened.
Ferrūmīno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to solder; to glue; to cement; to join.
Fertilis, is, e. adj. fertile, rank, fruitful.
Fertilitas, ātis. f. fruitfulness, fertility, abundance.
Fertiliter, adv. abundantly, fruitfully.
Fertus, a, um. adj. fruitful.
Fervēfūcio, ēre, fēci, factum. act. to make to see; to boil; to heat; to make hot.
Fervēfactus, a, um. part. made hot.
Ferverter, adv. hotly, hastily.
Ferveo, ēre, vi et buli, —, neut. to be hot; to boil; to work; to ferment; to rage; to fret; to be rough and troublesome; to be busily occupied and troubled with; to be vehement; to be in a chafe or heat; to be transported by any passion.
Fervesco, ēre, —, incept. to grow or begin to be hot.
Fervidus, a, um. adj. scorching,

torrid, burning; fermenting, working; fierce, hasty, vehement, earnest.
Ferūla, m. f. an herb, fennel-giant; a rod or ferula; a cane or reed; a walking staff.
Ferulæ, eplints used about the binding up of broken bones.
Ferūlaceus, a, um. adj. like the herb ferula.
Ferveo, ēre, i, —. *Vid.* **Ferveo**.
Fervor, ōris. m. heat; a boiling or raging; a scorching; earnestness, vigour, passion.
Ferus, a, um. adj. wild; savage, cruel, fierce; uncultivated, unlearned.
Ferus, i. m. a wild beast, particularly a boar; a stag.
Fescenninus, a, um. adj. Fescennine; wanton.
Fessus, a, um. part. [a fatiscor] weary, tired. [*Vid.* **Fatigatus**].
Festinābundus, a, um. part. hasty, quick.
Festinanter, adv. hastily, quickly, speedily.
Festinatio, ōnis. f. haste, speed, hastening, hurry, hurrying, despatch, expedition.
Festinatio, adv. quickly, speedily, hastily.
Festinātus, a, um. part. hastened; accelerated, done with speed or before the time.
Festine, adv. in haste, speedily.
Festino, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to make haste; to hie; to hurry; to accelerate; to hasten; to do a thing speedily; to be concerned or troubled.
Festinus, a, um. adj. quick, hasty, speedy.
Festive, adv. pleasantly, humorously, jollily, jocosely, handsomely, with a good grace.
Festivitas, ātis. f. mirth, pleasantness, merriment, drollery; airiness, gaiety, jollity, pleasantry, good humour.
Festivus, a, um. adj. festival; merry, pleasant, jocular; humorous, jolly; of a sweet temper, good-humoured; handsome, fine, clever.
Festūca, m. f. the shoot or stalk of a tree; an herb; a skewer; a rod or wand which the praetor used to lay upon the servant's head, and so make him free.
Festum, i. n. a holiday, a feast.
Festus, a, um. adj. festival, solemn, joyful, merry, pleasant.
Fētus, ūs. m. *Vid.* **Fatus**.
Fi, be thou, et **Fite**, be ye, imper. ex. fio.
Fiber, ri. m. a beaver, a badger or gray.
Fibra, m. f. the border or brim; small sprouts or strings like hairs, hanging at the roots of herbs; filaments; the inwards or entrails.
Fibratus, a, um. adj. having

small strings like hairs or threads hanging at it.

Fibrinus, a, um. adj. of a beaver or castor.

Fibula, æ. f. a clasp; a buckle; a button; a brace to fasten beams; a hook to hold square stones together; a hasp; a little hook or ring of brass; a surgeon's instrument where-with a wound is stretched and drawn together.

Fibulatio, ðnis. f. a bracing and fastening together.

Fibulo, ære, ævi, ðtum. act. to button or fasten together.

Ficarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to figs, an eater of figs.

Ficculla, æ. f. a fig-pecker or beccafico.

Ficidulensis, is, e. adj. one who lives in the street called Ficulæ, alluding to the sellers of such birds.

Ficetum, i. n. a place where fig-trees grow; the place where the piles grow.

Ficeus, a, um. adj. full of sores, scabs, or the piles.

Ficte, adv. dissemblingly; feignedly, falsely, fictitiously.

Fictile, is. n. a vessel or other thing made of earth.

Fictilis, is, e. adj. earthen, made of earth.

Fictio, ðnis. f. [a fingio] a fiction, a lie; a device, a feigning, or counterfeiting.

Fictitious, a, um. adj. counterfeited, feigned, fictitious.

Fictor, ðris. m. a potter, one that works in clay; a seigner or counterfeiter; a maker, forger, or deviser; a confectioner.

Fictus, a, um. part. et adj. [a fingio] formed, fashioned; feigned, graven, wrought; trimmed up. Adj. false, counterfeit, dissembling, fabulous.

Ficulæus et Ficulnus, a, um. adj. of a fig-tree.

Ficulus, i. dim. a little fig.

Ficus, i. f. item Ficus, ðis. f. a fig; a fig-tree; the piles; emoroids; one troubled with this distemper.

Fide, adv. faithfully, loyally.

Fidella, æ. f. a crock of earth, a stone jug; a carpenter's line; a vessel or pot.

Fidella, is, e. adj. [a fides] faithful, loyal, trusty, sure; just and reasonable; sure, fast.

Fidelitas, ðtis. f. faithfulness, loyalty, trustiness, fidelity; fealty, allegiance.

Fidelter, adv. faithfully, loyally.

Fideas, tis. part. et adj. trusting. Adj. bold, hardy, having a good confidence.

Fidenter, adv. boldly, courageously, confidently.

Fidentia, æ. f. boldness, confidence, trust, assurance.

Fides, ði. f. faith, truth, honesty; allegiance, loyalty; trust, credit; safeguard, warrant; authority; defence; faithfulness, conscience; friendship, a solemn league; a goddess of that name; public credit; word, promise; safe keeping; justice, uprightness.

Fides, is, et **Fidis**, is. f. a fiddle, lute, or any stringed instrument; a constellation.

Fidicen, inis. m. a harper, a lutanist, a minstrel, he that plays on a stringed instrument.

Fidicina, æ. f. a woman that plays on the harp, lute, &c.

Fidiculus, a, um. adj. belonging to playing on instruments.

Fidicula, æ. f. dim. [a fides, is] a little lute, a guitar, a fiddle, a kit, a crowd; a company of stars resembling a harp.

Fidiculus, ðrum. pl. f. little cords wherewith they stretched people upon the rack, to make them confess.

Fido, ðre, ði et **fissus** sum. neut. to trust to or in; to put trust or confidence in.

Fiducia, æ. f. self-consciousness, courage, confidence, in a good sense; boldness, assuming, in a bad sense; trust, assurance; dependence; assurance, hope.

Fiduciarus, a, um. adj. that takes or is taken upon trust, so as to be restored again.

Fidus, a, um. adj. faithful, true-hearted, trusty; safe, secure.

Figlina, æ. f. the potter's craft; a potter's workhouse.

Figlinum, i. n. [æc. opus] a vessel made of earth.

Figlinus, a, um. adj. belonging to a potter.

Figo, ðre, ðxi, ðxum. act. to stick; to fix; to fasten; to thrust in; to shoot; to hit; to wound; to set up publicly.

Figillaris, is, e. adj. of a potter.

Figillina, æ. f. the potter's art or trade.

Figillus, i. m. [a fingio] a potter or worker of things in clay.

Figura, æ. f. [a fingio] figure, shape, fashion; an image, portraiture, draught, scheme, likeness; a scoff or taunt; a figurative expression.

Figuratio, ðnis. f. a fashioning, figuring, moulding, resembling or shaping; an imagin-

Figuratus, a, um. part. fashioned, formed, coined; figurative.

Figuro, ære, ævi, ðtum. act. to figure; to shape; to make; to form; to imagine; to set off with figures.

Filātim, adv. thread by thread.

Filia, æ. f. [a filius] a daughter.

Filicatus, a, um. indented about like fern, notched, scalloped.

Filicetum, i. n. ferny ground.

Filictum, i. n. [a filix] a fern-field.

Filicula, æ. f. fern of trees, wall-fern, the herb polypody.

Filicula, æ. f. dim. [a filia] a little daughter.

Filiculus, i. m. dim. [a filius] a little or young son.

Filius, i. m. a son, a child; the young of any creature.

Filix, icis. f. fern, brake; a small fibre from a root.

Filum, i. n. a thread, yarn; a line or streak; the string of an instrument; a lineament or feature; the proportion or draught of a thing; the style, and manner of speech.

Fimbria, æ. f. any extremity, the end; border, hem, gard or welt; the list of cloth; a fringe, a flounce.

Fimbriatus, a, um. adj. scalloped, fringed, hemmed, jagged, welled; flounced.

Fimatum, i. n. a dunghill, a mizen, a lay-stall or lay-soil.

Fimum, i. n. dung.

Fimus, i. m. dung or ordure; compost.

Findo, ðre, ðidi, ðissum. act. to cleave; to rise; to slit; to chop; to divide.

Fingo, ðre, ðxi, ðctum. act. to make; to fashion; to mould; to frame; to build; to imagine; to suppose; to devise; to contrive; to forge; to feign; to counterfeit; to suit; to accommodate.

Finiens, tis. m. [æc. circulus] the horizon.

Finio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to finish; to end; to accomplish; to determine; to appoint; to prescribe; to assign; to limit; to define; to quench; to satisfy.

Finis, is. m. v. f. the intent or purpose; the end, the conclusion; a bound, border, or limit; a definition, a country, a territory; death.

Finite, adv. determinately, with certain measures and bounds.

Finittimus, a, um. adj. bordering upon, adjoining; nearly related or allied; like, close or near to.

Fluctio, *onis*. *f.* a definition or bounding.
Finitor, *oris*. *m.* a surveyor of land, that sets bounds; that puts an end to, the horizon.
Finitus, *a*, *um*. *part.* finished, ended, expired; bounded, confined; determined, fixed.
Flo, *fleri*, *factus*. *n.* to be made; to consist; to be done; to be esteemed; to happen; to come to pass; to wax; to grow; to become; to be bred.
Firmamen, *inis*. *n.* the ground, principal point, or foundation of a cause or matter; the state of a question, an establishment.
Firmamentum, *i*. *n.* a ground or stay; the chief point of a business.
Firmator, *oris*. *m.* a confirmer or establisher.
Firme, *adv.* assuredly, steadfastly, firmly, immutably, resolvedly, substantially.
Firmitas, *atis*. *f.* firmness, soundness, consistence; validity, stability; strength, steadiness, constancy.
Firmiter, *adv.* firmly.
Firmitudo, *inis*. *f.* firmness, solidity, strength; constancy, resolution.
Firmo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *act.* to strengthen; to make steady; to fortify; to fix; to establish; to confirm; to harden; to bind; to make custive.
Firmus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* firm, steady, constant, valid, compact, substantial, strong, lusty, bold, hearty, able, hard, solid.
Fiscella, *æ*. *f.* *dim.* [a *fascina*] a wicker basket; a curd-basket or cheese-vat; a muzzle.
Fiscellum, *i*. *n.* a twig-basket; a cheese-vat.
Fiscina, *æ*. *f.* a bag to put money in, a frail, a hamper, a pannier.
Fiscus, *i*. *m.* a great frail; a great money bag; a hamper; the money itself, a king's revenue or exchequer.
Fistilis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* that is or may be cleft, slit, or cloven.
Fissio, *onis*. *f.* [a *findo*] a cleaving or chapping.
Fissum, *i*. *n.* a cleft, a chap; that skin which divides the liver, and is used by sooth-sayers to divine.
Fissura, *æ*. *f.* a cleft, a slit, a rift, a chap; a gap, a fissure; the division between the fingers and toes.
Fissus, *a*, *um*. *part.* [a *findo*] cloven, riven, divided, cleft, split, chinked.
Fissus, *üs*. *m.* a cleft, a cut, a cleaving and cutting.
Fistuca, *æ*. *f.* an instrument called a commander; a rammer.

Fistückilo, *onis*. *f.* a driving of piles or a ramming down of stones.
Fistucatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* [a *seq.*] that is rammed or driven down.
Fistuco, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *act.* to drive piles into the earth; to ram down stones in paving.
Fistula, *æ*. *f.* a pipe to carry water, a pipe or flute made of reed or other stuff, a flageolet; the weasand of the throat; a hollow oozing ulcer.
Fistulätor, *oris*. *m.* a piper or player on a flute or flageolet.
Fistulatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* made hollow like a pipe.
Fistulo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *n.* to be hollow.
Fistulosus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* hollow, spungy.
Fisus, *a*, *um*. *part.* [a *fido*] trusting, confiding, relying.
Fit, *impers.* it comes to pass, it falls out.
Fixus, *a*, *um*. *part.* et *adj.* fixed or stuck up, impressed; unmovable. *Adj.* firm, fast, steady, constant; permanent.
Fläbellifer, *a*, *um*. *adj.* that bears a fan.
Fläbellum, *i*. *n.* *dim.* a fan to blow wind; a stirrer up.
Fläbilis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* that may be blown, easily blown, airy.
Fläbrum, *i*. *n.* [a *flando*] a blast or puff of wind.
Flaccesco, *äre*, *ui*. *neut.* to wither; to decay.
Flacceo, *äre*, *ui*. *neut.* [a *flaccus*] to wither; to be feeble; to hang down; to droop; to sag; to decay; to fail.
Flaccidus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* withered, faded, feeble, weak, hanging, lolling, or flagging; shabby, flaccid; flimsy, lank, limp.
Flaccus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* flap-eared, flagging and hanging down.
Flägelatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* whipped, scourged.
Flägello, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *act.* to whip; to scourge; to jerk; to lash; to thresh; to keep closely locked up.
Flägellum, *i*. *n.* *dim.* [a *flagrum*] a whip or scourge; a small branch or twig of a tree; the young shoot of a vine; a clew or claw of a shell-fish.
Flägütio, *onis*. *f.* an earnest entreaty or desire.
Flägütator, *oris*. *m.* a demander; one who urgently requests or asks; a creditor; a dun.
Flägütiosus, *adv.* ungraciously, mischievously, naughtily, villainously, scandalously, dishonestly, enormously, heinously, lewdly, rascally.
Flägütiosus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* [a *seq.*] ungracious, lewd, naughty, villainous; abandoned, flagiti-

ous, heinous, vile; infamous, scandalous.
Flägütium, *il*. *n.* a naughty or base action; a scandalous crime, any villainous, base or scandalous action; a reproach, a scandal. [Vid. *Facinus*.]
Flägito, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *act.* to ask and demand with importunity and clamour; to exact, to accuse; to impeach.
Flagrans, *tis*. *part.* et *adj.* burning, flaming, glowing, blushing, shining, glittering, flagrant, eager, earnest, violent.
Flagranter, *adv.* eagerly, passionately, flagrantly, flamingly.
Flagrantia, *æ*. *f.* ardent desire, flagrantcy, lewdness.
Flagro, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *act.* et *neut.* to burn; to be on fire; to be all in a flame; to be violent; to be inflamed with love, envy, &c.
Flagrum, *i*. *n.* a whip, a scourge, a lash.
Flämen, *inis*. *n.* a blast or puff of wind; a blast or sound of an instrument.
Flämen, *inis*. *m.* a priest or arch-priest.
Fläminica, *æ*. *f.* the arch-priest's wife.
Fläminium, *i*. *n.* the arch-priest's office or dignity; the priest-hood.
Flamma, *æ*. *f.* a flame, a blaze, a flash or flake of fire; vehemence, ardour, love, danger, hazard.
Flammatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* inflamed, set on fire, armed with flames; inflamed, excited.
Flammearius, *i*. *m.* a dyer of clothes in flame-colour.
Flammeolum, *i*. *n.* *dim.* a little veil or scarf of a flame-colour, such as brides wore.
Flammeulus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* somewhat of a flame-colour.
Flammeum, *i*. *n.* a kind of yellow scarf, wherewith the bride's face was covered.
Flammeus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* burning, flaming; of a flame-colour, yellow.
Flammifer, *a*, *um*. *adj.* that bringeth flames or flashes.
Flammiger, *a*, *um*. *adj.* that carries fire or flames.
Flammo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *neut.* to flame or flash; to make bright or glittering; to inflame; to incense; to set on fire; to excite.
Flammula, *æ*. *f.* *dim.* a little flame or blaze.
Fländos, *a*, *um*. *part.* to be coined.
Flätus, *üs*. *m.* [a *fio*] a puff, a blast, a gale of wind; a gentle breeze.

Flaveo, ēre, — neut. *to be yellow or of a colour like gold.*

Flāvesco, ēre, — neut. *to grow yellow.*

Flavicomus, a, um. adj. *having yellow hair.*

Flavus, a, um. adj. *of a bright yellow like gold or the ripe ears of corn.*

Flābilis, is, e. adj. *doleful, to be bewailed and wept over.*

Flēbilit̃er, adv. *lamentably, dolefully, sadly, sorrowfully.*

Flectio, v. **Flexio**, ōnis. f. [a flecto] *a bowing; a turning or altering of the voice; a winding, a declining.*

Flecto, ēre, exi, exum. act. et neut. *to bend; to bow; to turn; to incline; to apply; to decline; to shun; to persuade; to prevail with.*

Flēmen, inis. n. *the falling down of blood to the ancles by reason of over much walking.*

Fleo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to weep; to cry; to bewail; to lament; to drop.*

Flester, a, um. adj. *yielding tears or drops.*

Fleuer, impers. *it is wept.*

Flētus, ūs. m. *weeping, bewailing, tears.*

Flexānimus, a, um. adj. *that turns or inclines the mind.*

Flexiblis, is, e. adj. *that may be bent or bowed; tender; tractable, flexible, pliant, inconstant, wavering.*

Flexilis, is, e. adj. *easy to be bent or bowed; pliant, winding.*

Flexilquus, a, um. adj. *speaking ambiguously.*

Flexipes, ēdis. adj. *crook-footed.*

Flexuōse, adv. *crookedly, with turnings and windings.*

Flexuosus, a, um. adj. *full of turnings and windings.*

Flexura, ē. f. *a being crooked, a bending, a bowing, or declining.*

Flexus, a, um. part. *bowed, bent, turned, crooked, crisped, curled, inclining to, reflected, or beaten back.*

Flexus, ūs. m. [a flecto] *a winding or bending; a turning in the way; a curl; the end of the race, where they turn again; a changing of the tone or voice in pronunciation.*

Flictus, ūs. m. [a seq. fligo] *a striking or dashing against a thing.*

Fligo, ēre, ixi, ictum. act. *to beat or dash against the ground.*

Flo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to blow; to sound or cast metal; to make or coin money.*

Floccificatio, ēre, fēci, factum.

act. *to set nought by; to esteem as light as a flock or a rush; to make little or no account of.*

Floccipendo, ēre, i, pensum. *to hold of no value.*

Flocculus, i. m. dim. *a little flock of wool.*

Floccus, i. m. *a lock of wool, a flock of the shearing of woolen cloth, the nap of clothes; a slight or sorry business worth no notice.*

Florālia, um. n. pl. *holidays and plays, instituted in honour of Flora, the goddess of flowers.*

Florālis, is, e. adj. *floral; belonging to the games of Flora.*

Florālītus, a, um. adj. *that which pertained to or was used in the plays of Flora.*

Flōrens, tis. part. et adj. *flourishing; in great repute; prosperous, successful; bright, glittering.*

Florentia vitis, a kind of vine in Tuscany.

Flōreo, ēre, ui, — neut. *to flourish; to have or bear flowers; to blossom; to be at one's prime; to be in repute or esteem; to prosper; to be highly valued; to come into fashion; to be bright; to sparkle; to glitter.*

Flōresco, ēre, — incept. *to blossom; to begin to bloom; to flourish; to prosper; to be in repute.*

Flōreus, a, um. adj. *flowery; adorned with or made of flowers.*

Flōricōmus, a, um. adj. *that has his head or hair adorned with flowers.*

Floridulus, a, um. adj. dim. *blooming or gay.*

Floridus, a, um. adj. *flowery, adorned or dressed with flowers; florid, gay, lively, brisk, fresh.*

Flōrtifer, ēra, um. adj. *that beareth flowers.*

Flōrtifēgus, a, um. adj. *that gathers flowers or out of flowers, as bees do.*

Flos, ōris. m. *a flower, a bloom or blossom; the prime of age, the best state of any thing; honour or esteem; the choice of any thing; the down of one's cheeks. Flores, flowers or figures in rhetoric; joy, delight, pleasure.*

Flocculus, i. m. dim. [a præced.] *a blossom, a little flower; an ornament of style or figure of rhetoric.*

Fluctifragus, a, um. adj. *breaking the waves.*

Fluctiger, ēra, um. adj. *bearing the waves.*

Fluctibōnus, a, um. adj. *roaring*

or sounding with waves and billows.

Fluctivāgus, a, um. adj. *wandering on or tossed by the waves.*

Fluctuātio, ōnis. f. *the swimming of the stomach; a wavering or wagging to and fro; a floating, doubting, wavering.*

Fluctuatus, a, um. part. *shaken or tossed with waves, floating on the waves.*

Fluctu, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to rise in waves; to swim on the waves; to be in suspense; to be carried hither and thither.*

Fluctuōsus, a, um. adj. *full of waves, boisterous; wavy, like waves, seiny.*

Fluctus, ūs, ūis, et i. m. *a wave, a surge, a billow; a crowd, a multitude; uncertainty, disquiet, distraction.*

Fluens, tis. part. *flowing, rushing out; drooping, falling; succeeding or going well; loose, dissolute; spreading, extending.*

Fluenter, adv. *flowingly.*

Fluentibōnus, a, um. adj. *sounding with waves.*

Fluentum, i. n. *a river, a stream.*

Fluidus, a, um. adj. *fluid, watery, falling or dropping off; weak or languid.*

Fluitans, tis. part. *flowing; floating, swimming; loose, wavering.*

Fluito, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a fluo] *to flow.*

Flūmen, inis. n. [a fluo] *a flowing, a stream, a running water, a river; a flood of tears; an overflowing, an exuberancy.*

Flumīneus, a, um. adj. *of or pertaining to a river.*

Fluo, ēre, xi, xum et etum. neut. *to flow; to run; to melt; to gush; to trickle; to flow from; to proceed or come from; to slip; to pass away; to spread; to hang loose; to drop or fall out; to succeed; to be prosperous; to flag; to droop.*

Flūta, ē. f. [a fluto] *a kind of lamprey always swimming on the top of the water.*

Flūto, āre, āvi, ātum. contract. *pro Fluito, to flow often; to flow.*

Flūviālis, is, e. adj. *of or pertaining to a river.*

Flūviālicus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a river.*

Flūviātilis, is, e. adj. *of or pertaining to a river.*

Flūviātus, a, um. part. *steeped or soaked in river-water.*

Flūvidus, a, um. adj. *Vid. Fluidus.*

Flūvus, i. m. [a fluvi, præst. antig. a fluo] *the water in a river; a river.*

Fluxu, adv. copiously, abundantly.

Fluxio, ōnis, f. [a fluo] a flowing, a running of liquids; the flux, a disease.

Fluxūra, æ, f. weakness, tenderness.

Fluxus, a, um, adj. that easily flows; leaking; loose, hanging down, ungirt; perishable, not continuing; mutable, uncertain; dissolute.

Fluxus, ūs, m. [a fluo] a flowing, a streaming.

Focāle, is, u. a muffler to keep the throat and neck warm.

Focāle, is, n. [a focus] a garment worn by the fire-side.

Focāneus palmea, a by branch or sprout.

Focillo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a focus] to warm or cherish.

Focillor, āri, ātus, dep. to cherish.

Focillo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *Id.*

Foculus, i, m. dim. [a focus] a little fire-hearth; a fire; a chafing-dish.

Focus, i, m. a fire-hearth; a house; the fire.

Fodico, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to pierce or bore; to sting; to vex; to grieve; to torture.

Fodina, æ, f. a mine or quarry.

Fodilo, fodere v. fodire, fodi, fossum, act. to dig; to delve; to mine; to get by mining; to prick; to stick; to stab; to jog; to push by way of notice or admonition.

Fœconde, adv. fruitfully.

Fœcunditas v. **Fœcunditas**, ātis, f. fruitfulness, abundance; exuberance, fluency, eloquence; the goddess so called.

Fœcundo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a fœcundus] to make fertile or fruitful.

Fœcundus, a, um, adj. [a fœtu] fruitful, apt to bear young; abundant, copious.

Fœditus, a, um, part. polluted, defiled, contaminated.

Fœde, adj. foully, dirtily; basely, dishonourably; abominably, vilely.

Fœdtrātus, a, um, part. confederate, allied.

Fœdtrātus, a, um, adj. that breaketh a league.

Fœditas, ātis, f. ugliness, deformity; dirtiness; stink, nastiness; horror; dishonour, baseness, vileness.

Fædo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to daub; to defile; to pollute; to stain; to contaminate; to lay in the dust; to bear down; to disgrace; to tear; to rend; to disfigure.

Fædus, a, um, adj. filthy, nasty, dirty, foul, loathsome; stinking, unpleasant; deformed, unwhightly; boisterous, tempe-

tuous; mean; sorry, rude; cruel; base, shameless, vile; destructive.

Fœdus, ēris, n. a league, a covenant, a treaty; a stipulation between two or more; an agreement; marriage; hospitality; a conspiracy; a firm order, a settled decree; a mutual relation.

Fœmina, v. **Fēmina**, æ, f. a woman; a female.

Fœmineus v. **Fēmineus**, a, um, adj. feminine, womanlike, soft and tender.

Fœmininus v. **Fēmininus**, a, um, adj. of the female kind.

Fœnarius, a, um, adj. pertaining to hay.

Fœnebris, is, e, adj. [a fœnus] pertaining to usury.

Fœneratio, ōnis, f. a letting out of money on usury.

Fœnerato, adv. with gain, upon interest.

Fœnerator, ōris, m. a usurer.

Fœneratorius, a, um, adj. pertaining to usury.

Fœneratrix, icis, f. a female usurer.

Fœnstratus, a, um, part. put out to interest; returned with advantage.

Fœnro, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to lend upon usury; to give or bestow; to bring in usury.

Fœnror, āri, ātus, dep. to lend on usury.

Fœneus, a, um, adj. made of hay.

Fœnicularius, a, um, adj. belonging to hay.

Fœniculum, i, n. the herb fennel or finkel.

Fœnile, is, n. a hay-loft.

Fœnseca, æ, c. g. a mower or cutter of grass.

Fœnsēcium, i, n. [a fœnum et seco] hay-making time.

Fœnsicæ, icis, m. a mower.

Fœnsicia, æ, f. the hay-harvest.

Fœnum, i, n. hay, fodder.

Fœnus, ōris, n. interest upon money lent, use-money, usury.

Fœnuscūlum, i, n. dim. a little interest or bribe.

Fæteo, āre, ul, — n. to stink; to have an ill smell; to be nauseous; to offend.

Fætidus, a, um, adj. stinking, rank, frouzy.

Fætifera v. **Fætifer**, a, um, adj. [a fætu] prolific, fruitful.

Fætifico v. **Fætifico**, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. to be fruitful; to have young.

Fætificus v. **Fætificus**, a, um, adj. causing to bear young, fruitful, prolific.

Fæto v. **Fæto**, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. to bring forth young.

Fætor, ōris, m. [a fæteo] a stink, a rank smell, noisomeness.

Fætūra v. **Fætūra**, æ, f. [a fætu] the breeding of cattle; the time from conception to the birth; the growth or springing of grass; an edition of a book.

Fætus v. **Fætus**, a, um, adj. big or great with young; that has young; abounding.

Fætus v. **Fætus**, ūs, m. the young of any creature; the fruit of trees; a birth.

Fœliaceus, a, um, adj. foliaceous; of or like leaves.

Fœliātum, i, n. [sc. unguentum] a precious ointment made of spikenard.

Fœliātūra, æ, f. the order or manner of leaves.

Fœliātus, a, um, adj. leaved or having leaves.

Fœliōsus, a, um, adj. leafy or full of leaves.

Fœlium, i, n. a leaf of a tree, flower or herb; a leaf of a book.

Fœllicūlus, i, m. dim. [a follis] a little bag of leather; a small leathern ball blown with wind; the husk or hose of wheat or other grain; the hull or peel.

Fœllis, is, m. a bag, purse or scrip of leather; a pair of bellows; a ball of leather flibed with wind.

Fœllitum, adv. by the large bag.

Fœmentum, i, n. [a fœvo] an application to assuage pain; consolation, an allaying of grief; softness, luxury.

Fœmes, itis, m. fuel; coal or wood.

Fœns, tis, m. a fountain, spring, a well, a font; water; the spring-head or principal cruse.

Fœntinālia v. **Fœntinālia**, ūm, n. pl. solemn feasts relating to wells.

Fœntinus, a, um, adj. of a fountain or spring.

Fœnticūlus, i, m. dim. a small fountain, a little spring.

For, innat. dep. sed fāris, fātur, fāri, fētus, &c. to speak; to utter an articulate voice; to speak of; to describe.

Fœribilis, is, e, adj. that may be bored, pierced or wounded.

Fœrmen, inis, n. any hole.

Fœras, adv. out of doors, forth.

Forceps, tps, f. raro, et unquam, m. a pair of tongs, nippers, pincers, tweezers or like instrument; a crab or lobster's claw; an iron hook.

Fordietidia, ōrum, n. pl. feasts wherein cows with calf were offered.

Fœrem, es, et pl. fœrent [a fœvo] I might be.

Fœre, infin. [a sum] to be here after.

Forēnsis, *is, e. adj.* *belonging to the Forum or courts of pleading.*
Forēs, *ium. pl. f.* [a foris] *the door.*
Forfex, *icis. f.* *a pair of scissors or shears; an iron hoop or cramp-iron.*
Fori, *drum. pl. m.* *the decks of a ship; scaffolds or galleries, from which plays were seen in the Circus; alleys or lower places in gardens.*
Forica, *æ. f.* *a public bawls or house of office.*
Foricūla, *æ. f. dim.* [a foris] *a little door or wicket.*
Forissecus, *adv.* *outward, from without.*
Foris, *is. f.* *a door.*
Foris, *adv.* *from abroad, without doors, on the outside; extrinsically; in other people's affairs.*
Forma, *æ. f.* *a form or shape; a scheme; the air of the face and mien of the body; a figure; beauty; a fashion or make; a plot or model; a stamp or matrix for money; a mould; a shoemaker's last; a cheese-vat; a likeness or resemblance; an idea; a vision, a ghost; a receipt or mandate; a set form of words; a form of law.*
Formālis, *is, e. adj.* *made in due form; in conceived or set words.*
Formamentum, *i. n.* *a mould, a form.*
Formātiō, *ōnis. f.* *a forming, fashioning, moulding, or framing.*
Formātor, *ōris. m.* *a maker, a creator, a fashioner, a moulder; a forger, an instructor.*
Formātūra, *æ. f.* *a shape, a forming, a fashioning.*
Formātus, *a, um. part.* *framed, made, moulded.*
Formica, *æ. f.* *an ant or pismire.*
Formicans, *tis. thick and low, creeping.*
Formicūtiō, *ōnis. f.* *a tingling or pain like the stinging of pismires.*
Formicivorus, *a, um. adj.* *like an ant.*
Formico, *ære, ævi, ætum. neut.* *to rise in pimples.*
Formicivorus, *a, um. adj.* *full of ants.*
Formidābilis, *is, e. adj.* *dreadful, formidable.*
Formido, *ære, ævi, ætum. act.* *to fear or be afraid; to dread.*
Formido, *inis. f.* *fear, dread, terror, astonishment; a scarecrow, a hobgoblin.*
Formidolose, *adv.* *fearfully, timorously.*
Formidolosa, *a, um. adj.* *Act. fearful, timorous. Pass. to*

be feared, horrible, formidable.
Formo, *ære, ævi, ætum. act.* [a forma] *to form; to frame; to mould; to fashion; to shape; to model; to build; to compose; to instruct; to feign; to imagine.*
Formositas, *ætis. f.* *handsomeness, beauty.*
Formosus, *a, um. adj.* [a forma] *fair, beautiful, charming, handsome, ornamental.*
Formūla, *æ. f. dim.* [a forma] *beauty; a rule or maxim; a form in law, a writ, the words wherein a law is conceived; an action, suit, process, or indictment; an order.*
Formulārius, *i. in.* [a formula] *one that makes out writs.*
Formicūla, *drum. n. pl.* *a sort of sacrifice offered before the grinding of corn.*
Formiceus, *a, um. adj.* *made like a furnace.*
Formicūla, *æ. f. dim.* *a furnace, a little oven.*
Formax, *ætis. f.* *a furnace.*
Formicūm, *adv.* *in the form of an arch.*
Formicūtiō, *ōnis. f.* [a fornicio] *a vaulting or arching over.*
Formicūtiō, *a, um. part.* *arched or vaulted over.*
Formicor, *æri, ætus. pass.* *to be arched; to be bent downward.*
Formix, *icis. m.* *an arch or vault; a triumphal arch; a brothel-house, because they were in vaults under ground.*
Formo, *ære, ævi, ætum. act.* [a foris] *to bore; to pierce.*
Fors, *tis. f.* *fortune; luck, chance, hazard, adventure.*
Forsan, *adv.* *perhaps, perchance, peradventure.*
Forsitan, *adv.* *perhaps it may be.*
Forsit, *adv.* *perhaps it may be.*
Fortasse, *adv.* *it may be perhaps, peradventure.*
Fortassis, *adv.* *perchance, perhaps.*
Fortē, *adv.* *potius abl. a fors.* *by chance, accidentally, peradventure.*
Forticūlus, *a, um. adj. dim.* *somewhat patient.*
Fortis, *is, e. adj.* *hardy, patient; stout, constant, courageous, valiant, magnanimous; adventurous, manful; well-bred, honest, honourable; rich, powerful; hale, lusty, strong, able; swift, fair.*
Fortiter, *adv.* *patiently, bravely, valiantly, stoutly, manfully, courageously, valorously; resolutely, undauntedly; quickly, briskly, apace.*
Fortitudo, *inis. f.* *patience, greatness of soul; hardness, courage, manfulness, manhood,*

prowess, resolution; intrepidity, valour; a brave action; strength.
Fortuito, *adv.* *casually; accidentally, contingently.*
Fortuitu, *qu. ablat.* *by chance, by accident.*
Fortuitus, *a, um. adj.* *that happens by chance, sudden, casual, accidental, of itself.*
Fortūna, *m. t.* [a fors] *fortune, hazard, adventure, hap, chance, luck, state, condition; an estate, the goddess so called.*
Fortūne, *arum. f. pl.* *one's fortune or estate; riches, wealth, substance.*
Fortūnate, *adv.* *happily, fortunately, prosperously, luckily.*
Fortūnatus, *a, um. adj.* *blest, happy; fortunate, wealthy, rich; favourable.*
Fortūno, *ære, ævi, ætum. act.* *to make happy or prosperous.*
Forūlus, *i. m. dim.* [a forus] *viz leg. in singulari, plur. forulli. hatches, cases, or shelves wherein books were kept, long narrow furrows.*
Forūm, *i. n.* *a market-place, where things are sold; the common place where courts are kept, and matters of judgment pleaded; a market-town or burgh, with the country adjacent; a vessel used about the wine-press.*
Fors, *i. m.* *the deck or hatch of a ship; small furrows.*
Fossa, *æ. f.* [a fodiendo] *a dike, a ditch, a moat, a trench.*
Fossilis, *is, e. adj.* *that which is or may be dug out of the earth.*
Fossio, *ōnis. f.* [a fodio] *a digging or delving; a dressing or trimming.*
Fossor, *ōris. m.* [a fodio] *a digger, a delver, a ditcher, a labourer, a trench-maker, a pioneer.*
Fossūla, *æ. f. dim.* *a little ditch or trench; a puddle.*
Fossūra, *æ. f.* *a digging, ditching or delving.*
Fotus, *a, um. part.* [a foveo] *nourished, cherished, kept warm.*
Fotus, *ūs. m.* *a nourishing or keeping warm; a fomentation.*
Fovea, *æ. f.* [ab ant. foveo, pro fodio] *a pit-fall, a den, a cave, a fox's hole, &c.*
Foveo, *ære, ævi, ætum. act.* *to keep warm; to cherish; to nourish; to feed; to maintain, to make much of; to favour, to fondle; to love and embrace, to espouse; to favour; to so ment; to bathe.*
Frūceo, *ære, ūi, — neut.* *to putrefy and rot with age and*

continuance ; to grow fusty or mouldy.

Fræscœ, Ære, — — incept. to putrefy ; to rot.

Fræcidus, a, um. adj. [a fræceo] rotten, ripe, fusty, hoary, and putrefied.

Fractura, æ. f. a breaking or bursting ; a fracture.

Fractus, a, um. part. broken, discouraged, out of heart, spent, disconcerted, lost, vanquished, nice, effeminate.

Frænātor, Æris. m. a bridle, re-pressor or restrainer.

Fræniger, a, um. adj. that holds or manages the bridle.

Fræno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to bridle ; to curb ; to rein ; to keep in ; to check ; to restrain ; to stop ; to stay.

Frænum, l. n. pl. Fræni, m. v. Fræna, n. a bridle or the bit of a bridle, a curb ; a check or curb.

Frægilis, is, e. adj. brittle, frail, soon broken ; mortal, weak, perishable.

Frægilitas, Ætis. f. brittleness, weakness, frailty.

Frægmen, Inis. n. a piece of a thing broken, a flake, a snap, a fragment, a shard, a scrap.

Frægmentum, l. n. a fragment, a piece.

Frægor, Æris. m. a noise, a crash, a crack.

Frægræ, adv. with a great noise.

Frægræus, a, um. adj. rough, craggy, uneven, uneasy, hoarse or farring, brittle.

Frægrans, tis. part. et adj. smelling sweet, fragrant.

Frægrantia, æ. f. a sweet smell, fragrant, volentancy.

Frægro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to smell.

Frægum, l. n. a strawberry.

Fræinea, æ. f. voc. German. a short spear, a javelin, a glaive, or sword ; a partisan or hunter's staff.

Frængo, Ære, frægi, fractum. act. et neut. to break ; to bruise ; to snap ; to crash ; to weaken ; to spend ; to wear out ; to abate ; to diminish ; to discourage ; to daunt ; to vanquish ; to violate ; to infringe ; to move ; to dissuade ; to disappoint.

Fræter, tris. m. a brother, a confederate or ally ; a nephew, kinsman or cousin-german ; books, &c. of the same author.

Frætercillus, l. m. dim. a little or young brother.

Fræterne, adv. brotherly, lovingly, kindly.

Fræternitas, Ætis. f. brotherhood, a fraternity.

Fræternus, a, um. adj. of a brother, brotherly, fraternal.

Frætriciā, æ. com. gen. a killer of his brother.

Fraudatio, Ænis. f. a deceiving, bilking, cheating, beguiling, or cozening.

Fraudator, Æris. m. a deceiver, a cozenor, a swindler, a cheat, a trickster, an impostor.

Fraudatus, a, um. part. cozened, imposed upon, deceived, beguiled.

Fraudo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [a frau] to defraud ; to gull ; to impose upon ; to cheat ; to beguile.

Fraudulenter, adv. ius. comp. fraudulently, guilefully, knavishly, like a trickster.

Fraudulentia, æ. f. deceitfulness, knavery, baseness, dishonesty, guilefulness.

Fraudulentus, a, um. adj. crafty, deceitful, fraudulent, cheating, knavish, dishonest, evasive, guileful.

Fraus, dis. f. deceit, fraud, guile, cheat, a knavish trick ; cozenage, an abuse, an artifice, an imposition, guilefulness, a fault or crime ; an inconvenience, prejudice, damage, loss, detriment ; an evil design ; a punishment, a cheat, a pickpocket.

Fraus, a, um. cheated.

Fraxineus, a, um. adj. et Fraxinus, a, um. ashen, of ash.

Fraxinus, l. f. an ash-tree.

Fræmēbundus, a, um. adj. that makes a horrible noise.

Fræmidus, a, um. adj. raging, furious.

Fræmō, Ætis. m. a roaring ; a neighing ; a shouting ; a clashing ; a blustering ; a sound or blast ; a murmuring, rumbling, shuffling, or noise ; a muttering or sound of applause ; a fretting or grumbling.

Fræmo, Ære, ui, Ætum. neut. to roar ; to make a great noise ; to bluster ; to mutter ; to grumble ; to murmur ; to fret and chafe ; to fume ; to be- wail ; to lament ; to express joy or approbation.

Fræmor, Æris. m. a roaring.

Frændeo, Ære, ui, fressum. neut. to grind ; to gnash the teeth together.

Frænto, Ære, — — neut. to grind ; to break ; to bruise.

Fræquens, tis. adj. frequent, ordinary, general ; resorting much or much resorted to ; abounding with.

Fræquentatio, Ænis. f. frequenting, repetition, haunting.

Fræquentatus, a, um. part. haunted, frequented.

Fræquenter, adv. oftentimes, frequently.

Fræquentia, æ. f. a great company or meeting of people, an appearance, an assembly ; frequency.

Fræquento, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to go often to ; to frequent ; to haunt ; to resort much to ; to people a place ; to bring together ; to amass ; to heap together ; to celebrate ; to make frequent use of.

Pressus v. Fræsus, a, um. part. [a frendeo] broken, bruised, crunched, shaled.

Frætum, l. n. an arm of the sea ; a strait, a frith ; the sea.

Frætus, a, um. adj. trusting to, relying upon, being held upon.

Frætus, Ætis. m. an arm of the sea.

Fræbilis, is, e. adj. [a frio] that may be crumbled or broken small.

Fræcatio, Ænis. f. a rubbing, chafing, or friction ; plastering, pargetting.

Fræcatura, æ. f. a pargetting.

Fræcatus, Ætis. m. rubbing.

Fræco, Ære, ui, et Ævi, Ætum v. Ætum. act. to rub ; to chafe ; to fret ; to scrub.

Fræctio, Ænis. f. a rubbing a chafing.

Fræctus, a, um. part. [a frigo] fried, parched.

Fræctus, Ætis. m. a rubbing.

Fræfacto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to make cold often.

Fræfæo, Æri, factus. to be mad cold.

Frægens, tis. part. cold ; fearful, faint-hearted ; dead.

Frægeo, Ære, xi, — — neut. to be or grow cold ; to catch cold ; to be faint or careless ; to be out of favour ; to find cold comfort ; to have nothing to do or say.

Frægescit, impers. it is cold.

Frægesco, Ære, — — incept. to grow cold.

Frægidarium, l. n. a cold bath or a bath of cold water.

Frægidarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to cooling or cold.

Frægide, adv. coldly, indifferently, faintly.

Frægidulus, a, um. adj. somewhat cold or chill.

Frægidus, a, um. adj. [a frigeo] cold, chill, frigid ; faint, slight ; dull, bald, silly, flat ; deadly ; dead.

Frægilla v. Frægilla, æ. f. a chaf-arch, a spink.

Frægo, Ære, xi et gui, xum et etum. act. to fry ; to parch.

Frægus, Æris. n. [a frigeo] cold, chillness, winter, cold weather ; cool shade, refresh-

ment from heat; a cold; coolness of affection; fear; death.
Fringilla, *m. f.* a chaffinch. *Vid.* Fringilla.
Frio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to crumble into small pieces.
Frit, *n. indecl.* the little grain at the top of the ear of corn.
Fritilla, *m. f. v.* **Fritilla**, *örum. n. pl.* [a frit] a kind of pulse.
Fritillus, *i. m.* a dice-box to throw dice out of.
Frivola, *örum. pl. n.* lumber, pelf, stuff of little value, trumpery.
Frivulus, *a, um. adj.* [quasi sere valens obolum, MS.] frivolous, trifling, slight, of no account or value, sorry, pitiful; silly, doting; false, lying, idle.
Fritūra, *m. f.* a frying.
Frixus, *a, um. part.* [a frigo] fried.
Frondearius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to the pruning of trees.
Frondeatio, *önis. f.* a slipping of leaves, a cutting of branches, a lopping of trees.
Frondeator, *öris. m.* a wood-lopper, a pruner of trees.
Frondeo, *äre, ui, — neut.* to bear or bring forth leaves; to grow green; to spring.
FronDESCO, *äre, — incept.* to grow green.
Froudeus, *a, um. adj.* made of leaves or of green branches, leafy or full of leaves.
Fronder, *a, um. adj.* that bears leaves or branches.
Frondeus, *a, um. adj.* full of green leaves.
Frons, *tie. f. et m.* [a ferendo] the forehead, the front, fore part; the brow; the entrance and beginning; the van or front of an army; the fore part; the breadth; an outward appearance; a countenance; shame; gravity, severity; assurance, confidence.
Frons, *dis. f.* a leaf of a tree; a green bough with leaves upon it.
Frontale, *is. n.* a frontlet, the front-stall of a horse's bridle.
Frontatus, *a, um. adj.* standing or hanging out like a forehead; fronted.
Fronto, *önis. m.* [a frons] he that has a high or broad forehead; beetle-browed.
Fructifer, *a, um. adj.* bearing fruit.
Fructuarius, *a, um. adj.* bearing or belonging to fruit; breeding or pertaining to breed.
Fructuosus, *a, um. adj.* fruit-

ful; profitable, beneficial, gainful.
Fructus, *a, um. part.* [a fruor] he that uses or enjoys.
Fructus, *ös. m. et avig. fructi, [a fruor]* fruit; profit, advantage, availment, acquisition; service, pleasure; rent, revenue; an income; delight, satisfaction.
Frugalis, *is, e. adj.* [a fruge] frugal, provident, saving, thrifty, sober, well-managing, parsimonious.
Frugallitas, *ätis. f.* frugality, thrift, modesty, temperance.
Frugalter, *adv.* frugally, thriftily, parsimoniously.
Fruges, *um. f.* all kinds of fruit, serving for food, that the earth brings forth; corn, grain, the fruit of trees, mast, pulse, &c.
Frugi, *indecl. sæpe adj.* [quancum sit dat. a frux] thrifty, provident; sober, temperate, modest; trusty, honest, useful, and necessary.
Frugifer, *a, um. adj.* [ex fruges et fero] bearing fruit or corn; fertile, plentiful, profitable.
Frugiferens, *tis. part.* bearing fruit.
Frugilægus, *a, um. adj.* [ex fruges et lego] picking or gathering corn.
Frugiperda, *m. c. g.* a spoil-fruit, a false knave; the wisthy-tree.
Frumentarius, *a, um. adj.* belonging to corn or forage.
Frumentarius, *i. m.* a forager, a purveyor of corn, a corn-merchant, a badger; one that conveys provision.
Frumentatio, *önis. f.* a taking in of corn, harvest; a foraging, a general dale of corn.
Frumentator, *öris. m.* a purveyor of corn, a forager.
Frumentor, *äri, ätus. dep.* to provide or gather corn; to forage; to purvey.
Frumentum, *i. n.* [a fruge, quasi frugamentum] all manner of corn or grain; the grains or stones in figs.
Fruor, *i, ctus v. ätus. dep.* to enjoy; to take the profit of; to make use of; to take delight in.
Frustum, *adv.* in pieces, morsels, or gobbets.
Frustillum, *adv.* in little pieces.
Frustra, *adv.* in vain, to no purpose.
Frustratio, *önis. f.* a deceiving or disappointing; a frustration, a disappointment, a cross, a failure.
Frustratus, *a, um.* that has be-

guiled; beguiled, disappointed.
Frustratus, *ös. m.* a deceiving or beguiling.
Fruastro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to frustrate; to disappoint; to deceive.
Frustror, *äri, ätus. dep.* to frustrate; to disappoint. *Pass.* to be frustrated or disappointed.
Frustulentus, *a, um. adj.* full of gobbets or small pieces.
Frustum, *i. n.* a fragment, a broken piece, a luncheon, a gobblet.
Frutescens, *a, um. adj.* et **Frutectus**, full of shrubs and bushes.
Frutetum, *i. n.* a shrubbery, a nursery of plants.
Frutex, *icis. m.* a shrub, an herb with a great stalk; a blockhead.
Fruticans, *tis. part.* [a fruticor] shooting up, springing.
Fruticatio, *önis. f.* the sprouting or springing forth of young sprigs.
Fruticesco, *äre, — incept.* to grow shrubby.
Fruticetum, *i. n.* a place where many shrubs grow.
Frutico, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to bring forth sprigs, shoots, or shrubs; to spring up in stalks.
Fruticor, *äri, ätus. dep.* to spring up in stalks; to send forth shoots.
Fruticösus, *a, um. adj.* shrubby or full of shrubs, shoots, or stems.
Fuam, *fūsas, fūat, pro sim, sis, sit [a fuo. ful.]*
Fuæ, *örum. pl. f.* spots of the face.
Fucatus, *a, um. part.* coloured, dyed, stained, painted, counterfeited, disguised.
Fuco, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to colour; to paint; to counterfeited.
Fucosus, *a, um. adj.* coloured, painted, counterfeited, cheating.
Fucus, *i. m.* a drone; the herb red alkanet or elkanet; a false dye or paint; the liquor of the purple-fish; a disguise, guile.
Fuga, *m. f.* flight, a running away; exile, banishment; speed, swiftness; a shunning or eschewing.
Fugaciter, *adv.* in a flying manner, like a runaway.
Fugilia, *um. n. pl.* a feast kept in remembrance of the expulsion of the kings out of Rome.
Fugatus, *a, um. part.* driven away, put to flight.
Fugax, *äcis. adj.* swift in flight,

flee; running away for fear; *fading*, decaying, *fleeing*.
Fūgia, ī. f. the goddess of joy.
Fūgio, ēre, i, itum. neut. et act. to flee; to escape; to run away; to shun; to avoid; to be shy of; to abominate; to escape one's knowledge; to be ignorant of; to sail away; to forbear.
Fūgitivarius, a, um. adj. one that goes after servants that have run away, to bring them back again.
Fūgitivus, a, um. adj. fugitive, running away; that makes haste away, that stays but a little while.
Fūgitivus, i. m. a fugitive.
Fūgitio, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a fugio] to use to run away; to flee often; to avoid.
Fūgitio, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a fugo] to put to flight often.
Fūgtor, ōris. m. a fleer or runner away.
Fūgo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to chase; to drive away; to put to flight.
Ful, fuisi, fuit, prmt. verbī sum, ab antiq. fuo, I have been.
Fulcimen, inis. n. a prop.
Fulcio, fre, si, tum. act. to prop; to support; to sustain; to uphold; to keep up; to keep in the same mind; to set loose.
ulcrum, i. n. a stay or prop; support, a post; a couch or bed.
ulgeo, ēre, si, sum. neut. to shine; to glisten; to glitter; to be bright; to lighten; to be fine and gay.
Fulgetra, ē. f. a gleam of lightning, a flash.
ulgetrum, i. n. [a fulgeo] a great lightning a gleam, a flash.
ulgidus, a, um. adj. shining, bright, glittering.
Fulgo, ēre, si, sum. Vid. Fulgeo.
Fulgor, ōris. m. [a fulgeo] a glittering, brightness; effulgence; a shining, a flash of lightning; glory, renown, gallantry.
Fulgur, ūris. n. [a fulgeo] lightning, a flash; a thunderbolt; any reflected brightness.
Fulgurālis, ī. e. adj. of or belonging to lightning.
Fulgurat, impers. it lightens.
Fulguratio, ōnis. f. lightning appearing in the clouds, flashing, fulguration.
Fulgurātor, ōris. m. he that interprets lightning.
Fulguratus, a, um. part. struck by lightning.

Fulgūritus, a, um. blasted with lightning.
Fulgūro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to lighten; to shine all over; to thunder.
Fūlica, ē. f. [a fuliginis colore, qu. fuliga] a sea-fowl, like our coot; a moor-hen or fenduck.
Fūlgineus, a, um. adj. sooty, black, dark.
Fūlgo, inis. f. [a fumo, qu. fumiligo] the reek or soot of a chimney; smut; a mist, blackness, darkness.
Fūlix, īcis. f. Vid. Fulca.
Fullo, ōnis. m. [a fulgeo] a fuller of cloth.
Fullonica, ē. f. [sc. officina] a fuller's workshop; the fuller's craft, sc. ars.
Fullonius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a fuller.
Fulmen, inis. n. [a fulgeo] a thunderbolt, lightning; a boar's tusk; terror; impetuosity; a shock or violent stroke.
Fulmenta, ē. f. the sole of a shoe or the underlaying.
Fulmentum, i. n. a prop, a stay.
Fulminatio, ōnis. f. a crack or clap of thunder; fulmination.
Fulmineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to thunder or lightning; fierce and terrible.
Fulminio, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to thunder; to fulminate; to strike with a thunderbolt; to blast; to strike terror; to beat down all before him.
Fultura, ē. f. a propping; a support.
Fultus, a, um. part. [a fulcio] underset, underpropped; sustained, propped, or borne up.
Fulviāna herba [a Fulvio inventa] a kind of herb good to provoke urine.
Fulvus, a, um. adj. [a furvus] of a deep yellow; of a tawny, lion, fox, or weasel colour; yellow colour.
Fūmāria herba [a fumo] fumitory or earth-smoke.
Fūmārium, i. n. the tunnel of a chimney, a place where they smoked their wines.
Fūmeus, a, um. adj. smoky or of smoke, reeking.
Fūmidus, a, um. adj. smoky or that smokes.
Fūmifer, a, um. adj. bringing smoke.
Fūmisico, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to offer incense.
Fūmisicus, a, um. adj. making smoke, perfuming.
Fūmigo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to perfume; to smother.
Fūmo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to

smoke; to fume; to reek; to foam; to roth.
Fūmosus, a, um. adj. smoky or black with smoke; reeky; that is smoked or doth smoke.
Fūmus, i. m. smoke; fume; great offers and liberal promises without any performance.
Fūnāle, īs. n. a halter, a cord, a torch or link made of a cord with wax or rosin about it.
Fūnālis, īs. e. adj. belonging to cords or torches; made of cords; joined with a cord or trace to the right and left.
Fūnābūlus, i. m. a dancer on ropes, a tumbler.
Fūnārius, i. m. a rope-maker.
Functio, ōnis. f. [a fungor] the exercise or the executing of some charge or office; a function.
Functus, a, um. part. [a fungor] that hath performed or discharged some function, charge, or office; ended, past, &c. dead.
Funda, ē. f. [a fundendo] a sling; a casting net; the bezel of a ring, wherein the stone is set.
Fundāmen, inis. n. the foundation or ground-work; the first beginning of a thing.
Fundāmentum, i. n. a foundation or ground-work; a basis, a ground or chief stay.
Fundator, ōris. m. he that founds.
Funditus, a, um. part. et adj. founded, grounded, established, stayed.
Fundito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a fundo, ēre] to pour out of ten and much; to be lavish or wasteful.
Funditor, ōris. m. a slinger.
Funditus, adv. [a fundo] utterly.
Fundo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [a fundus] to found; to lay the ground-work; to establish; to build; to stay; to uphold.
Fundo, ēre, fūdī, fūsum. act. to pour out; to spill; to shed; to let fly; to diffuse; to scatter; to extend; to rout; to vanquish; to throw down; to lay along; to pour into; to utter; to pronounce; to produce; to yield; to throw into a lax or looseness; to cast metal; to found.
Fundulus, i. m. a sucker of a pump; the end or bottom of a gut.
Fundus, i. m. land, ground; a plot of ground with a house belonging to it; a country farm, a close, a field, a foundation; a bottom; the chief author of a thing.

Funebris, is, e. adj. *mourning or belonging to funerals; deadly, cruel, bloody.*
Funerātus, a, um. part. *buried; knocked on the head.*
Fūnereus, a, um. adj. *funeral or belonging to a dead body; unlucky, ominous.*
Fūnēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bury.
Fūnesto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pollute or defile with a dead body.
Fūnestus, a, um. adj. [a funus] *of or belonging to dead bodies or that mourns for the dead; lamentable, doleful, baneful; cruel, impious, aominable; unlucky, ominous; bloody, fatal.*
Fūntum, i, n. [a funis] *a winding of the twigs or branches of a vine one about another.*
Funginus, a, um. adj. *of or like a mushroom.*
Fungor, i, functus. dep. to discharge an office or duty; to execute; to do; to have or be in an office; to suffer; to conform to; to furnish with.
Fungulus, ūtis. f. *the hollowness of a mushroom or sponge; lightness, sponginess.*
Fungosus, a, um. adj. *spongy.*
Fungus, i, m. a mushroom. a toadstool or frogstool; a thief at a candle; a kind of blasting or measles in olive-trees; u doll, a fool, a blockhead, a dunce.
Fūniculus, i, m. dim. [a funis] *a little rope, cord or line.*
Fūnis, is, m. et f. a rope, cable, or cord.
Fūnus, ōris. n. [a funalibus] *a funeral; pomp, solemnities or rites observed in burying; exequies; death; a dead corpse; the funeral pile.*
Fur, is. c. g. a thief or robber; a stealer; a drone bee; a soldier; a slave, a servant, a valet.
Fūrāctas, ūtis. f. *thievery, stealing.*
Fūrācter, adv. *thievishly.*
Fūrax, ācis. adj. *thievish, given to picking and stealing; sly-fingered, light-fingered.*
Furca, æ. f. a fork or anything to prop; an instrument to bear burdens on; a gallows, a gibbet.
Furcifer, i, m. a slave who for punishment of some small fault was made to carry a fork or gallows upon his neck, through the city with his hands tied to it; a rogue; a villain; a gallows.
Furcula, æ. f. dim. [a furca] *a little fork. a hay-hook or pitchfork, a little gallows.*
Furculātus, a, um. adj. *forked.*

Furcula, æ. f. dim. *a little fork.*
Fūrens, tis. part. et adj. *being in a rage, raging mad, outrageous; blustering, stormy, boisterous.*
Fūrenter, adv. *razingly.*
Furfur, ūris. m. bran, gurgeons, scurf, dandriff.
Furfurosus, a, um. adj. *full of bran or scurf, scurfy.*
Fūria, æ. f. a fury, fiend or hag; also, a furious man.
Fūrie, ūrum. pl. f. *the Furies or fiends.*
Fūriālis, is, e. adj. *of or pertaining to the Furies; outrageous, furious.*
Fūriācter, adv. *furiously.*
Fūriātus, a, um. adj. *enraged, maddened, furious, desperate.*
Fūribundus, a, um. adj. *furious, mad.*
Fūrnalia, um. pl. n. *holidays dedicated to the goddess Furina.*
Fūrinus, a, um. adj. *of thieves.*
Fūrio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a furia] *to make mad; to enrage.*
Fūriose, adv. *furiously, madly.*
Fūriōsus, a, um. adj. *mad, furious, outrageous, frantic, wild.*
Furnaceus, a, um. adj. *baked in an oven.*
Furnāria, æ. f. [sc. ars, domus, &c.] *the trade or art of a baker; a bakehouse.*
Furnus, i, m. [a furvus] *an oven or furnace.*
Fūro, ēre, —. neut. *to be mad; to be transported with any passion; to be mixed or jumbled together; to bluster.*
Fūrōr, āri, ātus. dep. *to steal; to slich; to pilfer; to nim.*
Fūrōr, ōris. m. *fury, madness, rage, distraction; a trance; a divine or poetical rapture; any inordinate passion.*
Furtificus, a, um. adj. *pilfering, thieving.*
Fortim, adv. *by stealth, secretly, sily.*
Furtive, adv. *privily, by stealth.*
Furtivus, a, um. adj. *made by surprise; stolen, private, close, secret.*
Furtum, i, n. *theft, robbery, stealth; any secret practice; an ambushade or stratagem; a crafty wile or device; unlawful pleasures, a rape, adultery or any secret wickedness.*
Furniculus, i, m. dim. [a fur] *a little thief, a sore called a felon, a bile; a kind of knob in a vine.*
Furvus, a, um. adj. *dark, black, dusky.*
Fuscior, ōris. m. *a darkener or cloud.*
Fuscum, æ. f. *an eel-spear; Triton's trident or three-fork-*

ed mace; a weapon used upon the stage by the retinarius against the mirmillo.
Fusco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make black or brown; to darken; to shade; to obtain; to sunburn.*
Fuscus, a, um. adj. *brown, tawny; dusky, liver-coloured.*
Fūse, adv. *largely, amply, plentifully, copiously.*
Fūstilis, is, e. adj. *that is or may be melted or cast.*
Fūsiō, ōnis. f. [a fundo, ēre] *an effusion, a diffusing or pouring forth; a spreading or shooting out.*
Fusterna, æ. f. *the upper part of a fig-tree.*
Fustim, adv. *with cudgels.*
Fustus, is. m. a club, staff or cudgel; a baton; a blow.
Fustulium, i, n. *a heating with a club, staff or cudgel; a cudgelling.*
Fūsurus, æ. f. *a melting, founding or casting; a fusion.*
Fūsus, a, um. part. [a fundo, ēre] et adj. *poured; cast, melted, laid all along; extended, diffused; routed, disarrayed, slain; copious, expanded; broad, wide, laxative; spilt, lost, thrown away.*
Fūsus, i, m. [a fundo, ēre] *a spindle.*
Fūstilis, is, e. adj. *foolish, silly, shallow, inconsiderate, idle, trivial; lenky, babbling, prating.*
Fūstilitas, ūtis. f. *lightness, silliness, vanity, leakiness.*
Fūtum, i, n. *a vessel to sprinkle water.*
Fūtuō, ēre, ui, —. obscen.
Fūtuō, ōnis. f. *the act of generation.*
Fūturus, a, um. part. *that shall or will be; about to be, future.*

G

GABĀLIUM, i, n. *a kind of Arabian spice.*
Gābāta, æ. f. *a porringer, a platter.*
Gesum, i, n. al. *Gesum, a heavy dart, a javelin used by the ancient Gauls.*
Gāgates, is, m. *the stone called jet or agate stone.*
Galactites, æ. m. *a precious stone of a whitish colour.*
Galactobadalon, i, n. *Galactobadon et galeopsis.*
Galactōpōta, æ. m. *a drinker of milk.*

to flower; to sprout out; to germinate.

Gero, ĕre, ĕssi, ĕstum. act. to bear; to carry; to wear; to have; to show; to manage; to conduct; to execute; to achieve; to have by nature; to behave.

Gĕro, ōnis. m. a porter, a carrier.

Gerrĕ, ĕrum. f. pl. trifles or toys, or things of no value; triflers, silly people.

Gerres, is. f. a fish of the her-ring or pilchard kind.

Gerro, ōnis. m. [a *gerĕrĕ, nugĕ*] a trifter, a babbler, a droll; one who talks to little purpose.

Gĕrŭllŭgŭlus, i. m. one that makes and carries about lies.

Gĕrŭlus, i. m. a porter, a bearer of burdens.

Gĕrŭsia, ō. f. the senate-house.

Gesta, ōrum. pl. n. [a *gero*] acts, exploits, achievements. [*Gesta* refers to matters of importance to the state, whether of peace or war. *Facta* is a generic term, denoting actions of any kind. *Acta* denotes things of inferior moment, which were done in the city, and reduced to writing, as *Acta senatŭs*.]

Gestamen, inis. n. a carriage; a sceptre or mace; a buckler; any thing carried or worn.

Gestŭtio, ōnis. f. a bearing; a carrying; a taking the air on horseback, or the place appointed for this exercise.

Gestŭtor, ōris. m. a bearer or carrier.

Gestŭtorius, a, um. adj. belonging to carriage or serving to carry one in.

Gestŭtrix, icis. f. she that bears.

Gestŭtus, a, um. part. carried, &c.

Gestŭtus, ūs. m. a bearing, a carrying.

Gesticŭlŭtio, ōnis. f. a representing any body by countenance or postures, &c. *gesticulation*, a gambol, a tumbling and showing of tricks.

Gesticŭlŭtor, ōris. m. one that uses many gestures, a morrice-dancer, a puppet-player, a mimic, a tumbler, and shower of tricks.

Gesticŭlor, ĕri, ĕtus. dep. to represent things, and make sport by strange gestures and postures; to dance antics.

Gestio, ĕre, ĕvi, ĕtum. neut. to show joy by gesture of the body; to leap or skip for joy; to be frolicsome; to long or greatly desire; to delight in a thing; to take pleasure in it.

Gestio, ōnis. f. [a *gero*] the doing or management of a thing.

Gestio, ĕre, ĕvi, ĕtum. freq. [a *gero*] to bear; to carry or wear often.

Gesto, ĕre, ĕvi, ĕtum. freq. [a *gero*] to bear; to carry; to carry about; to wear often.

Gestor, ōris. m. [a *gero*] an informer or promoter; a tale-bearer.

Gestus, a, um. part. borne, carried, done.

Gestus, ūs. m. [a *gero*] gesture, carriage of the body; demeanour, behaviour; a making of signs.

Gĕthyon, i. n. a kind of onions for sauce, hollow-leeks.

Geum, i. n. the herb avens.

Gibba, ō. f. a bunch on the back.

Gibber, ĕra, ĕrum. adj. hunch-backed, bossed.

Gibbĕrŭsus, a, um. adj. hunch-backed, crook-backed.

Gibbus, a, um. adj. convex, bunched out, crooked.

Gibbus, i. m. et *Gibber, ĕris* et *ĕri.* m. a bunch or swelling on the back, or any other part of the body.

Gigantĕus, a, um. adj. of giants, giant-like.

Gigantŭmŭchia, ō. f. the battle of the giants against the gods.

Gigas, antis. m. a giant, a person of a huge stature.

Gigno, ĕre, gĕnui, ĕtum. act. [ab ant. *geno*] to engender; to beget; to breed; to bring forth; to create; to occasion; to invent; to make; to fashion.

Givus, a, um. adj. a carnation, or flesh colour; the colour of brick half burnt; of an ash or ashen colour.

Gingŭlium, i. u. the herb tooth-pick-fennel or cherwil.

Gingiva, ō. f. the gum wherein the teeth are set.

Gith, v. Gith, n. indecl. a kind of cockle, a small seed, gith.

Glĕber, bra, brum. adj. smooth, bald, bare, peeled; without hair or wool.

Glabraria, ō. f. she who plucks off the hair.

Glabreo, ĕre, —. neut. to be smooth, bare, or peeled; without hair, wool, feathers, or grass; to be bald.

Glabresco, ĕre, —. incept. to begin to be smooth.

Glabrĕtum, i. n. a bare place without corn or grass; a bare place of the body, where no hair grows.

Glabror, ĕri, ĕtus. pass. [a *glabro*] to make bare or smooth; to take off the hair.

Glĕciŭlis, is, e. adj. frozen, icy, freezing.

Glĕciŭtus, a, um. part. frozen, turned to a curd.

Glĕcies, ei. f. [qu. *gelacies*] ice.

Glĕcio, ĕre, ĕvi, ĕtum. act. to congeal; to freeze; to turn to ice.

Gĕdiŭtor, ōris. m. a record-player, a fencer, a fencing-master; a bravo, a hector, a bully.

Glĕdiŭtorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sword-players or bullies; resolute, bloody.

Glĕdiŭtura, ō. f. sword-play, fencing.

Glĕdiŭlus, i. m. dim. glader or sword-grass; a kind of sedge.

Glĕdius, i. m. a sword, a knife; a sword-fish; a roll of wool carded.

Glandŭrius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to acorns.

Glandifer, ĕra, ĕrum. adj. bearing mast or acorns.

Glandium, i. n. the neck of a strine, which is full of kernels; a kernel in the flesh.

Glandŭla, ō. f. dim. [a *glans*] a kernel in the flesh, a glandule, any spongy part of the body.

Glandŭle, ĕrum. pl. an inflammation in the jaws; the glanders, waxing kernels.

Glandŭlosus, a, um. adj. full of kernels.

Glans, is. m. a crafty fish, which bites away the bait without meddling with the hook.

Glans, dis. f. a mast of oak or other tree; an acorn, a chestnut; a pellet or plummet of lead or other metal; the nut of a man's yard.

Glĕrea, ō. f. gravel, little round pebbles-stones, coarse sand, grit.

Glĕreŭsus, a, um. adj. gravelly, gritty.

Glaŭtum, i. n. Voc. Gallicum. the herb wood.

Glauciscus, i. m. a fish, which, being eaten in broth by women, breeds them plenty of milk.

Glaucium, i. u. an herb of a sea-green colour.

Glaucŭma, itis. n. et *Glaucŭma, ō.* f. a disease in the crystalline humour of the eye; the pin or web; a wall-eye.

Glaucus, a, um. adj. gray or blue; sky-coloured, azure, sea-green, a bright and fiery red.

Glaucus, i. m. [a *præced.*] a kind of fish.

Glaux, cis. f. the herb milwort, or sea trifoly.

Glĕba, ō. f. a clod, clot, or lump of earth; a piece of stone or other thing.

Glĕbŕius, a, um. adj. ploughing.

Glĕbŭsus, a, um. adj. full of clods, cloddy.

Glĕbŭla, ō. f. dim. a little clod; a little piece of land.

Glessum, i. n. crystal, beryl, or rather, a kind of amber.

Gleŭcium, i. n. oil of the first

running, before the olives are
 thoroughly pressed; made oil.
 tellina, i. n. a kind of maple.
 Ultrarium, i. n. a place where
 dormice are kept.
 Glis, Iria, m. a dormouse.
 Glisco, Ære, —, neut. to grow;
 to spread itself; to increase;
 to rage; to grow fat; to glis-
 ten; to desire earnestly.
 Glōbo, Ære, Ævi, Åtum. act. to
 make round; to gather round
 together.
 Glōbōsus, a, um. adj. round as
 a bowl.
 Glōbulus, i. m. dim. a little
 round bowl or pellet; a button;
 a bullet; a globe; a round
 globe or lump of fine flour
 fried in oil; a cracknel.
 Glōbus, i. m. a bowl or other
 thing very round; a globe, a
 ball, or clot; a troop; a squad-
 ron, or party of soldiers; a
 knot of men who jointly carry
 on any design.
 Glōcio, Ire, Ivi, Åtum. neut. to
 cluck.
 Glōmērāmen, Inia, n. a small
 round or circular body; an
 atom, a small ball or pellet; a
 heap.
 Glōmērārius, a, um. adj. per-
 taining to round windings.
 Glōmērātio, Ænis, f. a winding
 round in a bottom; the piling
 or ambling of a horse.
 Glōmēro, Ære, Ævi, Åtum. act.
 [a glomus] to wind round; to
 gather in a round heap; to
 make round balls; to assemble
 or flock round together.
 Glōmērōsus, a, um. adj. round,
 swarmed.
 Glōmus, i. m. a bottom of yarn,
 a clew of thread.
 Glōnus, Æris, n. a clew.
 Glōria, æ. f. glory, renown; re-
 putation, respect, a good
 name; vaunting, boasting.
 Glōriātio, Ænis, f. glorying,
 boasting, bragging, huffing.
 Glōriōbia, æ. f. dim. small glory.
 Glōrior, Åri, Åtus. dep. to glory;
 to brag; to boast; to crack;
 to extol with boasting.
 Glōriōse, adv. gloriously, with
 great honour, richly; vainly,
 proudly, braggingly.
 Glōriōsus, a, um. adj. glorious
 or full of glory; renowned;
 vain-glorious.
 Glossa, æ. f. a tongue, a dialect,
 a particular way of speech;
 the interpretation of such
 words or terms; a gloss.
 Glossēma, Åtis, n. a strange
 word seldom used; an obsolete
 or poetical word; an exposi-
 tion or gloss.
 Glottis, Idia, f. a bird of the
 quail kind, having a long
 tongue.
 Glūbo, Ære, i, Åtum. act. to pull

off the bark or rind of a tree;
 to pull off the skin; to flea;
 to strip.
 Glūma, æ. f. the husk of corn,
 chaff.
 Glūten, Inia, n. et Glutnum, i.
 n. glue, paste, solder.
 Glutinamentum, i. n. paste or
 glutish matter.
 Glutinatio, Ænis, f. a gluing, a
 closing together.
 Glutinātor, Æris, m. one that
 glueth.
 Glūtho, Ære, Ævi, Åtum. act. to
 glue; to paste; to solder; to
 close up.
 Glūtinosus, a, um. adj. clammy,
 glueish.
 Glūtio, Ire, Ivi, Åtum. act. to
 swallow.
 Glutus, i. m. the throat or meat-
 pipe; the gullet.
 Glutus, a, um. adj. compact,
 thrust hard together.
 Glycerhizon, i. n. a sweet root,
 liquorice.
 Glycerrhizites, æ. m. a sort of
 wine.
 Glycyste, es. f. pæony.
 Glycysis, Idia, f. pæony.
 Gnaphalium, i. n. cudwort,
 chaff-weed.
 Gnāris, is, e. adj. skilful, ex-
 pert, knowing.
 Gnārus, a, um. adj. skilful, ex-
 pert, able, knowing; known.
 Gnāta, æ. f. a daughter.
 Gnātho, Ænis, m. a small-seal,
 a fluturer.
 Gnāthōicus, i. m. one of
 Gnatho's sect, a shark, a spun-
 ger.
 Gnātua, a, um. part. born.
 Gnātus, i. m. pro natus, a son, a
 child.
 Gnaviter, adv. pro naviter, lus-
 tily, stoutly; actively, dexte-
 rously.
 Gnāvus, a, um. adj. pro navus,
 quick, lusty, active, dextrous,
 earnest, diligent, industrious.
 Gnēsio, i. n. the right kind of
 eagle.
 Gnōma, æ. f. a sentence.
 Gnōmon, Ænis, m. the pin or
 cock of a dial, the shadow
 whereof points out the
 hours.
 Gnōmōnce, es. f. [a præced.]
 the art of dialling; the sci-
 ence to know the situation of
 any place or country.
 Gnōmōnicus, a, um. adj. be-
 longing to a dial.
 Gobio, Ænis, m. a fish called a
 gudgeon.
 Gobius, i. m. a gudgeon, a kind
 of fish.
 Gōmer, indecl. Heb. a measure,
 containing a gallon and almost
 a pint.
 Gomphus, i. m. a pile or stake;
 an iron hook.
 Gorgōnia, æ. f. coral.

Gorytus, Id. quod corytus, a
 quiver, a bow-case.
 Gossipinus, a, um. adj. of cot-
 ton or bombast; fustian.
 Gossipion, i. n. a tree that bears
 cotton; cotton, fustian or bomb-
 bast.
 Grābātus, i. m. a couch, a bed
 to rest on in the afternoon; a
 mean small bed to carry from
 place to place.
 Grācilipes, Ådis, c. g. slender-
 shanked.
 Grācilis, is, e. adj. [a cracere
 aut gracere] small, slender
 lean, lank, poor, thin, young
 tender, soft, weak.
 Grācilitas, Åtis, f. slenderness,
 slimness, lankness, weakness,
 leanness.
 Grācillus, i. m. a jackdaw, a
 Cornish chough, a jay.
 Grācus, i. m. a crow.
 Grādārius, a, um. adj. which
 goes softly, that has a soft and
 gentle pace.
 Grādātum, adv. by degrees, by
 steps, by little and little, gra-
 dually.
 Grādātio, Ænis, f. a going step
 by step; gradation.
 Grādātus, a, um. adj. made with
 steps.
 Gradior, i, gressus. dep. [a gra-
 dus] to go; to walk; to go
 step by step; to march along.
 Gradvicula, æ. c. g. he that
 worships the god Mars.
 Gradvivus, i. m. a name of Mars,
 the god of war.
 Grādus, us, m. a step or stair;
 a pace; a round of a ladder;
 a degree in consanguinity; a
 rank or quality; an occasion,
 entry, a station, a place, a
 curling or crisping of the hair;
 a degree in the heavens.
 Grācūcus, a, um. adj. Greek
 or of Greece.
 Græce, adv. in Greek.
 Græcor, Åri, Åtus. dep. to play
 the Greek; to use the exer-
 cises; to drink and revel like
 a Greek.
 Græcostia, is, f. a place in
 Rome, where the ambassadors
 of Greece used to lodge.
 Græcūla, æ. f. a kind of rose.
 Græculus, i. m. dim. [a Græ-
 cus] a poor little Grecian.
 Græculus, a, um. adj. Grecian,
 silly, vain, trifling, harangu-
 ing.
 Græcus, a, um. adj. belonging
 to Greece, a Greek, a Gre-
 cian.
 Græjūgēna, æ. c. g. a Greek
 born.
 Græius, a, um. adj. a Grecian,
 belonging to the Greeks.
 Grallātor, Ænis, m. he that goes
 on crutches or stilts; a stalker.
 Grallātorius, a, um. adj. belong-
 ing to stilts.

Græmen, *Inis*. n. *grass*; all kinds of herbs.
Græmia, æ. f. *the rheum that is in the eye*.
Græmineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to grass; grassy.
Græminosus, a, um. adj. overgrown with grass.
Grammātia, æ. m. a kind of jasper with white strokes or lines overheard.
Grammatica, æ. f. v. **Grammaticæ**, es. f. *grammar, the art of grammar*.
Grammatica, *Drum*. n. pl. *grammar rules or institutions*.
Grammaticæ, adv. like a grammarian.
Grammaticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to a grammarian; of or belonging to grammar.
Grammaticus, i. m. a grammarian, a teacher of grammar.
Grammaticista, æ. m. a smelter in grammar, a pedant.
Grammicus, a, um. adj. made by lines, demonstrated by lines.
Granarium, i. n. a granary, barn, or garner, where corn is kept; a grange.
Grânatum, i. n. a pomegranate-tree.
Grânatus, a, um. adj. that has many grains and kernels.
Grandævus, a, um. adj. very old.
Grandesco, *Græ*, — incept. to grow great and big.
Grandiculus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat big or great.
Grândiquus, a, um. adj. that reaches in a lofty style.
Grândio, *Græ*, *Grævi*, *Grætum*. neut. *hail*.
Grândiosus, a, um. adj. full of hail, subject to hail.
Grândio, *Græ*, *Grævi*, *Grætum*. act. to make greater or larger.
Grândis, is. e. adj. great, ancient; large, capital; considerable, of great value; lofty, sumptuous, grand, plentiful, fruitful; big or huge; sublime.
Grânditas, *Grævis*. f. height, loftiness.
Grândiustūlus, a, um. adj. somewhat big; of a good stature or age.
Grândo, *Inis*. f. hail.
Grânifer, a, um. adj. that bears the grains of corn.
Grândous, a, um. adj. full of grains or kernels.
Grânnum, i. n. a grain, a kernel.
Grâphærium, i. n. a pen-case, a pen and ink horn; a case, &c. to lodge pencils in.
Grâphærius, a, um. adj. pertaining to writing.
Grâphice, adv. artificially, masterly, exactly, to the life.
Grâphicus, a, um. adj. perfect,

excellent, fine and curious, done to the life.
Grâphis, *Idis*. f. the art of limning, the designing of a piece; also, a pencil.
Grâphiscus, i. m. an instrument to draw a dart out of a wound.
Grâphium, i. n. an iron pen, wherewith in old times they used to write on tables waxed over; a pen, a pencil.
Grassandum est, a man must proceed.
Grassatio, *Grævis*. f. a ranging about to rob and kill; a padding or robbing on the highway.
Grassator, *Grævis*. m. a padder, a banditto, a highwayman, an assailant or aggressor, a straggler or stroller.
Grassatura, æ. f. *Vid. Grassatio*.
Grassatus, a, um. part. attacking.
Grassor, *Grævi*, *Grævis*. dep. freq. [a gradior] to march, to proceed; to assail; to attack; to pad; to rob upon the highway; to rage and spread.
Grâte, *Grævis*. adv. thankfully, gratefully, acceptably.
Grâtes, pl. f. in nom. et accus. tantum. thanks, requital.
Grâtia, æ. f. [a gratus] grace, affection, favour, good-will, kindness, honour, reputation, gracefulness, loveliness, acceptableness, an obligation, a favour, a courtesy, a good turn, an acknowledgement or thanks, a retaliation; sake, cause, or occasion; excuse, pardon.
Grâtiaz, *Grærum*. pl. f. thanks; the Graces; the three goddesses. [Agera grâtiæ, to express, or return thanks. Referre grâtiæ, to return, or requite, a favour. Habere grâtiæ, to owe thanks, and also, to be sensible of an obligation conferred. And desirous with gratitude to return it.]
Grâtificatio, *Grævis*. f. a gratifying, befriending, or doing of a pleasure; agreeableness.
Grâtificor, *Grævi*, *Grævis*. dep. to gratify; to befriend; to do a good turn; to give way; to yield.
Grâtis, adv. for nothing, for thanks, freely.
Grâtiosus, a, um. adj. gracious, well liked of; procured by favour.
Grâtis, adv. contr. ex grâtis. freely, gratis, for nothing; without hope of reward.
Grâtor, *Grævi*, *Grævis*. dep. to thank one; to congratulate; to bid welcome; to wish joy.
Grâtulatio, adv. frankly, freely, without reward.

Grâtultus, a, um. adj. grateful, freely bestowed.
Grâtulabundus, a, um. adj. rejoicing with one or wishing one joy.
Grâtulatio, *Grævis*. f. a rejoicing, congratulating, or wishing one joy; thanksgiving.
Grâtulator, *Grævis*. m. he that rejoices at the good of another.
Grâtulor, *Grævi*, *Grævis*. dep. dim. [a grator] to congratulate; to rejoice; to be glad; to bid welcome; to wish one joy; to thank.
Grâtus, a, um. adj. grateful, thankful, kind, acceptable, agreeable, welcome.
Grâvandus, a, um. part. to be weighed down.
Grâvastellus v. **Grâvistellus**, i. m. a fat, corpulent, heavy man.
Grâvâte, adv. grievously, painfully, grudgingly, unwillingly.
Grâvâtim, adv. grudgingly, reluctantly.
Grâvâtus, a, um. part. weighed down, burdened, laden, drowsy, heavy, hanging down, displeased, grudging, loath to do a thing.
Grâvâstinus, a, um. adj. heavy-headed, full of rheum in the head; that causes the mur or pose in the head.
Grâvêdo, *Inis*. f. the pose, mur, or stuffing of the head; heaviness.
Grâvêmens, *Grævis*. adj. strong smelling, stinking, noisome.
Grâvêmentis. æ. f. a strong smell, a stinking.
Grâvesco, *Græ*, — incept. to be burdened; to grow heavy; to grow great with young; to grow worse.
Grâvidus, a, um. part. impregnated, got with young.
Grâviditas, *Grævis*. f. a being great with young.
Grâvido, *Grævi*, *Grævis*. act. to impregnate.
Grâvitas, a, um. adj. impregnated; big with young; heavy, weighty, full, plentiful.
Grâvis, is. e. adj. heavy, weighty, filled with; big with child; of weight or importance; solemn, grave, serious, supercilious, grievous, troublesome, irksome, stinking, noisome, rank, bass in music, old, full, loaded, oppressed, hard, difficult, hard of concoction, hard to be digested, unwholesome, grave, approved, dear, fat, plump, sharp, reprehensory, saint languid.
Grâvitas, *Grævis*. f. heaviness, weightiness, gravity, authority, majesty, superciliousness, grievousness, or greatness of

a thing; stiffness, numbness, unwholesomeness, stinking, a strong smell; difficulty.
 Grāviter, adv. heavily, gravely, wisely, grievously, sorely, severely, hardly.
 Grāvō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to burden; to load; to weigh down; to trouble and put one to pain.
 Grāvōr, āri, ātus. ālep. to grudge; to refuse; to be loath to do it; to take ill; to dislike. Pass. to be laden or weighed down.
 Grēgālis, is, e. adj. of the same flock or company; common, vulgar.
 Grēgārius, a, um. adj. of the common stock or sort; ordinary, common.
 Grēgātū, adv. by flocks, troops, or companies.
 Grēgātus, a, um. part. keeping together in flocks.
 Grēmia pro Cremia, &c. splits or billets of wood.
 Grēmium, i. n. a lap, the bosom; the middle or heart of a country; the channel of a river.
 Gressus, a, um. part. [a gradior] going or stepping.
 Gressus, ūs. m. a pace, step, or going.
 Grex, grēgia. m. a flock, a herd, a grove, a covey, a company, gang, or band; the chorus in a play.
 Grossulus, i. m. an unripe fig.
 Grossus, i. m. v. f. a green fig, not yet ripe.
 Gruis, is. f. et m. unde contracte gruis, a crane.
 Grūmulus, i. m. dim. a little hillock, a hop hill, mole hill, or ant hill; a bed in a garden.
 Grūmus, i. m. a hillock of earth, a lump.
 Grunilo, ire, ivi et ii, itum. neut. to grunt like a hog.
 Grunilitus, ūs. m. the grunting of swine.
 Grus, is. f. et m. [contract. a gruis] a crane; an instrument to draw or pull up stones with.
 Gryllus, i. m. al. Grillus, a cricket, antice.
 Gryphus, i. m. a griffin.
 Gryps, plus. m. a gripe or griffin.
 Gubernāculum, i. n. et Gubernaculum, the stern or rudder of a ship; steerage or government.
 Gubernatio, ōnis. f. a steering of a ship; ruling, guiding, management, direction, governance.
 Gubernator, ōris. m. the master, governor, or pilot of a ship, the steersman; a governor or ruler; a guide.
 Gubernatrix, icis. f. a govern-

ess, she or it, fem. that governs.
 Gubernō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to steer a ship; to order; to manage; to conduct; to govern.
 Gulla, æ. f. the gullet, windpipe, or windpipe; the neck; the palate; gluttony; the nose of the bellows where the wind goeth out.
 Gulosus, adv. comp. more gluttonously.
 Gulosus, a, um. adj. gluttonous.
 Gummi, n. indecl. a gum that droppeth from trees.
 Gummindaus, a, um. adj. gummy or full of gum.
 Gummis, is. f. [a gummi] gum.
 Gummio, ōnis. f. an anointing or smearing with gum.
 Gurgus, itis. m. a whirlpool, a gulf; the stream or whirling rage of the sea; a riotous spender, one that cannot be satisfied, a glutton.
 Gurgulio, ōnis. m. the throat-pipe; a kind of worm.
 Gurgustium, i. n. a poor dwelling-house or shepherd's cottage; a narrow room, a cabin, a hut; a porter's lodge.
 Gustatio, ōnis. f. a tasting, a glass of wine before dinner.
 Gustatorium, i. n. a place where they were wont to eat, a cup to taste in, a taste.
 Gustatus, a, um. part. tasted.
 Gustatus, ūs. m. a taste or tasting; the taste.
 Gusto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste; to sip; to assay; to smatter; to listen; to overhear.
 Gustus, ūs. m. the sense of tasting, a taste, a gust, a relish, or smack.
 Gutta, æ. f. a drop, very little, a spot or speck.
 Guttatim, adv. by drops, drop by drop.
 Guttatus, a, um. adj. spotted, speckled, motley-coloured.
 Guttula, æ. f. dim. a little drop.
 Guttur, ōris. n. et antiqu. m. the throat.
 Guttus, i. m. a cruse, an oil-glass, a laver or ewer.
 Gymnas, ālis. f. a wrestling or she that wrestles.
 Gymnasiarcha, æ. m. potius Gymnasiarchus, i. m. a chief school-master; a rector, a governor; a principal or head of a college; the master of an academy.
 Gymnasium, i. n. a place where wrestlers or other gamesters exercised their strength, by trying masteries and feats of activity, a school, a college, or hall in a university.
 Gymnasticus, a, um. adj. that

belongs to the place or art of exercise.
 Gymnicus, a, um. adj. belonging to exercise.
 Gymnosophistæ, m. pl. gymnosophists, a sort of Indian philosophers who went naked.
 Gynæceum, i. n. a nursery, an inner room, where women only abide, a seraglio, an apartment for women.
 Gynæcistia, idlis. f. Vid. Gynæceum.
 Gypsatus, a, um. part. plastered, pargetted, whitened, daubed.
 Gypsum, i. n. parget, white lime, plaster, mortar.
 Gyratus, a, um. part. turned about.
 Gyron, i. m. a circuit, a compass, a career; a circle or ringlet.

H

HA, interj. heyday; ah, away.
 Ha, ha, he, interj. of laughter.
 Hæbea, æ. f. the rein of a bridle, the harness; a leash, thong, or strap of leather; a whip; power, rule, government, management.
 Hæbentia, æ. f. riches, abundance, wealth, what a man has, his estate.
 Hæbentula, æ. f. dim. a little rein, bridle, leash, or thong.
 Hæbeo, ēre, ūi, itum. act. to have; to hold; to possess; to keep; to contain; to get; to handle; to use; to treat of; to act; to manage; to esteem; to judge; to account; to reckon; to dwell; to continue in a place; to know; to understand; to be able to do; to have seized, surprised, or taken. With a verbal substant. adj. or pass. part. it is to be rendered by the English of their verbs; to be in a state or condition; to go; to stand; to be affected; to find by experience.
 Hæbessit, pro habeat.
 Hæbilis, is, e. adj. fit, apt, handsome; proper, suitable; able, sound.
 Hæbilitas, itis. f. ableness, fitness, handsomeness.
 Hæbitabilis, is, e. adj. habitable, that may be dwelt in.
 Hæbitatio, ōnis. f. a habitation or dwelling; house-rent; a house, an abiding or abode.
 Hæbitator, ōris. m. a dweller, an inhabitant.

Hæbilitrix, icis. f. *she who dwells or inhabits*.
Hæbitatus, a, um. part. *inhabited or dwelt in*.
Hæbitto, ære, ævi, ætū. freq. [ab habeo] *to have often; to dwell; to abide; to inhabit; to live in; to be often; to be much*.
Hæbitudo, inis. f. *the habitude, state, plight, liking or constitution of body; plumpness, fatness*.
Hæbitus, a, um. part. et adj. *had, given, counted; esteemed; treated; used, enjoyed, gathered*. Adj. *fat, well liking, in good plight, affected or inclined*.
Hæbitus, ūs. m. *a habit; the manner, state or fashion; carriage, feature, demeanor; the constitution, apparel, attire, garb*.
Hæc, adv. *by this place, this way*.
Hactenus, adv. *tenus hac. i. e. hæc parte, via, re, tenus. hitherto, thus far, to this time or place; thus much and no more*.
Hædrōbolum, i. n. *a kind of sweet-smelling gum*.
Hadrosphærum, i. n. *a kind of spikenard with a broad leaf*.
Hædicūlus, i. m. dim. *a little kid*.
Hædile, is. n. [ex hædus] *a fold where kids are kept*.
Hædillus, i. m. dim. [ab hædus] *a pretty little goat*.
Hædinus, a, um. adj. *of a kid*.
Hædillus, i. dim. [a seq.] *a little goat*.
ædus, i. m. *a kid*.
æmichætes, æ. m. *a kind of blood-coloured agate*.
æmktion, i. n. *a kind of red glass*.
æmktites, æ. m. *a blood-stone*.
æmorrhægia, æ. f. *an excessive or continued flux of blood; a bleeding at the nose*.
Hæmorrhoids, idis. f. *the hemorrhoids, piles or swelling of the veins in the fundament; a serpent by which a man being stung, bleeds to death*.
Hæreditium, i. n. dim. *a small inheritance or patrimony*.
Hæreditus, æ. c. g. *one who, by flattery and presents, endeavours to get the good will of old men and widows, in order to be made their heir*.
Hæreditarius, a, um. adj. *pertaining to inheritance or succession; hereditary, coming by inheritance*.
Hæreditas, ætis. f. [ab hæres] *an inheritance or estate by succession; a heritage*.
Hæredium, i. n. *a farm or piece of ground, fallen to one by inheritance; a small estate*.

Hæreo, ære, hæsi, hæsum. neut. *to stick; to be fixed; to continue; to be close to; to be fastened; to doubt; to stop; to be at a stand; to demur; to stick in the briars; to linger; to loiter*.
Hæres, ædis. c. g. hæris [ab hæreo] *an heir; one who succeeds to lands or estates; an heiress; an owner or possessor; a master or mistress*.
Hæresco, ære, —. Vid. Hæreo.
Hæresis, is. f. *an opinion or sect in philosophy*.
Hæstibundus, a, um. adj. *staggering, doubtful*.
Hæstantia, æ. f. *a stammering; a doubting*.
Hæstatio, ōnis. f. *a stammering; a doubting or hesitating*.
Hæstator, ōris. m. *a stammerer, a delayer*.
Hæsto, ære, ævi, ætū. freq. [ab hæreo] *to stammer; to stutter; to stick; to be at a stand; to doubt; to stagger; to falter*.
Hælycon, ōnis. f. *the kingfisher*.
Hælycōnium, i. n. *a kind of medicine*.
Hælycōnus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the hælycon*.
Hælycōides, um. f. pl. *birds called hæl-yons*.
Hælyonium, i. n. *the indurated foam of the sea, wherewith hæl-yons were believed to make their nests*.
Hælec, æcis. f. et n. *rectius alec. a herring, or rather a common name for all small fish; a salt liquor made of the entrails of fishes; pickle, brine*.
Hælectila, æ. f. dim. *a little herring, a sprat, a pilchard, &c.*
Hælex, æcis. f. *a herring or small fish*.
Hælimætus, i. m. al. *Hælietus. a kind of eagle, an osprey; perhaps a falcon or a goshawk or ger-falcon*.
Hælicæchus, i. m. *a red winter cherry; red nightshade, alkængey*.
Hæliceutica, ōrum. pl. n. *books treating of fishes*.
Hælimus, i. m. *sea purlain*.
Hælipheus, i. f. *a tree having such bitter fruits, that no beast will touch it but swine*.
Hælipneumon, ōnis. m. *a kind of fish*.
Hælitus, ūs. m. [ab halo] *breath; a gasp; a vapour or damp*.
Hælex, icis. f. al. *Hællux, a great toe; a kind of nasty pickle*.
Hællucinatio, ōnis. f. *a blundering, a mistake, an oversight*.
Hællucior, æri. ætus. dep. *to blunder and mistake*.

Hælo, ære, ævi, ætū. act. *to breathe; to exhale; to cast out a vapour; to smell*.
Hæloachne, es. f. *the dry frost of the sea*.
Hælois, eos. f. in acc. sing. in et im. *the taking and sucking of a town*.
Hælor, ōris. m. *a plummet or weight of lead, which leapers vaulters or dancers on ropes used*.
Hælus, i. f. *comfrey, an herb like orrganum*.
Hæma, æ. f. *a waterbucket made of leather; a boat-hook; a wine-vessel*.
Hæmadryas, ædis. f. *a nymph of the woods*.
Hæmætilis, is. e. adj. *of or pertaining to a hook*.
Hæmætus, a, um. part. *crooked, hooked; entangled*.
Hæmaxigoga, æ. m. *a wagoner, a carter*.
Hæmaxor, æri, ætus. dep. *to draw the cart or wain*.
Hæmōta, æ. m. [ab hamo] *a fisher with a hook, an angler*.
Hæmochryso, i. f. *a precious stone seeming like gold sand*.
Hæmōnis cornu [ab Hammon] *a precious and sacred stone in Ethiopia*.
Hæmōla, æ. f. dim. [ab hama] *a small goblet, or rather bucket*.
Hæmulus, i. m. dim. [ab hamus] *a small hook*.
Hæmus, i. m. *a hook; a ring or S, wherewith coats of mail were set very thick; a hitcher or iron comb, wherewith flax or hemp is dressed*.
Hæphe, es. f. *a dust, where with wrestlers, after their anointing, were sprinkled*.
Hæpus, i. m. *a handful, a roll or bolster of linen or woolen, to keep a wound from further harm*.
Hæra, æ. f. *a hog-sty; a goose pen or coop*.
Hærida, æ. f. *a prophetess or female diviner*.
Hæridatio, ōnis. f. *a divining, conjecturing, soothsaying or foretelling*.
Hæridor, æri, ætus. dep. *to foretell; to conjecture; to devise, to imagine; to prognosticate*.
Hæridus, i. m. *a diviner, a soothsayer, a prognosticator*.
Hærmamaxa, æ. f. *a sort of litter or sedan among the Persians*.
Hærmōge, es. f. *a mixture of divers colours*.
Hærmōnia, æ. f. *a due proportion, analogy; harmony, melody, modulation or a due proportion of sounds; the wife of Cadmus, so called*.
Hærsagiūtilus, i. *Harpagione*

tall strati, a kind of chamber-work.
 Marpágo, ónis. m. a crook; an instrument to pick stones out of walls; a grappling hook; a robber.
 Harpágo, áre, ávi, átum. act. to hook; to grapple to one.
 Harpálos, i. m. Culch or Snatch, a dog's name.
 Harpastum, i. n. a ball of cloth or leather stuffed with flocks, which several endeavour to catch at once.
 Harpax, ágis. m. a kind of amber, that draws leaves and straw after it; a whirl or whorle to put on a spindle.
 Harpe, es. f. a scission, a cimeter.
 Harpyiæ, árum. f. pl. harpies, a sort of ravenous bird described by Virgil.
 Háruspex, ícis. m. a soothsayer, a diviner by looking into the entrails of the sacrifice.
 Háruspica, æ. f. she who divines by entrails.
 Háruspicina, æ. f. [sc. ars] the art of divination.
 Háruspicinus, a, um. adj. belonging to soothsaying.
 Háruspicium, i. n. soothsaying, a divining by inspecting the entrails of the sacrifice.
 Hasta, æ. f. a spear, a lance, or pike. Hasta pura, a spear-staff without an iron head.
 Hasta decemviralis v. centumviralis, fixed before their courts of justice; an auction, a public sale of goods.
 Hastátus, a, um. adj. bearing or fighting with spears.
 Hastile, is. u. a halberd or pike; any pointed thing.
 Hastula, æ. f. a small halberd or spear.
 Hau! interj. alas!
 Haud, adv. not.
 Handquæquam, adv. by no means, in no wise.
 Haurio, íre, hauri et haurivi, haustum et hauritum, to draw; to fetch up; to receive; to take in; to drink; to eat; to swallow, or sup up; to waste; to spend; to consume; to undergo; to suffer; to pierce; to tap; to open; to drain; to exhaust.
 Haustor, óris. m. a drawer.
 Haustum, i. n. a bucket, a scoop, or pump.
 Haustus, a, um. part. drawn, taken up; swallowed up, sunk, foundered; drunk in.
 Haustus, ús. m. a drawing up; a draught, a sup.
 He, he! interj. he, he!
 Heautontimorumenos, i. m. the Self-tormentor, the name of a comedy in Terence.
 Hebdomáda, æ. f. a week.

Hæbeo, ére, — — neut. to be blunt; to chill; to curdle; to be dull and heavy.
 Hæbes, étis. adj. blunt; heavy, dull, dim; languid, without spirit; weak, feeble; moving slow; blockish, slow of apprehension, foolish.
 Hæbesco, ére, — — incept. to grow blunt, dull, dim, languid, feeble.
 Hæbētādo, ónis. f. a making blunt, dull, or dim.
 Hæbētātrix, ícis. f. she who makes dull or dim.
 Hæbescō, ére, — — incept. to grow dull, &c.
 Hæbēto, áre, ávi, átum. act. to make blunt; to make dull.
 Hæcátombe, es. f. a sacrifice of a hundred oxen, hogs, sheep, lions, eagles, &c.
 Hæcátompus, ódis. m. a fish with a hundred feet.
 Hædéra, æ. f. ivy.
 Hæderáceus, a, um. adj. of ivy.
 Hædériger, a, um. adj. bearing ivy.
 Hædérōsus, a, um. adj. full of ivy.
 Hædrychum, i. n. a kind of sweet ointment.
 Hædyosmus, i. m. et Hædyosmu, i. n. wild mint.
 Hædynois, ídis. f. succory, dandelion.
 Hædysmāta, um. n. pl. sweetmeats or sauces; perfumed unguents.
 Hei! interj. woe! alas!
 Heja! interj. O rare! brave!
 Helicūrus, i. m. a halster.
 Helcyma, átis. n. the dress or refuse of any metal.
 Heliolum, i. n. elecampane.
 Helice, es. f. a constellation, called the Great Bear.
 Heliocæminus, i. m. a stove in a place exposed to the sun.
 Helioscōpium, i. n. a sort of tymal or spurge.
 Heliostrōphon, i. n. the turnsole or sun-flower.
 Heliotrópium, i. n. the herb turnsole.
 Helix, ícis. m. a kind of creeping ivy; an ornament on the chapter of a pillar.
 Hellobōrus, a, um. adj. full of hellebore, frantic, distracted.
 Hellebōrum, i. n. et Hellebōrus, i. m. the herb hellebore.
 Heliuátio v. Heliuátio, ónis. f. an eating greedily, a gormandizing, a riotous way of living.
 Helluo v. Heliuo, ónis. m. a glutton, guttler, gormandiser, a spendthrift.
 Helluor et Heliuor, ári, étus. dep. to guttle; to gormandise; to devour; to consume all.

Hælopo, ópis, et Hælope, es. f. a kind of delicate fish.
 Helvéniceus et Helvenucus, a, um. adj. of a pale red colour.
 Helvólus et Helveólus, a, um. adj. pale red.
 Helvinus, a, um. adj. of a flesh-colour.
 Helvus, a, um. adj. of a pale red colour.
 Helxine, es. f. parietary or pelitory of the wall.
 Hem! how! say you so? well, rarely, ho! yes; hold! stay! how! how is that? what is that? here, see here! there is for you, take that for your pains; look ye, mind; see, lo, behold; alas! O brave! O rare! anon, sir.
 Hémárestios, ii. d. g. v. Hémárestius, a, um. adj. daily.
 Hémérobton, i. n. an insect living but one day.
 Hémérocallis, is. f. a flower very like the lily.
 Hémárodōnus, i. m. a day-post, a courier.
 Hémicyclus, i. m. et Hémicyclon, i. n. a half circle; a chair or a room in that form.
 Hémna, æ. f. half a sextary.
 Hémnarius, a, um. adj. holding a hemina.
 Hémibion, ii. n. spleenwort.
 Hémisphærium, i. n. half a sphere, the hemisphere; a kind of clock.
 Hémitonium, ii. n. a half tone.
 Hémित्रitus, i. m. a semiterian fever or ague.
 Hendécasyllabus, i. m. [sc. versos] containing eleven syllables.
 Hendikdis, is. f. a rhetorical figure, when one thing is split into two, by the interposition of a conjunction.
 Hepar, átis. u. the liver; a fish so called.
 Hépátarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to the liver.
 Hépáticus, a, um. adj. of the liver; diseased in the liver.
 Hépátites, æ. m. [a præced.] a precious stone.
 Héphestites, æ. m. a precious stone of the colour of fire.
 Hépéma, átis. n. new wine boiled to the third part.
 Hépikphónos, i. f. a portico in Olympia, so artfully built as to repeat the voice by seven echoes or sounds.
 Heptapleuron, i. f. v. Heptapleurum, i. n. a kind of plantain.
 Heptères, is. f. a galley with seven banks of oars.
 Héra, æ. f. [ad herus] a dame, a mistress, a lady; the goddess Juno or Tellus, or the goddess Fortune.
 Héractōn, i. n. [ab Hercule in-

ventore] *the herb milfoil or yarrow.*
 Hēracles, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules.*
 Herba, æ. f. *an herb; a weed; grass; the blade of any corn, &c.*
 Herbæcens, a, um. adj. *grassy; made of grass or herbs.*
 Herbærius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to herbs.*
 Herbærius, i. m. *a gatherer of herbs, a botanist.*
 Herbasco v. Herbesco, 3re, — incept. *to grow green, as grass; to bring forth herbs or grass.*
 Herbeus, a, um. adj. *green like grass.*
 Herbidus, a, um. adj. *full of grass or herbs.*
 Herbifer, a, um. adj. *bringing forth herbs or grass.*
 Herbigrædus, a, um. adj. *going on the grass.*
 Herbosus, a, um. adj. *full of herbs or grass.*
 Herbulla, æ. f. dim. *a little herb, small grass.*
 Hercæum, a, um. adj. *a name of Jupiter, the defender of inclosures.*
 Herciaco, 3re, — act. *to divide or part, an inheritance among co-heirs.*
 Hercius, i. m. [*ab hercio*] *a portcullis.*
 Hercle, adv. *by Hercules; upon my honour.*
 Hercillæneus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules.*
 Hercillænus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules; great, huge.*
 Hercille, adv. *by Hercules; upon my honour.*
 Hercileus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to Hercules; huge.*
 Hère, adv. *yesterday, yesterday.*
 Héri, adv. *yesterday.*
 Hērífuga, æ. c. g. *a runaway.*
 Hērillus, is, e. adj. [*ab herus*] *belonging to a master or mistress.*
 Herma, æ. m. *a statue of Mercury.*
 Hermaphrōditus, i. m. *a hermaphrodite, both man and woman.*
 Hermēdone, es. f. *a knot or band; a constellation so called.*
 Hermellion, i. n. *a precious stone of a fiery colour.*
 Hermūpoa, æ. f. *the herb Mercury.*
 Hernia, æ. f. *a rupture.*
 Hērōicus, a, um. adj. [*ab heros*] *heroic, pertaining to the heroes; relating heroic actions, epic.*
 Hērōina, æ. f. *a heroine, a lady of honour.*
 Hērōia, Idia. f. *a lady of the first rank, a lady of quality.*
 Hērōs, ōs. m. *a hero; the soul*

of a great man unbodied; a man of singular virtue.
 Hērōum, i. n. *a monument erected to the memory of some hero.*
 Hērōus, a, um. adj. *heroic, epic.*
 Herpes, 3tis. m. *St. Anthony's fire; an eating ulcer; an animal of use in the cure of such diseases.*
 Hērūs, i. m. *a master of a family or his eldest son. [Herus is a master in relation to his servants. Dominus denotes not only the master of a house, but also, the owner of any property whatever.]*
 Hespēria, Idos. f. *the sea gilliflowers.*
 Hespērius, a, um. adj. *western.*
 Hespēriūgo, Idia. Vid. Hespērius.
 Hespērus, i. m. *the evening star or planet Venus; called phœphorus or lucifer in the morning; the evening.*
 Hesternus, a, um. adj. *of yesterday or yesternight.*
 Hētēria, æ. f. *a company, a society, a college.*
 Hētērice, es. f. *a Macedonian troop, so called from their friendly society with each other or with the king.*
 Hētērocrania, æ. f. *a pain or tumour on one side of the head.*
 Heul Interj. *woe! alas! O! wahoo!*
 Heurētes, æ. m. *the inventor or deviser of a thing; an author.*
 Heus, adv. *ho, soho, so there; consider, mind.*
 Hexachordus, i. c. g. et on, i. n. *having six chords or strings.*
 Hexaclinon, i. n. *a dining-room holding six discubitory couches.*
 Hexāgōnus, a, um. adj. *having six angles.*
 Hexāmēter, tra, trum. adj. *of six measures, of six feet.*
 Hexāphōri, ōrum. m. pl. *six porters or bearers of burdens.*
 Hexastichus, a, um. adj. *Hordeum hexastichum, barley, having six rows of corn in an ear.*
 Hexastylos, i. c. g. et on, i. n. *having six ranges of pillars.*
 Hexēcontālithus, i. m. *a precious stone with a variety of corners and colours.*
 Hexēres, is. f. *a galley having six banks of oars.*
 Hiasco, 3re, — incept. [*ab hio*] *to think; to open; to spread.*
 Hīānus, ōs. m. [*ab hio*] *a gaping or yawning; an opening of the mouth wide; a gasping; any chapping, cleaving, or opening; a disjoining, a parting, a gap; bawling, bragging, boasting.*

Hiberna, ōrum. n. pl. *winter quarters for soldiers; winter houses.*
 Hibernicūla, ōrum. n. pl. dim. *winter-quarters.*
 Hiberno, 3re, 3vi, 3tum. neut. *to winter; to be in winter-quarters; to be tough or tempestuous.*
 Hibernus, a, um. adj. *of winter.*
 Hibiscum, i. n. v. Hibiscus, i. m. *the marsh-mallow.*
 Hibris, Idia. c. g. *a pig of a tame sow and a wild boar.*
 Hic, hæc, hoc. gen. huius. pron. *this, this so great; such, the former.*
 Hic v. heic, adv. *here, in this place; in this affair or matter; then.*
 Hicce, hæcce, hotce, huiusce. *this, this very.*
 Hiccine, hæccine, hocceine? *this man? this woman? this thing?*
 Hiccine, adv. *here!*
 Hilmālis, is, e. adj. *winterly, of winter.*
 Hilmat, impers. *it is winter or extreme cold.*
 Hilmāto, ōnis. f. *a wintering or subsisting in winter.*
 Hilmō, 3re, 3vi, 3tum. neut. *to be cold and tempestuous; to winter; to be in winter-quarters.*
 Hiems, 3mis. f. *winter; a tempest; a year.*
 Hīra, æ. f. *a sacred garland consecrated to the gods, when, two running a race, neither got the prize; a name of Cybele; an island of Sicily.*
 Hīracēon, i. n. *the herb hawkweed.*
 Hīracētes, æ. m. *a precious stone, so called from its colour.*
 Hīracēum collyrium, a sort of *eye-salve.*
 Hīrāticus, a, um. adj. *sacer dotal.*
 Hīrōbōstāne, es. f. *vervain.*
 Hīrogllyphicus, a, um. adj. *hieroglyphical.*
 Hīroñices, æ. m. *a conqueror in the sacred games.*
 Hīrōphanta, æ. m. *an interpreter of sacred mysteries.*
 Hīro, 3re, 3vi, 3tum. neut. [*ab hio*] *to gaze; to stare about.*
 Hīkrātus, a, um. part. *made merry, pleased, rejoiced.*
 Hīkrē, adv. [*ab hilarus*] *merely, cheerfully, gaily, frankly, jollily, joyfully.*
 Hīkris, is, e. adj. et Hīkrus, a, um. *merry, gay, pleasant, jovial, cheerful, jocund, jolly, crank, bitchesome, buxom.*
 Hīkritas, 3tis. f. *mirth, cheerfulness, gaiety, pleasantry, buxomness, joyfulness, good humour, merriment, airiness, alacrity.*

Hilariter, adv. merrily, pleasantly, jovially.

Hilaritudo, inis. f. mirth, gaiety, cheerfulness.

Hilare, are, avi, itum. act. to make merry; to please; to cheer.

Hilarulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat pleasant, joyful or gay.

Hilla, v. Hila, e. f. dim. the small gut, a chattering or saw-sage.

Hilum, i. n. the little black of a bean, a mere nothing.

Himantides, um. pl. m. birds so called from the tenderness of their legs.

Hina, a measure among the Hebrews, containing twelve sextaries.

Hinc, adv. [ab hic] hence; henceforth; out of this part of this; on this part and that.

Hinaculus, i. m. dim. [ab hinus] a little mule.

Hinnio, ira, ivi, itum. neut. to neigh.

Hinnitus, us. m. a neighing.

Hinnulus et **Hinnulus**, i. m. dim. [ab hinus] a young hind or fawn; a kid, a leveret, &c; a little mule.

Hinnus, i. m. a mule engendered between a horse and a she ass, a nag.

Hio, are, avi, itum. neut. to gape; to yawn; to open the mouth wide; to open; to chark; to chap; to chink; to be loose or disjointed; to crave after; to covet greatly; to hawl out.

Hippce, es. f. cheese made of mare's milk.

Hippcus v. **Hippogus**, i. m. a ferry-boat for horses.

Hippeus, i. m. a comet with rays like a horse's mane.

Hippiatrus, i. m. a horse-doctor or farrier.

Hippice, es. f. an herb, which, being held in a horse's mouth, makes him insensible of hunger or thirst.

Hippocamelus, i. m. a beast partly horse and partly camel.

Hippocampa, e. f. et **Hippocampus**, i. m. a sea-horse.

Hippocampus, a, um. adj. belonging to a sea-horse.

Hippocentaurus, i. m. a sort of monster, half man and half horse.

Hippodromus, i. m. a coursing or running place for horses.

Hippoglossa, e. f. et **Hippoglossum**, i. n. the herb horse-tongue or tongue-wort.

Hippopitum, i. n. the herb patience or monks-beard.

Hippomanes, n. indecl. a kind of poison used in philtres; a venomous humour from a mare;

a piece of flesh on the forehead of a colt newly foaled, which the mare presently bites off.

Hippomarrathrum, i. n. the herb wild fennel.

Hippoptra, e. f. a cloak-bag or portmanteau; a mail.

Hippophaea, phaëa, n. a kind of leaf, which sheavers use in dressing their cloth.

Hippophaestum, i. n. an herb which seems to be the same with hippophaea.

Hippopotamus, i. m. a monstrous creature in the rivers Ganges and Nile; the river horse.

Hippodellum, i. n. the herb horse parsley or lovage.

Hippotoxota, e. m. an archer on horseback.

Hippuris, is. f. the herb horsetail or shavegrass.

Hira, e. f. the gut called intestinum jejunum; any gut.

Hircinus et **Hirquus**, a, um. adj. of a goat; goatish, ram-mish.

Hircosus, a, um. adj. stinking, rammish, smelling like a goat.

Hirculus, i. m. bastard nard.

Hircus et **Hirquus**, i. m. a buck goat; a stinking, rammish or lecherous old fellow; the rank smell of the arm-pits.

Hirnea, e. f. [ab hir, voia] a kind of earthen vessel; a cake baked therein.

Hirquus, i. m. the corner of the eye.

Hirsutus, a, um. adj. rough, hairy, prickly, shaggy; rugged, unpleasant, of a harsh argument.

Hirtus, a, um. adj. [contract. pro hirsutus] rough, shaggy, hairy; rugged, unpolished.

Hirudo, inis. f. a horse-leech, a blood-sucker; an exhauster, an emptier.

Hirundinarius, a, um. adj. of a swallow.

Hirundo, inis. f. a swallow; the spring.

Hisco, are, — — incept. [ab hio] to gape; to open the mouth; to speak; to mutter; to chark; to chap; to open.

Hispidus, a, um. adj. rough, bristly, shaggy, prickly, dirty, rugged, unpleasant.

Historia, e. f. a history or narrative.

Historialis, is, e. adj. historial or historical.

Historice, es. f. the narrative or explanatory part of grammar.

Historice, adv. historically; after the manner of an historian.

Historicus, a, um. adj. historical.

Historicus, i. m. [sc. scriptor] an historian.

Histricus, a, um. adj. [ex histrio] belonging to or of a stage-player or actor.

Histrio, onis. m. a stage-player, an actor; a quack.

Histrionalis, is, e. adj. of an actor or stage-player.

Histrionia, o. f. the art of an actor or stage-player.

Hulco, adv. gapingly, by gaps.

Hulco, are, avi, itum. act. [ex hio] to make a thing gaps or chap.

Hulcus, a, um. adj. gaping; greedy, ravenous.

Hocce, n. pro hoc, adj. this, this same.

Hocine ? is this ?

Hodie, adv. [qu. hoc die] to day, this day; at this time, in this age.

Hodiernus, a, um. adj. of this day.

Hodæculus, hædile, vid. **Hædulus**, hædile.

Hoi ! the voice of crying.

Holcus, i. m. wall-barley.

Holosphyratus, a, um. adj. solid, worked with hammers.

Holosteon, i. n. an herb called stitchwort, frog-grass.

Holothuria, drum. pl. n. fishes full of prickles.

Homer, indecl. the name of a Hebrew measure containing three pints.

Homerobunastix, igos. m. **Zoius**, so called for carping at, and maligning Homer; any snarling critic, and conceited fault-finder.

Homicida, e. c. g. a murderer, a man-slayer.

Homicidium, i. n. murder, manslaughter.

Homo, inis. ant. **Onis**. et **humani**, c. g. man, mankind; a wight; a man; a mortal; a fallible or weak man or woman; a serving man; a sorry fellow; a person, a body, one; humanity, courtesy, civility; the body; a vassal, a subject.

[**Homo**, in its primitive acceptation, denotes one of the human species, as opposed to a being of another species, to one of a superior, or one of an inferior order. Hence, as **homo** is applicable to any of the human species indiscriminately, it implies no peculiar merit or excellence, in the individual to whom it is applied; and is used indifferently for men of any class or character. **Vir**, on the other hand, means a man, in contradistinction to a woman or a boy. And hence, as it implies those qualities and properties which constitute the man, it is used as a term of respect, and often signifies emphatically a hero.]

Hōmōmōria, *as. f.* a likeness of Paris.
Hōmōdōnus, *a, um. adj.* equally extended.
Hōmūlus, *i. m. dim.* [*ab homo*] a little man, a dwarf, a manikin.
Hōmullus, *i. m. dim.* [*ex homo*] a weak mortal man.
Hōmunciō, *ōnis. m.* a sorry fellow, a rascal, a scrub.
Hōmuncūlus, *i. m. dim.* [*ab homo*] a little sorry fellow.
Hōnestāmentum, *i. n.* an adorning, that which sets out a thing, an embellishment.
Hōnestas, *itis. f.* [*ab honor*] honour, nobility, eminence; dignity, credit, reputation; probity, honesty.
Hōnestātus, *a, um. part.* adorned, credited, embellished.
Hōneste, *adv.* honourably, becomingly, handsomely.
Hōnesto, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to grace or credit one; to adorn; to set forth; to embellish.
Hōnestus, *i. n.* honesty, virtue, gracefulness.
Hōnestus, *a, um. adj.* [*ab honor*] honourable; honest, kind, civil; handsome, decent; worshipful, genteel; handsome, fair, well-favoured; discreetly and wisely made.
Hōnor et Hōnos, *ōris. m.* honour, worship; respect, regard; an office, post, or dignity; gracefulness, beauty; a present, a reward, a fee, a recompense; a sacrifice, an oblation.
Hōnōrābilis, *is. e. adj.* honourable, worthy of honour.
Hōnōrārius, *i. n.* an honorary free gift; a present or custom which officers paid at their set entry upon their office.
Hōnōrārius, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to honour, that which is done or given upon the account of honour; honorary.
Hōnōrate, *adv.* honourably, worshipfully.
Hōnōrātus, *a, um. part. et adj.* honoured, rewarded; honourable, worshipful.
Hōnōrificē, *adv.* honourably.
Hōnōrificus, *a, um. adj.* honourable, creditable; done or spoken to a man's credit.
Hōnōro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to reverence; to honour; to show respect to.
Hōnōrus, *a, um. adj.* honourable, fashionable, creditable.
Hōpites, *ē. m.* a man of war, a gendarme.
Hōpismachus, *i. m.* a sword-fencer.
Hōra, *ē. f.* an hour; a space, a time, a season of the year; any season or division of time;

a day, a month, &c. time in general; a poetical goddess of time.
Hōrāum, *i. u.* a kind of pickle made in the spring.
Hōrāus, *a, um. adj.* seasonable; ripe.
Hōrārium, *i. n.* an instrument to know the hour by the help of water; an hour-glass, clock, watch, dial.
Hōrārius, *a, um. adj.* hourly.
Hōrēaceus, *a, um. adj.* of barley.
Hōrēāril, *ōrum. m. pl.* fencers that lived upon barley.
Hōrēārius, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to barley.
Hōrdeum, *i. n.* barley.
Hōria, *ē. f.* a fisher's boat, a smack.
Hōrīla, *m. f. dim.* a little fisher-boat.
Hōrīnōdes, *is. m.* a precious stone of a greenish colour, like clary, with a circle about it of a gold colour.
Hōrībūnus, *a, um. adj.* [*ab hornus*] of this year, of one year's growth.
Hōrnus, *a, um. adj.* of this year.
Hōrībūgium, *i. n.* a clock, a watch, a dial, or other instrument, to tell what hour of the day it is.
Hōrosōpus, *a, um. adj.* of a dial or horoscope.
Hōrosōpus, *i. m.* a horoscope, the ascendant of one's nativity.
Horrendum, *adv.* dreadfully.
Horrendus, *a, um. part.* horrible, dreadful, terrible, dismal, frightful; strange, marvelous; awful, reverend.
Horrens, *itis. part.* ragged, rugged; rough with hair, staring and standing up on end; prickly; dark, dismal; shivering, quaking.
Horreo, *ēre, ui, — neut.* to set up his bristles; to have the hair stare; to be rough and look terrible; to shiver and tremble for fear at; to shake or quake for cold; to dread and stand in great fear.
Horredum, *i. n. dim.* a little garner or barn.
Horresco, *ēre, — incept.* to grow rough and rugged; to wave to and fro; to begin to shiver or shake.
Horreum, *i. n.* a barn, a corn-house, a store-house, a grange; a wine-cellar; a warehouse, a repository.
Horribilis, *is. e. adj.* rough or rugged; horrible, terrible, dreadful, frightful; weighty, severe; awful, reverend.
Horride, *adv.* roughly, grizzly, ruggedly, rudely, unhand-somely, ca'stely

Horridulus, *a, um. adj.* dim. somewhat rugged, rough, or rude.
Horridus, *a, um. adj.* rough, rugged, clownish, unpleasant; horrid, dismal, dreadful, hideous, ghastly, frightful; cold through fear; grave, austere.
Horriſer, *ēre, ērum. adj.* bringing cold weather; blustering; frightful, dreadful.
Horrifico, *adv.* terribly, horribly; awfully, religiously.
Horrifico, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to make one afraid; to make one fear or tremble; to frighten; to make terrible.
Horrificus, *a, um. adj.* terrible, horrible, dreadful, frightful.
Horriſonus, *a, um. adj.* that makes a dreadful noise.
Horror, *ōris. m.* a shivering or quaking for fear or cold; a cold-fit of an ague; horror, fright, dread; awe, veneration.
Horsum, *adv.* [*qu. huc versum*] hitherward, toward this place, to this purpose.
Hortāmen, *inis. n.* an encouragement, a cheering.
Hortāmentum, *i. n.* an encouragement.
Hortātio, *ōnis. f.* an encouraging or cheering; an exhortation.
Hortātivus, *a, um. adj.* exhortatory, encouraging.
Hortātor, *ōris. m.* an encourager or adviser.
Hortātrix, *icis. f.* she who encourages.
Hortātus, *ūs. m.* *Vid.* Hortatio.
Hortensis, *is. e. adj.* pertaining to or growing in a garden.
Hortensius, *a, um. adj.* belonging to a garden.
Hortor, *āri, ātus. dep.* to exhort; to counsel; to advise; to encourage; to embolden, to cheer; to be advised.
Hortulus, *i. m. dim.* a little garden.
Hortus, *i. m.* a garden or orchard; a village.
Hospes, *itis. c. g.* a guest; a host; an entertainer, a landlord; a stranger.
Hospita, *ē. f.* a hostess or landlady; a female guest, a woman stranger.
Hospitālis, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to guests or strangers; hospitable, friendly, using hospitality.
Hospitālitās, *itis. f.* entertainment of friends or guests; hospitality.
Hospitāliter, *adv.* hospitably, friendly.
Hospitium, *i. n.* an inn, a lodging, a place to entertain strangers or guests; entertain-

ment; friendship, a retreat, a shelter; friends, clients, and allies.
Hospitor, āri, ātus. dep. to lodge; to quarter; to abide in a place; to grow in a strange place.
Hospitūs, a, um. adj. neighbouring, adjoining; hospitable, friendly, kind.
Hostia, m. f. [ab hostire. i. e. ferre] a sacrifice for having obtained the victory over enemies; a sacrifice on any account.
Hostitium, i. n. a foreign country inn; the enemy's land or country.
Hosticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to the enemy.
Hostilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to an enemy, hostile.
Hostilitas, ātis. f. hostility, enmity.
Hostiliter, adv. like an enemy, in a hostile manner.
Hostio, ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to recompense; to requite; to return like for like.
Hostis, is. c. g. a foreigner; one of another country; a public enemy; a foreign enemy. [Hostis is an avowed and public enemy, either to an individual, or to a people or party. Inimicus is a private foe.]
Hostus, i. m. the quantity of oil, which olives yield at every pressing.
Hüber, ēris. n. an udder. Vid. Über.
Huc, adv. [a pron. hic] hither, to this place; to this issue, to this point.
Hucine, interrog. what, hither? what, to this pass?
Hucusque, adv. hitherto.
Hui, interj. [a sono vocis] ho! who!
Hujusce, gen. ab hiece quod vid.
Hujusce modī, also hujus modi. Vid. Modus.
Hūmāne, adv. patiently, like a man; as men usually do; mildly, kindly, friendly, civilly, graciously, humanely.
Hūmānitas, ātis. f. humanity, human nature; gentleness, courtesy, friendliness, kindness, benignity; good manners, breeding, good-nature; human learning, liberal knowledge.
Hūmāniter, adv. courteously, kindly; patiently, bravely, manfully.
Hūmānitūs, adv. after the fashion of men, as men are wont.
Hūmānus, a, um. adj. belonging to mankind; belonging to a rational creature; polite, skilled in the arts and sciences;

human, gentle, courteous, friendly, good-natured, kind, civil; frail, variable, uncertain.
Hūmātio, ōnis. f. a burying or interring.
Hūmātor, ōris. m. one that buries.
Hūmātus, a, um. part. interred or laid in the ground.
Hūmectō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to moisten; to water; to wet.
Hūmectus, a, um. adj. wet or moist, dampish, dank.
Hūmēo, ēre, ūi, —. neut. to be wet or moist, dampish or dank.
Hūmērus, i. m. the shoulder of man or beast; the stalk of a vine.
Hūmesco, ēre. — — incept. [ab humeo] to grow moist or wet.
Hūmī, [ab humus] on the ground.
Hūmide, adv. moistly.
Hūmidus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat moist or wet; wet-tish, dampish.
Hūmidus, a, um. adj. moist; wet, dank, damp.
Hūmīlifer, āra, ērum. adj. that brings moisture or humour.
Hūmīficus, a, um. adj. that moistens.
Hūmīlis, is, e. adj. [ab humo] low, mean, poor; small, dwarfish; base, ignoble; feeble; of little worth; humble, submissive, suppliant.
Hūmilitas, ātis. f. lowliness; poorness, meanness, baseness; inability; an undervaluing or depreciating.
Hūmīlīter, adv. lowly, slavishly; meanly, poorly, basely, beggarly, abjectly, humbly, submissively.
Hūmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex humus] to set in the earth; to bury; to inter; to lay in the ground.
Hūmor, ōris. m. moisture, dampness; any liquid; a humour.
Hūmus, i. f. moist earth, ground, land.
Hyācīnthia, ōrum. pl. n. a Lacedæmonian yearly festival instituted by Apollo in honour of Hyacinthus.
Hyācīnthinus, a, um. adj. of a violet or purple colour.
Hyācīnthizōntes, um. pl. m. a kind of emerald inclining to a violet colour.
Hyācīnthus, i. m. a violet or purple coloured flower; a precious stone called a jacinth, of a violet colour.
Hyādes, um. f. the seven stars in the head of Taurus.
Hymna, m. f. a beast like a wolf, with a mane like a

horse; a kind of sea-fish; a serpent.
Hyēnia, m. f. a precious stone found in the hyæna's eye.
Hyālus, i. m. glass; a green colour.
Hybrida, m. m. a mongrel creature, that has the sire of one kind, and the dam of another; it is also used of men of different countries.
Hydra, m. f. a water-serpent.
Hydrargyrum, i. n. quicksilver.
Hydraula, m. c. g. a player on a musical instrument, which goes by water-work.
Hydraulicus, a, um. adj. belonging to such a musical instrument.
Hydraulus, i. m. an instrument of music that plays by the motion of water.
Hydria, m. f. a water-pot, a bucket to draw water with.
Hydrōcèle, es. f. a burstiness, when water falls into the cod.
Hydrōcēlicus, a, um. adj. he that is bursten in that manner.
Hydrōcēphālus, i. m. water in the head.
Hydrōlāpāthōn, i. n. water-dock.
Hydrōmēli, n. indecl. water and honey boiled together, metheglin.
Hydrōphōbia, m. f. the fear of water; the consequence of being bitten by a mad dog; a hydrophobia.
Hydrōphōbus, i. m. he who is afraid of water, as one that is bitten by a mad dog.
Hydrōpicus, a, um. adj. that hath the dropsy, hydropical.
Hydrōptis, is. f. the having the dropsy or being subject to it.
Hydrops, ōpis. m. the dropsy.
Hydrus, i. m. a water-serpent, a water-snake.
Hyems, Vid. Hiems.
Hygremplastrum, i. n. a moist plaster.
Hylactor, ōris. m. Barker, Ringwood, or the like; a dog's name.
Hylax, ācis. m. a dog's name; Barker.
Hymen, ēnis. m. the god of marriage.
Hymēneus, i. m. marriage; a marriage-song.
Hysocyāmus, a, um. adj. made of henbane.
Hysocyāmus, i. m. the herb henbane.
Hyōēris, idis. f. yellow succory.
Hypæthris, a, um. adj. open above, not covered over head.
Hypallāge, es. f. a figure when words are understood contrariwise, a transposing of the order of construction; the same with Metonymia.

Hypkē, es. f. *the bass string in a viol, &c.*

Hypēlātē, es. f. *a kind of laurel.*
Hypēnēmum ovum, a wind egg.

Hyperbōsis, is. f. et **Hyperbōton**, i. n. *a figure when the words are transposed from their plain grammatical order.*

Hyperbōle, es. f. *a hyperbole, when we exceed in speaking of a thing, going either too high or too low.*

Hyperbōlice, adv. *hyperbolically.*

Hyperbōreus, a, um. adj. *far northern, Scythian.*

Hypericon, i. n. *Saint John's wort.*

Hyperthyrum, i. n. *the upper part or lintel of a door.*

Hypēcausis, is. f. et **Hypēcausum**, i. n. *a stone, stew, or hot-house, a chimney.*

Hypēchēris, idis. f. *a sort of herb.*

Hypēchondria, drum. pl. n. *that part of the belly and sides under the short ribs.*

Hypēchysis, is. f. *a running of the eyes.*

Hypēcistis, is. f. *a sap or liquor driven out of the shoots springing from the roots of the cyprius.*

Hypēcrista, æ. m. *a prompter.*

Hypēdīascēlus, i. m. *an usher in a school, an under-teacher.*

Hypēgæum, i. n. *sengreen, house-leek.*

Hypēgæum, i. n. *a cellar or vault arched over head; a place under ground.*

Hypēmochlium, i. n. *a roller or such like thing, laid under stones, &c. to roll them the better from their place.*

Hypētheca, æ. f. *a pledge orgage; a mortgage of land.*

Hypēthēsis, is. eos. f. *a case in law; the controversy or that wherein the main point lies; a pretext or pretence; the argument or contents of a book or discourse.*

Hypēthyrum, i. n. *the threshold or groundsel.*

Hypētrichēlium, i. n. *the part of the shaft or main body of the pillar under the neck of it.*

Hysglum, i. n. *a plant which dyes a colour like scarlet.*

Hysōpites, æ. m. *wine made with hyssop.*

Hysōpum, i. n. et **Hysōpus**, i. m. *the herb hyssop.*

Hystēron prōteron, a way of speaking when we place that after, which should come before.

Hystrix, icis. *a porcupine.*

I

JACENS, tis. part. *lying along; lying down sick or dead; sluggish, heavy, dull; poor, afflicted, dejected; s tuated.*

Jāco, ēre, cūi, — neut. *to lie; to lie along; to be situate; to be fallen; to be sunk; to be laid aside, disregarded, or little set by; to be in no esteem; to be heavy and sluggish; to live obscurely and ingloriously; to lie sick; to be slain; to be still and calm.*

Jācio, ēre, jēci, jēctum. act. *to cast; to throw; to fling; to hurt; to shoot; to lay; to place; to speak; to utter; to publish; to set abroad; to throw away; to put; to place.*

Jactans, tis. part. et adj. *casting, tossing, bragging, boasting.*

Jactanter, adv. *braggingly, vain-gloriously, boastingly, ostentatiously.*

Jactantia, æ. f. *cracking, bragging, boasting, huffing, vain-glory.*

Jactātio, ōnis. f. *a motion, an action; a tumbling or shaking; a tossing or casting; a boasting, cracking, or vaunting.*

Jactātor, ōris. m. *a cracker or boaster; a braggadocio, a huff.*

Jactātus, a, um. part. *tossed to and fro or up and down; driven from coast to coast; canvassed, disputed, boasted.*

Jactātus, ūs. m. *a tossing; a fluttering or clapping.*

Jactito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a jacio] *to cast; to throw; to toss from one to another.*

Jacto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. act. [a jacio] *to throw; to fling; to shake; to move; to toss; to move to and fro; to cast or revolve in one's mind; to brag; to boast; to canvass; to debate; to give out; to publish; to spread abroad; to doubt; to hesitate; to be officious in; to emit; to send forth.*

Jactūra, æ. f. *loss by shipwreck or the throwing of goods overboard in a storm; any disadvantage, loss, or damage; a charge, expense, or present.*

Jactus, a, um. part. [a jacio] *thrown, hurled; cast in, scattered; laid.*

Jactus, ūs. m. [a jacio] *a throw, hurl, or cast; a draught or cast with a net.*

Jaculābilis, is, e. adj. *that may be cast or hurled.*

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Jaculatio, ōnis. f. *jaculation; a darting or casting.*

Jaculātor, ōris. m. *a shooter, a darter, a dart flinger.*

Jaculātrix, icis. f. *she who darts.*

Jacūlor, āri, ātus. dep. *to shoot; to dart; to strike; to bombard; to throw out; to hunt after; to pursue.*

Jacūlum, i. n. [a jacio] *a dart, a javelin; any thing that may be shot.*

Jacūlus, i. m. [a jaculor] *a serpent that lies under trees, and suddenly shoots himself out with great violence when any one passes by.*

Jam, adv. *now, at this time, at present; just or even now; immediately, besides, furthermore, presently, ere long, henceforth.*

Jambus, a, um. adj. *made of iambic feet.*

Jambus, i. m. *a foot in verse, having the first syllable short, and the other long, as āmā.*

Jamūdum, adv. *long ago.*

Jampridem, adv. *some whiles since.*

Jāntor, ōris. m. [a Janua] *a porter or keeper of a gate.*

Jāntrix, icis. f. *a female porter.*

Janthna, drum. pl. n. *garments of a violet or purple colour.*

Janthinus, a, um. adj. *violet-coloured.*

Janthum, i. n. *a violet.*

Janua, æ. f. [a Jano deo] *a gate, the first entry into a house; the beginning of or entrance into a discourse or other thing.*

Januārius, i. m. *the month of January.*

Jāpyx, ygis. m. *the western wind; the north-east.*

Jāsidne, es. f. *a kind of with-wind.*

Jaspēdus, a, um. adj. *of the colour of a jasper stone.*

Jaspis, idis. f. *a jasper.*

Jaspōnyx, ychis. f. *a kind of jasper, an onyx-stone.*

Jātrāpites, æ. m. *seu potius, Iatroclipta, a physician or surgeon that cures by ointments and frictions.*

Jātrāplices, es. f. *quackery, a curing by ointments or frictions.*

Jātrōnices, æ. m. *a conqueror of other physicians.*

Jātrica, æ. f. [sc. herba] *a kind of herb.*

Jātris, idis. f. *an herb which some call water-cresses.*

Jāx, icis. m. *a kind of wild goat, the eveh.*

Jāi, adv. *there, then, therein, in that state; in those things.*

Ibidem, adv. *there, in the same*

place; in the same thing or in the same case.
 idia, *idia et is*. f. a bird in Egypt; a kind of stork.
 Idia, *idia*. f. the festival days in memorial of Epicurus' birthday, which were kept upon the twentieth day of every month.
 Ichneumon, *idnis*. m. a rat of Egypt, of the bigness of a cat, which steals into the crocodile's mouth when he gapes, and, eating his bowels, kills him.
 Ichneutes, m. m. Treader or Tracer, the name of a dog.
 Ichthyographia, m. f. a plan of a house on paper, a model.
 Ichthyocollela, m. f. fish of whose skin water-glass is made; water-glass itself, mouth-glass, isinglass.
 Ichthyophagus, i. m. he that eats fish only.
 Ichthyotrophium, i. a. a fishpond, a stove for fish.
 Ico, ere, Ici, ictum. b. t. to strike; to smite; to beat away.
 Icon, *idnis*. f. an image, resemblance, picture, or statue.
 Iconicus, a, um. adj. belonging to an image; lively pictured, drawn to the life.
 cidrius, m. m. a precious stone good for the yellow jaundice.
 cidrius, a, um. adj. sick of the yellow jaundice.
 Icterus, i. m. a yellow bird, which if one see, being sick of the yellow jaundice, the person recovers and the bird dies; it is also called Galgulus.
 icia, *idia*. f. a white weasel, a ferret, a marten.
 Ictus, a, um. part. stricken, blasted, incited, moved.
 Ictus, us. et icti, ant. m. [ab ico] a stroke, a blow; a rap, a knock; a biting or goring; a blast; a sting; a beating or stroke of the pulis; a ray of the sun.
 Iconcila, m. f. dim. [ab icon] a little image.
 Id, n. pron. [ab is] that.
 Idcirco, conj. therefore, thereupon.
 Idea, m. f. an idea, form, model, or first pattern of any thing existing in the imagination or fancy.
 Idem, eadem, Idem. pron. the same, the self-same, alike, all one.
 Identidem, adv. [ex idem geminato] now and then, ever and anon, sundry times, one after another, every while.
 Ideo, conj. therefore, for that cause.
 Idiota, m. m. an idiot or illiterate, simple person; a laic, a

private man; one not in office.
 Idiotismus, i. m. a propriety of speech.
 Idolum, i. n. an image, an idol; a spectre, an apparition.
 Idonee, adv. aptly, conveniently, fitly.
 Idoneus, a, um. adj. fit, meet, proper, convenient, suitable, able, sufficient, substantial, credible, pious, honest.
 Idus, uum, Idibus, f. the ides of every month; the eighth day or eight days immediately after the nones.
 Idyllium, i. n. a little poem or copy of verses on a pastoral subject.
 Jecur, *idris* v. *Jecindris*. n. the liver.
 Jecusculum, i. n. dim. [a Jecur] a little liver.
 Jeline, adv. coldly, slenderly, drily, weakly.
 Jelinatas, *idris*. f. emptiness, slenderness of style, barrenness, dryness.
 Jesium, i. n. fasting, hunger, a fasting day.
 Jesiumior, *ius*. comp. more hungry or more fasting.
 Jesium, i. n. [ex intestinum] the empty gut.
 Jesiumus, a, um. adj. fasting, that has not eaten; bare, hungry, dry, barren, jejune, greedy, craving.
 Iens, euntis. part. [ab eo] going.
 Jentaculum, i. n. [a Jentu] a breakfast.
 Jento, *ire, avi, itum*. neut. to break one's fast.
 Jigitur, conj. therefore, then, thereupon, for.
 Ignarus, a, um. adj. [ex in et gnarus] ignorant, unskilful, unacquainted with; unknown, strange.
 Ignave, adv. cowardly, meanly, slowly, lazily.
 Ignavia, m. f. sluggishness, laziness, cowardliness, slothness, want of briskness, inactivity, a lazy, idle fellow.
 Ignaviter, adv. idly, lazily.
 Ignivus, a, um. adj. [ex in et nixus v. gnivus] not diligent, idle, slothful, sluggish, dull, faint-hearted, cowardly, weak, ineffectual.
 Ignescere, *ere*. — incept. to be on fire; to kindle; to turn to fire; to inflame.
 Igneus, a, um. adj. fiery, burning, sparkling, bright, heavenly.
 Ignitrium, i. n. anything that will take fire quickly; tinder or touchwood.
 Ignicimus, a, um. adj. fiery-haired.
 Igniculus, i. m. dim. a spark

of fire; a little fire; an instinct of nature.
 Ignifer, *ira, erum*. adj. bearing fire.
 Ignifluus, a, um. adj. flowing with fire.
 Ignigena, m. c. g. born in or by fire.
 Ignipes, *idia*. adj. that has fiery feet.
 Ignipotens, *tis*. adj. mighty by fire.
 Ignis, *is*. m. fire; lightning; a thunderbolt, wrath; love; the person beloved.
 Ignispicium, i. n. divination by fire.
 Ignobilis, *is*. e. adj. not noted, unknown, strange; ignoble, of low birth, base; common, ordinary; of no reputation or esteem; nothing spoken of.
 Ignobilitas, *idia*. f. ignobleness of birth.
 Ignominia, m. f. a note of disgrace prefixed to a man's name by the censor; discredit, reproach, dishonour, ignominy, disgrace.
 Ignominiosus, a, um. adj. infamous, dishonourable, disgraceful, ignominious.
 Ignorabilis, *is*. e. adj. that is or may easily be known.
 Ignorantia, m. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.
 Ignoratio, *idris*. f. ignorance, want of knowledge, unskilfulness.
 Ignoro, *ire, avi, itum*. act. not to be known; to be ignorant of.
 Ignoscitur, *impers.* people forgive.
 Ignosco, *ere, novi, notum*. neut. to hold excused; to take no notice of; to forgive; to pardon.
 Ignotum est. *impers.* all is pardoned.
 Ignotus, a, um. part. unknown; ignorant, that does not know.
 Ili, *is*. n. the flank where the small guts are.
 Ilex v. Ilex, *ei*. m. the small or thin gut; the twisting of the small guts.
 Ilex, *is*. f. a kind of oak-tree, called by some, holm; the scarlet oak.
 Ili, um. n. pl. [ab ile] the flank, the small guts.
 Ilias, *idia*. f. the story of Troy, a poem of Homer's so called.
 Illicet, adv. i. e. ire licet, you may go when you choose, you may go shake your ears; the business is over; immediately, presently, forthwith, all on a sudden.
 Illicium, i. n. a grove of holm-trees.

tion, a conceit; the representation of a thing; thought, design.
Imāginor, ĩri, ĩta. dep. to imagine; to surmise; to fancy, to conceive.
Imāginōsus, a, um. adj. full of images or full of strange fancies and conceits; whimsical.
Imāgo, ĩnis. f. a resemblance or representation; a dream, a vision; an image, picture or portrait; an effigy; a pretext, a pretence, a colour, a sheath; a copy, pattern or example; a spectre; an echo; the thought or contrivance; statues of ancestors.
Imāgunculā, m. f. dim. a little image.
Imbecillis, is, e. adj. weak, heavy, faint; ineffectual; feeble, easy to be overcome; poor, needy.
Imbecillitas, ĩtis. f. feebleness, weakness.
Imbecilliter, adv. weakly, faintly.
Imbecillus, a, um. adj. slothful, feeble, lazy.
Imbellis, is, e. adj. not suited to war; without war; weak; cowardly.
Imber, ĩris. m. a shower of rain, water; weeping, a shower of tears.
Imberbis, is, e. adj. beardless.
Imbibo, ĩre, ĩbi, ĩbitum. act. to drink in; to receive in; to imbibe.
Imbrex, ĩcis. m. the gutter-tile or roof-tile. **Imbrices, pl.** a kind of applause or shouting.
Imbricūm, adv. in the manner of roof-tiles.
Imbriculus, a, um. part. crooked like a gutter or roof-tile; or laid one under another, like tiles.
Imbrifer, ĩra, ĩrum. adj. [ex imber et fero] that brings rain, rainy.
Imbulo, ĩre, ĩli, ĩtum. act. to imbue; to dye; to wet; to soak; to season; to habituate; to accustom; to entertain; to furnish; to store; to imbue.
Imbutus, a, um. part. imbrued, stained, dipped, seasoned, accustomed, tainted, full of.
Imitabilis, is, e. adj. that may be imitated, imitable.
Imitāmen, ĩnis. n. an imitation, a representation, a counterfeit or disguise; a pattern or sample to follow.
Imitāmentum, l. n. an imitation.
Imitatio, ĩnis. f. imitation, counterfeiting.
Imitator, ĩris. m. one that imitates, a resembler.

Imitatrix, ĩcis. f. she or it that imitates.
Imitor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. to imitate; to resemble; to counterfeit; to do the like; to follow another's manner, way or example; to emulate.
Immaculatus, a, um. part. unspotted, undefiled, immaculate, spotless.
Immakleo, ĩre, dūi. — neut. to be moist, wet or soaked.
Immane, adv. pro Immaniter, mightily, wonderfully, excessively.
Immanis, is, e. adj. cruel, outrageous, fierce, savage; huge, exceeding great; barbarous; wonderful, incredible, strange.
Immanitas, ĩtis. f. outrageousness, cruelty, heinousness; hugeness, vastness, insensibility.
Immansuetus, a, um. adj. ungentle, not mild, untractable, cruel, savage, outrageous.
Immature, adv. immaturity, unseasonably.
Immaturitas, ĩtis. f. unripeness, immaturity, unseasonableness; too much haste.
Immaturus, a, um. adj. immature, unripe, green, sour, unpleasant; abortive, before the time; under age; over hasty, precipitate, out of season.
Immedicabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be healed, immedicable, irremediable, incurable, remediless.
Immeo, ĩre, ĩmxi, ĩmctum. act. to piss in or upon.
Immemor, ĩris. adj. forgetful, unmindful, heedless, regardless; forgotten, unregarded.
Immemorabilis, is, e. adj. not to be remembered, not worth the remembrance, immemorable; unspeakable, not to be related. Active, not remembering, forgetful.
Immemoratus, a, um. adj. unmentioned, unheard of.
Immensitas, ĩtis. f. immensity, unmeasurableness.
Immensus, a, um. adj. unmeasurable, huge, vast, immense; insatiable, unreasonable, infinite, bottomless.
Immodicus, ĩtis. adj. undeserving, without desert; innocent.
Immoderanter, adv. without desert or cause; undeservedly.
Immergeo, ĩri. — pass. to be planted deep.
Immergo, ĩre, ĩmersi, ĩmersum. act. to plunge; to flounce; to drench; to drown; to sink deep into; to immerge.
Immergor, l. ĩmersus. pass. to fall into the sea as a river does; to disembody.
Immerito, adv. undeservedly.

Immeritum, l. n. [ab in et abl. merito] without desert.
Immeritus, a, um. adj. undeserved; undeserving.
Immersibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be drowned or plunged.
Immersus, a, um. part. [ab immergo] immersed, plunged over head and ears, drowned in the water.
Immetatus, a, um. part. unmeasured, unbounded, unlimited.
Immigro, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. neut. to enter; to come or pass into.
Imminens, ĩtis. part. hanging over; at hand, imminent, approaching; watching for, intent upon; upon the catch.
Imminuo, ĩre, ui, ĩtum. act. to hang overhead; to impend; to be at hand; to be like to come to pass ere it be long; to watch for; to seek after; to have a design upon.
Imminuo, ĩre, ui, ĩtum. act. to diminish; to lessen; to abate; to cut off; to impair.
Imminutio, ĩnis. f. a diminishing or lessening.
Immiscer, ĩre, ĩcul, ĩtum. act. to mingle with; to jumble together; to intermingle; to admit; to join with or to.
Immisceribilis, is, e. adj. unpittied, without mercy.
Immiscericorditer, adv. unmercifully, without pity.
Immiscerens, ĩtis. adj. unmerciful, pitiless, remorseless.
Immiscerium, l. n. a cistern, a cooler to keep liquor in.
Immissio, ĩnis. f. a sending or putting in; an immission; a setting or grafting; a suffering to grow.
Immissus, a, um. part. sent or let in; hurried or cast; rammed or thrust in; set with an evil purpose; long, hanging down, let to grow in length, suborned.
Immixtus, a, um. part. [ab immisceo] mingled together, admitted, unmingled.
Immitis, is, e. adj. sour, crabbed, unripe, unpleasant, cruel, without pity, rough, boisterous, remorseless, discourteous.
Immitto, ĩre, ĩmi, ĩmissum. act. to send forth; to cast or throw; to place or put in; to send with an evil purpose; to let grow in length; to interweave; to intermingle; to admit; to suffer to enter; to suborn.
Immo, conj. yea. *Vid. Imo.*
Immobilis, is, e. adj. unmovable, steadfast.
Immoderate, adv. intemperately, immoderately.
Immoderatio, ĩnis. f. want of

Illeceus, a, um. adj. of holm or made of holm.
Illico, adv. [gu. in loco illo] anon, by and by; in all haste; forthwith; in the same place.
Iligneus, a, um. adj. et **Ilignus**, of holm.
Illosus, a, um. adj. troubled with the twisting of the guts, broken winded.
Illobefactus, a, um. part. [ex in et labefactus] never weakened or made feeble.
Illobor, i, paus. dep. [ex in et labor] to slide; to glide in; to fall down or upon; to enter.
Illoboratus, a, um. part. made or done without labour or pains; unlaboured, plain.
Illoboro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex in et laboro] to labour; to take pains.
Illic [sc viâ v. parte] on that side, on that way; with or for that party.
Illicerabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be torn.
Illicemus, a, um. part. unprovoked.
Illicymodilis, is, e. adj. not to be moved with pity, that cannot be prevailed upon with tears; unlamented.
Illicyromo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. et **Illicymor**, Æri, Ætus. dep. to weep over; to lament and bewail; to water; to shed tears involuntarily; to weep; to run.
Illesus, a, um. adj. unhurt; sound, uncorrupted.
Illecebilis, is, e. adj. without birth, sorrowful, joyless.
Illeceus, a, um. part. [ab illa or] slid in, got in, falling upon.
Illeceus, Æs. m. a sliding or falling in.
Illequeo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to mire; to entangle; to bias.
Illeatro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to bark against one.
Illeatus, a, um. part. [ab infero] inferred, brought in.
Illeudabilis, is, e. adj. unworthy of praise, illaudable, uncommendable.
Illeudatus, a, um. part. not worthy to be named, worthy of no praise or commendation.
Illeatus, a, um. part. pro **Illo-**
Ille, illa, illud. gen. **illius**, dat. **illi**, he, she, that; the one; one, some one; the aforesaid; such and such; the self-same, the latter.
Illecebra, m. f. an enticement, an allurements; an attraction, a charm; an enticer, a charmer.
Illecebræ, adv. alluringly, attractively, enticingly.

Illectus, a, um. part. [ab illicio] enticed, decoyed, allured.
Illectus, Æs. m. an enticing or alluring.
Illepide, adv. unkindly, unkindly, without grace, disagreeably, grossly.
Illepilus, a, um. adj. without grace, unpleasant, unhand-some, disagreeable.
Illex, Ægis. c. g. that lives without law; an outlaw.
Illex v. **Illic**, Æis. f. allurements, enticement; a birdcall, a quail-pipe, a decoy.
Illic, adv. pro **Illic**, there.
Illicitus, a, um. part. untouched; pure, undefiled, faultless.
Illicterilis, is, e. adj. ungentle, sordid, base, illiberal; niggardly, discourteous; homely, clownish, servile, mean.
Illicterilitas, Ætis. f. niggardiness, baseness, disingenuity, illiberality.
Illicteriter, adv. niggardly, ungentle, dirtily, basely, disingenuously.
Illic, **illic**, **illuc**, pro **Ille**, **Ille**, **Ilud**.
Illic, adv. there, in that place.
Illicio, Ære, Æxi, Ætum. act. [ex in et ilacio] to allure; to entice; to charm one; to decoy; to inveigle; to trepan.
Illicite, adv. unlawfully, illegally.
Illicitus, a, um. adj. unlawful, illegal, illicit.
Illicium, i. n. [ab illiciendo] an enticement or allurements.
Illico, adv. in that very place; incontinently, forthwith, by and by, immediately, q. d. upon the place; thence, from these premises.
Illico, Ære, Æxi, Ætum. act. [ex in et ilico] to dash or beat against; to thrust into.
Illicatus, a, um. part. fastened, bound, entangled; obliged, engaged.
Illico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to bind; to knit; to tie; to fasten; to entangle; to interlace; to intermix.
Illicis, is, e. adj. [ex in et illicis] clear; without mud or slime.
Illicine, adv. thence, or from that place; from that thing or person; from that side; from that party of men.
Illicio, Ære, Ævi et **Illicio**. Ætis. act. to anoint; to besmear one gently.
Illicio, Ære, Æxi, Ætum. act. [ex in et illicio] to anoint; to besmear; to daub; to soil; to lay over; to colour.
Illicquatus, a, um. adj. melted.
Illicus, a, um. part. [ab illico] dashed or beaten against.

Illatus, Æs. m. a dashing or beating against.
Illecebratus, a, um. adj. unlearned, illiterate.
Illatus, a, um. part. [ab illino] besmeared, tintured; tainted.
Illatus, Æs. m. an anointing or besmeasuring.
Illusmodi, rectus **illius** modi. Vid. **Ille** et **modus**.
Illo, adv. thither, to that place.
Illecebrilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be hired or let out.
Illostus, a, um. part. foul, unwashed; vulgar, nasty, slovenly.
Illoc, adv. thither, to that place.
Illicue, Ære, luxi. — neut. to shine upon; to be day; to be conspicuous.
Illicesco, Ære, — incept. to begin to shine.
Illicet, **Illicis**, impers. it is day.
Illicet, Ære, luxi, Ætum. act. to play upon one; to mock; to jeer; to gibe; to jest at; to laugh; to scorn; to flout; to abuse.
Illiciniste, adv. plainly, clearly, brightly, rhetorically.
Illicinatus, a, um. part. enlightened, illuminated.
Illicino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to enlighten; to adorn; to beautify; to set off.
Illicis, is, e. adj. without moon-shine, dark.
Illicio, Ære, luxi. f. [ab illudo] a mocking or scorning.
Illicinamentum, i. n. an embellishment, an adornment.
Illicinatio, Ætis. f. a beautifying or setting off; a making plain and evident, an illustration.
Illicinatus, a, um. part. illustrated, brightened, discussed, ennobled, cleared.
Illicis, is, e. adj. lightsome, clear, bright; illustrious, famous, noble, renowned, excellent; evident, plain, remarkable, exemplary.
Illicis, adv. more brightly or excellently.
Illicio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex in et illicio] to illustrate; to brighten; to enlighten; to shine spontaneously; to make plain or evident; to make famous; to ennoble.
Illicus, a, um. part. mocked or scoffed.
Illicibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be washed clean.
Illicis, el. f. uncleanness, filthiness, nastiness, sluttishness. [a land-flood] a nasty fellow, a scoundrel.
Illicinatus, a, um. adj. formed, imaginary, counterfeited, feigned.
Illicinatio, Ætis. f. an imaginary

tion, a conceit; the representation of a thing; thought, design.
Imaginor, Ēri, ūtus. dep. to imagine; to surmise; to fancy, to conceive.
Imaginōsus, a, um. adj. full of images or full of strange fancies and conceits; whimsical.
Imāgo, Inis. f. a resemblance or representation; a dream, a vision; an image, picture or portrait; an effigy; a pretext, a pretence, a colour, a sheath; a copy, pattern or example; a spectre; an echo; the thought or contrivance; statues of ancestors.
Imāgunculā, m. f. dim. a little image.
Imbecillus, is, e. adj. weak, heavy, faint; ineffectual; feeble, easy to be overcome; poor, needy.
Imbecillitas, ūtis. f. feebleness, weakness.
Imbecilliter, adv. weakly, faintly.
Imbecillus, a, um. adj. clothful, feeble, lazy.
Imbellis, is, e. adj. not suited to war; without war; weak; cowardly.
Imber, bris. m. a shower of rain, water; weeping, a shower of tears.
Imberbis, is, e. adj. beardless.
Imbitio, Ēre, bībi, bībitum. act. to drink in; to receive in; to imbibe.
Imbrex, icis. m. the gutter-tile or roof-tile. **Imbrices,** pl. a kind of applause or shouting.
Imbricātus, adv. in the manner of roof-tiles.
Imbricātus, a, um. part. crooked like a gutter or roof-tile; or laid one under another, like tiles.
Imbrifer, Ēra, ūrum. adj. [ex imber et fero] that brings rain, rainy.
Imbro, Ēre, ūi, ūtum. act. to imbue; to dye; to wet; to soak; to season; to habituate; to accustom; to entertain; to furnish; to store; to imbue.
Imbrūsus, a, um. part. imbrued, stained, dipped, seasoned, accustomed, tainted, full of.
Imitabilis, is, e. adj. that may be imitated, imitable.
Imitāmen, Inis. n. an imitation, a representation, a counterfeit or disguise; a pattern or sample to follow.
Imitāmentum, i. n. an imitation.
Imitatio, ūnis. f. imitation, counterfeiting.
Imitator, ūris. m. one that imitates, a ressembler.

Imitatrix, icis. f. she or it that imitates.
Imitor, Ēri, ūtus. dep. to imitate; to resemble; to counterfeit; to do the like; to follow another's manner, way or example; to emulate.
Immaculātus, a, um. part. unspotted, undefiled, immaculate, spotless.
Immoideo, Ēre, dūi, — neut. to be moist, wet or soaked.
Immāne, adv. pro Immaniter, mightily, wonderfully, excessively.
Immānis, is, e. adj. cruel, outrageous, fierce, savage; huge, exceeding great; barbarous; wonderful, incredible, strange.
Immānitas, ūtis. f. outrageousness, cruelty, heinousness; hugeness, vastness, insensibility.
Immansuētus, a, um. adj. ungentle, not mild, untractable, cruel, savage, outrageous.
Immātūre, adv. immaturity, unseasonably.
Immātūritas, ūtis. f. unripeness, immaturity, unseasonableness; too much haste.
Immātūrus, a, um. adj. immature, unripe, green, sour, unpleasant; abortive, before the time; under age; overhasty, precipitate, out of season.
Immedicābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be healed, immedicable, irremediable, incurable, remediless.
Immo, Ēre, minxi, minctum. act. to piss in or upon.
Immemor, ūris. adj. forgetful, unmindful, heedless, regardless; forgotten, unregarded.
Immemorābilis, is, e. adj. not to be remembered, not worth the remembrance, immemorable; unspeakable, not to be related.
Active, not remembering, forgetful.
Immemōrātus, a, um. adj. unmentioned, unheard of.
Immensitas, ūtis. f. immensity, unmeasurableness.
Immensus, a, um. adj. unmeasurable, huge, vast, immense; insatiable, unreasonable, infinite, bottomless.
Immerens, ūis. adj. undeserving, without desert; innocent.
Immerenter, adv. without desert or cause; undeservedly.
Immergeor, Ēri, —. pass. to be planted deep.
Immergo, Ēre, mersi, mersum. act. to plunge; to flounce; to drench; to drown; to sink deep into; to immerge.
Immergor, i. mersus. pass. to fall into the sea as a river does; to disembogue.
Immerito, adv. undeservedly.

Immeritum, i. n. [ab in et ad. merito] without desert.
Immeritus, a, um. adj. undeserved; undeserving.
Immersābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be drowned or plunged.
Immersus, a, um. part. [ab immergo] immersed, plunged over head and ears, drowned in the water.
Immetātus, a, um. part. unmeasured, unbounded, unlimited.
Immigro, Ēre, Ēvi, ūtum. neut. to enter; to come or pass into.
Imminens, ūis. part. hanging over; at hand, imminent, approaching; watching for, intent upon; upon the catch.
Imminuo, Ēre, ūi, ūtum. act. to diminish; to lessen; to abate; to cut off; to impair.
Imminutio, ūnis. f. a diminishing or lessening.
Immiscuo, Ēre, scui, xtem et stum. act. to mingle with; to jumble together; to intermingle; to admit; to join with or to.
Immiscrābilis, is, e. adj. unpitied, without mercy.
Immiscricorditer, adv. unmercifully, without pity.
Immiscricors, dis. adj. unmerciful, pitiless, remorseless.
Immiscarium, i. n. a cistern, a cooler to keep liquor in.
Immisio, ūnis. f. a sending or putting in; an immersion; a setting or grafting; a suffering to grow.
Immissus, a, um. part. sent or let in; hurled or cast; rammed or thrust in; set with an evil purpose; long, hanging down, let to grow in length, suborned.
Immistus v. Immixtus, a, um. part. [ab immisceo] mingled together, admixed, unmingled.
Immitis, is, e. adj. sour, crabbed, unripe, unpleasant, cruel, without pity, rough, boisterous, remorseless, discourteous.
Immitto, Ēre, misi, missum. act. to send forth; to cast or throw; to place or put in; to send with an evil purpose; to let grow in length; to interweave; to intermingle; to admit; to suffer to enter; to suborn.
Immo, conj. yea. **Vid. Imo.**
Immobilis, is, e. adj. unmoveable, steadfast.
Immoderate, adv. intemperately, immoderately.
Immoderatio, ūnis. f. want of

HABITATRIX, *icis*. f. she who dwells or inhabits.

HABITATUS, *a, um*. part. inhabited or dwelt in.

HABITO, *äre, ävi, ätum*. freq. [ab habeo] to have often; to dwell; to abide; to inhabit; to live in; to be often; to be much.

HABITUDO, *inis*. f. the habitude, state, plight, liking or constitution of body; plumpness, fatness.

HABITUS, *a, um*. part. et adj. had, given, counted; esteemed; treated; used, enjoyed, gathered. Adj. fat, well liking, in good plight, affected or inclined.

HABITUS, *üs, m.* a habit; the manner, state or fashion; carriage, feature, demeanor; the constitution, apparel, attire, garb.

HÄC, adv. by this place, this way.

HACTENUS, adv. *tenus hac*. f. e. *hac parte*, via, re, *tenus*. hitherto, thus far, to this time or place; thus much and no more.

HÄDRÖBÖLUM, *i. n.* a kind of sweet-smelling gum.

HADROSPHERUM, *i. n.* a kind of spikenard with a broad leaf.

HÆDICIUS, *i. m. dim.* a little kid.

Hædie, *is, n.* [ex *hædus*] a fold where kids are kept.

Hædillus, *i. m. dim.* [ab *hædus*] a pretty little goat.

Hædinus, *a, um*. adj. of a kid.

Hædulus, *i. dim.* [a seq.] a little goat.

Hædus, *i. m. a kid.*

Hæmächites, *æ. m.* a kind of wood-coloured agate.

Hæmation, *i. n.* a kind of red ass.

Hæmältes, *æ. m.* a blood-stone.

Hæmorrhagia, *æ. f.* an excessive or continued flux of blood; bleeding at the nose.

Hæmorrhoids, *idias*. f. the hemorrhoids, piles or swelling of the veins in the fundament; a serpent by which a man being stung, bleeds to death.

Hæreditium, *i. n. dim.* a small inheritance or patrimony.

Hæreditpeta, *æ. c. g.* one who, by flattery and presents, endeavours to get the good will of old men and widows, in order to be made their heir.

Hæreditarius, *a, um*. adj. pertaining to inheritance or succession; hereditary, coming by inheritance.

Hæreditas, *ätis*. f. [ab *heres*] an inheritance or estate by succession; a heritage.

Hæreditum, *i. n.* a farm or piece of ground, fallen to one by inheritance; a small estate.

Hæreo, *äre, hæsi, hæsum*. neut. to stick; to be fixed; to continue; to be close to; to be fastened; to doubt; to stop; to be at a stand; to demur; to stick in the briars; to linger; to loiter.

Hæres, *ëdis*. c. g. *hæris* [ab *hæreo*] an heir; one who succeeds to lands or estates; an heiress; an owner or possessor; a master or mistress.

Hæresco, *äre, —*. *Vid.* *Hæreo*.

Hæresis, *is*. f. an opinion or sect in philosophy.

Hæstitundus, *a, um*. adj. staggering, doubtful.

Hæstantia, *æ. f.* a stammering; a doubting.

Hæstitatio, *önis*. f. a stammering; a doubting or hesitating.

Hæstitator, *önis*. m. a stammerer, a delayer.

Hæsto, *äre, ävi, ätum*. freq. [ab *hæreo*] to stammer; to stutter; to stick; to be at a stand; to doubt; to stagger; to falter.

Halcyon, *önis*. f. the kingfisher.

Halcyonæum, *i. n.* a kind of medicine.

Halcyonæus, *a, um*. adj. of or belonging to the halcyon.

Halcyonides, *um*. f. pl. birds called halcyons.

Halcyonium, *i. n.* the indurated foam of the sea, wherewith halcyons were believed to make their nests.

Hælec, *ëcis*. f. et *n.* *rectius* *alec*. a herring, or rather a common name for all small fish; a salt liquor made of the entrails of fishes; pickle, brine.

Hælectila, *æ. f. dim.* a little herring, a sprat, a pilchard, &c.

Hælex, *ëcis*. f. a herring or small fish.

Hælimætus, *i. m. al.* *Haliætus*. a kind of eagle, an osprey; perhaps a falcon or a goshawk or ger-falcon.

Hælicæcæbus, *i. m.* a red winter cherry; red nightshade, alkalengy.

Hælitica, *örum*. pl. n. books treating of fishes.

Hælinus, *i. m.* sea purlain.

Hælipheus, *i. f.* a tree having such bitter fruits, that no beast will touch it but swine.

Hælipneumon, *önis*. m. a kind of fish.

Hælitus, *üs, m.* [ab *halo*] breath; a gasp; a vapour or damp.

Hælex, *icis*. f. *al.* *Hælux*, a great toe; a kind of nasty pickle.

Hælicinætic, *önis*. f. a blundering, a mistake, an oversight.

Hælictör, *äri, ätus*. dep. to blunder and mistake.

Hälo, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act. to breathe; to exhale; to cast out a vapour; to smell.

Hälsacline, *es*. f. the dry froth of the sea.

Hälsäis, *eos*. f. in acc. sing. in et *im.* the taking and sacking of a town.

Halter, *ëris*. m. a plummet or weight of lead, which leapers vaulters or dancers on ropes used.

Halus, *i. f.* comfrey, an herb like argemont.

Häma, *æ. f.* a water bucket made of leather; a boat-hook; a wine-vessel.

Hämaädryas, *ädia*. f. a nymph of the woods.

Hämaätillis, *is, e.* adj. of or pertaining to a hook.

Hämätus, *a, um*. part. crooked, hooked; entangled.

Hämaxägga, *æ. m.* a wagoner, a carter.

Hämaxor, *äri, ätus*. dep. to draw the cart or wain.

Hämöta, *æ. m.* [ab *hamo*] a fisher with a hook, an angler.

Hämmochryso, *i. f.* a precious stone seeming like gold sand.

Hämmönis coru [ab *Hammon*] a precious and sacred stone in Æthiopia.

Hämüla, *æ. f. dim.* [ab *hama*] a small goblet, or rather bucket.

Hämulus, *i. m. dim.* [ab *hamus*] a small hook.

Hämus, *i. m.* a hook; a ring or S, wherewith coats of mail were set very thick; a hitcher or iron comb, wherewith flax or hemp is dressed.

Häphe, *es*. f. a dust, where with weathers, after their anointing, were sprinkled.

Häpus, *i. m.* a handful, a roller or bolster of linen or woolen, to keep a wound from further harm.

Hära, *æ. f.* a hog-sty; a goose pen or coop.

Häribla, *æ. f.* a prophetic or female diviner.

Häriöläto, *önis*. f. a divining conjecturing, soothsaying or foretelling.

Häriölör, *äri, ätus*. dep. to foretell; to conjecture; to devise; to imagine; to prognosticate.

Häriölus, *i. m.* a diviner, a soothsayer, a prognosticator.

Härmämaxa, *æ. f.* a sort of litter or sedan among the Persians.

Härmöge, *es*. f. a mixture of diverse colours.

Härmönia, *æ. f.* a due proportion, analogy; harmony, melody, modulation or a due proportion of sounds; the wife of Cadmus, so called.

Harpägiætilus, *i.* Harpagone

calli strati, a kind of chamber-work.
Marpago, *onis*, m. a crook; an instrument to pick stones out of walls; a grappling hook; a robber.
Harpago, *are*, *ari*, *atum*. act. to hook; to grapple to one.
Harpillus, i. m. Catch or Snatch, a dog's name.
Harpastum, i. n. a ball of cloth or leather stuffed with flocks, which several endeavour to catch at once.
Harpax, *egis*, m. a kind of amber, that draws leaves and straw after it; a whirl or whorl to put on a spindle.
Harpe, *es*, f. a falchion, a cimeter.
Harpys, *arum*, f. pl. harpies, a sort of ravenous bird described by Virgil.
Harpuspe, *icis*, m. a soothsayer, a dinner by looking into the entrails of the sacrifice.
Harpuspica, *ae*, f. she who divines by entrails.
Harpuspicha, *ae*, f. [*sc. ars*] the art of divination.
Harpuspicius, a, um. adj. belonging to soothsaying.
Harpuspicius, i. n. soothsaying, a divining by inspecting the entrails of the sacrifice.
Hasta, *ae*, f. a spear, a lance, or pike. **Hasta pura**, a spear-staff without an iron head.
Hasta decemvialis v. **centumvialis**, fixed before their courts of justice; an auction, a public sale of goods.
Hastatus, a, um. adj. bearing or fighting with spears.
Hastile, *is*, n. a halberd or pike; any pointed thing.
Hastula, *ae*, f. a small halberd or spear.
Hau! interj. alas!
Haud, *adv.* not.
Handquæquam, *adv.* by no means, in no wise.
Haurio, *ire*, *hausi* et *haurivi*, *haustum* et *hauritum*, to draw; to fetch up; to receive; to take in; to drink; to eat; to swallow, or sup up; to waste; to spend; to consume; to undergo; to suffer; to pierce; to tap; to open; to drain; to exhaust.
Haustor, *oris*, m. a drawer.
Haustum, i. n. a bucket, a scoop, or pump.
Haustus, a, um. part. drawn, taken up; swallowed up, sunk, foundered; drunk in.
Haustus, *us*, m. a drawing up; a draught, a sup.
He, *he*! interj. *he*, *he*!
Heautontimorumenos, i. m. the Self-tormentor, the name of a comedy in Terence.
Hebdomada, *ae*, f. a week.

Hebeo, *ere*, — neut. to be blunt; to chill; to curdle; to be dull and heavy.
Hebes, *etis*, adj. blunt; heavy, dull, dim; languid, without spirit; weak, feeble; moving slow; blackish, slow of apprehension, foolish.
Hebesco, *ere*, — incept. to grow blunt, dull, dim, languid, feeble.
Hebētatio, *onis*, f. a making blunt, dull, or dim.
Hebētatrix, *icis*, f. she who makes dull or dim.
Hebescere, *ere*, — incept. to grow dull, &c.
Hebeto, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to make blunt; to make dull.
Hebētombe, *es*, f. a sacrifice of a hundred oxen, hogs, sheep, lions, eagles, &c.
Hebētompus, *odis*, m. a fish with a hundred feet.
Hedera, *ae*, f. ivy.
Hederaeus, a, um. adj. of ivy.
Hederiger, a, um. adj. bearing ivy.
Hederosus, a, um. adj. full of ivy.
Hedrychum, i. n. a kind of sweet ointment.
Hedysmus, i. m. et **Hedysmum**, i. n. wild mint.
Hedynois, *idis*, f. succory, dandelion.
Hedysmēta, *um*, n. pl. sweetmeats or sauces; perfumed unguents.
Hei! interj. woe! alas!
Heja! interj. O rare! brave!
Helicrius, i. m. a halster.
Helcyama, *itis*, n. the dross or refuse of any metal.
Heliolum, i. n. elecampane.
Helice, *es*, f. a constellation, called the Great Bear.
Heliocæminus, i. m. a stove in a place exposed to the sun.
Heliocœpium, i. n. a sort of thymal or spurge.
Heliostrophon, *is*, n. the turnsole or sun-flower.
Hellotrophium, i. n. the herb turnsole.
Helix, *icis*, m. a kind of creeping ivy; an ornament on the chapter of a pillar.
Helléboreus, a, um. adj. full of hellebore, frantic, distracted.
Hellébōrum, i. n. et **Hellēbōrus**, i. m. the herb hellebore.
Helluatio v. **Helluatio**, *onis*, f. an eating greedily, a gormandizing, a riotous way of living.
Helluo v. **Helluo**, *onis*, m. a glutton, guttler, gormandizer, a spendthrift.
Helluor et **Helluor**, *eri*, *atus*. dep. to guttle; to gormandize; to devour; to consume all.

Helops, *opsis*, et **Hēlope**, *es*, f. a kind of delicate fish.
Helveticus et **Helvenacus**, a, um. adj. of a pale red colour.
Helvulus et **Helvelus**, a, um. adj. pale red.
Helvinus, a, um. adj. of a flesh-colour.
Helvus, a, um. adj. of a pale red colour.
Helvina, *es*, f. parietary or pelitory of the wall.
Hem! *how!* say you so? well, rarely, *ho!* yes; hold! stay! *how!* how is that? what is that? here, see here! there is for you, take that for your pains; look ye, mind; see, lo, behold; alas! O brave! O rare! anon, sir.
Hēmērēstos, *is*, d. g. v. **Hēmērēstus**, a, um. adj. daily.
Hēmērōblon, i. n. an insect living but one day.
Hēmērōcallis, *is*, f. a flower very like the lily.
Hēmērōdrōnus, i. m. a day-post, a courier.
Hēmicyclus, i. m. et **Hēmicyclon**, i. n. a half circle; a chair or a room in that form.
Hēmina, *ae*, f. half a sextary.
Hēmīnarius, a, um. adj. holding a hemina.
Hēmion, *is*, n. spleenwort.
Hēmīphærium, i. n. half a sphere, the hemisphere; a kind of clock.
Hēmītōnium, *is*, n. a half tone.
Hēmītritus, i. m. a semitarian fever or ague.
Hēndēcasyllabus, i. m. [*ec. vers.*] containing eleven syllables.
Hendiadis, *is*, f. a rhetorical figure, when one thing is split into two, by the interposition of a conjunction.
Hepar, *itis*, n. the liver; a fish so called.
Hēpātarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to the liver.
Hēpāticus, a, um. adj. of the liver; diseased in the liver.
Hēpāttis, *es*, m. [*a preced.*] a precious stone.
Hēphæstites, *es*, m. a precious stone of the colour of fire.
Hēpēma, *itis*, n. new wine bottled to the third part.
Heptaphōnos, i. f. a portico in Olympia, so artfully built as to repeat the voice by seven echoes or sounds.
Heptapleurus, i. f. v. **Heptapleurum**, i. n. a kind of plantain.
Heptēres, *is*, f. a galley with seven banks of oars.
Hērā, *ae*, f. [*ab herus*] a dame, a mistress, a lady; the goddess Juno or Tellus, or the goddess Fortune.
Hēracleson, i. n. [*ab Hercule* in-

ventore] *the herb milfoil or yarrow.*
 Hērādēus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules.*
 Herba, m. f. *an herb; a weed; grass; the blade of any corn, &c.*
 Herbāceus, a, um. adj. *grassy; made of grass or herbs.*
 Herbārius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to herbs.*
 Herbārius, i. m. *a gatherer of herbs, a botanist.*
 Herbasco v. Herbasco, ēre, — *incept. to grow green, as grass; to bring forth herbs or grass.*
 Herbeus, a, um. adj. *green like grass.*
 Herbidus, a, um. adj. *full of grass or herbs.*
 Herbifer, a, um. adj. *bringing forth herbs or grass.*
 Herbigrādus, a, um. adj. *going on the grass.*
 Herbosus, a, um. adj. *full of herbs or grass.*
 Herbūla, m. f. dim. *a little herb, small grass.*
 Hercunus, a, um. adj. *a name of Jupiter, the defender of inclosures.*
 Herciscus, ēre, — *aet. to divide or part, an inheritance among co-heirs.*
 Hercius, i. m. [*ab hercio*] *a portcullis.*
 Hercle, adv. *by Hercules; upon my honour.*
 Hercūllāneus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules.*
 Hercūllānus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules; great, huge.*
 Hercūle, adv. *by Hercules; upon my honour.*
 Hercūleus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to Hercules; huge.*
 Ēre, adv. *yesterday, yesterday.*
 Ēri, adv. *yesterday.*
 Ērīfuga, m. c. g. *a runaway.*
 Ērīlis, is, e. adj. [*ab herus*] *belonging to a master or mistress.*
 Herma, m. m. *a statue of Mercury.*
 Hermaphrōditus, i. m. *a hermaphrodite, both man and woman.*
 Hermēdone, es. f. *a knot or band; a constellation so called.*
 Hermēlion, i. n. *a precious stone of a fiery colour.*
 Hermūpoa, m. f. *the herb Mercury.*
 Hernia, m. f. *a rupture.*
 Hērōicus, a, um. adj. [*ab heros*] *heroic, pertaining to the heroes; relating heroic actions, epic.*
 Hērōina, m. f. *a heroine, a lady of honour.*
 Hērōis, idis. f. *a lady of the first rank, a lady of quality.*
 Hērōs, ōis. m. *a hero; the soul*

of a great man unbodied; a man of singular virtue.
 Hērōum, i. n. *a monument erected to the memory of some hero.*
 Hērōus, a, um. adj. *heroic, epic.*
 Herpes, ētis. m. *St. Anthony's fire; an eating ulcer; an animal of use in the cure of such diseases.*
 Hērūs, i. m. *a master of a family or his eldest son. [Herus is a master in relation to his servants. Dominus denotes not only the master of a house, but also, the owner of any property whatever.]*
 Hespēris, idos. f. *the sea gilliflower.*
 Hespērius, a, um. adj. *western.*
 Hespērūgo, inis. *Vid. Hesperus.*
 Hespērus, i. m. *the evening star or planet Venus; called phosphorus or lucifer in the morning; the evening.*
 Hesternus, a, um. adj. *of yesterday or yesternight.*
 Hēteria, m. f. *a company, a society, a college.*
 Hēterice, es. f. *a Macedonian troop, so called from their friendly society with each other or with the king.*
 Hētērocraīnia, m. f. *a pain or tumour on one side of the head.*
 Heu! interj. *woe! alas! O! wahoo!*
 Heurētes, m. m. *the inventor or deviser of a thing; an author.*
 Heus, adv. *ho, soho, so there; consider, mind.*
 Hexāchordus, i. c. g. et on, i. n. *having six chords or strings.*
 Hexaclīnon, i. n. *a dining-room holding six discubitory couches.*
 Hexāgōnus, a, um. adj. *having six angles.*
 Hexāmēter, tra, trum. adj. *of six measures, of six feet.*
 Hexāphōri, ōrum. m. pl. *six porters or bearers of burdens.*
 Hexastichus, a, um. adj. *Hordeum hexastichum, barley, having six rows of corn in an ear.*
 Hexatylos, i. c. g. et on, i. n. *having six ranges of pillars.*
 Hexēcontālithus, i. m. *a precious stone with a variety of corners and colours.*
 Hexēres, is. f. *a galley having six banks of oars.*
 Hiasco, ēre, — *incept. [ab hio] to think; to open; to spread.*
 Hīāus, ōs. m. [*ab hio*] *a gaping or yawning; an opening of the mouth wide; a gasping; any chapping, cleaving, or opening; a disjoining, a parting, a gap; bawling, bragging, boasting.*

Hiberna, ōrum. n. pl. *winter-quarters for soldiers; winter houses.*
 Hibernācula, ōrum. n. pl. dim. *winter-quarters.*
 Hiberno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to winter; to be in winter-quarters; to be rough or tempestuous.*
 Hibernus, a, um. adj. *of winter.*
 Hibiscus, i. n. v. Hibiscus, i. m. *the marsh-mallows.*
 Hibris, idis. c. g. *a pig of a tame sow and a wild boar.*
 Hic, hęc, hoc. gen. huius. pron. *this, this so great; such, the former.*
 Hic v. heic, adv. *here, in this place; in this affair or matter; then.*
 Hicce, hęcce, hocce, huiusce. *this, this very.*
 Hiccine, hęccline, hoccline? *this man? this women? this thing?*
 Hiccine, adv. *here!*
 Hiēmālis, is, e. adj. *winterly, of winter.*
 Hiēmat, impers. *it is winter or extreme cold.*
 Hiēmatio, ōnis. f. *a wintering or subsisting in winter.*
 Hiēmo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to be cold and tempestuous; to winter; to be in winter-quarters.*
 Hiems, ēmis. f. *winter; a tempest; a year.*
 Hiēra, m. f. *a sacred garland consecrated to the gods, when, two running a race, neither got the prize; a name of Cybele; an island of Sicily.*
 Hiērācion, i. n. *the herb hawkweed.*
 Hiērāctes, m. m. *a precious stone, so called from its colour.*
 Hiērāclum collyrium, *a sort of eye-olive.*
 Hiērācticus, a, um. adj. *sacerdotal.*
 Hiērōbōstāne, es. f. *vervain.*
 Hiērōglypheus, a, um. adj. *hieroglyphical.*
 Hiērōnices, m. m. *a conqueror in the sacred games.*
 Hiērōphanta, m. m. *an interpreter of sacred mysteries.*
 Hiēro, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [*ab hio*] *to gaze; to stare about.*
 Hīlārātus, a, um. part. *made merry, pleased, rejoiced.*
 Hīlāre, adv. [*ab hilarus*] *merely, cheerfully, gaily, frankly, jollily, joyfully.*
 Hīlāris, is, e. adj. et Hīlārus, a, um. *merry, gay, pleasant, jovial, cheerful, jocund, jolly, crank, blithesome, buxom.*
 Hīlāritas, ātis. f. *mirth, cheerfulness, gaiety, pleasantry, buxomness, joyfulness, good humour, merriment, airiness, alacrity.*

Hilariter, adv. merrily, pleasantly, jovially.
Hilaritudo, *inis*. f. mirth, gaiety, cheerfulness.
Hilare, *are*, *evi*, *etum*. act. to make merry; to please; to cheer.
Hilarulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat pleasant, joyful or gay.
Hilla, v. *Hila*, *ae*. f. dim. the small gut, a chittering or saucage.
Hilum, i. n. the little black of a bean, a mere nothing.
Himantipodes, um. pl. m. birds so called from the tenderness of their legs.
Hin, a measure among the Hebrews, containing twelve sextaries.
Hinc, adv. [ab hic] hence; henceforth; out of this, part of this; on this part and thut.
Hinuiculus, i. m. dim. [ab hinu] a little mule.
Hinnio, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. neut. to neigh.
Hinnulus, *us*. m. a neighing.
Hinnuleus et **Hinnulus**, i. m. dim. [ab hinnus] a young hind or fawn; a kid, a leveret, &c.; a little mule.
Hinnus, i. m. a mule engendered between a horse and a she ass, a nag.
Hio, *are*, *evi*, *etum*. neut. to gape; to yawn; to open the mouth wide; to open; to chark; to chap; to chink; to be loose or disjointed; to crave after; to covet greatly; to hawl out.
Hippæce, *es*. f. cheese made of mare's milk.
Hippæcus v. **Hippægus**, i. m. a ferry-boat for horses.
Hippeus, i. m. a comet with rays like a horse's mane.
Hippiatrus, i. m. a horse-doctor or farrier.
Hippice, *es*. f. an herb, which, being held in a horse's mouth, makes him insensible of hunger or thirst.
Hippocamelus, i. m. a beast partly horse and partly camel.
Hippocampa, *ae*. f. et **Hippocampus**, i. m. a sea-horse.
Hippocampinus, a, um. adj. belonging to a sea-horse.
Hippocentaurus, i. m. a sort of monster, half man and half horse.
Hippodromus, i. m. a coursing or running place for horses.
Hippoglossa, *ae*. f. et **Hippoglossum**, i. n. the herb horse-tongue or tongue-wort.
Hippolapthum, i. n. the herb patience or monks-beard.
Hippomachus, n. indecl. a kind of poison used in philtres; a venomous humour from a mare;

a piece of flesh on the forehead of a colt newly foaled, which the mare presently bites off.
Hippomathrum, i. n. the herb wild fennel.
Hippopära, *ae*. f. a cloak-bag or portmanteau; a mail.
Hippophaes, *phaeos*, n. a kind of tazel, which sheavers use in dressing their cloth.
Hippophæstum, i. n. an herb which seems to be the same with hippophaes.
Hippopotamus, i. m. a monstrous creature in the rivers Ganges and Nile; the river horse.
Hippodæilum, i. n. the herb horse parsley or lovage.
Hippotoxia, *ae*. m. an archer on horseback.
Hippuris, *is*. f. the herb horse-tail or shavegrass.
Hira, *ae*. f. the gut called intestinum jejunum; any gut.
Hircinus et **Hirquinus**, a, um. adj. of a goat; goatish, ramish.
Hiscous, a, um. adj. stinking, ramnish, smelling like a goat.
Hirculus, i. m. bastard nard.
Hircus et **Hirquus**, i. m. a buck goat; a stinking, ramnish or lecherous old fellow; the rank smell of the arm-pits.
Hirnea, *ae*. f. [ab hir, vola] a kind of earthen vessel; a cake baked therein.
Hirquus, i. m. the corner of the eye.
Hirsutus, a, um. adj. rough, hairy, prickly, shaggy; rugged, unpleasant, of a harsh argument.
Hirtus, a, um. adj. [contract. pro hirsutus] rough, shaggy, hairy; rugged, unpolished.
Hirudo, *inis*. f. a horse-leech, a blood-sucker; an exhauster, an emptier.
Hirundinus, a, um. adj. of a swallow.
Hirundo, *inis*. f. a swallow; the spring.
Hisco, *ere*, — — Incept. [ab hio] to gape; to open the mouth; to speak; to mutter; to chark; to chap; to open.
Hispidus, a, um. adj. rough, bristly, shaggy, prickly, dirty, rugged, unpleasant.
Historia, *ae*. f. a history or narrative.
Historialis, *is*, e. adj. historial or historical.
Historice, *ae*. f. the narrative or explanatory part of grammar.
Historice, adv. historically; after the manner of an historian.
Historicus, a, um. adj. historical.
Historicus, i. m. [ec. scriptor] an historian.

Histricus, a, um. adj. [ex histrio] belonging to or of a stage-player or actor.
Histrio, *onis*. m. a stage-player, an actor; a quack.
Histrionilis, *is*, e. adj. of an actor or stage-player.
Histrionia, *ae*. f. the art of an actor or stage-player.
Hulce, adv. gappingly, by gaps.
Hulco, *are*, *evi*, *etum*. act. [ex hio] to make a thing gape or chap.
Hulcus, a, um. adj. gaping; greedy, ravenous.
Hocce, n. pro hoc, adj. this, this same.
Hoccine? *is* this?
Hodie, adv. [qu. hoc die] to day, this day; at this time, in this age.
Hodernus, a, um. adj. of this day.
Hodoculus, *hodile*, vid. **Hedoculus**, *hedile*.
Hoi! the voice of crying.
Holcus, i. m. wall-barley.
Holosphyrus, a, um. adj. solid, worked with hammers.
Holosteon, i. n. an herb called stitchwort, frog-grass.
Holothuria, *orum*. pl. n. fishes full of prickles.
Homer, indecl. the name of a Hebrew measure containing three pints.
Hömörbinnatix, *igos*. m. **Zoius**, so called for carping at, and maligning Homer; any snarling critic, and concealed fault-finder.
Hömickla, *ae*. c. g. a murderer, a man-slayer.
Hömældium, i. n. murder, manslaughter.
Homo, *inis*. ant. *onis*. et **humilis**, c. g. man, mankind; a weight; a man; a mortal; fallible or weak man or a man; a serving man; a so fellow; a person, a body, on humanity, courtesy, civility the body; a vassal, a subject [Homo, in its primitive acceptation, denotes one of the human species, as opposed to a being of another species, to one of superior, or one of an inferior order. Hence, as homo is applicable to any of the human species indiscriminately, it implies no peculiar merit or excellence, in the individual to whom it is applied; and is used indifferently for men of any class or character. Vir, on the other hand, means a man, in contradistinction to a woman or a boy. And hence, as it implies those qualities and properties which constitute the man, it is used as a term of respect, and often signifies emphatically a hero.]

Hōmōmōria, as. f. a likeness of parts.
Hōmōdōnus, a, um. adj. equally extended.
Hōmūlus, i. m. dim. [ab homo] a little man, a dwarf, a man-nin.
Hōmullus, i. m. dim. [ex homo] a weak mortal man.
Hōmūlus, ōnis. m. a sorry fellow, a rascal, a scrub.
Hōmūcūlus, i. m. dim. [ab homo] a little sorry fellow.
Hōnestāmentum, i. n. an adorning, that which sets out a thing, an embellishment.
Hōnestas, ūtis. f. [ab honor] honour, nobility, eminence; dignity, credit, reputation; probity, honesty.
Hōnestātus, a, um. part. adorned, credited, embellished.
Hōneste, adv. honourably, becomingly, handsomely.
Hōnesto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to grace or credit one; to adorn; to set forth; to embellish.
Hōnestum, i. n. honesty, virtue, gracefulness.
Hōnestus, a, um. adj. [ab honor] honourable; honest, kind, civil; handsome, decent; worshipful, genteel; handsome, fair, well-favoured; discreetly and wisely made.
Hōnor et **Hōnos**, ōris. m. honour, worship; respect, regard; an office, post, or dignity; gracefulness, beauty; a present, a reward, a fee, a recompense; a sacrifice, an oblation.
Hōnōrābīlis, is, e. adj. honourable, worthy of honour.
Hōnōrārium, i. n. an honorary free gift; a present or custom which officers paid at their entry upon their office.
Hōnōrārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to honour, that which done or given upon the account of honour; honorary.
Hōnōrate, adv. honourably, worshipfully.
Hōnōrātus, a, um. part. et adj. honoured, rewarded; honourable, worshipful.
Hōnōrificē, adv. honourably.
Hōnōrificus, a, um. adj. honourable, creditable; done or spoken to a man's credit.
Hōnōro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to reverence; to honour; to show respect to.
Hōnōrus, a, um. adj. honourable, fashionable, creditable.
Hōplites, m. m. a man of war, a gendarme.
Hōplēmāchus, i. m. a sword-fencer.
Hōra, m. f. an hour; a space, a time, a season of the year; any season or division of time;

a day, a month, &c. time in general; a poetical goddess of time.
Hōrēum, i. n. a kind of pickle made in the spring.
Hōrēus, a, um. adj. seasonable; ripe.
Hōrārium, i. n. an instrument to know the hour by the help of water; an hour-glass, clock, watch, dial.
Hōrārius, a, um. adj. hourly.
Hōrēiceus, a, um. adj. of barley.
Hōrēārii, ōrum. m. pl. fencers that lived upon barley.
Hōrēārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to barley.
Hōrēum, i. n. barley.
Hōria, m. f. a fisher's boat, a smack.
Hōribīla, m. f. dim. a little fisher-boat.
Hōrminodes, is. m. a precious stone of a greenish colour, like clary, with a circle about it of a gold colour.
Hōrminotus, a, um. adj. [ab hornus] of this year, of one year's growth.
Hōrnus, a, um. adj. of this year.
Hōrōgiūm, i. n. a clock, a watch, a dial, or other instrument, to tell what hour of the day it is.
Hōroscopus, a, um. adj. of a dial or horoscope.
Hōroscopus, i. m. a horoscope, the ascendant of one's nativity.
Horrendum, adv. dreadfully.
Horrendus, a, um. part. horrible, dreadful, terrible, dismal, frightful; strange, marvellous; awful, reverend.
Horrens, tis. part. ragged, rugged; rough with hair, staring and standing up on end; prickly; dark, dismal; shivering, quaking.
Horreo, ēre, ūi, — neut. to set up his bristles; to have the hair stare; to be rough and look terrible; to shiver and tremble for fear at; to shake or quake for cold; to dread and stand in great fear.
Horreūlum, i. n. dim. a little garner or barn.
Horresco, ēre, —. Incept. to grow rough and rugged; to wave to and fro; to begin to shiver or shake.
Horreum, i. n. a barn, a corn-house, a store-house, a grange; a wine-cellar; a warehouse, a repository.
Horribilis, is, e. adj. rough or rugged; horrible, terrible, dreadful, frightful; weighty, severe; awful, reverend.
Horride, adv. roughly, grizly, ruggedly, rudely, unhand-somely, carelessly

Horridulus, a, um. adj. *dim.* somewhat rugged, rough, or rude.
Horridus, a, um. adj. rough, rugged, clownish, unpleasant; horrid, dismal, dreadful, hideous, ghastly, frightful; cold through fear; grave, austere.
Horriſer, ēre, ōrum. adj. bringing cold weather; blustering; frightful, dreadful.
Horrificē, adv. terribly, horribly; awfully, religiously.
Horrifico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make one afraid; to make one fear or tremble; to frighten; to make terrible.
Horrificus, a, um. adj. terrible, horrible, dreadful, frightful.
Horribundus, a, um. adj. that makes a dreadful noise.
Horror, ōris. m. a shivering or quaking for fear or cold; a cold-fit of an ague; horror, fright, dread; awe, veneration.
Horsum, adv. [qu. huc versum] hitherward, toward this place, to this purpose.
Hortāmen, inis. n. an encouragement, a cheering.
Hortāmentum, i. n. an encouragement.
Hortatio, ōnis. f. an encouraging or cheering; an exhortation.
Hortatīvus, a, um. adj. exhortatory, encouraging.
Hortator, ōris. m. an encourager or adviser.
Hortatrix, icis. f. she who encourages.
Hortulus, ūs. m. *Vid.* Hortatio.
Hortensis, is, e. adj. pertaining to or growing in a garden.
Hortensius, a, um. adj. belonging to a garden.
Hortor, āri, ātus. dep. to exhort; to counsel; to advise; to encourage; to embolden, to cheer; to be advised.
Hortulus, i. m. dim. a little garden.
Hortus, i. m. a garden or orchard; a village.
Hospes, ūtis. c. g. a guest; a host; an entertainer, a landlord; a stranger.
Hospita, m. f. a hostess or landlady; a female guest, a woman stranger.
Hospitālis, is, e. adj. of belonging to guests or strangers; hospitable, friendly, using hospitality.
Hospitālitās, ūtis. f. entertainment of friends or guests; hospitality.
Hospitāliter, adv. hospitably, friendly.
Hospitium, i. n. an inn, a lodging, a place to entertain, to angers or guests; entertain-

ment; friendship, a retreat, a shelter; friends, clients, and allies.
Huipitor, āri, ātus. dep. to lodge; to quarter; to abide in a place; to grow in a strange place.
Hospitūs, a, um. adj. neighbouring, adjoining; hospitable, friendly, kind.
Hostia, æ. f. [ab hostire, i. e. feire] a sacrifice for having obtained the victory over enemies; a sacrifice on any account.
Hosticum, i. n. a foreign country inn; the enemy's land or country.
Hosticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to the enemy.
Hostilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to an enemy, hostile.
Hostilitas, ātis. f. hostility, enmity.
Hostiliter, adv. like an enemy, in a hostile manner.
Hostio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to recompense; to requite; to return like for like.
Hostis, is. c. g. a foreigner; one of another country; a public enemy; a foreign enemy. [Hostis is an avowed and public enemy, either to an individual, or to a people or party. Inimicus is a private foe.]
Hostna, i. m. the quantity of oil, which olives yield at every pressing.
Hüber, ēris. n. an udder. Vid. Uber.
Huc, adv. [a pron. hic] hither, to this place; to this issue, to this point.
Hucine, interrog. what, hither? what, to this place?
Hucusque, adv. hitherto.
Hui, interj. [a sono vocis] ho! who!
Hūjuce, gen. ab hiece quod vid.
Hūjuce mōdi, also hujus modi. Vid. Modus.
Hūmāne, adv. patiently, like a man; as men usually do; mildly, kindly, friendly, civilly, graciously, humanely.
Hūmānitās, ātis. f. humanity, human nature; gentleness, courtesy, friendliness, kindness, benignity; good manners, breeding, good-nature; human learning, liberal knowledge.
Hūmānter, adv. courteously, kindly; patiently, bravely, manfully.
Hūmāntus, adv. after the fashion of men, as men are wont.
Hūmānus, a, um. adj. belonging to mankind; belonging to a rational creature; polite, skilled in the arts and sciences;

ces; humane, gentle, courteous, friendly, good-natured, kind, civil; frail, variable, uncertain.

Hūmātio, ōnis. f. a burying or interring.

Hūmātor, ōris. m. one that buries.

Hūmātus, a, um. part. interred or laid in the ground.

Hūmecto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to moisten; to water; to wet.

Hūmectus, a, um. adj. wet or moist, dampish, dank.

Hūmeo, ēre, ūl, —. neut. to be wet or moist, dampish or dank.

Hūmērus, i. m. the shoulder of man or beast; the stalk of a vine.

Hūmesco, ēre. —. incept. [ab hūmeo] to grow moist or wet.

Hūmi, [ab humus] on the ground.

Hūmide, adv. moistly.

Hūmidulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat moist or wet; wetish, dampish.

Hūmidus, a, um. adj. moist; wet, dank, damp.

Hūmifer, āra, ērum. adj. that brings moisture or humour.

Hūmifcus, a, um. adj. that moistens.

Hūmilis, is, e. adj. [ab humo] low, mean, poor; small, dwarfish; base, ignoble;

feeble; of little worth; humble, submissive, suppliant.

Hūmilitas, ātis. f. lowness; poorness, meanness, baseness; inability; an undervaluing or depreciating.

Hūmilitē, adv. lowly, slavishly; meanly, poorly, basely, beggarly, abjectly, humbly, submissively.

Hūmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex humus] to set in the earth; to bury; to inter; to lay in the ground.

Hūmor, ōris. m. moisture, dampness; any liquid; a humour.

Hūmus, i. f. moist earth, ground, land.

Hyacinthia, ōrum. pl. n. a Lacedæmonian yearly festival instituted by Apollo in honour of Hyacinthus.

Hyacinthinus, a, um. adj. of a violet or purple colour.

Hyacinthizotes, um. pl. m. a kind of emerald inclining to a violet colour.

Hyacinthus, i. m. a violet or purple coloured flower; a precious stone called a jacinth, of a violet colour.

Hyades, um. f. the seven stars in the head of Taurus.

Hymna, æ. f. a beast like a wolf, with a mane like a

horse; a kind of sea-fish; a serpent.

Hyenia, m. f. a precious stone found in the hyana's eye.

Hyālus, i. m. glass; a green colour.

Hybrida, æ. m. a mongrel creature, that has the sire of one kind, and the dam of another; it is also used of men of different countries.

Hydra, æ. f. a water-serpent.

Hydrargyrum, i. n. quicksilver.

Hydraula, æ. c. g. a player on a musical instrument, which goes by water-work.

Hydraulicus, a, um. adj. belonging to such a musical instrument.

Hydraulia, i. m. an instrument of music that plays by the motion of water.

Hydria, æ. f. a water-pot, a bucket to draw water with.

Hydröcele, æ. f. a burseness, when water falls into the cod.

Hydröcellus, a, um. adj. he that is bursten in that manner.

Hydröcephālos, i. m. water in the head.

Hydröphāthon, i. n. water-dock.

Hydröphēli, n. indecl. water and honey boiled together, methaglin.

Hydröphobia, æ. f. the fear of water; the consequence of being bitten by a mad dog; a hydrophobia.

Hydröphobus, i. m. he who is afraid of water, as one that is bitten by a mad dog.

Hydröpicus, a, um. adj. that hath the dropsy, hydropical.

Hydröptis, is. f. the having the dropsy or being subject to it.

Hydrops, ōpis. m. the dropsy.

Hydrus, i. m. a water-serpent, a water-snake.

Hyems, Vid. Hiems.

Hygremplastrum, i. n. a mo plaster.

Hylactor, ōris. m. Bark Ringwood, or the like; a dog name.

Hylax, ācis. m. a dog's name, Barker.

Hymen, ēnis. m. the god of marriage.

Hymēneus, i. m. marriage; a marriage-song.

Hyoscyāminus, a, um. adj. made of henbane.

Hyoscyāmus, i. m. the herb henbane.

Hyosēris, idis. f. yellow succory.

Hypæthrus, a, um. adj. open above, not covered over head.

Hypallāge, es. f. a figure when words are understood contrariwise, a transposing of the order of construction; the same with Metonymia.

Hypâte, es. f. *the bass string in a viol, &c.*
Hypellate, es. f. *a kind of laurel.*
Hypnæmum ovum, a wind egg.
Hyperbæsis, is. f. et **Hyperbæton**, i. n. *a figure when the words are transposed from their plain grammatical order.*
Hyperbole, es. f. *a hyperbole, when we exceed in speaking of a thing, going either too high or too low.*
Hyperbolice, adv. *hyperbolically.*
Hyperboreus, a, um. adj. *far northern, Scythian.*
Hypericon, i. n. *Saint John's wort.*
Hyperthyrum, i. n. *the upper part or lintel of a door.*
Hypocaustis, is. f. et **Hypocaustum**, i. n. *a stone, stew, or hot-house, a chimney.*
Hypochæris, Idis. f. *a sort of herb.*
Hypochondria, ðrum. pl. n. *that part of the belly and sides under the short ribs.*
Hypochysis, is. f. *a running of the eyes.*
Hypocistis, is. f. *a sap or liquor driven out of the shoots springing from the roots of the cytus.*
Hypocrîta, æ. m. *a prompter.*
Hypodidascalus, i. m. *an usher in a school, an under-teacher.*
Hypogæum, i. n. *sengreen, house-leek.*
Hypogæum, i. n. *a cellar or vault arched over head; a place under ground.*
Hypomochlium, i. n. *a roller or such like thing, laid under stones, &c. to roll them the better from their place.*
Hypotheca, æ. f. *a pledge or gage; a mortgage of land.*
Hypothêsis, is. v. eos. f. *a case in law; the controversy or that wherein the main point lies; a pretext or pretence; the argument or contents of a book or discourse.*
Hypothyrum, i. n. *the threshold or groundsel.*
Hypotrachelium, i. n. *the part of the shaft or main body of the pillar under the neck of it.*
Hyglaum, i. n. *a plant which dyes a colour like scarlet.*
Hyssopites, æ. m. *wine made with hyssop.*
Hyssopum, i. n. et **Hyssopus**, i. m. *the herb hyssop.*
Hysteron prôtêron, a way of speaking when we place that after, which should come before.
Hystrix, Icis. *a porcupine.*

I

JACENS, tis. part. *lying along; lying down sick or dead; sluggish, heavy, dull; poor, afflicted, dejected; aunted.*
Jaceo, Ære, cûl, — neut. *to lie; to lie along; to be situate; to be fallen; to be sunk; to be laid aside, disregarded, or little set by; to be in no esteem; to be heavy and sluggish; to live obscurely and ingloriously; to lie sick; to be slain; to be still and calm.*
Jacio, Ære, joci, jactum. act. *to cast; to throw; to fling; to hurl; to shoot; to lay; to place; to speak; to utter; to publish; to set abroad; to throw away; to put; to place.*
Jactans, tis. part. et adj. *casting, tossing, bragging, boasting.*
Jactanter, adv. *braggingly, vain-gloriously, boastingly, ostentatiously.*
Jactantia, æ. f. *cracking, bragging, boasting, huffing, vain-glory.*
Jactatio, ðnis. f. *a motion, an action; a tumbling or shaking; a tossing or casting; a boasting, cracking, or vaunting.*
Jactator, ðris. m. *a cracker or boaster; a braggadocio, a huff.*
Jactatus, a, um. part. *tossed to and fro or up and down; driven from coast to coast; canvassed, disputed, boasted.*
Jactatus, us. m. *a tossing; a fluttering or clapping.*
Jactio, Ære. Ævi, Ætum. freq. *[a jacio] to cast; to throw; to toss from one to another.*
Jacto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. act. *[a jacio] to throw; to fling; to shake; to move; to toss; to move to and fro; to cast or revolve in one's mind; to brag; to boast; to canvass; to debate; to give out; to publish; to spread abroad; to doubt; to hesitate; to be officious in; to emit; to send forth.*
Jactura, æ. f. *loss by shipwreck or the throwing of goods overboard in a storm; any disadvantage, loss, or damage; a charge, expense, or present.*
Jactus, a, um. part. *[a jacio] thrown, hurled; cast in, scattered; laid.*
Jactus, us. m. *[a jacio] a throw, hurl, or cast; a draught or cast with a net.*
Jactilabillis, is, e. adj. *that may be cast or hurled.*

Jaculatio, ðnis. f. *jaculation; a darting or casting.*
Jaculator, ðris. m. *a shooter, a darter, a dart flinger.*
Jaculatrix, Icis. f. *she who darts.*
Jaculor, Æri, Ætus. dep. *to shoot; to dart; to strike; to bombard; to throw out; to hunt after; to pursue.*
Jaculum, i. n. *[a jacio] a dart, a javelin; any thing that may be shot.*
Jaculus, i. m. *[a jaculor] a serpent that lies under trees, and suddenly shoots himself out with great violence when any one passes by.*
Jam, adv. *now, at this time, at present; just or even now; immediately, besides, furthermore, presently, ere long, henceforth.*
Jambus, a, um. adj. *made of Iambic feet.*
Jambus, i. m. *a foot in verse, having the first syllable short, and the other long, as Æmūs.*
Jamdidum, adv. *long ago.*
Jampridem, adv. *some while since.*
Jankor, ðris. m. *[a janua] a porter or keeper of a gate.*
Jankrix, Icis. f. *a female porter.*
Janthina, ðrum. pl. n. *garments of a violet or purple colour.*
Janthinus, a, um. adj. *violet-coloured.*
Janthum, i. n. *a violet.*
Janua, æ. f. *[a Jano deo] a gate, the first entry into a house; the beginning of or entrance into a discourse or other thing.*
Januarius, i. m. *the month of January.*
Jæpyx, ygis. m. *the western wind; the north-east.*
Jædne, es. f. *a kind of with-wind.*
Jaspideus, a, um. adj. *of the colour of a jasper-stone.*
Jaspis, Idis. f. *a jasper.*
Jaspinyx, ychis. f. *a kind of jasper, an onyx-stone.*
Jatraklites, æ. m. *seu potius, Iatroclites*, a physician or surgeon that cures by ointments and frictions.
Jatraklitice, es. f. *quackery, a curing by ointments or frictions.*
Jatraklites, æ. m. *a conqueror of other physicians.*
Jberica, æ. f. *[sc. herba] a kind of herb.*
Jberia, Idis. f. *an herb which some call water-cresses.*
Ibex, Icis. m. *a kind of wild goat, the evsch.*
Ibi, adv. *there, then, therein, in that state; in those things.*
Ibidem, adv. *there, in the same*

place; in the same thing or in the same case.
 idis, idis el. is. f. a bird in Egypt; a kind of stork.
 Idus, idis. f. the festival days in memorial of Epicurus' birthday, which were kept upon the twentieth day of every month.
 Ichneumon, idis. m. a rat of Egypt, of the bigness of a cat, which steals into the crocodile's mouth when he gapes, and, eating his bowels, kills him.
 Ichnotites, m. m. Treader or Tracer, the name of a dog.
 Ichnotryphia, m. f. a plan of a house on paper, a model.
 Ichthyocola, m. f. fish of whose skin water-gue is made; water-gue itself, mouth-gue, i.e. inglass.
 Ichthyophagus, i. m. he that eats fish only.
 Ichthyorhynchus, i. a, a fish-pond, a stove for fish.
 Icon, Ære, ici, ictum. m. to strike; to smite; to beat away.
 Icon, idis. f. an image, resemblance, picture, or statue.
 Iconicus, a, um. adj. belonging to an image; lively pictured, drawn to the life.
 cterius, m. m. a precious stone good for the yellow jaundice.
 ctericus, a, um. adj. sick of the yellow jaundice.
 icterus, i. m. a yellow bird, which if one see, being sick of the yellow jaundice, the person recovers and the bird dies; it is also called Galgulus.
 ktis, idis. f. a white weasel, a ferret, a marten.
 ctus, a, um. part. stricken, blasted, incited, moved.
 ctus, Ære, icti, ant. m. [ab leo] a stroke, a blow; a rap, a knock; a biting or goring; a blast; a sting; a beating or stroke of the pulse; a ray of the sun.
 Ictuncula, m. f. dim. [ab icon] a little image.
 Id, n. pron. [ab is] that.
 Idcirco, conj. therefore, thereupon.
 Idæa, m. f. an idea, form, model, or first pattern of any thing existing in the imagination or fancy.
 Idem, eadem, Idem. pron. the same, the self-same, alike, all one.
 Idemidem, adv. [ex idem geminato] now and then, ever and anon, sundry times, one after another, every while.
 Idcirco, conj. therefore, for that cause.
 Idiota, m. m. an idiot or illiterate, simple person; a laic, a

private man; one not in office.
 Idiotismus, i. m. a propriety of speech.
 Idolum, i. n. an image, an idol; a spectre, an apparition.
 Idonee, adv. aptly, conveniently, fitly.
 Idoneus, a, um. adj. fit, meet, proper, convenient, suitable, able, sufficient, substantial, credible, pious, honest.
 Idus, uum, Idibus, f. the ides of every month; the eighth day or eight days immediately after the nones.
 Idyllium, i. n. a little poem or copy of verses on a pastoral subject.
 Jecur, Æris v. Jecinoris. n. the liver.
 Jecusculum, i. n. dim. [a jecur] a little liver.
 Jecune, adv. coldly, slenderly, drily, weakly.
 Jecunitas, ktis. f. emptiness, slenderness of style, barrenness, dryness.
 Jecunium, i. n. fasting, hunger, a fasting day.
 Jecundior, ius. comp. more hungry or more fasting.
 Jecunum, i. n. [sc. intestinum] the empty gut.
 Jecunus, a, um. adj. fasting, that has not eaten; bare, hungry, dry, barren, jejune, greedy, craving.
 lens, euntis. part. [ab eo] going.
 Jentaculum, i. n. [a jentu] a breakfast.
 Jento, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to break one's fast.
 Jgitur, conj. therefore, then, thereupon, for.
 Ignarus, a, um. adj. [ex in et gnarus] ignorant, unskilful, unacquainted with; unknown, strange.
 Ignave, adv. cowardly, meanly, slowly, lazily.
 Ignavia, m. f. sluggishness, laziness, cowardliness, fitness, want of briskness, inactivity, a lazy, idle fellow.
 Ignaviter, adv. idly, lazily.
 Ignavus, a, um. adj. [ex in et gnavus v. gnarus] not diligent, idle, slothful, sluggish, dull, faint-hearted, cowardly, weak, ineffectual.
 Ignescere, Ære, — incept. to be on fire; to kindle; to turn to fire; to inflame.
 Igneus, a, um. adj. fiery, burning, sparkling, bright, heavenly.
 Ignitum, i. n. any thing that will take fire quickly; tinder or touchwood.
 Ignitimus, a, um. adj. fiery-haired.
 Igniculus, i. m. dim. a spark

of fire; a little fire; an instinct of nature.
 Ignifer, Ære, Ærum. adj. bearing fire.
 Ignivus, a, um. adj. flowing with fire.
 Ignivus, m. c. g. born in or by fire.
 Ignipes, Ædis. adj. that has fiery feet.
 Ignipotens, tis. adj. mighty by fire.
 Ignis, is. m. fire; lightning; a thunderbolt, wrath; loss; the person beloved.
 Ignispcium, i. n. divination by fire.
 Ignobilis, is, e. adj. not noted, unknown, strange; ignoble, of low birth, base; common, ordinary; of no reputation or esteem; nothing spoken of.
 Ignobilitas, ktis. f. ignobleness of birth.
 Ignominia, m. f. a note of disgrace prefixed to a man's name by the censor; discredit, reproach, dishonour, ignominy, disgrace.
 Ignominiosus, a, um. adj. infamous, dishonourable, disgraceful, ignominious.
 Ignorabilis, is, e. adj. that is or may easily be known.
 Ignorantia, m. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.
 Ignoratio, idis. f. ignorance, want of knowledge, unskilfulness.
 Ignoro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. not to be known; to be ignorant of.
 Ignoscitur, impers. people forgive.
 Ignosco, Ære, nōvi, nōtum. neut. to hold excused; to take no notice of; to forgive; to pardon.
 Ignotum est. impers. all is pardoned.
 Ignotus, a, um. part. unknown; ignorant, that does not know.
 Ile, is. n. the flank where the small guts are.
 Ilea v. Ilea, el. m. the small or thin gut; the twisting of the small guts.
 Ilex, ktis. f. a kind of oak-tree, called by some, holm; the scarlet oak.
 Iliā, um. n. pl. [ab Ile] the flank, the small guts.
 Ilias, ktis. f. the story of Troy, a poem of Homer's so called.
 Ilcet, adv. i. e. Ire licet, you may go when you choose, you may go shake your ears; the business is over; immediately, presently, forthwith, all on a sudden.
 Illeceum, i. n. a grove of holm trees.

Illicus, a, um. adj. *of holm or made of holm.*
Illico, adv. [*qu. in loco illo*] *anon, by and by; in all haste; forthwith; in the same place.*
Iligneus, a, um. adj. *et Ilignus, of holm.*
Illicus, a, um. adj. *troubled with the twisting of the guts, broken winded.*
Illebfactus, a, um. part. [*ex in et labefactus*] *never weakened or made feeble.*
Ilabor, i, paua. dep. [*ex in et labor*] *to slide; to glide in; to fall down or upon; to enter.*
Illoboratus, a, um. part. *made or done without labour or pains; unlaboured, plain.*
Illoboro, ere, avi, atum. act. [*ex in et laboro*] *to labour; to take pains.*
Illic [*sc viâ v. parte*] *on that side, on that way; with or for that party.*
Illicerabilis, is, e. adj. *that cannot be torn.*
Illicescens, a, um. part. *unprovoked.*
Illicymabilis, is, e. adj. *not to be moved with pity, that cannot be prevailed upon with tears; unlamented.*
Illicyrio, ere, avi, atum. neut. *et Illicyrmor, avi, atus. dep. to weep over; to lament and bewail; to water; to shed tears involuntarily; to sweat; to run.*
Illicus, a, um. adj. *unhurt; sound, uncorrupted.*
Illicibilis, is, e. adj. *without mirth, sorrowful, joyless.*
Illicus, a, um. part. [*ab illa*] *slidden in, got in, falling upon.*
Illicus, us. m. *a sliding or falling in.*
Illicue, ere, avi, atum. act. *to nare; to entangle; to bina.*
Illicro, ere, avi, atum. neut. *to bark against one.*
Illicus, a, um. part. [*ab infero*] *inferred, brought in.*
Illicudabilis, is, e. adj. *unworthy of praise, illaudable, uncommendable.*
Illicudatus, a, um. part. *not worthy to be named, worthy of no praise or commendation.*
Illicutus, a, um. part. *pro Illicutus.*
Ille, illa, illud. gen. *illius, dat. illi, he, she, that; the one; one, some one; the aforesaid; such and such; the self-same, the latter.*
Illicebra, e. f. *an enticement, an allurements; an attraction, a charm; an enticer, a charmer.*
Illicetivose, adv. *alluringly, attractively, enticingly.*

Illectus, a, um. part. [*ab illicio*] *enticed, decoyed, allured.*
Illectus, us. m. *an enticing or alluring.*
Illepide, adv. *unhandsomely, without grace, disagreeably, grossly.*
Illepides, a, um. adj. *without grace, unpleasant, unhand-some, disagreeable.*
Illex, legis. c. g. *that lives without law; an outlaw.*
Illex v. **Illic**, icis. f. *allurement, enticement; a birdcall, a quail-pipe, a decoy.*
Illic, adv. *pro Illic, there.*
Illicatus, a, um. part. *untouch-ed; pure, undefiled, fault-less.*
Illicibilis, is, e. adj. *ungentle, sordid, base, illiberal; nig-gardly, discourteous; homely, clownish, servile, mean.*
Illicibilitas, atis. f. *niggardi-ness, baseness, dissingenuity, illiberality.*
Illicibiliter, adv. *niggardly, un-gentle, dirtily, basely, disin-genuously.*
Illic, illic, illuc, *pro Ille, illa, illud.*
Illic, adv. *there, in that place.*
Illicio, ere, lxi, lectum. act. [*ex in et lacio*] *to allure; to en-tice; to charm one; to decoy; to inveigle; to trepon.*
Illicite, adv. *unlawfully, ille-gally.*
Illicitus, a, um. adj. *unlawful, illegal, illicit.*
Illicium, i. n. [*ab Illiciendo*] *an enticement or allurements.*
Illico, adv. *in that very place; incontinently, forthwith, by and by, immediately, q. d. upon the place; thence, from these pre-mises.*
Illico, ere, lxi, lxi, lxi. act. [*ex in et lido*] *to dash or beat against; to thrust into.*
Illicatus, a, um. part. *fastened, sound, entangled; obliged, en-gaged.*
Illico, ere, avi, atum. act. *to bind; to knit; to tie; to fas-ten; to entangle; to interlace; to intermix.*
Illicus, is, e. adj. [*ex in et li-mus*] *clear; without mud or slime.*
Illicne, adv. *thence, or from that place; from that thing or per-son; from that side; from that party of men.*
Illicio, ere, lxi, lxi, lxi. act. *to anoint; to besmear one gently.*
Illicio, ere, lxi, lxi, lxi, lxi. act. [*ex in et lino*] *to anoint; to besmear; to daub; to soil; to lay over; to colour.*
Illicquifactus, a, um. adj. *melted.*
Illicus, a, um. part. [*ab illido*] *dashed or beaten against.*

Illicus, us. m. *a dashing or beat-ing against.*
Illiceratus, a, um. adj. *unlearn-ed, illiterate.*
Illicus, a, um. part. [*ab illino*] *besmeared, tintured; tainted.*
Illicus, us. m. *an anointing or besmeared.*
Illicusmodi, rectus illius modi. *Vid. Ille et modus.*
Illico, adv. *thither, to that place.*
Illicabilis, is, e. adj. *that cannot be hired or let out.*
Illicus, a, um. part. *foul, un-washed; vulgar, nasty, sloven-ly.*
Illic, adv. *thither, to that place.*
Illiceo, ere, luxi, — neut. *to shine upon; to be day; to be conspicuous.*
Illicesco, ere, — incept. *to begin to shine.*
Illicet, illuxi, impers. *it is day.*
Illic horre. *pro ea hora.*
Illicio, ere, lxi, lxi, lxi. act. *to play upon one; to mock; to jeer; to gibe; to jest at; to laugh; to scorn; to flout; to abuse.*
Illicinque, adv. *plainly, clearly, brightly, rhetorically.*
Illicinatus, a, um. part. *en-litened, illuminated.*
Illicino, ere, avi, atum. act. *to enlighten; to adorn; to beau-tify; to set off.*
Illicus, is, e. adj. *without moon-shine, dark.*
Illicio, onis. f. [*ab illudo*] *a mocking or scorning.*
Illicamentum, i. n. *an embel-lishment, an adornment.*
Illicatio, onis. f. *a beautify-ing or setting off; a making plain and evident, an illustra-tion.*
Illicatus, a, um. part. *illus-trated, brightened, discussed, ennobled, cleared.*
Illicus, is, e. adj. *lightsome, clear, bright; illustrious, fa-mous, noble, renowned, excel-lent; evident, plain, remarka-ble, exemplary.*
Illicus, adv. *more brightly or excellently.*
Illicro, ere, avi, atum. act. [*ex in et luro*] *to illustrate; to brighten; to enlighten; to shine spontaneously; to make plain or evident; to make fa-mous; to ennoble.*
Illicus, a, um. part. *mocked or scoffed.*
Illicibilis, is, e. adj. *that can-not be washed clean.*
Illicies, el. f. *uncleanliness, filthi-ness, nastiness, sluttishness.*
Illicio, ere, lxi, lxi, lxi. act. [*a land-flood*] *a nasty fellow, a scoundrel.*
Illicinarius, a, um. adj. *form-al, imaginary, counterfeited, feigned.*
Illicinatio, onis. f. *an imagine*

ston, a conceit; the representation of a thing; thought, design.
Imāginor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. to imagine; to surmise; to fancy, to conceive.
Imāginosus, a, um. adj. full of images or full of strange fancies and conceits; whimsical.
Imāgo, ĩnis. f. a resemblance or representation; a dream, a vision; an image, picture or portrait; an effigy; a pretext, a pretence, a colour, a sheath; a copy, pattern or example; a spectre; an echo; the thought or contrivance; statues of ancestors.
Imāgunculā, m. f. dim. a little image.
Imbecillus, is, e. adj. weak, heavy, faint; ineffectual; feeble, easy to be overcome; poor, needy.
Imbecillitas, ĩtis. f. feebleness, weakness.
Imbecilliter, adv. weakly, faintly.
Imbecillus, a, um. adj. slothful, feeble, lazy.
Imbellis, is, e. adj. not suited to war; without war; weak; cowardly.
Imber, bris. m. a shower of rain, water; weeping, a shower of tears.
Imberbis, is, e. adj. beardless.
Imbibo, ĩre, ĩbĭ, ĩbitum. act. to drink in; to receive in; to imbibe.
Imbrex, ĩcis. m. the gutter-tile or roof-tile. Imbrices, pl. a kind of applause or shouting.
Imbricitat, adv. in the manner of roof-tiles.
Imbricitus, a, um. part. crooked like a gutter or roof-tile; or laid one under another, like tiles.
Imbrifer, ĩra, ĩrum. adj. [ex imber et fero] that brings rain, rainy.
Imbĭo, ĩre, ĩi, ĩtum. act. to imbue; to dye; to wet; to soak; to season; to habituate; to accustom; to entertain; to furnish; to store; to imbue.
Imbuitus, a, um. part. imbrued, stained, dipped, seasoned, accustomed, tainted, full of.
Imitabilis, is, e. adj. that may be imitated, imitable.
Imitamen, ĩnis. n. an imitation, a representation, a counterfeit or disguise; a pattern or sample to follow.
Imitamentum, l. n. an imitation, counterfeiting.
Imitator, ĩris. m. one that imitates, a ressembler.

Imitatrix, ĩcis. f. she or it that imitates.
Imitor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. to imitate; to resemble; to counterfeit; to do the like; to follow another's manner, way or example; to emulate.
Immacillatus, a, um. part. unspotted, undefiled, immaculate, spotless.
Immakdeo, ĩre, dĭi, — neut. to be moist, wet or soaked.
Immāne, adv. pro Immaniter, mightily, wonderfully, excessively.
Immānis, is, e. adj. cruel, outrageous, fierce, savage; huge, exceeding great; barbarous; wonderful, incredible, strange.
Immāntias, ĩtis. f. outrageousness, cruelty, heinousness; hugeness, vastness, insensibility.
Immanusatus, a, um. adj. ungentle, not mild, untractable, cruel, savage, outrageous.
Immātūre, adv. immaturely, unseasonably.
Immātūritas, ĩtis. f. unripeness, immaturity, unseasonableness; too much haste.
Immātūrus, a, um. adj. immature, unripe, green, sour, unpleasant; abortive, before the time; under age; over hasty, precipitate, out of season.
Immedicabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be healed, immedicable, irremediable, incurable, remediless.
Immeio, ĩre, ĩnxi, ĩnctum. act. to pise in or upon.
Immemor, ĩris. adj. forgetful, unmindful, heedless, regardless; forgotten, unregarded.
Immemorabilis, is, e. adj. not to be remembered, not worth the remembrance, immemorable; unspeakable, not to be related. Active, not remembering, forgetful.
Immemoratus, a, um. adj. unmentioned, unheard of.
Immensitas, ĩtis. f. immensity, unmeasurableness.
Immensus, a, um. adj. unmeasurable, huge, vast, immense; insatiable, unreasonable, infinite, bottomless.
Immerens, ĩtis. adj. undeserving, without desert; innocent.
Immerenter, adv. without desert or cause; undeservedly.
Immergor, ĩri, — pass. to be planted deep.
Immergo, ĩre, ĩmĕri, ĩmersum. act. to plunge; to flounce; to drench; to drown; to sink deep into; to immerge.
Immergor, l. ĩmersus. pass. to fall into the sea as a river does; to disembogue.
Immerito, adv. undeservedly.

Immeritum, l. n. [ab in et ad. merito] without desert.
Immeritus, a, um. adj. undeserved; undeserving.
Immersibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be drowned or plunged.
Immersus, a, um. part. [ab immergo] immersed, plunged over head and ears, drowned in the water.
Immetatus, a, um. part. unmeasured, unbounded, unlimited.
Immigro, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. neut. to enter; to come or pass into.
Imminens, ĩtis. part. hanging over; at hand, imminent, approaching; watching for, intent upon; upon the catch.
Imminuo, ĩre, ui, — neut. to hang overhead; to impend; to be at hand; to be like to come to pass ere it be long; to watch for; to seek after; to have a design upon.
Imminuo, ĩre, ui, ĩtum. act. to diminish; to lessen; to abate; to cut off; to impair.
Imminutio, ĩtis. f. a diminishing or lessening.
Immisceo, ĩre, scul, xtem et atum. act. to mingle with; to jumble together; to intermingle; to admix; to join with or to.
Immisericordis, is, e. adj. unpitied, without mercy.
Immisericorditer, adv. unmercifully, without pity.
Immisericors, ĩtis. adj. unmerciful, pitiless, remorseless.
Immisarium, l. n. a cistern, a cooler to keep liquor in.
Immisio, ĩtis. f. a sending or putting in; an immission; cesteing or grafting; a suffering to grow.
Immissus, a, um. part. sent, let in; hurled or cast; ran med or thrust in; set with a evil purpose; long, hanging down, let to grow in length, suborned.
Immixtus v. Immixtus, a, um. part. [ab immisceo] mingled together, admixed, unmingled.
Immitis, is, e. adj. sour, crabbed, unripe, unpleasant, cruel, without pity, rough, boisterous, remorseless, discourteous.
Immitto, ĩre, ĩmĭ, ĩmissum. act. to send forth; to cast or throw; to place or put in; to send with an evil purpose; to let grow in length; to interweave; to intermingle; to admit; to suffer to enter; to suborn.
Immo, con. yea. Vid. Imo.
Immobilis, is, e. adj. unmovable, steadfast.
Immoderate, adv. intemperately, immoderately.
Immoderatio, ĩtis. f. want of

moderation, unreasonableness, excess, intemperance.

immoderātus, a, um, adj. *immoderate, unreasonableness, disorderly, huge, vast.*

immodeste, adv. *immodestly, immoderately, excessively, extravagantly.*

immodestia, æ. f. *unreasonableness, immodesty, debauchery, sauciness, disobedience, mutiny.*

immodestus, a, um, adj. *immodest, unmannerly, saucy, malapert, exceeding great.*

immodice, adv. *out of measure, immoderately, beyond measure, impatiently, too much to heart.*

immodicus, a, um, adj. *too much, excessive, immoderate, intemperate, too many, too long.*

immodulātus, a, um, adj. *ill tuned, not well composed.*

immodolatio, ðnis. f. *a sacrificing; an offering; immolation.*

immodolator, ðris. m. *an offerer in sacrifice.*

immodolus, a, um. [*ab in et molitus*] *unbuilt.*

immo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. [*a moia*] *to offer; to sacrifice; to kill.*

immodolator, impers. *sacrifice is offered.*

immodior, mðri, mortuus. dep. *to die in, at, or upon; to be continually upon a thing.*

immodior, ðri, ðtus. dep. *to abide; to rest; to continue in; to insist; to tarry long; to dwell upon.*

immodiale, adv. *immortally.*

immodialis, is, e. adj. *immortal, everlasting, that never lies.*

immodialitas, ðtis. f. *immortality, everlastingness, an everlasting name or renown.*

immodialiter, adv. *immortally, infinitely.*

immodius, a, um, part. *dead, extinct.*

immodius, a, um, part. *unmoved, firm, steadfast, constant.*

immodio, ðre, ðvi v. ði, ðtum. neut. *to halloo; to make a hideous and terrible noise; to ring with a noise; to roar.*

immodico, ðre, mulai v. mulxi, mulsum v. mulctum. act. *to milk; to milk in.*

immodicitas, æ. f. *sluttishness, nastiness, uncleanness, filthiness, slovenliness.*

immodus, a, um, adj. *soul, unclear, filthy, sluttish, nasty, impure, slovenly.*

immodificus, a, um, adj. *not bountiful, niggardly.*

immodis, is, e. adj. *exempt or free from duty, office, or charge; that pays no tribute,*

rent, or service; innocent, blameless, free, without charge, without a present, free from or void of.

immoditas, ðtis. f. *immunity, freedom, exemption, dispensation, privilege.*

immoditus, a, um, part. *unfortified, unvalled, without garrison or other strength; unfenced.*

immoduro, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. *to murmur or make a noise in; to mutter; to grumble.*

immodulus, i. m. *a sort of bird, a hawk, or wood-pecker.*

immodulilis, is, e. adj. *immutable, unchangeable, invariable, constant, changed, or altered.*

immodulitas, ðtis. f. *unchangeableness, constancy, invariableness, immutability.*

immodulio, ðnis. f. *a changing, an altering, innovation, immutation.*

immodulatus, a, um, part. *changed, altered, unchanged.*

immodulesco, ðre, tui, —. incept. *to become mute.*

immodio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. *to change; to alter.*

immo, conj. *yes, yea, nay, nay rather, yea rather.*

immodicus, a, um, adj. *unpeaceable, never quiet.*

immodio, ðnis. f. [*ab impingo*] *a striking, dashing, or clapping together.*

immodius, a, um, part. [*ab impingo*] *dashed or beaten against; driven, thrust, or put into.*

immodis, is, e. f. *a tenon; a pin; a dove-tail; the borders about the panel of the door.*

immodico, ðre, ul, —. incept. *to grow pale by too earnest minding or studying.*

immodis, ðris. adj. *odd, not even; unequal, insufficient, disproportioned, disqualified, not like.*

immoditus, a, um, part. *unprovided, unfurnished, unprepared, unready, perplexed, entangled.*

immoditer, adv. *unequally, unevenly, oddly, disproportionately.*

immodico, ðre, pavi, pastum. act. *to feed in.*

immodus, a, um, adj. *unfed, unpastured, hungry.*

immodibilis, is, e. adj. *intolerable.*

immodiens, ðtis. adj. *not able to bear, impatient.*

immodenter, adv. *impatiently, hardly.*

immodientia, æ. f. *inability to bear; impatience, troublesome.*

immodice, adv. *boldly, without fear, undauntedly.*

immodicus, a, um, adj. *bold, stout, undaunted, fearless.*

immodio, ðnis. f. *a propping up.*

immoditus, a, um, part. *proped up.*

immodimenta, ðrum. n. pl. *the carriages of an army, bag and baggage.*

immodimentum, i. n. *a let, impediment, or hindrance; an avocation, discouragement, inconvincence.*

immodio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. *to entangle; to envelop; to hamper; to encircle; to let; to hinder; to encumber; to disturb; to debar; to obstruct.*

immodio, ðnis. f. *a letting, hindering, or encumbering;*

an entangling, infesting, hampering, a prohibition.

immodio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. *to hinder.*

immoditus, a, um, part. et adj. *shackled, fettered, invidious, impassable, entangled, let, hindered.*

immodio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. *to underset; to prop with forks.*

immodio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. *to thrust; to push; to drive forward; to incite; to impel;*

to beat or drive from a place; to enforce; to persuade; to abet.

immodico, ðre, pendli, pensum. neut. *to hang over one's head;*

to impend; to be likely; to chance; to threaten; to be near at hand.

immodico, adv. *much, very much, by a great deal, beyond measure; exceedingly.*

immodicus, a, um, adj. *too liberal, that spends more than necessary.*

immodium, i. n. *cost, expense, charge; use-money or interest.*

immodico, ðre, pendli, pensum. act. *to spend; to lay out money; to disburse; to bestow; to employ.*

immodibilis, is, e. adj. *that cannot be pierced or entered; impenetrable.*

immodico, æ. f. [*sc. pecunia*] *charge, expense of money; a disbursement.*

immodico, adv. *greatly, exceedingly, earnestly, eagerly; at great charge.*

immodico, a, um, part. [*ab immodico*] *bestowed, employed, laid out, disbursed. Adj.*

great, mighty, earnest; costly; dear, valuable.

immodico, ðris. m. [*ex impero*] *a commander, a ruler; a head,*

a chief; the general of an

my, the chief captain of a host; an emperor.
Impētrātorius, a, um. adj. belonging to an emperor or a general.
Impētrātrix, tris. f. a mistress, a governess; an empress, a commandress.
Impetrātum, i. n. a commandment.
Imperco, ēre, — act. not to spare; to make much of one's self; to deal gently with.
Imperditus, a, um. part. undestroyed.
Imperfectus, a, um. adj. imperfect, unfinished, defective, incomplete; undigested, not concocted.
Imperforatus, a, um. part. not thrust through, uncored.
Impēridus, a, um. adj. lordly, imperious, domineering; boisterous, rugged; severe, harsh; of great rule or authority; that beareth a great sway; that can rule or govern.
Impetrite, adv. unskilfully, unlearnedly.
Impetritia, m. f. lack of knowledge, ignorance, unskilfulness, want of experience.
Impērito, ēre, ēvi, ātum. freq. [ab impern] to be a master; to command; to govern; to bear sway.
Impertitus, a, um. adj. unskilful, ignorant, rude, simple, unlearned, inexperienced.
Impērium, i. n. command, charge; power, authority; rule, government, jurisdiction, empire. [Vid. Potentia.]
Imperjurātus, a, um. adj. that is never falsely sworn by.
Impermissus, a, um. adj. unlawful, not permitted.
Impēro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to command with authority; to have the mastery or command over; to rule; to order the providing or doing of any thing; to enjoin; to exact.
Imperpetuus, a, um. adj. not perpetual.
Imperस्पicious, a, um. adj. not clear nor evident.
Imperterritus, a, um. adj. fearless, undaunted.
Impertio, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to impart; to give part to another; to make partaker of; to communicate; to employ; to bestow; to make acquainted with; to tell.
Imperturbātus, a, um. adj. undisturbed, clear, calm.
Impervius, a, um. adj. unpassable.
Impetibilis, is, e. adj. harmful, intolerable.
impēlgo, īis. f. a ring-worm.
impēlis, gen. impēte, abl. sing.

impēstus, abl. pl. force, an effort, a shock.
Impeto, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to invade; to assail; to set upon; to attack; to lie sorely at.
Impetrābilis, is, e. adj. Pass. that may be easily obtained by entreaty. Act. that can easily obtain what he will have.
Impetratio, ōis. f. an obtaining by request.
Impetrātus, a, um. part. obtained by request.
Impetro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. [ex in et patro] to finish; to perfect; to obtain by request; to get; to impetrate.
Impetus, ūs. m. [ab impeto] natural desire or instinct; violence, force, animosity; an assault, onset, or attack; an effort, a brunt, a shock; the passions; inspiration.
Impexus, a, um. part. uncombed, untrimmed; unpolished, rugged, homely.
Implico, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to rub over with pitch.
Impie, adv. wickedly, ungodly, impiously, irreligiously.
Impietas, ātis. f. impiety, ungodliness, wickedness, unnaturalness.
Impiger, gra, grum, adj. diligent; courageous, lusty; quick, ready, swift.
Impigre, adv. diligently, carefully, quickly, readily.
Impigritas, ātis. f. diligence, lustiness, quickness.
Impilia, ōrum. pl. n. woollen or felt socks.
Impingo, ēre, pēgi, pactum. act. [ex in et pango] to hit; to dash; to throw against; to run aground; to strike against a rock; to put, clap, or fasten upon.
Impio, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to defile; to unhallow; to misbehave.
Impius, a, um. adj. impious, ungodly, wicked; irreligious, atheistical, ungracious; unnatural, undutiful; cruel, pitiless; a parricide.
Implicabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be pacified or reconciled; implacable.
Implicābiliter, adv. implacably, irreconcilably.
Implicātus, a, um. part. unappeased, never satisfied or contented; insatiable.
Implicidus, a, um. adj. hard to be pleased, cruel, obstinate, ungentle, unquiet.
Implo, ēre, plevi, plētum. act. to fill; to fatten; to feed; to make plump; to accomplish; to fulfil; to perform; to make up; to satisfy; to please; to content; to

bring to an end; to impregnate.
Implexus, a, um. part. [ex in et plector] wound, wrapped, folded, or plaited in; held one within another, interwoven, twined about.
Implexus, ūs. m. a wrapping or folding in; an entangling, an entwining.
Implicatio, ōis. f. a plaiting or braiding; a wrapping or entangling; encumbrance, entanglement; an infolding, an implication.
Implicātus, a, um. part. wrapped or tied together; emrapped involved, entangled; joined in affinity, related by marriage.
Implicitē, adv. obscurely, intricately, implicitly.
Implicito, ēre, ēvi, ātum. freq. [ab implico] to interweave.
Implicitus, a, um. part. et adj. entangled; intricate, implicit.
Implico, ēre, ēvi et uli, ātum et ātum. act. to wrap; to fold in; to involve; to envelop; to hamper; to twine; to twist, to fold; to clasp; to interweave; to intermix; to trim; to dress up; to encumber; to engage.
Imploerābilis, is, e. adj. to be obtained by imploring.
Imploerātio, ōis. f. an imploring, ineking, or beseeching.
Implo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to beg for; to call upon for help; to beseech; to implore; to request; to crave; to invoke.
Implumbo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. r. to solder or make fast & lead.
Implūmis, is, e. adj. [ex i pluma] featherless, call without hair.
Impluo, ēre, pluvi, plūum. n. to rain in upon; to rain light; to fall upon.
Impluvium, i. n. the gutter a house; a court-yard wh rain falls from the eaves.
Impolite, adv. grossly, rudely, homely.
Impolitus, a, um. part. unpolished, rude, homely, coarse.
Impono, ēre, pōui, plētum. act. to put, lay, set, in or upon; to impose; to enjoin; to assign; to deceive; to beguile; to put a trick upon one; to annex; to give, infic, or lay upon one; to embark; to set over.
Imporco, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to make a balk or rather a ridge in ploughing land.
Importātus, a, um. adj. brought in, imported.
Importātus, a, um. part. car-

ried in, conveyed, imported.
Importo, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. act. to carry in; to import.
Importune, adv. unreasonably, importunately.
Importunitas, Ētis. f. importunity, unreasonableness; cruelty, outrageousness.
Importunus, a, um. adj. uneasy, fretful; out of season, impatient, troublesome, impotent, ungovernable; absurd, unreasonable; importunate, urgent, craving, clamorous; cruel, outrageous, shrewd, subtle.
Importunus, a, um. adj. without port or haven.
Impos, Ētis. adj. [ex in et potia] unable, powerless; without, void of.
Impono, ōnis. f. [ab impono] a putting, an applying or laying on; imposition.
Impositus, a, um. adj. imposed.
Impositus, a, um. adj. imposed.
Impositus, a, um. part. et **Impositus**, laid or put upon; imposed; set over as a prefect or governor.
Impositus, ūs. m. a laying on, an imposition.
Impossibilis, is, e. adj. impossible.
Impotens, tis. adj. impotent, weak, feeble; wild, unruly, unable to govern himself; masterless, over mighty.
Impudent, adv. wildly, obstinately, wilfully, cruelly, tyrannously; scarcely.
Impotentia, ō. f. impotence, weakness, poverty, want of power; inactivity; inability to rule or be ruled, insolence, outrageousness.
Presentiarius, adv. at this ne. for this present, at present.
Impransus, a, um. adj. that has not dined, fasting.
Impræcatio, ōnis. f. a cursing, an imprecation, a curse.
Impræcor, Ēri, Ētus. dep. to wish some evil to one; to curse; to imprecate.
Impressio, ōnis. f. [ab imprimi] an impression, sketch, or draught; a dint; an assault, an onset in battle; an attack, a burst, an invasion; utterance or delivery.
Impressus, a, um. part. engraved, marked, not pressed or milked.
Imprimis, pro In primis, in the first place, first of all, principally, especially, chiefly.
Imprimo, Ēre, pressi, pressum. act. to imprint; to engrave; to set a mark; to thrust or stick out.

Improbabilis, is, e. adj. improbable, unlikely, not easy to be proved or approved of.
Improbatio, ōnis. f. a disallowing, disliking or disapproving; a disavowing, disrelieving, exploding, improbation.
Improbe, adv. dishonestly, knavishly; roguishly, waggishly, audaciously; badly; violently, eagerly; unseasonably.
Improbitas, Ētis. f. dishonesty, knavery, wickedness, lewdness, waggery, roguery, naughtiness, baseness, licentiousness, improbity.
Improbo, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. act. [i. e. non probō] to disallow; to mistake; to disapprove; to disaffect; to disavow; to dislike; to discountenance; to reproach; to speak ill of; to explode.
Improbulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat saucy, waggish, knavish, unlucky.
Improbus, a, um. adj. naught, unsound, rotten; dishonest, false, knavish; bad, wicked, immoral, licentious; ugly, ill-favoured; base, infamous; impudent, saucy, audacious; lewd, waggish; fierce, cruel; rash, presumptuous; great, excessive; violent, eager.
Improbus, a, um. adj. low or not tall of stature.
Improbus, a, um. part. not professed or declared; concealed or smuggled.
Impromptus, a, um. adj. slow, unready, not forward.
Impropratus, a, um. part. that is not hastened, slow.
Impropere, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. act. to make haste to go in; to go slowly.
Impropere, a, um. adj. slow, making no haste.
Improprie, adv. improperly, unfitly.
Improprius, a, um. adj. improper, inconvenient, unfit.
Improsper, Ēra, Ērum. adj. unfortunate, improsperous.
Improsperus, adv. improsperously, unluckily, unhappily.
Improvide, adv. improvidently, heedlessly, thoughtlessly.
Improvidus, a, um. adj. improvident, not foreseeing, forecastling; unheedful; careless, heedless, regardless, thoughtless; unforeseen.
Improvisus, adv. unexpectedly, suddenly.
Improvisus, a, um. adj. unforeseen, unlooked for, unthought of. Ex **improviso**, from being unforeseen; unexpectedly.
Imprudens, tis. adj. imprudent, foolish, careless, impolitic, inconsiderate, indiscreet, unwary, unwilling.

Impudent, adv. *unwisely*, foolishly, heedlessly, unwittingly; inadvertently, indiscreetly, injudiciously, imprudently, unwarily; before one is aware. Passivo sensu.
Impudentia, ō. f. want of foresight, heed or care; inconsistency, inadvertency, incontinency, indiscretion, thoughtlessness, imprudence, unwariness; want of skill, ignorance.
Impubes, Ēris. adj. unripe of age; in his nonage or minority.
Impubis, is, e. adj. item *leg. et* **Impubes**, of immature age, immaturity.
Impubesco, Ēre, —. to grow ripe of age.
Impudens, tis. adj. shameless, impudent, brazen-faced.
Impudenter, adv. impudently, shamelessly.
Impudentia, ō. f. impudence, shamelessness, effrontery.
Impudicitia, ō. f. unchasteness, lustfulness, immodesty, obscenity; sodomy.
Impudicus, a, um. adj. unchaste, lewd, lascivious, lustful, wanton, immodest, shameless.
Impugnatio, ōnis. f. a fighting against, a resisting, an opposing or thwarting.
Impugnatus, a, um. part. resisted, fought against.
Impugno, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. act. [ex in et pugna] to fight against; to impugn; to set upon; to attack; to chase away; to thwart; to cross one; to oppose.
Impulso, ōnis. f. [ab impello] a pushing or forcible moving; a motion or passion of the mind; persuasion or instigation, solicitation, influence.
Impulsor, ōis. m. a pusher on; an enticer or persuader to a thing.
Impulsus, a, um. part. [ab impello] forced, attacked, shocked, pushed; thrown or sent with violence; shot; struck, beaten; incited, abetted, enforced.
Impulsus, ūs. m. a conflict, a shock, an attack, a motion, an impulse, an instigation or persuasion.
Impune, adv. without hurt, danger, punishment or fear.
Impunitas, Ētis. f. without punishment, pardon of punishment, impunity.
Impunitus, a, um. part. unpunished, quit, forgiven, unreverged.
Impuritas, a, um. adj. defiled, impure, villainous, shabby.
Impure, adv. dishonestly, vilely, naughtily, rascally, lewdly, shamefully.

Impūritas, *itis*. *f.* impurity, filthiness, uncleanness, dishonesty, naughtiness.

Impūritas, *rum*. *f.* pl. rogues, villainies.

Impūrus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* impure, unclean, foul, filthy, dishonest, wicked, shabby, nasty, dirty.

Impūtor, *oris*. *m.* a reproacher or upbraider of a kindness done; that imputes or lays things to one's charge.

Impūctus, *a*, *um*. *part.* uncut, unpruned, imputed, enjoined, laid upon, ascribed.

Impūto, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* [*ex la et puto*] to impute; to ascribe; to charge; lay the blame or fault on one; to account; to reckon; to assess; to look upon a thing as a favour or obligation.

Impūresco, *ere*, *ui*, — *incept.* to rot or grow rotten.

Imūlus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* *dim.* [*ab imus*] a little towards the bottom.

Imus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* the lowest or deepest part; the lower or extreme part; the bottom of.

In, *præp.* cum *accus.* *v.* *ablat.* into, to, against, for, in, until, after or according to, towards, over, upon, at, among, within, concerning, with, before.

Inaccessus, *a*, *um*. *part.* not set on fire.

Inaccessus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* inaccessible, unapproachable.

Inadustus, *a*, *um*. *part.* not scorched, unburnt, unsinged.

Inæ, *rum*. *f.* pl. the fibres.

Inædificatio, *onis*. *f.* a building, a contrivance, a device.

Inedificatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* built upon, pulled down, unbuilt.

Inedifico, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to build in a place; to pull down that which is built.

Inequibilis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* unequal, uneven.

Inequibiter, *disorderly*, *unequally*.

Inequilis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* unequal, uneven, odd, unlike.

Inequalitas, *itis*. *f.* inequality, unlikeness, unevenness, disproportion, disparity, imparity.

Inequiliter, *adv.* *unequally*.

Inequitus, *a*, *um*. *part.* made equal.

Inæquo, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to make plain, level, or even.

Inestimabilis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* inestimable; that is not to be esteemed, precious, beyond estimation.

Inestuo, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *neut.* to boil up exceedingly; to be in a great chafe.

Infectus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* unaffected, not over curious, natural, flowing of itself.

Ingnobilis, *s*, *e*. *adj.* unmovable.

Ingnitus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* unmoved, unweaved, not tossed nor driven.

Inalbesco, *ere*, — *incept.* to grow pale or white.

Inalgescio, *ere*, — *incept.* to become cold or chill.

Inamabilis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* not amiable, unlovely, unpleasant.

Inamiresco, *ere*, — *incept.* to grow bitter or unpleasant.

Inamitus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* loveless.

Inambitiosus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* not ambitious, homely, plain, void of pride.

Inambulatio, *onis*. *f.* a walking up and down; a walk; a place to walk in.

Inambulo, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *neut.* to walk to and from.

Inamens, *a*, *um*. *adj.* unpleasant.

Inane, *is*. *n.* an empty or void place; the air or sky.

Inanitas, *rum*. *pl. f.* emptiness, cobwebs.

Inaniloquus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* babbling, talking idly.

Inanimans, *tis*. *adj.* inanimate.

Inanimatus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* part. lifeless, dead, inanimate.

Inanimus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* without life, inanimate.

Inanio, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to make empty; to empty.

Inanis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* or, *comp.* *superl.* *emptus*, *sup.* empty, void of, without a burden, vain, frivolous, slight, ineffectual, unprofitable, foolish, silly, senseless, odd.

Inanitas, *itis*. *f.* emptiness, vanity, uselessness, superfluity.

Inaniter, *adv.* ineffectually, vainly, falsely, superfluously.

Inapertus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* not open, not liable.

Inaratus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* untilled, unploughed, unmanured.

Inardeo, *ere*, *arsi*, — *neut. v.*

Inardesco, *ere*, — *incept.* to burn; to be on fire; to be more and more inflamed.

Inardifactus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* made dry or dried to powder.

Inareo, *ere*, *ui*, — *neut.* to grow dry.

Inaresco, *ere*, — *incept.* to dry up; to grow drier and drier; to wither; to dry.

Inargentatus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* ut

Inauratus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* covered or inclosed in silver; damasked, done over with silver.

Iniro, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to till or husband diligently; to plough; to manure.

Inartificialis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* inartificial, artless.

Inartificialiter, *adv.* without art or cunning.

Inascensus, *us*. *m.* an ascent or climbing up.

Inascensus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* that cannot be climbed up or reached unto.

Inaspiduus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* hard to be seen, invisible.

Inassatus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* roasted thoroughly.

Inassuetus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* unaccustomed, unmounted.

Inattenuatus, *a*, *um*. *part.* undiminished, unweasted.

Inaudax, *acis*. *adj.* fearful, heartless, cowardly.

Inaudio, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to hear by report; to overhear.

Inauditus, *a*, *um*. *part.* overheard, reported. *Adj.* unheard of, strange, incredible, unheard of; untried at law.

Inaugurans, *tis*. *part.* being inaugurated.

Inauguratio, *onis*. *f.* an inauguration, an installment.

Inauguratio, *adv.* with the advice of the soothsayers, luckily.

Inauguratum est, *impers.* the business is done, it is as we would have it.

Inauguratus, *a*, *um*. *part.* inaugurated, installed.

Inauguro, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to guess; to divine; to dedicate; to consecrate.

Inauratus, *a*, *um*. *part.* overlaid with gold, ungilt.

Inauris, *is*. *f.* an ear-ring, a pendant, or like thing, hanging at the ear.

Inauro, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *act.* to gild; to overlay with gold.

Inauror, *eri*, *itus*. *pass.* to be gilt over; to have a gilt statue erected to one's honour.

Inauspicato, *adv.* unluckily, irauspiciously.

Inauspicatus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* unfavorable, unlucky, ill-fated, auspicious, betokening evil.

Inauspicio, *adv.* unluckily, irauspiciously.

Inauspicatus, *a*, *um*. *adj.* unfavorable, unlucky, ill-fated, auspicious, betokening evil.

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Incanto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to enchant.*

Incänsa, *a, um. adj. hoary, white with old age.*

Incassum, *adv. in vain, to no purpose, amiss.*

Incästigätus, *a, um. adj. not chastised, uncorrected.*

Incävo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to make hollow.*

Incäute, *adv. lus. comp. unwarily, heedlessly, unadvisedly, incautiously, imprudently.*

Incäutus, *a, um. adj. unwary, careless, heedless; incautious, ill-advised, imprudent; not foreseen and taken heed of.*

Incädo, *äre, cessi, cessum. neut. to go; to walk; to go in state; to come.*

Incäbrätus, *a, um. adj. unfrequented, not spoken of.*

Incäbris, *is, e. adj. not haunted or much resorted to; not famous.*

Incändiäria, *æ. f. an unlucky bird called a spight.*

Incändiärius, *i. m. a frer of houses or towns; an incendiary.*

Incändium, *i. n. [ab incendio] a fire; a burning flame; the vehemence of any passion.*

Incendo, *äre, i, äsum. act. to set fire to; to burn; to inflame; to tease; to chafe; to aggravate; to encourage; to accuate; to animate; to stir up.*

Incensio, *önis. f. a burning or setting on fire.*

Incensus, *a, um. part. et adj. set on fire, inflamed; angered, enraged, actuated, agitated.*

Incensus, *a, um. adj. [ex in et census] not registered in the number of citizens, or one that has not brought in the account of his estate.*

Incensivus, *a, um. adj. who sings first or begins to sing.*

Incëptio, *önis. f. [ab incipio] a beginning, an enterprise.*

Incëpto, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. to begin; to go about; to design; to take in hand.*

Incëptor, *öris. m. a beginner, an enterpriser.*

Incëptum, *i. n. a beginning, an attempt, an undertaking, an enterprise.*

Incëptus, *üs. m. an undertaking, an enterprise.*

Incëptamentum, *i. n. [ex in et cëra] a waring over.*

Incërtätus, *a, um. part. done over with war, centred.*

Incërtätillum, *i. n. dim. [ab incërtat] a ranging sieve, a searce, a colander, a strainer, a dröble.*

Incërtat, *äre, crëvi, crëtum.*

act. to sift; to range; to searce.

Incëro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to cover or do over with war.*

Incerto, *adv. uncertainly.*

Incërtum, *i. n. doubtfulness, uncertainty.*

Incërtus, *a, um. adj. uncertain, doubtful; inconstant, wavering; held in suspense, that knows not what course to take.*

Incëssio, *äre, i v. lvi, ätum. freq. [ab incëdo] to go; to come; to approach; to be at hand; to assault; to attack; to set upon; to seize; to provoke; to affront; to vex.*

Incëssus, *üs. m. [ab incëdo] a stately gait, a pace in walking, a march; a pass, a defile.*

Incëste, *adv. incestuously, unchastely, impurely.*

Incëstificus, *a, um. adj. that pollutes by incest, incestuous.*

Incësto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to defile by incest; to abuse one carnally; to defile by reason of a dead body.*

Incëstum, *i. n. incest.*

Incëstuosus, *a, um. adj. incestuous.*

Incëstus, *a, um. adj. [ab in et castus] unchaste, adulterous; ribaldrous, filthy; guilty, profane; incestuous.*

Incëstus, *üs. m. incest, marriage with one too near a-kin; all kinds of uncleanness.*

Incëstus, *a, um. part. begun, imperfect.*

Incëvo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to begin; to perform; to finish.*

Incëdit, *impers. it happened.*

Incëdo, *äre, i, äsum. neut. [ex in et cado] to fall into; to fall upon; to fall; to meet with; to befall; to happen.*

Incëdo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. [ex in et cado] to cut; to chop; to engrave; to clip; to pare about; to etch; to grave; to write; to cut; to make shorter; to make an end of; to leave off.*

Incëns, *tis. adj. [ab in et cëo] pregnant, very big, or near having young.*

Incëlle, *is. n. a trench, ditch, or furrow, a watercourse.*

Incëlle, *is, e. adj. belonging to or like gutters.*

Incëctus, *a, um. part. girded, environed, hemmed in.*

Incëgo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to gird about; to environ; to compass in.*

Incëgo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. [ex in et cëno] to sing; to play upon instruments.*

Incëpio, *äre, cëpi, cëptum. act. [ex in et cëpio] to begin; to enterprise; to attempt.*

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Incëpissio, *äre, — act. to begin; to attempt.*

Incëise et Incëisim, *adv. piece meal, concisely, or by short sentences or members.*

Incëisio, *önis. f. an incision or cutting; a short pointing of a sentence.*

Incëisum, *i. n. a short member of a sentence, called a comma.*

Incëisura, *æ. f. a cut, a gash, incision; a jag, a notch; a line in one's hand.*

Incëisus, *a, um. part. [ab incëdo] cut, graced, or carved in; snipt or jagged; cut off, disappointed.*

Incëisus, *üs. m. a cutting, an incision.*

Incëta, *æ. f. [sc. linea] an extremity or the farthest bound. Vid. Incitus.*

Incëitamentum, *i. n. an incitement, motive, inducement, or encouragement; allurements, attraction.*

Incëitäre, *adv. hastily, speedily, flowingly.*

Incëitatio, *önis. f. a hastening; an emotion, a provocation, an encouragement, incentive, incitement, instigation.*

Incëitatus, *a, um. part. stirred up, set forward, hastened, incited, or spurred on; actuated, animated, instigated; hasty, speedy, earnest.*

Incëitatus, *üs. m. a moving or stirring up.*

Incëito, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to incite; to stir up; to animate; to actuate; to encourage; to instigate; to spur on; to hasten; to put forward.*

Incëitus, *a, um. part. [ab incëo] moved, stirred, hasty, speedy, quick.*

Incëivilis, *is, e. adj. uncivil, clownish, disingenuous, rude, ill bred.*

Incëiviltër, *adv. uncivilly, clownishly.*

Incëlamätus, *a, um. part. called upon.*

Incëlamitor, *äri, ätus. freq. to be bawled at; to be ruled at. Incëlamö, äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to explain; to cry out to; to call to or upon; to cry out upon; to chide; to rail at.*

Incëläreo, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to grow famous and considerable; to get credit and reputation.*

Incëläresco, *äre, — incept. to become famous; to rise in reputation.*

Incëlämens, *tis. adj. ungentle, unkind, churlish, merciless, pitiless, harsh, rigorous.*

Incëlämenter, *adv. harshly, unkindly, without pity, unmercifully.*

Incëlämentia, *æ. f. cruelty, unmercifulness, rigour, sharpness.*

Inclinābilis, is, e. adj. *inclinable*.
Inclinatio, ōnis, a leaning or bowing downwards; a bias; an inclination or disposition; a change or alteration; a revolution, a climate.
Inclinatus, a, um. part. et adj. *stooping, bending, awry; inclined, prone; abated, turned, weakened, coming to an end, wearing away, going down; fallen to decay; flagging, drooping, giving way*.
Inclinis, is, e. adj. *bending forward, stooping; unbent, straight*.
Inclinō, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. et neut. *to bend or bow down; to incline; to change; to turn; to lessen; to impair; to abuse*. Neut. *to decline; to decay; to grow worse or better; to recoil; to give back; to shrink*.
Includō, ēre, claudō, clausum. act. [*ex in et claudō*] *to include; to inclose; to shut up; to hinder; to keep in; to enchain, grave, or set in*.
Inclusio, ōnis, f. *a shutting or inclosing in; an imprisonment*.
Inclusus, a, um. part. *shut up, besieged; contained, inclosed, included*.
Inclutus, a, u. n. adj. v.
Inclutus, a, um. *seimus*, sup. adj. *famous, glorious, noble, excellent, of great renown*.
Incoactus, a, um. adj. *voluntary, unconstrained*.
Incoctilis, is, e. adj. *tinned, leaded, silvered, or gilded over or within*.
Incoctus, a, um. part. et adj. [*ab incoquo*] *scalded, boiled, infused; sun-burnt; soaked in or seasoned with; unripe, not considered or digested*.
Inconans, tis. part. *supping within doors*.
Inconatus, a, um. adj. *not having supped, supperless*.
Inconia, is, e. adj. *superfluous*.
Inceptio, Vid. *Inceptio*. &c.
Incohibibilis, is, e. adj. *thoughtless, giddy*.
Incohibens, tis. adj. *rash, foolish, inadvertent, thoughtless, unadvised, inconsiderate*.
Incoquantia, æ. f. *incoquancy, inadvertency, indiscretion, inconsiderateness*.
Incoquantus, a, um. adj. *inconsiderate, thoughtless; never contrived before*.
Incoquo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. *to contrive*.
Incoquantus, a, um. adj. *unknown, unheard; not tried at law*.
Incola, æ. c. g. [*ab incolō*] *an*

inhabitant, a dweller, a sojourner.
Incolō, ēre, ui, ultum. act. *to inhabit; to continue; to abide; to dwell in*.
Incolūmis, is, e. adj. *safe, sound; whole, entire*.
Incolūmitas, itis. f. *safety, soundness, healthiness*.
Incolūmītus, a, um. adj. *unaccompanied, alone, without any attendants*.
Incommendatus, a, um. adj. *uncommended*.
Incommode, adv. *out of time and season, inconveniently; scuriously, ill-favouredly; incommodiously, disadvantageously, disadvantageously*.
Incommōditas, itis. f. *incommodity, inconvenience, unseasonableness, hurtfulness, disadvantage*.
Incommōdo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to incommode; to cross; to annoy; to do one a spite*.
Incommōdum, i. n. *an inconvenience, disadvantage or misfortune; illness, annoyance; loss, foil, damage*.
Incommōdus, a, um. adj. *inconvenient, inconvenient, disadvantageous, troublesome; noisome, improper, hurtful; teasing, uneasy*.
Incomparabilis, is, e. adj. *excelling beyond all competition, incomparable*.
Incompertus, a, um. adj. *not certainly found out or known; imperceptible*.
Incompōsite, adv. *disorderly, inordinately*.
Incompōsitus, a, um. adj. *disordered, inordinate, decomposed, unhandsome, unseemly; huddled, immethodical, incompact*.
Incomprehensibilis, is, e. adj. *that cannot be comprehended, incomprehensible*.
Incomprehensus, a, um. adj. *not to be fully understood, incomprehensible*.
Incompertus, a, um. adj. *untrimmed, uncombed; slovenly, rough, unpolished*.
Inconcessus, a, um. adj. *unallowed, not granted or permitted; unlawful*.
Inconcilio, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to trouble; to set at discord; to put out of order; to provoke one and make him his enemy; to deceive*.
Inconcinctas, itis. f. *unhand-someness, ill-fashionedness*.
Inconcinuus, a, um. adj. *unhandsome, ill-fashioned, improper, incompact*.
Inconcussus, a, um. adj. *unmoved, unshaken*.
Incondite, adv. *confusedly, ungracefully*.

Inconditus, a, um. adj. *indigest-ed, ill put together, rude, confused, unpolished, uncovered, unburied*.
Inconfectus, a, um. adj. *indigested*.
Inconfusus, a, um. adj. *not confounded or disordered*.
Incongruens, tis. adj. *disagreeable, unsuitable*.
Inconsequētia, æ. f. *inconsequences*.
Inconsiderantia, æ. f. *want consideration, indiscretion, rashness, thoughtlessness*.
Inconsiderate, adv. *rashly, unadvisedly, inconsiderately, carelessly, giddily, impolitely, injudiciously*.
Inconsideratus, a, um. adj. *inconsiderate, unadvised, thoughtless, rash, impolite, indiscreet, injudicious*.
Inconsolabilis, is, e. adj. *inconsolable*.
Inconspicuus, a, um. adj. *not conspicuous or remarkable*.
Inconstans, tis. adj. *inconstant, light, wavering, capricious, changeable, fanciful, fantastical, giddy, irresolute*.
Inconstanter, adv. *inconstantly, irresolutely, unsteadfastly, lightly*.
Inconstantia, æ. f. *inconstancy, irresolution, wavering, changeableness, unsteadiness; uncertainty*.
Inconsultus, a, um. adj. *unaccustomed, unwonted*.
Inconsulte, adv. *without counsel, unadvisedly; rashly, indiscreetly; foolishly, impolitically, inconsiderately, injudiciously, thoughtlessly*.
Inconsultus, a, um. adj. *un-counselled, unadvised, rash, foolish, indiscreet, brainless, impolitic*.
Inconsultu, abl. m. *without aid or vice*.
Inconsumptus, a, um. adj. *unconsumed, unspent, unwasted, endless, everlasting*.
Incontaminatus, a, um. adj. *undefiled, unpolluted*.
Incontentus, a, um. adj. *not stretched out, unbent, not screwed up*.
Incontiens, tis. adj. *incontinent, unchaste, unstead, loose; that has no command of his lust or passions*.
Incontinenter, adv. *incontinently; without moderation or self-government*.
Incontinentia, æ. f. *a not holding; incontinency, debauchery, lasciviousness*.
Incontroversus, a, um. adj. *not controverted, indisputable*.
Inconvēniens, tis. adj. *inconvenient, unseemly, unfit, disagreeable*.

Inebquo, ēre, coxi, coctum. act. to boil in; to boil together; to cover brass with silver, tin, or lead.

Incorpōrālis, is, e. adj. that has no body.

Incorpōreus, a, um. adj. incorporeal, having no body.

Incorrectus, a, um. adj. uncorrected.

Incorrupte, adv. incorruptly, disinterestedly, without bribes.

Incorruptus, a, um. adj. incorrupt, pure, sincere, entire, perfect, untainted; not to be bribed or corrupted, disinterested.

Incrēresco, ēre, brui, v. bul. — incept. to grow and increase more and more; to grow frequent; to prevail; to get footing; to be much known; to be noised abroad far and near.

Increbro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to have a thing often.

Incrēdibilis, is, e. adj. not to be believed, incredible, marvelous, strange.

Incrēdibiliter, adv. incredibly, strangely.

Incrēdūlus, a, um. adj. incredulous, hard of belief, diffident.

Incrēmātus, a, um. adj. burnt, consumed by fire.

Incrēmētum, i. n. [ex *incresco*] increase, improvement, a growing, rising; addition, augmentation; an advancement, promotion; a largess, a liberality; an offspring.

Incrēpō, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to make a rattling noise; to chide; to rebuke one sharply; to rate; to blame often; to check.

crēpitus, a, um. part. chidden, blamed, rebuked, checked, or launted at.

Incrēpo, ēre, ui et āvi, ātum. neut. to rattle; to sound forth; to make a noise; to strike; to beat; to chide; to reprimand; to check; to publish; to vaunt abroad; to accuse; to blame.

Increasco, ēre, crēvi, crētum. neut. to grow upon; to grow in stature; to thrive; to grow and increase.

Incrēto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex *in et creta*] to whiten with chalk.

Incrētus, a, um. part. [ab *incernor*] It. adj. sifted through, cleansed, purged, mingled.

Incruentūlus, a, um. adj. not stained with blood; not defiled or imbrued with blood.

Incruentus, a, um. adj. without bloodshed, bloodless.

Incrusto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act.

to parget; to rough-cast; to make in a hard crust.

Incūbātio, ōnis. f. a lying upon, a sitting abroad, incubation.

Incūbātus, ūs. m. a brooding.

Incūbito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab *incubo*] to couch; to lie down in a place; to lie upon.

Incūbitus, ūs. m. a brooding, a lying or leaning upon.

Incūbo, ēre, ui et āvi, ātum. neut. to lie or sit upon; to brood; to sit; to hover over; to cover; to shadow; to dwell in; to have in one's eye; to watch and lie in wait for; to engross; to sit brooding.

Inculcātus, a, um. part. driven in; often repeated, beaten in to the memory.

Inculco, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex *in et calco*] to drive in; to ram down; to repeat often; to inculcate; to force upon.

Inculpātus, a, um. adj. blameless, irreprovable, irreprehensible.

Inculte, adv. rudely, clownishly, carelessly, without any dress.

Incultus, a, um. adj. untitled, unmanured, uninhabited, desert; undressed, untrimmed, unhandsome, homely, clownish, rude.

Incultus, ūs. m. rudeness, carelessness, want of dress or improvement.

Incumba, ē. f. that part of a pillar in vaults and arches on which the weight of the whole building lies.

Incumbo, ēre, cūbui, cūbitum. neut. to lean or lie upon; to stay or rest upon; to mind a thing; to apply earnestly and vigorously; to incline; to tend; to brood; to hatch.

Incinābūla, ōrum. n. [dict. a *cunila*] a cradle or cradle-clothes; children's clouts; the age of infancy; one's nativity, soil, or place of birth; the beginning and first principles of things.

Incūrātus, a, um. adj. uncured, unhealed.

Incūria, ē. f. negligence, carelessness, heedlessness.

Incūriōse, adv. negligently, carelessly.

Incūriōsus, a, um. adj. careless, heedless, regardless, negligent, negligently done.

Incurro, ēre, i. sum. neut. to run in, upon, or against; to incur; to light on; to meet by chance; to make an incursion, invasion; to fall into; to assail; to attack.

Incurtus, a, um. part. overrun, invaded.

Incurtio, ōnis. f. a jussling, a hitting; a shock or charge;

an invasion of enemies, an inroad or incursion.

Incurtito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to make frequent inroads; to stumble on.

Incurso, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab *incurro*] to over-run; to invade; to run against; to assault; to run upon.

Incursus, ūs. m. [ab *incurro*] an inroad; the charge or falling on of an enemy; a push or shock; force, vehemence.

Incurvatio, ōnis. f. a bowing or bending, incurvation.

Incurvesco, ēre, —. incept. to bow down; to grow crooked.

Incurvo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to crook; to bow; to bend; to move; to prevail with.

Incurvus, a, um. adj. crooked; stooping, bowed down.

Incus, ūdis. f. [ex *in et cudo*] a smith's anvil.

Inciūsatio, ōnis. f. a blaming or accusing.

Inciūsō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to blame; to find fault with; to complain of one; to accuse.

Inciussus, a, um. part. [ab *incutio*] dashed, bruised; incited.

Inciussus, ūs. m. a dashing or bruising.

Inciustoditus, a, um. adj. not kept, not well looked to, untended.

Inciūsus, a, um. adj. pecked, denied in.

Incūtio, ēre, uasi, uasum. act. [ex *in et quatio*] to strike; to smite; to dash upon or into; to cast into.

Indāgatio, ōnis. f. a searching, exploring, or seeking out diligently, an investigation.

Indāgator, ōris. m. a diligent hunter, inquirer, searcher, or seeker out.

Indāgātrix, icis. f. she who inquires or searches.

Indāgātus, a, um. part. diligently searched, explored, investigated.

Indāgo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to seek; to search out; to trace and find out; to make diligent inquiry; to explore; to investigate.

Indāgo, gnis. f. toils, nets, or bays; a diligent searching or inquiring into; a restraint or prohibition.

Inde, adv. thence, from that place; from that person, from that time; next after, thenceforth, afterwards; on that occasion, after that cause.

Indēbitus, a, um. part. not due, not promised, unjust.

Indēcens, tis. adj. indecent, misbecoming, unseemly.

Indēcēter, adv. unseemly, un-

comely or misbecoming, indecently.
Indiceo, ēre, ui, — neut. to misbecome.
Indeclīnābilis, is, e. adj. constant, invariable; that will not bend or turn.
Indeclīnātus, a, um. adj. firm, constant, invariable, steadfast.
Indecōr, ōris, v. Indecōris, is, e. adj. unseemly, misbecoming.
Indecore, adv. unhandsomely, misbecomingly, indecently.
Indecōris, is, e. adj. unbecoming, unhandsome, inconvenient.
Indecōrus, a, um. adj. unbecoming, unhandsome, unseemly, indecent.
Indefatigābilis, is, e. adj. indefatigable.
Indefensus, a, um. adj. without defence, undefended, unprotected.
Indefessus, a, um. adj. unwearied, indefatigable.
Indefētus, a, um. adj. unlamented, unawaited.
Indeflexus, a, um. adj. unbent, unbowed, constant, stiff.
Indelēctus, a, um. adj. that is not cast down.
Indelēssātus, a, um. adj. unwearied, unfatigued.
Indelēbilis, is, e. adj. indelible, unperishable.
Indelēctus, a, um. adj. undelighted.
Indelūātus, a, um. adj. undiminished, untouched, undefiled, pure.
Indēmātus, a, um. adj. unheard, untried, uncondemned.
Indēmnis, is, e. adj. without hurt or damage; harmless.
Indēnuntiātus, a, um. adj. not denounced beforehand.
Indēplōrātus, a, um. adj. unawaited.
Indēprāvātus, a, um. adj. not corrupted or depraved.
Indēprehensibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be found out.
Indēprehensus et per sync. Indēpreñsus, a, um. adj. untaken, uncaught, unfound.
Indeptus, a, um. part. [ab indipiscor] having gotten.
Indescriptus, a, um. adj. not described.
Indesertus, a, um. adj. unforseen, not abandoned.
Indespectus, a, um. adj. undespised, undisdained, not slighted.
Indestrius. Vid. Indistrius.
Indevitātus, a, um. adj. unavoidable.
Index, icis. c. g. a discoverer, a shower; a prognostic or symptom; an informer, an impeacher; a mark, a token; the title of a book; an index;

a touchstone for gold and silver; the fore-finger.
Indicatio, ōnis. f. the pricing or setting a price upon wares; an indication, an intimation.
Indicātura, ō. f. the setting a price upon any thing.
Indicātus, a, um. part. shown, discovered, declared, priced.
Indicium, i. n. a communication, a discovery; a sign, token, hint or mark; a symptom.
Indico, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ab index] to discover; to acquaint; to intimate; to indicate; to disclose; to relate; to show; to set the price.
Indico, ēre, dixi, dictum. act. to denounce; to proclaim; to publish; to appoint; not to tell or say.
Indictus, a, um. part. declared, proclaimed; bidden, invited to, bespoken; unspoken, unsaid; not pleaded, not proclaimed.
Indicum, i. n. a kind of colour mixed with blue and purple; indigo.
Indilem, adv. thence, from the same place.
Indies, rectius in dies. from day to day, daily.
Indifferens, tis. adj. indifferent, ordinary; not very curious or nice.
Indifferenter, adv. indifferently, either the one or the other; not caring much.
Indigēna, ō. c. g. a native, born and bred in the same country or town; home-bred. It is sometimes joined to a noun in the sense of an adjective; as, Indigēna vinum.
Indignus, tis. part. et adj. that is in necessity, needy, lacking, wanting, poor, indigent.
Indigentia, ō. f. need, lack, poverty, indigence.
Indigeo, ēre, ui, — neut. to want; to stand in need.
Indiges, ōtis. c. g. a god made of a man, a home-made god or god of our country; a canonized saint.
Indigestus, a, um. part. indigested, confused, disordered, immethodical.
Indigētur, impers. there is need of.
Indignābundus, a, um. adj. angry.
Indignans, tis. part. et adj. disdaining, chafing, fuming, angry, displeased; unworthy.
Indignatio, ōnis. f. indignation, anger.
Indignātūcūla, m. f. dim. a little pet or chagrin.
Indignātus, a, um. part. scorning, disdaining, not enduring.
Indigne, adv. undeservedly, unworthily, basely.

Indignitas, ōtis. f. baseness of birth or condition; meanness; indignity, unworthiness, heinousness.
Indignor, āri, ātus. dep. to scorn; to disdain; to think scorn of; to fret and chafe; to be displeased; to be out of patience or discontented; to be angry with; to take in dudgeon; not to endure; to refuse.
Indignus, a, um. adj. unworthy, unbecoming; unfit or unmeet; sad, shameful, horrible; underserving, either of good or evil; unhandsome, base, heinous.
Indigus, a, um. adj. needing, necessitous, in want of.
Indiligens, tis. adj. negligent, careless, heedless, sluggish.
Indiligenter, adv. negligently, carelessly, giddily.
Indiligentia, ō. f. negligence, carelessness, heedlessness, sluggishness.
Indipiscor, i, deptus. dep. to obtain; to get; to attain.
Indirectus, a, um. adj. indirect, unhandsome, out of order.
Indreptus, a, um. adj. part. uplugged, unransacked.
Indiscrētus, a, um. adj. not severed or distinguished; all alike, without difference or distinction; indistinct.
Indiserte, adv. without eloquence or good language.
Indisertus, a, um. adj. ineloquent, ill-spoken.
Indispensātus, a, um. adj. not moderated, unbounded.
Indispōsite, adv. confusedly, disorderly.
Indispōtus, a, um. adj. disordered.
Indissolūbilis, is, e. adj. indissoluble, immortal.
Indissolūtus, a, um. adj. no loosed.
Indistinctus, a, um. adj. not distinguished, not differing; in distinct, confused, inarticulate.
Indistricus, a, um. adj. unwounded, without scar or hurt.
Inditus, a, um. part. [ab indo] put or set in; clapt upon, built.
Individuus, a, um. adj. inseparable, individual; constantly together, seldom parted.
Indivisus, a, um. adj. undivided, uncloven.
Indo, ēre, idi, itum. act. to put or set in; to put or lay upon.
Indocilis, is, e. adj. who cannot be taught, indocile, blockish; natural, that has not been taught.
Indocte, adv. unlearnedly, unskilfully.
Indoctus, a, um. adj. unlearned,

ignorant, illiterate, unskilful, awkward; unaccustomed.
Indolentia, æ. f. the feeling or having no pain.
Indoleo, Ære, ui, Ætum. neut. v. Indolesco, Ære, —. **incept.** to be sorry; to be grieved; to feel pain.
Indoles, is. f. a growth or increase; a natural towardliness or disposition; aptness; a vein, a race, a breed, a strain.
Indomābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be tamed, untamable.
Indomitus, a, um. adj. untamed, wild; impotent, unconquerable; invincible, not to be conquered.
Indormio, Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. to sleep upon; to be sluggish or slow.
Indotatus, a, um. adj. undowered, unendowed; not honoured with funeral obsequies.
Indubitābilis, is, e. adj. indubitable, not to be doubted.
Indubitanter, adv. doubtlessly.
Indubitatus, a, um. adj. undoubted, certain.
Indubitō, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to doubt much.
Indubius, a, um. adj. certain, questionless.
Inducim, Ærim. pl. f. a truce, respite, or ceasing from war.
Induco, Ære, duxi, ductum. act. to introduce; to lead or bring in; to cover or draw over; to persuade; to make void; to cancel; to abolish; to annul; to erase; to blot; to strike out; to draw in; to deceive; to put or draw on; to bring forth; to produce.
Inductio, Ænis. f. a bringing into or along; a bringing in, an introduction; a rhetorical induction.
Inductus, a, um. part. brought in; introduced; induced, moved, persuaded; raised or stricken out; put on; plastered, daubed, covered over, besmeared.
Inductus, ūs. m. a persuasion.
Inductūla, æ. f. [ab inducendo] a woman's under garment.
Indulgens, tis. part. et adj. indulging, condescending; indulgent, gracious, kind, tender; treated with indulgence, pampered, made much of.
Indulgenter, adv. kindly.
Indulgentia, æ. f. indulgence, fondness, pampering; calmness, gentleness, lenity, forbearance; grace, favour; a pardon, a dispensation.
Indulgeo, Ære, si. tum. neut. to indulge; to caress; to gratify; to pamper; not to insist on one's authority; to let one have his will; to be kind and

civil; to make much of; to follow after; to give one's self up to; to concede; to grant; to dispense with.
Induo, Ære, i, ūtum. act. to put into or upon; to cover over; to besmear; to daub over; to assume; to take upon one.
Induprator, Æris. m. pro Imperator.
Indurātia, a, um. part. et adj. hardened, made hard.
Indureo, Ære, ui, — et Induresco, Ære, —. neut. incept. to grow hard.
Induro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to indurate; to make hard.
Industrius, a, um. adj. [ab induo] one that makes under garments.
Indūsum, i. n. a shirt, shift, smock, petticoat, or other under garment.
Industria, æ. f. thoughtfulness, carefulness, providence, carefulness; endeavour, diligence, a pains-taking, labour.
Industrie, adv. carefully, industriously.
Industriose, adv. industriously.
Industrius, a, um. adj. industrious, sharp, active, brisk, careful, diligent.
Indutus, a, um. part. clothed, covered, daubed over.
Indutus, ūs. m. clothing, apparel.
Induvio, Ærum. pl. f. clothes, apparel put on.
Induvium, i. n. the bark of a tree.
Inebrio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ex in int. et ebrius] to make drunk; to inebriate; to intoxicate.
Inedia, æ. f. want of victuals, hunger, a fasting.
Ineditus, a, um. adj. not published.
Ineffābilis, is, e. adj. not to be spoken or expressed; ineffable.
Inefficax, Æcis. adj. ineffectual, of no force or strength.
Inelāboratus, a, um. adj. unlaboured, inaccurate.
Inelāgans, tis. adj. without beauty or grace.
Inelāganter, adv. inelegantly.
Ineluctābilis, is, e. adj. not to be struggled against, unavoidable.
Inemendābilis, is, e. adj. not to be amended.
Inemrior, i, mortuus. dep. to die in a thing; not to leave till death.
Inemptus, a, um. adj. unbought.
Inenarrābilis, is, e. adj. not to be expressed or related, inexpressible.
Inenarrābiliter, adv. inexpressibly.

Inenodābilis, is, e. adj. not to be loosed, intricate.
Ineo, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to go or enter into; to enter upon; to commence; to lie with; to couple with.
Ineptie, adv. [ex in et apte] sillily, foolishly, indiscreetly, absurdly, awkwardly, foppishly, impertinently.
Ineptia, æ. f. silliness, absurdity, foolishness, foppishness, impertinence; a silly story, a tale; a witty jest.
Ineptio, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to trifle; to toy; to talk or act foolishly.
Ineptus, a, um. adj. [ex in priv. et aptus] unfit, improper, insufficient, impertinent; silly, foolish, simple, giddy.
Inequābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be ridden over.
Inequito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to ride in.
Inermis, is, e. adj. [ex in priv. et arma] unarmed; weak, rude, unlearned.
Inermis, a, um. adj. weaponless, unarmed.
Inerrans, tis. adj. that does not wander or move; fixed.
Inerro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [ex in int. et erro] to wander up and down; to straggle; to seize on one place after another.
Iners, tis. adj. artless; slothful, lazy, sluggish; inactive, clumsy; dull, heavy, stupid, motionless; faint, feeble; in sipid, flat, stiff; barren, unfruitful.
Inertia, æ. f. ignorance or unskilfulness in arts; laziness, idleness, sloth, inactivity; luxury, softness, dissolute living; a lying still, a doing nothing.
Inertitūla, æ. f. [ab inertia] a sort of vine, the wine whereof is dull in operation.
Inerūdite, adv. unlearnedly, unskilfully.
Inerūditus, a, um. adj. unlearned.
Inescātus, a, um. part. taken with a bait; allured, trepanned, wheedled.
Inesco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to entrap; to lay a bait; to wheedle; to allure; to trepan.
Inevitābilis, is, e. adj. inevitable, unavoidable, indispensable, irresistible.
Inēvolutus, a, um. adj. not unwrapped; unread.
Inexcitābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be awaked.
Inexcltus, a, um. adj. not raised; not drawn together.
Inexcogitatus, a, um. adj. unthought of, not found out.
Inexcusābilis, is, e. adj. not to be excused.

Inexercitatus, a, um. adj. *unexercised, unpractised.*
Inexercitus, a, um. adj. *not exercised, undisciplined.*
Inexhaustus, a, um. adj. *not to be exhausted, inexhaustible; insatiable.*
Inexorabilis, is, e. adj. *not to be prevailed with, implacable, inexorable.*
Inexperrectus, a, um. adj. *not awakened.*
Inexpertus, a, um. adj. *unassayed, untried, unattempted; not having tried, unacquainted with.*
Inexpiables, is, e. adj. *not to be atoned; irreconcilable, obstinate.*
Inexplānātus, a, um. adj. *indistinct, stammering.*
Inexplēbilis, is, e. adj. *not to be filled, insatiable.*
Inexpletus, a, um. adj. *not completed, not finished; insatiable, insatiable.*
Inexplēcibilis, is, e. adj. *not to be explained, inexplicable, intricate; inextricable.*
Inexplicitus, a, um. adj. *not explained, dark, obscure, intricate.*
Inexplōrātē et Inexplōrātō, adv. *without search; precipitately, too adventurously.*
Inexplōrātus, a, um. adj. *unsearched, untried, undiscovered.*
Inexpugnābilis, is, e. adj. *not to be conquered or subdued; impregnable, insuperable, invincible, insurmountable.*
Inexpūcābilis, is, e. adj. *not to be numbered, innumerable.*
Inextēstūrabilis, is, e. adj. *not to be filled or satisfied.*
Inextinctus, a, um. adj. *not to be quenched, inextinguishable; immortal; insatiable.*
Inextirpābilis, is, e. adj. *not to be rooted out.*
Inextricābilis, is, e. adj. *not to be disengaged from, inextricable, irrecoverable.*
Inextēpārābilis, is, e. adj. *that cannot be climbed over; not to be conquered or surmounted.*
Infabre, adv. *not workmanlike, bunglingly, rudely.*
Infabricatus, a, um. adj. *unwrought, unknown.*
Inficte et Inficte, adv. *unpleasantly, untruly.*
Inficētia v. potius Inficētia, ōrum. pl. f. *poor-fests.*
Inficētus et Inficētus, a, um. adj. *clownish, unpleasant, rude, unpolished, not witty.*
Influentius, a, um. adj. *ineloquent, rude in speech.*
Infinītus, a, um. part. *spoken ill of, defamed, aspersed, branded.*
Inlēmnia, ō. f. *an ill report an*

aspersion, disparagement, obloquy; disgrace, dishonour, infamy, ignominy.
Infāmis, is, e. adj. *disreputable, dishonourable, ignominious, ill-spoken of; unlucky, dismal; filthy.*
Infāmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to defame; to disgrace; to slander; to discredit; to decry; to confute; to divulge; to spread abroad; to waste; to ruin; to destroy.*
Infandum, adv. *O abominable! O horrible!*
Infandus, a, um. adj. *so great, cruel, strange, abominable or heinous, as not to be expressed.*
Infans, tis. adj. *not able to speak, mute; ineloquent, speaking ill; small, little.*
Infans, tis. m. et f. [sc. puer v. puella] *a child.*
Infantia, ō. f. *want of utterance, lack of eloquence; infancy, childhood; somewhat like infancy.*
Infantilis, is, e. adj. *belonging to infancy.*
Infardio v. **Infercio**, fre, si, tum. act. *to stuff; to cram.*
Infatigābilis, is, e. adj. *not to be wearied, indefatigable.*
Infātus, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make one a fool; to besot; to insauvate.*
Infāustus, a, um. adj. *unlucky, unprosperous, unfortunate, disastrous, dismal, ill-fated.*
Infectivus, a, um. adj. *belonging to colouring, dying or painting.*
Insector, ōris. m. [ab inficō] *a dyer; that which dyes.*
Infectus, a, um. part. [ab inficō] *dyed, stained; poisoned, infected, envenomed.*
Infectus, a, um. adj. [ex in priv. et factus] *not done, undone; not made, unaccomplished, unperformed, unroughed, rude.*
Infectus, ūs. m. [ab inficō] *a dying.*
Infelicitas, ātis. f. *unhappiness, adversity, infelicity.*
Infelictus, adv. *unluckily, unhappily, unsuccessfully, disastrously.*
Infelictus, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make unhappy; to plague.*
Infelix, icis. adj. *unhappy, miserable; unfortunate, unsuccessful; useless, barren, unfruitful; cursed.*
Inense, adv. *deadly, eagerly.*
Inenso, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to harass; to spoil; to ravage.*
Inensus, a, um. part. *angry, displeased, offended; ill, bad.*
Inferi, ōrum. m. pl. *those below; the gods or shades below.*
Inferim, ārum. pl. f. *sacrifices to the infernal gods for the dead.*

Inferuus, ātis. adj. *growing or being below; growing in the Apennines.*
Inferne, adv. *below.*
Infernus, a, um. adj. [ab infra] *infernal; lying below.*
Infero, ferre, tūll, illātum. act. *to bring in or into; to bring upon; to lay to; to apply; to conclude from premises; to infer.*
Inervescio, ēre, fēci, factum. act. *to make hot.*
Inerveo, ēre, bui, — v. **Inervesco**, ēre, — neut. *to be hot; to be boiling hot.*
Inforus, a, um. adj. [ab infra] *beneath, below. ior, comp. lower, inferior.*
Infestator, ōris. m. *a troubler, a vexer, a robber.*
Infeste, adv. *troublesomely, vexatiously, mischievously, outrageously.*
Inesto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to trouble; to vex; to plague; to infect; to disquiet; to molest; to spoil; to damage.*
Infestus, a, um. adj. *bearing great grudge or hatred; spiteful, malicious; troublesome, vexatious, grievous; hostile, perplexed, doubtful, adverse; unsafe, dangerous. Pass. hated, envied; exposed, obnoxious.*
Infibulo et Infibulo, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to clasp or join together; to buckle up.*
Inficilis, is, e. adj. *pertaining to denying.*
Inficinas, acc. pluralis. *a denial.*
Inficiatio, ōnis. f. *a denial, a disapprobation, disavowing; a pleading Not guilty.*
Inficiator, ōris. m. *a denier, a cheat.*
Inficiātus, a, um. part. *denying, disavowing.*
Inficio, ēre, fēci, factum. act. *to stain; to dye; to colour; to infect; to tincture; to imbue; to instruct; to corrupt; to spoil; to vitiate.*
Inficior, āri, ātus. dep. *to deny; to disavow; to disown; to disfigure.*
Infidelis, is, e. adj. *unfaithful, treacherous, deceitful.*
Infidelitas, ātis. f. *treachery, infidelity, perfidy, faithlessness, disloyalty.*
Infideliter, adv. *unfaithfully, treacherously, deceitfully.*
Infidus, a, um. adj. *unfaithful, disloyal, false, treacherous; mutable, not to be depended on.*
Infigo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to fix; to fasten in; to thrust, shove or stick in; to incut; to fix in the mind.*
Infinātes, um. pl. m. [ab infimus] *the dregs of the people the rascality.*

amissus, a, um, adj. *most contemptible, mean or sorry; lowest, most submissive.*
Infando, ēre, fidi, fassum. act. to cut; to cleave.
Infinitas, ātis. f. *infinitely, infiniteness, endlessness, unmeasurableness, generality.*
Infinito, adv. *et infinito, without measure, vehemently.*
Infinitus, a, um, adj. [*ex in neg. et finis*] *infinite, indefinite; great, much, endless, vast, excessive.*
Infirmatio, ōnis. f. *a weakening, disabling, enfeebling; a confuting, a disproving.*
Infirmatus, a, um, part. *weakened, disabled, enfeebled; confuted, disproved.*
Infirmus, adv. *weakly, faintly, poorly.*
Infirmus, ātis. f. *weakness, feebleness; levity, sickness, frailty, inconstancy; a tendency to a breach.*
Infirmus, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to weaken; to invalidate; to lessen; to disprove; to control; to oppose; to confute; to refuse; to disable; to annul.
Infirmus, a, um, adj. *feeble, weak, invalid, infirm; not sure, not durable, not well cemented; variable, mutable, unsettled, irresolute; yielding small nourishment.*
Inist, defect. *he begins; he says or said.*
Inistus, a, um, part. *fastened or sticking in; bent, intent, set upon; fixed, not easily removed; encamped before a place, besieging.*
Inflammatio, ōnis. f. *a preteratural heat, an inflammation, *accension.*
Inflammatus, a, um, part. *inflamed, set on fire; excited, stirred up.*
Inflammo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to set on fire; to inflame; to excite; to incite; to stir up; to transport; to increase greatly; to exaggerate.
Inflato, adv. *swellingly; haughtily, proudly, boastingly.*
Inflatio, ōnis. f. *an inflation, a swelling.*
Inflatus, ūs. m. *a blowing upon; a sound or blast; an inspiration.*
Inflatus, a, um, part. *et adj.* *blown upon; blown apart, spread, dishevelled; puffed up, swollen; blown up, haughty.*
Inflexio v. **Inflexio**, ōnis. f. *a bowing, turning, or winding.*
Infecto, ēre, xi, xum. act. to infect; to bend in; to crook; to turn aside; to warp; to turn towards; to turn another way; to move; to alter.
Infectus, a, um, adj. [*ab in priv.*

et fletus] *unpitted, unlamented.*
Inflexibilis, is, e. adj. *not to be bent; not to be moved, inflexible, obstinate.*
Inflexus, a, um, part. *bowed, bended, made crooked; winding, turned towards; varied, altered.*
Inflexus, ūs. m. *a turning or bending.*
Influctus, a, um, part. *inflicted, struck, smitten.*
Infligo, ēre, xi, etum. act. [*ex in et ausq. fligo*] *to lay upon; to sting; to bring upon.*
Influo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to blow upon; to swell; to puff up; to inflate; to augment; to increase; to heighten.
Infloro, ēre, ui, — v. **Inflresco**, ēre, — neut. *to flourish.*
Influens, tis. part. *floving in; rushing in; abounding; falling off.*
Influo, ēre, xi, xum. neut. *to flow or run into; to rush in; to enter tumultuously; to slip easily and gently; to find easy admittance; to abound; to decrease; to fall off.*
Influvium, ii. n. *an effusion or overflowing.*
Instituto, ēre, fodi, asum. act. *to dig into or in; to plant; to inter; to bury.*
Infecunditas, ātis. f. *unfruitfulness, barrenness.*
Infecundus, a, um, adj. *unfruitful, addle, barren, sparing, yielding little of a thing.*
Informatio, ōnis. f. *information; a sketch or first draught of a thing; imagination, a prophetic notion traced on the mind antecedently to instruction.*
Informatus, a, um, part. *drawn out, made imperfectly; presumptive, anticipated; framed, constituted.*
Informidatus, a, um, adj. *not feared.*
Informis, is, e. adj. *shapeless; misshapen, ill-favoured, rude; filthy, dirty, nasty; dishonourable.*
Informo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to form; to shape; to fashion; to contrive; to design; to teach; to instruct; to inform.*
Inforo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [*ex in et forum*] *to put into the courts of the praetor.*
Infortunatus, a, um, adj. *unfortunate, unhappy, unprosperous, unlucky.*
Infortunium, ii. n. *ill luck, misfortune; a cross, disappointment, disgrace, inconvenience.*
Infossus, a, um, part. *dug in, covered with earth, set in the earth.*
Infra, prap. *below; under, un-*

derneath; below in age or price.
Infractio, ōnis. f. [*ab infringo*] *a breaking, fraction, infraction, a discouraging, a wavering, inconstancy.*
Infractus, a, um, part. [*ex in intens. et fractus*] *very much broken, broken to pieces, crumbled; weak, disabled, impotent, submissive; abated, lessened; discouraged, daunted.* [*Ex in priv. et fractus*] *unbroken, undaunted.*
Infrānātus et Infrēnātus, a, um, part. [*ex in epitat. et frēno*] *bridled.* [*ex in priv. et frēno*] *unbridled.*
Infrēnis, is, e. et **Infrēnus**, a, um, adj. *unbridled; incontinent, ungovernable.*
Infrēno, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [*ex in intens. et frēnum*] *to rein; to bridle; to hold back; to keep in.*
Infrāgilis, is, e. adj. *not easily broken; not discouraged, invincible, undaunted.*
Infrēmo, ēre, ui, ūtum. neut. [*ex in intens. et frēmo*] *to roar aloud; to rage tumultuously.*
Infrēndens, tis. part. [*ab infrēdeo*] *gnashing, growling.*
Infrēquens, tis. adj. *unfrequented, seldom visited; rare, seldom, infrequent; few, thin.*
Infrēquitas, ōis. f. *fewness, paucity, thinness.*
Infrātus, a, um, part. *crumbled, rubbed to powder.*
Infricatus, a, um, part. *rubbed in.*
Infrico, ēre, ui et ūvi, ictum et ūtum. act. *to rub in or upon.*
Infrictio, ōnis. f. *a rubbing.*
Infrigeo, ēre, xi, — neut. *to become cold.*
Infringo, ēre, frēgi, fractum. act. [*ex in et frango*] *to break to pieces; to break; to bruise; to tear or rend to pieces; to break; to quell; to prevail upon; to lessen; to diminish; to infringe; to dishearten; to discourage.*
Infrio, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to crumble in; to break with the fingers.*
Infrons, dis. v. *forte* **Infrondis**, is, e. adj. *leafless.*
Infructuosus, a, um, adj. *unfruitful, barren, yielding little; unprofitable, ineffectual.*
Infrūctus, a, um, part. *silly, foolish, sottish, nonsensical.*
Infructus, a, um, part. *coloured, cloaked, disguised.*
Infūco, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to paint; to daub over; to disguise; to counterfeit.*
Infūla, ōis. f. *a mitre, a turban; a label hanging on each side of a mitre; a kind of veil on the horns of a victim; a garland*

worn by those who sued for peace.

Infūlātus, a, um. part. wearing a priest's mitre.

Infulcio, īre, ai, tum. act. to thrust or cram in; to foist in.

Infūmātus, a, um. part. dried in the smoke.

Infūmo, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to dry in the smoke; to be-smoke.

Infundibulum, i. n. a tunnel or funnel to pour liquor into vessels; the hopper of a mill.

Infundo, īre, fūdī, fūsum. act. to pour in or into; to diffuse; to spread.

Infurnibulum, i. n. a peel with which bread is set into the oven.

Infuscat, a, um. part. made dark or blackish; troubled, muddy; corrupted.

Infusco, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. [ex in intens. et fusco] to make dusky or dark; to darken; to make muddy; to corrupt; to tarnish; to drown his voice; to dilute; to make pale; to allay.

Infuscus, a, um. adj. dark, swarthy, dusky.

Infusio, ōnis. f. a pouring in or upon, a steeping, an infusion.

Infusus, a, um. part. poured into; entering in great numbers; infused.

Infusus, ūs. m. an infusion or steeping in.

ingemīnātus, a, um. part. redoubled.

ingemino, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to double; to redouble; to ingeminate; to repeat often.

Neut. to increase much.

ingemisco, īre, —. incept. [ex in intens. et gemisco] to groan; to mourn; to grieve; to sigh and sob; to bewail.

ingemo, īre, ūi, —. neut. to lament. Act. to bewail; to mourn for.

ingenerātus, a, um. part. bred in one naturally.

ingenero, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to engender; to beget; to produce.

ingeniātus, a, um. adj. naturally given.

ingenūcūlātus, i. m. a certain constellation so called.

ingenūdo, adv. wittily, ingeniously.

ingenūsus, a, um. adj. naturally adapted; ingenious, sharp, witty; cunning, shrewd.

ingenitus, a, um. part. natural, bred in by nature.

ingenium, i. n. the nature, quality, disposition of a person or thing; capacity, memory, judgment, apprehension; wit, learning, arts, a device, a

contrivance; a wit or witty man.

Ingens, tis. adj. very great, huge, mighty, big, large, prodigious.

ingēnuus, adv. gentleman-like, freely, ingenuously.

ingēnuitas, ūis. f. ingenuity, freedom, frankness, fashionableness.

ingēnuus, a, um. adj. freedom, of good extraction, ingenuous, honest; liberal; handsome, comely; fine, nice, daintily; natural.

ingēro, īre, gessī, gestum. act. to throw, pour, or cast in or upon; to heap upon; to thrust into.

ingestābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be borne.

ingestus, a, um. part. [ab ingero] carried or thrown in; pressed or heaped upon; forced upon.

ingigno, īre, gēnui, genitum. act. to engender; to breed in.

inglōmēro, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to heap up; to wind up.

inglōrius, a, um. adj. inglorious; of no renown; mean, obscure, private.

inglūvies, ei. f. the gargle, veins and throat-hole; the craw, crop, or gorge of a bird; gluttony, gormandising.

ingrandesco, īre, ūi, —. incept. to grow big; to increase.

ingrāte, adv. unthankfully; ungratefully, discontentedly.

ingrātus, monopt in abl. pl. in spite of your teeth, whether you will or no, no thanks to you.

ingrātus, adv. [contr. pro ingrātus] by constraint, in spite of thy heart, whether one will or no.

ingrātus, a, um. adj. unpleasant, offensive, unacceptable; unkind, unthankful, ungrateful.

ingravesco, īre, —. incept. to grow more heavy; to become worse; to increase; to grow bigger; to rise to a higher price.

ingrāvo, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to make heavy; to weigh down; to make worse; to overcharge; to cry out with indignation.

ingredior, i, gressus. dep. [ex in et gradior] to walk; to go; to enter into; to go or enter upon.

ingressio, ōnis. f. an entering or going in.

ingressus, ūs. m. a walking, a going.

ingruens, tis. part. being hard at hand, coming in with force, violently approaching.

ingruo, īre, ūi, —. neut. to in-

vade; to assail; to set upon with violence; to be near at hand; to come or fall suddenly upon.

Inguen, ūis. n. the privy parts; a disease in those parts; the groin.

Inguinaria, e. f. an herb.

ingurgito, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. [ex gurgis] to devour greedily; to cram; to swallow up; to swirl; to stuff; to swirl himself with; to plunge over head and ears.

ingustābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be tasted.

inhābilis, is, e. adj. unfit, improper, awkward, disqualified, incapable; unable, unwieldy, unmanageable.

inhābilitas, is, e. adj. uninhabitable.

inhābito, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to inhabit or dwell in.

inhareo, īre, hāsi, hāsum. neut. to cleave; to stick fast in or to; to inhers; to hang about; to keep or abide in; to be wholly given to; to dwell near to.

inharesco, īre, —. incept. to stick fast in.

inhālo, īre, ēvi, ētum. act. to inhale; to breathe in or upon.

inhians, tis. part. gaping on or after; coveting.

inhibeo, īre, ūi, ētum. act. [ex in et habeo] to hold water, as rowers do, to hold in; to keep back; to curb; to stay; to stop; to hinder; to forbid; to use; to exercise.

inhibitio, ōnis. f. an inhibitor or forbidding or stopping.

inhio, īre, ēvi, ētum. neut. gape upon or after; to covet to desire much.

inhoneste, adv. dishonest, sordidly, villainously, basely.

inhonestus, a, um. adj. ill-coured, nasty, filthy, shame, dishonourable, dishonest.

inhōndrātus, a, um. part. unhonoured, unrespected; unsaluted, unrewarded.

inhōndrātus, a, um. adj. dishonourable.

inhōndrus, a, um. adj. not honoured, not regarded, not respected.

inhorreo, īre, ūi, —. neut. to quake or tremble for fear; to grow rough or dreadful; to rustle, wag, or shake.

inhoresco, īre, —. incept. idem.

inhospitālis, is, e. adj. inhospitable, harbourless, uninhabited, desert, wild.

inhospitālitās, ūis. f. rudeness to strangers, a giving no entertainment to them, barbarous treatment.

inhospitus, a, um. adj. inhospit-

stable, barbarous, rude, cruel, unkind, merciless; wild, desert, uninhabited.
Inhumāne, adv. *inhumanely, discourteously, unkindly.*
Inhumānitās, *ātis*. f. *inhumanity, unkindness, cruelty, incivility.*
Inhumānter, adv. *inhumanly, barbarously.*
Inhumānus, a, um. adj. *inhuman, rude, barbarous, savage, cruel, ill bred, unmannerly, unsociable.*
Inhumātus, a, um. adj. *unburied, uninterred.*
Inhūmo, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. act. *to put into the ground; to lay in the earth; to inter; to bury.*
Inibi, adv. *even there, thereabouts, in that very place.*
Iniectio, *ōnis*. f. [*ab injicio*] a casting in, a laying upon.
Iniecto, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. freq. [*ab injicio*] *to cast or put in often.*
Iniectus, a, um. part. [*ab injicio*] *cast in; thrown upon; thrown between, renewed.*
Iniectus, *ūs*. m. a casting in or upon; infection.
Iniens, *entis*. part. [*ab ineo*] *entering in, beginning.*
Injicio, *ēre*, [*ēvi*], *jectum*. act. [*ex in et jacio*] *to inject; to cast, lay, or throw in, upon, or about; to cast or throw at; to put on.*
Inimice, adv. *spitefully, like an enemy.*
Inimicitia, *e*. f. *et usitatus in pl.* *Inimicitiae*, *ērum*. *enmity, hostility, variance, strife, a falling out, displeasure.*
Inimico, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. act. *to make enemies; to set together by the ears, to cause to be one's enemy.*
Inimicus, a, um. adj. *unfriendly, unkind, hurtful, contrary, hostile, adverse.*
Inimicus, *i*. m. [*sc. homo*] *an enemy; a foe, a back-friend, an adversary, a withstander.*
Inimitabilis, *is*, e. adj. *that no man can imitate; inimitable.*
Inique, adv. *unequally, impatiently; disadvantageously, partially.*
Iniquitas, *ātis*. f. *unevenness, incommensurateness, disadvantage, disagreeableness; straitness, difficulty; iniquity, injustice, partiality.*
Iniquus, a, um. adj. [*ex in et aequus*] *uneven, uneven; steep; unequal, disadvantageous; partial, unjust, iniquitous, injurious; angry, displeased; unkind; impatient, grieved; too great or too little.*
Iniquus, *i*. m. absol. *an enemy, one that bears an ill will.*

Initia, *ōrum*. pl. n. *sacrifices or rites of the goddesses Ceres and Libera; the principles of a science.*
Initiamenta, *ōrum*. pl. n. *the first elements; principles or grounds.*
Initiatio, *ōnis*. f. *initiation, the entering of one into any religion.*
Initiatus, a, um. part. *initiated, entered into orders; licensed, authorised, admitted into, instructed in the first principles.*
Initio, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. act. *to give the first instruction; to lay the ground; to initiate.*
Initium, *i*. n. *a beginning, an entrance; a rite or ceremony, chiefly of Ceres and Libera; a cause or foundation; a draught, a platform.*
Initūrus, a, um. part. [*ab ineo*] *about to enter into.*
Initus, a, um. part. *begun, entered, undertaken.*
Initus, *ūs*. m. [*ab ineo*] *the act of generation.*
Injucunde, adv. *unpleasantly, disagreeably.*
Injucunditas, *ātis*. f. *unpleasantness, disagreeableness.*
Injucundus, a, um. adj. *unpleasant, grievous, disagreeable, displeasing, distasteful.*
Injudicatus, a, um. adj. *not judged, adjudged.*
Injunctus, a, um. part. *laid upon; enjoined, commanded.*
Injungo, *ēre*, *xi*, *ctum*. act. *to join with or to; to bring or lay upon; to enjoin; to impose; to command; to appoint.*
Injuratus, a, um. part. *unsworn, that has not sworn, without an oath.*
Injuria, *e*. f. *injury, wrong, trespass, despite, damage, hurt, displeasure, grievance, abuse, offence; an action of assault.*
Injuriāe, adv. *wrongfully, injuriously, offensively.*
Injuriōsus, a, um. adj. *injurious, affrontive, wrongful, hurtful.*
Injurius, a, um. adj. *wrongful, unreasonable, unjust, injurious.*
Injussus, a, um. adj. *unbidden, without bidding; growing naturally of itself, without sowing or setting.*
Injussu, *monopt.* *without command, order, or leave.*
Injuste, adv. *unjustly, wrongfully, unreasonably, injuriously, partially.*
Injustitia, *e*. f. *injustice, hard dealing, ill usage.*
Injustus, a, um. adj. *unjust, iniquitous, wrongful; unrea-*

sonable; too great, immoderate.
Innobilis, *is*, e. adj. *in which one cannot swim.*
Innascor, *i*, *natus*. *to be born with; to be in one's nature; to grow in.*
Innāto, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. neut. *to swim in or upon; to float.*
Innātus, a, um. part. *indred, connatural.*
Innavigābilis, *is*, e. adj. *that cannot be sailed on, innavigable.*
Innecto, *ēre*, *xui et xi*, *xum*. act. *to knit, tie, or bind about; to clip about; to devise.*
Innexus, a, um. part. *tied, bound, made fast; joined, related.*
Innitor, *i*, *ixus* v. *isus*. dep. *to lean or stay upon; to depend upon.*
Innixus v. **Innexus, a, um. part. *leaning or staying upon; supported by, depending upon.*
Inno, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. neut. *to swim in; to float upon.*
Innocens, *tis*. adj. *safe, wholesome, harmless; guiltless, innocent.*
Innocenter, adv. *harmlessly, safely; innocently, offensively.*
Innocentia, *e*. f. *harmlessness, offensiveness.*
Innocuus, a, um. adj. *harmless, inoffensive; safe, not hurt.*
Innoresco, *ēre*, *ui*, —. neut. *to become known.*
Innovo, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. act. *to make new; to renew; to innovate; to change old customs and bring in new ones.*
Innoxius, a, um. adj. *harmless, inoffensive, blameless; harmless, that takes no hurt.*
Innuba, *e*. f. *she that never was married; a maid or virgin.*
Innubilus, a, um. adj. *fair, without clouds.*
Innubo, *ēre*, *psi*, *ptum*. neut. *to be married into.*
Innumērābilis, *is*, e. adj. *innumerable, countless.*
Innumērābilitas, *ātis*. f. *innumerableness.*
Innumērābilitate, adv. *without number.*
Innumērālis, *is*, e. adj. *that one cannot number, innumerable.*
Innumerosus, a, um. adj. *numberless.*
Innumerus, a, um. adj. *numberless, innumerable; without just number or measure.*
Innuo, *ēre*, *i*, *ūtum*. act. *to nod; to beckon with the head; to make signs to; to intimate.*
Innuptus, a, um. part. *unmarried, unwedded.*
Innūtrio, *ēre*, *ivi*, *itum*. act. *to bring up in.*
Innūtritus, a, um. part. *now-***

rieked with or brought up and bred in; inured or accustomed to.

Inoblītus, a, um. adj. mindful, that forgets not.

Inobrutus, a, um. adj. not overwhelmed or drowned.

Inobscūro, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to darken and obscure.

Inobsequens, tis. adj. stubborn, disobedient.

Inobservābilis, is, e. adj. unobservable.

Inobservantia, æ. f. inadvertency.

Inobservātus, a, um. adj. not observed or marked; unregarded.

Inocēctus, a, um. adj. always watching, that never sleeps; that never sets or goes down, as some stars do.

Inocco, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to harrow in; to cover with earth.

Inocūlatio, ōnis. f. a grafting of trees; inoculation.

Inocūlator, ōris. m. an ingrafter.

Inocūlo, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to inoculate; to ingraft.

Inodōro, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to make one smell strong.

Inodorus, a, um. adj. unperfumed, inodorous.

Inoffensus, a, um. adj. unoffended, unhurt; without stumbling; easy, smooth; offensive, quiet.

Inofficiōse, adv. uncivilly, disobligingly.

Inofficiōsus, a, um. adj. undutiful, not officious, unkind, disobliging.

Inōlens, tis. adj. giving no savour.

Inōlesco, āre, lui et lēvi, ūtum et lātum. incept. to grow up; to come into use; to grow upon.

Inōmāctus, a, um. adj. unhappy, fore-spoken with bad omens.

Inōpēco, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to shade; to overshadow.

Inōptertus, a, um. adj. uncovered, bare, naked.

Inōptia, m. f. want, need, necessity, scarcity, dearth; the lack of any thing.

Inōptians, tis. adj. not thinking of it, unawares.

Inōptianter, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly, otherwise than was looked for.

Inōptus, a, um. adj. unthought of, unlooked for, unexpected, sudden, emergent.

Inōptus, a, um. adj. [ex in et opinor] sudden, unexpected.

Inopportūnus, a, um. adj. unreasonable, inconvenient.

Inops, ōnis. adj. poor, needy, necessitous, destitute, friend-

less, deficient, void of, unburied.

Inōrātus, a, um. adj. not pleaded, unspoken of.

Inordināte, adv. without order, at no certain time, inordinately.

Inordinātus, a, um. adj. out of order, or array; disordered, disordinate, inordinate.

Inornāte, adv. inelegantly, untrimly.

Inornātus, a, um. adj. unadorned, not decked, or trimmell; unhandsome, undressed; unpainted, unpraised, neglectful.

Inōtūsus, a, um. adj. not idle, not vain and frivolous.

Inquam, verb. defect. I say, quoth I. Vid. Inquo.

Inque, imperat. say thou.

Inquies, ōtis. f. disquiet, lack of rest.

Inquies, ōtis. adj. restless, unquiet.

Inquistitio, ōnis. f. a disquieting, molesting, harassing, or disturbing.

Inquistus, a, um. part. disquieted, troubled, disturbed, vexed.

Inquistio, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to disquiet; to trouble; to harass; to molest.

Inquistudo, ōnis. f. disquiet, inquietude, trouble, unquietness, want of rest.

Inquistus, a, um. adj. unquiet, restless, busy, troublesome.

Inquit, præterperf. said I.

Inquilinus, i. m. a tenant; an inmate, a lodger.

Inquilite, adv. impurely, corruptly, barbarously.

Inquinātus, a, um. part. defiled, dainted, polluted, contaminated, sullied. Adj. filthy, nasty.

Inquino, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to defile; to bewray; to stain; to dye; to adulterate; to pollute; to contaminate; to disgrace; to disparage, or blemish; to accuse.

Inquo, is, it. verb. def. I say, quoth I.

Inquiritor, imperat. inquiry is made.

Inquiro, āre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ex in et quero] to inquire; to search; to ask; to demand; to make inquiry; to look after; to examine; to search; to take an information in order to prosecution at law.

Inquistio, ōnis. f. an inquisition, a search; an inquiry, a disquisition; an examination, an inquest.

Inquistor, ōris. m. a searcher, an inquirer; an inquisitor, an informer, or promoter.

Inquistus, a, um. part. search-

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ed, or inquired for. Adj. not discovered, or found out.

Inskūbris, is, e. adj. unwholesome, corrupt, noisome, pestilent.

Inskūctus, a, um. adj. unsolicited, unvisited.

Inskūbilis, is, e. adj. incurable, that cannot be healed, desperate.

Inſane, adv. madly, imprudently; greatly, extremely.

Inſania, m. f. madness, the sickness of the mind, distraction; inconsistency, inconstancy; fury, outrage; a rapture; transport; infatuation; extravagancy, luxury; doating.

Inſaniens, tis. part. mad, raging, frantic; rough, boisterous; foolish, irrational.

Inſanio, āre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to be mad, or out of his wits; to doat; to be inspired by the Muses; to play the fool.

Inſanitas, ōtis. f. madness, want of health.

Inſanum, adv. excessively, at a great rate.

Inſanus, a, um. adj. mad, frantic, out of his wits; tempestuous, raging; vast, huge; inspired; unwholesome.

Inſatiābilis, is, e. adj. insatiable, that cannot be satisfied, or ever have enough; that does not satiate, or fill.

Inſatiābilitate, adv. insatiably.

Inſatiātus, a, um. adj. insatiate, unsatisfied.

Inſatiābilis, is, e. adj. insatiable, that cannot be filled.

Inſatiābilitate, adv. insatiably.

Inſcendo, āre, i, ūtum. act. at neut. [ex in et scando] to go up; to mount; to climb up to.

Inſcensio, ōnis. f. a mounting, or climbing up.

Inſcensus, a, um. part. mounted, or jumped upon.

Inſciens, tis. adj. unwitting, unawares, not knowing or thinking on it.

Inſcienter, adv. ignorantly, unskilfully.

Inſcientia, m. f. lack of knowledge, ignorance.

Inſcite, adv. ignorantly, imprudently, injudiciously, bunglingly.

Inſcitia, m. f. ignorance, unskilfulness, want of experience, imprudence.

Inſcitus, a, um. adj. unhandsome, unbecoming, foolish, fond, absurd, insufficient.

Inſcius, a, um. adj. [ex in et scio] ignorant, unskilful, unwitting, heedless.

Inſcribo, āre, pſi. ptum. act. to write in or upon; to enroll; to inscribe; to entitle; to super-

scribe; to address; to im-

print; to *print*; to *describe*; to *engrave*; to *entitle*; to *charge* with.
Inscriptio, ōnis. f. an *inscription*, a *title*, a *bill* upon a *door*, a *brand*, *mark*, or *scar*.
Inscriptus, a, um. part. written upon; entitled. *inscribed*, *engraved*, *stigmatised*, *branded*.
Adj. not written, *unwritten*.
Inscriptus, i. m. a *rogue* who has been *branded*.
Insculpo, ēre, si, tum. act. [ex lu et sculpo] to *engrave*; to *carve*; to *cut*; to *engrave*; to *imprint*.
Insculptus, a, um. part. *engraved*, *imprinted*, *deeply fixed*.
Inscēdibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be cut or parted.
Inscō, āre, ui, tum. act. to cut in; to *prune*.
Insecta ōrum. n. pl. *insects*.
Insectatio, ōnis. f. a *railing* or *inveighing* against one.
Insectator, ōris. m. a *railer* or *slenderer*, a *backbiter*, a *lasher*, a *scourger*.
Insectatus, a, um. part. followed, pursued, *inveighed* against, *railed* at. Act. *inveighing* against, *chiding*, *reproaching*.
Insecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et *insector*, āri, ātus. dep. to *pursue*; to *run after*; to *inveigh* against; to *speak ill* of; to *rail* at; to *sue*; to *impenech*; to *harrow*; to *hose*; to *rake*.
Insectura, m. f. a *notch*.
Insectus, a, um. part. [ab insecto] cut or *notched*; cut to pieces.
Insequens, a, um. part. [ab insequor] following, going after, succeeding, *railing* at.
Inseculibilibiter, adv. [ab inseculibilis] so that it cannot be *quieted*.
Inseculitus, a, um. adj. *unquiet*, *troublesome*, *unappased*.
Inseminatus, a, um. adj. made *fruitful*.
Inscinesco, ēre, ui, —. Incept. to grow old.
Insensibilis, is, e. adj. *insensible*, that has no *sense* or *feeling*; *senseless*.
Insequor, qui, cūtus. dep. [ex in et sequor] to *follow after*; to *pursue*; to *run after*; to *succeed*; to *persecute*; to *rail* at; to *proceed*; to *sue* another at law; to *persist*.
Insestus, a, um. adj. *cloudy*, *not fair* or *clear*.
Insero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to *sow* in or *among*; to *implant*; to *ingraft*.
Inserui, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to *put* or *thrust* in; to *apply* or *put* to; to *insert*; to *in-*

termix; to *meddle*; to *interpose*.
Inserpo, ēre, psi, —. neut. to *creep* in.
Inserta, m. f. a *piece* put in, an *inlay*, an *ornament*.
Insertum, adv. by way of *insertion* or *darting* in.
Inserto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab inserto] to *put* in often.
Insertus, a, um. part. put in or upon; mingled amongst.
Inservio, ire, iui, itum. neut. to *serve* one; to *do* one *service*; to *study* to *obtain* or *preserve*; to *attend* upon; to *mind* and *take* care of.
Inservitum est, impers. I, thou, he, &c. *servet*.
Inservo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex in intens. et servo] to *keep*; to *preserve*; to *observe*.
Insessus, a, um. part. [ab insideo] set or perched upon; beset, blocked up; infested, thwarted.
Instituto, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to *whistle*; to *blow* into; to *make* a *hissing*.
Insectatus, a, um. adj. *undried*.
Insesto, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. [ex in et sesto] to sit or rest upon; to be in; to be fixed; to *tease* one; to *beset*; to *belonguer*; to *besiege*; to *lie* in wait; to *settle* in.
Insidia, ārim. f. pl. [ab insideo] an *ambush*, an *ambuscade*, a *lying* in wait; *snare*, *craft*, *subtily*, *treachery*.
Insidior, ōris. m. he that lies in wait to *deceive*.
Insidiat, a, um. part. lying in wait.
Insidior, āri, ātus. dep. to lay wait; to *deceive*; to *lie* in *ambush*.
Insidiosus, adv. *craftily*, *deceitfully*, *treacherously*.
Insidiosus, a, um. adj. full of *wiles* and *deceits*, *crafty*, *wily*, *dangerous*.
Insidio, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to *light* upon; to *sit* upon; to *sink* into; to *settle*.
Insigne, is, e. n. pl. *insignia*, a *particular* mark, *sign*, or *token*; an *adject*; an *appellation* from; an *impress* on a *shield*; the *crest* of a *helmet*; an *ensign* or *painting* on the *prize* of a *ship*; all *marks* and *tokens* of *honour*; a *blemish*, a *scar*.
Insignio, ire, iui, itum. act. to *note*; to *mark* with some *sign*; to *signalise*; to *make* remarkable; to *render* famous.
Insignis, is, e. adj. marked *naturally*; *notable*, *remarkable*, *notorious*, *famous*, *re-ble*, *admirable*, *egregious*, *imminent*, *flagrant*.
Insignite, adv. *notably* remark-

ably, *admirably*; *egregiously*.
Insigniter, adv. *notably*, *remarkably*, *signally*, *mightily*, *extremely*.
Insignitus, a, um. part. *marked*, *blemished*; *remarkable*, *notorious*.
Instilo, is, n. he *treadle* of a *weaver's loom*.
Instilio, ire, ui et li, ultum. neut. [ex in et alio] to *leap* in or upon.
Instimul, adv. *jointly*, *together*.
Instimulatio, ōnis. f. an *accusing* or *impeaching*; a *charge*.
Instimulatus, a, um. part. *accused* or *impeached*, *belied*.
Instimulo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *seign*; to *dissemble*; to *counterfeit*; to *pretend*; to *accuse*; to *impeach*; to *lay* to one's *charge*.
Insinātor, a, um. adj. *corrupted*, *putrid*.
Insinuatio, ōnis. f. an *insinuation*, a *crafty* address or *beginning* of an *oration*.
Insinuo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to *put* into his *bosom*; to *put* or *thrust* in; to *insinuate*; to *creep* into one's *favour*; to *recommend*.
Inspiciens, tis. adj. [ex in et sapientia] *unwise*, *foolish*, *sotish*, *willless*; *doting*.
Inspicienter, adv. *unwisely*, *foolishly*.
Inspicientia, m. f. *folly*, *lack* of *discretion*.
Instituto, ēre, institi, institum. neut. to *stand* upon; to *stop* or *stand* still; to *proceed* and *hold* on; to *urge*; to *insist* upon; to *be* instant in; to *rest* or *lean* upon; to *fix* upon; to *acquiesce*; to *succeed* one in *office*.
Institio, ōnis. f. [ab inserto] a *grafting* or *coining*; an *implanting*.
Institus, a, um. adj. *strange* foreign; not *natural*, *diferent*, of two *kinds*.
Institutus, a, um. adj. *ingrafted*, *put* in; that *serves* for *grafting*; not *born* in a *legitimate* way, *bastardly*.
Instituto, ōris. m. a *grafter*.
Institum, i. n. a *graft* or *cion*; a *shoot* or *young set* of *trees*.
Institutus, a, um. part. [ab inserto] *grafted* or *planted* in; *adopted*, *made* in; *rooted*, *settled*, *grounded*; *natural*.
Institutus, is, m. a *grafting* or *implanting*.
Inscēdibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be *joined* or *put* together; *incompatible*; *unseparable*, *inconceivable*, *unconceivable*.
Insolubiliter, adv. *inconsolably*, *solitarily*.
Insolatio, ōnis. f. a *bleaching*.

vanishing or laying in the sun.
Insolētus, a, um. part. *sunned, dried in the sun; fair, sunny, clear, bright.*

Insolēns, tis. adj. *unwonted, unaccustomed; strange, rare, unusual; difficult of access, strange, not conversable; proud, haughty, presumptuous, insolent, disdainful, bold, saucy, domineering, huffish.*

Insolenter, adv. *seldom, rarely; proudly, insolently, saucily, huffishly, presumptuously.*

Insolentia, e. f. *disuse; strangeness, disdain, difficulty of access; insolence, haughtiness, sauciness.*

Insolēco, ēre, — incept. *to grow proud and insolent; to be state.*

Insolūdo, adv. *wholly, entirely, for the whole.*

Insolūda, a, um. adj. *weak, infirm.*

Insolūtus, a, um. adj. *unaccustomed, unacquainted; unusual, strange, extraordinary.*

Insolo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to dry in the sun; to lay out in the sun.*

Insolūbilis, is, e. adj. *insoluble, that cannot be loosed or destroyed; that cannot be requited.*

Insolūtus, a, um. adj. *not paid, discharged or satisfied.*

Insomnia, e. f. *watching, a lying awake.*

Insomniāns, a, um. adj. *troubled with dreams, full of dreams.*

Insomnis, is, e. adj. *without sleep, waking, that sleeps not, sleepless.*

Insomnium, ii. n. *a dream, a vision in one's sleep.*

Insōno, ēre, ui, itum. neut. *to sound; to play on.*

Insōns, tis. adj. *guiltless, innocent, faultless, inoffensive, harmless.*

Insopitus, a, um. adj. *not laid asleep, sleepless.*

Inspectio, ōnis. f. *a beholding or looking on.*

Inspecto, ōnis. f. [*ab inspicio*] *a looking into; insight; a survey; inspection, oversight; speculation, theory.*

Inspecto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. [*ab inspicio*] *to inspect; to behold; to look in or upon; to take a survey or view of.*

Inspector, ōris. m. *a diligent viewer; an overseer, inspector, surveyor, superintendent or supervisor.*

Inspectus, a, um. part. *inspected, looked on, beheld, viewed, considered.*

Insperans, tis. part. *that hopes or looks not for a thing.*

Insperatus, a, um. adj. *not*

hoped or looked for; unexpected.

Insperso, ēre, si, sum. act. [*ex in et spargo*] *to sprinkle; to cast upon; to powder; to corn; to scatter; to besprinkle.*

Inspersus, a, um. part. *sprinkled or dashed upon; scattered here and there.*

Inspicio, ēre, exi, ectum. act. *to look upon; to behold; to view; to observe nicely; to inspect; to take a survey of; to superintend; to supervise; to pry into; to consider.*

Inspico, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to sharpen at the end, like an ear of corn.*

Inspiratus, a, um. part. *blown into; breathed into, inspired.*

Inspiro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to blow in or upon; to breathe; to inspire.*

Inspuo, ēre, i, ūtum. act. *to spit in or upon.*

Insputor, ōri, ūtus. pass. *to be often spit upon.*

Instābilis, is, e. adj. *unsteady, tottering, not firm; wagging, moveable; not to be stood upon; that will not stand; inconstant, changeable, unsteady; light, shillie.*

Instābilitas, ūtis. f. *unevenness, instability, unsteadiness.*

Instans, tis. part. et adj. *standing in; approaching, nigh at hand; earnest or importunate; instant, present.*

Instanter, adv. [*ex in et stans*] *instantly, earnestly, importunately.*

Instantia, e. f. *earnestness, urgency, importunity.*

Instar, n. indecl. *bigness, the full proportion; likeness.*

Instauratio, ōnis. f. *renewal, restoration, a making, a setting forth or solemnising.*

Instaurativus, a, um. adj. *renewed, restored to its former state.*

Instauro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to renew; to begin again; to re-establish; to remit; to reform; to heap; to pile up; to make; to prepare; to institute.*

Insterno, ēre, strāvi, strātum. act. *to cover; to strew; to spread; to lay abroad upon.*

Instigatio, ōnis. f. *an instigation, an inducement; a scheme in rhetoric.*

Instigatrix, icis. f. *she that encourages or sets on.*

Instigatus, a, um. part. *induced, excited, encouraged, abetted, set or egged on, instigated.*

Instigō, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to move or prick forward; to*

abet; to egg on; to encourage; to incite; to excite; to instigate.

Instillatio, ōnis. f. *infusion, instillation, a dropping in.*

Instillo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to put or pour in by little and little; to let in drop by drop; to instil; to fall in drop by drop.*

Instimūlo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to prick on; to stir up; to set agog.*

Instincto, ōris. m. *an encourager or setter on.*

Instinctus, a, um. part. *inwardly moved, stirred or set on foot.*

Instinctus, ūis. m. *an inward motion, an inspiration, an instinct; a persuasion or instigation.*

Instinguo, ēre, nxi, actum. act. *to move or incite inwardly.*

Instipulor, āri, ātus. dep. *to covenant; to bargain.*

Instilla, e. f. *a purple, a border, a guard, well, fringe, a lace about a woman's gown; a garter, a bed-girth.*

Instillo, ōnis. f. [*ab instisto*] *a resting, a stopping, a standing still.*

Institor, ōris. m. *a huckster, a merchant's factor; a pedlar.*

Institorius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to hucksters or factors.*

Institulo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. [*ex in et statuo*] *to institute; to ordain; to appoint; to set in order; to settle; to found; to purpose; to intend; to resolve; to begin; to settle; to apply; to prepare; to bring; to instruct; to train up; to educate; to direct; to inform; to make; to get; to procure; to prepare; to build; to plant.*

Institūto, ōnis. f. *an ordering, management or conduct; instruction, discipline, edification, direction, education; a fashion, a purpose, a design.*

Institūto, i. n. *a custom, way, manner or fashion; a statute, order or decree; a lesson, document or instruction; a course of life or employment; an intent, design or purpose.*

Institūtus, a, um. part. *ordained, appointed, instituted; taught, instructed, directed; determined, purposed; begun; planted.*

Insto, ēre, stiti, stitum. *to be instant or earnest; to urge; to press; to stick to; to persist in; to pursue; to be at no great distance.*

Instragulum, i. n. *a covering, a housing for a horse.*

Instratus, a, um. part. [*ab in-*

sterno] covered, spread over, laid upon; saddled.
 Instréne, adv. cowardly.
 Instrénuus, a. um. adj. mean, weak, cowardly.
 Instrépo, ére, ui, itum. neut. to make a humming or clattering noise; to creak; to make any noise.
 Instridens, tis. part. hissing in.
 Instringo, ére, xli, lectum. act. to bind and strain hard.
 Instruere, adv. plentifully, with great preparation.
 Instruatio, Onis. f. a setting in array or order; a teaching or instruction, edification, education; a furnishing or preparing.
 Instructor, Onis. m. a furnisher or provider; a server.
 Instruere, a. um. part. et adj. furnished, equipped, accoutred, accommodated; put in array, marshalled; instructed, taught, educated; suborned.
 Instruere, ūs. m. furniture, provision, equipage.
 Instruementum, i. n. an instrument, a tool, an implement of war, equipage, furniture of any kind; the stock or provision of a house, shop, &c. a mean or help; a deed or character; an evidence, a patent, conveyance, indenture, &c. a monument, a public record.
 Instruo, ére, xi, cium. act. to get; to provide; to prepare; to set in order; to put in battle array; to furnish; to harness; to accoutre; to store with; to instruct; to direct; to edify; to teach; to inform; to apprise; to suborn.
 Instupens, tis. part. [qu. ab instupere] being astonished or amazed.
 Insuāsum, i. n. a smoky yellow colour.
 Insuāvis, is, e. adj. stinking, unpleasant, distasteful, disagreeable.
 Insucco, ére, xvi, itum. act. to make moist with liquor.
 Insūdo, ére, xvi, itum. neut. to break out into a sweat; to sweat at.
 Insuetudo, a. um. part. accustomed, inured.
 Insuesco, ére, xvi, itum. neut. to be accustomed or wont. Act. cum acc. to accustom; to inure; to practise; to train up.
 Insuetus, a. um. adj. [ex in et suesco] unaccustomed, unusual.
 Insūla, æ. f. an island; a land closed in by the sea or fresh water; a house in a city having no house joined to it, but the street on every side; any house to be let.
 Insūlaris, is, e. adj. a person be-

longing to an island or isolated house, a temple or any building which is good separate.
 Insulso, adv. silly, impertinently, on fishy, ungainly, queerly, foolishly, insipidly.
 Insulatus, ūis. f. foolishness, silliness, blockishness, insipidness, flatness in taste; impertinence.
 Insulsus, a. um. adj. unsavoury, flat in taste; sottish, silly, witless, absurd, foolish, artless, drollish, flashy, queer, impertinent.
 Insultatio, Onis. f. a leaping up; an insulting or domineering, huffing, outbraving.
 Insulto, ére, xvi, itum. neut. [ex in et salto] to leap up; to rebound; to leap for joy; to insult; to hector; to domineer; to deride; to jeer.
 Insultura, æ. f. a springing or leaping in or upon.
 Insuum, ease, ful. to be in.
 Insūmo, ére, si et pā. ptum. act. to spend; to consume; to disburse; to bestow; to employ; to take; to take up; to possess; to overspread.
 Insuo, ére, ui, itum. act. to sew; to stitch; to join in.
 Insūper, con]. moreover, over and besides, furthermore; upon, over and above.
 Insūperabilis, is, e. adj. not to be overcome, invincible; not to be passed, insuperable; not to be got over.
 Insurgo, ére, xxi, rectum. neut. to rise up against; to make head against; to rise; to apply himself.
 Insusceptus, a. um. adj. not received or taken.
 Insūsurro, ére, xvi, itum. act. et neut. to whisper; to buzz; to make a humming noise; to whistle.
 Insūsus, a. um. part. [ab insuo] sewed or stitched in.
 Insyncerus, a. um. adj. corrupt, filthy, impure.
 Intābesco, ére ui, —. incept. to pine or waste away; to be melted down.
 Intactilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be touched.
 Intactus, a. um. adj. untouched, whole; untasted; undefiled, chaste; not engaged with, entire.
 Intactus, ūs. m. a not feeling or touching.
 Intāminctus, a. um. adj. undefiled, unstained, immaculate, unspotted.
 Intectus, a. um. part. covered, thatched, armed, harnessed, clad in armour. Adj. made bare and naked.
 Intēgellus, a. um. adj. [ab integer] pretty whole or sound.

Integer, gra, grum. adj. entire and whole; safe and sound, strong, healthful, lusty; fresh, new; uncorrupted; chaste, unstained; innocent, upright, honest; pure, unmixed; rude, unpolished.
 Intēgo, ére, xi, cium. act. [ex in intens. et tego] to cover; to thatch.
 Integrasco, ére, —. incept. to grow new again; to begin afresh.
 Integratio, Onis. f. a restoring or renewing.
 Integratus, a. um. part. renewed, restored, brought into its former state, entire and whole.
 Intēgre, adv. entirely, sincerely, heartily, uprightness; honestly, exactly.
 Integratus, ūis. f. soundness, heartiness, healthfulness; purity, innocence; integrity, honesty, uprightness, sincerity, goodness, suitableness; chastity, continency.
 Intēgro, ére, xvi, itum. act. to renew; to repeat; to begin again; to perfect.
 Intēgumentum, i. n. an integument, a covering, a cloak, a disguise, a pretence.
 Intellectio, Onis. f. understanding, sense, intellect.
 Intellectus, a. um. part. [ab intelligi] understood, perceived, known, apprehended, discerned.
 Intellectus, ūs. m. understanding, intellect; sense, sensation, discernment; the signification or meaning of words.
 Intelligent, adv. understandingly, intelligibly.
 Intelligentia, æ. f. a perceiving or understanding; intelligence, apprehension; the intellect; knowledge, sense; art, skill.
 Intelligibilis, is, e. adj. that may be understood, intelligible.
 Intelligitur, impers. men perceive or understand.
 Intelligo, ére, xxi, lectum. act. to understand; to perceive; to know; to discern; to distinguish; to be apprised; to mean; to be wise.
 Intēpāratus, a. um. adj. part. undeformed, not corrupted, violated, or profaned; holy, pure.
 Intēpāratus, tis. adj. intemperate, not master of his own appetites, disorderly, incontinent; immoderate, excessive, unreasonable.
 Intēpārater, adv. intemperately, excessively, immoderately.
 Intēpārātia, æ. f. unreasonableness, unwholesomeness; intemperance; want of moderation, excess; injustice, incontinency.

Intemperate, adv. *intemperately, immoderately, extravagantly.*
Intemperatus, a, um, adj. *intemperate, immoderate, excessive.*
Intempéria, z. f. *unseasonableness; want of temper, violence, outrage.* Plur. *Intemperie*, the *Furies* or evil spirits; or perhaps *unseasonableness of weather, or its effects, blasting, mildew.*
Intempéries, ei. f. *unseasonableness, extremity, indisposition; want of moderation.*
intempestas, itis. f. *unseasonableness, bad weather.*
Intempestive, adv. *unseasonably, improperly, inconveniently.*
Intempestivus, a, um, adj. *unseasonable, untimely, improper, inconvenient; unlucky, that bodes ill; overmuch or excessive.*
Intempestus, a, um, adj. *unseasonable, inconvenient; unwholesome, intemperate.*
Intendo, ére, i, sum et tum. act. *to bend; to stretch; to strain; to knit; to augment; to intend; to purpose; to apply; to display; to lay open.*
Intensio, ónis. f. *a straining, reaching, stretching, or bending.*
Intensus, a, um, part. *stretched, reached, bent, strained, enhanced, augmented; intense.*
Intentió, ónis. f. *a menacing with the hand or a weapon held out.*
Intentus, a, um, part. *drawn and pointed at.*
Intentus, a, um, part. *unsayed, not yet tried or proved.*
Intente, adv. *diligently, earnestly, attentively.*
Intentio, ónis. f. [*ab* *intendo*] *a straining, stretching; intension, a screwing up, an effort; an aim, a desire, meaning, or intention; care, diligence; attention; a charge or complaint in law.*
Intentio, ére, évi, átum. freq. [*ab* *intendo*] *to stretch out; to shake at one; to menace; to threaten; to charge upon; to tax at law.*
Intentus, a, um, part. [*ab* *intendo*] *stretched, bent, increased.* Adj. *strait, close; intense, attentive.*
Intentus, ús. m. *a stretching or holding out.*
Intepo, ére, ul, —. neut. *to grow warm.*
Inteporo, ére, —. incept. *to grow warm.*
Inter, prep. *between, betwixt; within; during.* With a pronoun it may be translated, *mutually, reciprocally.*

Intérānes, órum. neut. pl. *the bowels or entrails.*
Intérāneus, a, um, adj. *of the guts.*
Intérāresco, ére, —. incept. *to be dried up or grown utterly dry.*
Intérbibo, ére, bíbi, bíbitum. act. *to drink up all clean.*
Intércálāris, is, e. adj. *put or inserted between; intercalary.*
Intércálārium, ii. n. *the time taken into the year, to adjust it to the course of the sun.*
Intércálārius, a, um, adj. *intercalary.*
Intércálātio, ónis. f. *intercalation, a putting a month or day between.*
Intércálātus, a, um, part. *delayed, put off, forborne.*
Intércālo, ére, ávi, átum. act. *to insert; to put between; to defer; to delay.*
Intercápō, ónis. an *intermission, an interval; a pause, a respite; delay, distance; discontinuance.*
Intercardínātus, a, um, adj. *joined together by hinges.*
Intercēdo, ére, egi, átum. neut. *to come, be, or pass between; to intercede; to interpose a negative against a decree of the senate; to oppose violently; to withstand; to forbid; to happen; to chance; to engage; to be surely for one's debt.*
Interceptio, ónis. f. *a preventing or taking up by the way; a forestalling, a surprise, or interception.*
Interceptor, óris. m. *a forestaller or interceptor; a promoter or common barrator.*
Interceptus, a, um, part. *intercepted; forestalled; prevented or surprised.*
Intercessio, ónis. f. *the interposing of a negative to hinder or stop the procedure of a business; a prohibition, withstanding, or gainsaying by a negative voice.*
Intercessor, óris. m. *he that opposes or withstands effectually; a mediator or intercessor.*
Intercessus, ús. m. *a coming or putting between; an entreating.*
Intercido, ére, cidi, cāum. neut. [*ex* *inter et cado*] *to perish together with; to be lost; to decay; to fall between; to happen; to be forgotten.*
Intercido, ére, cidi, cāum. act. [*ex* *inter et cado*] *to cut asunder; to part in the midst; to cut down or off.*
Intercinctus, a, um, part. *interlaced, girded in the midst, encompassed.*
Intercilio, ére, nui, centum. act.

[*ex* *inter et cano*] *to sing between or in the middle of a thing.*
Intercipio, ére, cēpi, ceptum. act. *to intercept; to take up by the way; to apprehend; to take unawares; to surprise; to usurp; to forestall; to take all, and make clean riddance; to cut off.* to kill.
Intercise, adv. *ly chops or cuts; in gobbets and morsels; with short clauses.*
Intercisio, ónis. f. *a cutting off in the midst.*
Intercisus, a, um, part. *cut off in the midst, broken down, parted; abrupt, short.*
Intercldo, ére, ei, sum. act. [*ex* *inter et claudo*] *to shut in; to stop the passage; to shut up; to hinder.*
Intercūsio, ónis. f. *a stopping or shutting.*
Intercūsus, a, um, part. *shut up, hindered.*
Intercoluminium, i. n. *the space between pillars.*
Interconcilio, ére, évi, átum. act. *to procure or win the favour or love of men.*
Interculco, ére, évi, átum. act. *to trample or tread in, upon, or between.*
Intercurro, ére, i, sum. neut. *to run or go between; to come in the mean time; to beset; to come upon one.*
Intercursus, ús. m. *a running or coming together or between.*
Intercus, útis. adj. [*ex* *inter et cutis*] *intercutaneous, between the skin and the flesh, inward, close, secret.*
Intérđius, a, um, part. *given or put between.*
Intérđico, ére, xi, tum. act. *to forbid strictly; to charge to the contrary; to debar; to prevent; to hinder; to put forth an order; to send out an injunction; to speak by the way.*
Intérđictio, ónis. f. *a prohibition, debarring, or forbidding; a banishing.*
Intérđictum, i. n. *an order for the possession of a thing in dispute, made by the magistrate; an interdiction, prohibition, or injunction of the prætor.*
Intérđictum est, impers. *it is forbidden.*
Intérđictus, a, um, part. [*ab* *intérđico*] *forbidden, prohibited.*
Intérđiu, adv. *in the daytime.*
Intérđius, adv. *in the daytime.*
Intérductus, ús. m. *a space between sentences in writing and printing; the pointing by comma, colon, and period; a stop*

or the fetching of one's breath in reading or writing.

Interdum, adv. sometimes, now and then.

Interēa, adv. in the mean while, in the interim, notwithstanding.

Interemptor, ōris. m. a killer, a murderer.

Interēre, ire, īvi et īi, itum. neut. to be annihilated; to perish; to die; to be slain or destroyed; to be ruined; to be utterly undone; to be gone; to be exhausted; to cease; to be extinguished.

Interēst, impers. it concerns, it imports; there is a difference.

Interfācio, ēre, fēci, factum. to set hand to the work that is doing.

Interfāctio, ōnis. f. an interrupting of one's discourse, a digression.

Interfector, ōris. m. [ab interfācio] a killer or murderer.

Interfetrīx, īcia. f. she who kills, murders, &c.

Interfectus, a, um. part. killed, slain.

Interficio, ēre, fēci, sectum. act. [ex inter et facio] to slay; to kill; to murder; to put to death; to deprive one of; to destroy; to consume; to ruin.

Interfio, fīdri, fectus. pass. [ab interficio] to be slain; to die.

Interfluo, ēre, xi, xum. neut. to flow or run between; to pass over.

Interfluus, a, um. adj. running between.

Interfodio, ēre, i, fossum. act. to dig into; to enter into.

Interfor, āri, ātus. dep. to speak while another is speaking; to interrupt him.

Interfringo, ēre, frēgi, fractum. act. [ex inter et frango] to break or burst in the midst.

Interfuro, ēre, —. neut. to rage; to be mad among others.

Interfluans, a, um. part. flowing between; besprinkled.

Interfūturus, a, um. part. [ab intersum] that is to be present.

Intergērinus v. Intergērinus, a, um. adj. Intergērinus paries. the middle wall, a wall put to another wall to bear it up; a partition wall.

Intergērium, i. n. the same with Intergērinus paries.

Interjaceo, ēre, cui, itum. neut. to lie or be between.

Interjectio, ōnis. f. a putting between, an interposing, a parenthesis; an interjection.

Interiectus, ūs. m. a laying, putting or casting between.

Interjicio, ēre, jēci, jectum. act. to cast, put, set or place between or among.

Interim, adv. in the mean time; sometimes; notwithstanding.

Interimo, ēre, ēmi, emptum. act. to take away; to kill; to slay.

Intērior, or, ius. comp. Intimus, superl. [ex intra] further in, more inward, inner, more nigh, deeper.

Intēritio, ōnis. f. a decaying, a perishing.

Intēritus, a, um. part. killed, slain.

Intēritus, ūs. m. death; destruction, ruin, utter decay, extinction.

Interjungo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to join together or between; to unyoke; to bail or stay at a place.

Intērius, adv. comp. inner, more within, too close.

Interlabor, i, paus. dep. to slide in; to fall between.

Interlāteo, ēre, ui, itum. neut. to lie hid between.

Interlēgendus, a, um. part. to be gathered or picked up and down or here and there.

Interlino, ēre, lini, livi, v. lēvi, litum. act. to strike or blot out with a pen; to interline.

Interlitus, a, um. part. daubed, blotted or blurred, dashed out, interlined.

Interlocutio, ōnis. f. interlocution, an interposition of speech, an interrupting another man.

Interloquor, qui, cūsus. dep. to interrupt in discourse; to determine some small matter in a cause, till such time as the principal cause be fully discussed.

Interlucio, ōnis. f. a cutting or lopping of boughs where they hinder the light.

Interlucitus, a, um. part. lopped so that it may be seen through.

Interlūceo, ēre, xi, —. neut. to shine between or in the midst; to be conspicuous or evident; to stand thin and be seen through.

Interlūco, ēre, ēvi, ctum. act. to make a glade in the midst of a wood; to lop or cut away boughs where they keep out the light or grow too thick.

Interlūnium, i. n. the change of the moon; the conjunction of the sun and moon.

Interluo, ēre, ui, ctum. act. to flow or run between; to wash between meals or between whiles.

Interlūneo, ēre, ai, sam. neut. to tarry in the midst; to abide among.

Intermedius, a, um. adj. in the

middle; that lies or is between two.

Intermenstruum, i. n. the new moon; the change of the moon.

Intermenstruus, a, um. adj. belonging to the new moon.

Interneo, ēre, ēvi, ctum. neut. to go or flow between; to pass through.

Intermensis, is, e. adj. [ex inter et mensis] belonging to the space between the old moon and the new.

Intermico, ēre, ui et ēvi, —. neut. to shine in the midst or among.

Interminatus, a, um. part. having threatened much. Pass. forbidden.

Interminatus, a, um. adj. that has no bound or end; interminate.

Intermino, ēre, ēvi, ctum. neut. to threaten.

Interminor, āri, ātus. dep. to threaten much; to charge upon pain; strictly to forbid.

Intermiscio, ēre, ui, ctum et ctum. act. to intermingle; to interlace.

Intermisio, ōnis. f. [ab intermitto] a ceasing, intermission, or respite.

Intermissus, a, um. part. left or broken off for a little time, discontinued, omitted; standing asunder.

Intermissus, ūs. m. a resting or ceasing; a leaving off for a time, discontinuance.

Intermitto, ēre, si, ctum. act. to leave; to put off for a time; to discontinue; to cease.

Intermōrior, i, rtius. neut. to die; to be lost, cast away or not esteemed; to be forgotten. Intermortuus, a, um. part. as it were half dead, half alive; at the point to die, past hope of life, feeble, lifeless, forgotten.

Intermundium, i. n. the place and distance between divers worlds.

Intermūrālis, is, e. adj. that is between two walls.

Internascer, i, nātus. dep. to grow or spring up amongst.

Internātus, a, um. part. grown or sprung up among; growing between.

Internēcius, a, um. adj. et Internēcius, mortal, deadly, cruel, bloody.

Internēcio, ōnis. f. a massacre, a universal slaughter; a carnage.

Internecto, ēre, xui, xum. act. to knit or tie together; to interlace.

Internidisco, ēre, ēvi, ctum. act. to make a nest among.

Internigrans, īs. part. mingled with black, blackish.

Interniteo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to shine among.
Interodiūm, i. n. et **Interodiū**, i. m. the space between two knots or points.
Internosco, ēre, nōvi, nōtum. act. to know a thing among others; to discern; to distinguish from others.
Internuntia, æ. f. a female messenger.
Internuntio, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to go on a message between two parties.
Internuntius, i. m. a messenger between two parties, an interpreter, a go-between.
Internus, a, um. adj. secret, concealed, internal.
Intéro, ēre, trivi, tritum. act. to crumble; to grate.
Interordinium, i. n. a space between two rows or ranks.
Interpellatio, ōis. f. interpellation, a hindrance, a disturbance, an interruption, a molesting, a speaking to one when busy.
Interpellator, ōis. m. a disturber or hinderer; an interrupter, an intermeddler.
Interpellatus, a, um. part. disturbed, molested, interrupted, hindered, discontinued, importuned.
Interpello, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to interrupt; to molest; to distract; to disturb; to hinder; to require; to demand.
Interplico, ēre, ſvi. ſvi, ſtum. v. ſtum. act. to plait or fold between.
Interpōllatio, ōis. f. interpolation; a mending, new dressing, or furnishing.
Interpōlla, is, e. atj. renewed, refreshed, new made of old; new dressed, new scoured, or furnished; swapped up.
Interpōlo, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. [a polio] to renew; to refresh; to polish; to furnish; to falsify; to interpolate; to repair; to botch; to new vamp; to scour; to furnish; to refine; to purify; to hinder; to interrupt.
Interpono, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to insert; to put in; to mix; to put between; to interpose; to intermeddle; to suborn.
Interpōtū, ōis. f. an intermeddling, an interposition; an interlining.
Interpōtus, ſs. m. a putting in or between.
Interprimo v. **Interprimo**, ēre, preſsi, preſsum. act. to elop; to close in.
Interpres, ſtis. c. g. a mediator, a referee; an interpreter, an expounder, a translator out of one language into another, a go-between, a di-

viner, a confident, an affair.
Interpretatio, ōis. f. an interpretation, a translation, a guess or conjecture.
Interpretor, ſri, ſtus. dep. [ab interpre] to explain; to expound; to translate; to tell; to give the signification; to judge; to account; to esteem; to take and understand.
Interpunctio, ōis. f. a pointing or distinguishing by points.
Interpunctum, i. n. a point or stop.
Interpunctus, a, um. part. pointed, marked, distinguished by points.
Interpungo, ēre, nxi, actum. act. to point between.
Interpurgo, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to take away here and there the superfluous branches of trees.
Interpūto, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to lop or cut off; to prune; to take away the little branches of trees up and down.
Interquoror, i. quæſtus. dep. to make complaint ever and anon.
Interquiesco, ēre, quiēvi, quiētum. neut. to rest between whiles.
Interſcālo, ēre, ſi, ſum. act. to scrape or shave off in the middle.
Interſcālis, is, e. atj. shaven about, polished, filed.
Interſcāus, a, um. part. [ab interſcādo] carved here and there, scraped about and made hollow.
Interregnum, i. n. the space between two reigns or governments.
Interrex, rēgis. m. a regent; the governor or protector of the realm or country, between one prince or magistrate and another.
Interritus, a, um. part. undaunted, fearless, bold.
Interrōgatio, ōis. f. a question or demand, an interrogation.
Interrōgatiuncula, æ. f. dim. a little question or demand.
Interrōgo, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to demand; to ask a question; to examine; to argue and reason; to accuse; to charge.
Interrumpo, ēre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break down; to interrupt; to disturb.
Interrumpo, adv. interruptedly.
Interruptus, a, um. part. [ab interrumpo] broken asunder in the midst; interrupted, discontinued; severed; parted.
Intercaluminium, i. n. the space between the oars in a ship or galley.
Interccludo, ēre, ſcīdi, ſciſsum.

act. to cut in the midst; to hew asunder.
Interscribo, ēre, poſi, ptum. act. to write between; to interline.
Intersēco, ēre, ui, tum et ſtum. act. to intersect; to cut or chop in.
Interſectio, ōis. f. a cutting off in the middle, an intersection.
Interſepio, ēre, poſi, ptum. act. to hem in; to inclose; to fence or compass about, as with a hedge.
Interſeptus, a, um. part. stopped, shut up, hedged, fenced in.
Intersēro, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to sow, set, graft, or plant between.
Intersēro, ēre, rui, ſertum. act. to put between; to interlace; to intermingle.
Intersertus, a, um. part. thrust in among, interlaced.
Interſiſtū, ſimpers. they stay or rest between whiles.
Intersisto, ēre, ſiſti, ſtitum. neut. to rest or stop between.
Intersitus, a, um. part. [ab intersero] planted; set or put between.
Intersōno, ēre, ſi, ſtum. neut. to sound between.
Interſpiratio, ōis. f. a breathing between, a fetching of breath.
Interſpiro, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to breathe between; to vent.
Interserno, ēre, ſtrāvi, ſtratum. act. to strew or lay flat between.
Interſtinctus, a, um. part. divided, separated, parted.
Intersinguo, ēre, nxi, actum. act. to divide; to separate; to extinguish.
Interſtium, i. n. an interstice a break, an interval.
Interſtratus, a, um. part. strewn, laid, or thrown between.
Interstringo, ēre, nxi, ſctum. act. to strain; to squeeze close.
Interstruo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to build; to join together.
Interſum, eſſe, fui. to be present; to be in the midst; to come between; to differ; to be of consequence. Vid. **Interest**. [**Interesse** denotes a close and more intimate relation than **adesse**, the latter implying simply presence, and the former a more immediate intercourse, or a consociation in the state or condition of others.]
Intertextus, a, um. part. interwoven, interlaced; striped or tinseled.
Intertignum, i. n. the space between two rafters or two other beams or planks, in building.

Intertinctus, a, um. part. dyed, coloured, spotted, or stained here and there.

Interrühö, Ære, axi, actum. act. to draw out from between; to take away all.

Intertrigo, Inis. f. a galling; a chafe-gall; an interfering in a horse.

Intertinentum, i. n. the waste or loss by wearing or using; the refuse of gold or silver lost in melting, trying, or working.

Interturbatio, Onis. f. a troubling or disturbing.

Interturbo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to trouble; to hinder; to interrupt.

Intervallum, i. n. the space between the palisades in trenches; any distance of time or place; a break, an interval, a pause, a respite; a rest in music, or the taking of time.

Intervello, Ære, velli et vulsi, vulsum. act. to pluck or pull here and there, or up and down.

Intervēnio, Ære, vēni, ventum. neut. to come in the mean while; to come upon one unawares; to come upon or pass between; to intervene; to hinder; to intercede; to interpose; to happen now and then.

Intervēnium, i. n. the middle space between the veins of the earth.

Interventor, Oris. m. he that comes in, a visitor, an interrupter.

Interventum est, impers. they came suddenly upon.

Interventus, ūs. m. a coming between; an approach; a sudden coming upon one, a surprise, an interruption, or interpellation; an interposing or putting in.

Intervorsor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to converse or mix with.

Intervorsus, a, um. part. turned away privily; pilfered; embezzled, emugled.

Interverto, Ære, i, sum. act. to turn aside; to convey away; to embezzle; to intercept; to interlope; to coax or chouse one out of; to spend; to consume.

Intervireo, Ære, —. neut. to be green among other colours.

Intervisio, Ære, i, um. act. to visit now and then; to go and see.

Intervolito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [a seq.] to fly often amidst.

Intervolo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to fly among.

Intervomo, Ære, ui, Num. neut. to pour or throw out among other things; to vomit between.

Intestabilis, is, e. adj. he who by his law can make no will; that

cannot be attested; detestable; gelt or emasculated.

Intestatio, adv. without making a will, intestate.

Intestatus, a, um. adj. that dies without making a will; intestate; not proved or convinced by witness; gelded.

Intestnum, i. n. an entrail, an inward part, a bowel, a gut.

Intestinus, a, um. adj. [ab intestus] inward, hidden, privy, secret; deadly, spiteful, long borne in mind.

Intexo, Ære, xui, xtum. act. to weave; to knit; to fold; to embroider; to wind or wrap in; to plait with other things; to interlace; to mingle; to interweave; to introduce one speaking; to mention a person or his exploits.

Intextus, a, um. part. plaited, or woven with; wrought in cross one over another.

Intextus, ūs. m. an interweaving, interlacing or embroidering.

Intime, adv. very affectionately, heartily, intimately.

Intimus, a, um. adj. superl. Vid.

Interior, innermost, most inward; most intimate, best acquainted; very familiar, entirely beloved; most deep or secret.

Intinctus, a, um. part. dipped or moistened in; dyed or stained.

Intinctus, ūs. m. sauce.

Intingo, Ære, nxi, nctum. act. to dip in; to steep in; to dye; to colour.

Intolerabilis, is, e. adj. intolerable.

Intolerabiliter, adv. intolerably, insufferably.

Intolerans, tis. adj. immoderate, ungovernable; impatient, that cannot suffer or abide.

Intoleranter, adv. impatiently, immoderately.

Intolerantia, ōs. f. a want of government or moderation.

Intonatus, a, um. part. thundered upon.

Intondeo, Ære, i, sum. act. to clip; to shear or shave round about.

Intono, Ære, ui, Num. v. Ætum. neut. to thunder; to make a loud noise; to speak loud in a passion.

Intonsus, a, um. adj. not shorn, shaven, nor clipped; unpoll'd, rough, unsightly.

Intorqueo, Ære, si, tum. act. to writhe; to wrest; to turn or wind in; to throw; to cast with force.

Intortus, crookedly, intricately.

Intortus, a, um. part. writhed, wrested, twirled, hampered, entangled; turned or wound in;

curled; full of turnings or windings, intricate, crabbed, obscure.

Intra, præp. within; less than, not more than, not above; within the compass of.

Intra, adv. inward, within, in the inward parts, on the inside.

Intrabilis, is, e. adj. that one may enter into.

Intractabilis, is, e. adj. rough, sharp; unmanageable, untractable.

Intractatus, a, um. adj. not handled; not tamed or broken; wild.

Intratus, a, um. part. entered into.

Intrémisco, Ære, mul, —. incept. to quake.

Intrémio, Ære, ui, —. neut. [ex in et tremo] to tremble or quake for fear of; to shiver.

Intrépide, adv. [a seq.] boldly, fearlessly.

Intrépídus, a, um. adj. nothing afraid, undaunted, stout, bold.

Intribuo, Ære, i, ūtum. act. to bestow.

Intrínsecus, adv. on the inner part, on the inside.

Intrita, ōs. f. fine mortar or plaster, made of lime; old slaked lime; loam or clay used in grafting; a pumada, caudle, or such like.

Intritum, i. n. fine lime, clay, caudle; minced meat, a hash.

Intritus, a, um. part. broken, made small, mashed, crammed, and put or steeped in.

Intro, adv. into a place, within.

Intro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to enter or go in; to pierce; to insinuate; to creep into.

Intrōduco, Ære, xi, ctum. act. to bring; to lead in; to introduce; to set forth.

Intrōductio, Onis. f. an introduction, a leading, or bringing in.

Intrōductus, a, um. part. brought in, introduced.

Intrōbo, Ære, ivi, Num. neut. to enter; to go in.

Intrōfero, ferre, tūli, lātum. act. to bear or carry in.

Intrōtūtur, impers. they go in.

Intrōitus, ūs. m. a going in; an avenue, an entrance, or entry; a place to enter by; a beginning.

Intrōlūco, a, um. part. carried or brought in.

Intrōmitto, Ære, m'oi, missum. act. to let in; to suffer to enter.

Introrsum v. **Introrsus**, within, in the inner part, inwardly, toward the inside.

Introrumpo, Ære, rūpi, ruptum. neut. to break in; to rush in; to enter in by force.

Intrōspecio, Ære, apexi, tum. act.

to look into; to view; to consider; to introspect.

Intrūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to thrust in; to intrude; to encroach.

Intūbāceus, a, um. adj. pertaining to endive.

intūbum v. **Intyhum**, i. n. et **Intūbus**, i. m. endive or succory; an herb.

Intueor, ēri, tūtus. dep. to look upon; to behold; to consider; to mark; to take heed; to reverence. [**Intueri** is to look at designedly and carefully, to gaze upon. **Cernere** is to see clearly, so as to be able to discriminate or judge, whether by the eye or by the mind.]

Intultus, a, um. part. *having regarded or looked upon.*

Intultus, ūs. m. a beholding or looking upon; a view; an insight.

Intūmeo, ēre, ui — v. **Intūmeo**, ēre, — — neut. to swell; to rise up; to be puffed up; to swell with anger, &c.

Intūmūlātus, a, um. adj. unburred, not laid in a grave.

Intuor, ui, tūtus et **tultus**, dep. to look upon; to behold.

Inturbidus, a, um. adj. without trouble, quiet, peaceable.

Intus, adv. within doors, at home; inwardly; from within; in; into the house.

Intūsus, a, um. adj. unsafe, unsure, unguarded.

Invādo, ēre, si, sum. act. to go; to come; to march along; to invade; to attack; to assail; to seize; to lay hold of.

Invāleo, ēre, ui, — v. **Invālesco**, ēre, — — neut. to grow strong; to be in health; to come into use; to prevail.

Invāletūdo, ūis. f. sickness, craziness, illness, indisposition.

Invālidus, a, um. adj. feeble, weak, invalid; not valiant nor strong; of little force or virtue; sick, faint, crazy.

Invectio, ūis. f. an importation; a bringing or conveying in; an inveighing against one; an outrage in words.

Invectitius, a, um. adj. that is brought in; not of the growth or breed of the country; ascititious, not one's own.

Invectus, a, um. part. carried or brought in; inveighing.

Invectus, ūs. m. a bringing or conveying in.

Invēho, ēre, ix, ctum. act. to import; to carry; to bear; to bring in or upon; to inveigh; to speak bitterly against.

Invendibilia, is, e. adj. invendible, not saleable.

Invēnio, ire, vēni, ventum. act. to find; to meet with; to invent; to contrive; to devise; to get; to obtain; to procure; to discover.

Invēntur, impers. it is found out.

Invēntus, ūis. f. an inventing, a finding, a thought; an invention.

Invēntiuncūla, m. f. dim. a small device or invention.

Invēnor, ūis. m. a finder out, a deviser, an inventor, a brachet, a contriver.

Invēntrix, ūis. f. she who finds or devises.

Invēntum, i. n. an invention or device.

Invēntus, a, um. part. found out, invented, gotten.

Invēntus, ūs. m. an inventing, a finding.

Invēnustus, a, um. adj. unhappy; unhandsome, indecent.

Invēscundo, adv. shamelessly, immodestly.

Invērecundus, a, um. adj. shameless, immodest; impudent.

Invergo, ēre, xi, ctum. neut. et act. to pour on or in.

Inversio, ūis. f. inversion; a misplacing of words or matter.

Inversura, ūrum. f. pl. windings or turnings.

Inversus, a, um. part. turned inside out, turned upside down; changed topsy-turvy; confused, disordered.

Inverto, ēre, i, sum. act. to turn in; to turn upside down; to turn the inside out; to invert; to change; to turn up the ground in tilling.

Invesp̄rascit, ēbat, impers. night approaches.

Investigatio, ūis. f. a searching or seeking out; an inquiry, a discovering, discussing, disquisition.

Investigātor, ūis. m. a searcher by trace, one that makes diligent search.

Investigo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to seek; to search; to find out by the prints of the feet; to trace; to make diligent search for; to inquire; to discuss; to investigate.

Investio, ire, ūvi, ūtum. act. to adorn; to garnish; to trim; to deck; to enrobe.

Invētrascō, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. incept. to grow old; to become of force and strength by continuance; to grow incurable; to be settled; to grow obsolescent.

Invētrātio, ūis. f. inveteracy, obstinacy by long continuance; a chronic disease.

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Invētrātus, a, um. part. conformed by long use, growing into a custom, grown old, of long continuance, inveterate.

Invētro, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to keep till it be old and stale; to keep long from rotting. Neut. to be established by long time; to come into use; to endure; to be of long continuance; to be antiquated or abolished.

Invēctus, a, um. adj. unforbidden, uncontrolled.

Invicem, adv. [ex in et vicem] one another, each other; one after another, by turns; on the other side.

Invictus, a, um. adj. invincible, that cannot be overcome, unwearied.

Invidentia, m. f. envy, grudge, a repining, grief at others' well doing; invidiousness.

Invideo, ēre, vidi, visum. act. et neut. to see inwardly or exactly; to look wistly upon; to envy; to grudge; to spite; to bear ill will; to hate; to deny; to refuse.

Invidetur, impers. men envy, hate, or spite.

Invidia, m. f. envy, hatred, ill will, spite, grudging, an ill opinion, malice, displeasure; the getting ill will.

Invidiose, adv. enviously, odiously, spitefully; hatefully, invidiously.

Invidiosus, a, um. Act. envious, malicious, spiteful. Pass. envied, hated, odious, hateful; coveted, procuring envy.

Invidus, a, um. adj. envious, spiteful, malicious, rancorous, invidious.

Invigilo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to watch diligently; to take good heed to.

Inviolābilis, is, e. adj. inviolable, indefeatable, that is not violated or broken.

Inviolāte, adv. faithfully, inviolably, entirely.

Inviolātus, a, um. adj. inviolate, not violated, nor corrupted; immaculate; unhurt, untouched.

Invīsibilis, is, e. adj. invisible, that cannot be seen.

Invistātus, a, um. adj. not visited, unusual.

Inviso, ēre, vīsi, visum. neut. to view; to go; to come; to visit.

Invīsus, a, um. adj. unseen; loathed, hated; hateful, odious.

Invitamentum, i. n. a bidding or desiring, an attracting, an alluring, an invitation.

Invitatio, ūis. f. an invitation, an inducement; a treat.

invātus, a, um. part. *bidden; allured, enticed.*
invitātus, ūs. m. *an invitation.*
Invite, adv. *against one's will, forcibly, involuntarily.*
Invito, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to allure; to entice; to bid; to invite; to desire to come; to treat; to make much of; to encourage; to provoke.*
Invito, adv. *Vid. Invite.*
invitus, a, um. adj. *unwilling, involuntary, by constraint, in spite of one's teeth.*
Inivus, a, um. adj. [*ex in et via*] *having no way; pathless; that cannot be come at, unpassable.*
Inilla, w. f. *the herb called enula campana, elcampane.*
Inultus, a, um. adj. *unpunished, unrevenged; escaping quit or ecot-free; that has received an injury and not revenged it; unhurt.*
Inumbro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to cast a shadow upon; to give a shadow to.*
Inunctus, a, um. part. *caught.*
Inunctio, ōnis. f. [*ab inungo*] *an anointing, a besmearing, a greasing.*
Inundatio, ōnis. f. *an overflowing, a flood, a deluge, an inundation; the being overflowed.*
Inundo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to overflow; to overwhelm; to cover over; to come pouring on again.*
Inungo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to anoint.*
Invēctus, a, um. part. *called upon.*
Invēctus, a, um. adj. *uncalled, unbidden.*
Invoco, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to call in or upon; to call for; to call; to name; to invoke; to implore; to imprecate.*
Involātus, ūs. m. *a flying on.*
Involito, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. *to fly in often; to hang over; to fly or wave about.*
Involo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. *et act.* *to fly in or upon; to fly directly at; to lay hold of; to seize.*
Involvere, is. n. *a barber's towel, which he casts about one's shoulders, when he trims one.*
Involverum, i. n. *every thing that serves to cover, wrap, or hide; the cover of a book.*
Involvo, ēre, vi, lūtum. act. *to wrap or fold in; to tumble; to roll upon; to entangle; to envelop; to ravel; to entwine; to involve; to perplex; to cover; to hide.*
Involutio, ōnis. f. *involution; an enveloping or enfolding.*
Involutus, a, um. part. *wrapt*

*up, folded in, entwined, cloak-
 ed, covered, intricate, obscure,
 dark.*
Javolulus, i. m. *a vine-fretter.*
Javoline, adv. *uncourteously,
 rudely, homely, unmannerly,
 uncivilly, clownishly.*
Inurbānus, a, um. adj. *uncour-
 teous, rude, simple, homely,
 uncivil, unmannerly, ungen-
 tle; clownish, discourteous,
 disingenuous, disobliging.*
Inurgeo, ēre, ai, sutā. act. *to
 urge; to thrust; to push; to
 force against one.*
Inūrluo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. *to
 plunge, and wash themselves,
 as geese do.*
Inūro, ēre, ussi, ustum. act. *to
 mark with a hot iron; to en-
 amel; to work with water col-
 ours; to put or print in; to
 brand; to fix upon.*
Inūstite, adv. *strangely, un-
 usually.*
Inūstatio, adv. *uncommonly,
 strangely.*
Inūstātus, a, um. adj. *un-
 usual, extraordinary, unmont-
 ed, strange.*
Inūsus, ūs. m. *want of use.*
Inūtilis, is, e. adj. *unprofitable,
 of no use, disserviceable, un-
 serviceable, useless; insigni-
 ficant, needless, superfluous.*
Inūtilitas, ūtis. f. *unprofitable-
 ness, uselessness; insignifi-
 cancy, superfluity.*
Inūtitler, adv. *unprofitably, un-
 seasonably; insignificantly, su-
 perfluously.*
Involūtrābilis, is, e. adj. *invol-
 utable.*
Io, interj. *a cry of joy.*
Jocibundus, a, um. adj. *jest-
 ing, speaking merrily.*
Jocilo, ōnis. f. *a jesting, droll-
 ing, or playing the wag, ban-
 tering, raillery.*
Jocitus, a, um. part. *jesting.*
Jocor, ēri, ētus. dep. *to speak in
 jest; to speak merrily; to
 play the wag; to joke; to ral-
 ly.*
Jocose, adv. *merrily, jestingly,
 sportingly, pleasantly.*
Jocuos, a, um. adj. *merry,
 sportful, pleasant, frolicsome,
 sportive, jocose.*
Jocularis, is, e. adj. *sporting or
 jesting; jocular.*
Joculāriter, adv. *merrily, jo-
 cosely.*
Jocillarius, a, um. adj. *that is
 spoken in jest, a jesting mat-
 ter.*
Jocillitor, ōnis. m. *a jester, a
 droll, a merry companion.*
Jocilor, ēri, ētus. dep. *to jest.*
Joculus, i. m. dim. *a little jest.*
Jocus, i. m. *a jest, a joke, a
 droll, a pleasant, or witty
 word; raillery, fun, a flirt, a
 jeer.*

Ion, i. n. *a violet; a kind of
 gem.*
Iota, indecl. *the letter J or jod;
 the vowel i; also, a jot, the
 least thing that is.*
Jovis, gen. *a Jupiter.*
Ipsa, a, um. gen. *ipseus, he, she,
 the same, his own self, he
 alone, none but he; also, he of
 himself.*
Ipsemet, pron. *he himself.* [*Ipsa*
 is distinguished from *sui* and
ille by its applicability to any
 of the three persons. Thus we
 say, *Ego ipse, Tu ipse, Nos*
ipse. Its general office is to in-
 dividualize with more precision,
 or to designate the subject with
 greater emphasis, answering to
 the English words, *very, self,*
own. When applied to the
 third person, it is distinguished
 from *sui* and *ille* by this dif-
 ference. *Sui* relates to the
 principal subject, generally the
 nominative to the verb; *ipse*
 refers to the subordinate sub-
 ject, but emphatically marks it,
 as distinguished from the prin-
 cipal, or any other subject pre-
 viously mentioned.]
Ipseus, a, um. pron. adj. *pro*
ipse, he.
Ira, w. f. *anger, displeasure,
 wrath, passion; rage or trou-
 blesomeness; a fault; lust.*
Irācunde, adv. *angrily, spite-
 fully, freely.*
Irācundia, w. f. *passion quickly
 moved, angerishness, hasti-
 ness of temper, a natural in-
 clination to anger; anger.*
Irācundus, a, um. adj. *soon an-
 gry, snappish, irascible, hasty,
 testy, peevish, naturally in-
 clined to anger, boisterous,
 raging.*
Irascor, i, ētus. dep. *to be an-
 gry, moved, or displeased; to
 grieve or to be sorry for.*
Irāte, adv. *angrily.*
Irātus, a, um. adj. *angry, trou-
 bled, offended; troublous,
 tempestuous.*
Ire, infn. *a verbo Eo.*
Iri, infn. *ab itur, itum est, im*
pera.
Irinus, a, um. adj. [*ab Iria*] *of
 the flower de luce.*
Irio, ōnis. m. [*ab Iria*] *winter-
 cresses, rock-gentle, or rock
 gallant.*
Iris, idis. f. *the rainbow; a vi-
 cious stone; the herb called
 flower de luce.*
Iron, ōnis. w. *a kind of herb.*
Ironia, w. f. *a figure in speak-
 ing, when one means contrary
 to the signification of the
 word; a reasoning with mock-
 ery; scoffing, jeering, an
 irony.*
Irpey, icis. f. *a rake; a harrow.*
Irādio, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to*

shine upon; to cast his beams upon; to lighten; to irradiate.

Irāus, a, um. adj. *unshaven, unscraped, rough, unpolished.*

Irātionābilis, is, e. adj. *unreasonable.*

Irāucesco, ēre, *raui et raucui*, — incept. *to become hoarse, to wheeze.*

Irredīvivus, a, um. adj. *that cannot be revived or repaired.*

Irredux, ūcia, adj. *from which one cannot return.*

Irreligātus, a, um. adj. *unbound, loose.*

Irreligiōse, adv. *undevoutly, irreligiously.*

Irreligiōsus, a, um. adj. *ungodly, irreligious, indecent.*

Irremediābilis, is, e. adj. *from which one cannot return, not to be repassed.*

Irremediābilis, is, e. adj. *that cannot be remedied, irremediable.*

Irreparābilis, is, e. adj. *irreparable, irrecoverable, irremediable.*

Irrepertus, a, um. adj. *not found, not discovered.*

Irrepto, ēre, si, tum. neutr. [ex in et repo] *to creep in by stealth; to steal into.*

Irreprehensū et Irreprehensū, a, um. adj. *blameless, harmless, irreprehensible, irrefragable.*

Irrepto, ēre, si, tum. freq. *to creep or steal into a place; to encroach.*

Irrequiētus, a, um. adj. *troubled, disturbed, restless, troubled.*

Irresectus, a, um. adj. *not cut, not pared.*

Irresolūtus, a, um. adj. *never let slack or loose.*

Irrextinctus, a, um. adj. *unquenched.*

Irretio, ēre, si, tum. act. *to take hold; to entangle; to ensnare; to allure.*

Irretus, a, um. part. *entrapped, snared, caught fast in a net; allured, entangled.*

Irretortus, a, um. adj. *unmoved, fixed, straight.*

Irreverens, ūcia, adj. *irreverent.*

Irreverentia, ūcia, adv. *irreverently.*

Irrevocābilis, is, e. adj. *irrevocable, that cannot be recalled; not to be pulled back.*

Irrevocatus, a, um. adj. *not to be held back, that cannot be withheld; not called, not desired.*

Irrideo, ēre, risi, risum. act. *to mock; to scoff; to laugh to scorn; to rally; to sneer; to mock.*

Irridicille, adv. *unpleasantly, unamitly*

Irridicūlum, i. n. *a laughing-stock.*

Irriḡālio, ōnis. f. *a watering.*

Irriḡātus, a, um. part. *watered, daubed, bedewed.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to water; to bedew; to moisten; to soak.*

Irriḡua, ōrum. pl. n. [sc. loca] *little brooks or streams that water the earth.*

Irriḡuus, a, um. adj. *pass. watered, wet, moist, plashy. Act. that waters.*

Irriḡio, ōnis. f. [ab irrideo] *irrisation, a mocking, a laughing to scorn.*

Irriḡor, ōris. m. *one that mocks or laughs to scorn; a mocker or scorner; a fleerer, a flouter.*

Irriḡus, a, um. part. [ab irrideo] *mocked or laughed to scorn, derided, flouted.*

Irriḡus, ūcia. m. *a mocking or laughing to scorn; mockery.*

Irriḡābilis, is, e. adj. *quickly made angry or moved.*

Irriḡāmen, ūcia. u. et Irriḡāmentum, i. n. *an encouragement, incitement, or provocation.*

Irriḡatio, ōnis. f. *a stirring or provoking; an incensing, exasperating, excitement, irritation; an appetite or desire.*

Irriḡātor, ōris. m. *he that angers or provokes.*

Irriḡātus, a, um. part. *provoked, nettled, exasperated, enraged, irritated. Adj. angry.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to provoke; to move; to stir; to affront; to irritate; to affect; to anger; to enrage.*

Irriḡus, a, um. adj. [ex in et ratus] *void, of no effect, force, or weight; invalid, nothing worth; vain, that misses his purpose.*

Irriḡālio, ōnis. f. *a setting or imposing.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to impose; to set upon; to ordain; to appoint; to bestow.*

Irriḡat, impers. *there is a dew or moisture; it mingles.*

Irriḡālio, ōnis. f. *a moistening or bedewing.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to sprinkle; to wet with dew; to bedew.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ui, —. v. Irriḡesco, ēre, —. *to be or grow red.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. neutr. *to belch; to belch out.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. [ex in et ruga] *to make wrinkled.*

Irriḡo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. *to give suck or milk.*

Irriḡo, ēre, rūpi, ruptura. act. *to break in violently; to enter; to rush in by force.*

Irriḡo, ēre, i, ātum. neutr. *to*

run hastily, violently, or furiously; to rush in; to rush headlong into.

Irriḡo, ōnis. f. *a bursting in; an inroad, a violent breaking or entering in; an irruption.*

Irriḡus, a, um. adj. *unbroken, firm.*

Irriḡo, ē. f. *a kind of vine.*

Is, ea, id. gen. ejus. pron. *he, she, it; the same, that, such.*

Isḡia, idis. f. *a kind of wild lettuce; the herb wood.*

Isce, in genit. ejusce, even *he.*

Ischēmōn, ōnis. m. *an herb like a myrtle or hyssop, having sharp leaves and moss.*

Ischēmōn v. **Ischēmōn**, a, um. adj. *that has the ache in the hip or the hip-gout.*

Ischēmōn, ūcia. f. *a disease, called the sciatica or hip-gout.*

Ischēmōn, i. n. *a slender thing, a lean girl.*

Ischēmōn, is. f. *a too small pronunciation.*

Ischēmōn, a, um. adj. *games or exercises, wherein the victor was carried in pomp.*

Ischēmōn, i. n. i. e. *ischēmōn. an ising, a savage.*

Ischēmōn, an herb called also daphnōia.

Ischēmōn, i. n. *a form of building, where every thing is equal by straight.*

Ischēmōn, i. n. *the herb phaselion, having leaves like anise.*

Ischēmōn, is. n. *a triangle that has two of its legs or sides equal.*

Ischēmōn, adv. *that way.*

Ischēmōn, adv. *thus far forth.*

Ischēmōn, is, istud. gen. istius, *this, that.*

Ischēmōn, ischēmōn, ischēmōn v. *ischēmōn. the self-same, this same.*

Ischēmōn, pro *ischēmōn* et *ischēmōn*, adv. *in that place, there; in that affair.*

Ischēmōn, adv. *thence.*

Ischēmōn, ischēmōn et *ischēmōn*, a, um. adj. *belonging to a neck of land or to the Isthmian games.*

Ischēmōn, ischēmōn, i. m. *a neck of land, narrow part of a country which joins a peninsula to the continent.*

Ischēmōn, ischēmōn, ischēmōn, of the same sort.

Ischēmōn, adv. *thither, to that place.*

Ischēmōn, [modo v. loco] adv. *this way, on this hand.*

Ischēmōn, pro *ischēmōn*.

Ischēmōn, adv. *thither.*

Ischēmōn, adv. *so, even so, yes, in such sort, by that means, on that condition, therefore.*

Ischēmōn, therefore.

Ischēmōn, adv. [ab is] *also; also*

wise, in like manner; again, a second time.
 Iter, Iteris. n. [ab eo, tvi, tum.] a going along; a way or path; a road or highway; a passage, a water-course, a journey; a walk or a going abroad a little way; a march; a method or way of learning or pursuing any thing.
 Iteratio, Onis. f. a repetition, a reiteration; an inculcating; the second ploughing; the second pressing of grapes or olives.
 Iteratio, adv. again, a second time.
 Iteratus, a, um. part. repeated, gone over again.
 Itero, Are, Axi, Axi. act. to do a thing the second time; to do over again; to begin again; to renew; to tell; to say again; to begin afresh; to iterate.
 Iterum, adv. again, the second time.
 Ithyphallica, Drum. pl. n. obscene verses or poems.
 Item, adv. likewise, in like manner.
 Iter, Iteris. Vid. Iter.
 Ito, Onis. f. [ab eo, is] a going, a walking, a travelling; a going to meet.
 Ito, Are, Axi, Axi. freq. [ab eo, Vum] to go often or much.
 Iter, impers. they go, they are going, they come.
 Itus, us. m. a going, a voyage, or journey.
 Iuba, æ. f. the mane; the feathers in a cock's neck; any feathers; the red flesh, like crests in a snake's neck.
 Iubar, Iris. n. the beam of the sun, moon, or stars; the day-star; any other star; the reflected brightness from any thing; splendour, majesty.
 Iubatus, a, um. part. having a mane.
 Iubeo, Ere, Jussu, Jussum. act. to bid; to order; to appoint; to charge; to command; to enjoin; to decree or ordain publicly.
 Iubilum, i. n. a joyful shout.
 Iucunde, adv. merrily, gladly, pleasantly, agreeably, gratefully, jovially, occasionally.
 Iucunditas, Itis. f. pleasantness, mirth, jollity, agreeableness, diversion, jucundity.
 Iucundus, a, um. adj. pleasant, delightful, welcome; agreeable, grateful, joyful.
 Iudæus, a, um. adj. Jewish, belonging to the Jews.
 Iudex, Icis. c. g. a judge; an esteemer or receiver of things.
 Iudicasset pro Iudicaverit.
 Iudicatio, Onis. f. judging; a

case for judgment, the chief point to be debated.
 Iudicatrix, Icis. f. she or it, fem. that judges.
 Iudicatum, i. n. the thing judged or determined; a decree.
 Iudicatus, a, um. part. judged, condemned; esteemed, accounted.
 Iudicatus, us. m. judgment, authority to judge.
 Iudicialis, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to judgment or trial; serving in law, judicial.
 Iudiciarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to a judge or judgment.
 Iudicium, i. n. judgment, a trial at law; a verdict in law, a decree in equity, a doom, &c. a case, a suit; mind, opinion; judgment, choice; discernment; understanding, consideration; the judiciary kind in oratory.
 Iudico, Are, Axi, Axi. act. [a iudex] to give sentence; to condemn; to give one's self counsel; to judge; to deem; to suppose; to conceive of.
 Iugalis, is, e. adj. [a iugum] that is yoked or pertains to yokes; belonging to matrimony or wedlock.
 Iugamento et Iugumento, Are, Axi, Axi. act. to join or fasten together.
 Iugamentum, i. n. a band or cramp.
 Iugarius, i. m. he that yokes oxen, and drives a plough or wain with them.
 Iugatio, Onis. f. a yoking or joining.
 Iugatorius, a, um. adj. yoked, used to the yoke.
 Iugatus, a, um. part. yoked, coupled or made fast together.
 Iugerium, adv. by or of every acre; acre by acre.
 Iuger, i. nus. v. Iugus, unde Iuguris, in gen. et Iugere in abl. Pl. Iugera, um. n. an acre.
 Iugerum, i. n. an acre of ground, so much as one yoke of oxen will plough in c. day. It contains in length 240 feet, in breadth 120.
 Iugis, is. e. adj. continual, perpetual.
 Iuglans, dis. f. a walnut or walnut-tree.
 Iugo, Are, Axi, Axi. act. [a iugum] to join or fasten together; to couple together; to marry or give in marriage.
 Iugosus, a, um. adj. ridged, full of ridges.
 Iugula, æ. f. pl. Jugula; the constellation of Orion or rather a single star betwixt his shoulders, near his throat.
 Iugulatio, Onis. f. a slaying or killing.
 Iugulo, Are, Axi, Axi. act. to

kill; to cut one's throat; to butcher; to be fatal to; to convict; to silence; to cut a man down at once; to spoil; to mar.
 Iugulum, i. n. et Iugulus, i. m. the fore part of the neck; the neck-bone; throat-bone or channel-bone; the throat or neck; the chief point of a matter, the merits of the cause.
 Iugum, i. n. a yoke; a contrivance with forks and spears like a gallows, under which vanquished enemies were forced to go; subjection; bondage or slavery; a pair of any thing; as much ground as two oxen will plough in a day, one acre of land; a frame whereon vines are joined; a beam whereon balances and scales hang; the sign Libra; the seat in a ship whereon the rowers sit; the top or ridge of a hill or bank; a high cliff; a weaver's beam or embroiderer's frame.
 Iugumentum, i. n. [a iugum] the lintel of a door.
 Iulis, Idis. f. a certain fish.
 Iulius, i. m. the month of July, so called in honour of Julius Cæsar.
 Iulius, a, um. adj. of the month of July.
 Iulus, i. m. the moss or down of fruit; a kind of fish.
 Iumentum, i. n. a labouring beast; a packhorse.
 Iuncetum, i. n. a place where bulrushes grow.
 Iuncus, a, um. adj. made of bulrushes, like a bulrush; slender and small, like a bulrush.
 Iuncidus, a, um. adj. thin, slender, like a bulrush.
 Iunctus, a, um. adj. of a bulrush.
 Iunctus, a, um. adj. full of bulrushes.
 Iunctim, adv. [a iungo] jointly, successively.
 Iunctio, Onis. f. a joining.
 Iunctura, æ. f. a joining or coupling together; a joint, jointure; a composition, a composure.
 Iunctus, a, um. part. et adj. joined, coupled; associated; nearly related.
 Iuncus, i. m. a bulrush.
 Iungo, Ere, nxi, nctum. act. to join or couple; to associate.
 Iunior, Ius. comp. [qu. Iuvenior] younger.
 Iuniperus, i. f. the juniper-tree.
 Iunius, a, um. adj. of June.
 Iunius, i. m. the month of June.
 Iunius, Icia, f. [a juvenis] heifer or young cow.
 Iunonia ales, a peacock.

Jūpter, Jūis, m. *the heaven, the air.*
Jūrandum, i. n. *an oath.*
Jūrātissimus, a, um, adj. *sworn, approved, trusty.*
Jūrātor, ōris, m. *the Roman censor.*
Jūrātus, a, um, part. Act. *having sworn.* Pass. *sworn to be kept; sworn by.*
Jūre, ablat. *rightly, by right.*
Jūrea, æ. f. *a cake made with broth, a dumplin, sop, or brewis.*
Jūrējūro, āre, āvi, ātum act. to *swear.*
Jurgium, i. n. *a brawling, a chiding, a scolding; an altercation, a jar, a strife in words, or a suit in law.*
Jurgo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to *chide; to scold; to brawl.*
Jurgor, āri, ātus, dep. to *chide.*
Jūridicālis, is, e. adj. *belonging to the law.*
Jūridicus, a, um, adj. *of or pertaining to the law.*
Jūridicus, i. m. *a judge.*
Jūrisconsultus, i. m. *a lawyer, a counsellor of law.*
Jurisdiclio, ōnis, f. *power and authority to determine what is law; the executive power in judging, trying, and punishing; a jurisdiction, or district.*
Jūrispētritus, i. m. *one skilful in the law.*
Jūro, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to *swear; to take an oath; to conspire.*
Jūrulentus, a, um, adj. *full of juice or liquor; stewed in broth.*
Jus, jūris, n. *reason, right; the law; the courts, the sessions, or tribunal; authority; a state, or condition; liberty.*
Jus, jūris, n. *broth, pottage, gruel.*
Juscilum, i. n. dim. *the same.*
Jusjūrandum, jūrisjūrandi et jusjūrandi, n. *a solemn oath.* It should be printed *Jus jurandum*, as it consists of a noun and participle.
Jussum, i. n. *a command, charge, mandate or appointment.*
Jussus, ūs, m. *a charge or command, a will and consent.*
Justa, ōrum, n. pl. *funeral rites or ceremonies; obsequies, esequies; accustomed solemnities; a daily and ordinary task, a due rate, proportion, or allowance.*
Juste, adv. *justly, impartially, lawfully, uprightly.*
Justi, pro Jussisti. Vide Jubeo.
Justificus, a, um, adj. *that does justice.*
Justitia, æ. f. [α jure] *justice, righteousness, upright dealing,*

impartiality; clemency, mercy; the method of justice.

Justitium, i. n. *the vacation or time out of term; a stop of proceedings at law, when the courts did not sit.*

Justus, a, um, adj. *just, exact; honest, impartial; legitimate, lawful, true, or right; deserved, due, reasonable, allowable; equitable, favourable; upright, just, pious; complete, proper, usual, ordinary.*

Juvat, impers. *it delights, it pleases, it profits, it does one good.*

Jūvenālia, ūm, pl. n. *certain games or feasts celebrated for the exercise of youth.*

Jūvenālis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to the youthful games.*

Jūvenca, æ. f. *a heifer, any young female creature.*

Jūvenctus, a, um, adj. *belonging to youth.*

Jūvenctus, i. m. [α juvenia] *a bullock, or steer; a young man; any young male.*

Jūvenesco, ēre, —. incept. to *grow young; to grow wanton or playful.*

Jūvenilis, is, e. adj. *youthful; of or pertaining to youth; wanton, pleasant.*

Jūveniliter, adv. *youthfully, like a young man.*

Jūvenis, is, e. adj. *young.*

Jūvenor, āri, —. dep. to *wanton or play a youthful part.*

Jūventa, æ. f. *youth, young age; the youth, or young folk.*

Jūventas, ātis, f. *the goddess of youth; youth.*

Jūventus, ūtis, f. *youth; young folk; the goddess of youth.*

Jūvo, āre, jūvi, jūtum, act. to *help; to aid; to succour; to ease, to do good; to profit; to delight.*

Juxta, præp. regit acc. *nigh by, near to, toward, hard by, next after.*

Juxta, adv. *even, alike, all one, as well one as the other.*

Juxtim, adv. *near by, nigh to.*

Ixia, æ. f. *an herb called by some chameleon.*

K

K QUIDEM in nullis verbis utendum puto, &c. Quint.

Kklendæ v. Kklendæ, ārum, f. *the calends of the month, i. e. the first day of every month, to be reckoned backward.*

Kklendārium, i. n. v. Kklendārius, i. m. *a kalendar, a memorandum or account-book.*

L

LĀBASCO, ēre, —. incept. [α labo] to *fall to decay; to be ready to fall; to give ground, to fail in his courage.*

Lābēcila, æ. f. dim. [α labes] *little spot or blemish.*

Lābēfācio, ēre, fēci, factum, act. to *loosen; to shake and make to totter or ready to fall; to fright one from his purpose.*

Lābēfactiō, ōnis, f. *a loosening or weakening, &c.*

Lābēfactus, a, um, part. *wasted, weakened; tottering, shaking, ready to revolt.*

Lābēfactio, ōnis, f. *a loosening, weakening, or making to droop.*

Lābēfacto, āre, āvi, ātum, [α labefacio] to *weaken and loosen; to put to a nonplus; to stagger; to undermine and overthrow; to shake; to almost ruin; to bring to decay; to drive one from his purpose, and make him alter his resolution.*

Lābēfactus, a, um, part. [α seq.] *weakened, giving way, tottering, almost overthrown; uncertain, decayed, diminished.*

Lābēfio, fēri, factus, to *be loosened, &c.*

Lābellum, i. n. dim. [α labrum] *a lip, a little lip; a little vat or like vessel; a term of endearment.*

Lābeo, ōnis, m. *blubber-lipped; a fish so called.*

Lābes, is, f. *a great downfall, a sinking of the ground; a spot, a blur, blemish, or stain, a dash or blot; a fault, guilt; remorse, compunction, trouble;*

ruin, destruction, shame, disgrace, dishonour, discredit.

Lābidos, a, um, adj. *slippery, slabby.*

Lābidosus, a, um, adj. *full-lipped.*

Lābium, ii, n. freq. in plur. *a lip, a full lip, the nether lip.*

Lābo, lābāre, —. neut. to *totter; to be ready to drop down, to bulge; to jolt; to fall; to shrink; to be loose and apt to fall out; to fail; to decay; to flag; to misgive; to waver; to hesitate.*

Lābor, lābi, lāpus, dep. to *slide; to glide; to fly; to float; to sail; to drop; to trickle*

down; to slip; to fall; to faint away; to trip; to falter; to mistake; to fall to decay; to grow poor.

Labor et **Labus**, **bris**, m. *labour, pains, turmoil, drudgery, fatigue; a burden or trouble; anxiety, solicitude; distress, hardship, trouble; sickness, illness; the pains of child-birth.*

Läbdrätus, imp. *a great deal of pains is taken.*

Läbdrätus, a, um. part. *well wrought with pains and care.*

Läbdrifer, **ära**, **ärum**, adj. *pains-taking.*

Läbdröse, adv. *laboriously, painfully, hardly.*

Läbdrösus, a, um. adj. *laborious, pains-taking; oppressed with pain, sickness, or ill usage; taking much pains; tiresome, toilsome, wearisome, fatiguing.*

Läbdrö, **äre**, **ävi**, **ätum**, [a labor] act. et neut. *to work; to make; to labour; to take pains; to endeavour; to take care; to lie under; to be oppressed with; to be sick; to be at a stand; to be troubled or concerned; to be in danger; to distress; to be in want.*

Labröns, a, um. adj. *having brims like lips.*

Labrum, l. n. *a bathing-tub; a vat; a cistern, a brewer's cooler; a lip, the brim.*

Labrum venereum, *fullers' weed or teazel.*

Labrus, i. m. *a kind of ravenous fish.*

Labrusca, æ. f. et **Labruscum**, n. *the wild-vine.*

Labrum, l. n. *a kind of herb.*

Labyrinthus, a, um. adj. *of pertaining to a labyrinth.*

Labyrinthus, l. m. *a labyrinth, a maze; any thing that is difficult or intricate.*

Lac, tis, n. et **Lacte**, is, n. *milk.*

Läcer, **ära**, **ärum**, adj. act. et pass. *tearing, rending; torn, rent; mangled, maimed, dismembered, disabled, shattered, battered, rent, ragged; all torn, dishevelled; scattered, dispersed.*

Läceratio, **öns**, f. *a tearing, rending, mangling, or scratching.*

Läcerätus, a, um. part. *torn, rent, pulled to pieces, tattered, ragged, mangled, lacerated.*

Läcerua, æ. f. *a surtout or riding cloak; a cassock, cowl, or hood.*

Läcernätus, a, um. adj. *cloak-ed; wearing such a cassock or surtout.*

Läcero, **äre**, **ävi**, **ätum**, act. [ex lacer] *to rend; to tear; to mangle; to lacerate; to pull to pieces; to dismember; to lavish and spend riotously.*

Läcerta, æ. f. [a lacertus] *a lizard, a newt; a kind of sea-fish.*

Läcertöus, a, um. adj. *brazeny, sinewy, strong.*

Läcertus, i. m. *an arm, the arm from the elbow to the shoulder; the brawn or sinews of the arms or thighs; strength; the vehemence and force of an oration; a lizard or newt; a kind of cheap fish usually salted.*

Läcessim, præt. per syncop. *pro lacessiverim; et lacessisse pro lacessivisse et lacesserunt pro lacessiverunt.*

Läcessitus, a, um. part. [a lacesso] *exposed, abused, provoked, stirred up, exasperated, attacked.*

Läcesso, **äre**, **ävi** et **l**, **ätum**, act. [ex lacio] *to put or drive forward; to provoke; to irritate; to stir up; to set upon; to challenge; to abuse with ill language; to tease and trouble; to put forward; to stamp and tear; to importune; to request; to injure; to wrong; to disturb; to trouble.*

Lächänsio, **äre**, — neut. *to be feeble, weak, or faint.*

Lächryma, æ. f. **rectius** **Lacryma**, *a tear.*

Lächrymäbilis, is, e. adj. *sad, fit to be bewailed or wept for.*

Lächrymäbundus, a, um. adj. *weeping-ripe; ready to weep.*

Lächrymatio, **öns**, f. *a weeping; a shedding of tears; a dropping of moisture, gum, &c.*

Lächrymätus, a, um. part. *distilled or dropped out of the bark.*

Lächrymo, **äre**, **ävi**, **ätum**, neut. et **Lächrymor**, **äri**, **ätus**, dep. *to weep; to cry; to shed tears; to drop with moisture.*

Lächrymosus v. **Lächrymosus**, a, um. adj. *full of tears, weeping; sad, doleful; that makes the eyes water.*

Lächrymüla, æ. f. dim. [a lacryma] *a little tear.*

Läcinia, æ. f. [a lacino] *the lapel or flap of a gown; the guard, hem, or fringe of a garment; a separate fold; a surname of Juno.*

Läcniöus, a, um. adj. *jagged, crumpled, full of plaits.*

Läcnicum, i. n. [sc. hypocaustum] *a stew, hot-house, or dry bath.*

Läcniöus, a, um. adj. *Lacedæmonian.*

Läcniösmus, i. m. *a short way of speaking.*

Läcryma, æ. f. item **Lacryma** et **Lacrima**. Vid. **Lachryma**.

Lactüria, æ. f. [a lacte] *the herb tithymal, spurge, or milk-weed.*

Lactürius, a, um. adj. *that is made of milk or gives milk.*

Lactätus, **üs**, m. [a lacto] *a giving of milk, a suckling of young.*

Lacte, is, n. *milk.*

Lactens, tis, part. [a lacteo] *sucking, hanging at the breast a suckling; having milk in it.*

Lacteslus, a, um. adj. dim. [a lacteus] *milk-white, fair.*

Lactes, ium, f. pl. [a sing. lactis] *the small guts, the soft roe or milt of fish.*

Lactesco, **äre**, — incept. [a lacteo] *to become like milk; to be turned into milk; to have milk; to grow milch.*

Lacteus, a, um. adj. *of or like milk; white, lacteal, milky.*

Lacto, **äre**, **ävi**, **ätum**, freq. *to allure; to deceive with fair words; to cajole; to wheedle; to trepan; to fool one.*

Lacto, **äre**, **ävi**, **ätum**, act. *to give suck; to feed with milk; to suckle.*

Lactüca, æ. f. *the herb lettuce.*

Lactücula, æ. f. dim. *a little lettuce.*

Läcuna, æ. f. *a puddle or dike; a furrow or trench for a drain; any little hole or hollow place; a defect or want.*

Läcünar, **äris**, n. *a ceiled roof, arched, fretted, or set off with distance of rafters like pits; the main beam of a house, arched, or embowed.*

Läcünätus, a, um. part. *wrought with fretted work, made hollow, as it were, with ditches and gutters.*

Läcünö, **äre**, **ävi**, **ätum**, act. *to pit; to fret; to chamfer; to gutter; to work with fret-work.*

Läcünöus, a, um. adj. *full of ditches or holes, uneven, rugged, pitted.*

Läcus, i et **üs**, m. *a lake or standing pool; a place always full of water; a deep ditch, a pool; a vat; a cooler; the main beam of a house; a corn-trough or corn-bin.*

Läcusculus, i. m. dim. *a little lake or ditch; a small vat.*

Läcüturris, is, f. *a large sort of cabbage, a cauliflower.*

Läcüturria, a, um. adj. *brassic lacuturria, a large colewort, a savoy.*

Lädnäm, i. n. *a gum made of the fat dew that is gathered*

from the leaves of a shrub called lada.
 Lædo, Ære, si, sum. act. to hurt; to injure; to disoblige; to do displeasure to; to infect; to violate; to find fault with; to put a wrong construction upon; to offend; to trouble; to annoy.
 Lælaps, Æps. f. Storm, Swift, a dog's name.
 Læna, æ. f. a soldier's cloak; a rough gaberdine; a frieze cassock, a priest's cope.
 Læso, Onis. f. a hurting or annoying.
 Læsus, a, um. part. hurt; rent, torn, violated; wronged, offended, annoyed, disobliged, &c.
 Lætābilis, is, e. adj. glad, joyful, gladsome, joyous.
 Lætāmeu, Inis. m. compost, dung, soil, or muck made in a field; manure.
 Lætātio, Onis. f. merriness.
 Lætātus, a, um. part. having rejoiced.
 Læte, ius, lætme. adv. merrily, gladly, pleasantly, jollily, joyfully, jorally; fruitfully, abundantly.
 Lætifico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to rejoice one or make one glad; to enrich the ground and make it fruitful.
 Lætificus, a, um. adj. that makes glad.
 Lætitia, æ. f. [a lætus] joy, gladness, jollity, joyfulness, merriment, mirth, pleasantness; fruitfulness, abundance.
 Lætor, Æri, Ætus. dep. [a lætus] to be crank, jolly, joyful, glad, or merry; to rejoice.
 Lætus, a, um. adj. glad, merry, frolicsome, cheerful, joyous, jolly, jovial, pleasant, delightful; fortunate; plentiful, fruitful, verdant; fat, in good condition; welcome, acceptable; brisk, lively; willing; swift.
 Læva, æ. f. the left hand.
 Lævā, adv. [a lævus] dull, heaviness.
 Lævīgatio, Onis. f. a sleeking, glossing, or planing.
 Lævīgatus, a, um. part. planed, made smooth.
 Lævigo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to smooth; to sleek; to brighten; to gloss; to plane; to polish; to loosen.
 Lævus v. Lævis, is, e. adj. smooth, sleek, glib, soft, bare, bald.
 Lævitas, Ætia. f. sleekness, plainness, smoothness, evenness.
 Lævo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to make smooth or sleek.
 Lævor, Onis. m. smoothness, evenness, softness.

Lævus, a, um. adj. left, on the left side; foolish, silly; unlucky, inconvenient, unseasonable; prosperous, propitious, lucky.
 Lægānum, i. n. a thin cake made of fine flour, oil, &c. a fritter or pancake, a plumb-cake or simnel.
 Lægēna, æ. f. a flagon, a flask, a stone bottle.
 Lægōs, Æi, f. a kind of grape.
 Lægōls, is. f. a delicate bird that has flesh like a hare; or, as some say, a rare sort of fish.
 Lægōnōpōnos, i. m. the gripes or pains of the bowels.
 Lægophthalmos, i. m. hare-eyed.
 Lægopus, Ædis. m. the white partridge; the herb hare's foot or hare's cumin.
 Lægōtrōphium, i. n. a warren of hares.
 Læguncūla, æ. f. dim. a little flagon or bottle.
 Lælisio, Onis. m. the foal of a wild ass.
 Lallo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to sing lalla; to sing lullaby.
 Lallus, i. m. a lullaby or lulling of a child to sleep.
 Lāna, æ. f. a slough, a bog, a dirty puddle, a ditch.
 Lambēro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to cut or tear to pieces; to slice; to mangle; to hack and slash.
 Lambito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to lick often.
 Lambo, Ære, lambi, lambitum. act. to lick with the tongue; to lap; to touch a thing softly; to flow gently by.
 Lamella, æ. f. dim. a little thin plate of metal.
 Lamentābilis, is, e. adj. lamentable, mournful, doleful, woe-ful; to be bewailed or lamented.
 Lamentārius, a, um. adj. that causes lamentation.
 Lamentātio, Onis. f. lamentation, a weeping and wailing; a bemoaning or complaining; dolefulness.
 Lamentator, Æri, Ætus. dep. to lament; to bewail; to weep; to mourn for; to bemoan; to take on sadly.
 Lamentum, i. n. a lamentation, a bemoaning, a sad outcry, a shriek.
 Lāmia, æ. f. a hag; a witch or sorceress, who does mischief to children.
 Lāmīna, æ. f. et per sync. Lāmna. a plate or thin piece of metal; a bar or ingot of gold or silver; a sword-blade; a thin board or plank; a nutshell.
 Lāmīum, i. n. archangel, dead-nettle.
 Lampāda, æ. f. a lamp, a torch, a fiery meteor.

Lampādias, æ. m. a comet, a blazing star, resembling a burning torch.
 Lampas, Ædis. f. a lamp; a torch; a fiery meteor in the air; the brightness or shining of the sun.
 Lampasna, æ. f. corn-sallad, a weed growing among corn.
 Lampyrus, Ædis. f. a glow-worm that shines by night.
 Lāmryrus, i. m. a kind of sea-lizard.
 Lāna, æ. f. wool; the down of birds; the moss or cotton that grows on trees or fruits.
 Lānāria, æ. f. fuller's weed.
 Lānāris, is, e. adj. that has or bears wool.
 Lānārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wool.
 Lānārius, i. m. a wool merchant, a clothier, a draper.
 Lānātus, a, um. adj. woolly, bearing wool; mossy, having a mossiness like wool.
 Lancea, æ. f. a lance, a Spanish javelin with a broad head; a pike, spear, or javelin; the head of a spear or dart.
 Lancinātus, a, um. part. wasted and consumed.
 Lancino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to strike or thrust through; to rend; to tear; to consume; to waste; to make havoc of.
 Lancūla, æ. f. the basin of a small scale.
 Lāneus, a, um. adj. woollen or made of wool or flocks.
 Langā, æ. f. a beast of Italy, called also languria; of whose urine the Grecians believed amber was made.
 Languefācio, Ære, fēci, factum. act. to weary; to stop one's career.
 Langueo, Ære, langui, —. neut. to languish; to be sick; to be feeble; to faint; to grow cool; to sneak; to flag; to fade and decay; to become listless; to grow dull and weary; to be cloyed and heavy.
 Languesco, Ære, —. incept. [a languet] to grow languid, faint, or feeble; to become remiss or dull; to abate; to decay; to shade; to fade.
 Languide, adv. faintly, feebly, carelessly, idly, lazily.
 Languidūla, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat faint, weak, or feeble; withered or faded; flimsy.
 Languidus, a, um. adj. [a languet] faint, weak, feeble; enervated; slow, lazy; decayed, faded; spiritless, sluggish, inactive, listless.
 Languificus, a, um. adj. causing faintness.
 Languor, Onis. m. faintness, feebleness, weakness; languishment, a fainting fit; weariness.

ness; laziness, listlessness, dullness, drowsiness.

Langūria, m. f. a kind of breast. Langūrium l. n. a languet of amber.

Lāniārium, l. n. a butchery, a butcher's shop; a butcher-room, a slaughter-house.

Lāniatio, ōis. f. a slaughter or carnage.

Lāniātus, a, um. part. rent, torn, scattered.

Lāniātus, ūs. m. a tearing or cutting to pieces; a quartering, a butchering.

Lānīctum, i. n. the commodity of wool or cotton; the increase or gain of it; the dressing or ordering of it; the woollen or cotton trade.

Lāniēna, m. f. the flesh-shambles, the butchery, a slaughter-house.

Lānifer, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears wool or cotton.

Lānificium, l. n. spinning or carding; working of wool; clothing, the art of making cloth; spinetry, housewifery.

Lānificus, a, um. adj. that makes wool for the clothier, a weaver of woollen, pertaining to the working in wool, clothworking.

Lāniger, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears wool or has a fleece on.

Lānio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex laniis] to cut like a butcher; to rend; to tear; to pull to pieces; to cut up; to butcher; to wound.

Lāniōnus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a butcher.

lānīa, m. m. a master of defence, a fencing-master at sword-play.

lānīus, l. m. a butcher or slaughterman; the sinner with victimas; the killer of the sacrifice.

lānīus, a, um. adj. full of wool, woolly.

lānīōnus, a, um. adj. downy, oozy; soft like wool or cotton.

lānīgo, l. n. down on the faces of young people; the soft wool, cotton, or fur, upon fruits, herbs, leaves, &c. the down feathers in birds; sawdust or powder of wood.

lānīlla, m. f. [a lana] a little piece or small lock of wool; flannel.

lānīx, clis. f. a great broad plate, charger, or porringer; a deep dish or platter, to serve meat up in; a scale or basin of the balance.

lānīthum, l. n. the herb called monk's rhubarb, dock.

lāpīda, m. m. a digger of stone in a quarry, a hewer of stone, a stone-cutter, a mason.

Lāpīdicina, [pro quo corrupte lapidicina] m. f. a quarry of stones.

Lāpīdārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to stones.

Lāpīdātio, ōis. f. a hurling or raining of stones; a burying under stones; a stoning to death.

Lāpīdātor, ōis. m. a hurler of stones.

Lāpīdātus, a, um. part. stoned, battered, beaten, or knocked with stones.

Lāpīdāvit et Lāpīdātum est, Impers. it rained stones.

Lāpīdesco, ēre, —. incept. to grow hard as stones; to turn to stone.

Lāpīdeus, a, um. adj. stony, full of stone; made of stone; hard as a stone; heavy, weighty.

Lāpido, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to strike or kill with stones; to stone to death; to rain stones; to cover with a heap of stones.

Lāpīdōsus, a, um. adj. stony, full of stones, gravelly; hard like a stone; the same as lapideus, of stone; knotty.

Lāpillus, l. m. dim. a small or little stone; a precious stone.

Lāpis, idis. m. a stone, a pebble; a precious stone, a gem; a mile; a place raised high, where things were cried; a slow, heavy, dull fellow; a hard-hearted man.

Lappa, m. f. a bur, a clot-bur.

Lappaceus, a, um. adj. of or like a bur.

Lappāgo, l. n. f. an herb called maiden lips, shepherd's rod, or teazel.

Lapsūna, m. f. wild coleworts or dock-cress.

Lapsio, ōis. f. [a labor, lapsus] a sliding or slipping; a trip or fall.

Lapsus, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [u labor] neut. to slip often; to trip.

Lapsus, a, um. part. [ex labor] falling, trickling, slipping; winding; gliding or having fallen down; past over.

Lapsus, ūs. m. a sliding, winding, or gliding; a slip or fall; a trip, mistake, or oversight.

Lāquear, āris. n. et Lāqueāre, is. a roof, the inner roof of a house or the roof of a chamber, embowed, channelled, and done with fret-work.

Lāqueātus, a, um. adj. [a laquear] arched, vaulted, channelled, fluted, ceiled, embowed. Part. [a laqueo] haltered, ensnared, entangled.

Lāqueo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to halter or ensnare; to roof a house.

Lāqueus, l. m. a noose, a snare, a trap, or gin; a halter or cord to hang one in or ensnare one with; a wile, equivocation, a trick, or device.

Lar, lāris. m. a god who presided both house and land, and presided over cities and private houses; the chimney or fire-side; a dwelling-house; one's home.

Larbāon, l. n. antimony.

Lardum, v. f. Lārdum, l. n. bacon, the fat of bacon, lard.

Large, adv. abundantly, amply, liberally, bountifully, plentifully.

Largificus, a, um. adj. liberal, frank and bountiful.

Largifluus, a, um. adj. that flows abundantly.

Largiloquus, a, um. adj. talkative, full of words, liberal of his tongue.

Largior, iri, itus. dep. to give liberally; to bestow; to grant; to permit.

Largitia, ātis. f. bounty, liberality, abundance, plenty, largeness.

Largitter, adv. largely, copiously.

Largitio, ōis. f. liberal expense, a bountiful largess, prodigality; a bribe.

Largitor, ōis. m. a liberal giver, a prodigal spender; a briber.

Largitus, a, um. part. having bestowed, given; granted.

Largus, a, um. adj. very large; giving, bestowing, open-handed; plentiful.

Lārix, icis. f. et Larex, the larch-tree.

Larva, m. f. a vizor or mask, a disguise; a walking spirit, a ghost, a phantom, a hag, a hobgoblin, a bugbear, an elf; a madman; a scarecrow.

Larvālis, is, e. adj. ghostly, like a ghost.

Larvātus, a, um. part. frightened by spirits, distracted, mad, out of his senses.

Lārus, l. m. a sea-mew, cod, or gull.

Lāsānum, l. n. a chamber-pot, a close stool for men.

Lascivia, m. f. sportiveness, playfulness, wantonness, freakishness, frolicsomeness, wagishness; ribaldry, lustfulness.

Lascivibundus, a, um. adj. [a lascivio] wanton, sportive.

Lascivio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to be or to play the wanton; to frisk and play up and down; to grow wanton; to dally, to be frolicsome.

Lascivus, a, um. adj. frolicsome, sportive, gamesome, skittish, frisking; lecherous, ribaldrous, wagish, goatish; smutty, bawdy.

Laser, ēris. n. a gum or juices issuing out of the herb laseryrium; benzoin; assafoetida.

Læserptilius, a, um, adj. of or belonging to benzoin.
Læserptiller, Æra, Ærum, adj. bearing benjamin or benzoin.
Læserptium, i. n. an herb, the gum whereof is called laser; masterwort.
Læssatus, a, um, part. wearied, tired.
Lassenco, Ære, —. incept. to grow weary; to begin to be tired.
Lassitudo, inis. f. weariness, laziness, a disease like the green-sickness.
Lasso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. to weary; to tire; to fade out.
Lassulus, a, um, adj. dim. somewhat weary.
Lassus, a, um, adj. weary, tired, faded, spent, worn out; faded, glutted; faint, ill.
Læta, æ. f. [sc. assula] a laith.
Læte, ius, isalme, adv. abroad, far abroad, wide, in many places, far and wide; amply, copiously.
Læstbra, æ. f. [a lateo] a hiding-place, a lurking-hole, a close corner, a shelter, a covert; a recess or retreat; a disguise or shift; a pretence, a cloak; a feigned excuse.
Læstbricla, æ. c. g. a lurcher.
Læstbræce, adv. privily, closely.
Læstbræus, a, um, adj. full of dense, coverts, holes or hiding-places, to lurk and lie close in; dark, shady.
Læstenter, adv. secretly, privily, in a secret manner.
Læto, Ære, ul, —. neut. to lie hid; to lurk; to skulk; to abscond; to be hidden from or concealed.
Læter, Æris, m. a brick, tile or such like.
Læterælia, is, e, adj. belonging to the side.
Læteræni, Ærum, pl. m. yeomen of the guard.
Læteræria, æ. f. sc. fornax [a later] a place where bricks or tiles are made; a brick-kiln or tile-kiln.
Læterærius, a, um, adj. [a latus, eris] that is of the side or belonging to the side.
Læterærius, a, um, adj. [a later] belonging to a tile or brick.
Lætercillus, i. m. dim. [a later] a little brick or tile; a kind of sweet cake or biscuit, made square like a brick.
Læterittus, a, um, adj. made of brick or tile.
Læterna, æ. f. [a lateo] a lantern.
Læternærius, i. m. a lantern-bearer.
Læterones et **Lætrones**, um, pl. m. yeomen of the guard.
Læstruncullæria, æ. f. a chess-

board, a draught-board, a pair of tables.
Læteco, Ære, —. incept. [a latus, adj.] to grow broad and large.
Lætesco, Ære, —. neut. [a lateo] to begin to be hid.
Lætex, icis. m. all manner of liquor or juice; water and wine; spring-water, a spring or fountain of fresh water.
Læthyri, is. m. et **Læthyris**, idis. f. the herb spurge.
Lætiælis et **Lætiæris**, is, e, adj. of Italy.
Lætibulum, i. n. a cave, den or burrow; a covert or place of retirement, shelter or retreat; a close corner.
Læticlævus, i. m. a senator, one that wears a rich purple studded garment; an alderman.
Læticlævus, a, um, adj. belonging to the senatorian order.
Lættfolius, a, um, adj. that has broad leaves, broad-leaved.
Lættfundum, i. n. a great or large field; great or large possessions; a broad or wide ground; a common.
Lætino, adv. in Latin, after the form and fashion of Latin.
Lætinitas, itis. f. the Latin tongue, the property of that language; the freedom or enfranchisement of Italy.
Lætinus, a, um, adj. Latin or of the people of Latium.
Lætio, Ænis. f. [a fero] a giving or making of laws.
Lætitatio, Ænis. f. a lurking or hiding.
Lætto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, freq. [a lateo] to lie hid; to lurk; not to appear when one is summoned by law; to skulk and keep out of the way.
Lættitudo, inis. f. [a latus] breadth; latitude, extent, width, largeness.
Lættomis, **Lættumis**, v. **Lættumis**, Ærum, pl. f. quarries of stone; a prison at Syracuse.
Lætor, Æris. m. a bearer, a porter, a messenger; a maker or giver of laws.
Lætrator, Æris. m. he who barks, a barker.
Lætratur, impers. a barking is made.
Lætratus, a, um, part. barked at; craved, begged.
Lætratus, us. m. a barking or baying of dogs; a cry of hounds.
Lætrina, æ. f. a house of office, a jakes, a privy, a wash-house.
Lætro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, neut. to bark and bay; to open as hounds; to howl; to inveigh; to rail against; to ask; to beg.
Lætro, Ænis. m. a hired soldier; one of the emperor's guards;

a lifeguardman; a robber, a highwayman; a padder; a table or chess-man; a hunter.
Lætrōcinatio, Ænis. f. a robbing, plundering, thieving, pillaging or rifling.
Lætrōcinium, i. n. warfare, soldiery; theft, robbery, larceny, depredation; fraudulent dealing, a trick or trap.
Lætrōcinor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to serve in war for pay; to rob on the highway.
Lætruncullæria, a, um, adj. belonging to chess.
Lætrunculus, i. m. dim. [a lætro] a little thief or robber.
Lætus, a, um, part. [a fero] borne, carried; given, published, made, appointed.
Lætus, a, um, adj. broad, large, ample, wide, great, spacious; elated, exalted.
Lætus, Æris. n. a side; the waist; a companion; a climate; a kindred; a vehemency or earnestness in speaking.
Lætuclævus, i. m. rect. divise clavus latus, a garment powdered with purple stude, which the senators wore under their parliament robes; senatorship or the privilege of a parliament man.
Lætuclum, i. n. dim. a little side.
Lævascrum, i. n. a washing place, a bath or bagnio.
Lævatio, Ænis. f. [a lavo] a washing; a bath.
Laudæbilis, is, e, adj. commendable, allowable, praise-worthy.
Laudæbilitate, adv. commendably, praiseworthy.
Laudatio, Ænis. f. a praising, extolling or commending; a public commendation, the thanks of the house.
Laudativus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to praise; commendatory, laudatory.
Laudator, Æris. m. a praiser, applauder, or commender; a witness produced; one who makes a laudatory oration.
Laudatrix, icis. f. she who praises, extols, &c.
Laudatus, a, um, part. praised, commended. Adj. praise-worthy.
Laudo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. to praise; to commend; to name one with honour.
Læver, Æris. n. et f. belders or bell-rage; yellow water-cresses, water-parsley.
Lævo, Ære et Ære, Ævi, lautum, lbtum, et **Lævatum**, act. to wash; to rinse; to bathe; to besprinkle; to purge or expiate an offence; to clear himself; to throw off; to shake off.
Laurea, æ. f. [sc. corona] a

laurel-tree or garland of laurels or bays.

Laureatus, a, um. part. covered with laurel, adorned with laurel.

Laureola, æ. f. dim. [a laurea] a garland worn by victors; a wreath of laurel; a smaller triumph.

Laureolis, Idis. f. goldsmiths' ashes which come from trying silver.

Lauretum, i. n. a place or grove where bay-trees grow.

Laureus, a, um. adj. of bays or laurels.

Laureolus, a, um. adj. crowned with bays.

Laurifer, Æra, Ærum. adj. that bears or wears bays.

Lauriger, Æra, Ærum. adj. the wearer of a garland of laurel.

Laurinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to bays, made of laurel.

Laureus, i et Æs. f. the laurel or bay-tree.

Laus, dis. f. praise, laud, commendation; glory, renown, a good name.

Laute, adv. finely, gaily, trimly, sprucely, daintily; prettily, coitily; bravely, magnificently, nobly.

Lautia, Ærum. n. pl. v. Lautiæ, Ærum. f. presents bestowed by the Romans on foreign ambassadors.

Lautitia, æ. f. fineness, daintiness.

Lautiæ v. Lautiæ, Ærum. f. hot baths near Roma.

Lautimarius al. Lautimarius, i. m. a jail-bird; a bride-well-bird.

Lautus, a, um. quod et Lötus, a, um. part. [a lauo] washed; bathed.

Lautus, a, um. adj. genteel, well bred; clean, neat, handsome; noble, splendid; rich; sumptuous, costly, dainty, jovial.

Laxamentum, i. n. room or space; enlargement; relaxation, remission; leisure; refreshment, ease.

Laxatio, Ænis. f. a widening or easing, a slackening, &c.

Laxatus, a, um. part. made wider, extended; dilated; released, freed, eased.

Laxe, adv. largely, loosely; far off; supinely, remissly.

Laxitas, Ætis. f. looseness, expansion, laxity; wideness, largeness.

Laxo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [a laxus] to loose; to undo; to slacken; to open; to unlock; to enlarge; to dilate; to expand; to set at liberty; to release; to recreate; to re-

fresh; to prolong; to abate in price.

Laxus, a, um. adj. loose, slack, supple; wide, spacious, large; open; unbent, unstrung; long; plentiful.

Lea, æ. f. a lioness; a kind of colewort.

Leona, æ. f. a lioness, a she-lion.

Leberis, Idis. f. the old dry cast skin of a serpent, a slough.

Læbes, Ætis. m. a caldron, a kettle, a brass-pot.

Lecte, adv. choicely.

Lectica, æ. f. a litter, a horse-litter; a noble couch or chair with a bed in it; a sedan, a palanquin.

Lecticarius, m. f. a common slut who follows porters and sedan-men.

Lecticarius, i. m. a sedan-man, a litter-bearer; one of the six or eight, that help to carry the litter.

Lecticula, æ. f. dim. a little horse-litter, sedan, or chair.

Lectio, Ænis. f. [a lego] a reading, a lesson; a choice; a gathering.

Lectisternistor, Æris. m. the chamberlain who looked to the making of the beds; the sewer that laid the cloth, and fitted things for the coming of the guests.

Lectisternium, i. n. [ex lectus et sterno] a covering of the table at public entertainments; a spreading a funeral banquet to the gods, in the ceremonies of heathen burials.

Lectio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [a lego] to read; to gather often.

Lectiuncula, æ. f. dim. [a lectio] a little or short lesson.

Lector, Æris. m. a reader, a hearer, &c.

Lectulus, i. m. dim. [a lectus] a little bed or couch.

Lectus, a, um. part. [a lego] read; gathered; culled, picked, chosen, &c.

Lectus, a, um. adj. choice, notable, fine, excellent.

Lectus, Æs. m. a choice or election.

Lectus, i. et Æs. m. a bed to lie or eat on; a couch, a lodging.

Læcythus, i. m. a cruet, a phial, a glass, or pot for oil.

Lægialis, is, e. adj. lawful, legal; belonging to the law.

Lægarius, a, um. adj. belonging to a lieutenant.

Lægarius, i. m. et Legataria, æ. f. a legatee, the party to whom a legacy is made.

Lægatio, Ænis. f. [a lego, Ære]

an embassy or the office of an ambassador; a lieutenantcy.

Lægator, Æris. m. a testator.

Lægatum, i. n. a legacy or bequest.

Lægatus, i. m. an ambassador; an envoy, a plenipotentiary; a lieutenant or deputy.

Lægatus, a, um. part. appointed or assigned; bequeathed by will.

Lægicræpa, m. m. one that talks and boasts of the law.

Lægifer, Æra, Ærum. adj. making or giving laws.

Lægio, Ænis. f. a legion of soldiers, generally of 6000 men.

Lægionarius, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to a legion; legionary.

Lægitime, adv. lawfully, legitimately.

Lægitimus, a, um. adj. lawful, right, allowable, convenient, meet; belonging to law; just; complete.

Lægiuncula, æ. f. dim. [a legio] a small legion or regiment.

Lægo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to send as an ambassador; to legate, deputy, or lieutenant; to despatch; to send away; to intrust; to impute; to bequeath; to leave by will.

Lægo, Ære, lægi, lectum. act. to gather; to choose; to read; to gather up; to steal.

Læguleius, i. m. a student in the law, a young clerk, a solicitor or puff-blower.

Lægulus, i. m. a gathering of small things, as grapes, olives, &c.

Lægumen, Ænis. n. all kinds of pulse.

Læma, æ. f. a white humour or matter congealed in the eyes; bleary-eyedness.

Læmhunculus, i. m. dim. [a lembus] a little bark or pinnace.

Lembus, i. m. a pinnace or bark; a smack; a fishing-boat.

Lemma, Ætis. n. an argument, or subject; a title of an epigram, &c.

Lemnisculus, a, um. part. ribboned, dressed with ribbons; having labels or silk strings hanging down.

Lemniscus, i. m. a coloured ribbon; a label hanging down on garlands or crowns; a hawk's fesses.

Lemnium, i. n. v. Límónium, a certain herb, by some called wild beet.

Lémures, um. pl. m. ghosts, spirits, hobgoblins.

Lémuria, Ærum. pl. n. quæ prius Remuria.

Læna, æ. f. [ex leno] a bawd.

Lendix, Idis. f. a maggot or gentil.

Lēnbo, *pro leniam*.

Lēntimen, *Inia*, n. [a lenio] an ease or refreshment; an assuagement of pain or grief; a redress.

Lēntimentum, i. n. ease.

Lēnio, *ire*, *lvi* et *li*. *Itum*. act. [ex lenis] to ease; to assuage; to mitigate; to allay; to appease; to lenify; to diminish; to stifle; to hush; to pacify; to tame; to make tame; to polish; to make smooth. *Pass.* to be mitigated or assuaged.

Lēnis, *is*, e. adj. gentle, soft, easy; mild, calm, still, tame; pleasant; good-natured, complaisant, meek, tractable.

Lēntitas, *ātis*. f. softness, smoothness, tameness, mildness, calmness, good nature; too much easiness, excessive indulgence.

Lēnter, adv. gently, tamely, softly.

Lēntitudo, *dinis*. f. gentleness, easiness.

Lēntus, *a*, um. part. assuaged, appeased.

Lēno, *onis*. m. a pimp, a pander, a procurer.

Lēnōcinium, i. n. the practice of bawdry, playing the bawd; enticement, enivigement, alluring language or carriage; a neat, winning dress.

Lēndctor, *ari*, *ētus*. dep. to entice with fair words, wanton gestures or gay attire; to decoy; to cajole; to allure; to wheedle; to procure one's favour or advantage; to set off and bring into request.

Lēnōnus, *a*, um. adj. of or belonging to a bawd.

Lens, *dis*. f. a nit.

Lens, *tis*. f. a kind of pulse called lentiles.

Lentandus, *a*, um. part. [a lentor] to be bent or made crooked.

Lente, adv. slowly, slackly, leisurely.

Lentescō, *ēre*, — incept. to become clammy or gluish; to cleave; to stick; to rope; to grow gentle or supple; flabby or limber.

Lenticula, *æ*. f. dim. [a lens] a little lentil; a freckle; a chirmatory.

Lentiginosus, *a*, um. adj. having his face full of freckles, pimples, or speckles.

Lentigo, *gnis*. f. a pimple, a freckle, speckle, or little red spot like a lentil.

Lenticifer v. **Lenticiferus**, *a*, um. adj. bearing mastick trees.

Lenticinus, *a*, um. adj. made of the mastick tree.

Lenticus, *i*. f. the lentisk or mastick-tree; a tooth-pick made of that wood.

Lentitia, *æ*. f. softness, pliancy, limberness, suppleness.

Lentitudo, *dinis*. f. elowness, negligence, slackness; lingering long, loitering; tediousness; easiness, moderation.

Lentor, *oris*. m. a clammy or gluish humour; toughness, clamminess; suppleness.

Lentulus, *a*, um, adj. dim. somewhat pliant, slow, or slack.

Lentus, *a*, um. adj. slow, lingering; gentle, moderate, not excessive; limber, pliant, flexible; heavy, dull, stupid, indolent, careless; tough, clammy; idle, lazy, dilatory; flabby, flaccid, flagging, flimsy, slack, supple.

Lēnulus v. **Lēnullus**, i. m. a little young bawd.

Lēnunculus, i. m. [a leno] a young bawd.

Leo, *onis*. m. a lion; a sign in heaven.

Lēoninus, *a*, um. adj. of a lion.

Leontice, *es*. f. the herb wild-chervil.

Leontios, i. m. a kind of precious stone like a lion's skin.

Leontopetkion, i. n. an herb having leaves like coleworte, good against the stinging of serpents.

Leontophōnos, i. m. a little worm that presently kills any lion that eats it.

Leontopōdion, i. n. an herb called lion's foot.

Leopardus, i. m. a leopard or panther.

Lēnas, *ādis*. f. a kind of shell-fish less than an oyster, sticking close to the rocks.

Lēpide, adv. prettily, pleasantly, gracefully, handsomely, wittily, smartly, facetiously, humorously.

Lepidium, i. n. an herb, a kind of cresses.

Lēpidotes, *æ*. m. a precious stone resembling the scales of a fish.

Lēpidūle, adv. prettily, pleasantly, wittily.

Lēpidus, *a*, um. adj. pretty, witty, facetious, humorous, conceited, smart, merry, fond, pleasant, waggish, quick, tort, dainty.

Lēpis, *idis*. f. the scales of brase or the dross of silver.

Lēpista, *æ*. f. v. **Lēpesta**, a little pot or phial, used in temples.

Lēpor v. **Lēpos**, *oris*. m. mirth, wit, drollery, facetiousness; a good mien; pretty conceit, complaisance.

Lēpōrarium, i. n. any place inclosed to keep beasts in for pleasure; a park; a hare-warren.

Lēporinus, *a*, um. adj. of a hare

Lepra, *æ*. f. the leprosy or leprosy. *sed scap. in pl.*

Leptocentaurium et **Lepton**, i. n. small centaury.

Leptophyllon, i. n. a certain kind of spurge with small leaves.

Leptorages, um. f. pl. a certain kind of small grapes like Corinthos or currants.

Lēpus, *oris*. m. a hare; a fish; a constellation.

Lēpusculus, i. m. dim. [a lepus] a leveret or a young hare.

Lessus, *ūs*. m. a lamentable voice used at the death and burial of men; alas! or the Irish O hone!

Lēthālis, *is*, e. adj. mortal, deadly, &c.

Lēthāliter, adv. deadly, mortally.

Lēthargia, *æ*. f. the lethargy.

Lēthargicus, *a*, um. adj. pertaining to the lethargy, lethargic.

Lēthargus, i. m. the lethargy a sleepy, drowsy, and forgetful disease.

Lēthatus, *a*, um. part. [a letho] killed murdered, put to death.

Lethifer, *era*, *erum*. adj. bringing death, deadly.

Lēthificus, *a*, um. adj. causing death, deadly, fatal.

Lētho, *ere*, *avi*, *etum*. act. to kill; to put to death.

Lēthum et **Lētum**, i. n. death.

Lēvāmen, *inis*. n. [a levo] ease, comfort; disburdening or lightening.

Lēvāmentum, i. n. ease, comfort.

Lēvatio, *onis*. f. an alleviation or easing of pain or sorrow.

Lēvātus, *a*, um. part. lifted up; assisted, supported, eased, alleviated.

Leucacantha, *æ*. f. St. Mary's thistle; the white thorn.

Leucichātes, *æ*. m. a white agate.

Leucanthēmis, *idis*. f. et **Leucanthēmum**, i. n. the herb chamomile.

Leucanthes, *is*. f. a sort of dill.

Leucargillion v. **Leucargillium**, i. n. white clay.

Leuce, *es*. f. a foul spottiness of the body, like the white morphea.

Leucochrum, i. n. a kind of small white wine diluted with water.

Leucochryso, i. m. a kind of jacinth stone of a gold colour with a streak of white.

Leucōgma, *æ*. f. a precious stone of a white colour.

Leucogrāphis, *idis*. f. an herb good for those who spit blood.

Leucolon, *colis*. n. the general name of violets; properly the winter gilliflower.

Leucōn, ōnis. m. a white heron.
Leucōnicus, a, um. adj. al.
 Lingonicus, of *Leuconium*.
Leucōnotus, i. m. a dry and
 fair south-west wind.
Leucōphæatus, a, um. adj. that
 wears grey or russet colour, of
 wool undyed.
Leucōphæus, a, um. adj. gray
 or russet, of a brown, dusky
 colour.
Leucophlegmātias, æ. m. a kind
 of dropsy, arising from white
 phlegm.
Leucōphrūm, i. n. borax.
Leucophthalmos, i. m. a pre-
 cious stone like a white eye.
Leucopacillos, i. m. a sort of
 precious stone.
Leucostictos, i. c. g. a kind of
 marble with white streaks in
 it.
Lēvīcūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a
 levis] somewhat light, wanton,
 or vain-glorious.
Lēvidenalis, is, e. adj. coarser
 and slight.
Lēvisidius, a, um. adj. of slight
 credit, not to be trusted.
Lēvipes, ēdis. om. gen. light-
 footed, swift of foot.
Lēvis, is, e. adj. light, small;
 swift, nimble; inconsiderable,
 trifling, trivial; of no esteem
 or credit; easy, gentle, tolera-
 ble, light of digestion; flut-
 tering, unsettled, inconstant;
 capricious, fantastical, fan-
 ciful, giddy, flashy in dis-
 course; false, corrupt, not to
 be trusted.
Lēvisomnis, a, um. adj. watch-
 ful, easily waked.
Lēvitas, ātis. f. levity, light-
 ness; vanity, humour, airi-
 ness; fancifulness, skittish-
 ness; mutability, inconstan-
 cy.
Lēviter, adv. slenderly, slight-
 ly; succinctly, briefly; easily,
 patiently, gently.
Lēviuscūlus, a, um. adj. dim.
 somewhat light or of the light-
 est.
Lēvo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to
 lift or hold up; to elevate; to
 ease one of; to lighten; to
 disburden; to alleviate; to
 deliver or rid out of; to help
 or relieve; to lessen; to exte-
 nueate; to diminish; to make
 a thing easy and light to one.
Lex, lēgis. f. law, the universal
 reason of mankind; the law
 of nature and nations; any ci-
 vil or common law; any sta-
 tute, ordinance, or decree of
 state, or canon of the church;
 any rule, plan, measure, or de-
 sign to act by; good order; a
 condition, stipulation, or terms
 agreed on.
Lexipyræus, a, um. adj. good
 against fevers.

Līcūlūm, i. n. a smother or
 plane.
Līdādium et Līdādion, i. n. the
 less centaur.
Lībāmen, īnis. n. a sacrifice or
 drink-offering.
Lībāmentum, i. n. an offering
 of sacrifice, a drink-offering.
Lībānōchrus, i. m. a precious
 stone of the colour of frankin-
 cense.
Lībānōtis, īdis. f. an herb which
 smells like frankincense; rose-
 mary, hart's root.
Lībānōtus, i. m. the south-west
 wind.
Lībārius, i. m. a maker of cakes
 or wafers.
Lībātio, ōnis. f. [a libo] a drink-
 offering; a light tasting of the
 wine to be offered.
Lībātus, a, um. part. tasted,
 sipped; essayed, proved, tri-
 ed; offered, sacrificed; ga-
 thered or fetched from; crop-
 ped; defiled.
Lībella, æ. f. dim. [a libra] a
 small Roman coin, the tenth
 part of a denier, about three
 farthings of our money; a line,
 level, or plummet.
Lībello, ōnis. m. he that writes
 and sells books; a pamphle-
 ter.
Lībells, i. m. dim. [a liber] a
 little book; a petition, sup-
 plication, or bill of request;
 a citation or bill of process;
 a libel or declaration in law of
 debt, trespass, &c. a writ of
 attachment; a bill of record;
 a lampoon; a bookseller's
 shop; a kind of measure.
Lībēus v. **Lībēns**, tis. part. et
 adj. willing, glad, joyful,
 pleased.
Lībenter v. **Lībenter**, adv. wil-
 lingly, joyfully, gladly; easi-
 ly.
Lībēo v. **Lībēo**, unde impera.
 Libet, to please; to like.
Liber, bri. m. the inward bark
 or rind of a tree; a book or
 work written; an inventory or
 register; an epistle, a letter.
Libē, ēra, ērum. adj. free, at
 liberty; not subject to, ex-
 empted from; void of, without,
 &c. bold, open; free, not a
 slave; uncontrolled; liberal;
 unemployed.
Lībērālis, is, e. adj. belonging
 to freedom; genteel, gentle-
 manlike, well-bred, in-censuous;
 well-favoured, handsome, fa-
 shionable, becoming; liberal,
 open-handed, free-hearted,
 bountiful, free, generous; ex-
 alted, ample.
Lībērālitās, ātis. f. generosity,
 ingenuity; bounty, liberality,
 freedom, kindness, or good-
 nature; frankness, benignity;
 fair means, good usage.

Lībērāliter, adv. genteelly, in-
 generously; splendidly, pro-
 fusely; amply, largely; free-
 ly, hospitably, liberally, hand-
 somely, bountifully, generous-
 ly.
Lībērātio, ōnis. f. a delivering,
 freeing, disengaging, absolv-
 ing, or acquitting; a release,
 a riddance.
Lībērātor, ōris. m. a deliverer,
 a releaser.
Lībēre, adv. genteelly, liberal-
 ly; frankly, freely; profuse-
 ly, extravagantly.
Lībēri, ōrum. pl. m. children,
 sons and daughters.
Lībēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex
 liber] to loose; to set free;
 to enfranchise; to rid out of;
 to extricate; to exempt; to
 release; to absolve.
Lībērtā, æ. f. a servant-maid or
 bond-woman made free.
Lībērtas, ātis. f. liberty; free-
 dom or power; boldness of
 speech; frankness, good-na-
 ture; a democracy, a common
 wealth; a goddess so called.
Lībērtina, æ. f. a bond-woman
 made free.
Lībērtinus, i. m. the son of him
 who was once a slave, but has
 obtained his freedom.
Lībērtus, i. m. one that of bond
 is made free; a late slave or
 bondman.
Lībēt, libuit et libitum est, im-
 pers. it pleases or contents.
Lībēllor, āri, ātus. dep. to play
 the lecher or wanton.
Lībēllinōse, adv. lustfully, wil-
 fully, after his own lust and
 pleasure.
Lībēllinōsus, a, um. adj. arbi-
 trary, unreasonable, wilful;
 lustful, wanton, lecherous,
 fleshly, sensual; provoking
 lust and pleasure.
Lībdo, īnis. f. one's will, hu-
 mour, or fancy; lust, wanton-
 ness, lechery, concupiscence,
 sensuality; any unbridled pas-
 sion or unlawful desire.
Lībdo, īnis. f. prop. the goddess
 Venus or Proserpine, in whose
 temple all things were sold
 that belonged to burials; hence
 fancied to be the goddess of
 death; the care of providing
 for a funeral; the bier where-
 on the corpse is carried; death
 itself.
Lībdo, īnis. f. m. an under-
 taker; a grave-maker.
Libitum, i. n. æ. fort. rect.
Libitus, ūs. [a libet] one's will
 and liking.
Libo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to
 taste; to sip; to pour out in
 offering; to sacrifice; to of-
 fer; to drop; to sprinkle; to
 touch lightly; to gather; to
 pick out in reading.

Libanus, i. m. [*ex Libe et Notus*] the south-west wind. *Vid.* Libanus.

Libra, æ. f. a pound, the pound Troy weight of 12 ounces; avoirdupoise, 16; a pound in money, 20 shillings; a measure holding somewhat near a pound weight in liquids; a balance or pair of scales; one of the twelve signs; a carpenter's line or mason's rule; a plummet or level; a poise, counterpoise, or ballast; the height and summit of a place.

Librālis, is, e. adj. that is of a pound weight or measure.

Libramen, inis. u. [*ex libro*] a balancing or counterpoising; equal poise or weight, standing or even weight, a ballasting, abias.

Librāmentum, i. n. a counterpoise or even weight; the tongue of a balance; a level floor or pavement; a thong or cord to tie ordnance with; a weight of lead, stone, &c. to make the motion more steady; a forcer to command water uphill.

Librāria, æ. f. [*a libra*] a servant maid; a weigher of wool or flax.

Librārius, i. m. dim. [*a librarius*] a petty scrivener or under clerk; a book-keeper.

Librarium, i. n. a gross register, a chest to keep books in, or any such things; a library.

Librarius, a, um. adj. [*a liber*] pertaining to books.

Librarius, i. m. a scrivener, a clerk, an amanuensis; a book-writer, a transcriber; a library-keeper.

Librarius, a, um. adj. [*a libra*] that weighs a pound, of a pound weight.

Librātio, ōnis. f. a weighing by the pound, a poising or leveling.

Librator, ōris. m. [*a libro*] a conveyer of water from springs to conduits by leveling the ground; a slinger, a hurler of stones in war.

Libratus, a, um. part. weighed, poised, leveled.

Librillā, ōrum. pl. n. rectius Librilla, um. slings used formerly in war to hurl stones with.

Libripens, dis. m. a weigher; an officer that holds or looks to the balance in weighing money between buyer and seller.

Libro, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to weigh; to poise; to counterpoise; to counterbalance; to level; to try by plumb-rule; to divide equally; to throw; to swing; to gauge.

Libs, libis. m. the south-west wind.

Libum, i. n. a cake made of

honey, meal, and oil; a wafer.

Liburna, æ. f. [*sc. navis*] a light and swift ship; a foist or pinnace, a privateer, a galley, a frigate.

Liburnica, æ. f. [*sc. navis*] a light ship for sailing fast.

Liburnus, i. m. a litter or couch made like a foist or brigantine, for noblemen to be carried in softly and easily.

Licēbit, fut. [*a licet*] although, albeit.

Licens, tis. part. [*a liceor*] offering a price, cheapening.

Licens, tis. adj. unconfin'd, licentious, extravagant, luxurious.

Licenter, adv. licentiously, over-freely, over-boldly, or rashly.

Licentia, æ. f. licence, permission, liberty, excess thereof, licentiousness; impunity; arbitrary proceedings; unruliness or boisterousness.

Licentiosus, a, um. adj. rash, licentious, dissolute, unruly; assuming, improper.

Liceo, ere, ui, ſtum. neut. to be lawful; to be prized or valued.

Liceor, ſri, ſtus. dep. to cheapen a thing; to bid money for it; to offer the price.

Licessit, pro licuerit.

Licet, ſbat, licuit et licetum est. impers. it is lawful; it is free or possible; I, thou, he, we, &c. have power, authority or leave to do it; I am content, you may if you will.

Licet, be it so, content.

Licet, conjunct. et regit subj. although, albeit.

Lichen, ōnis. m. a letter or ring-worm; the herb liverwort. *In plur. fere morbum sign. lichenes.*

Licinia, æ. f. *sc. olea*. a kind of olive.

Lickātio, ōnis. f. a setting out to sale, a pricing or cheapening.

Licktator, ōris. m. one who enhances the price, one that in cheapening outbids others; a chapman.

Lictor, ſri, ſtus. dep. freq. [*a liceor*] to cheapen; to offer a price; to bid for a thing; to set a price upon.

Lictum est, præ. [*a licet*] impers. I, thou, he, we, &c. might.

Licturus, a, um. part. [*a liceo*] that shall be lawful.

Lictus, a, um. part. [*a licet*] lawful, allowable.

Lictum, i. n. the woof about the beam or the threads of the shuttle; thread or yarn.

Lictor ōris. m. a serjeant or

beadle; an apparitor, a mace-bearer, or vergor; a serjeant at arms, a marshal, an executioner.

Lictorius, a, um. adj. pertaining to a serjeant.

Licuit, præ. [*a licet*] it was lawful or fit.

Lien, ōnis. m. *et* Lienis, is. the mill, the spleen.

Liēſus, a, um. adj. sick of the spleen; swollen, inflated; or subject to a palpitation.

Lientēria, æ. f. a lax or looseness.

Lientēricus, i. m. that has a flux or lax.

Ligāmen, inis. n. [*a ligo*] a band or tie; a string.

Ligamentum, i. n. a band or string; a bandage for wounds, a ligament.

Ligātus, a, um. part. bound or tied up; fettered; compact, joined together.

Lignārium, i. n. a wood-yard, a pile or stack of wood.

Lignārius, a, um. adj. belonging to wood or timber.

Lignārius, i. m. he that hews or purveys wood; a wood-monger, a timber-merchant.

Lignatio, ōnis. f. a fuelling; a hewing, fetching, or purveying of wood to burn; a grove where wood may be taken.

Lignator, ōris. m. he that goes forth to get wood and to provide fuel; a purveyor of wood, a wood-monger, a hewer of wood.

Ligneus, a, um. adj. [*a ligneus*] made of wood.

Ligneus, a, um. adj. wooden, made of wood, of timber.

Lignor, ſri, ſtus. dep. to go to purvey, and get wood; to gather fuel.

Lignosus, a, um. adj. hard, like wood, woody.

Lignum, i. n. wood; a log chump, or block; the stone or kernel in fruit.

Ligo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to bind; to gird; to tie; to wrap; to tie up; to tie fast.

Ligo, ōnis. m. a spade, a shovel, a mattock, a ploughshare, an iron rake.

Ligula, æ. f. v. Lingula, the latchet of a shoe, a shoe-string; a spoon, scummer, or ladle; an apothecary's spatula, a measure containing three drachms and a scruple [*quarta pars cynthia*]; a small slip or tongue of land; a word of contempt, said of any thing that is thin, slim, and slender.

Ligurio, ire, ſvi, ſtum. neut. to eat deliciously; to pick and choose tidbits; to feed nicely and delicately; to slabber up; to hanker after; to consume;

to spend riotously; to play the glutton.
Ligurritio, onis. f. greediness, gluttony, lickerishness.
Liguaticum, i. n. Lovage of Lombardy.
Ligustrum, i. n. privet or prime-print; white withywind or withbind.
Lilium, i. n. a lily.
Lima, æ. f. a file; a correcting or mending.
Limātulus, a, um. adj. dim. neat, subtle, accurate, fine, quaint, somewhat polished.
Limatus, a, um. part. et adj. filed, polished; neat, trim, pure, elegant, curious.
Limax, acis, m. v. f. a snail, a dew-snail or slug; a thievish whore, a cut-throat, a quean, a harlot.
Limbolaris, i. m. a maker of garbs or purples; an embroiderer.
Limbus, i. m. a purple, a welt, a lace, a border, a brim, a hem or garb; a fringe or selvage.
Limen, inis. n. the limit or threshold of a door; a goal, a station, a limit; an entry or entrance; the house.
Limes, tis. m. a bound or limit; a border or frontier; a boundary or land-mark; a cross path; a great broad way.
Liminaris, is, e. adj. belonging to a threshold.
Limnaris, is, e. adj. liminary, belonging to bounds.
Limnatio, onis. f. a bounding or limiting; restriction.
Limbo, are, avi, atum. act. to bound; to limit; to divide; to set bounds and limits.
Limtor, eri, itus. dep. to bound; to limit.
Limo, are, avi, atum. act. [a lima] to file; to take away what is superfluous; to polish; to amend; to correct.
Limo, are, avi, atum. neut. [a limus, xij.] to join heads; to look askew.
Limoniætes, æ. m. a precious stone, the emerald.
Limonium, i. n. v. Limonium, the herb water-green or wild-beet.
Limosus, a, um. adj. full of mud or slime; muddy, slimy.
Limpidus, a, um. adj. clear, bright, pure, transparent.
Limpitudo, dinis. f. clearness, brightness.
Limulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat awry or askew.
Limus, a, um. adj. et Limis, is, e. crooked, awry, askew.
Limus, i. m. mud, slime, clay, loam, mortar.
Linamentum, i. n. linen, thread; lint; a tent for a wound; the wick of a candle.

Linærium, i. n. a flax-plat.
Linarius, i. m. a flax-dresser, a flax merchant.
Linctus, a, um, part. [a lingo] sucked, licked.
Linctus, ūs. m. [a lingo] a licking or sucking down softly; a lapping, a loch or electrolyary.
Linea, æ. f. a line or any long string; a carpenter's or mason's plumb-line; a sounding plummet; a fishing-line; a line in a book; a streak; a bound, a long cord; or rather a rail dividing the ranks of citizens as they sat, to keep them in their place; a degree of kindred, a lineage; the lines in a dial, showing the hours; the points in the table.
Lineamentum, i. n. the form and feature; the proportion, draught or shape; the strokes or lines drawn either for painting or geometry; a chart.
Linearis, is, e. adj. pertaining to a line, drawn out in lines.
Lineatio, onis. f. a drawing of lines.
Lineatus, a, um. part. drawn out by way of net or plan.
Lineo, are, avi, atum. act. to draw lines; to draw the figure of a thing in lines.
Lineus, a, um. adj. faxen or linen, made of flax.
Lingo, ere, nxi, nctum. act. to lick with the tongue; to lap; to suck softly; to let go down by little and little.
Lingua, æ. f. the tongue; a language or speech; detraction, slander, calumny; eloquence; a promontory or narrow piece of land running into the sea; the name of several herbs.
Linguice, es, f. a sole-fish; a tattling gossip.
Linguarium, i. n. a gag; a penalty.
Lingula, æ. Vid. Ligula.
Lingulæca, æ. f. a sole-fish; a prating gossip; a tattle-basket.
Lingulatus, a, um. part. that has a tongue or tenon.
Linger, era, erum. adj. bearing linen or flax; one that wears linen, a priest of Isis.
Linimentum, i. n. an ointment or liniment; a pledget.
Lino, ere, lvi, lti. act. to anoint; to besmear; to rub softly; to chafe gently.
Lino, ere, lvi, lti. et lvi, lti. act. to anoint; to daub; to paint; to besmear; to besmear.
Linostrophon, i. n. the herb horehound.
Linostosis, is. f. the herb mercury.
Liquo, ere, liqui, lictum. to

leave; to forsake; to drink; to cast off; to faint; to shrink.
Linteus, a, um. adj. that wears a rocket, surplice or other linen vesture.
Linteus, onis. m. a linen weaver, a seller of linen.
Linteolum, i. n. dim. [a linteum] a little piece of linen cloth, a rag, clout or pledget.
Linter, tris. f. v. m. a little boat, a fresh-water boat, a wherry, a sculler; a trough or tray; a basket.
Linteum, i. n. any linen cloth, a towel, a napkin; a sail.
Linteus, a, um. adj. [a linteum] of linen or lint.
Linum, i. n. flax, linen; thread; a rope in a ship; a casting-net or drag-net.
Lipkæ, æ. f. a salve or soft plaster.
Liphris, is. f. a kind of lizard or fish; a certain gem.
Lippus, tre, lvi, lti. n. to be scowl-blind, purblind or dim of sight; to be blear-eyed.
Lippitudo, dinis. f. a waterish running of the eyes or blood-shot of the eyes.
Lippus, a, um. adj. blear-eyed; having drooping or waterish eyes; mope-eyed, one whose eyes run with water.
Liquamen, inis. n. [a liquo] dripping, any thing wherewith ment is basted; suet melted and tried, grease, tallow; ointment, pickle.
Liquatus, a, um. part. melted, dissolved.
Liquifacio, ere, feci, factum. act. to melt; to make to melt; to dissolve; to make liquid; to liquefy.
Liquifactus, a, um. part. melted, dissolved, wasted, consumed, clarified, tried, and settled, cleared.
Liquetto, fieri, factus. to be melted or dissolved.
Liqueo, ere, licui, —. act. to melt; to dissolve; to become liquid and moist; to be clear and plain.
Liquesco, ere, —. incept. to melt; to run; to thaw; to grow liquid and moist; to be dissolved; to grow soft and effeminate; to relent; to faint.
Liquet, impers. it appears; it is sure, clear, certain, and manifest; it is apparent or well known.
Liquidusculus, a, um. adj. somewhat more mild and smooth.
Liquido, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently, apparently, manifestly, palpably.
Liquidus, a, um. adj. [a liqueo]

aquid, moist, soft; clear, pure, without mud, of water; serene, calm, clear; evident, plain, manifest, apparent.

Liquo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to melt; to dissolve; to thaw.

Liquor, qui, —. depon. aut pass. sine act. to be dissolved or melted; to drop; to run or glide along; to waste or wear away.

Liquor, ōris. m. [a liqueo] fluidity; any moisture, juice, or liquor; the sea.

Lira, m. f. a balk or ridge of land between two furrows.

Lira, ārum. f. pl. trifles, toys, fooleries, tittle-tattle, a flimsy.

Litātim, adv. in ridges, ridge by ridge, ridge-wise.

Litrum, i. n. oil or ointment of lilies.

Liro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a lira] to make balks or ridges; to plough land the third time.

Lis, litis. f. any strife or dispute; a vehement contention; a falling out, a quarrel, a wrangle; a fact, process, or action at law.

Lis, ārum. pl. f. the great throat veins.

Litatio, ōnis. f. [a lito] a pleasing of God by sacrifice.

Litatio, adv. luckily, fortunately.

Litēra, m. f. a letter of the alphabet; one's handwriting; a letter or epistle; a bill or scroll.

Litēra, ārum. f. pl. an epistle or letter, &c. writings, deeds, memoirs, evidences; learning, knowledge; arithmetic.

Litērius, a, um. adj. belonging to letters and learning.

Litēre, adv. learnedly, scholar-like.

Litrātor, ōris. m. a petty school-master, a pedant, a teacher of boys in the A, B, C, a sorry grammarian, a smatterer.

Litrātūra, m. f. [a literis] grammar, learning, writing and reading; scholarship, good literature.

Litrātus, a, um. adj. marked with letters; learned, lettered, able in scholarship; stigmatised, branded in the hand or forehead.

Litrūla, ārum. f. pl. a short letter from a friend; learning.

Lithicus, i. m. one that has the stone in his reins or bladder.

Lithargyros, i. m. litharge, the scum, froth, or spume of lead, silver, or gold.

Lithontes, um. m. pl. a kind of ordinary carbuncle.

Lithocolle, m. f. cement with which stones were glued together; stone-glue.

Lithospermon, i. n. the herb gramin, graymill, or stone-crop.

Lithostrōton, i. n. a pavement made of small pieces of marble of different colours.

Lithostōmia, m. f. et Lātōmia, a mason's workshop or a quarry; a prison in Syracuse for malefactors.

Lithōstomus, i. m. a surgeon that cuts out the stone from the bladder.

Litūen, inis. m. blower of a clarion.

Litigātor, ōris. m. a wrangler, caviler, quarrelor, or petty pleader; a barrator.

Litigātus, ūs. m. a debate or quarrel; a wrangling in law.

Litigiosus, a, um. adj. litigious, bragging, captious, quarrelsome; attended with dispute.

Litigium, i. n. [a litigo] strife, debate, controversy, quarrel.

Litigo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to debate; to quarrel; to strive; to wrangle; to scold; to sue one another; to go to law.

Lito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sacrifice; to appease; to atone; to make satisfaction; to expiate.

Litrālis, is. e. adj. of or belonging to the sea-side or shore.

Litreus, a, um. adj. on the shore or sea-side.

Litrōsus, a, um. adj. belonging to the sea-shore.

Litrā, Litus, &c. Vid. Litra, Litus, &c.

Litrā, m. f. [a lino, litum] a daubing or smearing; a blot, streak, or dash; a blur.

Litus, a, um. part. [a lino] anointed, smeared over, daubed; spotted, marked; adorned, embellished.

Litus, ūs. m. [a lino] a be-smearing.

Litus, ōris. n. the shore, the sea-side, the coast, the beach.

Litus, i. m. the augur's crooked staff; a crooked trumpet for horse; a clarion.

Livens, tis. part. et adj. black and blue, yellow; envious.

Livēo, āre, —. neut. to be black and blue or pale and wan; to grow black and blue; to be rusty and foul; to envy; to grudge.

Livesco, āre, —. incept. to grow blue; to envy; to repine.

Livia seu Livina charta, a sort of imperial paper, much thicker than the Augusta.

Liviānum es, a sort of brass,

so named from Livia the wife of Augustus.

Lividus, a, um. adj. dim. [a lividus] somewhat envious and spiteful.

Lividus, a, um. adj. [a liveo] black and blue, pale and wan, of the colour of lead; dark, dusky; envious, spiteful, ill-affected, backbiting.

Livor, ōris. m. [ex liveo] blueness, wanness, paleness; spite, envy, malice, maliciousness.

Lix, lēis. f. water or liquor; lye made with ashes.

Lixa, m. m. a scullion, or drudge; a soldier's boy, a sutler, a victualler at the camp.

Lixivia, m. f. [a lix] lye made of ashes.

Lixivium, i. n. lye to wash with.

Lixivus, a, um. adj. of lye.

Lixivus, a, um. adj. of or like lye.

Loba, m. f. the stalks or stems of Indian wheat or millet.

Lōcārium, i. n. [a locando] house-rent; stall-wages; board-hire; money to see plays or public shows, &c.

Lōcārius, i. m. he that places the people at public shows; a clerk of the market, a pew-keeper.

Lōcātio, ōnis. f. the letting of a house, a setting to hire; a setting or taking work by the great.

Lōcātor, ōris. m. he that takes any thing by the great; a contractor.

Lōcātus, a, um. part. placed, set, or laid; let out to hire.

Lōcellus, i. m. dim. [a dim. loculus] a little purse or bag.

Lōcto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a loco] to let to hire; to lease out.

Lōco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a locus] to place; to set; to lay; to let; to set; to hire for rent; to let a lease; to farm out; to lay out; to bargain to have a thing done; to put or set out a thing by the great; to give in marriage.

Lōcūlimentum, i. n. a partition, an apartment; a box or drawer; a locker for pigeons, a basket and pot for birds to breed in; a hutch for rabbits; the comb in bee-hives; a case for books.

Lōcūlātus, a, um. adj. that has holes and places distinct from one another.

Lōcūlosus, a, um. adj. full of holes or distinct places.

Lōculus, i. m. dim. [a locus] a little place, a partition, a leather bag, purse, pocket, or little coffer; a coffin or bier.

Lōcūplas, ātis. adj. wealthy, rich, well stored; copious, plen-

tiful, abundant; substantial, sufficient, creditable.
Lōcūplētissime, adv. most richly.
Lōcūplēto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a locuples] to make rich; to enrich; to enlarge.
Lōcus, i. m. pl. lōci et lōca, a place, room, or stead; a condition, a circumstance, state, or case; an occasion or season; time, opportunity, leisure; account, repute; a family; house or kindred; a common place, a topic; a point of the tables; a tomb or sepulchre.
Lōcusta, m. f. a locust.
Lōcūtio, ōnis. f. [a loquor] a speaking, speech, discourse, phrase, or manner of speech.
Lōcūtus, a, um. part. having spoken.
Lōdīcula, m. f. dim. [a lodix] a little sheet or blanket.
Lōdix, icis. f. a sheet, blanket, or coverlet.
Lōgi, ōrum. m. pl. trifling words, fooleries; a lie.
Lōgica, ea. f. logic; the art of reasoning.
Lōgicus, a, um. adj. pertaining to logic.
Lōgiou, i. n. a theatre or stage for actors.
Lōlīaceus, a, um. adj. made of darnel, cockles, or tares.
Lōlīarius, a, um. adj. belonging to tares.
Lōligo, inis. f. al. Lolligo, a fish called a calamary; a cuttle-fish or the sleeve-fish, a fish that flies.
Lōlīgīuncula, m. f. et Lōlīgīuncula, v. Lolliguncula, dim. a little sleeve-fish.
Lōlūn, i. n. ray, darnel, cockle, or tares.
Lōmentum, i. n. [a lotu] bean-seal; a kind of painter's colour.
Lōnchitis, idis. f. the herb spleenwort.
Lōngevus, a, um. adj. long-lived, ancient, of many years' continuance.
Lōnge, adv. loci. far from, a great distance off; a great while; exceedingly, very much, a great deal.
Lōnginquitas, ātis. f. distance of place, remoteness; length of time, long continuance, lastingness.
Lōnginquus, a, um. adj. far off, at a great distance, strange; long; of long continuance.
Lōngipes, ādis. adj. long-footed.
Lōngitūdō, inis. f. length of time or place.
Lōngiusculus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat longer, somewhat of the longest.
Lōngiūle, adv. somewhat long or far off.

Longillus, a, um. adj. dim. [a longus] somewhat long.
Lōngūrius, i. m. a long thwart pole or piece of timber, laid or nailed across in hedges, &c. a rail.
Longus, a, um. adj. long, tall; of long extent, lasting long; tedious.
Lōpas, ādis. f. a kind of shell-fish.
Lōquāctas, ātis. f. talkativeness, prating, gabbling, pertness, little-tattle.
Lōquācter, adv. babblingly, pratingly, stippantly.
Lōquāculus, i. m. dim. [a loquax] a great talker.
Lōquax, ātis. adj. full of words, prating, talkative, stippant, a babbler; singing, croaking; purring, murmuring, roaring, &c.
Lōquāla, m. f. speech, talk, discourse, language.
Lōquentia, m. f. talking, prating, prattling.
Lōquor, lōqui, lōcūtus v. lōquūtus. dep. to speak; to tell; to talk; to discourse; to set forth; to report; to declare.
Lōra v. Lōrea. m. f. a thin wine; made of the husks of grapes.
Lōrimentum, i. n. [a lorum] a great thong or leather cord.
Lōrarius, i. m. a servant who scourged others at his master's pleasure; a beadle; a marshal's man; a string which used to be put into the throat to cause a vomit.
Lōreus, a, um. adj. made of leather thongs.
Lōrica, m. f. a coat of mail, a brigandine, an habergeon; a breast-plate, an adorsal; the coping of a wall; a shed or pent-house, built over a wall; the upper crust of earthen floors, which was made of pounded marble, lime, and sand; a fence against the sallies of the enemy; a parapet or breast-work.
Lōricūlo, ōnis. f. the filling of the walls with mortar.
Lōricūtus, a, um. part. armed with a brigandine or coat of mail; clad or harnessed in armour.
Lōrico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to put on a coat of mail; to arm; to target; to plaster.
Lōricula, m. f. dim. [a lorica] a fortification, or bulwark; a scone or breast-work about the camp; a gallery or balcony on a wall-side.
Lōripes, ādis. c. g. bow-legged, wry-legged, having bandy legs; slow, backward.
Lōrum, i. n. a thong of leather; a strap; a bridle, the rein of a

bridle; horse-harness; a girth or leash; a whip or scourge; a bed-cord; the girths of stools and chairs.
Lotio, ōnis. f. [a lavo] a washing.
Lōtium, i. n. urine or stale.
Lōtūmtra, m. f. bread made of the seed of the herb lotus; the herb itself.
Lōtos et Lōtus, i. m. et f. an herb, of the seed whereof the Egyptians made bread; the lote-tree, whose fruit is of the bigness of a bean, and very pleasant; a pipe made of the wood of it; the herb melilot.
Lōtura, m. f. a rinsing or washing.
Lōtus, a, um. part. [a lavo] washed, bathed, rinsed, made clean; dyed.
Lūbens, tis. part. willing, glad, fain; merry, cheerful; willingly.
Lūbenter, adv. willingly, gladly.
Lūbentia, m. f. pleasure and delight.
Lūbet, impers. it pleases.
Lūbido, inis. f. pro Libido, pleasure, lust.
Lūbrice, adv. slipperily, glibly, waveringly, inconstantly, doubtfully, dangerously.
Lūbrico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make slippery.
Lūbricūm, i. n. slipperiness, inconstancy, unsteadiness.
Lūbricus, a, um. adj. gliding or sliding along; slippery, glib, wavering, moving; mutable, inconstant, variable, deceitful; dancous, difficult.
Lūce boves, elephants.
Lūcūni, ōrum. m. pl. the stag-fly or horned-beetle.
Lūcānica, m. f. a sausage, a pudding made of flesh.
Lūcar, n. ind. money bestowed upon plays and players, or money given for one's place or seat at plays.
Lūcāria, ōrum. pl. n. feasts accustomed to be solemnised in holy woods or groves.
Lūcellum, i. n. dim. [a lucrum] a little gain, a small advantage.
Lūceo, ēre, luxi, — neut. to give light; to shine; to glitter; to appear; to be apparent.
Lūcēra, ōrum. pl. m. the third part of the Roman people under Romulus, so called from one Lucumon their leader.
Lūcerna, m. f. a candle, light, or lamp; a fish, the lantern of the sea.
Lūcescit, impers. v. Luciscit. it is day, it is bright day, it grows light.

Lucesco, ēre, —. incept. to grow clear.
Lucet, impers. it is light, it is day, it is well known.
Lūci, adv. in the morning, in the day-time, by day.
Lūcide, adv. clearly, plainly; calmly, sedately.
Lūcidus, a, um. adj. bright, light, glittering, sparkling; clear, plain, perspicuous.
Lūcifer, ēri. m. the morning-star.
Lūciferus, ēra, ērum. adj. that brings light.
Lūcifugus, a, um. adj. [ex lux et fugio] that avoids the light, that delights in darkness; that lurks, skulks, or hides himself; one that sleeps by day, and wakes by night.
Lūcipor, ōris. m. the servant of Lucius.
Lūciscit, id quod **Lucescit**, it grows light.
Lūciscus, i. m. he that sees little in the evening and morning.
Lūcius, i. m. a pike, a jack.
Lūcrātus, a, um. part. gained, profited.
Lūcrātivus, a, um. adj. that is gotten by the by; lucrative.
Lūcrificācio, ēre, fēcī, factum. act. to win; to gain; to get; to make gain of.
Lūcrifactus, a, um. part. gained, won, gotten.
Lūcrificus, a, um. adj. gainful.
Lūcrificō, ēri, factus. pass. to be won; to be gotten in advantage; to be gained.
Lūcrifuga, ē. c. g. he or she that shuns profit or gain.
Lūcor, āri, ētus. dep. to gain; to win; to get advantage; to profit; to earn.
Lūcrōsus, a, um. adj. full of gain; profitable, gainful, lucrative.
Lūcrum, i. n. **Lucre**, gain, profit, advantage, earning, acquisition, interest.
Luctāmen, inis. n. a wrestling, a struggling, a striving.
Luctātio, ōnis. f. a wrestling, struggling, striving, or contending.
Luctātor, ōris. m. a wrestler.
Luctātus, a, um. part. having wrestled, striven, or strained.
Luctātus, ūs. m. a struggling.
Luctifer, ēra, ērum. adj. that causes mourning.
Luctificus, a, um. adj. mournful, sorrowful, doleful, woe-ful.
Luctuōsus, a, um. adj. mournful, waiting, pitiful, having a mournful sound.
Lucto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to wrestle.
Luctor, āri, ētus. dep. to wrestle; to struggle; to endea-

vor; to strive; to contend.
Luctuōse, adv. lamentably, mournfully.
Luctuōsus, a, um. adj. lamentable, sorrowful, sad, mournful, doleful.
Lucus, ūs. m. [a lugeo] mourning, waiting, sorrow, heaviness, lamenting; mourning apparel.
Lūcubrātio, ōnis. f. a studying or working by candle light; a sitting up to study, **lucubratio**.
Lūcubrātorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to studying or working by candle-light.
Lūcubrātus, a, um. part. made by candle-light.
Lūcubro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [a luce] to study and do or make any thing by candle-light; to sit up at study or work.
Lūcubrum, i. n. et **Lūcubra**, ē. f. [a luceo] a match or touch-wood to keep fire in.
Lūcūlente, adv. clearly; merrily.
Lūcūlenter, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently; bravely, at a high price.
Lūcūlentus, a, um. adj. clear, fair, beautiful, renowned, notable, creditable, rich, abundant, wealthy, bright, brave.
Lūcus, ūs. m. pro **Lux**, light, the morning.
Lūcus, i. m. a grove or wood dedicated to some god, and left uncut; a temple, cloister, or monastery in a wood.
Lūdia, ē. f. an actress that dances on the stage.
Lūdibrium, i. n. [a ludo] a mock, a mockery, a mocking-stock, a may-game, a scorn or sport.
Lūdibundus, a, um. adj. full of play, playsome, gamesome, sportive, in sport.
Lūdicer, cra, crum. adj. v. ludicrous, belonging to play or exercises; sportive, ludicrous; vain, trifling, childish.
Lūderum, i. n. a play or pastime; an interlude; a play or show.
Lūdificācio, ēre, fēcī, factum. act. to baffle; to make a fool of.
Lūdificābilis, is, e. adj. that makes sport or pastime; pleasant.
Lūdificātio, ōnis. f. a deceiving or mocking; abusiveness.
Lūdificātor, ōris. m. a mocker or scorner; a babbling, deceitful person.
Lūdificātus, a, um. part. mocked or deceiving. Pass. mocked, derided, or deceived.
Lūdifico, ēre, ēvi, ētum. pro

Lūdificor, āri, ētus. dep. to mock; to make a fool of; to affront; to baffle; to cajole or chouse.
Lūdilmāgister, tri. m. a school-master.
Lūdio, ōnis. m. v. **Lūdus**, i. m. a puppet-player; a young morrice-dancer.
Lūdo, ēre, ūsi, ūsum. act. to play; to sport; to frisk; to dance; to make pastime; to play the wanton; to dally; to banter; to mock; to be in jest; to play at a game; to play upon an instrument; to write verses; to cheat; to chouse; to beguile; to beguile by way of essay or exercise.
Lūdus, i. m. a play, sport, exercise, or pastime; a game; a trick of youth, a jest, a prank; a jest, fun; a show or fight; a school or place of exercise.
Lues, is. f. pestilence or the murrain; a common or great mortality; a blight or blasting; plague, ruin, destruction.
Lūgeo, ēre, ūxi, ūctum. act. to mourn; to lament; to bewail.
Lūgētur, impers. they weep and lament.
Lūgubre, adv. pro lugubriter, lamentably, pitifully.
Lūgubris, is, e. adj. mournful, lamentable, doleful, sorrowful, grievous.
Lūna, ē. f. a certain kind of thorn, growing in meadows and moist places.
Lūnārius, a, um. adj. belonging to that kind of thorns.
Lūnhistrāgium, i. n. a breaking of the loins.
Lūnibricus, i. m. an earth-worm, a belly-worm, a mare-worm.
Lūmbūlus, i. m. dim. a little loin.
Lūmbus, i. m. the loin, haunch, or flank; the reins or privities.
Lūmetum, i. n. a thicket or bush of thorns and briars.
Lūmen, inis. n. light; any light body; a star; lights or windows; life; explanation, illustration; the light in a picture, as opposed to shade; a shining or bright colour; an ornament or embellishment; inspiration.
Lūmināre, is. n. a luminary a brave or gallant person.
Lūminosus, a, um. adj. luminous, full of light or windows; shining, bright.
Lūna, ē. f. the moon; any thing like the moon; the mark or letter C upon a senator's shoes.

Lūnāris, is, e. adj. *pertaining to the moon.*
Lūnātus, a, um. part. *made like a half-moon; crooked, horned, or peaked like the moon.*
Lūno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to crook or bend like a half-moon.*
Lūnūla, m. f. dim. *a gem in a ring, a hoop or ring to put on the finger.*
Luo, āre, ui, lūm. act. *to pay; to expiate or atone; to suffer punishment or death; to purge or wash away.*
Lūpa, m. f. *a she-wolf; a common whore, a bawd.*
Lūpīnar, āris. n. *a brothel or bawdy-house, a common stew; a harlot, whore, or strumpet.*
Lūpātum, i. n. *a sharp bit for a horse.*
Lūpātus, a, um. adj. *bridled with a sharp bit.*
Lūpercal, ālia. n. *the place where Romulus and Remus were fostered by a she-wolf.*
Lūpercālia, um, n. pl. *solemn sacrifices and plays, dedicated to Pan, kept the 15th of February.*
Lūperci, ōrum. pl. m. *the priests of Pan.*
Lūptus, i. m, et Lūptum, i. n. *a kind of pulse of a most bitter and harsh taste, lupines, or hops; comic money made thereof.*
Lūptus, a, um. adj. *of a wolf.*
Lūpus, i. m. *a wolf; a sturgeon; a sharp bit or snaffle; a hook; a drag; hop or hops or beer; a sort of spider.*
Luto, ōnis. m. *a glutton, a silly-god, a greedy-gut, a eat eater, a paunch-belly, a rmandiser.*
Lūtus, a, um. adj. *pale, wan, listy, ghastly, black and blue, dismal.*
Lūtor, ōris. m. *paleness, wanness.*
Luscīnia, m. f. *a nightingale.*
Luscinīola, m. f. *a little nightingale.*
Luscīnius, i. m. *a nightingale.*
Luscinus, i. m. *dim-sighted.*
Lusclōsus, a, um. adj. *dim-sighted, moon-eyed.*
Luscus, a, um. adj. *blind of one eye, he that has but one eye, a blinkard.*
Lūsio, ōnis. f. [a ludo] *playing, gaming, diversion, recreation.*
Lūsio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to play often; to frisk; to skip.*
Lūsor, ōris. m. *a sporter, a deceiver.*
Lūsorius, a, um. adj. *belonging to play, merry, frolicsome, sportive, in jest, that makes sport.*
Lustrālis, is, e. adj. *that which is done every fifth year; hav-*

ing power to purge or make holy.
Lustrāmen, īnis. n. *a search or view.*
Lustrātio, ōnis. f. *a going on every side to view; a purging by sacrifice.*
Lustrātus, a, um. part. *surveyed; purified.*
Lustricus, a, um. adj. *purifying or cleansing.*
Lustrificus, a, um. *Vid. Lustralis.*
Lustro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to expiate; to purify; to compass; to environ; to go round about; to survey; to take a view of; to weigh; to consider; to observe.*
Lustror, āri, ātus. dep. *to haunt stews.*
Lustrum, i. n. *the purgation or cleansing of the city by sacrifices every fifth year; the space of five years; the dens of wild beasts in woods; a bawdy-house or stew.*
Lūtus, a, um. part. *played; also, beguiled, mocked, deceived, jeered, deluded, or abused.*
Lūsus, ūs. m. *a play, a sport, disport, dalliance, pastime, recreation.*
Lūtāmentum, i. n. *a wall or other work made of or covered with mud, loam, or clay.*
Lūtārius, a, um. adj. *living in the mud.*
Lūtātus, a, um. part. [a luto] *daubed over, mixed, besmeared.*
Lūtea, m. f. [ec. herba] *an herb growing in watery or fenny places.*
Lūtēnsis, is, e. adj. *that feeds upon mud.*
Lūtēllus, a, um. adj. *yellowish, somewhat yellow.*
Lūtesco, āre, — — — *to turn to clay; to grow dirty.*
Lūteum, i. n. *the yolk of an egg; wood.*
Lūteus, a, um. adj. *that is made of clay, loam, mortar, mud, or dirt; dirty, sorry, pitiful.*
Lūteus, a, um. adj. *pale yellow, like the yolk of an egg.*
Lūto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to daub; to spot; to bewray.*
Lūtus, a, um. adj. *all dirty and muddy, miry, clayey, daubed.*
Lutra, m. f. v. *Lytra, an otter.*
Lūtulentus, a, um. adj. *miry, dirty, muddy; vile, filthy.*
Lūtūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to dirty; to bedaub.*
Lūtum, i. n. *clay, loam, mire, dirt, mud, mortar; a dirty fellow.*
Lūtum, i. n. *an herb fit to dye yellow with; a pale yellow colour.*

Lux, lūcia. f. *light; day; an eye; season; life.* In plur. *the stars glittering; a glittering or shining; the public.* A word of endearment, *my light! my life!*
Luxātus, a, um. part. *put out of joint, loosened, dislocated.*
Luxi, pret. [a luceo] *I shone.*
[a lugeo] *I mourned.*
Luxo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to loosen; to put out of joint; to dislocate.*
Luxūria, m. f. *all excess in carnal pleasure, sumptuous fare, or building; riot, expensiveness, extravagance; rankness, superfluity, luxury.*
Luxūriātus, a, um. part. *having been loose, riotous, or profuse.*
Luxūries, el. f. *lasciviousness, wantonness, dissoluteness; profusion, lavishness; rankness.*
Luxūrio, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to grow rank; to be wanton and riotous; to swell out; to be lusty, brawny, &c.*
Luxūrior, āri, ātus. dep. *to grow rank.*
Luxūribas, adv. *riotously, over rankly, excessively, superfluously, extravagantly.*
Luxūriōsus, a, um. adj. *rank, luxuriant; luxurious, sumptuous, riotous, wasteful; expensive, extravagant.*
Luxus, ūs. m. id. *quod Luxatio*, a dislocation or putting out of joint; riot, excess, profuseness, extravagancy; state, magnificence.
Lyæus, i. m. *a name of Bacchus.*
Lyæus, a, um. adj. *belonging to wine.*
Lyæon, ōnis. m. *an Indian wolf with a mane.*
Lychnis, idis. f. *a kind of rose.*
Lychnites, m. m. *a gem which shines best by candle-light, a kind of ruby.*
Lychnitis, idis. f. *an herb mentioned by Pliny.*
Lychnōbius, i. m. *that turns day into night, and night into day, a night-walker.*
Lychnūchus, i. m. *a candlestick, a sconce, a link-boy.*
Lychnus, i. m. *a lamp, a candle, a light, a link.*
Lyceæa, m. f. *a dog engendered of a wolf and a bitch or a shepherd's dog; a wolf-dog.*
Lyelium, i. n. *a medicine made of the root of bosthorn.*
Lycophthalmos, i. m. *a precious stone like a wolf's eye.*
Lycopsis, idis. f. *garden-bugloss.*
Lycos, i. m. *the least kind of spider.*
Lydius lapis, the touchstone wherewith gold is tried.

Lydius modus, an effeminate sort of music used by the Lydians.

Lygdinus, i. m. a kind of stone fit for boxes to keep ointments in.

Lympha, æ. f. water.

Lymphaticum, i. n. subst. rage, distraction, madness.

Lymphaticus, a, um. adj. mad, stark and staring mad, frightened out of his wits.

Lymphatio, onis. f. a fright or terror by night.

Lymphatus, ūs. m. a fantastical delusion.

Lymphatus, a, um. part. mad, affrighted, furious, distracted, beside himself; intoxicated or drunk.

Lympho, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to disturb; to fright or scare out of his wits; to enrage; to make mad.

Lyncæus, a, um. adj. of the lynx; quick-sighted.

Lyncurium, i. n. a precious stone, engendered of the congealed urine of the lynx.

Lynx, cis. f. [in Hor.] a lynx, an ounce.

Lyra, æ. f. a harp; a constellation.

Lyrica, Ærum. pl. n. lyric verses or songs to the harp.

Lyricus, a, um. adj. pertaining to a harp.

Lyristes, æ. m. v. Lyrista, a harper.

Lyon, i. n. an herb with veined leaves, like plantain.

Lysimachia, æ. f. willow-herb or loose-strife; water-willow.

Lysimachus, i. m. a precious stone with veins of gold in it.

Lysis, is et los. f. a solution or weakening of the body by any illness.

Lytta, m. f. madness, properly of a dog; a worm under a dog's tongue, called the greedy worm.

M

MÆCELLARIUS, a, um. adj. belonging to the shambles.

Mæcellarius, i. m. a seller of any kind of victuals.

Mæcellum, i. n. a market-place for flesh, fish, and all manner of provisions; a shambles or butcher-row.

Mæceo, Ære, ui. — neut. to be lean, bare, and thin.

Mæcer, cra, crum. adj. lean, meagre; barren, unfruitful; thin.

Mæcristio, onis. f. a watering, a steeping.

Mæcristus, a, um. part. consumed or wasted away; soaked, steeped, watered.

Mæcresco, Ære, — incept. to lie in soak; to be steeped.

Mæcristia, æ. f. et Mæcristes, ei. f. any wall or mound about a ground. [Paries, the wall of a house, or edifice. Murus, the wall of a field, garden, or town. Mænia, ramparts, or a fortified wall. Mæcristia, a wall constructed of stones or bricks, without mortar, generally used for inclosing vineyards.]

Mæcristo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to make soft by steeping; to macerate; to dissolve; to melt away; to make one pine away; to emaciate; to fret; to tease.

Mæcesco, Ære, — neut. to grow lean; to pine away.

Mæchra, æ. f. a sword, a dagger, a knife.

Mæcherium, i. n. a little sword or cook's knife.

Mæcherophorus, i. m. a swordman or attendant with the sword.

Mæchina, æ. f. an engine; a crane; a frame or fabric; the place over the stage where the gods appeared and spoke, a machine; a device, trick, shift, invention.

Mæchinilla, is, e. adj. belonging to engines.

Mæchinamentum, i. n. an engine to batter walls with; a surgeon's instrument for setting broken limbs.

Mæchinatio, onis. f. any mechanical instrument; a device, machination or artifice.

Mæchinator, onis. m. an engineer; a cunning deviser, a subtle contriver, a projector.

Mæchinatrix, icis. f. a female contriver.

Mæchinatus, a, um. part. having invented or plotted. Pass. invented, contrived, devised with engines.

Mæchior, Æri, Ætus. dep. to frame; to make; to devise; to contrive; to design; to plot.

Mæchinus, a, um. adj. cunningly contrived.

Machia, is. f. a beast in the northern parts of Europe.

Macies, ei. f. [a maceo] leanness, lankness, meagreness, bareness of flesh.

Mæcilentus, a, um. adj. meagre, lean, thin, lank.

Macies, idis. f. mace, the middle husk of the nutmeg.

Mæresco, Ære, mæcui. — incept. to grow lean, bare, or thin; to pine away.

Mæcristas, Ætis. f. leanness, poor ness.

Mæcristudo, inis. f. leanness.

Mæcristolum, i. n. v. Mæcristolum, the largest sort of paper or skins; royal paper.

Mæcristilis, is, e. adj. causing death.

Mæcristor, onis. m. a killer, a slayer, a murderer.

Mæcristus, a, um. part. sacrificed, killed in sacrifice.

Mæcristus, ūs. m. the killing for sacrifice.

Macte, voc. Macte novā virtute, puer, go on as you have begun. It. pro adverb. Macte amare, i. e. valde, mightily.

Mactea, æ. f. pro mactea v. mactua, mactya et mactya, a delicate sort of food.

Mactio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to augment; to slay; to sacrifice; to offer up.

Mactra, m. f. a kneading-trough, a hutch.

Mactus, a, um. adj. qu. mactus, i. e. magis auctus, enlarged, full grown, of great increase.

Mæcula, æ. f. a spot or stain; a natural spot or mark; a slur, a fault; a blemish; a mesh; a stain; discredit, dishonour.

Mæculatus, a, um. part. stained, spoiled; spotted, dyed, speckled; defiled, blemished.

Mæculo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to stain; to make filthy; to defile; to violate; to pollute; to blemish.

Mæculosus, a, um. adj. spotted, blotted; naturally freckled or spotted; stained; infamous, scandalous.

Mædificio, Ære, Ævi, factum. act. to wet; to moisten.

Mædifactus, a, um. part. made wet or moist; corrupted.

Mædifo, Æri, factus. pass. to be made wet or moist.

Mædeo, Ære, dui. — neut. to be wet or moist; to be sprinkled; to be boiled; to be intoxicated; to reel; to stagger.

Mædesco, Ære, — incept. to grow wet or moist; to be boiled enough.

Mædide, adv. moistly.

Mædus, a, um. adj. [a mædeo] wet, moist; dropping or weeping wet; fuddled; dyed; tinctured or imbued; sodden or boiled.

Mædifico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to wet; to moisten.

Madon, i. n. a kind of white wine, which goes by several names.

Madulus, æ. m. v. e. g. a drunkard.

Mæander et Mæandrus, i. m. a river of Phrygia, very crooked

and winding; hence turns, shifts, tricks; a lace or welt of purple, set round in crooks and turns about the border of a garment.

Mēna, æ. f. v. Mēna, a cackrel-fish; a kind of herring or pilchard.

Mēnas, Ætis. Mēnādes, um. f. pl. a female priest of Bacchus or a castrated priest of Cybele.

Mēnūmēnon mel, a kind of honey which makes people mad who eat of it.

Māgālia, um. n. pl. *id. quod*

Mapalia, Numidian cottages.

Māgice, es. f. magic.

Māgicus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to witchcraft, magic, or enchantment.

Māgistracium, i. n. dim. a cook or graven image resembling a cook.

Magia, Idis. f. a trough to knead bread in; a dish, a platter.

Māgin, adv. more; more at large, more fully; rather.

Māgister, tri. m. a master, ruler, or chief; a school-master, a tutor; a framer or modeler; a philosopher; a pilot of a ship; an officer that makes a public sale of debtors' goods.

Māgistrūm, i. n. the place or office of a master or governor; magistracy.

Māgistra, æ. f. a mistress.

Māgistratus, us. m. civil government, magistracy, a magistrate.

aginn, Ætis. n. the dress of an ingent; refuse, dross.

agnūmilitas, Ætis. f. valiancy of heart, courage, stoutness, magnanimity, greatness of spirit.

Magnānīmus, a, um. adj. magnanimous, courageous, brave.

Magnus, Ætis. m. the load-stone.

Magnificus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the load-stone.

Magnificus, a, um. adj. bragging, boasting, that talks big.

Magnificatio, Ære. fæci, factum. act. to esteem; to value much.

Magnifice, adv. magnificently, generously, nobly, pompously, sumptuously.

Magnificenter, adv. magnificently, statelily, loftily, nobly.

Magnificentiā, æ. f. a largeness of soul; gallantry; magnificence, grandeur; a high value and esteem.

Magnifico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. highly to praise, extol or commend; to magnify; to value one greatly.

Magnificus, a, um. adj. magnificentior, comp. magnificentissimus, superl. magnificent.

stately, august, generous, honorable, pompous, sumptuous.

Magnificentia, æ. f. a lofty and high strain or manner of speaking; high vaunting talk.

Magnificus, a, um. adj. high-souled, vaunting, boasting.

Magnipendo, Ære, di, sum. act. to have in much esteem; to set much by.

Magnitudo, Inis. f. greatness in quantity, magnitude, the bulk.

Magnopere, adv. melius magno opere, with great care or pains; greatly, exceedingly.

Magnus, adv. greatly, aloud.

Magnus, a, um. adj. major, comp. maximus, superl. great, much, large, rich, powerful, hard, difficult.

Māgūālis. i. m. a kind of luserpitium.

Māgus, i. m. a philosopher and priest among the Persians; a magician, any sort of a diviner; an enchanter, a charmer; a poisoner.

Māgus, a, um. adj. magical.

Māia, æ. f. a kind of sea crab fish.

Māiūlis. is. m. a barrow pig, a hog.

Māiestas Ætis. f. [a major] superiority, majesty.

Māior, or, us. comp. bigger, greater; elder; more efficacious, more powerful, more vigorous; weighty, momentous, important.

Māiores, um. pl. m. [sc. homines] ancestors, forefathers; noble ancestors.

Māius, i. m. [sc. mensis] the month called May.

Māius, a, um. adj. of May.

Māiūsculus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat greater or bigger; somewhat older.

Māia, æ. f. the ball of the cheek; the cheek; the jaw or cheek bone.

Māibathrum, rectius Māibathrum, tri. n. a kind of leaf or Indian epikenard, of which a sweet ointment is made.

Māliche, es. f. scrib. et Mcloche, a kind of mallones.

Mālichites v. Mēlichites æ. m. a stone of a dark green colour.

Mālachra, æ. f. al. Maldacon. a tree in Bactria of the bigness of an olive tree, whereof comes the gum called bdellium.

Mālicia, æ. f. a calm, calmness, quietness, stillness; the longing of women with child; the green-sickness.

Mālicio Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to soften; to stroke; to make soft and gentle.

Mālicus, a, um. adj. soft; sup-

ple, pliant, flexible; easy, voluptuous.

Mālagma, Ætis. n. an emollient poultice.

Māle, adv. [a malus] pejora comp. pessime, superl. ill, wickedly; hurtfully; unhappily, unfortunately; amies.

Māledice, adv. railingly, reproachfully, detractingly, slanderously, abusively.

Māledicentior, comp. issimus, sup. [a maledicus] more given to report slanderously, slanderous, backbiting.

Māledico, Ære, dixi, dictum. act. to rail at; to call names.

Māledictio, Inis. f. slander, railing, obloquy, detraction, malediction, backbiting.

Māledicium, i. n. a railing accusation; a abusive or foul language; opprobrious words.

Māledicus, a, um. adj. Māledicentior, comp. Maledicentissimus, superl. foul-mouthed, backbiting, reproachful, slanderous, reviling, detracting, abusive.

Māleficio, Ære, fæci, factum. act. to do an ill or shrewd turn; to wrong; to abuse; to annoy.

Mālefactum, i. n. an ill deed, a shrewd turn, a discourtesy.

Mālefice, adv. mischievously maliciously.

Māleficientia, æ. f. mischievousness. Vid. Māleficus.

Māleficientissimus, a, um. sup. adj. most wicked and mischievous.

Māleficium, i. n. any wicked action; any act of hostility or unkindness; witchcraft or enchantment.

Māleficus, a, um. adj. Māleficientior, comp. Māleficientissimus, superl. impious, mischievous, villainous; ill-disposed, envious, malign.

Mālefidus, a, um. adj. not to be safely trusted.

Mālianādis, a, um. adj. persuading to do amies; vice-persuading.

Mālivōlis, tis. adj. ill-natured, of an envious temper or ill-humoured.

Mālivōlentia, æ. f. ill-will, spite, or malice; envy, disaffection.

Mālivōlus, a, um. adj. bearing ill-will, owing a grudge, malicious, spiteful, envious, disaffected.

Mālicōrium, i. n. the rind of a pomegranate.

Mālicūm, a, um. adj. producing apple trees.

Mālicus, a, um. adj. malefcent. Vid. Māleficus.

Māligne, adv. enviously, spitefully, maliciously, malignly

malignantly; sparingly, ignorantly; little.
Malignitas, *itis*. *f.* malignity, maliciousness, malevolence, ill-will, ill-nature; envy, spite or malice; sparingness, niggardliness.
Malignus, *a, um*. *adj.* envious, malicious, spiteful, disaffected, malign, malevolent, rancorous; peevish, morose, sour; little, small, not plentiful.
Mallinus, *a, um*. *adj.* of an apple-tree.
Mallitia, *æ*. *f.* perverseness, the doing mischief designedly; malice, malignancy; fraud and craft; vice, wickedness.
Mallitose, *adv.* maliciously, spitefully; deceitfully, wittily, knavishly.
Mallitiosus, *a, um*. *adj.* cunning, spiteful, crafty, knavish.
Malleator, *oris*. *m.* working with a hammer or beetle.
Malleatus, *a, um*. *part.* hammered; wrought or beaten with a hammer or beetle.
Malleolaris, *is*, *e*. *adj.* belonging to tender shoots or branches.
Malleolus, *i. m.* [a malleus] the small branches or shoots of a vine, fit for planting; bundles of hemp or Spanish broom besmeared with pitch and other combustible matter.
Malleus, *i. m.* a mallet, a hammer, a maul or mall.
Mallo, *malui*, *malle*, to be more willing; to wish rather.
Mallorpe, *es*. *f.* the larger kind of mallows.
Maltha, *æ*. *f.* a combustible mass of unslacked lime, wine, fat, and oil; a kind of tarras, made of quick lime and hog's grease; liquid brimstone.
Maltho, *ere, avi, ætum*. *act.* to dress with lime or mortar; to glue; to solder.
Malva, *æ*. *f.* the herb mallows.
Malvaceus, *a, um*. *adj.* like or pertaining to mallows; made of mallows.
Malum, *i. n.* an apple.
Malum, *i. n.* *subst. ex adj.* vice, sin, wickedness; punishment; a mischief, an ill turn; an evil; misfortune, difficulty, danger.
Malum! *interj.* with a mischief.
Mallus, *i. f.* an apple-tree.
Mallus, *i. m.* a mast of a ship.
Mallus, *a, um*. *adj.* peyor. comp. pessimus, *sup.* evil, sinful; ill-meaning; unjust, fraudulent; silly, foolish; poisonous; bewitching, ill-boding; magical; mischievous, hurtful; cowardly, weak; ugly, deformed.
Mamilla, *æ*. *f.* dim. [a mamma] a little teat or breast; a dug.

Mamillare, *ris*. *n.* [a mamilla] a breastcloth, a stomacher.
Mamilliana [*sc. ficus*] a kind of fig like a pap or breast.
Mamma, *æ*. *f.* a breast; the pap; dugs of cattle; a child's word for mother; a grandam; the bump of trees out of which the branches sprout.
Mammosus, *a, um*. *adj.* having great breasts, dugs, or paps.
Mammula, *æ*. *f.* dim. a little dug or teat.
Mamüllis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* apt to pierce or flow.
Manceps, *clpis*. *c. g.* a farmer of any part of the public revenue; an undertaker of any public work; he that buys the goods of one proscribed; a proprietor who sells a thing upon warranty.
Mancipatio, *onis*. *f.* the parting with a thing and giving it up to another; a manner of sale before witnesses by seisin and delivery.
Mancipatus, *a, um*. *part.* sold or given up to the power of another; engaged, enthralled, enslaved.
Mancipatus, *us*. *m.* a selling or sale of a thing upon warranty.
Mancipium, *i. n.* property or right of perpetual possession; the thing or person made over and bought; a slave or dependent on a great man.
Mancipio, *ere, avi, ætum*. *act.* to give up his right and title of a thing to another; to give away; to sell; to alienate; to mancipate; to make over to another.
Mancus, *a, um*. *adj.* maimed, lame, defective in any limb or member; weak; imperfect.
Mandator, *oris*. *m.* one who suborned an informer; a kind of surety.
Mandatrix, *icis*. *f.* a female commander.
Mandatum, *i. n.* a commission, a command or charge; appointment, errand, imposition, injunction, mandate.
Mandatus, *a, um*. *part.* commanded.
Mando, *ere, avi, ætum*. *act.* quasi manu do, to commit to one's charge; to give one orders; to send away. [Mandator differs from imperare, as not implying any authority in mandante. Hence the term mandatum corresponds very nearly to our English word commission.]
Mando, *ere*, *i. sum*. *act.* to chew; to grind with the teeth; to eat; to champ.
Mandra, *æ*. *f.* a hovel, lodge; a company or team of beasts of

burden; the points or places where the chess-men stand.
Mandrägörs, *æ*. *f.* an herb called mandrake.
Mandüco, *äre, avi, ætum*. *act.* [a mando] to chew; to eat.
Manducum, *i. n.* meat.
Manducus, *i. m.* a bugbear or hobgoblin.
Mäne, *subst. n. num.* acc. et abh. the morning, day-light.
Mäne, *adv.* early in the morning.
Mänebitor, *impers.* I, thou, he, it, we, ye, they, will tarry.
Mänseum, *imperat.* [a mane, et d. m., ut adesum] tarry a while.
Mäneo, *ere, si, sum*. *neut.* to tarry; to stay; to wait; to expect; to stick; to abide; to hold to; to be inferred; to be consequential; to expect; to stay for.
Mänes, *i. um*. *pl. m.* an order of gods, both celestial and infernal, a spirit or ghost, perhaps the genius of one living or dead; the Furies, tormentors; the place of the dead; dead bodies; crimes; sins.
Mänëis, *i. c.* mane si vis.
Mango, *onis*. *m.* et *alig. f.* a slave dealer; a regrater; a horse-courser, a jockey, a keeper of horses, mules, &c.
Mangonicus, *a, um*. *adj.* belonging to the trade of regraters.
Mangonium, *i. n.* cookery, the art of dressing meat, and setting it off.
Mangonicatus, *a, um*. *part.* pampered; painted or trimmed up; set off.
Mangontzo, *ere, avi, ætum*. *act.* to polish; to paint; to trim up a thing to make it sell the better.
Mänica, *æ*. *f.* a sleeve of a garment. **Manica**, *arum*. *pl. f.* manacles to tie the hands; mittens, gloves; grappling-irons; gauntlets and splints.
Mänicatus, *a, um*. *adj.* having sleeves.
Mänicon, *i. n.* the herb nightshade.
Mänicula, *æ*. *f.* dim. [a manus] a little hand; the plough-tail-handle.
Mänifeste, *adv. v.* **Mänifesto**, manifestly, openly, plainly, notoriously.
Mänifesto, *ere, avi, ætum*. *act.* to manifest; to make apparent; to betray; to discover.
Mänifestus, *a, um*. *adj.* manifest, clear, plain, evident, notorious.
Mänipularis, *is*, *e*. *adj.* pro **Mänipularis**, *sc. miles*, a soldier; a standard-bearer.

Mānpūllāris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a band of men.
Mānpūllārius, n, um. adj. of or belonging to a common soldier.
Mānpūllatim, adv. by bands or companies; in heaps.
Mānpius, i. m. v. **Māniplus**, a handful, armful, gripe, bottle, or bundle; the ensign of a band of soldiers; a band or company of soldiers under one captain; a glove or gauntlet.
Manliana, drum. pl. n. a kind of apples.
Manūlius, i. m. dim. a little fennel or ambling nag; a galloper.
Mannus, i. m. a nag, fennel, an ambling nag.
Māno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to run in a small stream; to flow; to trickle down; to let fall. Act. to drop; to distil; to diffuse; to extend; to spread.
Mānon, i. n. a kind of sponge.
Manisio, ōnis. f. [a maneo] a tarrying, a staying; a continuance; an inn; a day's journey.
Manisto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a maneo] to tarry usually.
Manusūctio, ēre, fect, factum. act. to make tame, gentle, or tractable.
Manusūctus, a, um. part. [a seq.] tamed; softened and made gentle; made malleable and soft.
Manusūctio, fieri, factus. pass. to be made tame and tractable; to be tractable.
Manusuesco, ēre, suēvi, suētum. incept. to grow tame; to become tractable; to grow mellow; to grow soft and mild; to make tame.
Manusūte, adv. gently, mildly.
Manusuetudo, ōnis. f. gentleness, mildness, clemency, tameness, tractableness, manusuetude.
Manusūtus, a, um. adj. tame; gentle, good-natured, mild, meek, tractable.
Mansum, i. n. meat chewed by the nurse, and given to the child.
Manus, a, um. part. [a mando] chewed, champed.
Mantile, is. n. v. Mantellum, i. r. a towel or napkin to wipe the hands with; a mantle.
Mantica, m. f. a wallet, a little bag or scrip; a portmanteau or cloak-bag.
Manticoira, m. f. Mantichōra, v. Manticoira, a beast in India which has three rows of teeth, the face of a man, and the body of a lion.
Mantile, is. n. ant. Mantile, a table-cloth; a hand-towel, a napkin.
Mantis, is. m. a diviner; a prophet.

Mantissa, m. f. seu Mantissa, over-measure; advantage; the vantage or over-weight.
Manuale, is. n. a handful; a manual; a little book to carry in one's hand.
Manuālis, is, e. adj. [a manus] of or belonging to the hand; that fills the hand.
Manubium, drum. pl. f. the captain's or general's share of the booty; the spoils of war; booty, plunder, pillage; hurling of thunderbolts.
Manubiālis, is, e. adj. belonging to spoils, &c.
Manubriolum, i. n. dim. [a manubrium] a little haff or handle.
Manubrium, i. n. the hilt, haff, or handle; power, opportunity.
Manūfactus, a, um. part. made by hand.
Manūlea, m. f. a sleeve or flap covering the hand.
Manūleārius, i. m. a maker of garments or clothes with sleeves.
Manūleātus, a, um. part. having or wearing long sleeves; effeminate, beautiful.
Manūmissio, ōnis. f. a making of a slave free; a discharge from serving any longer.
Manūmissus, a, um. part. made free, enfranchised, set at liberty.
Manūmitto, ēre, mīsi, missum. act. to manumit; to enfranchise; to make a slave free.
Manūpretium, i. n. wages for work, a reward.
Manus, ūis. f. a hand; art, workmanship, labour; a blow, a fight; a workman; an elephant's trunk; force, might, power; a throw at dice; management, administration, conduct; power, pleasure, choice, disposal; a band or number of soldiers or others; a handwriting; the action of an orator or lawyer in pleading.
Māpalla, ium. pl. n. Numidian cottages like the keels of ships.
Mappa, m. f. a table-napkin.
Mārathrites, m. m. wine wherein fennel has been infused.
Mārathrum, i. n. the herb fennel.
Mārathrus, i. m. fennel.
Marceo, ēre, cul, —. neut. to wither; to pine away; to grow feeble; to be faint or heavy; to droop.
Marcesco, ēre, —. incept. to pine away; to decay; to languish; to purify; to flag; to droop; to grow dull or inactive.
Marcedus, a, um. adj. [a marceo] rotten; dead, flat, that

has lost its strength; heavy and dull, lazy; hanging, flagging; marcid.
Marcor, ōris. m. [a marceo] smuttiness, fading, tarnishing; drowsiness; sluggishness; sloth.
Marculus, i. m. a brazier's or tinker's little hammer.
Māre, is. n. the sea; a great river; the vast expanse.
Marga, m. f. a kind of earth called marl.
Margāris, ūis. f. a kind of dates like pearls.
Margārita, m. f. a pearl.
Margāritifer, āra, ērum. adj. that produces or has store of pearls.
Margāritum, i. n. a pearl.
Margianodus, a, um. part. to be edged, to have borders made to it.
Marginātus, a, um. part. [es marginio, obs.] that has a great border, broad rim, edge, or margin; broad-brimmed.
Margo, ūis. m. v. f. [a mare] the brink or bank; the side, the margin; the extremity, brim, or edge.
Mārinus, a, um. adj. of the nature of the sea, inhabiting the sea.
Mārisca, m. f. a great unsavoury fig; a fig that opens so that the seeds may be seen; the piles or hemorrhoids.
Māriscum, i. n. v. **Māriscus**, i. m. a kind of butrush.
Māritia, m. f. [sc. mulier] a married woman.
Māritālis, is, e. adj. belonging to wedlock or marriage.
Māritinus, a, um. adj. [a mare] of or belonging to the sea.
Mārto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to marry; to wed; to give in marriage; to set vines, elms, or other trees.
Māritus, a, um. adj. belonging to wedlock or marriage.
Māritus, i. m. subet. ex adj. a married man, a husband; the male.
Marmārtis, ūis. f. the herb bear's breech; fumitory.
Marmor, ōris. n. a marble stone; a statue; the sea.
Marmōrārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the working of marbles. **Marmorārius** [sc. faber] a marble-cutter.
Marmōrātum, i. n. plaster of marble, mortar of lime and marble beaten together, tarras.
Marmōrātus, a, um. part. cased or covered with marble.
Marmoreus, a, um. adj. made of marble; white, smooth, or hard as marble.
Marmōreus, a, um. adj. like marble for hardness.
Maron, i. n. a kind of spice.

Marrn, *m. f.* a mattock, pickaxe, weeding-hook; a hoe.

Marrubium, *i. n.* the herb horehound.

Mars, *tis. m.* the planet Mars, the heathen god of war; war; a fight, a battle; warlike forces; strength, ability, industry.

Marsupium, *i. n.* a purse, pouch, or bag to put money in.

Martes, *is. f.* a marten, a ferret, a kind of weasel, an ermine.

Martialis, *is. e. adj.* belonging to Mars.

Marticula, *m. c. g.* a worshipper of Mars; warlike.

Martigena, *m. c. g.* begotten of Mars.

Martius, *a, um. adj.* dedicated to Mars; belonging to war, martial; belonging to the month of March.

Marrum, *i. n.* an herb like marjoram, but of a stronger smell.

Mas, *in. kris. m.* the male. It is used also adjectively.

Masculesco, *ere, —. incept.* to become of the male kind; to turn male.

Masculum, *i. n.* a place where male vines grow.

Masculinus, *a, um. adj.* of the male kind, masculine.

Mascula, *a, um. adj. dim.* male, of the male kind; manly, stout, hardy.

Masculus, *i. m. subst.* a little male, a man, or mannikin.

Maspetum, *i. n.* the leaf or stalk of laserpitium.

Massa, *m. f.* a mass or lump of any thing; the body of a book; a weight to swing in one's hand, in order to provoke sweat in bathing.

Massaris, *is. f.* a kind of wild grape.

Massula, *m. f. dim.* a little lump or clot of any thick matter.

Mastiche, *es. f.* the sweet gum called mastich.

Mastiga, *m. m. a rogue, a slave that is used to be beaten or whipped.*

Mastus, *i. f. v. mastus, i. m.* the cock of a water-pipe; an herb good for some distemper in the breast.

Mastruca, *m. f.* a fur garment which the men of Sardinia used.

Mastrucatus, *a, um. adj.* wearing such a garment.

Matar, *m. et Mataris, is. f. in abl. matari, a Gallic javelin, a spear.*

Mitella, *m. f. dim. [a matula]* a chamber-pot, a little urinal, or water-pot.

Mittellio, *olis. m.* a water-pot.

Mitella, *m. f.* a little wooden mallet or beetle.

Mister, *tis. f.* a female that

brings forth; a mother; a foster mother; a dam; a tree; a maker, causer, &c.; a name given to matrons, by way of honour; maternal affection; a name given to goddesses.

Matercula, *m. f. dim.* a little female mother.

Materfamilias, *gen. Matrifamilias, &c. v. materfamilie, i. e. totius domus, the lady, mistress, or good wife of the house.*

Materia, *m. f. et Materies, ei. f.* matter, stuff; materials, matter, timber, wood; a sort of branch of a vine; the subject or argument of a book or discourse; the subject of any art or science; an occasion or cause.

Materiarius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to timber.

Materiarius, *i. m.* he that finds timber; a timber-merchant.

Materiatio, *olis. et Materiatia, m. f.* timber-work or carpentry; the work or trade of carpenters.

Materiatus, *a, um. part.* timbered.

Materior, *eri, atus. dep.* to make provision of timber for trenches and other services in war.

Maternus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to a mother; motherly, maternal.

Matertera, *m. f.* an aunt by the mother's side.

Mathematica, *m. et Mathematice, es. f.* mathematics.

Mathematicus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to mathematics.

Mathematicus, *i. m.* a mathematician or one skilled in arithmetic, geometry, and astronomy; an astrologer, caster of nativities, or fortune-teller.

Matralia, *um. n. pl.* a feast dedicated to the goddess Mater Matuta or Leucothea; the feast of matrons.

Matricida, *m. c. g.* a murderer of one's mother.

Matricidium, *i. n.* the murdering of one's mother.

Matrimonium, *i. n.* wedlock, matrimony, marriage; a wife.

Matrius, *a, um. adj.* one whose mother yet lives.

Matrix, *icis. f.* the matrix in a woman; the womb; any female kind that conceives and bears; a shoot or cion.

Matrona, *m. f.* a matron, a wife.

Matronalia, *um. n. pl.* the matrons' feast, wherein they prayed to Juno for the preservation of their husbands, kept upon the first of March.

Matronalis, *is, e. adj.* pertaining

ing to a matron or married woman; matron-like, modest.

Matta, *m. f.* a mat or mattress.

Matticæ pilæ, soap-balls, washing-balls.

Matula, *m. f.* a urinal or chamber-pot; a silly carcombe.

Maturate, *adv.* quickly, hastily.

Maturatio, *olis. f.* a hastening or making speed, expedition.

Maturatus, *a, um. part.* ripened or ripe; full, perfect; hastened, accelerated, soon finished.

Mature, *adv.* early; quickly; very soon.

Maturesco, *cûre, rui, —. incept.* to ripen; to grow ripe; to be ripe or come to maturity; to come to a head; to be ready for action.

Maturitas, *atis. f.* ripeness, maturity; ripeness for breaking into action; maturity and perfection; a season, time convenient.

Mature, *ere, avi, E. um. act.* to ripen; to make ripe; to do with convenient speed; to hasten; to accelerate; to dispatch.

Maturus, *a, um. adj.* mellow; ripe; mature and perfect; opportune, timely, seasonable; early; quick, speedy.

Matula, *m. f.* the goddess of the morning.

Matutinum, *i. n.* the morning.

Matutinus, *a, um. adj.* of or in the morning; early.

Mavortius, *a, um. adj.* warlike, belonging to Mars.

Maurus, *i. m.* a black Moor.

Maurus, *a, um. adj.* belonging to the Moors.

Mausolium, *i. n.* the tomb of Mausolus, reckoned one of the wonders of the world; any sumptuous or stately monument or sepulchre.

Maxilla, *m. f. dim.* the cheek-bone or jaw-bone; the mandible.

Maxillaris, *is, e. adj.* belonging to the jaw-bone.

Maxime, *adv. superl.* most, most of all.

Maximopere, *adv.* melius Maximo opere. with very great labour; very greatly.

Maximus, *a, um. adj. sup. [a magnus]* biggest, greatest, largest; very great, most mighty; eldest.

Maximimum, *i. n.* a platter or charger.

Meibilia, *is, e. adj. [a meo]* act. that runs or passes easily.

Meapte, *ablat. fem. meâ, cum syllabich adj.* pte.

Meatus, *us. m.* a movement or course; the manner of moving or going; a passage, the mouth

of a river; the pores of the body.
Mēcastor, adv. [i. e. *me* Castor sc. *juvet*] by Castor.
Mēchānicus, i. m. a designer, an engineer, one who contrives as well as works.
Mēcōnia, is. f. a kind of lettuce, of a sleepy quality.
Mēcōntes, æ. m. a precious stone like a poppy.
Mēcōnium, i. n. juice of poppy.
Mēcūm pro Cum mē.
Mēdens, tis. part. subst. a physician.
Mēdeor, Eri, —. depon. to heal; to cure; to remedy.
Mēdētur, impers. a cure is made.
Mēdiānus, a, um. adj. middle.
Mēdiastinus, i. m. a slave or drudge; a kitchen slave.
Mēdiastuticus, i. m. al. **Medix-tuticus**, the name of the chief magistrate in Campania.
Mēdica, æ. f. [arbor] the pomcitron tree. *Herba*, a kind of clover-grass, Spanish trefoil or three-leaved grass of Spain.
Mēdicābilis, is, e. adj. [a medicor] curable, medicinal; that may be healed. *Act.* that has the virtue of healing.
Mēdicāmen, tuis. n. any sort of medicine; tincture to dye wool with.
Mēdicamentāria, æ. f. the art or skill of making or preparing medicines.
Mēdicamentāria, i. m. an apothecary, one that prepares medicines.
Mēdicamentōsus, a, um. adj. medicinal, apt to cure or heal.
Mēdicamentum, i. n. a medicine, physic; a purge; a oint or wash for the face; ointment; poison; a remedy; a tincture to dye wool with.
Mēdicatio, ōnis. f. a preparation.
Mēdicātus, ūs. m. a medicinal preparation or application.
Mēdicātus, a, um. adj. medicinal, physical; medicinally or physically prepared; bedaubed with ointments; envenomed or poisoned.
Mēdicina, æ. f. physic or the art of physic; a physician's or surgeon's shop; physic, medicine; a remedy; a purging medicine; physicians.
Mēdicinālis, is, e. adj. physical, medicinal.
Mēdico, Eri, Eri, ūtum. act. to cure; to heal; to give an artificial preparation or tincture to a thing.
Mēdicor, Eri, ūtus. dep. to give or apply in order to cure; to amend or reclaim.
Mēdicus, a, um. adj. physical,

pertaining to physic or physicians.
Mēdicus, i. m. a physician; surgeon or apothecary.
Mēdimnus, i. m. et **Mēdimnum**, i. n. a certain measure, containing six bushels.
Mēdiocris, cris, ere. adj. middling, tolerable, ordinary, indifferent.
Mēdiocritas, ūtis. f. a mean or middle way; meanness in any circumstance.
Mēdiocriter, adv. indifferently, after an ordinary manner, tolerably.
Mēdiocrimus, a, um. adj. middlemost.
Mēditāmen, Inis. n. an exercise.
Mēditamentum, i. n. an exercise.
Mēditāte, adv. upon premeditation; perfectly, at one's fingers' ends.
Mēditatio, ōnis. f. [a meditator] meditation, a thinking beforehand, musing; study; practice or exercise.
Mēditātus, a, um. part. Dep. having mused, considered, or bethought himself. *Paas* thought upon, studied, premeditated, prepared beforehand; addicted to, and exercised in.
Mēditerrāneum, i. n. subst. ex. adj. the middle of the land or country.
Mēditerrāneus, a, um. adj. in the middle of the land; that lives far from the sea.
Mēditōr, Eri, ūtus. dep. to meditate; to muse; to think upon; to forecast; to exercise; to practise; to play upon an instrument.
Mēditritinālia, ūrum. n. pl. feasts or sacred rites of the goddess *Meditritina*.
Mēdium, i. n. [ex. adj.] the midst or middle; that is placed in the middle; what is common to several.
Mēdius, a, um. adj. the middle; middling, ordinary, not singular; equally suited or inclined, indifferent; common, frequent; general; mediating or determining; neutral, of neither party; middle-aged.
Mēdiusfidius, adv. [i. e. *me* deus fidius sc. *juvet*] by Hercules; upon my honour.
Mēdulla, æ. f. the marrow in the bones; the pith or heart; flour, ment; the quintessence or prime.
Mēdullitus, adv. intimately, deeply, heartily, affectionately, cordially.
Mēdullōsus, a, um. adj. full of marrow.
Mēdullūla, æ. f. dim. the finest down.
Mēgāleisia, ūrum. n. pl. plays

in honour of *Cybele*, on the fourth day of April.
Mēgālium, ū. n. a sweet ointment.
Mēgālogrāphia, æ. f. a drawing of pictures at large.
Mēgāstanes, um. m. pl. princes, peers, states, nobles, grandees.
Mehercle, **Mehercūle**, **Mehercūles**, adv. so help me Hercules.
Meio, Eri, minxi, mictum. neut. to make water or urine; to piss.
Mel, mellis. n. honey; sweets of poetry; the juice of the flowers of lilies; a darling; my sweetest; my honey.
Mēlēnaētos, i. m. the black eagle.
Mēlamphyllon, i. n. *acanthus*.
Mēlampōdion, ū. n. black hell-bore.
Mēlampus, i. m. blackfoot.
Mēlanēchetes, æ. m. *Blackcat*, a dog's name.
Mēlanclenus, a, um. adj. a blackcoat; one that wears black.
Mēlanclia, æ. f. melancholy, black choler, a kind of madness rising from melancholy.
Mēlanclōlicus, a, um. adj. melancholic, full of black choler, and.
Mēlandrys, yos. m. the largest sort of tummy.
Mēlandryum, i. n. an herb growing among corn and in meadows, with a white flower; the black pith of an oak; the body of the tunny fish cut into fitches and powdered, the neck and belly being first taken away.
Mēlania, æ. f. blackness, a black speck or spot.
Mēlānion, ū. n. the black violet.
Mēlanthion, ū. n. the herb gith, coriander of Rome, pepperwort.
Mēlānūrus, i. m. a kind of perches; the sea-bream.
Mēlapium, ū. n. a pearmain, a pear-apple or apple-pear.
Mēle, nom. pl. n. a sing. *Melons*, tūner, notes.
Mēlēgris, Idis. f. pl. *Meleagrides*, um. a Guinea or Turkey hen.
Mēles n. *Mēlia*, is. f. a badger gray, or brock.
Mēlice gallina, Turkey hens.
Mēlicembles, um. m. pl. *melicembali*, ūrum. a kind of shell-fish, winkles.
Mēlēria, æ. f. *Mēlēris*, Idis. f. a kind of imposthume or sore, out of which runs matter like honey.
Mēlichloros, i. m. a sort of precious stone.

Melichros, *ōtis*, *m.* a *precious stone* of a yellow colour, like honey.
Melichryson, *i. f.* a stone in India, of the topaz kind.
Melicosus, *a, um. adj.* *tuneful, harmonious.*
Melismēli, *rect.* **Melismēli**, *n.* *syrup of quinces preserved in honey.*
Melismēlum, *i. n.* a kind of sweet apple, the apple of paradise, a honey apple; the quince apple made into marmalade.
Melium, *m. f.* a kind of garment of a yellowish or whitish colour; a sheep or badger's skin; a budget or knapsack made of such a skin.
Mellinum, *i. n.* an oil or ointment of the blossoms of apples or quinces; a very white colour used by painters; balm-gentle or mint.
Mellior et hoc Mellius, *comp.* [a bonus] *better, more excellent, superior; more valiant; more expert or skilful; more just or upright; better in health; bigger.*
Melliorasco, *ēre, —* *neut.* to grow better; to improve; to mend.
Mellissaphyllon, *i. n.* the same with the apiastrium or citrago, balm-gentle.
Melites, *m. m.* a precious stone of the colour of an orange or quince.
Mellitites, *m. m.* a drink made of honey and wine, &c. a kind of melhegin; a precious stone yielding a liquor of a sweet taste like honey.
Meliton, *ōnis. m.* a bee-garden.
Meliturgo, *i. m.* he that has the charge and ordering of honey, a bee-merchant.
Mellius, *adv.* [comp. a beue] *better in all respects.*
Melliuscule, *adv. dim.* [a melius] *somewhat or a little better; more largely.*
Melliusculus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [a melior] *something better; in a state or condition something better; something better in health.*
Mellitrium, *i. n.* a bee-stall.
Mellitrius, *a, um. adj.* *serving or belonging to honey.*
Mellitrius, *i. m.* a honey-maker or seller; a bee-master.
Mellitrio, *ōnis. f.* the time of taking honey or driving of the bees.
Melleus, *a, um. adj.* *of honey, like honey, sweet; yellow, of a dark yellow.*
Mellicolum, *i. n. dim.* [a mel] *my pretty little honey, my dear, my sweetheart*

Mellifer, *ēra, ērum. adj.* *that bears, brings, or makes honey.*
Mellificium, *ii. n.* the making or working of honey.
Mellifico, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. act.* *to make honey.*
Mellificus, *a, um. adj.* *that makes honey.*
Melliflens, *tis. adj.* *sweet of speech, eloquent.*
Melligenus, *a, um. adj.* *of the same kind with honey, like honey.*
Melligo, *Inis. f.* the gum or juice of trees, wherewith bees daub their hives on the inside; mildew; the juice of the unripe grape.
Mellillus, *a, um. adj. dim.* *my sweeting, my darling, my honey.*
Mellitulus, *a, um. adj. dim.* *my sweetheart, my honey.*
Mellitus, *a, um. adj.* *preserved or sweetened with honey; of a honey taste; delicious, lovely.*
Melismēli, *indetl.* *quiddany, marmalade.*
Melismēlum, *i. n.* a sweeting, a sweet apple.
Melispēpo, *ōnis. m.* a melon or garden-cucumber; a sort of pompin, a musk-melon.
Meloa, *n. def. abl. melo. pl. mele.* *melody, harmony, a song or tune; singing in measure or tunable singing; music.*
Membrāna, *ē. f.* a membrane, the upper and little thin skin; a skin; the peel of wood between the bark and the tree; parchment or vellum; the surface or outmost shape.
Membrānceus, *a, um. adj.* *like parchment or thin skin, skinny.*
Membrānula, *ē. f. dim.* [a membrana] *a little skin, a piece of parchment.*
Membratim, *adv.* *limb by limb, in pieces, piecemeal; from point to point; in short clauses or columns; specifically, particularly.*
Membrātūra, *ē. f.* a forming or shaping of the limbs.
Membrum, *i. n.* a part of anything; a member or limb; the elements; a room, a chamber; a clause; a colon.
Mēmēcyon, *i. n.* the fruit of the shrub *καρπός*, like a medlar, otherwise called arbutus.
Mēmēt, *acc. me, myself. Vid. Ego.*
Mēmēni, *Memento. Meminero*, *Meminisse*, *verb. defect.* *to remember; to have in memory; to make mention of; to take care; to provide for. Memento, a form in threatening.*
Mēmōr, *ēris. adj.* *mindful, remembering; thankful; pro-*

ceeding from one mindful; lasting, durable, or that makes itself be remembered.
Mēmōrabilis, *is, e. adj.* *fit to be mentioned; fit to be talked of; memorable, notable; brave, renowned.*
Mēmōrandus, *a, um. part.* *to be told; to be mentioned; fit to be told or recorded; venerable; renowned, glorious.*
Mēmōrator, *ōris. m.* *he that relates or gives an account.*
Mēmōratrix, *icis. f.* a declarer or shouter of.
Mēmōrātus, *a, um. part. et adj.* *rehearsed, spoken of, recounted.*
Mēmōrātus, *abl. et ul. dat. a rehearsed, a remembrance.*
Mēmōria, *ē. f.* [a memor] *memory; remembrance, a calling to mind; consciousness, reflection; the time within which a thing is remembered or the persons remembering in the time; a sepulchre or monument.*
Mēmōriālis, *is, e. adj.* *belonging to memory or remembrance.*
Mēmōriola, *m. f. dim.* [a memoria] *a little or small memory.*
Mēmōriter, *adv.* *by heart, without book; readily, perfectly; without premeditation.*
Mēmōro, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. act.* *to remember; to tell; to rehearse; to recite; to make mention or speak of; to call; to name.*
Mēna, *m. f.* a little fish, black or blue in summer, and white in winter.
Mēnda, *m. f. et Mendum, i. n.* a blemish, a spot; a fault, a mistake, an error or escape in writing.
Mendacillōquus, *a, um. adj.* *telling lies.*
Mendicium, *i. n.* [a mendax] *an untruth, a deceiving, a story, a lie.*
Mendax, *icis. adj.* *lying, deceitful; false, counterfeited, deceiving; invented.*
Mendicibulum, *i. n.* a beggarly state.
Mendicatio, *ōnis. f.* a begging.
Mendice, *adv.* *beggarly.*
Mendicatus, *a, um. part. begged.*
Mendicitas, *icis. f.* *extreme poverty, beggarliness.*
Mendico, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. act.* *to beg; to ask alms.*
Mendiculus, *i. n. dim.* *a little beggar, a tatterdemalion.*
Mendicus, *i. m.* a beggar, a common beggar.
Mendicus, *a, um. adj.* *beggarlike, sorry, mean, pitiful.*
Mendose, *adv.* *incorrectly, corruptly, amiss; falsely, erroneously, unskilfully.*
Mendosus, *a, um. adj.* *full of*

blemishes; lewd or vicious; erroneous, incorrect; blundering.

Meniāna, *drum*, pl. n. a building of pleasure, putting out for prospect; balconies or galleries; standings to see shows out of.

Mens, *tis*, f. the mind, reason, understanding; thought, judgment, opinion; affection, inclination; providence, thought, design, intention; resolution, purpose; the temper of the mind; the memory; advice, counsel; heart or courage; a goddess so called. [*Animus* is the principle of life, common to all animals, and even vegetables. *Animus* is the soul, the percipient and intellectual principle peculiar to man, including the faculties of the mind, with the affections of the heart. *Mens* implies merely the intellect, or rational faculty. When opposed to each other, *animus* refers to the sentiments and passions; *mens* to the reason.]

Mensa, *æ*, f. a table, a board; a meal, dinner, or supper; a service or course; a trencher, a plate; a counter or board on which bankers tell their money; a table whereon fish is sold.

Mensūrus, *ii*, m. a banker that receives and pays public money.

Mensio, *ōnis*, f. [a metior] a measuring.

Mensis, *is*, m. a month; i. e. the time from the new moon to its change again; women's monthly courses.

mesor, *ōris*, m. a measurer, surveyor of land; a geome-
trician.

menstruālis, *is*, e. adj. monthly; fitting for a month; belonging to the terms.

menstruum, *i*, n. a monthly allowance for maintenance.

Menstruus, *a*, um, adj. of or for a month; monthly.

Mensūla, *æ*, f. dim. [a mensa] a little table.

Mensum, *i*, n. a measured quantity.

Mensūra, *æ*, f. [a metior] a measure; the quantity of the thing measured; admeasure-
ment; dignity, place, authority; capacity, ability; a proportion; a dimension, size.

Mensus, *a*, um, part. [a metior] measured, meted, bounded.

Mentāgra, *æ*, f. a foul teller or scab like a ringworm.

Mentha et Menta, *æ*, f. the herb called mint or minte.

Menthastrium, *i*, n. et **Mentastrium**, wild mint.

Mentibor, *pro* **Mentiar**.

Mentigo, *lūs*, f. a scab among

sheep, about their mouths and lips, called the pock.

Mentio, *ōnis*, f. mention or a speaking of.

Mentior, *iri*, *itūs*, dep. to lie; to break one's word; to counterfeit; to imitate; to invent; to feign; to deceive; to impose upon; to pretend falsely.

Mentitio, *ōnis*, f. a lying or telling a lie.

Mentitus, *a*, um, part. dep. having lied, having deceived.

Pass, feigned, false.

Mentum, *i*, n. the chin; the same part in beasts, as cows, &c.

Meo, *ire*, *avi*, *itum*, act. to go or pass; to glide along; to flow.

Meopte, *abl*. a meo et *adject*. syllab. pte.

Mēphitis, *is*, f. a stink or ill odour; a damp or strong sulphureous smell.

Mēracūlus, *a*, um, adj. dim. [a meracus] pretty pure, very little mixed with water.

Mēracus, *a*, um, adj. [ex merus] pure, clean, without mixture; yielding pure wine.

Mercēbilis, *is*, e. adj. that may be bought or hired; merchantable.

Mercātor, *ōris*, m. a merchant.

Mercātorius, *a*, um, adj. belonging to trade or commerce.

Mercātūra, *æ*, f. the trade of merchandize.

Mercātus, *a*, um, part. act. having bought or purchased. **Pass**. bought or purchased.

Mercātus, *ūs*, m. a buying and selling, the trade of merchandize; a market.

Mercēdūla, *æ*, f. dim. [a merces] a small hire or little fee.

Mercēnarius, *a*, um, adj. hired, corrupted with money, suborned, mercenary, bribed, feed; designed for the making of gain; belonging to trade.

Mercēnarius, *i*, m. a hireling; one of a working or drudging trade; a soldier hired for another country.

Mercēs, *ēdis*, f. wages or hire; allowance for pains; a recompence for any action; interest of money; rent of farms, houses, or lands; profits or gains of a calling or trade; the rent or income of an estate; cost, pains; condition, consideration.

Mercimonium, *ii*, n. that which is gained in buying and selling; ware, chaffer, goods, traffic.

Mercor, *iri*, *itūs*, dep. [a merx] to buy; to purchase.

Mercūriālis, *is*, f. the herb called mercury.

Mercūriūlis, *is*, e. adj. learned.

Mēda, *æ*, f. ordure or dung; a slur-reverence.

Mēre, *adv*. purely, merely.

Mērenda, *æ*, f. a beaver or a termoon's drinking; a collation or refreshment between dinner and supper.

Mēreo, *ire*, *ui*, *itum*, et **Mēreor**, *iri*, *ritūs*, dep. to earn, to gain; to deserve; to receive pay for service in war; to purchase; to take by way of reward.

Mēstricula, *adv*. whorishly, harlot-like.

Mēstricium, *i*, n. the trade of whoredom.

Mēstricius, *a*, um, adj. of or belonging to a whore, meretricious.

Mēstricor, *iri*, *itūs*, dep. to whore.

Mēstricula, *æ*, f. dim. [a meretrix] a little whore.

Mēstrix, *icis*, f. a whore, a strumpet, a harlot, a courtesan.

Mērga, *æ*, f. a pitchfork, a prong; a kind of reaping hook or scythe.

Mērges, *itis*, f. a gripe or hand-ful of corn in reaping; a kind of iron hitchel or ripple.

Mērgo, *ire*, *ui*, *itum*, act. to put under water; to sink; to dip in; to plunge over head and ears; to immerse; to overwhelm; to destroy.

Mērgus, *i*, m. a cormorant; a vine-branch turned bow-wise, with the top set in the ground.

Mēridianus, *a*, um, adj. pertaining to noon, noon-tide, at noon-day; to sword-players or fencers; southern, meridional.

Mēridiū, *ōnis*, f. noon-tide, the taking a nap after dinner.

Mēridies, *i*, m. noon-tide, mid-day; midnight; the south or southern parts of the world.

Mēritio, *ire*, *avi*, *itum*, et **Mēritior**, *iri*, *itūs*, dep. to take a nap; to sleep at noon.

Mēritissimo, *adv*. sup. most deservedly. **Sed potius est nomen** *abl*. casus.

Mērito, *adv*. [a meritis] worthily, deservedly, meritoriously; accordingly.

Mērito, *ire*, *avi*, *itum*, freq. [a mereo] to earn or get gain; to be rented at or bring in by way of rent; to serve.

Mēritōrium, *ii*, n. an inn, tavern, or public-house.

Mēritōrius, *a*, um, adj. that earns or brings in money or gain; designed for advantage; that is let or set for advantage.

Mēritum, *i*, n. a hire, stipend, or reward; desert or merit; a kindness, favour, pleasure, or good turn; worth, value, excellence.

Mēritus, *a*, um, part. [a mereor] act. deserving or having

deservea. Paas. deserved, merited, gained by desert. Adj. *due, fit, convenient, seemly, suitable, worthy.*

Mērobūsus, a, um. adj. that drinks wine without water, pure and unalloyed.

Mērops, ōpis. m. a bird that eats bees; a wood-pecker, martinet, or some such small bird.

Merso, Ēre, Ēvi, Ētum. freq. to wash; to dip often; to drown; to overwhelm.

Mersus, a, um. part. [a mergo] drowned, sunk; overwhelmed, lost; hidden, covered.

Mērilla, ō. f. the bird called a black mask or ouzel; a merle, a blackbird; an instrument of music which played by the motion of water; a fish called a merling, a whiting.

Mērum, i. n. [sc. vinum] pure wine.

Mērus, a, um. adj. very, mere, plain, stark, alone; pure, unmixed, neat; bare, naked.

Merx, cis. f. any kind of merchandise, chaffer, goods, commodities; a slave dearly bought; a good for nothing fellow or woman; one not worth hanging.

Mēss, ō. f. the middle part.

Mēsaula, ō. f. an entry; the gallery, lobby, or space from chamber to chamber.

Mēso, es. f. the middle string.

Mēses, ō. m. the north-west wind and by north.

Mēsōchōrus, i. m. the chanter of the choir.

Mēsōlūm, i. et Mēsōlūm, ik. n. an instrument to find out one or many middle or proportional lines.

Mēsōleucus, i. m. a precious black stone, having a white stroke in the middle; an herb like red mercury, with a white stroke through the middle of the leaf.

Mēsōmēlas, ō. m. a precious stone, having a black vein parting every colour in the midst.

Mēsōphērum, i. n. a sort of Indian spikenard of the middle leaf and rate.

Mēsophilum, i. n. a medlar.

Mēsophilus, i. f. a medlar-tree.

Mēssis, is. f. a harvest, a crop of ripe corn; corn; harvest-work or mowing and reaping; advantage, gain, booty; plenty or store.

Messor, ōris. m. a reaper or mower; a harvest-man.

Mēsōrius, a, um. adj. pertaining to reaping or mowing.

Mēssus, a, um. part. reaped.

Mēta, ō. f. a pillar at the end of a place in racing, where

the chariots turned; the upper millstone; any thing in a conical form; a turning; the limit or end.

Mētallicus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to metals; metallic.

Mētallicus, i. m. a digger, worker, or refiner of metals.

Mētallifer, a, um. adj. that brings forth metal.

Mētallum, i. n. metal; a mine, a vein.

Mētāmorphōsis, is. f. a transformation, a change of shape and figure.

Mētāphōra, ō. f. a metaphor, a trope.

Mētāplasmus, i. m. a figure, when some letter in a word is changed upon the account of verse, ornament, or necessity.

Mētālio, ōnis. f. the measuring or ordering of land for planting, &c.

Mētātor, ōris. m. a surveyor or measurer of land; a quarter-master who measures out the ground for pitching the camp in the field; a planter.

Mētātus, a, um. part. meted, measured out.

Mēthōdice, es. f. the part of grammar teaching the way of speaking.

Mēthōdicus, a, um. adj. observing a method.

Mēthōdium, il. n. a trick, a cheat, a cunning fetch.

Mētūcūlosus, a, um. adj. [a metus] fearful, timorous; hazardous, frightful.

Mētor, ĩre, mēssus et mētātus. dep. to mete; to measure; to survey; to take measure of; to measure out; to deliver by measure; to pass or go over; to take a survey of; to bound; to value; to esteem; to judge of; to place the quality of a thing in.

Mēto, ĩre, mēssus, mēssum. act. to reap; to mow; to cut down; to crop; to gather; to strike off; to mow down; to cut off.

Mētōnymia, ō. f. a trope when the cause is put for the effect, the subject for the adjunct, or contrarily, &c.

Mētōpa, ō. f. the distance or space between the mortise holes of the rafters and the planks.

Mētōplon, i. n. oil of bitter almonds; a tree in Africa from which the gum ammoniac drops.

Mētōposōpous, i. m. a physiognomist.

Mētor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. [a meta] to set out; to divide; to dispose; to order; to limit by measure; to set out a camp; to encamp; to set or lay out for planting.

Mētōra, ō. f. a kilderkin, firkin, or rundlet.

Mētricus, a, um. adj. according to or keeping time and measure.

Mētrum, i. n. a measure, metre, or verse.

Mētūendus, a, um. part. to be feared, dreadful, terrible.

Mētūla, ō. f. dim. [a meta] a little butt or mark.

Mētūo, ĩre, ul, ĩtum. act. to fear; to be afraid; to be solicitous; to be concerned; to take care; to be cautious; to avoid; to doubt. [Mētūere is to fear an immediate danger. Timere, to fear one that is approaching. The latter has no reference to the evil, as either great or small; while the former always implies that the evil apprehended is conceived to be great.]

Mētus, ūs. m. fear, dread, diffidence; care, concern; religious awe or fear.

Mētūsus, a, um. part. feared.

Mēu, v. Mēum v. Mēon, i. n. mēu, spicknel, wild dill.

Meus, a, um. [voc. sing. mas. mi] my, mine, my own; at my own disposal, free, my own man; of my own making or contrivance.

Mi, dat. [pro mihi] to me.

Mica, ō. f. a crumb or little quantity of any thing that breaks off; a little banqueting-house.

Mico, ĩre, ul et ĩvi, —. neut. to glitter; to glisten; to sparkle; to shine; to move briskly; to wag up and down swiftly; to pant; to beat; to move the fingers up and down swiftly.

Micropsychus, a, um. adj. faint-hearted, low-spirited, mean-spirited, covetous.

Microspherium, i. n. the leaf of spikenard.

Mictūrio, ĩre, ĩvi et il, ĩtum. [a mingo] to have a desire to make water; to make water.

Micūla, ō. f. dim. [a mica] a very small crumb.

Migdolibs, libis. m. [i. e. mixtus Lybs] a Carthaginian, being mongrel both by nation and language.

Migrasit, ant. pro migraverit.

Migratio, ōnis. f. a departing from one dwelling to another, a changing the habitation.

Migratur, ĩpers. a removal is made.

Migratus, ūs. m. a transporting or carrying away.

Migro, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. neut. to remove from one place to another; to shift his habitation; to change his quarters; to be altered; to go or depart from;

not to keep; to go; to pass; to glide.
 Mihil, dat. [a nom. ego] to me or for me.
 Mihimetipsi, to me myself.
 Miles, tis. c. g. a soldier; a foot soldier; the soldiery; an attendant; a novice.
 Milīāria, æ. f. avis [a milium] a bird that feeds upon millet, a linnet; an herb or weed, which, winding about millet, kills it.
 Milīārīum, li. n. a vessel belonging to an oil-mill; a high vessel narrow at the top; a vessel contrived with brazen pipes within it, in which water was heated, running many times round the fire.
 Milīārius, a, um, adj. of millet.
 Militāris, is, e. adj. belonging to a soldier or to war; warlike, martial, military.
 Militārīer, adv. after the manner of a soldier.
 Militia, æ. f. the being a soldier, warfare, any toil, employment, or service; the militia or soldiery.
 Milito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to go a warfare; to be a soldier; to pursue.
 Milium, i. n. millet.
 Mille, n. indecl. in sing. a thousand; an infinite or great number. Plu. Millia, ium, thus.
 Millesimūm, li. n. the herb milfoil, yarrow, or nosebleed.
 Millēpēda, æ. f. a worm having a great number of feet, and furry; a palmer.
 Millēsīmus, a, um, adj. the thousandth.
 Milīārīum, li. n. a mile; a vessel.
 Milīārius, a, um, adj. of or pertaining to a thousand.
 Milles, adv. a thousand times, very often.
 Minus, i. f. a sort of red colour or vermilion.
 Minvāgo, gins. f. a fish that uses to fly.
 Minvīnus, a, um, adj. of or like a kite.
 Minvus, v. potius Mīlvus, i. m. a kite; a rapacious fellow; a horned fish; a sign in the heavens.
 Mima, æ. f. [a mimus] a wanton wench; counterfeiting the carriage and behaviour of others; an actress upon the stage.
 Mimibambus, i. m. a kind of verse used in lampoons, farces, and the like.
 Mimice, adv. mimically, apishly.
 Mimicena, a, um, adj. mimic, apish, wanton.
 Mimulus, i. m. an herb called ratile or lousewort.

Mimogrāphus, i. m. a writer of plays or farces.
 Mimula, æ. f. diu. [a mima] a little actress, a miss.
 Mimus, i. m. a mimic, a scurrilous buffoon or jester; abusive or wanton play; any farce or ridiculous story.
 Mina, æ. f. a pound. In our money it is three pounds sterling; in weight it is twelve ounces.
 Minācter, adv. threateningly.
 Minæ, ærum. f. pl. threats, menaces.
 Minanter, adv. threateningly.
 Minatio, onis. f. a threatening or huffing.
 Minatus, a, um, part. having threatened.
 Minax, æis. adj. threatening, menacing with words or otherwise; haughty, surly.
 Minerva, æ. f. the goddess of wisdom, learning, arts and arms; nature, wit, craft; spinary; waving.
 Minerval v. Minervile, is. n. entrance money, which scholars paid to the master at their first coming to school.
 Mingo, Ære, æxi, mictum. act. to piss; to make water.
 Minicæus, a, um, adj. of or with vermilion.
 Miniāria, æ. f. the place where vermilion is dug.
 Miniārius, a, um, adj. of sinople or vermilion.
 Miniātulus, a, um, adj. dim. marked with red wax.
 Miniāus, a, um, part. red, of the colour of sinople or vermilion.
 Minime, adv. sup. [a parve] least or fewest; not at all, in no case, in no wise, by no means; at least; much less or least of all.
 Minimum, i. n. subst. ex adj. the least.
 Minimus, adv. at the least.
 Minimus, a, um, adj. [superl. a parvus] the least or smallest.
 Minio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to paint or colour with vermilion; to colour red.
 Minister, tri. m. an attendant, servant, minister, waiter, servitor or assistant; a helper or furtherer.
 Minister, tra, trum. adj. assistant, attendant.
 Ministērīum, li. n. service, attendance, ministration; an honourable office or employment; performance, labour, pains; servants themselves; waiters at the table.
 Ministra, æ. f. a female servant, a waiting-maid, one employed in any office.
 Ministrātor, oris. m. a servant, minister, or attendant; one

that is employed by another or do his business; he that feeds or serves with meat.
 Ministrātorius, a, um, adj. ministratory.
 Ministrātrix, fcis. f. a female attendant or waiter.
 Ministrātur, impers. it is served.
 Ministro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [a minister] to attend; to serve; to assist; to perform as a waiter or minister; to manage; to afford; to yield; to give; to help to one; to serve with at table.
 Minutābundus, a, um, adj. with great threats and menaces.
 Minuto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to threaten.
 Minutor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to threaten sore; to menace.
 Minuum, li. n. sinople, red lead, or vermilion.
 Minor, us. [comp. a parvus] less, smaller; meaner, lower; less in degree, inferior; younger.
 Minor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to threaten; to menace; to be lifted up in a threatening manner.
 Minores, um. pl. ex adj. our successors, posterity, or offspring; the younger men.
 Minuens, tis. part. act. diminishing, making less. Neut. abating, decreasing.
 Minuo, Ære, vi, Ætum. act. to make a thing less; to diminish; to lessen; to make less; to abate; to impair; to violate; to derogate from; to abate.
 Minus, adv. [a parve] less; less than; fewer, in less time than; not so well, not as well; not so very; not so often, sedumer; not at all.
 Minuscūlus, a, um, adj. dim. [a minor] less, little.
 Minutal, Ælis. n. [a minuo] a dish made with herbs and other things chopped together, minced meat, a gallimaufry, a hash.
 Minutūtim, adv. piecemeal, in bits, in gobbets; drop by drop, very sparingly; by little and little, by degrees.
 Minute, adv. in small pieces; nicely, precisely; meanly, low, poorly.
 Minutia, æ. f. the smallest thing that may be seen, a mite.
 Minutim, adv. [a minuo] in little pieces or morsels; in crumbs.
 Minutio, onis. f. a diminishing or lessening.
 Minutulus, a, um, adj. dim. little, pretty.
 Minutus, a, um, part. diminished, lessened; disheartened, dispirited; subtle, nice.

Minyantes, *m. m.* a kind of trefoil.

Mirābilis, *is, e. adj.* wonderful, strange, marvellous, amazing, stupendous, to be wondered at. **Mirābiliter**, *adv.* admirably, wonderfully, marvellously, amazingly; exceedingly; honourably.

Mirābundus, *a, um. adj.* full of admiration, much marveling.

Mirāculum, *i. n.* a miracle, a wonder, or marvel.

Mirandus, *a, um. part.* marvellous, wonderful; to be wondered or marvelled at; amazing, admirable.

Miratio, *ōnis. f.* a wondering, admiration.

Mirātor, *ōnis. m.* an admirer or wonderer; an approver; an adorer.

Miratrix, *icis. f.* she who admires or marvels.

Mirātus, *a, um. part. dep.* admiring, wondering; pleased with.

Mire, *adv.* wonderfully, strangely, marvellously, miraculously; exceedingly, extremely.

Mirifice, *adv.* strangely, wonderfully; rarely well.

Mirificus, *a, um. adj.* marvellous, wonderful, strange, extraordinary.

Mirmillo, *ōnis. m.* a fencer or sword-player.

Miror, *ēri, ūtus. dep.* to wonder; to marvel; to admire; to think strange; to make strange at; to be fond of; to be taken with; to admire so as to imitate.

Mirus, *a, um. adj.* wonderful, marvellous, strange; exceeding, excellent, mighty; prodigious, portentous.

Miscellanea, *ōrum. n. pl.* a mixture of things without any order; a gallimaufry or hotchpotch; a sort of mixed plays or shows.

Miscellus, *a, um. adj.* dim. mixed or mingled of divers kinds together.

Misceo, *ēre, culi, mistum et mixtum. act.* to mingle; to mix; to interlace; to blend; to temperate; to put together; to intermix; to disorder; to disturb; to put into confusion; to embroil; to interperse; to chequer; to diversify; to act as a cup-bearer; to contrive; to dispose; to order; to communicate.

Misellus, *a, um. adj.* dim. [a miser] poor, miserable, wretched; pitiful, sorry; shabby.

Miser, *ēra, ūrum. adj.* miserable, pitiful, woeful; that makes miserable; afflictive; sorry, paltry, mean, abject; sick, af-

fected; innocent; very stingy, miserably covetous.

Miserābilis, *is, e. adj.* that deserves or raises compassion; miserable, lamentable, wretched; pitied, lamented.

Miserābiliter, *adv.* pitifully, lamentably; sadly, miserably.

Miserandus, *a, um. part.* to be pitied or lamented; moving pity, lamentable.

Miseratio, *ōnis. f.* complaining to raise compassion.

Miserātus, *a, um. part.* [a miser] having compassion or pity on.

Misere, *adv.* wretchedly, miserably, distressedly, pitifully, sadly; mightily, exceedingly, desperately.

Misereor, *ēri, sertus et sērtus. dep.* to take pity of one; to have mercy on him; to be sorry for him.

Misereact, *impers.* pity touches.

Misescro, *ēre, —. incept.* [a misereor] to pity; to compassionate.

Misēret, *misertum et miseritum est. impers.* I, thou, he, she, they pity.

Misēria, *m. f.* wretchedness, misery, distress, affliction, trouble; uneasiness.

Misericordia, *m. f.* mercy, compassion, pity.

Misericors, *dis. adj.* merciful, pitiful, compassionate, tender-hearted; proceeding from compassion.

Miseriter, *adv.* pitifully, miserably, sadly.

Misēror, *ēri, ūtus. dep.* to deplore; to lament; to bewail; to pity; to compassionate.

Misērtus, *Misertus. a, um. part.* having pity or compassion on.

Missile, *is. n.* [ex missilis] a dart or other thing to be cast or thrown.

Missilia, *um. pl. n.* gifts which the emperors were wont to throw among the people.

Missilis, *is, e. adj.* Pass. missile; that may be thrown, cast, hurled, or flung. Act. a jerk that throweth.

Missio, *ōnis. f.* [a mitto] a sending, a despatch, a discharging, a release; a throwing or hurling; a discharge of soldiers; a setting a prisoner free; the privilege of begging his life.

Missitatus, *a, um. part.* often or frequently sent.

Missito, *ēre, ēvi, ūtum. act. freq.* to send often.

Missus, *a, um. part.* [a mitto] sent; thrown, shot, &c.; pardoned, forgiven; sent forth, uttered, let out; dismissed, discharged, disbanded.

Missus, *ūs. m.* a sending or despatch; a cast, a hurl, or throw; a course or turn; the playing off of beasts by turn or order.

Mistim, *adv.* mixedly.

Mistura, *m. f.* a mixture, an interspersing; things mingled, a compound.

Mistus, *a, um. part.* [a misceo] mingled, mixed, tempered, blended, put together, joined together.

Mistus, *ūs. m.* a mixture.

Misy, *yos. n. vitriol* a kind of delicious mushroom.

Mitella, *m. f. dim.* [a mitra] a little mitre, a turban, a sash, an ornament of the head; a scarf or napkin, to wrap one's arm in when it is hurt.

Mitescio, *ēre, —. incept.* [a mitis] to grow tame, gentle, or tractable; to be appeased, pacified or reconciled; to grow more moderate; to become calm; to grow mellow and soft; to lose their crudity; to grow ripe.

Mithras v. **Mitras**, *m. m.* the sun, worshipped by that name among the Persians.

Mithrax, *scrib. et Mitrax, ūcis. m.* a stone of a rose-colour, but changeable against the sun.

Mitificatus, *a, um. part.* concocted, digested.

Mitificor, *āri, ūtus. pass.* to be tamed; to be made gentle.

Mitificus, *a, um. adj.* making mild or gentle.

Mitigatio, *ōnis. f.* a mitigation or easing, an appeasing or assuaging.

Mitigātorius, *a, um. adj.* having virtue to assuage or ease pain.

Mitigatus, *a, um. part.* tamed, civilized, become mild or calm; pacified, appeased.

Mitigo, *ēre, ēvi, ūtum. act.* [a mitis] to tame; to civilise; to mitigate; to assuage; to allay; to ease; to pacify; to reconcile; to boil; to roast.

Mitis, *is, e. adj.* mellow, ripe, sweet; gentle, tame, mild, quiet, meek; calm, still; soft, pliant, flexible, easy to be moulded, tractable; good-natured, kind, gracious.

Mitius, *adv.* more evenly, more patiently; more easily, most courteously, most gently.

Mitra, *m. f.* a bonnet, a turban; an attire for the head, with la-bels hanging down; effeminate persons or women wearing such; a kind of girdle, which women at their first birth consecrated to Diana.

Mitratus, *a, um. part.* wearing a bonnet or mitra.

Mitto, ħre, misi, missum. act. to send; to send ambassadors or messengers; to send an account; to certify; to write; to dismiss; to send away; to cast off; to throw off; to throw away; to cast away; to put in; to present with; to offer; to make an oblation; to make to pass.

Mittulus, l. m. a kind of shell-fish, called a limpin.

Mixtura, æ. f. a mingling together.

Mnemónica, ðrum. n. pl. precepts or rules and common places for memory.

Mnemósyne, æs. f. memory.

Mnemósynum, l. n. a memorial, a token or pledge.

Mobilis, is, e. adj. moveable; easily moved, wagging; rolling, quick; tractable, manageable; inconstant, fickle, parinable, not lasting; having a quick turn of thought, acute, sharp, smart.

Mobilitas, ſtis. f. mobility, moveableness; swiftness of motion, quickness, activity; inconstancy, fickleness, mutability.

Mobiliter, adv. swiftly; lightly, ficklely, inconstantly.

Moderabilis, is, e. adj. moderate, measurable, governable.

Moderāmen, ſtis. n. management, conduct, guidance.

Moderanter, adv. moderately, leisurely.

Moderāte, adv. evenly, moderately, patiently, modestly; fair and softly, leisurely.

Moderātim, adv. leisurely, gently.

Moderatio, ōnis. f. governance, management, regulation; moderation, evenness, sedateness; proportion, a moderate degree.

Moderator, ōris. m. a governor, guide, a ruler, a master; a director, a regulator.

Moderatrix, ſcis. f. a governess.

Moderātus, a, um. part. Act. that governs. Pass. governed, regulated, moderated.

Moderātus, a, um. adj. moderate, well governed, well ordered, discreet, sober, temperate, frugal; mild, not too severe.

Moderor, ſri, ſtus. dep. to moderate; to limit; to bound; to refrain; to govern; to rule; to manage; to regulate; to guide.

Moderate, adv. moderately, kindly, temperately; modestly, shamefacedly, bashfully; demurely, humbly.

Moderestia, æ. f. temperance, moderation, sobriety, calmness; orderly behaviour, observation

of decorum as to time and place of actions; modesty, shamefacedness, bashfulness.

Mōdestus, a, um. adj. moderate, sober, that keeps within due bounds; not large, modest, bashful; civil, courteous, good-humoured; close, reserved.

Mōdiſilis, is, e. adj. which contains a bushel.

Mōdice, adv. moderately, indifferently, tolerably; temperately; patiently; modestly.

Mōdiculus, a, um. adj. dim. [a modicus] very little, mean, or small.

Mōdicum, i. n. ex adj. a little.

Mōdicus, a, um. adj. [a modus] moderate; middling, mean, ordinary; brief, concise; temperate.

Mōdificatio, ōnis. f. modification; a measuring or bringing into measure.

Mōdificatus, a, um. part. pass. put into a mode or dress; fashioned or shaped; digested.

Mōdiſtus, l. m. dim. [a modius] a bucket to take and draw water out of a well.

Mōdium, l. n. a bushel.

Mōdius, l. m. a measure, a bushel; a bushel of wheat.

Mōdo, adv. just now, even now; a while ago, a little while since, but of late; one while—another while, sometimes—sometimes—in case that, provided that; only, but.

Mōdiſſimen, ſtis. n. a tune.

Mōdiſſate, adv. tunably, harmoniously, melodiously.

Mōdiſſatio, ōnis. f. [a modulator] a tuning, a composing in music or a setting of notes; melody, modulation.

Mōdiſſator, ōris. m. a tuner, a composer, a songster.

Mōdiſſatus, a, um. Pass. set, composed; tuned; melodious. Act. tuned, having tuned on.

Mōdiſſatus, ſtis. m. a tuning or singing in measure.

Mōdiſſor, ſri, ſtus. dep. [a modulus] to measure sounds; to modulate; to compose; to set to tune; to sing; to warble; to trill; to play a tune upon any instrument.

Mōdiſtus, l. m. dim. [a modus] a size, quantity, or measure of a small thing; a model; musical notes.

Mōdus, i. m. a due proportion; measure, limits, bound; a rule, order, method, expedient, way, or manner; quantity, size, bigness, number; a manner, guise, fashion; rank, degree, state, condition; time or measure in singing; a note or pitch in speaking.

Mōcha, æ. f. a harlot; a strumpet, a courtesan; an adulteress.

Mōchissu, ħre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. to commit adultery.

Mōchor, ſri, ſtus. dep. [a mōchus] to commit adultery with matrons.

Mōchus, l. m. an adulterer; a whoremaster; a debaucher.

Mōnia, um. [et ðrum.] n. pl. the works of a town; the walls, cities or towns.

Mōreo, ħre, mēstus, neut. pass. to be pensive and sad; to lament; to mourn; to weep; to grieve; to be sorry for.

Mōror, ōris. m. the expression of grief, lamentation, weeping; sadness, sorrow, heaviness of heart; chagrin, discontent, distress.

Mōste, adv. sadly, sorrowfully, grievously, heavily.

Mōſtitia, æ. f. sadness, heaviness, pensiveness, mournfulness; chagrin, discontent, dolfulness.

Mōſtītudo, ſtis. f. sorrow.

Mōſtus, a, um. adj. sorrowful, mournful, sad, lamentable, discontented, woeful, pensive, disconsolate, doleful, dolorous; causing or expressing grief.

Mōla, æ. f. a mill; a millstone; a mooncalf; meal or flour sprinkled with salt upon the sacrifices; the patte-bone or whirl-bone on the knee.

Mōlris, is, e. adj. [a mola] pertaining to a mill; a stone as big as a mill-stone; a very great stone; a cheek-tooth.

Mōlrisus, a, um. adj. belonging to a mill.

Mōles, is. f. a mass, heap, bulk, any thing huge and vast, a great pile or fabric; a mole or pier or dam; any work made in the sea; the heavy motion of a great body; a vast quantity or weight; forces or power of men; a defence or bulwark against; earnest endeavour, difficulty, pains; grandeur, cumber.

Mōleſte, adv. grievously, discontentedly, painfully; grudgingly, offensively.

Mōleſtia, æ. f. trouble, troublesomeness; uneasiness, chagrin, discontent, dissatisfaction, trouble, or disquiet of mind.

Mōleſtus, a, um. adj. troublesome, uneasy, offensive, noisome, grievous, irksome, unreasonable, interrupting; affected.

Mōliens, ſtis. part. striving to pull down or out; designing, contriving, going about.

Mōlle, is. n. an instrument put

on the neck and shoulders of a man, horse, or ass, to draw the mill about.

Molimen, *inis*, n. [a molior] the greatness of an attempt or undertaking; a project, endeavour, enterprise, essay; a struggling, a tugging; a bearing one's self with great pomp or state.

Molimentum, *i*, n. an attempt, a project, an effort, an exertion.

Molior, *iri*, *itus*, dep. [a moles] to move; to stir; to toil; to toil; to take pains and labour about; to heap up; to throw; to manage; to build; to raise; to rig; to prepare for; to enterprise; to undertake; to attempt; to go about; to endeavour to do a thing; to design; to meditate; to project.

Molito, *onis*, f. the labour in moving or pulling down; a casting or throwing up; the labour of ordering things for building; a framing or moving with tools; an enterprise, project, undertaking, or design.

Molitor, *oris*, m. a plotter, designer, contriver, enterpriser; an author, framer, contriver, or builder.

Moltrix, *icis*, f. a female plotter or contriver.

Molitura, *e*, f. a grinding.

Molitus, *a*, um, part. [a molo] ground.

Molitus, *a*, um, part. [a molior] having endeavoured, attempted, &c. having made or performed with difficulty.

Mollesco, *ere*, —, incept. to become soft; to grow mild; to become effeminate.

Mollisculus, *a*, um, adj. dim. softish; somewhat tender or delicate.

Mollisculus, *a*, um, adj. dim. [a mollis] soft, delicate, supple, tender, nice, wanton, effeminate.

Mollimentum, *i*, n. softening, mitigating, or mitigation.

Mollis, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*, act. to soften; to mitigate; to make soft, tender, or supple; to cultivate; to render weak and effeminate; to calm; to appease; to pacify; to move to compassion; to ease; to assuage; to mitigate.

Mollipes, *edis*, adj. having flexible feet.

Mollis, *is*, e, adj. soft; pliant, flexible; calm, gentle, temperate, mild; easy, plain; sweet, delightful; weak, tender, effeminate, womanish, wanton, amorous, flashy; soft, natural; smooth-tasted, mellow, ripe; lazy, restive.

Molliter, adv. softly; gently,

moderately, but a little; gingerly, without noise; easily without pain; calmly, evenly, patiently, lightly; rarely, delicately, nicely, finically, amorously; easily, to the life, naturally.

Mollitia, *e*, et *es*, el, f. softness; gentleness, mildness; calmness; weakness, unsteadiness, want of resolution; suppleness; niceness, wantonness, effeminacy, delicacy.

Mollitudo, *inis*, f. softness, gentleness, weakness, delicacy.

Mollitus, *a*, um, part. softened, charmed, made gentle, effeminated.

Molligo, *inis*, f. a kind of herb.

Molluscus, *e*, f. [scil. aux] a nut with a soft shell, a filbert, a kind of walnut.

Molluscum, *i*, n. the bunch of the tree acer.

Molo, *ere*, *ui*, *itum*, act. to grind.

Molochus, *es*, f. et *Malache*, the great mallow or holyhock.

Molochinarius, *ii*, m. a dyer of a kind of purple.

Molochites, *e*, m. a kind of precious stone of a thick greenish colour, like mallows.

Moly, *vos*, n. all-heal or woundwort; rue.

Molybdæna, *e*, f. a vein of silver and lead; a matter like it, sticking to the furnaces where gold and silver are melted; the name of an herb.

Molybditis, *is*, f. the spume of lead.

Momen, *inis*, n. [a moveo] a motion or impulse.

Momentæus, *a*, m. adj. of weight or moment; important.

Momentum, *i*, n. that which causes motion; the tongue of a balance; a small bit or quantity of a thing; a small point from which a thing moves; force, value, power, advantage, moment, importance; bias; a moment or minute; a change, turn, or alteration.

Monaulus, *i*, m. a pipe or flageolet.

Monedula, *e*, f. a jackdaw, a cadaver.

Moneo, *ere*, *ui*, *itum*, act. to admonish; to put one in mind; to advise; to counsel; to warn; to rebuke; to instruct. [When *monere* signifies to advise, it is construed almost uniformly with *ut*. When it denotes to counsel or to apprise, by way of counsel, of any truth, or fact, it is joined with the infinitive.]

Moneris, *is*, f. a galley having but one bank of oars.

Mōnēta, *e*, f. the stamp or impression upon money; money, coin; a style of writing.

Mōnētālis, *is*, e, adj. a moneyer, a usurer.

Mōnētārius, *ii*, m. a mint-master, a coiner.

Mōnēle, *is*, n. a necklace, a collar of SS; a poirel for a horse.

Mōnimentum, *al*. **Mōnūmentum**, *i*, n. a monument, a memorial; a sign or pledge; a chronicle, a record; an author's writings; a sepulchre, a statue; a token put upon children exposed.

Mōnitiō, *onis*, f. admonition, counsel, advice, warning, notice, a hint.

Mōnitor, *oris*, m. a remembrancer; a monitor; a nomenclator; a prompter to orators; a counsellor, an adviser; an instructor, a tutor.

Mōnitorius, *a*, um, adj. of or belonging to warning or denouncing.

Mōnitiūm, *i*, n. advice, counsel, exhortation; a denunciation or warning; a prediction; a command; a lesson or instruction.

Mōnitus, *us*, m. a counselling, advising; a warning or denouncing; a predicting; a command; a lesson or instruction.

Mōnitus, *a*, um, part. advised, admonished, exhorted, commanded, &c.

Mōnētāros, *ōtis*, m. a unicorn.

Mōnētāchromāton, *i*, n. a kind of picture all of one colour.

Mōnētāgrammus, *a*, um, adj. Monogrammi dei, sketches of gods.

Mōnōpōdium, *ii*, n. a table with only one foot.

Mōnōpōlium, *ii*, n. a monopoly; a regrating or engrossing any commodity in order to raise the price.

Mōnōsyllābus, *a*, um, adj. having but one syllable.

Mōnōtriglyphus, *a*, um, adj. having only three gravings.

Mōnōtrōphus, *i*, m. one who waits on himself at meals.

Mōnoxylus, *a*, um, adj. of one piece of timber.

Mōis, *is*, m. a mountain, a great hill; a great quantity.

Monstrābilis, *is*, e, adj. worthy to be shown or taken notice of.

Monstrātiō, *ōnis*, f. a showing; a telling or showing the way; a directing.

Monstrātor, *oris*, m. a shower, teacher, or discoverer.

Monstrātus, *a*, um, part. shown, taught; invented.

Monstrifer, *era*, *trum*, adj.

monstrous, producing monsters, huge, vast.
Monstrifce, adv. strangely, monstrously, prodigiously.
Monstrificus, a, um. adj. monstrous and strange.
Monstro, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. to show; to declare; to tell; to teach; to instruct; to inform; to notify; to make to appear; to direct; to put upon; to persuade; to show; to accuse.
Monstrōsus, a, um. adj. monstrous, strange.
Monstrum, i. n. a monster; any vast, huge, or deformed body; a person prodigiously wicked.
Monstruōsus, a, um. adj. monstrous, strange, prodigious.
Montānus, a, um. adj. dwelling, feeding, ranging, standing, or situate on the mountains; descending from or growing on the mountains; mountainous or full of mountains.
Monticūla, m. c. g. that inhabits or dwells on a hill or mountain; a mountaineer.
Montivāgus, a, um. adj. wandering or ranging on the mountains.
Montuosus, a, um. adj. sive Montuosus. hilly, full of hills, mountainous; standing or growing on the mountains.
Mōnumentum, i. n. Vid. Monumentum.
Mōra, m. f. a delay, stay, stop, hindrance; incumbrance, impediment; a pause or stop speaking; a stay used by surgeons in splinting of legs; body of men in the Spartan army.
Mōrālis, is, e. adj. moral, belonging to manners.
Mōrāte, adv. hinc comp. Mōrātus, by degrees.
Mōrātio, ōis. f. a staying or tarrying.
Mōrātor, ōis. m. a loiterer, one who stays behind; a stayer or hinderer.
Mōrātus, a, um. part. [a moror] having tarried, stayed, or made delay.
Mōrātus, a, um. [a mos] endowed with manners; of good morals, temper, or humour.
Morbīdus, a, um. adj. sickly, faint, diseased; belonging to a disease; infectious, apt to breed diseases.
Morbōnia, m. f. a mischief.
Morbōsus, a, um. adj. sickly; full of vices or unreasonable humours; passionate, apt to be enraged.
Morbūs, i. m. a disease, sickness, disorder, malady, or distemper; any defect in the bo-

dy; any odd humour, unreasonable passion; trouble, grief.
Mordūcillas, ātis. f. a biting or stinging quality; snappishness, virulency.
Mordax, ātis. adj. biting, snappish, stinging; cutting; sharp; pinching, disquieting; gnawing, detracting, grating, virulent.
Mordeo, ēre, mōmordi, morsum. act. to bite; to gnaw; to clamp; to bite; to have a sharp taste; to nip; to wering; to pinch; to pierce through and take hold; to wear gently; to hurt; to damage; to sting; to nuzzle; to vex; to backbite.
Mordices, um. m. pl. biters; the teeth or fangs.
Mordicus, adv. biting with the teeth; tooth and nail, violently, strongly, obstinately.
Mōre, adv. simply, foolishly.
Mōrētum, i. n. a kind of sallad made of herbe, milk, wine, oil, cheese, garlic, &c.
Mōribundus, a, um. adj. dying, ready to die.
Mōrīger v. **Mōrīgerus**, a, um. adj. obedient, complaisant, pliant, governable.
Mōrīgēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. sed usitatus
Mōrīgētor, āri, ātus. dep. to humour; to endeavour to please; to gratify.
Mōrio, ōis. m. a great man's fool, a fester.
Mōriō Indicum, a certain precious stone; the white seed of the apple of the mandrake; a soporiferous poison.
Mōrior, mōri, mortuus. dep. neut. leg. et moriri. to die; to wither; to be spent; to be worn out; to loose its strength, savour, smell, &c. to be forgotten or out of memory; to do a thing with the greatest passion and pleasure.
Mōritūrus, a, um. adj. ready to die or that will die or expire; resolved to die.
Mormyra, m. f. a sea-fish of divers colours.
Mōrōlogus, a, um. adj. idle, foolish, impertinent.
Mōror, āri, ātus. dep. to stay; to tarry; to delay; to linger; to spin out; to dwell; to stay; to stop; to hinder; to make one wait; to be troublesome to one; to detain without delight; to endure; to wear out; to value; to esteem; to regard.
Mōror, āri, ātus. dep. to play the fool.
Mōrōse, adv. morosely, peevishly, humorously, severely; discourteously, fretfully, frowardly, snappishly, sullenly,

surlily; nicely, carelessly cautiously.
Mōrōsitas, ātis. f. moroseness, frowardness, fretfulness, peevishness; caprice, captiousness, pettishness, sullenness, surliness, snappishness.
Mōrōsus, a, um. adj. humorous, morose, nice, cross, peevish, testy, froward, capricious, fretful, passionate, pettish, snappish, severe, sullen.
Morphuus, i. m. a kind of eagle, living chiefly about fens and lakes.
Mors, ūis. f. death, natural death.
Morsiuncūla, m. f. a little bite, nip, or snap; the biting of lovers.
Morsum, i. n. that which is bitten off.
Morsus, ūis. m. [a mordeo] a bite; a stinging; the hold that a button has of a thing; the fook of an anchor; the sting, gripe, or anguish; a taunt, backbiting, or slander.
Mortālis, is, e. adj. mortal, subject to death; perishable; showing mortality; belonging to mortals; human; earthly, of this lower world.
Mortālitās, ātis. f. mortality, frailty, a state subject to decay or death; mortal man, or mankind.
Mortārium, ii. n. a mortar; a place or vessel wherein lime and sand are mixed to make mortar with.
Morticini, ūis. m. pl. m. agnails or rather corms.
Morticinus, a, um. adj. carrion; that has an ill-favoured and dead countenance.
Mortifier v. **Mortificus**, a, um. adj. deadly, mortal, causing death.
Mortifere, adv. deadly.
Mortuālia, ium. n. pl. mourning weeds, funeral rites and ceremonies, &c.; the dirges and songs which the women sung at funerals.
Mortuus, a, um. part. dead; antiquated, obsolete; lifeless, faint, senseless. Plur. place of the dead.
Mōrillus, a, um. adj. dim. black and blue.
Mōrum, i. n. a mulberry; a blackberry.
Mōrus, i. f. the mulberry tree.
Mōrus, a, um. adj. foolish, silly.
Mos, mōris. m. a manner, way, fashion, or custom; a settled custom or precept; institutions; a temper, humour, or nature. Mores, in plur. moral virtue or vice; a law, or dinnace, or order; decency.
Moscheuton, i. n. a rose that has a stalk like a mallow.

Mœtellaria, [sc. comœdia] the *Haunted House*, one of Plautus's comedies.
Motacilla, æ. f. a wagtail, a bird.
Motio, Gais. f. a motion, a stirring.
Motuncula, æ. f. dim. a little stirring or jogging.
Moto, are, avi, itum. freq. to move often; to wag; to shake; to move out of its place.
Motor, Gria. m. a mover or stirrer.
Moturus, a um. part. that will move; that will move or work upon; to be serviceable to.
Motus, a, um. part. moved, stirred, &c. changed, altered; violated; attempted; put in to a commotion; mentioned.
Motus, ūs. m. a motion, a moving; violent motion; gesture, carriage of the body, dancing; a stir, trouble, rising, commotion, mutiny; enthusiasm; rage, madness; a cause, motive, reason, design, or occasion.
Moveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to move; to stir; to shake; to wag; to stir the earth; to dig; to plough; to strike; to brandish; to toss; to affect; to influence; to stir up; to provoke; to cause; to effect; to enrage; to incense; to raise; to make a stir in; to make ado about; to take away; to remove; to rescind; to make void; to turn out; to cast out; to eject; to degrade; to employ; to exercise; to engage; to attempt; to plot; to contrive; to begin; to say or sing.
Mox, adv. by and by, quickly, anon, presently, straight; afterwards, some while after; in the next place, next of all.
Muceo, ēre, cui, —. neut. to be flat or dead; to be dreggy.
Mucesco, ēre, —. incept. to grow dreggy, mouldy, musty, or vinewed.
Mucidus, a, um. adj. [a muceo] hoary, fusty, mouldy, vinewed; palled or dead.
Mucor, Gria. m. mouldiness, hoariness.
Mucosus, a, um. adj. slimy, full of matter, snotty, snivelly.
Mucro, Gria. m. a sharp point; a sword, dagger.
Mucronatus, a, um. adj. et part. pointed, sharp pointed.
Mucus, i m. scrib. et Muccus. snivel or snot, the filth of the nose.
Mugil et **Mugilis**, la. m. a mullet.
Muginor, Eri, itus. dep. to

dally and trifle away the time.
Mugio, tre, Ivi, Itum. neut. to low; to bellow; to yield a hollow or dreadful sound; to crack.
Mugitor, Gria. m. a lower or bellower.
Mugitus, ūs. m. the lowing or bellowing of kine; the mowing of sea-calf; a hollow, dreadful or roaring sound.
Mula, æ. f. a she mule.
Mularis, is, e. adj. pertaining to a mule.
Mulceo, ēre, si, sum et mulctum. act. to stroke; to lick; to soothe gently; to cherish; to comfort; to charm; to please; to delight; to make gentle or tame; to appease; to assuage; to calm; to pacify.
Mulco, ēre, avi, itum. act. to strike; to beat; to pay one off; to pay one soundly.
Mulcto, ēre, avi, itum. act. to fine, &c. Vid. **Multo**.
Mulctra, æ. f. [a mulgeo] a sort of milk-meat; a milk-pail.
Mulctrale, in. n. a milk-pail.
Mulctrum, i. n. a milk-pail.
Mulgeo, ēre, si et xi, sum et ctum. act. to milk.
Mulieris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a female, a woman, or women; womanish, womanlike; effeminate, wanton, nice, dainty, light, inconstant, &c. timorous.
Mulieriter, adv. womanishly; weakly, fearfully, effeminately, finically.
Mulieribus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a woman.
Müller, eris. f. a woman; a wife; a word in upbraiding the sex with its infirmities and vices.
Mulierarius, a, um. adj. belonging to a woman.
Muliercula, æ. f. dim. a little woman, a poor sorry woman, a weak woman.
Mulierdatus, itis. f. a hankering love or an unlawful lust after women.
Mulierosus, a, um. adj. given too much to the love of women.
Mulo, Gria. m. [a mulus] a driver or keeper of mules or asses; a muleteer; a kind of gnat.
Mulionius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a muleteer.
Mulleus, i. m. a kind of red or purple shoe used at first by the kings of Alba, afterwards by the senators and great persons.
Mullulus, i. m. dim. a little barbel or mullet.

Mullus, i. m. et **Mullus** barbatus, a barbel, hence a mullet.
Mulseus, a, um. adj. savouring or tasting of or mixed with mead or sweet wine; sweet as honey.
Mulsus, a, um. part. mixed with honey; sweet, pleasant, delicate.
Multa, æ. f. [pro multa, a mulgeo] a penalty, mulct, or fine; an amercement or forfeiture; any punishment, a fault whereby one incurs a penalty.
Multangulus, a, um. adj. that has many corners; full of angles.
Multatio, Gria. f. a fining, a punishing, a taking of forfeits; an amercement.
Multatus, a, um. adj. gotten by forfeit or fine.
Multatus, a, um. part. fined, amerced, punished, ruined.
Multissimus, a, um. adj. sup. one of many.
Multibibus, a, um. adj. a tippler, a great drinker, one that is given to drink or that drinks much.
Multicavus, a, um. adj. full of holes, foraminous.
Multicavus, a, um. adj. holed, full of holes.
Multicavus, is, e. adj. having many stalks.
Multicis, Gria. n. pl. scrib. et **Multitia**, garments finely and curiously wrought, so fine that the body might be seen through them.
Multicolor, Gria. adj. of divers colours.
Multifarium, adv. ex adj. sc. vium. in many places; many ways or fashions; variously.
Multifarie, adv. sundry ways.
Multifer, era, erum. adj. bearing many things; bearing in abundance.
Multifidus, a, um. adj. having many slits, clefts, or crevices.
Multiforis, is, e. adj. that has many holes or entrances to go in at.
Multiformis, is, e. adj. of many fashions, shapes, or sorts.
Multiformiter, adv. diversely, in divers fashions and several ways.
Multiforus, a, um. adj. that has many holes.
Multigenus, a, um. adj. of divers kinds, of many and sundry sorts and fashions.
Multijugis, la. e. adj. many together in a bundle.
Multijugus, a, um. adj. several joined together in the same harness.
Multiloquax, ūcis. adj. talking much.
Multiloquum, ii. n. much babbling, a great deal of talk.

Multiloquus, a, um. adj. *full of speech, talkative.*
Multimodis, adv. *many ways, variously, after several manners.*
Multimodus, a, um. adj. *of divers sorts, fashions, manners; various.*
Multipartitus, a, um. adj. *divided into many parts.*
Multipeda, m. f. *an insect that has many feet, a cheeslip, a sow.*
Multipes, edis. adj. *that has many feet.*
Multiplex, cis. adj. *consisting of many folds; having many turnings and windings; various, of divers sorts and ways, different; many times as much or more.*
Multiplicabilis, is, e. adj. *that has many windings and twistings.*
Multiplicatio, onis. f. *a multiplying or augmentation; multiplication.*
Multiplicatus, a, um. part. *multiplied, augmented.*
Multipliciter, adv. *diversely, manifoldly.*
Multiplico, ere, avi, ctum. act. *to multiply; to make much greater; to multiply arithmetically.*
Multipotens, tis. adj. *of great power and might.*
Multisonorus, a, um. adj. *sounding loud or making a great noise; creaking like a cart or wain.*
Multisonus, a, um. adj. *sounding much.*
Multitudo et Multitudo. *Vid.*
Multicia.
Multitudo, inis. f. *a great company or number; a multitude, great store; the multitude, the many, the mob, the rabble.*
Multivagus, a, um. adj. *wandering or straying much abroad; straggling up and down.*
Multivolus, a, um. adj. *loving passionately or inconstant in love.*
Multo, ere, avi, ctum. act. *to fine; to amerce; to punish; to inflict punishment upon.*
Multo, adv. *by much, far, long, a great deal or while.*
Multopere, adv. *metius multo opere, by great labour, very greatly.*
Multor, eri, ctus. dep. *to fine; to punish.*
Multum, adv. *much; frequently, very often; long before or far forward. Cum adj. very, exceeding.*
Multus, a, um. adj. *ant. Molus, Plus, com. Plurimus, sup. many; much, great, thick;*

frequent, often; long or too long; prolix, tedious.
Mulvianus, a, um. adj. *Genus mulvianum, a sort of quince.*
Mulus, i. m. *a mule.*
Mundanus, a, um. adj. *an inhabitant of the world.*
Munde, adv. *cleanly, decently.*
Munditer, adv. *cleanly, neatly.*
Munditia, m. f. et *Mundities*, si. f. *cleanness; neatness, cleanliness; niceness of taste, delicateness.*
Mundulus, a, um. adj. *dim. neat, fine, trim, spruce, smug.*
Mundus, a, um. adj. *cleanly, neat, fine, decent; trim, spruce in habit; nice, delicate.*
Mundus, i. m. *the world, the universe; the sky or firmament; a woman's ornaments; all kinds of provision.*
Munerarius, a, um. adj. *belonging to gifts or bribes.*
Munerarius, ii. m. *he that sets forth at his own charge the sight of sword-players or other like games to the people.*
Munerator, oris. m. *a rewarder or giver of gifts.*
Munero, ere, avi, ctum. act. *to give gifts; to reward; to gratify; to recompense; to requite; to pay or return a kindness.*
Muneror, eri, ctus. dep. *to give; to bestow; to present; to offer in sacrifice; to bribe; to see.*
Mungo, ere, xi, ctum. *to wipe or snuff the nose.*
Munia, orum. n. pl. *offices, charges, places of trust.*
Municipa, Ipi. c. g. *one of a town whose inhabitants were free of the city of Rome, and had a right to the privileges and offices there.*
Municipalis, is, e. adj. *belonging to a town or corporation, free of the city of Rome.*
Municipium, adv. *town by town, in every borough.*
Municipium, ii. n. *any city or town corporate, that had some or all the privileges and liberties of Rome, and yet had particular laws and customs of its own to be governed by.*
Munifex, Icis. c. g. *performing an office.*
Munifice, adv. *bountifully, freely, largely.*
Munificentia, m. f. *munificence, bountifulness, liberality.*
Munifico, ere, avi, ctum. act. *to enrich.*
Munificus, a, um. adj. *[a munera faciendo] liberal, bountiful, free of gifts; yielding great fruit and profit; bounteously bestowed.*
Munimen, inis. n. *[a munio] a*

fortification, a rampart, any work in fortifying; a shelter, defence, or covering.
Munimentum, i. n. *a fortification; a rampart; any thing that defends or covers.*
Munio, ire, ivi, ctum. act. *to fortify; to strengthen; to secure; to inclose with a fence; to make good and strong; to repair; to pave; to make or prepare a passage.*
Munio, onis. f. *the action of fortifying; ammunition, fortification; a repairing or raising of highways.*
Munio, ere, avi, ctum. freq. *to prepare and secure with great pains and endeavours.*
Munitor, oris. m. *a fortifier, a pioneer that works in fortifying or mining.*
Munius, a, um. part. *fortified, fenced; made strong and serviceable; repaired; harnessed, armed, secured.*
Munus, eris. n. *a gift, a present; a sacrifice; a reward, a retribution, a punishment; a bribe; a benefit, a favour; a part, duty, or office; an employment or business; an imposition, duty, or tax; a show or public sight, set forth by the magistrate for the entertainment of the people; the gladiators themselves; the place or theatre where the shows are made. [Munus is a present which usage or obligation requires. Donum is purely a gift, no obligation being implied on the part of the giver.]*
Munusculum, i. n. *dim. a little gift or present.*
Muralis, is, e. adj. *pertaining to a wall.*
Murcidus, a, um. adj. *sloughful.*
Murex, Icis. m. *a shell-fish, of the liquor whereof a purple colour is made; the burret; the shell of that fish; the purple colour itself; a garment or robe of purple; a trumpet made of the shell of this fish; a sharp rock or the very point and edge of a rock. Murices, um. caltraps, like the rowels of spurs, cast in the way to keep off the enemy's horse.*
Muris, m. f. *a kind of sauce or pickle, made of the tunny; brine, salt water.*
Muricium, adv. *wormented at the top like the fish murex.*
Muricatus, a, um. adj. *full of sharp points or prickles.*
Muries, si. f. *brine, salt liquor, the same with muria dura.*
Murina, m. f. al. *scrid. Myrina, Murrhina, a noble delicious sort of wine, sweet, but no strong.*

- Mūrinus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a mouse.
- Marmur**, ūris. n. [v. m.] the noise of water running, the purling of a brook; a humming or buzzing noise; a whisper; the rustling of trees; an indication of applause; a muttering; any terrible noise, as the roaring of the sea, of a lion, a tiger, or other beast; the noise of thunder, earthquakes, or the winds; the sound of a trumpet, &c. a grumbling.
- Murmuratio**, ōnis. f. a murmuring or low sound.
- Murmūro**, ūre, ūvi, ātum. nent. to yield a low and hollow sound; to buzz; to murmur; to repine; to grumble; to growl; to mander; to roar.
- Murra**, æ. f. al. Murra, a stone of divers colours, clear as crystal, of which they made cups to drink out of, or, as some, norelain dishes.
- Murreus**, a, um. adj. made of the stone murra; porcelain.
- Murrhina**, æ. f. a kind of sweet aromatic wine.
- Mūris**, i. m. ant. Mærus, a wall of a city or any other place for its defence; a bank raised against the water; a protection or security. [Vid. Mœnia.]
- Mūs**, mūris, m. a mouse.
- Mūsa**, æ. f. a muse; a song, a poem; a study, good letters, learning.
- Mūsæum**, i. n. Vid. Museum.
- Musca**, æ. f. a fly; a curious inquisitive man; an impudent person, a parasite.
- Muscarium**, li. n. et Muscāria, æ. f. a flap to drive away or kill flies; the top or round tuft of any herb in which the seed lies.
- Muscarius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to flies.
- Mucēda**, æ. f. rect. Mucēda, mouse-dung.
- Muscipūla**, æ. f. a mouse-trap.
- Muscōus**, a, um. adj. mossy, full of moss.
- Muscūlōus**, a, um. adj. brawny, full of muscles and sinews.
- Muscūlus**, i. m. dim. [a mus] a little mouse; a muscle; a fish that guides the whale; a muscle in the body; an engine of war.
- Musculus**, i. m. moss.
- Mūstūm**, i. n. a study or library; a place for the resort of learned men.
- Mūsus**, a, um. adj. proceeding from the muses; poetical, sweet, pleasant.
- Mūsica**, æ. f. [sc. ars] the art of music.
- Mūsica**, ōrum. n. pl. the study or science of music.
- Mūsice**, es. f. music.
- Mūsice**, adv. pleasantly or merrily.
- Mūsicus**, a, um. adj. poetical; musical; addicted to music.
- Mūsicus**, i. m. a musician.
- Musisto**, ūre, ūvi, ātum. freq. [a musso] to speak low; to mutter to one's self; to grumble; to mander; to murmur; to be silent for fear.
- Musso**, ūre, ūvi, ātum. act. to make a low buzzing noise; to murmur; to grumble; to growl; to mander; to keep to himself; to doubt; to be silent for fear, interest, &c.
- Mustācea**, æ. f. a sort of laurel.
- Mustāceum**, i. n. a bride-cake.
- Mustāceus**, i. m. a bride-cake.
- Mustārius**, a, um. adj. belonging to must or new wine.
- Mustēla**, æ. f. scrib. et Mustella, a weasel; a greedy fish, a sea-lamprey, an eelpout.
- Mustellus**, a, um. adj. of or like a weasel.
- Mustus**, a, um. adj. sweet as must or new wine; fresh, new, lately made; newly come forth or set out.
- Mūtābilis**, is, e. adj. mutable, alterable; that is easily or often changed; inconstant; variable, unsteady, wavering; various, differing, changing.
- Mūtābilitas**, ātis. f. mutability, changeableness, wavering, inconstancy.
- Mūtāsis**, pro mutaveris.
- Mūtatio**, ōnis. f. a changing, altering, shifting; mutation.
- Mūtator**, ōris. m. he who changes.
- Mūtātus**, a, um. part. altered, changed, turned, transformed; transplanted; changed for the worse, harsh, sour; words used metonymically.
- Mūticus**, a, um. adj. without a beard.
- Mūtīlātio**, ōnis. f. a maiming, disabling, laming, mangling.
- Mūtīlātus**, a, um. part. maimed, disabled, mangled, or cut off; broken, diminished.
- Mūtīlo**, ūre, ūvi, ātum. act. to maim; to mangle; to disable; to disfigure.
- Mūtīlus**, a, um. adj. having his horns broken off; wanting horns; broken.
- Mūtīlus**, i. m. al. Mytilus, a kind of shell-fish like a mussel or muscle.
- Mūtīo** v. Muttio, ūre, ūvi, ātum. act. to speak softly; to mutter; to murmur; to be silent; to keep secret; to creak.
- Mūtītus**, a, um. part. making words.
- Mūto**, ūre, ūvi, ātum. act. freq. to change; to exchange; to barter; to traffic; to take successfully; to shift; to alter; to rescind; to disallow; to violate; to cause one to alter his mind; to transform; to remove; to pass by; to cross.
- Mūto**, ōnis. m. the privy member of a man.
- Mūtōnīātus**, a, um. adj. well hung.
- Mūtōnīatio**, ōnis. f. [a mutior] a borrowing.
- Mūtātus**, a, um. part. having borrowed; having taken from some other.
- Mūtuo**, adv. Vid. Mutuo.
- Mūtūlus**, i. m. et Mutulus, a stay cut out of stone or timber, in building; a corbel; a bracket or brugel.
- Mūtuo**, adv. together, mutually, one with another.
- Mūtūor**, āri, ātus. dep. to borrow.
- Mūtus**, a, um. adj. mute, dumb, senseless; struck dumb, speechless; mute.
- Mūtūus**, a, um. adj. lent or borrowed; mutual, reciprocal, alternate, equal on both sides, one another.
- Myagros**, i. f. an herb with a stalk like fennel, and leaves like madder; cameline.
- Myax**, ācis. m. a kind of shell-fish.
- Mylēcos**, i. m. a kind of worm breeding in mills.
- Myōbarbum**, i. n. a kind of cup.
- Myōctōnos**, i. f. aconite.
- Myōphōro**, ōnis. m. a kind of long light ship with oars, used often by pirates.
- Myōphōnos**, i. m. an herb that kills mice.
- Myōbata**, æ. f. v. Myōbātis. is. f. et Myōbātōn, i. n. the herb mouse-ear or blood-strange.
- Myrāpium**, i. n. a musk-pear.
- Myrica**, æ. f. v. Myrice, es. f. a low shrub called tamarisk.
- Myrinus**, i. m. the male of the lamprey.
- Myriōphylon**, i. n. the herb milfoil or yarrow.
- Myrmēcias**, æ. m. a precious stone with little knots like warts.
- Myrmēcion**, li. n. a kind of spider; a sort of little wart.
- Myrmēctes**, æ. m. a stone having in it the figure of an emmet or pismire.
- Myrōpōla**, æ. m. a seller of sweet oils, ointments, or perfumes.
- Myrōpōlium**, li. n. a place where oils are sold, a perfumer's shop.
- Myrrha**, æ. f. a sweet gum called myrrh, which drops from a

tree of the same name; a sweet potion to cure drunkenness.

Myrrhāpium, i. n. *Vid.* Myrrapium.

Myrrhātus, a, um. adj. mingled with myrrh.

Myrrheus, a, um. adj. of the colour of myrrh or perfumed with myrrh.

Myrrhīnus, a, um. adj. of myrrh, made of myrrh, scented with myrrh.

Myrrhis, is v. *Idia*. f. mock-chervil; an herb like hemlock; kez or kezēs; ass pareley.

Myrrhites, m. m. a precious stone having the colour of myrrh, and the smell of sweet ointment.

Myrrineum, i. n. wild fennel.

Myrrinates, m. m. a precious stone; an herb of the kind of spurge.

Myrtāceus, a, um. adj. belonging to myrtle.

Myrtātus, a, um. adj. mixed with myrtle.

Myrtātum, i. n. a myrtle grove, a number of myrtle trees.

Myrteus, a, um. adj. of myrtle; made of myrtle; of the colour of myrtle.

Myrtinus, a, um. adj. made of myrtle.

Myrtites, m. m. wine made with myrtle-berries infused.

Myrtōpētulum, i. n. an herb called also polygonaton.

Myrtum, i. n. a myrtle-berrie.

Myrtus, i. f. a myrtle-tree; a myrtle-garland.

ȳs, yos. m. a shell-fish of the muscle kind, breeding a kind of small red pearl.

ȳscus, i. m. a shell-fish like a mouse, by some called a barbel.

Mysta et Mystes, m. m. a priest, he that is learned himself or instructs others in the mysteries of religion.

Mystagogus, i. m. he that shows strangers the rarities of a temple.

Mysterium, ii. n. a mystery or secret in religion and holy rites.

Mysticus, a, um. adj. mystical, mysterious and hidden.

Mytilus, i. m. et Mutillus et Milulus. a shell-fish, a limpin.

Myxa, m. f. a kind of prune or plum, like Damascenes; the wick of a candle or lamp.

Myxon, i. n. a fish of the mullet kind.

N

N', in fine vocis, pro ne inter-rog.

Nābia, is. f. a beast of Æthiopia, the giraffa.

Nactus, a, um. part. [a nanciscor] having found or lighted upon; having gotten or obtained.

Næ, adv. verily, really, on my word.

Nænia, m. f. rect. Nenia, quod vid.

Næviānum pirum, a sort of pear.

Nævus, i. m. a natural mark, freckle, spot, or excrescence in the body; a blemish, a fault; a knot in wood.

Nam, conj. for; as for; seeing that.

Namque, conj. for.

Nanciscor, i. nactus. dep. [ab ant. nancio] to light upon; to find; to meet with; to come by; to attain; to get.

Nanctus pro Nactus.

Nānus, i. m. a dwarf.

Nāpe, es. f. Forester, Ranger, a dog's name.

Naphtha, m. f. et Naphthe, es. f. a kind of marly or chalky clay or slime, which burns so vehemently that water cannot quench it; a stuff like brimstone, liquid petrol.

Nāplia, m. f. the bed in which naphew or turnip is sown.

Nāpus, i. m. turnip or naphew, naphew gentle or long rapes.

Narcissinus, a, um. adj. of daffodil.

Narcissites, m. m. [a narcissi colore] a precious stone of the colour of daffodil, resembling the veins of ivory.

Narcissus, i. m. daffodil.

Nardīnus, a, um. adj. made of spikenard; or smelling like it.

Nardum, i. n. et Nardus, i. f. nard; spikenard; the ointment made of it.

Nardus, i. f. an unguent made of nard.

Nāris, is. f. the nostril; the nose; judgment; bantering, scoffing.

Narrābilia, is. e. adj. that can be told or declared.

Narrāto, ōnis. f. [a narro] a narration, account, or story.

Narrātiuncūla, m. f. dim. a little story, a short narration.

Narrātor, ōris. m. a teller or reporter.

Narrātus, a, um. part. told, related.

Narrātus, ōis. m. the telling of a story.

Narro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. ant. gnaro, to tell; to relate; to give account of; to report, to recount; to make the narration in an oration; to declare; to affirm; to express, to tell plainly.

Narthēcia, m. f. al. Ferulago, a kind of fennel growing always low.

Narthēcium, ii. n. a box, a galipot or place to keep medicines in.

Narthex, ēcis. m. a sort of tree like fennel-giant.

Nāskindites, m. m. a stone of a bloody colour, with little black veins.

Nascens, tis. part. [a nascor] being in its birth, coming into the world; a springing, growing; rising, increasing; beginning to rise or grow.

Nascentia, e. f. birth, the time of one's birth.

Nascor, i. nātus. ant. Gnascor, gnātus. dep. to be born or framed by nature; to spring; to grow; to arise; to proceed from; to be produced; to be gin; to take beginning; to rise; to rise up.

Nāsterna, m. f. al. leg. Nāsterna, a vessel with three handles and a wide mouth.

Nassu, m. f. a veel; a bow-net; a net made of twigs, with a bait put into it, to catch fish; a snare.

Nasutium, ii. n. the herb called creases or nose-smart.

Nāsum, i. n. a nose; mockery, anger.

Nāsus, i. m. a nose; mockery, a vein of gibing; anger, wrath; a handle or ear of a cup.

Nāsūte, adv. with scornful mockery.

Nāsūtus, a, um. adj. one that has a great nose; very censorious or sarcastic.

Nāta, m. f. [a natus] a daughter.

Nātāles, ium. pl. m. stock, lineage, family; the original or beginning; parenage, descent, or extraction; a birth-day.

Nātālis, is. e. adj. belonging to a man's birth or nativity; born in, a native; produced or growing; natural.

Nātālis, is. m. one's birth-day, the day of one's nativity.

Nātālitia, ōrum. n. pl. a calculating of nativities; a birth-day feast.

Nātālitius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to one's nativity or birth day.

Nātātio, ōnis. f. a swimming

Nāṭṣar, *Oris. m. a swimmer.*
Nāṭtus, *a, um. part. swam over.*
Nātes, *is. et pl. Nates, ium. f. a buttock, a haunch.*
Nātio, *Oris. f. a nation, people, or country; a company, sect, clan, or party; breed or young.* [Natio is less extensive than gens, the latter being the generic term. Thus, the Europeans may be called gens; the French, English, or Germans, natio.]
Nātivus, *a, um. adj. having a beginning, birth, or original; natural, native, inbred, not artificial.*
Nāto, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a no, natum] to swim; to swim over. Act. to swim upon; to float with; to move to and fro; to be loose; to fluctuate; to doubt; to be unsettled; to totter; to go upon no grounds; to swim as the eyes do.*
Nātrix, *icis. m. et f. a water-serpent; a pestiferous and destructive person; an herb so called.*
Natta, *m. m. al. Nacta, one of a sorry, mean trade; a dirty mechanic.*
Nātu, *by birth.* It is only used in the ablative, and generally after major, minor, &c. as, major natu, elder. It is often suppressed; as, majores, ancestors, i. e. majores natu.
Nātūra, *m. f. nature; the inclinations, dispositions, faculties, properties, qualities, or affections; a way or method; a site or situation; shape; the privy parts of a man, woman, or other animal; substance; the laws of nature.*
Nātūrālia, *um. pl. n. the privities.*
Nātūrālia, *is. e. adj. natural; of or belonging to nature; innate, implanted by nature; agreeable to or sufficient for our nature; concerning nature.*
Nātūrāliter, *adv. naturally.*
Nātus, *a, um. part. [a nascor] born, bred, brought forth; created; framed by nature, appointed; which has grown, proceeded, or risen.*
Nātus, *i. m. subst. a young one; a son; posterity.* Both *natus* and *nata* are by some not improperly accounted the masc. and fem. of the participle *natus*, *a, um.*
Nāvāle, *is. n. subst. a dock, an arsenal.*
Nāvālis, *is. e. adj. naval; belonging to ships or maritime affairs.*
Nāvarchus, *i. m. the captain of a man of war or galley.*

Nāvātur, *impers. it is vigorously endeavoured.*
Nauci, *gen. et Naucos, abl. the kernel of an olive; the shell or peel of a nut; the skin or partition in the midst of a walnut; all trifling things that are of no value.*
Nauclicus, *a, um. adj. belonging to the ship-master.*
Nauclicus, *i. m. the master, patron or pilot of a ship; the owner of a ship.*
Naufragium, *ii. n. [qu. navifragium] a shipwreck or wreck on the sea; ruin, undoing, sequestration.*
Naufragus, *a, um. adj. having suffered shipwreck or drowned by shipwreck. Act. causing shipwreck.*
Naufragus, *i. m. one having suffered shipwreck; ruined, &c.*
Navicula, *m. f. dim. [a navis] a little ship or boat; a small bark, a pink, a gondola, a wherry, a pair of oars.*
Nāvīcūlāria, *m. f. sc. ars. the art or trade of shipping.*
Nāvīcūlārius, *ii. m. the master or owner of a ship.*
Nāvīcūlātor, *Oris. m. the master of a ship.*
Nāvīcūlōr, *āri, ātus. dep. to govern a ship; to go on the water in a ship or boat.*
Nāvīfrāgus, *a, um. adj. making shipwrecks.*
Nāvīgābilis, *is. e. adj. navigable, that may be sailed in, that will bear a ship.*
Nāvīgāns, *tis. part. sailing; a passenger by sea.*
Nāvīgātio, *Oris. f. a sailing; a voyage.*
Nāvīgātor, *Oris. m. he that sails.*
Nāvīgātus, *a, um. part. sailed over.*
Nāvīgātur, *impers. there is sailing.*
Nāvīger, *ōra, ōrum. adj. [ex navis et gero] that bears or will bear a ship or ships.*
Nāvīgiblum, *i. n. dim. [a navigium] a little boat, a small bark or ship.*
Nāvīgium, *ii. n. any sort of ship or vessel.*
Nāvīgo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a navis et ago] to sail; to sail upon; to pass over speedily.*
Nāvis, *is. f. a ship, a bark; any vessel of the sea or river. Act. uaria navis, a row-barge, a galley. Naves eratic v. onerarie, merchant ships. Fluvialles, boats. Piraticæ, prædatorie, pirates or corsairs. Piscatorie, fishing-boats. Speculatoriorum, look-out vessels. Prætoria navis, the admiral or flag-ship. Naves tabellariæ, advice-boats.*

Nāvita, *m. m. a mariner or seaman.*
Nāvitas, *Oris. f. [ex navis] industry, activeness.*
Nāviter, *adv. industriously, stoutly, resolutely; quite, altogether.*
Naulium, *ii. n. a pealtery.*
Naulum, *i. n. the freight or fare.*
Naumāchia, *m. f. the representation of a sea-fight; the place where a sea-fight is represented.*
Naumāchiarius, *a, um. adj. appertaining to the representation of a sea-fight.*
Naumāchiarius, *ii. m. he that fights in the representation of a sea-fight.*
Nāvo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex navis] to perform vigorously, earnestly, or diligently.*
Nauplius, *ii. m. a sea-fish like a cuttle.*
Nausea, *m. f. a being sea-sick; crudities; fulsomeness; a qualm or desire to vomit.*
Nauseabundus, *a, um. adj. sea-sick.*
Nauseator, *Oris. m. one that is inclined to be sea-sick.*
Nauseo, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to be sea-sick; to vomit; to be ready to vomit; to disgust; to loathe; to nauseate; to be uneasy, and out of humour with one's self.*
Nauseola, *e. f. [a nausea] a little pain in the stomach.*
Nauseosus, *a, um. adj. that provokes vomiting, nauseous.*
Nauta, *m. m. a sailor.*
Nautea, *m. f. the filth issuing out of the pump of a ship; curriers' black, an herb having black berries, which curriers use; the black briony; a red thing wherewith priests' garments were coloured; foul water, in which hides have been tanned.*
Nauticus, *a, um. adj. belonging to ships or mariners.*
Nauticus, *i. m. a shipman or mariner.*
Nautilus, *i. m. a certain fish that swims with the belly upwards, like a boat with a sail.*
Nāvius, *a, um. adj. industrious, active, stirring, diligent, strenuous; laborious, that requires diligence.*
Ne, *adv. not. Conj. that not; so as not.*
Ne encliticum, denotes an interrogation in general, whether; Repeated whether—or; whether or no.
Nebria, *Oris. f. a skin of a red or fallow deer.*
Nebriter, *m. m. [a præced.] a precious stone dedicated to Bacchus.*

Nebrophōnos, i. m. a *hunting-dog's name*, *Kill-fawn*.

Nebūla, m. f. a *mist or fog*; a *cloud*.

Nébulo, ōnis. m. an *idle rascal*, a *paltry fellow*, a *scoundrel*, a *lying rascal*; an *unthrifty or vain prodigal*; a *shadow of a man*, a *hector*, a *cowardly bully*.

Nébuloſus, a, um. adj. *misty*, *foggy*, *thick*, *hazy*; that *sendeth out mists or fogs*.

Nec, conj. *neither*; *nor*; and *yet—not*; *notwithstanding that*; *not even*, *no not*, *not so much as*; *nor yet*; and *also*.

Nēcātus, a, um. part. *put to death*, *murdered*, or *destroyed*.

Necūm, *Neque adhuc, nor as yet*.

Nēcēſſārie, adv. *by necessary consequence*, *necessarily*.

Nēcēſſārio, adv. *necessarily*, *indispensably*, *of necessity*.

Nēcēſſārius, a, um. adj. *necessary* or *unavoidable*; of *necessity*, *indispensable*; *necessary* or *needful*.

Nēcēſſārius, ii. m. a *particular friend*; a *particular acquaintance*, a *closely united confederate*.

Nēcēſſe, adj. n. *absolutely necessary*.

Nēcēſſitas, ſtis. f. *necessity*, *ſate*; *necessity*, *force*, *constraint*; *use*, *occasion*; *the its of relation or band of friendship*; *familiarity*; *any great exigency*, *need*, *want*, or *very severe circumstances*; *office*, *duty*, *service*. *Nēcēſſitates*, *necessary charges*.

Nēcēſſitudo, ſinis. f. *unavoidable necessity*, *great need*; a *strict friendship*, *close amity*, *intimacy*, or *acquaintance*, *near kindred* or *alliance*; an *obligation* or *tie*, a *close conjunction* or *amity*; a *person under such obligations*, a *near friend* or *kinsman*.

Nēcēſſum, n. indecl. *necessity*.

Necne pro annon, or *no*.

Necnon v. nec non, *also*.

Nēco, ſre, ſvi et ui, ſtum. act. *to slay*; *to kill*; *to destroy*.

Nēcōrmantia, ſtrum. n. pl. *answers given by spirits called up*.

Nectar, ſris. n. a *pleasant liquor*, *feigned to be the drink of the gods*, *nectar*; *honey*; a *very sweet smell*.

Nēcārea, m. f. ec. herba, *elecampane*.

Nēcāreus, a, um. adj. *sweet as nectar*, *divine*.

Nēcārities, m. m. a *drink* or *wine made of elecampane*.

Necto, ſre, xui et xi, xum. act. *to hang one thing upon another*; *to link*; *to join together*; *to knit*; *to join*; *to fasten together*; *to bind*; *to*

entangle; *to entangle*; *to congeal*; *to plot*; *to frame*; *to contrive*.

Nēcūbi, adv. *lest in any place*.

Nēcunde, adv. *lest from any place or part*.

Nēcūdālus, i. m. an *insect which turns into a silk-worm*.

Nēdum, conj. *much less*; *not to say*; *not only*.

Nēfandus, a, um. adj. *impious*, *horrible*, *base*, *heinous*; *not to be spoken*, *abominable*.

Nēfārie, adv. *impiously*, *villanously*, *heinously*, *enormously*, *detestably*.

Nēfārius, a, um. adj. [a nefas] *abominable*, *impious*, *base*, *enormous*, *villanous*.

Nēfas, n. indecl. an *unlawful villanous or wicked action*; an *impiety* or *villany*; an *impious person*; *the guilt of wicked actions*; *an impossibility*.

Nēfaſtus, a, um. adj. *inauspicious*; of *evil omen*; *polluted*, *defiled*, *profane*; *piacular*, *polluting*; *dire*, *sacred to the infernal gods*. *Nēfaſti dies*, *days unlawful to hold a court on* or *to try cases*. [The *Nēfaſti Dies* are opposed to the *Faſti Dies*, on which last it was lawful (fas) for the prætor to sit in judgment.]

Nēgantia, m. f. *negation*.

Nēgatio, ōnis. f. a *denying*; a *negation*, a *negative form of speech*.

Nēgātū, impers. *it is denied* or *cannot be*.

Nēgātus, a, um. part. *denied*; *difficult*.

Nēgto, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. freq. [a nego] *to deny often* or *stoutly*.

Nēglectio, ōnis. f. [a negligo] a *neglecting* or *disregard*.

Nēglectus, a, um. part. it. adj. *neglected*, *disregarded*, *slighted*, *disobeyed*; *untrimmed*, *not cultivated*.

Nēglectus, ſis. m. [a negligo] a *neglect*, *carelessness*.

Nēgligēs, ſtis. part. et adj. *negligent*, *reckless*, *that cares not for anything*, *that makes no account of*; *careless*, *heedless*, *neglectful*.

Nēgligenter, adv. *negligently*, *carelessly*, *slightingly*, *slightly*, *giddily*, *contemptuously*.

Nēgligētia, m. f. *negligence*, *recklessness*, *backwardness*, *ill looking to a thing*, *carelessness*, *heedlessness*, *disrespect*; *misprision*.

Nēglio, ſre, exi, ctum. act. [a nec et lego] *to neglect*; *to slight*; *to disesteem*; *to contemn*; *to take no notice of*; *to make very light of*.

Nēgo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to deny*; *to refuse*; *to affirm no or*

not; *to disavow*; *not to give or yield*; *to refuse to give*.

Nēgotiālis, is, e. adj. *of the matter in general*, *abstracted from the circumstances of persons*.

Nēgotiāns, tis. part. *trading*. Subst. a *merchant*, a *userer*.

Nēgotiatio, ōnis. f. [a negotior] a *negotiating* or *managing*, *merchandise*, *traffic*, *business*.

Nēgotiātor, ōris. m. a *merchant*, a *factor*, a *dealer*, or *trader in*.

Nēgotiolum, i. n. dim. [a negotium] a *job*, a *little business* or *matter*.

Nēgotior, ſri, ſtus. dep. *to merchandise*; *to traffic*; *to trade in*; *to negotiate*; *to be employed in any affair*.

Nēgotioſus, a, um. adj. *troublesome* or *full of business*; *serious* or *weighty*.

Nēgotium, ii. n. [a nec et otium, c in g verso] *the state or time of business*; *any affair*, *matter*, or *thing*; *business* or *any thing to be done*; *an office or employment*; *the business of one's place*; *difficulty*, *trouble*; *employment in matters of law*; *affairs of merchandise*; *the business of the farmers of the public revenues*; *a law cause considered with all its circumstances*.

Nēmō, ſnis. c. g. [ex ne et homo] *wants voc.* and *plur.* *no man* or *woman*; *nobody*; *no one*. *Nēmō* *admits of non* and *nec* after it, by way of *pleonasmus*, a *ſellow of no account*.

Nēmōſilis, is, e. adj. *of a grove or wood*; *woody*; *encompassed with woods or groves*.

Nēmōrenſis, is, e. adj. *pertaining to a wood or grove*.

Nēmōſcultrix, ſicis. f. *an inhabitant of the wood*.

Nēmōſvāgus, a, um. adj. [ex nemus et vagor] *wandering in woods or forests*.

Nēmōſus, a, um. adj. *woody* or *full of woods, groves, or trees*.

Nempe, adv. [ex nam et pe] *what then?* *well then?* *what do you mean?* *I suppose*; *however*, *for all that*; *it is to be granted*, *I grant*, *it is true*; *yea surely*; *for example*; *that is*, *to wit*; *namely*; *for*; *seeing that*; *because*; *why*, *why indeed*.

Nēmus, ſris. n. a *wood* or *grove*; *the trees of a wood*, *forest*, *grove*, *orchard*.

Nēnia, m. f. a *funeral song*, a *dirge* or *dirige*; *tragic* or *mournful verse*; *a silly trifling song*; *any verse or song*; *the name of a goddess*.

Nēo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. *to spin*.

Nēpa, *m. m.* a scorpion; the constellation of the Scorpion; the crab-fish.
Spēnthes, *is. n.* kill-grief; wild penny-royal, which drives away sadness.
Nēpēta, *m. f.* an herb, wild penny-royal, cat-mint, nep, or nip.
Nēpos, *ōtis. m.* a grandson.
Nepotes, posterity, descendants; a wasteful spendthrift; a luxurious or riotous person; the second descent in the breed of beasts; suckers on the branch of a vine.
Nēpōtillus, *ōtis. m.* riotous or superfluous wasting or spending; debauchery.
Nēpōtinus, *a, um. adj.* riotous, profuse.
Nēpōtulus, *a. um. adj. dim.* [a nepos] a little grandson.
Nep̄tis, *is. f.* [a nepos] a son's or daughter's daughter; a granddaughter.
Nēquā, [*sc. viā v. ratione*] *destitue* Ne quā [a nequus] *live any way, lest by any means.*
Nēquum, *adj. indecl.* naught, good for nothing; dishonest; unthrifty, lazy, idle, without industry; unfruitful; lewd; careless, inconsiderate; lewdly. *Subst.* a mischief, a bad thing.
Nequāquam, *adv.* *lest at any time.*
Nēquāquam, *adv.* *by no means, in no wise, far from.*
Nēque, *conj.* neither, nor, &c. *Vid. Nec.*
Nēquūdm, *conj.* *not yet, not as yet.*
Nēqueo, *ire, ivi, itum. neut.* cannot; not to be able; to be unable.
Nēqueor, *iri, —. dep.* cannot.
Nēquicquam, *adv.* *in vain, to no purpose; by no means, not in the least, scot-free.*
Nēquis, *nēquus, nēquid v. nēquod.* *lest any one or thing. Cum ut, no one or thing.*
Nēquisime, *adv.* *most cunningly or sily.*
Nēquit, *adv.* [a nequam] *wastefully, prodigally, negligently; lewdly, wantonly, roguishly; craftily, sily, cunningly.*
Nēquitia, *m. f.* *ramissness, negligence, neglect of one's business; lewdness, wastefulness, debauchery, viciousness, licentiousness, improbity; wantonness, lewd amours; sly malice, craft; tartness, eagerness.*
Nēquitias, *ōis. f.* *wastefulness, profuse debauchery.*
Nērita, *m. m.* a shell-fish that sails on the sea.
Nērūm, *il. n.* oleander, rose-hazel or rose-trees.

Nervose, *adv.* *strongly, stoutly, vigorously.*
Nervositas, *ōtis. f.* *strength, toughness.*
Nervosus, *a, um. adj.* *sinewy, full of sinews; full of fibres; stiff or unpliant of body; pithy, having strength of argument.*
Nervulus, *i. m. dim.* *a little sinew, strength, or vigour.*
Nervus, *i. m.* a nerve, a sinew; the string of a bow, &c. a pair of stocks or pillory; or something like a cord or iron for the neck or feet in torture.
Nervi, *plur.* *strength, force, might, power, vigour, industrious application of mind.*
Nescio, *ire, ivi, itum. neut.* *to be ignorant; not to know, wot, or tell.*
Nescitur, *impers.* *it is unknown; we cannot tell.*
Nescius, *a, um. adj.* *that knows not, ignorant, unexperienced; that knows not how or cannot; unknown.*
Nessōtrōphium, *il. n.* a place or yard where ducks are kept to be fed.
Nēte, *indecl.* *the sound of the seventh string of a musical instrument.*
Neu, *contr. ex neve. nor, neither; and not; lest either or lest; and lest.*
Nēve, *nor, neither, and not; lest either or lest, and lest.*
Nēvis, *pro. novis.*
Neuras, *ōdis. f.* *an herb or shrub, good against poison and weakness of the nerves.*
Neuricus, *a, um. adj.* *having the gout or pain in the sinews; sinew-shrunk.*
Neuroides, *is. n.* *wild-beet.*
Neurospastum, *indecl.* *an herb called rubus caulinus.*
Neuter, *tra, trum. gen. ius. dat. i.* *neither the one nor the other; neither of the two.*
Neutiquam, *adv.* *by no means, not in the least, in no wise, at no haul.*
Neutrālis, *is, e. adj.* *neutral, neuter, of the neuter gender.*
Neutro, *adv.* *neither to the one part nor unto the other; neither way.*
Nex, *nēcis. f.* *death, violent or natural.*
Nexilis, *is, e. adj.* *knit, tied, or weaved together; twining or winding about.*
Nexo, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. et ēre, ul. xum. freq.* [a necto] *to join; to connect.*
Nexum, *i. n.* [a necto] *a mortgage, a conveyance according to the formalities of the Roman law; a possession upon such a title.*
Nexus, *a, um. part.* *linked to-*

gether, hanging one upon another, having a mutual connection; tied, fastened, or joined together.

Nexus, *ūs. m.* a tying, knitting, binding, winding, or twining about; a connection; a lock, in wrestling; the condition of a freeman serving for debt; a legal solemnity by which possession was given, and the former owner bound to make good the title.

Ni, *conj.* *if not, except, save that, but, but that, unless.*

Nicētrōdium, *i. n.* a very sweet and pleasant ointment.

Nictērium, *il. n.* rewards for victories.

Nicōphōros, *i. m.* a kind of ivy, called also *smilax*.

Nictātio, *ōtis. f.* [a seq.] a winking or twinkling with the eyes.

Nicto, *ēre, ēvi, ētum.* *to wink; to make signs with the eyes; to twinkle; to wink often.*

Nictor, *ēri, ētus. dep.* *to wink.*

Nidāmentum, *i. n.* the stuff with which birds make their nests.

Nidificō, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. act.* *to build or make a nest.*

Nidificus, *a, um. adj.* *making a nest.*

Nidor, *ōdis. m.* the savour, scent, or smell of anything roasted or burnt; a stench, a strong smell.

Nidūlor, *ēri, ētus. dep.* *to sit abroad; to place in a nest.*

Nidulus, *i. m. dim.* [a nidus] a little nest.

Nidus, *i. m.* a nest; a bee-hive; the young in a nest; a little child in the cradle; a litter of pigs; a shelf or partition of a shelf, in a library or book-seller's shop.

Nigellus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [a niger] *blackish, somewhat black.*

Niger, *ra, rum. adj.* *black, dark, dusk; of a black or swarthy complexion; of a dark purple, green, &c. dark, shadowy, thick shaded; black or deep; inauspicious, unfortunate; pertaining to funerals; ill-natured, false, a knave. [Niger, black; ater, coal-black. Hence the latter cannot be compared.]*

Nigrina, *m. f.* an herb with leaves like endive, &c.

Nigrans, *tis. part. et adj.* [a nigrō] *blackish, inclining to black; black; dark, cloudy, or shadowy; of a rich deep red.*

Nigreo, *ēre, ul. —. neut.* *to be blackish; to grow black.*

Nigresco, *ēre, —. incept.* *to grow black; to turn black.*

Nigricans, *tis. part.* *drawing to a black colour, blackish.*

Nigritia, *m. f.* *blackness.*

Nigrities, *ei. f.* *blackness.*

Nigrütö, *dinis. f.* *blackness.*

Nigro, *äre, äri, ätum. neut.* *to be black.*

Nigror, *öris. m.* *blackness or duskiness; earthiness; darkness.*

Nihil, *n. indecl.* *nothing; except or only; nobody at all; a thing of no foundation or truth; not at all, not in the least, in nothing.*

Nihildum, *i. e.* *nihil adhuc. nothing as yet.*

Nihlöminus, *adv. v.* *Nihlo minus. no less, nothing less; notwithstanding, nevertheless.*

Nihlum, *i. n.* *nothing.*

Nil, *coute. pro Nihil. indecl.* *nothing; nothing at all.*

Nilion, *i. n.* *a stone like a topaz, but more dusky.*

Nilus, *i. m. et Nili. Örum. pl. m.* *a channel or channels of water brought by aqueducts to great men's houses for pleasure, running in curious windings and figures.*

Nimbatus, *a, um. adj.* *wearing a sort of false hair, which women wore to make their foreheads seem smaller.*

Nimbler, *ära, ärum. adj.* *rainy, cloudy.*

Nimbosus, *a, um. adj.* *rainy, stormy; that causes or brings rain or storms; covered; wrapped about with rainy clouds or mists.*

Nimbus, *i. m.* *a black cloud; a great quantity; a bright cloud; violent storm of rain; a sudden shower; a fierce fall of in or hail; a sudden tumult, disorder, or confusion; safe in water.*

Nidus, *ätis. f.* *too great store, a great abundance, superfluity, excess, exorbitancy.*

Nidöpre, *adv.* *with too much labour.*

Nidrum, *adv.* *doubtless, certainly, surely; that is to say, to wit; why certainly.*

Nimis, *adv.* *too much or too little; overmuch, extremely; very much, exceedingly, very.*

Nimium, *adv.* *too much, overmuch, excessively, too far; very much, exceedingly, very.*

Nimius, *a, um. adj.* *too much, exorbitant, excessive, very or over great; overmuch, redundant, superfluous, above measure, enough and to spare; exceedingly great, very much, very.*

Ningo, *äre, xi. —. act.* *to snow.*

Niptrium, *i. n.* *a basin, a laver.*

Nisi, *conj.* *if not, except, unless, saving, but that.*

Nisus, *i. m.* *a sparrow-hawk; a merlin; an osprey or falcon.*

Nisus, *üs. m.* *[a nitör] endeavour, labour; an effort or strain; force; motion; climbing; a firm posture of standing; tendency, inclination.*

Nisus, *a, um. part.* *[a nitör] leaning upon, supporting itself with.*

Nitödula, *m. f.* *a field-mouse.*

Nitella, *m. f. et Nitella*, *a field-mouse of a yellow colour; a squirrel.*

Nitens, *tis. part.* *[a nitö] being clean, neat, &c. shining, looking bright, glittering, glistening; bright, looking bright, fair, and beautiful; sleek, fat; flourishing, looking gay; glaring, affectedly nice; appearing, showing itself; living splendidly or deliciously.*

Nitens, *tis. part.* *[a nitör] endeavouring, labouring, straining, straining; thrusting or pushing against forcibly; labouring under with difficulty; moving with difficulty; rallying or depending on.*

Nitö, *äre, ul. —. neut.* *to be neat, fine, clean, spruce, or elegant; to shine; to look bright; to glisten; to glitter; to be sleek; to look fair, bright and beautiful; to appear and show itself; to live well; to flourish; to be elegant, well composed, or written.*

Nitö, *äre, —. neut.* *to shene; to be bright; to snow sleek and fat; to flourish; to thrive; to be improved.*

Nitide, *adv.* *cleanly, gaily, trimly, neatly, finely, handsomely, brightly, gallantly.*

Nitluscule, *adv.* *somewhat trimly, cleanly, neatly.*

Nitluscule, *a, um. adj.* *somewhat more shining or better anointed with unguents; smug-gish.*

Nitlor, *äre, ätus. pass.* *to be made bright.*

Nitlus, *a, um. adj.* *neat, clean; spruce, gay, fine; genteel; florid, gallant, gorgeous; kept fine and clean, delicately looked after; bright, shining, glistening, glittering; looking bright, fair and beautiful; smooth; splendid, delicate; elegant, sleek, well fed, fat, plump, flourishing.*

Nitör, *i. nixus, et nisus. dep.* *to endeavour; to labour; to strive; to strain; to thrust; to heave against; to tend towards vigorously; to move, rise or mount forward; to travel; to move with difficulty; to lean or rest upon; to be supported; to depend; to rely on; to trust to; to confide in.*

Nitör, *öris. m.* *[a nitö] neatness, decency, trimness, finery, gaiety; gallantry, a genteel way of living; gracefulness, elegance; brightness or shining; radiancy; clearness, transparency; brightness or beauty; splendour, excellence, greatness.*

Niträria, *m. f.* *a place where nitre is found.*

Niträus, *a, um. adj.* *mixed with nitre.*

Nitrösus, *a, um. adj.* *having the savour of nitrum; having stuff in it whereof nitre is made, full of nitre.*

Nitrum, *i. n. nitre, salt-petre.*

Nivälis, *is. e. adj.* *snowy; made of snow; bringing or accompanying snow; covered with snow; as cold as snow or exceedingly cold.*

Niväris, *a, um. adj.* *of or belonging to snow.*

Niväus, *a, um. adj.* *of snow melted.*

Nivens, *tis. part.* *winking.*

Niveus, *a, um. adj.* *of snow; snowy, white as snow, shining, fair; very bright, i. e. auspicious, happy.*

Nivösus, *a, um. adj.* *snowy, full of snow, covered with snow; causing snow; mixed with snow.*

Nix, *nivis. f.* *snow, in sing. et plur. a fall of snow.*

Nixans, *tis. part.* *labouring, striving, and straining; heaving at or against.*

Nixor, *äre, ius. freq.* *[a nitör] to lean or rest upon.*

Nixus, *a, um. part.* *[a nitör] leaning or resting on; trusting to, confiding in, depending on, supported by.*

Nixus, *üs. m.* *force, straining, labour to do a thing, an effort; straining in producing a birth; labour or travail in bringing forth; inclination, the tendency of a thing any way.*

No, *näre, nävi, nätum. act.* *to swim; to sail; to fly.*

Nöbilis, *is. e. adj.* *known or well known; noted, remarkable, notable, famous, egregious, renowned, notorious; noble, high-born, of high birth; a nobleman; generous, of good breed, sort, or original; principal, chief.*

Nöbilitas, *ätis. f.* *fame, reputation, renown, glory; nobility, nobleness, honour; dignity, eminence; the nobility or noblemen; the nobles, gentry; generosity; excellence; generosity; bravery, gallantry of mind; excellence, virtue.*

Nöbilitätus, *a, um. part.* *ennobled, dignified, famed, or notable; noted or taken notice*

of; much talked of, renowned.
 Nōhīlter, adv. bravely, admirably, excellently, nobly.
 Nōhīlto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to ennoble; to dignify; to make known.
 Nōbia, dat. pl. to us. Vid. Ego.
 Nōbiscum, with us. Vid. Ego.
 Nōcens, tis, part. et adj. hurtful, harmful, mischievous, noxious, pernicious; guilty; a criminal or guilty person; an offender; poisonous, deadly, infectious.
 Nōcenter, adv. mischievously.
 Nōceo, ēre, ui, itum. act. to hurt; to incommode; to endamage; to harm; to annoy; to wrong; to injure; to do mischief.
 Nōcitur, impers. hurt is done.
 Nōctivus, a, um. adj. hurtful, pernicious, destructive.
 Nōctivus, ēri, m. the evening star.
 Nōctilūca, æ. f. the moon; a candle.
 Nōctivagus, a, um. adj. wandering or moving in the night.
 Noctū, abl. in the night, by night.
 Noctua, æ. f. an owl.
 Noctūābundus, a, um. adj. he that travels or is abroad late in the night.
 Nocturnus, a, um. adj. of an owl.
 Nocturnus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to night; by night or done, &c.
 Nōcūis, a, um. adj. he that offends or is guilty; hurtful, criminal.
 Nōdālio, ōnis. f. knottiness or the growing of knots in trees.
 Nōdātus, a, um, part. tie l or inclosed in a knot or noose; knotted as trees are.
 Nōlla, æ. f. the herb called mulary.
 Nōdo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to knot; to make into knots; to tie in a knot.
 Nōdus, a, um. adj. knotty or made up in knots; full of knots, knurs, knobs, or bumps, or causing them; knotty; hampering a man or tying him fast in obligations of law.
 Nōtilus, l. m. dim. a little knot.
 Nōtus, l. m. a knot; a noose; a bond, a connexion; a knot or knur; a knurl; the prominence of a joint; the ligature or connexion of a joint; a joint; a bulla of leather, a knot of freemen; u. difficulty, an intricate matter, a strait, a quirk in law.
 Nōlo, nonvis, nolle, lul. to be unwilling, not to will; not to favour; to be against one.

Nōmē, ārum. f. pl. corroding sores, which by creeping on, eat and consume the body.
 Nōmen, inis. n. the name by which any thing or person is called; a word, term, or title; a family or house; a nation, state order of men; name or reputation; renown; a debt; a debt-book or accounts of debt; a debtor; articles or items of accounts; a name only; a pretence or account; reason or account; respect or reverence; a noun; a thing; a health drank according to the number of letters contained in the person's name, a cyathus for every letter.
 Nōmēnclātor, ōnis. f. a calling things by their names; the saluting of persons by their names.
 Nōmēnclātor, ōris. m. a servant who whispered names to candidates, &c. a collector of names; one who readily remembers or recites names.
 Nōmēnclātūra, æ. f. the names by which things are called; a set of names.
 Nōmēnclātōr, ōris. m. unde Nōmēnclātor, an officer of names.
 Nōmīnālis, is, e. adj. belonging to a name; nominal.
 Nōmīnātiō, adv. by name; expressly or particularly.
 Nōmīnātiō, ōnis. f. a nomination or designation; a naming in elections; a coining of a name or making a word to express a thing by.
 Nōmīnātiōnis [sc. casus] the nominative case. Called also rectus casus.
 Nōmīnātus, a, um, part. et adj. called, named; mentioned; famed or talked of.
 Nōmīnātur, ūs. m. the forming of a word grammatically.
 Nōmīnito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. usually to name or call.
 Nōmīno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a woman] to call; to name; to nominate; to elect; to mention; to entitle.
 Nōmos, l. m. a division of a country; a district, jurisdiction, or province; a tune in music.
 Non, adv. not.
 Nōne, ārum. pl. f. the nones of every month, i. e. the seventh day of March, May, July, and October; and the fifth of the rest of the months; as, Nōne Decembres.
 Nōnāgenārius, a, um. adj. the nine-tenth.
 Nōnāgeni, æ, a. adj. pl. ninety.
 Nōnāgesimus, a, um. adj. the ninetyeth.

Nōnāgies, adv. fourscore and ten times.
 Nōnāginta, adv. ninety, fourscore and ten.
 Nōnānus, a, um. adj. the ninth.
 Nōnārius, a, um. adj. belonging to the ninth hour.
 Nonassis, is. f. v. Nonuasis. nine asses in money.
 Nondum, adv. not yet, not as yet.
 Nongenti, m, a. pl. per synec pro nongentū. nine hundred.
 Nongentus, i. m. an officer that kept the suffrage box in elections.
 Nongenti, m, a. adj. pl. nine hundred.
 Nōningenties, adv. nine hundred times.
 Nonne, adv. —nōt? if —not.
 Nonnēmo, inis. c. g. melius non nemo. some one.
 Nonnihil, a. indecl. somewhat, a little.
 Nonnullus, a, um. gen. ius. adj. some, something, a little.
 Nonnunquam, adv. sometimes, now and then.
 Non nusquam, adv. in some place, somewhere.
 Nōnus, a, um. adj. the ninth.
 Norma, æ. f. a square; law, prescript, form, pattern.
 Normālis, is, e. adj. right by the rule; made by the square or rule.
 Normātus, a, um. adj. made by rule and square, or rule.
 Nos, nostrum v. nostri, nobis. pl. ab ego. we.
 Noſcēto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to know or distinguish by sight; to see; to know; to observe; to look upon; to take notice of.
 Nosco, ēre, nōvi, notum. act. to know; to understand; to be acquainted with; to form an idea or notion of; to distinguish; to discern; to know again; to remember; to be skilful or knowing in; to admit or allow of; to celebrate; to extol. [Noscere is to be acquainted with any thing as an object of perception; Scire is to know any thing as a matter of fact, or any truth as an object of conviction. Vid. Calere.]
 Nosmet, ourselves, we ourselves.
 Noſter, tra, trum. pron. ours, our own; my, mine; of our family or dependents; our friend; of our country; of our order; of our side; propitious.
 Noſtrāpe, through our own fault.
 Noſtras, ūtis. olim. Noſtrātis, is, e. adj. of our or our own country, sect, party, opinion, or side.

Nōta, *m. f.* a mark; a note, a memorial, a sign; a sort, a degree; a character in writing, sculptor, &c. a name. **Note**, characters in shorthand; ciphers; symbols.

Nōtābilis, *is, e. adj.* notable, observable, remarkable, memorable, extraordinary; to be noted as a fault.

Nōtābiliter, *adv.* notably, evidently, visibly, considerably, remarkably.

Nōtārius, *ii. m.* an amanuensis or short-hand writer; a notary.

Nōtātio, *ōnis. f.* a marking or putting a mark upon; a colouring; a remarking, a taking notice of; animadversion, censuring; an argument from the original signification of a word.

Nōtātus, *a, um. part.* marked, stigmatised; written, cut, &c. noted, marked, observed; animadverted; marked out, digested into order; bounded, confined; expressed; branded, disgraced; reflected on, censured, touched.

Nōtesco, *ēre, ui. —. incept.* to be made known; to be well known, noted, or famous.

Nōthus, *a, um. adj.* of mixed or bastard breed or kind; illegitimate.

Nōtia, *æ. f.* a precious stone falling amidst showers of rain.

Nōtio, *ōnis. f.* a notion, acceptance, idea; genus; hearing; trying; cognisance.

Nōtia, *æ. f.* knowledge, intelligence; carnal knowledge; knowledge of a being known, acquaintance; an idea, notion, conception.

Nōticia, *ei. f.* fame or a being well known.

Nōto, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act.* to mark; to stain; to censure; to write; to note; to record; to observe; to mark out; to set forth; to distinguish; to divide; to term; to call by; to express; to mark with infamy or disgrace; to brand; to rebuke; to reprimand.

Nōtor, *ōris. m.* he that knows and gives an account of another, that passes his word for his quality in a strange place.

Nōtus, *i. m.* the south wind; any wind.

Nōtus, *a, um. part. et adj.* known, acquainted with, well known; notorious; he that knows; an acquaintance.

Nōvācula, *æ. f.* a razor; any knife.

Nōvāle, *is. n.* [a novando] land first broken up for tillage; tillage that rests a year after the first ploughing.

Nōvālis, *is, e. adj.* that rests a year after the first ploughing, that lies fallow.

Nōvātrix, *icis. f.* she that renews, alters, or repairs.

Nōvātus, *a, um. part.* altered, transformed, changed; renewed. **Ager novatus**, ploughed again.

Nōve, *adv.* newly, after a new manner, contrary to the old fashion.

Nōvello, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act.* to plant young vines, to make a vineyard.

Nōvellus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [qu. a novulus] very young, tender; of young growth; used or managed by one that is young; first.

Nōvem, *adj. indecl. plur.* nine.

Nōvember, *bris. m.* the month of November.

Nōvembris, *bris, bre. adj.* of the month of November.

Nōvēmārius, *a, um. adj.* of nine, consisting of the number nine.

Nōvendiciālis, *is, e. adj.* of nine days' space or continuance.

Nōveni, *æ. a. adj. pl.* [a novem] nine.

Nōverca, *m. f.* a stepmother or mother-in-law; a step-dam.

Nōvercālis, *is, e. adj.* of a step-mother.

Nōvies, *adv.* nine times.

Nōviesime, *adv.* the last time, last of all; in the end; lastly, finally.

Nōvissimus, *a, um. adj.* superl. [a novus] the last, the hindmost; the utmost, farthest, most distant; meanest; the most extreme, severe. **Novissima**, *orum. pl.* death.

Novitas, *ātis. f.* newness, freshness, &c.; strangeness; a being the first great man in a family; any new art or device; the first entrance upon any place or business.

Nōvitiū, *a, um. adj.* newly invented or made; unacquainted; a slave newly bought, raw and ignorant.

Nōvitiū, *i. m. subst.* a slave newly bought; a fresh-man.

Nōvo, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a novus] to make new; to renew; to repair; to refit; to form anew; to change; to transform; to make changes in the state; to make alterations in the public; to make clean and trim.

Novus, *a, um. adj. comp.* wanting novissimus. *sup. new*; repaired, renewed, or furnished with new matter; coming new, unconcerned, or unprejudiced to; new. **Novus homo**, the first nobleman of his family. **Tabulæ novæ**, a general remission of debts. **Res novæ**,

change of government; strange, unheard of, unexpected; admirable, excellent, extraordinary; fresh sprung, new grown; young, youthful, brisk. **Nox**, *ctis. f.* night; the whole night; a night's lodging; nocturnal pollution; thick darkness; the mist, darkness, and confusion of mind in a swoon; obscurity; blindness; darkness or ignorance; darkness and confusion; sleep, rest; death; a goddess so called.

Noxa, *m. f. hurt*, damage, mischief, annoyance, unkindness, injury, plague, ruin; a smaller fault or crime; guilt or trespass; punishment, execution; an offender, a criminal; a brawl, a scuffle.

Noxia, *æ. f.* [sc. culpa, causa] a crime, fault, offence; disagreement, quarrel.

Noxiosus, *a, um. adj.* hurtful.

Noxii, *pro Nocevit.*

Noxius, *a, um. adj.* hurtful, baneful, harmful, injurious, noisome; destructive; poisonous; guilty.

Nūbēcūla, *æ. f. dim.* [a nubes] a little cloud; a kind of disease.

Nūbens, *tis. part.* ready to be married; upon marriage.

Nūbes, *is. f.* a cloud; a mist, a thick exhalation; any thing that has the appearance of a cloud; a covering; a disguise; a vast multitude; terror, confusion; adversity, distress; sourness of countenance, gravity.

Nūbifer, *ēre, ārum. adj.* bearing clouds; bringing or causing clouds.

Nūbifugus, *a, um. adj.* chasing away clouds.

Nūbigena, *æ. c. g.* begotten of or from a cloud; a centaur; born of Nephele or Nebula; coming from clouds.

Nūbifera, *orum. pl. n.* [sc. loca v. cæla] clouds, mists; melancholy.

Nūbillans, *tis. part.* dazzling the eyes.

Nūbilar, *āris. n. leg. sed freq.* **Nubiliarium**, *i. n.* a shed or barn, built close to the threshing-floor.

Nūbiflātus, *impers.* it is cloudy.

Nūbilis, *is, e. adj.* marriageable, ready for a husband.

Nūbilo, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act.* to be dark or cloudy; to grow dim or dusky.

Nūbillum, *i. n.* [sc. tempus aut cœlum] cloudy weather; a cloud.

Nūbilus, *a, um. adj.* cloudy; causing or bringing clouds; shady, dusky; dark coloured; threatening, adverse, lowering.

cloudy; melancholy, sad, frowning.
 Nūbia, is. f. *pro Nubia.*
 Nūbitor, inpers. pass. *marriage is contracted, people marry.*
 Nūbivāgus, a, um. adj. *wandering through or among the clouds.*
 Nūbo, ēre, p̄i, p̄um. neut. to cover; to marry, to be wedded or married. [Nubere is used when a woman is the subject of discourse, or the nominative to the verb. Ducere is applied to the male. The latter implies the leading of the bride home from the house of her father to that of her husband, and hence the phrase *ducere uxorem* has an ellipsis of *domum*. Nubere refers to the bride's veiling herself for a husband, the wearing of a veil being part of the marriage-ceremony among the Romans. Hence *nubere viro* is in fact *nubere se viro*, to veil herself for a husband, i. e. to marry a man.]
 Nūcāioentum, i. n. [a *nux*] a cat's tail or long excrescence hanging down from the pine, the pinaster, fir, and pitch tree; the goosling of a nut-tree.
 Nūcētum, i. n. a place where nut-trees grow.
 Nūceus, a, um. adj. of a nut or nut-tree; hazel.
 Nūcifrangibulum, i. n. a nut-cracker.
 Nūciperata, æ. f. a peach.
 Nūciprūnum, i. n. a plumb grafted on a nut-tree stock.
 Nucleum, i. n. *Vid.* Nucamentum.
 Nucleus, i. m. a kernel; the heart or heat of iron; steel; a pearl; a clove of garlic; a grape-stone; a pine-apple; the hard crust or upper layering next the pavement.
 Nūcula, æ. f. a small nut.
 Nūdāto, dnis. f. a making bare or stripping naked.
 Nūdātus, a, um. part. made naked, bare, uncovered; discovered, laid open; disclosed; left naked, bare, defenceless; exposed; deprived or destitute of; dismantled, laid bare of; pillaged, plundered, cleared; degraded.
 Nūdinquartus, adv. four days ago.
 Nūdiusquintus, adv. five days ago.
 Nūdiustertius, adv. the day before yesterday, three days ago.
 Nūdo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make naked; to strip off; to shell or take out of the husk; to deprive of the defence of; to pillage; to expose; to discover; to show or lay open.

Nūdus, a, um. adj. naked, uncovered; open; empty; destitute, bare of; robbed, plundered, pillaged, cleared, or deprived of all; without ability or power; defenceless, helpless; mere, only; unornamented; natural, unaffected, plain; jejune, nice, subtle.
 Nūgn, ārum. pl. f. verses in praise of deceased persons, sung by hired women at funerals; any trifling, silly verses; trifles, toys, gewgaws, fopperies, idle stories; ties, rogues' rices, tricks, cheats; a trifler, a fellow of no abilities.
 Nūktor, dnis. m. a f-p, a trifter, a silly fellow, an impertinent coxcomb; a cheater, a lying rogue.
 Nūktorie, adv. frivolously, vainly, foppishly.
 Nūktorius, a, um. adj. vain, trifling, silly, slight, impertinent.
 Nūgax, ācis. adj. trifling, silly, foppish, frivolous.
 Nūgivendulus, i. m. a seller of women's finery or trinkets; an exchange-man or milliner.
 Nūgor, āri, ātus. dep. [a *nuge*] to trifle; to toy; to joke; to jest; to ask impertinently; to play the fool, fop, or wag; to cheat.
 Nullus, a, um. adj. gen. nullus, [post. nulli, æ. i. in gen.] none, no; nobody; void, null, of no force; none or no, i. e. of no moment, account, value, or fame.
 Num, adv. whether or not? whether.
 Numella, æ. f. an engine fastened on the neck and feet of offenders; a dog's collar; a yoke or collar for the necks of cattle to keep them steady.
 Nūmen, inis. n. a nod; a tendency; will, pleasure, a determination, a decree of the gods; power, authority; the divine protection or favour; the evidence of the divine presence; the divine impulse; influence, a deity.
 Nūmērābilis, is, æ. adj. that may be numbered or counted.
 Nūmērāto, dnis. f. numeration, a numbering; a paying down of money by number.
 Nūmērātus, a, um. part. numbered, counted; surveyed, mustered. Of money, paid down, ready. Used adverbially in abl. sing. neut.
 Nūndro, adv. forthwith, 'presently; too soon, too fast.
 Nūndro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to number; to count; to pay; to tell out; to reckon; to account; to rank in the number of; to esteem.

Nūm^{us}-Jse, in great number; numerously; fluently; melodiously, harmoniously, musically.
 Nūndrosus, a, um. adj. numerous, many; manifold, great; fruitful; large, roomy, spacious; ample, copious; oratorical, having round cadences or periods; various in numbers, tuneless, musical, harmonious.
 Nūmārus, i. m. a number; quantity, store; measure or feet in verse or prose; an oratorical composition; a note in music; measures in singing or playing; a dance; a regular motion; order, decency; military order, rank and file; a cohort or band; a list of soldiers; a rank, degree, place, condition, value; the parts or circumstances that make a thing perfect; numerically.
 Nūmidica, æ. f. [æ. gallina] quæ et Africana et Garamanica et Melica seu Medica, a Guinea or Turkey hen.
 Nūmidicus lapis, a kind of marble in Africa.
 Nūmisma, ātis. u. leg. et Numisma, money; coin, a piece of money.
 Nummārus, a, um. adj. v. Nūmārus, belonging to money; corrupted with money.
 Nummātus, a, um. part. rich, that hath store of money, a moneyed man.
 Nummūlaris, i. m. a petty money-changer.
 Nummūlaris, li. m. a money-changer or banker.
 Nummulus, i. m. Nummuli. plur. a little money or a little base money.
 Nummus v. Nūmus, i. m. a piece of money or coin; any coin or piece of money.
 Numnam, adv. whether?
 Numne, adv. whether.
 Numquā, adv. if anywhere.
 Numquid, Vid. Nunquid.
 Nunc, adv. *Vid.* Tunc, now, at present, at this time.
 Nuncine, adv. now?
 Nuncūbi, adv. did—ever?
 Nūncipāto, dnis. f. the pronouncing or declaring in a solemn form of words; the dedication of a book.
 Nūncipātus, a, um. part. called by name; pronounced or declared publicly in solemn words; engaged by an expression of words.
 Nūncūpo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to name; to call; to recite; to rehearse; to pronounce; to declare publicly in solemn words.
 Nundine, ārum. f. pl. a fair—a mart or market; the place

where a market or fair is kept.

Nundinālis, is, e. adj. pertaining to a fair or market.

Nundinārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to or serving for a fair or market.

Nundinātio, ōnis. f. public, open, scandalous corruption, and sale of justice, as if it were in a market.

Nundnōr, āri, itus. dep. pro quo Nundino, to buy publicly; to sell publicly for bribes; to assemble together.

Nundnūm, i. n. the market, i. e. every ninth day.

Nunquam, adv. never.

Nunquādo, whether ever, whether at any time.

Nunquid, adv. whether.

Nunquid, quē, quid, is there any?

Nunquidnam? id. quod Nunquid.

Nuntia, æ. f. she that brings word or tidings; a messenger or reporter.

Nuntiatio, ōnis. f. a denunciation or solemn declaring of the auspices; an advertising.

Nuntiātus, imp. news is brought.

Nuntiātus, a, um. part. told, related.

Nuntio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a nuntius] to tell; to relate; to bear tidings; to carry news; to acquaint; to disclose; to carry orders; to bid; to command; to show; to advise.

Nuntius, ii. m. a messenger or bringer of tidings; a message, news, or tidings; a bill of divorce.

ntius, a, um. adj. bringing tidings of, carrying a message, reporting; foretelling.

uper, adv. lately, of late, a few hours, days, years, ages ago.

uperus, a, um. adj. late or new; newly come or taken.

Nupta, æ. f. [sc. mulier] a wife.

Nuptim, ārum. f. pl. a wedding or marriage; the marriage solemnities; a wedding-day; the marriage state; concubinage.

Nuptialis, is, e. adj. pertaining to marriage, nuptial, bridal.

Nuptus, ūs. m. marriage.

Nuptus, a, um. part. [a nubo] married, wedded.

Nūris, ūs. f. a son's wife, a daughter-in-law; a young married lady; any unmarried woman.

Nusquam, adv. in no place, no where; in no thing, in no point; never; no whither, to no place.

Nūtānen, inis. n. a nodding, a waving.

Nūtāne, tis. part. nodding;

waving backward and forward; seeming to nod or bend; nodding or threatening to fall; moving up and down; not standing firmly; ready to fall or give way; fluctuating; making signs for assistance; wavering, fickle, or unsettled; unresolved, not determined to either side.

Nūtātio, ōnis. f. a nodding; the moving or throwing of the body from one side to the other.

Nūto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to beckon; to shake, or wag the head; to nod; to bend; to incline; to wave to and fro in the wind; to nod or threaten to fall; to incline; to totter; to shake; to be in danger; to be uncertain or doubtful; to doubt; to waver; to be unsettled.

Nūtriciātus, ūs. m. a nursing, a bringing up; the time that grass grows designed for hay.

Nūtriciūm, ii. n. the nursing of one that is sick.

Nūtrico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to nurse; to breed up young.

Nūtriciūla, æ. f. dim. a little nurse; a little busy or simple nurse; a busy prating encourager or abettor; a breeder or bringer up; a help or support.

Nūtrimen, inis. n. nourishment, fuel.

Nūtrimentum, i. n. food; any nourishment; a nursing up; fuel, nourishment for fire; dressing, pruning; education.

Nūtrio, īre, īvi, itum. act. to nurse; to suckle or feed young; to feed; to nourish; to support; to keep up; to cherish; to advance; to encourage; to abet; to educate; to breed up; to increase; to dress or apply medicines to.

Nūtrior, īri, itus. dep. to nourish; to cultivate; to make to grow.

Nūtritus, a, um. adj. nursing or cherishing.

Nūtritiū, ii. m. a tutor or governor.

Nūtritor, ōnis. m. [a nutrio] he that bred up one from a child; he that breeds or keeps cattle; a servant employed in dressing, bathing, &c.

Nūtritus, a, um. part. fed, brought up, nourished.

Nūtritus, ūs. m. nourishment.

Nūtrix, icis. f. a nurse; any female bringing up her young; that feeds or maintains; a seminary, nursery. Nutrices, the breasts or paps.

Nūtus, ūs. m. a sign made with the eyes or head; a beck, a nod; the part wherewith one

nods; will, pleasure, consent; tendency downwards; weight.

Nux, nūcis. f. all fruits that have a hard shell, a nut; any nut-tree; an almond-tree; any kind of nut.

Nyctālops, ōpis. c. g. purblind.

Nyctāgrētum, i. n. a kind of herb.

Nyctēris, idos. f. a rear-mouse, a bat.

Nympha, æ. f. a nymph, a goddess of the waters, fountains, rivers, lakes; any rural goddess; fresh or river water.

Nymphæa, æ. f. a water-lily, a water-rose, yellow and white nenuphar.

Nymphæum, i. n. a temple of the nymphs.

Nymphærēna, æ. f. a precious stone.

O

O, interj. O.

Ob, præp. regit acc. for; on account of; by reason of; according to; before or over against; about.

Obertus, a, um. [sc. homo] adj. a debtor, obliged to depend on, and serve his creditor, till payment was made.

Obambullatio, ōnis. f. a walking about or up and down.

Obambulo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to walk about or up and down; to walk before or round; to walk with; to walk by one's side.

Obardeo, āre, āi, —. to be on fire; to shine; to glitter.

Obarmo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to arm.

Obāro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to plough up all around.

Obba, æ. f. a cistern, a bowl with a great belly, a bottle, a jug, a noggin.

Obcecatus, a, um. part. blinded, darkened.

Obcæco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to blind; to darken; to cover; to hide.

Obcaleo, āre, āi, —. neut. to grow hard or callous; to be hardened or insensible.

Obclitus, a, um. part. shut or barred.

Odio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to oppose; to place against, to interpose; to put to; to close; to strip; to shut, to put across; to bar.

Obdormio, Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. to fall asleep; to sleep out; to digest by sleeping.
Obdormisco, ĩre, —. incept. to fall asleep.
Obdũco, ĩre, xi, ctum. act. to lead against; to throw, lay, or put over; to have growing over it; to cover over; to draw out in length over against; to drink off at a draught.
Obduclo, Onis. f. a covering.
Obductus, a, um. part. brought, thrown, put over; spread over or before; closed together; shut against; hidden, covered; clouded, frowning.
Obdũratur, Impera. it is hardened.
Obdũresco, ĩre, ul. —. incept. to grow hard; to be hard or callous; to become hardened or insensible; to be wholly regardless; not to be moved.
Obdũro, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to indurate; to harden one's self or be hardened and immovable.
Obediens, tis. part. et adj. dutiful, obedient; pliable, apt, fit; prosperous, successful, favourable.
Obediens, adv. obediently, readily, submissively, dutifully.
Obediencia, e. f. obedience, submission, dutifulness.
Obedio, Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. [ex ob et audio] to obey; to give obedience to; to follow one's counsel; to comply with.
Obeditur, Impera. obedience is given.
Obelliscus, i. m. an obelisk.
Obeo, Ire, il. v. Ivi, Itum. to go to; to be ready at; to come by or at; to visit; to go round; to move up and down; to go through; to go all about; to go over or look over; to view; to cover; to discharge; to perform; to undertake the discharge or performance of; to make use of; to close with; to follow.
Obiquito, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to ride over, about, against, or before; to oppose by riding before.
Obiero, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to wander up and down or about; to spread about in a wanton or irregular manner; to fly over; to mistake.
Obesitas, tis. f. [ex obesus] fatness, grossness.
Obesus, a, um. adj. fat, plump, gross, corpulent; swollen; heavy, stupid.
Obex, Icis. m. et interd. f. a gate, a bolt, a bar, an obstruction, an impediment.

Obfirmate, adv. firmly, immovably.
Obfirmatus, a, um. part. et adj. fixed, settled, resolved, or resolved against.
Obfirmo, Obfirmo, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to resolve; to harden one's self in any determination; to become obdurate and inflexible.
Obgannio, Oggannio, Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. to yelp as a wolf or dog; to maunder to one; to mutter; to bark against; to grudge.
Obhæreo, ĩre, hæsi, hæsum. act. to stick at; to stick fast; to stand still.
Obhorreo, ĩre, ul. —. neut. to look fierce or cast a dreadful colour.
Objaceo, ĩre, ul. —. neut. to lie in the way; to lie against; to be exposed to.
Objectaculum, i. n. a dam or sluice to let the tide in and out.
Objectatio, Onis. f. an upbraiding or charging one.
Objectatus, a, um. part. laid to one's charge, objected.
Objecto, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. freq. [ab objicio] to throw; to give; to satisfy; to thrust; to dash against; to expose to; to object; to upbraid; to east in one's teeth.
Objectus, a, um. part. thrown to; cast in the way; lying or being in the way; opposed to; exposed; liable to.
Objectus, ũs. m. a placing between or against; an interposition; a placing for defence; a spectacle, a sight.
Objicio, ĩre, Iſci, Ictum. act. [ex ob et jacio] to throw to; to throw to be eaten; to pay; to give; to put to; to shut against; to put in the way; to interpose; to put against or before; to oppose to; to place against; to object; to mention any one's disgrace; to exprobrate; to except against; to place or hold against for one's defence; to expose to; to put into; to raise; to cause; to put one upon; to cause to do; to object.
Obiratio, Onis. f. a being angry.
Obiratus, a, um. adj. part. angry; enraged against.
Obiter, adv. in going along or as one goeth along; by the by, by the way; by chance, incidentally.
Obitus, a, um. part. [ab obeo] performed, discharged, managed.
Obitus, ũs. m. a coming to or meeting; death, decease; a setting or going down.

Obiurgatio, Onis. f. a chiding, rebuking; a check, a reprimand.
Obiurgator, Onis. m. a rebuker, reprover, or chider.
Obiurgatorius, a, um. adj. belonging to chiding.
Obiurgatus, a, um. part. having reproved or chidden.
Obiurgito, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. freq. to chide much or often.
Oburgo, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to chide; to rebuke; to rate; to reprimand; to, blame; to reprove; to upbraid; to jeer; to chastise; to correct.
Oblangueo, ĩre, ul. —. Oblanguesco, ĩre, —. neut. to be ensnared or wholly to lose his vigour.
Oblatratrix, Icis. f. a woman that barks, rails, or scolds at one.
Oblatro, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to bark against one; to rail at one.
Oblatus, a, um. part. brought to; exposed to the senses; infected or put into the mind; offered, proffered; brought upon; happened to; etruck, inflicted, given; forced; performed by violence; done by design.
Oblatamen, Onis. n. that which delights or pleases.
Oblatamentum, i. n. that which delights, pleases, or recreates; eolace, delight, recreation.
Oblatitio, Onis. f. a delighting; complacency, pleasure, delight, recreation.
Oblucto, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to attract; to allure; to invite by its pleasantness; to detain; to take up; to entertain; to delight; to eolace; to please.
Oblenio, Ire, Ivi, v. il. Itum. act. to soften or make gentle.
Oblido, ĩre, ul. sum. act. [ex ob et lido] to be too close for; to squeeze things in one against another.
Obligatio, Onis. f. the engaging or giving for security.
Obligatus, a, um. part. et adj. bound about; tied to; knit together, joined in embrace; engaged, pawned, or mortgaged; due by engagement, vowed solemnly or promised; bound or engaged, by security given; answerable to one for; engaged, tied up, hindered; obliged; engaged by kindness; endeared.
Obligo, ĩre, Ivi, Itum. act. to bind; to tie up; to engage; to pawn; to lay at stake; to engage; to oblige by the ties of promise, oath, form of law, &c. or by any security given; to oblige; to engage; to bind to endear.

*Nigor, Āri, Ātus. pass. to be
d or bound up or about;
to be made obnoxious; to be under
an engagement.
Oblimo, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. [ex
ob et limus] to cover with
mud; to make inactive, heavy,
or dull.
Oblimo, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act.
[ex ob et lima] to consume or
waste.
Oblino, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
anoint; to smear over; to daub
over.
Oblino, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
daub or smear over
with; to defame; to cover
with infamy; to sully; to tar-
nish; to defile.
Oblique, adv. obliquely, across,
athwart; indirectly, sily, co-
vertly.
Obliquitas, Ātis. f. obliquity or
a going awry.
Obliquus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
place or turn oblique or side-
wise; to go awry; to make to
run transversely; to drive ob-
liquely; to direct; to turn ob-
liquely.
Obliquus, a, um. adj. [ex ob et
aut. liquus sive liquus. i. e.
transversus] oblique, sidewise,
awry, indirect; moving oblique-
ly; entering obliquely; strik-
ing obliquely; looking oblique-
ly; transverse; crooked, bend-
ing; compassing its ends by in-
direct means, sly, malicious,
envious; illegitimate or spu-
rious.
Obliuſus, a, um. part. [ab obli-
do] pressed down or broken;
queezed together.
oblitiſſio, ſinis. f. decay, de-
teſeracy, the loſs of a part.
oblitiſſus, a, um. part. worn
out of memory, forgotten, ef-
faced; obſolete, grown out of
uſe.
Oblitſſo, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
blot; to raſe out; to abolish;
to efface; to obliterate.
Oblitiſſo, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. — neut. [ex
ob et lateo] to lie hid; to be
concealed.
Oblitus, a, um. part. [ab obli-
to] daubed, smeared, or covered
over; defiled, polluted, stain-
ed, diſgraced.
Oblitus, a, um. part. [ex obli-
viſſo] having forgotten, for-
getful; having loſt. Paſſ.
being forgotten.
Oblivio, ſinis. f. a forgetting, a
ſlipping out of memory; the
having forgotten; the being
forgotten; forgetfulneſs; an
amneſty or act of oblivion.
Oblivioneſ, pl. certain goddeſſes
of forgetfulneſs.
Oblivioſus, a, um. adj. very
forgetful; cauſing forgetful-
neſs.

Obliviſſor, ei, Ātus. dep. to for-
get; to loſe the remembrance
of; to omit; to paſs by.
Oblivium, i. n. plur. Oblivia,
ſtrum. forgetfulneſs, obli-
vi-
on.
Oblivius, a, um. adj. forgotten,
out of date, obſolete.
Oblivio, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
let out for hire; to hire.
Oblivioſor, ſinis. m. an interrup-
ter or gainsayer.
Oblongus, a, um. adj. of a figure
inclining to long; of a pretty
good length.
Oblivioſor, ui, cūſus. dep. to
ſpeak whilst another is ſpeak-
ing; to interrupt; to give bad
language; to reproach; to
ſing.
Oblivioſus, tis. part. ſtruggling
or labouring againſt; hard to
be removed.
Oblivioſus, a, um. part. having
ſtruggled againſt.
Oblivioſor, Āri, Ātus. dep. to
ſtruggle againſt; to pull at;
to grapple; to contend with.
Oblivioſor, Āri, Ātus. dep. to ſet
againſt.
Oblivioſor, Āre, i, tum. neut. to
move; to wave.
Oblivioſor, Āre, Āvi, Ātum.
act. to groan out; to murmur
againſt; to grudge; to roar
againſt.
Oblivioſor, Āre, ui, —. incept.
to become dumb; to be ſtruck
dumb; to be ſilent; to be out
of uſe.
Oblivioſus, a, um. part. grown or
growing about.
Oblivioſus, tis. part. ſtruggling
againſt.
Oblivioſor, ti, ſinis et nixus. dep.
to bear up or ſtruggle againſt;
to ſtrive; to endeavour.
Oblivioſus, adv. earneſtly, mighti-
ly.
Oblivioſus, a, um. part. [ab obli-
viſſo] thruſting or bearing a-
gainſt, ſhoving along; beating
againſt; ſtanding firm againſt;
reſolute, ſteady.
Oblivioſus, adv. fearfully, not
freely; gently, ſo as to be be-
holden to any one for favour.
Oblivioſus, adv. favourably.
Oblivioſus, a, um. adj. haugh-
ty.
Oblivioſus, a, um. adj. conſcious
of his crimes; under awe; com-
plying with, doing as another
pleaſes; in a fearful poſture;
beholden to, obliged, attached,
or under an obligation; obno-
xious, liable, expoſed to; ſub-
ject to; prone; inclined to;
precarious.
Oblivioſus, a, um. adj. duſky,
overcaſt, cloudy.
Oblivioſus, Āre, ſis, ptim. act. to
veil; to muffle up; to hide; to
cover.

Oblivioſus, ſinis. f. a demerit-
ation.
Oblivioſus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
declare that the time is inauspi-
cious.
Oblivioſus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
declare publicly; to tell evil
news; to ſhow it is aſhand.
Oblivioſus, ſinis. f. a veiling or
muffling.
Oblivioſus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act.
to ſmell ſtrong; to ſtink
off; Neut. to be ſmelled.
Oblivioſus, i. m. a ſmall Athenian
ſilver coin.
Oblivioſus, Āri, ortus. dep. to ariſe;
to ſpring up; to approach;
to draw on; to ſhine forth; to
display itſelf.
Oblivioſus, a, um. part. ariſen,
broken forth, ſprung; over-
ſpread; cauſed, produced.
Oblivioſus, Āre, ſis, ptim. neut.
[ex ob et repo] to creep in pri-
vately; to creep upon; to ſteal
by degrees; to ſurpriſe; to
come beyond; to ſnap one; to
overreach craftily.
Oblivioſus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act.
freq. to creep or ſteal in
upon.
Oblivioſus, Āri, Ātus. paſſ. to be
caught in a net; to be entan-
gled.
Oblivioſus, Āre, ui, —. neut. to be
frozen; to be ſtiff; to be with-
out ſenſe or motion.
Oblivioſus, Āre, — —. incept.
to become ſtiff or motionleſs.
Oblivioſus, Āre, ai, ſum. act. to
gnaw upon.
Oblivioſus, ſinis. f. the propoſ-
ing that a new law be made,
contrary to a former or ſome
clause of it.
Oblivioſus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. a motion is
made for a new law to be en-
acted, contrary to a former, or at
leſt to ſome clauses of it.
Oblivioſus, Āre, Āvi, Ātum. act. to
propoſe the enacting of a law
contrary to a former or ſome
clause of it.
Oblivioſus, Āre, ui, Ātum. act. to
cover over; to overwhelm; to
put or hide in the ground; to
bury; to ſink; to drown; to
drown with wine; to bury in
oblivion; to efface the memory
of; to oppreſs; to confound;
to ruin; to overcaſt; to over-
ſpread; to fall upon, and bu-
ry in its ruins; to beat down;
to overthrow; to weaken;
to leſſen; to cauſe no notice to
be taken of; to avert; to abol-
iſh.
Oblivioſus, m. f. Obrivioſus, Obrivioſus,
Obrivioſus, v. etiam Obrivioſus, the
teſt or aſſay for gold; proba-
tion or trial.
Obrivioſus, a, um. adj. id. quod
Obrivioſus. Aurum obrivioſum,
fineſt gold.

Obstritus, a, um. part. covered over; overwhelmed, drowned; raked over; sown; damaged up; buried.

Obstritor, unde **Obstritor**, ſri, ſtus. pass. to have enough of.

Obacena, ſtrum. pl. u. [sc. membra] the privities; the breech.

Obscene, adv. obscenely.

Obscenitas, ſtis. f. obscenity, or filthiness in things or words.

Obscenus, a, um. adj. inauspicious, ominous, ill-boding; detestable, unnatural; nasty, not fit to be eaten or drunk; obscene, ribaldrous, beastly, lewd; bawdy.

Obscevo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to forbode ill to.

Obscūrātio, ſnis. f. a darkening, obscuring, hiding.

Obscūritas, a, um. part. darkened; covered, obscured; lost, forgotten.

Obscūre, adv. darkly, not plainly or manifestly; obscurely; abstrusely, enigmatically, intricately; covertly, closely, dissemblingly.

Obscūritas, ſtis. f. duskiness, gloominess; darkness, dimness; obscurity of expression; abstruseness; meanness of birth or quality.

Obscuro, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to darken; to hide; to keep from discovery; to make dim; to render hard to be understood; to disguise; to perplex; to render obscure or inglorious; to cause to appear insupportable; to make to seem little.

Obscūrum, adv. ex adj. darkly; with little light.

Obscūrus, a, um. adj. blackish, dark-coloured; dusky, darkish; shady, gloomy; misty; hidden, covered; not understood, little known; doubtful; obscure; abstruse; speaking things enigmatically; secret, mysterious; close, reserved, sly, subtle, crafty; ignoble, of mean parentage, poor, mean, low, pitiful.

Obscūritas, ſtis. f. a supplication; an earnest begging, conjuring, or beseeching; a set form of begging, by way of adjuration.

Obscūritas, a, um. part. prayed to with solemn supplication; earnestly besought, vehemently entreated.

Obscevo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to beg or conjure by all that is sacred; to beseech; to beg for God's sake; to entreat; to importune. A form in vehement admiration or surprise.

Obscundo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to humour; to comply with; to do readily as one is bid.

Obscūsus, a, um. part. having submitted to or complied with.

Obsēpio, ſre, ſvi et ſi, tum. act. to stop or shut up against; to block up; to hinder; to preclude.

Obsēptum, i. n. a hedge, stoppage, or impediment.

Obsēptus, a, um. part. hedged or shut up against; stopped, precluded.

Obsēquāla, ſe. f. compliance, a humouring.

Obsēquens, ſtis. adj. et part. compliant, obedient, dutiful, condescending, submitting to.

Obsēquenter, adv. with compliance; dutifully.

Obsēquentia, ſe. f. compliance, complaisance, obsequiousness.

Obsēquidus, a, um. adj. obsequious, serviceable, diligent, officious, very ready to assist or obey.

Obsēquium, ii. n. obsequiousness or attendance on; officiousness, complaisance; an obligation, a kindness; complaisance, a humouring; the desire of coition in females; gentle management or usage; flattery; smoothness, easiness to be forded; indulgence; ready submission, obedience, loyalty, subjection; slavery.

Obsēquor, ui, ſtus. dep. to follow; to attend to; to humour; to comply with; to submit to; to be assistant to; to do good offices; to serve; to gratify; to humour; to please; to flatter; to cringe to.

Obsēritus, a, um. part. locked or barred up; shut up.

Obsēro, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. [ex ob et ſera] to hasp; to lock; to bolt; to shut in; to close up.

Observābilis, is, e. adj. observable, that may be foreseen or prevented.

Observans, ſtis. part. et adj. observing, taking notice of; finding; observant, careful to please.

Observantia, ſe. f. observation, a curious minding; regard, esteem; observance, submission.

Observatio, ſnis. f. a watching, a looking to; an observing; a noting or marking; observation; a keeping to rule or custom; the framing of general rules from observation; rules drawn from observation; a religious adherence to laws, customs, &c.

Observātor, ſris. m. an observer.

or, a witness, a register; a public officer or inspector.

Observātus, a, um. part. watched, marked; heeded, minded, observed, put in execution.

Observātus, ſis. m. observation, experiment.

Obſervo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to mind heedfully; to watch; to keep; to look after; to lie on the watch; to wait; to stand to; to keep; to observe; to esteem; to reverence.

Obſervito, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. freq. to observe often.

Obſes, ſdis. m. et f. a hostage, a pledge; a security.

Obſeſſio, ſnis. f. a blocking up; a besieging, a beleaguering.

Obſeſſor, ſris. m. [ex obſideo] a constant frequenter; he that keeps a place from others; a besieger or blocker up.

Obſeſſus, a, um. part. [ex obſideo] beset, closed as with a guard; besieged, blocked up; straitened, beset, surrounded; frequented, thronged, full of.

Obſideo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. et act. to sit about; to take up a place by sitting; to cover; to overspread; to wait; to attend before; to sit waiting; to fix in; to take up in a place; to secure; to guard; to keep a strict eye over; to plot; to have a design upon; to besiege; to block up; to surround; to environ.

Obſidiūm vitrum, a kind of black thick glass, sometimes transparent.

Obſidio, ſnis. f. a surrounding or hemming in; a siege, a blockade.

Obſidiōnālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a siege.

Obſidium, ii. n. a siege, a blockade; a watching or looking after; an ambush; apparent danger.

Obſidium, i. n. [ab obſes] a hostage.

Obſido, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. to seat himself in; to possess himself of; to lie in ambush at; to keep blocked up.

Obſignātor, ſris. m. a sealer, one that signs and seals.

Obſignātus, a, um. part. sealed against; sealed up; safely laid up in memory.

Obſigno, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to seal up against; to seal up, to seal.

Obſipo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to scatter; to throw on; to sprinkle.

Obſiſtitur, impers. opposition or resistance is made.

Obstare, are, stiti, stitum. neut. *to stand in the way; to stop; to hinder; to oppose; to oppose; to withstand.*

Obstus, a, um. part. [*ex obse- ro*] *sown over with seed; set, planted; over-run, over-grown; covered all over; full of, oppressed with.*

Obsolescō, unde Obolēssio, fi- ēri, factus. neut. pass. *to become obsolete; to be debased; to grow into contempt; to be vilified; to be made cheap.*

Obsoletus, a, um. part. *ex procel.* *grown obsolete, old, or unfit for use.*

Obsoles, ēre, ui et ēvi, —. neut. *to grow out of use; to decay; to lose its grace and authority.*

Obsolesco, ēre, —. incept. *to grow out of use or memory; to lose its reputation, &c. to be dishonoured, stained, or polluted.*

Obsoletē, adv. *in a very old fashion.*

Obsoletus, a, um. adj. *grown out of use. antiquated, obsolete; stale, common, vulgar; disregarded, worthless; dirty, sorry; decayed; stained, dishonoured.*

Obsoletus, a, um. adj. *made hard, hardened.*

Obstructor, ōris. m. *a caterer or purveyor.*

Obstructor, ūs. m. *a catering or buying of victuals.*

Obstinum, i, n. any victuals eaten with bread.

Obstin, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. et **Obstinor, āri, ātus.** dep. *to cater; to buy victuals.*

Obstin, ēre, ui, itum. act. *to speak while another is speaking, so that he cannot be heard.*

Absorbeo, ēre, bul et psi, ptum. neut. *to sup up; to suck in.*

Obstatur, impers. *opposition is made.*

Obstetricium, ii. n. *midwifery.*

Obstetrīx, icis. f. *pro Obstetrīx.* *a midwife.*

Obstināte, adv. *resolvedly, resolutely, constantly, stiffly, strongly, impenitently, obstinately, stubbornly.*

Obstinatio, ōnis. f. *inflexible resolution, firmness of purpose; constancy, inflexibility, resoluteness; obstinacy or stubbornness; positiveness, pe- remptoriness, contumacy.*

Obstinatum est. impers. *it is firmly resolved and fixed.*

Obstinatus, a, um. part. et adj. *steady, fixed, unmoved; self-willed, determined; resolute, obstinate; stubborn.*

Obstinio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to*

be obstinate; to persist firm in a purpose; to make a firm resolution; to ask so as to take no denial.

Obstipus, a, um. adj. *stiff; crooked, awry; that carries the head stiff on one side.*

Obstitum, i, n. a place struck with thunder or lightning.

Obsto, āre, stiti, stitum et stā- tum. act. *to stand before or over against; to be in the way; to interpose; to stand as a boundary; to withstand; to make effectual opposition; to obstruct; to hinder; to be an impediment to; to be pre- judicial or averse to; to stand in the way of.*

Obstrigilum, i, n. *that which covers.*

Obstreptur, impers. *they cry out or bawl against.*

Obstrepo, ēre, ui, itum. act. *to make a noise against or before; to sound; to make a noise to; to make a noise; to hinder the being heard; to interrupt by noise; to distract.*

Obstrictus, a, um. part. [*ab ob- stringo*] *bound or tied hard about; obliged, engaged; en- tangled, fast ensnared.*

Obstrictus, ūs. m. *closeness or narrowness of a passage.*

Obstringo, ēre, nxi, stritum. act. *to tie about hard; to oblige highly; to plight; to pawn; to bind; to engage; to entangle; to bring under the power or the guilt of; to violate and profane.*

Obstructio, ōnis. f. *that which stops, clogs, or covers.*

Obstructus, a, um. part. [*ab ob- struo*] *built or heaped up; stopped or shut up; obstructed, rendered difficult to be attained; prejudiced, hard to be per- suaded.*

Obstrudo, ēre, si, sum. act. *to thrust or cram down; to eat hastily or greedily.*

Obstruo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to stop up by building against; to fill up; to barricade; to shut up; to stop the way to; to interpose; to render weak; to eclipse; to render less noted or admired.*

Obstupescō, ēre, feci, factum. act. *to astonish; to abash; to amaze; to confound.*

Obstupescō, fieri, factus. neut. pass. *to be astonished.*

Obstupescus, a, um. part. *be- numbed; astonished; made heavy or dull; besotted.*

Obstuspeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. rec- tius

Obstupesco, ēre, —. incept. *to grow dizzy or tipsy; to be mope; to be astonished; to be*

motionless; to have no sense left.

Obtupidus, a, um. adj. *mo- tionless, bereft of his senses.*

Obsum, ea, esse, fui, neut. *to hurt; to be hurtful; to make against.*

Obsurdeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. rec- tius

Obsurdesco, ēre, —. incept. *to grow deaf; not to be per- suaded.*

Obautus, a, um. part. [*ab ob- suo*] *stitched, sewed, or closed up.*

Obiectus, ūs. m. *that which co- vers or veils.*

Obiectus, a, um. part. *covered, shaded; disguised; defend- ed, sheltered, saved.*

Obtego, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to cover over; to hide; to con- ceal.*

Obtemperatio, ōnis. f. *the sub- mitting to or complying with.*

Obtemperatur, impers. *obedi- ence is paid to.*

Obtempero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to comply with; to act ac- cording to; to be civil to.*

Obtendo, ēre, di, sum et tum. act. *to spread before; to ob- tend.*

Obtento, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. *to take hold of or possess fre- quently.*

Obtentum est. impers. *it was obtained.*

Obtentus, a, um. part. [*ab ob- tendo*] *spread over; held be- fore.*

Obtentus, a, um. part. [*ab obti- neo*] *obtained.*

Obtentus, ūs. m. [*ab obtendo*] *the placing or spreading over; a colour, pretext, or disguise, a blind, a sham; a shelter.*

Obtero, ēre, trivi, tritum. act. *to crush; to bruise; to tram- ple upon; to overrun; to de- stroy; to bear down with violence; to contemn and baffle; to run down; to disparage; to undervalue.*

Obtestatio, ōnis. f. *an injunc- tion in solemn words; an ear- nest supplication; an injunc- tion laid upon one by will, or the desire of a person upon his death-bed.*

Obtestatus, a, um. part. *that has conjured or earnestly be- sought.*

Obtestor, āri, ātus. dep. *to call to witness; to protest; to conjure; to beseech; to im- plore; to call upon one for succour.*

Obtexo, ēre, ui, tum. act. *to co- ver.*

Obtinentia, ōis. f. *a figure in rhe- toric.*

Obtineo, ēre, ui, —. neut. [*es ob et taceo*] *to be struck si-*

lent; to speak not a word; to leave off speaking; not to be heard; to be left off or laid aside.

Obtineo, ēre, ui, tentum. act. to hold; to keep; to retain; to continue in the possession or practice of; to last; to maintain; to defend; to support; to have; to be in; to supply; to carry; to win; to get; to bear; to manage; to obtain; to prevail upon; to be too strong for; to be in the government of; to keep under his power; to continue in the government of; to accomplish; to bring about; to extend over; to take up; to evince; to make good; to hold; to govern.

Obtinetur, impers. it is obtained, it prevails.

Obtingit, ēbat. præt. obtingit. [ex ob et tango] to happen; to chance; to fall out; to fall to by lot; to be allotted to.

Obtorqueo, ēre, ui, — v. **Obtorpesco**, ēre, — neut. to grow stiff or numb; to be void of motion or strength; to be hardened or insensible; to be without resolution or sense to act; to be dispirited; to be confounded.

Obtorqueo, ēre, rai, rtum. act. to wrest or writhes round forcibly; to turn against swiftly.

Obtorquus, a, um. part. [ab obtorqueo] wreathed or put round, twisted forcibly round; wrested about.

Obtrectatio, ōnis. f. an envying; a detracting or disparaging; discrediting, disparaging, slandering; malevolent opposition.

Obtrectator, ōris. m. a diminisher, a disparager; an envious or malicious opposer.

Obtrectatur, impers. a slur or disgrace is maliciously put upon; opposition is spitefully made to.

Obtrecto, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to disparage; to speak against; to dispraise; to slander; to oppose; to act against.

Obtritus, a, um. part. [ab obtero] broken to pieces; trodden to death; stamped or beaten into powder; disregarded, slighted, despised.

Obtritus, ūs. m. a treading under foot, a bruising.

Obtrūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to thrust or shut against; to put or force upon; to obtrude; to thrust down; to guttle down; to eat or drink hastily.

Obtruncatio, ōnis. f. the cutting off the head of a tree.

Obtruncatus, a, um. part. beheaded.

Obtrunco, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to cut off the head or limbs; to kill outright.

Obtueor, ēri, ūtus et ūtus. dep. to look at; to look steadfastly; to fasten the eyes on; to look in the face; to discern; to distinguish.

Obtundo, ēre, tūdi, tūsum. act. to beat, thump, or buffet all over; to break or blunt the edge or point; to weaken; to render less smart or apprehensive; to make heavy or dull; to tease; to tire out; to stupefy with tediousness or frequent repetition.

Obtusus v. **Obtūsus**, a, um. part. buffeted, bruised or beaten all over; cloyed.

Obtūramentum, i. n. a stopple, any thing that stops; a dam or sluice.

Obtūratūs, a, um. part. stopped up.

Obturbatur, impers. interruption is given, such a noise is made that there is no being heard.

Obturbatus, a, um. part. greatly disordered, muddled.

Obturbo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to disorder; to break; to beat down; to run over; to disturb; to disquiet; to interrupt rudely; to interrupt; to break in upon.

Obturgesco, ēre, — neut. to swell up.

Obtūro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to stop up.

Obtūsus, adv. comp. more flatly, dully, or bluntly.

Obtūsus, a, um. part. [ab obtundo] beaten, buffeted, bruised all over; dulled, blunted; obtuse; dim, faint; rendered weak, languid, dull; senseless, ignorant.

Obtūsus, ūs. m. [ab obtueo] a looking at, an earnest beholding; a cast of the eyes.

Obvāgio, ire, iui, itum. neut. to interrupt; to be troublesome by crying or squalling; to whimper; to whine.

Obvallatus, a, um. part. guarded strongly about.

Obvānio, ire, ūui, entum. n. to meet by chance; to happen; to fall out; to occur; to come to; to fall or descend to; to fall to by lot.

Obversor, āri, ātus. dep. to be up and down frequently; to be present under people's view and notice; to appear before one; to be or seem present to one's mind or senses.

Obversus, a, um. part. turned towards or against; taken up with, busied in; that faces or stands opposite to; over against.

Obverto, ēre, ti, sum. act. & neut. to turn towards or against; to stand or be situate towards or over against; to turn about; to obvert.

Obviam, adv. in the way; to meet one; in a military way; at hand, to be come at; opposing openly, hindering, putting a stop to.

Obvius, a, um. adj. meeting in the way; hindering or opposing; hostile; offering itself; free, easy, forward; affable, courteous; exposed to, obnoxious; going against an enemy, opposite.

Obumbro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. [ex ob et umbra] to overshadow; to cover; to darken; to hide; to conceal; to disguise; to render obscure; to screen; to defend.

Obuncus, a, um. adj. hooked, crooked; made by that which is crooked.

Obundatio, ōnis. f. an overflowing.

Obundo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. neut. to overflow; to meet with its waters.

Obvolvo, ēre, vi, vōlūtum. act. to muffle; to disguise; to hide; to palliate; to conceal.

Obvolutus, a, um. part. muffled up, hoodwinked; covered all over; bedaubed, beameared.

Obustus, a, um. part. [ab uburo] pinched with cold, parched; burned before or at the point; hardened in the fire.

Occacatus, Occaco. Vid. Obmacatus, &c.

Occallatus, a, um. part. hardened, rendered senseless.

Occalleo, ēre, lui, — n. v. **Occallesco**, ēre, — to grow hard or brawny; to be hardened or callous all over; to become hardened, fixed, or immovable; to become insensible.

Occano, ēre, ui, entum. act. [ex ob et cano] to sound against or all round.

Occasio, ōnis. f. occasion, season, or opportunity; occurrence; emergency; convenient time; the being to be had readily; the being to be found easily; the goddess of opportunity.

Occasiunculā, m. f. dim. a little opportunity, a nick of time.

Occāsus, a, um. part. fallen, set.

Occāsus, ūs. m. the going down of the sun; sun-set; the west; fall, ruin, destruction; death.

Occūtio, ōnis. f. a harrowing or breaking of clods.

Occūtor, ōris. m. a harrower.

Occultorius, a, um. adj. *belonging to harrowing.*

Occēdo, ēre, ead, eassum. neut. *to meet in the way.*

Occento, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. [*ex ob et canto*] *to sing before; to serenade; to rail before.*

Occentus, ūs. m. [*ab occino*] *an ill-boding squeak or cry.*

Occipio seu **Occipio**, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to begin.*

Occidens, tis. part. *setting, going down; going out, ready to be extinguished; dying, decaying, ready to depart; ready to fall or be ruined.*

Occidens, tis. m. [*sc. sol*] *the west or western parts.*

Ocidentālis, is. e. adj. *belonging to the west, western.*

Occidō, ōnis. f. [*ab occido*] *a universal slaughter, a cutting off.*

Occidō, ōnis. f. *a perishing or dying of all.*

Occido, ēre, i, sum. act. [*ex ob et cado*] *to kill; to slay; to murder; to be the death of or cause of one's death; to beat almost to death; to ruin; to undo; to tease; to plague; to weary one out; to tire one to death.*

Occido, ēre, cidi, cāsum. n. [*ex ob et cado*] *to fall down; to descend; to set; to go down; to go out; to be extinguished; to die; to be slain; to perish; to be destroyed; to be ruined; to be spoiled; to come to nothing; to come to no effect; to be lost; to be wasted or une; to droop; to fail; to decay; to be lost; to be lost.*

Ociduus, a, um. adj. [*ab occido*] *setting, going down, western; declining, decaying; that dies.*

Ocino, ēre, ui, [*v. i.*] entum. neut. *to chirp or sing inauspiciously.*

Occipio, ēre, cēpi, ceptum. act. [*ex ob et capio*] *to begin; to enter upon; to begin; to go to do. Neut. to begin.*

Occipitum, ii. n. *the hinder part of the head.*

Occiput, itis. n. [*ex ob et caput*] *the hind part of the head.*

Occiso, ōnis. f. *slaughter, carnage, massacre, killing, murder.*

Occisor, ōris. m. *a slayer.*

Occisus, a, um. part. et adj. [*ab occido*] *slain, killed, murdered; ruined, undone; mangled, spoiled.*

Occulāto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. *to make a noise against one; to disturb by bawling.*

Oculūdo, ēre, ui, sum. act. [*ex ob et claudō*] *to shut against; to shut up; to shut close.*

Oculūsus, a, um. part. et adj. *shut up; shut against; close, secret; stifled, repressed, concealed.*

Occo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to harrow; to break the clods.*

Occēpi, def. *I began.*

Ocūbo, ēre, ui, ētum. *to lie dead in or at; to be dead.*

Oculclāvus, a, um. part. *trod-den under foot, trampled down.*

Oculcolo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [*ex ub et calco*] *to stamp upon; to tread in.*

Ocullo, ēre, ui, tum. act. *to cover all over in the earth; to hide; to conceal; to keep from view or knowledge; to keep secret; to cause not to be taken notice of.*

Oculclatio, ōnis. f. *a hiding or absconding; a concealing; pulling out or disguising.*

Oculclator, ōris. m. *that often hides, conceals, or is fit to hide or conceal.*

Oculclatus, a, um. part. *hid, kept close, or secret; concealed.*

Oculclte, adv. *privately, secretly, privily; closely, cunningly; insensibly, imperceptibly, abstrusely, obscurely.*

Oculclo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. *to hide; to cover; to keep from the sight; to keep close; to disguise; to keep secret or conceal.*

Oculcltus, a, um. [*ab ocullo*] part. *hidden, concealed; kept private, not made public.* Adj. *secret, internal; obscure, abstruse; scarcely to be perceived, not taken notice of, passing insensibly; dark, close, dissembling, crafty, disguised; that does a thing privately.*

Oculclmbo, ēre, cūbui, cūbitum. neut. *to fall upon; to die.*

Oculclpans, tis. part. *he that seizes or comes first; being possessed of.*

Oculclpation, ōnis. f. *the taking possession of what is vacant; violent seizure, possessing, or holding; business, employment, entertainment.*

Oculclpātus, a, um. part. et adj. *seized, apprehended, prevented; engaged, prepossessed, entangled; taken up, employed; troubled, turmoiled; busy, not at leisure; employed, laid out.*

Oculclpo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to take hold of before; to seize; to enter upon what is vacant; to make the first interest in; to take possession before another; to seize upon forcibly or without right; to hold; to get into one's power; to get*

into one's possession by numbers; to overspread; to take up; to overwhelm; to fill, to employ; to engage one's self in; to disturb; to take off from business; to put out money to use; to do a thing before another; to anticipate; to take advantage of; to prevent; to get at an advantage; to get under; to do any thing by way of prevention.

Oculclrens, tis. part. *running towards; meeting; appearing to.*

Oculclrtur, imp. *hostile opposition is made to; a stop is put to, resistance is made to; objection is made to.*

Oculclro, ēre, i, [*et oculclrtur*] raum. neut. *to run to; to run to their assistance; to hasten to; to come to; to come together; to be present; to meet; to run to meet; to appear before; to show itself; to run against; to go to resist; to oppose in fight; to encounter; to charge; to stand against; to expose himself to; to oppose; to resist; to put a stop to; to interrupt; to prevent further questions; to check; to restrain; to correct; to fall upon; to assault; to answer; to refuse; to prevent; to anticipate; to answer by way of prevention; to meet with an objection foreseen; to find a remedy before; to occur; to come readily into one's mind; to show itself readily; to offer itself, unsought; to light or happen into one's hands; to be good against; to cure.*

Oculclrō, ōnis. f. *the running to meet and attend one for his honour.*

Oculclro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. [*ab occurro*] *to run to often; to run before or against; to run in the way of; to run at or upon; to be ready at will; to flow readily; to be frequently in one's mind.*

Oculclrus, ūs. m. *a meeting; a running to; the meeting a thing in its course; a stopping or being in the way; the meeting or striking one upon another; opposition or malign influence.*

Oculclnus, i. m. *the god of the ocean; the ocean or main sea.*

Oculclnus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the ocean.*

Oculclus, i. m. dim. [*ab oculclus*] *a little eye, an eye; my dearest, my life; the most neat and pretty; a bud or knob whence a bud ariseth.*

Ochra, m. f. *ochre.*

Oclum v. **Oclum**, i. n. et

Oculus, i. m. *the herb garden-basil*; *basil royal*, *basil gentle*.
Ocyor, ius, v. **Ocyor**, yus. com. [positive wanting] *ocissimus*. sup. *more swift, quick, speedy*.
Ocius, v. **Ocyus**, adv. *more speedily*, *sooner*; *quickly*, *very speedily*.
Ocrea, æ. f. *a boot*, *a greave*.
Ocreatus, a, um, adj. *booted*.
Octans, tia, m. *an eighth part*.
Octastylus, i. f. *having eight pillars in front*.
Octavum, adv. *the eighth time*.
Octavus, a, um, adj. *the eighth*.
Octies, adv. *eight times*.
Octingentarius, a, um, adj. *consisting of eight hundred*.
Octingentesimus, a, um, adj. *the eight-hundredth*.
Octingenti, æ, a, adj. pl. *eight hundred*.
Octipes, ædis, adj. *that has eight feet*.
Octo, adj. indecl. *eight*.
October, obris. m. [sc. mensis] *October*.
October, bris, bre, adj. *of or belonging to October*.
Octodecim, adj. indecl. *eighteen*.
Octogentarius, a, um, adj. *eighty years old*.
Octogeni, æ, a, adj. pl. *eighty each*; *eighty at a time*.
Octogestimus, a, um, adj. *the eightieth*.
Octogies, adv. *four-score times*.
Octoginta, adj. indecl. *four-score*.
Octojugis, gis, ge, adj. *eight together*, *eight at a time*.
Octonarius, a, um, adj. *of the number eight*.
Octui, æ, a, adj. pl. *eight, eight each*.
Octaphorum, i. n. al. **Octaphorum**, a, litter or sedan carried by eight servants.
Octuplicatus, a, um, adj. *eight times doubled*.
Octuplus, a, um, adj. *eight times as much*.
Octussis, is, m. [i. e. octo asses] *eight asses in money*.
Ocularius, a, um, adj. *pertaining to the eyes*.
Ocularius, ii. m. [sc. medicus] *an oculist*.
Oculata, æ. f. *a kind of sea-fish like a lizard, with great eyes*.
Oculatio, onis. f. *the taking away of superfluous vine-buds*.
Oculatus, a, um, adj. *of the eyes*.
Oculeus, a, um, adj. *all eyes, all over eyes*.
Oculus, i. m. dim. *an eye*; *view*, *eye*; *ornament*, *beauty*, *glory of*; *a bud just putting forth or the knob out of which the bud rises*.
Ode, es, v. **oda**, æ. f. *an ode*,

a song; *a copy of tyrie verses*.
Odium, ei. n. *a music-room*, *a place for rehearsal*.
Odi, isti. it. *scil. ab olivi et onis sum v. fui*, **odieram**, **erim**, **et erem**, **ero**, **odisse**. verb. delect. *I hate or have hated*; *not to endure*.
Odionylon, tia, m. *the Greek name of the fish remora*.
Odiſe, adv. *troublesomely*; *odiously*, *abominably*; *tediously*; *unseasonably*, *impertinently*; *affectedly*.
Odiosus, a, um, adj. *hateful*, *odious*; *unwelcome*, *unacceptable*; *troublesome*, *teasing*, *impertinent*; *tiresome*, *irksome*, *not to be borne*; *dishonourable*, *scandalous*, *base*, *indecent*; *distasteful*, *that savours of arrogance and assuming*; *offensive*, *provoking*; *affected*; *nice*, *curious*; *tedious* and *slow in doing*; *taken ill*, *resented*.
Odium, ii. n. [a verb. odi] *hated*, *grudge*, *ill will*, *spite*, *animosity*, *aversion*; *dislike*, *unacceptableness*; *antipathy*; *weariness* or *a being tired with*; *importunity*, *perpetual teasing* and *dunning*; *tediousness*.
Odontides, is, m. *the name of an herb*.
Odor, dris. m. *a savour*, *scent*; *or smell*; *unquiet*, *perfume*, *frankincense*; *a hope*, *guess*, *slight hint of*.
Odoramentum, i. n. *a perfume or any sweet thing*.
Odorarius, a, um, adj. *sweet or strong smelling*.
Odoratio, onis. f. *a smelling*.
Odoratus, a, um, adj. *smelling*, *sweet smelling*, *odoriferous*; *fragrant*; *perfumed*.
Odoratus, us, m. *the act of smelling*; *the sense of smelling*.
Odoriferus v. **Odorifer**, era, trum. adj. *odoriferous*, *sweet*, *fragrant*, *producing odours*.
Odoro, are, avi. atum. act. *to give a fragrance to*; *to perfume*; *to invoke to smell sweet*.
Odoror, ari. atus. dep. *to smell to*; *to smell or hunt out*; *to search out by secret means*; *to get or pump out of one*; *to guess at the meaning*; *to have a design upon*.
Odorus, a, um, adj. *of a sweet or pleasant smell*; *of a strong smell*; *quick-scented*.
Odos, dris. m. *smell*.
Odysses, æ. f. *the Odyssey of Homer*.
Oeconſomia, æ. f. *economy*.
Oeconſomicus, a, um, adj. *apt*, *fit*, *elegant*.
Oecus, i. m. *a large dining-room*.

Enanthe, es. f. *the grape and flower of the wild vine*; *an herb*; *a bird*.
Enanthinus, a, um, adj. *belonging to the wild vine*.
Enaphorum, i. n. *a wine-bottle*, *a vessel to carry wine in*, *a flagon*.
Enapholum, ii. n. *a shop where wine is sold*.
Enathra, æ. m. *the name of an herb*.
Enathra, idia. f. *an herb*.
Estrus, stri. m. *Latine Asilus*, *a gad-bee*, *a dun-fly*, *a breeze*; *poetic rage*, *inspired fury*.
Easum, i. n. *a medicament made of the filth and sweat that is on sheep's wool*.
Easus, i. m. *the filth and sweat sticking to the wool on the flanks and shoulders of sheep*.
Eum, i. n. *an Egyptian herb*.
Etella, æ. f. *a collop*, *a little piece of flesh*, *a steak*.
Offa, æ. f. *paste which fowls are fed with*; *a cake*, *any like composition*; *a collop or piece of any meat*; *a chop or steak*; *a round lump of any thing*; *a bump*, *a swelling*; *an embryo*, *a mis-shapen or ugly creature*.
Offatim, adv. *in little bits*, *from limb to limb*.
Offectus, a, um, part. [ab officio] *stopped or hindered*.
Offendiculum, i. n. *a stumbling-block*; *ground of offence*.
Offenditur, impers. *offence is given*.
Offendo, ere, dii, sum. act. *to hit*; *to strike unwares against*; *to strike with*, *upon*, or *against*; *to founder*; *to miscarry*; *to hurt with a fall*; *to fall into*; *to be wrecked on*; *to mistake*; *to stumble*; *to make a false step*; *to meet with a rub*; *to have ill success*; *to offend*; *to displeased*; *to be cast in law*; *to give offence to*; *to be blame-worthy*; *to annoy*; *to light upon*; *to find fault*; *to be displeased with*.
Offensa, æ. f. *a stumble*, *a trip*; *miscarriage*; *the giving offence*; *miademeanour*, *injury*; *a disagreeableness*; *a disgust*, *displeasure*; *an ill-disposition or illness*; *annoyance*, *nuisance*.
Offensans, tis, part. *stumbling*, *falling*, or *hurting on's self against*; *tripping*, *falling*; *miscarrying*, *being indisposed*.
Offensatio, onis. f. *a hitting or striking against*; *a tripping or falling*.
Offensio, onis. f. *a trip or stumble*; *misfortune*, *miscarriage*; *indisposition*, *disorder*, *dis-*

temper of body; a grievance; disagreeableness, offensiveness, unpleasantness; disgust, dissatisfaction, displeasure; dislike.

Offensivum, *n. f. dim.* some little disgrace; failure; some little disgust; offence.

Offenso, *äre. Ävi, Ätum. f. eq.* to knock or strike often against; to meet and hit one against another often.

Offensum, *i. n.* disgust, offence, disagreeableness.

Offensus, *a, um. part.* struck against by chance; having met or hit; that which is stumbled against; dissatisfied, disgusted, displeased, annoyed, discontented, disaffected, dissatisfied, disparaged; offensive, disliked, disgraced; distempered, disordered.

Offensus, *üs. m.* the meeting, striking, or clashing of things in motion; the meeting with a rub or stop; dissatisfaction, displeasure.

Offero, *ferre, obtuli, oblätum.* act. to bring to or before; to present before one's eyes or imagination; to offer one's assistance; to put or obtrude one's self upon; to show; to hold forth; to show designedly and confidently; to give or bring to one's assistance; to offer; to give up; to raise in or put in to the mind; to bring upon; to occasion to; to oppose to; to hold forth against; to put himself in the way; to interpose; to expose to.

Officina, *æ. f.* a workhouse; a shop; a public school; a hen-roost.

Officiator, *Öris. m.* the overseer of workmen; an inspector.

Officio, *Öre, feci, sectum.* act. [*ex ob et facio*] to hinder; to be hurtful to; to stand in the way; to stop; to obstruct; to obstruct by hindering the prospect; to obscure.

Officiose adv. friendly, serviceably, obligingly, respectfully, courteously, dutifully; officiously.

Officiösus, *a, um. adj.* obliging, ready to serve; dutiful; officious, complimentary, ready to wait on. Subst. a servant, a waiter.

Officium, *li. n.* business, one's proper business; employment; moral duty; an engagement obliging one to serve another; friendliness; officiousness; heartiness, constancy in discharging one's obligations; service, duty of servants; due obedience, honour, or respect; ci-

vility, courtesy; salutation, a waiting upon, compliment; an office or public employment; solemn attendance on any public occasion.

Officito, *Öre, xi, xum.* act. to turn a thing about or the other way.

Offensusus, *a, um. adj.* led like an ass in a halter; bantered, abused, fooled.

Offringo, *Öre, Egi, actum.* act. to break the clods of land by ploughing over again; to fallow twice; to plough the second time or across.

Offucia, *æ. f.* [*ex ob et fucus*] any wash or paint. **Offucie**, *clents, tricks, or juggles.*

Offula, *æ. f. dim.* [*ab offa*] a little chop or piece of flesh; a little cake.

Offundo, *Öre, fudi, fustum.* act. to pour or sprinkle upon; to spread or throw over.

Offusus, *a, um. part.* sprinkled; overwhelmed.

Oggro, *gërre, gessi, gestum.* act. to give or put in plenty.

Oh, interj.

Ohe, interj. enough, oh enough.

Oho, interj. oh!

Öi, interj. Öi, hui!

Olea, *æ. f.* an olive-tree. Plur. olive branches; olives, the fruit.

Oleaceus, *a, um. adj.* olive.

Oleagineus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to the olive-tree.

Oleäginus, *a, um. adj.* of an olive-tree; of the colour of an olive-tree.

Oleäris, *is, e. adj.* of an olive-tree.

Oleärius, *a, um. adj.* where oil is kept.

Oleärius, *i. m.* an oilman.

Oleustellus, *i. m. dim.* [*ab oleaster*] a little low sort of olive-tree.

Oleaster, *tri. m.* a wild olive-tree.

Oleastrensis, *is, e. adj.* of or like an olive; of an olive-colour.

Oleitas, *Ätis. f.* the time of gathering olives and making oil.

Oleo, *Öre, lui et lëvi, lätum et lätum.* to grow; to smell; to savour; to scent of; to yield a smell or savour; to stink; to savour of; to give some indications of; to be smelled out or guessed at.

Oleöeus, *a, um. adj.* full of oily substance; fat, oily.

Oleöceus, *a, um. adj.* of or like yucca pot-herbs.

Oleum, *i. n.* [*ab olea*] a place where olives grow, an olive-yard.

Oleum, *i. n.* [*ab olendo*] a receptacle for faces or urine.

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Oleum, *ei. n. oil; that which is for exercise and show only.*

Officio, *Öre, feci, factum.* act. *ei neut.* to give a scent to; to smell to; to sniff up; to smell out; to find by sagacity; to scent; to be in pursuit of; to have a longing and design to get.

Offacto, *Öre, Ävi, Ätum.* freq. to smell often to.

Offactörium, *ii. n.* a box wherein to carry perfumes or the like about one; a smelling-bottle.

Offactus, *üs. m.* the smell or act of smelling.

Ölids, *a, um. adj.* smelling strong; frouzy; of a rank smell.

Olim, adv. in time past, a good while ago, long since; lately, not long ago; once upon a time; heretofore, long hence, in after-times.

Ölitor, *Öris. m.* a gardener, a seller of herbs.

Ölitorius, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to a garden of pot-herbs.

Öliva, *æ. f.* the olive-tree; a chaplet or crown of olives; branches; an olive, the fruit of the olive-tree.

Ölivaus, *tis. part.* gathering olives.

Ölvärius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to olives.

Ölvätum, *i. n.* the place where olives grow, an olive-yard.

Ölvifer, *a, um. adj.* where many olive-trees grow; that bears olives.

Ölvina, *æ. f.* an olive-yard.

Ölvitas, *Ätis. f.* a crop or harvest of olives or oil; the time of gathering olives, an anointing with oil; a stock of oil.

Ölvum, *i. n.* oil of olives.

Ola, *æ. f.* et apud vet. *Ola*; ant. *Aula*, a pot of earth or of metal.

Ölläris, *is, e. adj.* that is kept or preserved in vote.

Öllärius, *a, um. adj.* that is made or prepared in a pot.

Ölli, adv. pro illi.

Ölli, *öllis, pro illi, illis.*

Öllula, *æ. f. dim.* a little pot or pipkin.

Öllyxon, *ontis. m.* the male frog, called so when he croaks in spawning-time.

Ölor, *Öris. in.* a swan.

Öldriser, *Ära, Örum. adj.* in which swims many swans.

Ölörinus, *a, um. adj.* of or like a swan.

Ölus, *Äris. n.* any garden herbs for food; pot-herbs; coleworts.

Ölus-atrum, *i. n.* an herb called lovage, with black leaves; asparagus.

Ölusculum, *i. n. dim.* [*ab olus*

small herbs good to be eaten; salading; a little salad.

Olyra, *m. f.* a kind of wheat growing in Egypt and elsewhere.

Omnium, *i. n.* the thick and fatty part of the belly of a beef; a fat tripe.

Ombria, *m. f.* a precious stone.

Omen, *inis. n.* an omen; a token of good or bad luck; a good omen; an evil or unlucky omen; an augury.

Omentum, *i. n.* the caul wherein the bowels are wrapped.

Ominator, *oris. m.* a foreboder.

Omiuor, *ari, itus. dep.* [ab omen] to speak words of happy or evil import; to presage; to forebode; to give omen of evil.

Ominose, *adv.* ominously, by an omen.

Ominus, *a, um. adj.* inauspicious, ominous, ill-boding.

Omissus, *a, um. part. et adj.* left off, laid aside, passed by, omitted; remiss, careless.

Omitto, *ere, misi, ssum. act.* to lay aside; to throw away; to put away; to send away; to pack off; to leave behind; to let one alone; to leave speaking to; to let one go; not to mention; to say nothing of; to pass by; not to mention; to omit; to put off; to defer; to leave out; to neglect; to leave off.

Omnifer, *era, trum. adj.* that bears or brings forth all things, or of all kinds.

Omnigenus, *a, um. adj.* of all kinds or sorts.

Omnimodis, *adv. i. e.* omnibus modis, all manner of ways, wholly, totally.

Omnimodo, *melius omni modo.* in every way, by all means.

Omnino, *adv.* [ab omnis] in all, but; wholly, entirely, altogether, utterly; very; by far; in general; whatsoever; by all means, surely; indeed; in short.

Omniparens, *tis. adj.* which bears and brings forth all things; the father or mother of all things.

Omnipotens, *tis. part.* omnipotent, almighty.

Omnis, *is. e. adj.* all; the whole; any; every; utmost; most earnest; the universe.

Omnivius, *tis. part.* all-seeing.

Omnivagus, *a, um. adj.* wandering every where.

Omnivulus, *a, um. adj.* coveting or falling in love with all beautiful women.

Omnivorus, *a, um. adj.* that eats all sorts.

Omopectus, *trum. pl. f.* the shoulder-blades.

Omphacinus *v.* **Omphicus**, *a, um. adj.* belonging to unripe grapes.

Omphalocarpon, *i. n.* a kind of burr.

Omniger, *ri. m.* a wild ass.

Omnigrus, *ri. m.* a wild ass.

Onerarius, *a, um. adj.* serving for burden or carriage.

Ondratus, *a, um. part.* burdened, laden; full of.

Ondro, *are, avi, itum. act.* [ab onus, oneris] to load; to lay in in great quantities; to press; to heap; to fill with; to lay upon; to trouble; to burden; to weary; to offer, give, or lay on plenty of; to accumulate; to oppress with; to cloy or glut with; to accuse heavily; to enhance; to aggravate; to be too heavy or chargeable.

Ondrosus, *a, um. adj.* heavy, weighty; troublesome, burdensome; oppressing; too chargeable or heavy to.

Oncus, *i. m.* a sow, a cheeslip, or wood-louse.

Oncis, *idis. f.* a sort of sea-weed.

Ondschilus, *i. f. seu Ondschilles. is. n.* a kind of the herb alkanet.

Ondis, *is. f.* rest-harrow, cammock, petty whin.

Ondpordon, *i. n.* a kind of herb, which, being eaten by asses, makes them fart.

Ondpyxos, *i. f. asses-thistle.*

Ondrosus, *m. f.* stone bugloss.

Ondris, *is. f.* Vid. Enothera.

Onus, *oris. n.* a burden, load, weight; the lading of a ship, a cargo; the burden of pregnancy; trouble, charge; impediment; hindrance; pressure, an affliction; a hard task; severity, yoke, restraint; a troublesome employment; impositions, taxes, tributes; a strict obligation.

Onustus, *a, um. adj.* laden or loaded; burdened; filled with full of; overcharged, depressed.

Onychineus, *a, um. adj.* of a purple colour, the colour of the shell of the Indian blatta; of the shape of a man's nail.

Onychitis, *itidis. f.* [a seq.] a kind of crust found sticking to the sides of furnaces in which brass ore is melted.

Onyx, *ychis. m. et f.* a precious stone; alabaster; a box for unguents; the name of a shell-fish; the shell of the same.

Opa, *m. f.* the cavity wherein beams are laid in walls.

Opacitas, *itis. f.* darkness, shadowiness; opacity.

Opaco, *are, avi, itum. act.* to shade; to cover; to darken.

Opacus, *a, um. adj.* shadowing, darkening; dusky; dark;

shady; growing thick, matted; growing in the shade.

Opalia, *trum. n. pl.* feasts dedicated to the goddess Ops.

Opalus, *i. m. et Opalum, i. n.* the opal.

Opconiva, *trum. n. pl.* holidays dedicated to the goddess Ops Coniva.

Opella, *m. f. dim.* [ab opera] little labour or application; little business, assiduity.

Opdra, *m. f.* work, labour; workmanship; the service of a slave or hired workman; a task; employment, business, trade; endeavour, assistance; attention, the applying one's self to any thing; time or pains; means, performance, help; good or ill service; default or cause; effect, usefulness. In plur. operæ, a public employment; workmen, artists.

Opdraria, *m. f.* [sc. muller] a workwoman.

Opdrarius, *a, um. adj.* of work or servile labour.

Opdrarius, *li. m.* [sc. homo] a workman, a labourer; a mechanic; an artificer; a slave bred to hard or country work.

Opdratio, *onis. f.* working, the making a work; a sacrificing or celebrating a holiday.

Opdratus, *a, um. part.* working, labouring; employed, busied about, taken up with; sacrificing, sacrificing to; keeping a time holy, in honour of; suppliant.

Opdrulatus, *a, um. part.* covered with a cover.

Opdrullo, *are, avi, itum. act.* to cover; to clap the lid on a vessel; to stop up with a stopple.

Opdrulum, *i. n.* a cover or lid.

Opdrimentum, *i. n.* a covering, a lid; a coverlet or counterpane.

Opdrio, *ire, ui, tum. act.* to shut up; to close; to cover; to hide or conceal; to hide or bury out of sight.

Opdror, *ari, itus. dep.* to operate; to labour; to work; to be employed in; to be concerned in; to be the occasion to; to be taken up with sacrificing or performing any holy rites.

Opdröse, *adv.* laboriously, industriously.

Opdrösus, *a, um. adj.* [ab opus] laborious, busy, industrious, active; efficacious, operative; hard, difficult; painful, tiresome; well wrought; built or adorned with great cost; huge, mighty, vast.

Opdrüneus, *a, um. adj.* secret.

Opdrtio, *onis. f.* [ab operio] a covering over.

Opertorium, *h. n.* [*ad operio*] a coverlet.

Opertum, *i. n.* [*ex part.*] any thing covered or hidden.

Opertus, *a, um. part.* shut, shut up; covered over, wrapped about in; secret, concealed, dark; private, abstruse; laden with.

Opficardelos, *i. m.* a precious stone.

Opfidion, *ii. n.* a fish; a grig.

Opfidmāchus, *i. m.* a kind of locust without wings.

Opfion, *i. n.* a beast in *Sardinia*, less than a hart, with hair and teeth like it.

Opfioetāphyllos, *i. m.* the herb briony or white-vine.

Opfitas, *m. m.* a kind of black marble, full of spots like a serpent.

Opfiūchus, *i. m.* a constellation so called.

Opfiūsa, *m. f.* *rectius* *Opfiussa*, the name of an herb.

Opfrys, *yos. f.* the name of an herb.

Opfthalmias, *m. m.* a kind of sea-fish.

Opfthalmicus, *i. m.* an oculist.

Opficus, *a, um. adj.* barbarous, rude, unlearned.

Opifer, *tra, erum. adj.* which aids or helps; succouring.

Opifex, *icis. c. g.* a maker, a framer; an artificer, a mechanic; a labourer, a manufacturer; an artist, inventor, deviser; the producer, causer, or effecter.

Opificina, *m. f.* the framing, unrivving, or doing of a thing.

Opificium, *ii. n.* the making or doing of a work.

Opilio, Onis. m. a shepherd; a kind of bird.

Opime, *adv.* abundantly, plentifully. *Vid.* *Opipare*.

Opimitas, *itis. f.* plenty of good things.

Opimo, *ere, eri, itum. act.* to fatten; to make fat.

Opimus, *a, um. adj.* fruitful, rich, fertile; fat, well-grown, large, gross; fair, plentiful; abounding with all good things; well furnished; most honourable.

Opinābilis, *is. e. adj.* imaginary, fanciful, conjectural.

Opinatio, *onis. f.* imagination, too forward assent.

Opinatio, *adv.* suddenly, unexpectedly.

Opinātor, *oris. m.* an opinator or fond supposer.

Opinātus, *us. m.* fancy or imagination.

Opinatus, *a, um. part. et adj.* imagined, supposed; famous, in good repute; speaking.

Opinia, *onis. f.* [*ad opinor*] ima-

gination, belief, fancy; opinion, judgment, sentiment; common report, fame, rumour, talk, vogue; esteem, credit, value, account, reputation; a guess, a conjecture; a ground for suspicion; self-conceit, self-love.

Opiniosissimus, *a, um. adj.* very opinionative, full of new hypotheses, given to novelty.

Opinor, *eri, itus. dep.* to hold; to esteem; to believe; to assent to without full evidence; to think; to judge; to suppose; to fancy; to imagine; to guess; to speak. *Pass.* to be supposed.

Opianus, *a, um. adj.* thought of.

Opipare, *adv.* richly, opulently, daintily, plentifully, sumptuously, magnificently.

Opiparus, *a, um. adj.* [*ex opes et paro*] abounding with wealth; in a happy and plentiful state; sumptuous, costly, dainty.

Opisthographus, *a, um. adj.* written on both sides.

Opisthotōnos, *i. m.* a disease, causing a distortion of the neck.

Opisthotōnicus, *a, um. adj.* wry-necked.

Opitator, *eri, itus. dep.* antiq.

Opitulo, *to help; to assist; to relieve; to redress; to be good for.*

Opium, *ii. n.* the juice of poppy.

Opobalsamum, *i. n.* balm of Gilead, the juice of the balm-tree; the tree.

Opocarpitum, *i. n.* the juice of carpathum, a poison.

Opopanax, *icis. m.* the juice of panax or the herb all-heal.

Oporece, *es. f.* an excellent medicine from fruits.

Oportheca, *m. f.* an apple-loft or place where fruits are laid up.

Oporteo, *ere, ui. pers.* to behave; to be needful, convenient, or fit.

Oporet, *ebat, uit, ere. impers.* it behoves; it is meet or proper; it ought; it must needs be that.

Oppango, *ere, egi, pactum. act.* to fasten or join to.

Oppector, *ti, — pass.* to be picked or pulled; to be eaten.

Oppeto, *ere, — neut.* to fart against; to affront; to contradict.

Oppetior, *eri, ritus. dep.* to stay, wait, or tarry for; to watch; to observe.

Oppessulatus, *a, um. adj.* bolted, hasped, or barred against.

Oppeto, *ere, iui v. ii. itum.*

act. to undergo; to suffer; to die.

Oppico, *ere, avi, itum. act.* to smear over with pitch.

Oppidānus, *a, um. adj.* belonging to a town.

Oppidānus, *i. m.* a citizen or townsman.

Oppiditum, *adv.* town by town or from town to town.

Oppido, *adv.* very much, exceedingly; utterly, quite, altogether, wholly.

Oppidulum, *i. n. dim.* a little town.

Oppidum, *i. n. al.* *Oppidum.* a walled town, a town or borough; a city.

Oppignero, *ere, avi, itum. act.* to pawn; to lay to pawn; to gage; to engage; to bind one's self.

Oppilatus, *a, um. part.* that has the entrance stoped against.

Oppilo, *ere, avi, itum. act.* to stop or fill up against.

Oppleo, *ere, eri, itum. act.* to fill up.

Oppletus, *a, um. part.* filled.

Opploro, *ere, eri, itum. neut.* to weep; to wail; to keep a whining about.

Oppono, *ere, sui, situm. act.* to put to or lay close; to build over against; to place, fix, or clap against; to put before;

to place for covering; to thrust, put, or give to; to hold up against; to interpose; to put or lay in the way of; to oppose; to oppose to; to offer against; to pretend; to use or name against; to set up against; to give up; to consign to; to oblige to; to turn towards.

Opportune, *adv.* opportunely, conveniently; seasonably.

Opportunitas, *itis. f.* convenience, fitness; opportunity; seasonableness, benefit, use, advantage.

Opportunus, *a, um. adj.* commodious, fit, convenient, meet, useful, advantageous, serviceable; seasonable, opportune; happening in good time, found by good chance; well-timed, paily, or dexterously managed; apt to; odonizous or subject to; exposed to; giving the enemy an advantage over him.

Oppositio, *onis. f.* opposition, contrariety.

Oppositus, *a, um. part. set, put, or placed against; pavened; objected; lying between or in the way; opposite.*

Oppositus, *us. m.* interposition or an opposing; opposition or a being against.

Oppressio, *onis. f.* oppression, extortion, violence; the crush-

ing, bearing down, or stifling, by violence.

Oppressiuncula, æ. f. dim. a little pressing.

Oppressor, òris. m. an oppressor, a destroyer.

Oppressus, a, um. part. pressed down, equesed flat; stifled, concealed; borne down, over-set, overlaid, overpowered, oppressed, crushed, enslaved; heavy or overcharged; routed, vanquished, subdued; violently brought to an end; abolished.

Opprimo, òre, essi, essum. act. [ex ob et premo] to press or thrust down; to crush to death; to squeeze flat; to stop; to dispirit; to depress; to fall heavy upon; to be too hard for; to overthrow; to cast; to make one yield or comply by urgency; to bury; to efface; to overwhelm; to enslave; to destroy; to root out; to fall or come upon suddenly; to surprise; to take unprovided; to overtake; to catch; to quench; to put out; to beat down at the first; to come on and put a stop to; to stifle; to hide; to conceal; to suppress.

Oppròb um, li. n. a reproach or taun; a disgrace or scandal.

Opprobrio, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to object as a disgrace; to upbraid with; to twist; to hit in the teeth.

Oppugnatio, ònis. f. the act of attacking or assaulting; an assault or battery; a siege; opposition; the acting against another's interest.

Oppugnator, òris. m. an enemy, opposer, or underminer; a besieger.

Oppugnatus, a, um. part. assaulted, buffeted; weakened, having suffered by.

Oppugno, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to fight against; to assault; to thwart; to oppose; to oppugn; to endeavour to overthrow or disappoint; to endeavour to run down.

Oppulso, òre. act. unde Oppulso, òri. pass. to be pruned or cut off.

Ops, f. ìnus. òpis, gen. òpem, accus. òpe, abl. power, might; help, assistance; that which contributes or is effectual towards; rule, dominion, empire.

Opsonator, &c. Vid. Opsonator, &c.

Optabilis, is, e. adj. desirable, ligible.

Optabiliter, adv. desirably, eligibly.

Optavis, pro optaveris.

Optatio, ònis. f. a wishing or wish.

Optato, adv. [neut. of part.] according to one's desire, desirably.

Optatum, l. n. a wish or desire. Optatus, a, um. part. et adj. wished, desired, or longed for; implored, entreated; acceptable, desirable.

Optimas, òtis. c. g. belonging to aristocracy; that is for maintaining the authority of the senate; of the highest rank, of the first quality. Optimates, defenders of the senate and regular government; opposers of popularity or faction; the great men.

Optime, adv. vid. Bene, very well, best; most easily or conveniently; most opportunely or seasonably.

Optimus, a, um. adj. sup. [a bonus] best, most eligible; most fit, proper, meet, or convenient; most seasonable; most excellent, most perfect; most beneficent.

Optio, ònis. f. [ab opto] a choice, option, or election.

Optio, ònis. f. an assistant; one chosen for a helper or under-puller; a deputy, lieutenant, mate, or assistant; a substitute; an advantage.

Optivus, a, um. adj. assumed, additional.

Opto, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to wish for; to desire; to want; to require; to choose; to desire to do; to prefer; to take one's choice; to ask at one's own election; to choose out for; to pick and choose.

Opulens, tis. adj. wealthy or full of riches.

Opulenter, adv. magnificently, plentifully, abundantly.

Opulentia, æ. f. power, greatness; plenty, abundance; wealth, riches.

Opulento, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to furnish plentifully or daintily; to enrich and make wealthy.

Opulentus, a, um. adj. potent, mighty, of great interest; magnificent, sumptuous, noble; full of, plentiful, abounding with; rich, wealthy; dainty; enriched with, rendered august, or splendid by.

Opillus, l. f. witch-hazel.

Opuntia, æ. f. a kind of herb.

Opus, òris. n. a work, a performance; labour, pains; country labour or work; difficulty, toil, travail; business or task; the part, the concern; the use, the service; workmanship, manufacture; employment, the particular business of any way of life;

an act or deed; a building, pile, or structure; a work or fortification; a military exploit, an achievement; a manly exercise.

Opus, subst. indecl. need, occasion.

Opus, adj. indecl. needful, expedient, necessary.

Opusculum, l. n. dim. a little frame, fabric, or composure; a little piece, a small treatise or work.

Oræ, m. f. a coast, region, part, or country; the border or coast of a country; a tract, a climate; the extremity, edge, brim, margin, hem, or border; extent, circumference, limits; the rope which fastens a ship to the shore.

Oraculum, l. n. an oracle, answer, counsel, or sentence from the gods; a prophecy, a prediction; a place where divine answers are given; a famous true saying; an adage.

Orarius, a, um. adj. of the shore or sea-coast.

Oratio, ònis. f. a speaking, declaiming; a making speeches; a word, a speech; a discourse; a plea, a reason, a defence; a manner of speaking or writing; an oration, a declamation; an adage; an edict, rescript, or mandate.

Oratiuncula, æ. f. dim. a little oration or speech.

Orator, òris. m. a speaker; an orator; the title of a book of Cicero's; a mediator, an intercessor; an ambassador, a legate.

Oratorie, adv. oratorically.

Oratorius, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to an orator or oratory; befitting an orator.

Oratum, l. n. [subst. ex part.] a thing desired, a request, a petition, an entreaty.

Oratus, a, um. part. prayed, besought.

Oratus, ùs. m. a desire, request, or entreaty.

Orbatio, ònis. f. privation.

Orbator, òris. m. he that bereaves one of his children.

Orbatus, a, um. part. left childless; destitute; bereft of; deprived of.

Orbiculatum, adv. in round figures; orbicularly.

Orbiculatus, a, um. adj. of a round or circular form.

Orbiculus, l. m. dim. a little round ball; the wheel of a pulley.

Orbile, is, n. the end of the axle-tree, which goes into the hollow of the nave.

Orbis, is. m. any round thing; a globe; a circle, an orb; a perpetual circle or circulation;

ring, a round; a roundness of style or neatness of periods; the bound or limit; a compass, a circuit; a round trench; the wreath of a snake; a coil of such wreaths; a snake; a wheel; the nave of a wheel; a military term; a curl or ringlet; a set of curls, a woman's tower; the world; the Roman empire; a concourse of people from all parts; a table; a shield or buckler; a round roll.

Orbita, *m. f.* the track or rut of a chariot or chariot-wheel; a print or impression; a mark or trace.

Orbitas, *itis. f.* the being without children; the being fatherless; destitute of.

Orbo, *are, avi, itum. act.* [ab *orbua*] to bereave; to deprive of; to leave helpless or maimed without; to abridge.

Orbus, *a, um.* children without father or mother; deprived of; having no assertors or maintainers; bearing no fruit; destitute of; lame, defective, imperfect; not having.

Orca, *m. f.* a sort of great fish.

Orca, *m. f.* a jar or like earthen vessel, in which they put new wine, dried figs, &c. a dice-box.

Orca, *m. f.* a precious stone.

Orchestra, *m. f.* the stage or middle of the stage among the Greeks, but among the Romans it was the space between a stage and the common us, on which the senators & nobles sat to see plays acted; the senate or persons of best quality sitting next the stage.

Orchis, *itis. f.* *Alil Orchitis* vomit esse nom. a sort of olive-tree; a kind of large olive for eating.

Orchis, *is. m.* an herb; a round fish without scales.

Orcinus, *a, um. adj.* [ab *orca*] belonging to funerals.

Orcula, *m. f. dim.* [ab *orca*] a little vessel, a rindlet, a jar.

Orcus, *ci. m.* Pluto, the god of those below; the state, house, place, or receptacle of the dead.

Ordinarius, *a, um. adj.* placed, set, or planted in order; of a regular and corresponding figure, of like size and form; ordinary, usual, regular.

Ordinate, *adv.* methodically.

Ordinatum, *adv.* in good order or array; in rank and file; regularly; one after another.

Ordinatio, *onis. f.* a method, a body of rules; a practice, way, or custom; a creation or

appointing of governors; administration, government.

Ordinator, *oris. m.* he that puts things in a method, a manager, ordainer, regulator.

Ordinatus, *a, um. part.* set in order, disposed, ranged; drawn up in rank and file; regular, well ordered; acting regularly or methodically; contrived, settled or ordered.

Ordino, *are, avi, itum. act.* in ordinem pono. to put in order; to set or plant in rows; to set in array; to draw up; to exercise in military order; to regulate; to settle; to contrive; to cast in the mind; to ordain; to create; to commission.

Ordior, *iri, orans et orditus*, *dep.* to begin to spin or weave; to decree; to ordain to; to begin or enter upon; to write; to speak of.

Ordo, *inis. m.* an order or law; a beginning, series, tenor, and succession; an established rule or law; the decree of fate; a regular arbitrary placing, disposal, or disposition; method; a degree, rank, or quality; the senate; state, condition, circumstances; troops, forces, the command of troops; military array, a way of drawing up men or ships; a rank or file of soldiers; a rank or row of any thing; a set of curls; a bank of oars; a bench; regularity; or a constant way or course of life or action; order, discipline.

Ordo, *ei. n.* a kind of knot-grass; blood-wort.

Ordo, *is. n.* a kind of void parsley.

Orexis, *is. f.* a stomach or appetite.

Organicus, *i. m.* he that plays on musical instruments.

Organicus, *a, um. adj.* organic; that is done by an engine, frame, or machine; musical.

Organum, *i. n.* a general name of instruments or machines.

Orgia, *drum. a. pl.* sacred rites; the mystic rites of the Bacchical revels.

Orichalcum, *i. n.* a kind of mountain brass, metal of great price.

Oricillarius, *a, um. adj.* pro Auricularius, for the ears.

Oriens, *entis. part.* rising, blowing; growing up or beginning to flourish; growing or increasing; rising or beginning.

Oriens, *entis. m.* the east or east country; eastern parts or provinces: the rising sun, the morning.

Origo, *inis. f.* the head; a beginning; a breed or kind; pedigree, extraction, lineage, or descent; an original principle; the founding of cities or first beginning of a nation.

Origines, *mother cities.* *Origines*, a book of Cato's, treating of antiquities.

Orior, *iri, ortus. dep.* to rise; to get up; to shoot up; to break out; to start up; to become of a sudden; to appear; to rise or begin to be occasioned; to be made; to have a beginning; to be born; to arise; to result from.

Oripelargus, *i. m.* an eagle shaped like a vulture.

Orites, *m. m.* a round precious stone.

Oriundus, *a, um. part.* deriving pedigree from, descended from; born of; born at.

Ornamentum, *i. n.* attire; a set of harness; armour or accoutrements; the ensigns or marks of authority; an ornament, a credit; endowments of mind or fortune; embellishment; any advantage of honour or profit.

Ornate, *adv.* elegantly, gracefully, eloquently.

Ornatix, *icis. f.* a waiting-maid, that dresses her mistress's head.

Ornatus, *a, um. part. et adj.* set off, decked, embellished, adorned, fine; clothed, dressed, arrayed; equipped, habessed, accoutred, rigged, &c. crowned with; furnished, contrived; graced, adorned, or accomplished.

Ornatus, *us. m.* dress; garb, habit, attire; company, attendants, equipage; parade; appurtenances, furniture, at tributes; a feast or entertainment; an adorning or beautifying; embellishment; an ornament; accoutrements of arms; beauty or ornament.

Ornatus, *i. m.* dress, garb, habit; provision, preparation.

Orneus, *a, um. adj.* of the wild ash.

Ornithias, *m. m.* a northern wind blowing gently for about a month together, next after the twentieth of February, when the swallows come.

Ornithoscon, *ii. n.* a great pen, coop, or cage to breed poultry in.

Ornithogale, *is. n.* an herb called dog's onion; star of Bethlehem.

Ornithus, *onis. m.* a great pen, a yard, or other place where fowls are bred and fattened.

Ornithotrophium, *ii. n.* a coop

or place to feed fowls in, and make them fat.

Urno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to deck; to adorn; to garnish; to dress; to curl hair; to put on clothes; to attire; to set out with furniture; to crown with; to furnish; to provide things ready for; to arm or accoutre; to rig; to be an ornament or credit to; to extol; to set off; to commend; to grace; to render graceful; to adjust; to improve; to render honourable; to prefer; to advance; to do one honour.

Ornus, i. f. a wild ash with broad leaves.

Oro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to speak; to deliver an oration; to beg; to entreat; to plead; to pray; to deprecate; to ask pardon of.

Orbanche, es. f. a sort of herb, broomrape.

Orbathion, ii. n. broomrape.

Orbina, ē. f. frankincense in little grains like vetches.

Orbittis, is. f. a kind of gold solder made up into little balls like vetches.

Orphus, i. m. a kind of sea-fish.

Orsa, drum. n. pl. [ex ordior] an undertaking or design; words spoken, a speech.

Orsus, a, um. part. that begins or has begun; that has spoken or said.

Orsus, ūs. m. a word delivered.

Orthampelos, i. f. a kind of vine nesting no prop or support.

Orthographia, ē. f. a draught or model of the front of a building; orthography or the art of writing according to grammar.

Orthomasticus, a, um. adj. Orthomastica mala, breast-appeles.

Orthominon, i. n. a sort of flax or hemp.

Orthopneæ, ē. f. an asthma.

Orthopneicus, a, um. adj. purey, phthisical.

Orthostætes, ārum. f. pl. supporters, buttresses, or pilasters.

Ortus, a, um. part. risen; sprung up; born or descended from; happening, occasioned, begun.

Ortus, ūs. m. the rising; the eastern part of the world, the people of the east; birth, nativity; extraction, descent; production, a beginning; rise or cause.

Orygomētra, = .. the captain or leader, the quails.

Oryza, ygis. f. plantain.

Oryx, v. orix, ygis. m. a sort of wild goat.

Oryza, ē. f. a grain called rice.

Os, oris. m. the mouth; talk, discourse; speech, tongue, language; pronunciation; the

face or countenance; impudence; the look, favour, or make of the face; presence; the shape or figure; the bill or beak of a bird; the front of an army; any gap, breach or hole to enter at; the passage or entrance into any place; the head or fountain. Ora, vizards.

Os, ossis. n. a bone; a tooth; the stone of any fruit.

Oscen, inis. f. v. **Oscinis**, is. adj. a bird that forebodes, by singing, chirping or the like.

Oscilla, n. pl. the stones or kernels in lupines.

Oscillum, i. n. an image, perhaps of Bacchus, hung on ropes and swung up and down in the air.

Oscitans, tis. part. et adj. yawning or gaping; regardless, secure, careless, heedless, negligent; easy, indolent, inactive.

Oscitanter, adv. carelessly, easily, sleepily, giddily, negligently, perfunctorily.

Oscitatio, ōnis. f. a gaping or yawning; books written carelessly; supine, negligent.

Oscito, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to yawn; to be listless; to open.

Osculābundus, a, um. adj. kissing often.

Osculatio, ōnis. f. a kissing.

Osculatus, a, um. part. kissing, having kissed. Pass. kiss. ed.

Osculor, āri, ātus. dep. to kiss.

Osculum, i. n. dim. a pretty little mouth; holes in a pipe; a kiss.

Ostris v. **Osyris**, is. f. an herb called toad-flax.

Ostrites, ē. m. the Egyptian name of a supposed herb.

Ostor, oris. m. a hater.

Osteus, a, um. adj. of bone; made of bone; bony, of a substance like bone, as hard as bone.

Osteulum, i. n. dim. a little bone.

Ossifraga, ē. f. et **Ossifragus**, i. m. a kind of eagle, an osprey.

Ossifragus, a, um. adj. that breaks bones.

Ostendo, ēre. di, sum et tum. act. to show; to hold forth; to expose; to let one see; to make to appear; to bring forth; to publish; to compose; to give proof of; to represent; to make one know; to signify; to make a show; to tell; to give one to understand; to make plain; to manifest; to discover; to prove; tovince; to betray; to point at.

Ostensus, a, um. part. shown publicly, made a show of.

Ostentatio, ōnis. f. pageantry,

parade; ostentation, vain-glory, a making a fair show outwardly.

Ostentator, oris. m. he that recommends things to public fame, that places them in the best light, to make them appear considerable; a pretender or boaster.

Ostentatus, a, um. part. that which one has been put in hopes of; presented, fairly offered, held forth to one.

Ostento, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. to show often or much; to hold forth to view; to threaten; to menace; to publish; to recite in public; to expose freely to public view; to expose to; to make show of; to put upon or give hopes of; to show a thing; to point to; to give evident marks of; to endeavour to show; to want; to discover.

Ostentum, i. n. a prodigy.

Ostentus, a, um. part. shown or appearing in view; lying open to.

Ostentus, ūs. m. a public show or spectacle; a gazing-stock a mere show; done for show or dissimulation; proof, declaration, a setting forth.

Ostium, ii. n. [sc. tributum] a tax on doors.

Ostium, ii. m. a porter or door-keeper.

Ostium, adv. from door to door, without missing a door.

Ostigo, gnis. f. the scab in lambs or kids, about the mouth and lips.

Ostium, i. n. dim. a little door.

Ostium, ii. n. a door; an entrance or passage; the mouth of a river or haven.

Ostricia, ē. m. a kind of precious stone like an oyster-shell.

Ostriculus, i. m. a sort of voting with oyster-shells; banishment.

Ostricites, ē. m. a voting by shells; ostracism.

Ostricetus, ūdis. f. a kind of crust sticking to furnaces where brass ore is melted.

Ostriculum, ii. n. the shell of a certain fish, called also onyx.

Ostrea, drum. n. pl. any sort of fish with a hard shell; oysters.

Ostrea, ē. f. an oyster.

Ostretrium, ii. n. an oyster-pit or place where oysters are kept.

Ostretrius, a, um. adj. belonging to oysters.

Ostreus, a, um. adj. that is very plentiful of or breeds many oysters.

Ostrifer, āra, ārum. adj. that is plentiful in oysters; oyster-bearing.

Ostrinū, a, um. adj. of a scarlet colour.

Ostrum, i. n. the flesh, of the liquor whereof a sort of purple or scarlet colour is made; the liquor or colour itself; cloths, &c. dyed of that colour.

Ostrya, yos, et ab acc. Ostrya, m. f. a sort of tree in Greece.

Ostus, a, um. part. [ab odi] that shall hate hereafter.

Ostus, a, um. part. [ab odi] that has hated, hating.

Osthne, es. f. an herb having leaves full of holes.

Otia, drum. pl. n. a kind of oysters, sea-ears.

Otiolum, i. n. dim. a little or short leisure.

Otiore, āri, ātus. dep. to spend one's time at one's own pleasure, free from business.

Otiore, adv. easily, leisurely; securely, unconcernedly; without interruption; gently, softly; by little and little.

Otiouus, a, um. adj. [ab otium] free from business, toil or trouble; at leisure; secure, unconcerned, careless; pleasing, easy; being still, discharged from work; that is in no public employment; peaceable, neuter in war; void, vacant; sedate, calm; insignificant, idle, of no value, trifling.

Otis, idis. f. a sort of owl.

Otiom, ii. n. leisure, rest, spare time, freedom from any business; retirement from public business, a private life; the time of recreation and refreshment; peace, public tranquillity; idleness, a doing nothing; the living at ease and in security; the product of one's leisure, sport, waggery. vans, tis. part. triumphing in the lesser triumph or ovation; rejoicing publicly with great magnificence for; prevailing; expressing joy by a public procession, shouting, &c. rejoicing with loud shouts, shouting for joy; full of success and joy, triumphing; making a joyful sound.

Ovatio, onis. f. [ab ovo, as] the less triumph.

Ovatus, a, um. adj. [ab ovum] made like an egg, of an oval figure; marked with oval figures.

Ovatus, a, um. part. that had been gotten in victories, and was carried in triumph.

Ovatus, ūs. m. shouts for joy or victory.

Ovāria, m. f. a flock of sheep.

Ovāricus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sheep.

Ovile i. n. a sheep-cote, a sheepfold; a fold for kids or goats;

a seat in the Campus Martius.

Ovillus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sheep.

Ovis, is. f. et m. a sheep; a fleece.

Ovo, mu. unde Ovas, āre, āvi, ātum. to triumph in the lesser triumph; to appear great and joyful in.

Ovum, i. n. an egg; the spawn of fish, &c.

Oxalis, idis. f. a sort of wild sorrel.

Oxalme, es. f. a sharp salt composition of vinegar and brine.

Oxycedros, i. f. a kind of small cedar, having prickly leaves.

Oxygala, artis. n. a composition made of the thickest cream and salt or of sour milk.

Oxygala, m. f. a conserved composition made of sour milk and herbs.

Oxygram, i. n. a sharp pickle or sauce; a sort of moretum.

Oxylapathon, i. n. a sort of wild sorrel.

Oxymel, ūis. n. Oxymeli, tis. n. a preparation of vinegar, honey, &c.

Oxymyrtilus, es. f. a kind of myrtle.

Oxyporopola, m. m. one that sells sharp sauces and pickles.

Oxyporum, i. n. a sort of moretum.

Oxyporus, a, um. adj. that easily passes or digests.

Oxya, yos. m. an herb, otherwise called trifolium acetosum.

Oxychænos, i. m. a sea-bulrush.

Oxytriphylon, i. n. trefoil with the sharp leaf.

Oxma, m. f. a sort of fish; an ulcer in the nose.

Oxenitis, idis. f. a kind of nard of a rank strong smell.

Oze, es. f. a stinking breath.

P

PABULĀRIS, is, e. adj. belonging to fodder; alimentary.

Pabulatio, onis. f. a feeding or foddering; a foraging, a gathering of food.

Pabulator, ōris. m. a forager.

Pabulatorius, a, um. adj. belonging to fodder.

Pabulor, āri, ātus. dep. to feed; to graze; to forage; to fetch in provision for cattle or man.

Pabulum, i. n. [a pasco, pavi]

food for cattle; fodder, forage; meat for man.

Pacilia, is, e. adj. significant of peace; belonging to the goddess Pax.

Pacite, adv. peaceably, quietly, without disturbance, gently.

Pacitor, ōris. m. a subduer or conqueror.

Pacius, a, um. part. et adj. reduced to peaceable subjection; living in peace; free from enemies or pirates; quiet, undisturbed; calm, still, serene; reconciled, in friendship with one.

Pacifer, ēra, ērum. adj. [ex pax et fero] making or bringing peace; betokening or signifying peace.

Pacificans, tis. part. making peace; endeavouring to make peace with.

Pacificatio, onis. f. pacification or a making of peace; an appeasing; mediation or a treating for peace.

Pacificator, ōris. m. a peacemaker, a mediator, an ambassador.

Pacificatorius, a, um. adj. pertaining to peace or agreement.

Pacificatus, a, um. part. reconciled.

Pacifico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make or desire peace; to appease; to render propitious.

Pacificus, a, um. adj. pertaining to or making for peace; composing matters; tending to an amicable composition; peaceful.

Paciscor, cisci, pactus. dep. to covenant; to bargain; to agree; to come to terms; to give; to receive; to exchange; to barter. Pass. to be agreed upon or covenanted; to be promised.

Pāco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a pax] to subdue; to bring into subjection; to make tractable; to appease; to render propitious.

Pactilis, is, e. adj. plaited, wreathed.

Pactio, onis. f. an agreement or covenant; the form of words in an oath; a promise or covenant of marriage.

Pactor, ōris. m. a maker or signer of a treaty.

Pactum, i. n. a contract, bargain, pact, covenant, or agreement; a connexion. In ablativum ad. v. pronom. a way or manner.

Pactus, a, um. part. [a paciscor] Act. having bargained or agreed; having promised by agreement. Pass. agreed, covenanted; promised by agreement; promised

in marriage, betrothed or espoused.

Pæan, Ænis. m. a hymn sung to any of the gods; a triumphal song to Apollo; a foot in prose or verse, consisting of four syllables; Apollo so called.

Pæantides, um. f. pl. precious stones, having the likeness of frozen water.

Pædæagogium, ii. n. an apartment for the pages or young slaves.

Pædagogus, i. m. a servant who follows his young master, takes care of his behaviour, and attends him to exercise, and to school; a servant that attends and governs a child, and teaches him his letters; he that leads one that is blind; any one that is following, leading up and down, or attending upon; meddlers, censurers of other men's actions; a tutor, a pedagogue or any one that manages or governs another.

Pæderos, Ætis. m. the opal stone; a sort of amethyst; the herb cheruill; the smooth acanthus.

Pædicator, Æris. m. [a seq.] a buggerer.

Pædico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to commit buggery with a boy.

Pædor, Æris. m. nastiness, filth for want of dressing.

Pædülatus, a, um. adj. clothed in a straight thick coat.

Pæne, adv. *Vid.* *Pene*.

Pæon, Ænis. m. scrib. et *Pæan*. a name given to four sorts of feet, consisting of four syllables, and distinguished thus, *Pæon primus*, *tëmpörribüs*; *Secundus*, *pötentlii*; *Tertius*, *Äntimätüs*; *Quartus*, *cëllëritüs*.

Pæonia, æ. f. an herb called penny or piony.

Pætilus, a, um. adj. dim. [a pætos] having a cast with his eyes.

Pætus, a, um. adj. pink-eyed, that has little leering eyes; having a cast with the eyes.

Pægnälia, ium. n. pl. a feast of the country people, in honour of Tellus and Ceres, after the first seed-time.

Pægnicus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the country or to countrymen; pertaining to the peasantry.

Pægnus, a, um. adj. [a pagus] in or of the country or country village.

Pægnus, i. m. [sc. homo] a country-man or peasant; any one that is not a soldier.

Pægum, adv. in separate districts or cantons.

Pægella, æ. f. [a pagina] a little leaf or page.

Pægina, æ. f. a page of a book; a whole book; a little space or path between vines.

Pægnüla, æ. f. dim. a little page or side of a leaf.

Pægrus, gri. m. a sort of fish.

Pægurus, i. m. a sort of crab-fish.

Pægus, i. m. a village or country town; a tribe or division of a country and people; a canton, a district.

Pæla, æ. f. a sort of shovel or spade; a fan to winnow corn; the beazel of a ring; a kind of Indian fig-tree.

Pælära, seu *Pæläcräna*, æ. f. Verbum Hispanicum. a mass or lump of gold.

Pælestra, æ. f. a wrestling; a place for exercise, disputation, study or discourse; a stew, a bawdy-house; skill or readiness in the exercises of the palestra; the comely carriage resulting from having learned one's exercises; dexterity, address, management.

Pælestrica, æ. f. a woman that anoints one with oil, before or after exercises performed.

Pælestrice, adv. like those who spend their time in the palestra.

Pælestricus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the exercises of the palestra; that loves or favours the masters of the palestra.

Pælestricus, i. m. he that teaches the exercises of the palestra.

Pælestrita, æ. m. a wrestler; the master of a school of exercises; one that spends his time in the exercises of the palestra.

Pælam, adv. [a pælo, Ære] openly, publicly, in open view, before all the world, in sight of all the people; plainly, notoriously.

Pælani, prep. regit abl. Æfore, in the presence of.

Pælandus, a, um. part. to be poled or supported with poles.

Pælans, tis. part. [a pælor] wandering, straggling, dispersed, going out of order; routed, broken, scattered in fight; losing the way; placed scattering; wavering, distracted; unsteady.

Pælätinus, a, um. adj. belonging to the Roman emperor's court.

Pælätio, Ænis. f. [a pælo] a foundation made in wet ground by driving in alder piles.

Pælätium, ii. n. the mount Palatine; a court; any great tower or building.

Pælätum, i. n. the cope of heaven; the palate or roof of the

mouth; the palate or taste; the mouth.

Pælätus, i. m. *Vid.* *Palatum*.

Pælätus, a, um. part. pass. poled or propped.

Pælätus, a, um. part. [a pælor] having straggled, out of order or array; flying in disorder, routed, broken.

Pælea, æ. f. chaff; short straw used in making mud walls; refuse or scum; the wattles or gills under a cock's neck.

Pælear, Æris. n. the dewlap of a beast.

Pæläre, is. v. *Pælärium*, i. n. *Pæleare*, a chaff-house.

Pælätus, a, um. adj. mingled with chaff or short straw; clay or dirt, with short straw beaten in it.

Pælimpissa, æ. f. the oil of the pitch of cedar, that has passed a second decoction.

Pælimpæstus, i. n. v. *Pælimpæstos*, i. m. a sort of paper or parchment.

Pælinödia, æ. f. a recantation, a contrary song, a retracting of what one has spoken or written.

Pæliurus, i. m. [in accus. *palluron*] a sort of thorn.

Palla, æ. f. a large upper robe hanging down to the ground, worn chiefly by women of honest fame or by princes; also by musicians, dancers, and actors in tragedies; a kind of short jerkin, which reached no lower than the pockets.

Palläca, æ. f. v. *Palläce*, es. f. a concubine.

Pälläcäna, æ. f. a sort of onion.

Pallens, tis. part. growing, turning, looking, or being pale; that causes paleness.

Falleo, Ære, ui. —. neut. to be or look pale or wan; to be solicitous by reason of; to turn black or smutty; to look pale for fear of; to be very much concerned for.

Pallesco, Ære, —. incept. [a palléo] to grow pale, yellow, or ripe; to grow wan for the love of a person or thing.

Pälliätus, a, um. part. cloaked, clothed in the upper garment used by the Greeks; girt or clothed.

Pällidülus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat pale, palish.

Pällidus, a, um. adj. pale, wan, white; making pale.

Pälliolätus, a, um. adj. ex part. clothed in a little poor mantle or upper garment; that wears a kind of little cap or covering for the head.

Pälliolüm, i. n. dim. a short cloak; a little upper garment for men or women; a little cap or covering for the head, worn

by women, effeminate, or sick men.

Pallium, *il. n.* [a palla] a cloak, a sort of upper garment worn by the Greeks, men and women, freemen and servants, but always by philosophers; also commonly by both sexes at tables. Pallia, coverlets.

Pallor, *bris. m.* [a pallo] paleness; gloominess; mouldiness in vessels.

Pallula, *m. f. dim.* a little upper garment or gown for a woman.

Palma, *m. f.* the palm of the hand, an open palm or hand; a palm or chaplet; a besom or broom made of palm-twigs; a date; the mark or token of victory or of excelling others; victory; a victor; preference, preeminence, principal honour or place; the shoot of a vine, that may bear grapes; the broad end of an oar.

Palmāris, *is, e. adj.* [a palma] of the palm-tree; the principal, most notable, or remarkable.

Palmāris, *is, e. adj.* [a palmus] that is in measure the breadth of four fingers.

Palmāris, *a, um. adj.* [a palma] deserving to bear the prize, most excellent.

Palmātus, *a, um. adj.* having upon it the figure of a palm-tree or branch. Tunica palmata, a triumphal robe worn upon solemn occasions, powdered with broad studs of gold; a robe interwoven or embroidered with palms or other vines, worn by the emperors and the consuls under them.

mātus, *a, um. part.* [a palmo] marked with the palm of the hand.

mes, *itis, m.* a shoot, a young branch of a vine; the shoot of the palm-tree on which its fruit hangs; the bough or branch of any tree.

Palmāia, *brum. n. pl.* [sc. vina] a sort of wines.

Palmētum, *i. n.* a place planted with palms or date-trees.

Palmēus, *a, um. adj.* made of the leaves of the palm-tree; made of dates; a sort of cup for the head.

Palmēus, *a, um. adj.* [a palmus] of a span or three quarters of a foot long.

Palmifer, *tra, brum. adj.* bearing palm-trees; that lives in that part where palm-trees grow.

Palmiger, *tra, brum. adj.* bearing palm-trees.

Palmipēdalis, *is, e. adj.* [a seq.] of the measure of a foot and a span, *i. e.* the space between

the thumb and the little finger stretched out, or a foot and one hand's breadth.

Palmipes, *ēdis, adj.* having its feet closed with a film or web.

Palmipes, *ēdis, m.* the measure of five hands' breadth.

Palmiprimus, *a, um. adj.* a sort of wine made of figs, like date-wine.

Palmo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to make the print or mark of the palm in one's hands; to bind the young shoots of a vine to the wood that supports it.

Palmor, *āri, ātus. dep.* to soothe or humour.

Palmosus, *a, um. adj.* full of palm-trees.

Palmūla, *m. f. dim.* the date or fruit of the palm-tree; the broad part of an oar.

Palmus, *i. m.* [a palma] a span from the thumb to the little finger, three quarters of a foot; three quarters of any thing.

Palor, *āri, ātus. pass.* [a palo] to be set or supported with poles or poles, as vines are.

Palor, *āri, ātus. dep.* to straggle; to wander; to be disordered.

Palpāmen, *inis. n.* a stroking. Palpāto, *ōnis. m.* a stroking, fair speaking, glozing, or soothing.

Palpātor, *ōris. m.* a flatterer, cogger, cajoler, sycophant, glazer, or soother.

Palpebra, *m. f.* the eye-lid; the hair on the eye-lids.

Palpitans, *tis. part.* often wagging and shaking; under strong apprehensions.

Palpitatio, *ōnis. f.* a panting or beating quick; the place where the heart beats.

Palpitātus, *ūs. m.* beating quick, palpitation.

Palpito, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut.* to pant; to heat; to leap; to throb; to breathe short or quick; to move with any violent tremulous motion; to struggle; to strive; to leave.

Palpo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to stroke; to make tame or gentle; to soothe; to caress; to endeavour to make his friend.

Palpor, *āri, ātus. dep.* to stroke gently; to wheedle; to cajole; to flatter; to soothe; to stroke; to grope.

Palpus, *i. n.* a gentle stroking, soft blow, or pat with the hand.

Pālūdamentum, *i. n.* a military garment; a general's white or purple robe; any royal or princely robe; all military ornaments.

Pālūdātus, *a, um. adj.* clothed in military garments.

Pālūdōsus, *a, um. adj.* marshy, fenny, moorish; that lives in a country full of fens, marshes, or lakes; causing marshes or standing waters.

Pālumbes, *is, m. et f.* a ring-dove or wood-pigeon.

Pālumbinus, *a, um. adj.* of a ring-dove.

Pālumbus, *i. m.* a wood-pigeon.

Pālus, *ūdis. f.* a moor, fen, or marsh; a bog; sedge or the like, that grows in marshes.

Pālus, *i. m.* a peg or pin; a post, to which the condemned were tied to be scourged or executed; a pole or prop for vines; a pale.

Pāluster, *an dicitur, incertus sum, hæc palustris et hoc palustre, moorish, fenny; of or belonging to a fen; growing in marshy places; gloomy, foggy, dim.*

Pāmpinīceus, *a, um. adj.* made of vine shoots.

Pāmpinārium, *il. n.* a young branch springing out of the stock of a vine.

Pāmpinārius, *a, um. adj.* belonging to a vine-branch.

Pāmpinatio, *ōnis. f.* the rubbing or pulling off the superfluous leaves and tender shoots from vines.

Pāmpinātor, *ōris. m.* he who rubs or pulls off superfluous leaves and tender shoots from vines.

Pāmpineus, *a, um. adj.* of vine-leaves; of or belonging to vine-leaves or shoots; full of vine-leaves or shoots; covered with vine-leaves or shoots; vinous, of wine.

Pāmpino, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to pluck or rub off superfluous leaves or young shoots of a vine.

Pāmpinosus, *a, um. adj.* full of leaves or tender shoots; like vine-leaves.

Pāmpinus, *i. c. g.* a young shoot of a vine; a vine-leaf; the tendril of a vine.

Pāncea, *m. f.* [sc. testa] a sort of wine-vessel.

Pāncea, *m. f. al.* panaces et panax, an herb.

Pānāriūm, *i. n. dim.* [a seq.] a little basket of or for bread.

Pānārium, *il. n.* [a panis] a bin or pantry; a basket, pannier, or bag; a basket of bread; a dole.

Pānāthēnācon, *i. n.* a kind of ointment much in request at Athens.

Pānax, *ādis. f.* an herb, the same with the anacea and Panaces.

Panchrestos seu Panchrestus, *a, um. adj.* that is good against all diseases, a panacea, a catholicon or universal remedy.

Panchros, ōtis. m. a precious stone of almost all colours.

Pancrēdice, adv. strongly, lustily, like one exercised in sports.

Pancratiūm, ii. n. the exercise of wrestling, boxing, kicking; the herb succory; the sea-onion.

Pandūto, ōnis. f. a yielding or tending in the middle.

Panditus, a, um. part. bowed or bent down in the middle.

Pandiculus, tis. part. stretching in yawning.

Pando, ēre, di, passum et passum. act. to show; to open; to open or set upon; to lay open; to discover; to tell; to relate; to display; to give an account of; to spread; to stretch out; to unfold; to spread asunder; to extend.

Pando, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to bend in; to bend in the middle.

Pandus, a, um. adj. [qui se pandit] bent or bowed inward or downward in the middle; crooked.

Panegyricus, a, um. adj. [a seq.] plausible, panegyric; laudative or eulogistic; an eulogistic oration of thanks and praise to the emperor.

Panegyria, is. f. a laudative or hortatory speech; a panegyric.

Panēros, ōtis. m. a sort of precious stone good against barrenness.

Pango, ēre, nxi, pēgi et pēpti. act. to strike or drive in; to plant; to take up with plants; to fix; to set out; to settle; to write; to compose; to covenant; to agree upon; to contract; to promise.

Pangolius, ii. m. a precious stone full of angles.

Pantecus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to bread; making bread.

Panicula, æ. f. dim. the down upon reeds; cat's tail, a long round excrescence, hanging down from the pine, hazel, and some other trees.

Panicum, i. n. a grain like millet, with a knob full of corn; panic.

Panificium, ii. n. the making of bread; bread; cakes.

Panie, is. m. bread; any thing made in the shape of loaves or balls.

Paniculus, i. m. dim. a little clout or rag.

Pannus, a, um. adj. [a pannus] ragged, clothed in rags, or mean apparel; rotten, hanging together; lank, wrinkled, shrivelled.

Pannūcus, a, um. adj. scrib. et Pannicius ragged, clothed in rags; wrinkled.

Pannus, i. m. any cloth, stuff, or clothing. Pannus, coarse, mean, or patched garments; clouts or rags; a bag; lint or a tent for a wound.

Pansa, æ. m. [a pando] splay or broad footed.

Pansuastos, i. m. Vid. Paneros.

Pantex, icis. m. the paunch or belly. Pantices, the paunch, tripes, or guts.

Panther, ēris. m. a sort of animal of the wolf kind; a kind of net.

Panthera, æ. f. a panther.

Patherius, a, um. adj. of or like a panther, spotted like a panther.

Pantictor, āri, ātus. dep. [a pantiectus] to fill one's guts.

Pantomima, æ. f. she who, in farces, shows several mimical and antic postures and dances.

Pantomimus, a, um. adj. belonging to the actors and dancers of many ridiculous farces, motions, and gestures.

Pantomimus, i. m. an actor and dancer with many mimical gestures, motions and pronunciations. Plur. Pantomimi, pantomime.

Panus, i. m. the wool about the quill in a shuttle; a sort of broad bile; the downy pod in which panicum grows; a dry strong excrescence, covered with a sort of down, of the tree ægilops.

Pape, interj. O strange! wonderful! rare! rare, excellent! mightily, extremely.

Papaver, ēris. n. poppy, cheebout.

Papavēritus, a, um. adj. made of poppy.

Papavereus, a, um. adj. of poppy.

Papilio, ōnis. m. a butterfly; a kind of moth; a tent or pavilion.

Papilla, æ. f. dim. the nipple or teat of the breast; the breast; a cock to a water-pipe.

Pappas, æ. m. a servant that brought up, and attended children.

Pappo, ēre, seu Papo, ēre, āvi, ātum. to eat pap; to eat.

Pappus, i. m. a granule; an old man; thisle-down, soft down; groundsel.

Papula, æ. f. a kind of pimple.

Papyræus, a, um. adj. that is made of the faggy shrub papyrus.

Papyrius, a, um. adj. of paper.

Papyriser, ēre, ērum. adj. where papyrus grows.

Papyrus, i. f. et Papyrum, i. n. a faggy shrub growing to the height of ten feet; the flag or leaves of it; clothes, mats

ropes, ships, sails, &c. made of it; that sort of paper which was made of it.

Par, pāris. adj. even in number, even or odd the game; drawing in the same yoke; fair match; neat, proper, fit, convenient; able to encounter, discharge, or bear; equal, mutual, reciprocal; like.

Par, pāris. n. a pair, a brace or couple; a match for fighting.

Parabillis, is. e. adj. easily had, procured, or enjoyed; obtainable; ordinary, cheap, not costly, mean.

Parābēla, æ. f. the comparing of things together.

Paracentesis, is. f. the operation performed by physicians in couching the eye for a cataract.

Parādōmia, idis. f. an open gallery.

Parētōnion, ii. n. a sort of very white glutinous fat matter; the chalk found on the seashore.

Parētōnium, ii. n. the colour made of that chalk.

Parūllus, ii. m. a sort of spurge.

Parallēlos, a. f. [ec. linea] a parallel line.

Parallēlus, a, um. adj. parallel, every where alike distant.

Parālysis, is. f. the palsy.

Parilyticus, a, um. adj. one sick of the palsy.

Parēmēa, es. f. [ec. chorda] the sound of the fifth string.

Parēmēa, es. f. [ec. chorda] the sound of the sixth string.

Parāntes, is. f. a kind of amethyst.

Parāpegma, ātis. n. an astronomical table fixed up publicly.

Parāphōron, i. n. a sort of alum, of a pale and rough nature.

Parāstis, idis. f. a dish to serve up meat in.

Parārius, ii. m. a money-broker or scrivener; a procurer.

Parāsanga, æ. f. a measure of the road amongst the Persians.

Parāsita, æ. f. a she parasite, a cozening woman.

Parāstaster, i. m. a young parasite, or smell-feast.

Parāstatio, ōnis. f. a playing the parasite; wheedling, flatter-ing.

Parāsticus, a, um. adj. belonging to a parasite.

Parāstor, āri, ātus. dep. to play the parasite or buffoon; to flatter; to fawn for a meal of meat.

Parāstus, i. m. a flatterer or parasite; a spunger; a player or actor that recited poets' verses.

Parāstas, idis. f. the jamb of a door.

by women, effeminate, or sick men.

Pallium, il. n. [a palla] a cloak, a sort of upper garment worn by the Greeks, men and women, freemen and servants, but always by philosophers; also commonly by both sexes at table. Pallia, coverlets.

Pallor, ōris. m. [a palleo] paleness; gloominess; mouldiness in vessels.

Pallula, æ. f. dim. a little upper garment or gown for a woman.

Palma, æ. f. the palm of the hand, an open palm or hand; a palm or chaplet; a besom or broom made of palm-twigs; a date; the mark or token of victory or of excelling others; victory; a victor; preference, preeminence, principal honour or place; the shoot of a vine, that may bear grapes; the broad end of an oar.

Palmāris, is, e. adj. [a palma] of the palm-tree; the principal, most notable, or remarkable.

Palmāris, is, e. adj. [a palmas] that is in measure the breadth of four fingers.

Palmāris, a, um. adj. [a palma] deserving to bear the prize, most excellent.

Palmātus, a, um. adj. having upon it the figure of a palm-tree or branch. Tunica palmata, a triumphal robe worn upon solemn occasions, powdered with broid studs of gold; a robe interwoven or embroidered with palms or other vines, worn by the emperors or the consuls under them. Imātus, a, um. part. [a pal-] marked with the palm of one's hand.

Ames, tis. m. a shoot, a young branch of a vine; the shoot of the palm-tree on which its fruit hangs; the bough or branch of any tree.

Palmāia, ōrum. n. pl. [sc. vina] a sort of wines.

Palmētum, i. n. a place planted with palms or date-trees.

Palmeus, a, um. adj. made of the leaves of the palm-tree; made of dates; a sort of cup for the head.

Palmeus, a, um. adj. [a palmus] of a span or three quarters of a foot long.

Palmiter, ōra, ōrum. adj. bearing palm-trees; that lives in that part where palm-trees grow.

Palmitiger, ōra, ōrum. adj. bearing palm-trees.

Palmipēdalis, is, e. adj. [a seq.] of the measure of a foot and a span, i. e. the space between

the thumb and the little finger stretched out, or a foot and one hand's breadth.

Palmipes, ōdis. adj. having its feet closed with a film or web.

Palmipes, ōdis. m. the measure of five hands' breadth.

Palmiprimus, a, um. adj. a sort of wine made of figs, like date-wine.

Palmo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to make the print or mark of the palm in one's hands; to bind the young shoots of a vine to the wood that supports it.

Palmo, ōri, ōtus. dep. to soothe or humour.

Palmosus, a, um. adj. full of palm-trees.

Palmūla, æ. f. dim. the date or fruit of the palm-tree; the broad part of an oar.

Palmus, i. m. [a palma] a span from the thumb to the little finger, three quarters of a foot; three quarters of any thing.

Pālor, āri, ātus. pass. [a palo] to be set or supported with poles or poles, as vines are.

Pālor, āri, ātus. dep. to straggle; to wander; to be disordered.

Palpāmen, tis. n. a stroking.

Palpāto, ōnis. m. a stroking, fair speaking, glozing, or soothing.

Palpātor, ōris. m. a flatterer, cogger, cajoler, sycophant, glazer, or soother.

Palpebra, æ. f. the eye-lid; the hair on the eye-lids.

Palpitans, tis. part. often wagging and shaking; under strong apprehensions.

Palpitatio, ōnis. f. a panting or beating quick; the place where the heart beats.

Palpitātus, ūs. m. beating quick, palpitation.

Palpito, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. to pant; to beat; to leap; to throb; to breathe short or quick; to move with any violent tremulous motion; to struggle; to strive; to heave.

Palpo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to stroke; to make tame or gentle; to soothe; to caress; to endeavour to make his friend.

Palpor, āri, ātus. dep. to stroke gently; to wheedle; to cajole; to flatter; to soothe; to grope.

Palpum, i. n. a gentle stroking, soft blow, or pat with the hand.

Pālūdāmantum, i. n. a military garment; a general's white or purple robe; any royal or princely robe; all military ornaments.

Pālūdātus, a, um. adj., clothed in military garments.

Pālūdōsus, a, um. adj. marshy, fenmy, moorish; that lives in a country full of fens, marshes, or lakes; causing marshes or standing waters.

Pālumbes, is. m. et f. a ring-dove or wood-pigeon.

Pālumbinus, a, um. adj. of a ring-dove.

Pālumbus, i. m. a wood-pigeon.

Pālus, ūdis. f. a moor, fen, or marsh; a bog; sedge or the like, that grows in marshes.

Pālus, i. m. a peg or pin; a post, to which the condemned were tied to be scourged or executed; a pole or prop for vines; a pale.

Pāluster, an dicitur, incertus aui, hac palustris et hoc palustre, moorish, fenmy; of or belonging to a fen; growing in marshy places; gloomy, foggy, dim.

Pāmpinaceus, a, um. adj. made of vine shoots.

Pāmpinārium, il. n. a young branch springing out of the stock of a vine.

Pāmpinārius, a, um. adj. belonging to a vine-branch.

Pāmpinatio, ōnis. f. the rubbing or pulling off the superfluous leaves and tender shoots from vines.

Pāmpinātor, ōris. m. he who rubs or pulls off superfluous leaves and tender shoots from vines.

Pāmpineus, a, um. adj. of vine-leaves; of or belonging to vine-leaves or shoots; full of vine-leaves or shoots; covered with vine-leaves or shoots; vinous, of wine.

Pāmpino, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to pluck or rub off superfluous leaves or young shoots of a vine.

Pāmpinosus, a, um. adj. full of leaves or tender shoots; like vine-leaves.

Pāmpinus, i. c. g. a young shoot of a vine; a vine-leaf; the tendril of a vine.

Pānkea, æ. f. [sc. testa] a sort of wine-vessel.

Pānkea, æ. f. al. panacea et panax, an herb.

Pānkrīdium, i. n. dim. [a seq.] a little basket of or for bread.

Pānkrīum, il. n. [a panis] a bin or pantry; a basket, pannier, or bag; a basket of bread; a dole.

Pānkrīthēnateon, i. n. a kind of ointment much in request at Athens.

Pānax, ūdis. f. an herb, the same with Panacea and Panacea.

Pānchreatos seu Pānchrestus, a, um. adj. that is good against all diseases, a panacea, a catholicon or universal remedy.

Panchros, ōtis. m. a *precious stone of almost all colours*.
Panēthēce, adv. *strongly, lustily, like one exercised in sports*.
Panctatium, li. n. *the exercise of wrestling, boxing, kicking; the herb succory; the season*.
Pandūto, ōnis. f. *a yielding or tending in the middle*.
Pandūtus, a, um. part. *bowed or bent down in the middle*.
Pandicūllus, tis. part. *stretching in yawning*.
Pando, ūre, di, pansum et passum. act. *to show; to open; to open or set upon; to lay open; to discover; to tell; to relate; to display; to give an account of; to spread; to stretch out; to unfold; to spread asunder; to extend*.
Pando, ūre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to bend in; to bend in the middle*.
Pandus, a, um. adj. [*qui se pandit*] *bent or bowed inward or downward in the middle; crooked*.
Pānēgyrius, a, um. adj. [*a seq.*] *plausible, panegyric; laudative or suasive; subst. a panegyric or oration of thanks and praise to the emperor*.
Pānēgyria, is. f. *a laudative or hortative speech; a panegyric*.
Pānēros, ōtis. m. *a sort of precious stone good against barrenness*.
Pango, ūre, nxi, pūgi et pūpti. act. *to strike or drive in; to plant; to take up with plants; to fix; to set out; to settle; to write; to compose; to covenant; to agree upon; to contract; to promise*.
Pangaius, li. m. *a precious stone full of angles*.
Panteus, a, um. adj. *of or pertaining to bread; making bread*.
Pānucūla, e. f. dim. *the down upon reeds; cat's tail, a long round excrescence, hanging down from the pine, hazle, and some other trees*.
Pānūm, i. n. *a grain like millet, with a knob full of corn; panic*.
Pānificium, li. n. *the making of bread; bread; cakes*.
Pānis, is. m. *bread; any thing made in the shape of loaves or balls*.
Pānucūlus, i. m. dim. *a little clout or rag*.
Pānūceus, a, um. adj. [*a panis*] *ragged, clothed in rags, or mean apparel; rotten, hanging together; lank, wrinkled, shrivelled*.
Pānūceus, a, um. ndj. scrib. et *Pānucius ragged, clothed in rags; wrinkled*.

Pannus, i. m. *any cloth, stuff, or clothing*. **Pannui**, coarse, mean, or patched garments; clouts or rags; a bag; lint or a tent for a wound.
Pansa, e. m. [*a pando*] *splay or broad footed*.
Pansubustus, i. m. *Vid. Paneros*.
Pantex, icis. m. *the paunch or belly*. **Pautices**, the paunch, tripes, or guts.
Panther, ūris. m. *a sort of animal of the wolf kind; a kind of net*.
Panthēra, e. f. *a panther*.
Panthērus, a, um. adj. *of or like a panther, spotted like a panther*.
Pantictor, ūri, ātus. dep. [*a pautices*] *to fill one's guts*.
Pantomima, a, um. adj. *of farces, shows several mimical and anticpostures and dances*.
Pantomimicus, a, um. adj. *belonging to the actors and dancers of many ridiculous farces, motions, and gestures*.
Pantomimus, i. m. *an actor and dancer with many mimical gestures, motions and pronunciations*. Plur. **Pantomimi**, *pantomime*.
Pānus, i. m. *the woof about the quill in a shuttle; a sort of broad bile; the downy pod in which panicum grows; a dry strong excrescence, covered with a sort of down, of the tree egilops*.
Pāpē, inter. *O strange! wonderful! rare! rare, excellent! mightily, extremely*.
Pāpāver, ūris. n. *poppy, cheebout*.
Pāpāvērātus, a, um. adj. *made of poppy*.
Pāpāvēreus, a, um. adj. *of poppy*.
Pāpilio, ōnis. m. *a butterfly; a kind of moth; a tent or pavilion*.
Pāpilla, e. f. dim. *the nipple or tent of the breast; the breast; a cock to a water-pipe*.
Pāpūnas, e. m. *a secret that brought up, and attended children*.
Pappo, ūre, seu **Papo**, ūre, āvi, ātum. *to eat pap; to eat*.
Pāpūus, i. m. *a grandisire; an old man; thistle down, soft down; groundsel*.
Pāpūla, e. f. *a kind of pimple*.
Pāpyrēus, a, um. adj. *that is made of the flaggy shrub papyrus*.
Pāpyrus, a, um. adj. *of paper*.
Pāpyrifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. *where papyrus grows*.
Pāpyrus, i. f. et **Pāpyrum**, i. n. *a flaggy shrub growing to the height of ten feet; the flag or leaves of it; clothes, mate*

ropes, ships, sails, &c. made of it; that sort of paper which was made of it.
Par, pāris. adj. *even in number, even or odd the game; drawing in the same yoke; fair match; neat, proper, fit, convenient; able to encounter, discharge, or bear; equal, mutual, reciprocal; like*.
Par, pāris. n. *a pair, a brace or couple; a match for fighting*.
Pārābilis, is, e. adj. *easily had, procured, or enjoyed; obtainable; ordinary, cheap, not costly, mean*.
Pārābola, e. f. *the comparing of things together*.
Pārkeuēsis, is. f. *the operation performed by physicians in couching the eye for a cataract*.
Pārādōmis, idis. f. *an open gallery*.
Pārētōnion, li. n. *a sort of very white glutinous fat matter; the chalk found on the sea-shore*.
Pārētōnium, li. n. *the colour made of that chalk*.
Pārillus, li. m. *a sort of spurge*.
Pārallēlos, i. f. [*sc. linea*] *a parallel line*.
Pārallēlus, a, um. adj. *parallel, every where alike distant*.
Pārlysis, is. f. *the palsy*.
Pārlyticus, a, um. adj. *one sick of the palsy*.
Pārkmēse, es. f. [*sc. chorda*] *the sound of the fifth string*.
Pārkmēte, es. f. [*sc. chorda*] *the sound of the sixth string*.
Pārmitēs, is. f. *a kind of amethyst*.
Pārūpegma, ātis. n. *an astronomical table fixed up publicly*.
Pārāphōron, i. n. *a sort of alum, of a pale and rough nature*.
Pārapsia, idis. f. *a dish to serve up meat in*.
Pārārus, li. m. *a money-broker or scrivener; a procurer*.
Pārāsanga, e. f. *a measure of the road amongst the Persians*.
Pārāsita, e. f. *a she parasite, a cozing woman*.
Pārāstaster, i. m. *a young parasite, or smell-feast*.
Pārāstātō, ōnis. f. *a playing the parasite; wheedling, flatter-ing*.
Pārāsticus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a parasite*.
Pārāstor, ūri, ātus. dep. *to play the parasite or buffoon; to flatter; to jawn for a meal of meat*.
Pārāstus, i. m. *a flatterer or parasite; a sponger; a player or actor that recited poets' verses*.
Pārastas, idis. f. *the jamb of a door*.

Pāstāta, m. m. a buttress or square pile set at the sides of pillars.

Pāstātica, m. f. a pilaster.

Pārāte, adv. readily, quickly, soon, preparedly, with sufficient preparation; on set purpose, designedly, carefully.

Pārātrigādio v. **Pārātrigādo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to exclaim tragically, to exaggerate with tragical expressions.

Pārātum, i. n. a thing made ready, provision.

Pārātus, ūs. m. [a paro] preparation; provision, furniture; garb, habit, dress; parade, equipage.

Pārātus, a, um. part. prepared, fitted; ready, quick; equipped, provided or furnished with; gotten or procured; exposed to; hardy, resolute.

Pārāzōnium, il. n. a small sword hanging at the belt, which the emperors gave the tribunes, and girded them with at their creation.

Parce, adv. nearly, thriftily, frugally; penuriously; moderately, cautiously; rarely, not easily; less eagerly.

Parcens, tis. part. sparing, forbearing, abstaining from; lazy, slow.

Parciprōmus, i. m. a niggard, one that pinches his own belly.

Parctas, ūtis. f. sparingness, frugeness.

Parctur, impers. people spare, forbear, abstain from. &c.

parco, ēre, pēperci et parai, raum et citum. neut. to use moderately; to save; to reserve for use; to reserve for; to forgive; to forbear; to use off; to abstain from; to ar with; to favour; to ease.

parcus, a, um. adj. frugal, irifry, penurious, stingy, sparing; moderate, temperate, scanty; small, little; slow, slack; negligent.

Pardilianches, is. n. a kind of nightshade that kills lizards or panthers.

Pardilius, i. n. a sort of precious stone.

Pardilis, is. f. a panther.

Pardulium, il. n. a certain unguent.

Pardus, i. m. a male panther.

Parēas, m. m. a sort of serpent.

Parēns, tis. c. g. in gen. plur. parentum et parentium, [a pario] a parent, a father; a mother; a breeder, cherisher, or nourisher; an inventor; a founder or builder.

Parēns, tis. part. et adj. visible, appearing; obedient, devoted.

Parēntalia, um. n. pl. feasts, sacrifices, and other solemnities, performed at the funerals

of father, mother, or other near relatives.

Parēntalis, is, e. adj. belonging to parents.

Parēntatur, impers. the funeral rites are performed.

Parēnto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to perform the obsequies of dead relatives; to atone; to appease their ghosts with sacrifice; to revenge any one's death by the blood of their enemies.

Parēo, ēre, rui, ritum. neut. to appear; to be seen; to be proved; to be manifest; to be well understood; to obey; to be ruled; to comply with; to yield; to perform; to fulfil.

Pārerga, ōrum. n. pl. ornamental additions to a principal work; little pieces or paintings on the sides or in the corners of the chief piece.

Pārētur, impers. obedience is paid.

Pārhyphite, es. f. the sound of the string next the base.

Pārīānus, i. m. a kind of animal living in the sea.

Pārīcida, m. c. g. a parricide, the murderer of a father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, patron, or patroness; a murderer that has slain wittingly and willingly any free man; he that is liable to the punishment of a murderer.

Pārīcidalis, is, e. adj. murderous.

Pārīcidium, il. n. the murder of a parent, parricide; the murder of any near relative; a parricide.

Pārīendus, a, um. part. to be coined or invented; to be gotten or obtained.

Pārīes, ūtis. m. the wall of a house or any other building.

Pārīstina, m. f. [sc. ruina] the ruins of an old wall.

Pārīlia, um. n. pl. a garment, the stuff whereof is double.

Pārīclium sidus, the constellation of the Hyades.

Pārīlis, is, e. adj. [a par] like, equal, proportionate, suitable.

Pārīo, ēre, pēperi, partum et pīritum. act. to beget a child; to bring forth young; to lay eggs; to cast spawn; to breed; to produce; to bring forth; to make to grow; to form; to invent; to compose; to gain; to obtain; to acquire; to bring to effect; to perfect; to accomplish; to cause; to occasion; to get; to attain.

Pārīter, adv. [a par] in the same proportion, equally; in like manner; even as, as well; as long; together.

Parina, m. f. a round buckler.

Parma, a, um. adj. armed with such a buckler.

Parmilla, m. f. dim. a little buckler.

Parmillarius, il. m. a gladiator armed with the parma.

Pāro, ōnis. m. a sort of ship.

Pāro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make; to shape; to contrive; to get beforehand; to order; to dress; to get ready; to go about a thing; to prepare; to dispose beforehand; to put in readiness; to provide; to procure; to get; to purchase; to get in readiness for; to endeavour; to design.

Pārōchu, m. f. entertainment, repast given at the public charge to ambassadors and strangers of quality.

Pārōchus, i. m. an officer who provided salt, wood, and other necessities for those that travelled on the public account; he that gives an entertainment.

Pārōnychia, m. f. a sore or imposthume under the root of the nail; a fellow or whitlow.

Pārōnychium, il. n. the same with paronychia; dirt and slith about the nails of the toes.

Pārōpis, idis. f. a platter or dish to serve up meat in.

Pārōtis, idis. f. an imposthume or sore about the ear.

Parra, m. f. a certain unlucky bird.

Par, tis. f. abl. parti, parte. s. part, a piece, a share; some of any thing; a deal, a quantity, a division of; an astronomical degree; half; a considerable point or article, a prom or entrance; partly; a portion, a lot; a country, place, or quarter of the world; company, rank, or order; a head or particular; number; space of time; a side. Plur. Parties, a side or party.

Parimōnia, pot. parcimonia, m. f. parsimony, thrift, sparingness, frugality, penuriousness.

Parthēnice, es. f. a kind of herb with a white flower.

Parthēnion, seu ium, il. n. the herb peltitory.

Partiario, adv. by way of sharing.

Partiarius, a, um. adj. that goes shares.

Particeps, ipis. adj. that has a share; endued with; that is partaker of; that has had equally to do in; made acquainted with or privy to; that is a companion in.

Particeps, ipis. subst. c. g. a sharer with one, a partner, a partaker; a fellow soldier, an accomplice, that is of one's party or side; an adherent.

Participula, is, e. adj. like a participle.

Participiālis, is, e. adj. of the nature of a participle; *participal*.
Participium, ii. n. a participle.
Participo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to take share of; to receive; to give shares; to divide amongst; to communicate with; to acquaint with; to make privy to.
Particula, æ. f. dim. [a pars] a small part or particle of matter; a little piece; a little or some little; a little head, subdivision, or particular.
Particulātim, adv. into little pieces, piecemeal; part after part; with all particulars.
Partim, adv. partly; some, as to some, often, several times, a good many.
Partio, ire, ivi, itum. act. [a pars] to part; to share; to divide; to decide; to agree.
Partior, tri, itus. dep. to divide; to share; to distribute into; to separate; to bound. *Pass.* to be divided or distinguished.
Partio, ōnis. f. [a pario] a bringing forth; the laying of eggs.
Partito, adv. methodically, distinctly; distributively.
Partitio, ōnis. f. a parting, sharing, or dividing; a division into particulars or heads.
Partitus, a, um. part. that has divided or shared. *Pass.* proportionably divided.
Partumens, a, um. adj. fruitful, teeming.
Parturio, ire, ivi, itum. [a pario] to be in travail or labour; to bring forth; to lay eggs; to be ready to bear or put forth; to have in its bowels; to be ready to bring to light; to travail with.
Partus, a, um. part. [a pario] begotten or generated; gotten, obtained, procured, purchased; prepared, ready provided for.
Partus, ūs. m. [a pario] the birth; the act of bringing forth; a bearing or producing; the maturity of birth, the time of bringing forth; the embryo or burden; any young creature; the sending forth and founding of colonies; the production of fruit; the conceptions of the mind.
Parve, adv. Minus. com. Minime. sup. a little.
Parvissimus, a, um. adj. sup. [a parvus] the least or smallest.
Parvitas, itis. f. smallness, littleness; minuteness; meanness.
Parum, adv. little, but a little; too little, not enough; not long enough; not well, ill.

Pkrumper, adv. a little while, for a short time.

Parvulum, adv. a very little, a very small matter.

Parvulus, a, um. adj. dim. very small, little, young, or tender; slight.

Parvus, a, um. adj. Minor, com. Minimus, sup. little, small; narrow, short, scanty; young; inconsiderable, mean, of little value or concern; ignoble, poor, low; feeble, weak.

Pascens, tis. part. feeding, giving food, or being a shepherd; feeding or which is fed upon by; grazing, picking.

Pascito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a pasco] to feed; to gather their food.

Pasco, āre, pāvi, pastum. act. et neut. to feed; to look after cattle; to nourish; to let feed; to drive to pasture; to maintain; to breed; to find with provisions; to furnish with food; to make fat; to enrich; to increase; to send forth; to make grow; to support; to let grow; to be food for; to endeavour to please or satisfy; to delight; to entertain. Neut. to feed; to graze; to browse upon; to eat.

Pascor, i, pastus. dep. to feed, graze, &c.; to feed upon.

Pascuum, i. n. subst. [ez adj.] pascuus feeding-ground, pasture. Plur. Pascua, public rents, income.

Pascuus, a, um. adj. serving for pasture or grazing.

Passer, ōris. m. a sparrow; a kind of flat fish; a flounder; an ostrich; a lecherous fellow. In blandishments, my pretty! my dear!

Passerculus, i. m. dim. a little or young sparrow; a word in soothing and flattering.

Passernices, um. f. pl. a kind of whetstones.

Passim, adv. every where, all over; here and there, ordinarily; up and down; loosely, scatteringly, all abroad, without any order, at random; every way; several ways, into several parts; to many; to or amongst every one or any one; from all parts or many different places.

Passus, a, um. part. [a patior] having suffered, undergone, sustained; having borne or being brought under; that has permitted or suffered; that has borne or been exercised with; having lasted or held out.

Passus, a, um. part. [a pando] spread asunder, stretched out;

hanging loose, disheveled; hung up.

Passus, ūs. m. a pace containing five feet; a step.

Pastillco, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to grow in the form and manner of little round balls.

Pastilla, æ. f. m. a perfuming or sweet ball; a pomander; a trochisk or medicine made up in a little round ball.

Pastināca, æ. f. a carrot; a sort of fish with a poisonous sting in the tail.

Pastinātor, ōris. m. he that digs up the earth, and makes it loose, and fit to be planted with vines.

Pastinātum, i. n. a bed of earth that is newly dug, made fine, and fit for planting.

Pastinātus, ūs. m. a bed of newly dug earth, fit for planting.

Pastino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a pastinum] to dig up and loosen the earth, for planting of vines, &c.

Pastinum, i. n. a two-forked tool, to set plants with or dig up the ground with, and prepare it for planting; the digging and preparing ground to be planted with vines.

Pastio, ōnis. f. [a pasco] the feeding of cattle; a breeding, keeping, or feeding; the business of being a keeper of cattle, or grazier; pastures, feeding-ground.

Pastor, ōris. m. [a pasco] a shepherd, a herdsman, a keeper of poultry; a governor.

Pastorālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a shepherd or keeper of cattle; used by shepherds or herdsmen; suitable or proper to them; rural.

Pastorītus, a, um. adj. spent or employed in feeding of cattle; used by or belonging to shepherds or herdsmen; rustic, clownish, besitting shepherds or herdsmen.

Pastorius, a, um. adj. belonging to or used by shepherds or herdsmen.

Pastus, a, um. part. [a pascor] fed; fed upon; grown bigger; increased; fattened; used to be fed or enriched with.

Pastus, a, um. part. [a pascor, dep.] that has fed on.

Pastus, ūs. m. a feeding, grazing, pasturing; food, forage; the place where any creatures feed, a pasture; relief, support, maintenance; a repast or delight.

Pātāgiūrii, ōrum. m. pl. the makers of the patagium.

Pātāgius, a, um. adj. Tunica patagiata, a woman's upper garment, embroidered or

bedecked with studs or purple knobs.

Pātālis, is, e. adj. *broad-horned, with spreading horns.*

Pātēfacio, ēre, feci, factum. act. i. e. *patere facio. to open; to set open; to open the passage to; to discover; to detect; to reveal; to disclose; to make known.*

Pātēfactio, ōnis. f. *an opening; a discovering, detecting, disclosing, a manifestation.*

Pātēfactus, a, um. part. *opened; laid open; made passable; widened; discovered, detected, disclosed or made known; shown, cleared, explained, manifested.*

Pātēfio, ēri, factus. neut. *to be opened; to be discovered, detected or disclosed.*

Pātēstī, **pātēfactum est**. Impers. *it is discovered or made to appear.*

Pātella, æ. f. dim. *a sort of deep dish with broad brims; a little deep dish with a broad brim, in which salad or meat was served up; a skillet or pipkin with a cover; the meazle in trees; the kneepan.*

Pātellārius, a, um. adj. *belonging to a platter or porringer.*

Pātēns, tis. part. et adj. *opened; wide, extended; large, big; bare or naked; open, wide; uncovered; without a cover; gaping, craving; open, clear or free from impediments; that is common or free; exposed to; spread out, urge, plain.*

teo, ēre, ui, —. neut. *to be ven; to be opened; to lie lain; to spread out; to be tended in length; to lie pen; to be freely, easily, or safely passable or entered; to be at the service of another; to be exposed; to be subject to; to be plain or manifest; to be entered; to be propitious or favourable to.*

Pāter, tris. m. *a father or sire; a title of honour; the author or producer; the founder; the male of any creature that has young.*

Pātēra, æ. f. *a goblet or broad piece of plate to drink out of.*

Pāterfamilias, gen. **pāterfamilias**, m. et **paterfamilias**, **pāterfamilias**. *should be written separately, thus; paterfamilias. the housekeeper, the master of the family or slaves; whose slaves are of his own begetting.*

Pāternus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a father; that was a father's; received or derived*

from one's father; befitting, suitable, like or worthy of one's father, or a father.

Pātescens, tis. part. *spreading, extending or opening; growing larger or wider; becoming plain, distinct, manifest.*

Pātesco, ēre, —. neut. [a pater] *to open; to yield a passage by opening; to appear open; to be exposed to view; to begin to appear; to be open, campaign or wide; to seem to open; to widen or spread out distinctly; to appear plainly.*

Pātet, impers. *it is evident, notorious, plain or manifest.*

Pātetæ, ærum. f. pl. sc. *caryotæ. a sort of dates that look as if they were trodden.*

Pātūcius, a, um. adj. *of a catamite; filthy, obscene.*

Pāthos, eos. n. *passion.*

Pātūilis, is, e. adj. act. et pass. *capable of suffering by being acted on; that may be borne or endured.*

Pātūilitas, a, um. adj. *bearing the furca; crucified.*

Pātūbūm, i. n. *the furca; a cross; an instrument used by grempe-gatherers.*

Pātēns, tis. part. *suffering, bearing; that may bear. Adj. that can or will undergo or endure; patient; that bears quietly and without reluctance; that will bear or carry; capable of continuing or living in.*

Pātēnter, adv. *patiently; contentedly; calmly; moderately.*

Pātēntia, æ. f. [a pater] *bearing, suffering, patience, forbearance; endurance, submission, hardness, sufferance; fitness or ability of suffering; hard living; a bearing unhurt.*

Pātina, æ. f. *a pot or pan of earth or metal.*

Pātīnārius, a, um. adj. *sodden or stewed in its broth.*

Pātīnārius, ii. m. *a glutton, a bellygod, a gormandiser.*

Pātior, **pāti**, passus. dep. *to suffer; to be acted on; to receive; to be mixed with; to be under the power of; to go through; to undergo; to share in; to have either good or evil; to bear; to be passive; to be punished with; to fall under; to endure; to support; to be sufficient for; to be subject to one's humour; to submit to; to be ruled by; to bear contentedly; to forbear; to contain; to refrain; to let; to allow; to give way to; to leave possible; to be exercised with; to last out;*

to suffer; to grow on it; to be on the defensive.

Patrātio, ōnis. f. *the finishing, achieving, or accomplishing.*

Patrātor, ōris. m. *the doer or causer of.*

Patrātus, a, um. part. *performed, done, committed, accomplished, achieved; the chief of the heralds or feciales.*

Patria, æ. f. [sc. terrā] *one's country or native soil. Vid. Patrius.*

Patricīus, ūs. m. *the place, rank, or dignity of the patrician families.*

Patricius, a, um. adj. *patrician; of or belonging to the patricians; used among the patricians.*

Patricius, ii. m. *a patrician, one of the race of those who were created senators in the time of Romulus.*

Patrie, adv. *fatherly, friendly, tenderly, like a father.*

Patrimōnium, ii. neut. *a paternal estate; an inheritance or patrimony; any personal estate.*

Patrimus, a, um. adj. *having the father alive.*

Patrisso, ēre, ēvi, ætum. act. [a pater] *to take after his father.*

Patritus, a, um. adj. *that was in use among or found out by our fathers or ancestors.*

Patrius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a father; fatherly; peculiar to a father; paternal, patrimonial.*

Patrius, a, um. adj. [a patria] *where one was born, native; belonging to one's country; natural, peculiar to a country or region; proper to any sect of men, received from one's ancestors, ancient.*

Patro, ēre, ēvi, ætum. act. [a pater] *to effect; to perform; to go through with; to achieve; to finish; to attain or get; to establish; to ratify.*

Patrocinium, ii. n. *the business of advocates; patronage, the defence, the pleading a cause; excuse or defence.*

Patrocinor, ēri, ūtus. dep. *to be a patron or defender of; to plead the cause of or for; to defend; to excuse; to maintain; to keep in.*

Patrōna, æ. f. *she who defends; a protectress from oppression or injury; a patroness.*

Patrōnus, i. m. *a superior or powerful friend; a patron, a protector; an advocate; an orator, a speaker; a defender, maintainer, or supporter.*

Patruellis, is, e. adj. *cousin by the father's side.*

Patruellis, is. c. g. [sc. frater]

a cousin-german by the father's side, a father's brother's son.
 Patruus, *a, um. adj. sup. best or truest uncle.*
 Patruus, *i. m. the father's brother, an uncle by the father's side, a brother of the grandfather by the father's side; a severe reprover, like a morose guardian uncle; one's father's cousin-german by the father's side.*
 Patruus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a father's brother or uncle; harsh, severe.*
 Pátulus, *a, um. adj. [a pateo] opened or open; wide or large; wide and open; spreading; broad and flat; plain, campaign or spread out.*
 Páva, *m. f. [a pavus] a peahen.*
 Pauci, *æ, a. adj. pl. few; the few, the chief, special, particular.*
 Paucillóquum, *il. n. fewness of words, want of words to express himself.*
 Paucitas, *ætis. f. fewness, small number; scarcity, rareness; due brevity or conciseness.*
 Paucilli, *æ, a. adj. dim. [a pauci] very few; little or few words.*
 Pávfactus, *a, um. part. [a paveo, inusit.] astonished, put in great fear, affrighted.*
 Páreo, *êre, vi, —, act. to be afraid; to be in great fear; to fear; to dread; to hate; to be averse to.*
 Páveo, *êre, —, incept. [a paveo] to be or begin to be much afraid; to show outward signs of fear and disorder of mind; to dread; to be afraid of.*
 Pávícúla, *m. f. [a pavio] a rammer.*
 Pávide, *adv. with dread, timorously.*
 Pávídus, *a, um. adj. [a paveo] full of consternation, fear, disorder, or concern; timorous, fearful; afraid of.*
 Pávimentátus, *a, um. part. that has a pavement of mosaic work.*
 Pávimentum, *êre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to ram or make hard as a barn floor; to pave.*
 Pávimentum, *i. n. a floor; a pavement paved with stones.*
 Pávio, *êre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to beat or strike against; to beat; to ram.*
 Pávito, *êre, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to be in a violent disorder; to dread.*
 Pávitus, *a, um. part. [a pavio] rammed, well-beaten, as floors; smoothed, laid close.*
 Paulatim, *adv. [a paulo] by lit-*

tle and little, by degrees; leisurely, gently, easily.
 Paulisper, *adv. a little while, for a little while.*
 Paulo, *by a little, a little, somewhat. Vid. Paulus.*
 Paulillum, *dim. a little, very little, somewhat; a little way or while.*
 Paululus, *a, um. adj. dim. [a paulus] little, very little, small or short.*
 Paulus, *a, um. adj. very small or little. Paulo and paulum are by some accounted adverbs, by others indeclinable adjectives; both seem to be the neut. sing. of paulus. This remark applies also to paululum and paululo.*
 Pávo, *ónis. m. et f. a peacock.*
 Pávóniceus, *a, um. adj. resembling a peacock, peacock-fashion or of the peacock kind.*
 Pávóninus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a peacock or peahen.*
 Pávör, *öris. m. [a paveo] dread, consternation, great fear; astonishment; an alarm; a deity to whom Tullus Hostilius built a temple.*
 Pauper, *êris. adj. poor; needy; mean, low, ill furnished; having but little; feeble, scanty.*
 Pauperculus, *a, um. adj. dim. [a pauper] poor and mean.*
 Paupries, *ei. f. poverty.*
 Paupéro, *êre, Ævi, Ætum. act. to deprive of or make poorer by.*
 Paupertas, *ætis. f. in plur. paupertates, poverty; scantiness, the want of a copia.*
 Pausa, *m. f. a stop, breaking off or end.*
 Pausárius, *il. m. [a pausa] that officer in the ship who gave time to the rowers, and ordered them to begin and leave off by words or signs.*
 Pausa, *m. f. v. Pausia, m. f. [sc. oliva] a kind of olive.*
 Pausillitum, *pro l'auxillitum, adv. never so little.*
 Pauso, *êre, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to stop; to stay; to cease.*
 Paxillillus, *a, um. adj. dim. [a seq.] very little.*
 Paxillus, *a, um. adj. dim. very little; little or very young.*
 Pax, *ætis. f. peace; peaceableness; want of action; a being still; an agreement; inward peace, quiet, content; favour of the gods; a calm; a truce; leave, permission; atonement, reconciliation; a goddess so called.*
 Paxillus, *i. m. a stake, pile, or post.*
 Peccátum, *i. n. a fault; an ill action, offence; the fault of fornication or adultery.*

Peccátur, *imper. pass. people do amiss or erroneously; people do ill or criminally.*
 Peccátur, *imper. pass. offence is committed.*
 Peccátus, *ætis. m. the committing of an offence or crime.*
 Pecco, *êre, Ævi, Ætum. neut. et act. to do amiss; to mistake; to sin; to do evil; to blunder; to say wrong; to mistake designedly; to transgress; to offend; to commit a fault; to commit adultery.*
 Pécórëus, *a, um. adj. full of cattle or where much cattle is, breeding much cattle.*
 Pecten, *inis. m. et n. a comb; the oars on the side of a vessel; a rake; an instrument for cropping off the ears of corn; the form of the fingers crossed; a wool card, the stay of a weaver's loom; the stick or quill, wherewith they play upon an instrument; all shell-fish striated like a cockle.*
 Pectines, *strait veins in wood, running at equal distance from one another.*
 Pectinátim, *adv. in the fashion of the teeth of a comb.*
 Pectinor, *êri, Ætus. pass. to be harassed.*
 Pectilus, *a, um. part. combed, heckled, or carded; dressed, orderly laid out.*
 Pecto, *êre, xi et xii, xum. act. to comb; to dress; to set out the hair with a comb; to hoe; to weed; to beat; to tear; to wound; to dress; to hackle; to curry.*
 Pectóris, *is. n. a breast-plate.*
 Pectóris, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to the breast.*
 Pectórëus, *a, um. adj. having a great and broad chest; putting or thrusting out the breast.*
 Pectunculus, *i. m. dim. [a pecten] a sort of shell-fish.*
 Pectus, *öris. n. the chest; the breast bones; a breast or pap; the bosom or breast; the heart or mind; courage, resolution; the soul, strain, genius.*
 Pëcu, *n. ind. in plur. Pëcua, unum. cattle, a flock of sheep; fish.*
 Pëcúria, *um. n. pl. pastures, grounds where cattle feed; public pastures; cattle, herds, or flocks.*
 Pëcúria, *m. f. [sc. res] the business or trade of feeding and rearing cattle.*
 Pëcúrim, *ærum. pl. f. [sc. pactiones] breeds or flocks of cattle upon the ground.*
 Pëcúrius, *a, um. adj. [a pecu] of or belonging to cattle.*
 Pëcúrius, *il. m. a grazer or*

breeder of cattle; a farmer of the public pastures.

Peculātor, ōris, m. he that embezzles public money or goods; a s-oiler, a plunderer.

Peculātus, ūs, m. [a peculor] the crime of stealing, detaining, or embezzling public money or goods; a despoiling or cheating.

Peculiāris, is, e. adj. that which is of private possession, particularly that of a slave; that which a parent gives a child as his own; peculiar or particular; remarkable, singular, especial.

Peculiāriter, adv. by way of private acquisition or possession; by appropriation or particular restriction; especially, singularly, very properly, with a peculiar fitness.

Pecūlio, ūre, ūvi, ūtum, act. to add to a slave's private stock, which he holds distinct from his master's.

Pecūidens, a, um, adj. having great stock of his own, distinct from his master's.

Pecūllum, il, n. [a pecu] that which a son or a slave holds of his own, under a father or a master; private possession; substance, wealth, goods, possession.

Pecūlor, ūri, ūtus, dep. to rob or defraud the public.

Pecūnia, ūe, f. an estate; money. In plur. Pecunie, sums of money.

Pecuniārius, a, um, adj. pecuniary; of or belonging to money.

pecūnōsus, a, um, adj. rich, full of money; profitable, that will bring in store of money.

pecus, ōris, n. sheep, a flock of sheep; any brutes that may be tamed; any brutes whatsoever; a brute or any brutish person; slaves; a multitude of cattle.

Pecus [sed rectius obsolevit] ūdis, f. et m. a sheep; one of any sort of cattle; any beast; any brute; a brutish man.

Pedālis, is, e. adj. of a foot measure or space; a foot long or wide.

Pedāmen, is, n. a stake, prop, or pole fixed upright.

Pedāmentum, i, n. a stake, a prop.

Pedāndus, a, um, part. to be supported with stakes or props.

Pedāneus, a, um, adj. of the measure of a foot.

Pedārius, a, um, adj. Pedarii senatores, those senators who delivered not their sens in words, but went to that part or side of those whose opinion they were of.

Pedātim, adv. foot by foot, one foot after the other.

Pedātio, ōnis, f. [a pedo, ūre] a staking, propping, or under-setting.

Pedātus, a, um, adj. [a pes] footed or having feet; that is propped, stayed, or underset with stakes.

Pedes, itis, c. g. on foot. **Pedes et pedites**, foot soldiers. Et sing. **Pedes**, foot, a body of foot. **Pedites**, the common people.

Pedester v. **Pedestris**, tris, tre, adj. [a pedes] on foot; performed on foot; belonging to a footman or foot soldier; proper to foot soldiers; on the land.

Pedētentim, adv. step by step; with gentle, slow, soft steps; by degrees, by little and little, slowly; cautiously, softly, slowly.

Pedīca, ūe, f. a fetter, a fetlock, a shackle; a springe, gin, or snare.

Pedīcellus, i, m. dim. a little louse.

Pedīcinus, i, m. the foot of a press.

Pedīcūlus, i, m. dim. [a pede] a little foot; the stalk, stem, or pedicle; a louse; a sort of insect that infests hens; a sort of insect like a beetle; a sort of sea insects.

Pedissēqua, ūe, f. v. **Pedisequa**, a waiting-maid or woman; an attendant.

Pedissēquus, i, m. al. **Pedisequus**, a footman, a lacquey.

Pedīstris, ūs, m. the infantry or foot of an army.

Peditum, i, n. a foist or silent fart.

Pēdo, ūre, **pēpēdi**, itum, n. to fart; to let a fart.

Pēdum, i, n. a shepherd's crook or staff; a sheep-hook.

Pēgāsus, i, m. **Perseus's** winged horse; a sort of fowl in *Æthiopia* with a head like a horse.

Pegma, ūtis, n. a kind of pageant used in triumphs. **Pegmata**, cases to put books in.

Pegmāris, is, e. adj. belonging to the pegma.

Pējērātus, a, um, part. **perfur-**ed, forsworn.

Pējēro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum, act. to violate an oath, by not performing what he has sworn; to forswear; to be forsworn.

Pējor, ūs, comp. **Vid. Malus**. worse; more ignominious; more hurtful; more calamitous; more severe; unpleasant or less delightful; worse, more unsuccessful.

Pējus, adv. comp. **Vid. Male**. worse, far worse.

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Pēlāgia, ūe, f. a shell-fish, called the purple.

Pēlāgius, a, um, adj. [a pelagus] fishes that live in the deep, bottom-fish.

Pēlāgium, il, n. the juice of the purple fish.

Pēlāgius, a, um, adj. that lives in the deep or bottom of the sea; sea-bred, living in salt-water; of or belonging to the sea.

Pēlāgus, i, n. **Pelagē**, plus, the depth of the sea; the sea, the main sea, the ocean.

Pēlāmis, idis, et ys, ydis, f. a sort of fish of the tunny kind.

Pēlāsus, i, f. a sort of laurel.

Pēlēcinus, i, m. et **Pēlēcinum**, i, n. et **Pēlēctus**, a weed growing among corn; hatch-sitch.

Pellācia, ūe, f. an inviting look.

Pellax, ūis, adj. deceiving by flattery, wheedling.

Pellectus, a, um, part. [a pellicio] enticed, deceived, allured.

Pellēgo, ūre, i, ectum, act. **pro** **Perlego**, to read over.

Pellex, icis, f. a married man's mistress; a relative to another man's wife, whose place she supplies; a whore, a strumpet, a harlot.

Pellicātus, ūs, m. [a peliex] the adultery of a woman who lies with another woman's husband.

Pellicio, ūre, lexi, lectum, act. to inveigle; to deceive by flattery; to draw one in; to wheedle; to cajole; to allure; to entice; to invite; to decoy; to attract; to draw.

Pellicīla, ūe, f. dim. [a pellis] a little skin.

Pellicūlo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum, act. [a pellis] to bind the mouth of a stopped vessel over with leather.

Pellio, ūnis, m. [a pellis] a furrier.

Pellis, is, f. the skin or hide of a beast flayed off; the fell or pelt; the skin that is on a live beast; a man's skin; parchment. **Pelles**, tente for soldiers, because they were covered with skins.

Pellitus, a, um, adj. [a pellis] clothed with fur or skin.

Pello, ūre, **pēpēdi**, **pulsam**, act. to drive or chase one away; to thrust or turn out; to keep off; to banish; to send away; to repel; to drive back; to make to recoil; to give back; to move or stir by thrusting; to strike; to touch; to affect; to move; to strike; to vex; to touch; to grieve; to knock at a door; to touch or play upon an instrument of music; to dance.

Pellos, i, f. a kind of herminshaw.

Pellūceo, āre, luxi, —. neut. to be seen through; to be transparent.
 Pelluciditas, ātis. f. clearness, transparency.
 Pellucidulus, a, um. adj. glittering; shining, pretty bright.
 Pellucidus, a, um. adj. clear, transparent.
 Pelloris, Idis. f. a sort of shell-fish.
 Pelta, æ. f. a very short buckler or target, in form of a half moon; used by the Amazons.
 Peltaſta v. Peltaſtes, æ. m. one armed with a pelta.
 Peltatus, a, um. adj. armed with the pelta.
 Pelteſſer, æra, ſtrum. adj. bearing the pelta.
 Pelvis, is. f. a sort of vessel wherein to wash the feet; and for other uses.
 Penāria, æ. f. [sc. cella] a but-tery or pantry; a place to keep provisions in.
 Penārius, a, um. adj. of or be- longing to provisions or victu- als.
 Pēnātes, lum. m. the household gods; a house; one's seat or fixed habitation.
 Pēnātiger, æra, ſtrum. adj. that carries his household gods.
 Pendens, tis. part. [a pendeo] being hanged, hanging; hang- ing at, about, or upon; lean- ing over; ready to fall; im- pending, imminent, instant; in form of an arch; depend- ing, resting, or relying upon.
 Pendeo, ēre, pēpendi, num. neut. to hang up; to hang on, at, from, or about; to linger; to stay; to bend forward; to stoop; to float or swim in; to be poised; to depend; to rely on; to be supported; to weigh; to be of any weight; to be doubtful or in suspense; to be in pain for; to be un- settled; to stop; to be dis- continued for a time.
 Penditur, impers. [a pendo] they pay.
 Pendo, ēre, pēpendi, —. act. to weigh; to be of any weight; to ponder; to poise; to think of; to deliberate on; to con- sider of; to esteem; to value; to regard; to pay; to be pun- ished.
 Pendulus, a, um. adj. [a pen- deo] hanging down, dangling.
 Pene, v. Pene, adv. almost, in a manner.
 Pēnſilipes, pum. f. pl. a sort of water-fowl.
 Pēnes, prep. regit acc. under one's command; in one's power; in one's hand; at, with, about, or concerning.
 Pēnētrābilis, is, e. adj. Act. viſcering, penetrating. Pass.

that may be pierced, penetra- ble.

Pēnētrāle, is. n. the recess or inmost part of any place; the inner part of a palace or royal seat; the innermost part of a house; a house, seat, place of habitation or abode; of a river.
 Pēnētrālis, is, e. adj. of or be- longing to the inmost part of any place; of or belonging to a palace; any innermost place.
 Pēnētrālis, is, e. adj. pro Pene- trābilis. piercing, penetrat- ing.
 Pēnētrāns, tis. part. penetrating, piercing; entering; passing through.
 Pēnētrātus, impers. they enter or make their way into.
 Pēnētrātus, a, um. part. pierc- ed, entered into, being made to enter.
 Pēnetru, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to penetrate; to pierce; to enter into; to scan; to look narrowly into; to pass to or through; to make one's way into or through; to invade; to sink down; to descend.
 Pēnicillus, i. m. et Pēnicillum, i. n. dim. a rubber; a sort of soft sponges; a painter's pen- cil; a sort of tents put into wounds; a piece of lint laid on the orifice of a vein after blood-letting.
 Pēniculus, i. m. et Pēniculum, i. n. dim. [a penis] a cook's line; a apron wherewith he wipes his hands and dishes; a paint- er's pencil.
 Pēniſſula, æ. f. a place almost environed with water; an island almost joined to the continent by a neck of land only.
 Penis, is. m. a tail; a man's yard.
 Pēnſte, adv. antiq. inwardly, deeply.
 Pēnſus, a, um. adj. that has a tail.
 Pēnſus, a, um. adj. inward, far within.
 Pēnſus, adv. inwardly, within; in the inmost and most secret part; deeply; thoroughly, perfectly, entirely; wholly, altogether; remotely, at a great distance, far off.
 Penna, æ. f. a feather grown; a quill; the plume of a hel- met; a wing of a bird.
 Pennātus, a, um. adj. winged, fledge, that has wings.
 Penniger, æra, ſtrum. adj. hav- ing wings.
 Pennipes, ſdis. adj. that has wings on his feet.
 Pennipēns, tis. adj. a bird, a fowl.

Pennſula, æ. f. dim. a little wing or feather.
 Pēnſatio, ōnis. f. a recompense.
 Pēnſator, ōris. m. [a pendo] a weigher.
 Pēnſilis, is, e. adj. hanging in the air.
 Pēnſio, ōnis. f. [a pendo] a payment of money; rent of a house, land, &c. recompense or requital; a fee.
 Pēnſitatio, ōnis. f. a compensa- tion.
 Pēnſitātus, a, um. part. weigh- ed; Met. considered, ponder- ed, often thought upon.
 Pēnſito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. freq. [a pendo] to ponder of- ten, and long upon; to exa- mine much into; to pay often.
 Pēnſiuncſula, æ. f. dim. [a pen- sio] a small payment, an ac- knowledgment.
 Penſo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. freq. to ponder; to consider well off; to examine; to es- teem; to value; to supply; to make to serve instead of; to requite; to make amends for; to make good; to com- pensate.
 Penſum, i. n. a handful of wool or flax yarn thread spun; a task; a charge, work, under- taking or office; an exercise.
 Penſum, i. n. [a pendo] thought, care, regard, concern, or ac- count.
 Pēnſura, æ. f. a weighing or paying.
 Penſus, a, um. part. et adj. [a pendo] weighed in the balance; paid; weighty.
 Pēntādactylus, i. f. a sort of shell-fish.
 Pēntādōron, i. n. a kind of tile or brick five hands broad.
 Pēntāmēter, tra, trum. adj. a sort of verse consisting of five feet.
 Pēntāphyllon, i. n. the herb five-leaved-grass.
 Pēntathlus, i. m. a statue of one who had been victor in the five games or sports.
 Pēntēris, is. f. a vessel rowed with five banks of oars on a side, one above another.
 Pēnthēmimēris, is. f. a pēnthēmimeris.
 Pēntōrōdon, i. n. the herb piony or peony.
 Pēnſarius, a, um. adj. [a pen- sus] belonging to provision.
 Pēnſula v. Penſula, æ. f. a rid- ing coat, a mantle; a cover or wrapper.
 Pēnſulatus v. Penſulatus, a, um. adj. ex part. wearing a close, warm, short coat.
 Pēnum, i. n. all kinds of vic- tuals, meat and drink, store and provision for a house- hold.

Pēnūria, *m. f.* extreme want of necessities or provisions for use; lack or want of other things; fewness, small number, rareness.

Pēnus, *i. v. ūs. m.* all manner of provisions of meat and drink for men; a store of such provisions.

Pēnus, *ōris. n.* all kinds of provisions or victuals; pickled provisions, that are preserved in pickle.

Peplion, *i. n.* an herb called wild purslain.

Peplis, *Idis, et Peplos, i. f.* a sort of herb.

Peplus, *i. m. et Peplum, i. n.* the sail of the ship Panathenaea; a sort of loose, white, or purple garment without sleeves; a long robe worn by the goddesses.

Pepteus, *a, um. adj.* concoctive, digestive.

Per, *præp. regit. abl. by; by means of; under pretence of; between; through; during; thwart, across; at or in.*

Pēra, *m. f.* a bag or pouch to carry victuals in; a satchel, poke or budget.

Pēraburdus, *a, um. adj.* very absurd, contrary to all reason.

Pēricer, *v. acris. acris, acre. adj.* very sharp, poignant; piercing, acute.

Pēricerbus, *a, um. adj.* very sour, sharp, tart; grievous.

Pēricesco, *ēre, — neut.* to be very sour, uneasy, displeasing.

Pēractio, *ōnis. f.* [a perago] en-
ding, accomplishing, finishing, or closing.

peractus, *a, um. part.* [a per-
o] perfect, finished, accom-
plished, completed, dispatch-
ed; held, kept; past, passed
over, spent; told, declared,
scoured off; plended; ob-
tained; drained, exhausted.

percuo, *ēre, vi. ūtum. act.* to
make very sharp.

Perkellus, *adv.* very sharply,
sorely, or severely.

Perkūtus, *a, um. adj.* very
sharp, keen or fine-edged; arti-
ful, ingenious, witty; nice,
fine, subtle.

Perkūlescens, *tis. adj.* very
young.

Perkūlescentulus, *i. m.* a very
youth, a very young man.

Peredificatus, *a, um. part.* built
up, finished.

Peræque, *adv.* very equally.

Peræquo, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act.* to
equal; to answer.

Peræquus, *a, um. adj.* very equal
or even.

Peragittus, *a, um. part.* galled,
pressed hard upon.

Peragito, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq.* to
raise; to make to rise; to
work things together.

Perago, *ēre, ūgi, actum. act.* to
perfect; to finish; to accom-
plish; to perform; to dispatch;
to achieve; to execute; to
bear; to hold; to keep; to pass
or spend time, to pass through;
to pierce; to run through; to
declare; to set forth; to write,
read or consider thoroughly;
to till; to spend; to waste; to
concoct; to digest; to kill; to
slay; to dispatch.

Peragratio, *ōnis. f.* a travelling
up and down, a progress.

Peragratūs, *a, um. part.* wander-
ed over, travelled over.

Peragro, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act.* to
wander; to ramble over fields,
woods, or deserts; to travel
over or through; to discover;
to lay open; to disclose; to
spread; to display; to view;
to survey; to affect highly;
to make a lasting impression
upon.

Peramans, *tis. adj. ex part.* lov-
ing entirely.

Peramantier, *adv.* most lovingly
or affectionately.

Perambūlo, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act.* to
traverse through, about or
over; to pass up and down.

Peramēnus, *a, um. adj.* very
pleasant.

Peramplius, *a, um. adj.* very
large.

Peranguste, *adv.* very closely or
straitly.

Perangustus, *a, um. adj.* very
strait and narrow.

Peranno, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut.* to
live a year.

Perantiquus, *a, um. adj.* very
ancient.

Perappositus, *a, um. adj.* very
apposite, proper, or suitable.

Peraratus, *a, um. part.* plough-
ed all over; written.

Peraratus, *a, um. adj.* very hard
or difficult.

Peraresco, *ēre, ni. — neut.* to
be or grow very dry.

Perargutus, *a, um. adj.* very
witty, sharp, or smart.

Peraridus, *a, um. adj.* over dry,
too dry.

Perarmatus, *a, um. part.* well
armed.

Perarro, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act.* to
furrow all over with wrinkles;
to sail over; to plough the
main; to write; to trans-
cribe.

Perasper, *a, um. adj.* very
rough.

Perastute, *adv.* very subtly,
very craftily.

Peratitum, *i. n.* a sort of bel-
lum.

Peratim, *adv.* [a pera] bag by
bag, small parcels at the time.

Perattente, *adv.* very attentively
or heedfully.

Perattentus, *a, um. adj.* very at-
tentive or heedful.

Perbacchor, *ūri, ūtus. dep.* to
spend his time in excessive
drinking, revelling, and play-
ing.

Perbestus, *a, um. adj.* very hap-
py, lucky, or fortunate.

Perbelle, *adv.* very well, mighty
well.

Perbene, *adv.* passing or exceed-
ing well.

Perbēnsvolus, *a, um. adj.* very
friendly or kind.

Perbēnigne, *adv.* very courte-
ously or civilly; most dearly
or kindly.

Perlibo, *ēre, i, ūtum. act.* to
drink or suck up; to take in.

Perbitto, *ēre, — neut.* to per-
ish; to be ruined.

Perblandus, *a, um. adj.* mighty
fair-spoken; very kind, courte-
ous and complaisant.

Perbōnus, *a, um. adj.* very good,
full, large; very convenient,
well situated; artificial, curi-
ous; very fruitful.

Perbrāvis, *is, e. adj.* very short;
of very small continuance.

Perbrēviter, *adv.* very briefly,
in very few words.

Perca, *m. f.* a fish called a perch.

Percalefactus, *a, um. part.* [a
percaleo] thoroughly heated.

Percaleo, *ēre, ūi, — neut.* to
grow thoroughly warm; to be-
come very hot.

Percalleo, *ēre, ūi, — neut.* to
become hardened or insensible;
to be wholly regardless; not to
be moved. *Act.* to be exactly
skilled in; to know or under-
stand perfectly.

Percalefactio, *ūre, ūcti, factum.*
act. to make very hot.

Per candidus, *a, um. adj.* per-
fectly white.

Per carus, *a, um. adj.* very dear,
as to affection; very dear, as to
price.

Per cantus, *a, um. adj.* very
wary.

Per celebratus, *a, um. part.* made
public, divulged.

Per celebris, *is. adj.* very fo-
mous.

Per celebrō, *ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act.*
unde percelebror. *pass.* to be di-
vulged; to be made public; to
spread every where.

Per celer, *ūris, e. adj.* very spee-
dy, sudden.

Per celeriter, *adv.* very speedily.

Per cello, *ēre, cūll* [an percūll
incert.] *cūllum. act.* to thrust
aside; to put by; to remove by
force; to overthrow; to over-
turn; to bear or beat down; to
strike; to hit; to smite; to af-
fect deeply; to grieve; to strike
to the heart; to wound; to dis-

quiet sorely; to astonish; to daunt; to stun; to abash; to put out of countenance; to affect; to move.

Percenseo, ēre, ul, —. act. to count; to reckon up; to recount exactly; to travel over.

Perceptio, ōnis, f. [a percipio] a taking, gathering, or receiving; a perceiving, knowing, or comprehending.

Perceptum, i. n. in plur. percepta, ōrum. *speculations, the theoretic parts.*

Perceptus, a, um. part. [a percipio] partaken of, enjoyed; gotten, procured; perceived, understood, known; learned perfectly.

Percido, ēre, cidi, ciseum. act. [a cado] to beat all over.

Percio, ēre, —. act. to call or proclaim; to move thoroughly; to strike; to pierce.

Percingo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to encompass round.

Percio, ire, li, itum. to move or affect very strongly or violently; to enrage; to provoke highly.

Percipio, ēre, cepi, ceptum. act. to take up wholly; to seize entirely; to possess; to invade or fill; to take; to receive; to gather; to reap; to partake of; to perceive; to understand; to conceive; to apprehend; to retain; to mind; to regard; to be attentive to.

Percis, idis, f. a sort of shell-fish.

Percitus, a, um. part. [ex per et cecidit] moved; struck, smitten; moved or much troubled; passionate, fierce, highly disturbed, put into a passion.

Percivitis, is, e. adj. very affable or gracious.

Pernopterus, i. m. a kind of bastard eagle, like a vulture, short-winged.

Pernox, i. m. the second kind of eagle, living about lakes and fens.

Percocio, a, um. part. [a percoquo] thoroughly boiled.

Percognitus, a, um. part. known or discovered thoroughly.

Percognosco, ēre, novi, nŭtum. act. to know perfectly well.

Perculo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to flter or strain thoroughly.

Perculo, ēre, ni, cultum. act. to grace; to deck; to adorn; to beautify; to perfect; to put one's last hand to; to reverence greatly; to respect highly.

Percōmis, is, e. adj. very gentle, courteous, affable.

Percommode, adv. very conveniently, opportunely.

Percommodus, a, um. adj. very convenient or seasonable.

Percontatio, ōnis, f. an asking of questions, an inquiry by questions, an interrogation, examination.

Percontator, ōris, m. an asker of many questions; an inquisitive person.

Percontor, ūri, ūtus. dep. al. Percontor, to ask strictly; to inquire; to demand; to question; to interrogate; to examine; to expect; to tarry; to wait for.

Percontumax, ūcis, adj. very stubborn, wilful, obstinate.

Percopiosus, a, um. adj. very copious or large.

Percorquo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to boil thoroughly; to cook; to dress; to scorch; to heat; to warm; to ripen.

Percrassus, a, um. adj. very thick.

Percruresco, ēre, crebui, —. neut. to be divulged or spread abroad; to become known; to be noised abroad; to be talked of publicly.

Percrēbui, impers. it has been divulged or spread, &c.

Percrēpo, ēre, ni, itum. neut. to resound; to ring with.

Percrucio, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. unde Percrucior, ūri, ūtus. pass. to be vexed to the very soul.

Percrudus, a, um. adj. very unripe.

Percudo, ēre, di, gum. act. to crack.

Perculus, a, um. part. [a percello] struck, smitten; deeply affected with, wounded, vexed; astonished, amazed, surprised; touched with delight or admiration.

Percultus, a, um. part. [a percōlo] thoroughly trimmed, well dressed.

Percunctatio, ōnis, f. an inquiring, a demanding, or asking of questions.

Percunctatus, a, um. part. having asked or inquired.

Percunctor, ūri, ūtus. dep. to ask curiously; to inquire strictly; to demand; to question.

Percupidus, a, um. adj. very kindly affected towards.

Percupio, ēre, ūvi, itum. neut. to desire greatly or earnestly.

Percuratus, a, um. part. thoroughly cured or healed.

Percuriosus, a, um. adj. very careful, diligent, or inquisitive.

Percuro, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to cure or heal thoroughly.

Percurritur, impers. it is run

over with; recited, told, set forth.

Percurro, ēre, cūcurri, cursum. act. et neut. to run in great haste; to continue running all the way; to run with speed over or through; to pass or make its way over or through; to run over.

Percursatio, ōnis, f. a rambling progress.

Percursio, ōnis, f. a speedy running over in the mind.

Percurso, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [a percurro] to range frequently up and down.

Percursus, a, um. part. run over, recounted, reckoned up; revolved; recited.

Percussio, ōnis, f. a knocking, beating, or striking; a snapping or cracking of the fingers; a stroke in measuring time in feet or music.

Percussor, ōris, m. a striker; a hired assassin, a cut-throat, a bravo.

Percussus, a, um. part. [a percutio] stricken, smitten, hit, &c. struck, stamped, coined; slain, killed; astonished, abashed; played or otherwise acted upon; moved, disquieted, vexed; affected with joy sorrow, &c. cast up or cut, as a trench or ditch.

Percussus, ūs, m. a stroke; a dashing against.

Percutio, ēre, cū, cūsum. act. [ex per et quatio] to strike; to hit; to thump; to smite; to sell; to beat down; to kill; to slay; to murder; to deceive; to cozen; to affright; to daunt; to astonish; to shock; to fret; to tease; to disturb; to trouble or disquiet sorely; to strike or make an impression upon the mind; to affect; to touch; to please; to delight.

Percutior, a, um. adj. very comely or handsome.

Percutiosus, a, um. adj. very ridiculous, silly, or foolish.

Percutius, a, um. adj. very thick and solid.

Percutium, i. n. pellitory of the wall.

Percutissilis, is, e. adj. very difficult or hard.

Percutissiliter, adv. very difficultly or hardly.

Percutignus, a, um. adj. highly worthy of.

Percutignus, tis, adj. very diligent or sedulous.

Percutigenter, adv. very diligently; very carefully or exactly.

Perculico, ēre, didici, —. act. to learn perfectly or exactly, to inform one's self thoroughly

Perliserte, adv. *very eloquently, very expressly.*

Perdite, adv. *corruptly, basely, ill; vehemently, greatly, extravagantly; desperately; earnestly.*

Perditor, ōris, m. *a destroyer or ruin; a demolisher.*

Perditus, a, um, part. [a perdo] et adj. *lost; beggared; spent profusely; squandered away; abolished; desperate; abandoned, lewd, wicked, debauched, dissolute; graceless, reprobate; wretched, miserable, desolate; profuse, prodigal.*

Perditi, adv. *for a great while or a very long time.*

Perdives, itis, adv. *very rich.*

Perdūturnus, a, um, adj. *lasting a very long time.*

Perdix, icis, f. et m. *a partridge.*

Perdo, ēre, didi, ditum, act. *to lose; to consume; to throw away in vain; to kill; to destroy; to be the death of one; to abolish; to waste; to ruin; to ravage; to corrupt; to debauch; to ruin; to undo; to spend riotously; to lavish; to squander away; to forget; to lose the knowledge of.*

Perdōco, ēre, cui, ctum, act. *to teach perfectly; to instruct thoroughly.*

Perdocte, adv. *very knowingly; very exactly or perfectly.*

Perdoctus, a, um, part. *perfectly instructed or taught.* Adj. *very learned or knowing.*

Perdōleo, ēre, ul, —, neut. *to be thoroughly sensible of grief; to be vexed to the very heart; to be thoroughly needed.*

Perdōlo, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. *to be vexed smooth.*

Perdōmitus, a, um, part. *made tame or gentle; broken; wholly conquered or subdued.*

Perdūmo, ēre, ui, itum, act. *to tame; to make gentle; to slay; to kill; to conquer wholly; to subdue totally.*

Perdormisco, ēre, —, —, neut. *to sleep enough, long, or all night long.*

Perdūco, ēre, xi, ctum, act. *to bring through; to lead along with; to accompany; to bring one to; to bring over or persuade to one's party, opinion, &c. to bring down or lower; to carry on; to continue; to hold on; to prolong; to go through with; to amount all over.*

Perduco, ōnis, f. *a bringing or conveying.*

Perducto, ēre, āvi, ātum, freq.

to lead or accompany one along.

Perductor, ōris, m. [a perduco] *an attendant, a guide; a pimp or pander; one that brings wenches even by force.*

Perductus, a, um, part. *brought, decoyed, or led; brought or led as a woman is by a pimp; persuaded; carried on; continued, prolonged, held on.*

Perduum, adv. *long since.*

Perduellio, ōnis, m. *murder.*

Perduellus, is, m. *an enemy, one engaged in actual war against us.*

Perduellum, i, n. ant. *pro Belium.*

Perdum, ant. *pro Perdam.*

Perdūro, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. *to last; to continue; to hold out; to endure; to abide patiently with.*

Perdūria, æ, f. *a country of eating.*

Perdūro, perdūria, v. pēres, perdūre, ēdi, ēsum, act. *to eat through by fretting; to consume; to waste.*

Peregere, adv. *abroad, from home; from abroad, i. e. from foreign parts.*

Peregrius, a, um, adj. *of a travelling humour, loving to travel about foreign countries.*

Peregrius, ōnis, f. *a travelling or journeying up and down; a progress; a sitting or wandering up and down; a travelling in foreign parts; a being or living abroad; sojourning; a foreign or outlandish dress; a new fashion brought from abroad.*

Peregriator, ōris, m. *one that makes many journeys; often from home.*

Peregriatus, a, um, part. *having been abroad or in foreign parts.*

Peregrius, itis, f. *the corruption of the purity of the Roman language by foreign idioms or foreign pronunciation; the condition of a foreigner.*

Peregriator, āri, ātus, dep. *to travel through strange places; to go abroad into foreign countries; to be a stranger at or to live a foreigner in.*

Peregrius, a, um, adj. *foreign, outlandish; remote, far off, strange, new, fresh; raw, unexperienced; ignorant. Sometimes by a substantivum; as, a stranger, a foreigner; and from many of the foreign women at Rome being vicious, a harlot, a courtesan.*

Perēlīgans, itis, adj. *very elegant, neat, or quaint.*

Perēlīganter, adv. *very elegantly, neatly.*

Perēlīgans, itis, adj. *very eloquent, smooth or fluent in discourse.*

Pereptor, ōris, m. *one that kills, a murderer.*

Pereptus, a, um, part. [a perimo] *taken away; destroyed, ruined; consumed, wasted away; killed, slain.*

Pereptie, adv. *the day after tomorrow; two days hence.*

Pereptinus, a, um, adj. *the next day after to-morrow, the second day from hence.*

Pereptus, adv. *all the year round.*

Pereptus, um, n. pl. *augurices which the consul or prætor took, at his being about to pass a river.*

Pereptus, is, e, adj. *that continues or stays all the year round; lasting, durable; fixed; never failing, ceasing, or fading; constant, steady; steadfast; perpetual, continual, incessant, uninterrupted; eternal, endless, everlasting.*

Pereptus, is, m. *a servant who always serves his master.*

Pereptus, itis, f. [a perennis] *lastingness; continuance, durability, endlessness.*

Pereptus, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. *to last; to endure; to continue.*

Pereptus, æ, c. g. [a perat et cædo] *a cut-purse.*

Pereptus, itis, f. et vi, itum, neut. *to be quite spent; to vanish; to disappear wholly; to die; to be killed; to be cut off; to perish; to be annihilated; to be lost; to be spent in vain; to be performed or done in vain; to be destroyed or laid waste; to be spoiled; to be ruinous; to be ruined; to be desperately in love with one.*

Pereptus, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to ride quite through; to ride round or all over.*

Pereptus, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to wander all over or round; to travel over; to go up and down; to walk up and down in; to pass over; to run over in the mind; to pry into narrowly; to miss; not to prove.*

Pereptus, itis, a, um, adj. *very learned.*

Pereptus, a, um, part. [a peredo] *eaten quite through; snatched, dispirited; mangled, torn.*

Pereptus, āre, āvi, ātum, act. *to tease sore, to fret extremely.*

Pereptus, adv. *very niggardly, sordidly, or meanly.*

Pereptus, a, um, adj. *very little, small, short.*

Pereptus, is, e, adj. *very slender or small.*

Pērexpēditus, a, um. adj. *very easy or obvious.*
Perfabricō, ēre, fvi, ūtum. act. *to do a thing thoroughly.*
Perfācēte, adv. *very prettily, pleasantly, or merrily.*
Perfācētus, a, um. adj. *very pleasant, merry, or witty.*
Perfācile, adv. *very easily or readily.*
Perfācilis, is, e. adj. *very easy.*
Perfāmiliāris, is, e. adj. *very familiar, very well acquainted with; an intimate friend.*
Perfātus, a, um. adj. *very silly or foolish.*
Perfēcte, adv. *perfectly, fully, completely, exactly.*
Perfēctio, ōnis. f. [a perficō] *perfection, fullness, completeness; accomplishment; exquisiteness; the making or framing.*
Perfector, ōris. m. *an accomplicher or finisher; that which perfects or completes.*
Perfēctus, ūm. m. *perfection, completeness.*
Perfēctus, a, um. part. *finished, ended, completed; effected, brought about or to pass; performed, fulfilled; made or done; made or formed of.*
Adj. *perfect, entire, complete; accomplished, absolute, exact, accurately skilled in; excellent, rare.*
Perfērens, tis. nom. ex part. *bearing patiently.*
Perfēro, ferre, tūlli, lātum. act. *to carry, bear, or convey through; to tell; to bring word of; to report; to show; to advise; to bear patiently; to endure; to undergo; to bear with; to go through with; to make; to pass.*
Perfērtur, impers. *it is told.*
Perfervēſcō, ēre, factus. neut. pass. *to be made very hot.*
Perfervēſus, a, um. adj. *very hot.*
Perfērus, a, um. adj. *very fierce or cruel.*
Perficiō, ēre, foci, ſectum. act. [ex par et facio] *to perfect; to finish; to complete; to dispatch; to make an end of; to concoct; to digest; to effect; to perform; to accomplish; to achieve; to gain; to obtain; to prevail.*
Perficus, a, um. adj. *perfecting.*
Perfidē, adv. *perfidiously, treacherously.*
Perfidēſis, is, e. adj. *very faithless or trusty.*
Perfidia, æ. f. *an infringement or breach of one's faith; falsehood, treachery, perfidiousness, unfaithfulness, disloyalty.*
Perfidioſe, adv. *perfidiously, disloyally, treacherously.*
Perfidioſus, a, um. adj. *per-*

fidious, faithless, treacherous, false.
Perſidus, a, um. adj. *perfidious, false, treacherous, unfaithful, disloyal.*
Perſinio, ire, ſvi, ſtum. act. *fully to end.*
Perſiſus, a, um. part. *pierced, stricken, or thrust through.*
Perſibilis, is, e. adj. *that may be blown through.*
Perſiſtigidoſus, a, um. adj. *very villainous, very wicked.*
Perſiſtus, ūs. m. [a perſio] *the blowing of the wind through a place.*
Perſio, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to blow violently through, over, or upon; to blow.*
Perſuſcō, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. *to swim or float upon in great abundance.*
Perſuo, ēre, fluxi, fluxum. neut. *to run out; to flow; to run down or by; to abound.*
Perſuſus, a, um. adj. *very fading, transient.*
Perſodio, ēre, ſodi, ſoſsum. act. *to dig through.*
Perſorātus, a, um. part. *bored through.*
Perſore, to be.
Perſormidēſibilis, is, e. adj. *greatly to be feared.*
Perſormidēſus, a, um. adj. *greatly feared, much dreaded.*
Perſormidēſus, a, um. adj. *very fearful.*
Perſoro, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to bore through; to run through.*
Perſortiter, adv. *very manfully or bravely.*
Perſoſſor, ōris. m. [a perſodio] *a digger or breaker through.*
Perſoſſus, a, um. part. [a perſodio] *dug through; turned up; pierced through; having a hole made through.*
Perſracte, adv. *stiffly, obstinately.*
Perſractus, a, um. part. [a perſringo] *broken to pieces; broken.*
Perſrēquens, tis. adj. *very frequent, well frequented.*
Perſrēmo, ēre, ui, ſtum. neut. *to roar out.*
Perſrivo, ēre, cui, etum. act. *to rub all over.*
Perſrictio, ōnis. f. [a perſrigeo] *a vehement shivering by reason of cold.*
Perſrictioſo, ēre, —. act. *to put in a great fear.*
Perſrigeo, ēre, xi, —. neut. *to shiver with cold; to be hoarse with cold.*
Perſrigeſcō, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to cool.*
Perſrigeſco, ēre, —. incept. *to grow very cold.*
Perſrigidus, a, um. adj. *extremely cold.*
Perſringo, ēre, frēgi, fractum. (243)

act. [ex per et frango] to break through; to break or dash in pieces; to break up in ploughing; to infringe; to violate; to dissolve; to dissipate; to corrupt.
Perſrio, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to rub thoroughly.*
Perſructus, a, um. part. [a perſruor] *having fully enjoyed.*
Perſruor, frui, fruſtus. dep. *to enjoy fully or thoroughly.*
Perſruga, æ. m. a deserter.
Perſrugio, ēre, ſugi, ſtum. neut. *to fly for succour or shelter.*
Perſrugiūm, ii. n. *a refuge or shelter; a place to flee to for succour; a sanctuary; an excuse, a pretence.*
Perſulcio, ire, ſi, tum. act. *to uphold or support.*
Perſunſio, ōnis. f. [a perſungor] *the going through with or discharging of any office, honour, or trust; an undergoing or enduring.*
Perſunſorioſe, adv. *slightly, superficially, easily, lightly.*
Perſunſus, a, um. part. [a perſungor] *having gone through with, borne, fully done, discharged; being freed from, by having performed, endured, or undergone; after they shall have lived or enjoyed life; clear or free from; undergone, run through; partaken of; enjoyed.*
Perſundo, ēre, ſūdi, ſūsum. act. *to pour all over; to wash; to bathe; to bedew; to besprinkle; to besmear; to daub over; to imbue; to give a tincture to to furnish with.*
Perſunſor, gi, functus. dep. *to discharge or execute completely or fully; to go through with to the end; to be rid of; freed or delivered from; to be clear of or free from; to share; to partake of; to enjoy.*
Perſūro, ēre, —. neut. *to be in a very great fury; to be outrageous.*
Perſuſio, ōnis. f. [a perſundo] *a washing, bathing, pouring water all over; a wetting, moistening, or besprinkling with water.*
Perſuſorioſus, a, um. adj. *superficial, slight.*
Perſuſus, a, um. part. [a perſundo] *poured all over, washed; wetted, besprinkled, dashed, wetted; anointed, besmeared; stained, defiled; covered all over; overlaid, gilded over disguised, coloured, dyed; filled or covered with fear, &c. endowed with a quality of causing; dosed with, made drowsy or sleepy by.*
Perſūmēna, æ. f. sc. pellis [a Pergamus] *parchment.*

Pergaudeo, ēre, gāvīsus. neut. to rejoice greatly; to be very glad.
Pergruor, impers. they go.
Pergrisco, ēre, —. neut. to grow very fat.
Pergo, ēre, perrexi, rectum. neut. to go; to go on or forward; to come along; to advance; to hold on his way; to proceed; to continue on; to prosecute; to pursue; to pass by; to omit; not to mention; to hasten or make haste to; to endeavour; to attempt.
Pergracilis, is, e. adj. very slender or small.
Pergræcor, āri, ētus. dep. to guzzle; to spend whole days and nights in drinking.
Pergrandia, ia, e. adj. very big; very great; very aged.
Pergrāphicus, a, um. adj. notable, complete, perfect, accomplished.
Pergrātus, a, um. adj. very acceptable or well pleasing.
Pergrāvis, is, e. adj. very heavy or grievous to be borne; very solid or weighty; very substantial or material.
Pergrāviter, adv. very grievously, mightily; very sharply or severely.
Pergūla, æ. f. a sort of gallery or balcony; a place where painters exposed their pieces to view or to sale; a place where the professors of any art or science taught their scholars publicly; a little cottage; a place in the stews, where whores stood to be viewed or hired; a trail or frame of wood, made in the fashion of an arbour, to bear up a vine.
Perhibeo, ēre, ui, itum. act. [ex per et habeo] to speak; to affirm; to report; to give out; to call; to style; to term; to esteem; to account; to allow; to afford; to give.
Perhiemo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to lie or be all winter.
Perhūm, adv. very little or least of all.
Perhūmilitice, adv. very honourably, with great respect.
Perhūmiliticus, a, um. adj. very honourable, most respectful.
Perhorresco, ēre, ui, —. incept. to be sorely afraid of; to tremble for fear of.
Perhorride, adv. very dreadful.
Perhorridus, a, um. adj. very nasty, stinking, or filthy.
Perhospitālis, is, e. adj. very hospitable, open to give reception.
Perhospitūs, a, um. adj. very friendly, kind, hospitable.

Perhūmānter, adv. very kindly or courteously.
Perhūmēnus, a, um. adj. very civil, very courteous.
Pericarpium, i. n. a kind of as-tringent root.
Periclitandus, a, um. part. to be hazarded or proved.
Periclitatio, ōnis. f. a proving, adventuring, hazarding, trying, or experimenting; an essay.
Periclitāur, impers. trial is made.
Periclitātus, a, um. part. exposed to danger, peril, or jeopardy; proved, tried, experimented.
Periclitor, āri, ētus. dep. to be in danger or peril; to endanger; to bring into danger; to try; to prove; to adventure; to essay; to make experiment or trial of.
Periclyménos, i. f. sive **Periclyménon**, i. n. a honeysuckle; that woodbine which bears the honeysuckle.
Periclitose, adv. dangerously, adventurously, hazardingly; with danger or peril.
Periclitōsus, a, um. adj. dangerous, hazardous, perilous.
Pericūlum, i. n. peril, danger, jeopardy; dangerous, hazardous; a trial, essay, experiment or proof; an adventure.
Peridōneus, a, um. adj. very fit or convenient.
Perignārus, a, um. adj. wholly ignorant.
Perillustris, tris, tre. adj. very illustrious or famous.
Perimbēcillus, a, um. adj. very infirm, weak, or feeble.
Perimetrus, i. m. the circuit or ambit of a thing or place.
Perimo, ēre, ēmi, emptum. act. to take away wholly; to deprive of quite; to hinder; to disappoint; to destroy; to ruin; to deface; to kill; to slay.
Perimpēditus, a, um. adj. difficult to be passed.
Perincommodē, adv. very inconveniently or unluckily.
Perincomōdus, a, um. adj. very inconvenient or inconvenient.
Perinde, adv. as, so as, according as, in like manner as; so; so much; equally.
Perindigne, adv. very indignantly or very grievously.
Perindulgens, tis. adj. highly revenging.
Perinfāmis, is, e. adj. very infamous.
Perinfirmus, a, um. adj. very weak; of very small force or weight.
Peringēniōsus, a, um. adj. very witty or ingenious.

Peringrātus, a, um. adj. very ungrateful.
Periniquus, a, um. adj. very unjust or unreasonable; very uneasy, impatient, or discontented.
Perinignis, is, e. adj. very notorious, apparent, or remarkable.
Perinvisus, a, um. adj. abominable to, much hated by.
Perinvitus, a, um. adj. very much against one's will.
Perinunguo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to anoint all over.
Periōdicus, a, um. adj. that goes or comes by course or fits.
Periōdus, i. f. a period or perfect sentence.
Peripetasma, ātis. n. a rich sort of hanging for rooms or coverings for their floors.
Peripneumōticus, a, um. adj. one troubled with an inflammation of the lungs.
Peritrāus, a, um. adj. transported with anger.
Periscēlia, klia. f. a garter.
Perisason, i. n. a sort of shrub full of shoots.
Peristæreon, ōnis. m. et **Peristæreos**, ei. f. et **Peristæreum**, ei. n. the herb vervain.
Peristæreon, ōnis. m. a dose-house.
Peristroma, ātis. n. rich tapestry work, wherewith rooms were hung, or their floors or beds spread.
Peristylum, ii. n. a place enclosed round with pillars, and a portico.
Peristylum, i. n. a place begirt with pillars.
Perite, adv. wisely, handily, skilfully, expertly.
Peritia, æ. f. knowledge, skill, skilfulness, expertness.
Perito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a pereō] to lose one's life; to perish; to die.
Peritus, a, um. adj. skilful, expert, well skilled, able, an adept.
Perjucunde, adv. very pleasantly or delightfully.
Perjucundus, a, um. adj. very pleasant or delightful.
Perjūrtiucula, æ. f. dim. a little forswearing, a small perjury.
Perjūrtus, a, um. part. sworn falsely by.
Perjūrtus, a, um. adj. full of perjury, often perjured.
Perjūrium, ii. n. perjury, the violation of an oath; the taking a false oath.
Perjūro, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to violate an oath; to be forsworn by taking a false oath.
Perjūrus, a, um. adj. [ex per et juro] perjured, forsworn

Périxyménos, i. n. *an image or statue resembling one scraping or currying himself all over.*

Périxónium, ii. n. *a sort of apron used by virgins.*

Perlibor, bi, lapsus. dep. *to slide; to pass; to run or glide over or through swiftly.*

Perletus, a, um. adj. *very full of joy.*

Perlapsus, a, um. part. [a per-labor.]

Perlūte, adv. *very largely.*

Perlūtus, a, um. part. [a per-fēro] *borne or conveyed through; brought, carried, reported, told; passed into a law; enacted.*

Perlēcebræ, frum. f. pl. [a pellicio] *bait's, traps, whores, or baits.*

Perlectus, a, um. part. *read over or through.*

Perlēgo, ēre, lēgi, lēctum. act. *to read over; to read through from the beginning to the end; to take a particular view of; to survey thoroughly.*

Perlēpide, adv. *very neatly, very finely, very well.*

Perlēpidus, a, um. adj. *very pretty, very fine.*

Perlēvis, is, e. adj. *very light or small.*

Perlēviter, adv. *very lightly or slightly.*

Perlēviter, adv. *very willingly, with a very good will.*

Perlēthēria, is, e. adj. *very gentle, well bred, or handsome.*

Perlēthērius, adv. *very generously, most obligingly.*

Perlēthērius, dnis. f. *a making exactly level.*

Perlēthērius, a, um. adj. *ex part. exactly level, or made level.*

Perlēbro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to level or make exactly level or even.*

Perlēcio, ēre, lēxi, lēctum. act. [ex per et lacio] *to cajole; to entice; to wheedle; to draw in.*

Perlēno, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to render perspicuous or clear.*

Perlēno, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to rub all over.*

Perlēno, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to perform sacrifice prosperously, with such joyful omens as show the gods pleased therewith.*

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Perlonge, adv. *very far, a great way off.*

Perlonginquus, a, um. adj. *very far off, at a great distance.*

Perlongus, a, um. adj. *very long or at a great distance; very long or a great while.*

Perlūbens, tis. adj. *very well pleased.*

Perlūbet, impers. *I have a very great desire.*

Perlūcens, tis. part. *that may be seen through, transparent; very bright or shining.*

Perlūceo, ēre, luxi, —. neut. *to shine through; to be transparent; to be very bright, clear, or shining.*

Perlūciditas, itis. f. *great clearness, lightness, or transparency.*

Perlūcidulus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat transparent.*

Perlūcidus, a, um. adj. *transparent, that one may see through; bright, clear, or shining; wearing a thin garment, exposing the parts to sight.*

Perlūcidus, a, um. adj. *very mournful.*

Perluo, ēre, luli, lūtum. act. *to wash all over; to make very clean by washing.*

Perlustratus, a, um. part. *viewed, surveyed.*

Perlustratus, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to view all over; to take a strict survey of; to search or inquire into; to consider seriously; to purge; to cleanse.*

Perlūtus, a, um. part. [a per-luo] *washed all over, rinsed fair and clean.*

Perlūker, cra, crum. adj. *very lean, barren, or hungry.*

Perlūcero, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to wet thoroughly; to soak.*

Perlūdeficio, ēre, fēci, factum. act. *to wet all over.*

Perlūdeo, ēre, ui, —. v. *Perlūdeo, ēre, —. neut. *to be very wet; to be soaked with wet.**

Perlūgnus, a, um. adj. *very large or great; of very great concern or consequence; very powerful or effectual; very honourable or reputable.*

Perlūgnanter, adv. *continuedly.*

Perlūgnasco, ēre, —. incept. [a permano] *to be diffused; to be divulged.*

Perlūgne, ēre, nai, neum. neut. *to abide; to stay; to tarry to the end; to remain; to continue; to abide; to hold on; to persevere; to persist; to continue.*

Perlūgne, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. *to flow; to pass along or all over; to be diffused; to enter; to pass; to come into; to arrive at; to be disclosed, di-*

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to deliver up; to trust; to entrust with; to commit; to refer to; to permit; to suffer; to allow; to give leave; to expose; to venture; to hazard.

Permōdestus, a, um. adj. very moderate, sober, or regular.

Permōdice, adv. very little.

Permōdicus, a, um. adj. very ordinary or mean.

Permōleste, adv. very grievously.

Permōlestus, a, um. adj. very troublesome.

Permollis, in, e. adj. very soft.

Permōlo, āre, lui, lītum. act. to grind small; to lie with.

Permōtio, ōnis. f. [a permōveo] an ecstasy, a motion of the mind; the putting the mind into any great concern or passion.

Permōtus, a, um. part. thoroughly moved, put into a great agitation; induced, influenced, persuaded.

Permōveo, āre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to put into any great concern; to persuade; to prevail upon; to influence.

Permūleo, āre, ulsi, ulsum et ultum. act. to stroke; to cherish; to refresh; to please; to cheer; to delight; to appease; to assuage; to caress; to treat gently.

Permūsus, a, um. part. used gently, stroked, cheered; appeased, assuaged.

Permulto, adv. by very much, by far.

Permultum, adv. very much.

Permulus, a, um. adj. very many; very much.

ermundus, a, um. adj. very cleanly.

ermūno, āre, iui et li, lītum. act. to fortify strongly; to finish a fortification begun.

ermūntus, a, um. part. strongly fortified.

ermūtatio, ōnis. f. a changing or altering; an exchanging or bartering; a receiving or paying; a confounding or disordering; a figure in rhetoric.

Permūtatus, a, um. part. altered, changed, or exchanged; bought or sold; altered for the worse, disordered.

Permūtō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to exchange; to barter; to truck; to buy; to sell; to alter; to put into confusion.

Perna, ē. f. a gammon or pestle of bacon with the leg on; part of the body of a tree sticking to its suckers when pulled off; a sort of shell-fish.

Pernescensarius, a, um. adj. very necessary or needful.

Pernescensarius, li. subat. m. a particularly engaged friend or

acquaintance; a close united confederate.

Pernēco, āre, āvi, ātum. v. ui, ctum. act. to kill.

Pernēgo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to deny stiffly or utterly with much impudence.

Perneo, āre, nēvi, nētum. neut. to spin out; to finish.

Pernicilis, is, e. adj. bringing or causing dissolution, destruction, or death.

Pernicies, ei. f. violent death; death; destruction, ruin, or the undoing of one.

Perniciōse, adv. perniciously, destructively, mischievously.

Perniciōsus, a, um. adj. bringing or causing death; destructive, pernicious, of fatal consequence, mischievous, very hurtful.

Pernicitas, ātis. f. swiftness of foot, speed, fleetness.

Perniciter, adv. nimbly, speedily.

Perniger, gra, grum. adj. very black.

Pernitium, adv. too, too much.

Pernio, ōnis. m. a kibe on the heel.

Perniunculus, i. m. dim. a little kibe or chilblain.

Pernix, icis. adj. swift, nimble, speedy, fleet; continuing, persisting or persevering in; patient of labour.

Pernobilis, is, e. adj. remarkable, very famous; very noble, high born.

Pernocto, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a pernox] to pass the whole night; to continue or tarry all night long; to lodge.

Pernōnis, idis. f. [a perna] a little gammon or pestle of bacon.

Pernosco, āre, nōvi, nōtum. act. to know perfectly; to discern; to distinguish; to discover.

Pernotesco, āre, nōtui, —. neut. to be made certainly or perfectly known.

Pernōtuit, impers. it was made certainly known.

Penox, noctis. adj. abiding or continuing all night long, lasting all night.

Pernūmero, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to number; to count over; to tell out or pay money.

Pero, ōnis. m. a sort of high shoe, made of raw leather, worn by country people for a defence against snow and cold; a gambado.

Pērobacūrus, a, um. adj. very obscure or intricate; hard to be understood or believed.

Pērōdious, a, um. adj. very grievous or troublesome.

Pērofficōse, adv. most respectfully or courteously; very obligingly.

Pēroleo, āre, lui et lēvi, —.

neut. to smell very strong; to stink.

Pēronātus, a, um. adj. wearing a sort of country high shoe.

Pēronis, idis. f. a sink or sawage.

Pēroportūne, adv. in very good time; in the nick of time.

Pēroportūnus, a, um. adj. very commodious, fit, or convenient; very seasonable.

Pēroptāto, adv. even as one would wish or desire.

Pēropus, a, um. adj. indecl. very needful, most necessary.

Pēroratio, ōnis. m. the close or last part of an oration or speech.

Pērorātus, a, um. part. brought to an end, concluded; pleaded.

Pēroriga, ē. m. a groom, he that puts the stallion to the mare.

Pēronātus, a, um. part. v. adj. very eloquent.

Pērono, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to do one great honour.

Pēroro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex per et oro] to make an end of speaking; to close; to conclude a speech; to plead a cause, &c.; to declaim; to make a harangue; to answer a charge.

Pēroūs, a, um. part. [a perodi] thoroughly hating.

Perpācitus, a, um. part. thoroughly appeased or made peaceable.

Perpāco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bring to a thorough obedience, and quiet subjection.

Perpallidus, a, um. adj. very pale and wan.

Perparce, adv. very niggardly or sparingly.

Perpārum, adv. very little.

Perparvulus, a, um. adj. dim. very little.

Perparvus, a, um. adj. very little, very small.

Perpastus, a, um. part. very fat, full fed.

Perpauculi, ē. a. adj. dim. in plur. very few.

Perpāvūcio, āre, fēci, factum. act. to put into a very great fright; to make sore afraid.

Perpaululum, adj. indecl. as little as may be.

Perpaulum, adj. indecl. very little.

Perpauper, ēris. adj. very beggarly or poor.

Perpauillum, adj. indecl. very small or little.

Perpello, āre, pūll, pulsum. act. to force; to constrain; to persuade; to prevail with.

Perpendiculum, i. n. a level, a plumb-line.

Perpendo, āre, di, ensum. act.

- to weigh exactly; to ponder; to poise thoroughly in one's mind; to consider of; to deliberate upon; strictly to examine; to try exactly.
- Perpensa**, æ. f. a plant.
- Perpensus**, a, um. part. [a perpendo] weighed thoroughly, well considered.
- Perperam**, adv. rashly, unadvisedly, giddily; amiss, falsely, corruptly, mistakingly; basely, ill.
- Perpes**, Ætis. adj. entire, whole; perpetual, continual, uninterrupted.
- Perpesio**, Ætis. f. an enduring, abiding, or suffering.
- Perpesitius**, a, um. adj. accustomed to bear hardships or misery.
- Perpassu**, supine. to be undergone or endured.
- Perpassus**, a, um. part. having suffered or endured.
- Perpetum**, adv. incessantly, continually, perpetually.
- Perpetior**, I, pessus. dep. [ex per et patior] to suffer; to undergo; to take the trouble; to comply with; to permit; to have; to receive.
- Perpetratus**, a, um. part. done, finished, performed, achieved, ended; perpetrated, committed; obtained, made, procured.
- Perpetro**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to effect; to go through with; to achieve; to finish; to persist; to continue.
- Perpetuarius**, a, um. adj. perpetual, lasting for life.
- Perpetuitas**, Ætis. f. perpetuity, continuance, lastingness; immortality.
- Perpetuo**, adv. continually, perpetually, uninterruptedly; entirely.
- Perpetuo**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to continue; to hold on; to persist; to keep on foot; to perpetuate.
- Perpetuum**, adv. perpetually, continually.
- Perpetuus**, a, um. adj. continual, perpetual, uninterrupted, lasting; universal, always holding good; constant; the whole, all; everlasting, endless, immortal; all of a piece; entire, complete.
- Perpletus**, a, um. part. thoroughly painted or painted all over.
- Perplūceo**, Ære, ul, Ætum. neut. to give great content; to please very well.
- Perplūcet**, impers. it please fully.
- Perplexabilis**, is, e. adj. perplexed, intricate, entangled, hard to be understood.
- Perplexabiliter**, adv. intricately, doubtfully, obscurely.
- Perplexe**, adv. perplexedly, ambiguously, intricately, obscurely.
- Perplexim**, adv. ambiguously, doubtfully, intricately.
- Perplexor**, Æri, —. dep. to act intricately or captiously.
- Perplexus**, a, um. adj. perplexed, jumbled together; intricate, difficult, obscure, hard to be understood, doubtful, ambiguous.
- Perpluo**, Ære, pluī, plūtum. neut. to rain through; to let rain through.
- Perplurimum**, adv. very much.
- Perpōlio**, Ære, Ivi, Ætum. act. to polish thoroughly; to perfect; to put the last hand to a work, &c.
- Perpōlito**, adv. undesup. issime. very politely.
- Perpōlito**, Ætis. f. a polishing or trimming.
- Perpōlitus**, a, um. part. perfected, completed, finished.
- Adj.** polished, burnished, brightened.
- Perpōlūtus**, a, um. part. being quite laid waste, destroyed utterly.
- Perpōllor**, Æri, Ætus. dep. to destroy; to lay waste; to harass; to ravage; to plunder.
- Perpōlitio**, Ætis. f. a continual drinking, a debauching one's self by continual drinking.
- Perpōto**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to drink continually; to quaff; to guzzle; to carouse.
- Perpressa**, æ. f. a sort of herb.
- Perpresso**, Ære, pressi, pressum. act. to press down very hard; to urge; to importune.
- Perpropinquus**, a, um. adj. very near at hand.
- Perprosper**, Æra, Ærum. adj. very good and prosperous.
- Perprurisco**, Ære, —. neut. to itch all over.
- Perpugnax**, Æcis. adj. very stout or stiff.
- Perpulcher**, chra, chrum. adj. very fair and goodly; amiable.
- Perpurgatus**, a, um. part. thoroughly cleansed; set in a clear light.
- Perpurgō**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to purge thoroughly; to scour; to scrub; to make clean; to remove the rubbish; to clear a matter fully.
- Perpūillus**, a, um. adj. dim. very little or small.
- Perpūto**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to clear a business or perfectly to declare, or give a thorough account of it.
- Perquam**, adv. very much.
- Perquisitor**, impers. strict inquiry is made.
- Perquito**, Ære, quistvi, quistum. act. to make diligent or
- narrow search into; to search thoroughly; to ask; to demand.
- Perquisitius**, a, um. adj. with stricter search and inquiry.
- Perquisitor**, Æris. m. one who thoroughly inquires.
- Perraro**, adv. very seldom or rarely.
- Perrarus**, a, um. adj. very seldom, not often met with; very rare or scarce.
- Perrēconditus**, a, um. adj. very abstruse, secret, or concealed.
- Perrēpo**, Ære, repai, reptum. act. to get through; to crawl or creep over or upon.
- Perrepto**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. to creep about or all over.
- Perridicūle**, adv. very sillily or ridiculously.
- Perridiculus**, a, um. adj. very foolish, silly, or ridiculous.
- Perrōdo**, Ære, rōsi, rōsum. act. to eat or gnaw through.
- Perrōgatus**, a, um. part. Perrogate sententia, when every senator in the whole house had passed his voice.
- Perrōgo**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to ask all over of all the company.
- Perrumpo**, Ære, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break through by force.
- Perroptus**, a, um. part. broken through.
- Persepe**, adv. very often, many a time.
- Persalse**, adv. very sharply, witily, or smartly.
- Persalsus**, a, um. adj. very salt; very witty, sharp, or smart.
- Persalutatio**, Ætis. f. an accurate salutation.
- Persalūto**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to salute or compliment much or often.
- Persanatus**, a, um. part. completely cured, thoroughly healed.
- Persancte**, adv. very solemnly, and devoutly.
- Persano**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to cure perfectly; to heal thoroughly.
- Persapiens**, tis. adj. very wise or prudent.
- Persapienter**, adv. very sagely, very wisely.
- Perscienter**, adv. very knowingly.
- Perscindo**, Ære, acidi, acissum. act. to cleave or rend in the midst.
- Perscitus**, a, um. adj. very fine, very wise.
- Perscribo**, Ære, psi, ptum. act. to write at large or throughout; to take a copy of in writing; to register; to record; to pay a creditor, not with money, but by a bill, note, or otherwise; to prescribe; to write; to describe.

Perscriptio, *olis*, *f.* a *writing*, a registering, an enrolment, a record; a bill or bond under one's hand; a contract or agreement.

Perscriptor, *oris*, *m.* a *writer*, an enroller, a register, a scrivener or notary.

Perscriptus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *written* in large registered, recorded down.

Perscrutatio, *onis*, *f.* a *searching* or *examining* thoroughly.

Perscrutor, *ari*, *atus*, *dep.* to *search* thoroughly or all over; to scan narrowly.

Perses, *m. f.* a *tree* growing in *Egypt* like a *beech*.

Persēco, *āre*, *cul*, *sectum*, *act.* to *cut* through; to *divide*; to *put* an *end* to; to *prevent*; to *shorten*.

Perscūtio, *onis*, *f.* a *pursuit*, a following on a *process*.

Perscūtus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *act.* *having* pursued.

Persēdeo, *āre*, *sessi*, *sessum*, *neut.* to *abide* or *continue* sitting.

Persegnis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* *very* heavy, slack, remiss, or dull.

Persēnex, *is*, *c. g.* *very* aged or *very* old.

Persentio, *ire*, *si*, *sum*, *act.* to *perceive* or *feel* thoroughly.

Persentisco, *cēre*, — —, *incept.* [a *persentio*] to *begin* to *perceive*; to *have* some *feeling* of; to *discover*.

Persēquens, *tis*, *part.* *et* *adj.* *following* after, *closely* pursuing.

Persēquor, *qui*, *quātus*, *dep.* to *oursue*; to *trace*; to *follow* n; to *carry* on, to *go* through it; to *follow*; to *overtake*; to *put* in *execution*; to *sue* n; to *revenge*; to *imitate*; to *write* or *discourse* of.

Persēro, *āre*, *strui*, *sertum*, *act.* to *put* or *thrust* through.

Persēveranter, *adv.* *constantly*, *stiffly*, *resolutely*.

Persēverantia, *m. f.* *perseverance*, *constancy*, *steadiness*, *resoluteness*.

Persēverātum *est*, *impers.* *he* held on or out.

Persēvere, *adv.* *very* severely.

Persēvero, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* to *persevere*; to *persist*; to *hold* on; to *continue* constant.

Persēverus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *very* severe, rigorous, or austere; *very* harsh.

Persica, *m. f.* a *peach-tree*.

Persiccus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *very* dry.

Persicco, *āre*, *ēdi*, *essum*, *neut.* to *continue*; to *abide* constantly; to *last*.

Persides, *um*, *f. pl.* *fishes* of the *polyopus* kind.

Persido, *āre*, *ēdi*, *essum*, *neut.* to *sink*; to *go* down; to *set-*

tle to the *bottom*; to *penetrate*; to *soak* through; to *light*; to *fall* upon.

Persimilis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* *very* like.

Persimplex, *icis*, *adj.* *very* coarse or *ordinary*.

Persisto, *ēre*, *stti*, *sttum*, *neut.* to *abide*; to *continue*; to *persevere*; to *hold* on; to *stand* out.

Persōlita, *m. f.* a *burdock*, the herb *clots*, that bears the *greatest* bur.

Persōlido, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* to *make* hard and *solid*, to *congeal*.

Persōluendus, *pro* *Persolvendus*, *part.*

Persolvo, *ēre*, *solvi*, *sōlūtum*, *act.* to *pay* thoroughly; to *accomplish*; to *perform*; to *make* good his *promise*.

Persolus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *one* only.

Persōluta, *m. f.* v. *Persōlytū*, *i.* n. a *garden* herb in *Egypt*, of which *garlands* were made.

Persōlūtus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *finished*, *accomplished*, *paid*.

Persōna, *m. f.* a *person*, a *personage*, a *man*, a *woman*; a *character*; a *false* face, a *vizard*, a *mask*; a *disguise*, an *actor*; a *charge* or *office*; *show* or *appearance*; an *image* or *figure* in *chalk*, *clay*, &c.

Persōnita, *m. f.* [sc. *herba*] the *great* *clot* bur, *burdock*.

Persōnītus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *disguised*, *masked*; *counterfeit*, *pretended*, *false*; *acted* or *represented* on the *stage*.

Persōno, *āre*, *ul*, *itum*, *neut.* to *cry* out; to *bawl* out; to *ring*; to *resound*; to *echo*; to *make* to *ring*.

Persōnus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *echoing*, *resounding* all over.

Persorbeo, *ēre*, *bi* v. *psi*, *ptum*, *act.* to *sup* up all.

Perspecte, *adv.* *considerately*, *discreetly*, *advisedly*.

Perspecto, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *freq.* [a *perspicio*] to *look* very well about; to *take* a *thorough* view of; to *set* out a *show*, to *continue* a *spectator* to the *end* of it.

Perspectrum *est*, *impers.* *it* was *perceived*.

Perspectus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *et* *adj.* *plainly* perceived, *thoroughly* seen or *understood*; *thoroughly* tried and *approved*.

Perspicūlatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *having* well viewed.

Perspicūlor, *āri*, *ātus*, *dep.* to *view*; to *look* about *diligently*.

Perspergo, *ēre*, *spersi*, *spersum*, *act.* [ex *per* et *spargo*] to *sprinkle*; to *dash* all over.

Perspicax, *ācis*, *adj.* *quicksighted*, *quick-witted*, *quick* of *judgment* and *understanding*; *acute*.

Perspicibilis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* *plainly* to be seen.

Perspicientia, *m. f.* *perfect* knowledge; a *thorough* understanding or *insight*.

Perspicio, *ēre*, *apexi*, *aspectum*, *act.* to *see* or *discover* plainly; to *try* thoroughly; to *understand* fully.

Perspiciue, *adv.* *clearly*, *evidently*, *plainly*, *manifestly*, *apparently*, *perspicuously*, *notoriously*.

Perspiciuitas, *ātis*, *f.* *perspicuity*, *clearness*; *intelligibleness*; *notoriety*.

Perspicuus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *clear*, *transparent*, *perspicuous*; *seen* through any *thing*; *evident*, *plain*, *manifest*; *apparent*, *explicit*.

Perspiro, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* to *breathe* through.

Persternor, *nir*, *stratus*, *pass.* to *be* paved; to *be* strewed all over.

Perstrūlo, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* to *continue* to *incense*; to *stir* up in *rage*.

Perseto, *āre*, *stti*, *sttum* *et* *stū* *neut.* to *continue* standing; to *stand* all the *time*; to *continue*; to *persist*; to *persevere*.

Perstrātus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [a *persternor*] *paved*, *strewed*.

Perstrēpo, *āre*, *pui*, *ptum*, *neut.* to *make* a *great* noise; to *echo*; to *resound*.

Pstrictus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *hara* tied, *bound* fast.

Perstringo, *āre*, *nxi*, *strictum*, *act.* to *wring* hard; to *tie* up close; to *touch* any *thing* in *discourse*; to *glance* at it; to *dim*; to *stun*; to *make* dizzy; to *raze*; to *graze*; *lightly* to *run* over; to *graze* upon; to *dazzle*.

Persūdīdōe, *adv.* *very* carefully, *very* attentively.

Persūdīdōus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *very* studious, *very* desirous; *very* affectionate.

Persuādeo, *āre*, *sūāsi*, *sūsum*, *act.* to *persuade*; to *advise*; to *put* one upon; to *put* into one's *mind* or *head*; to *move* to *do* a *thing*; to *prevail* with one.

Persuādētur, *impers.* *it* is *persuaded*.

Persuādibilis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* *that* may *persuade* or *be* persuaded.

Persuādibiliter, *adv.* *plausibly*, *persuasively*.

Persuāsio, *onis*, *f.* a *persuasion*, an *opinion* or *belief*.

Persuāsōrius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *persuasive* or *apt* to *persuade*, *plausible*.

Persuāsus, *ūs*, *m.* a *persuading*.

Persuāsus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *persuaded*, *made* to *believe*.

Perusibilis, is, e. adj. *very subtle or thin; very fine or neat.*
Perusculatus, a, um. part. *wrinkled, furrowed.*
Perusulo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to frisk and skip over; to curve; to prance; to caper; to make incursions and inroads; to march along; to range about.*
Pertadescit, impers. *it grows irksome.*
Pertaeum est, impers. *it very much irks.*
Pertaeus, a, um. part. *weary of a thing, quite tired out with, displeased at it.*
Pertego, ēre, tēxi, tectum. act. *to perfect what one has begun to cover.*
Pertendens, tis. part. *etiffly resolving, fully purposing.*
Pertendo, ēre, di, tensum. act. *to extend; to stretch over; to go straight on; to go through with; to compare too exactly.*
Pertento, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to try thoroughly; to make full proof; to pass or run through; to put into motion; to affect; to seize; to disturb.*
Pertenuis, is, e. adj. *very slender or thin; very small, poor, or mean.*
Pertēbro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to bore through; to drill or make a hole through.*
Perterge, ēre, ui, sum. act. *to wipe lightly over; to stroke gently.*
Pertergo, ēre, rui, rsum. act. *to wipe.*
Pertiro, tēre, trivi, tritum. act. *to rub hard; to break to pieces by rubbing.*
Perterrēfācio, ēre, fēci, factum. act. *to fright; to amaze; to dismay.*
Perterrēfactus, a, um. part. *af-frighted, scared, dismayed.*
Perterreō, ēre, rui, ritum. act. *to fright; to frighten; to scare; to put in great fear; to stun.*
Perterrēscopus, a, um. adj. *that strikes a dread with the noise it makes.*
Perterritus, a, um. part. *affrighted, scared, discouraged.*
Pertexo, ēre, ui, tum. act. *to weave out; to go on with; to close; to finish.*
Pertica, m. f. *a long staff, a pole for various uses; a perch or long measuring-staff.*
Perticilis, is, e. adj. *belonging to or serving to make perches or poles.*
Pertimēfactus, a, um. adj. *thoroughly affrighted.*
Pertimescendus, a, um. part. *to be greatly feared; dreadful.*
Pertimesco, ēre, mul. —. incept.

to fear greatly; to be afraid of.
Pertinācia, m. f. *obstinacy, stubbornness, frowardness, wilfulness; caprice, refractoriness; perseverance, resolution, constancy, tenaciousness, inflexibility.*
Pertinācter, adv. *incessantly, continually; frowardly, stiffly, stubbornly, obstinately, refractorily, tenaciously; constantly, resolutely, sturdily.*
Pertinax, ācis. adj. *gripping, penurious, holding fast; obstinate, stiff in opinion; stubborn, wilful, pertinacious; refractory; steady, constant, resolute; inveterate, of long continuance.*
Pertineo, ēre, tīnui, tentum. neut. [ex per et tīneo] *to reach; to extend; to pertain; to belong; to be fit; to be serviceable; to tend to; to drive at.*
Pertinet, impers. *it pertains, it concerns, it behoves.*
Pertingo, ēre, tigi, tactum. neut. [ex per et tango] *to extend or reach along.*
Pertilio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to endure to the end; to bear or suffer thoroughly.*
Pertorqueo, ēre, i, sum. act. *to writhe; to distort.*
Petractāte, adv. *after the common way or manner.*
Petractatio, ōnis. f. *a frequent handling, a diligent perusal.*
Petractātus, a, um. part. *thoroughly canvassed or considered.*
Petractio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to handle much or often; to treat or discourse of; to think or consider thoroughly of.*
Petratio, ēre, traxi, tractum. act. *to draw.*
Petratio, ēre, i, sum. neut. *to pass by; to pass or strike through.*
Petranslucidus, a, um. adj. *very thin or transparent.*
Petrubuo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. *to give a testimony very willingly.*
Petrustus, is, e. adj. *very sad or doleful; very severe or harsh.*
Petrutus, a, um. part. [a petro] *bruised or beaten to powder; very common or trite.*
Pertumultuosus, adv. *very riotously, in a very tumultuous manner.*
Pertundo, ēre, tūdi, tūsum. act. *to beat through or knock; to thump; to break through.*
Perturbāte, adv. *confusedly, disorderly.*
Perturbātio, ōnis. f. *great trouble, a disturbance; disorder of body, indisposition; enormity, confusion, discomposure;*

a disquieting, disconcerting, thoughtfulness, a surprise.
Perturbātrix, icis. f. *a disturber.*
Perturbātus, a, um. part. [et ad] *troubled, disturbed, disordered, confused, discomposed, disconcerted, thoughtful.*
Perturbo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to disturb; to trouble; to disorder; to distract; to astonish; to stun; to embroil; to turn topsy-turvy; to put in an uproar; to throw or cast out; to move; to vex; to discompose; to mix; to blend.*
Perturpia, is, e. adj. *very lewd.*
Pertūsus, a, um. part. [a pertundo] *broken, cracked; bored through.*
Pervādo, ēre, vāsi, vāsum. neut. *to go over or through; to escape or pass through; to get by or away; to enter in at; to spread over all.*
Pervāgātus, a, um. part. *having wandered about or travelled over; common, ordinary, public, commonly known, spread abroad.*
Pervāgor, āri, ātus. dep. *to go or come over; to wander or travel over; to rove about; to overspread; to overrun.*
Pervāgus, a, um. adj. *wandering very much or all about; roving.*
Pervāleo, ēre, lui, litum. neut. *to have a great or continual strength.*
Pervālidus, a, um. adj. *very strong.*
Pervārie, adv. *with much variety, very variously.*
Pervāto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to lay waste; to destroy.*
Pervectus, a, um. part. [a pervēho] *carried or brought a long.*
Pervēho, ēre, vexi, vectum. act. *to carry along; to convey.*
Pervello, ēre, li v. vulsi, vulsum. act. *to pinch; to twitch; to fret; to afflict; to excite; to raise; to disparage; to decry.*
Pervēnio, ēre, vēni, ventum. neut. *to come to a place or time; to arrive at; to obtain; to get; to come by; to recover; to be made known.*
Pervēnitur, impers. *they come.*
Pervēnor, āri, ātus. dep. *to use the utmost diligence in finding out.*
Perverse, *Pervorse*, adv. *awkwardly, unskillfully, untowardly; frowardly, peevishly, morosely; perversely, mischievously.*
Perversitas, ātis. f. *perverseness, awkwardness or frowardness; untowardness, refractoriness, moroseness.*

Perversus v. **Pervorsus**, a, um. part. et adj. *perverted, overthrown, turned upside down; askew, askint, awry; perverse, preposterous, froward, cross-grained; ill-natured, morose; awkward, unoward; unlucky, unhappy.*

Pervorto v. **Pervorto**, ēre, ti, rum. act. *to turn upside down; to batter or throw down; to overthrow; to bring over; to ruin; to spoil; to corrupt; to pervert.*

Pervenpōri, adv. *very late.*

Pervestigatio, ūis. f. *a narrow search or inquiry after.*

Pervestigo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to trace or make a thorough search after.*

Pervetus, ēris. adj. *very old or ancient.*

Pervetustus, a, um. adj. *very old or stale; obsolete, antiquated.*

Perviam, adv. *to be come at or passed through.*

Perviciacia, ē. f. *peevishness, obstinacy, frowardness, wilfulness; unowardness, refractoriness, resoluteness, sulteness; perseverance, contumacy.*

Perviciacius, adv. comp. *more obstinately, sturdily, obstinately.*

Pervicax, ācis. adj. *inexorable, immovable; wilful, stubborn, headstrong, obstinate, sturdy, surly, pertinacious, refractory.*

Pervideo, ēre, vīdi, vīsum. act. *to see or perceive thoroughly; to see at a distance; to see; to look on.*

Pervigeo, ēre, gūl, —. neut. *to be in a brave or flourishing condition.*

Pervigil, gilis. adj. *very watchful, watching, wakeful.*

Pervigilatio, ūis. f. *a watching or sitting up all night long.*

Pervigilātus, a, um. part. pass. *spent in watching.*

Pervigilium, ūi. n. *a watching, a sitting up all night long; a wake, the vigil of a holiday.*

Pervigilo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to watch; not to sleep all night long.*

Pervilis, ūis. e. adj. *very cheap.*

Pervinco, ēre, vici, victum. act. *to overcome; to get the better of; to prevail; to obtain; to surpass; to be more; to demonstrate; to make cut.*

Pervium, i. n. [sc. iter] *a thoroughfare, a passage.*

Pervividis, ūis. e. adj. *very green.*

Perviso, ēre. act. *to see; to view; to behold.*

Pervivo, ēre, vixi, victum. neut.

to survive; to continue to live.

Pervius, a, um. adj. *passable, having a way through; easy to be passed.*

Pervula, ē. f. dim. [a pera] *a little scrip or satchel.*

Pervunctio, ūis. f. *an anointing all over.*

Pervunctus, a, um. part. *anointed all over; besmeared, bedaubed.*

Pervungo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. *to anoint all over.*

Pervolgo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make common or known; to pass through; to frequent; to prostitute.*

Pervolito, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to fly all over or about.*

Pervolo, velle, vōlui. neut. *to desire earnestly.*

Pervolo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to fly about or all over; to post or make great speed in a journey.*

Pervolve, ēre, volvi, lūtum. act. *to tumble or roll along or over; to run over; to read over.*

Pervoluto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to read over with care; to peruse.*

Pervolvānus, a, um. adj. *very courteous, civil, and well behaved; very pleasant, witty.*

Pervurgeo, ēre, ursi, —. act. *to urge greatly.*

Pervūro, ēre, ussi, ustum. act. *to burn all over; to set on fire; to vex; to tease.*

Pervūro, ri, ustus. pass. *to be burnt up; to be scorched; to be blasted; to be nipt or pinched with cold.*

Pervustus, a, um. part. *set on fire; burnt up, scorched, parched; galled; well warmed, scorched; one who has burnt his fingers by ambition.*

Pervutilis, ūis. e. adj. *very profitable or useful.*

Pervulgātus, a, um. part. et adj. *published, made public, spread abroad; very commonly used or known; notorious.*

Pervulgo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to publish; to spread abroad; to make common; to prostitute to all comers.*

Pes, ēdis. m. *a foot; a stream, a course; a coming to, an approaching; a haizer; the foundation; the measure of a foot, twelve inches; a foot of land; a foot in verse or prose; a louse.*

Pessime, adv. superl. [a parve] *very badly, very scurvily, naughtily.*

Pessimus, a, um. adj. sup. *very ill, very bad; the worst, coarsest, stark naught.*

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Pessulus, i. m. *a bar or bolt of a door; an iron or wooden peg or pin.*

Pessum, adv. *right down, under foot.*

Pessundo, ēre, dēdi, dātum. act. *to overthrow; to throw down; to cast under foot; to vanquish; to overcome; to ruin; to undo; to destroy; to lay waste; to bring to nothing.*

Pessus, i. m. *a pessary, a kind of suppository for women.*

Pestifer, ēra, ērum. adj. [pestem ferens] *poisonous, plaguy, pestilent, pestiferous; deadly, mortal, pernicious, destructive, poisonous, infectious, contagious, unwholesome.*

Pestifere, adv. *pestilently, mischievously, destructively.*

Pestiferus, ēra, ērum. adj. *contagious, infectious, pestilent, pestiferous.*

Pestilens, ūis. adj. *pestilent or pestilential; contagious, infectious, unwholesome.*

Pestilentia, ē. f. *the plague or pestilence; the murrain, contagion; the infection of the air or unwholesomeness of a place; spite, malice.*

Pestilitas, ātis. f. *pestilency.*

Pestis, ūis. f. *a pest, an infection; poison; mischief, calamity; destruction, ruin; death; distraction, madness, raving; a rogue, a villain.*

Pestillum, i. n. *an ointment made of the leaves of nard.*

Petāsūsus, a, um. adj. *wearing a broad hat.*

Petāsio, ūis. m. *a gammon or slice of bacon.*

Petāsio, ūis. m. *a gammon of bacon, a pestle of pork; a hand, spring, or leg of pork.*

Petāsuncūsus, i. m. dim. *a little gammon of bacon or pestle of pork.*

Petāsus, i. m. *a covering for the head; the cupola of a house.*

Petaurista, ē. m. *a sort of leaping insect.*

Petaurum, i. n. *a machine, a wooden engine, out of which the petaurists were thrown.*

Petesso, ēre, —. act. *to desire or covet earnestly.*

Pétigo, gitis. f. *a sort of disease, a running scab.*

Pétillus, ūi. m. *a kind of flower growing among brambles in the latter end of summer, like a wild rose, with fine small leaves.*

Pétilus, . m. dim. *the stalk of fruits; a little foot.*

Petisia mala, a sort of apple very pleasant to the taste.

Petissens, ūis. part. *desiring seeking, or attempting.*

- Petasso** v. **Petesso**, *Gre.* — *act.* [a peto] to desire earnestly.
- Petition**, *Onis*. f. a petition, demand, desire, or request; a canvassing for an office or place; a making an interest; a thrust or pass; an onset, an attack; the action of the plaintiff.
- Petitor**, *Oris*. m. a demander or seeker; the plaintiff; a suitor or servant to; a candidate, one that puts up for an office.
- Petitum**, i. n. a petition, a request; a thing desired or asked, a demand.
- Petitum**, *Gre.* — *act.* to be very desirous of asking.
- Petitus**, *us*. m. an inclination or falling down.
- Petitus**, a, um. part. desired, sought, courted; stricken; fetched; caused, made.
- Peto**, *Gre.* li et *iv*, *Rum.* act. to entreat humbly; to desire; to beg of one; to request; to crave; to demand; to require; to go to fetch; to seek after; to be ambitious of; to court; to procure; to obtain; to set upon; to assail; to make a pass at; to aim at; to throw at; to pelt; to seek out; to inquire for; to make claim; to make for.
- Petritum**, i. n. et **Petorritum**, a French wagon or chariot with four wheels.
- Petra**, *æ*. f. a rock; a place full of rocks or stones.
- Petreus**, a, um. adj. growing upon a rock.
- Petricosus**, a, um. adj. stony, rocky.
- Pétruellon**, i. n. a kind of parsley, growing among rocks.
- Pétrous**, a, um. adj. rocky or craggy.
- Pétulan**, *tis*. adj. [a petendo] insolent, saucy, abusive, impertinent, affrontive, freakish, gamester, wagish, sportive, skittish, petulant; dishonest, lustful, wanton, lascivious, obscene.
- Pétulanter**, adv. saucily, wagishly, freakishly, petulantly; lustfully, wantonly, lasciviously.
- Pétulantia**, *æ*. f. lustfulness, lasciviousness; sauciness, abusiveness; gamesomeness, freakishness, an affront, coquetry; aptness to butt or gore; unlikelihood, mischievousness.
- Pétulus**, a, um. adj. wanton, frisking, sportive, full of dalliance; apt to butt or strike; unlucky, mischievous.
- Peumene**, *ea*. f. the spume of silver.
- Pexatus**, a, um. adj. clad in a new garment, having a high nap on it.
- Pexitas**, *atis*. f. the quality of being combed.
- Pexus**, a, um. part. [a pecto] combed, crisped, curled; that has a high nap on it, fresh.
- Pezica**, *æ*. m. a sort of mushroom.
- Phæcium**, *is*. n. a sort of shoe worn by the Greeks.
- Phæciatus**, a, um. adj. that wears such shoes.
- Phægdæna**, *æ*. f. a kind of running canker, which eats the flesh to the very bone.
- Phægdænicus**, a, um. adj. that pertains to that sore.
- Phæger** v. **Phagrus**, i. m. a sort of fish.
- Phækeroborax**, *æ*. m. a water-fowl, called a cormorant; a bald coot.
- Phalanga** v. **Phalanga**, *æ*. f. a smooth club, used in war by the Africans; a lever to lift up any thing of weight.
- Phalangarius**, *is*. m. one who lifts heavy weights with a lever.
- Phalangitæ**, *ærum*. m. pl. [a phalanx] soldiers in the Macedonian armies, who composed the phalanx.
- Phalangites**, *æ*. m. an herb which cures the stinging of the venomous spider.
- Phalangium**, *is*. n. a venomous spider; a herb which cures that spider's stings.
- Phalanx**, *gis*. f. a brigade of horse, a battalion of foot; a regiment, a squadron, the body of an army, or the ranks.
- Phalærica**, *æ*. f. al. **Phalærica**, an instrument of war, with wildfire inclosed, shot out of an engine, to set wooden turrets on fire; a kind of long spear or dart to be thrown with the hand.
- Phalæris**, *æ*. f. **Phalæris**, a kind of water-fowl; a sort of herb.
- Phalærismus**, i. m. tyranny.
- Phalæris**, *ærum*. f. pl. trappings or harness; a sort of ornament worn by the Roman gentlemen, and men of arms.
- Phalæriatus**, a, um. adj. trapped; fine, magnificent.
- Phalærides**, *um*. f. pl. a kind of water-fowl.
- Phalæridus**, a, um. ndj. having vain visions or apparitions, inspired; distracted, mad.
- Phantasia**, *æ*. f. an idea or reflection.
- Phantasma**, *atis*. n. an idle conceit between sleeping and waking, an illusion.
- Phannum**, i. n. a temple.
- Phætra**, *æ*. f. a quiver or case for arrows.
- Phætratus**, a, um. adj. wearing or bearing a quiver.
- Phætriger**, *æra*, *ærum*. adj. bearing a quiver.
- Phæricon**, i. n. a kind of poison.
- Pharmæcôpola**, *æ*. m. a drug-gist, an apothecary; a quack, a mountebank doctor.
- Pharmæcus**, i. m. the chief artist in any villany, or one by whose death any place is to be purified.
- Pharmæcon**, i. n. a kind of centaury.
- Phærus** et **Phæros**, i. f. a small isle near one of the mouths of the Nile, in which stood a high watch-tower; whence other light-houses were called **Phæri**.
- Phæsellus**, a, um. adj. made of fassels, a sort of pulse.
- Phæsellus** et **Fasselus**, i. d. g. scapius m. a little ship; a bark, a pinnace, a yacht; a galley; a kind of pulse.
- Phæsellus**, i. m. v. **Phæsellus**, a kind of pulse; fassels or long pease; a French bean.
- Phæganion**, *is*. n. the herb sword-grass or gladder.
- Phæsiæna**, *æ*. f. [sc. avis] a pheasant hen.
- Phæsiætinus**, a, um. adj. belonging to a pheasant.
- Phæsiæus**, a, um. adj. Colchian, of Colchus.
- Phæstianus**, i. m. a pheasant cock.
- Phasma**, *atis*. n. an apparition, a sight, or vision; the title of one of Menander's plays; a play of Catullus.
- Phatne**, *ærum*. f. the stars in Cancer, which resemble a crab.
- Phelandrion**, *is*. n. an herb like parsley, good to break the stone.
- Phellus**, i. m. a cork; a part of a dial made of that wood.
- Phengites**, *æ*. m. a certain bright stone as hard as marble.
- Phénion**, *is*. n. a sort of herb.
- Phila**, *æ*. f. a plain pot, with a wide mouth to drink out of; a gold cup, a beaker; a phint.
- Phiditia**, *ærum*. n. pl. the common suppers amongst the Lacedæmonians, which were only kept in the streets, and with great temperance.
- Philanthropus**, i. f. a sort of bur.
- Philaudia**, *æ*. f. self-love.
- Philæteria**, *æ*. f. an herb called wild sage, a kind of bur.
- Philetæ**, *æ*. m. a sort of thieves in Egypt.
- Philippæus**, i. m. [sc. nummus] a gold coin of Philip, king of Macedon.

- Philéppus, i. m. a sort of gold coined by Philip, king of Macedonia, with his effigies on it.
 Philothēres, is. n. an herb called *Aorethund*.
 Philogræcus, i. m. one delighting to use Greek words.
 Philologia, m. f. philology; the study of humanity or a love of learning; loquacity or the love of discourse.
 Philologus, i. m. a philologer or humanist; one given to the study of learning or eloquence; a lover of discourse.
 Philologus, a, um. adj. belonging to philology.
 Philomela, m. f. a nightingale.
 Philomusus, i. m. a lover of learning or of the muses.
 Philopæa, m. f. the herb *horehound*.
 Philorhōmæus, i. m. a lover of the Roman nation.
 Philorhōphātus, a, um. part. having philosophised or played the philosopher.
 Philorhōphia, m. f. love or study of wisdom; philosophy, the knowledge of divine and human things, of arts and learning; a disquisition or strict search. In plur. Philosophiæ, sophisms, paradoxes.
 Philorhōphor, ārī, ātus. dep. to play the philosopher, to profess philosophy; to dispute and reason of it.
 Philorhōphus, i. m. a philosopher, a lover of learning and wisdom.
 Philotechnus, a, um. adj. belonging to the study of arts, to the *mathematics* or *mechanics*.
 Philothērus, i. m. one that is ven to contemplation, a contemplative man.
 Philtra, ōrum. n. pl. love-charms medicines causing love.
 Philus, i. m. a woman's friend, gallant.
 Philura, m. f. the *linæa*-tree; the thin skin between the bark and the wood of that tree; a leaf or sheet of a sort of paper.
 Phlegmon, ōnis. m. a hot swelling.
 Phlegmōna, m. f. an inflammation in any part of the body; a tumor or swelling.
 Phlegontis, idis. f. Phlogites, m. m. a precious stone, wherein appears as it were a flame of fire.
 Phleos, ei. f. a kind of prickly herb.
 Philōginos, i. m. a precious stone of a flaming colour.
 Philōmos, i. m. a sort of rush, torchweed.
 Philox, philōgos. f. a flower of no smell, but of a fine flaming colour.
 Phlyctæna, m. f. a swelling, rising with blisters, called *wild-fire*; a wheal, push, or blister; a pock or pimple with matter in it.
 Phōca, m. f. a sea-calf, a seal.
 Phœbe, es. f. the moon.
 Phœbus, i. m. the sun.
 Phœnicea, m. f. a kind of herb, wild oats.
 Phœniceus, a, um. adj. of a purple colour.
 Phœniclas, m. m. the south-east wind.
 Phœnicites, m. m. a kind of precious stone of a purple colour.
 Phœnicoballānus, i. f. the fruit of the Egyptian palm-tree, a kind of date.
 Phœnicopterus, i. m. a bird having its wings or feathers of a crimson colour; the flamingo or capercaillie.
 Phœnicurus, i. m. a bird called a redtail or redstart.
 Phœnix, icis. m. a fabulous bird.
 Phōnascus, i. m. a master that teaches to pronounce or modulate the voice in pronunciation.
 Phōnos, i. m. a sort of herb so called from its juice like blood.
 Phorcus, i. m. a sort of fish.
 Phormion, i. n. a sort of alum.
 Phosphorus, i. m. the day-star or morning-star.
 Phragmis, idis. f. an herb, the root whereof helps dislocations and pains in the joints.
 Phragmites, m. m. a reed or cane of the sea.
 Phrasis, is v. eos. f. the proper form or manner of speech.
 Phrēnsis, is. f. the phrenzy, lunacy, or madness.
 Phrēsticus, a, um. adj. frantic, that has the phrenzy.
 Phrēntis, idis. f. an inflammation of the brain which causes madness.
 Phrygānion, ii. n. a sort of animal.
 Phrygio, ōnis. m. an embroiderer.
 Phrygiōnius, a, um. adj. wrought with a needle.
 Phrynyon, ii. n. an herb or shrub, good against the poison of the rubeta.
 Phrynos, i. m. a kind of large venomous frog living among brambles and briars.
 Phthiriasis, is v. eos. f. the lousy disease.
 Phthiaticus, a, um. adj. phthiatic; having a consumption of the lungs.
 Phthisis, is v. eos. f. a consumption of the lungs, the phthisic.
 Phthitarus, i. m. a sort of fish.
 Phthongus, i. f. a sound, tune, or note in music.

or expiation; a remedy or cure.

Piatio, ōnis. f. an appeasing, expiating, or atoning.

Piatus, a, um. part. atoned for, expiated.

Pica, æ. f. a pie. a magpie or chatterpie.

Picaria, æ. f. the place where pitch is made.

Picatus, a, um. part. laid over with pitch, pitched.

Picea, æ. f. the pitch-tree or resin-tree.

Piceaster, tri. m. the pitch or resin-tree.

Piceatus, a, um. adj. pitchy.

Piceus, a, um. adj. that is made of pitch; black as pitch.

Picinus, a, um. adj. of the colour of pitch.

Pico, are, avi, ātum. act. unde

Picor, āri, ātus. pass. to be pitched or daubed over with pitch.

Picris, idis. f. bitter lettuce or wild cichory, hawk-weed.

Pictor, ōris. m. [a pingo] a painter or picture-drawer.

Pictūra, æ. f. painting or the art of painting, the picture; paint; a plan or design.

Picturatus, a, um. adj. pictured.

Pictus, a, um. part. et adj. painted, pictured, drawn; embroidered, wrought with divers

colours; set out, adorned, garnished, trimmed; speckled, spotted.

Picus, l. m. a woodpecker; a griffin.

Pie, adv. piously, religiously, devoutly; with a safe conscience; affectionately, kindly, lovingly.

Piety, æ. f. [a pius] devotion, religion, piety, affection, dutifulness; attachment; justice, righteousness; clemency, pity, compassion; loyalty, duty, obedience.

Pigendus, a, um. part. to be repented of; that one has cause to repent of or be sorry for.

Pigeo, ere, ui, —. neut. to think much of; to be loth or unwilling to do; to grieve; to vex; to trouble.

Piget, impers. it irks, grieves, or repents.

Piger, gra, grum. adj. slow, slothful, sluggish, dull, lazy, heavy; slack, backward, long before one doth; long and tedious in doing; inactive, listless; benumbed; costive, bound.

Pigmentarius, li. m. a maker or seller of paint for women; or of painters' colours.

Pigmentum, i. n. [a pingo] women's paint; painters' colours; the figures or flourishes in rhetoric; a pretence or disguise.

Pignator, ōris. m. he that

takes a pledge or pawn for surety of payment.

Pignatus, a, um. part. Act. having engaged or assured.

Pass. laid to pledge, engaged.

Pignero, are, avi, ātum. act. to lay to gage; to mortgage; to pawn; to take a pawn; to receive as a pawn.

Pignoror, āri, ātus. dep. to assume to himself; to challenge as his own.

Pignoriatus, a, um. part. having engaged as by a pledge.

Pignus, ōris, et ant. ēris. n. a pawn, a pledge, a gage, mortgage; a forfeit; a token,

proof, testimony, assurance, or security; a wager; a child; children, wife, parents, and grandchildren; a granary.

Pigre, adv. slowly, dully, heavily.

Pigresco, ere, —. incept. to slacken; to abate.

Pigritia, æ. f. et Pigrities. el. f. slothfulness, laziness, sluggishness, lothness, irksomeness; leisure, ease.

Pigror, āri, ātus. dep. to be slow or loth to do.

Pila, æ. f. a ball to play with; any round thing like a globe, a physician's pill; the effigiee of a man or woman, made of purple rage, stuffed with straw.

Pila, æ. f. a mortar and pestle to beat things with; a square pillar. a pilaster; a pile, a mole, a dam or bay to break or stay the course of water; a prop or buttress; a shop.

Pilanus, l. m. a lancer or pikeman.

Pilāris, is, e. adj. [a pila] of or belonging to a ball or any round thing.

Pilarius, li. m. a juggler.

Pilātim, adv. pillar by pillar; by or at every pillar; thick, close.

Pilatus, a, um. adj. [a pilum] armed with the pilum.

Pilatus, a, um. part. shaved, having the hair plucked off.

Pileatus, a, um. adj. wearing a cap or bonnet.

Pilentum, i. n. a sort of chariot or couch, which the Roman ladies were carried in, when they went to perform the holy rites or mysteries of their religion.

Pileolum, i. n. v. Pileolus, l. m. dim. a little bonnet or cap; a sort of covering to defend the tops of trees from the frost.

Pileum, i. n. a cap.

Pileus, el. m. a hat, cap or bonnet.

Pilicrepus, l. m. he who supplied the fire of the stove or hot-house with pitch-balls when people were to bathe; or perhaps only one who plays at

ball, which makes a noise in the rebound.

Pilo, are, avi, ātum. act. to pilfer or pillage.

Pilo, are, avi, ātum. to peel or pull off the hair; to make bald.

Pilosus, a, um. adj. full of hair, hairy.

Pilula, æ. f. dim. a little ball, a round knob, any thing round like a ball, a pill; cheep's dung.

Pilum, i. n. a pestle or pounder; a javelin or dart; a rammer.

Pilus, l. m. the van of an army; the same as pilum.

Pilus, l. m. hair; any thing of no value.

Pinctotheca, æ. f. a place where pictures and other ornaments are kept.

Pinaster, tri. m. [a pinus] a wild pine-tree.

Pinax, acis. m. a board in the upper part of the organ whereon the pipes stand; a tablet or frame of a picture; a table-book; a table to eat and drink on; the index of a book.

Pinea, æ. f. [ec. arbor] a pine-tree.

Pinctum, i. n. a wood or grove of pine-trees.

Pineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a pine.

Pingo, ere, pinxi, pictum. act. to paint; to devise; to draw out the shape and form of any thing; to stain; to daub; to deecrbe; to garnish; to trim; to deck; to set out; to grace; to beautify; to invent; to feign.

Pingue, is, n. the fat between the skin and the flesh.

Pinguetudo, ōnis. f. factum. act. to make fat; to fatten.

Pinguetudo, ere, —. incept. to grow fat; to be made fertile or fruitful.

Pinguius, li. m. a lover of fat.

Pinguis, is, e. adj. greasy, fat; plump; thick, gross, foggy; corpulent, unwieldy; dull, heavy, lumpy; fruitful; thick, coarse; rude, unpolished.

Pingulter, adv. thickly, grossly; clammy.

Pinguitudo, ōnis. f. grossness; fatness; greasiness.

Pinifer, era, erum. adj. bearing or abounding with pine-trees.

Piniger, era, erum. adj. pine-bearing.

Pinna, æ. f. a shell-fish, by some called a naker; the fin of a fish; the pinions or larger feathers of a wing; feathers used by hunters; a plume in the crest of a helmet; the wing

of a bird; a nighed battlement in a wall or fortification.
Pinnālis, is, e. adj. woolly, having such wool as is about the shell-fish called the *naker*.
Pinnatus, a, um. adj. feathered, winged; jagged or nighed; notched in the sides; pointed, sharp, or prickly. **Pinnata**, plur. hunters' toils stuck with birds' feathers or quills.
Pinniger, era, bruin. adj. that has fins, finned.
Pinufrāpus, i. m. a fencer or sword-player, who, with a net, was to surprise his adversary, and catch off the crest of his helmet, which was adorned with peacocks' plumes, in token of victory.
Pinnophylax, ācis. m. a little shell-fish like a shrimp.
Pinnotheras, æ. m. a little shell-fish.
Pinnula, æ. f. dim. a little quill or feather; a little fin of a fish or any thing like it. **Pinnulæ**, plur. certain ornaments of rich feathers, which were fastened to broad caps with golden needles.
Pinnatio, ōnis. f. a pounding.
Pinstus, a, um. part. [a pinso] brayed, bruised, stamped, beaten, pounded.
Pinso, ēre, si et sui, ūtum, stum, et sum. act. to bruise; to tramp; to pound; to bray; to peck; to mock; to scoff.
Pisor, ōris. m. a pounder of corn to make bread of.
Pinus, i et ūs. f. et ant. m. a pine-tree; a ship.
Pio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a pio] to worship; to respect; love; to show great kindness to; to purge; to expiate; appease; to atone.
Pius, ūs. m. [a pio] the / of chickens.
er, ōris. n. pepper.
Erūtus, a, um. adj. peppered, seasoned with pepper.
peritis, ūlis. f. an herd called Calicut pepper, pepper-wort, Spanish pepper, distander, or cockweed.
Pipio, fre, ivi, itum. neut. to pip like a chicken.
Pipulum, i. n. v. **Pipulus**, i. m. a railing, scolding, or outcry against any one.
Pirata, æ. m. a robber on the sea, a pirate, a pickeroon, a corsair, a rover; a land thief.
Piratica, æ. f. piracy, a roving on the sea.
Piraticus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to pirates or rovers on the sea.
Piscaria, æ. f. a place where fish are sold, a fish-market.
Piscarius, a, um. adj. pertaining

ing to fishing, fish, or fishermen.
Piscarius, ii. m. a fish-monster.
Piscator, ōris. m. a fisherman.
Piscātorius, a, um. adj. belonging to fishers or fishing.
Piscatrix, icis. f. a kind of frog-fish in the sea.
Piscatus, ūs. [v. ti] m. a fishing, or the act of fishing; plenty of fish; the eating of or feeding upon fish.
Pisciculus, i. m. dim. a little fish; a fish.
Piscina, æ. f. a pool; a fish-pond; a stove to keep fish in; a tank; a great vat; a cistern; a pool or pond to water beasts at, or to keep geese, ducks, &c.
Piscinarius, a, um. adj. loving fish ponds.
Piscinarius, ii. m. he that keeps fish or fish-ponds.
Piscinula v. **Piscinella**, æ. f. dim. a small fish-pond.
Piscis, is. m. a fish with scales.
Piscor, āri, ātus. dep. to fish.
Piscosus, a, um. adj. full of fishes; that may be fished in.
Pisculentus, a, um. adj. full of fish or that may be fished in.
Pisor, pisi. — pass. to be pounded or stamped as corn is.
Pissaphyllus, i. f. pitch and brimstone mingled together; Egyptian mummy.
Pissileon, i. n. an oil made of pitch; or of the resin of cedar.
Pissinus, a, um. adj. belonging to pitch.
Pissidros, i. m. a juice of wax and pitch, or gum or rosin; the second part of the bees' labour in making wax.
Pistacia, æ. f. et **Pistacium**, i. n. a pistachio nut.
Pistana, æ. f. a kind of herb growing among sedge.
Pistillum, i. n. a pestle to pound or stamp with in a mortar.
Pistolochia, æ. f. the fourth kind of aristolochy or birthwort.
Pistor, ōris. m. a pounder of corn to make it into flour; a bread-baker.
Pistorius, a, um. adj. belonging to a baker or baking.
Pistrilla, æ. f. a small baking or grinding house.
Pistrina, æ. f. a grinding-house; a bake-house.
Pistrinensis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a bake-house or mill.
Pistrinum, i. n. a bake-house, a hand-mill; a brideveel, a workhouse or prison; any kind of drudgery or toil.
Pistris, icis. f. a mill or grinding house. a kind of whale fish; a sign in the heavens like a sea-monster.

Piatūra, æ. f. the art or manner of pounding corn for bread.
Pistus, a, um. part. [a pinso] pounded, baked.
Pisum, i. n. a pea or pease.
Pithacium, ii. n. an ill favoured woman, like an old ape.
Pitheus, i. m. a sort of comet.
Pitiso, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to take by little and little; to try by tasting whether wine, &c. be good; to bib.
Pitula, ii. n. a piece of cloth covered with salve, a plaster to ease pain; a schedule or scroll.
Pitula, æ. f. phlegm or rheum; snivel or snot; the pip; watery distemper in trees.
Pituitaria, æ. f. [sc. herba] an herb called staves-acre.
Pituitosus, a, um. adj. full of phlegm, phlegmatic.
Pityis, idos. f. the kernel of a pine-apple.
Pityocampa, æ. f. a worm which grows out of the pine-tree.
Pityua, æ. f. a kind of herb, like spurge.
Pius, a, um. adj. pious, religious, godly, devout; dutiful, affectionate; upright, incorrupt; just, lawful; loving, kind-hearted, good-natured; serene, calm; meek; mild; ingenious, learned.
Pix, picis. f. pitch.
Piacibilis, is, e. adj. **Passe** easy to be pleased or pacified; flexible, mild, gentle, placable. Act. appeasing, making propitious.
Piacibilitas, ūtis. f. gentleness, flexibility, placability, an easiness to be appeased.
Piacimen, ūis. n. an appeasing or propitiation; an atonement.
Piacimentum, i. n. an atonement.
Piacite, adv. calmly, gently, mildly, meekly.
Piacitio, ūis. f. an appeasing, pacifying, a quieting or calming; a propitiating or atoning.
Piacitus, a, um. part. et adj. appeased, atoned; pacified, made easy, appeased; stilled, hushed or allayed; quiet, still, calm, mild, gentle.
Piaceuta, æ. f. a cake, a cheese-cake.
Piacentinus, i. m. a maker of cakes.
Piaceo, ēre, cul, cŭtum. neut. to please; to give content; to delight; to like.
Piacet, impers. it likes or pleases; it seems good to, or is the mind or opinion of.
Pacide, adv. softly, gently; quietly, peaceably, calmly, patiently; pleasingly, agree

ably, gently; mildly; deliberately.

Placiditas, ātis. f. mildness, calmness, gentleness.

Placidus, a, um. adj. [a placeo] soft, gentle; tame; kindly, not wild; calm, smooth; quiet; soft, easy; meek, mild; patient, constant, unmoved.

Placidus, ītis. f. a kind of ashes, which rise from the brass ore as it melts, and sticks to the walls.

Placito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to please much or often.

Placitum, i. n. a sentence, an opinion, an ordinance, a decree, a resolve; an aphorism or maxim.

Placitus, a, um. part. that likes or contents, pleasing, grateful.

Plāco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to atone; to make propitious; to pacify; to appease; to quiet; to reconcile; to make calm, mild, or gentle; to allay; to satisfy; to assuage.

Plāga, e. f. a climate or country; coast, part, or quarter, of the world; a region; a space or tract of ground; a toil or net to catch wild beasts.

Plāga, e. f. a wound, blow, or stripe; a lash, jerk, or stroke; an incision in the flesh; the print of a stripe; a cut or gash in a tree; a loss or overthrow.

Plāgea, ārum. f. pl. wide nets or toils, with great meshes or holes to take wild beasts withal.

Plāgiarius, ii. m. a man-stealer, a kidnapper.

Plāgiger, āra, ārum. adj. born to be whipt or beaten.

Plāgigerulus, a, um. adj. used to bear stripes.

Plāgipēda, e. m. a base parasite or shark, who for a meal's meat would suffer a beating.

Plāgōsus, a, um. adj. a flogger or whipper.

Plāgūla, e. f. dim. a sort of small covering, curtain, or hanging; a sheet of paper.

Plāgūla, e. f. a kind of fish which swims on her side.

Plāctus, ūs. m. [a plango] a striking, knocking, or beating; the noise made by waves beating on the rocks; a great wailing, plaint, lamentation, or mourning.

Plāncus, i. m. one that has a broad foot, splay-footed; a sort of eagle.

Plāne. adv. manifestly, plainly, evidently, clearly, explicitly, expressly; utterly, altogether, to be sure, quite and clean,

without doubt, thoroughly, without fail; absolutely.

Plaugo, ēre, nxi, uctum. act. to beat, knock, strike, or dash against; to bewail; to lament; to bemoan; to roar; to ring; to resound.

Plangor, ōris. m. a beating or dashing against; a great wailing, a yelling noise, a shrieking, an outcry.

Planguncula, e. f. a puppet.

Plānūctus, a, um. adj. speaking his mind boldly and freely.

Plāntipes, ēdis. c. g. one that goes without shoes.

Plānūtia, e. f. a plain or level piece of ground; plainness, evenness.

Plānities, ei. f. a plain field or level ground; the smooth or even surface.

Planta, e. f. the foot with the toes, the sole of the foot; the foot; a plant of an herb or tree; a graft or scion.

Plantāgo, īnis. f. plantain.

Plantāre, īs. n. a plant of an herb.

Plantāris, īs. e. adj. belonging to the sole of the foot.

Plantārium, ii. n. [a planta] a plant of a tree or herb; a set with a root on; the same as talaris; a nursery.

Plantatio, ōnis. f. a setting or planting.

Plantiger, āra, ārum. adj. that bears scions, grafts, or sets.

Planto, āre, āvi, ātum. unde

Plantor, pass. to be planted or set.

Plānus, a, um. adj. smooth, flat, level, plain, or even; evident, clear, manifest; flat, not globular.

Plīnus, i. m. an impostor, a cheat, a rogue, a vagrant.

Plasma, ātis. n. a gargle or medicine to take away hoarseness, and clear the voice.

Plastes, e. m. a maker of images, a potter, a statuary, or carver in moulds.

Plastice, es. f. the art of working or making things of earth.

Plātēla, e. f. a shoveler, a kind of bird.

Plātānus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a plane-tree.

Plātānista, e. f. a fish in the river Ganges, having a snout and tail like a dolphin, but much bigger.

Plātānion, ōnis. m. a place planted with plane-trees.

Plātānus, i. f. a plane-tree.

Plātēa v. **Plātēa**, e. f. a broad way; a great street; a kind of bird with a broad beak.

Plātēssa, e. f. a kind of flat fish broad like a sole.

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Plātēssōtes, um. pl. c. g. beasts with broad horns.

Plātēssophthalmus, i. m. a kind of alabaster found in silver mines, or as some say antimony.

Plātēphyllon, i. n. a kind of spurge with broad leaves.

Plauditur, impers. I, thou, he, see, &c. rejoice or clap hands.

Plaudo, ēre, si, sum. act. to make a noise by clapping or flapping; to clap in token of applause; to commend; to applaud; to encourage.

Plausibilis, īs. e. adj. plausible, worthy of applause, that is well accepted, and received with favour.

Plausor, ōris. m. that claps his hands for joy or in token that he gives praise; an applauder.

Plastrum, i. n. et antiq. **Plastrum**, a cart or wain to carry loads upon; a waggon, a dung cart, a dray, a tumbrel; Charles's wain near the north pole.

Plausus, a, um. part. [a plaudo] clapped, flapped, stamped upon; encouraged by clapping and stroking.

Plausus, ūs. m. a clapping or flapping; a clapping of hands in token of joy or praise; a shouting or rejoicing; applause; a beating the hands together in begging pardon.

Plēbēcia, e. f. dim. the poor people, the meaner sort of people.

Plēbēus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to the common people; one of the commonalty, a plebeian; poor, base, mean, simple, homely, of little value; of the common sort.

Plēbes, īs. v. ēi. f. the common people.

Plēbicola, e. m. a favourer of the common people, a popular man.

Plēbis-scitum, i. n. Should be printed thus, **plebis scitum**, being two words, the latter governing the former in the genitive; a law or statute, made by the joint consent of the people, without the senate; an order of the commons and equestrians. More usually and particularly those who were neither of the senatorian nor equestrian order.

Plebs, **plebis**. f. [contr. a plebes] the common people, all but the senators; the rout, mob, or rabble; one of the common people.

Plectilis, īs. e. adj. that is plaited or wound together.

Plecto, ēre, xi et ui, xum. act. to twist; to twine; to plait;

to knit; to weave; to correct; to punish; to beat.

Plectrum, *l. n.* *Vid.* **Pecten**, a quill, bow, or such like thing, to play withal upon the strings of musical instruments; a helm of a ship.

Plelades et **Plelades**, *um. pl. f.* the seven stars.

Plene, *adv.* fully, quite, completely, abundantly, largely.

Plenilunium, *i. n.* the full moon.

Plentitas, *ætia. f.* plenty, fullness.

Plentitudo, *inis. f.* corpulency, fulness, grossness; thickness.

Plenus, *a, um. adj.* full, large, whole; fleshy, gross, plump, corpulent; abounding or furnished with; plentiful; that has many or much; big with young, big-bellied.

Plerique, *pleræque, pleræque. adj. pl.* the most or greatest part; many.

Plerumque v. **Plerumque**, *adv.* oftentimes, sometimes, most commonly, for the most part.

Plerusque, *que, unique. most. Vid.* **Plerique**.

Pleuriticus, *a, um. adj.* that has the pleurisy.

Pleuritis, *idis. f.* the pleurisy, the stitch in the side.

Plexus, *a, um. part.* woven or plaited.

Plicatilis, *is, e. adj.* that may be folded.

Plicatura, *æ. f.* a folding.

Plico *äre, ävi et icul, plicatum et plicum. act.* wude **Plicor**, *äri, ätus. pass.* to be knit together.

Pilthis, *idis. f.* the foot upon which a pillar stands, like a square tile.

Pilthium, *il. n.* properly a little brick; any thing four-square like a tile.

Pilthus, *i. m.* the square foot of a pillar.

Pistochia, *æ. f.* a kind of wild mallon.

Pistinos *Isidia. a shrub growing in the sea like coral.*

Plorabilis, *is, e. adj.* to be lamented, lamentable, deplorable.

Plorabundus, *a, um. adj.* in a weeping or wailing manner.

Plorator, *oris. m.* a mourner, a lamentor, a whiner.

Ploratus, *us. m.* a weeping or crying.

Ploro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to wail; to weep; to cry out; to lament; to bawl; to burst out into tears; to whine.

Plotellum, *i. n. dim.* [a **plotus**] a little wain, a child's cart.

Plotrum, *i. n. pro* **Plastrum**.

Plotias, *æ. m.* a kind of reed.

Plotium, *i. n.* a tumorel.

Pluit, *impers. subaud.* Deus, celum, &c. it rains.

Pluma, *æ. f.* a small or soft feather; the first down upon the cheeks; aged, white hairs; a plate, scale, or spangle, wrought on the armour or accoutrements of men or horses.

Plumarius, *ii. m.* a weaver of divers colours, like birds' feathers.

Plumatus, *is, e. adj.* made of feathers or embroidered; wrought in several colours.

Plumatus, *a, um. adj.* feathered, interwoven with divers colours, like feathers.

Plumbago, *ginis. f.* a mine or vein of lead or silver; a defect in metals or gems; the herb called leadwort.

Plumbarius, *a, um. adj.* of or for lead; pertaining to a plumber.

Plumbarius, *ii. m.* a plumber.

Plumbatus, *a, um. part.* leaded, headed with lead.

Plumbeum, *il. n.* a leaden caldron.

Plumbeus, *a, um. adj.* leaded or of lead; of the colour of lead; dull, thick, heavy, slow; doltish, stupid; very grievous or weighty.

Plumbo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to solder with lead.

Plumbosus, *a, um. adj.* full of lead or that has much lead mixed with it.

Plumbum, *i. n.* lead; a leaden pipe; a ball or bullet of lead; a pellet; solder; a plummet to rule withal; a disease in the eye.

Plumesco, *äre, —. incept.* to begin to have feathers; to be fledged.

Plumeus, *a, um. adj.* of feathers.

Plumiger, *ära, ärum. adj.* that bears feathers.

Plumipes, *pëdis. adj.* rough-footed with feathers; feather-footed.

Plumosus, *a, um. adj.* full of feathers.

Plumula, *æ. f. dim.* a little feather or plume.

Pluo, *äre, plui et plüvi, plütum. to rain; to shower down.*

Plurilis, *is, e. adj.* [a **plus**] that contains many, plural.

Pluriliter, *adv.* plurally.

Plures, *plures, plura et plüria. pl.* [a **plus**] more or many; the dead.

Plurimam, *adv.* sundry or several ways; manifoldly; in several places.

Plurifarius, *a, um. adj.* of divers fashions.

Plurimum, *adv.* most of all, very much; for the most part, most an end.

Plurimus, *a, um. adj. sup.* [a **multus**] very much, very many, the most part, in great number; very long or large; very big; most men.

Plus, *üris. in sing. n. pl. plures, plura et pluria, more. Pluris* [sc. **pretii**] of more value, more to be esteemed. **Plures**, the dead.

Plus, *adv. more, longer, better.*

Pluscülum, *i. n.* [a **plus**] somewhat more.

Pluscülum, *adv.* somewhat more or too much.

Pluscülus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [a **plus**] a little more.

Pluteus, *ei. et Pluteum, i.* the cover or top of the galleries in which besiegers approached the walls or wrought the battering-ram; a pent-house; a press, hut, or case for books or pictures; a parapet or breast-work; the bedstead or bed's head of those oeds on which they lay at meals; a desk to write on.

Pluvia, *æ. f.* rain.

Pluvialis, *is, e. adj.* rainy, showery; bringing or causing rain.

Pluviatilis, *is, e. adj.* rainy or of rain.

Pluviosus, *a, um. adj.* very rainy, full of rain.

Pluvius, *a, um. adj.* of rain rainy; bringing or causing rain; showery.

Pneumaticus, *a, um. adj.* pneumatical, windy.

Pocillum, *i. n. dim.* [a **poculum**] a little cup.

Poculentus, *a, um. adj.* any thing that may be drunk.

Poculum, *i. n.* any kind of cup; a drinking pot or bowl; the liquor that is drunk; a draught, a potion; a banquet or feast.

Podager, *gri. m.* gouty, troubled with the gout in the feet.

Podagra, *æ. f.* the gout in the feet.

Podagricus, *a, um. adj.* troubled with the gout.

Podagrosus, *a, um. adj.* gouty.

Podex, *icis. m.* the fundament, the breech, the bum.

Podium, *il. n.* an open gallery; a balcony or building jutting out; that part of the theatre next the orchestra, where the emperor and noble personages sat to see plays acted.

Pœcile, *es. f.* [sc. **porticus**] a gallery at Athens where the Stoics were wont to walk and discourse.

Pœma, *ætis. n.* a poem, a copy of verses, a piece of poetry.

Pœnëis, *is. f.* a bitch's name, Keeper.

Pœna, *æ. f.* punishment, penal

ry, pain; trouble; remorse, torment, regret; fury; any evil or suffering; a payment of loss at game; a fault or fact worthy of punishment.

Pœnibilis, is, e. adj. penal; belonging to or appointed for pain and punishment.

Pœnarius, a, um. adj. belonging to punishment.

Pœniceus, a, um. adj. Phœnician.

Pœnitendus, a, um. adj. to be repented of; to be disliked.

Pœnitens, tis. part. penitent.

Pœnitentia, æ. f. repentance, an after sorrow; dislike, slighting.

Pœniteo, Ære, ul, —. neut. [a pœna] to cause remorse or repentance.

Pœnitet, Æbat, tuit, Ære. Impers. it repents; it grieves; it vexes; it troubles. I, thou, he, we, &c. are sorry, troubled, grieved; or ashamed of; or wish a thing never had been done.

Pœsia, is. f. poetry.

Pœta, æ. m. an artist, a cunning contriver; a poet, one that makes or writes verses.

Pœtica, æ. et Pœtice, es. f. the art of poets or of making verses; poetry.

Pœtice, adv. after the manner of poets; poetically.

Pœticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to a poet, poetical; feigned by the poets.

Pœtria, æ. f. a poetess or female poet.

Pœgnias, æ. m. a sort of comet or blazing star with a beard.

Pol. i. e. per Pollucem, an adverb of swearing, by Pollux.

Pœla, æ. f. the dung which the she-ass voids before foaling.

Pœlœmœnia, æ. f. an herb called wild sage, behen; horse-mint.

Pœlœmœnium, ii. m. wild sage, behen, or horse-mint.

Pœlenta, æ. f. barley-flour dried at the fire, and fried after it has lain soaking in water one night; a kind of coarse country food.

Pœlentarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to barley so dressed.

Pœlis, æ. f. a kind of gem.

Pœlstant, impers. [a pollio.]

Pœlmentum, i. n. the stones of hogs when they are gelt.

Pœlio, Ære, ivi, itum. act. to make smooth or even; to plane; to trim; to deck; to adorn; to make neat, fine, gay; to polish; to furnish; to set off; to embellish; to garrison; to winnow corn.

Pœlion, i. m. a sort of herb whose leaves appear white in the morning, purple at noon, and blue when the sun sets.

Pœlite, adv. finely, gaily, neatly, trimly, smoothly, exquisitely.

Pœlita, æ. f. the government, policy, or rule of a town or commonwealth, civil government.

Pœliticus, a, um. adj. politic or pertaining to government; civil.

Pœlitor, Æris. m. [a polio] a tiller or dresser of ground.

Pœltulus, a, um. adj. dim. [a politus] somewhat fine.

Pœltura, æ. f. a trimming, polishing, garnishing, or smoothing.

Pœlitus, a, um. part. polished, set off, decked, trimmed, made fine. Adj. trim, neat, spruce, polite.

Pœlium, li. n. a kind of herb called polley.

Pœllen, iulis. n. fine flour or the dust that flies in the mill.

Pœllentia, æ. f. power, puissance, might, sway.

Pœlleo, Ære, lui, —. n. to be able; to be very strong; to be mighty; to be of great force, virtue, or power; to bear rule or sway; to carry a stroke; to prevail much; to excel and exceed; to be better or more useful. Impers. it is profitable or more advantageous.

Pœllex, icis. m. the thumb of the hand; the great toe of the foot; a thumb's breadth.

Pœllectaris, is, e. adj. of a thumb's breadth or thickness.

Pœlliceor, Æri, citus. dep. to promise; to engage; to assure; to affirm certainly; to warrant; to offer.

Pœllectatio, Ænis. f. a free and willing promise.

Pœllector, Æri, Ætus. freq. to promise often; to make many promises.

Pœllectum, i. n. a promise.

Pœllectus, a, um. part. Act. having promised. I'ass. promised, assured, warranted.

Pœllinarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to fine flour or meal.

Pœllincio, Ære, nxi, uctum. act. to dress; to perfume; to embalm; to do all things pertaining to burial.

Pœllinctor, Æris. m. an embalmer of the dead.

Pœllinctura, æ. f. the dressing, chesting, or embalming, of dead bodies.

Pœllinctus, a, um. adj. prepared for its funeral.

Pœllis, iulis. m. fine flour.

Pœlluceo, Ære, xi, citus. to make ready a sumptuous banquet to be offered in sacrifice to Jupiter or Hercules; to flourish; to make bright and beautiful.

Pœllucibundus, adv. magnificently, costly, gallantly.

Pœllucte, adv. i. e. optare. bravely, nobly, sumptuously.

Pœlluctum, i. n. a costly banquet, prepared for, and sacrificed to, the gods; but chiefly to Jupiter and Hercules; any common feast, good cheer.

Pœlluctura, æ. f. a feast, good cheer.

Pœlluctus, a, um. part. consecrated, tithed out, properly of tenths, to Hercules.

Pœlluo, Ære, lui, lütum. act. to infect; to poison; to envenom; to defile; to corrupt; to pollute; to mar; to violate; to break; to infringe.

Pœllütus, a, um. part. et adj. ex part. defiled, polluted, soiled; violated, broken, infringed; unchaste, impure.

Pœlus, i. m. the pole; heaven; any part of heaven.

Pœlyacanthos, i. m. a certain rough herb having many prickles, a star-thistle or caltrop.

Pœlyanthemon, i. n. an herb called crowsfoot, goldcup, or gold-knap; bachelors' button.

Pœlybutes, æ. m. he who has many oxen.

Pœlycnemon, i. n. an herb like wild savory or organy.

Pœlyggle, æ. i. v. Pœlyggon, i. n. the herb called milkwort, gangflower.

Pœlygonaton, i. n. the herb called Solomon's seal.

Pœlygonius, a, um. adj. having many corners.

Pœlygonokles, is. f. an herb having leaves long and thick like laurel.

Pœlygonon, i. n. the herb knot-grass or bread-wort.

Pœlygrammos, i. f. a kind of jasper stone.

Pœlyhistor, Æris. m. a learned, knowing man, that has read much.

Pœlymellus, i. m. a great sheep-master.

Pœlymtus, a, um. adj. embroidered or woven with threads of divers colours; twined or twisted with silk of diverse colours.

Pœlymyxos, c. g. on, i. n. a lamp with divers matche, a candle with several wicks, a branch with divers lights.

Pœlyplutius, a, um. adj. very rich.

Pœlypodium, ii. n. the herb called oakfern or polypody.

Pœlypöus, a, um. adj. having a cancer in the nose.

Pœlypus, i. v. pödis. m. a fish called the pour control or many-foot; a disease in the nose called noll me tangere; a gripping fellow, an extortioner, a pinch-penny.

Pœlyrrhizon, i. n. a kind of herb having many thick roots.

Polyspaston, i. n. a *windlass*, with many pulleys or truckles.
Polytrichon, i. n. an herb called *maiden-hair*.
Polytrich, ichis. f. *maiden-hair*; a precious stone with greenish hairs.
Polyzonos, i. f. a *precious stone* having many white circles about it.
Pomarium, ii. n. an *orchard*; an *apple-loft* or *storehouse* for fruit.
Pomarius, ii. m. a *fruit-seller*, a *costermonger*.
Pomeridianus, a, um. adj. [ex post et meridies] in the *afternoon*.
Pomatum, i. n. a *place set with apple-trees*.
Pomifer, era, erum. adj. bearing or producing any kind of fruit.
Pomilius, a, um. adj. *dwarfish*.
Pomarium, ii. n. a *space about the walls of a city or town*; a *limit* or *bound*.
Pomous, a, um. adj. full of *apples, pears, &c.*
Pompa, m. f. a *pomp*; *pageantry*, *equipage*, *parade*; a *train* to the gods or a going solemnly by way of procession in triumph; a *wedding*; a *funeral*; a *retinue* or *attendance*; *ostentation* or *show*.
Pompeia ficus [a Pompeio] a *fig* dried in the sun to serve the whole year.
Pompholyx, ygis. f. the *soil* that comes from brass, called *nil*; also, a kind of light stringy stuff, found in beds of metal-stones.
Pomposus, i. m. a kind of fish which swims with its belly upwards.
pnouianum [sc. pyrum] a *und pear*, resembling the arm of a woman's breast; a *east-pear*.
pomus, i. n. a general name of all kinds of fruit that grows on trees, as pears, apples, lemons, oranges, cherries, &c.; the *tree*.
Pomus, i. f. a *fruit-tree*; an *apple*.
Ponderatio, onis. f. a *weighing*, *poising*, *gravitation*.
Pondro, ere, avi, atum. act. [a pondus] to *weigh*; to *gravitate*; to *estimate*; to *consider*; to *ponder*; to *judge*.
Ponderosus, a, um. adj. very *heavy*, *substantial*, *massy*, *ponderous*; *long*, *full*, containing much; *weighty*, *pithy*.
Pondo, n. indecl. sing. et plur. [a pendo] a *pound weight*; *weight*.
Pondus, eris. n. [a pendo] a *load*, a *weight*; a *pound weight*, *twelve ounces*; a

thing weighed in a balance, a sum of money; a balance, weight, or scales; a burden or load; value, authority, importance; gravity in manners, judgment, &c. a number or quantity; a great company; a child in the womb.

Pondusculum, i. n. dim. a small weight.

Pone, præp. after, behind.

Pono, ere, sui et alvi, situm. act. to put; to lay; to place; to set; to lay down; to put off; to set before one; to lay a wager; to lay aside; to leave off; to institute; to appoint; to lay out; to employ; to bestow; to reckon; to account; to plant; to transplant; to sow; to put the case; to suppose; to cite; to quote; to produce; to allege; to lay down for a truth; to set down; to write; to propose; to propound; to paint; to draw; to pourtray; to consecrate; to devote; to put out to usury.

Pons, tis. m. a bridge; a plank for the convenience of embarking or disembarking; stairs or planks whereby they ascended towers, are called Pontes; a float or raft joined to a ship, for the convenience of carrying engines, military stores, &c. the hinge of a door.

Ponticulus, i. m. dim. [a pons] a little bridge.

Pontifex, icis. m. a pontiff or chief priest.

Pontificatus, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the pontiff or chief priest.

Pontificatus, us. m. the dignity of the pontiff.

Pontificia, drum. pl. n. v. potius Pontificil. m. pl. [sc. libri] books containing the ceremonies of the pontiffs.

Pontificius, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to a high priest or pontiff.

Ponto, onis. m. [a ponte] a *pontoon*, a sort of vessel used in passing an army over a river.

Pontus, i. m. the black sea, called Pontus Euxinus; any other sea.

Pops, m. m. the priest who slew the victims, and offered them up when slain; gluttonous, greedy, dainty.

Poppanum, i. n. a round, broad, thin cake which they offered in old times to the gods.

Popellus, i. m. dim. small, little, silly, or poor people; the rabble or mob.

Popina, m. f. a *tavern*, a *victualling-house*; a *cook's shop* or ordinary; a *tippling-house*.

Popina, victuals sold in such places; the art of cookery.

Popinallis, is, e. adj. belonging to cooks' shops or victualling houses.

Popino, onis. m. a haunter of public-houses and cooks' shops, a beast, a drunken sot.

Poples, itis. m. the ham of one's leg behind the knee; the knee.

Poppæna, drum. pl. n. [sc. unguenta] fine ointments, such as Poppæa, Nero's wife, used.

Poppysma, itis. n. al. Popyma, a clapping on the back or stroking with the hand.

Popymus, i. m. a noise made by clapping the hands together.

Popyzon, ontis. m. whistling to a horse and stroking him gently.

Populabilis, is, e. adj. that may be destroyed or wasted.

Populabundus, a, um. adj. destroying or laying waste; spoiling or pillaging of people.

Populæria, um. n. pl. places where the commons sat to see plays or shows.

Populæria, is, e. adj. popular; of or belonging to the people; accepted and favoured by the people; loving the people or public; seeking to gain the people's favour; of the same town or city. Subst. a countryman or woman; a partner or accomplice; familiar; of the same breed or stock; out of the mean people and commonality; a subject; vulgar, ordinary, commonly known.

Populæritas, itis. f. friendship or kindness arising from being of the same country; popularity or a desire to please the people; the favour of the people towards one; a popular action.

Populæriter, adv. after the fashion or manner of the people; common, inaccurate; at the pleasure of the populace; with the love and favour of the commons.

Populatio, onis. f. a *wasting* or *destroying*; a *pillaging*, *robbing*, and *spoiling* of the people; a *pillaging* of countries.

Populator, onis. m. a *destroyer*, *waster*, *ravager*, or *spoiler* of people and countries; a *pillager*, a *plunderer*.

Populatrix, icis. f. a *female destroyer*, *waster*, *spoiler*, or *consumer*.

Populatus, a, um. part. having laid waste; wasted, destroyed, spoiled, ransacked, robbed, ravaged.

Populatus, us. m. a *laying waste*, *destroying* or *ravaging*.

Populetum, i. n. a grove of poplars, a place set with poplar-trees.

Pōpūleus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a poplar.
Pōpūlifer, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears poplar trees.
Pōpūlīfūgia, ōrum. pl. n. that day when the people of Rome fled from their enemies, either the Gauls or the Tuscans.
Pōpūlī-actum, id. quod Plebis-actum. an act of the commons.
Pōpūleus, a, um. adj. belonging to or made of the poplar.
Pōpūlnus, a, um. adj. of a poplar-tree.
Pōpūlo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to rob and spoil people; to destroy countries; to waste; to run sack; to spoil.
Pōpūlor, ēri, ētus. dep. to rob; to plunder; to waste; to destroy. Pass. to be destroyed.
Pōpūlus, l. f. [v. m.] a poplar-tree; an aspen-tree.
Pōpūlus, i. m. a nation; a people, the common sort, the multitude; the whole of the subjects to a prince or state; a number of met together, a crowd; a stock or stall of bees.
Porca, ē. f. a ridge, or land lying between two furrows, wherein the corn grows; a balk of land; a measure of land containing 131 feet in length and 30 in breadth. [a porcus] a sow pig, a pork or porket.
Porcarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a sow.
Porcellus, i. m. dim. [a porcus] a little hog, a young pig.
Porcina, ē. f. [sc. caru] pork.
Porcūrius, il. m. a seller of hog's flesh or pork.
Porcūus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a hog.
Porcūlīor, ōris. m. a feeder of swine.
Porcūlētum, l. n. [a porca, porcula] a plat in a garden where many beds are.
Porcūlum, l. n. an implement to be put into the screw of the oil press or in that part of it which is called the *subula*, to hold the rope which is round about it.
Porcūlus, l. m. dim. a little pig, a shoot, a porket.
Porcus, i. m. a hog; a sow, a pig; pork, hog's flesh, a sort of ash; a glutton, one high fed.
Porphyriticus, a, um. adj. pertaining to purple.
Porphyrio, ōnis. m. a kind of bird with long red legs and bill, and which drinks as if it bit the water.
Porphyrites, ē. m. red marble stone, porphyry.
Porphyritis, ilis. [sc. ficus] a fig of a purple colour.
Porraceus, a, um. adj. of or

like leek blades; green or greenish.
Porrectio, ōnis. f. an extension or stretching out.
Porrectus, a, um. part. stretched or reached out; extended or lying out in space; lying along; dead; delayed or prolonged. [a porricio] laid upon the altar.
Porricio, ēre, ēci, ectum. act. to reach or stretch out; to lay the entrails upon the altar, in order to the burning of them.
Porrigō, gnis. f. scurf or scale in the head, beard, and brows; dandruff; a catchin; disease in swine, the measles; mange-ness.
Porrigō, ēre, exi, ectum. act. to extend; to stretch, reach, or spread out; to hold or toll out; to prostrate; to lay along; to stretch at length; to kill; to prolong; to defer; to lengthen out.
Porrina, ē. f. a leek-bed in a garden.
Porro, adv. further; as far off or at a distance; moreover, furthermore, besides; hereafter, henceforth; afterwards, more still; long before; but.
Porrum, i. n. et *corrus*, i. m. a scallion.
Porta, ē. f. the gate of a city, a port, a door; the entrance in or out of any place; the strait and narrow passage between hills; a mouth.
Portatio, ōnis. f. a carrying or bearing.
Portatus, ūs. m. a bearing or bringing; a carriage or conveyance.
Portendo, ēre, di, tum. act. to signify before a thing happens; to portend; to foretell; to forebode; to foreshow; to presage; to betoken.
Portentifer, ēra, ērum. adj. effecting wonders.
Portentus, a, um. adj. prodigious, monstrous, strange, or wonderful; portentous.
Portentum, l. n. a monstrous or strange thing; a miracle, portent, prodigy; a sign of some good or ill luck; a vain fancy.
Portentus, a, um. part. fore-shown, betokened.
Portinensis, eos. m. a ferryman, one that carries in a vessel by water.
Porticūla, ē. f. dim. [a porticus] a little porch or gallery to walk in.
Porticus, ūs. f. a porch or gallery; a walking place with pillars, a piazza, a portico.
Portio, ōnis. f. [quasi partio, a parte] a part or portion; a quantity or measure; a proportion or rate; bigness or size.

Portitor, ōris. m. a porter or door-keeper; a ferryman; [a portus] the custom-receiver of a haven, to whom all is paid.
Porto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to carry; to bear; to bring unto; to import; to betoken; to carry away.
Portorium, il. n. custom or impost, paid for goods imported or exported; freight, paid for carriage; the rent coming for tollages; a tax or duty set upon things in general.
Portūla, ē. f. dim. a little port or gate.
Portūlāca v. **Portūllāca**, ē. f. the herb purslain.
Portuinūllia, ōrum. pl. n. a festival in honour of *Portunus*.
Portuosus, a, um. adj. full of havens, having many good harbours for ships.
Portus, ūs. m. a haven, a port, a harbour; the customs; a place of refuge against danger, shelter.
Posui, i. m. a kind of stone like Parian marble.
Porxi, per sync. pro *porrex*.
Posca, ē. f. sour wine mingled with water; wine diluted with water in the press.
Posco, ēre, pōposci, —. act. to ask for; to demand; to dun; to importune; to pray earnestly; to supplicate; to ask in marriage; to call for; to require; to provoke; to challenge; to offer a price or consideration.
Positio, ōnis. f. [a pono] a disposition, site, situation; premissiveness of a word; a position or state of a question; an affirmation; concurrence of consonants together in a word; a termination in declining a word; a state, a habit; the principal of money, the main of an estate; a setting or planting.
Positor, ōris. m. [a pono] a founder or builder.
Positura, ē. f. a position or placing; a posture.
Positus, a, um. part. put, placed, or laid; situate; builded, founded; set, planted, laid aside; laid out, dead; consisting, bestowed, appointed; granted or supposed; bowed, bended; set over.
Positus, ūs. m. the site, situation, or placing of any thing.
Possessio, ōnis. f. a possession, a property, or rightful use of any thing; an estate in goods or lands; a possession in trust, a feoffment.
Possessiuncula, ē. f. dim. a small estate.
Possessivus, a, um. adj. pertaining to possession, possessive

Possessor, *oris*, *m.* the owner or possessor of a thing; a seizer.
Possessus, *a*, *um*, *part.* possessed, owned, had in possession.
Possibilis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* [a possum] possible; that may be or is likely to come to pass.
Possideo, *ēre*, *ādi*, *essum*, *act.* to possess; to own; to have in one's own use and possession; to have or enjoy; to get; to obtain; to make himself master of; to occupy; to take up; to get by conquest.
Possum, *posse*, *pōui*, *uent.* to be able; to have power and efficacy; to be well and in good health.
Post, *præp.* regit *acc.* after; behind; since.
Post, *adv.* afterwards, after that.
Postantumnalis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* after harvest or the fall of the leaf; late in the year.
Postea, *adv.* afterwards, hereafter.
Postequam, *after that*, *et* *divisim*.
Posteri, *orum*, *m.* plur. children, a race, posterity, offspring.
Postertus, *utis*, *f.* posterity, future time; may that shall come after, a race, an offspring; a breed in cattle.
Postertus, *adv.* afterwards, hereafter, in time to come, another day.
Postero [*sc. die*] the next day.
Posterus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that comes or follows after; the next after. Posterior, after, later, worse. **Postremus**, the last; worst, the meanest, most contemptible.
utro, *posterre*, *post-tūl*, *um*, *act.* to put or place after or behind; to set less by; esteem less.
stentatcia, *orum*, *n.* pl. after-grass of hay. *Seil rectius* *divise*.
Postuit, *it was laid aside*.
Postulatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* born after.
Postulatio, *ōre*, *hul*, *bitum*, *act.* to set less by; to place or set behind; to esteem less.
Postulatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* set behind; less esteemed, disregarded.
Posthac *v.* **Posthæc**, *adv.* from henceforth, hereafter, after this, after all.
Posthinc, *adv.* afterward, when that was done.
Posthumus, *pot.* **Postūmus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* born after his father's death, posthumous; last born.
Posticūlum, *l.* *n.* *dim.* the back part of a house.

Posticum, *l.* *n.* [*sc. ostium*] a back-door.
Posticus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that is on the back side of or behind.
Postidea, *pro* **Postea**, afterwards.
Postidem, *adv.* afterwards.
Postilina, *m.* *f.* the crupper of a horse.
Postilla, *adv.* *ut* *postea*, afterwards, after that.
Postinde, *adv.* after that, afterwards, thereupon.
Postis, *is*, *m.* the upright pillar or post on which a door hangs; a door post; the door itself.
Postinfinio, *adv.* by way of recovery.
Postiminium, *ii.* *n.* a return of one who had gone to sojourn elsewhere, or had been taken by the enemy, to his own country, right, and estate, again.
Postmeridianus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to the afternoon.
Postmodo, *adv.* afterwards.
Postmodum, *adv.* afterwards.
Postpartores, *um*, *m.* *pl.* they that get afterwards.
Postpono, *ēre*, *sui*, *situm*, *act.* to set behind; to esteem less; to leave or lay aside.
Postpositus, *a*, *um*, *part.* postponed, valued less.
Postprincipium, *ii.* *n.* the continuance of a thing after it is begun, the course, that which follows the beginning.
Postposito, *ōre*, *āvi*, *bitum*, *act.* to set less by; to esteem or reckon last; to postpone.
Postquam, *adv.* after that, as; since; for as much as, because that.
Postremo, *adv.* sup. lastly, finally, last of all, at last.
Postremum, *adv.* sup. last, the last time, at last.
Postremus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* sup. [a posterus] the last or hindmost; the worst, basest, or vilest.
Postriedie, *adv.* the next day after, the day following.
Postacnium *v.* **Poscēnium**, the tiring or withdrawing room behind the stage.
Postscribo, *ēre*, *psi*, *ptum*, *act.* to write after.
Postulatio, *ōnis*, *f.* a request, a suit; a motion at the bar; a desire; a petition drawn up; an expiation, supplication, or expiatory sacrifice; an expostulation or quarrel.
Postulatus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that is demanded, sued for, or requested.
Postulātorius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* expiatory.
Postulatum, *l.* *n.* a petition, a suit or desire; a demand; a supplicatory libel; an accusation.

Postulatum *est*, *imperat.* *I*, *thou* *he*, &c. requested.
Postulatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* requested, asked, sued for; accused of, complained of, arraigned.
Postulatus, *ūs*, *m.* a requesting or demanding.
Postulo, *ōre*, *āvi*, *bitum*, *act.* to desire; to will; to entreat; to beseech; to require; to complain of; to accuse one; to sue at law; to arraign; to make a postulatum, as in disputing; to call for.
Postumus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* sup. [a posterus] the last, very late.
Potamantis, *is*, *f.* a kind of herb.
Potamogiton, *ōnis*, *m.* a sort of herb.
Potandus, *a*, *um*, *part.* to be drunk.
Potatio, *ōnis*, *f.* a drinking-bout, a guzzling.
Potator, *oris*, *m.* a bibber, a guzzler, a drinker.
Potatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* drunk freely of; imbibed.
Potens, *tis*, *part.* [a possum] *et* *adj.* *qu.* *potis* *ens*, able to do much; potent, powerful, of great power, mighty, puissant, strong, valiant; having pre-eminence or having at command; capable, fit for; of great strength and virtue.
Potentatus, *ūs*, *m.* dominion, rule, empire, pre-eminence.
Potenter, *adv.* mightily, powerfully; effectually, judiciously.
Potentia, *m.* *f.* power, ability; puissance, force; sway, authority; efficacy, influence.
Potium, *ii.* *n.* a cup or pot to drink out of; an herb so called.
Potesse, *pro* **Posse**.
Potestas, *utis*, *f.* [a potis] power, government, authority, control, dominion; a command; one that is in power, an officer, a magistrate; ability, possibility; leave, licence, liberty, opportunity, permission; the essential form of an animal; force, efficacy; possession.
Pothos, *l.* *m.* a curious sort of flower.
Potio, *pro* **Potius** *v.* **Potiusne**.
Potio, *ōnis*, *f.* the act of drinking; drink; a potion which physicians give their patients.
Potior, *iri*, *itus*, *dep.* to possess; to get; to obtain; to enjoy; to be master of; to conquer; to get the upper hand. *Pass.* to come into another's power.
Potior, *or*, *us*, *com.* more powerful; better, of the better sort, more excellent; more eligible, more to be desired.

Potis, is, e, adj. Potior, com. potissimus, sup. able; possible.
Potissime, adv. sup. most especially.
Potissimum, adv. sup. specially, principally, chiefly, peculiarly, most of all, preferably to others.
Potissimus, a, um, adj. sup. the best, the chief, the choicest, the main.
Potitui, orum, m. pl. Hercules's priests.
Potito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, freq. to bib; to tipple; to drink often.
Potitor, Æris, m. a victor.
Potitus, a, um, part. having obtained, gotten, enjoyed, conquered, or achieved.
Potiuncula, æ, f. dim. a little portion.
Potius, adv. comp. [quasi a potis] rather, more eligible, better.
Poto, Ære, Ævi, et potus sum, Ætum, et potum, to drink hard; to tipple; to fuddle; to suck or soak in.
Potor, Æris, m. a drunkard; a drinker.
Potorium, i, n. a vessel to drink out of.
Potorius, a, um, adj. of or belonging to drinking.
Potrix, icis, f. a female drunkard.
Potulentus, a, um, adj. any thing that may be drunk; drunk.
Poturus, a, um, part. that is ready to drink or would fain drink.
Potus, a, um, part. Act. that is in drink, drunken. Pass. drunk up.
Potus, Æs, m. drink; drinking.
Præcticus, a, um, adj. belonging to action, practical.
Præ, prep. regit abl. before; in comparison, in regard, or in respect of; for or by reason of; in.
Præcûo, Ære, cui, cûtum, act. to sharpen before; to make very sharp.
Præcûtus, a, um, adj. sharpened at the end; very sharp; keen.
Præaltus, a, um, adj. very high; very deep.
Præbeo, Ære, bui, bîtum, act. to minister to; to allow; to yield; to afford; to give up; to expose; to offer; to give occasion; to cause; to show; to approve; to give.
Præbitor, Æris, m. [a præbeo] a purveyor or provider.
Præbitus, a, um, part. given, allowed.
Præclûdus, a, um, adj. very warm.

Præcalvus, a, um, adj. bald before.
Præcantatio, Ænis, f. a charming or enchanting.
Præcantatus, a, um, part. charmed, enchanted.
Præcînus, a, um, adj. grey-headed before his time.
Præcûrus, a, um, adj. very dear or too dear.
Præcûveo, Ære, cûvi, cautum, act. to provide against; to beware beforehand.
Præcautum est, impers. care was or has been taken.
Præcautus, a, um, part. foreseen, provided against.
Præcûdo, Ære, cessi, cessum, act. to go before; to outgo; to surpass; to surmount; to excel.
Præcûder v. Æris, Æris, Ære, adj. very swift, quick, or nimble.
Præcûlêro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. to hasten or speed away before.
Præcellens, tis, part. et adj. exceeding, surpassing, or surmounting; excellent.
Præcello, Ære, lui, celsum, neut. to excel; to surpass; to surmount; to be much better; to preside over.
Præcellus, a, um, adj. very high or lofty.
Præcentio, Ænis, f. [a præcino] the entrance or beginning of a song; the flourish.
Præceps, cipitis, cipis, cipe, headlong, with the head foremost; steep, down hill; dangerous, hazardous; high, deep; hasty, speedy; rash, headstrong, inconsiderate, foolhardy; sudden, unexpected; declining, drawing to an end.
Præceps, cipitis, sub. n. a precipice, a summit; a dangerous posture.
Præceptio, Ænis, f. an instruction, a precept, direction, information.
Præceptivus, a, um, adj. giving rules or precepts.
Præceptor, Æris, m. a master, a tutor, an instructor, an adviser or teacher.
Præceptrix, icis, f. a mistress, she that teaches.
Præceptum, i, n. a precept or rule; a maxim; a commandment, a mandate; admonition, advice, counsel, instruction.
Præceptus, a, um, part. taken first or before another; foretasted; commanded, directed.
Præcerpo, Ære, psi, ptum, act. [ex præ et carpo] to crop or bite off; to clip or cut off; to take from; to deprive of.
Præcerptus, a, um, part. gathered or cropped beforehand.
Præcertatio, Ænis, f. the first assault or onset; a quarrel, a skirmish.

Præchârus, a, um, adj. dearly beloved.
Præcido, Ære, di, cîsum, act. [ex præ et cædo] to pare, cut, or chop off; to take away clean; to prevent; to note; to mark with a stroke; to cut a little before; to cut one short; to put out of all hopes or expectation.
Præcinctio, Ænis, f. a stand or broader place in stairs; a landing.
Præcinctum, ii, n. an apron, a kirtle.
Præcinctus, a, um, part. girded, tucked up before; tied about, inclosed; covered, overlaid; prepared, made ready.
Præcingo, Ære, nxi, nctum, act. to begird; to encompass; to inclose.
Præcino, Ære, nui, entum, act. [ex præ et cano] to sing before; to mumble a charm; to prophesy; to tell beforehand.
Præcipio, Ære, cæpi, ceptum, act. [ex præ et capio] to prevent; to take first; to anticipate; to take before another; to instruct; to teach; to direct; to show; to command; to charge; to give order; to enjoin; to institute; to foresee; to imagine beforehand.
Præcipitans, tis, part. falling down headlong; falling to ruin; violent, hasty, rapid, hurrying.
Præcipitanter, adv. with great speed.
Præcipitatio, Ænis, f. a falling headlong; too much rashness or overhastiness.
Præcipitatus, a, um, part. cast down headlong; bent downward; come hastily on.
Præcipitum, ii, n. a steep place; a downright pitch or fall; a precipice.
Præcipito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. to cast, throw, hurl, or tumble down headlong; to overthrow; to overthrow; to hurry; to precipitate; to bow or bend downward; to fall or run down with violence; to make great haste; to make too much haste; to draw towards an end.
Præcipitur, impers. it is ordered or advised.
Præcipue, adv. particularly, especially, principally, chiefly, peculiarly, egregiously.
Præcipuus, a, um, adj. chief, singular, the choice; principal, special, proper, especial, particular, peculiar; sovereign, excellent.
Præcise, adv. precisely, positively, peremptorily, point blank; briefly, concisely, in short.
Præcisio, Ænis, f. [a præcido] a

brevelty in writing or speaking; a scheme in rhetoric.

Præclusus, a, um. part. cut off, chopped or taken away; concise, cut short, narrow; abused against nature.

Præclare, adv. very clearly, very plainly; very rightly, very well, very successfully, bravely, nobly, egregiously, excellently, superlatively.

Præclarus, a, um. adj. very clear and bright; very plain; noble, renowned, famous, goodly, brave, egregious, excellent, honourable, superlative; honest, upright.

Præcludo, Ære, si, sum. act. to shut up; to stop before; to foreclose.

Præclusio, Ænis. f. a stopping or damming up.

Præclusus, a, um. part. shut up.

Præco, Ænis. m. a common crier, a beadle; the crier of a court, in games, or on the stage; a publisher, a proclaimer, or setter forth of things.

Præcogitatus, a, um. part. considered beforehand, premeditated.

Præcogito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to ponder beforehand.

Præcognitus, a, um. adj. known or understood beforehand.

Præcōlo, Ære, lui, cultum. act. to love rather.

Præcompōstus, a, um. adj. prepared beforehand.

Præconceptus, a, um. part. before received.

Præconium, ii. n. the crier's office or voice; the publishing or proclaiming of any thing; me, praise, renown, commendation, report; crier's wage.

Præconsumo, Ære, pel, ptum. i. to waste or spend beforehand.

Præcontrecto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. i. to handle beforehand; to flower beforehand.

Præcoquo, Ære, coxi, coctum. act. to dress or prepare beforehand.

Præcoquus, a, um. adj. early ripe.

Præcordia, Ærum. n. pl. the parts about the heart; the midriff; the diaphragm; the sides of the belly under the ribs; the umbles; the breast; the mind, thoughts, affections.

Præcorrumpo, Ære, rūpi, ruptum. act. to corrupt or bribe beforehand.

Præcox, Æcis, et **Præcoquus**, is, e. adj. soon or early ripe; rash ripe; early, overhasty, untimely, too forward.

Præcrassus, a, um. adj. very thick.

Præcultus, a, um. part. dressed, trimmed, or prepared. Adj. very trim and neat.

Præcupidus, a, um. adj. very desirous or fond.

Præcurro, Ære, ri, sum. act. to run or make speed before; to over-run; to outrun; to fore-run; to happen before; to answer a foreseen objection; to surpass; to excel.

Præcursorio, Ænis. f. a forehappening or foregoing.

Præcursor, Æris. m. a forerunner.

Præcursorius, a, um. adj. sent beforehand.

Præcursus, ūs. m. a going or running before.

Præcūto, Ære, ussi, ussum. act. [ex præ et quatio] to shake before.

Præda, Æs. f. a prey or booty by force; gain from any fraud; spoil, pillage; meat to be devoured.

Prædābundus, a, um. adj. that does or will rob, pillage, or plunder.

Prædamnatus, a, um. part. condemned beforehand; disapproved beforehand.

Prædamno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to condemn beforehand; to pre-judge.

Prædātio, Ænis. f. a privateering, a plundering, piracy.

Prædator, Æris. m. a robber, a pillager, a plunderer.

Prædātorius, a, um. adj. of or for robbing, pillaging, or plundering; piratical.

Prædātrix, Æcis. f. she that robs or seeks for prey.

Prædatus, a, um. part. having spoiled or made a prey or prize of.

Prædēlasso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to tire or weary beforehand.

Prædensus, a, um. adj. very thick.

Prædestino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to predestinate; to decree or ordain before, what shall come after.

Prædiātor, Æris. m. a man of law; expert in cases relating to lands.

Prædiātorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to lands or a manor.

Prædīcabilis, is, e. adj. vaunted or boasted of; laudable.

Prædicatio, Ænis. f. a publishing or open declaring; a common talk and report; a praising or vaunting.

Prædicātor, Æris. m. a proclaimer, publisher, or open reporter; a praiser; an exclaimor.

Prædicō, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to proclaim; to own; to acknowledge; to confess; to

say; to affirm; to report; to publish; to noise abroad; to discover; to disclose; to show; to report; to say usually, as a proverbial sentence; to praise; to boast; to vaunt of; to charge; to order.

Prædicto, Ære, xi, ctum. act. to tell beforehand; to foretell; to portend; to foreshow; to divine; to prophesy; to command, charge, or give order beforehand; to premise; to speak before.

Prædictio, Ænis. f. a prophecy, a foretelling, a prediction.

Prædictum, i. n. a prophecy, a thing foretold.

Prædictus, a, um. part. foretold, prophesied; appointed.

Prædiolum, i. n. dim. a little farm or manor.

Prædisco, Ære, didici, —. act. to learn beforehand.

Prædispono, Ære, sul, situm. act. unde part. **prædispositus**, a, um. predisposed or placed beforehand.

Præditus, a, um. adj. endured with, having such a quality.

Prædives, Ætis. adj. very rich and wealthy; very plentiful.

Prædivinatio, Ænis. f. a conjecture or guessing at things to come.

Prædivino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to guess beforehand; to foresee.

Prædivinus, a, um. adj. divining beforehand.

Prædium, ii. n. a farm or manor; any estate, as well in city, as country.

Prædo, Ænis. m. a robber, a spoiler, a highwayman, a pillager.

Prædoctus, a, um. part. forewarned.

Prædomo, Ære, ui, itum. act. to tame, subdue, or master beforehand.

Prædor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to rob; to spoil; to poll; to peel; to plunder; to make a prey of; to devour.

Præduco, Ære, xi, ctum. act. to mark out beforehand.

Prædulce, adv. very sweetly.

Prædulcis, is, e. adj. very sweet or luscious, fulsome; very pleasing or delightful.

Præduratus, a, um. part. hardened.

Prædurus, a, um. adj. very hard; very grievous; very strong; stiff or stubborn.

Præeo, Ære, Ævi, itum. act. to go before; to lead the way; to speak, read, or say before; to dictate; to admonish; to advise; to counsel; to excel.

Præfacilis, is, e. adj. very obvious, very easy.

[Præfor] Æris v. Ære, Æri, Ætus.

defect. to speak before; to preface; to recite; to invoke; to pray to.

Præfatio, ōnis. f. a preface, the beginning of a discourse; a title of superscription.

Præfatus, a, um. part. having spoken before; having invoked; preordained, predestinated.

Præfectūra, æ: f. the business or post of one in authority, a lieutenantcy, a captainship; a government, a district, a province, or place of jurisdiction.

Præfectus, a, um. part. that is set over or appointed to oversee.

Præfector, i. m. any principal officer or other person, who has the management or charge of anything.

Præfero, ferre, tūli, lātum. act. to bear or carry before; to prefer; to esteem; to set more by; to prefer in choice; to choose rather; to show; to make a show of; to pretend.

Præferox, ocis. adj. very fierce, over harsh.

Præferrātus, a, um. adj. pointed or shod with iron; bound in fetters.

Præservidus, a, um. adj. very hot, scalding hot.

Præstinātus, a, um. part. v. adj. done too hastily or too soon.

Præstinō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make post haste; to haste before time.

Præfica, m. f. a woman hired to mourn at one's burial, who went before the corpse, and praised the dead.

Præficio, ēre, feci, sectum. act. [ex præ et facio] to put in authority; to eat over; to make one overseer; to give in charge.

Præfido, ēre, di, sum. act. unde præfidens, part. trusting too much to, overweening.

Præfigo, ēre, xi, xum. act. to fasten or stick before; to set up in the front or fore end.

Præfinitio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to determine, set, or pitch upon aforehand; to prescribe; to limit.

Præfinitio, adv. by limitation or appointment, when and how one would have it.

Præfinitus, a, um. part. appointed before, determined.

Præfacine et Præfocini, adv. a word used to prevent exception, q. d. give me leave to say, I may say it in a good hour.

Præfixus, a, um. part. [a præfigo] fastened or set up before; headed; thrust through.

Præforktus, a, um. part. fore-

tasted of; lightly or in some small measure fore-enjoyed.

Præfloreo, ēre, rui, —. neut. to blossom before the time.

Præfluo, ēre, xi, xum. neut. to flow or run before a place.

Præfluus, a, um. adj. flowing before.

Præficio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to strangle; to choke; to throttle.

Præfodio, ēre, fodii, ssum. act. to dig before; to dig deep.

Præcundus, a, um. adj. over fruitful.

Præformido, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to fear before the stroke comes.

Præformo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to instruct; to prepare.

Præfracte, adv. rigidly, obstinately, stiffly, stubbornly, sturdily.

Præfractus, a, um. part. et adj. broken before or broken short off; snapped in two; harsh, severe; short, concise.

Præfrigidus, a, um. adj. very cold.

Præfringo, ēre, ēgi, fractum. act. [ex præ et frango] to break in pieces or shivers; to snap in two.

Præfulcio, tre, lai, lūm. act. to prop; to underact; to support; to secure beforehand.

Præfulgeo, ēre, si, —. neut. to shine or glitter very much.

Præfulgō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make to shine; to glitter.

Præfurnum, li. n. the mouth of an oven or stove, where they put in the fire.

Præfuro, ēre, —. neut. to rage very much.

Prægildus, a, um. adj. very chill or cold.

Prægermino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to bud before the time.

Prægestio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to have a very great desire; to show much joy or delight.

Prægnor, ni, —. pass. to be got before or first.

Prægnans, tis. part. with child, great with young, pregnant; full of sap; abounding with; swollen, big.

Prægnatio, ōnis. f. a being with child or with young.

Prægracilis, is, e. adj. very slender.

Prægrandis, is, e. adj. very great, huge.

Prægravans, tis. part. weighing down before.

Prægravidus, a, um. adj. very heavy.

Prægravis, is, e. adj. over weighty, too heavy, unwieldy; grievous, burdensome.

Prægravo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to weigh down; to poise down on one side more than another; to burden; to load; to de-

press; to bear down; to outbalance; to be more heavy.

Prægradior, di, gressus. dep. [ex præ et gradior] to go, march, or come before; to pass by; to prevent; to overtake; to out-go; to surpass; to excel.

Prægressio, ōnis. f. a going before.

Prægressus, a, um. part. being gone before; going before, out-going.

Prægustator, ōris. m. a taster or fore-taster.

Prægusto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to take a taste of or to assay before.

Præjaceo, ēre, cui, —. neut. to lie before.

Præjacio, ci, —. pass. to be thrown or cast before.

Præiens, euntis. part. [a præeo] going before or showing the way.

Præjudicātum, i. n. a prejudice or opinion taken up beforehand.

Præjudicātus, a, um. part. judged beforehand.

Præjudicium, li. n. a prejudice, a fore-judging; a precedent or case in law before tried; a pre-conjecture.

Præjudico, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to prejudge; to judge beforehand; to have a prejudice; to give his opinion beforehand.

Præjuvo, ēre, jūvi, jūtum. act. to help aforehand.

Prælibor, bi, pass. dep. to slide or glide, and pass before or by.

Prælibens, tis. part. tasting first.

Prælapsus, a, um. part. gliding or flowing by.

Prælargus, a, um. adj. very large.

Prælatio, ōnis. f. [a præfero] a preferring.

Prælatus, a, um. part. [a præfero] carried or driven forcibly; advanced before the rest; preferred, set before, more esteemed and set by.

Prælautus, a, um. part. very gallant or brave.

Prælectio, ōnis. f. a lesson or lecture; a reading to others.

Prælego, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to bequeath in the first place; to give by legacy privately.

Prælego, ēre, legi, lectum. act. to read to one; to pass or go by.

Præliāria, is, e. adj. belonging to war or battle.

Præliator, ōris. m. a warrior or fighter.

Præliatus, a, um. part. that has fought.

Prælibo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste or assay before.

Præligatus, a, um, part. *bound before*; tied or bound; *muffed*; bewitched, enchanted, charmed.
Præligo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to tie or bind before*.
Prælior, Æri, Ætus, dep. *to fight in battle*; to skirmish; to contend; to strive.
Prælium v. **Prælium**, i. n. a *battle*; a fight; an engagement, a combat; a foughten field; wrangling, strife, contention.
Præliatus, a, um, part. *having spoken before*.
Prælongo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to make very long*.
Prælongus, a, um, adj. *very long, too long*; very tall.
Præloquor, qui, quibus, dep. *to speak before*; to speak by way of preface.
Præluce, Ære, Ævi, —, neut. act. *to give a light before*; to light one; to carry a light before him. Pass. *to be very bright or shining*; to outshine, surpass, or excel.
Præluclidus, a, um, adj. *very bright or shining*.
Præluclitur, impers. *a trial is made beforehand*.
Prælude, Ære, si, sum, act. *to prepare one's self for singing, to flourish*; to prelude.
Prælusio, Ænis, f. a *flourish before a fight*.
Prælustis, is, e, adj. *very high, stately*.
Præmando, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to order beforehand*.
Præmature, adv. *over hastily, too soon, early, untimely*.
Præmaturus, a, um, adj. *ripe before others or before its usual time or season*; over-ripe, too early.
Præmedicatus, a, um, adj. *armed, fortified against with medicines*.
Præmeditatio, Ænis, f. a *musings*; or thinking of beforehand; *meditation*; a preconception; a forethought.
Præmeditor, Æri, Ætus, dep. *to muse upon and think of beforehand*; to premeditate.
Præmercor, Æri, Ætus, dep. *to buy before another*; to interlope; to forestall a market.
Præmatura, tis, part. *fearing beforehand*.
Præmigo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to quit, shift, or remove its place*.
Præmigo, Ære, ui, —, [ex præ et migo] *to excel far*.
Præmiur, Æri, Ætus, dep. *to get money*; to make prizes.
Præmissa, Ærum, n. pl. *the first fruits*.
Præmissus, a, um, part. *sent before or forward*.

Præmitto, Ære, misi, asum, act. *to send before*.
Præmium, ii. n. a *reward, a due recompense*; a retribution; wages for a journey gone; a prize of victory; any advantage, profit, or benefit; prey, booty, or plunder; honours.
Præmollatus, a, um, part. *to melt before*.
Præmolestia, æ, f. *trouble before*.
Præmollis, tre, tvi, Ætum, act. *to soften*.
Præmollis, is, e, adj. *very soft and tender*.
Præmollitus, a, um, part. *softened, made loose*; made mild, soothed.
Præmoneo, Ære, ui, Ætum, act. *to forewarn*; to give warning beforehand; to tell or advise beforehand; to foreshow.
Præmonitum, us, in, a *foretelling or forewarning*.
Præmonstrator, Æris, in, a *fore-shower, a guide, a tutor*.
Præmonstro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to foreshow*; to tutor; to give one his cue; to show the way.
Præmordeo, Ære, di et si, sum, act. *to bite*; to snap off; to shave; to take part of.
Præmorior, i, tuis, dep. *to die before due time*; to fail; to be defective.
Præmorsus, a, um, adj. *dead before, or already dead*.
Præmunia, tre, tvi, Ætum, act. *to fortify beforehand*; to make sure of; to secure; to guard.
Præmunio, Ænis, f. a *fortifying or strengthening beforehand*.
Prænarro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to tell a thing beforehand*.
Prænatto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to flow or run by*.
Prænavigatio, Ænis, f. a *sailing by a place*.
Prænavigo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to sail or row by*; to row by in a ship or boat.
Præniteo, Ære, tui, —, neut. *to shine brighter or clearer*; to glitter more; to have a great glow; to be luminous.
Prænotum, Æna, u. *the first name of the three which the Romans usually had*.
Prænotum, Æri, Ætus, pass. *to be named beforehand*.
Prænoto, Ære, novi, notum, act. *to know beforehand*; to foreknow.
Prænotio, Ænis, f. a *preconception*.
Prænotulus, a, um, adj. *very shrewd*.
Prænotula, æ, f. a *foreteller*.
Prænotulus, a, um, adj. *foretelling or forewarning*.

Prænotulo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to foretell*; to foreshow; to carry or bring word before-hand.
Prænotulus, a, um, adj. *the foreteller, forebodes, or forewarns*. Subst. a messenger, harbinger, or forerunner.
Præobituro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to stop up before*.
Præoccido, Ære, di, cæsum, neut. *to go down or set before*.
Præoccupatio, Ænis, f. a *seizing or being possessed of before*.
Præoccupatus, a, um, part. *seized on before, anticipated*; pre-empted; employed, taken up with, busied in.
Præoccupo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to seize upon beforehand*; to anticipate; to surprise; to be beforehand with; to fall upon or slay one first; to prevent; to do first or before another.
Præopto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to desire or wish rather*.
Præpando, Ære, di, passum, act. *to set or leave open*; to spread or set abroad before.
Præparatio, Ænis, f. a *preparing, a preparation*.
Præparatus, a, um, part. *provided, prepared, made ready beforehand*.
Præparus, a, um, adj. *very sparing, thrifty, and saving*.
Præparro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, act. *to prepare*; to provide; to make ready; to make provision beforehand.
Præpeditum, i. n. a *lett or hindrance*.
Præpeditio, tre, tvi, Ætum, act. *to bind or tie the legs*; to entangle; to lumber; to hinder; to detain; to hamper; to impede.
Præpeditus, a, um, part. *bound, entangled*.
Præpendeo, Ære, di, sum, neut. *to hang down before*.
Præpes, Ætis, adj. *swift in flying, nimble of wing or foot, a fowl or bird*.
Præpilatus, a, um, adj. *headed with iron*.
Præpinguis, is, e, adj. *very fat*.
Præpollens, tis, part. *very powerful*.
Præpolleo, Ære, lui, —, neut. *to be of great power*; to excel or exceed others.
Præponituro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, neut. *to outweigh*; to be of greater weight or value. Act. *to prefer one before another*.
Præpono, Ære, sui, Ætum, act. *to put, place, or set before or first*; to prefer; to esteem; to value; to set more by; to set over; to give one the

Charge, to make one ruler, chief, or overseer.

Præportio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to carry or bear before; to show.

Præputatio, Ænis. f. a putting or setting before; a part of speech called a preposition.

Præpositus, a, um. part. put or set before or in the first place; preferred; set over, made chief commander or overseer of a business; that has the charge of it.

Præpositum, posse, pōtū, —. neut. to be more able or of greater power.

Præposterē, adv. preposterously, awkwardly.

Præposterus, a, um. adj. preposterous, topsy-turvy, confused, overthwart; cross-grained, peevish, froward; quite contrary; preternatural, unreasonable.

Præpotens, tis. adj. very able, powerful, or mighty.

Præpropēranter, adv. very hastily.

Præpropere, adv. too hastily, over speedily, with more haste than good speed.

Præpropus, a, um. adj. very hasty, over hasty.

Præputium, ii. n. the foreskin or prepuce.

Præquam, adv. id. quod Præut. in comparison of.

Præquestus, a, um. part. having complained before.

Præradio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to cause to shine bright.

Prærado, Ære, si, sum. act. to have; to scrape.

Prærapidus, a, um. adj. very swift.

Præruptus, a, um. part. [ex præ et raptus] caught or snatched away; taken away from.

Prærigeo, Ære, ui, —. neut. to become very stiff.

Præripio, Ære, ui, reptum. act. [ex præ et rapio] to catch; to snatch; to get or take away; to forestall; to prevent; to hinder, to obviate.

Prærolo, Ære, si, sum. act. to know before.

Prærogativa, æ. f. [sc. res v. tribus] precedence in giving votes; privilege, gift, or advantage.

Prærogativus, a, um. adj. that gives its voice first.

Prærogatus, a, um. part. asked their votes or suffrages before.

Prærogo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to ask before; to put the question first.

Prærosus, a, um. part. gnawn or bitten; eaten, browsed, or fed upon.

Præremo, Ære, rūpi, ruptum.

act. to break asunder or in pieces.

Prærupte, adv. raggedly, ruggedly, abruptly.

Præruptus, a, um. part. et adj. broken, lured, snagged, ragged; broken into, taken by storm; craggy, steep; hard or dangerous to climb; high; rough, rugged, surly, abrupt; falling as a cataract.

Præsa, dia. m. a surety; bail; a real security; a farmer of customs, excise, or other duties.

Præsigio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to presage; to divine; to guess; to surmise; to surmise; to forebode.

Præsigtio, Ænis. f. a divining or guessing; a perceiving beforehand.

Præsigium, ii. n. a presage, an omen, a token; a surmise, a distrust or forethought; a guess or conjecture, from preceding causes.

Præsigus, a, um. adj. apprehensive, sensible, presaging, divining, guessing.

Præsanatus, a, um. part. healed or cured before.

Præsanusco, Ære, ui, —. neut. to be healed.

Præscio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to know beforehand.

Præscisco, Ære, —. act. to foreknow; to perceive or understand beforehand; to determine or appoint beforehand.

Præscitum, i. n. a thing foreknown; a token or omen of things to come.

Præscius, a, um. adj. [sc. præscio] foreknowing, boding.

Præscribitur et Præscriptum est, impera. it is ordered.

Præscribo, Ære, psi, tum. act. to write before; to prefix; to prescribe; to set bounds; to instruct; to dictate; to teach; to order; to appoint; to ordain; to lay an exception against or put in a demur.

Præscriptio, Ænis. f. a prescription, an appointment or limitation; a rule or law; a contract; an exception, a demur; a pretence or colour.

Præscriptum, i. n. a lesson or task for learners; a precept, a form, a rule; an order or decree in law; a limit or boundary.

Præscriptus, a, um. part. written before, predetermined, appointed, limited.

Præseco, Ære, cul, sectum. act. to cut or chop in pieces; to cut; to pare; to cut off.

Præsectus, a, um. part. cut off.

Præsemen, Ænis. n. a paring, as of the nails.

Præseminatio, Ænis. f. a sowing beforehand.

Præsens, tis. part. et adj. present; not future, just now; prompt, ready, speedy, out of hand; manifest, favourable, gracious; effectual, sovereign, useful, wholesome.

Præsentio, Ænis. f. a foresight.

Præsentus, a, um. part. perceived aforehand, foreknown.

Præsentivus, a, um. adj. present, ready, of quick despatch.

Præsentans, tis. part. representing, resembling.

Præsentarius, a, um. adj. present, ready, speedy; done or paid out of hand.

Præsentare, per enallagen numeri, pro præsentibus ut Præsentis nobis, Plaut. v. saltem adverbialiter, pro coram, sc. absente nobis.

Præsentia, æ. f. presence, readiness, being at hand; power, efficacy.

Præsentio, Ære, si, sum. act. to perceive or understand beforehand; to foresee; to preconceive.

Præstipere, is. n. any close place, any place of shelter or security; a stable, a stall; a beehive; a cell, stews; a crib, a cratch, a manger, a rack; a table at which there is a repast for the mind, as well as the body.

Præstipes, is. f. any close or safe place; a private apartment.

Præstipio, Ære, psi, tum. act. to inclose about; to barricade or block up.

Præstipus, a, um. part. blocked up, barricaded.

Præstipulus, a, um. part. [a præstipello] buried before, already in the grave.

Præsertim, adv. especially, chiefly, principally.

Præservio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to do service; to help or serve one.

Præses, idis. c. g. a president, a governor.

Præsideo, Ære, sedi, sessum. neut. [ex præ et sedeo] to have the management, care, governance, or charge; to be chief; to preside; to rule; to command.

Præsidarius, a, um. adj. [a præsidium] appointed for defence or belonging to a garrison.

Præsidium, ii. neut. a garrison; a guard; a convoy; a station, a post; a fortress, a defence, aid, succour, shelter.

Præsignifico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to signify or show beforehand.

Præsignis, is. e. adj. excellent, gallant, notable.

Præsigno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to mark before.

Præstilo, ñre, ñi, ñui, ultum. neut. [ex præ et salio] to burst out.

Præspersens, tis, part. *strewing or scattering before one as he goes.*

Præstabilis, is, e. adj. [a præsto] excellent.

Præstans, tis, part. *performing, doing.* Adj. *excelling, surpassing, surmounting; excellent, gallant, brave.*

Præstantia, æ. f. [a præsto] preeminence, superiority, transcendency; excellency, gallantry.

Præstat, stitit. imper. it is better.

Præsterno, ñre, strævi, strætum. act. to strew or prepare beforehand.

Præstes, itis. e. g. a chief in every affair, a prelate; a leader of a file; a household god.

Præstigia, æ. f. a trick.

Præstigiæ, ñrum. pl. f. tricks, wiles, fallacies, deceits, delusions.

Præstigiator, ñris. m. a juggler, one who uses legerdemain, or sleight of hand.

Præstigiatrix, icis. f. a female juggler, a cunning gipsy.

Præstinguo, ñre, ñxi, ñctum. act. to dazzle the sight; to render obscure or inglorious; to make less famous.

Præstino, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to buy beforehand; to buy up all.

Præstituo, ñre, stitui, stitutum. [ex præ et statuo] to determine or appoint beforehand; to pre-ribe; to limit.

stittutus, a, um. part. *acted upon, appointed, limited.*

esto, adj. indecl. ready at hand.

esto, ñre, stitit, stitum et stitum. neut. et act. to stand before; to supply or perform the art of; to execute; to cause; to make; to perform; to show; to exhibit; to approve; to give; to procure; to make good; to defray; to warrant; to answer; to be accountable for; to excel; to surmount; to surpass; to exceed; to differ from. Imper. it is better.

Præstolor, ñri, ñtus. dep. to tarry for; to wait for one.

Præstrictus, a, um. part. tied, bound.

Præstringo, ñre, ñxi, ñctum. act. to bind fast or hard; to chill; to dazzle; to dull; to cast a mist before; to darken; to make dim.

Præstructus, a, um. part. built first or before; contrived, done on purpose, ready prepared;

stopped, choked up or blocked up.

Præstruo, ñre, ñi, ñtum. act. to build before; to stop or block up; to prepare; to provide; to furnish.

Præstudo, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. neut. to sweat beforehand.

Præsul, ñlis. m. et f. the chief of the priests of Mars.

Præsalus, a, um. adj. [ex præ et salus] very salt or salted before.

Præsaltator, ñris. m. he that dances before the sports begin.

Præsalto, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. [ex præ et salto] to dance before.

Præsaltor, ñris. m. he that leads the dance.

Præsum, esse, fui, neut. to be before or above others; to be in authority; to have the charge, rule, or oversight.

Præsumo, ñre, ñpsi et ñmi, ñptum et ñtum. act. to take first or before; to pre-suppose; to guess; to deem or conceive beforehand; to anticipate.

Præsumptio, ñnis. f. an enjoying beforehand; pre-occupation, a prevention of our adversary's objections; the major proposition in a syllogism.

Præsumptus, a, um. part. taken first or before; taken up or conceived before.

Præsumo, ñre, ñi, ñtum. act. to sew before or about.

Præstūto, a, um. part. sewed or stitched about.

Præstego, ñre, ñi, ñtum. to cover.

Præstendens, tis, part. holding forth; pretending.

Prætendo, ñre, ñi, ñsum et ñtum. act. to hold or hand before; to carry before; to oppose; to put or place between; to cloak; to colour; to pretend.

Prætener, ñra, ñrum. adj. very soft or tender.

Prætentatus, a, um. part. proved, tried before, considered.

Prætentatus, ñis. m. the act of groping or feeling out the way.

Præto, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to feel; to grope; to essay or try beforehand.

Prætentus, a, um. part. [a prætendo] set or placed out before; spread.

Prætenuis, is, e. adj. very small, thin, or slender; very narrow.

Prætæpeo, ñre, ñui, —. neut. to be warm before.

Præter, præp. regit acc. except, beside; over and above; by the side, near to; before.

Præterigendus, a, um. part. to be ridden by or beyond.

Præterduco, ñre, ñi, ñtum. act. to lead along or before.

Præterea, adv. [a præter et ea] furthermore, moreover, besides; hereafter.

Prætereo, ñre, ñvi et ñi, ñtum. act. to go or pass by or over; to go beyond; to go past; to avoid; to escape; to neglect; not to choose; to let pass; to slip or pass over; to make no mention of; to leave out; to omit; to escape the notice or memory of; to surpass; to excel.

Præterquærens, tis, part. riding by or beyond.

Præterfluo, ñre, ñi, ñsum. act. to flow or run by; to pass by; to let slip; to neglect.

Prætergredior, di, gressus. pass. to be passed by or beyond. Dep. to surpass; to excel.

Præterhæc et Præterhac, adv. moreover.

Præteritus, a, um. part. past, past and gone; past by, left out, neglected, repulsed; dead.

Præterlabor, bi, lapsus. dep. to slide by; to flow by; to slip out of mind.

Præteristus, a, um. part. [a præterit] that is passed by, gone past, or carried beyond.

Prætermeco, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to go or pass by.

Prætermisio, ñnis. f. an omission, a leaving out, or letting pass; the overslipping or for getting.

Prætermisus, a, um. part. omitted, neglected; forgotten.

Prætermitto, ñre, ñmi, ñsum. act. to omit; to forget; to leave undone; to pass over; not to speak of; to let pass.

Præternavigatio, ñnis. f. a sailing by.

Præternavigo, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to sail by.

Præthro, ñrere, ñrivi, ñritum. act. to wear or make small.

Præterquam, adv. besides, saving, except, but only, other wise than, unless; besides that or what.

Præterrado, ñre, ñi, ñsum. act. to scrape or rake.

Præterrectio, ñnis. f. a passing or sailing by.

Prætervectus, a, um. part. carried.

Prætervehens, tis, part. passing by; riding or sailing by.

Prætervehor, hi, vectus. pass. to be carried in a coach or litter, on horseback or by sea.

Præterverto, ñre, ñi, ñsum. act. to turn by.

Prætervolo, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to fly by or through; to sail or slip by.

Prætexens, tis, part. covering, overreaching; pretending.

Prætexo, Ære, xui, xum. act. to border; to hem; to edge; to fringe; to cover; to surround; to encompass; to cover; to colour; to excuse; to set in order.

Prætexitæ, m. f. [sc. toga] a white robe reaching down to the ankles, bordered with purple.

Prætextatus, a, um. adj. wearing a long white robe bordered with purple.

Prætextum, i. n. a border, brim, or covering; a pretence, blind, or cloak; an ornament, the same as the prætexta.

Prætextus, a, um. part. guarded, bordered, edged; covered; pretended.

Prætextus, ūs. m. a pretence, a colour, a cloak, a disguise, a sham; an inscription.

Prætimeo, Ære, mui, —. neut. to fear greatly; to be afraid beforehand.

Prætinctus, a, um. part. dipped or sprinkled beforehand.

Prætor, Æris. m. a prætor, a chief magistrate, an admiral; a general, a proconsul, a lord chief justice, a lord president.

Prætoriānus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to, or attending upon the prætor.

Prætorilius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the prætor, the lord mayor, or lord chief justice.

Prætorium, ii. n. the general's tent; the king's pavilion; a place or court where causes were heard, and judgment given by the prætor, mayor, or lord chief justice, or any other chief magistrate; the judgment-hall; any nobleman's seat or manor-house in the country; a palace or hall; a court; the prætorian bands.

Prætorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the prætor or chief officer. **Navis prætoris**, an admiral or flag ship.

Prætorqueo, Ære, ai, tum. act. to writh or twist much or hard.

Prætrépilians, tis. part. panting with earnest desire.

Prætrépilus, a, um. adj. in great disorder or fright.

Prætrunco, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to cut off.

Prætrūdus, a, um. adj. very much swollen.

Prætūra, m. f. the prætorship; the office or dignity of a prætor.

Prævāleus, tis. part. prevailing. Adj. very strong.

Prævāleo, Ære, lui, Ætum. neut. to prevail; to be better, more able, or of more value or worth; to excel or exceed.

Prævālesco, cēre, —. incept. to grow too strong.

Prævāilde, adv. over strongly or stoutly.

Prævāildus, a, um. adj. very able or strong.

Prævāillor, Æri, Ætus. pass. to be fortified before.

Prævāricāillo, Æuis. f. prevarication, collusion, foul play in pleading, a playing booty.

Prævāricātor, Æris. m. a betrayer of his client's cause; a sham or false dealer; a hustler, a gambler, a waiter for booty.

Prævāricor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to make a balk in ploughing; to go crooked; to prevaricate; to dodge; to boggle; to sham; to play foul play; to make show to do a thing, and do the contrary; to work by collusion in pleading; to betray one's cause to his adversary.

Prævāhor, hi, ctus. pass. to be carried before.

Prævālox, Æcis. adj. very swift.

Prævānio, Ære, vñil, ventum. Neut. to come before. Act. to prevent; to anticipate; to obviate.

Prævāntus, a, um. part. prevented, anticipated.

Prævārbium, ii. n. a preposition or adverb put before a verb.

Prævāerno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. when the spring begins too early.

Prævāerro, Ære, ri, rum. act. to brush or sweep before.

Prævāertu, Ære, ti, sum. act. to get before; to forerun; to overrun; to outrun; to outstrip; to go about a thing before another; to go beforehand with; to prepossess; to obviate; to prevent; to prefer; to set before; to outweigh; to restrain; to call back.

Prævāertor, ti, sus. dep. to outrun; to outstrip; to do a thing before another; to turn back; to return; to anticipate.

Prævāēlitis, a, um. part. forbidden, before.

Prævāideo, Ære, vidi, sum. act. to see before; to foresee; to provide beforehand.

Prævāivus, a, um. part. foreseen; premeditated.

Prævāitio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to corrupt, infect, or poison beforehand.

Prævāius, a, um. adj. [ex præ et vi] that goes before, that leads the way.

Prævāibrans, tis. part. eclipsing, obscuring.

Prævāiolans, tis. part. flying before.

Prævāilo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to fly first or before.

Prævāustus, a, um. part. [a præ-uror] burnt before, burnt at the joint.

Prævūt, adv. even as, like as, in comparison of.

Prægmatīcon, i. n. some estate-affair or business of state.

Prægmatīcus, a, um. adj. belonging to business, particularly to state-affairs; skilful in law, or in managing any business.

Prægmatīcus, i. m. a practitioner in law, a pettifogger, a solicitor. **Prægmatīci**, prompters.

Prægmatīon, ii. n. a precious stone, in the Indies, very black and bright.

Prægmatīum vinum, a generous black wine, produced at Smyrna.

Prændeo, Ære, di, sum. act. to dine.

Prændium, ii. n. a dinner, a repast, a refreshment at noon.

Prænsito, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [a prændeo] to dine often.

Prænsor, Æris. m. he that is at dinner or is bidden to dinner.

Prænsorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to or to be used at dinner.

Prænsus, a, um. part. having dined.

Prænsītus, a, um. adj. [a seq. of a green colour.

Prænsius, a, um. adj. green like leeks.

Prænsio, ii. n. a kind of herb; harehound or a sort of organ.

Prænsius lapis, a kind of green stone.

Prænsoides, a stone of the colour of leeks, a kind of topaz.

Prænsio, i. n. a kind of sea-weed, green as a leek.

Prænsais, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a meadow.

Præntūm, i. n. dim. a little meadow.

Præntum, i. n. a meadow or leasow; pasture ground, a green or common.

Præve, adv. crookedly, irregularly, amiss; naughtily, sorriously, lewdly.

Prævitus, Ætis. f. crookedness, deformity, naughtiness, depravity, dishonesty.

Prævus, a, um. adj. crooked not straight; mis-shapen, deformed; wicked, lewd, naughtily, dishonest, knavish; obstinate, wilful, or perhaps more rightly, erroneous or apt to be mistaken; slothful, lazy.

Præcārio, adv. by desire or entreaty; on request; at another's will or pleasure.

Præcārius, a, um. adj. prece

rlous, at another's will and pleasure.

Prectio, *Onis*. f. a praying, invoking, desiring, or entreating.

Pecator, *Onis*. m. a petitioner, a suitor, an intercessor, a spokesman, an advocate.

Prectus, a, um. part. having prayed or wished.

Precatus, *us*. m. a request; an imprecation.

Præcis, gen. [nom. *Inus*.] *ci*, cem, ce. pl. *Preces*, um. *ibus*. f. a suit or entreaty; a prayer, a supplication or intercession.

Præcius, a, um. adj. that brings forth ripe grapes before other vines.

Præcor, *eri*, *atus*. dep. to pray; to supplicate; to beg; to entreat; to desire; to petition; to intercede; to make a suit for; to beseech; to crave.

Prehendo, *ere*, *di*, num. act. to take; to apprehend; to lay hold of; to grasp; to entreat a favour; to catch; to surprise.

Prehensio, *Onis*. f. a catching or laying hold of; a crank, a screw.

Prehensio, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. freq. [a *prehendo*] to catch at a thing often; to take hold; to solicit.

Prehensus, a, um. part. taken hold of; caught, surprised, taken, arrested.

Prælum, *i*. n. a press wherewith grapes or other fruits are pressed after they are trodden; any other sort of pressing machine used by paper-makers, clothiers, &c.

Præsumens, *tis*. part. pressing, reping in; chasing, following close or hard upon the one; planting, setting.

Præsumo, *ere*, *essi*, *essum*. act. to press, weigh, or sink down; to stick down in the ground; to sit; to plant; to oppress; to sit, stand or lie upon; to overpower; to overlay; to keep under; to grieve; to excel; to surpass; to deprecate; to undervalue; to disparage; to squeeze; to strain; to force; to compel; to constrain; to push; to pinch; to put one to a nonplus; to grieve; to lay the stress upon; to inculcate; to insist upon; to importune; to be earnest with; to desire greatly; to persevere; to continue; to rail; to cry out against; to come near; to pursue; to follow the chase; to drive on; to prune; to crop; to lop; to stanch; to stop; to thrust; to straiten; to block up; to curb; to rein; to restrain; to prohibit; to cover;

to hide; to dissemble; to suppress; to conceal; not to publish.

Prendo, *ere*, *di* et *did*i, *num*. act. to take; to lay hold of.

Preusatio, *Onis*. f. a soliciting or canvassing.

Pressio, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. freq. v. desid. to lay hold of; to catch one by the sleeve; to solicit and apply to one in begging his vote for a place.

Pressus, a, um. part. caught.

Presse, adv. briefly, distinctly, in few words, closely, straitly.

Pressio, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. freq. [a *premo*] to press hard or often; to squeeze; to load; to burden.

Pressorius, a, um. adj. belonging to pressing.

Pressura, *æ*. f. a squeezing, a pressing.

Pressus, a, um. part. [a *premo*] weighed down; pressed, squeezed; over-charged, loaded; imprinted, marked; stifled, allayed, hushed, concealed; oppressed, distressed; closed, shut, stopped. Adj. close, compact, short, compendious; pithy, sinewy, nervous, contentious; low; steady, firm, sure, stable.

Pressus, *us*. m. [a *premo*] a pressing; a closing or drawing together.

Prester, *eris*. m. a venomous serpent, whose sting causes a deadly thirst; a tempest, a whirlwind, a pillar of fire falling into the sea with a whirlwind.

Præstose, adv. costely, richly, splendidly, preciously.

Præstosus, a, um. adj. costely, of great price and value, dear, sumptuous; precious, excellent.

Præstium, *i*. n. a price; a reward, a hire, a fee, a bribe; esteem, value, worth, honour, account.

Præstem, adv. prius, comp. *prim*, sup. *qu*. prius *die*. lately, come while since, long ago.

Præstianus, a, um. adj. [a *prædie*] belonging to the day before.

Præstie, adv. on the day before.

Præstus, *rum*. pl. f. [sc. *partes*] the precedence or pre-eminence.

Præstus, a, um. adj. elder, born first; flourishing, in the flower of one's age; juvenile, youthful.

Præstianus, *i*. m. *Præstian*. the soldiery of the first legion.

Præstianus, a, um. adj. chief, excellent, extraordinary, that surpasses others, principal, primary.

Præstianus, *us*. m. the chief place,

the highest estate, primacy, pre-eminence.

Præstiana, *æ*. f. a cognomen of the goddess Fortuna.

Præstianus, a, um. adj. natural, original, first in its kind, primitive.

Præstianus, a, um. adj. that is the first.

Præstiana, *æ*. f. any female that is delivered of her first offspring.

Præstipilaris, *is*, e. adj. of or belonging to the captain of the vanguard; one who himself has been eldest captain.

Præstipilus, *i*. m. the first captain of the legion.

Præstus, *rum*. pl. f. [sc. *fruges*] the first fruits of the year, that were offered to the gods; the first attempt, essay, &c.

Præstivus, a, um. adj. the first or earliest.

Præstus, adv. at the first, first of all, first.

Præstus, adv. first, at the first, at first eight.

Præstium, *i*. n. the beginning, rise, or original.

Præstus, um. pl. m. [a *præstus*] the noblest or gentry; the chief men of a place; the officers of an army.

Præstus, gen. absque nom. adj. in pl. *Præstus*, *primorum*, &c. the first, the foremost.

Præstium, adv. first, immediately.

Præstus, a, um. adj. [a *præstus*] dim. the very first.

Præstus, adv. [a *præstus*] first, first and foremost, in the first place, the first time.

Præstus, a, um. adj. sup. [a *præstus*] first; best, chief, prime, excellent. *Præstus*, pl. the first principles of things; the beginning; the van of an army.

Præstus, *ipis*. adj. first; original, primitive; chief, principal. Subst. a prince or princess; an emperor, a chief, a general, a commander, a governor, or ruler; an author, an encourager, a promoter; a ringleader; a company in the middle rank of a legion; soldiers in that rank.

Præstipile, *is*. n. the superior or governing part of the soul.

Præstipilis, *is*, e. adj. principal or chief; belonging to princes or noblemen; princely.

Præstipiliter, adv. princely, as becomes a prince; principally, chiefly.

Præstipatus, *us*. m. principality, excellency, sovereignty, dominion, signiory, pre-eminence; the chief or principal part, the chief power or government;

the beginning; a form of government.

Principialis, is, e. adj. [a principium] *having a beginning; original; belonging to the prince.*

Principio, adv. *first of all; first and foremost, in the first place.*

Principium, ii. n. [a princeps, principis] *a beginning, an entrance, a proem or preface; a race, a pedigree; a maxim, an axiom, a principle or rule; an antecedent, an original or origin.* In pl. *Principia*, principles, of which a thing is made and consists; the centre of an army; the soldiers in the centre of an army.

Prior, vis. com. primus, sup. *the former; the better, more preferable, more excellent.*

Priores, um. in. sub. *ancestors.*

Prince, adv. *after the manner of old time; roughly, harshly.*

Priscus, a, um. adj. *old, ancient, former, of old time, out of use, old-fashioned.*

Priscinus, a, um. adj. *ancient, accustomed, wonted, former, first.*

Priscus, is. m. *a kind of whale; a long and narrow ship or galley fashioned like that fish.*

Privatim, adv. *privately, as a private man; apart; in private; particularly, specially.*

Privatio, ōnis. f. *a taking away, a withdrawing, depriving, chiding, debarring, lack, want, or a being without; privation.*

Privatus, a, um. f. *bereft or deprived; void of; freed from.*

Privatus, a, um. adj. *private, a man's own, particular, peculiar; secret, obscure; not in office.*

Privigna, æ. f. *a daughter-in-law to the second husband or wife.*

Privignus, i. m. *a son-in-law, a step-son.*

Privignus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a son or daughter-in-law, or to a former marriage.*

Privilegium, ii. n. *a private or particular law; an act of impeachment, an attainder; a privilege, a pre-eminence or prerogative above others; an immunity; licence; special right or grant.*

Privo, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. *to take away; to deprive; to bereave; to save or free from.*

Prius, adv. comp. [a prior] *before, sooner; rather.*

Prisquam, adv. *before that.*

Privus, a, um. adj. *particular, single, singular, several; proper and peculiar to himself.*

Pro, prep. regit ubi. *for, as, according to; before; with re-*

spect to; in comparison of; by reason of, on account of.

Pro v. *Proh, inter]. oh! uh!*

Proactor, ōris. m. *the chief author or ancestor.*

Proavia, æ. f. *a great-grand-mother.*

Proavus, a, um. adj. *pertaining to ancestors or the great-grandfather; ancient.*

Proavus, i. m. *the father of a grandfather, a great-grandfather.*

Probabilis, is, e. adj. *allowable or to be liked; probable, likely, credible.*

Probabilitas, ōtis. f. *probability, likelihood, credibility.*

Probabiliter, adv. *probably, likely, credibly; with applause liking.*

Probatio, ōnis. f. *a trial or essay; a proof or demonstration; evocation.*

Probatior, ōris. m. *an approver or praiser.*

Probatum, a, um. part. et adj. *tried, proved, assayed, allowed; well liked of.*

Probe, adv. [a probus] *well, readily; fitly; very much.*

Probitas, ōtis. f. *goodness, honesty, faithfulness, virtue, probity, good nature.*

Problema, ōtis. n. *a proposition, containing a question to be solved; a preparative rule to eloquence.*

Probo, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. *to prove; to make good; to make out; to evidence; to evince; to approve, allow, or like of; to approve to; to cause to be approved by another; to put in proof; to try; to essay; to esteem; to judge of; to choose; to desire.*

Proboscia, idis. f. *an elephant's trunk.*

Probrus, a, um. adj. *shameful, reproachful, ignominious, opprobrious, scandalous, slanderous.*

Probrum, i. n. *deformity; abomination, vice; reproach, shameful, dishonest; villainy, wickedness; contumely, shame, disgrace, foul language.*

Probus, a, um. adj. *honest, virtuous, modest, good; current, substantial, sound, good, stout; choice, fine, sumptuous; opportune, fit, seasonable; skilful, expert, cunning.*

Probus, ōtis. f. [a procax] *malapertness, sauciness, wantonness, lasciviousness, dalliance, perverseness, petulance, untowardness, waggingness; drollery, buffoonery.*

Probus, adv. *malapertly, wantonly, lasciviously, waggingly, saucily.*

Procax, ōtis. adj. *saucy, bold, malapert, pert, petulant, brisk, frolicsome, skittish, sportive, gamesome, wagging, rampant; wanton, lustful.*

Procedens, tis. part. *marching forward; passing on, advancing.*

Proceditur, impers. pass. *people proceed or they proceed.*

Procedo, Ære, cessi, cessum. neut. *to proceed; to go or come forth; to march on; to walk in state; to go or come along; to be under sail; to go or run on; to grow up; to advance; to rise; to increase; to go forward; to prosper; to succeed.*

Procella, æ. f. *a great tempest or storm of wind and rain; a bustle or mutiny; a trouble in the state.*

Procellus, a, um. adj. *stormy, boisterous, roaring.*

Procer, ōris. adj. *a great man, a nobleman, a peer.*

Proceres, um. pl. m. *the head men of a town, city, or corporation; as governors, rulers, officers, nobles, or peers.*

Proceritas, ōtis. f. *tallness, height, altitude, length.*

Procerus, adv. *more at length.*

Procerus, a, um. adj. *high, tall, lofty, proper; long.*

Procerus, ōis. m. *a process, progress, advance, or going forward; a proficiency; success or event.*

Procidens, tis. part. *falling down; waterish or very full of rheum.*

Procidencia, um. pl. n. *the falling of some part out of its place.*

Procidencia, æ. f. *a falling down.*

Procido, Ære, cidi, cūm. neut. [ex pro et cado] *to fall down, to fall.*

Prociduus, a, um. adj. *that falls, or is apt to fall down out of its place.*

Prociuctus, ōis. m. [a procingo] *the state of an army ready to give battle, the battle-array; readiness.*

Proclāmatio, ōnis. f. *a crying out or aloud; an outcry, a proclamation.*

Proclāmator, ōris. m. *a cryer or proclaimer; a brawler, a pettifogger.*

Proclāmo, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. neut. *to cry out; to proclaim; to declaim; to plead a cause.*

Proclīnatio, ōnis. f. *a bending or leaning forward.*

Proclīnatus, a, um. part. *centing downwards, inclining forward, sinking.*

Proclino, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. neut.

to stoop, hang, or bend forward.

Proclive, *la. n.* the brow of a hill, or the over-hanging of a hill.

Proclivis, *is, e. adj. et Proclivus, a, um.* down hill; leading or hanging downward; inclined, subject to, slipshod; easy to be done.

Proclivitas, *klis, f.* inclination, disposition, easiness, propensity, proneness.

Procliviter, *adv. lus. comp.* easily, readily, or currently.

Proco, *äre, ävi, ätum.* to demand or ask malapertly; to dally; to play the wanton.

Procor, *äri, ätus. dep.* to woo; to demand; to flatter and soothe.

Procoräo, *önis. m.* a porch or entry before a chamber; an ante-room, a lobby.

Proconsul, *ülis. m.* a proconsul; a lord deputy, a president, a lieutenant.

Proconsularis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a proconsul, or consul's deputy.

Proconsulatus, *üs. m.* a proconsulship; the office or dignity of a proconsulate or lieutenantancy.

Procrastinatio, *önis. f.* a delaying or putting off from day to day.

Procrastino, *äre, ävi, ätum.* act. to delay; to prolong; to defer; to drive off from day to day.

Procreatio, *önis. f.* a begetting or procreation.

Procreator, *öris. m.* a creator, a maker; a father.

Procreatrix, *icis. f.* a mother.

Procreatus, *a, um. part.* begotten, born.

Procreo, *äre, ävi, ätum.* act. to create; to beget; to endeavor; to procure; to cause.

Procreo, *cäre, —. neut.* to grow up.

Proclubo, *äre, bul, bitum. neut.* to lie over.

Procludo, *äre, di, sum.* act. to beat; to stamp; to strike; to hammer out; to sharpen; to beget; to bring forth; to produce; to coin; to devise; to invent.

Procul, *adv.* far, far off, aloof, far from, a great way off; near.

Proculatio, *önis. f.* a trampling in; a treading under foot, a trampling.

Proculco, *äre, ävi, ätum.* act. [ex pro et calco] to tread down; to trample upon; to contemn; to despise.

Procurbens, *tis. part.* bending downwards, falling down.

Procumbo, *äre, cübul, bitum. n.*

to lie down flat; to lie along; to lean or rest upon; to be lodged; to fall in battle; to be slain; to hang or bend down towards the ground; to tumble; to fall down; to sink; to ply the oar.

Procuratio, *önis. f.* the administration and doing of a thing; an office or charge; the atoning or appeasing of the gods by sacrifice; the protectorate or protectorship during a prince's nonage.

Procuratuncula, *m. f. dim.* a procurement.

Procurator, *öris. m.* a proctor, an administrator, an agent, a proxy, a factor, a solicitor, a bailiff, a steward; a superintendent, a supervisor; a governor of a country; a lord protector or governor during the nonage of a young prince.

Procuratrix, *icis. f.* a protectress, a governess.

Procurro, *äre, ävi, ätum.* act. [primä syllabä ancipiti] to do or solicit another man's business; to see to the affairs of another man; to govern; to manage; to take care of; to see to; to superintend; to cure; to heal; to atone; to expiate; to avert the ill omen of.

Procurrere, *tis. part.* running or lying out at length; running forth before the rest.

Procurratur, *impers.* it is run out.

Procurro, *äre, cücurri, cursum. neut.* to run forth or abroad; to run or lie out in length; to sally out on the charge; to pass over.

Procuratio, *önis. f.* a running out to skirmish, a sallying.

Procuratores, *um. pl. m.* forerunners in battle, light horsemen.

Procuratur, *impers.* they sally out.

Procurso, *önis. f.* a digression; a running or lying out in length.

Procurso, *äre, ävi, ätum.* freq. to run out often; to skirmish or fight; to make sallies.

Procursum, *üs. m.* a sally; a career, a gallop; a lying out in length; a feiching of a veer in leaping; an advance.

Procurvo, *äre, ävi, ätum.* act. to bend down.

Procurvus, *a, um. adj.* very crooked.

Procus, *i. m.* a wooer, a suitor.

Procyon, *önis. m.* a star going before the dog-star.

Prodeambulo, *äre, ävi, ätum. n.* to walk forth or abroad.

Prodeo, *äre, ivi v. ii.* *itum. n.* to go or come forth; to go out

of doors; to come abroad; to march forth; to go or come out.

Prodo, *äre, xi, etum.* act. to fix; to appoint; to prolong; to adjourn.

Prodictor, *öris. m.* one who supplied the dictator's place upon extraordinary occasions.

Prodictus, *a, um. part.* peremptorily fixed, or the appointed day of appearance in law; adjourned, put off.

Proflge, *adv.* wastefully, lavishly, unthrifly, dissolutely, expensively, extravagantly.

Proflgentia, *m. f.* wastefulness, riot, unthriftness, lavishing, expensiveness, extravagance, prodigality.

Profligilis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to prodigies.

Profligäster, *adv.* strangely, wonderfully.

Profligose, *adv.* monstiously, strangely.

Profligatus, *a, um. adj.* prodigious, monstrous, marvellous, miraculous.

Profligium, *ii. n.* a prodigy, a miracle.

Profligo, *äre, ägi, —. act.* to drive forth; to lash out; to lavish; to squander away.

Profligus, *a, um. adj.* prodigal, lavish, unthrifty, wasteful, riotous; dissolute, extravagant, expensive; liberal, free, bountiful; excessive, immoderate.

Proflitio, *önis. f.* a discovery; disloyalty, treachery, faithlessness; a prolonging.

Proflitor, *öris. m.* a traitor or betrayer; a discoverer.

Proflitur, *impers.* [a prodeo] they come forth.

Proflitur et Proflitum est, *impers.* [a prodo] it is reported, given out or set down in writing.

Proflitus, *a, um. part.* betrayed, discovered, detected, descried, uttered, declared; deceived; written, recorded; cast out.

Profludo, *äre, idi, itum.* act. to deduce; to derive; to draw down; to prolong; to delay; to put off; to transmit by writing or tradition; to acquaint; to disclose; to own; to declare or pronounce publicly; to report or yield; to surrender; to betray; to deceive and forsake.

Proflromus, *i. m.* a forerunner, a harbinger, a preparer of the way; a sort of fig; a wind which blows eight days before the rising of the dog star.

Proflduc, *äre, xi, etum.* act. to stretch out; to produce; to bring out; to continue; to draw out in length; to defer; to put off; to delay; to lead

out; to accompany; to go part of the way; to beget or bear children; to educate; to breed; to bring up; to follow; to prostitute; to draw forward; to cajole; to delude; to promote; to advance; to dignify; to carry to market.

Produce, adv. at length.

Productio, *onis*. f. a lengthening, a prolonging or delaying; a pronouncing long; the lengthening a word, either by preposition or termination; production.

Productus, a, um. part. et adj. brought forth; persuaded, induced; prolonged, drawn out at length, dilated; forwarded; advanced, promoted; brought up, educated; prostituted; long, of a good length.

Profano, *ire*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to profane; to turn holy things to a common use; to unhallow; to pollute; to defile; to expose; to discover.

Profanus, a, um. adj. profane, ungodly, irreligious, wicked, &c. not consecrated, unhallowed; common, ordinary, vulgar; not initiated in the holy rites; not cleansed or purged by sacrifice.

Profaris, *atur*, *ari*, *atus*. dep. to speak out.

Proflatus, a, um. part. spoken out.

Proflatus, *us*. m. the act of speaking, a speaking out aloud.

Profectio, *onis*. f. a voyage, a departing, a going forth, a journey, a march.

Profecto, adv. effectually, reality; indeed, truly, doubtless, surely, certainly, assuredly.

Profectus, a, um. part. [a proficiscor] that is gone or departed; that has set forward on his journey or voyage; proceeding; come of, sprung from.

Profectus, a, um. part. [a proficio] profited, advantaged.

Profectus, *us*. m. profit, advantage, increase; progress, advancement; sufficiency.

Profero, *ferre*, *tüll*, *latum*. act. to set forward; to thrust or hold out; to produce; to bring in; to bring or take out; to show; to manifest; to confer; to bestow; to utter; to pronounce; to tell; to publish; to make known; to enlarge; to extend; to draw out; to defer; to put off; to prolong; to protract; to allege; to cite; to quote.

Professio, *onis*. f. confession, acknowledgment; a public owning or registering; open reading, a professing or calling; faculty, habit; a pro-

mise; a purposed or designed undertaking.

Professor, *oris*. m. [a profiteor] a professor, a public reader in schools.

Professorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a professor or public reader.

Professor, a, um. part. Act. that has professed and told openly; that has professed, promised, or pretended. **Paas**. manifested, confessed, avowed.

Profestus, a, um. adj. not holy, a common work-day.

Proflicio, *ere*, *feci*, *fectum*. act. to profit; to advantage; to do good; to prevail; to help much; to be good, wholesome, or medicinal; to proceed; to go forward.

Profliscor, *ci*, *fectus*. dep. to advance; to come; to go; to depart; to take a journey or voyage; to march; to go on; to arise, flow, or spring from.

Profliscitur, *impers*. much good is done.

Profindo, *ere*, *fidi*, *fissum*. act. to break up; to tear; to cleave.

Profliscor, *eri*, *fessus*. dep. to declare openly; freely to acknowledge; to own; to profess; to show openly; to promise; to offer; to profess; to be a professor; to give an account of lands or goods, so as to have them recorded or registered; to enlist for a soldier.

Proflatus, *us*. m. [a proflao] a breeze, a blast, a puff.

Profligator, *oris*. m. a spendthrift or he that squanders all away.

Profligatus, a, um. part. cast down; put to flight, ruined, discomfited, disarrayed; far advanced, near being finished; profligate, debauched.

Profligo, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to rout; to put to flight; to ruin; to undo; to dispatch; to bring towards an end.

Profluo, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to blow; to breathe out; to puff; to melt as metal.

Profluens, *tis*. part. sive adj. flowing or running; fluent.

Profluens, *is*. m. a running water, a current, a brook.

Profluent, *adv*. plentifully, streamingly, flowingly, prosperously.

Profluentia, *m*. f. fluency, abundance.

Profluo, *ere*, *fluxi*, *fluxum*. neut. to run down; to flow out; to stream; to trickle down; to gush out; to spring; to take arise.

Profluvium, *li*. n. [a profluo] a flux, a lax, a looseness, or

issue; a gushing or streaming out.

Profluus, a, um. adj. that flows continually.

Profore, *inf*. [a prosum] to profit; to avail; to be profitable; to do good.

Profringo, *ere*, *frēgi*, *fractum*. act. to break up; to plough.

Profrugio, *ere*, *fūgi*, *itum*. Neut. to flee; to run away; to escape. Act. by fleeing away; to leave or forsake.

Proflugium, *ii*. n. a place of refuge, whereunto one flees or resorts for succour or retreat; a sanctuary.

Proflugus, a, um. adj. fleeing or driven away; turned runaway; a fugitive, a runaway.

Proflundatus, a, um. part. [a profundo] founded or grounded.

Profunde, *adv*. deeply, profoundly.

Profundo, *ere*, *fūdi*, *fūsum*. act. to pour out; to spend extravagantly; to lavish; to squander away; to shoot out; to moisten; to soak.

Profundum, *i*. n. a gulf, a bottomless pit, the deep, the sea; obscurity, abstruseness.

Profundus, a, um. adj. deep; high; insatiable; great, large, inexhaustible; empty.

Profuse, *adv*. disorderly, in a huddle, confusedly; riotously, expensively; excessively, exceedingly.

Profusio, *onis*. f. [a profundo] a looseness; a needless and lavish spending, wastefulness.

Profusus, a, um. part. [a profundo] poured out; flowing, running, gushing, issuing, or streaming out. Adj. hanging down in length, long, dangling; wasteful, profuse, riotous, prodigal, lavish, expensive, extravagant; excessive, immoderate.

Progeniatus, a, um. part. bud-del or shot forth.

Progenitor, *ori*. m. the son-in-law's father.

Progenitio, *onis*. f. an engendering, bringing forth.

Progenitor, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to engender; to bring forth; to beget; to breed.

Progenies, *ei*. f. a progeny, descent, or offspring.

Progenitor, *oris*. m. [a progenio] a progenitor, a grandfather, an ancestor.

Progermino, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to branch out; to burgeon; to bud; to sprout.

Progero, *ere*, *gessi*, *gestum*. act. to carry forth or far off; to throw out.

Proigno, *ere*, *gēni*, *gēnium*.

act. to get or bring forth; to breed.

Prognātus, a, um. part. begotten, born, descended of a stock; growing.

Prognostica, ōrum. n. pl. tokens or signs of something to come; prognostics.

Progrādior, di v. ōstri, gressus. dep. to come or go forth, out, on, or forward; to march on or along; to advance; to proceed.

Progressio, ōnis. f. a going forward, a progress, an advance.

Progressus, a, um. part. having gone forward; having passed over or beyond; descended from.

Progressus, ūs. m. a going forward; a progress, an advance, a proficiency, an improvement.

Proh v. **pro**, interj. *O!* *oh!* *or oh!*

Prohibeo, ēre, bul, bŭtum. act. [ex pro et habeo] to prohibit; to forbid; to let; to hinder; to stop; not to suffer; to keep out or away; to debar; to defend; to quell; to keep under.

Prohibitio, ōnis. f. a prohibition, forbidding, or restraining.

Projectio, ōnis. f. [a proſicio] a throwing out or stretching forth.

Projectilis, a, um. adj. cast out, exposed; flung away.

Projecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ex pro et jacto] to cast or throw forth; to expose.

Projectūra, m. f. the jutting or jutting out of a building; the wing or water-table of a ll.

Proclatus, a, um. part. et adj. own or cast forth or away; cast down; exposed; stretched out; extended out in length; own or cast to; lying down on one's side; prostrate; abandoned, drunken, laid aside; slighted; made of little value or account; servile, mean; inclined, prone, given, or bent to; swaying or hanging down; jutting out.

Proiectus, ūs. m. the casting out of; the jutting or leaning out.

Proſicio, ēre, jēci, jectum. act. [ex pro et jacio] to throw or fling forth or away; to throw out; to banish; to throw upon; to prostrate; to throw down; to cast off; to reject; to slight; to neglect; to disregard; to expose.

Proinde, adv. [ex proinde] therefore, for that cause, thereupon.

Proinde, adv. therefore, for that cause; just so or all one as if.

Proſlabor, b, lapsus. dep. to slide; to slip; to glide; to fall or tumble down; to tiptoe; to step aside; to incline to; to decline; to degenerate.

Proſlapſio, ōnis. f. a fall or slip.

Proſlapſus, a, um. part. fallen, slipped; fallen from virtue, loose, dissolute.

Proſtatio, ōnis. f. a delaying, a deferring or prolonging.

Proſtatio, ōnis. f. [a profero] an extending, an enlarging; a producing, a bringing; a delaying, a prolonging, a deferring.

Proſtatio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to dilate; to make larger; to extend; to defer; to put off; to adjourn; to delay.

Proſtatus, a, um. part. [a profero] brought forth; shown, told, spoken, spread abroad, rehearsed; delayed, prolonged; moved, transported.

Proſtecto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to allure; to cajole; to entice; to wheedle; to challenge; to begin first with.

Proſtes, is. f. a race, a stock, progeny, descent, generation; a child; the young of any creature, a brood, a breed; an age; a shoot of a tree.

Proſtetricia, a. um. adj. [a proles] of a poor and mean condition; poor, vulgar, beggarly.

Proſtibo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to strive before; to pour out in sacrifice.

Proſtibo, ēre, cui, —. act. pro Proliqueo, to melt down.

Proſlacio, ēre, —. act. [ex pro et lacio] to induce; to draw along; to entice; to allure.

Proſtix, adv. liberally, frankly, freely, largely, sumptuously, bountifully.

Proſlixo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make long.

Proſlixus, a, um. adj. [ex pro et latus] big, large, thick; high, tall; free, propense, bounteous, kind; swift, speedy.

Proſlogus, i. m. a speech beforehand, a preface, a prologue, a poem; he that speaks the prologue.

Proſloquor, qui, cŭtus et quŭtus. dep. to speak out or at length; to tell a long story; to speak freely what one thinks, to declare; to utter; to preface that which one is about to say.

Proſludo, ēre, si, sum. act. to flourish; to prove; to essay; to begin.

Proſluo, ēre, lui, lŭtum. act. to wash much or long; to rinse; to scour; to wet; to imbue; to moisten; to bathe; to soak; to drench; to scouse.

Proſluſio, ōnis. f. [a proſludo] an essay or flourish; a proof or trial.

Proſlŭtus, a, um. part. soaked, soured, or drenched.

Proſlŭvies, ei. f. filth, offscouring; the looseness of the belly.

Proſlŭvium, ii. n. a shedding of water in great abundance, filth washed from any thing; prodigality, a wasteful spending.

Proſmercālis, is, e. adj. that is to be sold or set to sale.

Proſmereo, ēre, rui, ritum. neut. et **Proſmereor**, ēri, itus. dep. to deserve; to confer; to be committed.

Proſmeritum, i. n. a desert; a good turn, a courtesy, an obligation.

Proſmŭens, tis. part. et adj. prominent, puffed up, swollen; standing out.

Proſmŭentia, e. f. the jutting of a thing out or over; a prominence.

Proſmŭneo, ēre, nui, —. neut. to jut or stand out; to appear or show itself from afar; to lean, bend, or stretch out; to hang over.

Proſmŭſŭlus, a, um. adj. dim somewhat standing out.

Proſmiscue, adv. confusedly, indistinctly, promiscuously, raff.

Proſmiscuus, a, um. adj. promiscuous, confused, indistinct, mingled; common, general, ordinary; reciprocal, mutual.

Proſmissio, ōnis. f. a promise.

Proſmissor, ōris. m. a promiser, a boaster of what he will do.

Proſmissu, ablat. by promise.

Proſmissum, i. n. a promise, a vow.

Proſmissus, a, um. part. promised, vowed. Adj. growing long, hanging down long; swaying.

Proſmitto, ēre, miſi, miſsum. act. to fling; to hurl; to dart; to spread; to stretch; to let grow in length; to promise; to engage; to promise to go; to make an assignation; to threaten.

Proſmo, ēre, mpsi, mptum. act. to draw out; to bring forth; to draw; to utter and tell; to disclose; to uncover; to lay open.

Proſmontorium, ii. n. a hill jutting out into the sea; a promontory, a cape.

Proſmōtus, a, um. part. moved forward, set forth; promoted, advanced.

Proſmōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. et neut. to go or move forward; to advance; to promote; to enlarge; to extend; to prolong; to put off; to defer; to prevail; to do good.

Prompte, adv. promptly, actively, easily, readily, forthwith, by and by.

Prompto, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. [a promo] to bring forth or disclose often.

Promptu, ablat. manifest or apparent; in readiness or at hand.

Promptuārium, ii. n. a storehouse, a buttery or pantry.

Promptuārius, a, um, adj. that from whence any thing is brought or taken.

Promptus, a, um, part. et adj. [a promo] drawn or brought forth, taken out. Adj. prompt, ready, easy, active, quick, bold; bent, propense, and inclined to; clear, evident, manifest, open.

Prōmulgatio, ōnis. f. a proclaiming or publishing; a promulgation.

Prōmulgo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. qu. promulgo. to noise abroad; to publish; to proclaim; to divulge.

Prōmulsis, idis. f. a sweet and pleasant kind of drink tempered with new wine: metheglin, mead.

Prōmus, i. m. a steward or clerk of the kitchen.

Prōmutuus, a, um, adj. mutual, by turns.

Prōnāos v. **Prōnāus**, i. m. the porch of a church, palace, or great hall.

Prōnecto, ēre, xi v. xui, xum, act. to knit on; to tie or fasten one thing to another in length.

Prōnepos, ōtis. m. a nephew's son, a great grandchild.

Prōneptis, is. f. a niece's daughter.

Prōnomen, inis. n. a pronoun.

Prōnominatio, ōnis. f. a circumlocution of a proper name, a figure in rhetoric.

Prōnuba, re. f. [ac. mulier] est enim prop. ad]. a bridemaid; the goddess of marriage.

Prōnubus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to marriage.

Prōnuntiatio, ōnis. f. a pronunciation or utterance of speech; a speaking out or delivery of a speech, &c. a proclamation, a publication; a judicial sentence; a single word.

Prōnuntiātor, ōris. m. a reporter, and publisher, an historian, an utterer or deliverer.

Prōnuntiātum, i. n. a proposition, a maxim, an axiom.

Prōnuntiatur, impers. it is said publicly.

Prōnuntio, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to speak or tell in plain or express words; to pronounce; to say by heart; to rehearse; to deliver; to utter; to declare; to publish; to promise pub-

licly; to name; to judge; to give sentence; to proclaim.

Prōnuper, adv. very lately, a little while ago.

Prōnūrus, ūs. f. grandson's wife.

Prōnus, a, um, adj. having the face downwards, prone, groveling, bending forward, stooping downward; inclined, bent; ready, open, easy; quietly passing or gliding away; headlong; nigh at hand.

Prōcēnior, āri, ātus, dep. to begin an oration; to make an entrance or proem; to preface.

Prōcēmum, ii. n. a preface, a proem; the first entrance, the prelude.

Prōpāgiatio, ōnis. f. a planting; propagation, a prolonging, an extending.

Prōpāgator, ōris. m. an enlarger, an increaser, a propagator.

Prōpāgo, inis. f. an old vine-stock cut down and set deep into the earth, that many imps may spring or grow from it; a cutting, a slip, a shoot, or plant; a layer of a flower; a race, stock, lineage, descent, offspring.

Prōpāgo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to cut down an old vine, that from it many young may be planted; to spread; to make to spread; to propagate; to multiply; to increase; to dilate; to extend; to enlarge; to prolong; to make to continue; to keep and maintain.

Prōpklam, adv. openly, in the sight and view of all the world.

Prōpātulus, a, um, adj. wide, open, broad, spread.

Prōpe, adv. [ex pro v. prae] propius, comp. proxime, sup. nigh, near to, by, beside, almost.

Prōpēdiem, adv. shortly, after a while, within a few days or a short time, ere it be long.

Prōpello, ēre, pūli, pūlaum, act. to drive or put away, forth, or out; to push or thrust forward or back; to repulse; to keep off; to constrain; to force; to move.

Prōpēmōdum, adv. almost, in a manner, well near.

Prōpēmpticon, i. n. a poem sent a friend, wishing him a good journey.

Prōpendeo, ēre, di, sum, neut. to hang down heavier on the fore part; to overweight; to lean, stoop, or bow forward; to incline; to come to.

Prōpendo, ēre, endi, ensum, act. to consider and weigh a thing thoroughly and diligently.

Propense, adv. favourably, with good will, readily.

Prōpensio, ōnis. f. inclination of mind, readiness, proneness, propensity.

Prōpensus, a, um, part. et adj. hanging down, weighty; inclined, propense, ready, apt, or prone.

Prōpēranter, adv. hastily.

Prōperantia, e. f. a making haste.

Prōpērātio, ōnis. f. a hastening; dispatch, expedition, haste.

Prōpērāto, adv. quickly, hastily, speedily.

Prōpēre, adv. speedily, in haste, inconsiderately, with deliberation.

Prōpēro, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to do or get speedily or quickly. Neut. to make speed; to go apace; to do a thing in haste; to dispatch.

Prōpērus, a, um, adj. quick, hasty, swift, speedy; that comes or goes in post-haste.

Prōpexus, a, um, part. combed or hanging down; long.

Prōpinātio, ōnis. f. a drinking to one, a bidding one to drink.

Prōpino, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to drink to one; to quaff; to drink one's health or in remembrance; to expose.

Prōpinque, adv. hard by, at hand, near.

Prōpinquitas, itis. f. nighness, neighbourhood; kintred.

Prōpinquo, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. to approach; to draw near.

Prōpinquus, a, um, adj. neighbouring, near at hand; near of kin; allied; of near import or signification; resembling.

Prōpius, 'propius, comp. [a prope] proximus, sup. (positive not in use) nearer, nigher; more like; more favourable; more nearly related.

Prōptio, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to appease; to atone; to pacify.

Prōptius, a, um, adj. kind, favourable, merciful, gentle, tender; appeased.

Prōpius, adv. comp. Vid. Prope. near or not far off; more favourable.

Proplasma, itis. n. a mould or pattern.

Proplastic, es. f. the art of making moulds or forms, wherein any thing is cast or formed.

Proptignūm, ei. n. the mouth of an oven or furnace; a place in a hot-house, in which fire being inclosed, casts forth heat; an extinguisher.

Prōpola, e. m. a retailer, a for-staller, a regrater, a haberdasher of small wares; a Chandler, a pedlar.

Propolis, *is. f.* bee-glue.
Propōno, ēre, sui, situm. act. to propound; to propose; to advance; to set out to view; to set up; to set before one; to offer; to proffer; to present; to proclaim; to publish; to set abroad; to set out; to expose to sale; to say; to affirm; to appoint; to promise; to give out.
Proporro, adv. furthermore, moreover, further and further.
Proportio, ōnis. *f.* proportion, measure, comparison.
Propositio, ōnis. *f.* a proposal, design, or way; a proposition, a thesis, a subject.
Propositum, i. n. a purpose, a meaning, an intent, a drift, an aim or end; a resolution.
Propositum est, *impers.* it is purposed.
Proposui, a, um. part. [a propono] set abroad or open to view; exposed; purposed, intended, designed, aimed at, determined; proposed, set before.
Proprator, ōris. *m.* a lieutenant sent to govern a province with the authority of a prator, a lord justice.
Proprie, adv. properly, particularly, peculiarly, conveniently, fully, suitably.
Proprietas, ōtis. *f.* a property, nature, or quality; the right of a thing, propriety; the species in a definition.
Proprius, a, um. adj. peculiar, particular, special, private; proper, fit, genuine; perpetual, firm, steady.
Propter, [a prope] regit acc. or, by reason of, for one's sake; near to, hard by, by the side.
Propterea, adv. therefore, for that cause.
Proptula, *is. f.* a disease, when the eyes fall out of their place, or the membrane of the eye, called uvea, by rupture falls through the cornea.
Proptidius, a, um. adj. shameful or shameless.
Proptidium, i. n. disgrace, shame, dishonour; a paltry baggage.
Propugnaculum, i. n. a fortress, a blockhouse, a bulwark, a rampart.
Propugnatio, ōtis. *f.* a defending or fighting for a thing.
Propugnator, ōris. *m.* a defender, a champion.
Propugno, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to fight or contend for; to defend; to maintain.
Propulsio, ōnis. *f.* a driving or beating away.

Propulsor, ōris. *m.* a driver back.
Propulso, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. freq. [a propello] to put or keep off; to drive away; to set at a distance; to stave off.
Propulsus, ōis. *m.* a driving away, a chasing forward.
Propyleum, i. n. the porch of a temple or great hall; a gate-house.
Proquator, ōris. *m.* a deputy or vice treasurer.
Prora, *is. f.* the fore deck or castle of a ship; the prow.
Prorēpo, ēre, repai, reptum. neut. to creep along; to steal forward by little and little; to grow; to come forth.
Prorēta, *is. m.* the ruler or guide of the ship or deck; the pilot or steersman; the boatswain.
Proreus, eos et ei. *m.* [a prora] the steersman, the pilot.
Proripio, ēre, ripui, reptum. act. to take away by force; to snatch; to hurry or drag along; to slink away.
Prorito, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to provoke; to stir up; to move; to incite; to egg on; to allure; to invite.
Prorogatio, ōnis. *a* deferring or prolonging; a prorogation or continuance.
Prorogativus, a, um. adj. possible to be prorogued.
Prorogo, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to defer; to put off; to pro-rogue; to adjourn; to continue; to prolong.
Prorsum, adv. [a prorsus] straight along, directly; at all.
Prorsus, adv. altogether, entirely, throughout, by all means, utterly, wholly, verily, absolutely, surely, always, generally, well and truly.
Prorsus, a, um. adj. right, straight.
Prorumpo, ēre, rūpi, ruptum. neut. to break forth; to burst out; to break or discharge before it; to force a passage. Act. to send forth; to cast out.
Proruo, ēre, rui, rūtum. act. to cast, drive, or beat down violently; to overthrow. Neut. to tumble over and over.
Proruptus, a, um. part. burst, broken down; flowing swiftly, running violently; heady and desperate.
Prorutus, a, um. part. flung down, overthrown, trodden down.
Prosa, *is. f.* [sc. oratio, est enim ad.] prose, that which is not metre.
Proseus, a, um. adj. written in prose.

Proskia, *is. f.* a descent in blood, a race, a progeny, a stock, a lineage, a pedigree, a family, ancestry.
Proscenium, i. n. the place before the scaffold, out of which the players came; the scaffold or stage itself.
Proscindo, ēre, scidi, scisum. act. to cut or break up ground; to plough; to cut or hew down; to defame; to taunt; to revile.
Proscissio, ōnis. *f.* a cutting or breaking up of land.
Proscissum, i. n. ground first broken up and tilled.
Proscissus, a, um. part. cut or slashed; ploughed, tilled, broken up.
Proscribo, ēre, psi, ptum. act. to post up in writing; to publish any thing to be sold; to banish; to proscribe; to outlaw one; to sequester, and seize one's estate.
Proscriptio, ōnis. *f.* a proscription, outlawry, or banishment; confiscation or sequestration of goods, and the setting them to open sale.
Proscriptor, ōris. *m.* a banisher, a sequester, a proclaimer of a thing to be sold.
Proscripturio, ire, iui, —. desider. to have an eager desire to be banished; men, and confiscating their estates.
Proscriptus, a, um. part. set out or posted up to be sold; published in writing; outlawed, banished, disfranchised.
Prosteco, ēre, cū, sectum. act. to cut; to slash; to gash.
Prosectum, i. n. that which is cut out of the bowels of beasts to be sacrificed to idols, the hostlets.
Prosectus, a, um. part. cut out, slashed.
Prosteta, *is. f.* a strumpet that sits in the streets to invite passengers.
Prostiduum, i. n. an unaptness to generation in rams, goats, and other beasts, by over much labour.
Prostimo, ēre, sti, stum. act. to sow all over; to scatter about.
Prosequor, qui, cūtus. dep. to follow after; to pursue; to prosecute; to accompany; to wait upon; to attend; to follow; to imitate; to describe; to treat; to discourse of.
Proserpo, ēre, serpai, serptum. neut. to creep or crawl along; to spread by little and little.
Prosero, ēre, serui, situm. act. to sow.
Proseucha, *is. f.* et **Præseuche**, *is. f.* a place where beggars crave alms of passengers.

Proslilo, ire, lui, lvi, et lii. sul-
tum. neut. to slip out; to leap;
to jump; to sally forth; to
fall on; to shoot out; to break
its bounds; to sally or burst
out.

Proslambanōmēnos, i. m. i. e.
assumptus, a note in the gamut.

Prostēr, ēri. m. the wife's fa-
ther's father.

Prostōmōsia, m. f.. Lat. Agno-
minatio.

Prostōpōria, m. f. the feigning
of a person or thing to speak.

Prospecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq.
[a prospectio] to behold afar off;
to look often upon; to view or
take a view of.

Prospectus, ūs. m. a sight afar
off; a prospect or view; eight.

Prospēdilor, āti, ātus. dep. to
look afar off; to scout.

Prosper et Prospērus, a, um.
adj. lucky, happy; prosper-
ous, successful, favourable,
giving prosperity; entire, un-
spotted.

Prāpēre, adv. fortunately, prose-
perously, luckily.

Propergo, ēre, rai, räum. act.
[a pro per ago] to spread or
sprinkle abroad; to besprinkle.

Prospēritas, ūtis. f. good suc-
cess, good fortune, prosperity,
good luck.

Prospēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act.
[a prosperus] to bestow freely;
to indulge; to succeed; to
give success; to make prose-
perous.

Prospervus, a, um. part. be-
sprinkled.

Prospērus, a, um. adj. prosper-
ous, lucky, &c.

Prospicientia, m. f. providence,
forecasting, foresight, care.

Prospicio, ēre, spexi, spectrum.
act. to view; to have or take
a view of; to foresee; to fore-
cast; to be circumspect; to
discover; to look to or take
care of; to seek or look.

Prospicius, a, um. adj. fair to
see or which may be seen afar
off; attentive, watchful.

Prostans, tis. part. [a prosto]
standing or sitting out; pro-
stituted for hire.

Prosterno, ēre, strāvi, strātum.
act. to overthrow; to cast, beat,
or strike down; to bear down
before it; to fell; to hew; to
cut down; to lay flat; to pro-
strate; to lay along; to strew;
to spread; to prostitute; to
humble; to demean.

Prostitūm, i. n. a brothel; a
common prostitute.

Prostituo, ēre, tui, tūtum. act.
to prostitute; to set open to
every one that comes.

Præsto, ēre, stiti, stitum. neut.
to stand out; to jut; to stand
to be hired or sold; to be made

public; to be common and
ready to be hired.

Prostrātus, a, um. part. [a pro-
sterno] prostrate, lying flat;
overthrown, destroyed; dis-
comfited; prostituted.

Prostylon, i. f. a house or build-
ing with pillars in the front.

Prostūbo, ēre, ēgi, actum. act.
to throw or cast up; to hum-
mer; to work; to stamp and
beat.

Prosum, prōdes, desse, fui. neut.
to do good; to profit; to ad-
vantage; to avail; to be good;
to be medicinal.

Protectus, a, um. part. cover-
ed. Adj. safe, secure.

Prōtēgo, ēre, tēxi, tectum. act.
to cover; to protect; to
guard; to defend; to hide;
to make out a jutting in a build-
ing, standing out farther, and
beyond the other.

Prōtēlo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to
drive or chase away; to put or
shift off; to drive back; to
vex; to trouble.

Prōtēlo, adv. readily, immedi-
ately, incontinently.

Prōtēlum, i. n. a continual push-
ing or thrusting forward.

Prōtēndō, ēre, di, sum et tum.
act. to stretch forth or out; to
defer; to put off; to extend;
to spread abroad.

Prōtēnus, adv. Vid. Protinna.

Prōtēro, ēre, trivi, tritum. act. to
trample; to squeeze; to crush
to pieces; to wear away; to
thrust out.

Prōtēreo, ēre, rui, itum. act. to
fright; to scare.

Prōtērvē, adv. frowardly, snap-
pishly, waywardly, morosely,
perversely, petulantly, saucily,
untowardly; hastily, in-
considerately.

Prōtērvitas, ūtis. f. crossness,
frowardness, peevishness, coyness,
wantonness; effrontery,
moroseness, petulancy, sauciness,
skittishness, untoward-
ness.

Prōtērvus, a, um. adj. saucy,
froward, malapert, knavish,
rude, boisterous, rugged, coy,
morose, peevish, pervers, pe-
tulant, cullen, untoward; skit-
tish, wanton.

Prōthymia, m. f. good will,
kindness.

Prōthyrides, um. f. pl. et in
sing. Prōthyris, the corners of
a wall, the cross beams, or
overhanging rafters.

Prōthyrum, i. n. a porch at the
outward door of a house; a
pale or rail to keep off horses
or carts from the door.

Prōtinus v. Prōtēnus, adv. right
forward, farther on, at a dis-
tance, before one; straight-
way, presently; at the first, in-

stantly, at the same time; next
in order; continually; there-
fore, by consequence; inse-
parably, indivisibly.

Prōtollo, ēre, sustūli, sublātum.
act. to advance; to put for-
ward; to defer; to prolong.

Prōtūdo, āre, ūi, itum. neut. to
thunder; to make a great
noise; to speak fiercely.

Prōtūdmus, a, um. adj. the first
to be cut or the first cuttings.

Prōtūdmus, i. m. subst. a
sprout.

Prōtrāho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to
drag along; to bring one out
by head and shoulders; to
draw forth or out of; to pro-
tract; to delay; to prolong;
to spin out the time; to aggra-
vate.

Prōtrepticon, i. n. a hortatory
discourse.

Prōtritus, a, um. part. [a pro-
tero] trodden under foot, mash-
ed; beaten, mauled.

Prōtrōpum, i. n. al. Prōtrōpon,
the first new wine, that runs
into the trough without press-
ing.

Prōtrūdo, ēre, ai, sum. act. to
thrust forward; to thrust into
one's bosom.

Prōturbo, āre, āvi, ātum. act.
to thrust out by force; to
thrust or push from one.

Prōtūpūm, i. n. an example or
pattern; an image or form,
whereof moulds are made, and
in which things of metal or
earth are cast.

Prōvectus, a, um. part. et adj.
carried along; advanced, pro-
moted, carried on.

Prōvēnio, ēre, veki, vectum. act.
to carry on; to convey; to
conduct on the way; to ex-
pose; to adventure; to ad-
vance; to promote; to pre-
fer.

Prōvēnio, ire, vēni, ventum.
neut. to come forth; to in-
crease; to proceed; to come
into the world; to grow; to be
produced; to happen; to
chance; to come to pass; to
come to good.

Prōvēntus, ūis. m. increase;
yearly profit or income; re-
venue; abundance or store;
good success.

Proverbium, il. n. a proverb, an
adage, an old saying.

Provide, adv. wisely, advisedly,
prudently, circumspectly,
thoughtfully, carefully.

Providens, tis. part. et adj. provid-
ent, wise, careful, thought-
ful.

Providenter, adv. providently,
with foresight.

Providentia, m. f. forecast or
foresight, carefulness, wori-
ness; providence.

Provideo, ēre, vidi, visum. act. to foresee; to provide; to see; to look after; to forecast; to take order for; to make provision; to take care for; to be circumspect; to prevent; to provide against.

Providus, a, um. adj. foreseeing; provident, circumspect, careful, wise, wary, heedful, thoughtful, considerate; providing for, careful for.

Provincia, æ. f. a province or out country governed by a deputy or lieutenant; the government thereof; a task or undertaking.

Provincialis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a province; a foreigner or provincial.

Provinciātim, adv. from country to country, province by province.

Provisio, ōnis. f. foresight, forecasting, a provision, a providing, a purveying.

Proviso, ēre, ai, sum. act. to go or come forth to see.

Provisor, ōris. m. a foreseer; a purveyor or provider of things beforehand.

Provisum est, impers. provision is made, care has been taken.

Provisus, a, um. part. foreseen, considered of beforehand, seen afar off; provided for or against.

Provisus, ūs. m. foresight; a providing or taking care for; caution; providence.

Proviso, ēre, xi, ctum. neut. to survive; to live longer.

Provocatio, ōnis. f. a challenging, a defiance; an exasperating, an excitement; an appeal.

Provocator, ōris. m. a challenger, an appeal.

Provocatus, a, um. part. moved, induced; challenged, provoked, defied.

Provo, ēre, ūvi, ctum. act. to call forth; to incite; to move; to challenge; to defy; to vie with; to appeal.

Provo, ēre, ūvi, ctum. neut. to fly away; to fly out; to run with all speed; to make haste.

Provo, ēre, volvi, vōlūtum. act. to roll; to tumble; to throw off; to cast off; to disregard.

Provo, ēre, mul, mltum. act. to vomit; to cast forth.

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Provo, ēre, mul, mltum. act. to vomit; to cast forth.

Provo, ēre, mul, mltum. act. to vomit; to cast forth.

act. to publish; to blaze abroad.

Proxēta, æ. m. a broker, a huckster, a dealer in bargains between man and man, an officer of address, a matchmaker, a procurer.

Proxime, adv. Vid. Prope. next or last; very nigh, as nigh as may be; first of all.

Proximus, ūis. f. nearness, nighness, in kindred or neighbourhood; likeness, resemblance.

Proximo, ēre, ūvi, ctum. act. to come very near; to approach, to be next.

Proximus, a, um. adj. sup. nearest, next, last; a neighbour, a friend, a kinsman.

Prudens, tis. adj. sagacious, prudent, wise, careful, considerate, discreet, wary; knowing, on purpose; cunning, expert, skilful, witting.

Prudenter, adv. sagaciously, sagely, discreetly, advisedly, thoughtfully.

Prudentia, æ. f. knowledge, skill, understanding; wisdom, prudence, discretion, advisedness, considerateness, wariness.

Prutua, æ. f. a frost; a hoar frost or rime.

Prutuosus, a, um. adj. frosty, rimy; cold, thin, rugged.

Prutua, æ. f. a burning or live coal, but not blazing.

Prunum, i. n. [a prunus] a prune or damascene; a plum, sloe, or bullace.

Prunus, i. f. a plum-tree.

Prurigo, ginis. f. itching, tickling, an itch.

Prurio, ēre, ūvi, ctum. neut. to itch; to tickle; to please; to have a desire to do a thing.

Pruritus, ūis. m. an itching.

Prytāneum, ei. n. a common hall; a council-house.

Prytānis, is. m. the president or chief of the council.

Psallo, ēre, psalli, —. neut. to sing or play on an instrument.

Psallia, æ. f. a singing woman, a minstrel. Lat. Pŭdicia.

Psatonia, i. m. [sc. lapis] a kind of mortar stone, a grinding stone for medicines, a levigating stone.

Pŭscas, ūdis. f. a dressing-maid; a nymph of Diana's train.

Pŭsma, ūtis. n. powder blown from melted brass; gold sand or ore.

Pŭsma, ūtis. n. a decree, statute, or law; an ordinance.

Psetta, æ. f. a fish called a plaice.

Pseudanchusa, æ. f. wild bugloss or sheep's tongue.

Pseudosōdōm, i. n. a kind of

building when the walls are made of unequal thickness.

Pseudōbŭnion, ii. n. herb St Barbara or winter-cresses.

Pseudōdictamnūm, i. n. bastard dittany.

Pseudōdiptēros, i. f. a building which counterfeits a double row of pillars.

Pseudōgraphia, æ. f. a false or counterfeit writing; a kind of sport which school-boys used.

Pseudōmēnos, i. m. a sophistical argument, a captious conclusion, a fallacy in reasoning.

Pseudōnardus, i. f. spike.

Pseudōpŭpterūm, i. n. a sort of building having wings or columns jutting out oddly.

Pseudōsphex, ūcis. m. a kind of wasp flying alone.

Pseudōthyram, i. n. a postern gate, a back door.

Pseudourbāna edificia, houses in the country built like city houses.

Pŭilōthrum, i. n. an ointment to take away hair; the white vine.

Pŭimythium, ii. n. ceruse or white lead.

Pŭthium, i. n. dim. a kind of wine.

Pŭtticus, i. m. a parrot or popinjay.

ŭsōra, æ. f. scurviness, scabbiness, manginess, the wild scab.

Pŭricus, a, um. adj. scurvy, mangy.

Psychōmantēum, ei. n. a place where necromancers call up spirits.

Psychotrōphon, i. n. the herb called helony.

Psŭdrācion, ii. n. a swelling and rising in the skin, like to a blister, but harder, with moist matter in it.

Psŭllion, ii. n. the herb fleawort or fleabane.

Psŭthia, æ. f. a kind of grape, whereof the best passum was made.

Psŭthius, a, um. adj. belonging to that grape.

Pŭtrelas, æ. m. Swift or Tempest; a dog's name.

Pŭria, idos. f. fern or brake the herb osmund.

Pŭrnix, icis. m. the stalk of the herb cactus.

Pŭrōmāta, um. n. pl. two high walls on both sides of a church or other great building.

Pŭtron, i. n. the wing of a building.

Pŭrōti, ūrum. m. pl. [sc. calices] eared cups.

Pŭtrygium, ii. n. a skin growing from the corner of the eye, the pin and web in the eye; the going away of the flesh from

the nail with great pain, or rather the swelling of the flesh under the nail; a fault in the beryl stone.

Pulsana, m. f. barley-broth.

Pulsinarium, ii. n. rice-milk, frumenty; or as others say, the vessel wherein barley is boiled or pounded.

Ptyas, fide. f. an adder or asp of a green colour, approaching near to the colour of gold.

Pubens, tis. part. ripe, full grown, mossy or downy.

Puber v. **Pubes**, fide. adj. ripe of age; twelve or fourteen years of age; full grown.

Pubertas, fide. f. the coming out of the hair about the privy parts or the mossy hair itself.

Pubes, is. f. the youth of a place; the groin; the middle part of the human body.

Pubes, fide. adj. of ripe years.

Pubeo, fide. — — incept. [a pubeo] to bud; to grow turgid; to shoot forth; to bloom; to flourish; to wax mossy; to begin to have a beard.

Publica, m. f. [ec. mulier] a harlot.

Publicanus, a, um. adj. belonging to the farmers general.

Publicanus, i. m. a publican, a farmer of customs, an exciseman.

Publicatio, fide. f. a publishing; a promulgation; a consecration of goods or a putting of them to open sale.

Publicatus, a, um. part. published; confiscated.

Publice, adv. publicly, in public, openly; in the name or behalf of the common-wealth; with regard to the public wealth; on the public account; at the common charge or cost of the whole city or community.

Publicus, adv. at the public charge; by common advice or counsel.

Publicus, a, um. adj. public or belonging to the public.

Publico, fide, fvi, fti. act. to publish; to make public; to declare abroad; to divulge; to cause to be openly cried; to confiscate; to prostitute.

Publicum, i. n. the public or any common place; tribute or public revenue; the public good.

Publicus, a, um. adj. public, common, belonging to the people; open, manifest; general, formal, complimentary.

Publicus, i. m. an officer who looked to the cleansing of the public ways, a scavenger.

Pulvinum vinum, Pulvine wine.

Pudendus, a, um. part. shameful, that one is to be ashamed of.

Pudens, tis. part. et adj. shame-faced, bashful, modest.

Pudenter, adv. shamefully, bashfully, modestly.

Pudeo, ere, ui, itum. neut. to be ashamed.

Pudet, puduit v. **puditum** est. impers. to be ashamed.

Pudibundus, a, um. adj. shame-faced, bashful, modest; to be ashamed of; ruddy.

Pudice, adv. chastely, demurely, honestly.

Pudicitia, m. f. chastity, modesty; virginity; maidenhead; the goddess of this virtue.

Pudicus, a, um. adj. [a pudeo] honest, chaste, shamefaced, modest.

Pudor, fide. m. [a pudeo] shamefacedness, bashfulness, modesty, chastity, virginity; fame, reputation; shame, disgrace; sheepishness.

Puella, m. f. dim. a little girl, a damsel, a wench, a maid, a young woman, a nymph; a married woman; a widow.

Puellaria, is, e. adj. proper to girls and wenches, childish, girlish.

Puellriter, adv. childishly, like a girl.

Puellula, m. f. dim. a little maid, a little pretty girl, a little moppet.

Puellus, i. m. dim. a little boy or child.

Puer, fide. m. in a child, one between a child and a young man; a title by way of flattery, as we say, child! familiarity or kindness; as we say, my boy, my lad; come, my boys, be merry; a boy, a servant; a son; a pathic.

Puera, m. f. [a puerus] a damsel, a girl, a young woman.

Puerascens, tis. part. a puerasco, fide. — — incept. to play the child or act like a boy.

Puerilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a child; childish, silly, weak.

Puerilitas, fide. f. a child's age; childishness, silliness.

Pueriliter, adv. childishly, like a boy.

Pueritia, m. f. childhood; chastity.

Puerities, ei. f. childhood, boyhood.

Puerpera, m. f. a woman that lies in child-bed, a woman lately delivered, a woman in the straw.

Puerperium, ii. n. the time of a woman's travelling with child, childbed, a woman's delivery; the babe or child delivered.

Puerperus, a, um. adj. bearing

children, helping a woman to be delivered.

Pueritia, m. f. pro Pueritia.

Puerulus, i. m. dim. a little boy or child; a bantering.

Puerus, i. m. a boy, a child, a servant man.

Pugil, tis, c. g. a champion, a fighter at fusty-cuffs, a boxer, a gladiator.

Pugilatio, fide. f. the exercise of champions fighting at fusty-cuffs.

Pugilatus, fide. m. [pugilum certamen] the exercise of a champion.

Pugilice, adv. mightily, valiantly, strongly, champion-like.

Pugillar et **Pugillare**, fide. u. a table-book.

Pugillares, ium. pl. n. a pair of writing or noting tables.

Pugillaris, is, e. adj. filling the hand or a handful; or as big as one's fist.

Pugillatorius, a, um. adj. of fencing or champions; that is struck with the fist.

Pugillum, i. n. et **Pugillus**, i. m. dim. a little fist, a handful, a grasp.

Pugio, fide. m. a dagger, a stiletto, a poniard.

Pugionculus, i. m. dim. a little or short dagger; a poniard, a stiletto.

Pugna, m. f. a fight, encounter, engagement, battle, skirmish, or fray; trouble, disturbance.

Pugnacitas, fide. f. a desire to fight or contend; quarrelsomeness.

Pugnaciter, adv. with downright blows, contentiously, stubbornly, obstinately, stiffly, eagerly.

Pugnaculum, i. n. a bulwark or fortress.

Pugnans, tis. part. et adj. fighting; striving, contrary.

Pugnator, fide. m. a fighter.

Pugnatorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a fighter.

Pugnator, impers. they fight; they labour to effect or bring to pass.

Pugnatus, a, um. part. fought.

Pugnax, fide. adj. warlike, fighting; opposite, contrary; eager, vehement, violent; contentious, quarrelsome, stubborn.

Pugneus, a, um. adj. of the fist.

Pugno, fide, fvi, fti. neut. to fight; to dispute; to quarrel; to labour; to struggle; to endeavour; to oppose; to strive against; to disagree; to be contrary; to thwart.

Pugnis, i. m. the fist; a thump, knock, or blow.

Pulchellus, a, um. adj. dim. [a pulcher] somewhat fair, neat, curious, or pretty.

Prōvideō, ēre, vidi, visum. act. to foresee; to provide; to see; to look after; to forecast; to take order for; to make provision; to take care for; to be circumspect; to prevent; to provide against.

Prōvidus, a, um. adj. foreseeing; provident, circumspect, careful, wise, wary, heedful, thoughtful, considerate; providing for, careful for.

Prōvincia, æ. f. a province or out country governed by a deputy or lieutenant; the government thereof; a task or undertaking.

Prōvinciālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a province; a foreigner or provincial.

Prōvinciātum, adv. from country to country, province by province.

Prōvisio, ōis. f. foresight, forecasting, a provision, a providing, a purveying.

Prōvisio, ēre, si, sum. act. to go or come forth to see.

Prōvisor, ōis. m. a foreseer; a purveyor or provider of things aforehand.

Prōvisum est, impers. provision is made, care has been taken.

Prōvisus, a, um. part. foreseen, considered of aforehand, seen afar off; provided for or against.

Prōvīdus, ūs. m. foresight; a providing or taking care for; caution; providence.

Prōvivo, ēre, xi, ctum. neut. to survive; to live longer.

Prōvocatio, ōis. f. a challenging, a defiance; an exasperating, an excitement; an appeal.

Prōvocātor, tris. m. a challenger, an appealer.

Prōvocātus, a, um. part. moved, induced; challenged, provoked, defied.

Prōvoco, ēre, ſvi, ctum. act. to call forth; to incite to move; to challenge; to defy; to vie with; to appeal.

Prōvolo, ēre, ſvi, ctum. neut. to fly away; to fly out; to run with all speed; to make haste.

Prōvelo, ēre, volvi, vblūtum. act. to roll; to tumble; to throw off; to cast off; to disregard.

Prōvolutus, a, um. part. falling down prostrate; hanging forth.

Prōvomo, ēre, mui, mctum. act. to vomit; to cast forth.

Prōvorsus, a, um. part. straight-forward.

Prout, adv. even as, like, according as.

Prōvulgo, ēre, ſvi, ctum.

act. to publish; to blaze abroad.

Proxēsta, æ. m. a broker, a huckster, a dealer in bargains betwixt man and man, an officer of address, a matchmaker, a procurer.

Proxime, adv. Vid. Prope. next or last; very nigh, as nigh as may be; first of all.

Proximitas, itis. f. nearness, nighness, in kindred or neighbourhood; likeness, resemblance.

Proxino, ēre, ſvi, ctum. act. to come very near; to approach, to be next.

Proximus, a, um. adj. sup. nearest, next, last; a neighbour, a friend, a kinsman.

Prūdēns, tis. adj. sagacious, prudent, wise, careful, considerate, discreet, wary; knowing, on purpose; cunning, expert, skilful, wilting.

Prūdenter, adv. sagaciously, sagely, discreetly, advisedly, thoughtfully.

Prūdētia, æ. f. knowledge, skill, understanding; wisdom, prudence, discretion, advisedness, considerateness, wariness.

Prūta, æ. f. a frost; a hoar frost or rime.

Prūdnus, a, um. adj. frosty, rimy; cold, thin, rugged.

Prūna, æ. f. a burning or live coal, but not blazing.

Prūnum, i. n. [a prunus] a prune or damascene; a plum, sloe, or bullace.

Prūnus, i. f. a plum-tree.

Prūigo, gluis. f. itching, tickling, an itch.

Prūrio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to itch; to tickle; to please; to have a desire to do a thing.

Prūritus, ūs. m. an itching.

Prūtlndum, ei. n. a common hall; a council-house.

Prūtlkis, is. m. the president or chief of the council.

Psallo, ēre, psalli, —. neut. to sing or play on an instrument.

Psallia, æ. f. a singing woman, a minstrel. Lat. Psaltria.

Psatonius, i. m. [sc. lapis] a kind of mortar stone, a grinding stone for medicines, a levigating stone.

Pscas, ſdis. f. a dressing-maid; a nymph of Diana's train.

Psema, itis. n. powder blown from melted brass; gold sand or ore.

Psephisma, itis. n. a decree, statute, or law; an ordinance.

Psetta, æ. f. a fish called a plaice.

Pseudanchusa, æ. f. wild bugloss or sheep's tongue.

Pseudisōdōm, i. n. a kind of

building when the walls are made of unequal thickness.

Pseudōbunion, ii. n. herb St Barbara or winter-cresses.

Pseudōdictamnūm, i. n. bastard dittany.

Pseudōdiptēros, i. f. a building which counterfeits a double row of pillars.

Pseudōgraphia, æ. f. a false or counterfeit writing; a kind of sport which school-boys used.

Pseudōmēnos, i. m. a sophistical argument, a captious conclusion, a fallacy in reasoning.

Pseudōnardus, i. f. spike.

Pseudōpēriptērum, i. n. a sort of building having wings or columns jutting out oddly.

Pseudōsphex, ſcis. m. a kind of wasp flying alone.

Pseudōthyrum, i. n. a postern gate, a back door.

Pseudourbāna ſdificia, houses in the country built like city houses.

Pellōthrum, i. n. an ointment to take away hair; the white vine.

Psimmythium, ii. n. ceruse or white lead.

Pethium, i. n. dim. a kind of wine.

Psittacus, i. m. a parrot or popinjay.

Psōra, æ. f. scurviness, scabbiness, manginess, the wild scab.

Psōricus, a, um. adj. scurvy, mangy.

Psychōmantēum, ei. n. a place where necromancers call up spirits.

Psychrōtrōphon, i. n. the herb called betony.

Paydrācion, ii. n. a swelling and rising in the skin. like to a blister, but harder, with moist matter in it.

Payllion, ii. n. the herb fleawort or fleabane.

Peythia, æ. f. a kind of grape, whereof the best passum was made.

Psythius, a, um. adj. belonging to that grape.

Ptērelas, æ. m. Swift or Tempest; a dog's name.

Pteris, idos. f. fern or brake the herb osmund.

Pternix, itis. m. the stalk of the herb cactus.

Ptērōmāta, um. n. pl. two high walls on both sides of a church or other great building.

Ptēron, i. n. the wing of a building.

Ptēroti, ōrum. m. pl. [sc. calices] eared cups.

Pterygium, ii. n. a skin growing from the corner of the eye, the pin and web in the eye; the going away of the flesh from

the nail with great pain, or rather the swelling of the flesh under the nail; a fault in the beryl stone.

Ptisana, *m. f.* barley-broth.

Ptisnarium, *ii. n.* rice-milk, frumenty; or as others say, the vessel wherein barley is boiled or pounded.

Ptyas, *adis. f.* an adder or asp of a green colour, approaching near to the colour of gold.

Pubens, *tis. part.* ripe, full grown, mossy or downy.

Puber *v.* **Pubes**, *eris. adj.* ripe of age; twelve or fourteen years of age; full grown.

Pubertas, *etis. f.* the coming out of the hair about the privy parts or the mossy hair itself.

Pubes, *is. f.* the youth of a place; the groin; the middle part of the human body.

Pubes, *eris. adj.* of ripe years.

Pubesco, *ere. —* incept. [a pubeo] to bud; to grow turgid; to shoot forth; to bloom; to flourish; to wax mossy; to begin to have a beard.

Publica, *m. f.* [ec. mulier] a harlot.

Publicanus, *a, um. adj.* belonging to the farmers general.

Publicanus, *i. m.* a publican, a farmer of customs, an exciseman.

Publicatio, *onis. f.* a publishing; a promulgation; a confiscation of goods or a putting of them to open sale.

Publicatus, *a, um. part.* published; confiscated.

Publice, *adv.* publicly, in public, openly; in the name or behalf of the commonwealth; with regard to the public wealth; on the public account; at the common charge or cost of the whole city or community.

Publicitus, *adv.* at the public charge; by common advice or counsel.

Publicus, *a, um. adj.* public or belonging to the public.

Publico, *ere, eri, itum act.* to publish; to make public; to declare abroad; to divulge; to cause to be openly cried; to confiscate; to prostitute.

Publicum, *i. n.* the public or any common place; tribute or public revenue; the public good.

Publicus, *a, um. adj.* public, common, belonging to the people; open, manifest; general, formal, complimentary.

Publicus, *i. m.* an officer who looked to the cleansing of the public ways, a scavenger.

Pulchrum vinum, *Pucine uis.*

Pudendus, *a, um. part.* shameful, that one is to be ashamed of.

Pudens, *tis. part. et adj.* shame-faced, bashful, modest.

Pudenter, *adv.* shamefully, bashfully, modestly.

Pudeo, *ere, ui, itum. neut.* to be ashamed.

Pudet, **puduit** *v.* **puduitum est. impers. to be ashamed.**

Pudibundus, *a, um. adj.* shame-faced, bashful, modest; to be ashamed of; ruddy.

Pudice, *adv.* chastely, demurely, honestly.

Pudicitia, *m. f.* chastity, modesty; virginity; maidenhead; the goddess of this virtue.

Pudicus, *a, um. adj.* [a pudeo] honest, chaste, shamefaced, modest.

Pudor, *oris. m.* [a pudeo] shamefacedness, bashfulness, modesty, chastity, virginity; fame, reputation; shame, disgrace; sheepishness.

Puella, *m. f. dim.* a little girl, a damsel, a wench, a maid, a young woman, a nymph; a married woman; a widow.

Puellis, *is. e. adj.* proper to girls and wenches, childish, girlish.

Puellriter, *adv.* childishly, like a girl.

Puellula, *m. f. dim.* a little maid, a little pretty girl, a little moppet.

Puellus, *i. m. dim.* a little boy or child.

Puer, *eri. m.* a child, one between a child and a young man; a title by way of flattery, as we say, child! familiarity or kindness; as we say, my boy, my lad; come, my boys, be merry; a boy, a servant; a son; a pathic.

Puera, *m. f.* [a puerus] a damsel, a girl, a young woman.

Puerascens, *tis. part.* a puerasco, *ere. —* incept. to play the child or act like a boy.

Puerilis, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to a child; childish, silly, weak.

Puerilitas, *etis. f.* a child's age; childishness, silliness.

Pueriliter, *adv.* childishly, like a boy.

Pueritia, *m. f.* childhood; chastity.

Puerities, *ei. f.* childhood, boyhood.

Puerpera, *m. f.* a woman that lies in child-bed, a woman lately delivered, a woman in the straws.

Puerperium, *ii. n.* the time of a woman's travelling with child, childbed, a woman's delivery; the babe or child delivered.

Puerperus, *a, um. adj.* bearing

children, helping a woman to be delivered.

Pueritia, *m. f. pro Pueritia.*

Puerulus, *i. m. dim.* a little boy or child; a bantling.

Puerus, *i. m.* a boy, a child, a servant man.

Pugil, *ilis. c. g.* a champion, a fighter at fisty-cuffs, a boxer, a gladiator.

Pugilatio, *onis. f.* the exercise of champions fighting at fisty-cuffs.

Pugilatus, *us. m.* [pugilum certamen] the exercise of a champion.

Pugilice, *adv.* mightily, valiantly, et cetera, champion-like.

Pugillar *et* **Pugillare**, *aris. u.* a table-book.

Pugillares, *lum. pl. n.* a pair of writing or noting tables.

Pugillaris, *is. e. adj.* filling the hand or a handful; or as big as one's fist.

Pugillatorius, *a, um. adj.* of fencing or champions; that is struck with the fist.

Pugillus, *i. n. et* **Pugillus**, *i. m. dim.* a little fist, a handful, a grasp.

Pugio, *onis. m.* a dagger, a stiletto, a poniard.

Pugionculus, *i. m. dim.* a little or short dagger; a poniard, a stiletto.

Pugna, *m. f.* a fight, encounter, engagement, battle, skirmish, or fray; trouble, disturbance.

Pugnacitas, *etis. f.* a desire to fight or contend; quarrelsomeness.

Pugnaciter, *adv.* with downright blows, contentiously, stubbornly, obstinately, stiffly, eagerly.

Pugnaculum, *i. n.* a bulwark or fortress.

Pugnans, *tis. part. et adj.* fighting; striving, contrary.

Pugnator, *oris. m.* a fighter.

Pugnatorius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to a fighter.

Pugnatur, *impers.* they fight; they labour to effect or bring to pass.

Pugnatus, *a, um. part.* fought.

Pugnax, *etis. adj.* warlike, fighting; opposite, contrary; eager, vehement, violent; contentious, quarrelsome, stubborn.

Pugneus, *a, um. adj.* of the fist.

Pugno, *ere, eri, itum. neut.* to fight; to dispute; to quarrel; to labour; to struggle; to endeavour; to oppose; to strive against; to disagree; to be contrary; to thwart.

Pugnus, *i. m.* the fist; a thump, knock, or blow.

Pulchellus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [a pulcher] somewhat fair, neat, curious, or pretty.

Pulcher, *chra*, *um*. adj. *stout*, *alliant*; *fair*, *beautiful*, *fine*, *gay*, *splendid*, *excellent*, *good*; *glorious*, *renowned*, *honourable*; *pleasant*, *delightful*; *stately*, *magnificent*; *fortunate*, *happy*.

Pulchre, *adv*. *stoutly*, *bravely*; *freely*, *abundantly*; *rarely*, *gallantly*, *very well*; *wisely*, *prudently*.

Pulchritudo, *inis*. *f*. *fairness*, *beauty*, *comeliness*; *splendour*, *brightness*.

Pūbēcium, *ii*. *n*. *the herb commonly called penny-royal*, *judding-grass* or *pulial-royal*.

Pūlēgium, *ii*. *n*. *et Pūleium*, *ii*. *n*. *penny-royal*, *pudding-grass*.

Pūlex, *icis*. *m*. *a flea*; *a little insect that feeds on pot-herbs*.

Pūlicēsus, *a*, *um*. adj. *full of fleas*, *troubled with fleas*.

Pullārius, *a*, *um*. adj. *pertaining to young boys or poultry*.

Pullārius, *ii*. *m*. *a keeper or breeder of chickens*; *a poulterer*; *one that divines by the feeding of chickens*.

Pullaster, *tri*. *m*. *a young cockerel* or *a little dwarf cock*.

Pullastra, *m*. *f*. *a young hen or pullet*; *a little grig hen*.

Pullatio, *onis*. *f*. *a hatching or breeding up of young chickens*.

Pullātus, *a*, *um*. adj. *clad in sad-coloured or mourning apparel*; *poorly clothed*.

Pulligo, *gloris*. *f*. [*a pullus*] *a brown or dusty colour*.

Pullinus, *a*, *um*. adj. *of or belonging to a colt or any other young*.

Pullus, *ei*. *f*. *the hatching or ringing forth of chickens*; *ie foaling of colts*, *a brood of young chickens*.

Pūllāscus, *cēre*, —. *incept*. *to become young*; *to sprout*; *to bud*; *to spring*.

Pūllō, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. *neut*. [*a pullo*] *to spring or sprout up*; *to germinate*; *to grow*; *to increase*.

Pūllūlus, *i*. *m*. *dim*. [*a pullus*] *a shoot of a vine or other plant*.

Pūllus, *i*. *m*. *the young of every thing*; *a young sprout or shoot of a tree*; *a term of endearment*.

Pūllus, *a*, *um*. adj. *blackish*, *russel*, *brown*; *belonging to a funeral or mourning*.

Pūlmentāris, *is*, *e*. adj. *of or belonging to or made with pottage*.

Pūlmentārium, *ii*. *n*. *chopped meat*, *with pottage or broth*; *thick pottage*, *water-gruel*.

Pūlmentum, *i*. *n*. *pottage*, *gruel*; *stewed meat*.

Pulmo, *onis*. *m*. [*a pulsus*] *the lungs or lights*; *the mind*.

Pulmonārius, *a*, *um*. adj. *diseased in the lungs*, *rotten*.

Pulmōneus, *a*, *um*. adj. *of or like the lungs*; *swelling as they do*.

Pulpa, *m*. *f*. *the pulp*, *the fleshy part or brawn of any meat*; *a piece of flesh without bone*; *the pith of wood*.

Pulpāmentum, *i*. *n*. [*a pulpa*] *the fleshy venison of a hare*, *boar*, &c. *a delicate dish of meat*, *finely seasoned*, *a dainty bit*.

Pulpitum, *v*. *n*. *the higher part of the stage*, *where the poets recited*; *a scaffold*; *the stage*, *a pulpit or desk*.

Puls, *tis*. *f*. *a kind of meat made of meal*, *water*, *honey*, *or cheese and eggs sodden together*; *water-gruel*, *hasty pudding*, *pap*, *panado*, *or the like*.

Pulsātio, *onis*. *f*. *a knocking*, *rapping*, *beating*.

Pulsātor, *oris*. *m*. *one that knocks*, *raps*, *or strikes*.

Pulsātus, *a*, *um*. part. *beaten or dashed against*; *stamped on*; *pounded*, *brayed*; *violated*, *injured*, *offended*; *called in question*, *impeached*, *charged*.

Pulso, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. *freq*. [*a pello*] *to beat*; *to strike*; *to thump*; *to bang*; *to batter*; *to knock at*; *to play on an instrument*; *to vex*; *to grieve*; *to act upon*; *to affect*.

Pulsus, *a*, *um*. part. [*a pello*] *driven away*, *banished*; *beaten*, *forced*; *played on or struck*.

Pulsus, *ūs*. *m*. [*a pello*] *a beating*, *stamping on*, *or thumping*.

Pūltārium, *ii*. *m*. [*a puls*, *tis*] *a pottinger or small pan*.

Pūltārius, *ii*. *m*. [*a puls*] *a pottage-dish*, *a pottinger*, *a pipkin* or *posnet*, *to make gruel in*.

Pūlticūla, *m*. *f*. *dim*. [*a puls*] *pottage*, *gruel*, *pap*, *panado*.

Pūltiphāgus, *i*. *m*. [*puls* *et* *edo*] *a great devourer of pottage or pap*; *a gruel eater*.

Pūlto, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. *freq*. *pro Pulso*, *to beat or knock often at*; *to knock*; *to rap*.

Pūlver, *ēris*. *pro Pulvis*.

Pūlvērātio, *onis*. *f*. *a dissolving into dust or powder*; *a harrowing or breaking of clods*.

Pūlvērēus, *a*, *um*. adj. *of dust*; *full of dust*, *dusty*; *as small as dust*.

Pūlvērō, *ēre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. *act*. *to cover with dust or mould*.

Pūlvērulentus, *a*, *um*. adj. *full of dust*, *dusty*.

Pulvillus, *i*. *m*. *dim*. [*a seq.*] *a little cushion or pillow to lie or sit upon*.

Pulvinar, *ēris*. *n*. *al*. *Polvinar*, *a bolster of a bed*, *a pillow*, *a cushion*, *a squab*, *a bed*; *a pallet on which they laid and exposed the images of the gods in their temples*; *the temple itself*.

Pulvinārium, *ii*. *n*. *the shrine of an image or the pallet whereon it lay*; *a dock for ships*.

Pulvinātus, *a*, *um*. part. *bolstered or made in fashion like a pillow or cushion*.

Pulvinūlus, *i*. *m*. *dim*. *a little cushion*; *a bed in a garden*; *a little bank or rise of ground*.

Pulvinus, *i*. *m*. *a cushion*; *a pillow*, *a bolster*, *a bed*, *a ridge of land between two furrows*; *a foundation well wrought with mortar and sand*.

Pulvis, *ēris*. *m*. *et f*. *dust*, *powder*; *the ore or sand of metal*; *a place of exercise*; *the lists*.

Pulvis, *is*. *m*. *dust*.

Pulviscūlus, *i*. *m*. *dim*. [*a pulvis*] *fine powder*, *small dust*.

Pūmex, *icis*. *m*. *et f*. *a pumice-stone*; *a stone eaten with age*.

Pūmicātus, *a*, *um*. part. *made smooth with a pumice*, *polished*.

Pūmiceus, *a*, *um*. adj. *of or belonging to a pumice*; *dry as a pumice*.

Pūmicōsus, *a*, *um*. adj. *full of pumice or like a pumice*; *full of pores or holes*.

Pūmillo, *onis*. *m*. *al*. *Pomilio*, *any thing of little size or stature*; *a dwarf*, *a dandiprat*.

Pūmillo et Pūmillo, *onis*. *m*. *a dwarf*.

Pūmīlus, *a*, *um*. adj. *gu*. *pugmilus*, *little*, *low*, *dwarfish*.

Punctum, *adv*. *pointingly*, *foinsly*.

Punctio, *onis*. *f*. *a pricking or stinging*; *a stitch*.

Punctiuncūla, *m*. *f*. *dim*. *a little prick with a needle or pin*.

Punctum, *i*. *n*. [*a pungo*] *a prick*, *a point*; *a join*; *the least portion of a thing that can be*, *a mathematical point*; *a moment*, *a minute*; *the principal point or chief proposition in an argument*; *a vote or suffrage*; *a point in the tables*.

Punctus, *i*. *m*. *a point or prick*.

Punctus, *ūs*. *m*. *a pricking or stinging*.

Pungo, *ēre*, *pūpūgi et punxi*, *punctum*. *act*. *to prick*; *to sting*; *to gall*; *to trouble*; *to afflict*; *to vex*; *to disquiet*.

Pūnicānus, *a*, *um*. adj. *of Car*

thage or made after that fashion.
 Pūniceus, a, um. adj. of Carthage; of a red colour, a light red, scarlet; yellow.
 Pūnicus, a, am. adj. [dict. a Pūnus] of Africa, of Carthage; treacherous, deceitful, insidious; red, scarlet colour.
 Pūnio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to punish; to chastise.
 Pūnior, iri, itus. pass. et dep. to be punished; to punish.
 Pūntio, ōnis. f. a punishing.
 Pūntor, ōris. m. a punisher or chastiser.
 Pūpa, æ. f. [a pupus] a young weench or girl, a damsel; a puppet, a baby.
 Pūpilla, æ. f. a damsel under age; an orphan, a girl that has no mother alive, and is under ward; the ball, apple, or sight of the eye.
 Pūpillāris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a pupil or ward.
 Pūpillus, i. m. dim. a fatherless man-child within age, and under ward; a pupil, an orphan.
 Puppis, is. f. the hind deck or castle of a ship; the stern, the poop; the whole ship; the government of a state.
 Pūpula, æ. f. dim. [a pupa] the apple of the eye.
 Pūpulus, i. m. dim. a very little boy.
 Pūpus, i. m. a word of endearment.
 Pūre, adv. cleanly, nicely, brightly; sincerely; correctly.
 Pūrgābilis, is, e. adj. that may be easily cleansed.
 Pūrgāmen, lue. n. filth; the off-scouring; a purgation, expiation, or atonement.
 Pūrgāmentum, i. n. off-scouring, filth, dung, kitchen stuff.
 Pūrgātio, ōnis. f. a scouring; a cleansing; a purge; a clearing, apology, or excuse; women's courses.
 Pūrgātus, a, um. part. et adj. cleansed; freed. purified; purged; freed from; excused, cleared.
 Pūrgito, ĩre, āvi, ātum. freq. to purge often; to excuse.
 Pūrgo, ĩre, āvi, ātum. freq. act. to make clean; to cleanse; to clear; to put away. to purge by physic; to remedy; to cure; to excuse; to clear one of an accusation; to expiate; to atone.
 Pūrificātio, ōnis. f. a purifying, a fining, a cleansing, a scouring.
 Pūrifico, ĩre, āvi, ātum. act. to cleanse; to make clean; to fine; to purify.
 Pūrificus, a, um. adj. purifying, cleansing.

Pūritter, adv. purely, cleanly; religiously, innocently.
 Pūrpūra, æ. f. the purple or shell-fish, whereof purple colour comes; purple colour, or a purple garment; a scarlet robe; the dignity of a magistrate or officer.
 Pūrpūrius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to purple, or a purple colour.
 Pūrpūrasco, cēre, —. neut. to grow of a purple or blue colour.
 Pūrpūritus, a, um. part. clad in purple; a nobleman, a courtier.
 Pūrpūreus, a, um. adj. of purple, purple-coloured; red; glowing, blushing; shining of what colour soever; miniated; divine; arrayed in purple.
 Pūrpūrisātus, a, um. part. painted of a red complexion.
 Pūrpūresum, i. n. a lively rudeness colour.
 Pūrpūro, ĩre, āvi, ātum. act. to make of a purple colour.
 Pūrsilente, adv. corruptly, filthily.
 Pūrsilentus, a, um, adj. full of malice and corruption, malitery.
 Pūrus, a, um. adj. pure, clean, fine, fair; transparent; even, smooth, open; plain, unthought; sacred, holy, religious; pure, unmixed; upright, innocent; fit, proper, pertinent; void, free; entire or absolute; fit for sacrifice.
 Pūs, pūria. n. pl. pūra. matter, corruption; severs rallery.
 Pūillus, a, um. adj. dim. weak, cowardly, small; short.
 Pūisio, ōnis. m. a little child, a boy, a lad, a bardash, a bantling, a catamite.
 Pūstūla, æ. f. et Pūstūla, a push, blister, little wheal, bladder, or blain; a small pock; St. Anthony's fire.
 Pūstūlātus, a, um. part. that has blisters, wheals, or pushes; blistered.
 Pūstūlosus, a, um. adj. full of blisters, pushes, or wheals.
 Pūta, adv. [a puto] suppose or imagine; that is to say, to wit, for instance.
 Pūtkēn, ōnis. n. the shell of a nut or other thing.
 Pūtkilo, ōnis. f. a pruning or lopping of trees.
 Pūtkitor, ōris. m. a lopper or pruner of trees; a vine-dresser.
 Pūteal, ōlis. n. [ex puteus] the cover of a well or pit; a place in Rome where was a seat of justice; a tribunal or court like common pleas.

Pūtealis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a pit or well.
 Pūteānus, a, um. adj. of a well.
 Pūteārius, li. m. a digger of pits or wells.
 Pūteo, ĩre, ul, —. neut. to have a very ill savour; to stink; to be nauseous.
 Pūteōli, ōrum. m. pl. places of sulphureous waters.
 Pūtesco, cēre, —. incept. to grow rank, to stink.
 Pūteus, i. m. a well or pit.
 Pūtēde, adv. rankly, formally; fantastically.
 Pūtidūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a putidus] somewhat rank or affected; odious.
 Pūtidus, a, um. adj. or, comp. [a puteo] stinking, of an ill savour, fusty, frowny, fetid, stale and rank, nasty, rotten, unsound; mad; affected, unpleasant.
 Pūtillus, i. m. dim. [a putus] a mawkish, a dwarf.
 Pūtico, cēre, —. incept. pro Puteo, to be rotten; to stink.
 Pūto, ĩre, āvi, ātum. act. [putum, i. e. purum reddo] to prune, to lop, or to dress vines; to make even; to clear; to adjust; to cast up accounts; to think; to consider; to ponder; to suppose; to esteem; to debate; ut puto, elegantly used by way of modesty or by way of irony.
 Pūtor, ōris. m. [a puteo] a stink or filthy savour.
 Pūtrēdo, ōnis. f. rottenness, corruption.
 Pūtrēfācio, ĩre, fēci, factum. act. to make rotten; to cause to putrefy; to dissolve.
 Pūtrēfactus, a, um. part. putrefied, rotten.
 Pūtreo, ĩre, trui, —. neut. to rot or be rotten.
 Pūtresco, cēre, —. incept. to grow rotten; to wax rotten; to rot; to lie fallow.
 Pūtridus, a, um. adj. rotten, corrupt.
 Pūtris, is, e. adj. rotten, fetid, filthy, nasty, stark naught; wanton, lascivious.
 Pūtror, ōris. m. [a putreo] rottenness.
 Pūtus, a, um. adj. fined, purged, tried, pure.
 Pycnostylos, i. m. et f. on, i. m. a kind of building, wherein several pillars stand very near each other.
 Pyctæ v. Pyctes, æ. m. a boxer or fusty-cuff player; a champion; a fighting cock or cock of the game.
 Pyga, æ. f. the buttocks or breech.
 Pygargus, i. m. a beast like a fallow-deer, a rein-deer.

perhaps a roe-buck; a puttock, or rather a ring-tail.

Pygmeus, a, um. adj. small, little, dwarfish.

Pyla, m. f. a gate, a port, the straight passage betwixt hills.

Pyra, m. f. a heap of wood made for the burning of a dead body, a funeral pile, a bonfire.

Pyralis, Idis. f. a fly which lives in the fire; a candle-fly; a stout or miller's fowl.

Pyramis, Idis. f. a pyramid; a great building of stone or brick, &c. broad or four-square at bottom, but upward unvall and sharp; a steeple, a spire, a shaft.

Pyrausta, m. m. a fire-fly.

Pyren, Enis. m. the kernel or stone of fruit.

Pyrrhtrum, thri. n. bartram; wild or bastard pellitory.

Pyrgus, l. m. a tower, a castle, a dice-box.

Pyrites, m. m. a marcasite or fire-stone; any stone out of which fire may be struck, a thunder-stone; the mill-stone.

Pyrocorax, Acis. m. a crow like a Cornish chough.

Pyrola, entis. m. the star of Mars; one of the horses of the sun.

Pyropæcillos, l. m. a kind of stone with a variety of red spots.

Pyropus, l. m. a carbuncle, of a fiery redness, an opal; a mixture of metal, whereof three parts are brass and one gold.

Pyrrhica, m. f. a fashion of dancing in armour.

Pyrrhichius, l. m. a foot consisting of two short syllables.

pyrus v. pirum, l. n. a pear.

rus v. pirus, l. f. a pear-tree.

thaules, m. m. a player on a zepipe.

thia, drum. n. pl. plays in honour of Apollo's killing the serpent Python.

tyrhicus, a, um. adj. belonging to Apollo, oracular.

Python, Onis. m. a serpent so called, slain by Apollo. Fem. a prophesying spirit or person possessed with such a spirit.

Pyxicantha, m. f. the barberry-tree, box-thorn.

Pyxidatus, a, um. adj. made like a box, with a lid, boxwise.

Pyxidula, m. f. a gallipot.

Pvxis, Idis. f. a box, properly made of box-tree; an apothecary's gallipot.

Q

QUA, adv. which way; by what method or way; on what place; as far as. Qua—qua, both—and.

Quacunque, adv. which way soever, by what place soever, whither soever.

Quādamidus, adv. after a sort, in part, in some measure.

Quadra, m. f. a square; a square trencher; a square piece of bread, cheese, &c. the square at the bottom of a pillar.

Quadrāgēni, m, a. adj. pl. forty.

Quadrāgēsimā, m. f. [sc. pars] the fortieth part or penny.

Quadrāgēsimus, a, um. adj. the fortieth.

Quadrāgēs, adv. forty times.

Quadrāgēnta, ind. plur. forty.

Quadrangulāris, is, e. adj. four-cornered, quadrangular.

Quadrangulus, a, um. adj. four-cornered, square.

Quadrans, tis. m. [ex part.] a Roman coin, the fourth part of an As, in value near our half-penny; a waterman's fare; the price of bathing; the fourth part or quarter of any number, weight, or measure.

Quadrantal, Alis. n. a vessel, the same with amphora, containing of our measure nine gallons.

Quadrantālis, is, e. adj. four fingers or three inches thick, &c.

Quadrantāria, m. f. [sc. mulier] a common harlot.

Quadrantārius, a, um. adj. belonging to or bought for a farthing.

Quadrārius, a, um. adj. that is made four-square.

Quadrātus, a, um. part. et adj. squared, four-square; well set, well made and fashioned.

Quadriceñi, m, a. adj. pl. forty.

Quadriceps, Iptis. adj. having four heads or tops.

Quadrident, tis. adj. that has four teeth or tines.

Quadrenniūm. ii. n. the space of four years.

Quadrifidam, adv. after four sorts, four ways, in four parts.

Quadrifidus, a, um. adj. cleft in four parts; dividing the year into four parts.

Quadrifidus, a, um. adj. running in four veins.

Quadrifidus, is, e. adj. having four holes or doors.

Quadrifrons, tis. m. four-fronted, an epithet of Janus.

Quadriga, m. f. a team of horses;

(250)

a cart or chariot drawn by four horses.

Quadrigārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a chariot or charioteer.

Quadrigārius, li. m. a coachman or charioteer.

Quadrigātus, a, um. adj. having the stamp of a chariot on it.

Quadrigēminus, a, um. adj. four double.

Quadrigēnārius, a, um. adj. containing forty, of forty.

Quadrigēni, m, a. adj. pl. forty.

Quadrigūla, m. f. dim. [a quadriga] a little chariot.

Quadrigūgia, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a chariot with four horses.

Quadrigūgus, a, um. adj. drawn by four horses.

Quadrilbris, is, e. adj. that weighs four pounds or contains two quarts.

Quadrimātus, ūs. m. the age of four years.

Quadrimestris, is, e. adj. [quatuor mensium] of four months.

Quadrimulus, a, um. adj. almost four years old.

Quadrimus, a, um. adj. of the age of four years, four years old.

Quadringēnārius, a, um. adj. that contains four hundred men.

Quadringēni et Quadrigēni, Quadringēntāni et Quadriceñi, m, a. adj. pl. four hundred.

Quadringēsimus, a, um. adj. the four hundredth.

Quadringēnti, m, a. adj. pl. four hundred.

Quadringēnties, adv. four hundred times.

Quadrinus, a, um. adj. four or belonging to four; quartan.

Quadrupartitus, a, um. part. divided into four parts.

Quadrutremis, is. f. a galley with four banks of oars.

Quadrivium, li. n. a place where four ways meet or that has four turnings or partings.

Quadro, āre, āvi, ātum act. to square or make square. Neut. to agree; to fall right; to be perfect; to hit even; to suit; to answer; to be met or fit.

Quadrūm, dri. n. [a quatuor] a figure four square, a quarry of glass.

Quadrūpēdāns, tis. part. that goes on four feet, prancing, galloping.

Quadrūpes, ūlis. adj. having four feet; tied hands and feet, a quadruped; often applied to horses.

Quadruplātor, ūris. m. a public informer; a giver or receiver of fourfold; one who

for a small gift seems a much greater.
Quadruplex, *icis*, adj. fourfold.
Quadruplicatio, adv. four times so much, four times again.
Quadruplico, *ire, avi, itum*, act. to make four times so much as it was; to multiply four times.
Quadruplo, adv. four times as much.
Quadruplor, *ari, itus*, dep. to inform against a man to have the fourth part of his goods.
Quadruplum, *i. n.* of adj. four times so much, four times multiplied, fourfold.
Quadruplus, *a, um*, adj. quadruple, fourfold, four times as much.
Quærito, *ire, avi, itum*, freq. to search or enquire diligently.
Quæritur, *impers.* it is questioned or debated; inquiry is made.
Quæro, *ere, avi, itum*, act. to ask; to seek; to inquire; to look for; to make inquiry; to purchase; to gain; to get; to go about; to essay; to endeavour; to dispute; to reason; to debate; to question; to conquer; to excite; to provoke.
Quæstor, *oris*, *m.* an inquirer or examiner of capital offences; a judge.
Quæstum, *i. n.* a question, a demand, a thing asked; a thing gotten or obtained.
Quæstus, *a, um*, part. et adj. inquired into, asked, demanded; sought for; gotten, obtained; affected, not natural; studied, exquisite.
Quæstus, *us, m.* [a *quæro*] a seeking or asking.
Quæso, defect. plur. *quæsumus*, inf. *quære* to pray; to entreat.
Quæsticulus, *i. m.* dim. small gain, little profit.
Quæstio, *onis, f.* a searching, an inquiring; a doubt, a matter in debate, a case in law; inquiry or examination by torture.
Quæstionculla, *æ, f.* dim. a little or small question or doubt.
Quæstor, *oris, m.* a treasurer of the common treasure or of wars; also, the receiver of tributes, the paymaster of any legion or of the army in any of the provinces.
Quæstorium, *il. n.* the exchequer; the quæstor's tent in the camp.
Quæstorius, *il. m.* he that has been treasurer.
Quæstorius, *a, um*, adj. of or belonging to the quæstor; that has held that office or dignity.

Quæstus, *us, m.* adj. he that exercises a trade, to gain thereby.
Quæstus, *us, m.* adj. gainful, profitable, lucrative; studious or desirous of much lucre.
Quæstura, *æ, f.* the office of a treasurer, quæstor, or chamberlain.
Quæstus, *us, quæsti, v.* quæstus, *m.* gain, profit, lucre, advantage; a trade, an employ.
Quælibet, adv. which way you will, any way.
Quælis, *is, e, adj.* what manner, of what kind, of what sort or fashion, such as, like as, what manner of, what. After *talis*, as, like as.
Quælicunque, *licunque*, such as it is, of what sort soever it be, whatsoever.
Quælibet, what sort soever, whatsoever, what you will.
Quælis, *is, f.* [a *qualis*] a quality, manner, sort, fashion, condition, or nature.
Quælit, adv. like as, after what manner, so as.
Quælitcunque, adv. howsoever, after what sort, fashion, or manner soever.
Quælibet, adv. any way.
Quælis, *i. m. et Quælum, i. n.* a frail or twig basket; a colander; a coop, a basket, a hamper.
Quam, conj. v. adv. how. *Tam* —quam, as well — as. *Quam* — tam, the more — the more; very, very much; very greatly; after, after that; as much as; as long as; rather than.
Quamdiu, adv. how long? as long as, whilst, during the time, until.
Quandulum, adv. how long since or ago?
Quamlibet, adv. as you will.
Quamobrem, adv. [quam ob rem] wherefore, for what cause, why? for which cause.
Quamplurimus, *a, um*, adj. very much or many.
Quampridem, adv. how long since or ago?
Quamprimum, adv. very shortly, by and by, as soon as may be.
Quamquam, conj. although, albeit, however.
Quamvis, conj. albeit, although; very much, greatly, never so —.
Quando, adv. when? at what time as; since or seeing that.
Quandocunque, adv. whenever, at what time soever, one time or other.
Quandoque, adv. one time or other; whenever; after some time, in time.
Quandocumdem, conj. foras-

much as, seeing that, because whereas.
Quanti, gen. [vid. *Quantus*] as much; after *tanti*, as; of how great consequence; for how much? at what rate; *Quanti*, quanti, at what rate soever.
Quantillum, adv. how little?
Quantillus, *a, um*, adj. dim. how very little or how small?
Quantitas, *atis, f.* quantity, bigness, extent.
Quanto, adv. cum comp. by how much.
Quantopere, adv. The abl. sing. neut. of adj. how greatly; as greatly.
Quantulum, *i. n.* how little or much; as much or as far as.
Quantulumcunque, dim. how little soever.
Quantulus, *a, um*, adj. dim. how little or as little or as much as.
Quantuluscunque, dim. how little soever, ever so little, or much.
Quantum, *i. n.* how much, how great, so much as. *Quantum est!* what an advantage it is!
Quantum, adv. as far as, as much as, how or as.
Quantumcunque, adv. how much soever, as much as.
Quantumvis, conj. albeit, although, ever so much, as much as you will, however; very.
Quantus, *a, um*, adj. how great how much; how brave! as much or as great as; how fine, how precious; how many.
Quantuscunque, *ticunque, tumcunque*, how great or little soever.
Quantuslibet, *libet, umlibet*, how great soever, ever so great.
Quantusquantus, *a, um*, adj. how great soever, all over.
Quantusvis, *avis, umvis*, adj. as great as you list, how great soever, ever so great.
Quapropter, adv. v. conj. [propter quæ] wherefore, why? for which reason.
Quæquâ, adv. on what part soever.
Quæquaversum et Quæquaversus, adv. on every side, every way.
Quare, adv. [quæ re] wherefore, why? for which reason; to the end that.
Quartidécimus, *i. m.* [sc. miles] a soldier of the fourteenth legion.
Quartana, *æ, f.* [sc. febris] a quartan ague.
Quartarius, *a, um*, adj. of a fourth or fourth part.
Quartani, *orum, m. pl.* [sc. milites] soldiers of the fourth legion.
Quartus, *a, um*, adj. of or belonging to the fourth.

Quartarius, *il. m.* the fourth part of any thing, particularly of a congius or gallon; a quart.

Quartata [verba] words spoken faintly, so that scarcely every fourth can be heard.

Quarticeps, *ipis. adj.* having four heads; or the fourth head or hill of Rome.

Quarto [*sc. loco*] fourthly, in the fourth place or the fourth time.

Quartum, *adv.* the fourth time.

Quartus, *a, um. adj.* [a quartus] the fourth.

Quartadecimus, *a, um. adj.* the fourteenth.

Quasi, *adv.* as if; as it were; in a manner; as; as though; almost or about, near upon; of the same import, to the same purpose.

Quaestria, *m. f.* a basket-wench, a spinster, a slave tied to her basket.

Quaestillum, *i. n.* et **Quaestulus**, *i. m. dim.* a wicker basket, hamper, or pannier; a slave.

Quasabilis, *is, e. adj.* to be shaken.

Quasatio, *onis. f.* a shaking or shattering; a jog or jolt.

Quasatus, *a, um. part.* shattered, weather-beaten, shaken, bruised; afflicted.

Quasso, *ire, ivi, itum. freq.* [a quatio] to shake much; to endanger; to shatter.

Quassus, *a, um. part.* [a quatio] shaken; bruised, battered; weather-beaten.

Quassus, *us. m.* a shaking or jogging.

Quaesticio, *ire, scilicet, factum. act.* to make to shake.

Quatenus, *adv.* so far forth as; how long; how far. *Conj.* soasmuch as, seeing that.

Quater, *adv.* four times; very often.

Quaterdecies, *adv.* forty times.

Quaterdeni, *a, a. adj. pl.* forty, four times ten.

Quaternarius, *a, um. adj.* of four.

Quaternarius, *il. m.* the number of four.

Quaterni, *m, a. adj. pl.* four by four, four together.

Quatio, *ire, sai, saum. act.* to shake; to jog; to jolt; to brandish; to wag; to shatter; to batter; to make one shiver; to thrust.

Quatriduo, *adv.* in or within four days space.

Quatriduum, *i. n.* the space of four days.

Quatuor, *adj. pl. indecl.* four.

Quatuordecies, *adv.* fourteen times.

Quatuordecim, *pl. indecl.* fourteen.

Quatuorviratus, *us. m.* the office of four ruling together.

Quatuorviri, *orum. pl. m.* four men in office together, who were surveyors of the highways at Rome.

Que, *conj. and; also.* **Queque**, *both—and; for, seeing that, soasmuch as; or.*

Quea, *dat. et abl. pl. pro quibus.*

Quiscum, *as quibuscum, with whom.*

Quemadmodum, *adv.* [i. e. quem ad modum] after what sort or manner; how; by what means? how? like as, even as.

Queo, *ire, ivi, itum. defect.* to be able; to may or can.

Quercetum, *i. n.* a grove of oaks, a forest.

Quercicus, *a, um. adj.* of an oak.

Quercus, *us. f.* an oak.

Querela, *m. f.* [a queror] a complaint; a lamenting, a wailing; a warbling or complaining note or sound.

Querendus, *a, um. adj.* complaining or making moan; apt to complain.

Querimonia, *m. f.* a complaint, a making a moan.

Queritans, *tis. part.* [ab inusit. queritor] complaining.

Querneus, *a, um. adj.* of oak.

Quernus, *a, um. adj.* of an oak, oaken.

Quoror, *queri, questus. dep.* to complain; to lament; to bewail; to make moan; to warble; to chirp; to sing.

Querquedula, *m. f.* a water-fowl called a teal.

Querulus, *a, um. adj.* full of complaints, querulous; creaking, screeking; croaking; warbling; musical; loud, shrill.

Questus, *a, um. part.* that has complained.

Questus, *us. m.* a complaint, a murmuring, a moan, a lamentation.

Qui, *que, quod. pron.* [Vid. Quod] who, [et in obliquis, whom] which; who? what? what a one; what kind of person; in ablat. qui, in which, by which.

Qui, *adv.* [ex abl. qui, pro quo, qua, quo] how, by what means; why.

Quia, *conj.* cum indic. et subj. because, for as much as, for that.

Quidnam, *why, wherefore, pray you?*

Quidne [an quia] is it because?

Quicquam, *n.* any thing.

Quicque v. quidque, *n.* every thing, any thing.

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Quicquid, *n.* whatsoever.

Quicum, *pro cum quo, with whom, with whom? with which* **Quicunque**, *quocunque, quodcunque, whosoever, whatsoever, every one.* For **qualiscunque**, *how mean soever.* **Pa. quantuscunque**, *how great so ever.*

Quidam, *quidam, quoddam* v. quiddam, *some certain person or thing; one, such a one.*

Quidem, *adv.* truly, indeed; too, also; at least, however; but.

Quidam, *neut.* what business, what matter, what? what, *vis. inter.*

Quidni, *adv.* what else? why not?

Quidpiam, *cujuspiam, something, any thing.*

Quidque v. **Quicque**, *cujusque, every thing.*

Quidquid, *n.* [a quisquis] whatsoever, as much as.

Quidvis, *cujusvis, whatsoever thou wilt, any thing.*

Quidum, *adv.* how so? why so? rect. *diuise.*

Quies, *etis. f.* rest, ease, quiet, vacation; peacefulness, leisure; calm or still weather; respite; inaction, want of action; a private life; sleep, a dream. *In plur.* quietes, *resting places, dens.*

Quiescitur, *impers.* people are quiet.

Quiesco, *cere, quiesvi, itum. incept. neut. et var. act.* to be quiet; to do nothing, to leave off; to rest; to sleep; to take rest; to be calm; to hold one's peace; to be allayed or abated; to be quiet; to permit; to let alone; to cause to be quiet; to be neuter; not to meddle.

Quiete, *adv.* quietly, peaceably, easily, contentedly.

Quistus, *a, um. adj.* et part. quiet, at rest, still, at leisure, undisturbed, free from care and trouble; tame, tractable; calm, peaceable, unambitious; contented, unconcerned.

Quilibet, *quolibet, quodlibet* v. quidlibet, *whosoever will; it makes no matter who, any one; whatever he or it be.*

Quimatus, *us. m.* the age of five years.

Quin, *adv. et conj.* why not? but, but that; ay, and more than that; yet, for all that; therefore; nay, but.

Quinarius, *a, um. adj.* containing five.

Quinarius, *il. m.* of five; also, a Roman silver coin, of the value of five asses.

Quinquecentaria, *vex.* a law in Rome, forbidding to lend mo-

Quoquoquidō, adv. i. e. *quoquo modo*, however, after what sort and manner soever, in any wise, however it be.

Quoquoquidversum et Quoquoquidversus, adv. every way, on every side.

Quorsum, adv. *whither, which way; toward what place or side; to what end, intent, or purpose.*

Quorsum, adv. *to which side; to what issue; the same way as.*

Quot, indecl. plur. *how many, so many as; how many? every.*

Quotannis, adv. every year, year by year, yearly.

Quotunque, indecl. pl. *how many soever.*

Quotūni, x, a. adj. [ex quot] *how many, to what number.*

Quotidiano, adv. every day, day by day.

Quotidianus, a, um. adj. *daily, that happens every day; ordinary, common, familiar.*

Quotidie, adv. [quote die] *every day, day by day, daily.*

Quoties, adv. [quot vicibus] *as many times, as often as; how often? when.*

Quotiescunque, adv. *so many times as, as often as.*

Quotquot, indecl. pl. *as many as, how many soever.*

Quotūnus, a, um. adj. dim. [a quotus] *how many.*

Quotus, a, um. adj. [a quot] *of what.*

Quotuscunque, **Quenque**, **umcunque**, *what person is there? never so little.*

Quotusquisque, *what one among many; how few.*

Quovis, adv. *whither or to what place thou wilt; any whither.*

Quousque, adv. [usque quo?] *till what time? how long? how far?*

Quum, adv. *when.* Conj. *since, whereas, forasmuch as, seeing.*

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RABIDE, adv. *outrageously, madly, furiously, ragingly, hungrily.*

RABIDUS, a, um. adj. [a rabio] *mad, furious, raging, terrible, fierce, cruel; rabid.*

RABIES, ei. f. [a rabio] *fury, madness; outrageousness, fierceness, rage; poison.*

RABIOSUS, adv. *furiously, madly, ragingly; in a rage, fury, or madness.*

RABIOSULUS, a, um. adj. dim. *raddish.*

RABIOSUS, a, um. adj. *mad; raging, frantic; outrageous, angry, in a great rage.*

RABULA, x. f. *a jangling fellow, a wrangler, a browler, a bar-rator, a pettifogger.*

RABUSCULA vitis v. **RABUSCULA** uva, *a kind of vine bearing a tawny grape.*

RACEMARIUS, a, um. adj. *that bears thin sorry bunches of grapes or berries.*

RACEMATUS, a, um. part. *hung with clusters or bunches of grapes or berries.*

RACEMIFER, era, erum. adj. *that bears clusters of grapes or berries.*

RACEMOR, eri, erum. dep. *to glean after the vintage; to pick what others have scattered or left.*

RACEMOSUS, a, um. adj. *very full of clusters.*

RACEMUS, i. m. *a bunch or cluster of grapes, ivy berries, and such like.*

RADENS, tis. part. *scraping; gliding along.*

RADIATIO, onis. f. *a casting forth bright beams or rays; a glittering or shining, brightness.*

RADIATUS, a, um. part. *shining, glittering, beset with rays; set about with spokes.*

RADICATUS, a, um. part. *rooted, that has taken root.*

RADICESCO, cōre, — incept. *to begin to take root.*

RADICINUS, adv. *by the roots; from the root or up to the very root; utterly, quite and clean.*

RADICOR, eri, erum. pass. *to take root, to be rooted.*

RADICOSUS, a, um. adj. *full of roots.*

RADICULA, x. f. dim. [a radix] *a little root; the herb called soap-weed, a reddish-root.*

RADIO, are, avi, erum. neut. *to shine and cast forth beams and rays; to glitter; to glisten.*

RADIOLUS, i. m. dim. *a small shuttle; a little long olive.*

RADIOR, eri, erum. dep. *to shine; to glitter.*

RADICATUS, a, um. adj. *full of rays, shining, glittering, bright.*

RADIUS, ii. m. *a beam of the sun, a ray; the brightness of the eyes; the rod or staff which geometricians and astronomers use; a Jacob's staff; the spokes of a wheel; a weaver's shuttle, a strike; the less bone of the arm; the bigger bone of the shank; the weapon of a certain fish, supposed to be the ray, being like a rod and sharp; a sort of long olive.*

RADIX, icis. f. *a root; a radish; the ground of any thing; the foundation or principle; a*

primitive word in Hebrew; the foot or bottom of a hill.

RADO, ere, rasi, rsum. act. *to shave; to scrape or scratch up; to rub against; to grate.*

RADULA, x. f. *a scraper, a grater, a razor.*

RADULUS, a, um. adj. *that is shaven or scraped off from any thing.*

RAIA, x. f. *a fish called a ray or skate.*

RAIA, m. f. [a rado] *a paddle-staff.*

Rallum, i. n. *a paddle-staff.*

RAMALE, is. n. [a ramus] *a seared or dead bough cut from a tree.*

RAMENTA, x. f. *a chip, a shaving, a paring.*

Ramentum, i. n. *a chip a shaving, a filing; pin or saw dust; a fragment.*

RAMEUS, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a bough or branch.*

RAMEX, icis. m. *a pectoral vein; burstiness, a rupture; another disease affecting, as it should seem, the exterior part of the acetum; a rail or bar, set overthwart a pale or gate.*

RAMICOSUS, a, um. adj. *bursten.*

RAMOSUS, a, um. adj. *full of boughs or branches.*

RAMULOSUS, a, um. adj. *full of little boughs or sprigs.*

RAMULUS, i. m. dim. *a little branch or bough; a shoot.*

RAMUS, i. m. *a bough or branch; an arm of a tree; an arm or branch of the sea or of a mountain; a pole.*

RAMUSCULUS, i. m. dim. *a small branch or a little bough.*

RANA, x. f. *a frog, a toad, a pavidock, a ruddock; a push or swelling in the tongue of beasts.*

RANCEO, ere, ui, — neut. *unde manet* *rank, mouldy, to be mouldy, musty, stale, and rusty; to have a hautgout; to be rank.*

RANCIDULUS, a, um. adj. *dim. somewhat rank, mouldy, stinking; putrid, unpleasant.*

RANCIDUS, a, um. adj. *musty, rank, stale, rammish; unpleasant; nasty, mean, pitiful.*

RANUNCULUS, i. m. dim. [a rana] *a little or young frog; a tadpole; crow-foot, golden knap, or butter-flower.*

RAPA, x. f. *the rape-root.*

RAPACITAS, itis. f. *robbery, pillaging and polling; extortion.*

RAPAX, acis. adj. [a rapio] *voracious, devouring; very destructive of any thing; rapacious, covetous.*

RAPHANUS, a, um. adj. *of the radish.*

RAPHANUS, iis. f. *a kind of flower-de-luce.*

Raphanus, l. m. a radish root.
Rapiculus, a, um. adj. of a rape root or turnip.
Rapide, adv. violently, swiftly, hastily.
Rapiditas, itis. f. swiftness, hastiness, quickness.
Rapidosus, a, um. adj. [a rapio] swift, rapid, violent; hot, vehement; ravenous; boisterous, tempestuous.
Rapina, m. f. ravine, rapine, robbery, pillage, a taking by force, depredation.
Rapina, m. f. a bed of rapes or a place sown with them, a field sown with turnips.
Rapio, are, rapui, raptum. act. to snatch in haste; to carry off by force; to plunder; to hate; to drag; to hurry; to ravish; to carry off.
Rapistrum, l. n. wild mustard, charlock.
Rapiatus, a, um. part. hurried, dragged; ravished.
Rapim, adv. hastily, swiftly, in haste, by snatches.
Rapio, onis. f. a violent taking of any person; a snatching or catching; a ravishing.
Rapto, are, avi, atum. freq. [a rapio] to drag about; to take by violence; to hurry away.
Raptor, oris. m. a seizer or taker away by force; a robber.
Raptum, l. n. a thing taken away violently; a prize or booty; a robbery.
Raptus, a, um. part. snatched, carried off suddenly, carried away by force; plundered; ravished; transported, carried away; pulled off or out; deud.
Raptus, us. m. a ravishing or deflowering of a woman against her will; a rape.
Rapulum, l. a. dim. a little rape or turnip.
Rapum, l. n. a rape, nape, turnip, or navel; an excrescence coming from the roots of trees.
Rare, adv. thinly; seldom, not often.
Rarescio, ere, feci, factum. act. to make thin or scant; to rarefy.
Rarefactus, a, um. part. made thin, rarefied.
Raresco, eri, factus. neut. pass. to be rarefied.
Raresco, cern, —. Incept. to wax few; to grow thin; to dwindle away; to grow clear.
Raripilus, a, um. adj. thin-haired.
Raritas, itis. f. scantiness, thinness, fewness, rarity, scariness; sponginess, hollowness, laziness.
Raritudo, dinis. f. thinness, lightness, hollowness.

Raro, adv. rarely, seldom.
Rarus, a, um. adj. thin; seldom seen, unusual, extraordinary, rare, scarce, seldom found; excellent; subtle, thin, scarcely perceived.
Rarsilis, is, e. adj. that is or may be shaven; polished, planed, made smooth, or scraped.
Rasis, is. l. a kind of hard pitch.
Rasito, are, avi, atum. freq. [a rado] to shave or scrape often.
Rastellum, l. n. dim. [a seq.] a little harrow or rake; a kind of spade.
Rastrum, tri. n. plur. rastri v. rastra, a rake, a harrow, a drag to break clods with; an instrument to weed corn with, and to rid away earth from vines.
Rasus, a, um. part. scraped, peeled, shaven, made smooth or clean; scraped out; polished and smoothed.
Ratio, onis. f. reason; respect, consideration, regard; a cause; a design or purpose; a way or means; a manner; an expedient, fashion; a condition, terms proposed; a reckoning or account; an affair or business; surpout, meaning; a cause or suit in law.
Ratiocinatio, onis. f. a debating; an arguing, reasoning, or disputing.
Ratiocinativus, a, um. adj. belonging to reasoning or debating about.
Ratiocinator, oris. m. a reasoner, a caster of accounts, an auditor, an accountant.
Ratiocinium, li. n. a reasoning or dispute; a reckoning or account.
Ratiocinor, eri, atus. dep. to cast accounts; to account; to reckon; to reason; to consider.
Rationabilis, is, e. adj. reasonable; endued with reason; rational, grounded on reason; logical, proving by argument.
Rationarium, li. n. a book of accounts, a register.
Ratis, is. f. a float, a raft; a boat, a lighter, a frigate; a ship.
Ratioculla, m. f. dim. a small reason; a little reckoning or account.
Ratus, a, um. part. et adj. [a reor] Act. judging, believing, thinking, supposing, deeming. Pass. established, ratified, confirmed, allowed. Adj. authentic, good in law, constant and firm, steady.
Rauca, m. f. a worm which breeds in the root of an oak.

Raucus, a, um. adj. hoarse-sounding or that makes a hoarse noise.
Raucitas, itis. f. hoarseness, a hoarse sound.
Raucus, a, um. adj. hoarse, harsh, farring; unpleasant, disagreeable.
Rauducilina porta, the brazen gate.
Rauduculum, sive Rūduculum, l. n. unworked brass or money.
Ravidus, a, um. adj. [a ravis] yellowish, tawny, or brown.
Ravio, ire, —. act. to rave; to cry till one be hoarse.
Ravis, is. f. hoarseness, soreness of the throat, with over much bawling.
Ravus, a, um. adj. of a middle colour between yellow and grey; tawny; roan, russet; hoarse.
Reape, in very deed, in truth.
Reatus, us. m. [status rei] a supposed guilt or guiltiness; the state of a person arraigned.
Rebellatio, onis. f. a rebelling.
Rebellatrix, icis. f. a female rebel.
Rebellio, onis. f. a rebellion, a revolt, an insurrection.
Rebellis, is, e. adj. making war afresh; rebellious, rebelling; revolting.
Rebellum, li. n. a rebellion.
Rebello, are, avi, atum. neut. to wage war again; to rebel; to revolt; to rise up against; to grow sore; to break out again.
Reboo, are, avi, atum. neut. to bellow, sound, or ring again; to echo.
Recalcitro, are, avi, atum. neut. to kick or strike with the heel; to wince.
Recalco, are, avi, atum. act. to tread down again.
Reckleo, ere, ui, —. neut. to be hot again.
Recklesco, ere, —. Incept. to wax hot again.
Recklescio, are, feci, factum. act. to make warm; to heat again.
Recalvaster, tri. m. dim. [a recalvus] somewhat bald.
Recalvus, a, um. adj. bald behind or rather afore.
Recandens, tis. part. shining very white.
Recandeo, ere, ni, —. neut. to be hot or white again; to be pale.
Reckno, ere, clausi, centum. act. to sing or sound again; to sound a retreat; to jouk, to call.
Recantatus, a, um. part. recanted, unsaid; enchanted or charmed away.

Rēcanto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to sing or chant over again; to sing after another; to echo back; to disenchant; to recant; to unsay a thing.

Rēcēdēns, tis. part. departing, withdrawing; remote, lying at a distance, ebbing.

Rēcēdo, ēre, sei, ssum. neut. to retire; to withdraw; to retreat; to go back; to give ground; to flinch; to go from; to recede; to depart from; to quit; to leave off; to cease; to differ from; to be altered; to return; to be parted; to be at a distance; to shrink; to go down; to depart; to ebb.

Rēcēlo, ēre, ui, —. act. to thrust or push down. Neut. to swing down; to fall back.

Rēcens, tis. adj. new, fresh; newly or lately made or done; new come; not tired; near, not far removed.

Rēcens, adv. freshly, lately, newly, of late.

Rēcenseo, ēre, sui, sum et ātum. act. to muster; to view; to survey; to count; to enumerate; to number; to tell over; to rehearse; to recite.

Rēcensio, ōnis. f. a mustering of men, a review, a survey in order to the levying of taxes, after giving their corn.

Rēcensitū, a, um. part. [a verbo antiquo recensio] reviewed, numbered, reckoned up.

Rēcēter, adv. [a recens] lately, newly.

Rēcēpao, pro recepero.

Rēcēptācūlum, i. n. a receptacle; a store-house; a place of refuge, a retreat, a shelter; a unit.

Rēcēptātor, ōris. m. a receiver

harbourer of thieves.

Rēcēptio, ōnis. f. a receiving or labouring; a reception.

Rēcēpto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to receive or take often; to betake; to draw or pull out.

Rēcēptor, ōris. m. a receiver or taker.

Rēcēptrix, icis. f. she that receives, &c.

Rēcēptum, i. n. a thing which one has undertaken to do, an engagement or promise.

Rēcēptum est, impers. it is a thing allowed, approved, and commonly practised.

Rēcēptus, a, um. part. received or taken in; entertained; common, approved and allowed; recovered, regained.

Rēcēptus, ūs. m. a place of refuge or shelter; a retreat, as in a battle, a retiring.

Rēcēssim, adv. giving back, going backward by way of retreat.

Rēcēssio, ōnis. f. a recoiling or going back; a retiring or withdrawing.

Rēcēssus, ūs. m. a retreating, a retiring; a recess, a place of retirement; the inside; an aversion.

Rēcēdāmus, i. m. a truckle or pulley used in drawing up of water; a winch or windlass.

Rēcēdīvus, a, um. adj. falling back again, relapsing.

Rēcēdo, ēre, cidi, cāsum. neut. to fall back; to recoil; to light; to fall upon; to come to.

Rēcēdo, ēre, cidi, cāsum. act. [ex re et cado] to cut off; to pare; to retrench; to shave; to take away; to cut down.

Rēcēdor, di, sus. pass. to be cut off or away; to be coerced; to be punished.

Rēcēctus, a, um. part. ungirded, unbuckled, unlaced, untied.

Rēcēngo, ēre, uxi, uctum. act. to ungird; to unlace; to unbuckle; to loose.

Rēcēnium, il. n. a square mantle, worn with the fore lappet thrown back.

Rēcēno, ēre, cāui, centum. act. to sound or ring again; to repeat.

Rēcēpio, ēre, cēpi, ceptum. act. to receive; to take again; to promise; to betake; to recover and get again; to win; to seize; to make himself master of; to admit of; to suffer; to permit; to allow; to entertain; to harbour; to undertake; to reserve for himself for his own use.

Rēcēprōcūtio, ōnis. f. a going back, a returning to a place from whence one is come.

Rēcēprōco, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to fetch back to the same place whence it came; to draw in; to draw up and down; to return back; to ebb; to fall.

Rēcēprōcor, ōri, ātus. pass. to depend upon one another by mutual consequence; to infer each other; to ebb and flow; to be pushed forward; to pass on.

Rēcēprōcus, a, um. adj. reciprocal; going or flowing backward or forward; ebbing and flowing; mutual.

Rēcēpāmentum, i. n. a little piece cut from something, a paring, a shaving.

Rēcēlao, ōnis. f. a cutting off, a paring, a chipping off.

Rēcēlās, a, um. part. cut or chopped off; stocked up; killed or put to the sword; short, brief, compendious.

Rēcēlātio, ōnis. f. a rehearsal or recital; a reading over aloud, pronunciation.

Rēcēlātor, ōris. m. a reciter or rehearser, a reader.

Rēcēlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to call over again; to read out aloud; to recite a performance.

Rēcēlāntio, ōnis. f. a reclaiming, a crying against, or gaining.

Rēcēlāntum est, impers. they opposed or gainsaid.

Rēcēlāntio, ōnis. f. a gaining.

Rēcēlāto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to cry much against; to gain-say often.

Rēcēlāto, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to cry or note against; to deny with a loud voice; to gain-say; to answer with an echo; to ring again.

Rēcēlātus, a, um. part. lying all along.

Rēcēlinis, is, e. adj. leaning or lying on.

Rēcēlino, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to bend; to stretch forth; to unbend; to disengage; to lean or lie upon; to recline.

Rēcēlvīs, is, e. adj. bending back, lying along.

Rēcēlūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to open; to unbar; to unlock; to reveal; to disclose; to discover.

Rēcēlūs, a, um. part. opened, set wide open; discovered, revealed, disclosed.

Rēcēoctus, a, um. part. sodden again, often boiled; forged or cast anew; refined, purified; well practised and exercised.

Rēcēogito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. neut. to think or consider again; to recall; to reflect.

Rēcēognitio, ōnis. f. a revising, a reviewing or overlooking; a reflection, a calling to remembrance; recollection; an acknowledging.

Rēcēognitus, a, um. part. recognised, acknowledged, reviewed.

Rēcēgnosco, cēre, nōvi, nītum. act. to call or bring to remembrance; to understand; to perceive; to recognise; to acknowledge; to review; to look over; to correct; to amend; to supervise; to superintend; to master over; to take an inventory of things.

Rēcēcolligo, ēre, lēgi, lectum. act. to gather up again; to recollect; to recover; to get up again; to reconcile.

Rēcēcilo, ēre, cōlli, cultum. act. to bring into remembrance; to call to mind; to reflect upon; to furnish; to restore; to fresh; to adorn; to cultivate; to exercise; to polish.

Rēcēcmmiscor, ci, —. dep. to invent anew; to consider again.

Rēcompēstus, a, um. part. re-composed or set in order anew.

Rēconciliatio, ōnis, f. a reob-taining, a pro-curing again, a regaining; an agreement, a reconciliation, a making of friends.

Rēconciliator, ōris, m. a peace-maker, a reconciler.

Rēconciliatus, a, um. part. regained, recovered, reconciled, accorded.

Rēconcilio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to re-obtain; to recover; to re-instate; to re-establish; to reconcile; to make friends.

Rēconcino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to set together again; to mend; to vamp up; to refit; to repair.

Rēconditus, a, um. part. et adj. hidden, covered, laid up, close, secret; abstruse, deep, profound; reserved.

Rēcondo, ēre, dīdi, ditum. act. to close; to shut; to hide; to lay up; to hoard; to reserve; to spout out.

Rēcondūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to carry to and fro or up and down.

Rēcōquo, ēre, coxi, coctum. act. to boil or seethe again; to vamp up; to refurbish; to polish; to instruct.

Rēcordatio, ōnis, f. a calling to mind or remembrance; recollection.

Rēcordatus, a, um. part. remembering.

Rēcordor, āri, ātus. dep. to call to mind; to remember.

Rēcorrigo, ēre, rexi, rectum. act. to redress; to mend again; to correct anew.

Recrastino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to delay; to put off from time to time.

Recreatio, ōnis, f. a restoring or comforting; a recovery from sickness.

Recreatus, a, um. part. refreshed, relieved; cured, recovered, got up again, restored.

Recrementum, i. n. the refuse of any thing.

Recreo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to bring to life again; to recover; to refresh; to comfort; to repair; to set up again; to recruit.

Recrepō, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to tingle; to ring; to sound again.

Recreresco, cēre, crēvi, crētum. neut. to grow; to spring; to sprout up again; to be renewed.

Recrudescō, cēre, dui, —. incept. to grow raw and sore again; to rankle; to be renewed; to begin afresh.

Recta, adv. [ec. viā] straight-

way, straight on, straight forward.

Recte, adv. directly; well, aright, rightly, not amiss, deservedly, rightfully; patiently, becomingly, fitly, handsomely; virtuously, honourably; safely; well in health; in due form.

Rectio, ōnis, f. [a rego] a governing or ruling; governance, management.

Rector, ōris, m. a governor; a director; a ruler; a rector; a master, a guardian.

Rectrix, icis, f. a governess.

Rectum, i. n. a right line; honesty, integrity, virtue, wisdom.

Rectus, a, um. part. [a rego] ruled or governed.

Rectus, a, um. adj. straight; upright; right forward, directly; unbiassed, just; honest, plain, good.

Rēcubitus, ūs, m. a lying at ease, a sitting at the table; a rebound or glance.

Rēcūbo, ēre, bui, bitum. neut. to lie down again; to lie along; to loll.

Rēcūdo, ēre, di, sum. act. to hammer or forge anew; to stamp anew.

Rēcultus, a, um. part. [a recolō] laboured, tilled, ploughed, manured, or dressed anew.

Rēcumbo, ēre, bui, bitum. neut. to lean or loll upon; to lie flat; to lie; to sit at table or meat.

Rēcūperatio, ōnis, f. a recovery of a thing lost or taken away; a rescuing, a reprisal.

Rēcūperātor, ōris, m. a recoverer, one that recovers a thing from an enemy; a commissioner or judge appointed by the praetor to examine private matters.

Rēcūperātorius, a, um. adj. belonging to discovery or to judges delegate.

Rēcūpēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to recover; to rescue; to get again; to regain.

Rēcūritus, a, um. part. finely and workman-like dressed.

Rēcūro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to do a thing diligently; to take good heed of it; to cure; to recover one from sickness.

Rēcurre, ēre, curri, cursum. neut. to come running again; to run back; to make speed again; to have recourse to; to recur.

Rēcursō, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to run often back or again; to return.

Rēcursus, ūs, m. a returning, a recourse, a retreat.

Rēcursus, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to

bow or bend back; to crook, to make crooked.

Rēcursus, a, um. adj. crooked, bowed, bent back.

Rēcūsatio, ōnis, f. a refusal, a denial; a defence or excuse.

Rēcuso, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to refuse; to deny; to say nay; to make his defence or excuse.

Rēcussus, ūs, m. a striking back; a jerk or fling; a fetching veer for a leap.

Rēcūtus, a, um. part. circum-cised - having the skin worn off or new grown again.

Rēductus, a, um. part. [a redigo] reduced, brought, driven, force; raised.

Rēdumbō, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to walk back; to return again.

Rēlāmo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to love mutually.

Rēlardeco, cēre, —. incept. to burn or be in a flame again.

Rēdarguo, ēre, gui, gūtum. act. to confute; to convince; to control; to disprove; to blame; to reprove; to reprehend; to rebuke.

Rēdauspīcor, āri, ātus. pass. et inde part. redauspicandus, to be begun anew, in a lucky or unlucky hour.

Redditio, ōnis, f. a scheme in rhetoric, the applying of a comparison.

Redditus, a, um. part. yielded up, given again; delivered, given in.

Reddo, ēre, dīdi, reddītum. act. to render; to restore; to give again; to deliver a thing sent; to give; to requite; to recompense; to order; to put into the place; to repair; to relate; to recount; to declare; to pay; to repeat; to say over; to make; to cause to be; to translate; to produce; to afford; to bear; to resemble; to be like.

Reddūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring back, &c.

Rēdemptio, ōnis, f. [a redimo] a redemption, a ransoming; the farming of customs; the buying a thing off.

Rēdemptor, āri, ātus. pass. freq. to be redeemed.

Rēdemptor, ōris, m. an undertaker of work.

Rēdemptūra, m. f. the taking of a lease, the farming of customs, &c.

Redemptus, a, um. part. redeemed, ransomed; recovered.

Redeo, ēre, īvi et īi, ītum. neut. to return; to come back; to come to; to come or fall to.

Rēdhibeo, ēre, bui, bitum. act. [ex re et habeo] to return a

thing; to take a thing back that was bought; to restore.

Rēdhībūtio, ōnis, f. the restoring of a thing to him that sold it.

Rēdiens, euntis, part. returning; coming or going back.

Rēdigo, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. [ex re et ago] to bring back again; to constrain; to compel to return; to drive or force back; to gather; to heap together; to amass.

Rēdicūlūm, i, n. the attire or ornament of a woman's, or priest's head or neck, a hair-lace, or fillet; a head-band, a knot.

Rēdimō, ire, īvi, itum. act. to crown; to encompass; to environ; to encircle.

Rēdimittis, a, um, part. crowned, encircled; compassed about, beset.

Rēdimō, ēre, ēmi, emptum. act. [ex re et emo] to redeem; to ransom; to rescue; to recover; to buy; to get; to purchase; to procure; to buy off; to take a thing by the great; to recompense; to make amends for.

Rēdintegratio, ōnis, f. a renewing, a beginning afresh.

Rēdintegratus, a, um, part. renewed afresh, recruited.

Rēdintegrō, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to refresh; to renew; to make anew; to use anew.

Rēdipiacor, i, deptus, dep. to recover; to get again.

Rēditio, ōnis, f. a returning; a coming again or back.

Reditur, rēditum est, I, thou, returned.

Reditus, ūs, m. a return, a ming again; an income or venue; rent or yearly pro-

divtus, a, um, adj. renewed again, revived, returning fresh; of old made new, furnished up.

Redo, ōnis, m. a fish having no back bone or no prickly fin upon his back.

Rēdōlen, ēre, lūi, itum, neut. to cast a smell; to scent; to smell of a thing.

Rēdōmitus, a, um, part. tamed again, conquered the second time.

Rēdōno, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to give again; to restore; to forgive.

Rēdōrdior, īri, dītus, dep. to unweave; to begin.

Rēdormit, ire, īvi, itum, neut. to sleep again.

Rēdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or lead back; to bring safe again; to restore; to remove; to restrain; to limit; to reconcile; to alone; to appease; to remove.

Rēductio, ōnis, f. a bringing or pulling back again.

Rēductor, ōris, m. a bringer back, a restorer.

Rēductus, a, um, part. et adj. brought back; brought home again; restored, reconciled; removed; retired, low.

Rēdulcēror, āri, ātus, pass. to be made sore again.

Rēduncus, a, um, adj. crooked; bowed or bent back or inward.

Rēdundanter, adv. superfluously, abundantly, excessively.

Rēdundantia, ē, f. excessiveness, superfluity, overflowing, luxuriance, exuberance.

Rēdundatio, ōnis, f. too much abounding.

Rēlundo, ēre, ēvi, ātum, neut. [ex re et undo] to rise above the banks; to overflow; to abound; to have or be too much; to be queasy or crop-sick; to redound.

Rēddūresco, cēre, vi, — incept. to grow hard again.

Rēddāvia, ē, f. [a reduere, inus.] the looseness and cleft of the skin about the root of the nails.

Rēddux, ūcis, c. g. brought or returned again; returning.

Rēfectio, ōnis, f. a recruiting, a repairing or mending; a refection, a refreshment or recreation; a repast.

Rēfector, ōris, m. a maker of a thing new again, a furbiisher, a repairer or mender.

Rēfectus, a, um, part. [a refectio] made again, created anew; restored, recovered; refreshed; fresh, not weary.

Rēfectus, ūs, m. a refreshing, a repast, a repairing or recruiting.

Rēfello, ēre, li, — act. [ex re et fallo] to refel; to prove false; to disprove; to refute.

Rēferleo, ēre, īvi et vi, —, neut. to grow root.

Rēfercio, ire, rsi, itum. act. to fill; to stuff; to cram; to put into a small room.

Rēficio, ire, —, act. to strike again; to strike back; to reflect.

Rēferro, ferre, tūli, itum. act. to bring or force again; to carry back; to bring; to report; to rehearse; to relate; to tell; to answer; to reply; to refer to one's consideration; to move; to propose; to write; to set down; to betake; to apply; to turn; to convert; to resemble; to reduce; to render; to requite; to be even with; to imitate; to follow the steps of; to count; to reckon; to bring in; to yield; to produce; to impute.

Referat, rēstitit, impers. it concerns or imports.

Rēfertus, a, um, part. et adj. [a refectio] replenished, full, well furnished, stuffed, crammed.

Rēfervens, tis, part. boiling hot; flagrant, high.

Rēfervēo, ēre, vi et bul, —, neut. to be scalding hot; to be cold again.

Rēfervesco, ēre, — — incept. to begin to grow hot again.

Rēfībulo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to unbuckle; to unlace; to unclasp.

Rēficio, ēre, fāci, sectum. [ex re et facio] to repair; to amend; to make new; to renew; to fill up; to make; to inspire; to refresh; to cure; to recover.

Rēfigo, ēre, xi, xum. act. to fasten anew; to pluck down what is fastened; to cancel, to abrogate; to annul.

Rēfixus, a, um, part. unloosed, taken away, annulled.

Rēfligto, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to importune; to beg instantly.

Rēfūsus, ūs, m. [a reflo] a contrary blast or wind; a blowing contrary.

Rēflecto, ēre, xi, xum. act. to turn back; to bend back; to bow back or again; to stay one from doing a thing; to cause to reflect or consider.

Rēflexus, a, um, part. turned or bowed back.

Rēflo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to blow contrary; to blow back again or against; to thwart or cross one.

Rēfloreo, ēre, vi, —, neut. to flourish or spring again.

Rēfioresco, ēre, — — incept. to begin to flourish or blossom again.

Rēfluō, ēre, xi, xum. neut. to flow again; to flow back; to ebb.

Rēfluxus, a, um, adj. which flows back, that ebbs and flows.

Rēfocillatus, a, um, part. refreshed.

Rēfocillo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to comfort; to refresh; to cherish and make much of one.

Rēfodio, ēre, di, ātum. act. to dig out of earth; to dig over anew.

Rēformator, ōris, m. a reformer or renewer.

Rēformidatio, ōnis, f. great fear or dread.

Rēformido, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to fear much; to dread greatly; to stand in awe of.

Rēformō, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to reform; to renew; to new mould; to shape; to put into a new dress; to make better.

Refessus, a, um. part. *digged up*.
Refotus, a, um. part. *cherished again*.
Refotivo, ēre, fovi, fōtum. act. *to cherish or revive again; to refresh or relieve again; to renew*.
Refractāriōsus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat stubborn or unruly*.
Refractārius, a, um. adj. [a refringo] *self-willed, wilful, forward, rebellious, stubborn, obstinate, refractory, unruly, matterless*.
Refractus, a, um. part. [a refringo] *broken, weakened*.
Refrāgor, āri, ātus. dep. *to resist; to be against; to gain-say; to deny; to vote against; to cross; to thwart*.
Refrēntiō, ōnis. f. *a bridling; a checking, curbing, or holding in*.
Refrēntus, a, um. part. *bridled, holden back; stayed, restrained*.
Refrēno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to bridle; to refrain; to curb; to keep in; to check*.
Refrico, āre, ui, —. act. *to rub hard or again; to rub up; to renew; to rehearse; to torment; to pain*.
Refrigeo, ēre, xi, —. neut. *to grow cold; to begin to be cool*.
Refrigerātiō, ōnis. f. *a refreshing, a cooling*.
Refrigerātorius, a, um. adj. *cooling, refreshing*.
Refrigerātrix, icis. f. *she that refreshes*.
Refrigerātus, a, um. part. *cooled; abated, slaked, refreshed, diminished, allayed*.
Refrigero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to cool; to chill; to refresh; to comfort; to diminish; to assuage; to daunt; to dishearten; to blank; to take one off*.
Refrigesco, ēre, —. incept. *to grow cold; to begin to be cool; to be less vehement and earnest; to begin to cease*.
Refringo, ēre, āgi, actum. act. *to break open; to break; to refract; to reflect; to weaken; to abate; to diminish; to lessen; to blunt; to dull*.
Rēfugio, ēre, fūgi, fūgtum. neut. *to flee away; to run or flee back; to start at; to dread; to eschew; to shun; to avoid; to forsake; to forbear; to refuse; to deny*.
Rēfugium, ii. n. *a refuge or shelter*.
Rēfugus, a, um. adj. *fleeing back or away*.
Rēfulgeo, ēre, si, —. neut. *to reflect a shining brightness;*

to shine bright; to glitter; to smile upon.
Rēfundo, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. *to pour back; to melt; to dissolve; to return; to send back; to pour forth again*.
Rēfūse, adv. *abundantly, largely, plentifully*.
Rēfusus, a, um. part. *poured out, overflowing; poured in again or rather wide or of great extent*.
Rēfūtatiō, ōnis. f. *a consultation, a reply*.
Rēfūtatus, a, um. part. *refuted, disproved*.
Rēfūtatus, ūs. m. *a consultation*.
Rēfūto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to consult; to disprove; to convince; to refute; to coerce; to hinder*.
Rēgaliōsus, i. m. *a bird of a yellow colour; the wren*.
Rēgālis, is, e. adj. *royal or kingly; imperial, princely, like a king*.
Rēgālliter, adv. *kingly, royally, majestically*.
Rēgelo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to thaw that which is frozen*.
Rēgemo, ēre, ui, itum. neut. *to groan again*.
Rēgēnātor, āri, ātus. pass. *to be produced again; to come again*.
Rēgērnātiō, ōnis. f. *a springing again*.
Rēgērnāno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to burgeon again; to spring anew; to grow afresh*.
Rēgēro, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. *to cast up again; to throw back; to retort; to set down in writing that which one has read or heard*.
Rēgeatun, i. n. *earth dug up; a ridge in ploughing*.
Rēgestus, a, um. part. *cast or turned up again*.
Rēgia, æ. f. [sc. domus] *the palace or house of a prince; a king's court or pavilion; a sort of olive-tree*.
Rēgie, adv. *royally, pompously, magnificently, kingly; princely*.
Rēgifice, adv. *kingly, sumptuously*.
Rēgificus, a, um. adj. *royal, princely, sumptuous, magnificent*.
Rēgīgium, ii. n. *the day on which Targuinius fled from Rome, c. 27th December, or VI. Kal. Jan.*
Rēgignor, ni, —. pass. *to be endangered or produced anew*.
Rēgtimen, inis. n. *government, rules, regimen; the rudder or stern of a ship*.
Rēgina, æ. f. *a queen, a great lady or mistress, the governess*

of a province; a rich or great woman.
Rēgio, ōnis. f. *a border, a coast; a climate or quarter; a road or highway; a part of a town or city; a ward; a limit or bound; a country. Regione, over against or opposite; in a straight line*.
Rēgiōnālm, adv. *from quarter to quarter, ward by ward*.
Rēgius, a, um. adj. *of a king; royal, kingly, princely, majestic*.
Rēglūtino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to unglue; to let loose*.
Rēglūtinosus, a, um. adj. *very glutinous or clammy*.
Rēgnātor, ōris. m. *a ruler, a governor, a king, lord, and master; a possessor or owner*.
Rēgnātrix, icis. f. *she that rules; a governess, a lady, or mistress; a queen regent*.
Rēgnātus, impers. *they reign or bear rule*.
Rēgnātus, a, um. part. *governed, ruled*.
Regno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to reign; to be a king; to bear rule and sway; to be eminent and domineer; to bear a chief or great stroke; to enjoy one's self, to live as one pleases*.
Regnum, i. n. *a realm; a kingdom; kingly government; one's own possession; a dominion, rule, or government; a metropolis*.
Rēgo, ēre, rexi, rectum. act. *to rule; to govern; to manage; to guide; to hold strait; to keep down; to set right; to admonish*.
Regrēdiōr, di, gressus. dep. *to return; to go back*.
Regressus, a, um. part. *returning, having returned*.
Regressus, ūs. m. *a return, a going back or retiring*.
Rēgula, æ. f. *a rule, a square, a ruler; a stick, wherewith any thing is held right; a certain pannier of osiers to put olives in; an instrument used in bone-setting; a pattern, an example*.
Rēgulus, i. m. dim. [arex] *a prince, a duke, an earl, a lord, a viceroy, a petty king; a bird called a wren*.
Rēguato, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to taste over again; to vomit; to read over again*.
Rēgyro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to wheel about, to turn round*.
Rehālo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to breathe back again*.
Reice, per sync. et contract. *gemina vocalis brevis in diphthong. pro Rejice. Vid. Rejicio*.
Rejectineus, a, um. adj. *refused, not chosen*.

Relectio, *ŏis*, *f.* a vomiting or casting up; a casting off or away, a reflecting or refusing.

Relecto, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *freq.* to vomit; to cast up; to cast back; to respond; to re-echo.

Relectus, *a*, *um*, *part.* cast or thrown back; driven back; cast off, forsaken, discarded; remitted or sent back; refused, disliked, disallowed, exploded; deferred.

Relectus, *üs*, *m.* a vomiting or casting up.

Rejicio, *äre*, *jäci*, *jectum*, *act.* [*ab re et jacio*] to cast or fling back; to cast away; to drive back; to chase away; to turn or shake off; to vomit; to cast up; to set aside; to disallow; to disavow; to reject; to refer; to neglect; to defer; to put off.

Rejiculus, *äl*. **Reiculus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* thrown away, little worth, refuse, vile, base, poor; fruitless, idle.

Reipä, *in*, *very deed*.

Reläbro, *bi*, *läpus*, *dep.* to slide or fall back again.

Relägueo, *äre*, *gui*, —, *neut.* to be very feeble and faint.

Reläguesco, *cäre*, —, *incept.* to grow faint or feeble; to assuage; to abate.

Relätio, *ŏis*, *f.* [a refero] a relation, a telling; a report to the senate; a retribution.

Relätör, *ŏis*, *m.* a rehearser, a reporter, or teller.

Relätus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [a refero] brought back again; shown, reported, told, related; done return, returned; set down, tered, recorded.

Ätus, *üs*, *m.* relation, a report.

Ätlo, *ŏis*, *f.* a releasing, refreshing, a recreating, a sitting at liberty, refreshment, divertimento.

Älaxo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *act.* to loose; to set at large; to release; to free; to discharge; to undo; to unloose the reins; to recreate; to refresh; to divert; to relax; to make free; to abate; to assuage.

Äläxus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* very loose.

Äläxus, *a*, *um*, *part.* read again.

Älägätio, *ŏis*, *f.* a banishing, a sending away or confining to some far country; exterminating; proscription.

Älägätus, *a*, *um*, *part.* ordered to leave the city; exiled, proscribed; sent away, confined to some certain place; removed, separated from; transferred, transmitted; sent away.

Älägo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *act.* to send away far; to remove out

of the way; to proscribe; to banish; to confine to a place; to refer; to transfer.

Älägo, *äre*, *lägi*, *lectum*, *act.* to read over again; to revise; to gather again; to go back.

Äläntesco, *cäre*, —, *incept.* to grow soft and limber; to relent.

Älävätus, *a*, *um*, *part.* lifted up again, relieved, comforted.

Älävo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *act.* to lift up again; to relieve; to comfort; to ease; to make light; to diminish; to lessen; to deliver; to discharge; to cure.

Äläctio, *ŏis*, *f.* a forsaking, a leaving, an abandoning.

Äläctus, *a*, *um*, *part.* left behind; laid aside; left undone; given over, lost, abandoned; remaining, continued.

Älägätio, *ŏis*, *f.* a tying or binding fast.

Älägätus, *a*, *um*, *part.* tied, bound hard, fastened.

Älägio, *ŏis*, *f.* religion, piety, devotion, godliness, the worship of God; a form of worship, a liturgy, a rite or ceremony; a dread, a reverential fear; a sign, a token, a prognostic; a doubt, a scruple of conscience; sincerity, faithfulness, justice; superstition; oath.

Älägiöae, *adv.* religiously, devoutly, godly; carefully, superstitiously, scrupulously, conscientiously, cautiously.

Älägiöus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* consecrated or set apart for religion; religious, devout; timorous, scrupulous, conscientious; sacred, awful; superstitious, silly; unfortunate, unlucky.

Älägo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *act.* to tie hard; to bind; to make fast.

Äläno, *äre*, *ävi et ivi*, *num*, *act.* to open; to set abroad; to tap; to break.

Älänquä, *äre*, *liqum*, *licum*, *act.* to leave behind; to forsake; to relinquish; to quit; to give over; to fail.

Äläquä, *örum*, *n. pl.* the remains; arrears.

Äläquä, *örum*, *f. pl.* et *infreq.*

Äläquia, *örum*, *n.* [quæ ex re relicta sunt] the remainder, rest, or remnant; reliques, orts, leavings; the ashes or bones of the dead; faint traces or impressions.

Äläquus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* the rest, that which remains, that which is behind; the remains, residue, the other.

Äläigio, *pro Religio*.

Äläüeo, *äre*, *xi*, —, *neut.* to

shine again; to be very light or bright, to glisten; to glitter.

Äläuctätus, *a*, *um*, *part.* *Act.* struggling against. *Pass.* struggled against.

Äläuctor, *äre*, *ätum*, *dep.* to struggle or wrestle.

Äläüdo, *äre*, *si*, *sum*, *act.* to play upon again.

Älämacresco, *cäre*, *macrui*, —, *incept.* to grow very lean.

Älämäledico, *äre*, *xi*, *cum*, *unda* *pass.* **Älämäledico**, *to speak ill for ill; to return ill language.*

Älämando, *äre*, *di*, *sum*, *act.* to chew over again; to chew the cud; to ponder.

Älämäneo, *äre*, *xi*, *sum*, *neut.* to tarry behind; to continue; to remain; to tarry still; to abide.

Älämäno, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *neut.* to turn or flow back again.

Älämansio, *ŏis*, *f.* an abiding or tarrying behind; a remaining.

Älämädtör, *äre*, *ätum*, *dep.* to ponder or meditate again.

Älämädtum, *li. n.* a medicine, a remedy, a cure.

Älämänuus, *a*, *um*, *part.* [a remetiör] having measured a gain; having gone over again. *Pass.* being passed over again.

Älämeo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *neut.* to return or come back again.

Älämetiör, *äre*, *menaus*, *dep.* to measure over again; to go over again; to remember and consider.

Älämex, *igis*, *m.* [a remus] a waterman; a rower.

Älämägätio, *ŏis*, *f.* [a remigo] a rowing with oars.

Älämägätum, *li. n.* the rowing of a ship or boat; a company of rowers; the flying of birds.

Älämigo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *act.* to row.

Älämigo, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*, *neut.* to return; to come again; to go back.

Äläminiacor, *ci*, —, *dep.* to remember; to call to mind or remembrance; to recollect.

Älämisceo, *äre*, *cui*, —, *act.* to mingle or shuffle together.

Älämissärius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that may be thrust back.

Älämisä, *adv.* slackly, remissly, negligently, faintly; humbly, in a low style; gently, civilly; merrily, jocosely.

Älämissio, *ŏis*, *f.* a letting fall; an abating or slackening; rest, recreation, diversion; remissness, indolence, negligence, backwardness.

Älämissus, *a*, *um*, *part.* et *adj.* sent back; let go, falling back, giving way; slackened, moderated, small; slow, backward;

easy, prone, propense: low, poor, mean; loose, sportful.
Rēmīto, ēre, mīsi, sum. act. to send back; to throw back; to kick and bounce; to put forth; to cast off; to disclaim; to slack; to let loose; to assuage; to lessen; to appease; to intermit; to ease; to refresh; to dispense with; to give up; not to insist upon; to leave; to leave off; to abate; to make an abatement; to be less forward; to desist; to suffer; to give way; to permit; to pardon; to forgive; to prolong; to defer; to pay; to refund; to give back; to re-convey; to let one have again; to refer a matter in dispute; to let fall; to let slip; to let pass; to quit an office or post; to dissolve; to melt.
Rēmītor, Iri, Ius. dep. to put from its place or tumble away by force; to begin or design a thing anew.
Rēmollita, a, um. part. thrown off by struggling.
Rēmollesco, cōre, — incept. to be soft; to grow soft or effeminate; to relent; to yield.
Rēmollio, are, Ivi, Ium. act. to soften; to effeminate.
Rēmollitus, a, um. part. made calm, appeased.
Rēmōra, m. f. a delay, a let, stop or hindrance; a euck-stone or sea-lamprey.
Rēmōrānen, Iuis. n. a stop, let, or hindrance.
Rēmōrātus, a, um. part. stayed, made to tarry.
Rēmordeo, ēre, di, sum. act. to bite again; to chastise again; to revenge; to gnaw, vex, or grieve one; to cause remorse.
Rēmōror, āri, ātus. dep. to tarry; to stay; to hinder; to stop; to keep back.
Rēmorsūrus, a, um. part. that will bite again.
Rēmōte, comp. Rēmōtius, adv. far off, farther off.
Rēmōtio, ōnis. f. a putting away or aside; a removal, a displacing.
Rēmōtus, a, um. part. et adj. removed; set or taken away; sent or driven away; set aside or at a distance; withdrawn; discarded. Adj. remote, afar off, at a distance.
Rēmōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to remove; to withdraw; to drive away; to displace; to discard; to leave off; to lay aside; to quit; to estrance.
Rēmūgio, Iro, Ivi, Ium. neut. to answer with loving; to echo or ring again; to make a great sound or noise.

Rēmulseo, ēre, ai, sum. act. to assuage; to appease; to pacify.
Rēmuleum, ci. n. a tow-barge; a cable or rope to tow with.
Rēmūnātio, ōnis. f. a recompensing, a consideration, a rewarding, a requital.
Rēmūnēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et Rēmūnēror, āri, ātus. dep. to reward; to requite; to recompense.
Rēmurmūro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to murmur against; to whistie again.
Rēmua, i. m. c. n. ovar.
Ren, rēnis. m. the kidneys or reins.
Rēnarro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to relate or tell over again.
Rēnascens, tis. part. Rēnascens annus, the spring.
Rēnascor, ci, nātus. dep. to be born; to rise again; to spring up again; to grow again; to come instead of; to succeed.
Rēnātus, a, um. part. born, renewed, risen, or begun again.
Rēnāvigo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sail back again.
Rēnideo, ēre, dui. — neut. to shine; to be bright; to glitter; to smile; to smirk.
Rēndesco, cōre, — incept. to grow bright or shining.
Rēntor, ti. sus et xus. dep. to resist; to endeavour against; to thrust against.
Rēntuxus, ūs. m. a resisting or thrusting against; an effort; reluctance.
Rēno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to swim back again.
Rēnōtūus, a, um. part. knitted or tied in a knot.
Rēnōvāmen, Iuis. n. a repairing, a renewing, a change.
Rēnōvātio, ōnis. f. a renewal.
Rēnōvātus, a, um. part. nourished, fed; renewed, rebuilt; recultivated, in its second tilth; roused anew, recruited.
Rēnōvello, āre, āvi, ātum. act. unde pass. Renovellor, to renew; to plant; to set anew.
Rēnovo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make or build anew; to renew; to refresh; to bring in-moved; to say over again; to repeat; to plough again; to till the second time.
Rēnūmēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pay back; to recount; to number again.
Rēnuntiatio, ōnis. f. a declaring or reporting; a testifying or bearing witness.
Rēnuntio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bring word again; to advertise; to acquaint; to proclaim; to declare openly; to name to an office; to renounce; to disclaim; to protest a-

gainst; to abjure; to give over; to meddle no more with; to bid adieu.
Rēnuntius, li. m. a messenger, a goer on errands.
Rēnuo, ēre, nui, nūtum. act. to nod back with the head; to refuse; to deny.
Rēnūto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to nod back; to beckon from one; to refuse; to deny.
Rēnūtus, ūs. m. a beckoning or nodding back; a denial or refusal.
Rēor, rēri, rātus. dep. to suppose; to judge; to deem; to think; to imagine.
Rēpāgūlum, i. n. a rail or bar; a turnpike, a barricado; the barriers in a horse-race; a restraint or hindrance.
Rēpandus, a, um. adj. bowed or bent backward; broad or flat.
Rēpango, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. to set; to plant; to graft; to rivet.
Rēpārābilis, is. e. adj. that may be amended, recovered, repaired, or made new again; repairable.
Rēpārātio, ōnis. f. a repairing or reparation.
Rēpārātor, ōris. m. a repairer, a restorer.
Rēpārātus, a, um. part. recruited, raised; put into the place; purchased.
Rēparco, ēre, ai, sum. neut. to spare; to be over-sparing; not to spare.
Rēpāro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [i. e. rursus paro] to repair; to rebuild; to amend; to recover; to regain; to create anew; to refresh; to make amends; to compensate; to bring to his first estate; to restore.
Rēpastinātio, ōnis. f. a digging or delving over again; a digging anew about vines.
Rēpastino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et Rēpastinor, āri, ātus. pass. to dig again; to manure.
Rēpecto, ēre, xi v. xui, xum. act. to comb again.
Rēpello, ēre, pūli, pulsum. act. to beat, drive, or thrust back; to repel; to oppose; to resist; to turn away.
Rēpendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to pay or weigh back in exchange; to weigh; to pay; to recompense; to compensate; to make amends for.
Rēpens, tis. part. et adj. creeping; low, vulgar; sudden, hasty, unlooked for, unexpected, coming unawares.
Rēpenso, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a rependo] to render back; to recompense; to requite.
Rēpensus, a, um. part. paid or

- repugnancy, opposition, resistance, contradiction; antipathy; incompatibility.*
Rēpugno, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to repugn; to cross; to thwart; to oppose stiffly; to act contrary to; to disobey; to oppose; to resist; to defend against; to dissuade.
Rēpullūscō, ēre, —. incept. to bud forth; to spring again.
Rēpullūlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to bud or sprout forth.
Rēpulsā, ē. f. a repulse, a fall; a denial.
Rēpulsio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to drive or beat back often; to re-echo; to resound.
Rēpulsus, a, um. part. driven or beaten back; rejected, refused; often stricken.
Rēpulsus, ūs. m. a putting or driving back; a striking again; a reflection or reverberation.
Rēpūnicātio, ōnis. f. a polishing or sleeking with the pumice or slickstone; a polishing of the buds of trees made rough with the frost.
Rēpungo, ēre, —. act. to prick or goad again; to vex again; to do one shrewd turn for another.
Rēpurgātus, a, um. part. made serene, cleared.
Rēpurgo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make clean; to cleanse again or diligently.
Rēpūtiatio, ōnis. f. consideration, regard.
Rēpūto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to think and think again; to consider; to revolve.
Rēquies, ēi et ētis. f. rest, repose, quiet, ease; refreshment; respite, intermission.
Rēquiesco, ēre, ēvi, ētum. incept. to rest; to lie at rest; to sleep; to repose himself; to live at ease; to be at quiet; to rely; to acquiesce; to take delight or satisfaction in; to lie fallow. Act. to stay and make quiet; to stop or cause to stop.
Rēquīētus, a, um. part. et adj. having rested and taken ease, that hath lain untilled or fallow.
Rēquīro, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to ask, seek, or inquire for a thing often.
Rēquiro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to seek again; to look for; to ask; to demand; to seek in vain; not to find; to stand in need of.
Rēquistus, a, um. part. sought for, demanded; requisite; necessary.
Res, rei. f. a thing; a fact, a deed; an affair, a concern, a cause in law; a juncture or present occasion; ability, substance, circumstances; a purpose; a state, empire, or government; any business, post, or employment; money, wealth; profit, advantage; an argument, a subject, or matter treated of; power, valour; fortune or success; a way or manner; the universe, the world.
Rēsēvio, ire, īvi, ītum. neut. to rage and bluster anew.
Rēsālūtatio, ōnis. f. a resalutation; a courteous reply.
Rēsālūto, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to salute one again.
Rēsēnescō, ēre, —. neut. to return to one's right sense again; to recover one's sense.
Rēsarcio, ire, sarsi, sartum. act. to patch; to mend; to compensate; to make amends for.
Rescindens, tis. part. cutting off, abolishing.
Rescindo, ēre, scīdi, scissum. act. to cut off; to cut or break down; to break through; to open a passage; to retrench; to stop up; to break or till up; to lance a sore; to abolish; to make void; to set aside; to annul; to repeal; to renew.
Rescilo, ire, īvi, ītum. act. to hear and understand of a matter; to come to the knowledge of it.
Rescisco, ēre, —. incept. to come to know; to advertise.
Rescissus, a, um. part. cut down or asunder; cleft; lanced, opened; abolished, made void, abrogated, annulled.
Rescribo, ēre, psi, ptum. act. to write back; to write over again; to pay money by bill; to write against.
Rescriptum, ti. n. a rescript or letter of an emperor or prince in answer to petitions or other letters; a brevet.
Rescriptus, a, um. part. written again, new chosen.
Rēsēco, āre, cul, etum. act. to pare; to clip; to cut off or out; to retrench; to take clean away; to sift too nicely; to examine too severely.
Rēsēcro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pray contrary to that he desired before; to take off a curse or excommunication; to pray or desire again.
Rēsēctio, ōnis. f. [a reseco] a paring or cutting.
Rēsēctus, a, um. part. [a reseco] cut or pared off; shredded, shaven off, retrenched.
Rēsēctus, a, um. part. [a ressequor] following again, answering, replying.
Rēsēdo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to appease; to allay.
Rēsēgmen, īnis. n. any thing cut off, a paring, a chipping.
Rēsēmīno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sow again; to breed of its own seed.
Rēsērātus, a, um. part. opened, unlocked.
Rēsēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to open; to unlock; to discharge; to discover; to set open.
Rēsēro, ēre, ēvi, —. act. to sow, set, or plant again.
Rēsērvō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to keep for time to come; to keep from another; to reserve; to keep alive.
Rēsēs, īdis. adj. idle, slothful, lazy; unaccustomed.
Rēsēs, ēdis. m. the vine branch, which is cut and springs again, and bears more fruit than it did before.
Rēsēdo, ēre, ēdi, —. neut. to sit down; to rest or sit still; to remain; to abide; to cleave; to impend; to decline; to shrink; to sink down; to abate.
Rēsēdo, ēre, ēdi, —. neut. to abide; to continue; to sit down; to be assuaged; to be calm; to go back; to retreat; to fix; to settle his abode.
Rēsēduum, ūi. n. the rest, the remnant, that which is left in arrear; the residue.
Rēsēduus, a, um. adj. the rest, the remnant which is left, the residue or remainder.
Rēsēgnātus, a, um. part. unseated, discovered, resigned.
Rēsēguo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to open what is sealed; to unseal; to close or fasten up; to abolish; to annul; to cancel; to discover; to declare; to resign; to surrender.
Rēsēllo, ire, īvi, īvi, et īli, sultum. neut. to leap, skip, or start back; to rebound; to recoil; to bounce up; to be obstinate; to shrink in; to grow lank; not to stick to; not to be fixed upon.
Rēsēsimus, a, um. adj. having a chamoise nose, crooked upward.
Rēsēina, ē. f. rosin or the like gum running out of trees.
Rēsēināceus, a, um. adj. of or like rosin.
Rēsēinātus, a, um. adj. rosined; made or mixed with rosin; soft, effeminate, debauched.
Rēsēinōsus, a, um. adj. full of rosin, pitch, or gum; gummy, clammy.
Rēsēpio, ēre, pui, —. neut. [ez re et apio] to savour; to smell; to taste or smack of; to be wise; to come to one's wits.
Rēsēpisco, ēre, pui, —. neut. to repent; to return to a right understanding; to come to

one's wits or senses again; to recover.

Resistatur, impers. *resistance is made.*

Resisto, ēre, attī, attum. neut. to stand up; to rise again; to stand still; to stay; to halt; to stop, as in speaking; to withstand; to resist; to hold against; to be good against.

Resolvo, ēre, vi, lūtum. act. to unloose; to untie; to unbind; to ungird; to open; to undo; to loosen; to make void; to mitigate; to relax; to discontinue; to explain; to pay back; to abolish; to take away; to dissolve; to soften; to melt; to enfeeble; to weaken; to confute; to refute; to scatter; to dissipate; to acquit; to absolve; to resolve; to reduce.

Resolūtio, ōnis. f. a *loosing*.

Resolūtus, a, um. part. et adj. unbound, loosed; hanging down, dishevelled; loose; enfeebled, enervated, weakened; broken up, ploughed, or digged; dissolute, effeminate; overflowed.

Resonābilis, is, e. adj. ringing, yielding a sound again.

Resonantia, ōnis. f. a *sounding again, an echo.*

Resonat, impers. a *ringing sound is made.*

Resono, ēre, nui et āvi, —. neut. to sound or ring again with an echo; to resound.

Resonus, a, um. adj. that *sounds again; that makes an echo; ringing, resounding.*

Resorbeo, ēre, bui, ruptum. neut. to *swallow or sup again.*

Respecto, ēre, attī, attum. freq. respicio] to look back often; have frequent regard to; to spect; to regard; to open; to gaze.

Respectus, ūis. m. [a respicio] a *looking back; a sight, a spectacle; consideration, regard, respect.*

Respergo, ēre, si, sum. act. to *besprinkle; to dash.*

Respersio, ōnis. f. a *besprinkling.*

Resperans, ūis. m. a *sprinkling or dashing.*

Respicio, ēre, exi, ectum. act. to look back upon; to look; to consider; to mind; to regard; to respect; to succour; to belong; to appertain.

Respiramen, inis. n. the *passage of the breath, the windpipe.*

Respiratio, ōnis. f. a *breathing or fetching breath; respiration; a venting of exhalation or steam.*

Respiro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et neut. to take or fetch breath; to breathe; to be refreshed or eased; to have some respite

to recover; to breathe forth, and send out.

Resplendeo, ēre, dul, —. neut. to shine bright; to glitter.

Respondeo, ēre, di, sum. neut. to answer; to reply; to echo; to agree; to act suitably; to correspond; to appear; to answer; to give counsel; to succeed; to answer expectation; to stand or be set right over against; to pay; to satisfy.

Responsio, ōnis. f. an *answer; also, agreeableness.*

Responsio, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a seq.] to answer often; to give counsel in law.

Responso, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a respondeo] to answer; to echo; to answer saucily; to give cross answers; to resist; to oppose; to agree with; to suit with.

Responsor, ōris. m. a *counselor at law.*

Responsum, i. n. an *answer, a reply, a rejoinder; an oracle, a prophecy; an opinion of the learned in the law.*

Responsus, ūis. m. *proportion, answerableness, suitableness, conformity, analogy.*

Res-publica, rei-publicæ. f. a *commonwealth; the public weal; a state.* Scrib. contract. resp. temp. et R. P. item *divide res publica.*

Respuo, ēre, pul, pūtum. nct. to spit out again; to dash or spout upon; not to abide; to cast or throw back; to refuse; to reject; to disgust; to dislike; to slight.

Restagnatio, ōnis. f. an *overflowing or running over.*

Restagno, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to run over; to overflow; to stagnate.

Restans, ūis. part. *resisting; remaining.*

Restat, impers. *it remains.*

Restauro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to restore; to make again; to repair; to revive; to rebuild; to recruit; to renew; to amend.

Restibilis, is, e. adj. which *bears every year; sown or tilled every year.*

Resticula, æ. f. dim. a *little rope or cord; a whip-cord.*

Restillo, ēre, āvi, ātum. to drop back again.

Restinctio, ōnis. f. a *quenching, a putting out, a stinting.*

Restinctus, a, um. part. *quenched, put out, extinguished; stinted, allayed.*

Restinguo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to quench; to extinguish; to put out; to staunch; to qualify; to allay; to pacify; to appease; to destroy utterly.

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Restio, ōnis. m. a *rope or cord maker; one beat with ropes.*

Restio, ēre, tvi, itum. neut. to be tilled every year.

Restipulatio, ōnis. f. a *reciprocal engagement, a counter bond.*

Restipulor, āri, ātus. dep. to make an answer in the law; to lay in a pledge; to answer to an action; to engage naturally; to enter into covenant.

Restis, is. f. a *halter or cord; a rope or cable; the ends of garlic, by which one head is tied to another; some other tough weeds, used in tying them together.*

Restito, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to stay or stop often by the way; to draw back; to struggle.

Restitrix, icis. f. she that rests or remains behind.

Restituo, ēre, tui, tūtum. act. to put or set again in his first state; to restore; to render; to yield again; to surrender; to repair; to renew; to make good; to rally; to set in order; to set to rights.

Restitutio, ōnis. f. a *restitution, a making good; satisfaction, a rebuilding.*

Restitutor, ōris. m. a *restorer.*

Resto, ēre, attī, olim āvi, itum. neut. [ex re et sto] to stay; to stand; to remain; to keep his ground; to stand in a thing; to face it out.

Restrict, adv. *straitly, sparingly, pinchingly; precisely, nicely, exactly.*

Restrictus, a, um. part. et adj. *hard or just bound; close, not full; pinching, covetous, nigardly, hide-bound; restrained, straitened.*

Restringo, ēre, nxi, ictum. act. to restrain; to bind; to stop; to stay; to loose; to unbind.

Resūdo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et neut. to sweat out again.

Resulto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to leap back; to rebound; to hop; to skip; to leap; to resound; to echo.

Resūmo, ēre, pul, ptum. act. to take up again; to resume.

Resuo, ēre, sul, sūtum. act. unde part. *resūtus*. to rip that which is sewed; to unsettle.

Resūpinatus, a, um. part. *lying on his back, effeminate.*

Resūpino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to turn upward; to lay one on his back; to turn upside down; to search into.

Resūpinus, a, um. adj. *turned with the belly upward; lying along on his back; effeminate.*

Resurgere, ēre, surrexi, rectum. neut. to rise or flourish again; to be renewed; to recover; to become better.

Rēuscitō, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to raise or set up again; to rouse; to awake.
Retardātio, ōnis. f. a letting, stopping, or hindering.
Rētardo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to hinder; to let; to stop; to stay; to retard.
Rētāxo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to check; to blame; to tax one.
Rēte, is. n. a net; a snare or trap.
Rētectus, a, um. part. discovered; close covered.
Rētēgn, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to lay open; to disclose; to reveal.
Rētendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to unbend; to slacken.
Rētentūsus, a, um. part. often assayed or tried.
Retentio, ōnis. f. a retaining or keeping back; retention; a withholding or deferring.
Rētento, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to try again; to re-attempt; to essay.
Rētento, ēre, ēvi, ātum. freq. to hold back; to stop.
Rētentus, a, um. part. [a retendo] unbent.
Rētentus, a, um. part. [a retineo] kept or detained; retained, held in, stayed.
Rētentus, ūa. m. a holding back, a holding fast.
Rētexo, ēre, xul, xum. act. to unweave; to untwist; to untwine; to unwind; to do or begin over again; to renew; to bring to mind again; to recall.
Rētēxtus, a, um. part. unweaved, unwound, discovered.
Rētūctus, li. m. a fencer that went with a net to cast over his adversary.
Rētūctus, m. f. a holding one's peace, a concealing, a suppressing.
Rētūco, ēre, cui, —. act. to hold one's peace; to say nothing; to conceal.
Rētūctūsus, a, um. adj. made like a net or lattice.
Rētūctūsus, l. n. dim. [a rete] a little or casting net; a cavi of net work; a net or little bag; a sence, a little sieve; a boulder; a twig basket made like a net; a racket to play with at tennis.
Rētūctus, l. m. a basket of coiers; a little net; a lattice.
Rētūctūsus, l. n. a string, a tie; a stay; the cable of an anchor or anchor rope; the halser of a ship, the rein of a bridle.
Rētūctus, m. f. a keeping, holding, or retaining.
Rētūco, ēre, nui, tentum. act. to hold or keep back or in; to restrain; to govern; to retain; to preserve; to hold;

to hold fast; to remember; to hold up; to keep and maintain; to keep to himself; to purtain; to delight; to forbear.
Rētūdeo, ēre, di, nsum. act. unde part. retousus, to clip; to shear.
Rētūno, ēre, ui, itum. neut. to make a great noise; to sound or thunder again.
Rētūque, ēre, rsi, rsuū. act. to writhe back; to turn or cast back; to bandy or toss to and fro; to untwist; to unweave; to reflect.
Rētūresco, ēre, —. incept. to grow dry with parching heat.
Rētūride, adv. as it were burnt with the sun or dry with heat; scorched.
Rētūridus, a, um. adj. very dry, parched with heat, burnt, scorched, shrivelled, wrinkled with age, wainscot-complexioned.
Rētūctus, a, um. part. toasted, parched, scorched.
Retractio, ōnis. f. a retraction, a revoking of one's opinion; a palinody; a refusal, tergiversation, boggling, delay.
Retractus, a, um. part. et adj. corrected, amended, revised, perused.
Retracto, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to handle or touch again; to treat of or consider again; to peruse; to look over; to dress; to vamp up; to order afresh; to repeal and make void; to retract; to recant and unsway; to correct; to amend. Neut. to draw back; to dodge; to boggle; to consider and bethink himself.
Retractus, a, um. part. [a retraho] et adj. drawn or pulled back; taken, seized, and brought back; far removed.
Retrāho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to draw or pull back; to withdraw; to recover again; to restore; to preserve.
Retribuo, ēre, bui, būtum. act. to render; to give again; to recompense; to restore; to repay.
Retritum, l. n. the sediment or dregs.
Retro, adv. [a re] behind, back, backward, on the backside; before, or in time past.
Retractus, a, um. part. driven back again, inverted, read backward.
Retrōgo, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. to drive or throw back.
Retrōdo, ēre, cessi, cessum. neut. to go or give back; to retire; to recoil; to flinch.
Retrōctus, a, um. adj. ex part. crooked.

Retrōdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or draw backward.
Retrōdo, ēre, lvi, itum. neut. to go back; to return.
Retrōgrādior, di, gressus. dep. to recoil; to turn back; to go backward.
Retrōgrādus, a, um. adj. going backward, retrograde.
Retrōlego, ēre. melius retro lego) act. to sail back, undo, or by.
Retrorsum, adv. backward.
Retrorsus, adv. backward.
Retrorsus, a, um. adj. turned backward.
Retrūdo, ēre, ai, sum. act. to thrust back.
Retrūsus, a, um. part. [a retrudo] hidden; abstruse, difficult.
Rētūdo, ēre, tūdi, tūsum et nsum. act. to blunt; to dull; to turn the edge; to quell; to allay; to repress; to silence.
Retunus, a, um. part. quelled.
Rētūsus, a, um. part. blunted, dulled, quelled. Adj. dull, blunt.
Rēvālesco, ēre, rui, —. incept. to grow well again; to recover his health.
Rēvānesco, ēre, ui, —. incept. unde revanuit, to vanish away again.
Rēvēho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or carry back again; to import.
Rēvello, ēre, velli, vultum. act. to luck, pull, or tear off, out, or away; to plough; to break up; to extirpate.
Rēvēnio, ēre, vni, ventum. neut. to come again; to come back; to return.
Rēvēnitur, ventum est. Impera. people come again or are restored.
Rēvēra, [i. e. re verā] in very deed, in good earnest; in reality, truly.
Rēvērēro, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to strike or beat back again; to reverebrate.
Rēvērens, tis. part. et adj. revering, fearing; reverent, respectful, full of regard, devoted.
Rēvērenter, adv. reverently, awfully, devoutly.
Rēvērentia, m. f. regard, respect; reverence, awe, submission; fear, concern for.
Rēvēror, ēri, verius. dep. to stand in awe of; to fear; to revere; to have in reverence.
Rēvēro, ēre, verri, versum. act. to sweep back or over again.
Rēvērsio, et ant. Rēvērsio, ōnis. f. a coming back again.
Rēvēro, ēre, ti, sum. act. to

turn back; to tumble over; to revolve; to return; to come again.

Rēvertor, ti, versus dep. to return. come back, or again.

Rēvideo, ēre, di, sum. act. to go back to see.

Rēviresco, ēre, lui, —. incept. to become vile, and of no account.

Rēvincio, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to tie; to bind; to gird.

Rēvincio, ēre, vici, victum. act. to convince; to disprove; to confute.

Revinctus, a, um. part. bound fast; encircled, surrounded.

Rēviresco, ēre, rui, —. incept. to become green again; to revive; to flourish; to grow young again; to take heart again.

Rēvisito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to revisit; to go to see again.

Rēvito, ēre, si, sum. act. to return or come again to see; to revisit; to repay a visit; to return.

Rēvivisco, ēre, rēvixi, ctum. incept. to recover life; to revive again; to grow or come up again.

Revector, ōris. m. a servant or attendant to a physician or surgeon, who attended them that used wrestling, and such other exercises.

Rēvocābilis, is, e. adj. that may be recalled; that may be recompensed.

Rēvocāmen, ōnis. n. a recall or calling back.

Rēvocatio, ōnis. f. a recalling or calling back.

Rēvoco, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to recall; to call back; to restore; to reassume; to begin anew; to call in; to call for; to refer; to judge; to try; to withdraw; to invite again.

Rēvoco, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to ly back again; to hasten.

Rēvolūtilis, is, e. adj. that may be rolled or tumbled back again.

Rēvolvō, ēre, lvi, lūtum. act. to roll or tumble over or back again; to turn over; to go over again; to undergo; to suffer; to revolve; to reflect upon; to consider again; to peruse again.

Rēvolutus, a, um. part. tumbled, brought, or turned back again; wound off; returning.

Rēvomo, ēre, mui, mltum. act. to vomit; to cast up again; to disgorge.

Reus, a, um. adj. arraigned, implicated; obliged to perform, obnoxious.

Reus, i. m. [sc. homo] the defendant; a surety.

Rēvulsio, ōnis. f. a pulling up;

a plucking away or back; revulsion.

Rēvulus, a, um. part. pulled off; plucked or torn up or away.

Rex, regis. m. a king; the king of Persia; a prince of the blood; a ruler or governor; a chief; a great man; a tutor; a rich man; a patron; a titular or nominal king; a chief governor; a tyrant.

Rhācinus, i. m. a fish of a brown dun color.

Rhācōna, ōnis. n. a kind of herb which comes from beyond Pontus.

Rhāgion, ii. n. a little venomous spider, with very short feet.

Rhāgōides, is. f. the third coat which encompasseth the eye, wherein is the hole by which we see.

Rhamnus, i. m. a white bramble called rhamn; buckthorn, the rhinberry-bush.

Rhapōdia, e. f. a rhapsody or book of Homer's poems.

Rhēda, e. f. a chariot, coach, calash, or carouch.

Rhēdārius, a, um. adj. of or serving for a cart, chariot, or coach.

Rhēdārius, ii. m. a carter, a charioteer, or coachman.

Rhēdo, ōnis. m. a thick garment furred, or made of skins, covering the shoulders and breast; a cassock or jacket made of skins.

Rhetor, ōris. m. a rhetorician or rhetoric-master.

Rhetōrica, ōrum. pl. n. [sc. precepta] books or precepts of rhetoric.

Rhetōrica, e. v. Rhetōrice, e. f. rhetoric, oratory, the art of speaking handsomely.

Rhetōrice, adv. rhetorically, like an orator.

Rhetōricōtēros, more orator-like, more eloquent.

Rhetōricus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to rhetoric; rhetorical.

Rhetōrtens, i. m. [sc. liber] a book of rhetoric.

Rheumaticus, a, um. adj. rheumatic, that is troubled with rheum.

Rheumātismus, i. m. [a rheuma] a flux, the disease of rheum, a rheumatism.

Rheum, e. f. herba propro nomine Onychilus dicta.

Rhina, e. f.

Rhinocēroceros;

snout, a dropped they bati

Rhizagrastrum;

bone, or

Rhizias, e. m. the juice of the root laserpitium.

Rhizōtōmus, i. m. a gatherer of roots; also, a kind of iris.

Rhōdinus, a, um. adj. Lat. Rosaceus. of or belonging to roses; made of roses.

Rhōdites, e. m. a precious stone of a rose colour.

Rhōdodaphne, es. f. a shrub having a flower like a rose, and a leaf like the laurel or bay.

Rhōdodendros, i. f. et Rhōdodendron, i. n. a tree with leaves like an almond-tree, but larger called an oleander.

Rhōdōra, e. f. an herb having a leaf like a nettle, and a flower like a rose.

Rhoticus, a, um. adj. fluid.

Rhoites, e. m. pomegranate wine.

Rhoibus, i. m. a spinning-wheel, reel, whirl, or turn; a kind of rolling instrument, with which witches used to fetch the moon out of heaven; a fish called a birt or turbot.

Rhomphaa, e. f. a kind of long Thracian sword; a two-handed sword; a tuck.

Rhynchus, cli. m. a snorting; mocking, a scoff, a jeer.

Rhōpilon, i. n. a water lily.

Rhus, i. m. et f. a bushy shrub called sumach.

Rhus, i. n. [ab eodem] the seed of the shrub of that name.

Rhyas, ōnis. f. the disease of the eyes when they water continually.

Rhyphogrāphus, phi. m. a painter of trifles or mean things.

Rhythmicus, i. m. [a seq.] a rhyming or rhyming poet; a rhyme-doggerel, a ballad-maker.

Rhythmus, i. m. metre, rhythm, number or harmony in speaking.

Rhytion, ii. n. a vessel or cup like a half moon.

Rica, e. f. a woman's hood, a little cloak; a kerchief.

Rictum, ii. n. a woman's short cloak.

Richus, i. m. a vermin called a tike.

Rictum, i. n. a grinning, a threatening.

Rictus, ōis. m. a grinning or scornful opening of the mouth in laughing; a threatening;

mouth, a faw, or chap.

co, ēre, rīai, rīsum. neut. v. to laugh; to laugh at; to

ck; to scorn; to scoff; to

e; to look pleasant; to

and glitter; to please.

undus, a, um. adj. inclin

laughing, waggish.



Ridica, *m. f. a strong prop.*
Ridicula, *m. f. dim. a little stake or fork.*
Ridiculiaria, *ovum. n. pl. jests or things to be laughed at.*
Ridicule, *a. adv. ridiculously, simply, by way of droll, pleasantly.*
Ridiculum, *i. n. a jest or joke; a silly business.*
Ridiculus, *a. um. adj. merry, frolic; ridiculous, silly; a droll.*
Rigatio, *ovis. f. a watering, moistening, or wetting.*
Rigeo, *ere, guli. — neut. to be very cold or chill; to be frozen; to stand stiff, upright, or on end; to stare; to be thick and hard.*
Rigeo, *ere, — incept. to grow stiff with ice.*
Rigide, *adv. closely, firmly, stiffly.*
Rigiditas, *avis. f. stiffness, severity.*
Rigidor, *ari, ritus. pass. to be made stiff.*
Rigidus, *a. um. adj. cold, frozen; stiff, hard; close stuck; rigid, severe; resolute, inflexible; cruel, fierce, rough.*
Rigo, *ere, avi, ritum. act. to water; to wet; to moisten; to cultivate.*
Rigor, *ovis. m. [a rigeo] a great stiff cold; hardness; roughness, stiffness; the cold fit of an ague; rigour, harshness, strictness.*
Rigoratus, *a. um. adj. made stiff or hard.*
Riguum, *ul. n. [a rigo] a watering.*
Riguus, *a. um. adj. moist, wet, watery; that waters or is watered.*
Rima, *m. f. a rift, cleft, or chink in wood or stone, where it is not closely joined, a chink, a crack, a fissure.*
Rimor, *ari, ritus. dep. to search; to pry into; to peep; to spy; to seek into every corner and hole; to examine diligently.*
Rindum, *a. um. adj. full of clefts and chinks, leaky.*
Rimula, *m. f. dim. a little or small chink, flaw, crack, or cleft.*
Ringo, *ere, rinxi, rictum. act. v. potius*
Ringor, *gi, rictus. dep. to grin; to show the teeth; to wry the mouth; to fret; to chafe; to make faces.*
Ripa, *m. f. the bank of a river; the sea-shore, the sea-side*
Riparius, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to the banks.*
Ripula, *m. f. dim. a little water-bank.*
Riscus, *ci. m. a covered coffer, a trunk*

Risio, *ovis. f. a laughing, a subject of laughter.*
Risor, *ovis. m. a laughter, a mocker.*
Risus, *us. m. laughter, laughing.*
Rite, *adv. rightly, aright, with due form and ceremony, according to custom, as it should be, or as one should do; in due form and course of law.*
Rites, *is, m. in abl. rite. Vid. Ritus.*
Rituilis, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to customs, rites, or ceremonies; ritual.*
Ritus, *us. m. a rite or ceremony; a course or order; a way, fashion, or manner.*
Rivallis, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to a river.*
Rivalis, *is. m. a rival; one who vies with another.*
Rivalitas, *avis. f. rivalry.*
Rivulus, *i. m. dim. a little brook, a rill; a consequence, an effect.*
Rivus, *i. m. a brook, a river.*
Rixa, *m. f. a squabbling, a brawling, a chiding, or scolding; strife, a quarrel, a dispute; altercation, jar, debate.*
Rixator, *ovis. m. a brawler, a wrangler.*
Rixor, *ari, ritus. dep. [a rixa] to brawl; to scold; to strive; to quarrel; to resist; to be reluctant.*
Rixosus, *a. um. adj. quarrelsome, apt to fight, full of brawling or squabbling.*
Robigalia, *um. n. pl. a feast to the god Robigus, in order to deprecate blasting and mildew.*
Roboreus, *a. um. adj. made of oak, or such like strong timber.*
Roboro, *ere, avi, ritum. act. to strengthen; to make strong; to fortify; to enforce.*
Robur, *ovis. n. oak of the hardest kind, heart of oak, timber; strength of body, mind, or of any thing generally; courage or stoutness; force, ableness to endure and hold out; the stocks or some such place in a prison.*
Roburneus, *a. um. adj. of an oak.*
Robustus, *a. um. adj. strong like oak, made of oak, oaken.*
Robustus, *a. um. adj. made of oak; hale, lusty, able; hardy, sturdy; strong, firm; yielding a strong nourishment.*
Rodo, *ere, rosi, rosium. act. [a rado] to gnaw; to gnash; to eat; to wear away; to back-bite; to speak ill of.*
Rogalia, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to a funeral.*
Rogatio, *ovis. f. a question, an*

interrogation, a demand, a request; the proposing of a bill to pass the senate.
Rogatiuncula, *m. f. dim. a small request, a motion in senate, a parliament bill.*
Rogator, *ovis. m. a demander, a desirer, a requester, a beggar; the speaker of parliament, the chairman of a committee.*
Rogatus, *a. um. part. asked, desired, entreated; courted, wooed; made, ordained, established.*
Rogatus, *us. m. a desire, a suit; a question.*
Rogatio, *ovis. f. a statute, an order of the commons.*
Rogito, *ere, avi, ritum. freq. to desire; to beg; to entreat; to invite; to enquire.*
Rogo, *ere, avi, ritum. act. to beg; to crave; to desire; to entreat; to request; to demand; to inquire; to borrow; to propose a law in the senate; to bring in a bill.*
Rogus, *gi. m. a funeral pile.*
Rorarius, *ii. m. the light-armed soldiers who made the first skirmish, q. d. dew-beaters.*
Roratio, *ovis. f. a falling of dew; a fault in vines; a blasting of grapes.*
Roratus, *a. um. part. bedewed, wet with dew, dewy.*
Roresco, *ere, — incept. to be wet with dew; to be dewy*
Rorifer, *era, ritum. adj. that makes or brings dew.*
Roro, *ere, avi, ritum. act. [a ros] to drop like dew; to drizzle; to bedew; to besprinkle.*
Rorulentus, *a. um. adj. full of dew, dewy.*
Ros, *ovis. m. dew; any liquor.*
Rosa, *m. f. a rose; a compliment to a sweetheart; oil of roses.*
Roseaceum, *el. n. [sc. oleum] oil of roses.*
Roseus, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to roses.*
Rosarium, *ii. n. a rosier; a garden or bed of roses; a place where roses grow.*
Rosarius, *a. um. adj. of roses.*
Rosellus, *a. um. adj. [a ros] wet or moistened with dew; dany.*
Rosetum, *i. n. a garden of roses, a place planted with roses, a bed of roses.*
Rosens, *a. um. adj. of roses; the colour of roses, fair, red, rosy.*
Rosio, *ovis. f. a gnawing, nibbling, biting, or gripping.*
Rosmarinus, *i. m. v. Rosmarinum, n. et divise ros marinus, rosemary.*
Rosmaria, *is. m. pot. divise ros mar a, a rosemary-tree.*

turn back; to tumble over; to revolve; to return; to come again.

Rēvertor, ti, versus dep. to return. come back, or again.

Rēvideo, ēre, di, sum. act. to go back to see.

Rēviesco, ēre, lui, —. Incept. to become vile, and of no account.

Rēvincio, īre, nxi, nctum. act. to tie; to bind; to gird.

Rēvincio, ēre, vici, victum. act. to convince; to disprove; to confute.

Revinctus, a, um. part. bound fast; encircled, surrounded.

Rēviresco, ēre, rui, —. Incept. to become green again; to revive; to flourish; to grow young again; to take heart again.

Rēvisito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to revisit; to go to see again.

Rēvito, ēre, si, sum. act. to return or come again to see; to revisit; to repay a visit; to return.

Rēvivisco, ēre, rēvixi, ctum. Incept. to recover life; to revive again; to grow or come up again.

Reumtor, āris. m. a servant or attendant to a physician or surgeon, who anointed them that used wrestling, and such other exercises.

Rēvocābilis, is, e. adj. that may be recalled; that may be recompensed.

Rēvocāmen, inis. n. a recall or calling back.

Rēvocatio, ōnis. f. a recalling or calling back.

Rēvoco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to recall; to call back; to restore; to reassume; to begin anew; to call in; to call for; to refer; to judge; to try; to withdraw; to invite again.

Rēvolo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly back again; to hasten.

Rēvolūtilis, is, e. adj. that may be rolled or tumbled back again.

Rēvolvō, ēre, lvi, lūtum. act. to roll or tumble over or back again; to turn over; to go over again; to undergo; to suffer; to revolve; to reflect upon; to consider again; to peruse again.

Rēvolvus, a, um. part. tumbled, brought, or turned back again; wound off; returning.

Rēvomo, ēre, mui, mltum. act. to vomit; to cast up again; to disgorge.

Reus, a, um. adj. arraigned, impleaded; obliged to perform, noxious.

Reus, i. m. [sc. homo] the defendant; a surety.

Rēvulsio, ōnis. f. a pulling up;

a plucking away or back; revulsion.

Rēvulsus, a, um. part. pulled off; plucked or torn up or away.

Rex, rēgis. m. a king; the king of Persia; a prince of the blood; a ruler or governor; a chief; a great man; a tutor; a rich man; a patron; a titular or nominal king; a chief governor; a tyrant.

Rhācinus, i. m. a fish of a brown dun color.

Rhācōna, ātis. n. a kind of herb which comes from beyond Pontus.

Rhāgion, ū. n. a little venomous spider, with very short feet.

Rhāgoides, is. f. the third coat which encompasseth the eye, wherein is the hole by which we see.

Rhamnus, i. m. a white bramble called rhamn; buckthorn, the reiberry-bush.

Rhapsōdia, ē. f. a rhapsody or book of Homer's poems.

Rhēda, ē. f. a chariot, coach, calash, or caronch.

Rhēdrius, a, um. adj. of or serving for a cart, chariot, or coach.

Rhēlarius, ū. m. a carter, a charioteer, or coachman.

Rhēlo, ōnis. m. a thick garment furred, or made of skins, covering the shoulders and breast; a cassock or jacket made of skins.

Rhetor, ōris. m. a rhetorician or rhetoric-master.

Rhetorica, drum. pl. n. [sc. precepta] books or precepts of rhetoric.

Rhetorica, ē. v. Rhetorice, es. f. rhetoric, oratory, the art of speaking handsomely.

Rhetorice, adv. rhetorically, like an orator.

Rhetoricōtēros, more orator-like, more eloquent.

Rhetoricus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to rhetoric; rhetorical.

Rhetoriceus, i. m. [sc. liber] a book of rhetoric.

Rheumāticus, a, um. adj. rheumatic, that is troubled with rheum.

Rheumātismus, i. m. [a rheuma] a flux, the disease of rheum, a rheumatism.

Rhexis, ē. f. herba proprio nomine Omichilus dicta.

Rhina, ē. f. a skate.

Rhinocēros, ōtis. m. the rhinoceros; a vessel with a long snout, out of which oil was dropped upon the people as they bathed.

Rhizagra, ē. f. a surgeon's instrument to draw out a splinter, bone, or tooth.

Rhizias, m. m. the juice of the root laserpitium.

Rhizōtōmus, i. m. a gatherer of roots; also, a kind of iris.

Rhōdinus, a, um. adj. Lat. Rosaceus. of or belonging to roses; made of roses.

Rhōdites, ē. m. a precious stone of a rose colour.

Rhōdodaphne, es. f. a shrub having a flower like a rose, and a leaf like the laurel or bay.

Rhōdōdendros, i. f. et Rhōdōdendron, i. n. a tree with leaves like an almond-tree, but larger called an oleander.

Rhōdora, m. f. an herb having a leaf like a nettle, and a flower like a rose.

Rholcus, a, um. adj. fluid.

Rhoites, ē. m. pomegranate wine.

Rhoibus, i. m. a spinning-wheel, reel, whirl, or turn; a kind of rolling instrument, with which witches used to fetch the moon out of heaven; a fish called a birt or turbot.

Rhomphaea, ē. f. a kind of long Thracian sword; a two-handed sword; a tuck.

Rhynchus, chi. m. a snorting; a mocking, a scoff, a jeer.

Rhyphalon, i. n. a water lily.

Rhus, i. m. et f. a bushy shrub called sumach.

Rhus, i. n. [ab eodem] the seal of the shrub of that name.

Rhyas, ādis. f. the disease of the eyes when they water continually.

Rhypharogriphus, phi. m. a painter of trifles or mean things.

Rhythmicus, i. m. [a seq.] a rhymor or rhyming poet; a rhyme-doggerel, a ballad-maker.

Rhythmus, i. m. metre, rhythm, number or harmony in speaking.

Rhytion, ū. n. a vessel or cup like a half moon.

Rica, ē. f. a woman's hood, a little cloak; a kerchief.

Rictum, ū. n. a woman's short cloak.

Rictus, i. m. a vermin called a tike.

Rictum, i. n. a grinning, a threatening.

Rictus, ū. m. a grinning or scornful opening of the mouth in laughing; a threatening; the mouth, a jaw, or chap.

Rideo, ēre, risi, risum. neut. v. act. to laugh; to laugh at; to mock; to scorn; to scoff; to smile; to look pleasant; to shine and glitter; to please.

Ridibundus, a, um. adj. inclined to laughing, waggish.

Ridica, *m. f.* a strong prop.
Ridicula, *m. f. dim.* a little stake or fork.
Ridiculāria, *trum. n. pl.* jests or things to be laughed at.
Ridicūle, *adv.* ridiculously, simply, by way of droll, pleasantly.
Ridicūlum, *i. n.* a jest or joke; a silly business.
Ridiculus, *a. um. adj.* merry, frolic; ridiculous, silly; a droll.
Rigatio, *onis. f.* a watering, moistening, or wetting.
Rigeo, *ere, gūl. —. neut.* to be very cold or chill; to be frozen; to stand stiff, upright, or on end; to stare; to be thick and hard.
Rigeasco, *ere, —. incept.* to grow stiff with ice.
Rigide, *adv.* closely, firmly, stiffly.
Rigiditas, *atis. f.* stiffness, severity.
Rigidor, *ari, ritus. pass.* to be made stiff.
Rigidus, *a. um. adj.* cold, frozen; stiff, hard; close stuck; rigid, severe; resolute, inflexible; cruel, fierce, rough.
Rigo, *ere, avi, ritum. act.* to water; to wet; to moisten; to cultivate.
Rigor, *oris. m.* [a rigeo] a great stiff cold; hardness; roughness, stiffness; the cold fit of an ague; rigour, harshness, strictness.
Rigidatus, *a. um. adj.* made stiff or hard.
Riguum, *ul. n.* [a rigo] a watering.
Riguus, *a. um. adj.* moist, wet, watery; that waters or is watered.
Rima, *m. f.* a rift, cleft, or chap in wood or stone, where it is not closely joined, a chink, a cranny, a fissure.
Rimor, *ari, ritus. dep.* to search; to pry into; to peep; to spy; to seek into every corner and hole; to examine diligently.
Rimous, *a. um. adj.* full of clefts and chinks, leaky.
Rimula, *m. f. dim.* a little or small chink, flaw, chap, or cleft.
Ringo, *ere, rinxi, rictum. act. v. potius*
Ringor, *gi, rictus. dep.* to grin; to show the teeth; to wry the mouth; to fret; to chafe; to make faces.
Ripa, *m. f.* the bank of a river; the sea-shore, the sea-side.
Riparius, *a. um. adj.* of or belonging to the banks.
Ripula, *m. f. dim.* a little water-bank.
Rucius, *ci. m.* a covered coffer, a trunk

Risio, *onis. f.* a laughing, a subject of laughter.
Risor, *oris. m.* a laughter, a mocker.
Risus, *us. m.* laughter, laughing.
Rite, *adv.* rightly, aright, with due form and ceremony, according to custom, as it should be, or as one should do; in due form and course of law.
Rites, *is, m. in abl. rite. Vid. Ritus.*
Ritualis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to customs, rites, or ceremonies; ritual.
Ritus, *us. m.* a rite or ceremony; a course or order; a way, fashion, or manner.
Rivialis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a river.
Rivallis, *is. m.* a rival; one who vies with another.
Rivallitas, *atis. f.* rivalry.
Rivulus, *i. m. dim.* a little brook, a rill; a consequence, an effect.
Rivus, *i. m.* a brook, a river.
Rixa, *m. f.* a squabbling, a brawling, a chiding, or scolding; strife, a quarrel, a dispute; altercation, jar, debate.
Rixator, *oris. m.* a brawler, a wrangler.
Rixor, *ari, ritus. dep.* [a rixa] to brawl; to scold; to strive; to quarrel; to resist; to be reluctant.
Rixosus, *a. um. adj.* quarrelsome, apt to fight, full of brawling or squabbling.
Robigalia, *um. n. pl.* a feast to the god Robigus, in order to deprecate blighting and mildew.
Roborens, *a. um. adj.* made of oak, or such like strong timber.
Robūro, *ere, avi, ritum. act.* to strengthen; to make strong; to fortify; to enforce.
Robur, *oris. n.* oak of the hardest kind, heart of oak, timber; strength of body, mind, or of any thing generally; courage or stoutness; force, ableness to endure and hold out; the stocks or some such place in a prison.
Roburneus, *a. um. adj.* of an oak.
Robustus, *a. um. adj.* strong like oak, made of oak, oaken.
Robustus, *a. um. adj.* made of oak; hale, lusty, able; hardy, sturdy; strong, firm; yielding a strong nourishment.
Rodo, *ere, rosi, rosum. act.* [a rado] to gnaw; to gnash; to eat; to wear away; to backbite; to speak ill of.
Rogalis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a funeral.
Rogatio, *onis. f.* a question, an

interrogation, a demand, a request; the proposing of a bill to pass the senate.
Rogatiuncula, *m. f. dim.* a small request, a motion in senate, a parliamentary bill.
Rogator, *oris. m.* a demander, a desirer, a requester, a beggar; the speaker of parliament, the chairman of a committee.
Rogatus, *a. um. part.* asked, desired, entreated; courted, wooed; made, ordained, established.
Rogatus, *us. m.* a desire, a wish; a question.
Rogatio, *onis. f.* a statute, an order of the commons.
Rogito, *ere, avi, ritum. freq.* to desire; to beg; to entreat; to invite; to enquire.
Rogo, *ere, avi, ritum. act.* to beg; to crave; to desire; to entreat; to request; to demand; to inquire; to borrow; to propose a law in the senate; to bring in a bill.
Rogus, *gi. m.* a funeral pile.
Rorarius, *ii. m.* the light-armed soldiers who made the first skirmish, q. d. dew-beaters.
Roratio, *onis. f.* a falling of dew; a fault in vines; a blighting of grapes.
Roratus, *a. um. part.* bedewed, wet with dew, dewy.
Roresco, *ere, —. incept.* to be wet with dew; to be dewy.
Rorifer, *era, ritum. adj.* that makes or brings dew.
Roro, *ere, avi, ritum. act.* [a ro] to drop like dew; to drizzle; to bedew; to besprinkle.
Rorulentus, *a. um. adj.* full of dew, dewy.
Ros, *oris. m.* dew; any liquor.
Rosa, *m. f.* a rose; a compliment to a sweetheart; oil of roses.
Rosaceum, *ei. n.* [sc. oleum] oil of roses.
Rosacens, *a. um. adj.* of or belonging to roses.
Rosarium, *ii. n.* a rosier; a garden or bed of roses; a place where roses grow.
Rosarius, *a. um. adj.* of roses.
Rosetinus, *a. um. adj.* [a ros] wet or moistened with dew; dewy.
Rosetum, *i. n.* a garden of roses, a place planted with roses, a bed of roses.
Rosens, *a. um. adj.* of roses; the colour of roses, fair, red, rosy.
Rosio, *onis. f.* a gnawing, nibbling, biting, or gripping.
Rosmarinum, *i. m. v. Rosmari-num, n. et divise* ros marinus, rosemary.
Rosmaris, *is. m. pot.* divise ros maris, a rosemary-tree.

Rostellum, i. n. dim. a little bill, beak, or snout.
Rostra, *drum*. n. pl. the beaks of birds, &c. the place of common pleas at Rome.
Rostratus, a, um. adj. beaked, or snouted; that has a bill, beak, or snout; that has a stem.
Rostrum, tri. n. the beak, bill, or nib; the snout; a man's nose; the stem or beak of a ship.
Rota, *æ. f.* a wheel; a chariot, a kind of torture used on a wheel; a kind of wild goat; a kind of whale or great sea-fish.
Rotatio, *onis. f.* a wheeling about.
Rotator, *oris. m.* a whirler or turner round.
Rotatus, a, um. part. turned or swung round; whirled about.
Rotatus, *us. m.* a turning round.
Roto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to turn a thing round; to swing or whirl about; to brandish; to shake; to toss.
Rotula, *æ. f. dim.* a little wheel or reel.
Rotundatio, *onis. f.* a turning or making round.
Rotundatus, a, um. part. made round.
Rotunde, adv. roundly; aptly, elegantly, compactly, volubly.
Rotunditas, *ätis. f.* roundness.
Rotundo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. et pass.* Rotundor, to make round; to round; to pile up in a round heap; to make up.
Rotundus, a, um. adj. [a rota] round, circular, globular; ick, nimble, voluble; comely, neat, fine, handsome.
Rotundus, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. et pass.* Rotundor, to make red; to make one red.
Rotundus, a, um. part. made d.
Rotundus, a, um. adj. of a red colour.
Rubellio, *onis. m.* a fish called a rochet, a roach.
Rubellus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat red.
Rubeo, *äre, eul, —. neut.* to be red; to blush; to redden.
Ruber, bra, brum. adj. red; ruddy.
Rubescere, *äre, —. incept.* to grow or begin to be red; to redden.
Rubeta, *æ. f.* a toad that is somewhat red, a land toad; a sudrock; a poison drawn from it.
Rubetum, i. n. a bushy close full of brambles or a place where many bushes grow.
Rubeus, a, um. adj. red, ruddy.
Rubeus, a, um. adj. bushy or belonging to bushes.

Rubia, *æ. f.* the name of an herb giving a red colour.
Rubicundulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat red or ruddy.
Rubicundus, a, um. adj. ruddy, blood-red, very red.
Rubigalia, *drum. n. pl.* quæ et Robigalia, feasts in honour of Robigus.
Rubiginosus, a, um. adj. rusty, foul; envious, spiteful.
Rubigo, *inis. f. v.* Robigo, mildew; rust; rustiness of iron or brass; foulness.
Rubor, *oris. m.* redness; blushing, shamefacedness, modesty.
Rubrica, *æ. f.* red earth; vermilion, red lead, red ochre; the title or contents of a law book; a rubric; the civil law.
Rubricatus, a, um. part. coloured with red or marked with ruddle or red ochre.
Rubrico, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to colour red.
Rubricosus, a, um. adj. full of ruddle or red ochre.
Rubus, i. m. v. f. a bramble, a bush, the blackberry bush.
Ructatrix, *icis. f.* she that belches or breaks wind.
Ructio, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq.* to belch often.
Ructo, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to break wind upwards; to belch.
Ructor, *äri, ätus. dep.* to belch out.
Ructuosus, a, um. adj. that belches much or smells of belch.
Ructus, *us. m.* a belch, belching, or breaking of wind upwards.
Rudens, *tis. m. v. f.* a cable or great rope of a ship.
Ruderatio, *onis. f.* a laying of rubbish, a paving with rubbish or such like stuff.
Ruderatus, a, um. part. layed on with rubbish, paved with rubbish.
Rudero, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. unde pass.* Rudoror, to lay on old pieces of stone or rubble; to pave; to make a floor of rubble mixed with lime.
Rudarius, i. m. he that is discharged from sword-play.
Rudicula, *æ. f. dim.* a spatula, slice, or ladle, wherewith things that boil are stirred.
Rudimentum, i. n. the first rules or instruction; a rudiment; a principle; a beginning; the first trial of skill; an apprenticeship or freshmanship.
Rudis, *is, e. adj.* new, fresh; unwrought; rude, ignorant, unskilful, untaught; unacquainted, raw; unexperienced; unlearned, illiterate; rustic, clownish, homely.

Rudis, *is. f.* a ladle; a foil; a rod or wand; a discharge.
Rudo, *äre, divi, —. neut.* to bray like an ass; to roar.
Rudus, *eris. n.* olim raudus. rubble; rubbish.
Ruens, *tis. part.* [a ruo] falling, tumbling, ready to fall; rushing or running hastily; falling to decay.
Rufesco, *äre, —. incept.* to wax or be somewhat red.
Rufio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to make red.
Rufilli, *drum. pl. m.* the captains who were made by the consul or general, without the consent of the people.
Rufulus, a, um. adj. dim. reddish, somewhat red, russet.
Rufus et **Rufus**, a, um. adj. reddish, yellow; having red or yellowish hair.
Ruga, *æ. f.* a crumple, a plait, a fold; a wrinkle, a furrow; severity, austerity.
Rugatus, a, um. part. wrinkled, plaited, crumpled, rivelled or shrivelled.
Rugo, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to have wrinkles or plaits.
Rugosus, a, um. adj. rough, shrivelled; full of wrinkles, crumples or plaits, withered, furrowed.
Ruinus, a, um. adj. ready to fall, ruinous, in decay; pulled down, destroyed.
Rulla, *æ. f. dim.* the iron to the ploughman's staff, wherewith he cleanses the coulter; a paddle-staff.
Ruma, *æ. f.* a dug, teat, or pap.
Rumen, *inis. n.* a pap, a dug, a teat.
Rumex, *icis. m.* the herb called sorrel, green sauce or sour dock.
Ruminilis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to chewing the cud.
Ruminatio, *onis. f.* a chewing of the cud; a calling to remembrance or a considering and meditating on a thing.
Rumor, *oris. m.* a report, rumour, common fame, talk; a flim-flam tale, a story; reputation; a stream or course of water.
Rumpo, *äre, rüpi, ruptum. act.* to break; to burst; to tire; to weary; to break off; to dissolve; to rend; to tear; to mar; to spoil; to smudge; to afflict; to infringe; to violate.
Rumpus, i. m. branches whereby one vine is brought to another, and tied together.

Rūmascūlus, i. m. dim. *an idle story or tittle-tattle.*
Runcātio, ōnis. f. *a weeding.*
Runcātor, ōris. m. *a weeder.*
Runcina, m. f. *a large saw, to saw timber with; a plane which joiners use.*
Runcino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to smooth with a plane.*
Runco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to weed.*
Ruo, āre, rui, rūitum. neut. *to fall; to fall down; to rush; to run headlong; to break out with violence; to be ruined; to come in all haste; to come to loss; to be cheated or mistaken in a bargain. Act. to precipitate; to hurry; to throw; to tumble; to level; to pull down.*
Rūpes, is. f. *a rock or hill; a steep bank; a high downfall.*
Rūpicapra, m. f. *a wild goat.*
Ruptor, ōris. m. *a breaker; an infringer.*
Ruptus, a, um. part. *broken; torn; rent; burst; bursten-bellied; interrupted; made void; infringed, violated.*
Rūrālis, is. e. adj. *of or belonging to the country; rustic, rural.*
Rūrīcūla, m. c. g. *one living in the country; tilling or manuring the ground.*
Rūrigēna, m. c. g. *born in the country.*
Rūro, āre. neut. et **Rūror**, āri. dep. *to dwell in the country; to do country work.*
Rursum, adv. [qu. reversum] *on the contrary part; backward.*
Rursus, adv. *again; on the other side; a second time.*
Rus, rūris, n. in plur. *rura. the country, or a place without the city; a country house or farm where husbandry is exercised; a boor or rustic; rusticity, unpoliteness.*
Ruscārius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the shrub, rus-cum.*
Ruscum, i. n. et **Ruscus**, i. m. *butcher's broom, knee-helm, peity whin.*
Russātus, a, um. adj. *clad in reddish-coloured clothes.*
Russus, a, um. adj. v. **Russeus**. *of a flesh or carnation colour, a kind of red.*
Rusticānus, a, um. adj. *of the country, loutish, clownish, rustic.*
Rusticārius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the country or to country folk.*
Rusticātio, ōnis. f. *a dwelling in the country; a doing of country work.*
Rustice, adv. *country-like, rus-*

tically, rudely, clownishly, boorishly.
Rusticitas, ātis. f. *the country way or mode; plainness; rusticity, clownishness, rudeness, incivility, foolish bashfulness, churlishness.*
Rusticor, āri, ātus. dep. *to dwell in the country; to be in the country; to do country work.*
Rusticūla, m. f. sc. avis. *a rail, a woodcock.*
Rusticulus, a, um. adj. [a rus] *of the country, homely, rustic, plain, rude, simple.*
Rusticulus, i. m. dim. [a rusticus] *a countryman.*
Rusticus, a, um. adj. [a rus] *pertaining to the country; plain, simple, homebred, homely; illbred, rude, clownish.*
Rusticus, i. m. *a husbandman, a yeoman, a boor, a kind, a clown, a peasant, a countryman; an ignorant or unlearned person.*
Rūta, m. f. *the herb rue, herb-grace.*
Rūtātus, a, um. adj. *made or pickled with rue or herb-grace, or mingled with it.*
Rūtilesco, āre, — —. incept. *to grow somewhat ruddy.*
Rūtīlo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to shine; to glitter; to look red. Act. to make to shine or glitter like gold; to make bright yellow.*
Rūtīlus, a, um. adj. *fiery red; glittering, refulgent, resplendent; red-haired, carrot-pated.*
Rūttrum, i. n. *a mattock, a spade, a shovel, a pick-axe.*
Rūtūla, m. f. dim. [ex ruta herba] *small rue.*

S

SABĀTARIUS, ii. m. *a sabbatarian.*
Sabbāticus, a, um. adj. *keeping the sabbath.*
Sabbātum, i. n. *the sabbath, the Jew's sabbath day, the day of rest, the seventh day from the creation; the great day of the passover.*
Sābina, m. f. [sc. herba] *the herb savine.*
Sābūletum, i. n. *a gravel-pit.*
Sābūlo, ōnis. m. *gross sand or gravel.*
Sābūlosus, a, um. adj. *gravelly, sandy.*
Sābūlum, i. n. *fine gravel.*

Sāburra, m. f. *ballast or last targe.*
Sāburrālis, is. e. adj. *made of sand.*
Sāburrātus, a, um. part. *loaded with gravel, ballasted; stuffed, crammed with good cheer.*
Sāburro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to load with gravel; to ballast a ship.*
Saccārius, a, um. adj. *carrying sacks of corn or other commodity.*
Saccātus, a, um. part. *that is in a bag; strained through a bag; filtered.*
Saccārum, i. n. *sugar.*
Saccārium, ii. n. *a satchel, a bag, a scrip, a pouch, a sack, a cloak-bag, a wallet.*
Sacco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to strain through a bag; to filter.*
Saccūlus, i. m. dim. *a little sack, bag, pouch, or purse; a satchel.*
Saccus, i. m. *a sack, a large scrip; a money bag; a strainer.*
Sācellum, i. n. dim. [a sacrum] *a chapel, a little temple, or church.*
Sācer, cra, crum. adj. *sacred, holy, divine; solemn, awful; consecrated, devoted; instituted, established; rueful, to be dearly paid for; detestable horrible.*
Sācerdos, ōtis. c. g. *a priest or priestess; a minister of a church; an augur.*
Sācerdotīlis, is. e. adj. *of or belonging to priests or the priesthood.*
Sācerdotium, ii. n. *the state or office of a priest, the priesthood; a prebend, a benefice, a parsonage.*
Sācerdotūla, m. f. dim. *a priestess.*
Sācōdiolus, ii. f. *a precious stone of a violet colour, a kind of amethyst.*
Sācōma, ātis. n. *a counterpoise, likeness of weight.*
Sācra, crōrum. n. pl. *holy rites or mysteries of religion, solemnities, divine service.*
Sācrāmentum, i. n. *a gage in money laid down in the court by both parties that went to law; an oath, particularly the oath taken by soldiers to be true to their country and general.*
Sācrārium, ii. n. *a sextry, a vestry; a chapel; an oratory or closet appointed for divine worship.*
Sācrātus, a, um. part. et adj. *consecrated, hallowed, or devoted to God; sacred, enacted.*
Sācricūla, m. c. g. *a sacrificer a priest.*

Sacrifer, ōra, ōrum. adj. *that carries sacred things.*

Sacrificālis, is, e. adj. *belonging to a priest or to sacrifice.*

Sacrificatō, ōnis. f. *a sacrificing or offering.*

Sacrificium, ii. n. *a sacrifice.*

Sacrifico, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to sacrifice.*

Sacrificor, ūri, ūtus. pass. *to be sacrificed.* it. dep. *to sacrifice.*

Sacrificulus, i. m. *the master of the sacrifices, a priest; a despicable priest.*

Sacrificus, a, um. adj. *that is used in sacrifice or serves thereto.*

Sacrificus, i. m. *he that offers a sacrifice, a priest.*

Sacrilegium, ii. n. *sacrilege; any detestable or heinous offense.*

Sacrilegus, a, um. adj. *sacrilegious, guilty of sacrilege; wicked, ungodly, profane; a church-robber.*

Sacra, cris, cre. adj. *pure, holy, sacred, fit for holy uses.*

Sacro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to consecrate; to dedicate; to devote; to make honourable and reverend; to immortalize; to deify; to canonize; to accurse and detest; to outlaw; to excommunicate; to solemnize; to ratify.*

Sacrosanctus, a, um. adj. *sacred, inviolable; that may not be injured or violated on pain of death.*

Sacrum, cri. n. *any thing dedicated to the gods; a holy rite mystery; any solemn act; 'sacrosanct'; a sacrifice; the 1st sacrificed; religion.*

se, adv. *often times, many times, frequently.*

se, adv. *often times, very often.*

picule, adv. dim. *[a sepe] ser and anon, every now and then.*

Savio, ire, vivi et vii, vltum. neut. *to rage; to talk sharply; to be violent; to be fierce, fell, and cruel.*

Saviter, adv. *fiercely, boisterously, angrily; outrageously, violently.*

Savitia, ū. f. *cruelty, fierceness, tyranny; a severe chiding.*

Savitus, est, imper. *they exercised rage or cruelty.*

Savitus, imper. *rage and cruelty are exercised.*

Savus, a, um. adj. *fierce, cruel, stern, fell, pitiless, direful; outrageous, blustering, boisterous, furious; angry, displeased; great, extreme; strong, mighty, valiant, puissant.*

Saga, ū. f. *[sc. mulier] a subtle*

or wise woman; a witch, a sorceress, a hag.

Sagacitas, ūtis. f. *quickness of any sense; a sharpness of wit, a quickness of spirit, sagacity, subtlety, shrewdness, acuteness, judiciousness, ingenuity.*

Sagaciter, adv. *quickly smelling; shrewdly, subtly, apprehensively, artfully, judiciously.*

Sagapānon, i. n. *a kind of medicinal herb; a gum like ammoniac.*

Sagarius, ii. m. *[sc. mercator] a seller of soldiers' cloaks.*

Sagatus, a, um. adj. *apparelled in a soldier's cloak.*

Sagax, ūtis. adj. *[a sagio] quick-scented; quick of any sense; sagacious, subtle, sage, shrewd, cunning, apprehensive, smart, witty, acute, artful, ingenious, judicious, provident.*

Sāgena, ū. f. *a sweep-net; a drag-net, a weel, a sein.*

Sāgna, ū. f. *meat wherewith any thing is crammed or fattened; stuffing, any kind of meat, belly-timber; fatness, grossness; a coop or place to fatten things in; a frank.*

Sāgnārium, ii. n. *a stall, sty, pen, or coop.*

Sāgnatio, ōnis. f. *a fattening; a putting up of beasts or fowls to feed.*

Sāgnātus, a, um. part. *fallen, crammed.*

Sāgno, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to make fat; to pamper.*

Sāgio, ire, vi, itum. act. *to have a quick sense; to perceive quickly; to foresee; to guess at; to smell out.*

Sāgitta, ū. f. *an arrow, shaft, or dart; a bolt; a long shoot and twig of a vine or other tree, which is left in the pruning; a sign in the firmament; an herb, adder's tongue.*

Sāgittarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to arrows; that of which arrows are made.*

Sāgittarius, ii. m. *an archer, a shooter, a Bowman; one of the twelve signs, Sagittary.*

Sāgittifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. *that bears or wears arrows.*

Sāgittipōtens, ūis. c. g. *that can do much by shooting, a cunning archer; the sign Sagittary.*

Sāgito, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to shoot with a bow.*

Sāgmen, īnis. n. *the herb vervain.*

Sāgūlātus, a, um. adj. *that wears a short cassock.*

Sāgūm, i. a. dim. *a little cloak or cassock, worn over armour; a jacket.*

Sāgum, i. n. *a frock, a jacket, a soldier's coarse cloak or*

cassock; a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horses with.

Sāgus, a, um. adj. *knowing, presaging, divining.*

Sal, ūtis. m. et raro n. *salt; the sea; sense, parts, wisdom; mirth, wit, pleasant talk. Sales*, plur. *feats, quibbles, drolleries, raileries, repartees, smart or witty sayings; neatness.*

Sālācia, ū. f. *the goddess of the sea; the retiring of the waves or surge from the shore.*

Sālactus, ūtis. f. *lechery, lust, fulness, wantonness.*

Sālācon, ōnis. m. *a great boaster, who being extremely poor would fain be thought very rich.*

Sālāmandra, ū. f. *a salamander. Sālārium, ii. n. *a stipend, wages given to servants, a salary, a pension; an allowance, a daily maintenance in meat.**

Sālārius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to salt.*

Sālārius, ii. m. *a seller of salt or of salt meats; a salter.*

Sālax, ūtis. adj. *apt to leap, lecherous, lustful, wanton, goatish, lascivious; provocative or stirring to lechery.*

Sālēbra, ū. f. *[a saltu] a rough or rugged place; any difficulty.*

Sālēbrus, a, um. adj. *crabbed, difficult, uneven.*

Sālēs, ūm. m. pl. *Vid. Sal.*

Sālgāma, ūrum. pl. n. *[a sale] powdered meats; salads or fruits kept in brine or pickle.*

Sālgāmfrius, ii. m. *he who keeps or sells powdered meats or things pickled.*

Sālī, ūrum. m. plur. *heath-cocks.*

Sālīcastrum, tri. n. *an osier or withy.*

Sālīcārius, a, um. adj. *belonging to willows.*

Sālīcārius, ii. m. *he who takes care of a willow-ground.*

Sālīctum, i. n. *a grove of willows, a willow ground, an osier-bed; the willows themselves.*

Sālīens, tis. part. *leaping, dancing; purling or bubbling up; beating, panting, throbbing.*

Sālīens, tis. m. *the cock, pipe, or spout of a conduit or fountain.*

Sālīgneus, a, um. adj. *of willow.*

Sālīgnus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to willow or withy.*

Sālīlūm, i. v. dim. *a little salt-cellar.*

Sālīna, ū. f. *a salt-pit, a place where salt is made.*

Sālīnātor, ūris. m. *a salt-maker, a salter.*

Sālīnum, i. n. *a salt-cellar.*

SALIO, tre, ul et Ivi, saltum. neut. to leap; to jump; to dance; to skip; to hop; to rebound; to pelt down; to spring; to shoot out; to pant and beat. Act. to leap; to cover; to tread.

SALIO, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to season with salt.

SALISUBULUS, l. m. a morrice-dancer, one who dances and capers to music.

SALITURA, m. f. a powdering or salting; a seasoning with salt.

SALITUS, a, um. part. [a salio] salted; pickled.

SALIVA, m. f. spittle, slaver; juice, moisture; a jelly or slime; the taste, gust, or relish that any drink or meat gives.

SALIVARIUS, a, um. adj. clammy, of the consistence of spittle, pertaining to spittle.

SALIUNCA, m. f. a kind of spike or lavender.

SALIVO, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to spit; to guther or make spittle; to slaver; to salivate; also, to give a drink to horses or other beasts; to drench.

SALIVOUS, a, um. adj. that has a smack or taste of spittle; full of spittle.

SALIX, Icis. f. a willow or willow tree; a withy, an osier.

SALMO, Onis. m. a salmon.

SALUTRUM v. **potius** **SALONTRUM**, tri. n. salt-petre.

SALPYGIUM, li. n. v. **SALPUGIUM**, a wag-tail, a noted wag.

SALPA, m. f. stockfish.

SALSAMENTARIUS, a, um. adj. of or belonging to pickle, saltfish or any other salt thing; or to a fishmonger.

SALSAMENTARIS, li. m. he that selleth salt fish, a fishmonger.

SALSAMENTUM, i. n. all salt meat, flesh or fish.

SALSA, adv. wittily, merrily, pleasantly, smartly.

SALSILIGO, Inis. f. a salt liquor, strong brine, pickle.

SALSIPOTENS, tis. adj. that has power over the salt sea.

SALSTUDO, Inis. f. saltiness, brackishness.

SALSUGO, Inis. f. a salt liquor at the bottom of salt-pits, under the salt.

SALSURA, m. f. a salting, seasoning, or powdering; brine or pickle.

SALSUS, a, um. adj. ex part. salted or salt; merry, witty, sharp, smart, acute, jesting.

SALATIO, Onis. f. a dancing or leaping.

SALUTOR, Onis. m. a dancer, vault-er, or jumper.

SALUTORIUS, a, um. adj. of or

belonging to dancing, vaulting, &c.

SALTATRIX, Icis. f. a woman-dancer.

SALTATUS, tis. m. a jumping or dancing.

SALTEM, conj. at least; also, only.

SALTO, Ire, Ivi, Itum. freq. to leap, hop, jump, or dance often.

SALTO, Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. to dance; to jump; to hop; to skip.

SALTUOSUS, a, um. adj. full of woods or forests.

SALTUS, us et l. m. a forest, a thick wood, a thicket, a lawn in a park.

SALTUS, us. m. a leap, frisk, or skip.

SALUBER v. bris, bris, bre. adj. healthy, wholesome; sound, healthy; good, profitable, useful, advantageous.

SALUBRITAS, tis. f. wholesomeness, healthfulness; clearness, soundness.

SALUBRITER, adv. healthfully, wholesomely; profitably; safely.

SALVE, verb. defect. unds salvebis, salve, salveto; plur. salve, salvetote; salvere, good morrow, hail. At parting, farewell, adieu.

SALVE, Ire, —. neut. to be safe and sound; to be well; to be in good health.

SALVIA, m. f. the herb sage.

SALVATUM, l. n. a potion or drench made with sage.

SALVIO, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to give one a drench or posset of sage.

SALUM, l. n. the salt, the salt sea.

SALUS, tis. f. health; life; safety; remedy, help, or shift; a greeting, salutation, or wishing health; a bidding adieu, a taking leave of; the name of a Roman goddess.

SALUTARIS, is. e. adj. wholesome, healthful; healing; good, useful.

SALUTARTER, adv. wholesomely, medicinally, healthfully; advantageously.

SALUTATIO, Onis. f. a saluting or greeting; good morrow or good even; a salutation, a paying respect.

SALUTOR, Onis. m. a saluter.

SALUTATORIUM, li. n. the place or office of master of the ceremonies to a prince.

SALUTATORIUS, a, um. adj. belonging to saluting.

SALUTATRIX, Icis. f. a female saluter.

SALUTUS, a, um. part. saluted; visited; taken leave of.

SALUTIFER, Ire, Ivi, Itum. adj. bring-

ing health or safety; wholesome, healthful.

SALUTIGER, Ire, Ivi, Itum. adj. one that carries commendations to and fro.

SALUTIGERULUS, a, um. adj. he who brings commendations from another person, a gentleman usher.

SALUTO, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to salute; to greet; to bid good morrow or good even; to send commendations; to pay respect, honour, or worship; to bid farewell.

SALVUS, a, um. adj. safe, sound; well, in good health.

SAMBUCA, m. f. a dulcimer; a harp, a sackbut; a harper-chord; an engine of war to batter the walls of a town or to scale them.

SAMBUCOSUS, a, um. adj. of or belonging to an elder-tree.

SAMOUCINA, m. f. a woman that plays on a dulcimer or sackbut.

SAMBUCISTRIA, m. f. a female harper or sackbut player.

SAMBUCUS, l. f. an elder-tree.

SAMERA, m. f. the seed of an elm.

SAMIDUS, a, um. adj. dim. made of earth.

SAMIMUM, li. n. an earthen pot.

SAMIOS, a, um. adj. of Samos; earthen.

SAMNITES, um. m. pl. a kind of fencers or sword-players of Campania.

SAMBULUS, i. m. marsh-wort or fen-berry.

SAMOTHRACIAS, m. m. a kind of precious stone of Samothrace, black of colour, and light as wood.

SAMPAA, m. f. al. Sansa, the stone or kernel of an olive, or the flesh of it squeezed in the mill.

SAMPANICINUS, a, um. adj. made of marjoram.

SAMPANICHUS, chl. f. the herb called sweet marjoram.

SANABULUS, is. e. adj. that may be healed.

SANATIO, Onis. f. a healing or curing.

SANCIO, Ire, Ivi et xi, Itum et ctum. act. to make sacred; to consecrate; to establish, to ratify; to enact; to forbid by law; to dedicate.

SANCTUR, sanctum est. imper. it is made sacred or solemn; it is ordained.

SANCTUS, a, um. part. ordained, established, confirmed by law, ratified.

SANCTE, adv. holily, devoutly; firmly, certainly; inviolably, religiously, solemnly.

SANCTIMONIA, m. f. holiness, devoutness; honesty, integrity; chastity.

given again; redeemed, ransom-
ed.

Rēpente, adv. suddenly, un-
warned, unlooked for, all on a
sudden.

Rēpentinus, adv. on a sudden,
suddenly.

Rēpentinus, a, um, adj. [a re-
pentine] unlooked for, sudden,
unwarned.

Rēpercussio, ōnis, f. a re-
percussion or reflection.

Rēpercussus, a, um, part. strick-
en or beaten back; reflected,
reverberated, ringing again,
reechoed.

Rēpercussus, ūs, m. a striking
back or again; a reverberat-
ing; a reflection.

Rēpercussio, ēre, cussus, cussum.
act. to beat or strike back; to
invert; to turn against; to
reflect; to dazzle; to repel.

Rēpēro, ēre, pēri, pertum, act. [
ex re et pario] to find out; to
discover; to contrive; to de-
vise; to get; to acquire.

Rēpērito, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to
find; to acquire; to get.

Rēptor, ōris, n. a finder, in-
ventor, or discoverer; a maker.

Rēptum, i, n. an invention or
device.

Rēptus, a, um, part. found
out, discovered.

Rēptendus, a, um, part. et
Rēptundus, to be brought
back; to be fetched; to be
gone to again; regaining, re-
obtaining; repeated, done, or
said again; recollecting, re-
flecting.

Rēptitio, ōnis, f. a fetching
back, a demanding again; a
repetition or rehearsal, a go-
ing over again.

Rēptitor, ōris, m. a requirer or
 demander of a thing again;
 fetcher back.

Rēptus, a, um, part. fetched
back; begun again, renew-
ed; often struck at; repeat-
ed, rehearsed; done or said
again.

Rēptus, ēre, tili v. til, titum.
act. to ask or demand again;
to fetch; to seek; to recover;
to return to; to make to-
wards; to fetch back or again;
to go over again; to bring
back; to reduce; to call for;
to demand; to repeat; to re-
hearse; to revolve; to strike
or thrust at again.

Rēptundarum, gen. et Rēpt-
undis, abl. pl. bribery, extor-
tion, money unjustly taken in
view of one's office.

Rēpex, a, um, part. combed
again, smooth, trim, sleek.

Rēpleo, ēre, ēvi, ētum, act. to
fill up; to replenish; to make
to ring again.

Rēplētus, a, um, part. repl-

nished, filled; abounding, ac-
complished.

Rēplicatio, ōnis, f. an unfolding,
a conversion.

Rēplicatus, a, um, part. unfold-
ed; turned back.

Rēplico, ēre, cui, cūm v. ca-
tum, act. to unfold; to dis-
play; to bend back; to turn
the inside outward; to turn
over; to reply.

Rēplicitus, a, um, part. pro re-
plicitus, unfolded, peeled off.

Rēplum, i, n. a part of a door;
a door-check, or the leaf of a
door.

Rēplumbo, āre, āvi, ātum, act.
unde Rēplumbor, pass. to un-
solder; to separate silver
from lead.

Rēpo, ēre, pui, ptum, neut. to
creep; to crawl; to go soft-
ly; to run; to spread.

Rēpōno, ēre, pōui, ptum, act. to
put or set again; to lay on
again; to serve up again; to
lay down; to lay by; to rank;
to number; to place; to re-
build; to repair; to set up;
to repay; to requite; to re-
turn; to lay up; to reserve;
to pull back; to draw in; to
be even with; to render like
for like; to keep close; to
concent; to rehearse again;
to bring upon the stage;
to reply, to retort; to lay aside;
to lay stress upon; to confide in.

Rēportatus, a, um, part. brought
back; restored, repaired.

Rēporto, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to
bring or carry again; to re-
store; to report; to get.

Rēposco, ēre, pōsco, —, act. to
ask again; to claim; to de-
mand; to require.

Rēpōstōrium, ii, n. a side-
board; a store house; a cup-
board or counter; a ware-
house, a wardrobe.

Rēpōstus, a, um, part. laid up,
reserved, kept; set up again;
restored.

Rēpostor, ōris, m. a replacer.

Rēpostus, a, um, part. laid up;
remote, at a distance.

Rēpōtis, ōrum, pl. n. a feast or
banquet on the morrow after
the wedding-day.

Rēpräsentatio, ōnis, f. a repre-
sentation, a paying of ready
money down in hand.

Rēpräsentatus, a, um, part.
paid down.

Rēpresento, āre, āvi, ātum, act.
to represent; to resemble; to
be like to; to set forth in a
lively manner; to show; to
lay before; to exhibit; to do
or cause a thing to be done
presently; to pay money in
advance.

Rēprshendo, ēre, di, sum, act.
to catch again; to lay hold of;

to seize; to overtake; to re-
prehend; to reprove; to
blame; to rebuke; to dislike;
to find fault with; to censure;
to discommend; to reprimand;
to recall; to check; to con-
ceive; to understand.

Rēprehensio, ōnis, f. a re-
prehension; a check, carping,
censure, reprimand, reproof.

Rēprehenso, āre, āvi, ātum.
freq. unde part. reprehensus.
to take hold of one, and pluck
him back, often.

Rēprehenor, ōris, m. a repre-
hender, a carper, a reprover,
a controller.

Rēprehenus, a, um, part.
caught again; reprovod, cen-
sured.

Rēpressor, ōris, m. a restrainer,
curber, or holder in.

Rēpressus, a, um, part. stop-
ped, hindered, discounten-
ced; repressed, restrained,
kept or held in.

Rēprimo, ēre, ressi, ressum, act.
to keep within bounds, to con-
fine; to contain; to hinder;
to hold in; to restrain; to
repress; to snub; to check;
to discountenance.

Rēprobo, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to
disallow; to reject; to re-
prove; to dislike.

Rēprōmissio, ōnis, f. a binding
of one's self by promise, an
engagement.

Rēprōmitto, ēre, si, ssum, act.
to bind himself by promise of
covenant; to engage.

Rēptābundus, a, um, adj. creep-
ing or crawling along.

Rēptatio, ōnis, f. a creeping.

Rēptatus, ūs, m. a creeping or
growing up.

Rēpto, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. [a
repo] to creep along; to dade;
to go softly or slowly.

Rēpūbesco, ēre, bui, —, in-
cept. to wax young and lusty
again.

Rēpudiatio, ōnis, f. a refusal,
a rejecting or casting off; a
divorce; a disavowing.

Rēpudiatus, a, um, part. reject-
ed, refused, abandoned, di-
vorced, cast off, excepted a-
gainst, disowned.

Rēpudio, āre, āvi, ātum, act.
to divorce; to refuse; to aban-
don; to cast off; to disown;
to reject and slight; to except
against.

Rēpudiatus, a, um, adj. to be
divorced or put away; scan-
dalous, infamous.

Rēpudium, ii, n. a divorce.

Rēpūtrascio, ēre, —, in-
cept. to grow a child again.

Rēpugnater, adv. contrarily,
crossly, stubbornly, discontent-
edly.

Rēpugnancia, ōis, f. contrariety,

repugnancy, opposition, resistance, contradiction; antipathy; incompatibility.
 Répugno, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to repugn; to cross; to thwart; to oppose stiffly; to act contrary to; to disobey; to oppose; to resist; to defend against; to dissuade.
 Répulñilasco, *äre, —. incept.* to bud forth; to spring again.
 Répulñilo, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to bud or sprout forth.
 Répulsa, *m. f.* a repulse, a fall; a denial.
 Répulso, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq.* to drive or beat back often; to re-echo; to resound.
 Répulsus, *a, um. part.* driven or beaten back; rejected, refused; often stricken.
 Répulsus, *üs. m.* a putting or driving back; a striking again; a reflection or reverberation.
 Répulñicatio, *önis. f.* a polishing or sleeking with the pumice or slickens; a polishing of the buds of trees made rough with the frost.
 Répungo, *äre, —. act.* to prick or goad again; to vex again; to do one shrewd turn for another.
 Répurgatus, *a, um. part.* made serene, cleared.
 Répurgo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to make clean; to cleanse again or diligently.
 Répulñitio, *önis. f.* consideration, regard.
 Répüto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to think and think again; to consider; to revolve.
 Resquies, *ei et ätis. f.* rest, repose, quiet, ease; refreshment; respite, intermission.
 Resquiesco, *äre, ävi, ätum. incept.* to rest; to lie at rest; to sleep; to repose himself; to live at ease; to be at quiet; to rely; to acquiesce; to take delight or satisfaction in; to lie fallow. *Act.* to stay and make quiet; to stop or cause to stop.
 Resquiesus, *a, um. part. et adj.* having rested and taken ease, that hath lain untilled or fallow.
 Resquiro, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq.* to ask, seek, or inquire for a thing often.
 Resquiro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to seek again; to look for; to ask; to demand; to seek in vain; not to find; to stand in need of.
 Resquiritus, *a, um. part.* sought for, demanded; requisite; necessary.
 Res, *rei. f.* a thing; a fact, a deed; an affair, a concern, a

cause in law; a juncture or present occasion; ability, substance, circumstances; a purpose; a state, empire, or government; any business, post, or employment; money, wealth; profit, advantage; an argument, a subject, or matter treated of; power, valour; fortune or success; a way or manner; the universe, the world.
 Reservo, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to rage and bluster anew.
 Resalutatio, *önis. f.* a re-salutation; a courteous reply.
 Resaluto, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to salute one again.
 Reshresco, *äre, —. neut.* to return to one's right sense again; to recover one's sense.
 Resarcio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to patch; to mend; to compensate; to make amends for.
 Resciwens, *tis. part.* cutting off, abolishing.
 Rescindo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to cut off; to cut or break down; to break through; to open a passage; to retrench; to stop up; to break or till up; to lance a sore; to abolish; to make void; to set aside; to annul; to repeal; to renew.
 Rescio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to hear and understand of a matter; to come to the knowledge of it.
 Rescisco, *äre, —. incept.* to come to know; to advertise.
 Rescisus, *a, um. part.* cut down or asunder; cleft; lanced, opened; abolished, made void, abrogated, annulled.
 Rescribo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to write back; to write over again; to pay money by bill; to write against.
 Rescriptum, *ti. n.* a rescript or letter of an emperor or prince in answer to petitions or other letters; a brevet.
 Rescriptus, *a, um. part.* written again, new chosen.
 Reseco, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to pare; to clip; to cut off or out; to retrench; to take clean away; to sift too nicely; to examine too severely.
 Resero, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to pray contrary to that he desired before; to take off a curse or excommunication; to pray or desire again.
 Resectio, *önis. f.* [a resec] a paring or cutting.
 Resectus, *a, um. part.* [a resec] cut or pared off; shredded, shaven off, retrenched.
 Rescütus, *a, um. part.* [a resec] following again, answering, replying.
 Resedo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to appease; to allay.

Resegmen, *inis. n.* any thing cut off, a paring, a chipping.
 Resemino, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to sow again; to breed of its own seed.
 Reseräus, *a, um. part.* opened, unlocked.
 Resero, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to open; to unlock; to discharge; to discover; to set open.
 Resero, *äre, ävi, —. act.* to sow, set, or plant again.
 Reservo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to keep for time to come; to keep from another; to reserve; to keep alive.
 Reses, *idis. adj.* idle, slothful, lazy; unaccustomed.
 Resex, *öcis. m.* the vine branch, which is cut and springs again, and bears more fruit than it did before.
 Resides, *äre, ävi, —. neut.* to sit down; to rest or sit still; to remain; to abide; to cleave; to impend; to decline; to shrink; to sink down; to a base.
 Resido, *äre, ävi, —. neut.* to abide; to continue; to sit down; to be assuaged; to be calm; to go back; to retreat; to fix; to settle his abode.
 Residuum, *ul. n.* the rest, the remnant, that which is left in arrears; the residue.
 Residuus, *a, um. adj.* the rest, the remnant which is left, the residue or remainder.
 Resignatus, *a, um. part.* unsealed, discovered, resigned.
 Resigno, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to open what is sealed; to unseal; to close or fasten up; to abolish; to annul; to cancel; to discover; to declare; to resign; to surrender.
 Resilio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to leap, skip, or start back; to rebound; to recoil; to bounce up; to be obstinate; to shrink in; to grow tank; not to stick to; not to be fixed upon.
 Resimus, *a, um. adj.* having a chamoise nose, crooked upward.
 Resina, *m. f.* resin or the like gum running out of trees.
 Resinaceus, *a, um. adj.* of or like resin.
 Resinatus, *a, um. adj.* resined; made or mixed with resin; soft, effeminate, debauched.
 Resinosus, *a, um. adj.* full of resin, pitch, or gum; gummy, clammy.
 Respio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* [ez re et sapio] to savour; to smell; to taste or smack off; to be wise; to come to one's wits.
 Respicio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* to repent; to return to a right understanding; to come in

one's wits or senses again; to recover.

Resistitur, *impers. resistance is made.*

Resisto, *äre, stiti, stitum. neut. to stand up; to rise again; to stand still; to stay; to halt; to stop, as in speaking; to withstand; to resist; to hold against; to be good against.*

Resolvo, *äre, vi, lütum. act. to unloose; to untie; to unbind; to ungird; to open; to undo; to loosen; to make void; to mitigate; to relax; to discover; to explain; to pay back; to abolish; to take away; to dissolve; to soften; to melt; to enfeeble; to weaken; to confute; to refute; to scatter; to dissipate; to acquit; to absolve; to resolve; to reduce.*

Resolütio, *önis. f. a loosing.*

Resolütus, *a, um. part. et adj. unbound, loosed; hanging down, dishevelled; loose; enfeebled, enervated, weakened; broken up, ploughed, or digged; dissolute, effeminate; overjoyed.*

Resöndentia, *is, e. adj. ringing, yielding a sound again.*

Resönantia, *æ. f. a sounding again, an echo.*

Resönatür, *impers. a ringing sound is made.*

Resöno, *äre, nui et ävi, —. neut. to sound or ring again with an echo; to resound.*

Resönus, *a, um. adj. that sounds again; that makes an echo; ringing, resounding.*

Resörbeo, *äre, bui, ruptum. neut. to swallow or sup again.*

Respecto, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. [a respicio] to look back often; to have frequent regard to; to respect; to regard; to open; to gaze.*

Respectus, *üs. m. [a respicio] a looking back; a sight, a spectacle; consideration, regard, respect.*

Respergo, *äre, si, sum. act. to besprinkle; to dash.*

Respersio, *önis. f. a besprinkling.*

Resperaus, *üs. m. a sprinkling or dashing.*

Respicio, *äre, exi, ectum. act. to look back upon; to look; to consider; to mind; to regard; to respect; to surcour; to belong; to appertain.*

Respirämen, *inis. n. the passage of the breath, the windpipe.*

Respiratio, *önis. f. a breathing or fetching breath; respiration; a venting of exhalation or steam.*

Respiro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. et neut. to take or fetch breath; to breathe; to be refreshed or eased; to have some revolve.*

to recover; to breathe forth, and send out.

Resplendeo, *äre, dul, —. neut. to shine bright; to glitter.*

Respondeo, *äre, äi, sum. neut. to answer; to reply; to re-echo; to agree; to act suitably; to correspond; to appear; to answer; to give counsel; to succeed; to answer expectation; to stand or be set right over against; to pay; to satisfy.*

Responsio, *önis. f. an answer; also, agreeableness.*

Responsito, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. [a seq.] to answer often; to give counsel in law.*

Responsio, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. [a respondeo] to answer; to echo; to answer saucily; to give cross answers; to resist; to oppose; to agree with; to suit with.*

Responsor, *öris. m. a counselor at law.*

Responsum, *i. n. an answer, a reply, a rejoinder; an oracle, a prophecy; an opinion of the learned in the law.*

Responsus, *üs. m. proportion, answerableness, suitability, conformity, analogy.*

Res-publica, *rei-publicæ. f. a commonwealth; the public weal; a state. Scrib. contract. resp. remp. et R. P. item divise res publica.*

Respuo, *äre, pui, pütum. act. to spit out again; to dash or spout upon; not to abide; to cast or throw back; to refuse; to reject; to disgust; to dislike; to slight.*

Restagnatio, *önis. f. an overflowing or running over.*

Restagno, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to run over; to overflow; to stagnate.*

Restans, *tis. part. resisting; remaining.*

Restat, *impers. it remains.*

Restauro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to restore; to make again; to repair; to revive; to rebuild; to recruit; to renew; to amend.*

Restibilis, *is, e. adj. which bears every year; sown or tilled every year.*

Resticilla, *æ. f. dim. a little rope or cord; a whip-cord.*

Restillo, *äre, ävi, ätum. to drop back again.*

Restinctio, *önis. f. a quenching, a putting out, a stinting.*

Restinctus, *a, um. part. quenched, put out, extinguished; stinted, allayed.*

Restinguo, *äre, axi, nctum. act. to quench; to extinguish; to put out; to staunch; to qualify; to allay; to pacify; to appease; to destroy utterly.*

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Restio, *önis. m. a rope or cord maker; one beat with ropes.*

Restio, *ire, ivi, itum. neut. to be tilled every year.*

Restipiatio, *önis. f. a reciprocal engagement, a counter band.*

Restipulor, *äri, ätus. dep. to make an answer in the law; to lay in a pledge; to answer to an action; to engage naturally; to enter into covenant.*

Restis, *is. f. a halter or cord; a rope or cable; the ends of garlic, by which one head is tied to another; some other tough weeds, used in tying them together.*

Restito, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to stay or stop often by the way; to draw back; to struggle.*

Restitrix, *icis. f. she that rests or remains behind.*

Restituo, *äre, tui, tütum. act. to put or set again in his first state; to restore; to render; to yield again; to surrender; to repair; to renew; to make good; to rally; to set in order; to set to rights.*

Restitutio, *önis. f. a restitution, a making good; satisfaction, a rebuilding.*

Restitutor, *öris. m. a restorer.*

Resto, *äre, stiti, olim ävi, itum. neut. [ex re et sto] to stay; to stand; to remain; to keep his ground; to stand in a thing; to face it out.*

Restrictio, *adv. straitly, sparingly, pinchingly; precisely, nicely, exactly.*

Restrictus, *a, um. part. et adj. hard or fast bound; close, not full; pinching, covetous, niggardly, hide-bound; restrained, straitened.*

Restringo, *äre, axi, ictum. act. to restrain; to bind; to stop; to stay; to loose; to unbind.*

Resüdo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. et neut. to sweat out again.*

Resüto, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. to leap back; to rebound; to hop; to skip; to leap; to resound; to echo.*

Resümo, *äre, psi, ptum. act. to take up again; to resume.*

Rëno, *äre, sui, sütum. act. unde part. resütus. to rip that which is sewed; to unstitch.*

Resüpnatus, *a, um. part. lying on his back, effeminate.*

Resüplino, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to turn upward; to lay one on his back; to turn upside down; to search into.*

Resüpnus, *a, um. adj. turned with the belly upward; lying along on his back; effeminate.*

Rëurgo, *äre, surrexi, rectum. neut. to rise or flourish again; to be renewed; to recover; to become better.*

Rēuscillo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to raise or set up again; to rouse; to awake.
Retardatio, ōnis. f. a letting, stopping, or hindering.
Rētardo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to hinder; to let; to stop; to stay; to retard.
Rētaxo, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to check; to blame; to tax one.
Rēte, is. n. a net; a snare or trap.
Rēctus, a, um. part. discovered; close covered.
Rētēgo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to lay open; to disclose; to reveal.
Rētendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to unbind; to slacken.
Rētentus, a, um. part. often assayed or tried.
Retentio, ōnis. f. a retaining or keeping back; retention; a withholding or deferring.
Rētento, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to try again; to re-attempt; to essay.
Rētento, ēre, ēvi, ātum. freq. to hold back; to stop.
Rētentus, a, um. part. [a retento] unbound.
Rētentus, a, um. part. [a retineo] kept or detained; retained, held in, stayed.
Rētentus, ūs. m. a holding back, a holding fast.
Rētexo, ēre, xul, xtum. act. to unweave; to untwist; to untwine; to unwind; to do or begin over again; to renew; to bring to mind again; to recall.
Rētexus, a, um. part. unwoven, unwound, discovered.
Rētūsus, ūs. m. a fence that went with a net to cast over his adversary.
Rētūcentia, m. f. a holding one's peace, a concealing, a suppressing.
Rētūceo, ēre, cui, —. act. to hold one's peace; to say nothing; to conceal.
Rētūcūlus, a, um. adj. made like a net or lattice.
Rētūculum, i. n. dim. [a rete] a little or casting net; a cast of net work; a net or little bag; a sance, a little sieve; a boulder; a twig basket made like a net; a racket to play with at tennis.
Rētūculus, i. m. a basket of coars; a little net; a lattice.
Rētūscūlum, i. n. a string, a tie; a stay; the cable of an anchor or anchor rope; the halser of a ship, the rein of a bridle.
Rētūtentia, m. f. a keeping, holding, or retaining.
Rētūteo, ēre, nul, tentum. act. to hold or keep back or in; to restrain; to govern; to retain; to preserve; to hold;

to hold fast; to remember; to hold up; to keep and maintain; to keep to himself; to purloin; to delight; to forbear.
Rētūtondo, ēre, di, sum. act. to unwe part. retensius, to clip; to shear.
Rētūno, ēre, ul, itum. neut. to make a great noise; to sound or thunder again.
Rētūtorqueo, ēre, rui, sum. act. to writhe back; to turn or cast back; to bandy or toss to and fro; to untwist; to unweath; to reflect.
Rētūtorresco, ēre, —. incept. to grow dry with parching heat.
Rētūtorride, adv. as it were burnt with the sun or dry with heat; scorchtly.
Rētūtorridus, a, um. adj. very dry, parched with heat, burnt, scorched, shrivelled, wrinkled with age, wainscot-complexioned.
Rētūtatus, a, um. part. toasted, parched, scorched.
Retractatio, ōnis. f. a retraction, a revoking of one's opinion; a palinody; a refusal, tergiversation, boggling, delay.
Retractatus, a, um. part. et adj. corrected, amended, revised, perused.
Retracto, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to handle or touch again; to treat of or consider again; to peruse; to look over; to dress; to vamp up; to order afresh; to repeal and make void; to retract; to recant and unsway; to correct; to amend. Neut. to draw back; to dodge; to boggle; to consider and bethink himself.
Retractus, a, um. part. [a retraho] et adj. drawn or pulled back; taken, seized, and brought back; far removed.
Retrahō, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to draw or pull back; to withdraw; to recover again; to restore; to preserve.
Retribuo, ēre, bul, bŭtum. act. to render; to give again; to recompense; to restore; to repay.
Retritumentum, i. n. the sediment or dregs.
Retro, adv. [a re] behind, back, backward, on the backside; before, or in time past.
Retractus, a, um. part. driven back again, inverted, read backward.
Retrōgo, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. to drive or throw back.
Retrōcedo, ēre, cessi, cessum. neut. to go or give back; to retire; to recoil; to flinch.
Retrōdictus, a, um. adj. ex part. crooked.

Retrōdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or draw backward.
Retrōdo, ēre, ūvi, sum. neut. to go back; to return.
Retrōgredior, di, gressus. dep. to recoil; to turn back; to go backward.
Retrōgrādus, a, um. adj. going backward, retrograde.
Retrōlego, ēre. melius retro lego] act. to sail back, unto, or by.
Retrorsum, adv. backward.
Retrorsus, adv. backward.
Retrorsus, a, um. adj. turned backward.
Retrūdō, ēre, ai, sum. act. to thrust back.
Retrūsus, a, um. part. [a retrudo] hidden; abstruse, difficult.
Rētūndo, ēre, tūdi, tūsum et naum. act. to blunt; to dull; to turn the edge; to quell; to allay; to repress; to silence.
Retunsus, a, um. part. quelled.
Rētūsus, a, um. part. blunted, dulled, quelled. Adj. dull, blunt.
Rētūlesco, ēre, ūl, —. incept. to grow well again; to recover his health.
Rētūnesco, ēre, ui, —. incept. unde revanui, to vanish away again.
Rētūno, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or carry back again; to import.
Rētūvello, ēre, velli, vulsum. act. to luck, pull, or tear off, out, or away; to plough; to break up; to extirpate.
Rētūvenio, ēre, vŭi, ventum. neut. to come again; to come back to return.
Rētūvenitur, ventum est. impera. people come again or are restored.
Rētūvera, [i. e. verē] in very deed, in good earnest; in reality, truly.
Rētūverhō, ēre, ēvi, ātum. act. to strike or beat back again; to reverberate.
Rētūverena, tis. part. et adj. revering, fearing; reverent, respectful, full of regard, devoted.
Rētūverenter, adv. reverently, anxiously, devoutly.
Rētūverentia, m. f. regard, respect; reverence, awe, submission; fear, concern for.
Rētūveror, ēri, veritus. dep. to stand in awe of; to fear; to revere; to have in reverence.
Rētūverso, ēre, verri, versum. act. to sweep back or over again.
Rētūversio, et ant. Rētūversio, ūb. f. a coming back again.
Rētūverto, ēre, ti, sum. act. to

turn back; to *tumble over*; to *revolve*; to *return*; to *come again*.
 Rēvertor, ti, versus dep. to *return*. *come back*, or *again*.
 Rēvideo, ēre, di, sum. act. to *go back to see*.
 Rēvileſco, ēre, lui, —. incept. to *become vile*, and of *no account*.
 Rēvincio, īre, nxi, nctum. act. to *tie*; to *bind*; to *gird*.
 Rēvinco, ēre, vici, victum. act. to *convince*; to *prove*; to *confute*.
 Revinctus, a, um. part. *bound fast*; *encircled*, *surrounded*.
 Rēviresco, ēre, rui, —. incept. to *become green again*; to *reſce*; to *flourish*; to *grow young again*; to *take heart again*.
 Rēviſto, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. freq. to *revisit*; to *go to see again*.
 Rēvto, ēre, si, sum. act. to *return* or *come again to see*; to *revisit*; to *reply a visit*; to *return*.
 Rēvivoſco, ēre, rēvixi, ctum. incept. to *recover life*; to *revive again*; to *grow or come up again*.
 Reimctor, tris. m. a *servant* or *attendant* to a *physician* or *surgeon*, who *attended them that used wrestling*, and *such other exercises*.
 Rēvōcābilis, is, e. adj. that may be *recalled*; that may be *recompensed*.
 Rēvōcāmen, mis. n. a *recall* or *calling back*.
 Rēvōcāto, ōnis. f. a *recalling* or *calling back*.
 Rēvōco, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to *recall*; to *call back*; to *reſore*; to *reſume*; to *begin anew*; to *call in*; to *call for*; to *reſer*; to *judge*; to *try*; to *withdraw*; to *invite again*.
 Rēvōlo, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. to *fly back again*; to *hasten*.
 Rēvōlūtilis, is, e. adj. that may be *rolled* or *tumbled back again*.
 Rēvolvō, ēre, lvi, lūtum. act. to *roll* or *tumble over or back again*; to *turn over*; to *go over again*; to *undergo*; to *suffer*; to *revolve*; to *reſlect upon*; to *conſider again*; to *peruſe again*.
 Rēvolutus, a, um. part. *tumbled*, *brought*, or *turned back again*; *wound off*; *returning*.
 Rēvōmo, ēre, mui, mltum. act. to *vomit*; to *cast up again*; to *diſgorge*.
 Reus, a, um. adj. *arraigned*, *impleaded*; *obliged to perform*, *obnoxious*.
 Reus, i. in. [sc. homo] the *deſendant*; a *ſurety*.
 Rēvulſio, ōnis. f. a *pulling up*;

a *plucking away or back*; *revulſion*.
 Rēvulſus, a, um. part. *pulled off*; *plucked or torn up or away*.
 Rex, rēgia. m. a *king*; the *king of Perſia*; a *prince of the blood*; a *ruler or governor*; a *chief*; a *great man*; a *tutor*; a *rich man*; a *patron*; a *titular or nominal king*; a *chief governor*; a *tyrant*.
 Rhāchius, i. in. a *ſh of a brown dun color*.
 Rhācōna, ſtis. n. a *kind of herb which comes from beyond Pontus*.
 Rhāgion, ſi. n. a *little venomous ſpider*, with *very ſhort feet*.
 Rhāgoides, is. f. the *third coat which encompaſſeth the eye*, wherein is the *hole by which we ſee*.
 Rhannus, i. m. a *white bramble called rhann*; *buckthorn*, the *rhinberry-buſh*.
 Rhapſodia, ſ. f. a *rhapsody* or *book of Homer's poems*.
 Rhēla, ſ. f. a *chariot*, *coach*, *caluſh*, or *caroach*.
 Rhēlſtrius, a, um. adj. of or *ſerving for a cart*, *chariot*, or *coach*.
 Rhēlſtrius, li. m. a *carter*, a *charioteer*, or *coachman*.
 Rhēlo, ōnis. m. a *thick garment ſurred*, or *made of ſkins*, covering the *ſhoulders* and *breaſt*; a *caſſock* or *jacket made of ſkins*.
 Rhētor, ōris. m. a *rhetorician* or *rhetoric-maſter*.
 Rhētorica, ōrum. pl. n. [sc. praecepta] *books or precepts of rhetoric*.
 Rhētorica, ſ. v. Rhētorice, ſ. f. *rhetoric*, *oratory*, the *art of ſpeaking handſomely*.
 Rhētorice, adv. *rhetorically*, like an *orator*.
 Rhētoricōſus, more *orator-like*, more *eloquent*.
 Rhētoricus, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to rhetoric*; *rhetorical*.
 Rhētoricus, i. m. [sc. liber] a *book of rhetoric*.
 Rheumatismus, a, um. adj. *rheumatic*, that is *troubled with rheum*.
 Rheumatismus, i. m. [a rheuma] a *flux*, the *disease of rheum*, a *rheumatism*.
 Rhexia, ſ. f. herba proprio nomine *Onochilus dicta*.
 Rhina, ſ. f. a *ſnail*.
 Rhinoceros, ōtis. m. the *rhinoceros*; a *vessel with a long ſnout*, out of which *oil was dropped upon the people as they bathed*.
 Rhizagra, ſ. f. a *ſurgeon's inſtrument to draw out a ſplinter, bone, or tooth*.
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Rhizias, m. m. the *juice of the root laſerptium*.
 Rhizōtōmus, i. m. a *gatherer of roots*; *also*, a *kind of iris*.
 Rhōdinus, a, um. adj. *Lat. Roſaceus*. of or *belonging to roſes*; *made of roſes*.
 Rhōdites, m. m. a *precious ſtone of a roſe colour*.
 Rhōdodaphne, ſ. f. a *ſhrub having a flower like a roſe*, and a *leaf like the laurel* or *bay*.
 Rhōdōdendros, i. f. et Rhōdō dendron, i. n. a *tree with leaves like an almond-tree*, but *larger* called an *oleander*.
 Rhōdorea, ſ. f. an *herb having a leaf like a nettle*, and a *flower like a roſe*.
 Rheotus, a, um. adj. *fluid*.
 Rheotes, m. m. *pomegranate wine*.
 Rhoibus, i. m. a *ſpinning-wheel*, *reel*, *whirl*, or *turn*; a *kind of rolling inſtrument*, with which *witches uſed to fetch the moon out of heaven*; a *ſh* called a *birt* or *turbet*.
 Rhomphaea, ſ. f. a *kind of long Thracian ſword*; a *two-hand-ed ſword*; a *tuck*.
 Rhonchōs, cli. m. a *ſnorting*; a *mocking*, a *ſcoff*, a *jeer*.
 Rhopſion, i. n. a *water lily*.
 Rhus, i. m. et f. a *bushy ſhrub called ſumach*.
 Rhus, i. n. [ab eodem] the *ſeal of the ſhrub of that name*.
 Rhynas, ſtis. f. the *disease of the eyes when they water continually*.
 Rhyndrogrāphus, phi. m. a *painter of trifles* or *mean things*.
 Rhythmicus, i. m. [a poe.] a *rhymor* or *rhyming poet*; a *rhyme-doggerel*, a *ballad-maker*.
 Rhythmus, i. m. *metre*, *rhythm*, *number* or *harmony in ſpeaking*.
 Rhytion, li. n. a *vessel* or *cup like a half moon*.
 Rica, ſ. f. a *woman's hood*, a *little cloak*; a *kerchief*.
 Ricinium, li. n. a *woman's ſhort cloak*.
 Richus, i. m. a *vermin* called a *tike*.
 Rictum, i. n. a *grinning*, a *threatening*.
 Rictus, ſis. m. a *grinning* or *ſcornful opening of the mouth in laughing*; a *threatening*; the *mouth*, a *jaw*, or *chap*.
 Rileo, ēre, riſi, riſum. neut. v. act. to *laugh*; to *laugh at*; to *mock*; to *ſcorn*; to *ſcoff*; to *ſmile*; to *look pleaſant*; to *ſhine* and *glitter*; to *pleaſe*.
 Rikibundus, a, um. adj. *inclined to laughing*, *waggish*.

Ridica, *æ. f.* a strong prop.
Ridicula, *æ. f. dim.* a little stake or fork.
Ridiculāria, *ōrum. n. pl.* jests or things to be laughed at.
Ridicule, *adv.* ridiculously, simply, by way of droll, pleasantly.
Ridiculum, *i. n.* a jest or joke; a silly business.
Ridiculus, *a, um. adj.* merry, frolic; ridiculous, silly; a droll.
Rigatio, *ōnis. f.* a watering, moistening, or wetting.
Rigeo, *ēre, gūl. —.* neut. to be very cold or chill; to be frozen; to stand stiff, upright, or on end; to stare; to be thick and hard.
Rigescō, *ēre, —.* incept. to grow stiff with ice.
Rigide, *adv.* closely, firmly, stiffly.
Rigiditas, *ātis. f.* stiffness, severity.
Rigidor, *ārī, ātus. pass.* to be made stiff.
Rigidus, *a, um. adj.* cold, frozen; stiff, hard; close stuck; rigid, severe; resolute, inflexible; cruel, fierce, rough.
Rigo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to water; to wet; to moisten; to cultivate.
Rigor, *ōnis. m.* [a rigeo] a great stiff cold; hardness; roughness, stiffness; the cold fit of an ague; rigour, harshness, strictness.
Rigōrātus, *a, um. adj.* made stiff or hard.
Rigum, *ul. n.* [a rigo] a watering.
Riguus, *a, um. adj.* moist, wet, waterish; that waters or is watered.
Rima, *æ. f.* a rift, cleft, or chap in wood or stone, where it is not closely joined, a chink, a cranny, a fissure.
Rimor, *ārī, ātus. dep.* to search; to pry into; to peep; to spy; to seek into every corner and hole; to examine diligently.
Rinōsus, *a, um. adj.* full of clefts and chinks, leaky.
Rimula, *æ. f. dim.* a little or small chink, flaw, chap, or cleft.
Ringo, *ēre, rinxi, rictum. act. v. potius*
Ringor, *gi, rictus. dep.* to grin; to show the teeth; to wry the mouth; to fret; to chafe; to make faces.
Ripa, *æ. f.* the bank of a river; the sea-shore, the sea-side.
Riparius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to the banks.
Ripula, *æ. f. dim.* a little water-bank.
Riscus, *ci. m.* a covered coffer, a trunk

Risio, *ōnis. f.* a laughing, a subject of laughter.
Risor, *ōris. m.* a laugh, a mocker.
Risus, *ūs. m.* laughter, laughing.
Rite, *adv.* rightly, aright, with due form and ceremony, according to custom, as it should be, or as one should do; in due form and course of law.
Rites, *is, m. in abl.* rite. *Vid.* **Ritus**.
Rituali, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to customs, rites, or ceremonies; ritual.
Ritus, *ūs. m.* a rite or ceremony; a course or order; a way, fashion, or manner.
Rivallis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a river.
Rivalis, *is. m.* a rival; one who vies with another.
Rivaltus, *ātis. f.* rivalry.
Rivulus, *i. m. dim.* a little brook, a rill; a consequence, an effect.
Rivus, *i. m.* a brook, a river.
Rixa, *æ. f.* a squabbling, a brawling, a chiding, or scolding; strife, a quarrel, a dispute; altercation, jar, debate.
Rixator, *ōris. m.* a brawler, a wrangler.
Rixor, *ārī, ātus. dep.* [a rixa] to brawl; to scold; to strive; to quarrel; to resist; to be reluctant.
Rixosus, *a, um. adj.* quarrelling, apt to fight, full of brawling or squabbling.
Robigalia, *um. n. pl.* a feast to the god Robigus, in order to deprecate blasting and mildew.
Roboreus, *a, um. adj.* made of oak, or such like strong timber.
Robbro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to strengthen; to make strong; to fortify; to enforce.
Robur, *ōris. n.* oak of the hardest kind, heart of oak, timber; strength of body, mind, or of any thing generally; courage or stoutness; force, ableness to endure and hold out; the stocks or some such place in a prison.
Roburneus, *a, um. adj.* of an oak.
Robustus, *a, um. adj.* strong like oak, made of oak, oaken.
Robustus, *a, um. adj.* made of oak; hale, lusty, able; hardy, sturdy; strong, firm; yielding a strong nourishment.
Rodo, *ēre, rosi, rosum. act.* [a rado] to gnaw; to gnash; to eat; to wear away; to backbite; to speak ill of.
Rodialis, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a funeral.
Rogatio, *ōnis. f.* a question, an

interrogation, a demand, a request; the proposing of a bill to pass the senate.
Rogatiōicula, *æ. f. dim.* a small request, a motion in senate, a parliament bill.
Rogator, *ōris. m.* a demander, a desirer, a requester, a beggar; the speaker of parliament, the chairman of a committee.
Rogatus, *a, um. part.* asked, desired, entreated; courted, wooed; made, ordained, established.
Rogatus, *ūs. m.* a desire, a suit; a question.
Rogatio, *ōnis. f.* a statute, an order of the commons.
Rogito, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq.* to desire; to beg; to entreat; to invite; to enquire.
Rogo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to beg; to crave; to desire; to entreat; to request; to demand; to inquire; to borrow; to propose a law in the senate; to bring in a bill.
Rogus, *gi. m.* a funeral pile.
Rōrarius, *ii. m.* the light-armed soldiers who made the first skirmish, q. d. dew-beaters.
Roratio, *ōnis. f.* a falling of dew; a fault in vines; a blasting of grapes.
Roratus, *a, um. part.* bedewed, wet with dew, dewy.
Roresco, *ēre, —.* incept. to be wet with dew; to be dewy.
Rorifer, *ārī, ārum. adj.* that makes or brings dew.
Roro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a ros] to drop like dew; to drizzle; to bedew; to besprinkle.
Rorulentus, *a, um. adj.* full of dew, dewy.
Ros, *rōris. m.* dew; any liquor.
Rōsa, *æ. f.* a rose; a compliment to a sweetheart; oil of roses.
Rōsaceum, *ei. n.* [sc. oleum] oil of roses.
Rōsaceus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to roses.
Rōsarium, *ii. n.* a rosier; a garden or bed of roses; a place where roses grow.
Rōsarius, *a, um. adj.* of roses.
Roscidus, *a, um. adj.* [a ros] wet or moistened with dew; dewy.
Rōscitum, *i. n.* a garden of roses, a place planted with roses, a bed of roses.
Rōseus, *a, um. adj.* of roses; the colour of roses, fair, red, rosy.
Rōsio, *ōnis. f.* a gnawing, nibbling, biting, or gripping.
Rōsmārtinus, *i. m. v.* Rosmārtinum, n. et divise ros maritima, rosemary.
Rōsmāris, *is. m. pot.* divisim ros maritima, a rosemary-tree.

Rostellum, i. n. dim. a little bill, beak, or snout.
Rostra, ōrum. n. pl. the beaks of birds, &c. the place of common pleas at Rome.
Rostratus, a, um. adj. beaked, or snouted; that has a bill, beak, or snout; that has a stem.
Rostrum, tri. n. the beak, bill, or nib; the snout; a man's nose; the stem or beak of a ship.
Rota, æ. f. a wheel; a chariot, a kind of torture used on a wheel; a kind of wild goat; a kind of whale or great sea-fish.
Rotatio, ōnis. f. a wheeling about.
Rotator, ōris. m. a whirler or turner round.
Rotatus, a, um. part. turned or swung round; whirled about.
Rotatus, ūs. m. a turning round.
Roto, ære, āvi, ātum. act. to turn a thing round; to swing or whirl about; to brandish; to shake; to toss.
Rotilla, æ. f. dim. a little wheel or reel.
Rotundatio, ōnis. f. a turning or making round.
Rotundatus, a, um. part. made round.
Rotunde, adv. roundly; aptly, elegantly, compactly, volubly.
Rotunditas, itis. f. roundness.
Rotundo, ære, āvi, ātum. act. et pass. Rotundor, to make round; to round; to pile up in a round heap; to make -p.
Rotundus, a, um. adj. [a rota] and, circular, globular; tick, nimble, voluble; comely, neat, fine, handsome.
Rotacio, ære, ūs. factum. i. to make red; to make one ish.
Rotactus, a, um. part. made d.
Rubellianus, a, um. adj. of a red colour.
Rubellio, ōnis. m. a fish called a rochet, a roach.
Rubellus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat red.
Rubeo, ære, bul, —. neut. to be red; to blush; to redden.
Ruber, bra, brum. adj. red; ruddy.
Rubescō, ære, —. incept. to grow or begin to be red; to redden.
Rubeta, æ. f. a toad that is somewhat red, a land toad; a ruddock; a poison drawn from it.
Rubetum, i. n. a bushy close full of brambles or a place where many bushes grow.
Rubeus, a, um. adj. red, ruddy.
Rubeus, a, um. adj. bush, or belonging to bushes.

Rubia, æ. f. the name of an herb giving a red colour.
Rubicundulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat red or ruddy.
Rubicundus, a, um. adj. ruddy, blood-red, very red.
Rubigalia, ōrum. n. pl. quæ et Robigalia, feasts in honour of Robigus.
Rubiginosus, a, um. adj. rusty, foul; envious, spiteful.
Rubigo, Inis. f. v. Robigo, mildew; rust; rustiness of iron or brass; foulness.
Rubor, ōris. m. redness; blushing, shamefacedness, modesty.
Rubrica, æ. f. red earth; vermilion, red lead, red ochre; the title or contents of a law book; a rubric; the civil law.
Rubricatus, a, um. part. coloured with red or marked with ruddle or red ochre.
Rubrico, ære, āvi, ātum. act. to colour red.
Rubricosus, a, um. adj. full of ruddle or red ochre.
Rubus, i. m. v. f. a bramble, a bush, the blackberry bush.
Ructatrix, icis. f. she that belches or breaks wind.
Ructio, ære, āvi, ātum. freq. to belch often.
Ructo, ære, āvi, ātum. neut. to break wind upwards; to belch.
Ructor, āri, ātus. dep. to belch out.
Ructuosus, a, um. adj. that belches much or smells of belch.
Ructus, ūs. m. a belch, belching, or breaking of wind upwards.
Rudens, tis. m. v. f. a cable or great rope of a ship.
Ruderatio, ōnis. f. a laying of rubbish, a paving with rubbish or such like stuff.
Ruderatus, a, um. part. layed on with rubbish, paved with rubbish.
Rudero, ære, āvi, ātum. act. unde pass. Rudoror, to lay on old pieces of stone or rubble; to pave; to make a floor of rubble mixed with lime.
Rudicarius, ii. m. he that is discharged from sword-play.
Rudicula, æ. f. dim. a spatule, slice, or ladle, wherewith things that boil are stirred.
Rudimentum, i. n. the first rules or instruction; a rudiment; a principle; a beginning; the first trial of skill; an apprenticeship or freshman'ship.
Rudis, is, e. adj. new, fresh; unwrought; rude, ignorant, unskilful, untaught; unacquainted, raw; unexperienced; unlearned, illiterate; rustic, clownish, homely.
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Rudis, is. f. a ladle; a foil; a rod or wand; a discharge.
Rudo, ære, divi, —. neut. to bray like an ass; to roar.
Rudus, eris. n. olim raudus. rubble; rubbish.
Ruens, tis. part. [a ruo] falling, tumbling, ready to fall; rushing or running hastily; falling to decay.
Rufesco, ære, —. incept. to wax or be somewhat red.
Rūfo, ære, āvi, ātum. act. to make red.
Rufūli, ōrum. pl. m. the captains who were made by the consul or general, without the consent of the people.
Rufulus, a, um. adj. dim. reddish, somewhat red, russet.
Rufus et **Rufus**, a, um. adj. reddish, yellow; having red or yellowish hair.
Ruga, æ. f. a crumple, a plait, a fold; a wrinkle, a furrow; severity, austerity.
Rugatus, a, um. part. wrinkled, plaited, crumpled, ravelled or shrivelled.
Rūgo, ære, āvi, ātum. neut. to have wrinkles or plaits.
Rūgosus, a, um. adj. rough, shrivelled; full of wrinkles, crumples or plaits, withered, furrowed.
Rūdus, a, um. adj. rough, not planed.
Ruina, æ. f. [a ruendo] the fall of a house, temple, &c.; ruin, downfall, undoing, destruction; death, danger.
Rufuosus, a, um. adj. ready to fall, ruinous, in decay; pulled down, destroyed.
Rulla, æ. f. dim. the iron to the ploughman's staff, wherewith he cleanses the coulter; a paddle-staff.
Rūma, æ. f. a dug, teat, or pap.
Rūnen, Inis. n. a pap, a dug, a teat.
Rūmex, Icis. m. the herb called sorrel, green sauce or sow dock.
Rūminālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to chewing the cud.
Rūminatio, ōnis. f. a chewing of the cud; a calling to remembrance or a considering and meditating on a thing.
Rūmor, ōris. m. a report, rumour, common fame, talk; a flim-flam tale, a story; reputation; a stream or course of water.
Rumpo, ære, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break; to burst; to tire; to weary; to break off; to dissolve; to rend; to tear; to mar; to spoil; to snaggle; to afflict; to infringe; to violate.
Rumpus, i. m. branches whereby one vine is brought to another, and tied together.

Rūmuscūlus, i. m. dim. an idle story or tittle-tattle.
Runcātio, ōis. f. a weeding.
Runcātor, ōis. m. a weeder.
Runcīna, ō. f. a large saw, to saw timber with; a plane which joiners use.
Runcino, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to smooth with a plane.
Runco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to weed.
Ruo, āre, rūl, rūtum. neut. to fall; to fall down; to rush; to run headlong; to break out with violence; to be ruined; to come in all haste; to come to loss; to be cheated or mistaken in a bargain. Act. to precipitate; to hurry; to throw; to tumble; to level; to pull down.
Rūpes, is. f. a rock or hill; a steep bank, a high down-fall.
Rūpicapra, ō. f. a wild goat.
Ruptor, ōis. m. a breaker; an infringer.
Ruptus, a, um. part. broken; torn; rent; burst; bursten-bellied; interrupted; rude void; infringed, violated.
Rūrālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the country; rustic, rural.
Rūrīcūla, ō. c. g. one living in the country; tilling or manuring the ground.
Rūrīgēna, ō. c. g. born in the country.
Rūro, āre. neut. et Rūror, āri. dep. to dwell in the country; to do country work.
Rursum, adv. [qu. reversum] on the contrary part; backward.
Rursus, adv. again; on the other side; a second time.
Rus, rūris, n. in plur. rura. the country, or a place without the city; a country house or farm where husbandry is exercised; a boor or rustic; rusticity, unpoliteness.
Ruscārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the shrub ruscum.
Ruscum, i. n. et Ruscus, i. m. butcher's broom, knee-helm, petty whin.
Russātus, a, um. adj. clad in reddish-coloured clothes.
Russus, a, um. adj. v. Russus. of a flesh or carnation colour, a kind of red.
Rusticānus, a, um. adj. of the country, loutish, clownish, rustic.
Rusticārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the country or to country folk.
Rusticātio, ōis. f. a dwelling in the country; a doing of country work.
Rustice, adv. country-like, rus-

tically, rudely, clownishly, boorishly.
Rusticitas, ōis. f. the country way or mode; plainness; rusticity, clownishness, rulelessness, incivility, foolish bashfulness, churlishness.
Rustico, āri, ātus. dep. to dwell in the country; to be in the country; to do country work.
Rusticūla, ō. f. sc. avis. a rail a woodcock.
Rusticūlus, a, um. adj. [a rus] of the country, homely, rustic, plain, rude, simple.
Rusticulus, i. m. dim. [a rusticus] a countryman.
Rusticus, a, um. adj. [a rus] pertaining to the country; plain, simple, homebred, homely; illbred, rude, clownish.
Rusticus, i. m. a husbandman, a yeoman, a boor, a hind, a clown, a peasant, a countryman; an ignorant or unlearned person.
Rūta, ō. f. the herb rue, herb-grace.
Rūtīlus, a, um. adj. made or picked with rue or herb-grace, or mingled with it.
Rūtilesco, āre, —, incept. to grow somewhat ruddy.
Rūtīlo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to shine; to glitter; to look red. Act. to make to shine or glitter like gold; to make bright yellow.
Rūtīlus, a, um. adj. fiery red; glittering, resplendent, resplendent; red-haired, carrot-pated.
Rūtūm, i. n. a mattock, a spade, a shovel, a pick-axe.
Rutūla, ō. f. dim. [ex ruta herba] small rue.

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SABĀTARIUS, ō. m. a sabbatarian.
Sabbāticus, a, um. adj. keeping the sabbath.
Sabbātum, i. n. the sabbath, the Jew's sabbath day, the day of rest, the seventh day from the creation; the great day of the passover.
Sābina, ō. f. [sc. herba] the herb savine.
Sābūletum, i. n. a gravel-pit.
Sābūlo, ōis. m. gross sand or gravel.
Sābūlosus, a, um. adj. gravelly, sandy.
Sābūlum, i. n. fine gravel.

Sāhurra, ō. f. ballast or lee tage.
Sāburrālis, is, e. adj. made of sand.
Sāburrātus, a, um. part. loaded with gravel, ballasted; stuffed, crammed with good cheer.
Sāburro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to load with gravel; to ballast a ship.
Saccārius, a, um. adj. carrying sacks of corn or other commodity.
Saccātus, a, um. part. that is in a bag; strained through a bag; filtered.
Saccārum, i. n. sugar.
Saccāprium, ō. n. a satchel, a bag, a scrip, a pouch, a sack, a cloak-bag, a wallet.
Sacco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to strain through a bag; to filter.
Saccūlus, i. m. dim. a little sack, bag, pouch, or purse; a satchel.
Saccus, i. m. a sack, a large scrip; a moneybag; a strainer.
Sacellum, i. n. dim. [a sacrum] a chapel, a little temple, or church.
Sacer, cra, crum. adj. sacred, holy, divine; solemn, awful; consecrated, devoted; instituted, established; useful, to be dearly paid for; detestable horrible.
Sacerdos, ōis. c. g. a priest or priestess; a minister of a church; an augur.
Sacerdotilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to priests or the priesthood.
Sacerdotium, ō. n. the state or office of a priest, the priesthood; a prebend, a benefice, a parsonage.
Sacerdotūla, ō. f. dim. a priestess.
Sacēdilis, ō. f. a precious stone of a violet colour, a kind of amethyst.
Sacēma, ōis. n. a counterpoise, likeness of weight.
Sacra, crōrum. n. pl. holy rites or mysteries of religion, solemnities, divine service.
Sacrāmentum, i. n. a gage in money laid down in the court by both parties that went to law; an oath, particularly the oath taken by soldiers to be true to their country and general.
Sacrārium, ō. n. a sactry, a vestry; a chapel; an oratory or closet appointed for divine worship.
Sacrātus, a, um. part. et adj. consecrated, hallowed, or devoted to God; sacred, enacted.
Sacrīcūla, ō. c. g. a sacrificer a priest.

Sacrifer, ſra, ſrum. adj. *that carries sacred things.*

Sacrificialis, ſa, e. adj. *belonging to a priest or to sacrifice.*

Sacrificatio, ōis. f. *a sacrificing or offering.*

Sacrificium, i. n. *a sacrifice.*

Sacrifico, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to sacrifice.*

Sacrificor, ſri, ſtus. pass. *to be sacrificed.* it. dep. *to sacrifice.*

Sacrificulus, i. m. *the master of the sacrifices, a priest; a despicable priest.*

Sacrificus, a, um. adj. *that is used in sacrifice or serves thereto.*

Sacrificus, i. m. *he that offers a sacrifice, a priest.*

Sacrilegium, ii. n. *sacrilege; any detestable or heinous offence.*

Sacrilegus, a, um. adj. *sacrilegious, guilty of sacrilege; wicked, ungodly, profane; a church-robber.*

Sacris, cris, cre. adj. *pure, holy, sacred, fit for holy uses.*

Sacro, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to consecrate; to dedicate; to devote; to make honourable and reverend; to immortalize; to deify; to canonize; to accurse and detest; to outlaw; to excommunicate; to solemnize; to ratify.*

Sacrosanctus, a, um. adj. *sacred, inviolable; that may not be injured or violated on pain of death.*

Sacrum, cri. n. *any thing dedicated to the gods; a holy rite mystery; any solemn act; a ritual; a sacrifice; the act sacrificed; religion.*

ſe, adv. *often times, many times, frequently.*

ſe, adv. *often times, many times, very often.*

ſcile, adv. dim. *[a sepe] or and anon, every now and then.*

ſrio, ſre, vivi et vii, vltum. neut. *to rage; to talk sharply; to be violent; to be fierce, fell, and cruel.*

ſviter, adv. *fiercely, boisterously, angrily; outrageously, violently.*

ſvltia, ſe. f. *cruelty, fierceness, tyranny; a severe chiding.*

ſvltum est, impers. *they exercised rage or cruelty.*

ſvltur, impers. *rage and cruelty are exercised.*

ſvltus, a, um. adj. *fierce, cruel, stern, fell, pitiless, direful; outrageous, blustering, boisterous, furious; angry, displeased; great, extreme; strong, mighty, valiant, puissant.*

ſvltus, m. f. *[se. mulier] a subtle*

or wise woman; a witch, a sorceress, a hag.

ſvltitas, ſtis. f. *quickness of any sense; a sharpness of wit, a quickness of spirit, sagacity, subtilty, shrewdness, acuteness, judiciousness, ingenuity.*

ſvltiter, adv. *quickly smelling; shrewdly, subtly, apprehensively, artfully, judiciously.*

ſvltum, i. n. *a kind of medicinal herb; a gum like ammoniac.*

ſvltarius, li. m. *[se. mercator] a seller of soldiers' cloaks.*

ſvltatus, a, um. adj. *apparelled in a soldier's cloak.*

ſvltus, ſtis. adj. *[a sagio] quick-scented; quick of any sense; sagacious, subtle, sage, shrewd, cunning, apprehensive, smart, witty, acute, artful, ingenious, judicious, provident.*

ſvltus, m. f. *a sweep-net; a drug-net, a wessel, a sein.*

ſvltus, m. f. *meat wherewith any thing is crammed or fattened; stuffing, any kind of meat, belly-timber; fatness, grossness; a coop or place to fatten things in; a frank.*

ſvltarium, ii. n. *a stall, sty, pen, or coop.*

ſvltatio, ōis. f. *a fattening; a putting up of beasts or fowls to feed.*

ſvltatus, a, um. part. *fattened, crammed.*

ſvltino, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to make fat; to pamper.*

ſvltio, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to have a quick sense; to perceive quickly; to foresee; to guess at; to smell out.*

ſvltus, m. f. *an arrow, shaft, or dart; a bolt; a long shoot and twig of a vine or other tree, which is left in the pruning; a sign in the firmament; an herb, adder's tongue.*

ſvltarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to arrows; that of which arrows are made.*

ſvltarius, ii. m. *an archer, a shooter, a bowman; one of the twelve signs, Sagittary.*

ſvltiter, ſra, ſrum. adj. *that bears or wears arrows.*

ſvltipotens, tis. c. g. *that can do much by shooting, a cunning archer; the sign Sagittary.*

ſvltito, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to shoot with a bow.*

ſvltum, i. n. *the herb vervain.*

ſvltatus, a, um. adj. *that wears a short cassock.*

ſvltum, i. n. dim. *a little cloak or cassock, worn over armour; a jacket.*

ſvltus, i. n. *a frock, a jacket, a soldier's coarse cloak or*

cassock; a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horses with.

ſvltus, a, um. adj. *knowing, presaging, divining.*

ſal, ſalis. m. et raro n. *salt; the sea; sense, parts, wisdom; mirth, wit, pleasant talk. Sales, plur. jests, quibbles, drolleries, raileries, repartees, smart or witty sayings; neatness.*

ſalacia, m. f. *the goddess of the sea; the retiring of the waves or surge from the shore.*

ſalacitas, ſtis. f. *lechery, lustfulness, wantonness.*

ſalicon, ōis. m. *a great boaster, who being extremely poor would fain be thought very rich.*

ſalamandra, m. f. *a salamander.*

ſalarium, ii. n. *a stipend, wages given to servants, a salary, a pension; an allowance, a daily maintenance in meat.*

ſalarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to salt.*

ſalarius, li. m. *a seller of salt or of salt meats; a salter.*

ſalax, ſtis. adj. *apt to leap, lecherous, lustful, wanton, goatish, lascivious; provocative or stirring to lechery.*

ſalstra, m. f. *[a salus] a rough or rugged place; any difficulty.*

ſalstruosus, a, um. adj. *crabbed, difficult, uneven.*

ſales, i. um. m. pl. *Vid. Sal.*

ſalgama, ōrum. pl. n. *[a sale] powdered meats; salads or fruits kept in brine or pickle.*

ſalginarius, ii. m. *he who keeps or sells powdered meats or things pickled.*

ſall, ōrum. m. plur. *heath-cocks.*

ſalicastrum, tri. n. *an osier or withy.*

ſaliciarius, a, um. adj. *belonging to willows.*

ſalictarius, ii. m. *he who takes care of a willow-ground.*

ſalictum, i. n. *a grove of willows, a willow ground, an osier-bed; the willows themselves.*

ſallens, tis. part. *leaping, danoing; purling or bubbling up; beating, panting, throbbing.*

ſallens, tis. m. *the cock, pipe, or spout of a conduit or fountain.*

ſalligneus, a, um. adj. *of willow.*

ſallignus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to willow or withy.*

ſallillum, i. n. dim. *a little salt-cellar.*

ſallina, m. f. *a salt-pit, a place where salt is made.*

ſallinator, ōis. m. *a salt-maker, a salter.*

ſallinum, i. n. *a salt-cellar.*

SALIO, ire, ui et Ivi, saltum. neut. to leap; to jump; to dance; to skip; to hop; to rebound; to pelt down; to spring; to shoot out; to punt and beat. Act. to leap; to cover; to tread.

SALIO, ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to season with salt.

SALISUBULUS, i. m. a morrice-dancer, one who dances and capers to music.

SALITURA, e. f. a powdering or salting; a seasoning with salt.

SALITUS, a, um. part. [a salio] salted; pickled.

SALIVA, e. f. spittle, slaver; juice, moisture; a jelly or slime; the taste, gust, or relish that any drink or meat gives.

SALIVARIUS, a, um. adj. clammy, of the consistence of spittle, pertaining to spittle.

SALIUNCA, e. f. a kind of spike or lavender.

SALIVO, ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to spit; to gather or make spittle; to slaver; to salivate; also, to give a drink to horses or other beasts; to drench.

SALIVANS, a, um. adj. that has a smack or taste of spittle; full of spittle.

SALIX, icis. f. a willow or willow tree; a weathy, an osier.

SALMO, Onis. m. a salmon.

SALATRUM v. **potius** **SALATRUM**, tri. n. salt-petre.

SALTOPYGUM, ii. n. v. **SALTPYGUM**, a. a wag-tail, a noted wag.

SALPA, e. f. stockfish.

SALSAMENTARIUS, a, um. adj. of or belonging to pickle, saltfish or any other salt thing; or to a fishmonger.

SALSAMENTARIUS, ii. m. he that selleth salt fish, a fishmonger.

SALSAMENTUM, i. n. all salt meat, flesh or fish.

SALSA, adv. wittily, merrily, pleasantly, smartly.

SALSILIGO, Inis. f. a salt liquor, strong brine, pickle.

SALSPONSUS, tis. adj. that has power over the salt sea.

SALSTUDO, Inis. f. saltiness, brackishness.

SALSTUGO, Inis. f. a salt liquor at the bottom of salt-pits, under the salt.

SALSURA, e. f. a salting, seasoning, or powdering; brine or pickle.

SALSUS, a, um. adj. ex part. salted or salt; merry, wittily, sharp, smart, acute, jesting.

SALATIO, Onis. f. a dancing or leaping.

SALTIATOR, Onis. m. a dancer, vaulter, or jumper.

SALTIATORUS, a, um. adj. of or

belonging to dancing, vaulting, &c.

SALTATRIX, icis. f. a woman-dancer.

SALTATUS, ūs. m. a jumping or dancing.

SALTEM, conj. at least; also, only.

SALTO, ire, Ivi, Itum. freq. to leap, hop, jump, or dance often.

SALTO, ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. to dance; to jump; to hop; to skip.

SALTUBUS, a, um. adj. full of woods or forests.

SALTUS, ūs et i. m. a forest, a thick wood, a thicket, a lawn in a park.

SALTUS, ūs. m. a leap, frisk, or skip.

SALUBER v. **bris**, **bris**, **bre**. adj. healthful, wholesome; sound, healthy; good, profitable, useful, advantageous.

SALUBRITAS, ūis. f. wholesomeness, healthfulness; clearness, soundness.

SALUBRITER, adv. healthfully, wholesomely; profitably; safely.

SALVE, verb. defect. unde **salvebis**, **salve**, **salveto**; plur. **salvete**, **salvetote**; **salvere**, good morrow, hail. At parting, farewell, adieu.

Salve, **ere**, —. neut. to be safe and sound; to be well; to be in good health.

Salvia, e. f. the herb sage.

SALVATUM, i. n. a potion or drench made with sage.

Salvio, **ire**, **Ivi**, **Itum**. act. to give one a drench or posset of sage.

SALUM, i. n. the salt, the salt sea.

SALUS, ūis. f. health; life; safety; remedy, help, or shift; a greeting, salutation, or wishing health; a bidding adieu, a taking leave of; the name of a Roman goddess.

SALUTARIS, is. e. adj. wholesome, healthful; healing; good, useful.

SALUTARTER, adv. wholesomely, medicinally, healthfully; advantageously.

SALUTATIO, Onis. f. a saluting or greeting; good morrow or good even; a salutation, a paying respect.

SALUTATOR, Onis. m. a saluter.

SALUTATORIUM, ii. n. the place or office of master of the ceremonies to a prince.

SALUTATORUS, a, um. adj. belonging to saluting.

SALUTATRIX, icis. f. a female saluter.

SALUTATUS, a, um. part. saluted; visited; taken leave of.

SALUTIFER, **era**, **erum**. adj. bring-

ing health or safety; wholesome, healthful.

SALUTIGER, **era**, **erum**. adj. one that carries commendations to and fro.

SALUTIGERULUS, a, um. adj. he who brings commendations from another person, a gentleman usher.

SALUTO, **ire**, **Ivi**, **Itum**. act. to salute; to greet; to bid good morrow or good even; to send commendations; to pay respect, honour, or worship; to bid farewell.

Salvus, a, um. adj. safe, sound, well, in good health.

SAMBICA, e. f. a dulcimer; a harp, a sackbut; a harpichord; an engine of war to batter the walls of a town or to scale them.

SAMBUCUS, a, um. adj. of or belonging to an elder-tree.

SAMOBICHA, e. f. a woman that plays on a dulcimer or sackbut.

SAMBUCISTRIA, e. f. a female harper or sackbut player.

SAMBUCUS, i. f. an elder-tree.

SAMERA, e. f. the seed of an elm.

SAMIDUS, a, um. adj. dim. made of earth.

SAMIMUM, ii. n. an earthen pot.

SAMINUS, a, um. adj. of Samos; earthen.

SAMNITES, um. m. pl. a kind of fencers or sword-players of Campania.

SAMBULUS, i. m. marsh-wort or fen-berry.

SAMOTHRACIAS, e. m. a kind of precious stone of Samothrace, black of colour, and light as wood.

SAMPASA, e. f. al. **Sansa**, the stone or kernel of an olive, or the flesh of it squeezed in the mill.

SAMPASICHINUS, a, um. adj. made of marjoram.

SAMPASICHUS, cli. f. the herb called sweet marjoram.

SANABILIS, is. e. adj. that may be healed.

SANATIO, Onis. f. a healing or curing.

SANCIO, **ire**, **Ivi** et **xi**, **num** et **ctum**. act. to make sacred; to consecrate; to establish; to ratify; to enact; to forbid by law; to dedicate.

SANCITUR, **sancitum** est. Impera. it is made sacred or solemn; it is ordained.

SANCTUS, a, um. part. ordained, established, confirmed by law, ratified.

SANCTE, adv. holily, devoutly; firmly, certainly; inviolably, religiously, solemnly.

SANCTIMONIA, e. f. holiness, devoutness; honesty, integrity; chastity.

Sanctio, *Onis. f.* a ratification, a confirmation; a decree; a penal statute.
Sanctitas, *Atis. f.* sanctity, devotion, godliness, honour paid to the Div. names; reverence; uprightness, innocence, integrity; continency; chastity.
Sanctor, *Oris. m.* [a sancio] an ordainer, an establisher.
Sanctus, *a, um. part. et adj.* ratified, established, ordained; holy, pious, devout, sacred, inviolable; awful, reverend; honest, upright, divine, heavenly; chaste, innocent; solemn, formal.
Sandkällgrålls, *Årum. f. pl.* maid-servants carrying their mistresses' slippers or pattens.
Sandkällgrålls, *a, um. adj.* that wears or carries slippers or pattens.
Sandkälla, *Idis. f.* in pl. sandkälls, a kind of palm or date-tree.
Sandål, *li. n.* a sandal, a shoe, a shoe-sole, a slipper; a kind of wheat.
Sandålum, *i. n.* red-bearded French wheat; brance or brank.
Sandåppla, *m. f.* a hearse, a bier.
Sandårkå, *m. f.* a bright red colour used by painters; red arsenic; burnt ceruse.
Sandårkåttus, *a, um. adj.* mixed with a bright red colour.
Sandårres, *is. m.* a kind of gem.
Sandåstrion, *Sandåstron. i. n.*
 Sandåser, *Oris. a* stone in dia like green oil.
 dastros, *i. f.* a kind of burnt-stone.
 dyx et Sandix, *Idis et Idis. f. m.* a kind of red or purple colour made of ceruse and rud; burned together; Patias d or arsenic; a herb or plant.
 ine, *adv.* discreetly, modestly; truly, certainly, verily, indeed; frankly, ingenuously; greatly, much; well, be it so.
Sånesco, *cēre. —* Incept. to wax whole; to begin to be whole.
Sångénon, *i. n.* a jewel of the opal kind.
Sångålls v. **Sanquålls**, *is. f.* an osprey.
Sanguen, *Onis. n.* blood. *Vid.* Sanguis.
Sanguiculus, *i. m.* blood made into meat; blood-pudding.
Sanguinålls, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to blood.
Sanguinans, *lis. part.* cruel, bloody, dropping with blood.
Sanguinarius, *a, um. adj.* cruel, blood-thirsty, sanguinary.
Sanguineus, *a, um. adj.* bloody,

of blood; blood-shedding; red, sanguine, or of a bloody colour; of or belonging to the female cornel-tree.
Sanguino, *Are, Åvi, Åtum. neut.* to bleed; to run with blood.
Sanguinolentus, *a, um. adj.* bloody.
Sanguis, *Onis. m.* blood; sap, juice; liquor; vigour, force, strength; death, murder, slaughter, blood-shed; life; kindred, parentage, race, lineal descent.
Sanguisuga, *m. f.* a horseleech, a bloodsucker.
Sånies, *ei. f.* matter coming out of a putrefied sore; corrupt or filthy blood; tincture or dye; poison; dregs or grounds.
Sånibaus, *a, um. adj.* full of corrupt blood or matter.
Sånitas, *Atis. f.* health, soundness; one's right wits.
Sanza, *m. f.* a mocking by grimaces, mous, &c. a flout, a frump, a gibe, a scoff, a banter.
Sannio, *Onis. m.* a fool in a play, a jester, a mimic, a buffoon; a sneerer, a scoffer, a flouter.
Såno, *Are, Åvi, Åtum. act.* to heat.
Santerna, *m. f.* soldier; borax.
Santonica, *m. f.* a kind of French wormwood.
Sånus, *a, um. adj.* whole, healthful, wholesome, sound, in health, in a good state of body; sound of memory, well in his wits, in his right mind, well advised; sober; wise, knowing.
Såpa, *m. f.* wine sodden; new wine boiled away, to a third part.
Såperda, *m. m.* a sorry fish which comes from the Black sea; a subtle or witty fellow.
Såpiens, *adj. ex part.* well, well advised, discreet; judicious, critical.
Såpienter, *adv.* wisely, discreetly, advisedly.
Såpiencia, *m. f.* a relish or gust; wisdom, discretion; knowledge.
Såpinea, *m. f.* the bottom or lower part of the fir-tree.
Såpineus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging a fir-tree.
Såpinois, *i. m.* a kind of amethyst or jasper stone.
Såpius, *i. f.* a kind of pine or fir-tree; the lower part of a fir-tree that has no knots.
Såpio, *Are, Åvi et pui, Åtum. neut.* to savour; to smell; to taste of; to have a smack of. *Act.* to relish; to have the taste of; to know; to find out; to be wise.
Såpium, *li. n.* a kind of pitch-tree.

Såpo, *Onis. m.* soap.
Såpor, *Oris. m.* a taste, savour or smack; a relish, a haug gout; railery.
Såporitus, *a, um. adj.* well relished, seasoned, savoury, toothsome, delicious.
Såpphrinus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to a sapphire.
Såpphrus, *i. f.* a precious stone called a sapphire.
Såproe, *i. m.* a kind of rotten cheese made with salt, wine, and services, mixed together.
Sarcina, *m. f.* a truss, pack, or fardel; a bundle, bag and baggage; goods or stuff packed up; a burden, a load; the fetus.
Sarcinarius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to a burden.
Sarcinator, *Oris. m.* a butcher or mender of old garments.
Sarcinatus, *a, um. part.* laden with packs, burdened.
Sarcino, *Are, Åvi, Åtum. act.* to load; to burden.
Sarcinula, *m. f. dim.* a little pack, burden, or fardel; stuff; a bag of money or goods; moveables.
Sarcio, *Are, Åvi, Åtum. act.* to botch; to mend; to patch; to repair; to make good; to make amends; to recompense.
Sarcion, *li. n.* a fault in precious stones; a kind of fleshiness.
Sarcites, *m. m.* a precious stone which looks like beef.
Sarcicolla, *m. f.* the gum of a tree in Persia.
Sarcophagus, *i. m.* an eater or consumer of flesh; a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre.
Sarcullatio, *Onis. f.* a weeding, a raking.
Sarculo, *Are, Åvi, Åtum. act.* unde pass. Sarculor, to rake; to weed up with a rake.
Sarculum, *i. n. et Sarculus. i. m.* a weeding-hook or rake; a hoe or like instrument; a spade.
Sards, *m. f.* a cornelian; the name of a fish, perhaps a sprat or pichard; a kind of onion.
Sardichites, *is. m.* a kind of agate.
Sardinus, *a, um. adj.* of Sardinia.
Sardina, *m. f.* a kind of fish, called a sardle or sardine.
Sardius lapis, a kind of onyx of a black colour, a corneol.
Sardus, *a, um. adj. et Sardulus, a, um. of Sardinia.*
Sardonychatus, *a, um. adj.* adorned or set with sardonys stones.
Sardonyches, *m. m.* a sardonys; a ring with a seal of that stone.
Sardonyx, *ychis. f.* a precious

stone, partly of the colour of a man's nail, and partly of a cornelian colour.
Sargus, i. m. a sort of fish.
Sāri, n. indecl. a kind of herb growing in Egypt, having a hard root, which served as the instead of coal.
Sārissa, m. f. a long spear or pike.
Sārisāphōrī, ōru. n. m. pl. soldiers armed with the sarissa.
Sarmen, ius. n. a twig, a lopping.
Sarmentūsus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to twigs or branches.
Sarmentōsus, a, um. adj. full of twigs or branches.
Sarmentum, i. n. a twig, a spray, a cutting of a vine for propagation; the branch whereon the grapes hang in clusters.
Sarrācum, i. n. a wagon or wain to carry timber in or the like; a cart, a sledge.
Sarrio et Sārio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to weed corn with a hook; to rake; to harrow.
Sarritio, ōnis. f. a weeding corn with a hook, a hoeing or raking.
Sarritor, ōris. m. a hoer or raker, a harrower.
Sarritūra, m. f. a weeding.
Sarrīgo, ōnis. f. a frying-pan.
Sarrūra, m. f. [ex sarritura] a weeding, a raking, or harrowing. [ex sarcio] a mending or patching.
Sartus, a, um. part. [a sarcio] patched up, stitched together; mended, repaired.
Sat, adv. [a satis] enough, sufficient, right well.
Sāta, ōrum. n. [a sero] sc. arva. corn sown or standing; corn-fields; blades of corn.
Sātāgens, i. m. one that has or makes enough to do; one more busy than needs.
Sātāgto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to be often buried.
Sātāgo, āre, āgi, —. neut. to be busy about a thing; to be in great care about it; to have enough to do; to bustle and keep a pudder; to over-do; to over-act.
Sātelles, itis. m. a lifeguard-man; a yeoman of the guard; a halberdier, a partisan; an officer, a sergeant, a follower, an attendant, an upholder or defender.
Sātias, itis. f. a glut, fullness, weariness, plenifullness.
Sātīdte, adv. sufficiently.
Sātīatus, a, um. part. satisfied, having enough, glutted, cloyed, satiated.
Sātīes, ēi. f. satisfaction.
Sātīetas, itis. f. satiety, a glut,

a bellyful, fullness, weariness, lousiness.
Sātī'n pro sations. well enough?
Sātio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to satiate; to satisfy; to cloy; to glut.
Sātio, ōnis. f. [a sero] a sowing of seed, a planting.
Sātis, adv. enough; as much as one needs or desires; sufficient; sufficiently, enough, well enough.
Sātīaccipio, āre, āpi, eptum. act. to take sufficient security or bail.
Sātīedātio, ōnis. f. a putting in sufficient security for performance.
Sātīedātum, i. n. a bond with sureties for the payment of money or the performance of covenants; a recognisance.
Sātīdo, dāre, dēdi, dātum. act. to put in sufficient sureties for the performance of covenants.
Sātīfācio, āre, fēci, factum. act. to satisfy; to discharge; to perform; to give; to give satisfaction; to pay; to own the fault and be sorry for it; to confess a charge and beg pardon.
Satisfactio, ōnis. f. a satisfaction, an excusing one's self; an amends; a reparation or satisfaction.
Sātīfāti, āri, factum. impers. to be satisfied.
Sātīus, adj. better. Vid. Satis.
Sātīvus, a, um. adj. [a sero] that is or may be sown, set, or planted.
Sātor, ōris. m. a sower or planter, a father, a creator, a beggetter.
Sātōris, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a sower or to seed.
Sātīrāpa v. **Sātīrāpes**, m. m. a great ruler, a peer of the realm, a lord lieutenant of a country, a bashaw, a president of a country, a governor.
Sātīrāpia v. **pela**, m. f. a province, a county, a duchy.
Sātūm, i. n. [sc. arvum] a thing that is sown or planted; the blade of corn on the ground, standing corn.
Sātūr, ūra, ūrum. adj. full fed, that has his belly full, eated, glutted, cloyed; fertile or plentiful; of full or deep colour.
Sātūrātus, a, um. part. filled, satisfied, glutted, cloyed, eated, gorged; full, of a deep colour.
Sātūreia, m. f. et **Sātūreium**, i. n. a saoury.
Sātūro, ōnis. m. a stretch-gut, an over-eater.
Sātūrū, itis. f. excess, plenifullness, saturity; dung, or

dure; the goddess of parasites.
Sātūrnālia, ium, n. pl. the feast of Saturn.
Sātūrnālītus, a, um. adj. belonging to that feast.
Sātūro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a satur] to fill; to glut; to cram; to ate; to cloy; to suffice; to be sufficient for.
Sātus, a, um. part. planted, sown; begotten, descended, sprung.
Sātus, ūs. m. a planting, a sowing, a setting to graft on; generation, seed, stock.
Sātūra, m. f. a satire; a lampoon.
Sātūricus, a, um. adj. of satires or satirists; satirical; virulent.
Sātūryon et Sātūryum, li. n. the herb ragwort.
Sātūrya, i. m. a satyr.
Sauciatio, ōnis. f. a wounding, a hurting.
Saucio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to wound; to hurt; to cut; to gash; to prune; to violate.
Saucius, a, um. adj. wounded, hurt; cut; drunk; emascuated, disabled, enfeebled; melted, dissolved; greatly grieved.
Sāvillum v. **Suāvillum**, i. n. dim. a kind of cake.
Saurion, i. n. a kind of mustard.
Saurites, m. m. a stone found in the belly of a green lizard, when cut asunder with a reed.
Sauroctōnos, ni. m. one of Praziteles's pieces, representing a boy shooting a lizard.
Saxātilis, is. m. a groundling, a kind of gudgeon.
Saxātilis, is. c. adj. that is or lives among rocks and stones.
Saxātānus, a, um. adj. living among rocks.
Saxētum, i. n. a place full of rocks and stones.
Saxeus, a, um. adj. of stone; stony, obdurate, hard-hearted.
Saxifer, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing stones, stony.
Saxificus, a, um. adj. that turns into stone or petrifies.
Saxifragum, i. n. the herb saxifrage.
Saxifragus, a, um. adj. that breaks stones or is broken against them.
Saxtans, a, um. adj. rocky, stony.
Saxillum, i. n. dim. a little rock or stone.
Saxum, i. n. a great stone; a rock, a hill.
Scābellum, i. n. dim. a footstool or low settle; a little bench or form.
Schāber, bra, brum. adj. scabby; rough, rugged, uneven; filthy,

dirty, nasty; furred over, scaly.

Scābīca, *el. f. a scab, a scall, a gall or fret; the mange, murrain; a tickling or itching desire.*

Scābillum *v.* Scābellum, *i. n. a footstool.*

Scābīōsus, *a, um. adj. scabby, mangy, itchy, scurvy, paltry, naughty.*

Scābītūdō, *Inis. f. roughness; harshness.*

Scābo, *ēre, i. —. act. to scratch; to claw.*

Scabrātus, *a, um. adj. made rough or rugged.*

Scabres, *is v. ū. f. [a scaber] roughness, ruggedness; nastiness, filthiness.*

Scabritia, *ē. f. scabiness, the murrain; roughness, ruggedness, rustiness, filthiness.*

Scabrities, *ei. f. scabiness; roughness.*

Scabrum, *i. n. roughness, ruggedness.*

Scava, *ē. f. the left hand; a sign, good or bad.*

Scavus, *a, um. adj. left, sinister, not right, good or lucky; unlucky, untoward.*

Scāla, *ē. v. potius Scālē, ārum. f. plur. a ladder, a pair of stairs.*

Scālris, *is, e. adj. of a ladder.*

Scalvus, *i. m. a round piece of wood, at which the oars hung by a loop of leather.*

Scalpellum, *i. n. dim. a little knife, a lancet used in letting blood.*

Scalpellus, *i. m. dim. a lancet, a little knife.*

Scalper, *pri. m. a lancet, any kind of iron instrument made cut, shave, or pare with.*

lpo, *ēre, psi. pum. act. to scratch; to claw; to scrape; to rake; to engrave; to carve.*

lprum, *pri. n. a graving-ill, an instrument with which hinging is scraped.*

lptor, *ōris. m. a graver or letter in metal, a scratcher, n. etcher.*

scāptorium, *li. n. an instrument made to scratch those parts of the body which the hand could not reach.*

Scāptūra, *ē. f. a graving or carving in metal or stone; a cutting.*

Scāptūrātus, *a, um. part. graven, carved, wrought.*

Scāptūrio, *tre, tvi, ūtum. act. to begin or be ready to scratch or claw.*

Scāptus, *a, um. part. [a scalpo] engraved, carved, wrought, or graven.*

Scambus, *a, um. adj. bow-legged.*

Scāmillum, *i. n. dim. et Scā-*

millum, a foot-stool, a little bench.

Scāmillus, *i. m. a foot-stool.*

Scāmmōnia *v. ea, ē. f. et Scāmmūn, i. n. an herb of many uses in medicine, scammony.*

Scāmmōnitas, *ē. m. the juice of scammony.*

Scāmmōnium, *li. n. the juice of the root of scammony.*

Scāmmus, *i. n. a pair of bed steps; a bench or form; a balk; boughs of trees whereby the vine climbs.*

Scāndiāna mala, *a kind of apple, winter goldings.*

Scāndix, *icis. f. shepherd's needles, wild chervil, stork's bill.*

Scādo, *ēre, di, ūum. act. to mount; to climb; to get up.*

Scādilla, *ē. f. a lath or shingle, serving instead of tiles to cover houses with.*

Scānallis, *is, e. adj. that which may be climbed or gone up.*

Scānsio, *ōnis. f. a climbing up.*

Scānsōrius, *a, um. adj. belonging or serving to climbing.*

Scāntinia lex, *a law against sodomy.*

Scāpha, *ē. f. a skiff, a cockboat, a ship-boat made of a whole tree.*

Scāphe, *es. f. a kind of hollow vessel with a gnomon in the midst, which served for a dial.*

Scāphium, *li. n. a chamber-pot, or close-stool; a cup like a boat; a large drinking vessel.*

Scāphūlla, *ē. f. a small boat or wherry.*

Scāphus, *i. m. the hollow of any thing.*

Scāptēsūla, *ē. f. sive Scāptēsūla, a mine in Macedonia, out of which metal was dug.*

Scāpūla, *ē. f. the shoulder-blade, the shoulders.*

Scāpūlāris, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to the shoulder-blades.*

Scāpus, *i. m. the upright stalk or stem of an herb; the shank of a candlestick; the shaft of a pillar; the chief post of a gate; a ream or a quire of paper; the spindle or main piece of work whereabout winding stairs do run; the post or pillar of a stair-case; the yarn-beam.*

Scārābeus, *xi. m. the black fly called a beetle, may-bug, a chafer.*

Scārificatio, *ōnis. f. a cutting, a lancing, a scarifying; the opening of the bark of a tree where it is hide-bound.*

Scārificō, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to lance or open a sore; to scarify; to make an incision; to*

discharge or assuage by scarifying.

Scārītes, *ē. m. a precious stone.*

Scārus, *ri. m. v. Scārus, a scot or char.*

Scātrā, *ē. f. the bubbling or rising up of water out of a spring; a spring, a source.*

Scātro, *ēre, tui, —. neut. to run; to burst out; to be plentiful; to be full; to abound.*

Scātūrgīnōsus, *a, um. adj. full of springs or sources; that bursts out or runs over.*

Scātūrgio, *gnis. f. a spring, the rising up of waters, a source.*

Scātūrio, *tre, tvi, —. neut. to stream; to gush out; to run over; to flow abroad plentifully.*

Scāurus, *i. m. stump or club-footed.*

Scēlērāte, *adv. wickedly, irreli-*

giously, lewdly, basely.

Scēlērātus, *a, um. Part. defiled, polluted. Adj. ungodly, irreligious, wicked, unnatural; haughty, mischievous, plaguy, cruel, hurtful; sharp and ripping, biting; unlucky, unfortunate.*

Scēlō, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [a scelus] to pollute; to defile.*

Scēlōsus, *a, um. adj. full of lewdness, roguish, full of roguery.*

Scēlēste, *adv. mischievously, wickedly.*

Scēlestus, *a, um. adj. [a scelus] wicked, ungracious, mischievous, naughty, roguish; unhappy, unlucky.*

Scēlōturbe, *es. f. the scurry or scorby disease; the scorbute.*

Scēlus, *ōris. n. wickedness, lewdness, villainy; mischief, harm, damage; a naughty and lewd fellow, a rascal, a villain; a galloway rogue, a drab, a whore.*

Scēna, *ē. f. a bower or arbour; a shadowing place, a pavilion; a scene, a scaffold or stage where plays are acted; the parts of acts in plays; show or state.*

Scēnticus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a scaffold or stage; or to a play in comedies.*

Scēnticus, *i. m. a player of comedies or interludes; an actor.*

Scēpīnus, *i. m. a sea-fish so called.*

Sceptifer, *ēra, ērum. adj. that bears a sceptre or mace.*

Sceptiger, *ēra, ērum. adj. bearing a sceptre.*

Sceptum, *tri. n. ia prince's or king's sceptre, a mace, a commander's staff; rule, government.*

Sceptūchus *v.* Sceptūchus, *chē-*

m. one holding or bearing a sceptre.

Schēda, m. f. a sheet or piece of paper or parchment; a scroll, a leaf.

Schēdula, m. f. dim. a little scroll or leaf of paper, a bill, a schedule.

Schēma, ktis. n. a scheme, a habit, a figure.

Schēma, m. f. a fashion or posture; a habit, dress, or garb; a livery.

Schēdia, drum. n. pl. chips which carpenters make, splinters of wood.

Schēdus, a, um. adj. cleft, split.

Schiston, i. n. the curds of milk, wild curds.

Schistos, i. f. a stone of a sapphire colour.

Schistum, i. n. a kind of alum; a kind of onion.

Schistus, a, um. adj. that may be cut.

Schönkilla, m. f. al. Schenickia, a common painted or daubed whore.

Schönkilla, m. f. a dancer upon ropes, a tumbler.

Schönkilla, m. f. [sc. ars] the art of dancing upon ropes.

Schēon, i. m. a bulrush; a measure of land.

Schēnum, i. n. a cheap, sorry, ointment, made of sweet rushes, with which whores used to daub themselves.

Schēla, m. f. a school or college; the sect and opinion of any of the philosophers; an exercise at school; a place to stand and look about one in the bath; a gallery or piazza.

Schēlasticus, a, um. adj. scholastic, scholar-like, well-spoken; one who goes to school.

Schēlasticus, i. m. a pleader of feigned controversies.

Schēlion, ii. n. et Schēllum, ii. n. a gloss, a compendious exposition, a short comment.

Sciagraphia, m. f. a platform or description of the whole frame; the first rude draught of a thing, a profile.

Sciathrus, m. m. the pin of a dial, which with its shadow shows the hours.

Sciathreus, a, um. adj. belonging to the pin of a dial or having such a pin to it.

Sciens, tis. part. et adj. knowing, witting; dexterous, skilful; for the nonce or of purpose.

Sciens, adv. knowingly, skilfully, expertly; wittingly, on set purpose.

Sciētia, m. f. a knowing or knowledge; science, skill; experience.

Sciēct, adv. you may be sure;

I warrant you; truly, doubtless; that is to say, to wit, what?

Scillinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the sea-onion; or wherein it is steeped.

Scillites, m. m. steeped or seasoned with sea-onion.

Scillitrus, a, um. adj. infused with squills.

Scillitus, a, um. adj. made of squills.

Sci'n' pro sciens? do you know?

Scincus, i. m. a kind of crocodile or newt about the river Nile.

Scindo, ēre, scidi, scissum. act. to cut; to slash; to rend; to tear; to pull in pieces; to break off; to divide; to cut off; to destroy utterly; to break open; to till; to plough; to refresh; to renew.

Scintilla, m. f. a spark of fire, a sparkle; a remnant or relique.

Scintillatio, onis. f. a sparkling.

Scintillo, ēre, ēvi, itum. neut. to sparkle.

Scintilla, m. f. dim. a little spark; a rudiment, the first dawning.

Scio, ire, īvi, itum. act. to know; to be skilful in; to ordain; to order; to decree; to appoint.

Sciōthericon, i. n. potius Sciathericon, sc. horologium, a sundial.

Sciōthericus, a, um. adj. Vid. Sciathericus.

Scipio, onis. m. a walking-staff, a cudgel, a crutch; the stalk of a grape.

Scirōma, ktis. n. the hardness of anything.

Sciron, onis. m. the north-west wind peculiar to the Athenians.

Scirpea, m. f. a dung-pot or basket made with rods and rushes.

Scirpeus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to bulrushes.

Scirpella, m. f. a little hook.

Scirpulum, i. n. a basket or hamper of rushes or twigs.

Scirpulus, i. m. a little bulrush, a little weed of bulrushes.

Scirpula, m. f. a kind of vine.

Scirpus, i. m. a rush without a knot, a bulrush used for mats, wicks of candles, &c.

Scirrūs, i. m. a hard swelling in the skin.

Sciōctatus, a, um. part. inquiring.

Sciōctor, āri, ātus. dep. to inquire; to demand; to ask; to be informed.

Sciōcō, ēre, īvi, itum. act. [a scio] to inquire; to determine;

to ordain; to decree; to vote; to give his suffrage; to make a law.

Sciōctilis, is, e. adj. that may be cut or cleft.

Sciōtor, āri, ātus. m. a cutter up of meat, a carver.

Sciōura, m. f. a cut, a cleft, a rent, scissure, or chap; a notch, the parting of a stream.

Sciōus, a, um. part. [a sciōdo] cut, rent, torn; parted, divided; broken, bruised.

Sciōus, ūs, m. a cutting, clearing, rending, or tearing.

Sciōmentum, i. n. a kind of meat of a pleasant taste.

Scito, adv. cunningly, trimly, daintily, bravely, prettily, fashionably, modestly.

Scitor, āri, ātus. dep. to ask, inquire, or demand things secret and unknown.

Scitū, abl. by an order or decree.

Scitulus, a, um. adj. dim. pretty, neat, trim, gallant; brave, fine.

Scitū, i. n. [a sciōco] an ordinance, a statute, a decree, a sentence, properly of the commons.

Scitus, a, um. part. et adj. [a scio] knowing, skilful, wise, prudent; cunning, crafty, waggish; courteous, civil; pleasant, desirable; gallant, jolly, goodly.

Sciōrus, i. m. a squirrel.

Sciōus, a, um. adj. skilful.

Scloppus, i. m. al. Sclopus [rect. Scloppus] a sound made with juggling of the cheeks.

Scōbia, m. f. a graver.

Scōbis, scōbis. f. dust of any kind; saw-dust, pin-dust; grit.

Scōlēcā, m. f. verdigris.

Scōlēcion, ii. n. a kind of scarlet worm.

Scōlēpēdra, m. f. a certain fish, which casts out his bowels, until the hook wherewith he is taken, be out, and this being done, he sucks them up again.

Scōlymos, i. m. an artichoke.

Scōmbrus et Scomber, bri. m. a kind of fish; a kind of tunny.

Scōpa, m. f. Scopa regia, butcher's broom, misfoil.

Scōpe, ārum. pl. f. a broom, besom, or brush; the crops of herbs or trees in handfuls.

Scōpio, onis. m. a cluster or bunch of grapes with the stalks.

Scōpula, m. f. dim. a little besom; a painter's brush, a scrubbing brush.

Scōpūlaus, a, um. adj. full of rocks or shelves; difficult, dangerous.

Scæpulus, i. m. a high rock, a shelf in the sea; danger; a mark to shoot at.
Scæpus, i. m. a mark or butt which men shoot at; the white; an end, design, aim, or purpose; a scope.
Scordillus, a, um. adj. *huffy*, vapouring, swaggering.
Scordium, ii. n. an herb called water germander.
Scôria, m. f. droes, the refuse of metal tried by the fire.
Scorpæna, m. f. a kind of fish.
Scorpio, onis. m. et **Scorpius**, i. m. a scorpion; one of the twelve signs of the zodiac; a sea-fish; an herb like a scorpion's tail; an engine, being a kind of cross-bow to shoot small envenomed arrows or darts with; a whip or scourge, having plummets of lead at the ends of the cords.
Scorpiônus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a scorpion.
Scorpiæ, m. m. a precious stone, of the colour or shape of a scorpion.
Scorpiôn, i. n. al. **Scorpiûrus**, i. c. g. scorpion-weed.
Scortâtor, oris. m. a whore-monger, a vencher, a hunter of harlots; a fornicator.
Scorte, m. f. a leather cloak used by travellers to keep off the rain.
Scorteum, i. n. [*sc. vestimentum*] a leather coat or cloak.
Scorteus, a, um. adj. made of hides or skins of leather.
Scortillum, i. n. a little or young whore; a miss.
Scortor, âri, itus. dep. to go a whoring; to haunt brothels; to wench.
ortum, i. n. a harlot, a common whore, a drab, a prostitute.
otia, m. f. the rundle in the bottom of a pillar.
reâtor, oris. m. a hawk or emmer.
æktus, ūs. m. a spitting, sneaking, or hemming.
creo, âre, âvi, âtum. act. to retch in spitting; to hawk; to keck.
scriba, m. m. a writer, an amanuensis; a scribe, secretary, a town-clerk.
scribillo, âre, âvi, âtum. act. to scribble.
scribilla, m. f. a tart, a wafer.
scribo, âre, psi, ptum. act. to write; to compose; to make a speech, book, &c.; to describe; to institute; to appoint; to paint; to draw.
scrinium, ii. n. a casket, a cof-fer, an escriptor, desk, or 'upboard, a case to put books or papers in; a screen or shrine.

Scriptio, onis. f. the act of writing; the exercise of writing; a style; a composition.
Scriptito, âre, âvi, âtum. freq. to write often or much.
Scriptor, oris. m. a clerk, a scrivener; a writer, a maker of a book; an author.
Scriptorius, a, um. adj. of, belonging, or serving to writing.
Scriptûlum, i. n. Dic. et *scriptulum*, *scriptulum*, *scriptulum*, et *scriptulum*, g. v.
Scriptum, i. n. a thing written, a writing; a letter; a work, a book, a poem; a clerkship.
Scriptûra, m. f. [*a scribo*] a writing; the writing or making of a book; the style or manner of writing of any author; an inscription; the fee which forest men take for cattle that graze in the forest; the tribute paid to the public for grazing of cattle in common pastures; the revenues of public duties let to farm.
Scriptus, a, um. part. written, composed; painted; appointed.
Scrobûlus, i. m. dim. a little ditch or furrow.
Scroba, scrobis, f. et **Scrobis**, la. d. g. a ditch, dike, furrow, or slough.
Scrofa, m. f. an old sow that has had pigs more than once; the surname of a Roman family.
Scrospascus, i. m. a feeder of old swine, a swineherd.
Scrobûla, m. f. dim. the king's evil, a wen in the throat.
Scrothum, i. n. the membrane or bag which contains the testicles of the male.
Scrûpeus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to little stones.
Scrûpi, orum. pl. m. chess-play.
Scrûpeus, a, um. adj. full of little gravel stones, rugged; difficult, scrupulous.
Scrûpûlaris, la, e. adj. of or belonging to the third part of a drachm.
Scrûpûlitum, adv. by retail, by piece-meal.
Scrûpûlose, adv. scrupulously, reservedly, difficultly, curiously, exactly, exquisitely.
Scrûpûlitas, itis. f. scrupulosity, anxiety, niceness, exactness.
Scrûpûlous, a, um. adj. full of little gravel stones, scrupulous, curious, full of doubts; nice, precise.
Scrûpulum, i. n. the third part of a drachm, a scruple; a measure of land containing a hundred feet square.
Scrûpulus, i. m. dim. a doubt, difficulty, trouble, a scruple;

a scruple in weight, the third part of a drachm, and twenty-fourth of an ounce; a measure of ground containing a hundred feet square.
Scrûpus, i. m. a chess-man, a table-man, a draught-man.
Scrûta, orum. pl. n. old garments, frippery, baggage, lumber; old trash or trumpery; broken stuff; little images made in haste.
Scrûtatio, onis. f. a searching, an inquiry or research.
Scrûtiator, oris. m. a searcher, a diligent seeker, a rumager.
Scrûtor, âri, itus. dep. to search diligently; to explore; to trace out; to follow by the track; to scent; to examine; to sift; to pry into.
Sculpo, âre, psi, ptum. act. to carve in stone; to grave in metal.
Sculpûnea, m. f. a wooden shoe, a patten, a sabot, a kind of shoe, which servants wore.
Sculptilis, la, e. adj. that is carved or graven.
Sculptor, oris. m. a graver or carver.
Sculptûra, m. f. a graving, a carving; sculpture.
Sculptus, a, um. part. graven, carved.
Scurra, m. c. g. a scoffer, a flouter, a saucy fester, a buffoon; a wit, a virtuoso; a mimic, a droll.
Scurrilis, is, e. adj. scurrilous, abusive, slanderous, buffoon-like.
Scurrilitas, itis. f. scurrility, abusiveness, pleasantry, buffoonery, drollery, railery.
Scurrilliter, adv. buffoon-like, slanderously.
Scurror, âri, itus. dep. to play the scoffer, fester, or buffoon.
Scûtilla, is. n. the string or leather of a sling or dart.
Scûtarius, a, um. adj. of, belonging to, or serving for shields or targets.
Scûtarius, ii. m. a maker of bucklers, shields, or targets; a soldier armed with a shield.
Scûtatus, a, um. adj. armed with a buckler or target.
Scûtella, m. f. dim. a kind of dish or platter; a saucer, plate, or trencher.
Scûtica, m. f. a scourge or whip made of leather thongs; a switch; the print of jerks or lashes.
Scûtigêrulus, i. m. a page or custral; an esquire at arms.
Scutra, m. f. a chaffern to warm water in.
Scûtula, m. f. a little dish, a saucer; a round little piece of bark cut off trees when they are grafted; the hole for the

- sight in a cross-bow or such like engine; a little piece of stone or marble, inlaid in tessellated pavements; a roller used in the launching or drawing of ships.
- Scūtūlātus**, a, um. adj. wound and wrought in the form of a scutcheon or target; wrought in needle-work.
- Scūtillum**, i. n. dim. a little shield or scutcheon; a figure in that form.
- Scūtum**, i. n. a buckler, shield, target, or scutcheon; a defence, a defender.
- Scymnus**, i. m. a lion's whelp, a lionel.
- Scyphus**, i. m. a large jug or bowl to drink out of.
- Scyricum**, i. n. a bluish colour or light watchet.
- Scythia**, m. f. Scythia, es. f. a serpent that has a back of a wonderful glittering colour; a little round staff used by the Lacedaemonians for sending private orders to the general.
- Scythica**, m. f. st Scythace, es. f. sweet-root or liquorice.
- Scythia**, idis. f. a kind of precious stone.
- Se, accus.** [a sui] himself, herself, itself, themselves.
- Sēcula**, is. n. rye.
- Sēcūmentum**, i. n. a cut or chip; a shred or chip; any thing that is cut off.
- Sēcarius**, a, um. adj. that in which shreds are put.
- Sēcdo**, ēre, cessi, cessum. neut. to go apart; to withdraw; to retire; to step aside; to retreat.
- Sēcerno**, ēre, crēvi, crētum. act. to put asunder or apart; to sever; to separate one from another; to distinguish.
- Sēcēpila**, m. f. a long knife which priests used at their sacrifices.
- Sēcessio**, ōnis. f. a secession, a going aside, a retiring, a withdrawing; a revolt; a mutiny.
- Sēcēssus**, ūs. m. a departure; a retirement, a retreat.
- Sēcūs**, aliv. comp. [a secus] less.
- Sēcūdo**, ēre, si, sum. act. to shut apart; to part; to shut out; to seclude.
- Sēcūsorium**, il. n. a place where any thing is shut up apart from others, a coop.
- Sēcūsus**, a, um. part. shut up apart from others, situate by itself; excepted.
- Sēcō**, are, cui, cūm. act. to cut, to carve; to cut asunder; to move; to rend; to tear; to part; to divide; to gnaw; to decide; to determine to walk through.
- Sēcōra**, dis. adj. *Id. quod* Sōcōra.
- Sēcōrō**, ōnis. f. a separating or setting apart from others; a dividing.
- Sēcōrō**, adv. secretly, apart, privily.
- Sēcōrūm**, i. n. a place secret or apart from company; a retirement; a secret, a mystery; a private audience.
- Sēcōrūs**, a, um. part. et adj. separated, severed; apart from; secret, privy, private; solitary, remote, far off.
- Sēcō**, m. f. a way, an opinion; a sect, a kind of people of a different profession; a party or faction.
- Sēcōrius**, a, um. adj. that which others follow.
- Sēcōrō**, ōnis. m. a follower, one that imitates another or does like him.
- Sēcōtilla**, is. e. adj. that is or may be easily cut, cleaved, or taken asunder.
- Sēcōtō**, ōnis. f. the confiscation or forfeiture of one's goods; that which is forfeited; a sale of goods; that which is taken in prey at the winning and sacking of a town.
- Sēcōtīvus**, a, um. adj. that is often cut.
- Sēcōr**, āri, ātus. dep. to follow; to attend; to wait upon; to hunt; to chase; to run after; to attempt; to follow after; to imitate and do like another.
- Sēcōr**, ōnis. m. a cutter, a cut-purse; a sequestrator; an informer; a seller of any thing.
- Sēcōtrix**, icis. f. a female sequestrator.
- Sēcōtrā**, m. f. a cutting, a shredding.
- Sēcōtus**, a, um. part. cut; chopped, shred; pared; parted, divided; torn or rent; mangled.
- Sēcōbūtus**, ūs. m. a lying apart, a lying alone.
- Sēcōbō**, ēre, bui, bītum. neut. to lie apart, asunder, alone.
- Sēcōla**, m. f. a scythe wherewith hay is mowed; a sickle or hook.
- Sēcōlāris**, is. e. ac. of or belonging to the space of an hundred years; that is done or renewed once every hundredth year.
- Sēcōlūm**, i. n. the time of a man's life; an age, a less space of time; a kind or breed in living creatures; people of the age; the world.
- Sēcōnda**, ōrum. pl. n. prosperity.
- Sēcōndē**, ērum. pl. f. [sc. partes] the after-birth or burden; the second or next place.
- Sēcōndānī**, ōrum. pl. m. soldiers of the second legion.
- Sēcōndārius**, a, um. adj. of the second sort; of the second class.
- Sēcōndo** [sc. loco, &c.] the second time; in the second place, secondly.
- Sēcōndo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make prosperous; to favour; to second; to obey; to accommodate; to suit.
- Sēcōndum**, prap. regit acc. nigh or near; hard by; next after or to; in; for one's side, for; according to; concerning or about.
- Sēcōndus**, a, um. adj. second; next; prosperous, favourable, lucky.
- Sēcōrē**, adv. quietly, safely, securely.
- Sēcōricūla**, m. f. dim. a little are; a dove-tail in carpenter's work.
- Sēcōrifer**, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears an are or hatchet.
- Sēcōrifer**, ēra, ērum. adj. that carries an are or hatchet.
- Sēcōris**, is. f. an are or hatchet.
- Sēcōritas**, ātis. f. security, quietness, assurance, safety; carelessness.
- Sēcōrūs**, a, um. adj. secure, safe, quiet; careless, fearless, unconcerned.
- Sēcūs**, adv. otherwise; amiss.
- Sēcūs**, prap. by or nigh to.
- Sēcōr**, ōnis. m. one of the sword-players; he that fights against and pursues the Reliarius.
- Sēcōtūleia**, m. f. a woman that follows a man up and down.
- Sēcōtus**, a, um. part. [a sequor] that has followed; trusting in; depending or relying on.
- Sed**, conj. but; but also; however.
- Sedāte**, adv. quietly, stilly, calmly, patiently.
- Sedātio**, ōnis. f. an appeasing, pacifying, assuaging, qualifying, or quieting; a stillness, a calm.
- Sedātus**, a, um. part. appeased, quieted; smooth, still. Adj. sober, sedate; considerate.
- Sedēcula**, m. f. dim. a little seat.
- Sedētārius**, a, um. adj. that sits ordinarily, that works sitting, sedentary.
- Sedētārius**, il. m. he who works at his trade sitting.
- Sedēo**, ēre, sēli, sēssum. neut. to sit; to tarry; to stay; to remain; to continue; to stick fast; to be set or placed; to light; to rest upon; to sit abroad; to sit in judgment; to sit still; to loiter; to be idle; to sit down before a

volare; to besiege; to settle in a place; to live; to be or lie upon; to be situate in a low place.

Sēdes, *is*, *f*. a seat; a place; an abode; a dwelling place; a mansion-house; the fundament; a base or foundation; a sepulchre.

Sēdīgītus, *i*, *m*. having six fingers on one hand.

Sēdile, *is*, *n*. a seat, a bench; a settle, a stool; a roost for birds, a perch.

Sēdimentum, *i*, *n*. [a *sedendo*] the grounds or dregs; sediment.

Sēditio, *onis*, *f*. a mutiny; insurrection, sedition, discord, debate, broil, strife.

Sēditiose, *adv*. contentiously, seditiously.

Sēditiosus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. seditious, factious, mutinous, tumultuous, troublesome.

Sēdo, *āre*, *āvī*, *ētum*, *act*. to allay; to mitigate; to ease; to rest; to assuage; to stifle; to quiet; to pacify; to calm; to still.

Sēduco, *ēre*, *xi*, *ctum*, *act*. to lead aside or apart; to separate; to divide.

Sēductio, *onis*, *f*. a leading aside or apart.

Sēductus, *a*, *um*, *part*. *et* *adj*. led apart, taken aside, or away; remote or at a distance.

Sēductus, *ūs*, *m*. a retreat, a withdrawing place.

Sēdūle, *adv*. diligently, carefully.

Sēdūlitas, *ātis*, *f*. carefulness, diligence, application, assiduity, earnestness; too great exactness, an overdoing a thing.

Sēdūlo, *adv*. honestly, plainly; carefully, faithfully, assiduously, industriously.

Sēdūlus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. honest; careful, assiduous, earnest, diligent, painful.

Sēdum, *i*, *n*. houseleek or sea-green.

Sēges, *ētis*, *f*. land tilled or sown, or ready to be sown; standing corn, a crop; a corn field; any thing sown like corn; a multitude, a stock; a harvest, a reward; a soil, a plat.

Sēgestre, *is*, *n*. straw laid in a horse-litter or coach; a mat; a earplait, any thing to pack up merchandise in; paper or other stuff wherein tradesmen wrap up their several wares.

Sēgnien *inis*, *n*. a little piece or paring; a shred, a slice, a chop.

Sēgmentātus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. *et* *part*. made of divers pieces or

colours; slashed, pinked, embroidered, flowered.

Sēgmentum, *i*, *n*. a paring, shred, or piece cut off from something; a collar or ouch about a woman's neck; a necklace of pearl; a border, guard, or purfle about a garment.

Sēgnipes, *ēdis*, *adj*. going slowly; slow-footed, slow-paced.

Sēgnis, *is*, *e*, *adj*. dull, heavy, slothful, slow, lazy, sluggish; cowardly, fearful; barren, unfruitful.

Sēgniter, *adv*. negligently, slothfully, dreamingly, coldly, lubberly, sluggishly.

Sēgnitia, *e*, *et* *Sēgnities*, *ei*, *f*. sloth, sluggishness, laziness, barrenness.

Sēgrēgātus, *a*, *um*, *part*. separated, disjointed, parted.

Sēgrēgo, *āre*, *āvī*, *ētum*, *act*. to take out of the flock; to sever; to separate; to alienate; to put away; to disjoin.

Sēgrex, *ēgis*, *c*, *g*. severed from the flock or company; solitary.

Sēgullum, *i*, *n*. a kind of earth or mark on the top of ground, that discovers a vein of gold beneath.

Sējūgātus, *a*, *um*, *part*. parted, severed, separated.

Sējūgi, *drum*, *m*. *pl*. six *Sējūges* [sc. eq. i] six horses in a team or coach.

Sējugo, *āre*, *āvī*, *ētum*, *act*. to sever; to unyoke.

Sējunctio, *onis*, *f*. a separating, a putting asunder.

Sējunctus, *a*, *um*, *part*. put asunder.

Sējugo, *ēre*, *xi*, *ctum*, *act*. to disjoin; to separate; to abstract; to sever; to part and put asunder.

Sēlāgo, *gēnis*, *f*. an herb like savin; hedge-hyssop.

Sēlecti, *drum*, *m*. *pl*. special officers in Rome so called.

Sēlectio, *onis*, *f*. a culling or choosing out; a laying apart by itself.

Sēlectus, *a*, *um*, *part*. chosen out; culled, choice, select.

Sēlentes, *e*, *m*. a stone in Arabia, wherein is a white, which decreases and increases with the moon.

Sēlētium, *i*, *n*. a kind of ivy.

Sēlētulum, *i*, *n*. a sort of excellent wheat.

Sēlibra, *e*, *f*. half a pound, six ounces.

Sēligo, *ēre*, *lēgi*, *lectum*, *act*. to choose out; to pick and lay aside; to cull.

Sēliquastrum, *i*, *n*. a stool to sit on.

Sella, *e*, *f*. a seat or chair; a bench; a saddle.

Sellāria, *e*, *f*. a hall; an apartment.

Sellāriolus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. belonging to sitting.

Sellūla, *e*, *f*. *dim*. a little seat.

Sellūlarius, *ii*, *m*. that works at his tradesitting.

Sembella, *e*, *f*. half a pound; also, a small coin.

Sēmel, *adv*. once; never but once; once for all; all together, all at once.

Sēmen, *inis*, *n*. seed; a corn or grain; a kernel; a graft or set; an imp, a slip, a cion; a breed, a race; a quality; an original, rise, or cause.

Sēmentātus, *a*, *um*, *part*. that will grow to seed.

Sēmentivus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. belonging or lasting to seed-time.

Sēmentis, *is*, *f*. a sowing; seed time.

Sēmentivus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. belonging to winter seed-time.

Sēmermus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. half armed, ill-armed.

Sēmestris, *is*, *e*, *adj*. of six months or half a year.

Sēmssus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. half-eaten.

Sēmet, *accus*. a soi-met, himself, herself, themselves.

Sēmi, *indecl*. half.

Sēmiamustus, *a*, *um*, *part*. half burnt about, scorched or singed.

Sēmianimis, *is*, *e*, *adj*. *et* *Sēmianimis*, *a*, *um*, *et* *Sēmianimis*, half dead; in a swoon.

Sēmīapertus, *a*, *um*, *part*. half open.

Sēmīassus, *a*, *um*, *part*. half roasted or boiled.

Sēmībarbārus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. half a barbarian.

Sēmītor, *ōvis*, *m*. that is half an ox.

Sēmīcānālicūlus, *i*, *m*. the exterior hollowiness of a pillar.

Sēmīcāper, *pri*, *m*. that is half goat.

Sēmīcūctum, *i*, *n*. a woman's or tradesman's apron.

Sēmīcūclāria, *is*, *e*, *adj*. of the form of a half circle, half round, semicircular.

Sēmīcūclūlus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. of a half round.

Sēmīcūclūs, *i*, *m*. half a circle, a semicircle.

Sēmīcoctus, *a*, *um*, *part*. half boiled or odden; parboiled.

Sēmīcrēmātus, *a*, *um*, *part*. half burnt.

Sēmīcrūdus, *a*, *um*, *adj*. half raw.

Sēmīcūbītālis, *is*, *e*, *adj*. half a cubit long.

Sēmīdea, *e*, *f*. a demi-god.

Sēmīdeus, *i*, *m*. a demi-god.

Adj. *Sēmīdūus*, *a*, *um*.

Sēmīdīgītālis, *is*, *e*, *adj*. half a finger's length or breadth.

Sēmidoctus, a, um. part. a *matterer, half learned.*
Sēmiermis et **Sēmermis**, is, e. adj. *half armed.*
Sēmifaciatus, a, um. part. *half made.*
Sēmifastigium, ii. n. *half the top of a house.*
Sēmifer et **Sēmiferus**, ēra, ērum. adj. *half beast, or half wild.*
Sēmiformis, is, e. adj. *semicircular; half formed or shaped.*
Sēmifultus, a, um. part. *half underset or stayed up.*
Sēmifūm, i. n. *a half rope.*
Sēmigermanus, a, um. adj. *half a German.*
Sēmigræcus, a, um. adj. *half a Greek.*
Sēmigrævis, is, e. adj. *half asleep; drowsy or heavy with wine.*
Sēmigro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. *to depart and go to another place.*
Sēmihians, tis. part. *half open or gaping half way.*
Sēmihomo, i. n. c. g. *half man; the root of the mandrake.*
Sēmihōra, æ. f. *half an hour.*
Sēmihūis, is, e. adj. *half empty; half full.*
Sēmijūgerum, i. n. *half an acre of land.*
Sēmilacer, ēra, ērum. adj. *half torn.*
Sēmiliber, ēra, ērum. adj. *half free.*
Sēmimix, æ. m. *half a drudge, scullion, or slave.*
Sēmimēdus, a, um. adj. *half wet.*
Sēmimrīnus, a, um. adj. *belonging partly to the sea, and partly to the land.*
Sēmimas, ēra. c. g. *a eunuch; any creature castrated; an hermaphrodite.*
Sēmimortuus, a, um. part. *half dead.*
Sēminalis, is, e. adj. *that belongs to sowing or seed.*
Sēminalis, is, e. adj. *half void or empty.*
Sēminalium, ii. n. *the first original or chief cause of any business.*
Sēminalio, ōnis. f. *the act of sowing or breeding.*
Sēminaltor, ōris. m. *a sower, a maker, an effector; an author or procurer of something.*
Sēminaltus, a, um. part. *begotten or conceived.*
Sēmīnex, nēcia. c. g. *half dead or half slain.*
Sēmīnium, ii. n. *seed of all kinds; a race, kind, or stock; a breed.*
Sēmīno, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [a semen] *to sow; to breed.*
Sēmīnūdus, a, um. adj. *half-naked.*

Sēmīorbis, is. m. *half the globe or world.*
Sēmīpāgānus, a, um. n. f. *half a rustic or clown.*
Sēmīpēdālīs, is, e. adj. *half a foot square or in height, &c.*
Sēmīpēdāneus, a, um. adj. *of half a foot.*
Sēmīperfectus, a, um. part. *half finished.*
Sēmīpes, ēlis. m. *the measure of half a foot.*
Sēmīpiscina, æ. f. *a half fishpond.*
Sēmīplacentinus, a, um. adj. *half a Placentine, or half pleasant.*
Sēmīplēnus, a, um. adj. *half full.*
Sēmīpuella, æ. f. *half a girl.*
Sēmīpūtātus, a, um. part. *half cut or pruned.*
Sēmīrāsus, a, um. part. *half shaven or scraped.*
Sēmīrēductus, a, um. part. *half retired, turned on one side with a half face.*
Sēmīrēfectus, a, um. part. *half refitted or repaired.*
Sēmīrītus, a, um. part. *half destroyed or cast down.*
Sēmīs, indecl. *half.*
Sēmīs, isis. m. *half a pound, a quinarus; half the as.*
Sēmīsejultus, a, um. part. *half buried.*
Sēmīsomnis, is, e, et **Sēmīsomnus**, a, um. adj. *half asleep, and half awake.*
Sēmīssis, is. m. *half a pound weight, six ounces, the half of any thing.*
Sēmīssis, is, e. adj. *of small value, good for little.*
Sēmīsupīnus, a, um. adj. *half with the face upward.*
Sēmīta, æ. f. *a narrow way, a footpath, an alley in a city; a way.*
Sēmītārius, a, um. adj. *of a pathway, or that haunts pathways.*
Sēmītātus, a, um. part. *divided into paths.*
Sēmītērlāna, æ. f. [sc. febris] *a kind of ague mixed of a tertian and a quotidian.*
Sēmītō, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. *to make paths; to divide into paths or lanes.*
Sēmītritus, a, um. part. *half brayed or pounded; half bruised, threshed by halves.*
Sēmīvītus, a, um. adj. *half withered.*
Sēmīvir, vīrl. m. *half man, a eunuch, one of Cybele's priests.*
Sēmīvīvus, a, um. adj. *half alive.*
Sēmīvōcālīs, is, e. adj. *half sounding.*
Sēmīustūlātus, a, um. part. *to be half burned.*
Sēmīustūlātus, a, um. part.

half burnt, roasted, boiled, &c. scorched.
Sēmīustus v. **Sēmīustus**, a, um. part. *half burnt.*
Sēmīzōnārius, ii. m. *a maker or seller of aprons or kirtles.*
Sēmōdālīs, is, e. adj. *of the bigness of half a bushel.*
Sēmōdius, ii. m. *half a bushel.*
Sēmōtus, a, um. part. *put aside, removed.*
Sēmōveo, ēre, vi, mōtum. act. *to remove; to put aside; to withdraw; to put away.*
Semper, adv. temp. *always, continually, for ever.*
Semperlētus, ēlis. f. *accustomed gentleness or mildness.*
Sempervivum, i. n. *the herb houseleek, sengreen, or aygreen.*
Sempternus, a, um. adj. *endless, perpetual, continual, ever lasting.*
Sēmuncia, æ. f. *half an ounce, half the twelfth part; the twenty-fourth part of a pound.*
Sēmuncialīs, is, e. adj. et **Sēmuncīlārius**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to half an ounce.*
Sēmīustus, part. *pro Sēmīustus*, a, um. *half burnt.*
Sēnācūlum, i. n. *a council-house or chamber, the senate or parliament-house.*
Sēnāribilis, i. dim. **Senarioli** versus, *Trimeter verses of six feet.*
Sēnārius, a, um. adj. *that contains six, or belongs to the number six.*
Sēnātor, ōris. m. *a Roman senator, a parliament man.*
Sēnātorius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a senator.*
Sēnātus, ūs. m. *a senate or chief council; a parliament; a place where the senate or council is held; the bench of aldermen; a hearing in the senate, a consultation about any affair.*
Sēnātus-consultum, i. n. *an act, ordinance, or decree of the senate; an act of parliament, an order of the house.*
Sēnēcō, ōnis. m. *groundsel; a surname of a Roman family.*
Sēnēcta, æ. f. [sc. etas] *old age; the skin of an adder, locust, or crab-fish; a slough.*
Sēnēctus, ūis. f. *old age; gravity; severity; the skin or slough of a serpent.*
Sēnēctus, a, um. part. [a senesco] *old, aged, withered, decrepit.*
Sēneo, ēre, nui, —. neut. *to be old.*
Sēnescō, cōre, —. incept. *to wax old; to grow up in age; to decay; to wear away; to lessen; to be less violent.*
Sēnex, is [et idis] c. g. *an old man or woman.* Adj. comp.

Senior, *old, withered, wrinkled.*
Sēai, *æ*, *a.* adj. pl. distrib. by sizes, each six.
Sēniliis, *is*, *e.* adj. [a sene] of or belonging to age or old folk.
Sēuilliter, *adv.* like an old man.
Sēnio, *ōnia*, *m.* the number six; the six point, or the size cast of the dice.
Sēnium, *ii*, *n.* old age; trouble, discontent, weariness; peevishness, moroseness; a withered old churl.
Sensiculus, *i*, *m.* dim. a little sense or feeling; a slight argument.
Sensifer, *ēra*, *ērum*, *adj.* that causes feeling or sense.
Sensilis, *is*, *e.* adj. sensible, or that may be perceived by the senses.
Sennin, *adv.* leisurely, by little and little, by degrees.
Sensum, *i*, *n.* that which one conceives in his mind; a thought or meaning.
Sensua, *ūs*, *m.* *sensae*; meaning, acception; thought, reason; humour, way; judgment, understanding; reason; capacity.
Sententia, *æ*, *f.* opinion; mind, judgment, deliberation, advice; a resolution; desire, wish, will; a sense or signification; design; a sentence; the sentence of a judge; doom; a decree, a rote.
Sententiola, *æ*, *f.* dim. a little or short sentence.
Sententiōse, *adv.* with many good sentences or sayings; *sententiōsely*.
sententiōsus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* full of pithy sentences, *sententiōsus*.
sentētum, *i*, *n.* [a sentia] a ace where many brambles are, a place full of briars.
stina, *æ*, *f.* a sink, the pump of a ship; the rabble or rascality.
ntio, *ire*, *si*, *sum*, *act.* to discern by the senses, to be sensible of; to think; to resent; to suppose; to deem; to be apprised; to perceive; to find; to understand; to be of an opinion.
Sentis, *is*, *m.* a brier or bramble; a thorn; a dog-brier, a blackberry-bush.
Sentisco, *cēre*, —. *incept.* [a sentio] to begin to know; to perceive; to feel; to have some sense of.
Sentus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* rough, overgrown; tattered, shabby, nasty.
Seruam, *adv.* sed rectius
Seruum, [ex secus et verum] *adv.* apart, asunder, one from

another; specially, particularly.
Sersus, *adv.* apart.
Sēpārābilis, *is*, *e.* adj. easy to be severed, separable.
Sēpārātum, *adv.* separately, severally, abstractedly, apart; in particular.
Sēpārātio, *ōnis*, *f.* a separating, separation, a setting apart, a putting one from another; a disjoining, a disunion.
Sēpārātus, *a*, *um*, *part.* put apart, separated, disjoined, enclosed; private, particular; distinct.
Sēpāro, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* to sever; to separate; to part; to divide; to disjoin; to abstract; to put asunder or one from another; to distinguish; to put a difference.
Sēpēlibilis, *is*, *e.* adj. buriable, that may be buried.
Sēpēlō, *ire*, *ivi*, *pultum*, *act.* to bury; to inter; to make to be forgotten; to overwhelm.
Sēpes, *is*, *f.* a hedge, fence, enclosure, or mound.
Sēpia, *æ*, *f.* a fish called a cuttle.
Sēpimentum, *i*, *n.* a hedge, a pale, a mound, or enclosure.
Sēpio, *ire*, *ivi* *v.* *psī*, *Rum* *v.* *ptum*, *act.* [a sepes] to enclose; to hedge in; to mound; to fence; to guard; to beset; to environ; to block up; to hem in; to cover; to secure; to shelter.
Sēpiōla, *æ*, *f.* dim. [a sepio] a little cuttle fish.
Seplasia, *æ*, *f.* a place in Capua where perfumes were sold; an apothecary's or perfumer's shop.
Seplasia, *ōrum*, *pl.* *n.* a market-place at Capua, where perfumes and sweet ointments were sold.
Sēpono, *ēre*, *pōui*, *pōitum*, *act.* to lay apart; to reserve; to distinguish; to put a difference between; to send away to a remote place.
Sēpōstus *v.* **Sēpōstus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* put apart, laid by; far out of the way.
Seps, *sepis*, *m.* a venomous serpent, a newt or eel.
Sēpta, *ōrum*, *n.* pl. [a sepio] a place of exercise in Rome, called the Campus Martius; a place in that field railed about, out of which people gave their votes, called also, *Ōvilia*.
Septem, *adj.* pl. indecl. seven.
September *v.* *bris*, *bris*, *bre*, *adj.* of or belonging to September.
Septemfluus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* divided into seven branches or streams, running in seven channels.

Septemgeminus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* seven times double or sevenfold.
Septempdūlis, *is*, *e.* adj. seven feet long or belonging to seven feet.
Septemplex, *icis*, *adj.* sevenfold, covered with seven hides or skins.
Septemvir, *virī*, *m.* one of the seven magistrates, governors or commissioners, who ordered plantations and the sharing of lands among the planters.
Septemviri epulones, seven priests, who took care of the feasts of their gods.
Septemvirilis, *is*, *e.* adj. of or belonging to such officers.
Septemvirātus, *ūs*, *m.* the authority of such governors.
Septēnārius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to seven; containing seven in number.
Septēnārius, *ii*, *n.* the number seven, a verse of seven feet.
Septendecim, *indecl.* seventeen.
Septēni, *æ*, *a.* adj. pl. seven each; seven.
Septennis, *is*, *e.* adj. of seven years space.
Septentrio, *ōnis*, *m.* the north part of the world; the north coast, pole, or wind; the seven stars or Charles's wain.
Septentrionālis, *is*, *e.* adj. northern.
Septicus, *a*, *u.* *n.* adj. that makes rotten or ripe.
Septies, *adv.* seven times.
Septimānus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* one of the seventh band or regiment.
Septimatus, *uum*, *pl.* *f.* the seventh day after the ides of March.
Septimontālis, *is*, *e.* adj. belonging to the feast called septimontium.
Septimontium, *ii*, *n.* a feast or wake kept in December, on all the seven hills at Rome.
Septimum, *adv.* the seventh time.
Septimus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* the seventh. **Septimus dies**.
Septingēnarius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of seven hundred.
Septingēni, *æ*, *a.* adj. pl. seven hundred.
Septingentesimus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* the seven hundredth.
Septingenti, *æ*, *a.* adj. pl. seven hundred.
Septingenties, *adv.* seven hundred times.
Septio, *ōnis*, *f.* a dike, dam, or mound.
Septirēmis, *is*, *e.* adj. having seven benches or banks of oars.
Septuagēnus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* the seventieth.
Septuagēsimus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* the seventieth.

Septuagies, adv. *seventy times*.
Septuaginta, adj. indecl. *seventy*.
Septuaginta, is, e. adj. *seven years old*.
Septum, i. n. *any place paled in, hedged, or enclosed; a fold of sheep; a hedge, a fence*.
Septuaginta, clis. m. *seven parts of any whole measure or sum; a measure of seven drinking-cups*.
Septus, a, um. part. *enclosed, environed, guarded, beset*.
Sépulcrâlis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to a tomb or sepulchre*.
Sépulcratum, i. n. *a churchyard, a burying-place*.
Sépulcrum, i. u. *a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre*.
Sépultūra, m. f. *burial, interment, a laying in the ground; the act of burying*.
Sépultus, a, um. part. *[a sepelio] buried, interred; covered over; without motion; utterly undone and ruined; quite finished, extinct*.
Séquax, ſcia. adj. *[a sequor] following after, seeking after; flexible, pliant; clammy; climbing or spreading every way*.
Séquester, a, um. adj. *belonging to umpirage, mediation or reconciliation*.
Séquester, i. v. is. m. *a mediator or umpire; a referee; a solicitor of a process, an attorney, a proctor; a briber, a corrupter; a broker, a procurer*.
Séquestro, adv. *by arbitration*.
Séquior, ius. adj. comp. *pro deo* *terior [a secus, v. sequus] worse, the worse*.
Séquitur, impers. *[a sequor] it follows; it is consequent*.
Séquor, qui, cūtus v. quūtus. dep. *to follow; to hunt; to chase; to pursue; to go after; to ensue; to seek for; to endeavour to attain; to obey; to believe; to trust to; to love; to delight in; to speak*.
Sēra, m. f. *a lock, a bar, a bolt*.
Sērâpis, ſdis. f. *an herb called dog-stones or ragwort*.
Sērēnâtes, a, um. part. *appeased, cleared*.
Sērēntas, ſtis. f. *fair and clear weather, quietness, calmness*.
Sērēno, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to make clear and lightome; to clear up*.
Sērēnum, i. n. *fair weather*.
Sērēnus, a, um. adj. *clear and fair; without clouds or rain; bright, serene, dry; blithe, cheerful, calm, sedate*.
Sērēco, ſre, —. incept. *to wax fair and dry*.
Sērēco, ſre, —. incept.

neut. [a serum] to turn into whey.
Sēria, m. f. *a kind of olive*.
Sēria, ſrum. pl. n. *matters of weight, serious affairs, grave concerns*.
Sēria, m. f. *a wine vessel, a butt, a jar or pot*.
Sērica, m. f. *[sc. vestis] a silken or, perhaps, a cotton or muslin garment*.
Sēricâtes, a, um. adj. *clothed in silk or muslin*.
Sēricum, i. n. *silk or rather muslin*.
Sēricus, a, um. adj. *that is made of silk, like silk or rather muslin*.
Sēries, ſi. f. *an order, a concatenation, a course, a train, a continuance, a connexion; a row or rank; an issue or descent of kindred*.
Sērio, adv. *in earnest, seriously, gravely*.
Sēriola, m. f. *[a seria] a little butt or jar*.
Sēriophium, ii. n. *a kind of sea-wormwood*.
Sēria, is. f. *cichory or endive*.
Sēritur, impers. *it is sown*.
Sērics, a, um. adj. *serious, grave, earnest; of importance or weight*.
Sermo, ſnis. m. *common discourse, talk; a rumour or report; a low style; a speech or language*.
Sermōcinâto, ſnis. f. *talk, communication, a figure in rhetoric*.
Sermōcinor, ſri, ſtum. dep. *to talk; to discourse; to commune; to parley*.
Sermunculus, i. m. dim. *a little discourse or talk; tittle-tattle*.
Sēro, adv. *late, in the evening, too late*.
Sēro, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to sow; to plant; to beget; to spread abroad; to disseminate; to raise*.
Sēro, ſre, ſrul, ſertum. act. *to lay in order; to knit; to plait; to wreath; to join*.
Sērothnus, a, um. adj. *[a sēro] late in the evening, lateward*.
Serpens, ſis. m. et f. *a serpent, any creeping vermin; a dragon; a louse*.
Serpentigēna, m. c. g. *engendered or bred of a serpent*.
Serpentiger, ſra, ſrum. adj. *that bears a serpent*.
Serpentinus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a serpent*.
Serpērastra, ſrum. pl. n. *bands, swathes, splints*.
Serpo, ſre, ſvi, pum. neut. *to creep; to slide on the belly; to spread itself; to extend; to proceed by little and little; to augment; to increase*.

Serpyllum, i. n. *a kind of wild or running betony; wild thyme*.
Serra, m. f. *a saw; a certain fish*.
Serrâbilis, is, e. adj. *that may be cut with a saw*.
Serrâta, m. f. *an herb called germander or English treacle*.
Serrâtum, adv. *like a saw, in manner of a saw*.
Serrâtula, m. f. dim. *betony, saw-wool*.
Serrâtes, a, um. part. *sawed, made after the fashion of a saw, having the edges snagged*.
Servo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to saw*.
Serrûla, m. f. dim. *a little saw, a hand-saw*.
Seria, m. f. *a chaplet; a line, a rope*.
Serûla Campana, the herb melilot or clover.
Serium, i. n. sc. *strophium, [a sero, necto] a garland of flowers, a wreath, chaplet, posy, or nosegay. Seria, flowers*.
Sertus, a, um. part. *set with flowers*.
Serva, m. f. *[sc. mulier] a female slave*.
Servâbilis, is, e. adj. *that can be preserved*.
Servans, ſis. part. et adj. *keeping, preserving, saving; not changing; minding, observing; waiting, expecting; watchful*.
Servator, ſris. m. *a preserver, a deliverer, a saviour*.
Servâtrix, ſcis. f. *she who preserves*.
Servâtes, a, um. part. *kept, preserved, saved; observed, &c.*
Servilicôlis, ſrum. pl. c. g. *servile and base folk*.
Servilis, is, e. adj. *of a servant or bondage; slavish, like a slave, servile*.
Serviliter, adv. *slavishly, servilely*.
Servio, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. *[a servus] to be a slave; to serve; to obey; to take care of; to provide for; to apply himself to; to be subservient to; to attend upon; to be held in base tenure*.
Servitium, ii. n. *bondage, service, enthrallment; a slavish compliance, flattery; bondmen or servants*.
Servitur, impers. *all is done to the furtherance of*.
Servitus, ſtis. f. *bondage, slavery, subjection, service, drudgery, thralldom*.
Serum, i. n. *whey, buttermilk*.
Serum, i. n. *late, the evening, late of the day; a long time*.
Servo, ſre, ſvi, ſtum. act. *to keep; to preserve; to save; to mind; to observe; to watch*.

- to perform; to make good; to defend; to possess; to follow.
- Serus, a, um. adj. late, late in the evening, nigh to night; that is to be long after, coming long after; long a growing; dry; sad, doleful.
- Servilla, m. f. a hand-maid, a little maid-servant.
- Servulus, i. m. dim. a little man-servant, a valet.
- Servus, a, um. adj. that is in bondage, that is bound to certain service; of base tenure.
- Servus, i. m. [sc. homo] a servant, a bondman or slave.
- Sesamulus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sesamum.
- Sesamoides, is. f. an herb that purges melancholy, catch-fly.
- Sesamum, i. n. al. Sesama, m. f. a white grain or corn growing in India, of which oil is made; sesame.
- Sescuncia, m. f. an ounce and a half.
- Sesquiallis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to an ounce and a half; or an inch and a half.
- Sesuncus, cis. m. an ounce and a half.
- Sesquiplum, i. n. al. Sesquialterum, the whole, and half as much more.
- Seu, accus. [a sui] himself, herself, themselves.
- Sevallis, is. f. an herb called hart-wort.
- Sequi, indecl. so much and a half so much; the whole of a thing and one half more.
- Sesquialter, era, erum. adj. containing one and a half.
- Sesquidigitallis, is, e. adj. containing the full measure of a sack, and half as much more.
- Sesquicyathus, i. m. a cyathus and a half.
- Sesquidigitallis, is, e. adj. a finger-breadth and a half.
- Sesquigitus, i. m. a finger and a half.
- Sesquihora, m. f. an hour and a half.
- Sesquijugerum, i. n. an acre and a half.
- Sesquilibra, m. f. a pound and a half.
- Sesquimensis, is. m. a month and a half.
- Sesquimodius, li. m. a bushel and a half.
- Sesquibolus, i. m. three farthings.
- Sesquioctavus, a, um. adj. eight and a half; rather one and an eighth part.
- Sesquidiera, m. f. a day's work and a half.
- Sesquidupus, eris. n. a task or work and a half.
- Sesquipedalis, is, e. adj. a foot and a half long.
- Sesquipedaneus, a, um. adj. of a foot and a half.
- Sesquipes, pedis. m. a foot and a half, a cubit.
- Sesquiplaga, m. f. a stroke and a half, more than a blow.
- Sesquipleus, leus. adj. half as much again.
- Sesquiplus, a, um. adj. as much and half as much.
- Sesquisuex, is. c. g. over old, very old.
- Sesquitercius, a, um. adj. which contains as much as another, and a third part more.
- Sessibulum, i. n. a cloze stool.
- Sessilis, is, e. adj. sitting, dwarfish, low, growing in breadth, not in height. Pass. that may be sitten upon.
- Sessimodium, li. n. a shrine or place where the images of the gods were set; a rood-loft.
- Sessio, onis. f. a sitting, session, or assizes.
- Sessito, ere, avi, atum. freq. to sit often; to take up a seat.
- Sessor, oris. m. a sitter; an inhabitant.
- Sestans, tis. m. Vid. Sextans.
- Sestertium, i. n. v. Sester-tius, i. m. dim. a little sesterce.
- Sestertium, li. n. unde pl. Sestertia, a thousand sestertees; a kind of mattock or pick-axe.
- Sestertius, li. m. a sesterce; a coin among the Romans, in value the fourth part of a denier, or two asses and a half, i. e. two pounds of copper or brass coin and a half.
- Sestiāna mala, a kind of apple so called from Sestius.
- Seta, m. f. a bristle or big rough hair; a fishing-line.
- Seta sudaria, a handkerchief of fine lawn or cambric.
- Setiāna, m. f. a kind of onion.
- Setinum, li. n. a medlar; coarse, ordinary food.
- Setivus, a, um. adj. of this year, of this spring, of three months growing.
- Setiger, era, erum. adj. that bears or has bristles on his back.
- Setinum vinum, a very generous wine.
- Setosus, a, um. adj. rough, hairy, full of bristles.
- Seu, conj. either, or.
- Sevexus, a, um. part. carried away, apart, or aside.
- Severe, adv. gravely, soberly, superciliously; sharply, severely.
- Severitas, itis. f. gravity, seriousness; severity, crabbedness, harshness, rigour, strictness, superciliousness; sharpness, sourness.
- Severus, a, um. adj. serious,
- sober; stale; exact, impartial; severe, harsh, crabbed, sharp, austere; terrible, frightful; demure, coy.
- Sevo, ere, avi, atum. act. to grease; to dip in tallow.
- Sevoco, ere, avi, atum. act. to call apart or aside; to separate; to withdraw; to sever.
- Sevonus, a, um. adj. full of tal low or suet; greasy.
- Sevum, i. n. quod et Sebum, et Sebum, tallow, suet.
- Sex, adj. indecl. six in number.
- Sexagenarius, a, um. adj. of or concerning sixty; sixty years of age.
- Sexagēni, m. a. adj. pl. sixty.
- Sexagesimus, a, um. adj. the sixtieth.
- Sexagesies, adv. threescore times.
- Sexaginta, adj. pl. indecl. sixty or threescore.
- Sexangulus, a, um. adj. six-cornered.
- Sexatrus, uum. pl. n. the sixth day after the ides of March.
- Sexcenti, m. a. adj. pl. six hundred; an indefinite number, a great many.
- Sexcenteni, m. a. adj. pl. six hundred.
- Sexcentismus, a, um. adj. the six hundredth.
- Sexcenti, m. a. adj. pl. six hundred; an indefinite number.
- Sexcenties, adv. six hundred times.
- Sexdecies, adv. sixteen times.
- Sexdecim, adj. indecl. sixteen.
- Sexennis, is, e. adj. that is six years old.
- Sexennium, li. n. the space or age of six years.
- Sexies, adv. six times.
- Sexsignani, drum. m. pl. soldiers of the sixth legion, or of six ensigns.
- Sextrilemiani, drum. pl. m. soldiers of the sixteenth legion.
- Sextans, tis. m. v. Sestans, the weight of two ounces, the sixth part of an as, or a pound weight; a measure of two cyathi, two parts of twelve; a sixth part of any thing.
- Sextantilis, is, e. adj. two thumbs broad, thick, or deep.
- Sextantarius, a, um. adj. of the weight of two ounces, &c.
- Sextatrilus, i. m. a small sectary.
- Sextarius, li. m. a Roman measure holding two cotylæ or heminae, being about our pint and a half.
- Sextilina pira vel mala, a certain kind of pear or apple of marvellous roundness.
- Sextilis, is. m. the month of

August, being the sixth, beginning at March.
Sextūla, *m. f.* the sixth part of an ounce; a measure of land.
Sextum, *adv.* the sixth time.
Sextus, *a, um. adj.* the sixth.
Sexus, *ūs. m. et Sexus, i. m. a sex.*
Si, *conj. if; seeing that, since; although; O that; whether or not; as soon as; whether.*
Sibilō, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to hiss; to hiss at.*
Sibilum, *i. n.* a whistling or piping; a hissing; a growling.
Sibilus, *a, um. adj.* that hisses, hissing.
Sibilus, *i. m.* a whistling; a hiss; the soft blowing of winds; a creaking or shrieking.
Sibimet, *id. quod Sibi.*
Sic, *adv. so, thus; according to, or after this fashion; inasmuch; even so, yes.*
Sica, *m. f.* a short sword, a pocket dagger, a poniard, a stiletto, a skewer.
Sicarius, *il. m.* an assassin; a bully or private murderer; a ruffian, a bravo, a cut-throat.
Siccāneus, *a, um. adj.* dry of nature, that has no springs to water it.
Siccānus, *a, um. adj.* dry, without water. *Sed fort. legend.*
Siccaneus.
Siccatio, *ōnis. f.* a drying.
Sicce, *adv. pro Sic, after this manner, thus.*
Sicce, *adv. dryly; jejunely, firmly; strongly.*
Siccesco, *cōre, —. neut. to dry; to grow dry.*
Siccae, *adv. is it so? even so, or so indeed?*
Sicclat, *clia. f.* dryness; drought, dry weather; firmness or fastness, toughness, strength.
Sicco, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to dry; to make dry; to wipe off; to suck; to drink up.*
Siccocūlus, *a, um. adj.* that has dry eyes.
Siccum, *i. n.* dry ground.
Sicca, *a, um. adj.* dry, withered, thirsty; sober; hungry; close, nervous.
Sicclia, *m. f.* an herb growing much in vineyards.
Sicellon, *il. n.* an herb growing in vineyards.
Sicclilla, *m. f. dim.* a kind of little knife, a play-thing for children.
Sicclum, *i. n. v. Sicclius, i. m.* the fourth part of an ounce, two drachms; a measure of ground, twenty feet broad, and thirty long.
Sicclio, *ire, īvi, ītum. act. to*

mow again what was not well cut before.
Sicillaso, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. Sicillat, al. leg. Sicilliat, et Sicilliatat, to speak the language of Sicily, or like a Sicilian.*
Sicibli, *adv. wheresoever, if in any place, if at any time.*
Sicula, *m. f. dim.* a dag, a tuck; a sickle, a scythe.
Sicunde, *adv. if from any place.*
Sicut, *adv. as; as ever; as well as; like as, such as; just as.*
Sicūti, *adv. just as if, &c.*
Siderālis, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to the stars or planets; sideral.*
Sideratio, *ōnis. f.* the blasting in trees with an eastern wind, or with great heat and drought; as in the dog-days; a taking or benumbing, when one is suddenly deprived of the use of one's limbs, and of all sense; a being planet-struck.
Sideratus, *a, um. part. blasted, planet-struck, taken, benumbed.*
Sidereus, *a, um. adj. of or like stars; starry, shining, bright; high, heavenly.*
Siderion, *il. n.* a kind of herb which heals all cuts and gashes.
Siderites, *m. m.* a precious stone like iron, a kind of diamond; a loadstone which draws iron.
Sideritis, *idia. f.* an herb called wall-sage or stone-sage; ironwort; a loadstone which draws iron.
Sideror, *āri, ātus. pass. to be blasted with lightning, wind, &c.; to be mildewed; to be planet-struck.*
Sideropæcellus, *i. f.* a precious stone like iron, with many spots in it.
Sido, *āre, sēdi et sidi, sessum, neut. to perch; to light; to settle; to sink; to go to the bottom.*
Sidus, *ōris. n.* a star; a constellation; a sign in the heavens; a climate; a blast; an honour, glory, renown.
Siem, *sies, siet, pro Sim. sis, sit.*
Sigillāria, *um. n. pl.* a kind of fair after the feast of Saturn; the images or fairings there sold; the name of a street in Rome, where toys were made or sold.
Sigillāris, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to a seal or mark; or to the images before-mentioned.*
Sigillatim, *adv. severally, particularly, one after another or one by one.*

Sigillatus, *a, um. part. that has little images set in or wrought on it.*
Sigillum, *i. n. dim.* a little image, graven or molten; a seal or print, a signet, a medal.
Signa, *n. indeci.* a table in the form of a half moon.
Signator, *ōris. m.* a sealer; a signer; a witness that sets his mark.
Signatorius, *a, um. adj.* that is used or serves to seal with.
Signatura, *m. f.* an insalating or signature.
Signatus, *a, um. part. marked, sealed, signed; stamped, coined; signified.*
Signifer, *ēra, ērum. adj.* embossed, wrought or carved with figures or images on it.
Signifer, *ēri. m.* an ensign or cornet; a standard-bearer, one who carries the colours; the zodiac; a principal, a leader.
Significans, *tis. part. et adj. signifying, making known; significant, expressive.*
Significanter, *adv. plainly, significantly, evidently, expressively, expressively, intelligibly clearly.*
Significantia, *m. f.* signification or signifi-
Significatio, *ōnis. f.* an advertisement, a sign, or token; a hint, a signification, acceptance, import, intent.
Significatus, *ūs. m.* a declaring or denoting; a prognostic.
Significo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to give notice or warning; to signify; to intimate; to intend; to imply; to give a sign or advertise; to give notice of; to make one acquainted with.*
Significor, *āri, ātus. pass. to be discovered or signified.*
Signinus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to the Signini.*
Signitōnis, *tis. adj.* a standard-bearer.
Signo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to mark out; to seal; to grave; to coin; to stamp; to write; to declare; to signalize; to signify; to show by sign or token; to pretend.*
Signum, *i. n.* a mark or sign; a seal; a token; a graven, painted, or molten image; a figure of a thing; a badge; a cognizance; a standard or ensign, a banner, a streamer, or flag; a signal, a watch-word; a prodigy; a token or warning of things to come; a sign in the zodiac.
Sil, *clia. n.* a kind of earth, of a yellow colour, which, being burnt, makes vermilion or a red

for painters' use; a kind of ochre.
 Silaceus, a, um. adj. [a sille] of a yellow colour.
 Silanus, l. m. a conduit-pipe, a wild figure, a stone image, set up at fountains, through which the water ran; a boss.
 Silaus, l. f. a kind of herb like smilax.
 Silena, æ. f. a snub-nose girl.
 Silens, tis. part. keeping silence, still, silent, noiseless; quiet, calm.
 Silentium, li. n. silence; the shades; secrecy; quietness, stillness, obscurity.
 Silo, Ære, ui, —. neut. st. act. to hold his peace; neither to speak nor write; to keep silence; not to be heard or regarded; to be quiet, still, or calm.
 Siler, Æris. n. a small withy or osier.
 Silesco, Ære, —. —. incept. to begin to hold his peace; to grow still or quiet; to be hushed.
 Silētur, impers. they are silent or hold their peace; all lies hushed.
 Silix, Icīa. m. v. f. a flint stone.
 Silicernium, li. n. an old man who stoops to the ground as he goes.
 Siliceus et Silicius, a, um. adj. flinty, of flint; hard as flint, stout.
 Silicia, æ. f. a kind of herb; fenugreek.
 Silicula et Silicia, æ. f. dim. a little cod or husk.
 Siligneus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to or made of the finest flour.
 Siligo, Inis. f. a kind of corn with an upright stalk, and the grain very white, but lighter, and of less nourishment than wheat.
 Silqua, æ. f. the husk, pod, or shell of a bean, pea, or any such thing; the pulse therein; the carob tree; carobs or carob bean pods; the herb called fenugreek.
 Siliquastrum, l. n. pepperwort or St. Mary's herb.
 Siliquor, Æri, Ætus. dep. to grow in a husk or pod; to be unshelled.
 Silo, Ænis. m. he that has a nose crooked upward; a chamois or snub-nosed fellow; he that has hanging eye-brows.
 Silphium, li. n. an herb whereof comes benzoin.
 Silva, æ. f. a wood,holt,or forest; sharp weeds; vines; bushes, leaves; a stock or plenty of matter brought together; a rough draught.
 Silvaticus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a wood.

Silvesco, Ære, —. —. incept. to wax wild; to grow thick and bushy.
 Silvester v. tris. tris, Ære, adj. of a wood or forest; woody; bred in the country, wild, savage; rude, unpolished, rustic.
 Silvicola, æ. c. g. living in the woods, a forester.
 Silvicultrix, Icīa. f. living in the woods.
 Silvifragus, a, um. adj. breaking the woods.
 Silviger, Æra, Ærum. adj. bearing woods.
 Silvius, a, um. adj. woody.
 Situla, æ. f. dim. a little cypse or wood.
 Silurus, i. m. a fish much like a sturgeon, a sheath-fish, or shark-fish.
 Silus, l. m. i. g. Silo, a chamois nose, crooked upwards.
 Sina, æ. f. the blunt part of a pillar to the very top, like a snub-nose.
 Simia, æ. f. an ape or jackanapes; an imitator.
 Simila, æ. f. flour, fine meal of corn.
 Simillago, Inis. f. [a simila] fine flour.
 Similis, is, e. adj. like.
 Similiter, adv. in like manner, likewise, seemingly or agreeably.
 Similitudo, Inis. f. likeness, resemblance; affinity; a similitude, a comparison.
 Simiolus, l. m. dim. a little ape, one who apes another.
 Simius, li. m. an ape; a mimic.
 Simo, Ænis. m. [a simus] that is born without nostrils; that has a flat nose upwards.
 Simplex, Icīa. adj. simple, single, of one sort, uncompound, unmixed; right forward, straight, direct; downright, sincere, honest, without deceit; homely, homespun; mean, ordinary; silly, foolish, simple.
 Simplicitas, Ætis. f. plainness, openness, simplicity, singleness, plain dealing, downright honesty, sincerity; silliness.
 Simpliter, adv. simply, purely, sincerely; nakedly, plainly, freely.
 Simplus, a, um. adj. single in number, one only.
 Simpullum, i. n. an earthen chalice or cup, used in sacrifice before gold and silver were in esteem.
 Simpulvium, li. n. an earthen vessel used of old in divine services.
 Simul, adv. together, in company; at the same time; all under one, at once. Without

ac, as soon as. Simul—simul, no sooner—than; both—and.
 Simulacrum, i. n. the proportion of any thing, a resemblance, a representation, a figure; a phantom, a ghost; a picture or statue, effigy, image; a trace, a footprint, a show.
 Simulamen, Inis. n. an image, resemblance or representation.
 Simulans, tis. part. et. adj. resembling; feigning, counterfeiting, mimicking, imitating.
 Simulante, adv. counterfeitedly, feignedly, dissemblingly, hypocritically.
 Simulatio, Ænis. f. a counterfeiting; a dissembling, a colour, pretence, or disguise; insincerity.
 Simulactor, Æris. m. a feigner or counterfeiter; a dissembler, a hypocrite.
 Simulatrix, Icīa. f. a female dissembler, a witch, a hag.
 Simulatus, a, um. part. feigned, dissembled, counterfeited, pretended.
 Simulo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to make like; to seem; to resemble; to counterfeit; to feign; to take the form of; to make as if; to dissemble; to play the hypocrite.
 Simultas, Ætis. f. privy grudge, displeasure, animosity, enmity, secret hatred, dissembled malice.
 Simulter, adv. pro Similiter.
 Simulus, a, um. adj. somewhat flat-nosed.
 Sinus, a, um. adj. flat-nosed.
 Sin, conj. but if, otherwise, if not.
 Sinape, is. n. et Sinapi, n. indecl. et Sinapis, is. f. mustard-seed.
 Sincere, adv. sincerely, plainly, heartily.
 Sinceritas, Ætis. f. clearness, integrity, uprightness, frankness, neatness, sincerity, frankness, fidelity.
 Sincerus, a, um. adj. sincere, without mixture, pure, neat; whole, sound, or entire; open, free, ingenious, plain, downright, hearty.
 Sinciput, Itis. n. the fore part or perhaps one half of the head; a hog's cheek soused.
 Sindon, Ænis. f. very fine linen.
 Sine, præp. without.
 Singillatim, adv. dim. particularly, one by one.
 Singulāris, is, e. adj. single, one alone; singular, peculiar, extraordinary, exemplary, matchless, unparalleled; apart or by itself.
 Singulāriter, adv. singly, in the singular number; singularly, particularly, passingly, above all others, only.

Singulārius, a, um. adj. *single, one by one.*

Singulātum, adv. *every thing by itself, particularly, one by one, minutely.*

Singulātus, a, um. part. *delivered with sobs.*

Singultus, tis. part. *yezing, hiccupping, sobbing; clucking.*

Singultim, adv. *with sobs, sobbingly.*

Singultio, ire. neut. *Vid. Singultiens.*

Singulto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. *to yez or sob often; to gasp up.*

Singultus, ūs. m. *the hiccup or yezing; a sobbing; a clucking of hens with chickens.*

Singulus, a, um. adj. *every, each one, several; one by one; single, alone; one only.*

Sinister, tra, trum. adj. *that is on the left hand; unlucky, unfortunate; untoward, awkward; lucky and prosperous.*

Sinistēritas, ātis. f. *untowardness, awkwardness, unluckiness.*

Sinistra, [sc. parte v. manu] on the left hand.

Sinistra, ō. f. [sc. manus] *the left hand, the part towards the left hand.*

Sinistre, adv. *unluckily, unfortunately, awkwardly.*

Sinistrorsum et Sinistrorsus, adv. *towards or on the left hand or side.*

Sino, ēre, sivi, sstum. act. *to suffer; to allow; to permit; to give one leave to do.*

Sinopicus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to sinoper or ruddle.*

Sinopia, idis. f. *a red stone commonly called sinoper or ruddle; red chalk.*

Sinuatus, a, um. part. *crooked, bent, gathered round.*

Sinum, i. n. v. *potius Sinus*, i. m. *a bowl to drink wine or milk in; a milk-pail.*

Sinuo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a sinua] *to turn; to wind; to bend or bow; to wind round; to make hollow.*

Sinuosus, a, um. adj. *that has many turnings, windings, or bendings; sinuous; crooked; plaited; inmost, inward.*

Sinus, ūs. m. *the bosom; a confident, a bosom-friend; the part of the gown before the girdle; compass, reach, power; a secret place to lay up or hide in; the inner part of any thing; the breast, the heart; protection, defence; the hollow of any thing; the bosom or gulf of the sea; a winding, a spire, a ringlet; a bay; a creek; a frith; the*

seil of a ship filled with wind; the bow of a net.

Sion, i. n. *an herb called water-parasley.*

Siparium, li. n. *a curtain or veil, drawn when the players come upon the stage.*

Sipho et **Sipo**, ōnis. m. *a tube, pipe, or hollow body; a funnel or tunnel; a syringe, a catheter; a water-cock, a faucet.*

Siphunculū, i. m. dim. *a little cock or tap.*

Stquando, adv. *if at any time.*

Stquidem, conj. *if so be; for as much as.*

Siquis, qua, quod et quid, *if any one.*

Siren, Enis. f. *a mermaid; a fabulous bird in India; music, melody.*

Striāis, ia. f. *a disease in children, proceeding from the inflammation of the brain.*

Siris, pro Siveria.

Stius, i. m. *the dog-star.*

Sirius, a, um. adj. *pertaining to the dog-star, sultry.*

Sirpātus, a, um. part. *bound, hooped.*

Sirpe, ia. n. *a plant growing in Cyrene, yielding out of the stem an odoriferous liquor; laserwort.*

Sirpea, ō. f. *a mat or other covering, made of bulrushes or twigs; a basket made of the same; a fisher's weel or bow-net of rushes.*

Sirpcula, ō. f. dim. *a twig-basket; a kind of pruning-hook.*

Sirpculū, i. m. dim. *a weel of twigs.*

Sirpor, ōri, ātus. pass. *to be bound.*

Sirpus, i. m. *a twig, rush, or the like, of which mats are made; a mat itself; a weel to catch fish with.*

Sirus v. **Sirrhus**, i. m. *a cave in the ground, to keep corn in.*

Sis, ayuc. pro *avis*, *if thou wilt.*

Sistra, ō. f. *heath.*

Sistrōn, i. n. *the skirret root, the white carrot.*

Sistr, ōris. n. et m. *the skirret root, the white carrot, or yellow parsnip.*

Sisto, ēre, sstī, sstūm. neut. et act. *to be set or made to stand; to continue; to stand still; to settle; to retain; to keep back; to stop; to place; to set up; to have one forthcoming; to quench.*

Sistrātus, a, um. adj. *bearing a timbrel.*

Sistrum, i. n. *an instrument used by the Egyptians in battle instead of a trumpet, a brazen or iron timbrel.*

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Skeymbria, li. n. *water-mint, spear-mint, balsam-mint.*

Skeyrinchion, li. n. *a kind of great onion.*

Stānus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a kind of wheat that grows in the space of three months.*

Stella, ō. f. dim. *a ballot-box.*

Sticulus, a, um. adj. *causing thirst; thirsty, barren, dry.*

Stiens, tis. part. et adj. *thirsty, dry; parched; desirous, covetous.*

Stienter, adv. *desirously; greedily, earnestly.*

Stilo, ire, ivi, itum. act. *to be thirsty; to be parched; to be dry; to desire and covet earnestly.*

Stilis, is. f. *thirst; drought, dryness; an eager desire of any thing.*

Stitybus, i. m. *the cover of a book or the leather strings to a book.*

Stilla, ō. f. *a bucket to draw water in; a little vessel wherein lots were put to decide controversies.*

Stilulus, i. m. *a water-pot, a pail, or bucket to carry water in.*

Situs, a, um. part. *suffered, permitted; situate; set, placed; founded, builded; consisting; buried, interred.*

Situs, ūs. m. *the standing of any place; a site or situation a posture or position; filthiness; hoariness, mouldiness, vinewedness; moss or mossiness; nastiness, slovenliness, sluttishness; rust, canker.*

Sive, conj. or, either; if.

Sium, i. n. *water-parasley, yellow water-creases, bell-rage.*

Smāragdinus, a, um. adj. *like an emerald, very green.*

Smāragdites, ō. m. *a kind of marble like emerald.*

Smāragdus, i. m. *a precious stone called an emerald, a green stone, which very much comforts and refreshes the eyes.*

Smāris, idis. f. *a kind of small sea-fish, an anchovy.*

Smecticus, a, um. adj. *that is good to scour with.*

Sinegma, ātis. n. *soap or any thing that scours; a wash-bail.*

Smilax, ācis. f. *a yew-tree.*

Smyrna, ō. f. *myrrh.*

Smyrnium, li. n. *lovage or parasley of Macedon; alisander.*

Smyrus, i. m. *a kind of fish.*

Soboles, is. f. *a shoot or young branch; issue, progeny, offspring; the young of any thing.*
Sobolesco, cōre; —, incept. *to increase and multiply; to grow up.*

Sobrie, adv. [a sobrius] *soberly, temperately, abstemiously; wisely, advisedly, carefully.*
Sobrietas, *itis*. f. gravity.
Sobrius, m. f. a female cousin-german.
Sobrinus, i. m. a cousin-german, a mother's sister's child; any kinsman.
Sobrius, a, um. adj. *sober, temperate, abstemious; in one's senses; serious; sensible, well advised.*
Socculus, a, um. adj. *wearing socks or startups.*
Soccus, i. m. a kind of shoes, sandals, or soles.
Socer, *ari*. m. a wife's father, a father-in-law.
Socrus, i. m. a wife's father, a father-in-law.
Socia, m. f. a female companion, mate, or partner; a helper, an assistant.
Sociabilis, is, e. adj. *easily joined together; to be joined, sociable.*
Sociilis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to allies, fellows, confederates, or friends; nuptial or pertaining to marriage.*
Societas, *itis*. f. fellowship, company, sociableness.
Sociiliter, adv. *like fellows or in way of society, sociably.*
Sociatrix, *icis*. f. she that couples or joins.
Sociatus, a, um. part. *parted or shared among several companions; joined or coupled.*
Societas, *itis*. f. partnership; alliance, society, company; a confederacy, friendship.
Socio, *are, avi, atum*. act. [a socius] *to couple; to match; to fit; to join; to associate; to confederate; to participate; to be a partner of; to entertain; to make welcome; to impart; to communicate.*
Sociofraudus, i. m. a faithless fellow, a deceiver of his friend.
Socius, a, um. adj. *helping or taking part; of or belonging to allies; confederate; that which is common between two or more partners, parents, or kinsfolk.*
Socius, *ji*. m. [sc. homo] a companion, an intimate, an adherent, an associate; an ally or confederate; a fellow-soldier, a companion in arms; an accomplice.
Socordia, m. f. et **Socordin**, want of thought; dullness, indolence, carelessness, slothfulness, inactivity, sluggishness.
Socorditer, adv. *slothfully, lubberly, sluggishly, carelessly.*
Socors, *dis*. adj. *senseless, careless, inactive, sluggish, regardless.*

Socrus, *us*. f. [a socer] a wife's or husband's mother; a mother-in-law.
Sodalis, is. c. g. a companion; a fellow at meals or pastimes; of one's company, college, society, or fraternity; a crony, a comrade; a partaker.
Sodalitas, *itis*. f. a fellowship, society, fraternity, or brotherhood; a company of men in any trade or profession.
Sodalitium, *ii*. n. a company, a corporation, a gang, a fraternity.
Sodes, interj. *pro si audeo, I pray thee now, I beseech thee.*
Sol, *solis*. m. the sun; the heat or beams of the sun; a day; a climate; a region.
Solamen, *inis*. n. comfort, solace, relief, ease.
Solanum, i. n. [a sole] nightshade or banewort.
Solaris, is, e. adj. [a sol] of or belonging to the sun.
Solarium, *ii*. n. a sun-dial; the solar in a house; a terrace or gallery.
Solatiolum, i. n. dim. a little comfort or ease.
Solatio, *ii*. n. comfort, consolation, solace; help, succour, relief.
Solator, *oris*. m. a comforter.
Solatus, a, um. part. *sun-burnt; freckled or pimply; sunned or that has got the head-ache from the heat of the sun.*
Soldum, i. n. per sync. *pro solidum*, the whole; the substantial part.
Soldarius, *ii*. m. a retainer to a great person; one of his clan.
Solen, m. f. a kind of pantofle, sandal, or slipper, covering only the sole of the foot, and fastened with laces; an instrument used in making oil; a kind of fish called a sole; a shoe, as of a horse, mule, &c.
Solearius, *ii*. m. a patten-maker, a maker of horse-shoes, a shoe-maker, a cordwainer.
Soleatus, a, um. adj. *wearing sandals or soles at the bottoms of his feet.*
Solennis, is, e. adj., *Vid. Solennis*.
Solen, *enis*. m. a kind of sea-fish, a muscle.
Solenne v. **Solemne**, is. n. a solemnity, a feast yearly kept; an anniversary; an annual custom.
Solennis, is, e. adj. *annual, yearly; settled, appointed; accustomed.*
Solemniter, adv. *ordinarily, solemnly.*
Solens, *tis*. part. *accustomed, used, wonted, according to one's custom.*
Soluo *are, luto*, et ant. *solui*,

neut. pass. to be accustomed or wont; to use.
Solens, *ertis*, adj. *learned in arts, dextrous, clever, able, ingenious, discreet; shrewd, witty, close, cunning; quick, sharp; watchful, diligent.*
Solertier, adv. *sharply, wittily, shrewdly, ingeniously, discreetly; craftily, cunningly; diligently.*
Solertia v. **Sollertia**, m. f. *quickness of wit, sharpness, a reach, shrewdness, dexterity; craftiness, subtlety, policy, cunning.*
Solet, *itum est*. impers. *the custom is, it is wont.*
Sollicitatio, *onis*. f. a soliciting, enticing, importuning, alluring, egging on.
Sollicitator, *oris*. m. a solicitor, an egger on, allurer, enticer, or mover.
Sollicitatus, a, um. part. *disquieted, disturbed, importuned.*
Sollicite, adv. *carefully, diligently, earnestly, importunately; heavily, pensively, thoughtfully.*
Sollicito, *are, avi, atum*. act. *to stir up; to disquiet; to busy; to trouble; to disturb; to make solicitous; to solicit; to provoke; to be in earnest with one; to importune; to press; to be urged; to entice one to do; to sue or pray for; to allure.*
Sollicitudo, *inis*. f. *carking care, pensiveness, trouble, anguish of mind, solicitude, disquiet, deep concern, thoughtfulness, anxiety, chagrin; vexation, anger.*
Sollicitus, a, um. adj. et **Sollicitus**, raised up; doubtful; anxious; fearful, troubled, disquieted; careful, thoughtful, earnest, importunate; busy, employed; cross, unhappy.
Solidatio, *onis*. f. a binding, a soldering or fastening.
Solide, adv. *substantially, really; perfectly, fully, with a witness.*
Sollesco, *cere*, —. incept. *to close; to grow sound and whole.*
Solidipes, *edis*. adj. *whole footed.*
Soliditas, *itis*. f. *solidity, firmness, massiness.*
Solido, *are, avi, atum*. act. *to make firm or solid; to consolidate; to piece; to close a wound; to plaster; to solder or solder.*
Solidum, i. n. *the whole, the full.*
Solidus, a, um. adj. *substantial, material; solid; not hollow, not superficial; massy*

compact, sound, firm; whole, entire; hard, stiff; full and perfect.

Sollier, ēra, ērum, adj. carrying the sun.

Soliferreum, l. n. a weapon or dart of massy iron.

Soligēra, ē. c. g. begotten by the sun.

Solipūga, ē. f. a venomous pias-nire or fly.

Solistium tripudium, a kind of augury, when the chickens eating greedily, the corn which was given them fell to the ground out of their bills and rebounded again.

Solitarus, a, um, adj. alone; solitary, without company, private, retired.

Solitaurella, um, pl. n. sacrifices of entire, not castrated, beasts; or as others think, sacrifices of three things of sundry kinds, as a bull, a ram, a boar.

Solitudo, dñis. f. solitude, silence; a desert, a wilderness; a retirement, a recess.

Solitus, a, um, part. [a solen] wont, accustomed, usual, ordinary.

Solvagus, a, um, adj. wandering up and down alone, and avoiding company; solitary.

Solum, li. n. a seat of state, a throne, a seat royal; a vessel or tub; a bath to wash or bathe in; a vat or tun; a wine vessel; a bier or coffin wherein the dead body lies.

Solo, ēre, ēvi, ētum, act. to make desolate; to lay waste and destroy; to dry in the sun.

Solacismus, l. m. an incongruity of speech against grammar, a solecism.

Solor, ēri, ētus, dep. to comfort; to solace; to console; to ease; to cheer up; to relieve; to help; to assuage; to satisfy.

Solpūga, ē. f. a venomous pias-nire.

Solstitialis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the solstices or time when the sun is farthest from the equator; that which continues but a little while.

Solstitium, li. n. the solstice of summer or winter; midsummer.

Solum, l. n. that which sustains or bears any thing on it; the ground or soil; the surface of any thing; a bottom, a floor, or pavement; the sole of a foot; the sole of a shoe.

Solumi, adv. only, alone.

Solummodo, adv. only, alone.

Solvere, ēre, vi, lūtum, act. to loose; to unite; to disentangle; to resolve; to explain; to answer; to release; to discharge; to acquit; to deliver;

to free; to set at liberty; to make laxative; to melt; to thaw; to enfeeble; to make languid; to pay; to weigh anchor; to put to sea.

Solus, a, um, adj. gen. ius. [et olin soli, ē. l.] alone, only; solitary, desert; unaccompanied.

Solūte, adv. freely, loosely; wantonly, heedlessly, remissly.

Solūtūlis, is, e. adj. that is easily loosed or undone.

Solūtio, dñis. f. a loosing, disengaging; a paying of money; a restoring or giving up.

Solūtus, a, um, part. et adj. loosed, untied, unbound, disentangled; paid, satisfied; acquitted; unsealed, opened; annulled, abrogated; dispensed with; done, performed; disengaged; dismissed, broken up; released, discharged; unmoored, launched; unconfin'd, unrestrained; unregard'd, indiscreet; confused, huddled, calm; composed, quiet; ready, fluent, prompt; very pert, glib, flippant; easy, not intricate; loose, not costly; thawed; immersed, drenched; made soft, effeminate; free, unrestrained, arbitrary.

Somniator, dñis. a dreamer.

Somniatur, impers. it is dream'd, they dream.

Somniculose, adv. dreamingly, sleepily, lumpishly, slug-gishly.

Somniculosus, a, um, adj. sleepy, drowsy, dronish, slothful, dozy, dreaming.

Somnifer, ēra, ērum, adj. bringing or causing sleep.

Somnificus, a, um, adj. making or causing sleep.

Somnio, ēre, ēvi, ētum, neut. to dream; to dream of; to fancy; vainly to imagine.

Somniosus, a, um, adj. full of dreams, troubled with dreams.

Somnium, li. n. [a somnus] a vision in one's sleep, a dream; an idle story or silly fancy; a whim.

Somnus, l. m. sleep, rest, quietness; night; a calm; sloth, laziness.

Somphos, l. m. a kind of wild gourd.

Sonabilis, is, e. adj. that sounds shrill or loud.

Sonans, tis, part. et adj. buzzing, humming; sounding; speaking; whistling; jingling; roaring; murmuring, purring; resounding; re-echoing; loud; playing on music; twanging.

Sonax, ācis, adj. ē. g. sounding loud.

Sonchos, l. m. et **Sonchus**, an herb called sowthistle; wild, or jagged lettuce.

Sonipes, ēdis, m. a courser, a horse, or steed; a palfrey.

Sonitus, ūs, m. a sound; a noise, a din; a clashing; a crackling; a creaking; a beating; a crack or clap.

Sonivius, a, um, adj. making a noise, sounding.

Sono, ēre, nui, ntum, [et sō-nitum] neut. to sound; to make a noise or sound; to resound; to sing; to clatter; to patter; to signify; to mean; to warble; to play on an instrument; to praise; to sound like.

Sono, ēre, neut. to sound, &c.

Sonor, dñis, m. a great sound or a rattling, rustling, crackling, rumbling noise.

Sonorius, a, um, adj. noisy.

Sonorus, a, um, adj. loud, roaring, making a great noise; shrill, musical, sonorous.

Sons, tis, adj. guilty, criminal, faulty.

Sonticus, a, um, adj. noisome, hurtful; the falling sickness.

Sonus, l. m. a sound; a noise, a din; a word; a clap, an applause; a noise, a note, a tune.

Sōphia, ē. f. wisdom.

Sōphisma, ātis, n. a crafty or deceitful argument; a piece of sophistry; a fallacy.

Sōphista, ē. Sōphistes, ē. m. any learned man; a philosopher; a sophister, a pretender to learning, a prating cawler.

Sōphos, adv. wisely, excellently, well! oh bravo!

Sōphos, l. m. a wise man, a scholar.

Sōphus, l. m. a wise man.

Sōpio, ēre, ēvi, ētum, act. to cast asleep; to set at rest.

Sōptus, a, um, part. brought or laid to sleep; sound or fast asleep; covered, raked; stunned, astonished.

Sōpor, dñis, m. a sound, deep, or dead sleep; a hypnotic or sleepy dose.

Sōporatus, a, um, part. fast asleep; soaked in; mitigated, appressed.

Sōporifer, ēra, ērum, adj. [ex sopor et fero] that brings sleep, that causes sleep.

Sōporo, ēre, ēvi, ētum, act. to cast into a deep sleep.

Sōporus, a, um, adj. sleepy, drowsy, hushed.

Sorbecum, l. n. a basket or such like thing to put books in.

Sorbeo, ēre, bui v. psi, ptum, act. to sup; to suck in; to drink up; to waste or consume.

Sorbilis, is, e. adj. which may be supped up.

Sorbilians, tis. pat. *i. sipping*.
Sorbillum, i. n. *potage or other liquid meat made to sup up; spoon-meat*.
Sorbilio, ōnis. f. *a potion, broth, any sipping stuff*.
Sorbum, i. n. *the sorb-apple or fruit of the service-tree, a service-berry*.
Sorbus, i. f. *the service-tree*.
Sordeo, ēre, ui, — neut. *to be filthy, dirty, or nasty; to be nothing esteemed*.
Sordes, is. f. *filth, garbage, ordure, dirt, nastiness, scurf; the sweepings of houses and channels; the rabble, rascality, or mobility; niggardliness, stinginess, penuriousness; slovenliness, meanness; the sad and rueful state and garb of those that were accused and in danger of the law*.
Sordesco, ēre, — incept. *to grow dirty, sluttish, filthy or nasty*.
Sordidatus, a, um. part. *wearing shabby clothes; clad in sorry or dirty clothes, with their hair untrimmed*.
Sordide, adv. *filthily; meanly, poorly, slovenly; dirtily, niggardly, penuriously*.
Sordidulus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat slovenly, sluttish, filthy, or nasty*.
Sordidus, a, um. adj. [*sordeo*] *filthy, nasty, dirty, shabby; sluttish, foul, slovenly; putrefied, corrupt; mean, poor; despicable, base, paltry, contemptible, servile; niggardly, sordid, penurious; coarse, not fine*.
Sorex, icis. m. *a rat, a field-mouse*.
Soricinus, a, um. adj. *pertaining to a rat*.
Sorites, ōnis. m. *a kind of argument or vicious syllogism made by heaping up many propositions together one upon another*.
Soror, ōris. f. *a sister*.
Sorticula, ōnis. f. dim. *a little sister*.
Soricida, ōnis. m. *a murderer of his own sister*.
Sororio, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. et **Sorrior**, ōri, ōtus. dep. *to be round and plump as maidens' breasts are*.
Sororius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a sister*.
Sors, tis. f. *lot chance, fortune, hazard; a lot made of wood, gold, or other matter; destiny, fate; a charge or office, a state, condition, sort, manner of life; a kind or sex; an issue or offspring; designation, appointment; money borrowed or laid out to usury; an oracle or billet*.

Sorti, abl. a *sors*, *by chance or lot*.
Sorticula, ōnis. f. dim. *a little lot, a scroll wherein the lot or valentine is written*.
Sortilgium, ii. n. *a lottery; a divination by lots, sorcery*.
Sortilegus, i. m. *a sorcerer, a charmer; a figure-finger, diviner, fortune-teller or cunning man*.
Sortio, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. *to cast lots*.
Sortior, ōri, ōtus. dep. *to cast or draw lots; to take or have any thing given by lot or chance; to chance to get; to order; to appoint*.
Sortis, pro *Sors*.
Sortio, ōnis. f. *a choosing by lots, a casting of lots*.
Sortitio, adv. *by lot or chance; by destiny*.
Sortitor, ōris. m. *a caster of lots*.
Sortitus, a, um. part. *having cast lots; having obtained by lot*. Pass. *given or appointed by fate or destiny*.
Sortitus, ōnis. m. *a casting of lots*.
Sospes, itis. c. g. *safe and sound, whole, prosperous; giving health*.
Sospita, ōnis. f. *she that gives health or preserves*.
Sospitalis, is. e. adj. *causing health; preserving or delivering from danger*.
Sospitator, ōris. m. *a preserver or keeper in safety; a title of Jupiter*.
Sospito, ēre, ōvi, ōtum. act. *to keep in health; to preserve from danger; to bless; to prosper; to save*.
Sotadicum v. **Sotadicum carmen**, *a kind of poetry*.
Soter, ōris. m. *a saviour, a preserver, or deliverer*.
Sotēria, ōrum. n. pl. *presents sent by friends to those who had escaped sickness or danger, to congratulate them on recovery; or rather the sacrifices vowed to the gods on that account*.
Spādix, icis. m. *of a scarlet or light red colour; an instrument of music used among the Phœnicians*.
Spādo, ōnis. m. *a gelding; he who has lost his virility by disease or accident; or is frigid by nature; a branch of a tree which bears no fruit*.
Spādonius, a, um. adj. *gelded, barren*.
Spargo, ēre, ōi, ōtum. act. *to strew or throw about; to sow; to sprinkle; to bedew; to spread abroad; to disperse; to carry about; to publish*.

Sparsim, adv. *here and there, up and down*.
Sparsio, ōnis. f. *a sprinkling*.
Sparsus, a, um. part. et adj. *scattered; spread abroad, dispersed; sprinkled; speckled; wide, broad*.
Spartarium, ii. n. *a broom field or close*.
Spartarius, a, um. adj. *belonging to broom*.
Spartēbli, ōrum. pl. m. *certain soldiers that watched the city for fear of fire*.
Sparteus, a, um. adj. *of broom*.
Spartopōlios, ii. m. *a kind of grizzled precious stone*.
Spartum, i. n. *a kind of Spanish broom*.
Spārulus, i. m. *a sea-fish*.
Spārum, i. n. *a kind of dart or lance*.
Spārus, i. m. *a kind of sea-fish; a small dart*.
Spasmus, i. m. *a disease called the cramp*.
Spasticus, a, um. adj. *afflicted with the cramp*.
Spātium, ii. n. *a woman's bracelet*.
Spātūlōmedus, i. m. *a woman's burdash*.
Spātha, ōnis. f. *a slice to turn fried meat with, a scumner, a ladle; a spatula; the branch of a palm-tree; a weaver's lathe*.
Spātūllum, ii. n. *the branch of a date-tree*.
Spāthe, es. f. *a kind of tree resembling the palm-tree*.
Spātūlla, ōnis. f. dim. *a broad slice, to spread plasters or such like*.
Spātūlus, a, um. part. *having walked or strayed abroad*.
Spātior, ōri, ōtus. dep. [*a spatium*] *to walk abroad; to travel; to wander; to go up and down; to fetch a compass*.
Spātiose, adv. *spaciously, largely, widely*.
Spātiosus, a, um. adj. *wide, large, spacious, broad, ample; great, huge, tall; long or of long continuance*.
Spātium, ii. n. *a space, a stage, a bound; time; continuance, duration; length; delay; a voyage or journey; the measure, metre, or quantity in a foot; largeness; extent*.
Spēcialis, is. o. adj. *proper, particular, special*.
Spēcīalter, adv. *particularly, specially*.
Spēcīum, adv. *especially, particularly*.
Spēcies, ei. f. *a form, figure, fashion or shape; a sight; a likeness, a representation; an outward show; colour or pretence; a disguise; a vision, a spectre; an image, picture,*

or status; an example, a specimen, an instance; the goodness, quality, or nature of a thing; a particular sort, a kind of things; sight, view.

Spēcillum, i. n. dim. a little looking-glass.

Spēctmen, tnis. n. [a specio] a proof, trial, essay, token, instance; a model, pattern, or show.

Spēcio, ēre, xi, etum. act. et **Spēcior**, pass. to see; to behold; to regard; to view.

Spēciose, adv. trimly, finely, gaily, handsomely, beautifully; gallantly, splendidly, speciously.

Spēciosus, a, um. adj. goodly to see, seemly, ornamental, pretty, beautiful, handsome, sightly, fair, plump; plausible, specious.

Spectābilis, is, e. adj. [a specio] visible; considerable, notable, remarkable; worthy to be taken notice of; goodly, graceful.

Spectācūlum, i. n. a spectacle; a public sight or show; a pageant; a scaffold where they sat to behold.

Spectāmen, tnis. n. a proof, essay, trial.

Spectandus, a, um. part. to be looked upon; worthy to be looked on, comely; to be minded or heeded.

Spectite, adv. unde **Spectātiissime**, sup. notably, remarkably, bravely to the sight.

Spectūlo, tnis. f. a viewing or beholding; a trial or proof.

Spectātivus, a, um. adj. belonging to speculation, speculative, contemplative.

Spectātor, tnis. m. a beholder, a looker on; a gazer, a spectator; a considerer, a contemplator; a critic, a judge.

Spectātrix, icis. f. she that beholds.

Spectātus, impers. it is seen.

Spectātus, a, um. part. et adj. looked, picked, or culled out; openly seen, beheld, acted; well tried, approved, fair and goodly; choice, excellent.

Spēcio, tnis. f. a looking into the entrails of beasts or into the feeding or flying of fowls in order to divine thereby.

Specto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [a specio] to behold; to look upon; to view; to judge of; to consider; to regard; to prove; to try; to approve; to respect; to attend; to mind; to concern; to appertain to; to tend or drive to some end; to lie towards.

Spectrum, i. n. an idea, a form.

Spēcūla, m. f. [a specio] a prospect; a tower, a beacon.

Spēcūla, m. f. dim. [a spes] little or small hope.

Spēcūlabundus, a, um. adj. looking about, espying; diligently beholding, contemplating.

Spēcūlare, et per apoc. **Spēcūlar**, āris. n. a window or cagement; a transparent stone; any cover made of it.

Spēcūlāris, is, e. adj. [a speculum] any thing whereby one may see the better; belonging to windows or spectacles; belonging to a beacon or watch-tower.

Spēcūlātor, tnis. m. a beholder, a viewer; a searcher, an observer; a spy in war; a scout, watch, a sentinel.

Spēcūlātrius, a, um. adj. belonging to espial.

Spēcūlātrix, icis. f. she who watches or spies.

Spēcūlatu, monopt. by watch, by ambush.

Spēcūlor, āris, ētus. dep. to watch; to scout; to espy; to consider diligently; to observe; to decry; to take a view of; to search; to gaze upon; to contemplate; to wait.

Spēcūlum, i. n. a looking-glass, a mirror.

Spēcus, ūs. m. f. et n. a den, cave, or lurking-place.

Spēcūm, i. n. a den, a grot, a cave.

Spēlneca, m. f. a cave, a hole in a rock; a grot or den.

Sperābilis, is, e. adj. that may be hoped for.

Sperātur, imp. it is hoped.

Sperātus, a, um. part. hoped or looked for, expected.

Spernax, ācis. adj. [a sperno] slighting or undervaluing.

Speruo, ēre, sprēvi, sprētum. act. to disdain; to despise; to make no account of; to slight; to scorn; to condemn.

Sperō, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to hope; to trust; to look for; to expect; to rejoice; to hope in.

Spes, ei. f. a looking for; hope; expectation; joy.

Speratūcus, a, um. adj. done or made in a hurry.

Sphera, w. f. a sphere, globe, circle, bowl, or rundle; any thing that is round.

Spherālis, is, e. adj. of or like a sphere, spherical.

Spheriātrium, il. n. a round place in a bath where people exercised at ball; a tennis-court, a bowling-alley, a bowling-green.

Sphæroides, is. adj. round like a sphere.

Sphæromāchia, m. f. a playing at tennis, hand ball, or bowls.

Sphinx, gis et gos. f. a beast like an ape, a monkey, a marmoset; a monstrous witch or hag of Thebes, that proposed riddles, and killed those passengers who could not unriddle them.

Sphondylus, i. m. a kind of shell-fish.

Sphragis, idis. f. a kind of the best ruddle or vermillion; a precious stone, green, but not transparent.

Sphyrena, m. f. a fish so called.

Spica, m. f. an ear of corn; a clove of garlic; a sign in the heavens.

Spicātus, a, um. part. eared as corn; peaked, spiked, made sharp at the point; a paving or laying of bricks or tiles edge-long.

Spiceus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ears of corn.

Spicifer, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing ears of corn.

Spicillegium, li. n. the gleanings or leaving of corn; the gathering of ears of corn; a collection made from the best writers.

Spico, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. et pass. **Spicor**, to shoot out as an ear of corn does; to make peaked like an ear of corn; to spike; to point; to make sharp at the end.

Spicūlātor, tnis. m. an archer or spearman of the guards; a partisan or halberdier.

Spicūlo, āre, ēvi, ētum. act. to make any thing sharp at the point.

Spicūlum, i. n. a dart, a halberd, a javelin; an arrow or shaft; the head of a dart or javelin; the sting of a bee or wasp.

Spicum, i. n. an ear of corn.

Spina, m. f. a thorn, a prickly, the prickly or bristle of a hedge-hog; the quill of the porcupine, the fin of a fish, &c.; a sting; a pin; the chine-bone of the back; a quiddity or subtlety; a nice or difficult point.

Spinea, m. f. a kind of vine.

Spineola et Spinea, m. f. a kind of rose with small leaves.

Spinētum, i. n. a place where thorns or briars grow; a bush of thorns.

Spineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to thorns, bristles, or brambles; thorny, bushy.

Spinifer, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing thorns or prickles; prickly or thorny.

Spinosus, a, um. adj. full of thorns or prickles; thorny,

prickly; difficult, crabbed, obscure.

Splnther, *ſris*. n. v. **Spinter**, a buckle or clasp; a bracelet.

Spinturnicium, li. n. an ill-favoured creature; monkey-faced.

Spinturnix, *icis*. f. a bird which used to come to the altar, and carry away a burning coal, as a token of ill-luck, such as burning, to the house where it lighted.

Spinus, l. f. a sloe-tree, a bul-lace-tree, a black-thorn.

Spibula, *æ*. f. v. **Spinea**, a kind of vine.

Spionicus, *a*, um. adj. of that vine.

Spira, *æ*. f. a round or circle; a turning, a winding, compass; the fold of a serpent; a wreath, band, or twisted lace; a crack-nel or sinnet; a round knob or knur of a tree; a curl or frizzled hair; the square of a pillar below.

Spiribilis, *is*, e. adj. that where-by we breathe and live; living; that which breathes.

Spiraculum, i. n. a breathing-hole or vent; a cave.

Spiræon, l. n. a kind of herb for garlands.

Spiræus, *a*, um. adj. [a spiræ] pliable, flexible.

Spiræmen, *inis*. n. a breathing-hole or passage of breath; a vent, a chimney or funnel.

Spiramentum, i. n. a vent or pore; an air-hole; a breathing-time, an interval.

Spirans, *tis*. part. breathing or eating out breath; smelling, savouring; living; done to the life; painting.

Spiritilis, *is*, e. adj. [a spiritus] belonging to air or breath.

Spiritus, *tis*. m. breathing; air; wind; a savour or smell; a stench; vapour, or steam; life; spirit; soul; a sound; the mind; affections; a man, a person.

Spiro, *ſre*, *ſvi*, *ſtum*. act. to breathe; to fetch breath; to blow; to belch out; to cast a smell; to exhale; to steam; to live; to savour; to aspire to; to breathe after; to seek after; to endeavour to obtain.

Spissamentum, l. n. a thing put into ointments or other things to make them thick; a thickening; a bung.

Spissatio, *onis*. f. a thickening.

Spissatus, *a*, um. part. made thick, stiffened.

Spissæ, adv. thickly, grossly, closely; slowly, difficultly, with much ado.

Spissesco, *cſre*, —. incept. [a spissus] to wax thick.

Spissignidus, *a*, um. adj. one

that goes slowly, and reads thick.

Spissitas, *ſtis*. f. thickness, consistence, clamminess, closeness.

Spisso, *ſre*, *ſvi*, *ſtum*. act. to make thick; to thicken.

Spissus, *a*, um. adj. thick, clammy; gross; firm, hard, solid; crowded; slow, long; tedious, toilsome.

Spithama, *æ*. f. a span, the length from the thumb's end to the end of the little finger.

Spithameus, *a*, um. adj. of or belonging to the measure of a span.

Splanchnoptes, *æ*. m. an image resembling a youth roasting the entrails of a beast sacrificed.

Splen, *ſnis*. m. the mill, the spleen.

Splendens, *tis*. part. et adj. glittering, shining, bright; famous, renowned, illustrious.

Splendeo, *ſre*, *dul*, —. neut. to shine; to glitter; to be beautiful.

Splendescio, *cſre*, —. incept. to begin to glitter and shine; to wax fair, clear, and bright; to have a good grace; to look passing well or beautiful.

Splendide, adv. clearly, gracefully, gaily, honourably, gallantly, richly, nobly, royally, rarely, commendably, elegantly, magnificently, pompously, sumptuously.

Splendidus, *a*, um. adj. bright, clear, shining, glittering; famous, noble; radiant; gorgeous, gay, splendid, gallant, stately, pompous, sumptuous, magnificent; neat, fine, genteel; grave, majestic.

Splendor, *ſris*. m. brightness, light, splendour, effulgence, resplendence, radiance, eminence, beauty; the gloss, garnish, or shining of a colour; sumptuousness, pomp, magnificence; gallantry, genteelness; honour, renown, glory.

Spleneticus, *a*, um. adj. [a splen] that is sick of the spleen or has a great spleen; splenic.

Spleniatus, *a*, um. part. having a plaster or patch upon it.

Splenticus, *a*, um. adj. [a splen] pertaining to the spleen.

Splenium, li. n. a patch upon the face or eyes; the herb called large spleenwort, mill-waste.

Spodium, li. n. the cinfers after the melting of iron or brass; the soot rising from the trying of it.

Spoliarium, li. n. a place next the stage, where killed or severely wounded sword-fencers were bestowed.

Spoliatio, *onis*. f. a robbing, spoiling, pillaging, or plundering, rifling, dispossessing, despoiling, hawocking, deprivation.

Spoliator, *ſris*. m. a spoiler, rifler, pillager, robber, or plunderer.

Spoliatrix, *icis*. f. she that spoils or pillages.

Spoliatus, *a*, um. part. bereft, robbed, plundered, despoiled; taken away.

Spolio, *ſre*, *ſvi*, *ſtum*. act. to bereave; to take the spoil, to plunder; to take away; to abridge; to deprive of.

Spolium, li. n. spoil taken away from the enemy, a booty; any prey or pillage; the skin of a beast; the cast skin or slough of a snake or adder.

Sponda, *æ*. f. a bedstead or the side of a bed; a bed or couch.

Spondus v. **Spondus** pes, a poetic foot consisting of two long syllables; a spondee.

Spondalum et **Spondilium** et **Spondaulum**, li. n. a hymn consisting of spondees.

Spondeo, *ſre*, *ſpſpondi*, *ſponum*. act. to promise freely; to undertake or be surety for another; to engage; to assure; to betrothe; to espouse; to affiancer.

Spondylis, *is*. f. a kind of serpent.

Spondylion, li. n. an herb of the ferula kind, *cux* parenip.

Spondylus, i. m. a knuckle or turning joint of the chine or backbone; any small bone of beast, bird, or fish; the head of the artichoke thistle; the whorl of a spindle; the hard white in an oyster; a kind of shell fish.

Spongia, *æ*. f. one of the living plants, a sponge; the root of asparagus cluttered, and growing close together; a stone found in sponges.

Spongila, *æ*. f. a little root of asparagus; a spongy ball on trees.

Spongiosus, *a*, um. adj. spongy, like a sponge; full of small holes or eyes; light or puffy.

Spongites, *æ*. m. a stone found in sponges.

Sponsa, *æ*. f. a woman espoused; a bride, a new-married woman, a spouse.

Sponsalia, *ſrum*. n. pl. *ſponsa-*lis; the contracting or betrothing of a man or woman before full marriage; a marriage gift.

Sponsio, *ſnis*. f. a wager; a covenant, a bargain, an agreement; a wager at law.

Sponsor, *ſris*. m. a surety or bail; an affiancer or betrother;

he who in law binds himself to stand trial.

Sponsum, i. m. a promise.

Sponsus, a, um. part. affianced, promised, betrothed, engaged.

Sponsus, i. m. a bride-groom, a new-married man; a wooer, a suitor.

Sponsus, ūs. m. a bond.

Spontaneus, a, um. adj. voluntary, free, of his own accord.

Sponte, ablat. et spontis, gen. of himself or of his own free will. Sponte sua, of his own accord, freely, willingly, naturally.

Sporta, ō. f. a basket, a pannier, a bird-cage.

Sportella, ō. f. dim. ex dim. a little basket; a little supper.

Sportula, ō. f. dim. a little pannier or basket; a emic! supper distributed by lords to their clients that waited on them; money, eighteen pence half-penny farthing, instead of a supper; gifts, bestowed on any public occasion.

Spūtor, ōris. m. a despiser, contemner, acerner, disdainor, or sligher.

Spūtus, a, um. part. despised, disesteemed, contemned, elighted.

Spūma, ō. f. [a spu] foam, froth.

Spūmātus, ūs. m. a foaming or being of a froth.

Spūmeco, cōre, —. incept. to begin to foam; to froth.

Spūmeus, a, um. adj. frothy, foamy; having the colour of or resembling foam.

Spūmifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. bearing foam or froth.

Spūmiger, ūra, ūrum. adj. that foams or casts out froth and foam.

Spūmo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to foam; to gather into foam or froth; to ferment and fro!

Spūmōus, a, um. adj. [a spu] full of foam, froth, or ecum; ecummy, frothy, spummy.

Spūo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to spit; to spawl.

Spūcātus, a, um. part. defiled.

Spūce, adv. dirtily, filthily, nastily, impurely, slovenly; villainously, basely.

Spūclicus, a, um. adj. speaking badly and filthily; ribaldrous.

Spūcilia, ō, et Spūretties, cl. f. filthiness, nastiness, dirtiness, noisomeness, foulness, slovenliness; badry; filth, drose, baseness, villainy.

Spūcus, a, um. adj. filthy, dirty, nasty, slovenly; ribald-

rous, brudly; eorry, rascally.

Spūcātīcus, a, um. adj. worthy to be spit at.

Spūcator, ōris. m. a spitter or spawler.

Spūctima, ūtis. n. spittle, any thing spit out of the mouth.

Spūto, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. [a spu] to spit often; to bewray with spittle; to splutter; to spawl.

Spūtum, i. n. spittle, paint, or varnish, like gold leaf.

Squāleus, ūis. part. daubed; done or laid all over.

Squāleo, ūre, lui, —. neut. to be filthy, dirty, nasty, or sluttish; to be foul; to be in mourning; to be full of weeds and foul for want of husbandry.

Squālide, adv. ill-favouredly, filthily, dirtily, nastily, slovenly.

Squāllidus, a, um. adj. [a squale] filthy, nasty, slovenly, greasy, sluttish, squalid; foul, ill-favoured; loathsome; uncultivated, overrun with weeds; unpleasant, rugged.

Squālor, ōris. m. filthiness, elutishness, slovenliness, nastiness, greasiness; roughness, unevenness; the sorrowful and mourning state of those that are arraigned or accused, or are otherwise in heaviness for themselves or their friends.

Squālis, i. m. a certain fish so called; a ekte or ray as some think.

Squālis, m. f. the scale of a fish, serpent, or other animal; the nails or little plates in a coat of mail.

Squālmātū, adv. scaly or in the fashion of scales.

Squāmeus, a, um. adj. scaly, full of scales.

Squāmifer v. Squāmmifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. bearing scales.

Squāmiger, ūra, ūrum. adj. scaly having scales.

Squāmdōus v. Squāmmōus, a, um. adj. rough and full of scales, scaly.

Squātina, ō. f. a skate, a sole-fish, the skin of that fish.

Squātus, i. m. a skate.

Squilla, ō. f. a sea-onion or sea-leek; a lobster without legs; a prawn or chrilmp.

St, Interject. hie!, hush, hold your peace, be quiet; out!

Stābulum, ūis. n. a settlement, an assurance, an establishment, a staff or support.

Stābulmentum, i. n. a stay or support.

Stābilis, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to make steadfast, etable or sure; to establish; to settle; to fix.

Stābilla, is, e. adj. [a stande]

firm, steadfast, etable, constant, durable, sure, steady; fixed, resolved on; continuing or lasting long; durable, permanent.

Stābilitas, ūtis. f. fastness, firmness, consistence, stableness, stability, steadfastness; steadiness, constancy, continuance.

Stābilitus, a, um. part. fast, firm; established.

Stābularius, ūi. m. an hostler, a horse-keeper, a keeper of housed beasts, a groom or equeerry.

Stābulatio, ūis. f. the etabling or housing of beasts.

Stābulo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to house beasts.

Stābulum, i. n. a etending, the place where one takes up his quarters; a stable, an ox-stall; a den; a roost for fowl; a cheep-cote or fold; a bee-hive; a place of refuge or shelter; a resting-place, a retreat; an hostlery; in obscur.

Stāchys, ūos. f. base horehound, wild sage, sage of the mountain, or field sage.

Stacte, es, et Stacta, ō. f. the oil that sweats out of cinnamon or myrrh, being cut or lanced; an ointment made of liquid myrrh.

Stādiodromus, i. m. the race-course; the paddock-course.

Stādium, ūi. n. a measure of ground containing six hundred and twenty-five feet; a place for running; a race; a plat of ground for champions or wrestlers.

Stagnans, ūis. part. et adj. etanding still, stagnant, reaty.

Stagnātus, a, um. part. overflowed, drenched.

Stagno, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to stand as water does in ponds; to overflow; to strengthen; to fortify against.

Stagnōus, a, um. adj. like standing water, stagnating.

Stagnum, i. n. a lake or pool, a etanding water; the deepest part of the sea, which is very calm.

Stāgnōias, ō. m. a kind of frankincense.

Stālagmias, ō. m. the best sort of shoemakers' black.

Stālagmium, ūi. n. a pendant, a drop.

Stāmen, ūis. n. hemp, flax; cloth in the loom or frame; thread, yarn, a warp in the loom; silk, cloth; a string of an instrument; a chive or little thing that stands out like threads in flowers; the vein or grain of wood.

Stāmineus, a, um. adj. made of threads or full of threads; thready.

Stanneus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to tin or pewter.

Stannum, i. n. tin, pewter.

Staphis, idis. f. a kind of wild vine.

Staphylinus, i. m. a pansenip, a carrot.

Staphylodendron, i. f. Antony's nut-tree, bladder-nut-tree.

Staphyloma, itis. n. a fault in the eye, when the uppermost coat bears up, and shows a rising like a grape-stone.

Stat, impera. it is resolved upon.

Stātarius, a, um. adj. that keeps in his standing; quiet, stable.

Statera, æ. f. a goldsmith's or Roman balance; Troy weight; a kind of silver vessel or broad platter.

Statice, es. f. an herb properly called sea-thrift.

Staticulum, i. n. a kind of little cart or chariot; a horse litter.

Etaticulus, i. m. a kind of dancing, a figure dance, the bravos.

Statum, adv. still, on the spot, stock-still.

Stātum, adv. [a sto] incontinently, forthwith, by and by, presently, straightway; steadily, constantly.

Statio, onis. f. [a sto] a station, standing, or lighting; a standing, duration, age, continuance; a bay, creek, or road for ships to ride in; a post or station; a common place whither people resort to hear matters decided; a stable; a sentry or guard.

Statiōnālis, is. e. adj. that stands, as it were, in a station, without stirring.

Stativa, drum. pl. n. [sc. castra] a standing camp; a place fortified, where an army lies encamped; quarters.

Stativus, a, um. adj. [a sto] pitched or set; belonging to a camp or leaguer.

Stator, oris. m. a gaoler, a keeper of a prison; a sentinel; a sergeant, a pursuivant, or messenger; a summoner.

Stator, oris. m. [a stato] a name of Jupiter.

Statua, æ. f. an image of metal, ivory, or stone; a statue or standing image.

Statuaria, æ. f. [sc. ars] the art of graving images.

Statuarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to statues.

Statuarius, ii. m. a carver or maker of statues; a statuary or stone-cutter.

Statumen, mis. n. [a statuo] a buttress, support, &c. a stake, fork, or prop; the foot-stock or foot-oak of ships; the coat of a floor.

Statuminis, onis. f. a paving

or laying a solid foundation.

Statumino, ære, avi, itum. act. to prop up; to underset; to make sure; to stake; to shore up.

Statunculum, i. n. dim. a small statue.

Statuo, ære, ui, itum. act. to set; to place; to set up; to build; to erect; to appoint; to assign; to ordain; to decree; to resolve; to give sentence; to pass judgment; to offer; to present; to dedicate.

Statuo, impera. people stand.

Statūra, æ. f. business or height of body; stature; proportion, size, pitch.

Statuus, a, um. part. et adj. set, appointed, settled, fixed, certain, ordinary, never failing.

Stas, is, m. [a sto] a standing, form, fashion, posture; a manner; the size of body; the temper or constitution; a state, circumstance or condition; the principal point, state, or issue of the case; command, rule, or government.

Statulo, onis. f. [a statuo] a setting or placing.

Statutum, i. n. a resolution.

Statutus, a, um. part. [a statuo] placed, set up; ordained, appointed, solemn, established; determined, resolved.

Stēga, æ. f. a deck of a ship, the hatch.

Stegnus, a, um. adj. costive, bound.

Stēla, æ. f. a monumental pillar; a tomb-stone.

Stēlis, idis. f. a kind of mistletoe upon the fir-tree.

Stella, æ. f. a star; a constellation called the dog-star; the star-fish.

Stellatus, a, um. part. full of stars; full of eyes like sparks; sparkling, glittering.

Stellifer, æra, ærum. adj. that bears or has stars in it; starry.

Stelliger, æra, ærum. adj. starry.

Stellio, onis. m. an eve, est, or neal.

Stello, ære, avi, itum. neut. to shine like stars.

Stellor, æri, ætus. pass. to be marked as it were with stars.

Stemma, itis. n. a stem or pedigree; the lineage of one's ancestors.

Stēphāntēs vites, vines tied to their stakes, made round like garlands.

Stēphāntis, idis. f. a kind of vine whose leaves running among the grapes make wreaths or garlands.

Stēphānmēlis, is. f. an herb of a yellow colour.

Stēphānopolis, is. f. a woman that sells garlands.

Stēphānōplokos, i. c. g. a garland-maker.

Stercorarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to dung.

Stercoratio, onis. f. a dunging.

Stercoratus, a, um. part. et adj. dunged, mucked.

Stercorosus, a, um. adj. of dung, stinking of dung.

Stercoro, ære, avi, itum. act. [a sterco] to dung; to manure.

Stercorosus, a, um. adj. salmus, sup. full of dung, growing in dunghills.

Stercus, nis. n. dung. soil, compost, a sir-reverence.

Stēreobātes, æ. m. v. Stēreobāta, the palen of a pillar.

Stergathron, i. n. the herb sergreen.

Stērilesco, ære, —. incept. to grow or become barren.

Stērilis, is, e. adj. dim. that cannot get or bear young; barren, fruitless, sterile; addle; rotting or making barren; yielding or bringing nothing; void of, clear of, without.

Stērilitas, itis. f. unfruitfulness, barrenness; dearth or scarcity.

Stērilus, a, um. adj. antiq. pro Sterilis.

Sternax, æcis. adj. casting or throwing.

Sterno, ære, strāvi, stratum. act. to spread; to cover; to strew; to abate; to make calm; to lie down; to prostrate; to throw or strike down; to lie flat along; to pave; to dispirit.

Sternuo, ære, nui, nūtum. neut. to sneeze.

Sternutimentum, i. n. sneezing or sneezing; snuff.

Sternuto, ære, avi, itum. freq. [a sternuo] to sneeze often.

Sterquilium, ii. n. a dung-hill, a laystall, a mizen; a stinking fellow.

Sterto, ære, tui et ti, —. vent. to snort or snore in sleep-ing.

Stribum, ii. n. antimony; black lead.

Stictæ, es. f. Piedcote or Patch; a dog's name.

Stigma, itis. n. a mark or brand, chiefly on the forehead of fugitives; reproof, infamy.

Stigmatis, æ. m. a slave, a stigmatised or branded rogue.

Stigmatus, a, um. adj. full of marks or brands; infamous, stigmatised.

Stilbon, onis. m. the planet Mercury.

Stilla, æ. f. a drop.

Stillatum, adv. by drops.

Stillatus, a, um. adj. that drops.

Stillatīvus, a, um. adj. dropping.
Stillicidium, li. n. the dropping of the eaves of a house; a little gutter or sink.
Stillo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to drop or trickle down; to distil; to whisper in his ear.
Stimul, indecl. n. antimony.
Stimulatio, ōnis. f. an inciting, incitement, or instigation.
Stimulatrix, icis. f. she that incenses or sets forward.
Stimulatus, a, um. part. provoked, set on, egged on, instigated, incensed, enraged.
Stimuleus, a, um. adj. pricking, smarting, stinging, done with pricking rods.
Stimulo, āre, āvi, ātum act. to prick; to goad; to incense; to enrage; to stir up; to egg one on; to incite; to instigate; to invigorate; to torment; to vex; to gnaw.
Stimulum, i. n. et Stimulus, i. m. a prick, a goad; a sting; a whip or spur; any thing that moves forward; a motive, inducement, or incentive.
Stingor, gi. pass. et Stinguor, to be extinguished.
Stipatio, ōnis. f. a surrounding or guarding; a crowding or cramming of things together.
Stipator, ōris. m. an attendant or one of the squires of the body guard.
Stipatus, a, um. part. guarded or attended; standing in close array, crammed, crowded, frequent.
Stipendiarius, a, um. adj. tributary, stipendiary; a hireling.
Stipendio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. unde Stipendior. āri, ātus. pass. to take into pay; to enter in service for pay.
Stipendium, li. n. wages or pay for soldiers; a stipend, a salary; hire, pay; a campaign; tribute; a penalty, a mulct, or fine.
Stipes, itis. m. a log set fast in the ground; a club; a stake for a mere or landmark; a trunk of a tree; a firebrand; a billet; a blockhead, a dolt.
Stipo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to fill up close; to stuff; to thrust; to cram; to compass; to environ; to attend upon; to guard.
Stipis, Vid. Stips.
Stips, stipis. f. a piece of money, the same as the as. given to beggars, in which the soldiers also being paid in ancient times, because they received it by weight, not tale.

the payment was called stipendium; money offered to the gods; hirelings' wages; profit, gain.

Stipula, m. f. holm, straw for thatch; the husk that encloses the straw; stubble or straw; a shepherd's pipe made of such straw.

Stipularis, is, e. adj. belonging to stubble, of stubble, fed with stubble.

Stipulatio, ōnis. f. a covenanting; a stipulation, a bargain, promise, settlement, agreement, obligation.

Stipulatio uncilla, m. f. dim. a small bargain.

Stipulator, ōris. m. he that binds another, a person skilled in contracts.

Stipulatu, monopt. by covenant.

Stipulor, āri, ātus. dep. to stipulate; to make a bargain by asking or offering.

Stiria, m. f. a drop of ice; an icicle; a dot of snivel hanging at one's nose.

Stirpesco, cōre, — incept. [n stirps] to spring up; to grow to a stem or root.

Stirptus, adv. [a stirps] by the roots, utterly, root and branch.

Stirps, pis. d. g. the root, stem, stock, or stalk of a tree or plant; the lower part, the bottom; the ground or foundation; a stock, kindred; race, lineage, issue.

Stiva, m. f. the plough-tail or handle.

Stilārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a boat or ship; brought by shipping, foreign, outlandish.

Stilpus, i. m. Stilpous, Sclopous, et Stēpus, the sound which we make when we blow up our cheeks, &c.

Sto, āre, stōd, stātum. neut. to stand; to stand still; to stand upright; to stand in array; to endure; to abide; to continue; to hold on; to be fixed or resolved; to rest upon; to agree to; to acquiesce; to stand to; to be determined by; to cease; to be at a stand; to be calm; to make good; to take part with or against; to be liked; to come off well; to be placed in; to be attended; to be inseparable; to be a prostitute; to stand thick; to be overrun; to be covered; to stand in; to cost; to plead at the bar.

Stæbe, es. f. an herb which grows in watery grounds, knapweed.

Storchas, ādis. f. cotton-wood; French lavender.

Stōicus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a stoic; stoical.

Stōice, adv. like a stoic.

Stōla, m. f. a long robe down to the heels, gathered and plaited thick; a matron's gown; a cimar or just-au-corps; a stole.

Stōlatus, a, um. adj. [a stola] wearing a long robe with a train, matron-like.

Stōlide, adv. foolishly, simply, sottishly.

Stōlikitas, ātis. f. dulness, blockishness.

Stōlidus, a, um. adj. dull, heavy, foolish, doltish, silly, blockish, sottish.

Stōlo, ōnis. m. a useless eucker, a water-shoot; a fool or block-head.

Stōmācce, es. f. a soreness of the mouth; the scurvy.

Stōmāchicum, i. n. a medicine good to open the stomach.

Stōmāchicus, a, um. adj. that is sick in the stomach, that cannot keep the meat that he has taken.

Stōmāchor, āri, ātus. dep. to be angry, vexed, disgusted, displeased; to be in a great fume; to fret; to vex; to chafe.

Stōmāchōse, adv. angrily, passionately, peevishly, in a fret.

Stōmāchōsus, a, um. adj. fretful, peevish, stomachful, moody, passionate, glouting; making fretful, choleric, or angry.

Stōmāchus, chi. m. the ment-pipe; the stomach; indignation, choler, passion, animosity; humour, mind, fancy, will, pleasure, appetite.

Stōmāce, es. f. that which heals sores in the mouth.

Stōmāticus, a, um. adj. having a sore, swelling, or canker in the mouth.

Stōmōma, ātis. n. a kind of scab or powder coming from brass in beating.

Stōrea, m. f. any thing spread on the ground, a mat.

Strāba, m. f. she who is squint-eyed or has a cast in her eye.

Strābo, ōnis. m. goggle-eyed, a man who looks askant.

Strāges, is. f. a felling, a cutting down to the ground; a lying flat; a slaughter, a massacre, a discomfiture, a carnage, a defeat or overthrow; the rout of an army, havoc; a great ruin and fall.

Strāgūla, m. f. [ec. vestis] any outward garment; carpets, hangings, a counterpane, a coverlet, a horsecloth.

Strāgūlum, i. n. [ec. vestimentum] any covering, a blanket; a housing for a horse.

Strāmen, *inis*, n. a spreading, any thing spread; straw, litter.
Strāmentitius, a, um. adj. belonging to corn.
Strāmentum, i, n. straw, stubble.
Strāmineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to straw, thatched, or made with straw.
Strangulatio, *onis*, f. a choking, strangling, throttling, stifling, or stopping.
Strangulatus, *us*, m. a stoppage.
Strangulo, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to choke; to throttle; to stifle; to strangle; to ruin; to destroy; to kill.
Stranguria, *e*, f. the strangury; the stranguilla.
Stratagemata, *atilis*, n. a stratagem or piece of policy in war.
Stratēgia, *e*, f. a captainship, a generalship, a governing of soldiers, a lieutenantancy.
Stratēgus, i, m. a captain-general of an army; the chieftain or lieutenant; the master or ruler of a feast.
Stratiles, *e*, m. milfoil, living without a root, and swimming above the water.
Stratilius, a, um. adj. pertaining to soldiers, soldier-like.
Stratium, i, n. [a sterno] a couch, a bed; any thing that is strewed; a horsecloth. a housing, harness, or saddle; a paved street.
Stratūra, *e*, f. [a sterno] the paving of causeys or highways.
Strus, a, um. part. [a sterno] strewed, scattered; laid up; laid along, flat, prostrate; med, quieted; paved; over-own.
Strus, *us*, m. a strewing or wing.
Strus, *e*, f. a new year's gift present.
Strus, adv. strongly, stoutly, strenuously, magnanimously, manfully, vigorously, valiantly; readily, quickly, sedulously.
Struētus, *atilis*, f. valiantness, stoutness, nimbleness, activity, manhood.
Struētus, a, um. adj. brisk, stout, brave, hardy, manful, valiant; active, ready, quick, nimble, strenuous, vigorous.
Strēptus, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. freq. [a strepo] to make a great noise; to make a great stir; to bustle.
Strēptus, *us*, m. a noise; a creaking or creaking; a bustle, a hurlyburly; the train or company that follows a great

man; a tune or sound; a din.
Strēpo, *ere*, *pui*, *ptum*. neut. to make a noise; to bustle; to sound; to mutter; to murmur; to ring.
Strepsidros, *osis*, m. a kind of buck or goat with wreathed horns.
Stria, *e*, f. a chamfering, channeling, or making hollow; a groove, furrow, or gutter, in carpenters' or masons' work; a rabate, a crease.
Striātura, *e*, f. a chamfering or channeling; rabates, small furrows or creases made in stone or timber.
Striātus, a, um. part. chamfered, channeled, wrought inward with a winding.
Stribilla, *e*, f. a tart, a kind of cake, twisted about like a rope; jumble.
Stricte, adv. [a stringo] rigidly, strictly, severely.
Strictim, adv. closely; briefly, lightly.
Strictivus, a, um. adj. gathered or cropped with the hand.
Strictor, *oris*, m. a cropper or gatherer of fruits.
Strictura, *e*, f. [a stringo] a stricture; a spark, a flake; iron ore; a plate, pig, or bar, of iron.
Strictus, a, um. part. et adj. [a stringo] gathered or beaten off; cut asunder; driven out; close, concise, narrow.
Strido, *ere*, *diui*, —. et **Strido**, *ere*, *idi*, —. neut. to crack; to creak; to shriek; to make a whizzing; to hiss; to roar; to buzz; to hum; to howl.
Stridor, *oris*, m. [a strideo] a noise, a crashing; a creaking; the creaking of a door; the whistling of wind; the grunting of a boar; the hissing of a serpent; a hissing or whizzing.
Stridulus, a, um. adj. creaking; crackling; noisy, clamorous.
Striga, *e*, f. a ridge-land or single furrow; a row or rank of things laid in length.
Strigil, *sed* **saepius** **Strigilis**, i, f. a horsecomb, a currycomb; a scraper or flesh-brush; an instrument used in bathing to rub filth and sweat from the body; cloths or napkins; a little piece of fine gold found in mines; a small tube or syringe; a crease in chamfered work.
Strigentum, i, n. the scraping, that which is rubbed off; the scouring, lees, or dregs of oil, scraped from wrestlers' bodies.
Strigo, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. neut. to

breathe; to rest, to stop; to stand still; to bait; to berubbed down.
Strigosus, a, um. adj. lean, lank, scraggy, thin, bare, meagre; nothing but skin and bone, hidebound; barren, jejune, empty.
Stringo, *ere*, *inxi*, *ictum*. act. to grasp; to hold fast; to tie hard; to truss up; to bind; to bring into a body or lump; to press upon; to affect deeply; to thin the boughs of trees; to cut; to make naked or bare; to draw; to spend; to waste; to touch lightly; to brush; to graze upon; to touch briefly; to relate concisely; to beat down in order to gather.
Stringor, *oris*, m. a congealing a chillness.
Strio, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. [a stringo] to chamfer; to make rebates or channels; to groove; to breathe and stand still.
Strix, *igis*, f. a channel, furrow, hollow gutter or strake in raftering pillars; a screech-owl, an unlucky kind of bird; a hag, a fairy, a goblin.
Ströbilus, i, m. the artichoke; a whirlwind.
Ströbus, i, f. a tree whereof perfumes were made, mixed with the wine of dates.
Strömbus, i, m. a shell-fish of the sea, that has a leader whom they follow as their king.
Strongyle, *es*, f. a kind of alum in round lumps.
Ströplis, *e*, f. subtlety in arguing, a witty deceit, a wile, a trick, an artifice, an evasive shift; a quirk or fetch.
Ströplius, i, m. he that makes or sells women's neck-kerchiefs or garlands.
Ströplidum, i, n. dim. a little garland or chaplet; a little neck-kerchief or gorget.
Ströplum, i, n. a garland of flowers; a twisted girdle.
Ströphus, i, m. a fretting in the bowels, the griping of the guts, the belly-ache.
Ströplus, i, m. a strop of leather.
Ströps, i, m. a slight chaplet or garland, a wreath.
Structilis, i, e. adj. [a struo] made or built up of diverse things or pieces.
Structor, *oris*, m. a builder, a mason, a carpenter; a purveyor or provider of victuals; a caterer; a sewer; a carver.
Structura, *e*, f. a building, a structure, a setting in due order; a composition.
Structus, a, um. part. set in good array; built, made; piled up; laid, prepared; compacted, disposed, ordered.

- Strues**, *is. f.* [a *struo*] a pile or heap of any thing; a certain cake which the pagans offered to their gods; a dish of several things heaped up at their offerings.
- Strūma**, *æ. f.* a wen, a swelling on the neck or arm-holes; a botch, a scrophulous tumour; the king's evil; a hunch on the back.
- Strūmea**, *æ. f.* [sc. *herba*] *al.* Strumia, an herb wherewith beggars make their flesh raw, pilewort.
- Strūmōsus**, *a, um. adj.* having a wen or swelling; measly.
- Struo**, *ēre, xi, etum. act.* to pile up; to raise high; to place; to order; to build; to fabricate; to put in array; to make; to prepare; to get ready; to contrive; to design; to devise; to forge; to work; to procure.
- Strūpus**, *i. m.* a string or thong to tie the oar to.
- Strūthiōckmēlus**, *i. m.* an ostrich.
- Strūthium**, *li. n.* fuilera's herb.
- Strychnus**, *i. m.* an herb which makes men mad that drink of it.
- Stūdens**, *tis. part. et adj.* studying; a student.
- Stūdeo**, *ēre, ui, —. neut.* to study; to apply the mind to; to care for a thing; to mind it; to give one's self to it; to desire it; to endeavour; to fancy; to like; to favour; to bear good will and affection to one; to be a student; to take care of; to provide for.
- Stūdētur**, *impers.* they study or endeavour.
- Stūdīose**, *adv.* heedfully, diligently, carefully, studiously, complaisantly sedulously, earnestly, vehemently; affectionately; desirously.
- Stūdīosus**, *a, um. adj.* diligent, careful, learned; earnest, eager, desirous, affectionate; zealous; regardful, studious of; a student, a learned man; a lover; an admirer.
- Stūdium**, *li. n.* [a *studeo*] an earnest application or endeavour after any thing; study; an art, a science; care, diligence, concern, regard; purpose, design; inclination, temper, humour, fancy, desire; delight or pleasure; favour, good will, respect, opinion; exercise, practice, employ.
- Stulte**, *adv.* foolishly, unwisely, unadvisedly, like a coxcomb.
- Stultiloquentia**, *æ. f.* foolish discourse, talk, or babbling.
- Stultiloquium**, *li. n.* foolish babbling.
- Stultilōquus**, *a, um. adj.* one that speaks or talks foolishly.
- Stultitia**, *æ. f.* folly, foolishness, silliness, lewdness.
- Stultivdus**, *a, um. adj.* one that foolishly desires to see that which is not to be seen.
- Stultus**, *a, um. adj.* foolish, unwise, simple, silly, sottish, unadvised; a fool; a simpleton, a coxcomb, a sot.
- Stūpa**, *æ. f. v.* Stappa *v.* Stypa, the coarse part of flax, tow, hards, oakum.
- Stūpārius**, *a, um. adj.* of, belonging, or serving to dress or beat tow or hards withal.
- Stūpēfācio**, *ēre, fēci, factum.* act. to astonish; to surprise; to stupefy; to stound; to stun; to benumb.
- Stūpēfactus**, *a, um. part.* astonished, amazed, aghast, stunned, infatuated.
- Stūpēfio**, *fēri, factus. neut.* pass. to be abashed or astonished; to be stunned; to be set on edge.
- Stūpeo**, *ēre, ui, —. neut.* to be stupefied; to be senseless; to be astonished; to wonder; to be surprised; to be charmed with; to be dazzled; to be dim; to falter.
- Stūpesco**, *ēre, —. incept.* to be stupefied; to be senseless.
- Stūpeus**, *a, um. adj.* [a *stupa*] of hards or tow.
- Stūpiditas**, *ātis. f.* numbness, stupidity, doltishness, heaviness, infatuation, insensibleness, dulness, blockishness.
- Stūpidus**, *a, um. adj.* dismayed, astonished, amazed; taken up, in a brown study; stupid, insensible, dull, senseless, blockish, humphish, listless.
- Stūpor**, *ōris. m.* [a *stupeo*] senselessness, dulness; heaviness, lumpishness, dazzling, dimness; astonishment, amazement, infatuation, stupefaction; a dull, heavy fellow.
- Stuprator**, *ōris. m.* a ravisher, a whore-master.
- Stuprātus**, *a, um. part.* ravished, deflowered, abused.
- Stupro**, *ēre, ēvi, ātum. act.* to deflower; to ravish; to commit adultery.
- Stuprosus**, *a, um. adj.* given to whoring, naughty, lewd.
- Stūprum**, *i. n.* a deflowering; a rape; adultery; fornication; incest.
- Sturnus**, *i. m.* a bird called a starling or stare.
- Stygius**, *a, um. adj.* belonging to the river Styx or the infernal regions; infernal; poisonous.
- Stylōbāta**, *v.* Stylōbātes, *æ. m.* the footstool of a pillar; a pedestal; a trough of timber to convey water into a cistern.
- Stylus**, *i. m.* a style or pin to write with upon wax tables; a character or manner of writing; a pillar; a peg or pin.
- Stymma**, *ātis. n.* gross or thick matter.
- Stypticus**, *a, um. adj.* astringent, binding, styptic.
- Styrax**, *ācis. m.* et *f.* a sweet gum.
- Suādēla**, *æ. f.* fair speech, persuasion; the same as Suada.
- Suādeo**, *ēre, āsi, āsum. act.* to persuade one by fair means; to advise; to counsel; to put one in mind.
- Suādētur**, *impers.* it is advised.
- Suādus**, *a, um. adj.* tending to persuade, having force sufficient to persuade.
- Suāmet**, *ablat. of or by itself.*
- Suāpte** sponte, *ablat. of his or her own accord or motion.*
- Suārius**, *li. m.* a swineherd.
- Suāsis**, *ōnis. f.* a counselling, abetting, advice.
- Suāsor**, *ōris. m.* a counsellor, an adviser.
- Suāsoria**, *æ. f.* [sc. *oratio*] a persuasive.
- Suāsōrius**, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to exhortation or persuasion.
- Suāvīdīcus**, *a, um. adj.* pleasant, merry, pretty-conceited.
- Suāvīlōquens**, *tis. adj.* pleasant in speech.
- Suāvīlōquentia**, *æ. f.* sweet or pleasant language.
- Suāvīlōquus**, *a, um. adj.* fair spoken, courteous.
- Suāvlor**, *v.* Savior, *ēri, ātus. dep.* to kiss; to buss.
- Suāvīdium**, *i. n.* dim. a little kiss; also a sweetheart, a lover.
- Suāvis**, *is, e. adj.* sweet; delicious; pleasant, courteous, delightful.
- Suāvitas**, *ātis. f.* pleasantness, sweetness, lusciousness.
- Suāvlter**, *adv.* sweetly, pleasantly, gratefully, lusciously, delightfully.
- Suāvlum et Sāvlum**, *li. n.* a kiss; a sweetheart, a dear, a darling; a lip.
- Sub**, *præp.* under; about, near to; next; at the point of; in.
- Sūbāburde**, *adv.* somewhat absurdly.
- Sūbāburdus**, *a, um. adj.* somewhat absurd or awkward.
- Sūbāccūsio**, *ēre, āvi, ātum. act.* somewhat to blame or find fault with.
- Sūbāccūsus**, *a, um. adj.* somewhat sour or sharp.
- Sūbāctio**, *ōnis. f.* [a *subigo*] a kneading, working, or exercising.
- Sūbāctus**, *a, um. part.* [a *subigo*] conquered, subdued brought

under; well tilled, cultivated, improved; constrained, forced; kneaded wrought with hands; exercised, practised.
Sūbactus, ūs. m. a working or kneading dough.
Sūbadmōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to put gently to.
Sūbcrātus, a, um. adj. *ex part.* that is brass within, and gold or other metal without; plaited brass.
Sūbāgnātio, ōnis. f. Senu ob-scen.
Sūbāgnātrix, icis. f. she that grates or gropes.
Sūbāgnō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to grope; to be busy with one; to have to do with a woman.
Sūbagratus, is, e. adj. somewhat rude; a little clownish or country-like.
Sūbalbicans, tis. part. a little whitish.
Sūbalbidus, a, um. adj. somewhat white.
Sūbalpinus, a, um. adj. under the Alps.
Sūbāmārus, a, um. adj. somewhat bitter, bitterish.
Sūbāquius, a, um. adj. somewhat brown of colour.
Sūbārator, ōris. m. a plougher under or below.
Sūbārescens, tis. part. being somewhat dry.
Sūbāro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et **Sūbārōr**, pass. [*ex sub et arō*] to ear or plough up.
Sūbarrōgānter, adv. somewhat proudly.
Sūbāser, ēra, ērum. adj. somewhat sharp.
Sūbascentius, tis. part. yielding or agreeing unto.
Sūbātio, ōnis. f. [*a subo*] a row's going to the boat, a brimming.
ibauscultor, ōris. m. a listener, a hearer.
ibausculto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. o listen; to hearken; to eavesdrop.
ūbaustērus, a, um. adj. somewhat tart or stale.
Subbaldio, ōnis. m. an under hand.
Subbāllicinus, i. m. an exchange-walker.
Subbibō, ēre, bibi, bibitum. act. to drink a little; to tipple; to get a cup.
Subblandior, tri, itus. dep. to flatter a little; to fawn upon; to wheedle.
Subblandius, a, um. adj. somewhat white.
Subcāvus, a, um. adj. hollow underneath.
Subcenturio, ōnis. m. a petty captain, a lieutenant.
Succerno, ēre. act. al. Succerno, to ransome; to dress it in a boulder.

Subcingo, ēre, nxi, actum. act. to fortify; to fence; to undergird.
Subcingulum, i. n. a bracing-girdle, a belt, a surcingle.
Subcōrūlus, a, um. adj. bluish.
Subceno, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to make a short supper; to undersup.
Subcontumeliosus, adv. somewhat reproachfully or spitefully.
Subcrispus, a, um. adj. somewhat curled or frizzled.
Subcrūdus, a, um. adj. half raw, parboiled; not full ripe.
Subcruentus, a, um. adj. somewhat bloody.
Subcūctus, a, um. adj. formed somewhat like a wedge.
Subcustos, ōdis. m. an under-keeper.
Subdebilis, is, e. adj. somewhat weak.
Subdebilitatus, a, um. part. somewhat weakened.
Subdeficiens, tis. somewhat fainting.
Subdiālis, is, e. adj. abroad in the air, without the house, open.
Subdifficilis, is, e. adj. somewhat hard or difficult.
Subdiffido, ēre. neut. to distrust or mistrust a little.
Subditus, a, um. adj. substituted, false.
Subditivus, a, um. adj. counterfeit, supposititious.
Subditus, a, um. part. [*a subdo*] put under; put in the place of another, counterfeit, subdititious.
Subdiu, adv. in the day-time.
Subdo, ēre, didi, ditum. act. to put under; to prop up; to lay down; to throw down; to put in the place of another; to substitute; to foist in; to supply; to furnish with; to accuse falsely; to eat before; to gorge; to counterfeit.
Subdōco, ēre, cui, ctum. act. unde pass. Subdōceor, to teach somewhat or now and then.
Subdoctus, a, um. part. somewhat learned, an indifferent scholar.
Subdile, adv. cunningly, deceitfully, craftily, slyly.
Subdōlus, a, um. adj. [*ex sub et dolus*] full of deaits and wiles, deceitful, crafty, sly, cunning, subtle.
Subdubitō, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be half in doubt; to be at a little stand.
Subdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to take away; to abate; to subtract; to withdraw; to remove; to steal; to slich; to convey away privily; to drive back; to reckon; to count; to set up an account.

Subductārius, a, um. adj. that wherewith any thing is drawn or lifted up.
Subductio, ōnis. f. a drawing or bringing up; a hauling ashore; a conveying away; a deduction or allowance; a rebate; abatement, discount, subtraction.
Subductus, a, um. part. taken away, conveyed away, withdrawn; abated, discounted; drawn away, fished, pilfered; tucked up; brought ashore; cast up, as in accounts.
Subdulcis, is, e. adj. sweetish, somewhat sweet.
Subdūrus, a, um. adj. somewhat hard.
Sūbdō, ēre, ēdi, ēsum. act. to eat or wear away underneath.
Sūbeo, ēre, īvi, itum. neut. to go under or into; to enter; to mount; to climb up; to arise; to spring up; to grow up; to come in place of; to succeed; to undertake; to come into; to possess; to come into one's mind; to answer; to undergo; to sustain; to hazard; to interpose; to invade; to seize on; to assail; to come gently or leisurely.
Sūber, ōris. n. a kind of oak; the cork-tree, cork.
Sūberigo, ēre, —. act. to raise up.
Sūberro, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. t wander or run under.
Subserviliō, ēre, fēci, factum. neut. to make to seeth; to make warm.
Subservilius, a, um. part. made somewhat hot.
Subserviliō, ēri, factus. neut. pass. to be made somewhat hot.
Subfūcus, a, um. adj. somewhat brown.
Subgrandis, is, e. adj. somewhat large, pretty big.
Subgrāvis, is, e. adj. somewhat grievous or unpleasant.
Subgrunda, ē. f. the eaves of a house; a pent-house.
Subgrundatio, ōnis. f. the making of house-eaves.
Subgrundia, ōrum. n. pl. the eaves of a house.
Sūbhāreo, ēre, si, sum. neut. to cleave; to stick.
Sūbhorridus, a, um. adj. somewhat undrest, a little rough and overgrown with hair.
Sūbhūmidus, a, um. adj. somewhat moist, moistish.
Subjāceo, ēre, cui, —. neut. to be subject; to be beneath; to be situate at the foot.
Subjacto, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. unde pass. Subjactor, to cast up aloft.
Subjecta, ē. f. the basis or bot-

- tom that holds the whole engine; the carriage of an ordnance.
- Subjecte**, adv. *submissively*.
- Subjectio**, *onis*. f. a casting, putting, or laying of a thing before; a subjoining or annexing; a bringing in of forged writings, an imposing, falsification.
- Subjecto**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. freq. to throw up; to put under.
- Subjector**, *oris*. m. a putter of one thing for another; a counterfeiter or forger.
- Subjectus**, a, um. part. et adj. put or laid under; set or laid to; couched, comprised; contained in or under; liable to; in subjection, subject to, in danger; obedient.
- Subjectu**, by bringing or putting under.
- Subigo**, *ere*, *egi*, actum. act. to bring under; to subdue; to conquer; to force; to constrain; to drive; to thrust; to break; to ear; to till; to beat; to stamp; to dig; to cast up; to rub; to stroke; to whet.
- Subjicio**, *ere*, *jeci*, jectum. act. to lay, set, or put under; to make subject; to submit; to set, or set before; to suggest; to prompt; to bring into mind; to put in the place of; to forge; to falsify; to anaver; to set or lift up; to add; to adjoin; to inspire; to suborn; to sell publicly.
- Subimpetro**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to obtain by request, chiefly used in fut. part. pass.
- Subimpudens**, *is*, adj. somewhat impudent or overbold.
- Subin**, adv. *Vid. Subinde*.
- Subinanis**, *is*, e. adj. somewhat empty or vain; of no great weight.
- Subin**, adv. upon which, thereupon; after that, afterward; oftentimes, frequently, now and then, ever and anon; presently, soon after.
- Subinluo**, *ere*, *fluxi*, *fluxum* v. fluctum. neut. to flow in or under.
- Subinulsus**, a, um. adj. somewhat silly or dull; having no great grace.
- Subinvideo**, *ere*, *vidi*, *visum*. act. to envy one a little.
- Subinvidus**, a, um. adj. somewhat in displeasure, hated, or spiteful.
- Subinvito**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to invite one in a manner.
- Subirascor**, *ci*, *iratus*. dep. to be half angry or displeased.
- Subiratus**, a, um. part. somewhat angry.
- Subitaneus**, a, um. adj. [a subitus] hastened, sudden, flashy.
- Subitarius**, a, um. adj. speedy; done or made on a sudden; sudden raised.
- Subito**, adv. hastily, suddenly, upon a sudden.
- Subitus**, a, um. adj. ex part. hasty, unlooked for, sudden.
- Subjugis**, *is*, e. adj. accustomed to the yoke or to draw.
- Subjugium**, *ii*. n. a thong or band wherewith a yoke is fastened to a beast's neck.
- Subjunctus**, a, um. part. set or put upon; subjoined, added.
- Subjungo**, *ere*, *nxii*, *nectum*. act. to join; to harness; to subjoin; to reply; to bring under; to subdue.
- Sublabor**, *bi*, *psus*. dep. to slip away privily; to fall or slide under; to fall down or decay by little and little; to ebb.
- Sublate**, adv. *ius*, comp. in a lofty strain, in the sublime; haughtily, proudly, loftily.
- Sublateo**, *ere*, *tui*, — neut. to lie hidden underneath.
- Sublatio**, *onis*. f. a lifting up; a taking away.
- Sublatus**, a, um. part. [a sustollo] taken away, removed; had; abrogated; lifted up, set up, hoisted, mounted, taken up; puffed up, proud; educated.
- Sublecto**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to decoy or stroke; to choose or fox one.
- Sublectus**, a, um. part. chosen; stolen, kidnapped.
- Sublevo**, *ere*, *egi*, *ectum*. act. to steal and privily convey away; to pick up softly; to choose.
- Sublestus**, a, um. adj. slender; of no esteem or account; of no force or value.
- Sublevatus**, a, um. part. lifted up; relieved, eased.
- Sublevo**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to lift or hold up; to help; to aid; to succour; to ease; to lighten; to lessen.
- Sublica**, *ae*. f. piles; a prop, shore, post.
- Sublicitus**, a, um. adj. made of piles or posts.
- Subligaculum**, *i*. n. a man's breeches or long hose; drawers, trousers.
- Subligar**, *aris*. n. [a subligo] a strap or trowse; a truss.
- Subligo**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to under-bind; to under-tie; to tie or hang at.
- Sublimitus**, a, um. part. lifted up, raised high.
- Sublime**, adv. up aloft, on high.
- Sublimis**, *is*, e. adj. lofty, high, exalted, sublime; erect, upright, tall and large.
- Sublimitus**, *itis*. f. sublimity, height, highness, loftiness.
- Sublimiter**, adv. *minus*. comp. sublimely, highly, on high, aloft.
- Sublinitus**, a, um. part. besmeared, cheated, cozened.
- Sublino**, *ere*, *evi* et *ivi*, *itum*. act. to anoint; to besmear a little; to grease, to lay a ground colour; to deceive and mock one.
- Sublitus**, a, um. part. smeared or anointed; fooled, ridiculed.
- Sublividus**, a, um. adj. somewhat black and blue.
- Sublucanus**, a, um. adj. about day-spring; that is a little before day-light.
- Subluco**, *ere*, *uxi*, — neut. to give a little light; to shine somewhat; to glimmer.
- Subluo**, *ere*, *lui*, *utum*. act. to wash; to rinse; to bathe.
- Subluridus**, a, um. adj. somewhat wan and pale.
- Sublustris**, *is*, e. adj. that hath some light, glimmering.
- Sublutus**, a, um. part. somewhat washed, soured, soaked.
- Sublucies**, *ei*. f. a disease in sheep's feet between the claws; the foul.
- Submano**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to flow softly.
- Submergo**, *ere*, *si*, *sum*. act. to drown; to sink under water; to overwhelm; to dip; to plunge.
- Submersus**, a, um. part. sunk down, drowned, bulged.
- Submersus**, a, um. adj. almost pure and without mixture.
- Subminia**, *ae*. f. [sc. tunica] a red vermilion coat, a penniston petticoat.
- Subministrator**, *oris*. m. he that furnishes or supplies.
- Subministratus**, a, um. part. furnished.
- Subministro**, *ere*, *avi*, *atum*. act. to do service to; to furnish or supply with.
- Submisso**, adv. with a low voice, softly; lowly, humbly, submissively.
- Submissio**, adv. softly.
- Submissio**, *onis*. f. a making low, a lowering, softness of speech.
- Submissus**, a, um. part. et adj. sent down; let down, hanging down; lowered, made low; low, submissive, humble; gentle; bowed, bended; base, mean, pitiful.
- Submitto**, *ere*, *mihi*, *missum*. act. to send privily or underhand; to suborn; to put in place of another; to plant; to set in the ground; to keep for breed; to let grow; to bow; to bend; to hold or hung down; to humble; to submit; to lay down; to veil; to yield the pro-

ference; to lower; to make less.
 Submōleste, adv. somewhat grievously.
 Submōlestus, a, um, adj. somewhat troublesome or grievous.
 Submōneo, ēre, nui, itum, act. to warn one underhand; to put in mind; to give a watch-word; to prompt; to hint.
 Submōrōsus, a, um, adj. somewhat froward, peevish, or cross.
 Submōtor, ōris, m. one that puts aside or makes room.
 Submōtus, a, um, part. removed out of the way; driven back; sent away, dismissed.
 Submōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtum, act. to remove or carry far off; to displace; to cause to make way; to discharge one from his office; to keep out; to part one from another.
 Submōvētur, impers. way or room is made.
 Subnascent, tis, part. growing under or after.
 Subnāto, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to swim under.
 Subnecto, ēre, xui, xum, act. to bind; to fasten; to add or join to; to subscribe.
 Subnōgo, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. half to deny, or to deny in a manner.
 Subnexus, a, um, part. [a sub-necto] knit or tied underneath.
 Subniger, gra, grum, adj. somewhat black, blackish.
 Subnixus, a, um, part. [a sub-nitor] underpropped; raised up; trusting to, relying upon.
 Subnōto, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to notice; to mark; to take notice to one's self.
 Nūba, m. f. a second wife of man, whose first wife is still living; a concubine.
 Nūhilus, a, um, adj. somewhat cloudy.
 Nūo, ēre, —. neut. in observation.
 ūhobacannus, a, um, adj. somewhat smutty.
 ūhobacūrus, a, um, adj. somewhat obscure, dark, or hard to be understood.
 Subōdiōsus, a, um, adj. somewhat impertinent, odious, scarcely to be endured.
 Suboffendo, ēre, di, sum, act. to offend or displease a little.
 Subōleo, ēre, lui, litum, neut. to smell a little; to have somewhat the savour of a thing; to suspect; to mistrust.
 Subōles, is, f. a young shoot which grows out of the roots or stocks of trees; the hair that grows on the head.
 Subōrior, iri, ortus, dep. to rise; to grow up.

Subornātus, a, um, part. adorned, dressed; prepared, instructed; suborned; bribed.
 Suborno, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to send one privily with instructions what to do or say; to suborn; to set forth and honour one.
 Subortus, ūs, m. [a suborior] rising.
 Subpātūlus, a, um, adj. dim. somewhat pink-eyed or squint-eyed.
 Subpallidus, a, um, adj. somewhat pale.
 Subpernātus v. Suppernātus, a, um, part. cut in the hough or underneath.
 Subpinguis, is, e, adj. somewhat fat, fattish.
 Subpidet, ēre, imp. to be a little ashamed.
 Subrancidus, a, um, adj. somewhat stale or stinking; over-kept, having a haut-gout.
 Subraucus, a, um, adj. a little hoarse.
 Subrectus, a, um, part. [a sub-rig] set upright by degrees, half upright.
 Subrefectus, a, um, part. [a subreficio] somewhat refreshed.
 Subrēmigo, ēre, āvi, ātum, neut. to row; to help with rowing.
 Subrēpo, ēre, pai, ptum, neut. to creep along; to creep from under; to steal softly, unawares, or by little and little.
 Subreptitius, a, um, adj. taken away by stealth, stolen.
 Subreptus, a, um, part. [a sub-ripio] stolen secretly, filched, pilfered.
 Subrideo, ēre, risi, risum, neut. to smile; to grin; to smicker; to smirk; to smirk.
 Subridicūle, adv. somewhat ridiculously, with some pleasantry.
 Subrigo v. Surrigo, ēre, exi, ectum, act. to lift or raise up; to prick up his ears.
 Subrigus, a, um, adj. somewhat wet, wetlish, oozy.
 Subringor, gi, —. dep. to fret a little.
 Subrripio v. Surrripio, ēre, pul, reptum, act. [ex subet rapio] to steal privily; to take away by stealth; to prevent; to intercept.
 Subrūgo v. Surrūgo, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to substitute; to put in the place of.
 Substrānus, i, m. one used to sit or walk about the pleading-place to enquire news.
 Subrōtātus, a, um, part. mounted on wheels.
 Subrōtundus, a, um, adj. somewhat roundish.

Subrūbeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to look of a blushing red.
 Subrūber, bra, brum, adj. somewhat red.
 Subrūbicundus, a, um, adj. somewhat red, ruddy.
 Subrūfus, a, um, adj. somewhat red, reddish.
 Subrūmo, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. [a sub et ruma] to put to the dug; to put a lamb or calf to another dam.
 Subrūmus, a, um, adj. a sucking lamb.
 Subruo, ēre, rui, rūtum, act. to cast or tumble down; to overthrow; to undermine; to undo and ruin.
 Subrusticus, a, um, adj. somewhat rustic, clownish, rude.
 Subrūtilus, a, um, adj. yellowish, ruddy, bright, golden coloured.
 Subrūtus, a, um, part. [a sub-ruo] undermined, overthrown.
 Subsalus, a, um, adj. somewhat salt, saltish.
 Subsarcinātus, a, um, part. carrying a burden or load in one's lap or under one's arm.
 Subscribo, ēre, pai, ptum, act. to write under; to note; to register; to join or take part with another in a suit of law; to agree with one; to approve, to aid; to help; to favour; to add a prayer at the end of an epistle.
 Subscriptio, ōnis, f. a registering; a partaking with one in an accusation against another; the prayer at the close of a petition.
 Subscriptor, ōris, m. a promoter to a pleader.
 Subscus, ūdis, f. a fastening of boards together; a swallow or dove-tail.
 Subsciscus, a, um, adj. [a sub-seco] cut off from the principal; stolen, spared, borrowed.
 Subscisco, ēre, cui, ctum, act. to cut under or a little; to pare; to cut down; to mow.
 Subscūtus, a, um, part. [a sub-sequor] following.
 Subsellum, ii, n. a bench or seat; Subsellia, seats in the forum, on which the judges sat publicly; a session; the judges themselves upon the bench.
 Subsentio, ire, si, sum, act. to perceive somewhat; to have some inkling of a matter; to surmise.
 Subssequor, qui, cūtus, dep. to follow forthwith or hard by; to come after; to second a thing; to speak in praise of; to imitate; to emulate.
 Subsūro, ēre, sūvi, sūtura, act. to sow or set under or after.
 Subservio, ēre iri, rum, neut.

to serve; to be subservient; to second; to humour.

Subaeosor, ōris, m. a *liar in wait, one in ambush; one who has any secret design.*

Subsidentia, m. f. [a subsideo] *the settling or sediment of liquors at the bottom.*

Subsideo, ēre, sēdī, sessum. neut. [ex sub et sideo] *to rest or settle at the bottom; to stay; to remain; to tarry behind; to lie in wait for one.*

Subsidiarius, a, um. adj. [a seq.] *auxiliary, subsidiary.*

Subsidior, ōri, ūsus. dep. [ex sub et sideo] *to stand by ready to help; to relieve.*

Subsidium, li. n. aid, *help, assistance, furtherance, subsidy, succour; refuge, rescue; the support or stay of a family.*

Subsido, ēre, sēdī, essum. neut. [ex sub et sideo] *to settle; to sink down; to alight; to descend to the bottom; to abide; to stop; to stay; to stint; to slake; to invade; to crouch; to cover down upon; to couple.*

Subsignant milites, *soldiers serving under their colours.*

Subsigno, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to write under; to confirm with his sign manual; to sign; to seal.*

Subsilio, ūre, lui et livi, sultum. neut. *to hop, skip, or leap a little; to pant; to start up.*

Subsimilis, is, e. adj. *somewhat like or resembling.*

Substinus, a, um. adj. *somewhat snub or flat-nosed.*

Substipio, ēre, ui, —. neut. *not to be very wise; not to have a perfect taste.*

Substatio, ēre, stitī, stitum. neut. *to stand still; to abide; to stay; to stop; to resist; to withstand; to subside; to bear; to maintain.*

Substernus, i. m. *an east-wind.*

Subsortior, ūri, ūsus. dep. *to choose by lot after others; to choose by lot one who is to succeed.*

Subsortitio, ōnis. f. *a choosing by lot to fill up the place of those that were dead or laid aside.*

Substitutus, a, um. part. *chosen or substituted in the place of another.*

Substantia, m. f. *the substance or matter; goods, estate, wealth.*

Substerno, ēre, strāvi, strātum. act. *to strew or put under; to subject; to bring under.*

Substillum, i. n. *when one makes water by drops, the stranguary.*

Substituto, ēre, tui, tūtum. act. *to set before; to represent; to substitute.*

Substitutus, a, um. part. *put in another's place.*

Substato, ēre, stitī, stitum. neut. *to stand still; to bear up; to stand his ground.*

Substramen, ūnis. n. *straw, litter.*

Substramentum, i. n. *straw, litter.*

Substratus, a, um. part. [a substerno] *laid under or strewn.*

Substratus, ūs. m. *a spreading or laying under.*

Substrictus, a, um. part. et adj. [a substringo] *bound hard under, girt in; plucked up; close; small, slender.*

Substringo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to bind strait underneath; to gird, tie, or truss up; to hale in; to repress; to restrain; to contract; to bring into less compass.*

Substructio, ōnis. f. [a substruo] *an underpinning or groundselling of a house, or the making of a foundation under.*

Substructum, i. n. *a foundation.*

Substruo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to lay a foundation underneath; to build.*

Subsultum, adv. *by jumps or leaps.*

Subsulto, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to hop; to jump; to leap; to caper; to jog; to joll; to pant.*

Subsum, esse, fui. neut. pass. *to be under; to join to; to be near; to lurk privately.*

Subsurdus, a, um. adj. *half deaf; that is scarcely heard or makes almost no noise at all.*

Subsūtus, a, um. part. *under-sewed or under-wrought; stitched about, welled.*

Subtegmen, ūnis. n. *the thread in weaving called the woof.*

Subtēgo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *under-subjectus, to cover a little or secretly.*

Subtēgūlneus, a, um. adj. *of tiles; tiled or laid with tiles.*

Subtēmen, ūnis. n. *the thread in weaving called the woof.*

Subtentus, a, um. part. *corded.*

Subtēnuis, is, e. adj. *somewhat slender, thin, or small.*

Subter, prep. *under.*

Subter, adv. *the nether part, underneath.*

Subterduco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to steal away privily; to withdraw.*

Subterfluo, ēre, xi, ctum. neut. *to run or flow under.*

Subterfugio, ēre, fūgi, gitum. act. *to escape or get away privily; to give one the slip; to eschew; to elude; to shun; to avoid.*

Subterfluo, bi, psus. dep. *to slip, slide, run, or flow underneath.*

Subterfluo, ēre, ūvi et ūvi, ūnum. act. *to anoint or besmear witherneath.*

Subterfluo, ēre. act. *to flow under.*

Subtermeo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to run or pass under.*

Subterro, ēre, trivi, itum. act. *to bruise; to pound; to break in pieces; to fret; to gail.*

Subterrāneus, a, um. adj. *that is under ground; subterraneous.*

Subtertenuo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to wear thin below.*

Subtervlo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to fly under.*

Subtexo, ēre, xui, xum. act. *to weave; to join to after; to subjoin; to apply; to cover; to hide.*

Subtilis, is, e. adj. *fine spun, small, thin; of subtle parts, volatile; witty, delicate, brisk, acute, arch, artful; nice, exquisite.*

Subtilitas, ūtis. f. *thinness, fineness; subtlety, sharpness of wit, acuteness, shrewdness, niceness.*

Subtiliter, adv. *nicely, finely curiously, exactly; subtly, sharply, artfully, ingeniously.*

Subtimeo, ēre, mui, —. neut. *to be half afraid.*

Subtrahō, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to take away; to subtract; to diminish; to keep from; to draw out; to withdraw.*

Subtristia, is, e. adj. *somewhat heavy, sad, or melancholy.*

Subtritus, a, um. part. [a subter] *worn underneath, somewhat broken.*

Subturpiculus, a, um. adj. *a little poor and base.*

Subturpis, is, e. adj. *somewhat filthy or base.*

Subtus, adv. *under, underneath.*

Subtūdo, a, um. part. [a subundo] *beaten, mauled, pounded.*

Sūbūcula, m. f. *a shirt or smock; a shift, a waistcoat; a kirtle.*

Sūbūcūlatus, a, um. adj. *wearing a shirt, &c.*

Subvectio, ōnis. f. [a subveho] *a conveying or carrying.*

Subvecto, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [a subveho] *to carry or convey often.*

Subvectus, a, um. part. *carried aloft, conveyed.*

Subvectus ūs. m. [a seq.] *a conveying or carrying.*

Subveho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *to carry up; to convey in a ship or vein; to bring up.*

Subvūdo, ūre, ūvi, entum. r---

to help; to relieve; to succour.
 Subvenitur, impers. pass. there is help or relief.
 Subvento, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to come and assist one.
 Subverbustus, a, um. adj. a rogue, a slave that is often cud-gelled or beaten.
 Subvētor, ēri, ritus. dep. to fear somewhat; to reverence.
 Subverso, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. unde part. subversandus, to subvert; to overthrow; to throw or turn upside down.
 Subversor, ōris. m. he that overturneth.
 Subverto, ēre, ti, sum. act. to turn over or upside down; to undo; to overthrow; to subvert; to cast one away by false accusation.
 Subvespērus, l. m. the west-south-west wind.
 Subvexus, a, um. adj. bowed upward like an arched roof.
 Subviridis, is, e. adj. somewhat green of colour, greenish.
 Sūbūla, m. f. a bodkin which shoe-makers use, a cobbler's awl.
 Sūbūllaris, is, e. adj. belonging to a cordwainer, cobbler, or shoe-maker.
 Sūbūlcus, i. m. a swineherd.
 Subūlo, ōnis. m. a piper, one who plays on a pipe, flute, or flageolet; a harp called a spitter, having young horns without knags or tines.
 Subvōlo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly away a little; to fly upward or aloft.
 Subvolvō, ēre, vi, lūtum. act. to tumble or roll up.
 urbāna, ōrum. n. pl. the suburbs, houses, or villages near city.
 urbānitās, ōtis. f. the neighbourhood of the suburbs to the city, nearness to the city.
 urbānum, i. n. a house within the walls of a city, a summer-house a little way out of town.
 ūrburbānus, a, um. adj. near or about the city; in the suburbs.
 Sūburbium, ii. n. the suburbs of a city.
 Sūburgeo, ēre, si, sum. act. somewhat or closely to thrust or put forward.
 Sūbūro, ēre, aai, stum. act. to burn somewhat or a little; to scorch.
 Subvultūrius, a, um. adj. somewhat resembling a vulture; of the colour or nature of a vulture; blackish, ravenish.
 Succedāneus, a, um. adj. that comes in the place of another.
 Succēditur, impers. somebody

succeeds; a successor is appointed.
 Succēdo, ēre, sai, asum. neut. to approach; to come to; to go or come into; to be next; to follow; to ensue; to come after; to come under; to succeed; to go well forward; to have good success; to thrive; to speed well; to hit right; to chance; to happen; to be like; to resemble.
 Succendo, ēre, di, sum. act. [ex sub et candeo] to burn; to inflame; to set on fire; to kindle; to be angry.
 Succenseo, ēre, sui, —. neut. to be angry with one.
 Succensus, a, um. part. set on fire, kindled, burned; inflamed with any passion.
 Succentūrius, a, um. part. that is set in the place of one who is dead or absent, or faileth in his business; kept for a reserve.
 Successa, ōrum. n. pl. successes, good fortune.
 Successio, ōnis. f. a coming in the place of another, succession; success.
 Successit, impers. præt. it has happened.
 Successor, ōris. m. he that follows or comes in another's place; a successor.
 Successum est, impers. somebody succeeded.
 Successus, a, um. part. made fortunate or successful.
 Successus, ūs. m. [a succedo] issue or success; prosperity, good luck.
 Succida, m. f. ec. lana [a succus] new shorn wool, unwashed and greasy.
 Succidia, m. f. a side or flitch of bacon; the dessert.
 Succido, ēre, di, sum. act. to cut down; to fell; to mow.
 Succido, ēre, di, cāsum. neut. [ex sub et cado] to fall under; to fall down; to fail; to falter.
 Succidus, a, um. adj. [a succus] moist, full of juice; juicy.
 Succiduus, a, um. adj. ready to fall, faltering, bowing under one.
 Succinctus, a, um. part. et adj. girt, trussed up, tucked; compassed, environed; compact, well set; ready, nimble, expeditious.
 Succineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to amber.
 Succingo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to gird; to truss up; to tuck; to environ; to beset.
 Succino, ēre. neut. [ex sub et cano] to sing after another; to follow another in singing or saying.

Succinum, i. n. amber; the gum of sweet trees of the pine kind.
 Succinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to amber.
 Succisus, a, um. part. cut down felled, lopped off.
 Succinātio, ōnis. f. a humming or shouting.
 Succinātum est a militibus impers. they give a shout or hum.
 Succinātus, a, um. part. cried out against or ill spoken of.
 Succinō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to cry out in token of approbation or dislike; to give a shout; to shout; to hum.
 Succollo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to bear up a thing on one's shoulders; to carry on one's back.
 Succōus, a, um. adj. full of juice and moisture, juicy, sap-py.
 Succresco, ēre, crēvi, ātum. neut. to grow under; to spring and grow up; to grow onwards.
 Succrētus, a, um. part. [a succerno] ranged or bolted.
 Succūdo, ēre, di, sum. act. to forge.
 Succumbo, ēre, bui, bītum. neut. [ex sub et cumbo] to couch; to crouch; to lie with; to lie or fall down under; to fail; to faint; to yield; to succumb.
 Succurro, ēre, ri, sum. neut. to come into one's mind or remembrance; to be the cause of; to cause; to help; to aid; to succour; to relieve.
 Succursum est, impers. they helped or relieved.
 Succus, i. m. juice or moisture; sap; broth; vigour or strength.
 Succussio, ōnis. f. a shaking or joggling.
 Succussus, ūs. m. a trotting, joggling, shaking, or jolting.
 Suctus, ūs. m. [a sugo] a sucking or licking.
 Sūcula, m. f. dim. [a sus] a little sow; a crane; a windlass, or the overhead bar; a kind of under garment.
 Sūcūle, ōrum. f. pl. the seven stars called hyades.
 Sūdābundus, a, um. adj. sweating, all in a sweat.
 Sūdāns, tis. part. sweating; dropping wet.
 Sūdārium, ii. n. [a sudo] a napkin or handkerchief.
 Sūdātio, ōnis. f. a sweating; a bawny, a hot-house.
 Sūdātor, ōris. m. one that sweats, a great sweater.
 Sūdātorium, ii. n. a stove, a hot-house to sweat in.
 Sūdātorius, a, um. adj. that

- brings or belongs to sweating.
- Sudatrix**, *ica*, *f.* sweating, apt to sweat or to cause sweat.
- Sudatus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* besweated, sweating out; taken much pains about.
- Sudes**, *is*, *f.* a thick stake; a pile driven into the ground; a spear burnt at the end, or barbed with iron; a waterman's pole; the fin of a fish; a setter.
- Sudis**, *is*, *f.* a kind of long fish, called a guard-fish or sword-fish.
- Sudo**, *ere*, *evi*, *atum*, *act.* et neut. to sweat; to drop with; to drip; to sweat out; to steam forth; to labour; to take pains; to have enough to do; to be diligent.
- Sudor**, *oris*, *m.* [a sudo] sweat; labour, pains, travail, toil; moisture or wet.
- Sudum**, *i*, *n.* [sc. cælum] the clear firmament, fair weather.
- Sudus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* fair, without clouds, clear.
- Sueo**, *ere*, *suevi*, *suetum*, *neut.* to accustom; to be wont.
- Suesco**, *ere*, — — incept. [a sueo] to use; to accustom; to be wont or accustomed.
- Suetus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* [a suesco] accustomed, wont; usually had.
- Sufes**, *ilis*, *m. v.* Suffes, a consul or dictator; a chief magistrate.
- Suffarctatus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* stuffed up, having one's lap full.
- Suffectus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* put or chosen in the place of another; covered.
- Suffero**, *erre*, *sustuli*, *sublatum*, *act.* to take upon; to undertake; to bear; to abide; to suffer; to carry away; to take away; to demolish; to pronounce.
- Suffertus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* stuffed, filled; full and strong.
- Sufficiens**, *tis*, *part. v. adj.* sufficient, answerable, suitable.
- Sufficio**, *ere*, *secl*, *sectum*, *neut.* et *act.* to be sufficiently able to do or bear any thing; to suffice; to be sufficient; to substitute; to choose; to put in the place of another; to supply; to furnish; to dye; to stain; to infect.
- Suffigo**, *ere*, *xi*, *xum*, *act.* to fasten; to nail; to stick or prick in.
- Suffimen**, *inis*, *n.* a perfume, a fumigation, any thing which, being laid upon the coals, makes a sweet smell.
- Suffimentum**, *i*, *n.* a perfuming, a perfume offered to the gods at vintage time; fumigation
- Suffio**, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*, *act.* to perfume.
- Suffitio**, *onis*, *f.* a perfuming, a fumigation.
- Suffitor**, *oris*, *m.* a perfumer, he that makes perfumes.
- Sufflatus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* perfumed, burnt, and smoked.
- Sufflatus**, *us*, *m.* a perfuming, a fumigation.
- Suffixus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* fastened; set or stuck upon; hanging.
- Sufflāmen**, *inis*, *n.* a trigger, a stop, a delay.
- Sufflatio**, *onis*, *f.* a blowing or puffing up.
- Sufflatus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* puffed up; proud, haughty; swollen with rage.
- Sufflatus**, *us*, *m.* a puffing up, a blowing up.
- Sufflavus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* somewhat yellow, yellowish.
- Sufflo**, *ere*, *evi*, *atum*, *act.* to blow up; to puff up; to whisper in one's ear.
- Suffocatio**, *onis*, *f.* a choking, stifling, or strangling; suffocation.
- Suffoco**, *ere*, *evi*, *atum*, *act.* to destroy; to stop the breath; to strangle; to choke; to stifle; to suffocate; to throttle; to cause to perish.
- Suffodio**, *ere*, *odi*, *fossum*, *act.* to dig under; to undermine; to thrust through.
- Suffossio**, *onis*, *f.* a digging under or undermining.
- Suffosus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* undermined, hollow; stuck, established; destroyed, cast down.
- Suffragatio**, *onis*, *f.* a giving of one's voice at an election, a voting for one.
- Suffragator**, *oris*, *m.* a favourer or abettor; one who gives his vote for one.
- Suffragatōrius**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to him that helps with his good word at the time of an election.
- Suffragāneus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that is diseased in the houghs or paterns; that has the scratches or sprain.
- Suffragium**, *il*, *n.* a voice or suffrage, a vote; favour, assistance.
- Suffrago**, *inis*, *f.* the hough; the patern; a eucker.
- Suffragor**, *ari*, *atus*, *dep.* to give his vote in one's favour; to favour and help.
- Suffrenatio**, *onis*, *f.* a joining or binding hard together; a fastening or closing.
- Suffrico**, *ere*, *cul*, *frictum*, *act.* to rub off; to rub.
- Suffringo**, *ere*, *Egl*, *actum*, *act.* to break in the middle; to break underneath.
- Suffugio**, *ere*, *gi*, *gitum*, *act.* et neut. to flee away privily; to shun; not to admit of.
- Suffugium**, *il*, *n.* [a suffugio] a place of refuge or shelter.
- Suffulcio**, *ire*, *isi*, *itum*, *act.* to uphold; to bear up; to underprop; to strengthen.
- Suffultus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* underproped, stayed up.
- Suffumigo**, *ere*, *evi*, *atum*, *act.* to make smoke underneath or a suffumigation.
- Suffundo**, *ere*, *fudi*, *fusum*, *act.* to pour down or upon; to spread over; to supply.
- Suffuror**, *ari*, *atus*, *dep.* to steal privily; to pilfer; to slich.
- Suffusio**, *onis*, *f.* a spreading abroad or pouring upon; a pin and web in the eye, a catarract.
- Suffusus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* [a suffundo] sprinkled, bedewed or wetted; overspread; mixed with.
- Suggero**, *ere*, *asi*, *atum*, *act.* to raise up; to allow; to supply; to yield; to afford; to put in mind; to suggest; to hint; to prompt; to choose in one's place; to assign; to subjoin; to insert; to put in.
- Suggestum**, *i*, *n* et *Suggestus*, *us*, *m.* any place raised above another; a chair; a pulpit where orations or sermons were made; a reading-desk.
- Suggestus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* heaped or raised up; added, inserted.
- Suggrador**, *di*, *sus*, *dep.* to come by stealth or privily; to surprise one.
- Sugressus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* creeping upon, stealing upon.
- Sugillatio**, *onis*, *f.* a mark in the face, black or blue, made with a stroke; a black or blood-shot eye; a slander, a taunt, a jeer a flirt.
- Sugillo**, *ere*, *evi*, *atum*, *act.* et *Subgillo*, to make black or blue spots in the face with beating; to give one a black eye; to buffet one; to flout; to jeer; to taunt; to reprove.
- Sugo**, *ere*, *xi*, *ctum*, *act.* to suck; to take in.
- Sui**, *gen.* pronom. of himself, of herself, of itself, of themselves.
- Sulle**, *is*, *n.* [a sus] a swine-cote.
- Suillus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* dim. of or belonging to swine.
- Sulcator**, *oris*, *m.* a rower, a ferryman.
- Sulcatus**, *a*, *um*, *part.* made in furrows, trenched; rowed over.
- Sulco**, *ere*, *evi*, *atum*, *act.* to cast up in furrows; to furrow; to make furrows; to till; to plough; to row; to

make a crack; to divide and cut; to make wrinkled.

Sulcūlus, i. m. dim. a little furrow.

Sulcus, i. m. a furrow, a trench; tilth, ploughing; a ditch; a stream of light; the pricy part of a female.

Sulphur, ūris. n. brimstone, sulphur; a thunderbolt.

Sulphūrātio, ōnis. f. a dressing with brimstone.

Sulphūrātum, i. n. a match made with brimstone.

Sulphūrātus, a, um, part. dressed or smoked with brimstone.

Sulphūreus, a, um, adj. of, belonging to, mixed with, or of the colour or smell of brimstone; sulphureous.

Sulphūreus, a, um, adj. sulphureous.

Sultis, pro si vultis, if you will.

Sum, esse, fui. verb. subst. to subsist; to have a substance; to be material; to be; to be in company; to converse; to eat together; to live; to lead one's life; to be able or capable.

Sūmen, ūnis. n. the paps, belly, or udder of a sow; a meat made of the hinder teats of a sow, cut from her the day after she has farrowed and powdered with salt; a tid or choice bit.

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the suburbs, common whores, whores of the stews.

Summopere [i.e. summo opere] by great labour or effort, very much, mightily, mainly.

Summūla, ō. f. dim. [a summa] a little sum, &c.

Summum, i. n. [sc. negotium] the top, the whole, the sum, the pitch or height.

Summus, a, um, adj. sup. Vid. Supērus, highest; greatest, chief; extreme, principal, exceeding great, passing; singular, especial, very excellent, sovereign; very deep; the last, the farthest.

Summūto, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. Vid. Submuto.

Sūmo, ūre, pti, ptum. act. to take; to receive; to draw; to borrow; to take work by the great; to undertake; to engage for; to get; to procure; to lay out; to bestow; to spend merrily; to pass pleasantly; to choose; to buy; to presume; to venture; to pretend; to assume; to arrogate; to challenge; to demand; to advance a proposition or postulate; to take for granted.

Sumpti, in gen. pro sumptūs.

Sumptifacio, ūre, fēci, factum. act. to spend; to be at cost.

Sumptio, ōnis. f. [a sumo] a taking, an assumption.

Sumptio, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [a sumo] to take often.

Sumptuosus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to expense.

Sumptuose, adv. costly, sumptuously, prodigally, wastefully.

Sumptuosus, a, um, adj. [a sumptus] sumptuous, costly, prodigal, wasteful, chargeable.

Sumptus, a, um, part. [a sumo] taken, undertaken, &c.

Sumptus, ūs et ūi. m. charge, expense, cost, costliness.

Suo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to sew; to stitch; to tack together; to work; to procure.

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Sūpera, pro supra, adv. et prep.

Sūpera, ōrum. n. pl. [sc. loca] heaven, the sky, places above.

Sūperābilis, is, e. adj. that may be overcome, passed, or climbed over.

Sūperācommōdo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to sit or set above.

Sūperāddo, ūre, didi, dītum. act. to add moreover; to superadd.

Sūperāclornātus, a, um, part. adorned above.

Sūperāggro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. unde pass. to be heaped over and above.

Sūperālligo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to bind over or upon.

Sūperāus, ūs. part. et adj. exceeding; surpassing; excellent; prevailing, overcoming, remaining.

Sūperāsto, ūre, stiti, —. neut. to stand above.

Sūperātio, ōnis. f. an excess, a conquest.

Sūperātor, ōris. m. [a supere] a vanquisher, an overcomer.

Sūperātus, a, um, part. vanquished, surmounted; conquered; performed, fulfilled.

Sūperāurātus, a, um, adj. covered with gold, gilt.

Sūperbe, adv. [a. superbus] haughtily, proudly, loftily, stately, arrogantly, haughtily, insolently, superciliously, vainly, gloriously.

Sūperbia, ū. f. pride, insolence, arrogance, superciliousness; state, grandeur, issue, high-mindedness; harshness, sourness, able to dull the edge of a knife; being ripe before others.

Sūperbibō, ūre, bibi, bibitum. act. to drink after or upon another thing.

Sūperbificus, a, um, adj. that does a thing proudly or that makes one proud.

Sūperbio, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to be proud or go stately; to strut; to brag; to glory; to vaunt; to be famous; to be ennobled; to scorn; to disdain.

Sūperbus, a, um, adj. brave, noble, excellent; stately, lofty; proud, scornful, disdainful, high-minded, arrogant, elate, unsociable, supercilious, vain-glorious; rich, lofty; nice, squeamish; ripe before others.

Sūpercalco, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to lay over with time.

Sūperclio, ūre, clili, clīum. neut. to fall upon.

Sūpercliosus, a, um, adj. sour in countenance, supercilious, disdainful.

Sūperclium, ū. n. a brow or eye-brow; the ridge of hair

above the eye-lids; majesty, severity, gravity; pride, haughtiness, a stately look; the top; the highest part; the ridge or edge of a hill; a promontory.

Süpercontēgor, gi, ctus. pass. to be covered over.

Süpercorruo, ēre, rui, —. neut. to fall down upon.

Süpercreſco, ēre, crēvi, crētum. neut. to overgrow.

Süpercūbo, ēre, ūi, itum. neut. to lie or sleep upon.

Süpercurro, ēre. neut. to overrun; to surpass; to be better or more worth.

Süperdicō, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to say moreover; to add, in speaking of words.

Süperdo, dāre, dēdi, dātum. act. to lay or put upon; to give over and above.

Süperducō, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring over or upon; to bring in and set over.

Süperēdo, ēre, ēdi, ēsum. act. to eat besides or over and above.

Süperēgēro, ēre, egi, estum. act. to send up or make appear.

Süperēmīno, ēre, nui, —. neut. to be higher or above others; to appear above.

Süperēmōr, i, emortuus. dep. to die upon.

Süperēnāto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to swim clear over.

Süperēret, impers. [c. *superetum*] it remains.

Süperēvōlo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to fly clear over.

Süperferō, ferre, tūli, lītum. act. to bear or lift over.

Süperfātō, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. after the first young to conceive another.

Süperficiārius, a, um. adj. superficial.

Süperficiēs, ēi. f. the outside, the uppermost part of any thing, a surface; a plat of ground to build upon.

Süperfitō, fieri, factus. neut. pass. to remain; to be over and above; to be left.

Süperflōresco, ēre, rui, —. incept. to bud or spring over again; to bring forth other fresh flowers.

Süperfluens, tis. part. overflowing, over and above, enough and to spare.

Süperfluas, ātis. f. more than need, superfluity, overplus.

Süperfluō, ēre, xi, xum. act. to run over; to overflow; to abound; to be overplus.

Süperfluus, a, um. adj. running over, overflowing.

Süperfūgio, ēre, gi, —. act. to flee upon or over.

Süperfundō, ēre, fūdi, fūsum.

act. to pour or cast upon or over.

Süperfusus, a, um. part. overflowing, poured upon, spread abroad.

Süpergēro, ēre, egi, estum. act. to cast or heap upon.

Süpergestus, a, um. part. heaped or cast upon.

Süpergrēdior, di, egi, estum. dep. to go upon or over; to surpass; to excel.

Süpergressus, a, um. part. going over or upon; surmounting, excelling.

Süperhābendus, a, um. part. to be used or had besides.

Süperī, drum. m. pl. [a *superus*] they that are above; the gods; those who are living upon earth.

Süperjaceo, ēre, ūi, itum. neut. to lie upon.

Süperjacio, ēre, jeci, jectum. act. to cast or lay upon; to add; to say moreover.

Süperjacto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to cast or fling over or beyond; to leap over; to overshoot.

Süperjectio, ōnis. f. a casting upon; a hyperbole or hyperbolic expression; an overshooting.

Süperjectus et Superjactus, a, um. part. cast upon.

Süperjectus, ūs. m. a casting upon; a taping or covering.

Süperilligatus, a, um. part. tied or bound upon.

Süperillino, ēre, lēvi, lītum. act. to smear or anoint all over or upon.

Süperillitus, a, um. part. anointed over.

Süperimpēdēns, tis. part. hanging over.

Süperimpōno, ēre, aui, ātum. act. to put or lay upon; to charge moreover, or overlay.

Süperimpōsitus, a, um. part. put upon; laid or charged upon.

Süperincendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to inflame more.

Süperinctō, ēre, cidi, —. neut. to fall upon.

Süperincido, ēre, cidi, cisum. act. to make an incision.

Süperincreſco, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to grow over or upon.

Süperincumbo, ēre, cūbui, cubitum. neut. to lie upon.

Süperinduo, ēre, dui, ūtum. act. to put on.

Süperinfundo, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour down upon.

Süperingēro, ēre, egi, estum. act. to cast or heap upon.

Süperinjicio, ēre, jeci, jectum. act. to cast or lay over or upon.

Süperintēgo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to cover over.

Süperintūno, ēre, nui, itum. neut. to thunder from above.

Süperlūngo, ēre, nxi, actum. act. to anoint or smear over.

Süperinvolvero, ēre, volvi, vōlūtum. act. to involve in or up on.

Süperior, or, us. comp. [a *superus*] that is above, higher; former, older.

Süperiores, um. m. pl. [subaudivit, natu] ancestors, predecessors, seniors, elders; superiors, betters, they that are above us.

Süperjumentarius, ii. m. a chief equerry, the master of the horse.

Süperlabor, bi, lapsus. dep. to slip over.

Süperlacrymo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to weep or drop upon.

Süperlatio, ōnis. f. a preferring; the figure hyperbole; an excess, amplifying, or overshooting; a name given to one by way of excellence.

Süperlatus, a, um. part. [a *superfero*] borne or lifted over; greatly amplified.

Süperliminare, is. n. the transom or lintel over the door.

Süperlino, ēre, lvi, lītum. act. to anoint or besmear upon.

Süperlitus, a, um. part. besmeared, anointed.

Süpermando, ēre, di, naum. act. et *Supermandor*, di. pass. to eat or chew upon or after another thing.

Supermeo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to run, flow, or slip over.

Süpermico, ēre, ūi, —. neut. to excel, surpass, or surmount; to outshine.

Süpermitto, ēre, misi, mīsum. act. to put in or add to afterwards.

Süpermas, ātis. adj. [a *superus*] that is or grows above.

Süpernāto, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to swim upon or aloft; to float.

Süpernātus, a, um. part. grown after or upon another.

Süperne, aiv. from above, from on high, on the top.

Süpernus, a, um. adj. [a *super*] high above, aloft, upper, on high.

Süpero, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. et absolute. to go or climb over; to outreach; to surpass; to surmount; to exceed; to excel; to vanquish; to overcome; to prevail with; to be overplus; to abound; to outlive; to survive.

Süperobruo, ēre, ūi, ūtum. act. to overwhelm and cast upon; to cover quite and clean.

Süperpendeo, ēre, —. neut. to hang over.

Superpono, ēre, aui, ātum. act.

to put over; to set, lay or put upon.
Sūperflūsus, a, um, part. set or laid upon.
Sūperquam, adv. over and above that.
Sūperrādo, ēre, si, sum, act. to shave upon; to scrape the upper part.
Sūperrāus, a, um, part. scraped over.
Sūperscando, ēre, di, sum, act. to climb upon; to scamper over.
Sūperscriptus, a, um, part. superscribed, written over; interlined.
Sūpersedeo, ēre, sēdi, sessum, neut. to sit upon; to omit to do a thing; to let pass; to supersede; to surcease; to give over; to leave off; to forbear.
Sūperādūtur, impers. they forbear or meddle not with.
Sūpersilio, ire, lūi, sultum, neut. to hop or leap upon.
Sūpersargo v. **Superspergo**, ēre, si, sum, act. to besprinkle; to cast upon; to corn.
Sūperstagnō, ēre, āvi, ātum, neut. to overflow.
Sūpersterno, ēre, strāvi, ātum, act. to strew or cover over; to lay over.
Sūperstes, itis, adj. escaping after a battle, standing after others are fallen; surviving, remaining, alive after others are dead; staying after others are gone; present.
Sūperstitio, ōnis, f. superstition, foolish religion, vain fear, idolatrous worship, idle scrupulosity; predictions, fortune-telling.
superstitiose, adv. supernaturally, by way of divination; superstitiously, religiously, idly.
superstitiosus, a, um, adj. superstitious, vainly timorous religion without cause; religious; nice, scrupulous, and; one who can tell things past or to come.
Sūpersto, ēre, stiti, stitum, neut. to stand upon; to remain.
Sūperstrātus, a, um, part. [a supersternō] strewn over.
Sūperstruo, ēre, xi, ctum, act. to build upon.
Sūpersum, esse, fui, neut. to abound; to be superfluous; to be over and above; to remain; to be left; to survive; to be alive after others; to excel; to overcome; to get the better of; to defend.
Sūpertēgo, ēre, xi, ctum, act. to cover above.
Sūpertēho, ēre, xi, ctum, act. to draw or drag over.

Sūperturbo, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to disturb; to trouble.
Sūpervacāneus, a, um, adj. needless, unnecessary, superfluous; that which is done above ordinary, at spare hours; not in present use, reserved.
Sūpervacūus, a, um, adj. superfluous, unprofitable, unnecessary, needless, silly, vain.
Sūpervādo, ēre, si, sum, neut. [ex super et vado] to climb or go upon; to pass over; to surpass; to surmount.
Sūpervāgor, gāri, gātus, dep. to wander abroad more than needeth; to spread or grow abroad superfluously.
Sūpervēho, ēre, vexi, vectum, to carry up; to convey away.
Sūpervēnio, ire, vāvi, ventum, neut. [sc. super et venio] to come unlooked for; to surprise; to come upon suddenly; to come upon; to rise or grow up above; to leap upon.
Sūperventus, ūs, m. [a præced.] a coming upon one suddenly, a surprise or unexpected arrival.
Sūpervivo, ēre, xi, ctum, neut. to outlive; to survive.
Sūperungor, gi, nctus, pass. to be anointed over.
Sūpervolito, ēre, āvi, ātum, freq. to fly over often.
Sūpervolo, ēre, āvi, ātum, neut. to fly over.
Sūpervolūtus, a, um, part. rolled over.
Sūpervōmo, ēre, ui, —, act. to vomit.
Sūpēris, a, um, adj. Superior, or, us, comp. **Supremus** v. **Summus**, a, um, sup. [a super] above, the upper; heavenly.
Sūpmātus, a, um, part. laid upright, turned up, holden up in the air; unbent and somewhat bowing backward.
Sūpīne, adv. negligently, carelessly, recklessly.
Sūpīnitās, ātis, f. negligence, supineness, carelessness.
Sūpīno, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to lay upright; to lay with the belly upward; to snuff up; to make proud and stately.
Sūpinus, a, um, adj. [ab ant. supus, al. a sub] held up, lifted up; upward, with the face upward, flat; along, lying on the back; steep or situate on a hill's side; idle and reckless, negligent, supine; proud, stately.
Sūppācus, a, um, part. [a suppingo] stuck or fastened under; clouted, sparabed.
Sūppāpor, āri, ātus, dep. gently to stroke; to wheedle.
Sūppār, āris, ātus, almost equal or even.

Sūppārkalter, āri, ātus, dep. to shak; to hang on; to spunge in company; to flatter; to court for; to pimp.
Sūppārum, i. n. et **Sūppārus**, i. m. a linen upper veil, a kirtle; any garment of linen; the uppermost part of the sail, a topsail, a flag, a streamer.
Sūppēditio, ōnis, f. a giving or finding of things which one needs; a supplying or furnishing.
Sūppēdito, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. et neut. to supply; to aid; to strengthen; to find and furnish with; to supply with; to afford; to accommodate; to be sufficient; to suffice.
Sūppēditor, āri, ātus, dep. to supply; to afford. Pass. to be supplied.
Sūppedo, ēre, ēdi, itum, neut. to foist; to smother a fact; to fizzle.
Sūppēus, i. pl. acc. suppetias, aid, help, furtherance, succour, supplies.
Sūppēto, ēre, īvi, itum, act. to be sufficient; to serve a turn; to help; to be.
Sūppilo, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to steal craftily or underhand; to pilfer; to purloin; to slich.
Sūppingor, gi, pass. to be sewed fast under.
Sūpplanto, ēre, āvi, ātum, act. [a planta pedis] to supplant, to trip up one's heels; to sup press.
Sūplanto, ēre, āvi, ātum, neut. to plant underneath; to under plant.
Sūplāmentum, i. n. [a suppleo] a supply, a filling up, a supplement, a recruit.
Sūpleo, ēre, ēvi, ātum, act. to fill up; to make up; to supply; to recruit; to help.
Sūplex, icis, adj. humbly entreating, suppliant; a petitioner.
Supplicans, tis, part. et adj. humbly entreating, suppliant.
Supplicassio, pro **Supplicaveris** **Supplicatio**, ōnis, f. [a supplico] supplication, prayer, request, entreaty; a solemn procession, a public feast, a thanksgiving.
Supplicatur, impers. prayer is made.
Suppliciter, adv. [a supplex] with bended knees, in manner of supplication, humbly.
Supplicium, ii. n. a supplication, a prayer, an atonement; sacrifice, a general procession; that offered in sacrifice; punishment.
Suplico, ēre, āvi, ātum, neut. [ex sub et plico] to beg on one's knees; to pray; to make a humble request; to supplicate

to beseech; to make an oblation.
Supplodo, Ære, ei, sum. act. to stamp on the ground; to make a noise with the foot.
Supplodio, Ænis. f. a stamping or noise made with the feet.
Supponit, tuit. impers. it somewhat or half repents.
Suppono, Ære, pōui, pōitum. act. to put, set, or lay under; to substitute; to add; to write; to put false for true; to counterfeit; to forge; to falsify; to submit; to expose.
Supporto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to convey, bring, or carry privately; to support.
Suppōtio, Ænis. f. a putting or setting under; a putting of a child or any other thing in the place of another; a cheating or forging; a falsification.
Suppōtitus, a, um. adj. substituted; set in the place of another; adulterate, not genuine, not natural.
Suppōtus, a, um. part. put or set under or in; put in the place of another, suborned; false.
Suppositor, Æris. m. et Suppositrix, Æcis. f. he or she that privately conveys another man's child to one as his own.
Suppressio, Ænis. f. a suppressing, a keeping back or concealing.
Suppressus, a, um. part. et adj. kept back or down, suppressed, stayed; sunk, drowned, bulged; hidden, concealed; short, soft, low; costive.
Supprimo, Ære, essi, essum. act. to keep under or down; to put a stop or check to; to retain; to surcharge; to overburden; to defer; to put off; to stay.
Supprumus, i. m. an under butler, a tapster, a skinker.
Suppuratio, Ænis. f. [a suppuratio] an imposthume or gathering of matter; a festering.
Suppuratōrius, a, um. adj. [a part. suppuratus] making a sore to matter, bringing it to a head.
Suppuratum, i. n. [a seq.] a thing that is grown to matter, an imposthume.
Suppuratus, a, um. part. suppurated, come to a head.
Suppūro, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [ex sub et pus] to breed filth as a sore; to matter; to suppurate; to rankle; to fester.
Supputatio, Ænis. f. a counting.
Supputo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to prune, cut, or lop trees.
Supra, prep. regit acc. above; beyond, before; upon.
Supra, adv. aloft, on high.

Supradictus, a, um. part. spoken of or said before; afore-said.
Supradictus, a, um. part. set or put before.
Suprascando, Ære, di, sum. neut. to climb or get over.
Suprascriptus, a, um. part. above-written or written before.
Suprema, Ærum. n. pl. one's latter days; one's death.
Supremo, adv. highest or last of all.
Supremum, adv. last of all.
Supremus, a, um. adj. superl. Vid. Superior, highest of all; paramount; last, latest, uttermost; greatest.
Sūra, æ. f. the calf of the leg; the whole leg from the knee to the ankle; a boot, a buskin.
Surculaceus, a, um. adj. like a set, graft, or young sprig.
Surculāris, is, e. adj. that brings forth young shoots or sprigs.
Surculārius, a, um. adj. of, belonging to, or set with sprigs or grafts.
Surculose, adv. from shoot to shoot.
Surculosus, a, um. adj. full of shoots, slips, or sprigs.
Surculus, i. m. dim. a shoot, set, or slip; a scion, graft, young twig or branch; a sprig.
Surdaster, tra, trum. adj. half or somewhat deaf; thick of hearing, deafish.
Surditas, Ætis. f. deafness, thickness of hearing.
Surdus, a, um. adj. deaf, dunny, thick of hearing; as good as deaf, hearing to no purpose; insensible; senseless; not heard; admitting no sound or echo; unheard of; ignoble; undistinguished, imperceptible; silent; tasteless, flat, insipid; dark, darkish.
Surgitur, impers. they rise.
Surgo, Ære, rexi, rectum. neut. to arise; to get up; to be erected; to appear; to grow in height; to spring; to ascend; to go up; to begin. Act. to raise; to lift up.
Surpile, pro Surripite; et Surpuerat, pro Surripuerat.
Surrectus, a, um. part. lifted up, raised up, set upright.
Surripitur, impers. they creep in privately.
Surrēpo, Ære, psi, ptum. neut. Vid. Subrepro.
Surrexe, pro Surrexiase.
Sursum, adv. et Sursus versus, upward, up.
Sus, a, um, olim sueris. m. et f. a swine, a hog, a boar, a sow, a pig.
Susceptio, Ænis. f. a taking of a thing in hand, an undertaking, an enterprising.

Susceptor, Æris. m. an undertaker.
Susceptum, i. n. an enterprise or undertaking.
Susceptus, a, um. part. entered, undertaken; received, allowed; begotten, born.
Suscipio, Ære, cēpi, ceptum. act. [ex sub et capio] to take or lift up; to undertake; to undergo; to accept; to adventure; to enterprise; to take upon him; to commit; to make; to get; to beget; to answer; to usurp; to conceive; to counterfeet.
Suscitābūlum, i. n. a stirring up or provocation; an incitement; an inciter, a raiser.
Susulto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to call one from sleep; to awake; to kindle; to quicken; to provoke; to exhort; to stir up; to rouse.
Sūsulum, i. n. oil or ointment of lilies.
Suspectio, Ænis. f. suspicion or suspecting; mistrusting.
Suspecto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [a suspicio] to behold or look up often; to look down; to see beneath; to suspect; to mistrust.
Suspectus, a, um. part. et adj. seen aloft; suspected, mistrusted, distrusted.
Suspectus, Æis. m. a looking or beholding upward; a looking betwixt us and the light, height; admiration, esteem.
Suspēdo, Ære, di, sum. neut. to be hanged over or on high.
Suspēditus, a, um. adj. that is hanged on a gallows.
Suspendio, ii. m. a hanging.
Suspendo, Ære, di, sum. act. to hang up or upon; to gibbet; to defer; to delay; to put off, to stop; to check; to restrain; to keep in suspense and doubt.
Suspensio, Ænis. f. an arching or vaulting; doubt, uncertainty of mind, suspense.
Suspensura, æ. f. a hanging up.
Suspensus, a, um. part. et adj. hanging up, hanging by; arched, vaulted; erect, attentive; uncertain, doubtful, fearful, unresolved; hanging in doubt or suspense; thoughtful; hollow and light.
Suspēcax, Æcis. adj. suspicious, jealous, mistrustful.
Suspicio, Ære, xi, ctum. act. to look up; to honour; to admire; to be in love with; to suspect.
Suspicio, Ænis. f. mistrust, distrust, suspicion; opinion.
Suspiciōse, adv. suspiciously, mistrustfully.
Suspiciōsus, a, um. adj. full of

suspicion, suspicious, mistrustful, jealous; dangerous, much to be feared.

Suspico, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. et Suspico, āri, ātus, dep. to suspect; to mistrust; to guess; to imagine; to surmise; to apprehend; to conjecture.

Suspiratio, ōnis, f. a sighing or breathing.

Suspiratus, a, um, part. breathed after.

Suspiratus, ūs, m. a sighing.

Suspiriose, adv. difficultly breathing.

Suspiriosus, a, um, adj. fetching breath painfully, breathing short, broken-winded, pursey, phthisical, asthmatical.

Suspiritus, ūs, m. shortness of breath.

Suspirium, il, n. a short breathing; the phthisic or asthma; a sigh.

Suspro, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. to sigh. Act. to breathe out; to pant after; to aspire; to desire fervently.

Susque deque habere, not to be concerned about; not to take care which end goes foremost; to slight.

Sustinus, a, um, adj. made of tiles.

Sustentaculum, il, n. an appuy, a prop; a stay, a support.

Sustentatio, ōnis, f. a forbearance, a delay.

Sustentatum eat, sc. ab illis, impers. they withstand or held out; they bore the brunt.

Sustentatus, a, um, part. borne up, upheld.

Sustento, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. to sustain; to bear up; to uphold; to back; to endure, suffer, or abide patiently; to feed; to find; to maintain; to aid; to defend; to comfort; to defer; to delay; to hold out.

Sustineo, ēre, nui, tentum, act. to hold or stay up; to support; to provide for; to maintain; to protect; to shelter; to bear with; to stand under; to carry; to bear; to take up; to seize; to suffer; to defend; to make good; to withstand; to oppose; to permit; to be equal; to answer; to satisfy; to represent; to be able; to curb; to stop; to keep in; to suspend; to put a stop to; to resist; to dare; to have the impudence; to put off; to defer; to wait; to have patience.

Sustollo, ēre, tūli, sublatum, act. to lift up; to take away; to carry; to destroy utterly; to carry off; to nurse; to bring up.

Susurratio, ōnis, f. a whispering or muttering.

Susurratur, impers. it is whispered or privately talked.

Susurro, āre, āvi, ātum, neut. to whisper; to speak softly; to mutter.

Susurrus, il, n. Vid. Susurro.

Sitaurus, il, m. a whisper; a soft, still noise, as of bees, &c.

Sūtella, ō, f. guile, craft, subtlety, a cunning fetch.

Sūtilla, is, e, adj. that is sewed, stitched, or patched.

Sūtor, ōris, is, a sewer, a stitcher, a shoemaker, a cobbler.

Sūtōria, ō, um, adj. of or belonging to a stitcher or shoemaker.

Sutrina, ō, f. [sc. taberna] a cobbler's or shoemaker's shop; a tailor's shop or the trade of such.

Sūtīnum, il, n. the shoemaker's trade.

Sūtīnus, a, um, adj. [a sutor] belonging to a shoemaker or tailor.

Sutrum ire, to be ready with all his provision.

Sūtura, ō, f. [a suto] a seam, stitch, or joining together; a suture; the shutting of a wound where the lips are joined.

Sūtus, a, um, part. [a suto] sewed, seamed, stitched, fastened together.

Suis, a, um, pronom. his; hers; its; theirs or their own; favourable, in one's interest or party; domestic relatives, countrymen; proper, due, lawful; particular, peculiar; what one has or is possessed of.

Suismet, his or their own.

Syāgrus, il, m. Syagri, certain date-trees.

Sybariticus, a, um, adj. delicate, effeminate, wanton, costly.

Sycāminum, il, n. a mulberry.

Sycāminus, il, f. a mulberry figure.

Sycletus, ō, m. a precious stone in colour like a fig.

Syccon, il, n. a fig.

Sycophanta, ō, m. a false accuser, a sycophant, a tell-tale, a trepanner; a pettifogger, a waster of the law, a knave; a wheedler, a cajoler; a knight of the post, a cheat.

Sycophantia, ō, f. false dealing, deceit, a false accusation, a slanderous information.

Sycophantiae, adv. knavishly, slanderously.

Sycphantor, āri, ātus, dep. to play the sycophant.

Sycosis, is, f. a disease in the fundament, making a wart like a fig.

Syllaba, ō, f. a syllable.

Syllabitum, adv. by syllables, syllable by syllable.

Syllātūro, īre, īvi, ītum, neut. to have a desire to do as Sylla did.

Syllōgismus, il, m. a syllogism.

Syllōgisticus, a, um, adj. belonging to a disputation, syllogistical.

Sylva, ō, f. &c. Vid. Silva.

Symbōla, ō, f. a shot, scot, or club; one's share in a reckoning.

Symbolum, il, n. et Symbōlus, il, m. a token given in contracts instead of a bill or bond; any thing given by way of token to prevent a cheat; a ring.

Symmetria, ō, f. due proportion of each thing to another in respect of the whole; symmetry.

Symphōnia, ō, f. concert in tune, harmony, modulation, a concert of music, a tunable singing without jarring; an herb of divers colours.

Symphōnicus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to concert or harmony.

Symphyton, il, n. the herb wall-wort, comfrey, or bugle.

Symplegma, ātis, n. an embracing or clipping; a framed piece of marble work, lively resembling two wrestling with one another.

Synopsium, il, n. a drinking together, a feast, a banquet.

Synanche, ō, f. the disease called the squinancy.

Synéphēbi, drum, m. pl. stripplings of one age.

Syngrapha, ō, f. et Syngraphum, il, n. et Syngraphus, il, m. a writing or deed under the hand and seal of both parties; an obligation, bill, or bond; an indenture, articles of agreement; a pass or passport; a safe-conduct.

Synphites, ō, m. a stone of the colour and taste of milk.

Synchitis, idis, f. a stone whereby ghosts are raised.

Synecticus, a, um, adj. deep in a consumption.

Syntexis, is, f. a deep consumption, a lingering sickness that wastes the body.

Synthēna, ō, f. [sc. vestis] a rich garment.

Synthesis, is, f. a garment used by the Romans chiefly in banquets; a suit of clothes; a set, nest, or garnish of vessels one within another.

Syrīcus et Syriacus, a, um, adj. of Syria.

Syringites, ō, m. a kind of gem Syrites, ō, m. a stone found in the bladder of a wolf.

Byrma, *Kis. n.* a long train of words.

Byrtle, *is. f.* a quicksand or shelf made by the drift of sand and gravel.

Syrtiles, *m. m.* a precious stone found in the sands of the African shore.

Sysallidæris, *Idis. f.* an herb of good fellowship, causing mirth or merriment.

Systylos, *i. m. et f.* Systylon, *i. n.* a certain space between two pillars.

T

TABANUS, *i. m.* an ox-fly, a gad-bee, a dun-fly.

TABESCO, *ere, fci, factum. act.* unde pass. **Tabeſco**, *fieri, factus.* to rot or waste away.

TABĒLLA, *m. f. dim.* a table to write on, a tablet or little table; a picture; a painter's board or cloth; a letter; a book; a bill, bond, will, contract, &c.; a little billet.

TABĒLLARIUS, *a, um. adj.* belonging to tables; an advice frigate, a packet-boat.

TABĒLLARIUS, *ii. m.* a letter-carrier.

TABEO, *ere, bui, —. neut.* to consume; to languish or pine away; to wear or waste away; to corrupt; to perish; to decay.

TABERNA, *m. f.* any house made of boards; a tradesman's shop or warehouse; a tavern, an inn.

TABERNACULUM, *i. n.* a little shop made of boards; a tent, a pavilion or tabernacle.

TABERNARIUS, *ii. m.* a tavernman, vintner, or shopkeeper.

TABERNULA, *m. f.* a small tavern or shop.

TABES, *is. f.* a consumption, a wasting of the body, an atrophy, a cachexy, a pining away, a phthisic; corruption, gore, blood, the matter that comes from a wound; poison, infection; the rotting and mouldering of trees.

TATESCO, *ere, —. incept.* to melt or dissolve; to consume, pine, rot or waste away.

TABIDUS, *a, nm. adj.* [a tabeo] consumptive, decayed; consuming, pining away, wasting; melted.

TÆDIFICIUS, *a, um. adj.* causing a consumption; pining or rot-

ting away; contagious, poisonous.

TABŪDŪDO, *dinis. f.* a wasting away.

TABULINUM, *i. n.* any office of records, a register; a summer parlour made of boards.

TABŪLA, *m. f.* a board, a plank; a table; a thin plate or sheet; a picture; a writing-table, a book of accounts, a journal; a register, a record; an instrument or deed in law; a will, bill, or bond; a pedigree; a pair of tables; a map.

TABŪLARIUS, *is, e. adj.* whosoof plates may be made.

TABŪLARIUM, *ii. n.* the chancery or exchequer office; the rolls kept in the court of libertas.

TABŪLARIUS, *ii. m.* a scrivener, a public notary, a collector, a custer of accounts.

TABŪLATIO, *onis. f.* a joining or closing of boards; a boarding, flooring; a boarded floor, a building made of boards, a ceiling.

TABŪLATUM, *i. n.* a story in a building, a scaffold, a stage, a room of a house; a spreading bough in a tree; a deck in a ship; a hay-loft.

TABŪLATUS, *a, um. part.* boarded, planked, made of boards.

TĀBUM, *i. n.* corrupt, filthy, black gore, foul blood; a poisonous quality, poison.

TĀCENS, *tis. part. et adj.* silent; still, quiet, without noise.

TĀCEO, *ere, cui, citum. neut.* to hold his peace; to keep silence; to say nothing; to be quiet, hush, or still; to make no sign, show, or token; not to mention; to keep secret.

TĀCTE, *adv.* silently, tacitly; insensibly.

TĀCTUM, *i. n.* a secret.

TĀCTUM EST, *impers.* never a word was spoken.

TĀCTURNITAS, *ātis. f.* taciturnity, silence, secrecy.

TĀCTURNUS, *a, um. adj.* silent, still, of few words, close, reserved, demure.

TĀCTUS, *a, um. part. et adj.* [a taceo] not speaking, saying nothing; soft, quiet, still; mute, dumb; not spoken of, not mentioned; kept secret.

TACTILIS, *is. e. adj.* [a tango] tangible, to be touched.

TACTIO, *ōnis. f.* a touching, feeling or meddling with.

TACTUS, *a, um. part.* touched; besmeared; smitten, stricken, bruised; hinted at, just mentioned; moved; inspired.

TACTUS, *ua. m.* [a tango] the sense of touching or feeling; a touch.

TÆDET, *ēbat, duit v. tæsum est*, it irks, it wearies, I am weary.

Tædium, *ii. n.* [a tædet] weariness, irksomeness; a loathsome smell.

Tænia, *m. f.* a ribbon, a head-band, fillet or hair-lace; a wreath, at the top of a pillar, a rose, a border; a long vein.

Tænila, *m. f. dim.* a little ribbon or fillet.

Tægax, *icis. f.* apt to touch, fond of touching.

TĀLĀRIA, *um. pl. n.* [a talus] shoes with wings which Mercury, as the poets feign, did wear; the parts about the ankles.

TĀLĀRIS, *is, e. adj.* that comes down to the ankles; of or belonging to the ankles.

TĀLĀRIUS, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to dice or huckle-bones.

TĀLĒA, *m. f.* a stock set in the ground to graft on; a graft or slip; a billet or stake. **Talem** ferreæ pieces of iron, paid by weight among the ancient Britons instead of money.

TĀLENTUM, *i. n.* a talent.

TĀLEŪLA, *m. f. dim.* a short stock, to graft on, a scion, a small billet.

TĀLĪO, *ōnis. f.* like for like or a requital of the same kind.

TĀLIS, *is, e. adj.* such like; this, plur. *these*.

TĀLITER, *adv.* after such a manner, in such a sort.

TĀLTRUM, *i. n.* a rap or flip with one's finger or nail.

TALPA, *m. f. m. f.* a mole or wart; a mold-warp.

TALPANA, *m. f.* [sc. vitis] a kind of vine.

TĀLUS, *i. m. dim.* the ankle; the pastern of a beast; a bone of four sides to play with, a cube.

TAM, *adv.* so, so much; as much, as well.

TĀMĀRICE, *es. f. v.* TĀMĀRĪX, *icis. f.* the tamarisk.

TĀMĀRIS, *vid.* Tamarice.

TAMDIU, *adv.* so long, so long as.

TĀMEN, *conj.* notwithstanding nevertheless, for all that, however, but so far. For *tan dem*.

TĀMĒNETAL, *conj.* although, notwithstanding.

TĀMETAL, *conj.* albeit, although; yet, notwithstanding.

TĀMINIA, *uva*, a sort of wild grape.

TANDEM, *adv.* at length, at the last; when all is done, when all comes to all, I pray you.

TANDIU, *adv.* [ex tam et diu] so long, so long time.

TANGO, *ere, tēgi, tactum. act.* to touch; to lay hands on; to meddle with; to be near; to be hard by; to come to; to arrive at; to strike; to beat; to

blast; to press *hara* upon; to push forward; to move; to essay; to attempt; to rally; to banter; to play upon; to cheat; to put upon.
Tános v. **Tánus**, i. m. a bad sort of emerald; briony or wild vine.
Tanquam, adv. *a well as; as it were, as if; as.*
Tantillum, adv. *so little, never so little.*
Tantillus, a, um. adj. *dim. so little and small, very little, little, tiny.*
Tantisper, adv. *so long as, in the mean time.*
Tantopere, *melius tanto opere, by so much work or labour; so greatly or earnestly.*
Tantulum, adv. *a little, ever so little.*
Tantulus, a, um. adj. *dim. so little, so small, ever so little.*
Tantum, adv. *so much, so many; only, alone; no more.*
Tantummodo, adv. *only.*
Tantundem, gen. *tantidem, even so much, all one, the same thing.*
Tantus, a, um. adj. *so much, so great, so many; so small; so worthy, noble, or skilful.*
Taos, i. m. a stone like a pea cock.
Tápes, *étis*. m. *tapestry.*
Tápste, is. n. [a tapes] *tapes try.*
Táptum, i. n. *tapestry.*
Táptiuius, i. m. a kind of eagle-stone.
Tapos, i. f. a kind of herb.
Tardus, a, um. part. *hindered, stayed.*
Tardo, adv. *slowly, dilatorily.*
ardesco, ére, —. incept. to grow slow or sluggish.
ardigráus, a, um. adj. *slow-paced.*
ardilóquus, a, um. adj. *slow-spoken; dawdling.*
ardipes, *étis*. adj. *slow-footed, imping, halting.*
arditas, *étis*. f. *slowness; dullness, lumpishness, heaviness.*
arditúdo, *inis*. f. *slowness, dullness, heaviness.*
ardiscáuius, a, um. adj. *somewhat slow, heavy, or dull of apprehension.*
Tardo, *äre, ävi, ätum*. act. *to stop; to stay; to be long in coming; to lag; to delay.*
Tardus, a, um. adj. *slow, slack, tardy; dull, heavy, stupid, lumpish, indocile; thick, gross; unprepared; lasting or seeming to last.*
Tarmes, *itis*. m. a worm in timber.
Tartáreus, a, um. adj. *infernal, terrible, strong.*
Tartárinus, a, um. adj. *fearful, terrible.*

Tartárus, i. m. plur. **Tartára**, n. a deep place in the infernal regions.
Taschnium, ii. n. a white clay or marble of which goldsmiths' melting pots were made.
Táta, *æ*. m. a dad or daddy.
Táta, interj. *admirantis.*
Taura, *æ*. f. a barren cow.
Taurea, *æ*. f. a leather whip or scourge.
Taureus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a bull.*
Taurifor, *ära, érum*. adj. *which breeds bulls.*
Tauriformis, is, e. adj. *like a bull, in fashion of a bull.*
Taurilla, *drum*. n. pl. *Roman games.*
Taurinus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a bull.*
Taurus, i. m. a bull, a strong ox; an instrument of torture in form of a bull; one of the twelve signs; a bullfinch or a bittern; the root of a tree; a bull-fly or hornet.
Tax, n. indecl. a clap, a jerk, the sound of a stroke with a whip.
Taxíus, a, um. part. *taxed, punished.*
Taxíto, *ónis*. f. a setting of a tax or subsidy, a cessing, taxing or rating.
Taxeus, a, um. adj. [a taxus] *of or belonging to yew or to the yew-tree.*
Taxillus, i. m. *dim. a small die; a pile in building.*
Taxo, *äre, ävi, ätum*. freq. *to tax; to rate; to reprove; to censure; to rebuke; to twit.*
Taxus, i. f. the yew or yew-tree.
Techna, *æ*. f. a craft, artifice, trick, wile, subtlety, trick, shift, reach, or fetch.
Technici, *drum*. m. pl. *teachers of arts.*
Technóphyon, i. n. a setting forth of arts or tricks.
Téclitius, i. f. a stone like an olive-stone.
Tecte, adv. [a tectus] *covertly, closely.*
Tector, *óris*. m. a pargeter or plasterer.
Tectóritum, i. n. *dim. a little plaster; a parget or rough-cast.*
Tectórium, ii. n. [a tectum] *the plaster, parget, or rough-cast of a wall; a white wash or paste laid over the face; dissimulation, flattery, glozing.*
Tectum, i. n. the roof, ridge, or covering of a house; a house.
Tectum, i. n. a sort of sheep which were covered with skins to preserve their wool.
Tectus, a, um. part. *et adj. covered; hid, cloaked, kept close; close, reserved; protected, secured.*

Técum *pro* com te, with thee
Téda v. **Téda**, *æ*. f. a tree so called; the middle or heart of the pine-tree; a torch; a wedding; a wedding song.
Tédifer, *ära, érum*. adj. *bearing a torch.*
Téges, *étis*. f. a mat made of leaves or rushes; a coarse rag.
Tégúküla, *æ*. f. *dim. a little mat.*
Tégillum, i. n. *dim. a little covering, a hood.*
Tégimen, *inis*. n. [a tego] *any covering, a cover, a garment, clothing, a coverlet.*
Tegmen, *inis*. n. *any sort of covering; the hide of a beast; a covert, a shade.*
Tegmentum, i. n. a covering, a case.
Tego, *ére, xi, ctum*. act. *to cover; to hide; to cloak; to keep close or secret; to dissemble; to defend; to preserve.*
Tégula, *æ*. f. a tile; the roof of a house.
Tégillum, i. n. [a tegula] *a covering, thatch.*
Tégumen, *inis*. n. *et Tégumentenum*, i. n. a covering; a shelter.
Téla, *æ*. f. a web; an enterprise, business, or undertaking.
Téllämo, *ónis*. m. a prop or supporter; an image of a man in wood or stone, that seems to bear up a building.
Téllaphion et **Téllaphium**, ii. n. *wild purslain.*
Téllarcidius, i. m. a precious stone, like or of the colour of a heart.
Téllifer, *ära, érum*. adj. *carrying darts, arrows, or weapons.*
Téllius, a, um. adj. *telian.*
Télis, is. f. *ferugreek.*
Tellus, *úris*. f. the goddess of the earth; the earth; land; a country, a nation.
Telos, *eos*. n. an end.
Telum, i. n. *any thing that may be thrown with the hand, a dart, an arrow, a thunderbolt; a sword; an axe; a ray of the sun.*
Témérärius, a, um. adj. [a temere] *foolhardy, rash, undisciplined, indiscreet, hare-brained, brainless, thoughtless, inconsiderate, unwary; insignificant.*
Témérätor, *óris*. m. *he that violates, an infringer, a defiler, a ravisher.*
Témère, adv. *rashly, undisciplinedly, giddily, inconsiderately, indiscreetly, thoughtlessly, unwarily; easily; likely or lightly; without danger; carelessly.*

- Tēn-ſtrās**, ſtis. f. rashness, unadvisedness, hastiness, temerity, unweariness, thoughtlessness, inconsiderateness, incontinency, fool-hardiness.
- Tēmēro**, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to violate; to defile; to unhallow; to profane; to abuse carnally; to commit adultery.
- Tēmētum**, i. n. strong wine.
- Temno**, ēre, psi, ptum. act. to set little by; to condemn; to despise; to slight.
- Tēno**, ōnis. m. the beam of the wain, or the draught-tree; a team; a stake or pole laid overhwaſt; the helm of a ship; the north star, called Charles's wain.
- Tempēramētum**, i. n. a moderation, a middle way, a mean; a tempering or mixing; a government, a restraint.
- Tempērans**, tis. part. et adj. moderate, temperate, sober, forbearing, sparing, moderating.
- Tempērauter**, adv. moderately, temperately.
- Tempērantia**, æ. f. moderation, temperance, soberness, sobriety, abstinence, abstemiousness, continency, frugality.
- Tempēratē**, adv. moderately, temperately.
- Tempēratō**, ōnis. f. a tempering or mixing; constitution, temper, or temperature; ordering, regulating, or managing.
- Tempērator**, ōris. m. a temperer; a moderator, ruler, or governor.
- Tempēratum eſt**, impers. they refrained or forbore.
- Tempēratūra**, æ. f. temperature, mixture of things, an alloy; a temper or disposition.
- Tempērātus**, a, um. part. et adj. moderated, tempered, mixed; moderate, temperate, abstemious; keeping a mean; mild, calm.
- Tempēries**, ei. f. temperateness; a temper, a good moderation or mean; a season, a time.
- Tempērius**, adv. comp. more early.
- Tempēro**, ēre, ſvi, ſtum. act. [a tempore] to temper; to mix; to mingle; to alloy; to fix; to regulate; to rule; to govern; to moderate; to forbear; to spare; to abstain; to refrain; to supple; to make eſt; to be temperate; to use moderation.
- Tempeſtas**, ſtis. f. [a tempus] time, season, age; weather; a fair or good season; tempest or storm; boisterous weather; ruin, destruction, danger, or peril; a commotion in the state.
- Tempeſtīve**, adv. seasonably, opportunely, properly, fitly.
- Tempeſtīvitas**, ſtis. f. season or time convenient; seasonableness; opportunity.
- Tempeſtīvus**, a, um. adj. seasonable; opportune; early, timely; ripe for.
- Templum**, i. n. a quarter of the heavens marked out by the augurs for taking an omen; consecrated ground, a temple; a court; an inner place, a recess; an image or statue.
- Tempora**, um. n. pl. the temples or sides of the head; the head.
- Temporālis**, is. e. adj. lasting for a while, made for a certain time, temporal.
- Temporārius**, a, um. adj. [a tempus] temporary, lasting but for a season; coming at a certain season; inconstant, shuffling and complying with the times.
- Temporē**, adv. in good time, seasonably.
- Temporū**, adv. comp. before time, sooner than necessary, very early.
- Tempus**, ōris. [olim, ōris] n. time; the state of time, a convenience, a suitability to the time present, a circumstance; a fixed or certain time; opportunity, season; an occasion, case, or affair; a part of time, an age; the power and authority that one has at any time, when one is in greatest esteem; a season of the year; a clime; the temple of the head or the head itself.
- Tēmülenter**, adv. drunkenly, riotously.
- Tēmülentia**, æ. f. drunkenness.
- Tēmülentus**, a, um. adj. [a tempus] fuddled, cupshot, eot-fish, a wine-bibber.
- Tēnācltas**, ſtis. f. holding fast, closeness; niggardliness, stinginess, illiberality.
- Tēnāclter**, adv. fastly, stiffly, tenaciously, constantly.
- Tēnax**, ſtis. adj. tenacious, stiff, self-willed; tough, clammy; headstrong, restive; firm, strong, sure, retentive; lasting; niggardly, sparing, covetous and stingy; constant, persevering.
- Tēndicula**, æ. f. a tenterhook, for the stretching of cloth, a gin.
- Tēndo**, ēre, tēndi, sum et tum. act. to stretch out; to extend; to spread; to pitch a camp or tent; to lay a snare; to bend a bow; to go about; to endeavour; to present; to offer; to hold out; to go; to go forward; to march; to advance; to reach; to grow;
- to shoot; to aspire; to aim at; to tend; to make forward.
- Tēnebræ**, ſtrum. f. plur. darkness, the dark night; a dark place; a prison; obscurity, meanness of condition; difficulties.
- Tēnebricōsus**, a, um. adj. very dark; black, stormy.
- Tēnebricus**, a, um. adj. dark, obscure.
- Tēnebrio**, ōnis. m. a lurker, a crafty knave, a night-walker, a listener.
- Tēnebroſus**, a, um. adj. dark or close.
- Tēnellūlus**, a, um. adj. dim. ex dim. very tender and dainty.
- Tēnellus**, a, um. adj. dim. [a tener] somewhat tender, young and dainty; delicate.
- Tēneo**, ēre, nui, num. act. to hold fast; to keep apart; to seize; to apprehend; to imprison; to secure; to find; to catch one in a fact; to bind; to keep in obedience; to hold on; to steer; to hold or keep back; to arrive; to land at; to hold fixed, steady, or immovable; to last; to continue; to come to; to reach; to track; to trace; to persist; to persevere; to house; to fold; to grow; to be undoubted; to keep; to detain one; to hold in; to curb; to check; to rule; to govern; to direct; to win or gain a cause; to carry a point in debate; to reſtringe; to bind; to make coſtīve; to silence; to forbear; to restrain; to reſtard; to stop; to hinder; to amuse; to please; to delight; to be approved or followed; to support; to maintain; to clasp; to embrace; to defend; to block up; to besiege; to hem in; to contain; to dwell in; to inhabit; to possess; to perform; to practise; to follow; to accomplish; to understand; to know; to be expert or skilful in; to observe; to remember; to reſpreſent; to avouch.
- Tēner**, ſtra, ſtrum. adj. tender; young; pliant, supple; nice, delicate, effeminate; gentle, soft, merciful.
- Tēnēſco**, et Tēneresco, ēre, —. incept. to grow tender, soft, or gentle.
- Tēnēre**, adv. tenderly, nicely.
- Tēnēritas**, ſtis. f. softness, tenderness, daintiness.
- Tēnēritudo**, dīnis. f. softness, clamminess.
- Tēnēſmus**, i. m. a desire of going to stool without affect.
- Tēnor**, ōris. m. a tenor, order, continuance, or con-

stant course; the tone or accent of a word.
Tensa, æ. f. *Vid* Thensa.
Tensus, a, um. part. [a tendo] *stretched out, bent, stretching outward; raised as the voice, loud.*
Tentābundus, a, um. adj. [a tento] *assaying, proving, trying.*
Tentāmen, Inis. n. a proof, a trial, an essay, an attempt, an enterprise.
Tentāmentum, i. n. a proof, a trial.
Tentans, tis. part. *assaying, holding back; afflicting.*
Tentatio, Onis. f. [a tento] a proof, an assaying, a temptation; an attack, a shock.
Tentator, Onis. m. a tempter, a prover, a trier, an assayer.
Tentatus, a, um. part. *tried, tempted, explored; afflicted, plagued, vexed.*
Tentigo, gnis. f. a stiffness or stretching.
Tento, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. freq. *to feel; to assay; to adventure; to touch; to prove; to try; to explore; to tempt; to seize; to attack; to disturb; to hurt; to bring illness.*
Tentoriolum, i. n. dim. [a seq.] a little tent or pavilion; a booth.
Tentorium, i. n. a tent, a pavilion.
Tentus, a, um. part. [a tendo] *stretched, bent.*
Tenuatus, a, um. part. *made thin or lean; made slender, diminished, grown less.*
Tenuiculus, a, um. adj. dim. [a tenuis] *very little or simple; somewhat slender, thin, or small.*
Tenuis, is, e. adj. *slender, fine, thin, shallow; lean; small, little; poor, mean, sorry; acute.*
Tenuitas, ĩtis. f. [a tenuis] *thinness; leanness; slenderness; poverty; fineness, subtilty.*
Tenuiter, adv. *thinly, nicely, finely; lightly; closely, concisely; poorly, slenderly, barely.*
Tenuo, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. [a tenuis] *to make small; thin, or slender; to make lean; to wear and waste away.*
Tenuus, ũs. m. a snare, a gin.
Tenuus, prep. regit acc. *up to, as far as; only.*
Tēpēfācio, ĩre, ĩci, factum. act. *to warm; to make warm.*
Tēpēflo, ĩvi. factus. neut. pass. *to be lukewarm.*
Tēpeo, ĩre, pui, —. neut. *to be warm or a little hot.*
Tēpesco, cēre, —. incept. *to grow warm; to ferment; to*

grow rough; to relent; to grow cold.
Tēphias, æ. m. a kind of marble of an ash-colour.
Tēphritis, is. f. a stone having the figure of a new moon.
Tēpidarium, ii. n. a hot bath or bain; a caldron.
Tēpide, adv. *warmly.*
Tēpido, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to warm; to make warm.*
Tēpidus, a, um. adj. [a tepeo] *lukewarm; hot; cold and slack in business.*
Tēpor, Onis. m. *warmth, warmth, or heat.*
Tēpōratus, a, um. part. *made somewhat warm.*
Ter, adv. *three times, thrice.*
Tērāgus, i. m. a little sea-fish.
Tērannos, i. f. a kind of weed.
Tercentēni, æ. a. adj. pl. *three hundred.*
Tercentum, indecl. *three hundred.*
Terdecies, adv. *thirty times.*
Terdeni, æ. a. adj. pl. *thirty or thrice ten.*
Tērebīnthinus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the turpentine-tree.*
Tērebīnthizūsa, æ. f. a kind of jasper.
Tērebīnthus, i. f. the turpentine-tree.
Tērebra, æ. f. *an auger, a wimble, a piercer; an instrument to grave stones with; a surgeon's trepan.*
Tērebriatio, Onis. f. [a terebro] *a boring with a wimble, auger, or piercer; a piercing.*
Tērebro, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to bore or make a hole; to pierce.*
Tērēdo, Onis. f. a little worm in ships; a moth.
Tēres, ĩtis. adi. *long and round; taper; smooth, even, fine, curious, quaint, clever; accurate, exact.*
Tērgēminus, a, um. adj. *triple, three, threefold; three born at one time of one mother.*
Tērgēo, ĩre, rai, raum. act. *to make clean; to scour; to wipe.*
Tērginus, a, um. adj. *made of a beast's hide; of or belonging to leather or a hide.*
Tērgiversanter, adv. *unwillingly, with reluctance.*
Tērgiversatio, Onis. f. a boggling, irresolution; backwardness, dodging, flinching, a subterfuge.
Tērgivisor, ĩri, ĩtus. dep. *to boggle; to shuffle and cut; to trifle with one; to dodge; to be backward; to lag.*
Tērgo, ĩre, rai, raum. act. *to wipe; to make clean; to scour.*
Tērgōro, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to*

put on or pluck off a skin hide, or covering.
Tērgum, i. n. the back; a hide, a skin; a target, a buckler, the top or ridge.
Tērgus, Onis. n. the skin or hide of any beast.
Termentarium, ii. n. a linen cloth, wherewith the body was covered.
Termes, Itis. m. a bough or twig of a tree; the olive branch.
Terminālia, um et ũrum. n. pl. *senates instituted to the god Terminus.*
Terminatio, Onis. f. a bounding or ending; a distinguishing, a filling; a termination; the end or conclusion of a discourse.
Terminatus, a, um. part. *bound ed; ended.*
Termino, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to bound; to set bounds; to limit; to define; to end; to finish.*
Terminus, i. m. a bound, limit, or meer; a goal, a border; the end of a thing.
Ternarius, a, um. adj. [a ternus] *of or belonging to three.*
Terui, æ. a. adj. *three.*
Ternidēni, æ. a. adj. pl. *thirteen.*
Ternus, a, um. adj. [a ter] *three or three and three.*
Tēro, ĩre, trivi, tritum. act. *to rub; to break; to bray; to bruise; to stamp; to thresh; to crumble in pieces; to wear; to waste; to spend; to use often; to digest; to concoct.*
Terra, æ. f. the earth; a province, land, or country; an island; a field, country; the world, the universe. *Terra filius*, an obscure person.
Terramotus, ũs. m. an earthquake.
Terrēnum, i. n. [ex adj.] a field, land, or ground.
Terrēnus, a, um. adj. *earthly or earthy; living on the earth; that is done on the earth; by land.*
Terreo, ĩre, rei, ritum. act. *to affright; to make afraid; to put one in fear; to chase or drive away.*
Terrestris, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to the earth or land; living on the earth, earthly; by or on land.*
Terreus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the earth; earthen.*
Terribilis, is, e. adj. *dreadful, terrible, to be feared; awful.*
Terricola, æ. c. g. a dweller on the land.
Terriculum, i. n. a scare-crow a bugbear.
Terrifico, ĩre, ĩvi, ĩtum. act. *to frighten; to terrify.*

Terrificus, a, um. adj. *dreadful, frightful, that makes afraid.*
Terrigena, æ. c. g. *born or bred of the earth, earth-born.*
Terrilocus, a, um. adj. *that speaks terrible or frightful words.*
Terrisomus, a, um. adj. *that sounds terribly.*
Territo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. *to put in fear or dread; to fright; to dismay.*
Territorium, ii. n. [a terra] *a territory, a district.*
Territus, a, um. part. *frightened, alarmed.*
Terror, Æris. m. [a terreo] *fear, terror, dread, horror; an alarm.*
Terrōsus, a, um. adj. *earthly, mixed with earth.*
Tersus, a, um. part et adj. *wiped; clean, neat, spruce, pure.*
Tertiāna, æ. f. [sc. febris] *a tertian ague.*
Tertiāni, Ærum. n. pl. *soldiers of the third legion.*
Tertiānus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the third day, &c.*
Tertiārium, ii. n. *a tierce, four ounces, a third of any thing.*
Tertiarius, a, um. adj. [a tertius] *of the third.*
Tertiatio, Ænis. f. [a tertio] *the doing of a thing the third time.*
Tertiatus, a, um. part. *done the third time or in three parts.*
Tertio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to labour or till the ground the third time; to give it the third tith; to do any thing the third time.*
Tertio, adv. *the third time, thrice.*
Tertium, adv. *the third time, thrice.*
Tertius, a, um. adj. *the third.*
Tertiūdecimus, a, um. adj. *the thirteenth.*
Tervēficus, a, um. adj. *most mischievous, a threefold villain.*
Tetrachus, i. m. *a small coin of three ounces, a farthing, a doit.*
Tesqua, Ærum. n. pl. *rough places untilled, wood grounds; rocky places.*
Tessella, æ. f. dim. [a tessera] *a small square stone or piece of wood, &c. for chequer-work.*
Tessellatus, a, um. adj. *wrought in chequer-work.*
Tessera, æ. f. *a four-square tile; a die; a watch-word, a signal; a note; a mark; a badge; a ticket; a tally or score.*
Tessārarius, ii. m. *he that brings or gives a watch-word.*
Tessārilla, æ. f. dim. [a tessera] *a little, small tile or*

square stone in pavements; a little ticket; a little score or tally.
Testa, æ. f. *an earthen pot or jar; a cask; a pot, potherd, or tile; a kind of applause by the fingling of shells; a shell-fish; a splinter or piece of a broken bone; cement, chalk, or terrae.*
Testaceus, a, um. adj. *made of tile, brick, or earth baked; having a shell.*
Testamentarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a testament or will.*
Testamentarius, ii. m. *a forger or falsifier of dead men's last wills.*
Testamentum, i. n. *a testament or last will.*
Testatio, Ænis. f. *a witnessing or deposing.*
Testator, Æris. m. *a testator or he who makes a will.*
Testatus, a, um. part. et adj. *calling to witness, swearing by; witnessed, attested, confirmed, publicly known, averred, approved, or allowed; sure, certain, manifest, evident.*
Testiculus, i. m. dim. *the stone of a man or beast; the testicle.*
Testificatio, Ænis. f. *a bearing of witness, a testifying or attesting; a declaration.*
Testificatus, a, um. part. *a calling to witness, a swearing by; witnessed, testified.*
Testificor, Æri, Ætus. dep. *to bear witness; to aver; to testify; to bear witness before a judge; to call to witness.*
Testimonium, ii. n. *witness, a testimony; an evidence; a declaration; an indication, a token, a commendation.*
Testis, is. c. g. [etym. in obscuro] *a witness; that is prisy to a thing; a testicle.*
Testor, Æri, Ætus. dep. *to bear witness; to attest; to aver; to avouch; to declare openly; to show; to manifest; to evidence; to call; to take to witness; to conjure; to beseech; to make his last will and testament.*
Testu, n. indel. *a dish or platter; an oven.*
Testuaceus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to an earthen pot; boiled in an earthen pot or baked in an earthen pan.*
Testudinatum, i. n. *a roof crating water or bending down sideways, like a tortoise-shell.*
Testudinatus, a, um. adj. *hollow or bowing like a vault or a tortoise-shell; vaulted, arched.*
Testudineus, a, um. adj. *of, belonging to, or like a tortoise; vaulted; slow-paced.*

Testudo, Inis. f. *a tortoise or shell-crab; a tortoise-shell; the belly of a lute; a lute; the roof or vault of a house; a warlike engine, a muntlet, a shade; a target fence.*
Testula, æ. f. dim. [a testa] *a little tile; a small shell such as were used in ostracism by the Athenians.*
Testum, i. n. *an earthen or other pan to carry fire.*
Testus, Æs. f. *a cover or lid for a pot or pan.*
Tētāncus, a, um. adj. *that is apt to have the crick or cramp.*
Tētānthrum, i. n. *a medicine to take away wrinkles and to smooth the skin.*
Tētartæus, a, um. adj. *of the fourth.*
Tētartēmōrion, ii. n. *a fourth part.*
Tēter, tra, trum. adj. *sonl, stinking, nasty; cruel, horrible, mischievous; hideous, black and dark; very sharp and cold.*
Tēthlassōmēnus, a, um. adj. *watered or mixed with seawater.*
Tethea, æ. f. *a sea-fish like an oyster.*
Tetrachordum, i. n. *an instrument of four strings.*
Tetrachordus, a, um. adj. *having four strings.*
Tetrādron, i. n. *four hand-breadths long or wide.*
Tetradrachma, æ. f. *a Greek coin of the value of three denarii, eight to an ounce.*
Tetragnathus, i. m. *a kind of spider.*
Tetrālix, fois. f. *a kind of herb; perhaps ling or heath.*
Tetrans, tis. m. *a quarter or fourth part of a circle, line, &c.*
Tetrao, Ænis. m. *a bustard or bistrard.*
Tetrāpharmakum, i. n. *a plaster made up of four ingredients, viz. wax, pitch, resin, and bull's tallow.*
Tetrāphori, Ærum. m. pl. *four men who jointly carry a burden.*
Tetrarchia, æ. f. *the governor of the fourth part of a country, a tetrarch.*
Tetrarchia, æ. f. *lordship or government of the fourth part of a country.*
Tetrastichon, i. n. *a tetrastich or epigram of four verses.*
Tetrastylus, i. m. et f. et on. n. *having four rows of pillars.*
Tetre, adv. *dirty, hideously.*
Petricitas, Ætis. f. *crabbedness or sourness of look; sternness, sullenness.*
Petricus, a, um. adj. [a teter] *rude, rough, rugged, sour*

crabbed, sullen, curly, grim, gruff, grum, moody, severe.
 Tetigōmētra, m. f. the mother or matrix of the grasshopper.
 Tetigōnia, m. f. a kind of small grasshopper.
 Tētūit pro Tulit.
 Teuchites, is. m. a kind of sweet rush.
 Teucrion v. Teucrium, li. n. an herb like germanium; great or wild germander.
 Teuthilla, idos. f. knot-grass, &c.
 Teuthrion, i. n. an herb called polion.
 Texo, ēre, xui v. xi, xtum. act. to weave; to knit; to make; to build; to write; to compose.
 Textile, is. n. a thing woven, woven work.
 Textilis, is, e. adj. that is woven or wound; embroidered, tissue, plaited.
 Textor, ōris. m. a weaver, a plaiter; an embroiderer.
 Textorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a weaver or to weaving.
 Textrina, m. f. a weaver's shop or workhouse; the craft or trade of weaving.
 Textrinum, i. n. a weaver's shop.
 Textrix, ūis. f. a female weaver, a spinster.
 Textum, i. n. a web or woof; the ordering or framing of any thing or matter.
 Textura, m. f. a weaving, a texture.
 Textus, ūis. m. a weaving.
 Thālmāgos, i. m. a pinnacle of pleasure, a yacht.
 'thālmus, i. m. a bed-chamber; marriage; a bee-hive, the holes of the comb where the bees lie.
 'thālassēgle, es. i. a kind of herb.
 Phālassicus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the sea; of a blue colour like the sea-waves; a sea-water colour.
 Thālassinus, a, um. adj. idem.
 Thālasso, ōnis, e. 'thālassius, sive Thālassus, i. m. a bridal song.
 Thāllāmēlli, ūos. n. a certain medley made of honey, rain-water, and sea-water.
 Thālietrum v. Thālitrum, i. n. a kind of herb, all-heal, flaxwort or laxwort.
 Thallus, i. m. the middle stalk of an onion; a green bough of an olive or bay-tree.
 Thapsia, m. f. a kind of herb.
 Thēkmēdes, m. in. a stone of a contrary nature to the load-stone.

Theangēlis, idis. f. an herb used in magic.
 Theātrālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a theatre.
 Theātridium, li. n. dim. a little theatre.
 Theātrum, i. n. a theatre; the spectators; any frequented place, a stage.
 Thēca, m. f. a sheath, a case; a box, a bag; the hose or husk of corn.
 Thēlygōnum, i. n. an herb having berries like an olive.
 Thēlyphōnon, i. n. an herb, the root whereof kills scorpions.
 Thēlyptēris, is. f. sea-fern, female fern.
 Thēma, ūis. n. a theme, an argument; a subject proposed to be written or spoken of; a horoscope or nativity.
 Thēmktismus, i. m. a placing, putting, or setting.
 Thēna, m. f. a chariot or wagon, wherein the images or statues of their gods were carried.
 Thēnōgus, i. m. a divine.
 Theomōtōs, i. f. an herb which the kings of Persia used to take as a preservative.
 Thēōrēma, ūis. n. a speculation, a theorem, a geometrical proposition.
 Thēōria, m. f. contemplation, theory.
 Thēriāca, m, sive Thēriāce, es. f. treacle, any remedy against poison.
 Thēriāceus, a, um. adj. good against the biting of vipers or other venomous beasts.
 Thēriōma, ūis. n. a raging ulcer or sore, a chancre.
 Thēriōmarca, m. f. a shrub somewhat hairy, having a flower like a rose.
 Thēriotrophium, li. n. a park or warren.
 Thermē, ūrum. f. pl. hot baths.
 Thermōpolium, li. n. a place where hot drinks were sold; a coffee-house; a dram or brandy shop.
 Thermūm, ūrum. f. pl. dim. [a thermus] little hot baths.
 Thēron, ōnis. m. a dog's name, Kill-buck.
 Thēsaurārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to treasure.
 Thēsaurus, i. m. a treasury; an inward and secret place where things of value were deposited; plenty or abundance; the name of one of Menander's plays.
 Thēsis, eos, v. is. f. a general and indefinite question or argument; a position.
 Thēsōphōria, ūrum. m. pl. feasts in honour of Ceres.
 Thēssa, m. f. a sea-fish.
 Thlaspi, n. indecl. et Thlaspi-

on, i. n. an herb called country mustard, wild senna.
 Thōlus, i. m. the centre or midst of an arched or vaulted roof, called a scutcheon; the roof itself of a temple or church.
 Thōracātus, a, um. adj. that is made to the breast or with a breast-plate.
 Thōrax, ūis. m. the inward part of the breast; a stomach; a breast-plate or corslet.
 Thos, ūis. m. a kind of wolf, rough in winter, and bare in summer.
 Thous, i. m. Swift, a dog's name.
 Thrasias, m. m. the north-west wind.
 Thrāso, ōnis. m. a braggadochio, a hector, a blusterer, a bully.
 Thrauston, i. n. one kind of the gum ammoniacum.
 Thrax, ūis, v. Threx, ūis. m. a sword-fencer.
 Thrēcidica, ūrum. m. pl. the sword-player's arms.
 Thrips, ipis. m. a little worm breeding in timber, a moth.
 Thrōnus, i. m. a throne, a royal seat, a chair of state.
 Thūreus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to frankincense.
 Thūriānus, a, um. adj. Tomus thurianus, a certain fish, called also ziphias; a sword-fish; a kind of fish.
 Thūribūlum, i. n. [a thure] a censer to burn incense in.
 Thūricrēmus, a, um. adj. that burns frankincense.
 Thūrtier, ūra, ūrum. adj. that bears or brings forth frankincense.
 Thūridēus, a, um. adj. that gathers frankincense.
 Thus, ūis. n. frankincense, incense.
 Thuscūlum, i. n. dim. [a thus] a little piece of frankincense.
 Thya, m. f. a kind of wild cyprus-tree; the life-tree.
 Thyas, ūis. f. a priestess of Bacchus.
 Thyānus, i. m. a chorus in honour of Bacchus.
 Thyūm, i. n. frankincense.
 Thymbra, m. f. the herb savory.
 Thymēle, es. f. a pulpit or stand on the stage where mimics entertained the spectators with tricks.
 Thymēlici, ūrum. m. pl. [a preceded.] mimics and jesters who acted the ridiculous parts.
 Thymīama, ūis. n. a perfume, incense, a sweet gum.
 Thymīnus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to thyme.

- Thymion** v. **Thymium**, li. n. a kind of wart.
- Thymites**, æ. m. [a thymum] wine made with thyme.
- Thymōsus**, a, um. adj. *emelling of thyme.*
- Thymum**, i. n. the herb thyme.
- Thymus**, i. m. a wart.
- Thynnus**, i. m. a tunny fish.
- Thyriger**, ðra, ðrum. adj. *one who bears or carries the spear called Thyrsus.*
- Thyrus**, i. m. the young sprout, stalk, or stem of an herb; a spear wrapped about with ivy or bay leaves, which they carried in their hands at Bacchus's feast; a furious or mad humour.
- Tiāra**, æ. f. et **Tiāras**, æ. m. an ornament for the head; a turban, a cash.
- Tibia**, æ. f. the shank or shin-bone; the leg; a flute, a pipe, a flageolet.
- Tibiāle**, is. n. the nether sock or knee hose; a stocking.
- Tibiālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to legs or pipes; fit to make pipes of.
- Tibicen**, inis. m. a piper or player on a flute; a minstrel; a prop, shore, pillar, antic, pedestal, or any thing that supports or bears up.
- Tibicina**, æ. f. a woman that plays on a flute, shalm, or flageolet.
- Tigillum**, i. n. dim. [a tignum] a little rafter, a beam; the funnel of a chimney.
- Tignarius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to rafters.
- Tignum**, i. n. a rafter, a beam; any timber or stuff used in building.
- Tigras**, a, um. adj. of or like a tiger; spotted or grained, as a tiger is.
- Tigris**, is v. **Idis**, f. a tiger.
- Tilia**, æ. f. a linden or til tree; the thin skin that is between the bark and the wood of any tree.
- Tiliaceus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the linden-tree.
- Tilus**, i. m. a sow, a cheeselip or wood-louse.
- Timeo**, ðre, mul. —. n. et act. to fear; to dread; to apprehend; to be afraid for or of; to dislike; to scorn.
- Timide**, adv. [a timidus] timorously, fearfully, cowardly; poorly, meanly; cautiously, faintly.
- Timiditas**, ðtis. f. [ab eod.] timidity, fearfulness, cowardice; bashfulness; carefulness.
- Timidus**, a, um. adj. [a timeo] fearful, timorous, cowardly, faint-hearted, afraid; bashful; fearing or reverencing; provident, cautious.
- Timor**, ðris m. fear, dread; cowardice, apprehension, jealousy, mistrust; reverence; awe; superstition.
- Tinca**, æ. f. a fish called a tench.
- Tinctilia**, is, e. adj. [a tingo] that which serves for dying or to dye with.
- Tinctura**, æ. f. a dying or staining; a colour or dye; a tincture.
- Tinctus**, a, um. part. dyed, stained; imbued, abounding.
- Tinctus**, ūs. m. a dying, dipping, or imbruing.
- Tinea**, æ. f. a moth worm which eats books or clothes; a belly-worm; a worm breeding in hives.
- Tineosus**, a, um. adj. [a tineas] full of moths or worms.
- Tingo**, ðre, nxi, netum. act. to dye; to colour; to stain; to sprinkle; to imbrue; to wash; to paint.
- Tinnimentum**, i. n. a ringing or tinkling; a glowing or tinkling of the ears.
- Tinio**, ðre, lvi, ðtum. neut. to ring and make a sound; to jingle; to prattle.
- Tinitus**, ūs. m. a ringing or tinkling.
- Tinnulus**, a, um. adj. that rings or makes a clear sound; tinkling, shrill.
- Tinnunculus**, i. m. a kestrel or kestrel.
- Tintinnabulum**, i. n. a little bell; a dung-cart or such like.
- Tintinnabulum**, i. m. a bellman, a beadle, a hangman.
- Tintinnus** v. **Tintino**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to ring.
- Tinus**, i. f. a kind of bay-tree, a laurustinus.
- Tippula**, æ. v. **Tippula** v. **Tippula**, æ. f. a water-spinner.
- Tiro**, ðnis. m. a fresh-man, an apprentice, a novice.
- Tirocinium**, li. n. the first entrance upon action or learning; the rudiments of any art, study, or mystery; a novitiate, an apprenticeship, a lawyer's first calling to the bar; ignorance, want of experience.
- Tiruncula** v. **Tyruncula canis**, a young bitch.
- Trunculus**, i. m. dim. a very young scholar.
- Tithymalus**, i. m. an herb called sea-lettuce, wolf's milk or milk-thistle.
- Tithymalus**, i. m. sea-lettuce, wolf's milk or milk-thistle.
- Titillatio**, ðnis. f. a tickling, a provoking.
- Titillatus**, ūs. m. [a seq.] a tickling, a provoking.
- Titillo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to tickle; to provoke; to move pleasantly.
- Titio**, ðnis. m. a firebrand quenched.
- Titubans**, tis. part. stumbling, staggering, stammering, faltering; wavering.
- Titubanter**, adv. [a præc.] stutteringly, staggeringly, waveringly, doubtfully.
- Titubantia**, æ. f. a stuttering, stammering, or missing in one's words.
- Titubatio**, ðnis. f. staggering, humming and hawing, being at no certainty.
- Titubo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to stagger; to reel; to hesitate; to be at a loss; to stammer; to falter; to trip or slip in speaking.
- Titulus**, i. m. a title; the inscription of a work or act; a mark of dignity and honour; an attribute; a monument or remembrance; a cause, a pretence, a colour; a bill set upon a door; a mark set upon a vessel; the form of a vow.
- Toga**, æ. f. a gown, an upper garment worn by the Romans; hence taken for time of peace; management of civil affairs; the attendance of a retainer upon his lord, in livery; a client; a cover or wrapper.
- Togatorius**, li. m. an actor of comedies.
- Togātulus**, a, um. adj. dim. [a seq.] a little gownsmen.
- Togatus**, a, um. adj. [a toga] gowned, that wears a gown.
- Togatus**, i. m. a Roman, a client performing a visit to his patron; one attending in a gown, a liverman.
- Togula**, æ. f. dim. [a toga] a little gown.
- Tolerabilis**, is, e. adj. tolerable, indifferent, that can be borne; that can endure.
- Tolerabiliter**, adv. tolerably, so as may be endured.
- Tolerans**, tis. part. et adj. enduring, suffering; patient; supporting, maintaining.
- Toleranter**, adv. patiently, constantly, with sufferance.
- Tolerantia**, æ. f. a bearing, patience, sufferance.
- Toleratio**, ðnis. f. an enduring, abiding or suffering; toleration.
- Tolerio**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to bear; to suffer; to abide; to endure; to tolerate; to sustain; to maintain; to keep.
- Tolleno**, ðnis. m. a swipe; a crane; an engine of war.
- Tollo**, ðre, sustulī, subistum. antiq. Tollo, ðre, tolli et tetulī, —. act. to take up; to lift up; to raise; to elevate; to take away; to remove; to bring up; to educate; to take along with

Tollo, ōis. m. et **Tollonus**, i. m. a *scipe*, a crane, an engine of war.
Tōlūtāria, is, e. adj. that ambles or paces.
Tōlūtārius, a, um. adj. ambling, pacing.
Tōlūtum, adv. with an ambling pace, roundly.
Tōmācinæ, ārum. f. pl. puddings made of hog's flesh, liverings, sausages.
Tōmāscūlum, i. n. a kind of pudding or sausage.
Tōmentum, i. n. locks clipped off wool, shear-wool, flocks, cushions; reeds used instead of cushions.
Tōmex v. Tōmix, icis. f. al. **Tūmex**, a cord, a hempen cord or rope.
Tōmicus, a, um. adj. cutting.
Tōmus, i. m. a volume, a tome.
Tōnans, tis. part. [a tonō] thundering; the thunderer, Jupiter.
Tōnātū, ōis. f. a thundering.
Tondeo, ēre, tōtondi, tōsum. act. to clip; to poll; to fleece; to top; to prune; to browse; to bite off; to mow; to cut.
Tōntrālis, is, e. adj. thundering or wherein is thunder.
Tōntrū, n. sing. indecl. plur. **tōntrūna**, thundr, a rumbling sound; a crack or peal of thunder.
Tōntrus, ūs. m. thunder, a thunder-clap.
Tōntruum, i. n. thunder.
Tōno, ēre, nūl, nītum. neut. to thunder; to make a great and terrible noise; to roar; to roar out.
Tōnsa, ē. f. an oar, the blade of an oar.
Tōnsilis, is, e. adj. that is or may be clipped, rounded, lopped, or cropped.
Tōnsillæ, ārum. f. pl. the tonsils of the neck; a disease affecting that part, the mumps, the glanders.
Tōnsito, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. unde pass. **Tonsitor**, to clip often.
Tonsor, ōris. m. a barber, a clipper.
Tonsorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a barber.
Tōnstricūla, ē. f. dim. [a tonsitrix] a female-barber, a shaver.
Tōnstricū, ē. f. a barber's shop.
Tōnstrix, icis. f. a female-barber.
Tōnsūm, ē. f. a clipping or polling, a shearing or shaving.
Tōnsus, a, um. part. shorn, clipped, polled, rounded, lopped, shred.

Tonsus, ūs. m. a shearing or shaving.
Tōnus, i. m. a tone, note, a tune, an accent; the space between the earth and the moon; the gloss or varnish of colour.
Tōpazium, ii. n. a topaz.
Tōpāzius, ii. m. a precious stone, of the colour of gold, called a topaz.
Tōphāceus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a sand-stone.
Tōphineus, a, um. adj. of sand-stone.
Tōphus, i. m. a sand or gravel stone.
Tōpia, ōrum. n. pl. certain figures cut in the tops of small trees to adorn a garden.
Tōpiāria, ē. f. the art of making arbours or pictures with trees or twigs and herbs cut out and plated.
Tōpiārium, ii. n. a work made of trees, bushes, or herbs; pictures made of herbs and twigs, an arbour, a bower, a knot.
Tōpiārius, a, um. adj. [a præc.] belonging to such works.
Tōpiārius, ii. m. a gardener who makes divers kinds of knots and devices in herbs as they grow; one who makes arbours or bowers.
Tōpica, ōrum. n. pl. **topics**, books that treat of places of invention in logic.
Topice, es. f. the art of invention or feeling out places and arguments.
Tōpicius, a, um. adj. topical or belonging to invention.
Tōpium, ii. n. an arbour or bower.
Tōral et **Tōrāle**, is, n. [a torn] the furniture of a bed or table.
Tōrcūlar v. Tōrcūlāre, is, n. a press for wine, oil, or cider.
Tōrcūlārium, ii. n. a press-room.
Tōrcūlārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a press.
Tōrcūlārius, ii. m. a presser or pressman.
Tōrcūlum, i. n. a press.
Tōrcūlus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a press.
Tōrdille, is, n. the seed of the herb *seclia*.
Tōreuma, itis. n. plate chased or engraven; any turnea or embossed work.
Tōreutice, es. f. the art of engraving or embossing.
Tōrmen, itis. n. *haud scio* an leg. sed **tōrmina**. um. pl. the gripping of the guts, the wringing of the belly.
Tōrmentum, i. n. [a torment] the rope of a crane; any rope; an engine of war to cast stones or darts; a pinching or nipping; a torment, a racking.

Torminālis, is, e. adj. causing or breeding the gripes.
Tormināus, a, um. adj. that is subject to the gripes.
Tormētus, a, um. part. [a torno] turned or mase with a turner's wheel.
Torno, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to turn with a wheel; to fashion.
Tornus, i. m. a wheel, turn, or lathe; a graving tool.
Tōrōsus, a, um. adj. [a torus] brawny, fleshy, well-fleshed, strong, and lusty; full of stems and branches.
Torpēdo, itis. f. numbness, idleness, laziness; a cramp-fish.
Torpens, tis. part. numb, dull, stiff.
Torpeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to be numbed or benumbed; to be stunned; to be slow, dull, or heavy and drowsy; to be in an ecstasy; to faint; to languish.
Torpesco, ēre, —. incept. to grow numb, heavy, or dull; to grow faint, listless, and sluggish; to tarnish and decay in colour.
Torpidus, a, um. adj. slow, dull, sleepy, drowsy, heavy, stiff, stupid, lifeless, benumbed, dead.
Torpor, ōris. m. [a torpeo] numbness, stiffness, sleepiness, drowsiness, heaviness, laziness, listlessness, dizziness, sluggishness, stupefaction.
Torquatus, a, um. adj. that wears a collar or chain.
Torqueo, ēre, si, tum et sum. act. to writhe or wreath; to twist; to wind or whirl about; to bend; to bow; to turn about; to crisp; to curl; to order; to goern; to fling; to hurt; to throw; to rack; to torment, to torture; to excruciate; to plague; to wrest; to pervert; to distort.
Torques et **Torquis**, is. m. v. f. a collar or chain about one's neck; a garland, a chaplet of flowers; a wreath.
Torrefācio, ēre, fēcī, factum. act. to roast; to parch; to scorch.
Torrefactus, a, um. part. parched, scorched, sun-burnt.
Torrens, tis. part. et adj. roasting, roasting, parching; hasty, violent, headlong, running in full stream like a land-flood, rapid, fluent; sultry.
Torrens, tis. m. a stream coming down a hill, caused by water or snow; a land-flood, a torrent, a stream.
Torrentius, adv. comp. more violently.
Torreo, ēre, rui, tostum. act. to too; to roast; to broil; to

bake; to parch; to scorch; to dry.

Torresco, cōre, —. incept. to be broiled, roasted, or dried.

Tortidus, a, um, adj. dry; hot, sultry; parched, burnt, scorched, torrid; starved, shriveled, shrunk up.

Torris, is, m. [a torreo] a fire-brand.

Torsio, ōnis, f. [a torqueo] a writhing or twisting; a gripping and wringing; a torturing or racking.

Torte, adv. crookedly, awry.

Tortilis, is, v. adj. wrestled, wreathed, winding, writhen.

Tortivus, a, um, adj. that is squeezed or wrung out.

Tortor, ōri, ātus, pass. to be pained or tormented.

Tortor, ōris, m. [a torqueo] an executioner, a torturer, a tormentor; a name of Apollo.

Tortuosus, a, um, adj. that winds or turns many ways; crooked; full of torture or pain; intricate.

Tortus, a, um, part. [a torqueo] writhed, wrested, twisted; crisped, curled, frizzled; tortured, tormented.

Tortus, ūs, m. crookedness, wryness; a bending, the gait of a serpent.

Tortivus, a, um, adj. cruel in look, grim, stern.

Tortivus, ātis, f. sourness of look, lowering, sullenness, frowning, sternness.

Tortiva, i, m. dim. [a torus] ringlets of hair made up conically with golden grasshoppers, worn by the Athenians, in proof of being natives of Attica; the wood of a tree next to the bark.

Torus, i, m. twisted grass or straw covered with skins, &c. on which the ancients sat and slept; a rope, a cord; a bedstead; a bed laid upon it; marriage; the tuft in a garland. Tori, the brawn, muscles, or fleshy parts in man or beast; a protuberance or swelling.

Torvus, a, nm, adj. sharp, sour, crabbed; grim, glowering, stern.

Totus, a, um, part. [a torreo] parched, roasted, toasted, broiled, baked, scorched.

Tot, adj. plur. indecl. so many; so much.

Totus, is, e, adj. total, whole, entire.

Totidem, adj. plur. indecl. even or just so many.

Toties, adv. [a tot] so many times, so often.

Totus, a, um, adj. [a tot] so great, so many.

Totus, a, um, adj. gen. ius.

whole, every part of; wholly, altogether, utterly; all.

Toxicum, i, n. poison, venom.

Trābilis, is, e, adj. [a traho] of or belonging to or like a beam.

Trābea, æ, f. a robe worn by kings, consuls, and augurs.

Trābēlius, a, um, adj. [a præcedi] clad in a robe called the trabea.

Trābēcilla, æ, f. dim. [a traho] a little foist, a small beam, a rafter.

Trabs, trābis, f. a beam, a rafter; a great tree; a ship; a meteor in the air like a beam.

Tracta, æ, f. [a traho, tractum] a line, a thread, a piece, a lock of wool.

Tracta, æ, f. v. um, n. locks of wool ready to be picked, teased, or carded.

Tractābilis, is, e, adj. tractable; that may be felt or handled; calm, navigable; treated with, managed, gentle, quiet, pliable, governable.

Tractābilitas, ātis, f. fitness to be managed or worked, tractableness.

Tractātio, ōnis, f. [a tracto] a handling, a using; a treating, a writing or speaking of.

Tractātor, ōris, m. a handler.

Tractātrix, icis, f. [a tractor] a stroker.

Tractātus, a, um, part. handled; treated of; used.

Tractātus, ūs, m. a handling; a treating of any thing in discourse; a tractate, tract, or treatise.

Tractim, adv. [a part. tractus] continually; without ceasing, as it were by drawing along.

Tracto, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. [a traho] to handle; to feel; to touch; to order; to manage; to govern; to use; to meddle with; to exercise; to treat; to entertain; to discourse; to write of.

Tractōrius, ii, n. a windlass to draw up.

Tractōrius, a, um, adj. serving to draw up.

Tractus, a, um, part. [a traho] drawn or pulled; dragged; teased, spun; drawn out in length, prolonged; derived.

Tractus, ūs, m. [a traho] a drawing; a drawing in length; a place, a country; a region, a climate, a coast; a tract or space of; a space or interval; a trace or mark, a streak; a draught or form; a stream, a current; a deriding.

Trāditio, ōnis, f. a handing down; a yielding or giving up.

Trāditor, ōris, m. a traitor.

Trāditur, impers. [a trado] it is reported or written.

Trāditus, a, um, part. delivered, put into the hands; surrendered; traditional, handed down; spoken or written of.

Trādo, āre, didi, ditum, act. to deliver; to yield; to fix; to imprint; to deliver up; to surrender; to resign; to put into one's hands; to give from hand to hand; to transmit; to teach; to report; to write; to set down; to commend; to recommend; to give up.

Trādlūco, āre, xi, ctum, act. to carry, lead, bring, or convey from one place to another; to turn; to convert; to change; to bring over to one's side or party; to expose to public shame; to dishonour; to pass away.

Trāductio, ōnis, f. a carrying or bringing over; a passing away; a metaphor or borrowed form of speech; a defaming or bringing to open shame.

Trāductor, ōris, m. he that brings from one place to another; a slanderer or defamer.

Trāductus, a, um, part. brought over; passed over, led; defamed publicly; converted, turned.

Trādux, ūcis, m. on imp or graft cut off from one tree and removed to another; a branch or twig of a vine carried along from tree to tree.

Trāgacantha, æ, v. Tragacanthæ, es, f. a tree which produces gum dragant; or the buckthorn.

Trāgacanthum, i, n. gum dragant.

Trāgēlāphus, i, m. a stone-buck or goat-hart.

Trāgice, adv. tragically.

Trāgico-cōmœdia, æ, f. a tragic-comedy, a play that begins tragically and ends comically.

Trāgicus, a, um, adj. tragical, belonging to tragedies; acted in tragedies.

Trāgicus, i, m. a maker or writer of tragedies; the actor.

Trāgion, ii, n. et Trāgōnis, iæ, f. a shrub like a juniper, whose leaves in autumn stink like a goat.

Trāgœdia, æ, f. a tragedy; a stir, a bustle, or disturbance.

Trāgœdus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to tragedy: tragical.

Trāgœdus, i, m. a tragedian or actor of tragedies.

Trāgōpanas, ātis, f. a bird of Æthiopia, greater than the eagle, and having horns like a goat.

Trāgōpōgon, ōnis, m. the herb called goat's beard.

Trīgbrīgnūm, i. n. a sort of wild origany or mint.

Trīgōs v. **Trīgus**, i. m. an herb like a sea-rush; a shell-fish of a rank smell; the smell of the arm-pits; a kind of thick, hard, and rough sponge.

Trīgūla, m. f. a javelin with a barbed head; a trammel or drag net, a fiew.

Trīgum, i. n. a kind of corn.

Trīha, m. f. [a trahendo] a dray or sledge, drawn without wheels.

Trīhax, ācis. adj. covetous, stingy.

Trīhea, m. f. a cart or dray.

Trīho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to draw; to drag; to spin; to draw forth; to bring; to lead; to take; to get; to learn; to be propense or inclined; to struggle; to wrest; to force; to conjecture; to claim; to arrogate; to stretch out; to entice; to allure; to decoy; to snare; to attract; to delay; to prolong; to defer; to put or drive off; to suck; to drink; to snuff up; to contract.

Trījectio, ōnis. f. a passing or ferrying over; a conveying or carrying over; a transposing, displacing, or setting out of order; the shooting of a star.

Trījector, āri, ātus. pass. to be put through.

Trījectūra, m. f. a trajection, a different placing.

Trījectus, a, um. part. thrust or bored through; carried or conveyed over.

Trījectus, ūs. m. a passage over, a ferry.

Trījicio, ēre, jeci, jectum. act. [ex trans et jacio] to carry, convey, bring, lead, sail, or pass over; to strike, bore or run through; to pour out of one vessel into another; to detain; to transpire; to fling or cast over; to transfer; to put off; to remit.

Trīloquor, qui, ctus. dep. to speak through; to recount.

Trama, m. f. the woof in weaving; a garment made of fine cloth yarn.

Trāms, itis. n. a cross way; an overthwart or cross path; a wood.

Trāmitto, ēre. act. *Vid.* Transmittō.

Trāno, ēre, āvi, —. act. [ex trans et no] to swim or sail over; to pass over or through; to fly over; to pierce through.

Trāquillatus, a, um. adj. quieted, settled.

Trāquille, adv. quietly, calmly, without trouble.

Trāquillitas, ātis. f. tranquill-

ty, quietness, calmness, stillness; a calm.

Trāquillo, absol. *pro* tranquillo tempore, at a quiet time, in a calm season.

Trāquillo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make still or calm; to smooth.

Trāquillum, i. n. fair and calm weather.

Trāquillus, a, um. adj. smooth, calm; quiet, sedate, undisturbed, easy, settled, peaceable; pacified, pleased, reconciled.

Trans, prap. over, beyond, on the other side.

Transābeo, īre, īi v. īvi, ītum. neut. to go away beyond or through.

Transactor, ōris. m. [a transigo] a maker of agreements, a bargain-maker, a broker, a huckster, a manager, a despatcher.

Transactum est, impers. [a transigo] the matter is despatched and concluded.

Transactus, a, um. part. agreed upon, ended, despatched.

Transalpinus, a, um. adj. over or beyond the Alps.

Transcendo, ēre, di, sum. act. [ex trans et scando] to go or climb over; to exceed; to transcend; to surmount; to pass or go along.

Transcido, ēre, cidi, ctum. act. [ex trans et cado] to law or tear with beating.

Transcribo, ēre, psi, ptum. act. to write or copy out; to transcribe; to exemplify; to plant a colony.

Transcriptio, ōnis. f. [a transcribo] an excuse or colour; a pretence.

Transcriptus, a, um. part. transcribed, transferred.

Transcurro, ēre, ri, sum. act. to run across the way; to run in all haste; to run over; to go or pass over quickly; to touch a thing by the by.

Transcursum est, impers. they ran over quickly.

Transcursus, ūs. m. a running over quickly, a passing by.

Transdo, ēre, didi, ditum. act. to give or deliver up. *Vid.* Trado.

Transdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. *Vid.* Traduco.

Transenna, m. f. a cord stretched out to take birds or beasts; a snare, a gin, a net, a pitfall, a trap-cage; a long window or casement; any grate-work, a lattice before a window.

Transero, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to go, run, or pass over or beyond; to go through; to undergo; to run through one; to go or pass beyond one; to overgo; to exceed; to sur-

pass; to omit; to say nothing of; to pass over; to be distressed.

Transēro, ēre, —. act. unde Transertus, to transplant; to ingraft.

Transēro, ferre, tūli, lītum. act. [ex trans et fero] to carry or bring from one place to another; to transfer; to transplant; to translate; to refer; to defer; to use metaphorically; to quote; to copy out.

Transigo, ēre, xi, xum. act. to run through or stab.

Transfiguratio, ōnis. f. a change from one shape to another, transfiguration.

Transigūro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to transform; to transfigure; to change out of one shape into another.

Transifixus, a, um. part. [a transigo] stuck or thrust through.

Transluo, ēre, xi, xum. neut. to leak or run out; to flow over or through.

Translūdo, ēre, fōdi, fōsum. act. to dig, strike, or thrust through.

Transformo, īs, e. adj. that is transformed or changed.

Transformo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to transform; to metamorphose; to change from one shape to another.

Transforo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bore or make a hole through.

Transfossus, a, um. part. dug through.

Transfretio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pass over the sea.

Transfuga, m. c. g. [a seq.] a turn-coat, a revolter, a deserter.

Transfugio, ēre, fūgi, fūgtum. neut. to fly to the other side; to run away; to quit his own party and go to the enemy.

Transfugium, īi. n. [a prae.] a running away from his own side to the contrary party, a revolt.

Transfūdo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to smoke through.

Transfundo, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour out of one vessel into another; to transpire; to transfer.

Transfusio, ōnis. f. a pouring out of one vessel into another.

Transfusus, a, um. part. poured out of one part or vessel into another.

Transgredior, di, gressus. dep. to pass or go over; to surmount; to exceed; to outgo.

Transgressio, ōnis. f. a passing or going over or beyond; a figure in rhetoric.

Transgressus, a, um. part. that has passed over, &c.

- Transiectio**, ōnis. f. a casting over or through.
- Transiectus**, a, um. part. laid across or overhwart.
- Transiens**, entis. part. [a transeo] passing over.
- Transigo**, ĕre, ġi, actum. act. [ex trans et ago] to pass or thrust through; to pierce; to conclude; to finish a controversy; to transact business; to despatch.
- Transicio**, ĕre, ġci, ectum. Vid. Trajicio.
- Transilio**, ire, tvi et lui, —. neut. [ex trans et salio] to jump or leap over or beyond; to pass over: to exceed; not to speak of; to pretermitt.
- Transilis**, is, e. adj. that passes or goes over; more high than another.
- Transitio**, ōnis. f. [a transeo] a passing over; a going from one to another, a revolting; a transition.
- Transitorius**, a, um. adj. that one may pass through.
- Transitur**, Rum est. impers. [a transeo] he, we, they, pass over.
- Transitus**, a, um. part. that has been passed over.
- Transitus**, ūs. m. [a transeo] a passing or going over from one place to another; a passage, a change, a transmit.
- Transitor**, bi, pous. dep. to slide or run over.
- Translatio**, ōnis. f. a transferring, a removing from one to another; the using of a word in a less proper, but more significant notion; the transplanting of trees; an exception or demur in law.
- Translātus**, a, um. adj. v. Trāslātus, transferred, taken from others, taken out of others; transposed; ordinary, mean, common.
- Translātus**, a, um. adj. Vid. Translatitius.
- Translātor**, ōris. m. he that conveys from one place or person to another.
- Translātus**, a, um. part. [a transſero] brought over, conveyed; turned, changed; translated, metaphorical.
- Translſgo**, ĕre, lġi, lectum. act. to read over.
- Translūceo**, ĕre, xi, —. neut. to shine through.
- Translūcidus**, a, um. adj. bright, shining through, transparent.
- Transmārinus**, a, um. adj. that comes from the parts beyond sea.
- Transmēdiblis**, is, e. adj. that may be passed through.
- Transmeo**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. to pass or go beyond or over.
- Transmġro**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. neut. to remove his dwelling; to go to dwell.
- Transmissio**, ōnis. f. a passing or sending over; a passage.
- Transmissus**, ūs. m. a passage.
- Transmissus**, a, um. part. sent or passed over; passed, sent.
- Transmitto**, ĕre, mſai, ſsum. act. to send over; to make over; to transmit; to run through; to cast or throw over or beyond; to pass over; to pass or go over the sea; to give passage; to let go through; to pass or spend time; to pass over or omit.
- Transmontānus**, a, um. adj. that dwells beyond the mountains.
- Transmōtus**, a, um. part. removed from one place to another.
- Transmōveo**, ĕre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to remove from one to another.
- Transmūtatio**, ōnis. f. a transmutation or change.
- Transmūtō**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to change and chop.
- Transnāto**, ĕre, ſvi, —. act. to swim over or beyond.
- Transuo**, ĕre, ſvi, —. act. to swim over.
- Transuōmġno**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to change one's name; to give one name for another.
- Transuōmġro**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to over number; to over reckon.
- Transuōdānus**, a, um. adj. beyond the river Po, in Italy; i. e. on the north of the Po.
- Transpectus**, ūs. m. a looking through or beyond.
- Transpicio**, ĕre, exi, ectum. to see through or beyond.
- Transpono**, ĕre, sui, ſtum. act. to transpose; to remove.
- Transportatio**, ōnis. f. a carrying over, transportation.
- Transporto**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to carry or convey from one place to another; to transport; to export; to banish; to send away into another country.
- Transportivus**, a, um. adj. Vid. Transumptivus.
- Transuōdrius**, a, um. adj. beyond the Tiber; i. e. on the north of the Tiber.
- Transitillum**, i. n. dim. a little transom.
- Transitrum**, i. u. a seat or bench where rowers sit in ships; a transom, a beam; a girder.
- Transvectio**, ōnis. f. [a transeho] a carrying or passing over; a solemn cavalcade on the fifteenth of July, in honour of Castor and Pollux.
- Transvectus**, a, um. part. carried or conveyed over; gone or past; riding in cavalcade.
- Transveho**, ĕre, xi, ctum. act. to carry, convey, or pass over, to export; to ride by.
- Transverberātus**, a, um. part. beaten or stricken through.
- Transverbero**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. act. to strike through.
- Transversa**, adv. transversely.
- Transversārius**, a, um. adj. that is set overhwart.
- Transverse**, adv. cross-wise, a cross.
- Transversus**, a, um. adj. ex part. overhwart, across, cross-wise, traverse; contrary, opposite, cross.
- Transulto**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. freq. [a transilio] to leap over; to overleap; to jump over; to vault.
- Transūmo**, ĕre, mſai, mptum. act. to take from one to another.
- Transumpilo**, ōnis. f. a taking from one to another.
- Transumptivus**, a, um. adj. belonging to a changing from one to another.
- Transuo**, ĕre, sui, ſtum. act. to sew or stitch through.
- Transuōllo**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. freq. to fly over often.
- Transuōvlo**, ĕre, ſvi, ſtum. to fly over, beyond, or to the other side; to haste; to speed; to desert.
- Trāpes**, ſtis. m. an oil-press, for the breaking of the olives.
- Trāpġum**, i. n. an oil-press.
- Trāpġus**, i. m. an oil-press.
- Trāpġita**, ſ. m. an exchange or banker.
- Trāpġōphōron**, i. n. a cupboard, a dresser; the foot of a table.
- Trāveho**, ĕre, xi, ctum. Vid. Transveho.
- Trāvōlo**, Vid. Transavolo.
- Trēcēni**, ſ. a. adj. three hundred; a great number.
- Trēcēti**, ſ. a. adj. pl. [es codem] three hundred; a great number.
- Trēcēties**, adv. three hundred times.
- Trēddēcies**, adv. thirteen times; thirty times.
- Trēddēcim**, plur. indecl. thirteen.
- Trēmōbundus**, a, um. adj. [is tremo] fearful, that trembles much.
- Trēmōfācio**, ĕre, ſġci, ſactum. act. to make one tremble or quake; to put in fear.
- Trēmōfactus**, a, um. part. shaken, wagged; frightened, made to quake for fear.
- Trēmisco**, ĕre, —. incept. [a tremo] to begin to shake; to tremble; to quake.
- Tremō**, ĕre, ui, —. neut. to tremble; to shake; to quake for fear; to shiver with cold.

Trémor, *bris. m.* [a tremo] a trembling, a shaking; an earthquake.
Trémulus, *a, um. adj.* [a tremo] trembling, quaking, shaking, twinkling, moving to and fro; that makes one tremble or quake; warbling, quavering.
Trépider, *adv.* fearfully, tremblingly.
Trépido, *bris. f.* fear, trembling.
Trépídatur, *impers.* they tremble, they are in an uproar.
Trépide, *adv.* hastily, fearfully, tremblingly.
Trépido, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut.* to tremble; to quake for fear; to be astonished; to make haste for fear; to bustle; to keep a clutter; to be concerned; to be anxious or solicitous; to pant.
Trépídulus, *a, um. adj. dim.* somewhat afraid.
Trépídus, *a, um. adj.* fearful, cowardly, trembling for fear, in great fear or pain for; doubtful, uncertain; sudden, unexpected; swift, hasty.
Tres et hæc tria, *plur. three.*
Tressis, *is. m.* the weight or value of three asses or farthings.
Tressis, *is, e. adj.* vile, pitiful, base, paltry, ehobby, beggarly.
Tresviri, *brum. m. pl.* *Vid.* *Triumviri*.
Trianguläris, *is, e. adj.* three-cornered, triangular.
Triangulum, *i. n.* a triangle.
Triangulus, *a, um. adj.* three-cornered.
Triarii, *brum. n. pl.* old soldiers that were set in the rear as a reserve.
Tribrachys, *yoa. m.* a foot of three short syllables.
tribarius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to a tribe or ward.
tribula, *æ. f.* a little cart or tray.
tribulis, *is. m.* one of the same tribe or ward; one of the same stock or kindred; a plebeian.
tribulo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act.* [a tribula] to thresh or beat out the corn with a flail or cart, &c.
tribulum, *i. n.* a little cart or dray.
tribulus, *i. m.* a thistle, a bramble.
tribunal, *ilis. n.* a tribunal, a judgment-seat, a seat in the forum, built by Romulus, in the form of a half moon, whence the extremities were called cornua; any judgment.
tribunatus, *üs. m.* the office and dignity of the tribune, the protectorship of the commons.

tribunatus, *a, um. adj.* belonging to the tribunes.
tribunus, *i. m.* Tribuni plebis, keepers of the liberties of the people against the encroachments of the senate. Tribuni militum cum consulari potestate, military tribunes with consular authority. Tribunus militum, a colonel or commander of a cohort. Tribunus laticlavus, one made tribune in order to be a censor. Tribunus angusticlavus, of the equestrian, or a probationer for that order.
tribus, *äre, bui, bütum. act.* to give; to grant; to bestow; to pay regard; to attribute; to ascribe; to impute; to distribute; to divide.
tribus, *üs. f.* a tribe or ward.
tributarius, *a, um. adj.* tributary, that pays tribute.
tributum, *adv.* from tribe to tribe, ward by ward.
tributo, *bris. f.* a giving, a distributing, a dealing.
tributum, *i. n.* tribute, custom, impost; a tax, tollage or assessment, to defray the public expenses.
tributus, *a, um. part. given.* attributed; divided, distributed.
tributus, *a, um. adj.* [a tribus] of the tribes.
tribum, *ärum. f. pl.* any let or impediment; trifles, gewogwe, fooleries, oyes.
tribunarius, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to thirty.
tribunil, *æ, a. adj.* thirty.
tribunil, *æ, a. adj. pl.* three hundred.
tribentes, *adv.* three hundred times.
triceps, *ipitis. adj.* having three heads, or three-headed.
tricesimus, *a, um. adj.* the thirtieth.
tricesis, *is. m.* the weight of thirty pounds.
trichalcum, *i. n.* the fourth part of an obolus.
trichias, *æ. m.* a kind of fish like gardine or sprat.
trichia, *æ. f.* a covered walk made of vines or the like; an arbour.
trichium, *i. n.* a vessel with three spouts to pour water out of.
trichitis, *is. f.* a sort of alum.
trichonikes, *is. m.* maiden hair, guilty-lucks.
trichorum, *i. n.* a building with three lodgings or stories.
trichus, *i. m.* a precious stone found in Africa, of three colours; black at bottom, blood-red in the middle, and white at the top.

tricies, *adv.* thirty times.
triclinaarches, *æ. m.* the orderer of the triclinium.
triclinaäria, *brum. v. lum. n. pl.* [æc. aulea] the hangings of a dining-room.
triclinaäris, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a dining-room.
triclinaärius, *a, um. adj.* of the dining-room.
triclinitium, *is. n.* the beds for the guests to sit or lean along upon; three on each; the dining-room.
tricoecus, *i. m. v.* Tricoecum, *i. n.* a kind of medlar with three kernels.
tricolor, *bris. adj.* of three colours.
tricolor, *äri, ätus. dep.* to trifle and dilly; to jest and toy; to baffle and show tricks.
tricorniger, *ära, ärum. adj.* having three horns or tops as the Greek letter ψ.
tricornia, *is, e. adj.* three-horned.
tricornior, *bris. adj.* three-bodied.
tricuspis, *idis. adj.* three-pointed.
trilacnus, *a, um. adj.* to be eaten at three bites.
tridens, *tis. m.* any tool or instrument that has three teeth; the trident or sceptre of the sea-gods.
tridentifer et tridentiger, *ära ärum. adj.* an epithet of Neptune for his three-forked sceptre.
tridentispatens, *tis. part.* an epithet of Neptune.
trihumum, *ui. n.* the space of three days.
triennium, *ii. u.* three years space.
triens, *tis. m.* four ounces or inches; the third part; a small coin, the third part of the as; a vessel holding four cyathi, a gill; a measure of land containing 900 feet.
triental, *ilis. n.* a little vessel, the triens.
trientalis, *is, e. adj.* four inches thick or broad, &c.
trierarchus, *i. m.* the master or captain of a galley or ship with three oars or three bands of oars.
trietricus, *a, um. adj.* that is kept every three years.
trietris, *idis. f.* the space of three years.
trifarum, *adv.* three manner of ways.
trifaux, *dis. adj.* having three mouths or throats.
trifer, *v. triferus*. *ära, ärum. adj.* that bears fruit thrice a year.
trifidus, *a, um. adj.* cleft or eleven into three parts.

Trifolium, li. n. an herb called *trefoil* or *three-leaved grass*.
Triformis, is, e. adj. that has *three forms, shapes, or fashions*.
Trifur, ūris. c. g. a notable *thief*.
Trifurcifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. an *arrant rogue*.
Trifurcus, a, um. adj. *three-forked* or *three-folded*.
Trigarium, li. n. [a trigon] the *place where chariots with three horses run*.
Trigarius, li. m. a *carter or charioteer that drives with three horses*.
Trigeminus, a, plur. adj. *three children at a birth*.
Trigeminus, a, um. adj. *three-fold*.
Trigemmis, is, e. adj. a plant *having three buds upon it*.
Trigies, adv. *thirty times*.
Trigistus, a, um. adj. the *thirtieth*.
Triginta, adj. plur. indecl. *thirty*.
Trigites, e. m. a *stone of the colour of the mullet-fish*.
Triglyphus, i. m. a *hollow graving like three furrows or gutters*.
Trigonus, is, e. adj. *three-cornered*.
Trigonon, i. n. an herb *used in garlands*.
Trigonus, a, um. adj. that has *three corners*.
Trigonus, i. m. a *triangle*; a *fish with a round tail, called also pastinaca marina*.
Trilibris, is, e. adj. of *three pounds weight*.
Trilinguis, is, e. adj. *having three tongues*.
Trilix, icis. adj. *tissue made of three threads of divers colours*.
Trimus, ūs. m. [a trimus] *three years of age*.
Trimestris, is, e. adj. of *three months' time, of three months' growth*.
Trimeter, tra, trum. adj. of *three measures*.
Trimetrum, i. n. a *trimeter verse of three measures, an iambic of six feet*.
Trimodia, e. f. a *measure of three bushels*.
Trimodium, li. n. a *measure of three bushels*.
Trimodius, a, um. adj. *containing three bushels*.
Trimillus, a, um. adj. dim. [a trimus] *three years old*.
Trimus, a, um. adj. *three years old*.
Trinocetialis, is, e. adj. of or *belonging to three nights' space*.
Trinoctium, li. n. *three nights' space*.

Triobolis, is, e. adj. that has *three knots or joints*.
Trinodium, i. n. the *day of the third market or fair: the space of seven and twenty days, which contains three fairs or markets*.
Trinus, a, um. adj. [a tres] *three, the third, three together*.
Triobolium, i. n. *three half-pence*.
Triobus, um. m. pl. *ploughing oxen; a constellation of seven stars, called Charles's wain; the north country*.
Triophthalmus, i. m. a *precious stone, that has the figure of three eyes*.
Triorchus, e. m. a *buzzard; a kind of herb*.
Triparcus, a, um. adj. *very prying, niggardly*.
Tripartito v. **Tripartito**, adv. in *three parts*.
Tripartitus v. **Tripartitus**, a, um. part. *divided into three parts*.
Triptimum, i. n. the *last service of several dishes*.
Tripectrus, a, um. adj. *three-breasted* or that has *three breasts*.
Tripedalis, is, e. adj. *three feet long*.
Tripedaneus, a, um. adj. of *three feet*.
Tripes, edis. c. g. that has *three feet, three-legged*.
Triphallus, i. m. *Priapus*.
Triplex, icis. adj. *triple, three-fold*.
Triplitea, um. m. pl. [sc. libelli v. codicilli] *little tables having three leaves, wherein matters of small importance were written*.
Tripletter, adv. *trebly, in three ways*.
Triplinthus, a, um. adj. of *three bricks thick*.
Triplus, a, um. adj. *triple, threefold, treble*.
Triplodium, li. n. an herb called *turbit* or *blue driny*.
Triplidius, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to *dance*; to *trip dancer-like*; to *sriek*; to *caper*; to *curvet*.
Triplodium, ii. n. a *dancing or tripping on the toe, dancer-like*; a *caper or curvet*; a *frisk*, a *skip*, a *trip*; the *rebounding of corn*, &c. being *thrown to the chickens, by which the soothsayers make their divinations*.
Tripus, edis. m. *any thing with three legs, a three-footed stool; a tripod*.
Triquetra, e. f. a *triangle or three-cornered figure*.
Triquetrum, i. n. a *triangle*.
Triquetrus, a, um. adj. *having three corners, triangular*.

Triremis, is, e. f. [sc. navis] a *galley with three oars on each side or bank; or rather with three banks of oars, one above another*.
Triudo, ūis. f. the herb *permander*; the *straight and upright vervain*.
Triacuria, ūrum. n. pl. *great scurrities or buffoneries*.
Triaspatus, a, um. adj. *drawn or pulled with three pulleys*.
Triate, adv. ius. comp. *sorrowfully, sadly, pensively*.
Tristiculus, a, um. adj. [a tristis] *dampish; somewhat sad, pensive, heavy*.
Tristifcus, a, um. adj. that *makes sad, saddening*.
Tristis, is, e. adj. *sad, heavy, melancholy, pensive, sorrowful, woeful, doleful, disconsolate; severe, grave, demure; harsh, bitter; rough, coarse; angry, peevish; cruel; made bitter or unpleasant; with an ill will, against one's will; unlucky, uninus, dark, lowering*.
Tristitia, e. f. *sadness, heaviness, pensiveness; moroseness, staidness, sullenness; gravity*.
Triaulcus, a, um. adj. *three-pointed* or *three-forked*.
Triayllabus, a, um. adj. of *three syllables, trisyllable*.
Trifidus, i. m. that is a *great-grandfather's great-grandfather*.
Trithalles, is, e. n. an herb which *flowers thrice a-year*.
Triticeus, a, um. adj. *wheaten, of wheat*.
Triticum, i. n. *wheat*.
Triton, ūis. m. a *weathercock; a sea-fish, a kind of tunny cut into raids; a sea-god*.
Tritor, ūis. m. [a part. tritus] a *grinder of any thing; he that uses or wears out a thing*.
Tritura, e. f. a *threshing, braying, pounding, or grinding*.
Tritus, a, um. part. et adj. [a tero] *rubbed, pounded, ground; worn, overworn, threadbare, broken, wasted; frequented; common, prostitute*.
Tritus, ūs. m. a *rubbing or grinding*.
Trivestica, e. f. a *great witch, a devil's dam*.
Triuivialis, is, e. adj. *common, trivial, ordinary, homely*.
Trivium, li. n. a *place where three ways meet, a place of common resort*.
Triumphalia, um. n. pl. the *solemnities and ornaments of triumph*.
Triumphalis, is, e. adj. of or *belonging to a triumph*.

Triumphālis, [ec. vir] one who has triumphed.
 Triumphātum est, impers. it is triumphed.
 Triumphātus, a, um. part. triumphed over; led on represented in triumph.
 Triumpho, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a triumphus] to triumph for a conquest obtained; to rejoice greatly.
 Triumphus, i. m. a triumph.
 Triumvir, i. m. one of three officers that are in the like authority.
 Triumvirālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to such an office or officer.
 Triumvirātus, ūs. m. the office of three in like authority, the triumvirate.
 Triuncus, is. m. a brass coin of three ounces weight.
 Trōchæus, i. m. a foot in verse, consisting of two syllables, the first long and the latter short.
 Trōchilus v. Trōchilus, i. m. a little bird called a wren; a round ring in the joints of pillars.
 Trōchiscus, i. m. a trochisk or round ball of medicine.
 Trōchlea, m. f. a pulley where-in a cord or rope runs, to draw any thing; a windlass.
 Trōchus, i. m. a top wherewith children play.
 Trōja, m. f. a kind of sport or exercise like tilts or tournaments.
 Trōpæum, i. n. a spoil taken from an enemy, and hung up; victory.
 Trōpæus, a, um. adj. tropical, constant, said of the winds.
 Trōpa, ōrum. n. pl. conversions, alterations.
 Trōpis, is. f. the dregs of oil used in baths.
 Trōpus, i. m. a trope, figure, or rhetorical mode of speech.
 Trōsus, i. m. a beau, a spruce dandy, a dapper fellow, a car-st-knight.
 Trōva, m. f. a kind of vessel to ladle out water.
 Trōcidātio, ōnis. f. a cruel killing, massacring, or murdering.
 Trōcido, āre, āvi, ātum. act. cruelty to slay; to murder; to kill; to assassinate; to massacre; utterly to undo; to eat; to feed upon.
 Trōcūlenter, adv. cruelly, crabbedly, sullenly, grimly, barbarously.
 Trōculentia, m. f. boisterousness, cruelty, savageness.
 Trōculentus, a, um. adj. [a trux] cruel, fierce, savage, barbarous, churlish, crabbed in look, fell, grim, sullen; clownish, rustic, ill-bred.

Trūles, is. f. an instrument to thrust down things with; a waiter's pole.
 Trūdo, ēre, ai, sum. act. to thrust; to push; to jog; to juggle; to shove forward; to drive.
 Trulla, m. f. dim. [a trua, qu. truvula] a vessel; a cup; a trowel; a pan; a tray; a chamber-pot.
 Trulleum, i. n. [a trulla] a bowl or basin to wash one's hands in.
 Trullisatio, ōnis. f. [a seq.] a laying on mortar with a trowel.
 Trullisio, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [a trulla] to lay on plaster or mortar with a trowel.
 Trunco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a truncus] to cut shorter; to cut in pieces; to maim; to chop off.
 Trunculus, i. m. dim. a little stock or stem.
 Truncus, a, um. adj. cut short; maimed, mangled; imperfect; wanting, deficient.
 Truncus, i. m. a stump, stock, or body of a tree without the boughs; a body without a head; a blockish or stupid creature.
 Trūsāllis, is, e. adj. that may be turned or driven about with a man's hand.
 Trūsio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a seq.] to thrust through.
 Trūsio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a trudo] to thrust often.
 Trūtina, m. f. the hole in which the tongue of the scales moves; a pair of scales, or a great pair of balances or weights; a diligent examining or considering, good advice, judgment.
 Trūtior, āri, ātus. dep. to weigh; to examine; to consider well and thoroughly of a thing.
 Trux, ūcis. adj. rough; cruel, fierce, fell, grim, savage.
 Tryblum v. Tryblion, ii. n. a kind of vessel, a saucer.
 Trychnus, i. f. nightshade.
 Trygion, i. n. a kind of ink made of the dregs of wine.
 Trygon, ōnis. m. a kind of poisonous sea-fish.
 Tryxālis, is. f. a cricket.
 Tu, tui, pron. thou.
 Tuāpte sponte, of thine own accord.
 Tuātim, adv. after thine own fashion or custom.
 Tuba, m. f. a trumpet; a trumpeter, a stirrer up, a sower; heroic poetry.
 Tuber, ēris. n. [a tumeo] a puff growing in the ground like a mushroom or toad-stool; a bunch; a sore bump, a bile;

a knob or knot in a tree; an excrescence.
 Tuber, ēris. f. a kind of tree bearing fruit of the same name.
 Tuber, ēris. m. the fruit of the tuber-tree.
 Tuberellum, i. n. dim. [a tuber] a little swelling or puff; a pimple or wheal.
 Tuberōsus, a, um. adj. bumping out.
 Tūbicen, iāis. m. [ex tuba et cano] a trumpeter.
 Tūbillistrum, ii. n. a solemn time, when they went with trumpets.
 Tūbillātus, a, um. adj. [a seq.] made hollow like a pipe.
 Tūbūlus, i. m. a little hollow pipe; a stove or chimney.
 Tūburcinor v. Tūbuccinor, āri, ātus. dep. to eat greedily; to gobble; to cram; to stuff out the cheeks.
 Tūbus, i. m. a conduit-pipe; any hollow body, a tube, a faucet.
 Tūctum, i. n. a kind of meat made of pork or beef chopped, or other stuff; a sausage, a haggis, minced like pie meat, mingled with suet; a gigot.
 Tūdicūla, m. f. dim. [a tudes] a little beetle to bruise the olives at the press.
 Tūditio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a tudes] to labour; to work; to stir; to thump; to beat with a hammer, &c.
 Tūeor, ēri, tūtus et tūtus. dep. to see; to behold; to look steadfastly; to defend; to assist; to protect; to be defended; to keep; to maintain; to uphold; to keep in repair.
 Tūgūrum, ii. n. a cottage, a hut, a shepherd's cot or shed; a lodge; a kennel.
 Tūlio, ōnis. f. [a tūeor] defending or safe keeping; defence, tuition.
 Tullianum, i. n. [a Tullio rege] a place in the common prison built by king Tullius.
 Tum, adv. then, at that time; moreover, afterwards, in fine.
 Tum, conj. [post cum, vel post se] and, also.
 Tūmefācio, ēre, fāci, factum. act. to make to swell; to puff up.
 Tūmefactus, a, um. part. made to swell; swollen; puffed up.
 Tūmens, tis. part. [a tumeo] swelling, swollen; puffed up; angry.
 Tūmeo, ēre, mul. —. neut. to swell; to grow big; to rise; to overflow; to be puffed up; to wax proud, stately, and lofty; to strut; to increase; to burst out.

Tumesco, cäre, —. Incept. [a tumeo] to swell; to burst.
Tumidus, a, um. adj. [a tumeo] swollen, puffed up; big, protuberant; proud, lofty, haughtily, stately; fierce; testy, hasty.
Tumor, öris. m. [a tumeo] aumor, a bump or bunch; a swelling; loftiness, pride, haughtiness; anger; the pinch or crisis.
Tumulätus, a, um. part. in-tombus, buried.
Tumulo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [a tumulus] to bury; to intomb; to inter.
Tumulöus, a, um. adj. [a tumulus] full of hillocks or knaps.
Tumultuüm est, impers. there was a commotion.
Tumultuösus, a, um. adj. done in haste or in a hurry; hasty, disorderly.
Tumultuatio, önis. f. a bustling or hurrying, a disturbance.
Tumultuätus, a, um. adj. making a tumult.
Tumultuor, äri. ätus. dep. to make a tumult; to raise broil; to storm; to trouble one's self. Pass. to be in an uproar; to hurry and bustle; to mutiny.
Tumultuöus, adv. in a hurry.
Tumultuösus, a, um. adj. full of trouble, tumultuous, seditious, mutinous; stormy, rough and hoisterous.
Tumultus, üs. [et ant. l.] m. tumult, trouble, bustle, disturbance, hurly-burly; sedition, insurrection, uproar or mutiny; any irregular or disorderly action.
Tumulus, i. m. a hillock; a knap, lump, or heap of earth; any raised place; a tomb, grave, or sepulchre.
Tunc, adv. then, at that time.
Tundo, äre, tütüdi, tunsum. act. to beat; to smite; to bang; to beat in a mortar; to thresh; to play on; to weary by repeating often; to stupefy.
Tunica, æ. f. a man's waistcoat or jacket, a tunic; a woman's under garment; a shift, a smock; a wrapper for wares; a peel, a skin; a rind; a short coat of mail; the bag of an imposthume; the membrane or coat of the eye.
Tunicatus, a, um. adj. coated; clad in a vest or waistcoat; having the peel on, unpeeled.
Tunicula, æ. f. dim. [a tunica] a little coat, a jacket, a petticoat, a smicket; a tunic, as of the eye.
Tunus, a, um. part. et adj. beaten; threshed.
Tuopte ingenio, of your own hand.

Tuor, tui, tutus v. tutus. dep. to look; to behold; to view.
Turba, æ. f. a multitude, a rabble, a rout; trouble, bustle, debate; business; divers kinds.
Turbamentum, i. n. [a turba] trouble, mutiny.
Turbasit, pro Turbaverit.
Turbator, öris. m. [a turba] a troubler or disturber; a disquietor, a multineer.
Turbatrix, icis. f. a female disturber.
Turbatur, impers. [a turbo] there is a bustle or hurly-burly.
Turbatus, a, um. part. et adj. troubled, disturbed, disordered, ruffled.
Turbella, al. Turbella, æ. f. dim. [a turba] a little trouble, a bustle or stir.
Turbile, adv. with trouble, seditionously.
Turbidus, a, um. adj. [a turba] muddy, thick, foggy; troublous, troublesome; vexed, angry; haughty, proud; menacing, terrible.
Turbidatio, önis. f. the fashioning of a thing broad above and small beneath, like a top.
Turbidatus, a, um. adj. coped like a top, broad above and small beneath.
Turbineus, a, um. adj. [a turbo] mis of or belonging to a storm or boisterous wind; a whirling round.
Turbo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [a turba] to disorder; to embroil; to confound; to trouble; to disturb; to make a bustle; to discompose.
Turbo v. Turben, inis. m. a whirling; a turning round; a whirlwind, storm, or boisterous wind; a whirlpool; the roundle or winding of a serpent; a top, a gig, a nun; a whirligig; a wheel which magicians use; any thing that is broad above and sharp beneath, like a top; fury, rage; giddiness, danger.
Turbulente, adv. in a hurry, with trouble, mutinously.
Turbulenter, adv. turbulently.
Turbulentus, a, um. adj. muddy; troublesome, seditious, mutinous, factious, turbulent.
Turula, æ. f. a thrush.
Turdarium, ii. n. a place where thrushes are kept to be fatted.
Turdulus, i. m. a little black-bird or thrush.
Turdus, i. m. a thrush, a thro-tle, an ouzel or blackbird; a spotted fish, lying among stones and rocks.
Turgeo, äre, äi, —. neut. to swell; to puff up; to grow big; to strut; to be angry at one; to be in a chafe.

Turgesco, cäre, —. Incept. to swell up; to grow big; to swell for anger.
Turgidulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat swollen or blown up.
Turgidus, a, um. adj. swollen or puffed up; strutting, bumping up, protuberant.
Turio, önis. m. [a tyro] the tendril or young branch of a tree.
Turma, æ. f. a troop, a company of horsemen.
Turnale, adv. warlike.
Turnäles, ium. m. pl. those of the same troop.
Turnilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a troop or troopers and horsemen.
Turnäim, adv. by troops or bands.
Turpiculus, a, um. adj. dim. [a turpis] somewhat foul or filthy.
Turpiscatus, a, um. adj. made filthy, soiled.
Turpilucricipidus, a, um. adj. covetous of dishonest gain.
Turpis, is, e. adj. nasty, filthy, unclean, foul; deformed; vast, huge; shameful, base, dishonourable, disgraceful.
Turpiter, adv. shamefully, disgracefully; unsightly, abominably, slovenly; dishonestly, basely, infamously, ingloriously.
Turpitudö, önis. f. dishonesty; baseness, meanness; ugliness, foulness, slovenliness.
Turpo, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to defile; to bewray; to disgrace; to deface; to disgrace; to disparage.
Turricula, æ. f. dim. [a turris] a little tower; a box to throw dice out of.
Turrifer, ära, ärum. adj. that bears a tower.
Turriger, ära, ärum. adj. bearing towers.
Turris, is. f. a tower or any thing like it; a turret; any fortified place.
Turritus, a, um. adj. [a turris] towered, turreted, or full of towers; high as a tower; that carries turrets on his back.
Tursio, önis. m. a fish like a dolphin; a sturgeon or porpoise.
Turtur, üria. m. a bird called a turtle; a flat fish with a venomous tail.
Turdillus, al. Turdillus, i. m. a coward, a hen-hearted fellow.
Türunda, æ. f. a pellet of bread, dough, or paste, wherewith capons are crammed; a tent which chirurgeons put into wounds.
Tussicula, æ. f. dim. [a tussis] a little cough.

Tusallāgo, gnis. *f. goat's foot or colt's foot.*
Tussiens, tis. *part. coughing, troubled with a cough.*
Tussio, ire, tvi, stum. *neut. to cough.*
Tussis, is. *f. a cough.*
Tūsus, a, um. *part. [a tundo] bruised, beaten, or stamped.*
Tūtinen, inis. *n. [a tutor] a defence, safeguard, or protection; a support.*
Tūtamentum, i. *n. protection, defence, security.*
Tūte, adv. *safely.*
Tūte, c. g. *pron. [a tu et te] thou, thyself, thine own self.*
Tūtēla, m. *f. [a tueur] defence, protection; maintenance, keeping; wardship, guardianship; a fence or hedge about a ground; the preserving or keeping of houses in repair; a figure in the prow or stem of a ship; a genius.*
Tūtēlarius, ii. *m. a guard; a warden.*
Tūto, adv. *[a tutus] safely, securely.*
Tūto, ēre, āvi, stum. *freq. to defend; to secure.*
Tūtōr, āri, stus. *dep. [a tueur] to defend and keep safe.*
Tūtōr, ōris. *m. a tutor, patron, defender, protector; a guardian.*
Tūtōrius, a, um. *adj. of or belonging to a guardian or tutor.*
Tūtūlātus, a, um. *adj. indutus tutulo.*
Tūtūlus, i. *m. a woman's roll; the peak or tuft of a priest's cap; a tower.*
Tūtus, a, um. *adj. [a tueur] safe, out of danger, secure.*
Tūs, a, um. *pron. poss. et adj. [a tu] thy, thine; thine own; belonging to thee; favourable, seasonable.*
Tūs, i. *m. a chestnut, a row.*
Tūbos, i. *m. a tomb or funeral pile.*
Tūpnicus, a, um. *adj. that was a tympany.*
Tūpnites, m. *m. a tympany or kind of dropsey; a rising of wind.*
Tūpnium, i. *n. a jewel in the orm of a tympanum.*
Tūpnitō, ēre, āvi, stum. *act. to play upon a drum, tabor, or timbrel.*
Tūpnitōria, m. *c. g. a drummer; an idle effeminate companion.*
Tūpnium, i. *n. a timbrel, tabor, or drum; the compass of a cart wheel; the covering of a wagon or cart; a water-mill wheel; a certain fashion of platters or broad vessels; the pannel of a pillar or gate; an engine to bear up buildings;*

the great wheel of a crane, wherewith they lift up any weight.
Tūpnium, i. *n. Vid. Tympanum.*
Typus, i. *m. a type or figure; an example, a form, a likeness; a shadow, a pattern, a mould, a sample; a printer's type.*
Tyrannice, adv. *cruelly, tyrannically, tyrant-like.*
Tyrannicida, m. *c. g. [qui tyrannum occidit] the killer of a tyrant.*
Tyrannicidium, ii. *n. the killing of a tyrant.*
Tyrannicus, a, um. *adj. [a tyrannus] tyrannous, cruel, tyrannical.*
Tyrannis, idis. *f. supreme power, government; tyranny.*
Tyrannocōnos, i. *m. a killer or murderer of a tyrant.*
Tyrannus, i. *m. a king; a tyrant; a usurper.*
Tyrianthinus, a, um. *adj. of a bright violet colour.*
Tyro, ōis. *m. Vid. Tiro.*
Tyrōtarichus, i. *m. a kind of meat made of powdered flesh and cheese; or old cheese full of mites.*
Tyrrhēna vincula, *sandals tied on with purple lace.*

V

VACANS, tis. *part. vacant, uninhabited; at leisure; void, free from, without.*
Vacat, impers. *I am at leisure.*
Vacatio, ōnis. *f. vacation, leisure, exemption, immunity, dispensation, a discharge.*
Vacātūrus, a, um. *part. about to be at leisure or exempt from business.*
Vacca, m. *f. a cow.*
Vaccinium, ii. *n. a blackberry, a bilberry, huckleberry; a violet flower; a shrub with which they dyed purple in France.*
Vaccinus, a, um. *adj. of or belonging to a cow.*
Vaccūla, m. *f. dim. a little cow or heifer.*
Vaccillo, īrl, factus. *neut. pass. to be made or become empty.*
Vaccerra, m. *f. a rail of timber; a post.*
Vaccēdus, a, um. *adj. doltish, simple.*
Vacillans, tis. *part. wagging, wavering; wavering, unsteady;*

staggering, faltering, fainting, drooping.
Vacillatio, ōnis. *f. a wagging or wavering; looseness, staggering.*
Vacillo, ēre, āvi, stum. *neut. to move to and fro; to waggle; to wriggle; to jog; to stagger; to be likely to fall; to fail.*
Vacivitas, itis. *f. want, emptiness; poverty.*
Vacivus, a, um. *adj. empty, void; idle, at leisure.*
Vāco, ēre, āvi, stum. *neut. to be empty or void; to be free; to want; to have need; to be at leisure; to be idle; to mind and study a thing; to be intent; to take pains about it.*
Vacuifacio, ēre, feci, factum. *act. to empty; to lay waste.*
Vacuifactus, a, um. *part. emptied, left; freed, delivered from.*
Vacuitas, itis. *f. emptiness; vacancy; clearness or freedom from a thing.*
Vācuo, ēre, āvi, stum. *act. to empty; to make void or empty; to vacate; to evacuate.*
Vacuum, ui. *n. emptiness, a void place; common or waste ground.*
Vācuus, a, um. *adj. [a vaco] void, vacant; at leisure; at liberty, at freedom; vain, insignificant, empty, addle.*
Vādātūrus, a, um. *part. about to give bail or security.*
Vādātus, a, um. *part. going under sureties; one requiring bail, a plaintiff.*
Vādimonium, ii. *n. [a vadibus] a promise or bond; a recognisance, a day of appearance.*
Vādo, ēre, āi, sum. *neut. to march; to move.*
Vādor, āri, stus. *dep. [a vas, vadis] to put in sureties for appearance; to give bail; to engage; to pass one's word; to defend a suit.*
Vādōsus, a, um. *adj. full of, fords or shallow places, full of shelves.*
Vālum, i. *n. a ford or shallow; the sea; a bottom.*
Vae, interj. *alas! woe to; as upon.*
Vāfer, fra, frum. *adj. crafty, witty, cunning, sly, arch, subtle, evasive.*
Vāframentum, i. *n. a subtle device or trick; a wile, a cunning, fetch, a quirk; an intrigue; a subterfuge.*
Vāfre, adv. *cunningly, craftily, subtly, evasively.*
Vāfritas, m. *f. ei Vāfrities, ei. f. craftiness, slyness, cunning, shrewdness, wiliness, subtlety.*
Vāgatio, ōnis. *f. a straying, straggling, jaunting, gadding.*

- rambling, strolling, or roving about.
- Vāgātus, a, um. part. having wandered.
- Vāge, adv. wanderingly, scatteringly, vagrantly.
- Vāginu, æ. f. a scabbard, a sheath, a case; the hose or cod of corn.
- Vāginūla, æ. f. dim. a little sheath or scabbard; a little hose or cod of corn.
- Vāgio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to cry as an infant.
- Vāgius, ūs. m. the crying of young children; the screaming of a patient under the surgeon's hand.
- Vāgor, āri, ātus. dep. to wander; to stray; to straggle; to go from side to side; to gad; to ramble; to rove up and down; to fluctuate; to be unsteady; to digress; to expatiate.
- Vāgus, a, um. adj. wandering, roving, gadding, moving up and down; running at random, out of course; unsteady; rambling, excursive.
- Vah, interj. hoida, bravely! O rare! out upon it!
- Vaha, interj. ha, ha!
- Valde, adv. very much, greatly, egregiously, earnestly; much more.
- Vale, impers. farewell, adieu.
- Valedico, ēre, dixi, dictum. act. to bid farewell or adieu; to take his leave of one.
- Vālenis, tis. part. et adj. strong, mighty, valiant, able; in good health; of great force, prevalent, efficacious, available; nourishing.
- Vāleniter, adv. ius. comp. strongly, valiantly, valiantly.
- Vālentillus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat strong, of some small force.
- Vāleo, ēre, lui, litum. neut. to be strong; to be in health; to be easy in mind; to profit; to avail; to do good; to be of authority, force, or power; to be in force; to be put in execution; to tend; to signify; to mean; to be worth.
- Vālesco, ēre, —. incept. to become strong; to grow; to get strength.
- Vāleitudinārium, ii. n. an infirmary or hospital for sick folk.
- Vāleitudinarius, a, um. adj. sickly, indisposed, subject to sickness, often sick.
- Vāleūdo, dinis. f. a constitution, a state of body or mind; health; sickness, illness, pain, a disease; bluntness, sauciness, petulance; frenzy, distraction.
- Vālatur, impers. people are well.
- Valgiter, adv. with a wry mouth.
- Valgus, a, um. adj. bow-legged, having his legs bowed outward, handy-legged, shambling.
- Valide, adv. lustily, vigorously, stoutly, strongly, much.
- Validus, a, um. adj. [a valeo] sturdy, lusty, stout, able, mighty; well in health; valid; strong, well fortified; furnished, provided; stout, valiant; brisk; active, lively, crank, vigorous; great, much.
- Vallaris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a trench or bulwark.
- Vallatus, a, um. part. fenced, walled, entrenched, encompassed.
- Vallis, is. f. v. Valles, a valley or dale.
- Vallo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to inclose; to trench about; to trench; to fence; to fortify.
- Vallum, i. n. a trench, a fence, a wall, a bulwark or rampart with palisades; Dim. [a vannus] a van.
- Vallus, i. m. a palisado, a long spar of timber, a stake whereunto vines are bound; a stake or post sharpened at one end; [a vannus] a little fan; a trench, a rampart.
- Valvæ, ārum. f. pl. doors or gates which shut and open on both sides; folding doors.
- Valvatus, a, um. adj. [a valvæ] having folding doors.
- Valvulus, i. m. the shell or coat of peas, beans, &c.
- Vānesco, cēro, —. incept. to wear off; to vanish; to come to nought.
- Vānilicus, a, um. adj. a vain talker, a liar.
- Vānilloquētia, æ. f. vain talking, prattle, rant.
- Vānilloquus, a, um. adj. that talks vainly.
- Vānilus, ātis. f. emptiness; vanity, boasting; inconstancy; falsehood; pride, ambition, flattery.
- Vannus, i. f. a seed-hopper; a van or fan to winnow corn with.
- Vānus, a, um. adj. vain, empty; useless, to no end; foolish, trifling, silly; false, treacherous, lying.
- Vāpide, adv. with an ill smack or savour; dully, ill.
- Vāpidus, a, um. adj. ill tasted, musty, rotten, flat, dull, stinking.
- Vāpor, ōris. m. a vapour, a hot and moist exhalation, steam; heat, drought; fire.
- Vāporārium, ii. n. a stew or stove; a dry bath to sweat in.
- Vāporatio ōnis. f. a reeking, steaming, or casting of vapours.
- Vāporatus, a, um. part. exhausted, dried up with heat; hot, scorched.
- Vāporifer v. Vāporiferus, a, um. adj. that makes or stirs up vapours or steams.
- Vāporo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to send out vapours; to evaporate; to smoke; to be scorched; to heat or make warm with steam; to dry up; to perfume.
- Vāpos, ōris. m. vapour.
- Vappa, æ. f. palled wine, dead drink, poor tip; a senseless fellow, a spendthrift, an idle companion.
- Vāpularis, is, e. adj. that is beaten, a beating-stock.
- Vāpulo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be beaten, scourged, or whipped.
- Vāra, æ. f. a net-shore, little forks whereon nets are set up; a rafter or transom.
- Vāri, ōrum. m. pl. pits or marks made by the small pox or measles; red pimples or specks in the face.
- Vārie, ārum. f. pl. a kind of streaked panther.
- Vāriāne ūm, sive vites, grapes which oft change colour.
- Vārianus, tis. part. varying, changing; of diverse colours or fashions; changeable, inconstant, variable; separating.
- Vāriantia, æ. f. variety, changeableness, variance.
- Vāriatio, ōnis. f. a varying, a changing, variation.
- Vāriatur, impers. there is a difference.
- Vāriatus, a, um. part. varied, changed; wrought diversely or with different colours; spotted.
- Vārico, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to go straddling; to overpass carelessly.
- Vāricor, āri, ātus. dep. to go straddling.
- Vāricosus, a, um. adj. having large veins; dropsical.
- Vāricūla, æ. f. dim. a little swollen vein.
- Vāricus, a, um. adj. straddling or fetching long strides.
- Vārie, adv. variously, in diverse manners, sometimes one way, sometimes another.
- Vārietas, ātis. f. variety, diversity, difference; a vicissitude or change; mutability, inconstancy.
- Vārio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to draw forth or be of divers colours; to mix; to streak; to vary; to change; to alter; to diversify; to inlay; to

chequer; to interlace; to speak or write differently; to differ; to disagree.

Vārius, a, um. *adj.* changeable; of diverse colours or fashions; spotted, speckled; diverse, sundry, various; inconstant.

Vārix, icis. m. a crooked vein swelling with melancholy, especially in the legs.

Varrus et Vārus, i. m. a hunter's fork or stake to bear up nets and hays.

Vārus, a, um. *adj.* having crooked legs which bend inward, crooked, mis-shapen, scrambling, uneven; various, unlike; open to embrace or clasp.

Vārus, i. m. a spot, speckle, or speck in the face; a small pock, measles, or pimple.

Vas, vādis. m. a surety or bail; a pledge or hostage.

Vas, vāsis. n. contr. a vasum; unde in pl. *Vāsa*, ōrum. any kind of vessel or household goods; all kind of instruments for use. *Vasa*, in plur. the vessels.

Vasarium, ii. n. a cupboard; a room; a chamber; a provision of furniture or money, &c.

Vasculārius, ii. m. a workman that makes any sort of vessels.

Vasculum, i. n. dim. a little vessel; a privy member.

Vastatio, ōnis. f. a wasting, desolating, pillaging, destroying, or laying waste.

Vastator, ōris. m. a waster or spoiler.

Vastatrix, icis. f. she that wastes or destroys.

Vastātus, a, nm. part. laid waste, made desolate; spoiled, bereaved.

vaste, adv. hugely, vastly, forcibly; widely.

vastificus, a, um. *adj.* that destroys or lays waste.

vastitas, itis. f. hugeness, bigness, vast extent; excessiveness, strength; destruction, desolation, ravage.

Vasto, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. *act.* to waste; to destroy; to spoil; to lay waste; to ravage; to plunder; to make havoc; to dilapidate; to vex; to torment; to bereave.

Vastus, a, um. *adj.* waste, desolate, uninhabited, barren; huge, big, wide, broad, large, enormous; burly, clumsy, ill-favoured; gaping, unpleasant; insatiable, outrageously covetous.

Vates, is. c. g. a prophet or prophesier; a poet or poetess; an interpreter; one well skilled in a profession.

Vaticinatio, ōnis. f. a foretell-

ing, a prophesying or sooth-saying; a prophecy; a divination.

Vaticinātor, ōris. m. a foreteller of things to come; a sooth-sayer.

Vaticinium, ii. n. a prophecy or foretelling; a presage.

Vaticinor, ōri, ōtus. *dep.* to prophesy; to divine; to foretell; to guess; to talk idly or frantically.

Vaticinus et Vaticinūs, a, um. *adj.* of or belonging to prophesying or to such as prophesy; prophetic.

Vātus, a, um. *adj.* having legs bowed inward, bow-legged.

Uber, ōris. n. scrib. et Huber, a nipple, a teat; a pap, an udder; fatness, fruitfulness.

Uber, ōris. *adj.* [a prmc.] fruitful, plentiful, fertile; abundant, copious.

Uberius, adv. comp. *Vid.* Uber-tim.

Ūbēro, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. [ab uber] *Act.* to make plentiful and fruitful; to fatten. *Neut.* to be fruitful and plentiful; to be abundant.

Ubertas, itis. f. fertility, fruitfulness; abundance, plenty, store; glut.

Ubertim, adv. *ius*, com. *errime*, sup. plentifully, abundantly, copiously.

Ubi, adv. *where*, in what place; *where?* *when*; *whence*; after that, as soon as.

Ubique, adv. *wheresoever*, in what place soever; *whenever*.

Ubilibet, adv. *wheresoever* you please.

Ubina, adv. *where* or *in what place?*

Ubique, adv. *in every place*, *everywhere*; *universally*, with regard to every thing.

Ubique, pro Ubiqueque, adv. *whenever*, in what place soever; in any case, upon any condition.

Ubique, adv. *anywhere*; in any matter, in any affair.

Udo, ōnis. m. a linen or woollen sock; a garment to keep off cold; a sock.

Uduus, a, um. *adj.* [contr. ex ūdus] moist, wet, slabby; tipsy, tipsed, fuddled.

ve, conj. or, either.

Vēcordia, ōis. f. madness, dotage, folly, rage, frenzy, senselessness.

Vēcor, dis. *adj.* mad, foolish, doting, out of his wits, frantic.

Vectābilis, is. e. *adj.* that may be carried from one place to another.

Vectārius, a, um. *adj.* [a veho] of or belonging to a chariot,

coach, wagon, or other carriage.

Vectio, ōnis. f. a being borne or carried; a riding or going in a coach; going by water in a boat or ship.

Vectiarius, ii. m. [a vectis] he that turns a wine-press or the like instrument with levers.

Vectigal, ōlis. n. a custom, properly of freight; a toll or subsidy, tax or gabel; a revenue, an income.

Vectigalis, is. e. *adj.* that pays taxes or customs; tributary.

Vectio, ōnis. f. a carrying or portage; a riding on horse-back.

Vectis, is. m. a bar or spar; a lever; a betty or engine.

Vectus, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. *freq.* [a veho] to carry often.

Vector, ōris. m. [a veho] a bearer, a carrier; a passenger in a ship; a waterman, a mariner.

Vectōrius, a, um. *adj.* fit to carry, serving for carriage.

Vectūra, ōis. f. carriage, portage; money paid for carriage; bottom or freight money; a fare.

Vectus, a, um. part. carried conveyed.

Vēgo, ōre, gui, —. *Neut.* to be lusty and strong or sound and whole. *Act.* to make brisk or mettlesome; to refresh; to move; to stir up.

Vēgētus, a, um. *adj.* quick, fresh, lively, lusty, sound, agile, alert, brisk, crank, pert, flourishing, vigorous; fine, reasonable.

Vēgrandia, is. e. *adj.* great and ill proportioned; lean, thin, meagre, lank, slim.

Veha, ōis. f. a highway for common carriage; a cart, a wagon.

Vehēmens, tis. *adj.* immoderate; vehement, impetuous, earnest, hasty, speedy; fierce; stout, firm, strong; violent, unruly; serviceable, effectual.

Vehēmenter, adv. vehemently, eagerly, earnestly, impetuously; mightily, exceedingly; extremely, egregiously.

Vehēmentia, ōis. f. vehemency, earnestness, impetuosity, strongness, or rankness.

Vehes v. **Vehis**, is. f. a cart or wain; load of any thing.

Vehiculum, i. n. a car, wain, or wagon; a coach or chariot; a vehicle.

Veho, ōre, xi, ctum. *Act.* to carry in any manner of way; to convey by land or by water. *Neut.* to be carried; to travel; to ride.

Veiētina, ōis. f. a precious stone found near Vei in Italy.

Vel, conj. or. **Vel**, vel, either—or; both—and; particularly, especially; even; even as; at least; and.

Vellēdrensis, is, e. adj. belonging to a place in Rome that had booths in it.

Vellēdrum, i. n. a place in Rome, where they had shops and booths to sell oil, cheese and other things.

Vellēmēn, is, n. a covering, a garment, a veil, carpet, or coverlet; the skin of a beast; the bag, skin, or bladder of any swelling or imposthume.

Vellēmētum, i. n. a garment, a covering of any thing, a branch of olive tied with ribbons.

Vellēria, ūm, pl. n. sail cloths on the top of the theatre, to keep out the weather.

Vellēris, is, e. adj. pertaining to a veil, sail, or curtain.

Vellēne, a, um, part. covered; clothed; veiled; decked, adorned.

Vellēs, is, m. a soldier wearing light harness, a skirmisher, a dragoon.

Vellēs, ēra, ūm, adj. that bears or carries sails.

Vellēsitiō, ōnis, f. a hoisting up or making sail; a voyage or course.

Vellēsitus, a, um, part. Act. sailing. Pass. sailed over.

Vellēsico, āre, ēvi, ātum, act. et **Vellēsicor**, āri, ātus, dep. [vela facio] to hoist up or spread sail; to sail forth; to pass along by water; to seek after; to court.

Vellēsicus, a, um, adj. performed with sails spread or displayed.

Vellēsaris, is, e. adj. [a velles] belonging to light horsemen.

Vellēsitiō, ōnis, f. a skirmishing; a quarreling or bickering in words.

Vellēsitor, āri, ātus, dep. to skirmish; to brawl or bicker in words.

Vellēsivlana, tis, part. running, and as it were flying, with full sails.

Vellēsivlus, a, um, adj. that goes or is gone upon with sails.

Vellēsūra, ē, f. a carrying or conveying.

Vellēsūlo, ōnis, f. a plucking, a nipping, a twitching; a carping, a depraving.

Vellēsūtus, ūs, m. a plucking.

Vellēsio, āre, ēvi, ātum, act. [a vellio] to pluck; to tug; to twitch; to pinch; to pull off hair or feathers; to peck; to nip; to carp; to taunt; to rail.

Vellio, āre, li et vellei, laum, act.

to pull; to pluck; to tug; to pinch; to gnaw; to tear away.

Vellēmīna, **Vellēmīna**, **Vellēmīna**, v. **Vellēmīna**, um, n. pl. fleece-wool wound.

Vellēs, ēris, n. a fleece of wool; the skin of a beast; the leaves of a tree; a thin bright cloud like a fleece.

Vello, āre, ēvi, ātum, act. to cover; to veil; to hide; to clothe; to adorn; to bind; to tie; to muffle.

Velocitas, ātis, f. swiftness, agility, rapidity, nimbleness.

Velociter, adv. swiftly, nimbly, lightly, rapidly, speedily.

Velox, ōcis, adj. swift, quick, nimble, fleet, rapid; speedy, hasty, ready.

Velum, i. n. a veil, curtain, or hanging; a sail.

Velut, adv. like, like as; to wit; for example.

Vellūt, adv. even as.

Vēna, ē, f. a vein; a pulse or artery; the natural disposition or humour; a vein or genius; a vein of the earth; the grain of wood; a vein of stone, metal, &c.; the bubbling or rising up of water.

Venābūlum, i. n. [a venando] a hunting-pole, a hunter's staff, a boar-spear.

Venālis, is, e. adj. to be sold, set to sale, venal; that may be bought or prevailed on by money to do any thing; a slave.

Venālīter, adv. saleably, vendibly, in a venal manner.

Venālītium, i. n. the company of slaves, that are to be sold.

Venālītus, a, um, adj. pertaining to sale or that which is bought and sold; set to sale, dealing in slaves.

Venālītus, ii. m. one dealing in slaves.

Venātīcus, a, um, adj. pertaining to hunting.

Venātio, ōnis, f. a hunting, a chasing; venison or beasts hunted.

Venātor, ōris, m. a hunter, a huntsman; a tracer, a searcher, an inquirer.

Venātōria, a, um, adj. of or belonging to hunting; or to a huntsman.

Venātrix, icis, f. a huntress.

Venātūra, ē, f. a hunting.

Venātus, a, um, part. having hunted.

Venātus, ūs, m. hunting or chasing; fishing.

Vendax, ācis, adj. a great seller or that sells gladly.

Vendibilis, is, e. adj. vendible, saleable, easy to be sold; plausible, passable, that will go off.

Venditārius, a, um, adj. desirous to be sold.

Venditātio, ōnis, f. a bragging, vaunting, boasting, or making a show; pageantry, ostentation.

Venditātor, ōris, m. a bragger or boaster.

Venditio, ōnis, f. a selling or sale; a vent.

Vendito, āre, ēvi, ātum, freq. [a vendo] to desire to sell; to set to sale; to brag; to boast; to vaunt.

Venditor, ōris, m. a seller.

Vendo, ēre, didi, ditum, act. to sell; to set to sale.

Vēnēfica, ē, f. a sorceress, she that poisons, a witch.

Vēnēficiūm, i. n. a poisoning; sorcery, witchcraft.

Vēnēficus, a, um, adj. venomous, poisonous, deadly.

Vēnēficus, i. m. a sorcerer, an enchanter, a wizard, a necromancer, a magician; a poisoner; a cheater, an impostor.

Vēnēfarius, ii. m. a poisoner; one who makes or sells poison.

Vēnēfatus, a, um, part. envenomed, poisoned; venomous, poisonous, infectious.

Vēnēfiter, ēra, ūm, adj. bearing poison, venomous.

Vēnēno, āre, ēvi, ātum, act. to envenom; to poison.

Vēnēnum, i. n. any medicine; poison; ointment or paint; a dyeing; a medicine or preparation for embalming; witchcraft, sorcery.

Veneo, ēre, iui et ui, —, neut. to be sold; to set to sale.

Vēnērābilis, is, e. adj. worshipful, venerable.

Vēnērābilitas, adv. reverentially.

Vēnērābundus, a, um, part. in a reverent posture of worship.

Vēnērāndus, a, um, part. to be revered or worshipped; venerable; to be honoured.

Vēnērātio, ōnis, f. veneration, worship, honour, reverence; submission.

Vēnērātor, ōris, m. a worshipper, a reverencer, an adorer.

Vēnērātus, a, um, part. Act. having worshipped. Pass. worshipped, revered, adored.

Vēnēreus et ius, a, um, adj. [a Venere] belonging to Venus; lecherous, venereal.

Vēnērīx, ārum, f. plur. shell-fishes.

Vēnērīs gemma, a kind of amethyst.

Vēnēro, āre, ēvi, ātum, **Vēd.** Veneror.

Vēnēror, āri, ātus, dep. to adore; to worship; to honour; to pray unto. Pass. to be adored.

Vēnētus, a, um. adj. of Venice; dyed in a Venice blue.

Vēnia, m. f. pardon, leave, permission; or license; favour; courtesy.

Vēnicūla, m. f. a kind of grape.

Vēnio, ire, vēni, ventum. neut. to come; to arrive; to go; to be; to accrue; to proceed; to chance; to happen; to come to pass; to spring; to grow.

Vēnitur, impers. they come.

Vēnor, āri, ātus. dep. to hunt; to seek after; to get; to go about to get a thing craftily or anxiously.

Vēnōsus, a, um. adj. full of veins or strings; gouty, swollen, bloated, uneven.

Vēter, tris. m. the belly; any swelling or protuberance like it; the stomach; the womb.

Vētigēnus, a, um. adj. engendering winds and bringing them forth.

Vētilābrum, i. n. [a ventilo] a fan to winnow with.

Vētilātio, ōnis. f. a fanning or winnowing.

Vētilātor, ōris. m. a fanner, a winnower; a juggler, a hocus-pocus.

Vētilātus, a, um. part. blown, fanned.

Vētilo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a ventus] to blow; to fan; to winnow; to flourish before; to blow the coals; to excite.

Vētilo, īre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a venio] to come often; to haunt; to go often.

Vētiōsus, a, um. adj. windy, full of wind; exposed to the wind; light or swift; inconstant.

Vētrāle, is. n. an apron or other garment for the belly.

Vētricōsus, a, um. adj. digbellied.

Vētriculus, i. m. dim. the stomach; a little belly; the ventricle.

Vētricōsus, Vētrōsus v. Vētrōsus, a, um. adj. gorbellied; round and prominent.

Vēntillus, i. m. dim. a little wind.

Vēnus, i. m. the wind; a storm, a tempest; empty air, applause.

Vēnicūla, m. f. al. Venicula, Venuncula et Veniuncula, a grape which being put into pots, keeps a long time.

Vēnicūlum, i. n. [sc. far] a kind of wheat.

Vēnilla, m. f. dim. [a vena] a small vein.

Vēnum, i. n. v. Venus, ūs. m. a sale, a thing sold or purchased. Venum, supin. verb. veneo, to be sold.

Vēnūdātus, a, um. part. sold.

Vēnūdo, īre, dādi, dātum. act. to expose to sale; to sell.

Vēnus, ēris. f. the goddess of love and beauty; love; lust; ventry; a mistress, a sweetheart; a lustful woman; the morning star; a charm, a temptation; comeliness, a grace in countenance or behaviour; becomingness; a cast or chance at cockal, a play with four bones, when every one turns up a several face.

Vēnustas, ātis. f. fineness, slightness, comeliness; an air, amiableness, beauty, elegance, gracefulness, loveliness; a grace and becomingness in speech and utterance; felicity, good fortune.

Vēnuste, adv. with a grace, handsomely, becomingly; amiably, beautifully, prettily, elegantly; happily, luckily.

Vēnustulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat fair, handsome, or comely; prettily.

Vēnustus, a, um. adj. [a Venus, ut ab onus, onustus] comely, graceful, genteel, amiable, lovely; fine, gallant, pleasant.

Vēprēcūla, m. f. dim. [a vepres] a little briar or bramble.

Vēpres, is. m. a briar or bramble.

Vēprētum, i. n. a place full of briars, a bramble-bush.

Ver, vāris. n. the spring-time.

Vērārum, i. n. an herb called hellebore.

Vērax, ācis. adj. true of speech.

Vērascum, i. n. petty mullein, wool-blade, torch-weed, or high-taper; lungwort.

Vērbena, m. f. the herb vervain; all sacred leaves.

Vērbēnāca, m. f. vervain.

Vērbēnārius, a, um. adj. one carrying the sagmina, or vervena.

Vērbēnātus, a, um. adj. crowned and adorned with vervain and other sacred herbs.

Verber, āris. n. a wand to beat with; a scourge, a whip; a stripe, a blow, a lash or jerk; a stroke, blow, or bang; a blast of wind; a check, taunt, or reproach.

Verberābilis, is, e. adj. that may be beaten or is worthy to be beaten.

Verberātio, ōnis. f. a beating, a striking; a reproof, reprimand, or check.

Verberātus, a, um. part. stricken, pelted, beaten, banged; teased, stummed.

Verberātus, ūs. m. a beating, a dashing against; an impulsion or moving.

Verbēreus, a, um. adj. worthy

of beating; that deserves beating or to be well banged.

Verbēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a verber] to whip; to lash; to beat; to strike; to bang; to batter; to strike against; to raise and chide; to check; to reprove.

Verbēro, ōnis. m. a person worthy to be beaten or that is often beaten; a rogue, a rascal.

Verbōse, adv. copiously, with many words; at large.

Verbōsus, a, um. adj. full of words, talkative, verbose.

Verbum, i. n. a word; talk, prating; a speech, a saying; a proverb or old saw; a verb.

Verba, words only, not realities.

Vēre, adv. indeed, verily; justly.

Vērēcunde, adv. lus. comp. shamefacedly, bashfully, modestly.

Vērēcundia, m. f. bashfulness, shamefacedness, demureness, modesty; a reverent regard.

Vērēcundor, āri, ātus. dep. to be ashamed; to be bashful and modest.

Vērēcundus, a, um. adj. [a verēor] shamefaced, bashful, modest, demure; red, ruddy.

Vērēdus, i. m. a post-horse, a hunting-nag.

Vērēnda, ōrum. n. pl. [sc. loca] the privity parts of a man or woman.

Vērēndus, a, um. part. to be feared or revered; reverend, awful.

Vēreor, ēri, itus. dep. to reverence; to fear; to be in fear of.

Vērētrēscillum v. Vērētrēscillum, i. n. dim. a

Vērētrum, i. n. a man's or woman's privity part.

Vergilia, ōrum. f. pl. [quod vere exoriuntur] the seven stars.

Vergo, ēre, si, sum. neut. to decline; to bend, lie, or look toward; to sink. Act. to pour out.

Vēridicus, a, um. adj. speaking truth, divine.

Vērāsimilis, is, e. adj. likely, credible.

Vērāsimilitudo, dīnis. f. likelihood or probability; the true likeness of a thing; life, nature.

Vēritas, ātis. f. truth, verity; the truth, what is true.

Vēritus, a, um. part. [a verēor] that has feared or doubted.

Vermen, inis. n. unde Vermina, plur. the griping of the guts.

Vermiculāte, adv. like worms.

Vermiculatio, ōnis. f. worm-eating, or the breeding of worms

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in fruit or tree; the griping of the guts.
Vermiculatus, a, um. part. infested with worms; inlaid, wrought with chequer-work or with small pieces of diverse colours.
Vermicilor, *āri*, *ātus*. dep. to breed or bring forth worms; to be worm-eaten; to make chequer-work, &c.
Vermiculus, i, m. dim. a little worm, a grub.
Vermiculor, *ōnis*. f. a breeding of worms or bots; a wringing of the guts; any acute or pinching pain.
Vermio, *are*, *āvī*, *ātum*. neut. to be troubled with worms; to breed worms; to ache; to prick; to shoot; to pain.
Vermineus, a, um. adj. full of worms, troubled with worms, worm-eaten.
Vermis, is. m. a worm, a grub; vermin.
Verna, *æ*. c. g. a bondsmen or bondswoman; one born in the house; a bondslave; the same with *Vernaculus*.
Vernaculus, a, um. adj. [a *verna*] that is born in one's house, that belongs to the country where one lives or where one is born; proper and peculiar to the country; petulant, scoffing.
Vernaculus, i. m. a rude scoff-fer.
Vernāfter, adv. like a bondslave, rudely or soothing; parasitically.
Vernatio, *ōnis*. f. [a *verno*] a renewing or growing again; the old skin or slough which the snake casts off.
Vernilis, is. e. adj. fawning; servile; like a slave, scoffing, waucy.
Vernilitas, *ātis*. f. servile carriage, scurrility, saucy language; affected civility.
Verno, absol. in the spring-time.
Verno, *ūre*, *āvī*, *ātum*. neut. [a *vernus*] to be verdant; to flourish; to spring; to grow green; to bud; to sprout out; to sing cheerfully; to swarm; to cast his slough and get a new skin, as the snake does.
Vernūla, *æ*. c. g. dim. a little bondslave or servant.
Vernūlus, a, um. adj. dim. servile, flippant, petulant.
Vernus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the spring-time.
Vero, conj. but, nay, rather, yea truly; adv. indeed, truly, forsooth.
Verpa, *æ*. f. i. s. penis.
Verpus, a, um. adj. circumcised, stripped bare.
Verres, is. m. a boar pig.

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Verruculatus, a, um. adj. *made like a drag-net*.
Verruculum, i. n. a *sweep-net*, a *drag* or *veine*; a *few*.
Verulus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a boar-pig*.
Verru, ēre, ri, ūm. act. *to brush*; *to scour*; *to sweep*; *to make clean*; *to draw along*; *to rake*.
Verruca, æ. f. a *wart*.
Verrucaria, æ. f. the *herb wart-wort* or *turnsole*.
Verrucosus, a, um. adj. *full of warts*, *lumps*, or *hillocks*; *uneven*, *rugged*.
Verrucula, æ. f. dim. a *little wart*.
Verruoco, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. *to change a thing for the better* or *to avert*; *to drive away*.
Versabilis, is, e. adj. *that may be turned and winded*; *unstable*, *inconstant*.
Versabundus, a, um. adj. *about to be turned*.
Versatilis, is, e. adj. *that turns easily*, or *may be turned*; *a. t. or suitable to every thing*.
Versatio, ōnis f. a *turning* or *winding*; a *change*.
Versatus, a, um. part. *turned*, *tumbled*; *stirred about*; *experienced*, *practised*, *versed in a business*; *managed*, *carried on*.
Versicolor, ōris. adj. *omn. gen. changing colour*; *of sundry colours*.
Versiculus, i. m. dim. a *little verse*, a *versicle*; a *line* or *short sentence*.
Versificatio, ōnis. f. a *making of verses*, a *versifying*.
Versificator, ōris. m. a *versifier* or *maker of verses*.
Versifico, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [*versus facio*] *to versify*.
Versipellis, is, e. adj. *that changes his skin* or *form*; *sly*, *wily*, *crafty*, *double-dealing*.
Verso, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. [*a verto*] *to turn often*; *to tumble up and down* or *over and over*; *to stir* or *turn about*; *to drive from place to place*; *to manage*; *to weigh*; *to consider*; *to perplex*; *to tease*; *to fret*.
Versor, āri, ātus. dep. *to be turned*; *to be employed*; *to converse*; *to stay with one*; *to be*.
Versoria, æ. f. a *cord to turn the sail* to the *wind side* or a *rudder to turn the ship*.
Versura, m. f. a *turning*; the *corner of a house* or *walk*.
Versuram facere, *to take up money of one at great interest*; *to pay a debt to another*.
Versus, a, um. part. [*a verto*] *turned*, *changed*; *overturned*,
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ruined, abolished; *propense*, inclined.
Versus, ūs. m. [a *verto*] a turning; a turning round on the toe in dancing; a rank, row, or series; a line; the superscription of a letter; a *versus*; a note or tune; a square plat of ground, a hundred feet every way.
Versus, præp. [a *verto*] *regit acc.* towards.
Versus, adv. towards.
Versute, adv. craftily, cunningly, coarsely.
Versutiloquus, a, um, adj. that talks craftily.
Versutus, a, um, adj. that turns every way; crafty, wily, cunning, evasive, subtle, shifting, quick-witted, ready.
Vertagus, l. m. a hound that will hunt by himself, and bring home his game; a tumbler.
Vertebra, m. f. [a *verto*] any turning joint in the body, a joint in the back-bone.
Vertebratus, a, um, adj. made in the form of a vertebra.
Vertex v. Vortex, Icis. m. [a *verto*] a whirlwind; a whirlpool; a turning round of the water; the top or crown of the head; the head itself; the top of any thing; a pole of the world.
Verticillum i. n. et Verticillus. i. m. a pin or peg of a musical instrument.
Verticordius, a, um, adj. that turns the heart.
Verticosis, a, um, adj. that whirls or turns round; full of whirlpits or eddies.
Verticula, æ. f. et Verticulum. i. n. [a *vertendo*] a screw for engines, a key in musical instruments, a whirl for a spindle; a joint in the back-bone.
Vertigo, gnis. f. [a *vertendo*] a whirling or turning round; a rolling, a change; giddiness, dizziness, the swimming of the head.
Vertitur, impers. it is controverted or debated.
Verto, ðre, ti, sum. act. to turn; to transform; to change; to dye; to discolour; to overthrow; to cast down; to turn upside down; to dig; to cast up; to borrow of one to pay another; to impute; to translate; to be changed or altered; to happen; to fall out.
Vërũ, n. iudæl. a. g. plur. Vërũ, uum, ūbus. a spit, a broach; a kind of dart used in war.
Vervacum, i. n. land that has been fallow, and is turned in the spring to be sown next year.

Vērdēlūm, i. n. dim. [a veru] a little broach or spit.
Vervex, scis. m. a weether sheep.
Vēruina, m. f. [a veru] a long javelin, a spit, or broach.
Vērum, i. n. a thing that is true, the truth; reason, justice.
Vērum, conj. but, but yet; just so, yes, truly.
Vērumtāmen, conj. nevertheless, notwithstanding, but yet, howbeit, for all that.
Vērus, a, um. adj. real, true, right, just; meet, fit; natural.
Vērūtum, i. n. a weapon or dart like a spit.
Vērūtus, a, um. adj. armed with such a dart.
Vēsānia, m. f. madness, fury, rage.
Vēsānio, ire, ivi, —. neut. to be mad; to rage; to bluster.
Vēsānus, a, um. adj. vast, mighty; sickly, causing sickness; mad, furious, cruel, outrageous.
Vescor, eat, —. dep. to live upon; to eat.
Vescus, a, um. adj. anything that may be eaten, good to eat; eating, that eats; little, small, or lean.
Vesica, m. f. a bladder; rhodomontade, a swelling style; the privy part of a woman.
Vescikāria, m. f. the herb called alkateky or winter-cherry.
Vescūla, m. f. dim. a little bladder.
Vespa, m. f. a wasp.
Vesper, ōris. m. the evening-star; the evening; the west or the western parts of the world.
Vesper, ōra, ōrum. adj. of or pertaining to the evening.
Vespēra, m. f. the evening.
Vespērascent, tis. part. drawing towards evening.
Vespērascit, impers. it draws towards evening.
Vespēre v. Vespēri, adv. at the end of the day, in the evening.
Vespertilio, ōnis. m. a bat or vespere-mouse.
Vespertinus, a, um. adj. of or what is done in the evening.
Vespērūgo, glinis. f. the evening-star.
Vespērus, i. m. the evening-star.
Vespillo, ōnis. m. he that carries out dead bodies in the night to be buried, a bearer.
Vestālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the Vestals.
Vester, stra, strum. pron. adj. [a vos] your, yours.
Vestiarium, ii. n. a wardrobe; apparel itself.
Vestibūlum, i. n. a porch or

entry to a house or other place; an entrance or rudiment.
Vestibulūbernium, ii. n. a lying in the same bed.
Vestitus, a, um. adj. wearing loose and wide garments or abounding in garments.
Vestigātor, ōris. m. a tracer or hunter.
Vestigium, ii. n. a trace, a track; the print of a foot, a footstep; the foot; a print, an impression, a dent; the very minute or point of time; a token, sign, or mark.
Vestigo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to trace; to follow by the track or scent; to search diligently; to inquire into.
Vestimentum, i. n. [a vestio] a garment, vesture or vestment; apparel, clothing, array, attire.
Vestio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to clothe; to apparel; to array; to cover; to garnish; to deck.
Vestiplica, m. f. a woman that folds or lays up garments; a chamber-maid.
Vestis, is. f. a garment, a vest; all manner of array, clothes, bed-clothes; the skin of a snake; the beard or hair of the face.
Vestispicus, i. m. et Vestispica, m. f. he or she that keeps the apparel of his master or mistress.
Vestitus, a, um. part. clad, appareled, clothed, arrayed; covered; decked, adorned.
Vestitus, ōis. m. apparel, array, clothing, raiment; a garment; garniture.
Vestras, ōtis. pron. [a vester] of your country, kindred, or stock.
Vētēriāmentārius sutor, a cobler, botcher.
Vētērius, a, um. adj. old, skilful; that has served long in a place or office; an old soldier, a veteran.
Vētērasco, cōre, —. incept. to grow old.
Vētērior, ōris. m. one long practised or exercised; a crafty knave, an old fox, a double dealer, an impostor.
Vētērioris, adv. expertly, craftily.
Vētērioris, a, um. adj. crafty, deceitful, cunning, tricking, sophisticated.
Vētēratum, i. n. old fallow ground.
Vētēriārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to beasts or to a horse-doctor.
Vētēriārius, ii. m. a farrier, a horse-doctor; a hackney-man, a horse-courser.

Vētērinus, a, um. adj. that bears burdens; used in carriage.
Vētēriōsus, a, um. adj. sick of the lethargy or sleepy disease; drowsy, heavy, lazy, sluggish; faint, feeble.
Vētērium, i. n. the lethargy.
Vētērius, i. m. the lethargy; slothfulness, sluggishness, drowsiness, drowsiness, immoderate sleeping; nastiness.
Vētēro, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. to grow old; to continue long; to be chronic.
Vētūm, i. n. a thing forbidden.
Vētūsus, a, um. part. forbidden, unlawful.
Vēto, ōre, ul, itum, et ōvi, ōtum. act. to forbid; to prohibit; to let; to hinder; to stop. Veto, when the tribune made use of his intercession or negative voice.
Vētōnica, m. f. the herb betony.
Vētūla, m. f. [sc. mulier] an old woman or wife.
Vētūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a vetus] somewhat old, stale.
Vētūlus, i. m. [sc. homo] an old man.
Vētus, ōris. adj. et antiq. Vēter, unde Vētior, comp. rīmus, sup. former, past; old; that has been, chronic, customary; stale, musty, out of date, worn out; of an ancient descent, noble.
Vētustas, ōtis. f. [a vetus] antiquity, ancientness, oldness; a future continuance; length of time, long old age; old acquaintance.
Vētuste, adv. anciently, of a long time or standing.
Vētustesco, cōre, —. incept. to grow old, ancient, or stale.
Vētustus, a, um. adj. old, ancient.
Vexāmen, inis. n. a vexation.
Vexātio, ōnis. f. a driving or carrying hither and thither; a teasing, a harassing; grief, trouble, torment, vexation.
Vexātor, ōris. m. a harasser, a plager.
Vexātus, a, um. part. ruffled, disordered; troubled, grieved, vexed, chafed.
Vexillārius, ii. m. a standard bearer, an ensign or veteran; a garrison soldier.
Vexillātio, ōnis. f. a company of soldiers under one ensign; the horse or cavalry.
Vexillum, i. n. a banner, standard, ensign or flag; a streamer, the top-gallant; soldiers under it.
Vexo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. freq. to disturb; to mud; to toss up and down; to vex; to trouble; to harass; to cumber;

in *disquiet*; to *tease*; to *moest*; to *plague*; to *torment*.

Via, m. [antiq. vias] f. a *way* or *passage*; a *broad street*; a *causay*; a *journey*, a *voyage*; a *passage*, a *vein*, a *pore*; a *track*; an *access*; a *manner*, *mean*, or *fashion*; a *rule*, *method*, or *course*.

Vialis, is, e. adj. of or *belonging to the highway*.

Via rius, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to ways*.

Via riclus, a, um. adj. *furnished with things necessary for a journey*.

Via ticum, i. n. *all things necessary for a journey*; *voyage*; *provision*; *one's estate or substance*.

Via ticus, a, um. adj. *pertaining to a journey or travelling by the way*.

Via tor, oris. m. a *traveller*, a *voyaging man*; a *serjeant*, *beadle*, or *pursuivant*; an *apparitor*, a *summoner*.

Via torius, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to the way of travelling to travellers*.

Vibex, vis. a *mark or print of a stripe or blow*, *black and blue*.

Vibrans, tis. part. *brandishing*, *shaking*, *wagging*, *quavering*; *quick*, *bright*, *dazzling*.

Vibratus, a, um. part. *shaken*; *brandished*; *crisped*, *curled*, *frizzled*; *quavered*.

Vibro, are, vi, itum. act. to *shake a thing*; to *brandish*; to *dart*; to *throw*; to *hurt*; to *quaver*; to *frizzle*; to *curl*; to *ruffle*; to *tremble*; to *quiver*; to *move nimbly*.

Viburnum, i. n. a *shrub*; a *wothy*; a *wild vine*.

Vicinus, i. m. a *villager*, *peasant*, *countryman* or *boor*.

Viciarius, a, um. adj. *that is instead or place of another*; *that supplies another's room*; a *deputy*.

Viciarius, ii. m. *one who performeth the office or place of another*; a *deputy*, a *substitute*.

Vicium, adv. *in villages or streets*; *street by street*, *village by village*.

Vicesimus, a, um. adj. *the twentieth*.

Vicesi, z, a. adj. pl. *twenty*.

Vices, f. pl. *turns*, *courses*, *changes*.

Vicesimani, drum. m. pl. *soldiers of the twentieth regiment or legion*.

Vicesimarius, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to the twentieth part*.

Vicesimus, a, um. adj. *the twentieth*.

Vicia, m. f. *the pulse called a vetch or tare*.

Viciarium, ii. n. a *place sown with vetches*.

Viciarius, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to vetches*.

Vicies, adv. *twenty times*.

Vicina, m. f. a *female neighbour*.

Vicinilis, is, e. adj. of or *belonging to neighbours or the neighbourhood*.

Vicina, m. f. [a vicus] *nearness of dwelling*; *the neighbourhood*, *vicinage*; *likeness*; *nearness*.

Vicinitas, itis. f. *the neighbourhood*; *the company of neighbours*; *nearness*, *likeness*.

Vicinus, a, um. adj. *near*, *next to*; *adjacent*; *not far off*; *very like*.

Vicinus, i. m. a *neighbour*.

Vici [gen. nom. obso.] vici,

vicem, vice. f. *change*, *course*; *stead*, *place*; *office*, *part* or *duty*; a *case*, *hap*, *fortune*; a *mutual recompence*. Vices, pl. *attacks* or *charges in war*.

Vicissim, adv. *by turns*; *one after another*; *interchangeably*, *back again*.

Vicissitudo, dinis. f. an *interchanging*, a *succeeding of one thing to another in its course*; a *vicissitude*, *change*, or *variety*.

Victima, m. v. *the beast killed in sacrifice for victory*; a *sacrifice*, a *victim*.

Victimarius, ii. m. *he that sells beasts for sacrifice*; *he that attended upon the priest at sacrifice*, *who bound the beast*, and *got all things ready*.

Victio, are, vi, itum. freq. [a vivo] to *live*; to *maintain himself*.

Victor, oris. m. [a vinco] a *conqueror*, a *vanguisher*; *he that hath his desire and wish*.

Victoria, m. f. *victory*, *conquest*, *the goddess of victory*.

Victoribus, i. m. [sc. nummus] a *coin having the image of the goddess Victory upon it*, a *half denarius*.

Victoribus, m. f. dlm. a *little image representing victory*.

Victrix, icis. adj. *victorious*.

Victrix, icis. f. [a victor] *she who vanquishes*.

Victus, a, um. part. [a vinco] *overcome*, *vanguished*, *cast*, *beaten*; *bailed*; *disappointed of his purpose*.

Victus, us et victi. m. *sustenance*, *things necessary to live by*; *provision*, *food*, *meat* and *drink*.

Vicus, i. m. a *street*; a *village*.

Videlicet, adv. [videre licet] *to wit*, *that is to say*; *forsooth*, *I warrant you*.

Vide'u' pro videas? *do you see?*

Vidéo, ere, vidi, visum. act. *to see*; *a look*; to *behold*; to *visit*; to *go to see*; to *perceive*; to *understand*; to *discern*; to *see to*; to *take heed*; to *have an eye to*; to *consider*.

Videor, eri, visus pass. *to be seen*; to *seem*.

Videtur, bitur, sum est. impers. *it seems*; *it appears*; *it seems good*.

Vidua, m. f. [sc. mulier] a *woman without a man*; a *widow*.

Viduus, a, um. part. *not having*; *deprived or bereaved of*; *destitute*; *left all alone*, *made a widow*.

Viduitas, itis. f. *widowhood*; *lack or want*.

Vidulum, i. n. et Vidulus, i. m. a *bag*, a *budget*, a *purse*, a *hawking bag*.

Viduo, ere, vi, itum. act. *to deprive*; to *bereave*; to *make one a widow or leave alone*.

Viduus, a, um. adj. *bereft*, *deprived*, *left alone*, *void*, *destitute*.

Vieo, ere, vi, itum. act. *to bind with twigs*; to *hoop*.

Victor, oris. m. [qui viet doli] *he that makes baskets or vessels of osier*, to *be covered with leather*.

Victus, a, um. adj. *bowing or stooping for age*; *supple or limber*; *wrinkled or withered*.

Vigens, tis. part. *fresh*, *flourishing*; *brisk*, *active*; *eminent*, *famous*.

Vigeo, ere, ui, —. neut. [ex vi agendo] to *flourish*; to *war*; to *grow*; to *live*; to *be strong*; to *be in force*; to *be much used*; to *be in vogue*; to *be esteemed*.

Vigeo, ere, ui, —. incept. [a vigeo] to *grow lively*, *brisk*, and *active*.

Vigesima, m. f. [sc. para] *the twentieth part*, a *tribut of the twentieth penny*.

Vigesimus, a, um. adj. *Vid.* *Vicesimus*.

Vigil, tis. adj. omni. gen. *watchful*, *waking*, *vigilant*, *mindful*; *that keeps awake*; *attentive*; *that never goes out*, *inextinguishable*.

Vigil, tis. m. a *watchman*, a *sentinel*.

Vigilans, tis. part. et adj. *watchful*; *heedful*, *vigilant*, *warry*.

Vigilanter, adv. *watchfully*, *vigilantly*, *diligently*, *warily*, *heedfully*.

Vigilantia, m. f. *watchfulness*;

vigilancy, care, heed, diligence.

Vigilātus, impers. men wake.

Vigilātus, a, um. part. watched; spent in watching or sitting up late; made by sitting up.

Vigilax, icis. adj. watchful, wary, vigilant.

Vigilia, m. f. watching, being awake; a watch by night, a sentry. Vigiliæ, night-studies; a watch or fourth part of the night; i. e. from sun-set to sun-rise; the even before any feast; vigilance and diligence.

Vigilo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [a vigil] to awake from sleep; to watch; to sit up all night; to be vigilant or very diligent; to burn bright.

Viginti, adj. pl. ludecl. twenty.

Vigintivirātus, Æs. m. the office of twenty men of like authority.

Vigintiviri, Ærum. m. pl. officers of Rome, twenty in number, who had like authority.

Vigor, Æris. m. [a vigeo] strength, lustiness, mettle; liveliness, vigour, briskness.

Vilipendo, Ære, di, —. act. to vilify; to have in no esteem.

Vilis, is, e. adj. vile; of no value or account; object, paltry, trivial; cheap, of little price, at a low rate.

Vilitas, icis. f. vileness, baseness, contempt, despicableness; cheapness.

Viliter, adv. vilely, basely, cheaply.

Villa, æ. f. a manor—house out of a city or town, having a farm-house or homestead belonging to it.

Villāris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a village, farm, or country-house.

Villāticus, a, um. adj. of a village, farm, or country-house.

Villica, m. f. a farmer's wife, a woman that keeps a dairy or house in the country.

Villicans, tis. part. performing the office of a bailiff.

Villicatio, Ænis. f. a bailiffship or stewardship; a hiring or managing a farm.

Villicus, i. m. a husbandman, a farmer; the bailiff of the manor, a steward even in the city.

Villōsus, a, um. adj. [a villus] hairy, shaggy, rough; woolly downy; full of small strings or fibres; rough, thick set with of frieze.

Villula, m. f. dim. a little farm or a war place.

Villula i. m. dim. little or small wine.

Villus, i. m. wool; hair,

coarse shag hair; the nap in cloth.

Vimen, falc. n. [a vicio] an osier, a twig, a rod, a wicker, a hoop for casks.

Vimentum, i. n. an osier, a twig, a branch.

Viminilia, um. n. pl. all trees and shrubs which bring forth twigs fit to bind.

Vimineus, a, um. adj. made of wickers, rods, or osiers.

Vinacea, m. f. a grape-stone.

Vinacea, Ærum. n. pl. the kernels or husks of grapes; grape-stones; the mother of the wine.

Vinaceus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wine and grapes.

Vinaceus, i. m. [sc. acinus] a grape-stone.

Vinilia, um. n. pl. feasts at the first bracing or tasting of their wines, in May and September.

Vinilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to wine.

Vinarium, ii. n. a wine-vessel, as a hoghead, pipe, or rundlet.

Vinarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wine.

Vinarius, ii. m. a vintner, a taverner, one that sells wine.

Vinca, m. f. a periwinkle.

Vincibilis, is, e. adj. vincible, conquerable; easy to be conquered or overcome; easy to be manured, tilled, wrought, or laboured.

Vincio, tre xl, inctum. act. to bind; to tie up; to wrap; to hoop; to make sure; to drown and dull; to join; to connect.

Vinculum, i. n. pro vinculum.

Vinco, Ære, Ici, ictum. act. to conquer; to subdue; to overcome; to vanquish; to worst; to get the better of; to obtain; to exceed; to excel; to surpass; to surmount; to outdo; to prevail; to take place; to prove; to make out; to digest; to concoct; to expel.

Vinctura, m. f. a binding or tying.

Vinctus, a, um. part. bound; hard-faced, girt; constrained; promised and assured; a p-i-

ing, a

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ger, he that gathers grapes to make wine with; a star which appears on the 26th of August.

Vindemiātorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to vintage.

Vindemiō, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to gather grapes or ripe fruits in harvest.

Vindemiola, m. f. dim. a little vintage.

Vindemitor, Æris. m. a vintager; a star so called.

Vindex, icis. c. g. an avenger of wrongs, a redresser of grievances; an assertor of liberty, a defender, a restorer; the patron of a book.

Vindicatio, Ænis. f. an avenging or punishing; a vindication.

Vindicium est, impers. they were revenged.

Vindiciz, Ærum. f. pl. [a vindex] the asserting or clearing a thing from controversy; a rejoinder in law, a bringing in proofs and surties, a challenge; enfranchisement.

Vindico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to revenge; to avenge; to punish; to defend; to deliver; to preserve; to claim; to challenge; to excuse; to restore; to maintain.

Vindicta, æ. f. vengeance, punishment; an avenging, retaliation; defence, maintenance; a rod which was laid on the head of a servant when he was made free; liberty or freedom itself.

Vinea, m. f. a vine or vineyard; an engine of war made of timber and hurdles; a shade; a mantle.

Vinealis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to vines or a vineyard.

Vinearius, a, um. adj. of a vineyard.

Vineaticus, a, um. adj. of a vineyard.

Vinētum, i. n. [a vinea] a vineyard.

Vinipitor, Æris. m. a drinker of wine, a wine-bibber.

Vintor, Æris. m. a vine-dresser, a keeper of a vineyard or gatherer of grapes.

Vinitorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the keeping of a vineyard or dressing of vines.

Vinulentia, m. f. drunkenness.

Vinulentus, a, um. adj. given to drinking of much wine, so-tish, tipsy; made with wine, winish.

Vinosus, a, um. adj. having a smack and savour of wine; given to drinking, so-tish.

Vinum, i. n. wine; any kind of drink; a banquet.

Viola, m. f. a violet; a purple colour.

VIRIBILIS, *is*, *e*. adj. *that may be hurt or wounded; that may be p. f. used.*
VIRIDACEUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *of a violet colour or like a violet.*
VIRIDARIUM, *ii*. *n.* *a bank or bed of violets.*
VIRIDATIO, *onis*. *f.* *a profaning, violating, wronging, or infringing.*
VIRIDATOR, *oris*. *m.* *an abuser, a corrupter, an infringer.*
VIRIDATUS, *a*, *um*. part. *hurt, forced; deflowered; profaned, abused; dishonoured; broken, infringed.*
VIRIDENS, *tis*. adj. *violent, forcible; swift, rapid; vehement, earnest.*
VIRIDENTER, *adv.* *forcibly, violently; heinously; cruelly.*
VIRIDENTIA, *æ*. *f.* *force, violence, rashness; boisterousness, storminess; cruelty, fierceness.*
VIRIDENSUS, *a*, *um*. adj. [*a vis*] *forcible, ungovernable; violent, fierce; cruel, injurious; rash; headstrong; boisterous, tempestuous; angry, enraged.*
VIRIDIO, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. [*a vi*] *to force; to deflower; to transgress; to break; to violate; to infringe; to spoil; to defile; to sully; to cut; to fell; to colour; to dye.*
VIRIDERA, *æ*. *f.* *a viper.*
VIRIDREUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *of or belonging to vipers.*
VIRIDRIUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *of a viper; ripenish; poisonous.*
VIRIDIO, *onis*. *m.* *a young crane.*
VIR, *vir*, *m.* *a male; a man; a husband; virility.*
VIRGATUS, *gnis*. *f.* *a manlike woman, a heroine.*
VIRENS, *tis*. part. *flourishing, green; youthful.*
VIREO, *äre*, *ui*. —. *neut.* *to be green; to flourish; to be lusty; to be vigorous; to shine; to sparkle.*
VIREO, *onis*. *m.* [*a viridi colore*] *a canary bird of a green colour, a greenfinch.*
VIRESCO, *äre*, —. *incept. n.* *to wax green; to begin to flourish; to recover again.*
VIRIDUM, *i*. *n.* [*a vireo*] *a place full of green herbs, a green, a grass-plot.*
VIRGA, *æ*. *f.* *a twig, a young branch; a rod; a whip, a scourge; Mercury's wand; a streak.*
VIRGATOR, *oris*. *m.* *a beater with rods, a whipster, a beadle of a parish.*
VIRGATUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *made of twigs or whips; spotted, streaked or striped; beaten with rods.*
VIRGITUM, *i*. *n.* *a place where oaks or rods grow.*

VIRGOSUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *of or belonging to rods, twigs, oaks, small sticks, &c.*
VIRGINILIS, *is*, *e*. adj. *maidenly, virgin-like; of or belonging to a maid or virgin.*
VIRGINIARIUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *of a maid or virgin.*
VIRGINIENS, *a*, *um*. adj. *virgin-like; of or belonging to a virgin.*
VIRGINITAS, *ätis*. *f.* *chastity, virginity, maidenhead.*
VIRGO, *ginis*. *f.* *a virgin, a maid; a damsel; a daughter; a young married woman; a Roman aqueduct; any thing that has not been defiled or meddled with.*
VIRGULA, *æ*. *f.* *dim.* *a little rod.*
VIRGULUM, *i*. *n.* *a twig, a shrub.*
VIRGUNCULA, *æ*. *f.* *dim.* *a wench; a little girl or young maid; a moppet.*
VIRIA *v.* **VIRIDIA**, *æ*. *f.* *a necklace, a man's bracelet.*
VIRICULUM, *i*. *n.* *a graving tool.*
VIRIDANS, *tis*. adj. *verdant, green.*
VIRIDARIUM, *ii*. *n.* [*a viridis*] *a green plot or walk; a green garden; a green.*
VIRIDE, *adv.* *greenly.*
VIRIDIA, *um*. *pl. n.* *green walks; green herbs.*
VIRIDICATUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *made green or fresh.*
VIRIDIS, *is*, *e*. adj. [*a vireo*] *green, sappy, moist; youthful, flourishing; fresh, hale, lusty, vigorous; of a green colour.*
VIRIDITAS, *ätis*. *f.* *greenness; vigour, lustiness, briskness.*
VIRIDOR, *äri*, *ätus*. *pass.* *to be made green.*
VIRILIS, *is*, *e*. adj. [*a vir*] *of a man; stout, valiant, manly, manful; of the male kind; vigorous, pithy, substantial.*
VIRILITAS, *ätis*. *f.* *manliness, the privity parts of a man or other creature.*
VIRILITER, *adv.* *valiantly, manly, manfully; magnanimously, valiantly, strongly, courageously.*
VIRIPOTENS, *tis*. adj. *mighty, strong.*
VIRILIM, *adv.* *man by man, from man to man; singly; from one to another.*
VIRIDUS, *a*, *um*. adj. [*a virus*] *full of poison, venomous; hard, strong.*
VIRTUS, *ütis*. *f.* *any good quality, virtue or moral excellence; fortitude, valour, bravery; force, strength, courage; care, good management; value, worth; merit, desert; faculty or affection.*
VIRUS, *nom. et acc. i. gen. o.* *abl.* *a stinking or rammish*

smell; the seed or nature in animals; a nasty taste; poison, venom; bitterness, sharpness; the juice of the purple fish; a strong smell of spices or perfumes.
VIS, *vin*, *vi*. *pl.* *vires, virium*, *ibus*. *f.* *force, violence; strength, might, power; virtue, efficacy, energy, prevalence; signification, meaning or importance; care, industry; abundance, plenty, multitude.*
VISCATUS, *a*, *um*. part. *dressed with birdlime; timed; entangled with birdlime.*
VISCERATIO, *onis*. *f.* *a dole; good cheer.*
VISCOR, *äri*, *ätus*. *pass.* [*a visco*] *to be glued; to be stuck together.*
VISCUS, *äris*. *n.* *a bowel or entrail; especially the heart, liver, lungs; all fleshy parts under the skin.*
VISCUS, *i*. *m.* *et* **VISCUM**, *i*. *n.* *a mistletoe or misseldine; birdlime, glue.*
VISENDUS, *a*, *um*. part. *to be seen and visited; to be wondered and marveled at; wonderful; to be surveyed.*
VISIBILIS, *is*, *e*. adj. *that may see or be seen; visible.*
VISIO, *onis*. *f.* [*a video*] *vision, sight, the faculty of seeing; a vision, phantom, or apparition.*
VISITO, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. *freq.* *to come oft to see; to visit.*
VISO, *äre*, *si*, *sum*. *freq.* [*a video*] *to go to see; to come to see; to visit; to see; to survey.*
VISOR, *oris*. *m.* [*a video*] *a messenger; a spy, a scout.*
VISULA, *æ*. *f.* *a kind of vine.*
VISUM, *i*. *n.* *a sight, a show; a portent, a prodigy; a vision, an apparition, a dream, a phantom.*
VISURUS, *a*, *um*. part. *that shall or is likely to see; about to visit.*
VISUS, *a*, *um*. part. *beheld, seen, perceived; thought of.*
VISUS, *üs*. *m.* [*a video*] *the sense of sight; the eye; a view, a look; the thing seen; a vision or sight; appearance or show.*
VITA, *æ*. *f.* *life; a manner of living; the ends, necessities, or advantages of life; food, victuals; conversation, the world; experience; duration, continuance.*
VITABILIS, *is*, *e*. adj. *to be avoided.*
VITABUNDUS, *a*, *um*. adj. *that eschews a thing.*
VITELLA, *um*. *n. pl.* *the lungs, heart, liver, or vitals.*
VITALIS, *is*, *e*. adj. *of life, vital.*

vigilancy, care, heed, diligence.
Vigilātus, impers. men wake.
Vigilātus, a, um. part. watched; spent in watching or sitting up late; made by sitting up.
Vigilax, ācia. adj. watchful, wary, vigilant.
Vigilia, æ. f. watching, being awake; a watch by night, a sentry. Vigiliæ, night-studies; a watch or fourth part of the night; i. e. from sun-set to sun-rise; the even before any feast; vigilance and diligence.
Vigilo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a vigil] to awake from sleep; to watch; to sit up all night; to be vigilant or very diligent; to burn bright.
Viginti, adj. pl. ludecl. twenty.
Vigintivirātus, ūs. m. the office of twenty men of like authority.
Vigintiviri, ōrum. m. pl. officers of Rome, twenty in number, who had like authority.
Vigor, ōris. m. [a vigeo] strength, lustiness, mettle; liveliness, vigour, briskness.
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Villa, iā, e. adj. vile; of no value or account; abject, paltry, trivial; cheap, of little price, at a low rate.
Villitas, ūtis. f. vileness, baseness, contempt, despicableness; cheapness.
Viliter, adv. vilely, basely, cheaply.
Villa, æ. f. a manor—house out of a city or town, having a farm-house or homestead belonging to it.
Villāris, iā, e. adj. of or belonging to a village, farm, or country-house.
Villāticus, a, um. adj. of a village, farm, or country-house.
Villica, æ. f. a farmer's wife, a woman that keeps a dairy or house in the country.
Villicans, ūis. part. performing the office of a bailiff.
Villiciāto, ōnis. f. a bailiffship or stewardship; a hiring or managing a farm.
Villicus, i. m. a husbandman, a farmer; the bailiff of the manor, a steward even in the city.
Villōsus, a, um. adj. [a villus] hairy, shaggy, rough; woolly, downy; full of small strings or fibres; rough, thick set; made of straws.
Villūla, æ. f. dim. a little farm or a war-place.
Villūn i. m. dim. little or small wine.
Villus, i. m. wool; hair, a

coarse shag hair; the nap in cloth.
Vimen, fāis. n. [a vicio] an oster, a twig, a rod, a wicker, a hoop for casks.
Vimentum, i. n. an oster, a twig, a branch.
Viminālia, um. n. pl. all trees and shrubs which bring forth twigs fit to bind.
Viminous, a, um. adj. made of wickers, rods, or osiers.
Vinācea, æ. f. a grape-stone.
Vinācea, ōrum. n. pl. the kernels or husks of grapes; grape-stones; the mother of the wine.
Vināceus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wine and grapes.
Vināceus, i. m. [æc. acinus] a grape-stone.
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Vinālis, iā, e. adj. of or belonging to wine.
Vinārium, ii. n. a wine-vessel, as a hogshead, pipe, or rundlet.
Vinārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wine.
Vinārius, ii. m. a vintner, a taverner, one that sells wine.
Vinca, æ. f. a periwinkle.
Vincibilia, iā, e. adj. vincible, conquerable; easy to be conquered or overcome; easy to be manured, tilled, wrought, or laboured.
Vincio, ire xi, inctum. act. to bind; to tie up; to wrap; to hoop; to make sure; to drown and dull; to join; to connect.
Vinculum, i. n. pro vinculum.
Vinco, āre, ūci, ūctum. act. to conquer; to subdue; to overcome; to vanquish; to worst; to get the better of; to obtain; to exceed; to excel; to surpass; to surmount; to outdo; to prevail; to take place; to prove; to make out; to digest; to concoct; to expel.
Vinctūra, æ. f. a binding or tying.
Vinctus, a, um. part. bound; hard-laced, girt; constrained; promised and assured; a prisoner.
Vinctus, ūs. m. a binding, a band or girth.
Vincūlum et Vinculum, i. n. [i. vincio] a bond or band; a tie, a garland. imprisonment; an obligation.
Vindēmia, æ. f. the gathering of grapes to make wine with; vintage; wine; a gathering of fruits or honey.
Vindēmālis, iā, e. adj. of or belonging to vintage.
Vindēmātor, ōris. m. a vintager, he that gathers grapes to make wine with; a star which appears on the 26th of August.

Vindēmātorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to vintage.
Vindēmio, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to gather grapes or ripe fruits in harvest.
Vindēmīda, æ. f. dim. a little vintage.
Vindēmītor, ōris. m. a vintager; a star so called.
Vindex, icis. c. g. an avenger of wrongs, a redresser of grievances; an assertor of liberty, a defender, a restorer; the patron of a book.
Vindicāto, ōnis. f. an avenging or punishing; a vindication.
Vindicatum. est, impers. they were revenged.
Vindicāre, ārum. f. pl. [a vindex] the asserting or clearing a thing from controversy; a rejoinder in law, a bringing in proofs and sureties, a challenge; enfranchisement.
Vindico, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to revenge; to avenge; to punish; to defend; to deliver; to preserve; to claim; to challenge; to excuse; to restore; to maintain.
Vindicta, æ. f. vengeance, punishment; an avenging, retaliation; defence, maintenance; a rod which was laid on the head of a servant when he was made free; liberty or freedom itself.
Vinea, æ. f. a vine or vineyard; an engine of war made of timber and hurdles; a shade; a mantle.
Vineālis, iā, e. adj. of or belonging to vines or a vineyard.
Vineārius, a, um. adj. of a vineyard.
Vineāticus, a, um. adj. of a vineyard.
Vinētum, i. n. [a vinea] a vineyard.
Vinipōtor, ōris. m. a drinker of wine, a wine-bibber.
Vinitor, ōris. m. a vine-dresser, a keeper of a vineyard or gatherer of grapes.
Vinitorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the keeping of a vineyard or dressing of vines.
Vinulentia, æ. f. drunkenness.
Vinulentus, a, um. adj. given to drinking of much wine, sottish, tipsy; made with wine, winish.
Vinuosus, a, um. adj. having a smack and savour of wine; given to drinking, sottish.
Vinum, i. n. wine; any kind of drink; a banquet.
Viola, æ. f. a violet; a purple colour.

Violābilis, *is, e. adj.* that may be hurt or wounded; that may be profaned.
Violāceus, *a, um. adj.* of a violet colour or like a violet.
Violārium, *ii. n.* a bank or bed of violets.
Violātio, *ōnis. f.* a profaning, violating, wronging, or infringing.
Violātor, *ōris. m.* an abuser, a corrupter, an infringer.
Violātus, *a, um. part.* hurt, forced; deflowered; profaned, abused; dishonoured; broken, in fringed.
Violēns, *tis. adj.* violent, forcible; swift, rapid; vehement, earnest.
Violēter, *adv.* forcibly, violently; heinously; cruelly.
Violētia, *æ. f.* force, violence, rashness; boisterousness, storminess; cruelty, fierceness.
Violētus, *a, um. adj.* [a vis] forcible, ungovernable; violent, fierce; cruel, injurious; rash; headstrong; boisterous, tempestuous; angry, enraged.
Violo, *ere, vi, itum. act.* [a vi] to force; to deflower; to transgress; to break; to violate; to infringe; to spoil; to defile; to sully; to cut; to fell; to colour; to dye.
Vipera, *æ. f.* a viper.
Vipereus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to vipers.
Vipereus, *a, um. adj.* of a viper; viperish; poisonous.
Vipio, *ōnis. m.* a young crane.
Vir, *virī, m.* a male; a man; a husband; virility.
Virgo, *ginis. f.* a manlike woman, a heroine.
Virens, *tis. part.* flourishing, green; youthful.
Vireo, *ere, ui. —. neut.* to be green; to flourish; to be lusty; to be vigorous; to shine; to sparkle.
Vireo, *ōnis. m.* [a viridi colore] a canary bird of a green colour, a greenfinch.
Vireo, *ere, —. incept. n.* to wear green; to begin to flourish; to recover again.
Virētum, *i. n.* [a vireo] a place full of green herbs, a green, a grass-plot.
Virga, *æ. f.* a twig, a young branch; a rod; a whip, a scourge; Mercury's wand; a streak.
Virgator, *ōris. m.* a beater with rods, a whipeter, a beadle of a parish.
Virgatus, *a, um. adj.* made of twigs or whips; spotted, streaked or striped; beaten with rods.
Virgatum, *i. n.* a place where osiers or rods grow.

Virgens, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to rods, twigs, osiers, small sticks, &c.
Virginālis, *is, e. adj.* maidenly, virgin-like; of or belonging to a maid or virgin.
Virginārius, *a, um. adj.* of a maid or virgin.
Virgineus, *a, um. adj.* virgin-like; of or belonging to a virgin.
Virginitas, *itīs. f.* chastity, virginity, maidenhead.
Virgo, *ginis. f.* a virgin, a maid; a damsel; a daughter; a young married woman; a Roman aqueduct; any thing that has not been defiled or meddled with.
Virgula, *æ. f. dim.* a little rod.
Virgulum, *i. n.* a twig, a shrub.
Virguncula, *æ. f. dim.* a wench; a little girl or young maid; a moppet.
Viria *v. Viridia*, *m. f.* a necklace, a man's bracelet.
Viridulum, *i. n.* a graving tool.
Viridans, *tis. adj.* verdant, green.
Viridarium, *ii. n.* [a viridia] a green plot or walk; a green garden; a green.
Viride, *adv.* greenly.
Viridia, *um. pl. n.* green walks; green herbs.
Viridicatus, *a, um. adj.* made green or fresh.
Viridis, *is, e. adj.* [a vireo] green, sappy, moist; youthful, flourishing; fresh, hale, lusty, vigorous; of a green colour.
Viriditas, *itīs. f.* greenness; vigour, lustiness, briskness.
Viridor, *eri, itus. pass.* to be made green.
Virilis, *is, e. adj.* [a vir] of a man; stout, valiant, manly, manful; of the male kind; vigorous, pithy, substantial.
Virilitas, *itīs. f.* manliness, the privy parts of a man or other creature.
Viriliter, *adv.* valiantly, manly, manfully; magnanimously, valiantly, strongly, courageously.
Viripotens, *tis. adj.* mighty, strong.
Virtilim, *adv.* man by man, from man to man; from one to another.
Viridus, *a, um. adj.* [a virus] full of poison, venomous; hard, strong.
Virtus, *itīs. f.* any good quality, virtue or moral excellence; fortitude, valour, bravery; force, strength, courage; care, good management; value, worth; merit, desert; faculty or affection.
Virus, *nom. et acc. i. gen. o. abl.* a stinking or rankish

smell; the seed or nature in animals; a nasty taste; poison, venom; bitterness, sharpness; the juice of the purple fish; a strong smell of spices or perfumes.
Vis, *vim. vi. pl.* vires, virium, *ibus. f.* force, violence; strength, might, power; virtue, efficacy, energy, prevalence; signification, meaning or importance; care, industry; abundance, plenty, multitude.
Viscatus, *a, um. part.* dressed with birdlime; timed; entangled with birdlime.
Viscēratio, *ōnis. f.* a dolt; good cheer.
Viscor, *eri, itus. pass.* [a viscus] to be glued; to be stuck together.
Viscus, *eris. n.* a bowel or entrail; especially the heart, liver, lungs; all fleshy parts under the skin.
Viscus, *i. m. et Viscum*, *i. n.* a misletoe or miseldine; birdlime, glue.
Visendus, *a, um. part.* to be seen and visited; to be wondered at; to be surveyed.
Visibilis, *is, e. adj.* that may see or be seen; visible.
Visio, *ōnis. f.* [a video] vision, sight, the faculty of seeing; a vision, phantom, or apparition.
Visito, *ere, vi, itum. freq.* to come oft to see; to visit.
Viso, *ere, si, um. freq.* [a video] to go to see; to come to see; to visit; to see; to survey.
Visor, *ōris. m.* [a video] a messenger; a spy, a scout.
Vitula, *æ. f.* a kind of vine.
Vitum, *i. n.* a sight, a show; a portent, a prodigy; a vision, an apparition, a dream, a phantom.
Vitūrus, *a, um. part.* that shall or is likely to see; about to visit.
Visus, *a, um. part.* beheld, seen, perceived; thought of.
Visus, *tis. m.* [a video] the sense of sight; the eye; a view, a look; the thing seen; a vision or sight; appearance or show.
Vita, *æ. f.* life; a manner of living; the ends, necessities, or advantages of life; food, victuals; conversation, the world; experience; duration, continuance.
Vitabilis, *is, e. adj.* to be avoided.
Vitibundus, *a, um. adj.* that eschews a thing.
Vitilia, *um. n. pl.* the lungs, heart, liver, or vitale.
Vitalis, *is, e. adj.* of life, vital.

that hath life in it; that *eth* or *preserveth* life; likely to *live*.

Vitalitas, *itis*. f. *life, liveliness*.

Vitaliter, adv. *lively, briskly, with life*.

Vitalis, *onis*. f. *an avoiding or shunning*.

Vitalis, a, um. part. *avoided, shunned*.

Vitelium, *trum*. f. pl. [*sc. tabellæ*] *a kind of writing*.

Vitelus, i. m. *the yolk of an egg*. It. dim. *a vitulus, a young or little calf*.

Viteus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a vine; or to wine*.

Vitex, *icis*. f. *a kind of withy or willow; parklives; Abraham's balm; chaste or hemp-tree*.

Vitærum, *li*. n. *a vineyard*.

Vitiatio, *onis*. f. *a ravishing, deflowering, spoiling*.

Vitator, *oris*. m. *a deflowerer, a ravisher of maids*.

Vitatus, a, um. part. *deflowered, ravished, corrupted; spoiled*.

Viticola, *æ*. c. g. *that plants or dresses vines*.

Viticula, *æ*. f. dim. [*a vitis*] *a little vine; a tendril, sprig, or branch*.

Vitifer, *era*, *trum*. adj. *that bears vines*.

Vitigineus, a, um. adj. *et Vitigineus, that comes of a vine*.

Vitilina, *æ*. f. *a base bawd*.

Vitilla, *um*. n. pl. *twigs or rods to bind vines with*.

Vitiligo, *gnia*. f. *the leprosy, the morpheus*.

Vitilis, *is*. e. adj. *flexible, pliant; binding; made of twigs or wicker*.

Vitio, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. [*a vitium*] *to spoil; to vitiate; to mar; to infect; to hurt; to falsify; to corrupt; to de-ower*.

Vitiose, adv. *corruptly, ill, badly; haughtily, faultily, viciously, incorrectly*.

Vitiositas, *itis*. f. *viciousness, faultiness, naughtiness, lewdness, wickedness*.

Vitiosus, a, um. adj. *rotten, worm-eaten, perished; sickly, crazy, full of distempers; faulty, unskillful, full of errors, incorrect, amiss; made impiously, inauspicious; vicious, wicked, lewd*.

Vitis, *is*. f. *a vine; a centurion's rod*.

Vitator, *oris*. m. *a planter of vines*.

Vitium, *li*. n. *a flaw, a defect; blemish, faultiness, deformity, pravity; badness, superfluity; corruption, infection; a malady, a sore in the mind; a*

defiling, a rape; a crime; a slip, an oversight.

Vito, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. *to shun; to avoid; to eschew; to beware of*.

Vitrarius, *li*. m. *a glass-maker, a glazier, a worker in glass*.

Vitrea, *trum*. n. pl. *glasses, drinking glasses; vessels made of glass*.

Vitreus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to glass; glassy, glassy green; clear like glass, transparent; brittle like glass*.

Vitricus, i. m. *a step-father, a father-in-law*.

Vitrum, *i*. n. *glass*.

Vitta, *æ*. f. *a fillet or head-band; a ribbon, a garland*.

Vittatus, a, um. adj. *bound with or tied up in a fillet or hairlace; dressed with ribbons*.

Vitula, *æ*. f. *a cow-calf; a young heifer*.

Vitulina, *æ*. f. [*sc. caro*] *et Vitulinum*, *i*. n. *veal*.

Vitullus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a calf*.

Vitulos, *ari*, *atus*. dep. *to skip, leap, or frisk about like a young calf; to rejoice; to congratulate*.

Vitulus, *i*. m. *a calf; a seal or sea-calf; the young of other animals, as a colt, &c.*

Vituperabilis, *is*. e. adj. *blame-worthy; that may be blamed or found fault with*.

Vituperatio, *onis*. f. *a blaming or finding fault with*.

Vituperator, *oris*. m. *a blamer, or discommender or reprover*.

Vitupero, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. *to blame; to rebuke; to discommend; to find fault with; to disparage; to defame*.

Vivacitas, *itis*. f. *long life; vivacity; growth*.

Vivarium, *li*. n. *a park, a chase, a warren, a stew or fish-pond*.

Vivax, *icis*. adj. *long-lived; lively, strong, lusty*.

Vivens, *tis*. part. *living, alive, lively; dwelling, inhabiting; inextinguished*.

Viverra, *æ*. f. *a ferret or Mchel*. Vivisco, *ere*, — — incept. [*a vivo*] *to get life or strength; to be of continuance*.

Vividus, a, um. adj. [*a vivo*] *lively, pert, quick, brisk; mettlesome; sharp*.

Vivificans, *tis*. part. *quickening*.

Vivifradix, *icis*. f. [*vivam radicem habens*] *a quickest*.

Vivitur, *impers*. *they live, men live*.

Vivo, *ere*, *xi*, *etum*. neut. *to live; to have life; to be alive; to lead a life; to live of, upon, or by; to live well, merrily, and pleasantly; to be*

nourished and increased; to be kindled; to continue; to last; to be.

Vivus, a, um. adj. [*a vivo*] *living, lively, alive; fresh, green; natural, congenial; quick, lively*. Vivum, *the stock, the principal*.

Vix, adv. *scarcely, hardly, with much ado, with difficulty*.

Ulcératio, *onis*. f. *a breaking out into sores or scabs*.

Ulcero, *are*, *avi*, *atum*. act. [*ab ulcus*] *to raise blisters; to exulcerate; to make full of sores; to wound*.

Ulcerosus, a, um. adj. *full of sores, blotches, or scabs; blistered; that makes blisters*.

Ulcisor, *ci*, *ultus*. dep. *to take revenge on; to avenge; to take revenge for; to be revenged*.

Ulcus, *uris*. n. *a sore, ulcer, botch, or bile; a wound or gash*.

Ulcusculum, *i*. n. dim. *a little sore or scab*.

Ulex, *icis*. f. *an herb like rosemary, that draws gold to it*.

Uliginosus, a, um. adj. *oozy, moist, wet, plashy, marshy*.

Uligo, *inis*. f. *the natural moisture of the earth, ooiness*.

Ullus, a, um. adj. *gen. ullus, dat. ulli, any, any one*.

Ulmærium, *li*. n. *a grove of elms*.

Ulmæus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to an elm; beaten with elm rods*.

Ulmus, *i*. f. *the elm-tree*.

Ulna, *æ*. f. *a man's arm; a ell, an ein, the length of two arms stretched out*.

Ulpicum, *i*. n. *great or wild garlic; African garlic*.

Uterior, *or*, *ius*. comp. Ultimus, a, um. super. *farther, on the farther side; that is past*.

Ultèrius, adv. *farther, beyond any more or longer*.

Ultimo, adv. *at the last*.

Ultimum, adv. *the last time*.

Ultimus, a, um. adj. super. Vid. *Uterior, last, utmost; the farthest or farthestmost; the first, the hithermost; chiefest, greatest; meanest, basest*.

Ultio, *onis*. f. *a revenging*.

Ultor, *oris*. m. [*ab ulcisor*] *a revenger*.

Ultra, prep. *regit acc. beyond, on the farthest side*.

Ultra, adv. *farther, besides, moreover, more; hereafter*.

Ultrix, *icis*. f. *she that revenges*.

Ulto, adv. *willingly; voluntarily*.

Ultratributa, *trum*. n. pler. *a setting or taking of public work by the great; the expenses and charges about such works*.

Ultum, sup. [ab ulciscor] to revenge.

Ultus, a, um. part. [ab ulciscor] that has avenged or revenged.

Ulna, æ. f. reet or weed of the sea; sea-grass or weeds growing in standing waters.

Ulna, æ. f. an owl or owl.

Ullatus, a, um. part. howling; howled upon; done with howling and crying.

Ullatus, ūs. m. a howling or yelling; a shout by way of encouragement or rejoicing; a crying or shrieking.

Ullō, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to howl; to set up a confused shout for joy; to screech or cry aloud; to ring with.

Umbella, æ. f. dim. [ab umbra] a little shadow or screen-fan; a bon-grace; the round tuft or head of fennel or other herbs wherein the seed is.

Umbra, l. m. a mongrel creature, bred of a kind of goat and a sheep.

Umbilicatus, a, um. adj. navel with a navel or in fashion of a navel.

Umbilicus, l. m. the navel; the middle of any thing; a little stone, round and smooth, like a navel; the ends of the stick on which books were rolled; a kind of writhen cockle or shell-fish; the bezil of a ring; the little circle in the midst whereof the dial-pin is fastened.

Umbo, onis. m. the boss of a buckler or shield; a buckler, a target; a knob; the tump or knoll of a hill.

Umbra, æ. f. a shadow, a shade; a cloud; a shady bough; an appearance; the shade in a picture; a phantasm; an unbidden guest accompanying one to a feast; a halibut.

Umbra, l. n. a bower, an arbour, a booth; a shade.

Umbra, æ. c. g. one who keeps within doors, and plays least in sight.

Umbra, æ. f. a shadow, a shade; a cloud; a shady bough; an appearance; the shade in a picture; a phantasm; an unbidden guest accompanying one to a feast; a halibut.

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or will; with one consent, unanimous, loving.

Unanimitas, ūtis. f. unanimity, agreement of mind and will.

Uncia, æ. f. the twelfth part of a whole; the twelfth part of a pound; an ounce; the twelfth part of an acre or 2400 feet.

Uncialis, is. e. adj. of or belonging to an ounce or inch; of an ounce weight, of an inch breadth, length, or thickness.

Unciarius, a, um. adj. of an ounce, of an inch.

Unciatum, adv. ounce by ounce, inch by inch, inch-meal.

Unciatus, a, um. adj. crooked; armed with hooks or tenters.

Uncia, æ. f. dim. [ab uncia] a little ounce or inch; a small pittance, one part in twelve.

Uncio, onis. f. an anointing; unction.

Uncio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to anoint often.

Unciusculus, a, um. adj. somewhat fat, oily, greasy.

Uncior, oris. m. an answerer.

Unciarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to anointing.

Uinctum, l. n. fine sure, rich victuals.

Uinctura, æ. f. an anointing.

Uinctus, a, um. part. anointed, greasy, oily; wealthy, plentiful, copious.

Uncus, l. m. a crank or hook; a tenter; an anchor; a drag or iron hook.

Uncus, a, um. adj. crooked, hooked, bowed.

Unda, æ. f. a surge, a wave; any water or liquor; trouble, bustle or tempest; a great crowd.

Undans, tis. part. flowing; rising in surges or waves; hanging, flapping, loose, or waving; abounding.

Undatim, adv. like waves, in fashion of waves.

Undatus, a, um. part. made in fashion of waves.

Unde, adv. whence; wherewith, out of, or from which; of whom, of what person or persons; how, by what means?

Undeceni, æ. a. adj. eleven.

Undecentismus, a, um. adj. the ninety-ninth.

Undecentum, pl. indecl. a hundred saving one; ninety-nine.

Undecies, adv. eleven times.

Undecim, pl. indecl. eleven.

Undecimus, a, um. adj. the eleven.

Undecremis, is. f. a galley having eleven oars on each bank or rather eleven banks of oars.

Undecunque, adv. from what place or part soever.

Undelibet, adv. whence thou wilt, out of any place.

Undeni, æ. a. adj. eleven.

Undecoginta, adj. pl. indecl. seventy-nine.

Undequadrages, adv. thirty-nine times.

Undequingagesimus, a, um. adj. the forty-ninth.

Undequingenta, pl. indecl. forty-nine.

Undesexaginta, adj. pl. indecl. fifty-nine.

Undetrigesimus, a, um. adj. the twenty-ninth.

Undeviceni, æ. a. adj. pl. nineteen.

Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.

Undevicesimus, v. Undevigesimus, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.

Undeviginti, pl. indecl. nineteen.

Undique, adv. on every side, from all places, parts, or corners; round about; in all respects, perfectly.

Undisonus, a, um. adj. making a noise by the dashing of the sea; roaring with waves.

Undivagus, a, um. adj. wandering through the waves.

Undo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. [ab unda] to rise in surges; to boil; to spread; to diffuse itself; to abound; to overflow; to make swim in blood.

Undosus, a, um. adj. full of surges or waves.

Undulatus, a, um. adj. made like waves, watered as stuffs are, undulated.

Undo, onis. m. the fruit of the arbut or strawberry-tree; the tree itself.

Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.

Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.

Ungo v. Unguo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to smear; to anoint; to bedaub; to perfume.

Unguen, onis. n. an ointment, any fat liquor or juices.

Unguentaria, æ. f. the art of making ointments; she that makes or sells ointments.

Unguentarium, li. n. money exacted in the province for allowance of ointments and perfumes.

Unguentarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ointments or perfumes.

Unguentarius, li. m. he that makes and sells ointments and perfumes, a perfumer.

Unguentatus, a, um. adj. a ointment with sweet ointments, perfumed.

Unguentum, l. n. any sweet ointment; a perfume.

that hath life in it; that liveth or preserveth life; likely to live.

Vitalitas, *Ætis. f. life, liveliness.*

Vitaliter, *adv. lively, briskly, with life.*

Vitalis, *Ōnis. f. an avoiding or shunning.*

Vitalis, *a, um. part. avoided, shunned.*

Vitellianæ, *Ærum. f. pl. [sc. tabellæ] a kind of writing.*

Vitellus, *i. m. the yolk of an egg. It. dim. a vitulus, a young or little calf.*

Viteus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a vine; or to wine.*

Vitex, *icis. f. a kind of withy or willow; park/ewes; Abraham's balm; chaste or hemp-tree.*

Vitærium, *li. n. a vineyard.*

Vitiatio, *Ōnis. f. a ravishing, deflowering, spoiling.*

Vitiator, *Ōris. m. a deflowerer, a ravisher of maids.*

Vitiatus, *a, um. part. deflowered, ravished, corrupted; spoiled.*

Viticola, *m. c. g. that plants or dresses vines.*

Viticula, *m. f. dim. [a vitis] a little vine; a tendril, sprig, or branch.*

Vitifer, *Æra, Ærum. adj. that bears vines.*

Vitigineus, *a, um. adj. et Vitiginus, that comes of a vine.*

Vitilena, *m. f. a base bawd.*

Vitilla, *um. n. pl. twigs or rods to bind vines with.*

Vitiligo, *gnia. f. the leprosy, the morpheus.*

Vitilis, *is, e. adj. flexible, pliant; binding; made of twigs or wither.*

Vitio, *Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [a vitium] to spoil; to vitiate; to mar; to infect; to hurt; to falsify; to corrupt; to debase.*

Vitiose, *adv. corruptly, ill, badly; haughtily, faultily, viciously, incorrectly.*

Vitiositas, *Ætis. f. viciousness, faultiness, naughtiness, lewdness, wickedness.*

Vitiosus, *a, um. adj. rotten, worm-eaten, perished; sickly, crazy, full of distempers; faultily, unskillful, full of errors, incorrect, amiss; made impiously, inauspicious; vicious, wicked, lewd.*

Vitis, *is. f. a vine; a centurion's rod.*

Vitistor, *Ōris. m. a planter of vines.*

Vitium, *li. n. a flaw, a defect; blemish, faultiness, deformity, pravity; badness, superfluity; corruption, infection; a malady, a sore in the mind; a*

deiling, a rape; a crime; a slip, an oversight.

Vito, *Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to shun; to avoid; to eschew; to beware of.*

Vitrarius, *li. m. a glass-maker, a glazier, a worker in glass.*

Vitreæ, *Ōrum. n. pl. glasses, drinking glasses; vessels made of glass.*

Vitreus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to glass; glassy, glassy green; clear like glass, transparent; brittle like glass.*

Vitricus, *i. m. a step-father, a father-in-law.*

Vitrum, *i. n. glass.*

Vitta, *m. f. a fillet or head-band; a ribbon, a gurland.*

Vittatus, *a, um. adj. bound with or tied up in a fillet or hairlace; dressed with ribbons.*

Vitula, *m. f. a cow-calf; a young heifer.*

Vitulina, *m. f. [sc. caro] et Vitulinum, i. n. veal.*

Vitulinus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a calf.*

Vitulor, *ari, ætus. dep. to skip, leap, or frisk about like a young calf; to rejoice; to congratulate.*

Vitulus, *i. m. a calf; a seal or sea-calf; the young of other animals, as a colt, &c.*

Vituperabilis, *is, e. adj. blame-worthy; that may be blamed or found fault with.*

Vituperatio, *Ōnis. f. a blaming or finding fault with.*

Vituperator, *Ōris. m. a blamer, or discommender or reprover.*

Vitupero, *Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to blame; to rebuke; to discommend; to find fault with; to disparage; to defame.*

Vivacitas, *Ætis. f. long life; vivacity; growth.*

Vivarium, *li. n. a park, a chase, a warren, a stew or fish-pond.*

Vivax, *Ætis. adj. long-lived; lively, strong, lusty.*

Vivens, *tis. part. living, alive, lively; dwelling, inhabiting; inextinguished.*

Viverra, *m. f. a ferret or Stachel.*

Vivesco, *Ære, — incept. [a vivo] to get life or strength; to be of continuance.*

Vividus, *a, um. adj. [a vivo] lively, pert, quick, brisk; mettlesome; sharp.*

Vivificans, *tis. part. quickening.*

Vivifidix, *icis. f. [vivam radicem habens] a quickset.*

Vivitur, *impers. they live, men live.*

Vivo, *Ære, xi, etum. neut. to live; to have life; to be alive; to lead a life; to live of, upon, or by; to live well, merrily, and pleasantly; to be*

nourished and increased; to be kindled; to continue; to last; to be.

Vivus, *a, um. adj. [a vivo] living, lively, alive; fresh, green; natural, congenial; quick, lively. Vivum, the stock, the principal.*

Vix, *adv. scarcely, hardly, with much ado, with difficulty.*

Ulcératio, *Ōnis. f. a breaking out into sores or scabs.*

Ulcero, *Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [ab ulcus] to raise blisters; to ulcerate; to make full of sores; to wound.*

Ulcerosus, *a, um. adj. full of sores, blotches, or scabs; blistered; that makes blisters.*

Ulciscor, *ci, ultus. dep. to take revenge on; to avenge; to take revenge for; to be revenged.*

Ulcus, *Æris. n. a sore, ulcer, botch, or bile; a wound or gash.*

Ulcusculum, *i. n. dim. a little sore or scab.*

Ulex, *icis. f. an herb like rosemary, that draws gold to it.*

Uliginosus, *a, um. adj. oozy, moist, wet, plashy, marshy.*

Uligo, *Ōnis. f. the natural moisture of the earth, oozeiness.*

Ullus, *a, um. adj. gen. ullius, dat. ulli, any, any one.*

Ulmærium, *li. n. a grove of elms.*

Ulmæus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to an elm; beaten with elm rods.*

Ulmus, *i. f. the elm-tree.*

Ulna, *m. f. a man's arm; a ell, an elm, the length of two arms stretched out.*

Ulpicum, *i. n. great or wild garlic; African garlic.*

Ultior, *or, ius. comp. Ultimior, a, um. super. farther, on the farther side; that is past.*

Ultioris, *adv. farther, beyond any more or longer.*

Ultimo, *adv. at the last.*

Ultimum, *adv. the last time.*

Ultimus, *a, um. adj. super. Vid. Ultior, last, utmost; the farthest or farthestmost; the first, the hithermost; chiefest, greatest; meanest, baseest.*

Uluo, *Ōnis. f. a revenging.*

Ulor, *Ōris. m. [ab ulciscor] a revenger.*

Ultra, *præp. regit acc. beyond, on the farthest side.*

Ultra, *adv. farther, besides, moreover, more; hereafter.*

Ultrix, *icis. f. she that revenges.*

Ultrò, *adv. willingly; voluntarily.*

Ultroributa, *Ōrum. n. pler. a setting or taking of public work by the great; the expenses and charges about such works.*

Ultum, sup. [ab ulciscor] to revenge.

Ultus, a, um. part. [ab ulciscor] that has avenged or revenged.

Ulvæ, æ. f. reet or weed of the sea; sea-grass or weeds growing in standing waters.

Uluia, æ. f. an owl or oulet.

Uluiaus, a, um. part. howling; howled upon; done with howling and crying.

Uluiaus, ūs. m. a howling or yelling; a shout by way of encouragement or rejoicing; a crying or shrieking.

Uluio, ære, ævi, ætum. neut. to howl; to set up a confused shout for joy; to screech or cry aloud; to ring with.

Umbella, æ. f. dim. [ab umbra] a little shadow or screen-fan; a bon-grace; the round tuft or head of fennel or other herbs wherein the seed is.

Umbra, i. m. a mongrel creature, bred of a kind of goat and a sheep.

Umbilicatus, a, um. adj. navel with a navel or in fashion of a navel.

Umbilicus, i. m. the navel; the middle of any thing; a little stone, round and smooth, like a navel; the ends of the stick on which books were rolled; a kind of withered cockle or shell-fish; the bezil of a ring; the little circle in the midst whereof the dial-pin is fastened.

Umbo, ōnis. m. the boss of a buckler or shield; a buckler, a target; a knob; the tump or knoll of a hill.

Umbra, æ. f. a shadow, a shade; a cloud; a shady bough; an appearance; the shade in a picture; a phantasm; an unbidden guest accompanying one to a feast; a halibut.

Umbraclum, i. n. a bower, an arbour, a booth; a shade.

Umbraclola, æ. c. g. one who keeps within doors, and plays least in sight.

Umbraclis, a, um. adj. slight, inconsiderable, sorry, worth little; keeping at home, within doors, effeminate.

Umbraclis, la. e. adj. keeping private, out of sight; soft, lazy; slight; by way of sport or exercise.

Umbraclis, æra, ærum. adj. making or casting a shadow.

Umbra, ære, ævi, ætum. act. to shade or cast a shadow.

Umbraus, a, um. adj. full of shade, shady.

Una, adv. together, all at once, in company with, at the same time.

Unanimis, is, e, et Unānimus, a, um. adj. of one mind, heart,

or will; with one consent, unanimous, loving.

Unānimitas, ūtis. f. unanimity, agreement of mind and will.

Uncia, æ. f. the twelfth part of a whole; the twelfth part of a pound; an ounce; the twelfth part of an acre or 2400 feet.

Uncialis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to an ounce or inch; of an ounce weight, of an inch breadth, length, or thickness.

Unciarius, a, um. adj. of an ounce, of an inch.

Unciarius, adv. ounce by ounce, inch by inch, inch-meal.

Unciatus, a, um. adj. crooked; armed with hooks or tenters.

Unciola, æ. f. dim. [ab uncia] a little ounce or inch; a small pittance, one part in twelve.

Unctio, ōnis. f. an anointing; unction.

Unctio, ære, ævi, ætum. freq. to anoint often.

Unctuosus, a, um. adj. somewhat fat, oily, greasy.

Unctor, ōris. m. an anointer.

Unctuosus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to anointing.

Unctum, i. n. fine fare, rich victuals.

Unctura, æ. f. an anointing.

Unctus, a, um. part. anointed, greasy, oily; wealthy, plentiful, copious.

Unctus, i. m. a crook or hook; a tenter; an anchor; a drag or iron hook.

Unctus, a, um. adj. crooked, hooked, bowed.

Unda, æ. f. a surge, a wave; any water or liquor; trouble, bustle or tempest; a great crowd.

Undans, tis. part. flowing; rising in surges or waves; hanging, flapping, loose, or waving; abounding.

Undatim, adv. like waves, in fashion of waves.

Undatus, a, um. part. made in fashion of waves.

Unde, adv. whence; wherewith, out of, or from which; of whom, of what person or persons; how, by what means.

Undeceni, æ. a. adj. eleven.

Undecentesimus, a, um. adj. the ninety-ninth.

Undecentum, pl. indecl. a hundred saving one; ninety-nine.

Undecies, adv. eleven times.

Undecim, pl. indecl. eleven.

Undecimus, a, um. adj. the eleventh.

Undecimem, is. f. a galley having eleven oars on each bank or rather eleven banks of oars.

Undecunque, adv. from what place or part soever.

Undellbet, adv. whence thou wilt, out of any place.

Undeni, æ. a. adj. eleven.

Undecoginta, adj. pl. indecl. seventy-nine.

Undequadrages, adv. thirty-nine times.

Undequinquagesimus, a, um. adj. the forty-ninth.

Undequingenta, pl. indecl. forty-nine.

Undesexaginta, adj. pl. indecl. fifty-nine.

Undesetagesimus, a, um. adj. the twenty-ninth.

Undeviceni, æ. a. adj. pl. nineteen.

Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.

Undevicesimus, v. Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.

Undeviginti, pl. indecl. nineteen.

Undique, adv. on every side, from all places, parts, or corners; round about; in all respects, perfectly.

Unditonus, a, um. adj. making a noise by the dashing of the sea; roaring with waves.

Undivagus, a, um. adj. wandering through the waves.

Undo, ære, ævi, ætum. neut. et act. [ab unda] to rise in surges; to boil; to spread; to diffuse itself; to abound; to overflow; to make swim in blood.

Undosus, a, um. adj. full of surges or waves.

Undulatus, a, um. adj. made like waves, watered as stuffs are, undulated.

Undo, ōnis. m. the fruit of the arbut or strawberry-tree; the tree itself.

Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.

Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.

Ungo, v. Unguo, ære, ævi, ætum. act. to smear; to anoint; to bedaub; to perfume.

Unguen, ōnis. n. an ointment, any fat liquor or juices.

Unguentaria, æ. f. the art of making ointments; she that makes or sells ointments.

Unguentarium, ii. n. money exacted in the province for allowance of ointments and perfumes.

Unguentarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ointments or perfumes.

Unguentarius, ii. m. he that makes and sells ointments and perfumes, a perfumer.

Unguentatus, a, um. adj. a ointment with sweet ointments, perfumed.

Unguentum, i. n. any sweet ointment; a perfume.

chequer; to interlace; to speak or write differently; to differ; to disagree.

Varius, a, um. *adj.* *changeable; of diverse colours or fashions; spotted, speckled; diverse, sundry, various; inconstant.*

Vārix, icis. m. *a crooked vein swelling with melancholy, especially in the legs.*

Varrus et Vārus, i. m. *a hunter's fork or stake to bear up nets and hays.*

Vārus, a, um. *adj.* *having crooked legs which bend inward, crooked, mis-shapen, scambling, uneven; various, unlike; open to embrace or clasp.*

Vārus, i. m. *a spot, speckle, or speck in the face; a small pock, meale, or pimple.*

Vas, vādis. m. *a surety or bail; a pledge or hostage.*

Vas, vāsis. n. *contr.* *a vasum; unde in pl. Vāsa, ōrum. any kind of vessel or household goods; all kind of instruments for use. Vasa, in plur. the testicles.*

Vasarium, ii. n. *a cupboard; a room; a chamber; a provision of furniture or money, &c.*

Vasculārius, ii. m. *a workman that makes any sort of vessels.*

Vasculum, i. n. *dim.* *a little vessel; a privy member.*

Vastatio, ōnis. f. *a wasting, desolating, pillaging, destroying, or laying waste.*

Vastator, ōris. m. *a waster or spoiler.*

Vastatrix, icis. f. *she that wastes or destroys.*

Vastus, a, um. *part.* *laid waste, made desolate; spoiled, bereaved.*

Vaste, adv. *hugely, vastly, forcibly; widely.*

Vastificus, a, um. *adj.* *that destroys or lays waste.*

Vastitas, itis. f. *hugeness, bigness, vast extent; excessiveness, strength; destruction, desolation, ravage.*

Vasto, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. *act.* *to waste; to destroy; to spoil; to lay waste; to ravage; to plunder; to make havoc; to dilapidate; to vex; to torment; to bereave.*

Vastus, a, um. *adj.* *waste, desolate, uninhabited, barren; huge, big, wide, broad, large, enormous; burly, clumsy, ill-favoured; gaping, unpleasant; insatiable, outrageously covetous.*

Vates, is. c. g. *a prophet or propheser; a poet or poetess; an interpreter; one well skilled in a profession.*

Vaticinatio, ōnis. f. *a foretell-*

ing, a prophesying or sooth-saying; a prophecy; a divination.

Vaticinātor, ōris. m. *a foreteller of things to come; a sooth-sayer.*

Vaticinium, ii. n. *a prophecy or foretelling; a presage.*

Vaticnor, ōri, ōtus. *dep.* *to prophesy; to divine; to foretell; to guess; to talk idly or frantically.*

Vaticnosus et Vaticinosus, a, um. *adj.* *of or belonging to prophesying or to such as prophesy; prophetic.*

Vātus, a, um. *adj.* *having legs bowed inward, bow-legged.*

Uber, ōris. n. *scrib.* *et Huber, a nipple, a teat; a pap, an udder; fatness, fruitfulness.*

Uber, ōris. *adj.* *[a prmc.] fruitful, plentiful, fertile; abundant, copious.*

Uberius, adv. *comp.* *Vid. Uber-tim.*

Ūbŕo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. *[ab uber]* *Act.* *to make plentiful and fruitful; to fatten. Neut.* *to be fruitful and plentiful; to be abundant.*

Ubertas, itis. f. *fertility, fruitfulness; abundance, plenty, store; glut.*

Ubertim, adv. *ius, com.* *errime, sup.* *plentifully, abundantly, copiously.*

Ubi, adv. *where, in what place; where? whence; after that, as soon as.*

Ubiqueque, adv. *wheresoever, in what place soever; when-so-ever.*

Ubilibet, adv. *wheresoever you please.*

Ubinam, adv. *where or in what place?*

Ubique, adv. *in every place, every where; universally, with regard to every thing.*

Ūbŕbi, pro *Ubiqueque*, adv. *wherever, in what place soever; in any case, upon any condition.*

Ubvis, adv. *any where; in any matter, in any affair.*

Udo, ōnis. m. *a linen or woollen sock; a garment to keep off cold; a sock.*

Udus, a, um. *adj.* *[contr. ex divdus] moist, wet, slabby; tipsy, tipsed, fuddled.*

Ue, conj. *or, either.*

Ūcōrdia, ōis. f. *madness, dotage, folly, rage, frenzy, senselessness.*

Ūcōrus, dis. *adj.* *mad, foolish, doting, out of his wits, frantic.*

Vectābilis, is. e. *adj.* *that may be carried from one place to another.*

Vectārius, a, um. *adj.* *[a veho] of or belonging to a chariot,*

coach, wagon, or other carriage.

Vectālis, ōnis. f. *a being borne or carried; a riding or going in a coach; going by water in a boat or ship.*

Vectārius, ii. m. *[a vectis] he that turns a wine-press or the like instrument with levers.*

Vectigal, itis. n. *a custom, properly of freight; a toll or subsidy, tax or gabel; a revenue, an income.*

Vectigālis, is. e. *adj.* *that pays taxes or customs; tributary.*

Vectio, ōnis. f. *a carrying or portage; a riding on horse-back.*

Vectis, is. m. *a bar or spar; a lever; a betty or engine.*

Vectus, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. *freq.* *[a veho] to carry often.*

Vector, ōris. m. *[a veho] a bearer, a carrier; a passenger in a ship; a waterman, a mariner.*

Vectōris, a, um. *adj.* *fit to carry, serving for carriage.*

Vectūra, ōis. f. *carriage, portage; money paid for carriage; bottom or freight money; a fare.*

Vectus, a, um. *part.* *carried conveyed.*

Vēgo, ōre, gni, —. *Neut.* *to be lusty and strong or sound and whole. Act.* *to make brisk or mettlesome; to refresh; to move; to stir up.*

Vēgētus, a, um. *adj.* *quick, fresh, lively, lusty, sound, agile, alert, brisk, crank, pert, flourishing, vigorous; fine, seasonable.*

Vēgrandia, is. e. *adj.* *great and ill proportioned; lean, thin, meagre, lank, slim.*

Veha, ōis. f. *a highway for common carriage; a cart, a wagon.*

Vehēmens, tis. *adj.* *immoderate; vehement, impetuous, earnest, hasty, speedy; fierce; stout, firm, strong; violent, unruly; serviceable, effectual.*

Vehēmenter, adv. *vehemently, eagerly, earnestly, impetuously; mightily, exceedingly; extremely, egregiously.*

Vehēmētia, ōis. f. *vehementcy, earnestness, impetuosity, strongness, or rankness.*

Vehes, v. **Vehis**, is. f. *a cart or wain; load of any thing.*

Vehiculūm, i. n. *a car, wain, or wagon; a coach or chariot; a vehicle.*

Veho, ōre, xi, ctum. *Act.* *to carry in any manner of way; to convey by land or by water. Neut.* *to be carried; to travel; to ride.*

Veiētina, ōis. f. *a precious stone found near Vei in Italy.*

Vel, conj. or. **Vel**, vel, either—or; both—and; particularly, especially; even; even as; at least; and.

Vellābrensis, is, e. adj. belonging to a place in Rome that had booths in it.

Vellābrum, i. n. a place in Rome, where they had shops and booths to sell oil, cheese and other things.

Vellāmen, ius, n. a covering, a garment, a veil, carpet, or coverlet; the skin of a beast; the bag, skin, or bladder of any swelling or imposthume.

Vellāmentum, i. n. a garment, a covering of any thing, a branch of olive tied with ribbons.

Vellāria, ōrum, pl. n. sail cloths on the top of the theatre, to keep out the weather.

Vellāria, is, e. adj. pertaining to a veil, sail, or curtain.

Vellātus, a, um, part. covered; clothed; veiled; decked, adorned.

Velles, itis, m. a soldier wearing light harness, a skirmisher, a dragoon.

Vellifer, ēra, ōrum, adj. that bears or carries sails.

Vellificatio, ōnis, f. a hoisting up or making sail; a voyage or course.

Vellificatus, a, um, part. Act. sailing. Pass. sailed over.

Vellifico, āre, āvi, ātum, act. et vellifico, ūri, ūtus, dep. [vela facio] to hoist up or spread sail; to sail forth; to pass along by water; to seek after; to court.

Vellificus, a, um, adj. performed with sails spread or displayed.

Vellitāria, is, e. adj. [a velites] belonging to light horsemen.

Vellitatio, ōnis, f. a skirmishing; a quarreling or bickering in words.

Vellitor, āri, ātus, dep. to skirmish; to brawl or bicker in words.

Vellivolans, tis, part. running, and as it were flying, with full sails.

Vellivulus, a, um, adj. that goes or is gone upon with sails.

Vellitūra, ē, f. a carrying or conveying.

Vellitūdo, ōnis, f. a plucking, a nipping, a twicking; a carping, a depraving.

Vellitūsus, ūs, m. a plucking.

Vellitico, āre, āvi, ātum, act. [a vello] to pluck; to tug; to twist; to pinch; to pull off hair or feathers; to peck; to nip; to carp; to taunt; to rail.

Vello āre, li et vulsi, laum, act.

to pull; to pluck; to tug; to pinch; to gnaw; to tear away.

Vellūmina, Vellēmnia, Vellūmina, v. Vellīmnia, um, n. pl. fleece-wool wound.

Vellus, ūris, n. a fleece of wool; the skin of a beast; the leaves of a tree; a thin bright cloud like a fleece.

Vello, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to cover; to veil; to hide; to clothe; to adorn; to bind; to tie; to muffle.

Vellocitas, ātis, f. swiftness, agility, rapidity, nimbleness.

Vellociter, adv. swiftly, nimbly, lightly, rapidly, speedily.

Vellor, ōcis, adj. swift, quick, nimble, fleet, rapid; speedy, hasty, ready.

Vellum, i. n. a veil, curtain, or hanging; a sail.

Vellut, adv. like, like as; to wit; for example.

Velluti, adv. even as.

Vena, ē, f. a vein; a pulse or artery; the natural disposition or humour; a vein or genius; a vein of the earth; the grain of wood; a vein of stone, metal, &c.; the bubbling or rising up of water.

Venābulum, i. n. [a venando] a hunting-pole, a hunter's staff, a boar-spear.

Venālis, is, e. adj. to be sold, set to sale, venal; that may be bought or prevailed on by money to do any thing; a slave.

Venāliter, adv. saleably, vendibly, in a venal manner.

Venālitium, ii. n. the company of slaves, that are to be sold.

Venālitius, a, um, adj. pertaining to sale or that which is bought and sold; set to sale, dealing in slaves.

Venālitus, ii. m. one dealing in slaves.

Venāliticus, a, um, adj. pertaining to hunting.

Venātio, ōnis, f. a hunting, a chasing; venison or beasts hunted.

Venātor, ōris, m. a hunter, a huntsman; a tracer, a searcher, an inquirer.

Venātōrius, a, um, adj. of or belonging to hunting; or to a huntsman.

Venātrix, tris, f. a huntress.

Venātūra, ē, f. a hunting.

Venātus, a, um, part. having hunted.

Venātus, ūs, in. hunting or chasing; fishing.

Vendax, ācis, adj. a great seller or that sells gladly.

Vendibilis, is, e. adj. vendible, saleable, easy to be sold; plausible, passable, that will go off.

Venditārius, a, um, adj. desirous to be sold.

Venditatio, ōnis, f. a bragging, vaunting, boasting, or making a show; pageantry, ostentation.

Venditator, ōris, m. a dragger or booster.

Venditio, ōnis, f. a selling or sale; a vent.

Vendito, āre, āvi, ātum, freq. [a vendo] to desire to sell; to set to sale; to brag; to boast; to vaunt.

Venditor, ōris, m. a seller.

Vendo, ēre, didi, ditum, act. to sell; to set to sale.

Venefica, ē, f. a sorceress, she that poisons, a witch.

Veneficium, ii. n. a poisoning; sorcery, witchcraft.

Veneficus, a, um, adj. venomous, poisonous, deadly.

Veneficus, i. m. a sorcerer, an enchanter, a wizard, a necromancer, a magician; a poisoner; a cheater, an imposter.

Venenārius, ii. m. a poisoner; one who makes or sells poison.

Venenātus, a, um, part. envenomed, poisoned; venomous, poisonous, infectious.

Venēficus, ēra, ōrum, adj. bearing poison, venomous.

Venēno, āre, āvi, ātum, act. to envenom; to poison.

Venēnum, i. n. any medicine; poison; ointment or paint; a dyeing; a medicine or preparation for embalming; witchcraft, sorcery.

Veneo, ire, ivi et ui, — neut. to be sold; to set to sale.

Venerābilis, is, e. adj. worshipful, venerable.

Venerābiliter, adv. reverentially.

Venerābundus, a, um, part. in a reverent posture of worship.

Venerandus, a, um, part. to be revered or worshipped; venerable; to be honoured.

Veneratio, ōnis, f. veneration, worship, honour, reverence; submission.

Venerātor, ōris, m. a worshipper, a reverencer, an adorer.

Venerātus, a, um, part. Act. having worshipped. Pass. worshipped, revered, adored.

Venerēus et ius, a, um, adj. [a Venere] belonging to Venus; lecherous, venereal.

Venerix, ūrum, f. plur. shell-fishes.

Veneris gemma, a kind of amethyst.

Venero, āre, āvi, ātum, Vīd. Veneror.

Veneror, āri, ātus, dep. to adore; to worship; to honour; to pray unto. Pass. to be adored.

Vēnētus, a, um. adj. of Venice; dyed in a Venice blue.
Vēnia, m. f. pardon, leave, permission; or license; favour; courtesy.
Vēnicūla, m. f. a kind of grape.
Vēnio, īre, vēni, ventum. neut. to come; to arrive; to go; to be; to accrue; to proceed; to chance; to happen; to come to pass; to spring; to grow.
Vēnitur, impera. they come.
Vēnor, āri, ātus. dep. to hunt; to seek after; to get; to go about to get a thing craftily or anxiously.
Vēnosus, a, um. adj. full of veins or strings; gouty, swollen, bloated, unweakened.
Venter, tris. m. the belly; any swelling or protuberance like it; the stomach; the womb.
Ventigēnus, a, um. adj. engendering winds and bringing them forth.
Ventilābrum, i. n. [a ventilo] a fan to winnow with.
Ventilātio, ōis. f. a fanning or winnowing.
Ventilātor, ōis. m. a fanner, a winnower; a juggler, a hocus-pocus.
Ventilātus, a, um. part. blown, fanned.
Ventilo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a ventilo] to blow; to fan; to winnow; to flourish before fight; to blow the coals; to excite.
Ventilo, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a venilo] to come often; to haunt; to go often.
Ventōsus, a, um. adj. windy, full of wind; exposed to the wind; light or swift; inconstant.
Ventile, is. n. an apron or other garment for the belly.
Ventricōsus, a, um. adj. big-bellied.
Ventriculus, i. m. dim. the stomach; a little belly; the ventricle.
Ventriculus, **Ventrōsus** v. **Ventruōsus**, a, um. adj. gorbellied; round and prominent.
Ventulus, i. m. dim. a little wind.
Ventus, i. m. the wind; a storm, a tempest; empty air, applause.
Vēnicūla, m. f. al. Venicula, Venuncula et Veniuncula, a grape which being put into pots, keeps a long time.
Vēnicūlum, i. n. [sc. far] a kind of wheat.
Vēnula, m. f. dim. [a vena] a small vein.
Vēnum, i. n. v. Venus, ūs. m. a sale, a thing sold or purchased. Venum, supin. verbi veneo, to be sold.
Venditūsus, a, um. part. sold.

Vēnando, āre, dēdi, dētum. act. to expose to sale; to sell.
Vēnus, ēris. f. the goddess of love and beauty; love; lust; ventry; a mistress, a sweetheart; a lustful woman; the morning star; a charm, a temptation; comeliness, a grace in countenance or behaviour; becomingness; a cast or chance at cockal, a play with four bones, when every one turns up a several face.
Vēnustus, ātis. f. fineness, sightliness, comeliness; an air, amiableness, beauty, elegance, gracefulness, loveliness; a grace and becomingness in speech and utterance; felicity, good fortune.
Vēnuate, adv. with a grace, handsomely, becomingly; amiably, beautifully, prettily, elegantly; happily, luckily.
Vēnuatulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat fair, handsome, or comely; pretty.
Vēnuatus, a, um. adj. [a Venus, ut ab onus, onustus] comely, graceful, genteel, amiable, lovely; fine, gallant, pleasant.
Vēprēcūla, m. f. dim. [a vepres] a little briar or bramble.
Vepres, is. m. a briar or bramble.
Vēprētum, i. n. a place full of briars, a bramble-bush.
Ver, vēris. n. the spring-time.
Vērātrum, i. n. an herb called hellebore.
Vērax, ācis. adj. true of speech.
Vērascum, i. n. petty mullein, wool-blade, torch-weed, or high-taper; lungwort.
Vērbūsa, m. f. the herb vervain; all sacred leaves.
Vērbēnca, m. f. vervain.
Vērbēnarius, a, um. adj. one carrying the sagmina, or vervēnē.
Vērbēnātus, a, um. adj. crowned and adorned with vervain and other sacred herbs.
Verber, ēris. n. a wand to beat with; a scourge, a whip; a stripe, a blow, a lash or jerk; a stroke, blow, or bang; a blast of wind; a check, taunt, or reproach.
Vērbēribilis, is, e. adj. that may be beaten or is worthy to be beaten.
Vērbēritio, ōis. f. a beating, a striking; a reproof, reprimand, or check.
Vērbēritus, a, um. part. stricken, pelted, beaten, banged; teased, stunned.
Vērbēritus, ūs. m. a beating, a dashing against; an impulsion or moving.
Vērbēreus, a, um. adj. worthy

of beating; that deserves beating or to be well banged.
Vērbēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a verber] to whip; to lash; to beat; to strike; to bang; to batter; to strike against; to raise and chide; to check; to reprove.
Vērbēro, ōis. m. a person worthy to be beaten or that is often beaten; a rogue, a rascal.
Vērbōse, adv. copiously, with many words; at large.
Vērbōsus, a, um. adj. full of words, talkative, verbose.
Verbum, i. n. a word; talk, prating; a speech, a saying; a proverb or old saw; a verb.
Verba, words only, not realities.
Vēre, adv. indeed, verily; justly.
Vērecūde, adv. lus. comp. shamefacedly, bashfully, modestly.
Vērecūdia, m. f. bashfulness, shamefacedness, demureness, modesty; a reverent regard.
Vērecūdor, ēri, ātus. dep. to be ashamed; to be bashful and modest.
Vērecūndus, a, um. adj. [a verēor] shamefaced, bashful, modest, demure; red, ruddy.
Vēredus, i. m. a post-horse, a hunting-nag.
Vērenda, ōrum. n. pl. [sc. loca] the privy parts of a man or woman.
Vērendus, a, um. part. to be feared or revered; reverend, awful.
Vēreor, ēri, ātus. dep. to reverence; to fear; to be in fear of.
Vēreticillum v. **Vēreticūlum**, i. n. dim. a
Vētrūm, i. n. a man's or woman's privy part.
Vergilix, ārum. f. pl. [quod vere exoriuntur] the seven stars.
Vergo, ēre, āi, āum. neut. to decline; to bend, lie, or look toward; to sink. Act. to pour out.
Vēriticus, a, um. adj. speaking truth, divine.
Vēritimilis, is, e. adj. likely, credible.
Vēritimilitudo, dīnis. f. likelihood or probability; the true likeness of a thing; life, nature.
Vēritas, ātis. f. truth, verity; the truth, what is true.
Vēritus, a, um. part. [a verēor] that has feared or doubted.
Vermen, īnis. n. unde Vermīna, plur. the griping of the guts.
Vermicūlate, adv. like worms.
Vermiculatio, ōis. f. worm-eating, or the breeding of worms

in fruit or trees; the gripping of the guts.

Vermiculatus, a, um. part. infested with worms; inlaid, wrought with chequer-work or with small pieces of diverse colours.

Vermiculator, Ari, Atus. dep. to breed or bring forth worms; to be worm-eaten; to make chequer-work, &c.

Vermiculus, i, m. dim. a little worm, a grub.

Vermiculatio, Onis. f. a breeding of worms or bole; a wringing of the guts; any acute or pinching pain.

Vermis, Are, Aui, Atum. neut. to be troubled with worms; to breed worms; to ache; to prick; to shoot; to pain.

Vermisus, a, um. adj. full of worms, troubled with worms, worm-eaten.

Vermis, is. m. a worm, a grub; vermin.

Verna, m. c. g. a bondman or bondswoman; one born in the house; a bondslave; the same with Vernaculus.

Vernaculus, a, um. adj. [a verna] that is born in one's house, that belongs to the country where one lives or where one is born; proper and peculiar to the country; petulant, scoffing.

Vernaculus, i, m. a rude scuffer.

Vernaciter, adv. like a bondslave, rudely or scolding; parasitically.

Vernatio, Onis. f. [a verno] a renewing or growing again; the old skin or slough which the snake casts off.

Vernilis, is, e. adj. fawning; servile; like a slave, scoffing, waxy.

Vernilitas, Atis. f. servile carriage, ecurrility, envious language; affected civility.

Verno, absol. in the spring-time.

Verno, Are, Aui, Atum. neut. [a vernus] to be verdant; to flourish; to spring; to grow green; to bud; to sprout out; to sing cheerfully; to swarm; to cast his slough and get a new skin, as the snake does.

Vernula, m. c. g. dim. a little bondslave or servant.

Vernulus, a, um. adj. dim. servile, flippant, petulant.

Vernus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the spring-time.

Vero, conj. but, nay, rather, yea truly; adv. indeed, truly; forsooth.

Verpa, m. f. i. e. penis.

Verpus, a, um. adj. circumcised, stripped bare.

Vesce, is. m. a boar pig.

Verruculatus, a, um. adj. made like a drag-net.

Verriculum, i, n. a sweep-net, a drag or seine; a flew.

Verrinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a boar pig.

Verro, Are, ri, sum. act. to brush; to scour; to sweep; to make clean; to draw along; to rake.

Verruca, m. f. a wart.

Verrucaria, m. f. the herb wartwort or turisole.

Verrucosus, a, um. adj. full of warts, lumps, or hillocks; uneven, rugged.

Verrucula, m. f. dim. a little wart.

Verruco, Are, Aui, Atum. act. to change a thing for the better or to avert; to drive away.

Versabilis, is, e. adj. that may be turned and winded; unstable, inconstant.

Versabundus, a, um. adj. about to be turned.

Versatilis, is, e. adj. that turns easily, or may be turned; a, i or suitable to every thing.

Versatio, Onis. f. a turning or winding; a change.

Versatus, a, um. part. turned, tumbled; stirred about; experienced, practised, versed in a business; managed, carried on.

Versicolor, Onis. adj. omn. gen. changing colour; of sundry colours.

Versiculus, i, m. dim. a little verse, a versicle; a line or short sentence.

Versificatio, Onis. f. a making of verses, a versifying.

Versificator, Onis. m. a versifier or maker of verses.

Versifico, Are, Aui, Atum. act. [versus facio] to versify.

Versipellis, is, e. adj. that changes his skin or form; sly, witty, crafty, double-dealing.

Versio, Are, Aui, Atum. freq. [a verio] to turn often; to tumble up and down or over and over; to stir or turn about; to drive from place to place; to manage; to weigh; to consider; to perplex; to tease; to fret.

Versor, Ari, Atus. dep. to be turned; to be employed; to converse; to stay with one; to be.

Versoria, m. f. a cord to turn the sail to the wind side or a rudder to turn the ship.

Versura, m. f. a turning; the corner of a house or walk.

Versuram facere, to take up money of one at great interest; to pay a debt to another.

Versus, a, um. part. [a verio] turned, changed; overturned,

ruined, abolished; propense, inclined.

Versus, us. m. [a verio] a turning; a turning round on the toe in dancing; a rank, row, or eerie; a line; the superscription of a letter; a verse; a note or tune; a square plat of ground, a hundred feet every way.

Versus, præp. [a verio] regit acc. towards.

Versus, adv. towards.

Versute, adv. craftily, cunningly, evasively.

Versutilliquus, a, um. adj. that talks craftily.

Versutus, a, um. adj. that turns every way; crafty, wily, cunning, evasive, subtle, shifting, quick-witted, ready.

Vertagus, i, m. a hound that will hunt by himself, and bring home his game; a tumbler.

Vertebra, m. f. [a verio] any turning joint in the body, a joint in the back-bone.

Vertebratus, a, um. adj. made in the form of a vertebra.

Vertex v. Vortex, Icis. m. [a verio] a whirlwind; a whirlpool; a turning round of the water; the top or crown of the head; the head itself; the top of any thing; a pole of the world.

Verticillum i. n. et Verticillus, i, m. a pin or peg of a musical instrument.

Verticorilius, a, um. adj. that turns the heart.

Verticosis, a, um. adj. that whirls or turns round; full of whirlpits or eddies.

Verticula, m. f. et Verticellum, i, n. [a vertendo] a screw for engines, a key in musical instruments, a whirl for a spindle; a joint in the back-bone.

Vertigo, gnis. f. [a vertendo] a whirling or turning round; e rolling, a change; giddiness, dizziness, the swimming of the head.

Vertitur, impers. it is controverted or debated.

Verto, Are, ti, sum. act. to turn; to transform; to change; to dye; to discolour; to overthrow; to cast down; to turn upside down; to dig; to caec up; to borrow of one to pay another; to impute; to translate; to be changed or altered; to happen; to fall out.

Vēru, n. indecl. s. g. plur. Vērus, uum, ūbus. a spit, a branch; a kind of dart used in war.

Vervacuum, i, n. land that has been fallow, and is turned in the spring to be sown next year.

Vēdēdūm, i. n. dim. [a veru] a little broach or spit.
Vervex, scis. m. a weether sheep.
Vēruina, m. f. [a veru] a long javelin, a spit, or broach.
Vērum, i. n. a thing that is true, the truth; reason, justice.
Vērum, conj. but, but yet; just so, yes, truly.
Vēruntāmen, conj. nevertheless, notwithstanding, but yet, howbeit, for all that.
Vērus, a, um. adj. real, true, right, just; meet, fit; natural.
Vērūtum, i. n. a weapon or dart like a spit.
Vērūtus, a, um. adj. armed with such a dart.
Vēsānia, m. f. madness, fury, rage.
Vēsānio, fre, fvi, —. neut. to be mad; to rage; to bluster.
Vēsānus, a, um. adj. vnsi, mighty; sickly, causing sickness; mad, furious, cruel, outrageous.
Vescor, eci, —. dep. to live upon; to eat.
Vescus, a, um. adj. anything that may be eaten, good to eat; eating, that eats; little, small, or lean.
Vesica, m. f. a bladder; rhodomontade, a swelling style; the privy part of a woman.
Vesicaria, m. f. the herb called alkatengy or winter-cherry.
Vescūla, m. f. dim. a little bladder.
Vespa, m. f. a wasp.
Vesper, ōris. m. the evening-star; the evening; the west or the western parts of the world.
esper, ōra, ōrum. adj. of or pertaining to the evening.
espēra, m. f. the evening.
espērascens, tis. part. drawing towards evening.
espērascit, impers. it draws towards evening.
Vespere v. **Vespēri**, adv. at the end of the day, in the evening.
Vespertilio, ōnis. m. a bat or vee-mouse.
Vespertinus, a, um. adj. of or what is done in the evening.
Vespērugo, glais. f. the evening-star.
Vespērus, i. m. the evening-star.
Vespillo, ōnis. m. he that carries out dead bodies in the night to be buried, a bearer.
Vestālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the Vestals.
Vester, atra, strum. pron. adj. [a vos] your, yours.
Vestārium, ii. n. a wardrobe; apparel itself.
Vestibūlum, l. n. a porch or

entry to a house or other place; an entrance or rudiment.
Vesticontūbernium, ii. n. a lying-in the same bed.
Vestibulus, a, um. adj. wearing loose and wide garments or abounding in garments.
Vestigātor, ōris. m. a tracer or hunter.
Vestigium, ii. n. a trace, a track; the print of a foot, a footstep; the foot; a print, an impression, a dent; the very minute or point of time; a token, sign, or mark.
Vestigo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to trace; to follow by the track or scent; to search diligently; to inquire into.
Vestimentum, i. n. [a vestio] a garment, vesture or vestment; apparel, clothing, array, attire.
Vestio, fre, fvi, ōtum. act. to clothe; to apparel; to array; to cover; to garnish; to deck.
Vestiplica, m. f. a woman that folds or lays up garments; a chamber-maid.
Vestis, is. f. a garment, a vest; all maner of array, clothes, bed-clothes; the skin of a snake; the beard or hair of the face.
Vestispicus, i. m. et **Vestispica**, m. f. he or she that keeps the apparel of his master or mistress.
Vestitus, a, um. part. clad, appareled, clothed, arrayed; covered; decked, adorned.
Vestitus, ūs. m. apparel, array, clothing, raiment; a garment; garniture.
Vestras, ōtis. pron. [a vester] of your country, kindred, or stock.
Vētrāmentārius auctor, a butcher.
Vētrānus, a, um. adj. old, skillful; that has served long in a place or office; an old soldier, a veteran.
Vētrascio, cēre, —. incept. to grow old.
Vētrātor, ōris. m. one long practised or exercised; a crafty knave, an old fox, a double dealer, an impostor.
Vētrātorie, adv. expertly, craftily.
Vētrātorius, a, um. adj. crafty, deceitful, cunning, tricky, sophistical.
Vētrātum, i. n. old fallow ground.
Vētrārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to beasts or to a horse-doctor.
Vētrārius, ii. m. a farrier, a horse-doctor; a horse-hirer; a hackney-man, a horse-courer.

Vētrinus, a, um. adj. that bears burdens; used in carriage.
Vētrōsus, a, um. adj. sick of the lethargy or sleepy disease; drowsy, heavy, lazy, sluggish; faint, feeble.
Vētrum, i. n. the lethargy.
Vētrus, i. m. the lethargy; slothfulness, sluggishness, dizziness, drowsiness, immoderate sleeping; nastiness.
Vētro, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. to grow old; to continue long; to be chronicall.
Vētrum, i. n. a thing forbidden.
Vētitus, a, um. part. forbidden, unlawful.
Veto, ōre, vi, ōtum, et ōvi, ōtum. act. to forbid; to prohibit; to let; to hinder; to stop. Veto, when the tribune made use of his intercession or negative voice.
Vētōlica, m. f. the herb betony.
Vētūla, m. f. [sc. mulier] an old woman or wife.
Vētulus, a, um. adj. dim. [a vetus] somewhat old, stale.
Vētulus, i. m. [sc. homo] an old man.
Vetus, ōris. adj. et antiq. Vēter, unde Vēterior, comp. rīmus, sup. former, past; old; that has been, chronicall, customary; stale, musty, out of date, worn out; of an ancient descent, noble.
Vētustas, ōtis. f. [a vetus] antiquity, ancientness, oldness; a future continuance; length of time, long old age; old acquaintance.
Vētuste, adv. anciently, of a long time or standing.
Vētutesco, cēre, —. incept. to grow old, ancient, or stale.
Vētustus, a, um. adj. old, ancient.
Vexāmen, inis. n. a vexation.
Vexātio, ōnis. f. a driving or carrying hither and thither; a teasing, a harassing; grief, trouble, torment, vexation.
Vexātor, ōris. m. a harasser, a plager.
Vexātus, a, um. part. ruffled, disordered; troubled, grieved, vexed, chafed.
Vexillārius, ii. m. a standard bearer, an ensign or veteran; a garrison soldier.
Vexillatio, ōnis. f. a company of soldiers under one ensign; the horse or cavalry.
Vexillum, i. n. a banner, standard, ensign or flag; a streamer, the top-gallant; soldiers under it.
Vexo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. freq. to disturb; to mud; to toss up and down; to vex; to trouble; to harass; to cumber;

in disquiet; to tease; to molest; to plague; to torment.

Via, *m.* [antiqu. *vias*] *f.* a way or passage; a broad street; a causeway; a journey, a voyage; a passage, a vein, a pore; a track; an access; a manner, mean, or fashion; a rule, method, or course.

Vialis, *is*, *e.* adj. of or belonging to the highway.

Viaarius, *a*, *um.* adj. of or belonging to ways.

Vialectus, *a*, *um.* adj. furnished with things necessary for a journey.

Viacticum, *l.* *n.* all things necessary for a journey; voyage-provision; one's estate or substance.

Viaicus, *a*, *um.* adj. pertaining to a journey or travelling by the way.

Viaitor, *ria*, *m.* a traveller, a wayfaring man; a serjeant, bundle, or purveyor; an apparitor, a summoner.

Viaitorius, *a*, *um.* adj. of or belonging to the way of travelling or to travellers.

Vibex, *icis*, *a* mark or print of a stripe or blow, black and blue.

Vibrans, *tis*, *part.* brandishing, shaking, wagging, quavering; quick, bright, dazzling.

Vibratus, *a*, *um.* *part.* shaken; brandished; crisped, curled, frizzled; quavered.

Vibro, *ere*, *vi*, *ctum.* act. to shake a thing; to brandish; to dart; to throw; to hurl; to quaver; to frizzle; to curl; to ruffle; to tremble; to quiver; to move nimbly.

Viburnum, *l.* *n.* a shrub; a withy; a wild vine.

Vicarius, *i*, *m.* a villager, peasant, countryman or boor.

Vicarius, *a*, *um.* adj. that is instead or place of another; that supplies another's room; a deputy.

Vicarius, *li*, *m.* one who performeth the office or place of another; a deputy, a substitute.

Vicatum, *adv.* in villages or streets; street by street, village by village.

Vicentarius, *a*, *um.* adj. the twentieth.

Vices, *f.* *pl.* turns, courses, changes.

Vicesimani, *orum*, *m.* *pl.* soldiers of the twentieth regiment or legion.

Vicesimus, *a*, *um.* adj. of or belonging to the twentieth part.

Vicesimus, *a*, *um.* adj. the twentieth.

Vicia, *m.* *f.* the pulses called a vetch or tare.

Viciarium, *li*, *n.* a place sown with vetches.

Viciarius, *a*, *um.* adj. of or belonging to vetches.

Vicies, *adv.* twenty times.

Vicina, *m.* *f.* a female neighbour.

Vicinilis, *is*, *e.* adj. of or belonging to neighbour or the neighbourhood.

Vicinia, *m.* *f.* [a *vicus*] nearness of dwelling; the neighbourhood, vicinage; likeness; nearness.

Vicinitas, *etis*, *f.* the neighbourhood; the company of neighbours; nearness, likeness.

Vicinus, *a*, *um.* adj. near, next to; adjacent; not far off; very like.

Vicinus, *l.* *m.* a neighbour.

Vici [gen. nom. absol.] *vici*, *vicem*, *vices*, *f.* change, course; stead, place; office, part or duty; a case, hap, fortune; a mutual recompense. **Vices**, *pl.* attacks or charges in war.

Vicissim, *adv.* by turns; one after another; interchangeably, back again.

Vicissitudo, *disis*, *f.* an interchanging, a succeeding of one thing to another in its course; a vicieitude, change, or variety.

Victima, *m.* *v.* the beast killed in sacrifice for victory; a sacrifice, a victim.

Victimarius, *li*, *m.* he that sells beasts for sacrifice; he that attended upon the priest at sacrifice, who bound the beast, and got all things ready.

Victio, *ere*, *vi*, *ctum.* freq. [a *vivo*] to live; to maintain himself.

Victor, *oris*, *m.* [a *vinco*] a conqueror, a vanquisher; he that hath his desire and wish.

Victoria, *m.* *f.* victory, conquest, the goddess of victory.

Victorialis, *i*, *m.* [sc. *nummus*] a coin having the image of the goddess Victory upon it, a half denarius.

Victoribilia, *m.* *f.* *dim.* a little image representing victory.

Victrix, *icis*, *adj.* victorious.

Victrix, *icis*, *f.* [a *victor*] she who conquies.

Victus, *a*, *um.* *part.* [a *vinco*] overcome, vanquished, cast, beaten; baffled; disappointed of his purpose.

Victus, *us* et *victi*, *m.* sustenance, things necessary to live by; provision, food, meat and drink.

Vicus, *l.* *m.* a street; a village.

Videlicet, *adv.* [videre licet] to wit, that is to say; forsooth, I warrant you.

Videu' *pro* videamus? do you see?

Vidēo, *ere*, *vidi*, *visum.* act. to see; a look; to behold; to visit; to go to see; to perceive; to understand; to discern; to see to; to take heed; to have an eye to; to consider.

Videor, *eri*, *visus* *pass.* to be seen; to seem.

Videtur, *bitur*, *sum* *eat.* *impers.* it seems; it appears; it seems good.

Vidua, *m.* *f.* [sc. *mulier*] a woman without a man; a widow.

Viduus, *a*, *um.* *part.* not having; deprived or bereaved of; destitute; left all alone, made a widow.

Viduitas, *etis*, *f.* widowhood; lack or want.

Vidulum, *l.* *n.* et **Vidulus**, *l.* *m.* a bag, a budget, a purse, a hawk bag.

Viduo, *ere*, *vi*, *ctum.* act. to deprive; to bereave; to make one a widow or lease alone.

Viduus, *a*, *um.* adj. bereft, deprived, left alone, void, destitute.

Vieo, *ere*, *vi*, *ctum.* act. to bind with twigs; to hoop.

Victor, *oris*, *m.* [qui *viet* *dollia*] he that makes baskets or vessels of osier, to be covered with leather.

Vietus, *a*, *um.* adj. bowing or stooping for age; euple or limber; wrinkled or withered.

Vigens, *tis*, *part.* fresh, flourishing; brisk, active; eminent, famous.

Vigēo, *ere*, *ui*, — *neut.* [ex *vi* *agendo*] to flourish; to war; to grow; to live; to be strong; to be in force; to be much used; to be in vogue; to be esteemed.

Vigēscō, *ere*, — *incept.* [a *vigēo*] to grow lively, brisk, and active.

Vigēssima, *m.* *f.* [sc. *pars*] the twentieth part, a tribus of the twentieth penny.

Vigēssimus, *a*, *um.* adj. **Vid.** **Vicesimus.**

Vigil, *ilis*, *adj.* *omn.* gen. watchful, waking, vigilant, mindful; that keeps awake; attentive; that never goes out, inextinguishable.

Vigil, *ilis*, *m.* a watchman, a centinel.

Vigilans, *tis*, *part.* et *adj.* watchful; heedful, vigilant, wary.

Vigilanter, *adv.* watchfully, vigilantly, diligently, warily, heedfully.

Vigilantia, *m.* *f.* watchfulness;

vigilancy, care, heed, diligence.
Vigilatur, impers. *men wake.*
Vigilātus, a, um. part. *watched; spent in watching or sitting up late; made by sitting up.*
Vigilax, icis. adj. *watchful, wary, vigilant.*
Vigilia, æ. f. *watching, being awake; a watch by night, a sentry. Vigilia, night-studies; a watch or fourth part of the night; i. e. from sun-set to sun-rise; the even before any feast; vigilance and diligence.*
Vigilo, ire, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [*a vigil*] *to awake from sleep; to watch; to sit up all night; to be vigilant or very diligent; to burn bright.*
Viginti, adj. pl. indecl. *twenty.*
Vigintivirātus, ūs. m. *the office of twenty men of like authority.*
Vigintiviri, ōrum. m. pl. *officers of Rome, twenty in number, who had like authority.*
Vigor, ōris. m. [*a vigeo*] *strength, lustiness, mettle; liveliness, vigour, briskness.*
Vilpendo, ire, di, —. act. *to vilify; to have in no esteem.*
Vilis, is, e. adj. *vile; of no value or account; abject, paltry, trivial; cheap, of little price, at a low rate.*
Vilitas, itis. f. *vileness, baseness, contempt, despicableness; cheapness.*
Viliter, adv. *vilely, basely, cheaply.*
Villa, æ. f. *a manor—house out a city or town, having a farm-house or homestead belonging to it.*
Villis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to a village, farm, or country-house.*
Villicus, a, um. adj. *of a village, farm, or country-house.*
Villica, æ. f. *a farmer's wife, a woman that keeps a dairy or house in the country.*
Villicanus, tis. part. *performing the office of a bailiff.*
Villicatio, ōnis. f. *a bailiffship or stewardship; a hiring or managing a farm.*
Villicus, i. m. *a husbandman, a farmer; the bailiff of the manor, a steward even in the city.*
Villosus, a, um. adj. [*a villus*] *hairy, shaggy, rough; woolly, downy; full of small strings or fibres; rough, thick set; made of friezes.*
Villula, æ. f. dim. *a little farm or a poor place.*
Villula, i. m. dim. *little or small wine.*
Villus, i. m. *wool; hair, a*

conceal shag hair; the nap in cloth.
Vimen, inis. n. [*a vico*] *an osier, a twig, a rod, a wicker, a hoop for coaks.*
Vimentum, i. n. *an osier, a twig, a branch.*
Viminilia, um. n. pl. *all trees and shrubs which bring forth twigs fit to bind.*
Vimineus, a, um. adj. *made of wickers, rods, or osiers.*
Vinacea, æ. f. *a grape-stone.*
Vinacea, ōrum. u. pl. *the kernels or husks of grapes; grape-stones; the mother of the wine.*
Vinaceus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to wine and grapes.*
Vinaceus, i. m. [*sc. acinus*] *a grape-stone.*
Vinilia, um. n. pl. *feasts at the first braching or tasting of their wines, in May and September.*
Vinilis, is. e. adj. *of or belonging to wine.*
Vinarium, ii. n. *a wine-vessel, as a hoghead, pipe, or rundlet.*
Vinarius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to wine.*
Vinarius, ii. m. *a vintner, a taverner, one that sells wine.*
Vinea, æ. f. *a periwinkle.*
Vinebilis, is, e. adj. *vincible, conquerable; easy to be conquered or overcome; easy to be manured, tilled, wrought, or laboured.*
Vincio, ire xi, inctum. act. *to bind; to tie up; to wrap; to hoop; to make sure; to drown and dull; to join; to connect.*
Vinculum, i. n. *pro vinculum.*
Vinco, ire, icl, ictum. act. *to conquer; to subdue; to overcome; to vanquish; to worst; to get the better of; to obtain; to exceed; to excel; to surpass; to surmount; to outdo; to prevail; to take place; to prove; to make out; to digest; to concoct; to expel.*
Vinctura, æ. f. *a binding or tying.*
Vinctus, a, um. part. *bound; hard-laced, girt; constrained; promised and assured; a prisoner.*
Vinctus, ūs. m. *a binding, a band or girth.*
Vinctulum et Vinculum, i. n. [*et vincio*] *a bond or band; a tie, a garland. imprisonment; an obligation.*
Vindemia, æ. f. *the gathering of grapes to make wine with; vintage; wine; a gathering of fruits or honey.*
Vindemiālis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to vintage.*
Vindemiator, ōris. m. *a vintager, he that gathers grapes to make wine with; a star which appears on the 25th of August.*

Vindemiātorius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to vintage.*
Vindemiō, ire, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to gather grapes or ripe fruits in harvest.*
Vindemiola, æ. f. dim. *a little vintage.*
Vindemiator, ōris. m. *a vintager; a star so called.*
Vindex, icis. c. g. *an avenger of wrongs, a redresser of grievances; an assertor of liberty, a defender, a restorer; the patron of a book.*
Vindicatio, ōnis. f. *an avenging or punishing; a vindication.*
Vindicatum, est, impers. *they were revenged.*
Vindicte, ōrum. f. pl. [*a vindex*] *the asserting or clearing a thing from controversy; a rejoinder in law, a bringing in proofs and sureties, a challenge; enfranchisement.*
Vindico, ire, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to revenge; to avenge; to punish; to defend; to deliver; to preserve; to claim; to challenge; to excuse; to restore; to maintain.*
Vindicta, æ. f. *vengeance, punishment; an avenging, retaliation; defence, maintenance; a rod which was laid on the head of a servant when he was made free; liberty or freedom itself.*
Vinea, æ. f. *a vine or vineyard; an engine of war made of timber and hurdles; a shade; a mantle.*
Vineilis, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to vines or a vineyard.*
Vinearius, a, um. adj. *of a vineyard.*
Vineaticus, a, um. adj. *of a vineyard.*
Vinum, i. n. [*a vinea*] *a wine-ward.*
Vinipotor, ōris. m. *a drinker of wine, a wine-bibber.*
Vinitor, ōris. m. *a vine-dresser, a keeper of a vineyard or gatherer of grapes.*
Vinitorius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the keeping of a vineyard or dressing of vines.*
Vinulentia, æ. f. *drunkenness.*
Vinulentus, a, um. adj. *given to drinking of much wine, sottish, tipsy; made with wine, winish.*
Vinosus, a, um. adj. *having a smack and savour of wine; given to drinking, sottish.*
Vinum, i. n. *wine; any kind of drink; a banquet.*
Viola, æ. f. *a violet; a purple colour.*

Violēbilis, *is, e. adj.* that may be hurt or wounded; that may be profaned.
Violāceus, *a, um. adj.* of a violet colour or like a violet.
Violārium, *ii. n.* a bank or bed of violets.
Violātio, *ōnis. f.* a profaning, violating, wronging, or infringing.
Violātor, *ōris. m.* an abuser, a corrupter, an infringer.
Violātus, *a, um. part.* hurt, forced; deflowered; profaned, abused; dishonoured; broken, infringed.
Violēns, *tis. adj.* violent, forcible; swift, rapid; vehement, earnest.
Violenter, *adv.* forcibly, violently; heinously; cruelly.
Violentia, *æ. f.* force, violence, rashness; boisterousness, storminess; cruelty, fierceness.
Violentus, *a, um. adj.* [a vis] forcible, ungovernable; violent, fierce; cruel, injurious; rash; headstrong; boisterous, tempestuous; angry, enraged.
Vīlo, *ĕre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a vi] to force; to deflower; to transgress; to break; to violate; to infringe; to spoil; to defile; to sully; to cut; to sell; to colour; to dye.
Vīpera, *æ. f.* a viper.
Vīpēreus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to vipers.
Vīpērius, *a, um. adj.* of a viper; viperish; poisonous.
Vīpio, *ōnis. m.* a young crane.
Vir, *virī, m.* a male; a man; a husband; virility.
Vīrāgo, *gīnis. f.* a mantlike woman, a heroine.
Vīrens, *tis. part.* flourishing, green; youthful.
Vīreo, *ĕre, ui, —. neut.* to be green; to flourish; to be lusty; to be vigorous; to shine; to sparkle.
Vīreo, *ōnis. m.* [a viridi colore] a canary bird of a green colour, a greenfinch.
Vīresco, *ĕre, —. incept. n.* to war green; to begin to flourish; to recover again.
Vīrĕtum, *i. n.* [a vireo] a place full of green herbs, a green, a grass-plot.
Virga, *m. f.* a twig, a young branch; a rod; a whip, a scourge; Mercury's wand; a streak.
Virgātor, *ōris. m.* a beater with rods, a whipter, a beadle of a parish.
Virgātus, *a, um. adj.* made of twigs or whips; spotted, streaked or striped; beaten with rods.
Virgātum, *i. n.* a place where osiers or rods grow.

Virgēus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to rods, twigs, osiers, small sticks, &c.
Virgīnĭlis, *is, e. adj.* maidenly, virgin-like; of or belonging to a maid or virgin.
Virgīnĭlius, *a, um. adj.* of a maid or virgin.
Virgīneus, *a, um. adj.* virgin-like; of or belonging to a virgin.
Virgīntas, *ĕtis. f.* chastity, virginity, maidenhead.
Virgo, *gīnis. f.* a virgin, a maid; a damsel; a daughter; a young married woman; a Roman aqueduct; any thing that has not been defiled or meddled with.
Virgūla, *æ. f. dim.* a little rod.
Virgultum, *i. n.* a twig, a shrub.
Virgunculā, *æ. f. dim.* a wench; a little girl or young maid; a moppet.
Virga, *Viridila, *æ. f.* a necklace, a man's bracelet.
Viridulum, *i. n.* a graving tool.
Viridans, *tis. adj.* verdant, green.
Viridĭarium, *ii. n.* [a viridis] a green plot or walk; a green garden; a green.
Viride, *adv.* greenly.
Viridis, *um. pl. n.* green walks; green herbs.
Viridicĭtus, *a, um. adj.* made green or fresh.
Viridis, *m. e. adj.* [a vireo] green, sappy, moist; youthful, flourishing; fresh, hale, lusty, vigorous; of a green colour.
Viriditas, *ĕtis. f.* greenness; vigorous, lustiness, briskness.
Viridor, *ĕri, ātus. pass.* to be made green.
Virilis, *is, e. adj.* [a vir] of a man; stout, valiant, manly, manful; of the male kind; vigorous, pithy, substantial.
Virilitas, *ĕtis. f.* manliness, the privy parts of a man or other creature.
Viriliter, *adv.* valiantly, manly, manfully; magnanimously, valiantly, strongly, courageously.
Viripōtens, *tis. adj.* mighty, strong.
Virilim, *adv.* man by man, from man to man; singly; from one to another.
Vīroŭs, *a, um. adj.* [a virus] full of poison, venomous; hard, strong.
Virtus, *ūtis. f.* any good quality, virtue or moral excellence; fortitude, valour, bravery; force, strength, courage; care, good management; value, worth; merit, desert; faculty or affection.
Vīrus, *nom. et acc. i. gen. o. abl.* a stinking or rammish*

smell; the seed or nature in animals; a nasty taste; poison, venom; bitterness, sharpness; the juice of the purple-fish; a strong smell of spices or perfumes.
Vis, *vim, vi. pl.* vires, virium, *ĭtis. f.* force, violence; strength, might, power; virtue, efficacy, energy, prevalence; signification, meaning or importance; care, industry; abundance, plenty, multitude.
Viscātus, *a, um. part.* dressed with birdlime; limed; entangled with birdlime.
Viscĕrātio, *ōnis. f.* a dole; good cheer.
Viscor, *ĕri, ātus. pass.* [a visco] to be glued; to be stuck together.
Viscus, *ĕris. n.* a bowel or entrail; especially the heart, liver, lungs; all fleshy parts under the skin.
Viscus, *i. m. et Viscum, i. n.* a miletoe or miseldine; birdlime, glue.
Visendus, *a, um. part.* to be seen and visited; to be wondered at and marvelled at; wonderful; to be surveyed.
Visibilis, *is, e. adj.* that may see or be seen; visible.
Visio, *ōnis. f.* [a video] vision, sight, the faculty of seeing; a vision, phantom, or apparition.
Vīto, *ĕre, āvi, ātum. freq.* to come oft to see; to visit.
Viso, *ĕre, āi, sum. freq.* [a vīdeo] to go to see; to come to see; to visit; to see; to survey.
Visor, *ōris. m.* [a video] a messenger; a spy, a scout.
Vīstila, *æ. f.* a kind of vine.
Vīsum, *i. n.* a sight, a show; a portent, a prodigy; a vision, an apparition, a dream, a phantom.
Vīsturus, *a, um. part.* that shall or is likely to see; about to visit.
Vīsus, *a, um. part.* beheld, seen, perceived; thought of.
Vīsus, *tis. m.* [a video] the sense of sight; the eye; a view, a look; the thing seen; a vision or sight; appearance or show.
Vita, *m. f. life; a manner of living; the ends, necessities, or advantages of life; food, victuals; conversation, the world; experience; duration, continuance.
Vitābilis, *is, e. adj.* to be avoided.
Vitābundus, *a, um. adj.* that eschews a thing.
Vitĕlla, *um. n. pl.* the lungs, heart, liver, or vitals.
Vitĕlle, *is, e. adj.* of life, vital.*

that hath life in it; that liveth or preserveth life; likely to live.

Vitalitas, itis. f. life, liveliness.

Vitaliter, adv. lively, briskly, with life.

Vitatio, onis. f. an avoiding or shunning.

Vitatus, a, um. part. avoided, shunned.

Vitellus, arum. f. pl. [sc. tabulæ] a kind of writing.

Vitellus, i. m. the yolk of an egg. It. dim. a vitulus, a young or little calf.

Viteus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a vine; or to wine.

Vitex, icis. f. a kind of withy or willow; parkleaves; Abraham's balm; chaste or hemp-tree.

Vitiferum, ii. n. a vineyard.

Vitiatio, onis. f. a ravishing, deflowering, spoiling.

Vitator, oris. m. a deflowerer, a ravisher of maids.

Vitatus, a, um. part. deflowered, ravished, corrupted; spoiled.

Viticola, æ. c. g. that plants or dresses vines.

Viticula, m. f. dim. [a vitis] a little vine; a tendril, sprig, or branch.

Vitifer, æra, arum. adj. that bears vines.

Vitigenus, a, um. adj. et Vitigenus, that comes of a vine.

Vitilena, m. f. a base bawd.

Vitula, um. n. pl. twigs or rods to bind vines with.

Vitiligo, gnis. f. the leprosy, the morphea.

Vitilis, is. e. adj. flexible, pliant; binding; made of twigs or wicker.

Vitio, ære, avi, ætum. act. [a vitium] to spoil; to vitiate; to mar; to infect; to hurt; to falsify; to corrupt; to deflower.

Vitiose, adv. corruptly, ill, badly; haughtily, faultily, viciously, incorrectly.

Vitiositas, itis. f. viciousness, faultiness, naughtiness, lewdness, wickedness.

Vitiosus, a, um. adj. rotten, worm-eaten, perished; sickly, crazy, full of distempers; faultily, unskillful, full of errors, incorrect, amiss; made impiously, inauspicious; vicious, wicked, lewd.

Vitis, is. f. a vine; a centurion's rod.

Viticultor, oris. m. a planter of vines.

Vitium, ii. n. a flaw, a defect; blemish, faultiness, deformity, pravity; badness, superfluity; corruption, infection; a malady, a sore in the mind; a

deiling, a rape; a crime; a slip, an oversight.

Vitio, ære, avi, ætum. act. to shun; to avoid; to eschew; to beware of.

Vitriarius, ii. m. a glaze-maker, a glazier, a worker in glass.

Vitreæ, arum. n. pl. glasses, drinking glasses; vessels made of glass.

Vitreus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to glass; glassy, glassy green; clear like glass, transparent; brittle like glass.

Vitricus, i. m. a step-father, a father-in-law.

Vitrum, i. n. glass.

Vitula, m. f. a fillet or head-band; a ribbon, a garland.

Vittatus, a, um. adj. bound with or tied up in a fillet or hairlace; dressed with ribbons.

Vitula, m. f. a cow-calf; a young heifer.

Vitulina, m. f. [sc. caro] et Vitulinum, i. n. veal.

Vitulinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a calf.

Vitulos, æri, ætus. dep. to skip, leap, or frisk about like a young calf; to rejoice; to congratulate.

Vitulus, i. m. a calf; a seal or sea-calf; the young of other animals, as a colt, &c.

Vituperabilis, is. e. adj. blame-worthy; that may be blamed or found fault with.

Vituperatio, onis. f. a blaming or finding fault with.

Vituperator, oris. m. a blamer, or discommender or reproser.

Vitupero, ære, avi, ætum. act. to blame; to rebuke; to discommender; to find fault with; to disparage; to defame.

Vitæscitas, itis. f. long life; vivacity; growth.

Vivarium, ii. n. a park, a chase, a warren, a stew or fish-pond.

Vivax, æcis. adj. long-lived; lively, strong, lusty.

Vivens, tis. part. living, alive, lively; dwelling, inhabiting; inextinguished.

Viverra, m. f. a ferret or fitchet.

Vivresco, ære, — incept. [a vivo] to get life or strength; to be of continuance.

Vivulus, a, um. adj. [a vivo] lively, pert, quick, brisk; mettlesome; sharp.

Vivificans, tis. part. quickening.

Vivificans, itis. f. [vivam radicem habens] a quickset.

Vivunt, impers. they live, men live.

Vivo, ære, xi, ætum. neut. to live; to have life; to be alive; to lead a life; to live of, upon, or by; to live well, merrily, and pleasantly; to be

nourished and increased; to be kindled; to continue; to last; to be.

Vivus, a, um. adj. [a vivo] living, lively, alive; fresh, green; natural, congenial; quick, lively. Vivum, the stock, the principal.

Vix, adv. scarcely, hardly, with much ado, with difficulty.

Ulcératio, onis. f. a breaking out into sores or scabs.

Ulcero, ære, avi, ætum. act. [ab ulcus] to raise blisters; to exulcerate; to make full of sores; to wound.

Ulcerosus, a, um. adj. full of sores, blotches, or scabs; blistered; that makes blisters.

Ulciscor, ci, ultus. dep. to take revenge on; to avenge; to take revenge for; to be revenged.

Ulcus, eris. n. a sore, ulcer, botch, or bile; a wound or gash.

Ulcusculum, i. n. dim. a little sore or scab.

Ulex, icis. f. an herb like rosemary, that draws gold to it.

Uliginosus, a, um. adj. oozy, moist, wet, plashy, marshy.

Uligo, onis. f. the natural moisture of the earth, oozeiness.

Ullus, a, um. adj. gen. ullius, dat. ulli, any, any one.

Ulmærium, ii. n. a grove of elms.

Ulmæus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to an elm; beaten with elm rods.

Ulmus, i. f. the elm-tree.

Ulna, m. f. a man's arm; or ell, an ell, the length of two arms stretched out.

Ulpium, i. n. great or wild garlic; African garlic.

Uterior, or, ius. comp. Ultimius a, um. super. farther, on the farther side; that is past.

Ultarius, adv. farther, beyond any more or longer.

Ultimo, adv. at the last.

Ultimum, adv. the last time.

Ultimus, a, um. adj. super. the farthest or farthestmost; the first, the hithermost; chiefest, greatest; meanest, basest.

Ultio, onis. f. a revenging.

Ultor, oris. m. [ab ulciscor] a revenger.

Ultra, prep. regit acc. beyond, on the farthest side.

Ultra, adv. farther, besides, moreover, more; hereafter.

Ultrix, icis. f. she that revenges.

Ulto, adv. willingly; voluntarily.

Ultrotributa, arum. n. plur. a setting or taking of public work by the great; the expenses and charges about such works.

Ultum, sup. [*ab ulciscor*] to revenge.
Ultus, a, um. part. [*ab ulciscor*] that has avenged or revenged.
Ulva, æ. f. reet or weed of the sea; sea-grass or weeds growing in standing waters.
Ulla, æ. f. an owl or owlet.
Ullulatus, a, um. part. howling; howled upon; done with howling and crying.
Ullulatus, ūs. m. a howling or yelling; a shout by way of encouragement or rejoicing; a crying or shrieking.
Ullulo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to howl; to set up a confused shout for joy; to screech or cry aloud; to ring with.
Umbella, æ. f. dim. [*ab umbra*] a little shadow or screen-fan; a bon-grace; the round tuft or head of fennel or other herbs wherein the seed is.
Umbra, i. m. a mongrel creature, bred of a kind of goat and a sheep.
Umbiliculus, a, um. adj. navel with a navel or in fashion of a navel.
Umbilicus, i. m. the navel; the middle of any thing; a little stone, round and smooth, like a navel; the ends of the stick on which books were rolled; a kind of withered cockle or shell-fish; the bezil of a ring; the little circle in the midst whereof the dial-pin is fastened.
Umbo, ōnis. m. the boss of a buckler or shield; a buckler, a target; a knob; the tump or knoll of a hill.
Umbra, æ. f. a shadow, a shade; a cloud; a shady bough; an appearance; the shade in a picture; a phantasm; an unbidden guest accompanying one to a feast; a halibut.
Umbraiculus, i. n. a bower, an arbour, a booth; a shade.
Umbraicula, æ. c. g. one who keeps within doors, and plays least in sight.
Umbraiculus, a, um. adj. slight, inconsiderable, sorry, worth little; keeping at home, within doors, effeminate.
Umbraiculus, is, e. adj. keeping private, out of sight; soft, lazy; slight; by way of sport or exercise.
Umbraifer, āra, ārum. adj. making or casting a shadow.
Umbra, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to shade or cast a shadow.
Umbrosus, a, um. adj. full of shade, shady.
Una, adv. together, all at once, in company with, at the same time.
Unanimis, is, e, et **Unānimus**, a, um. adj. of one mind, heart,

or will; with one consent, unanimous, loving.
Unanimitas, ātis. f. unanimity, agreement of mind and will.
Unia, æ. f. the twelfth part of a whole; the twelfth part of a pound; an ounce; the twelfth part of an acre or 2400 feet.
Unicilis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to an ounce or inch; of an ounce weight, of an inch breadth, length, or thickness.
Uniciarius, a, um. adj. of an ounce, of an inch.
Uniciarius, adv. ounce by ounce, inch by inch, inch-meal.
Uniciarius, a, um. adj. crooked; armed with hooks or tenters.
Uniciola, æ. f. dim. [*ab uncia*] a little ounce or inch; a small pittance, one part in twelve.
Unctio, ōnis. f. an anointing; unction.
Unctio, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to anoint often.
Unctuosulus, a, um. adj. somewhat fat, oily, greasy.
Unctor, ōris. m. an anointer.
Unctuaris, a, um. adj. of or belonging to anointing.
Unctum, i. n. fine sure, rich victuals.
Unctura, æ. f. an anointing.
Unctus, a, um. part. anointed, greasy, oily; wealthy, plentiful, copious.
Unctus, i. m. a crook or hook; a tenter; an anchor; a drag or iron hook.
Unctus, a, um. adj. crooked, hooked, bowed.
Unda, æ. f. a surge, a wave; any water or liquor; trouble, bustle or tempest; a great crowd.
Undans, tis. part. flowing; rising in surges or waves; hanging, flapping, loose, or waving; abounding.
Undātin, adv. like waves, in fashion of waves.
Undatus, a, um. part. made in fashion of waves.
Unde, adv. whence; wherewith, out of, or from which; of whom, of what person or persons; how, by what means?
Undeceni, æ. a. adj. eleven.
Undecentesimus, a, um. adj. the ninety-ninth.
Undecentum, pl. indecl. a hundred saving one; ninety-nine.
Undecies, adv. eleven times.
Undecim, pl. indecl. eleven.
Undecimus, a, um. adj. the eleven.
Undecremis, is. f. a galley having eleven oars on each bank or rather eleven banks of oars.
Undecunque, adv. from what place or part soever.

Undellbet, adv. whence thou wilt, out of any place.
Undeni, æ. a. adj. eleven.
Undecotiginta, adj. pl. indecl. seventy-nine.
Undequadrages, adv. thirty-nine times.
Undequingagesimus, a, um. adj. the forty-ninth.
Undequingaginta, pl. indecl. forty-nine.
Undesexaginta, adj. pl. indecl. fifty-nine.
Undetrigesimus, a, um. adj. the twenty-ninth.
Undeviceni, æ. a. adj. pl. nineteen.
Undevicesimus, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.
Undevicesimus v. **Undevigesimus**, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.
Undeviginti, pl. indecl. nineteen.
Undique, adv. on every side, from all places, parts, or corners; round about; in all respects, perfectly.
Unditonus, a, um. adj. making a noise by the dashing of the sea; roaring with waves.
Undivagus, a, um. adj. wandering through the waves.
Undo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. [*ab unda*] to rise in surges; to boil; to spread; to diffuse itself; to abound; to overflow; to make swim in blood.
Undosus, a, um. adj. full of surges or waves.
Undulatus, a, um. adj. made like waves, watered as stuffs are, undulated.
Unedo, ōnis. m. the fruit of the arbut or strawberry-tree; the tree itself.
Unetvicesimus, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.
Unetvicesimus, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.
Ungo v. **Unguo**, āra, āxi, notum. act. to smear; to anoint; to bedaub; to perfume.
Unguen, ōnis. n. an ointment, any fat liquor or juice.
Unguentaria, æ. f. the art of making ointments; she that makes or sells ointments.
Unguentarium, i. n. money exacted in the province for allowance of ointments and perfumes.
Unguentarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ointments or perfumes.
Unguentarius, ū. m. he that makes and sells ointments and perfumes, a perfumer.
Unguentatus, a, um. adj. aointed with sweet ointments, perfumed.
Unguentum, i. n. any sweet ointment; a perfume.

Ungues, um. m. pl. a kind of shell-fish.
 Unguiculus, l. m. dim. a tender soft nail.
 Unguiculosus, a, um. adj. oily, fatty, unctuous.
 Unguis, is. m. a nail; a claw, a talon; the hoof; a disease in the eye called a haw; a little branch or young shoot of a vine; the white in the lens of a rose; a white flake in the gum, bdellium; a vintage-hook.
 Ungula, m. f. [ab unguis] a nail, a claw; the hoof of a horse or other beast.
 Unicellatus, a, um. adj. that has but one stem or straw growing out of the root.
 Uniculus, is, e. adj. having but one stalk.
 Unice, adv. singularly, effectually, dearly.
 Unicolor, oris. adj. of one colour.
 Unicornis, is, e. adj. having but one horn.
 Unicus, a, um. adj. one alone; notable, excellent; chief; dearly beloved.
 Unigena, m. c. g. an only begotten, alone.
 Unjūgus, a, um. adj. coupled or yoked to one only.
 Unimammus, a, um. adj. one-breasted.
 Unimānus, a, um. adj. that has but one hand.
 Unio, onis. m. a pearl; an onion, a scallion.
 Unistripus, is. e. adj. that has but one stock or root.
 unitas, ōtis. f. [ab unus] unity, oneness; the uniting of two things or more together; likeness; concord, agreement.
 ulter, adv. together in me.
 universālis, is, e. adj. belonging to all, common, general, universal.
 Universe, adv. generally, altogether, universally.
 Universalitas, ōtis. f. the whole in general; the generality or community.
 Universus, a, um. adj. universal, the whole, all without exception.
 Uniusmodi, melius unus modi. Vid. unus et modus, of one sort or fashion; never-failing, all alike.
 Unoculus, l. m. having but one eye.
 Unquam, adv. at any time, ever.
 Unus, a, um. adj. gen. lus. one alone, only, the same; the first; the very same; not more but just; a unique or remarkable one.
 Unusquisque, Unūquisque, U-

nusquisque, adj. every one, every.
 Vobiscum, with you. Vid. Tu.
 Vocābūlum, i. n. [a voco] a name, a term; a word; an expression; a noun substantive.
 Vocālis, is, e. adj. having a voice, vocal; loud, making a noise; well-tuned, melodious.
 Vocālis, is. f. [sc. litera] a vowel.
 Vocālitās, ōtis. f. the sweetness of delivery, so as to be heard and pleasing; vocality.
 Vocāmen, inis. n. the name of a thing.
 Vocātor, oris. m. an inviter, a recaller.
 Vocatus, a, um. part. called, summoned; implored, desired; invited.
 Vocātus, ūs. m. a calling, a summoning; a call or invitation.
 Vociferātiō, ōnis. f. a crying out, a bawling, hooting, hallooing; an exclamation, an invective.
 Vociferātus, ūs. m. an outcry, a bawling.
 Vociferō, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. et Vociferor, ōri, ōtus. dep. to cry out aloud; to squeal; to bawl; to exclaim; to hoot; to crow.
 Vocificans, tis. part. naming, calling.
 Vocitātus, a, um. part. called upon.
 Vocito, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. freq. [a voco] to call often; to call.
 Voco, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. act. to name; to call to one; to call for a thing; to summon; to cite; to call upon; to invoke; to provoke; to challenge; to admit; to reduce; to bring; to bid; to invite.
 Vocōnia, ōrum. n. pl. a kind of pears.
 Vocula, m. f. dim. [a vox] a little voice, a bruit, a report or discourse; a word.
 Vola, m. f. the hollow of the hand, the palm of the hand; the sole of the foot.
 Volāticus, a, um. adj. that flies or goes away suddenly; flitting; inconstant.
 Volātilis, is, e. adj. that flies or can fly; passing swiftly, flitting.
 Volātūra, m. f. a flight.
 Volātus, ūs. m. a flying or flight.
 Volērum, i. n. a warden, a great pear.
 Volens, tis. part. willing, ready, glad; acceptable, welcome.
 Volgūm, i. n. a roller, a thing to smooth the ground.
 Volgrivus, a, um. adj. wander-

ing, straggling, strolling up and down in common; vulgar, common, whorish.
 Volito, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. freq. [a volo] to fly about or up and down; to flutter.
 Volo, ōre, ōvi, ōtum. neut. to fly; to speed by hurting or throwing; to run or go quickly or in haste.
 Volo, velle, vōlui, defect. to be willing; to wish; to desire, to mean; to design; to wish one well; to favour.
 Volō, ōnis. m. a volunteer; a servant who, in a scarcity of soldiers in the Punic war, offered his service.
 Volsella, m. f. [a vello, vulsum] an instrument to pluck up hairs by the roots; tweezers; a surgeon's instrument to pluck out dead flesh.
 Volva, m. f. [a valva] a wrapper.
 Volūbilis, is, e. adj. [a volvo] that is or may be easily turned, wound, or rolled; gliding swift; voluble, fluent, having a round pronunciation; inconstant, mutable.
 Volūbilitās, ōtis. f. aptness to roll or turn round; volubility; inconstancy; a round delivery, a ready utterance; glibness.
 Volūbiliter, adv. rollingly, roundly, volubly; flowingly, glidly.
 Volūcer v. cris, cris, cre. adj. winned, swift; light, inconstant, unstable.
 Volucra, m. f. a worm which eats vines, a vine-fetter, the devil's gold ring.
 Volucris, is. f. any winged creature.
 Volvens, tis. part. turning, rolling; throwing out; pondering, revolving.
 Volūmen, inis. n. a folding, a rolling; the folds of a snake; a volume, a lesser part of a book or books; a turning and winding; a wave.
 Voluntarius, a, um. adj. voluntary, willing; that is of one's own accord.
 Voluntas, ōtis. f. [a volo] will, desire; good will, affection; sense, meaning; a will or testament.
 Volvo, ōre, ōvi, lūtum. act. to roll; to hurl down, to tumble down; to tumble up; to toss; to throw out; to consider; to weigh.
 Volvox, ōcis. m. a vine-fetter; a caterpillar.
 Volūpe, n. a pleasant or acceptable thing.
 Voluptarius, a, um. adj. given to pleasure, sensual, voluptuous; pleasant, soft, bringing pleasure.

Voluptas, *Voluptas*, *f.* pleasure, delight, solace, comfort; sensual, carnal pleasure; a sweetheart, a dear; pl. enjoyments.

Voluptuosus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* voluptuous, given to pleasure.

Voluta, *m. f.* a work of leaves wreathed about the chapter of a pillar; drapery-work.

Volutabrum, *l. n.* a place where swine and other beasts tumble.

Volutabundus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* wallowing, rolling.

Volutatio, *onis*, *f.* a wallowing, a rolling; a tumbling, a tossing.

Volutatus, *us*, *m.* a rolling.

Volutatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* rolled, tumbled; well versed.

Volutus, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *freq.* [a volvo] to roll; to wallow; to toss; to think of; to revolve; to cast in one's mind; to dis-course on; to contrive; to be well versed in.

Volutus, *a*, *um*, *part.* tumbled, rolled, fallen out of, hurled.

Vomer et Vomis, *eris*, *m.* the coulter, or rather the ploughshare.

Vomica, *m. f.* an imposthume.

Vomica, *a*, *um*, *adj.* pertaining to vomiting.

Vomitio, *onis*, *f.* a vomiting, disgoring, or spewing.

Vomitio, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *freq.* to vomit; to spew often.

Vomitio, *eris*, *m.* a vomiter, a spewer.

Vomitivus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* that makes one vomit.

Vomitivus, *us*, *m.* a vomiting, a vomit.

Vomere, *are*, *mul*, *mtum*, *neut.* to vomit; to spew; to cast up.

Vovatus, *l. m.* of twins in a woman's body, that which comes to perfect birth.

Voracitas, *atis*, *f.* gluttony, greediness, excessive eating.

Voraginosus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* full of bogs or morasses.

Vorago, *gnis*, *f.* a swallow, a gulf; a whirlpool; a quagmire or bog; a riotous spendthrift.

Vorax, *acis*, *adj.* [a voro] gluttonous, greedy, ravenous, voracious; a gobbler.

Voro, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* to devour; to eat up; to eat greedily; to swallow.

Vorsus, *us*, *m.* [pro versus] a dance called the round.

Vos, *vestri* v. *vestri*, *vobis*, *pl.* ye, you.

Vosmetipsi, your onselfs, *Vid. Tu.*

Votifer, *era*, *trum*, *adj.* bearing vows or things devoted to some deity.

Votivus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* promised

by a vow, devoted; that is or hath been greatly desired.

Votum, *l. n.* [a voveo] a vow or promise made to God; the thing vowed; the thing prayed for; a desire, a wish; a covenant, a promise.

Votus, *a*, *um*, *part.* vowed.

Voveo, *ere*, *vovi*, *votum*, *act.* to vow; to pray; to wish for.

Vox, *vois*, *f.* a voice; a noise or sound of any kind; an accent; a note, a tune; a word; a saying of any kind; a vote, a suffrage; an intercession; a style; talk or discourse; a speech, tongue, or language.

Uplio, *onis*, *qui et opilio*, a shepherd.

Uplia, *m. f.* a hoopoe, a lapwing; a puet; a beetle; a mallock; a pick.

Uron, *l. n.* the tail-piece of the tunny fish.

Urus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to the tail.

Uroscopus, *l. m.* a fish which has one eye in its head, and that so placed, that, swimming, it seems to look upward.

Urbanus, *adv.* pleasantly; cleverly, civilly, courteously.

Urbanitas, *atis*, *f.* a city life; pleasant; courtesy, civility, civil behaviour, affability, good manners; merriment.

Urbanus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to a city; dwelling in a city; polite, civil, courteous, genteel, affable, pleasant, comely, seemly, tame, home-bred.

Urbiculus, *l. m.* a winner of cities.

Urbicus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to a city.

Urbina, *m. f.* a kind of weapon somewhat long.

Urbs, *is*, *f.* a city, a walled town; the inhabitants; the city of Rome.

Urcularis, *is*, *f.* herba, an herb called feverfew or pellitory of the wall.

Urculus, *l. m.* a little water-pitcher.

Urcus, *l. m.* a pitcher or pot for water.

Uredo, *onis*, *f.* the blasting of trees or herbs; an itch or burning in the skin.

Urter, *eris*, *m.* the pipe or conduit by which the urine passes from the reins to the bladder.

Urgens v. **Urguens**, *tis*, *part.* pressing, urging, urgent.

Urgeo v. **Urgeo**, *ere*, *ris*, *rum*, *act.* to press on; to press down; to cover; to urge; to be earnest upon; to provoke; to push on; to hasten; to enforce; to constrain; to pur-

sue; to vex; to trouble; to molest; to oppress; to aggravate.

Urtica, *m. f.* a hurt coming to all manner of grain by too much moisture.

Urigo, *gnis*, *f.* [ab uro] a burning with a caustic.

Urina, *m. f.* piss, stale; water of a man or beast; urine.

Urtator, *eris*, *m.* a diver or swimmer under water.

Urino, *are*, *avi*, *atum*, *act.* &

Urtinor, *eri*, *eris*, *dep.* to duck under the water, and to spring up again; to die.

Urnum ovum, an addle-egg, a wind-egg.

Urion v. **Urion**, *l. n.* a kind of earth, which miners avoid, when they dig for gold.

Urna, *m. f.* a water-pitcher; a measure containing four gallons; a ballot-box; an urn.

Urnalis, *is*, *e*, *adj.* of or belonging to the pitcher or pot; or that contains the measure of an urn.

Urnarium, *l. n.* a board in a kitchen whereon pots or vessels are put full of water.

Uro, *ere*, *ussi*, *ustum*, *act.* to burn; to parch; to set on fire; to light up; to gall; to pinch; to nip; to starve; to boil; to grieve; to tense; to vex; to inflame with love.

Uropygium, *l. n.* the narrowest and lowest part of the chine, the rump.

Urruncum, *l. n.* the lowest part of the ear of corn next the stalk.

Ursa, *m. f.* a she-bear; the greater and less bear-star.

Ursinus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to a bear.

Ursus, *l. m.* a he-bear.

Urtica, *m. f.* a nettle; a kind of shell-fish; a tickling of lechery.

Urus, *l. m.* [vocab. Gallie.] a buffalo.

Usitate, *adv.* ordinarily, usually, customarily.

Usitatum est, *impers.* it is a common custom; it is a thing often used.

Usitatus, *a*, *um*, *part.* usual, ordinary, common, familiar, accustomed or wont to be done.

Usipiam, *adv.* any where or in any other place; in any matter; somewhere.

Usquam, *adv.* any where, in any place; in any thing; to any place; at any time.

Usque, *adv.* continually, always, all along; as far as, until; even. **Usque eo**—*ut*, so very much—that; so extremely. **Usque eo non**—*ut*, so far from. **Usque dum**, so long as.

Usquequaque, *adv.* all about

every where; in all respects, in all places, or things; quite, altogether, continually, always.

Usquequo, adv. until that.

Usta, m. f. a sort of colour made of ceruse.

Ustio, onis. f. [ab uro] a burning; a searing or burning with a hot iron; a cauterizing.

Ustor, onis. m. he that burns, particularly dead bodies.

Ustrina, m. f. a melting-house for metals.

Ustulo, are, avi, atum. act. to burn; to harden by fire.

Ustilatus, a, um. part. burnt, hardened by fire.

Ustus, a, um. part. [ab uro] burnt, scorched.

Usucapio, ere, cepi, captum. act. to make any thing his own through long possession; to take as his own by prescription of use.

Usucapio et Usucapio et Usucapio, onis. f. the enjoying of a thing by continuance of time, long possession or prescription.

Usucaptus, a, um. part. enjoyed by prescription or long possession.

Usufactio, ere, feci, factum. act. to hold by prescription.

Usura, m. f. [ab utor] use, usage, enjoyment of a thing; usury or money given for the use of money; interest.

Usurarius, a, um. adj. of which one has the use.

Usurpatio, onis. f. use; an often using or practising; an interruption or disturbing of prescription.

usurpatus, a, um. part. much and often used, and discoursed of; used; mentioned frequently.

usurpo, ere, avi, atum. act. [ab usura] to use often or much; to see; to name often; to talk of; to call; to name; to usurp; to take another's property; to do something; to keep up prescription.

Usus, us. m. [ab utor] use, exercise, practice; profit, benefit, advantage, interest; experience, usage, custom, fashion; an occasion or proper juncture; necessity, need; conversation, acquaintance, familiarity.

Ususfructus, us. m. the use or profit of that which is another's, the interest and property of the thing being still the owner's, as in farming of land, &c.

Ut, adv. as, like as, even as; according as, just as; as if; inasmuch as, so far as, as seeing that; such as; what

manner of, how affected; by how much the more; as soon as; since; as, at the time when, whilst; as, to wit, namely; as much as; however, howsoever; how! with respect or regard to; considering; as if, as if it were; as far as; as well as; to the end that; as is usual; so that.

Ut ut, so so, indifferently.

Utunque, adv. howsoever; in what manner or fashion soever; whenever.

Utensile, is. n. a utensil, a tool or implement; a vessel, any thing for use.

Utensilis, is, e. adj. whatsoever is necessary for our use.

Uter, tra, trum. gen. ius. adj. which or whether of the two.

Uter, tris. m. a bladder or such like thing; a bottle, a bag of leather made like a bottle.

Uterculus, i. m. dim. a little womb or cell.

Utercunque, utrâcunque, utrumcunque. gen. iuscunque. adj. whethersoever of the two.

Uterlibet, utrâlibet, utrumlibet. gen. iuslibet. adj. which of the two you please.

Uternam, utrânam, utrumnam. gen. iusnam. adj. which of the two.

Uterque, utrâque, utrumque. gen. iusque. adj. both the one and the other, both, each.

Utervis, utrâvis, utrumvis. gen. iusvis. adj. either of the two, which of the two thou wilt.

Uteris, i. m. et Utrâ, um, i. n. the matrix or womb; the receptacle of seed; a child in the mother's womb; a belly, a paunch.

Uti, adv. that; to the end that; even as.

Utihilis, is, e. adj. [ab utor] to be used, that may be used, useful, fit, necessary.

Utilis, is, e. adj. [ab utor] useful, commodious, profitable, expedient, convenient, advantageous, advisable, available, instrumental; good, wholesome; prosperous.

Utilitas, atis. f. a using, a having the use of; commodity, profit, advantage, interest; availing, importance, consequence; service.

Utiliter, adv. commodiously, profitably, serviceably, advantageously.

Utinam, adv. opt. O that I would!

Utique, adv. affirm. then, therefore; verily, surely, certainly, for certain; so.

Utor, uti, usus. dep. to have the use or benefit of; to enjoy; to have, even what we

would not; to use; to employ, to be conversant and familiar with one; to have to do with; to content himself with; to suit himself to; to humour; to depend on.

Utipote, adv. because as, considering, inasmuch as.

Utiquid, adv. why? for what? wherefore?

Utrârius, ii. m. that carries water, &c. in a bottle or tankard; a tankard-bearer.

Utriculârius, ii. m. a bag-piper.

Utriculus, i. dim. [ab uter] a little bottle.

Utrique, adv. on both sides, on both parts; by both persons.

Utro, adv. [ab uter. a, um.] toward which part or side; which way?

Utrôbique, adv. on both sides and parts, on the one side and the other.

Utrôlibet, adv. which part or side you please.

Utrôque, adv. to both sides, places, or parts.

Utrum, adv. [ab uter] whether.

Utut, adv. howsoever; in what manner or fashion.

Uva, m. f. a grape; a raisin; a cluster, a bunch; a vine; a berry; a swarm of bees; a disease, the swelling of the vulva.

Uveo, ere, — —. neut. to be wet or moist.

Uvesco, ere, — —. incept. to become moist or dank.

Uvidulus, a, um. adj. dim. wet, drenched.

Uvidus, a, um. adj. [ab uveo] wet, moist; soaked, mellow with liquor; flustered in drink.

Uvifer, era, erum. adj. bringing or bearing grapes or berries.

Vulgâris, is, e. adj. [a vulgus] belonging to the common people; vulgar, inartificial, common, ordinary; homely, trivial; much used; vile, base, insignificant.

Vulgâriter, adv. commonly, vulgarly, after the common sort.

Vulgator, onis. m. a publisher, divulger, tell-tale or spreader of news.

Vulgatus, a, um. part. et adj. published, divulged; common, usual, ordinary; prostituted.

Vulgivagus, a, um. adj. wandering or straggling among the people; prostitute, common.

Vulgo, ere, avi, atum. act. to noise about; to print; to publish; to divulge; to disperse; to scatter; to make common; to prostitute.

Vulgo, adv. commonly, ordinarily, abroad, everywhere, up

and down; publicly, openly, before all.

Vulgus, *gl. n. et m. the common people, the rude multitude, the mob, the rabble, the rascality; the herd.*

Vulnerarius, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to wounds.*

Vulnerarius, *ii. m. a surgeon.*

Vulneratio, *onis. f. a wounding, maiming, or hurting.*

Vulnēro, *āre, āvi, āturi. act. to wound, maim, or hurt; to grate upon; to offend.*

Vulnificus, *a, um. adj. that wounds or makes wounds.*

Vivinus, *ūs. n. a wound, bruise, or hurt; a sting, a prick, remorse; the passion of love; a loss, a misfortune.*

Vulpēcula, *m. f. dim. a little fox, a cub.*

Vulpes, *is. f. a fox; a sly fox-like nature.*

Vulpinus, *a, um. adj. of a fox; crafty, wily, subtle, sly.*

Vulsura, *m. f. a pulling, a plucking, or tugging.*

Volaus, *a, um. part. [a vello] tugged, plucked, pulled; drawn out.*

Vultellus, *i. m. dim. a [vultus] a little visage or countenance.*

Vultuosus, *a, um. adj. of a sulen, sour, frowning, or grim countenance; big looks, frowning; affected or making many faces.*

Vultur, *ūs. m. a ravenous bird, called a vulture or gripe.*

Vulturinus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a vulture or cormorant; brown or dark-coloured.*

Vulturius, *ii. m. et Voltarius, a vulture, an extortioner; an unlucky chance at dice, the same as canis.*

Vulturnus, *i. m. the north-east wind, or, as some think, the south-east wind.*

Vultus, *ūs. m. the look, aspect, countenance, or visage; the face; an appearance.*

Vulva, *m. f. the matrix or womb.*

Vvor, *bris. m. wet, humidity.*

Vxor, *bris. f. a wife; the she of beasts; a concubine.*

Vxorilla, *m. f. dim. a pretty little wife.*

Vxorillo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make a wife.*

Vxorius, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a wife; becoming*

or bestitting a wife; fond of his wife, uxorious.

X

XANTHENES, *is. m. a precious stone of an amber colour.*

Xanthion et Xanthium, *thii. n. the less clot-bur, ditch-bur, house-bur.*

Xanthus, *i. m. a precious stone of a bright yellow colour, a kind of blood-stone.*

Xēnium, *ii. n. a present or gift bestowed upon guests or strangers; a present given to foreign ambassadors or to friends; a lawyer's fee.*

Xerampellus, *a, um. adj. a murrey colour, somewhat rusty, or blood-red, like the vine-leaves in autumn.*

Xērophthalmia, *m. f. a dry soreness of the eyes, without dropping or swelling.*

Xiphias, *m. m. a sword-fish, having a snout like a sword; a comet or blazing star, appearing like a sword without any rays.*

Xiphion, *ii. n. stinking gladder, spurgewort.*

Xylinum, *i. n. bombast, cotton, fustian; a kind of wool or flax growing in little balls, which are the fruit of the tree xylon.*

Xylinus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to cotton or fustian.*

Xylbalsamon, *i. n. the wood of the balsam tree.*

Xylōcinnamou, *i. n. the wood of the cinnamon tree.*

Xylon, *i. n. cotton, bombast, fustian, the cotton-tree.*

Xyris, *ilis. f. a kind of herb with sharp leaves.*

Xysticus, *i. m. a wrestler, a champion exercising in piazas or galleries.*

Xystios, *i. f. an ordinary stone in the Indies, of the jasper kind.*

Xyztum, *i. n. et Xystus, i. m. a gallery, a covered walk, a piazza, a place for fencing, wrestling, &c.*

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Z

ZAMIA, *m. f. a loss, detriment, damage, or shrewd turn.*

Zāmie, *ārum. f. pl. [a preced.] pine-nuts.*

Zēa, *m. f. spelt, beer-barley, or beer-corn.*

Zēlōtypia, *m. f. [a zelotypus] jealousy; suspicion of rivalry.*

Zēlōtypus, *a, um. adj. jealous.*

Zēphyrius, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to the western wind.*

Zēphyrus, *i. m. the west wind.*

Zēros, *al. Zēros, i. m. a kind of crystal.*

Zēia, *m. f. a room kept warm like a stove.*

Zengites, *m. m. a kind of canes with which falconers caught birds.*

Zēus, *zēi. m. a fish taken near Cadiz in Spain, black of colour, and very delicate.*

Zingiber, *ūs. n. et Zingibēri, indecl. n. et Zingibēris, is. f. ginger.*

Zizyphum, *phi. n. a kind of fruit, called by apothecaries jujubes.*

Zizyphus, *i. f. the jujube-tree.*

Zmilāces, *is. m. a precious stone found in the Euphrates, of a gray colour.*

Zōna, *m. f. a girdle; a purse on a girdle; a zone.*

Zōnārius, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a girdle or purse.*

Zōnārius, *ii. m. a girdler, a girdle-maker.*

Zōnūla, *m. f. dim. a little girdle.*

Zōophthalmon, *i. n. sengreek or house-leek.*

Zōphōrus, *i. m. a frieze or border in pillars or other works.*

Zōpiassa, *m. f. pitch scraped off from ships, and tempered with wax and salt.*

Zōpyrum v. on, *i. n. the herb pulled of the mountain.*

Zōrōnysios, *i. m. a precious stone which magicians make use of.*

Zoster, *ūs. m. a kind of Saint Anthony's fire, the shingles; a shrub.*

Zūrn, *m. f. a white-thorn berry.*

Zygia, *m. f. a tree of which they made yokes, a kind of maple.*

Zythum, *i. n. et Zythus, i. m. beer, ale; drink made of grain.*

NOMINA PROPRIA.



ACC

ABĀLA, æ, f. a town in Africa, hod. Zeila.
 Abālltes, æ. m. (ænos) the bay of Abāla.
 Abāris, is, m. (acc. im.) (1) a person killed by Perseus; (2) Rutulian slain by Euryalus; (3) Scythian philosopher.
 Abas, autis, m. (1) a king of the Argives; (2) Grecian slain the night Troy was set on fire; (3) Tuscan and friend of Æneas, slain by Lausus; (4) companion of Æneas; (5) one of the Centaurs.
 Abdalonymus (v. ÿ,) i, m. a poor gardener, yet of princely descent, made king of Sidon by Alexander the Great.
 Ibdēra, æ, f. (& -on, i, n.) a city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Nestus.
 Aborigines, um, pl. m. an ancient people; the primitive inhabitants of Italy.
 Abyrus, i, m. the son of Æetes king of Colchis, whom his sister Medea tore limb from limb.
 Abydos, i, f. (& -on, i, n.) a city of Asia, on the Hellespont, nearly over against Sestos.
 Aōyla, æ, f. a high hill in Mauritania, opposite Calpe in Spain; both together called the pillars of Hercules.
 Acadēmia (& -ia,) æ, f. a grove near Athens where Plato taught philosophy.
 Acanthus, i, f. a town in Macedonia, hod. Erisos.
 Acarnanæes, um, pl. m. Acarnanians.
 Acarnānia, æ, f. a region below Epirus.
 Acæstus, i, m. the son of Pelias, and a famous hunter.
 Acca, æ, f. the sister of Crmilla; (2) Laurentia, the nurse of Romulus and Remus.

ACCE

Accerræ, (& Āc.) ærum, pl. f. (1) a city of Campania; (2) gulf in Umbria.
 Accius (v. Attius,) i, m. an old Latin tragedian.
 Ace, es, f. a town of Phœnicia, hod. Acre.
 Acēsines, is, m. a river in India.
 Acæstes, æ, m. the son of Crinæus, and king of Sicily.
 Achæi, ærum, pl. m. Grecians, the Greeks.
 Achæmènes, is, m. the first king of Persia.
 Achēmēides, æ, m. a companion of Ulysses.
 Achāia, æ, f. (1) the country of Greece; (2) part of Greece.
 Achæicus, a, um, adj. Achæic, Achæan, Grecian.
 Achāis, idis v. Idos, f. (acc. pl. Idas,) adj. belonging to Achæia, Grecian; (2) a town in Sogdiana.
 Achātes, æ, m. a companion of Æneas.
 Achēlōus, æ, m. a river of Epirus, in Greece, hod. Aspro Potamo.
 Achēron, ontis, (acc. -ta) m. the son of Ceres, who sunk down to hell, and there was turned into a river; (2) a river of Epirus; (3) hell or death.
 Achērontia, æ, f. a town in Apulia, hod. Acerenza.
 Achilles, is & æs, m. & el (voc. -i, Virg. -e, Ov.) the son of Peleus and Thetis.
 Achivi, ærum, pl. m. the Grecians.
 Actāilla, æ, f. a name of Venus.
 Actāilus, i, m. a fountain in Boeotia.
 Actis, is v. Idis, m. a handsome Sicilian shepherd.
 Acates, æ, m. the armour-bearer of Evander.

ACDR

Acōne, es, f. a place in Pontus famous for poisonous herbs.
 Acria, æ, f. a town of Spain, hod. Ormoas.
 Acrisīone, es, f. a city of Peloponnæsus; (2) name of Danaë.
 Acrisīonīdēs, æ, m. Perseus, the grandson of Acrisius.
 Acrisius, i, m. the son of Abas, and king of the Argives.
 Acrōcēraunia, ærum, pl. n. a promontory of Epirus, formed by the Montes Ceraunii, hod. Cape Linguetta.
 Acrōcōrinthus, i, f. a mountain and castle on it, commanding the city of Corinth.
 Acron, ōnis, m. (ac.-na,) a king of Cenina, slain by Romulus.
 Actæon, ōnis, m. the son of Aristæus and Autonoe; a great hunter.
 Actæus, a, um, adj. Attic.
 Actium, i, n. a cape of Epirus, hod. Figalo.
 Actērides, æ, m. Patroclus, the grandson of Actor.
 Adherbal, ūlis, m. an African prince put to death by Jugurtha.
 Adiabēne, es, f. a country of Assyria.
 Adimantus, i, m. an Athenian general.
 Admētus, i, m. a king of Thessaly.
 Adonis, idis, m. (v. -neūs, & -neūs, i, m.) the son of Cinyras king of Cyprus, by his own daughter Myrrha; very beautiful, the reputed minion of Venus.
 Adrāmyttum (& -ti,) i, n. a city of Asia Minor.
 Adrānum, i, n. a city in Sicily, hod. Aderno.
 Adrastia (v. Æa,) æ, f. the goddess Nemesis, or Fortuna; to whom king Adrastus built a temple.

Adrastus, i, m. a king of the *Argives* and son of *Euryndma*.
Adria (v. *Hadria*), æ, f. the *Adriatic sea*, or gulf of *Venice*.
Adriandópolis, is & eüs, f. *Adrianople*, a city of *Thrace*.
Adriānus, vid. *Hadriānus*.
Adriaticum (mare), the *Adriatic*, or gulf of *Venice*.
Adrūmētum (& rī.) i, m. a seaport town in *Libya*, hod. *Mahometta*.
Æacides, æ, m. (acc. -en) & is, m. *Achilles*, the grandson of *Æacus*; (2.) *Pyrrhus*, his great grandson.
Æacus, i, m. the son of *Jupiter* and *Ægina*, and king of *Ænopia*.
Ædui, drum, pl. m. a people of *Gaul* near *Autun*.
Æga, æ, f. a nymph who was *Jupiter's* nurse.
Ægæ, ærum, pl. (& -ge, es.) f. a city of *Macedonia*.
Ægeon, ðnis, (ðnis, Stat.) m. (ac. ðna.) a giant, son of *Titan* and *Terra*, who flung at *Jupiter* a hundred rocks, and was bound with a hundred chains.
Ægeus, a, um, adj. *Ægean*: mare, a part of the *Mediterranean sea* near *Greece*, dividing *Europe* from *Asia*; hod. *Archipelago*.
Ægætes (& Æg.), lum, pl. f. three islands near *Carthage*; called *Aræ*, hod. *Levenzo*, *Maretime*, and *Favognana*.
Ægesta, æ, f. a town in *Sicily*, hod. *Barbara*.
Ægeüs (dissyl.) ei, m. (& eüs, m.) a king of *Athens*, next after *Pandion*.
Ægides, æ, m. *Theseüs*, the son of *Ægeüs*.
Ægina, æ, f. (1) the daughter of *Æöpus*, king of *Boëtia*; (2) an island in the *Archipelago*.
Æginenses, lum, pl. m. (v. -næ-tæ, ærum, m.) the people of *Ægina*, called *Myrmidons*, whose thumbs were cut off by the *Athenians*.
Ægis, Idis. f. (acc. *Ida*.) the shield of *Jupiter*, or of *Pallas*, made by *Vulcan*.
Ægisthus, i, m. the son of *Thyestes*, by his daughter, *Peloeëia*; so called, being nursed with goat's milk.
Ægle, es, f. (1) one of the *Hesperides*; (2) one of the *Naiades*.
Ægos-flūmen v. -pōtāmus, a river in the *Thracian Chersonesus*.
Ægyptus, a, um, adj. of *Egypt*, *Egyptian*.
Ægyptus, i, m. the sons of *Belus*, who gave his 50 sons to his brother *Danāus*' 50 daughters;

who all, except *Hypermnestra*, wife of *Lyncæus*, slew their husbands the first night.
Ægyptus, i, f. *Egypt*.
Ælūitlicus sinus, a bay now called *Allah*.
Ælūnus, i, m. the name of diverse *Romans*. (1) one who spoke and wrote *Greek* in the time of *Hadrian*.
Ællo, ūs, f. one of the *Harpies*.
Æmiliānus, i, m. the son of *Paulus Æmilius*; called *Africānus* minor, adopted into the family of the *Scipios*: (2) a poor man in *Martial*; (3) the thirty-second *Roman Emperor*.
Æmilius Paulus, i, m. a *Roman* who conquered king *Perseüs*.
Æmus, i, m. a king of *Thrace*, turned into a mountain.
Ænāria, æ, f. an island near *Naples*, hod. *Iscchia*.
Æneidæ, ærum, pl. m. the *Trojans*.
Ænēas, æ, um, (acc. -an) a *Trojan*, son of *Venus* and *Anchises*; married *Lavinia*, daughter of king *Latinus*, and succeeded him.
Ænōbarbus (v. *Æhēn*.) i, m. a surname of *Domitius*, so called from his beard, turned from brown to red.
Æolia, æ. f. (& -lis, *Idis*.) (1) a country of *Asia* near the *Hellespont*; (2) the country of the winds, the same with the *Lipari islands*.
Æolides, æ, m. (1) *Ulysses*, the grandson of *Æötus*; (2) *Cephalus*, the great grandson of *Æötus*; (3) *Ænēas'* trumpeter.
Æölus, i, m. a king of the *Æolian islands*, also god of the winds.
Æqui, drum, pl. m. a people of *Italy*.
Æäcus, i, m. the son of *Priāmus* by *Alyzothē*, daughter of *Dymas*.
Æsar, äris, m. (& -ärus, i.) a river of *Naples* near *Crotone*, hod. *Esaro*.
Æschines, is, m. an *Athenian* orator, rival of *Demosthēnes*.
Æschylus, i, m. a *Greek* tragedian, killed by the fall of a tortoise on his bald head.
Æscüläpius, i, m. the son of *Apollo* and the nymph *Cordis*; an eminent physician; his two sons, *Machäon* and *Podaliarius*, went to the *Trojan war*.
Æsernia, æ. f. a city in *Italy*, hod. *Isernia*.
Æson, ðnis, m. the son of *Cretheus*, and father of *Jason*; whom *Medea* restored to youth.

Æsönides, æ, m. *Jason*, the son of *Æson*.
Æöpus, i, m. a *Phrygian* fabulist; he was a slave and deformed, but a very wise man.
Æsquillus, i, m. a hill in *Rome*.
Æthiöpia, æ. f. (1) a country in *Africa*, hod. *Abyssinia*; (2) (inferior,) another, hod. *Monomotapa*.
Æthon, ðnis, m. one of the four horses of the *Sun*, *Pluto*, and *Pallas*; vid. *Æöus*, *lyrcis* and *Phlegon*.
Æthra, æ, f. the daughter of *Pittheüs*, and wife of *Ægeüs*.
Ætlius, i, m. (1) a nobleman of *Rome*, slain by *Valentinian*; (2) a *Greek* physician, whose works are still extant.
Ætna, æ (& -ne, es.) f. a volcanic mountain of *Sicily*.
Ætölia, æ, f. a region in *Greece*; east of *Acarnania*.
Ætrilius, i, m. a *Roman* comic poet.
Africa, æ. f. *Africa*, one of the three ancient parts of the world.
Africānus, i, m. (*Publius Scipio*) the father of *Paulus Æmilius*.
Agamēdes, is, m. an artificer who with his brother *Trophonius* made the oracle in the temple at *Delphi*, of five whole stones.
Agamemnon (& -no.) (ðnis, m. ac. ðna.) the son of *Atreüs* by *Ätröpe*, *Hom.*; of *Plisthēnes*, of *Mycēna* and *Argos*, *Hea.*; captain-general of the *Greeks*, in the *Trojan war*; slain by his wife *Clytemnestra* and her paramour, *Ægisthus*.
Ägänppe, es, f. a spring in *Boëtia*, rising out of mount *Helicon* near *Thebes*, sacred to *Apollo* and the *Muses*.
Ägäthöcles, is & äös, m. (acc. clea.) a *Sicilian* tyrant, and son of a potter.
Ägäre, es, f. the daughter of *Cadmus* and *Hermidone*, and wife of *Echion* king of *Thebes*.
Ägendicum, i, n. a town in *France*, hod. *Sens*.
Ägänor, äris, m. a king of *Phœnicia*, son of *Belus*, and father of *Cadmus* and *Euröpa*.
Ägäsläus, i, m. the sixth king of *Lacedæmon*, son of *Archidamus*, and successor to his brother *Ägis*.
Ägis, ädis, m. a king of *Lacedæmonia*, slain by his people for favouring the laws of *Lycurgus*.
Äglära, æ, (& -æ, es.) f. one of the three *Graces*, vide *Gratias*.
Ägläroa, i, f. the daughter of *Erethēus* king of *Athens*, turned into a stone by *Mercury*.

Agonalla, ium, pl. n. (& -nia, drum), *feasts celebrated Jan. 9, &c. in honor of Janus.*
Agræus (v. Acr.) antis, m. a hill in Sicily.
Agricola, æ, m. *Julius, the father-in-law of Tacitus.*
Agrigentum, i, n. a town in Sicily, hod. *Gergenti.*
Agrippa, æ, m. (1) *Herod, the husband and brother of Berenice, eaten up by worms for his pride;* (2) *the son-in-law of Augustus, the first Roman honored with a naval garland.*
Agrippina, æ, f. *the mother of Nero, and wife of Claudius, whom she poisoned to make her son Emperor.*
Agylla, æ, f. a city of Etruria, hod. *Cerveteri.*
Ajax, æcis, m. *Telamonius, the most valiant Greek next to Achilles;* (2) *son of Oileus, king of Locris.*
Aidonæus, ei, m. a king of the Molossians, and father of Proserpine; (2) *Pluto.*
Alabanda, æ, f. (& drum, pl. n.) a city in Caria, hod. *Eblebanda.*
Alaï, i, drum, pl. m. *Scythians, Sarmatians.*
Alaricus, i, m. *Alaric, a king of the Goths, who took the city of Rome, A. U. C. 1164.*
Alba Longa, æ, f. a city in Italy, built by *Ascanius.*
Albania, æ, f. a country of Asia.
Albanus, i, m. a lake and mountain of Italy, hod. *Albano.*
Albion, i, n. the island of Great Britain.
Albia, is, m. a river in Germany, ud. *Elbe.*
Alia, æ, f. the ancient name of the river *Tiber.*
Alivæ, æ, f. a wood and fountain in Italy.
Alivæ, i, m. (1) a Greek lyric poet; (2) *the grandfather of Hercules;* (3) *the son of Hercules by Omphale.*
Alcestis, idis, f. (acc. tim) *the wife of Admetus king of Thebes, who voluntarily died for her husband.*
Alcibiades, is, m. a nobleman of Athens, who could suit himself to all men's humors.
Alcides, æ, m. (acc. -eu) a name of *Hercules.*
Alcimædon, ontis, m. a famous carrier in wood.
Alcinous, i, m. a king of *Corcyra;* his orchard was very fruitful, hence the proverb, *Poma Alcinoë dare, to carry coals to Newcastle.*
Alciroë, es, f. the daughter of

Minyas the Theban; turned into a bat for ridiculing the feasts of Bacchus.
Alcmeon, onis, m. the son of *Amphiaraus, haunted with furies for killing his mother Eriphyle.*
Alcmæna, æ, (& -e, -æ), f. the wife of *Amphitryo, whom Jupiter personated, and begat Hercules.*
Alcon, onis, m. (1) a Cretan archer; (2) an engraver of *Mule.*
Alcyonæ (v. -ci.) es, f. the daughter of *Edæus, and wife of Ceyx; changed into the bird king-fisher.*
Alecto, ūs, f. (acc. -to) one of the three *Furies, vide Furie.*
Alémanni, drum, pl. m. *Germanæ.*
Alcides (& -tes) is, m. a companion of *Æneus.*
Alexander, dri, m. (1) surnamed *Magnus, Alexander the Great, the conqueror of the world, son of Philip king of Macedonia, and Olympias;* (2) *Sévérus, the 25th emperor of Rome, who died A. D. 235.*
Alexandria, æ, f. (1) a city in Egypt near the Nile, hod. *Scandera;* (2) a city in Syria or Cilicia, hod. *Scanderoon.*
Alexia, æ, f. a town in Burgundy, hod. *Alise.*
Algidum, i, n. a town in Italy, hod. *Rocca del Papa.*
Algidus, i, m. a mountain in Italy, hod. dell' *Aglia.*
Aliacon, onis, m. a river of Greece.
Aliso, onis, m. a river in Germany, hod. *Alme.*
Allia, æ, f. a river in Italy, hod. *Aja.* On the banks of this river the Romans were defeated by the Gauls.
Allobroges, um, pl. m. a people of Savoy or Dauphine.
Alpes, ium, pl. f. mountains, which part Italy from France, &c.
Alphæus (v. Alf.) i, m. surnamed *Varius, who, from a cobbler, became a lawyer, and at last a consul.*
Alphæus, i, m. (acc. -Eu) a river of Arcadia and Elis.
Alsiu, i, n. a town in Italy, hod. *Palo.*
Althea, æ, f. the daughter of *Thestius.*
Almalthea, æ, f. a daughter of *Melissus, king of Crete; who, with her sister Melissa, nursed Jupiter with goat's milk and honey.*
Amânus, i, m. a part of the range of mount *Taurus, between the Sinus Iseicus and the Euphrates.*

Amâryllis, idis v. *Idos, f. (acc. -Ida) a shepherdess in Virgil.*
Amata, æ, f. the wife of king *Latinus, and mother of Lavinia.*
Amathus, untis, f. a town in Cyprus, hod. *Limisson Antissa.*
Amazon, onis, (& pl. -ones & -uades, um), f. warlike women in Asia and Scythia; (2) another nation in Africa.
Ambianum, i, n. a city in France, hod. *Amiens.*
Ambracia, æ, f. a maritime city of Epirus, called *Nicopolis;* hod. *Arta.*
Ambracius sinus, a gulf in Epirus, hod. the gulf of *Larisa.*
Améria, æ, f. an ancient city in Umbria, hod. *Amelia.*
Amitemum, i, n. a town in Italy, hod. *S. Vittorino.*
Ammiânus Marcellinus, i, m. a Roman historian, who began with *Nerva, and ended with Valens.*
Ammon, onis, m. a name of *Lybian Jupiter.*
Amorgus, i, f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. *Amorgo.*
Amphiaraus, i, m. a Grecian augur, son of *Æcleus.*
Amphictyon, onis, m. the son of *Hellene, who instituted the great council of Greece, called Amphictyonium, to which seven cities sent deputies, called Amphictyones.*
Amphion, onis, m. the son of *Jupiter and Antiope, founder of Thebes.*
Amphipolis, is, f. a city in Macedonia, hod. *Iamboli.*
Amphitrite, es, f. the daughter of *Nereus and Doris, and wife of Neptune.*
Amphitryo (v. uo.) onis, m. a nobleman of Thebes, commander of *Creon's army, and husband of Alcmena.*
Amphrysus (v. -ysa.) i, m. a river in Thessaly.
Ampeanctus (v. Amæ.), i, m. a sulphureous lake in Italy, hod. *Amsante, or Mufti.*
Amyclæ, drum, pl. f. (1) a city of *Laconia, the birth-place of Castor and Pollux, hence called Amyclæi fratres;* (2) a city of Italy, which once stood near the *Cæcubæ Ager.*
Anacharsis, is, m. a Scythian, the only philosopher and traveller of his nation; whence the proverb, *Anacharsis inter Scythas, a nonpareil or non such.*
Anacreon, ontis, m. a Grecian lyric poet of Teos, whose life, like his poetry, was very lascivious.
Anactonium, i, n. (& -ræ, æ, f.) a town in Etruria.

Anagnia, *m. f.* a city in Italy, capital of the *Hernici*, *hod.* *Anagni*.
Anáphe, *es. f.* an island in the *Archipelágo*, *hod.* *Nanfó*.
Anaxágoras, *m. m.* a philosopher of *Clazomène*, and scholar of *Anaximènes*.
Anaxandrides, *m. m.* a comic poet of *Rhodes* in the reign of *Philip* of *Macedon*.
Anaxarchus, *i. m.* a philosopher of *Abdera* in *Thrace*, and follower of *Democritus*, pounded in a mortar by *Nicocreon* king of *Cyprus*.
Anaxíllus, *i. m.* a king of *Rhegium*, founder of *Messána* in *Sicily*.
Anaximander, *dri. m.* a philosopher of *Miletus*, *cmd* scholar of *Thales*; he first invented a globe.
Anaximénes, *is. m.* (1) the scholar of *Anaximander*; (2) the son of *Aristocles* and scholar of *Diogenes* the cynic; the first that obliged his scholars to declaim extempore.
Anazarba, *m. f.* (& -us, *i. f.*) a town of *Cilicia*.
Anchises, *m. m.* the son of *Capys* and father of *Æneas*.
Anchísides, *m. m.* *Æneas*, the son of *Anchises*.
Ancus Martius, *i. m.* the fourth king of *Rome*, grandson of *Numa Pompilius*.
Ancyra, *m. f.* a city of *Galatia*, *hod.* *Angora*; (2) of *Phrygia*; (3) of *Macedonia*.
Andes, *lum. pl. m.* (1) a people of *Anjou* in *France*; (2) a village near *Mantua* in Italy, the birth-place of *Virgil*.
Andócles, *m. m.* an Athenian orator, four of whose orations are extant, on which *Harporation* wrote his *Lexicon*.
Andrógeos, *o. (& -us), m. (& -on, dñr, m. acc. -óna)* the son of *Minos* king of *Crete*; (2) a Grecian captain slain at *Troy*.
Andrómaché, *es. f.* the daughter of *Etion* king of *Thebes*; and wife of *Hector*; then of *Pyrrhus*; and lastly of *Helenus*.
Andrómetra, *m. (& -de, es) f.* the daughter of *Cepheüs* and *Cassiope*, king and queen of *Ethiopia*; bound to a rock, and exposed to a sea-monster, which *Perseus* slew, and married her.
Andros, *i. f.* an island in the *Ægean* sea.
Antémurium, *i. n.* a town in *Cilicia*, *hod.* *Scalemuro*.
Angli, *drum. pl. m.* the *Angles*, a people of *Germany*, near the river *Elbe*, from whom the *English* sprang.
Anglia, *m. f.* a country near the

Elbe in *Germany*, seat of the ancient *Saxons*.
Angrivarii, *drum. pl. m.* a people of *Germany*, near *Paderborn*.
Anígrus (*v. -us*), *i. m.* a river in *Thessaly*.
Anio, *ónis (& -len, Enis), m.* a river of Italy flowing into the *Tiber*, *hod.* *Teverone*.
Anius, *i. m.* a king of *Delos* and priest of *Apollo*.
Anna, *m. f.* the daughter of *Belus*, and sister of *Dido*.
Annæus, *i. m.* *vids* *Seneca*.
Annibal, *ñlis, m.* a brave and skilful *Carthaginian* general, overcome by *Scipio Africanus*: he fled to *Bithynia*, and ended his life by poison.
Antæus, *i. m.* the son of *Neptune* and *Terra*, a prodigious giant, killed by *Hercules*.
Antandros, *i. f.* a city of *Phrygia*.
Anténor, *ónis, m. (acc. -óna), a* Trojan prince who fled to the territories of *Venice*, and built the city *Patavium*, *hod.* *Padua*.
Anténorides, *m. m.* a son of *Anténor*: in *pl. -es, um, m.* the three sons of *Anténor*.
Anthróphagi, *drum. pl. m.* a people of *Scythia* who ate human flesh.
Anticyra, *m. f.* a town of *Thessaly*, at the mouth of the *Sperchius*, famed for its hellebore, a plant so much recommended by ancient physicians as a cure for insanity; (2) a town of *Phocis*, on the coast, famed for the same plant.
Antígone, *es. f.* the daughter of *Edipus* king of *Thebes*; (2) a sister of *Priam*, and changed into a bird by *Juno*.
Antígónia, *m. f.* a city of *Egyptus*, *hod.* *Argiro Castro*; (2) of *Macedonia*; (3) near *Mantineia* in *Arcadia*; (4) *i. g. Nicæa*.
Antíochia (*v. -chæa*), *m. f.* Antioch the metropolis of *Syria* where the disciples of our Lord were first called Christians; (2) the capital of *Pisidia*; (3) several other cities.
Antíochus, *i. m.* a king of *Syria*, and conquered by *Quintus Labeo*.
Antíopa, *m. (& -pe, es) f.* the wife of *Lycus* king of *Thebes*, and mother of *Amphion* and *Zethus* by *Jupiter*.
Antipáter, *tri. m.* (1) one of *Alexander's* captains and successors; (2) a *Sidonian* poet.
Antipóllis, *is. v. eos, f.* a city of *France*, *hod.* *Antibes*.
Antiathènes, *is. m.* a philosopher and teacher of rhetoric at *Rhodes*, founder of the *Cynics*, and master of *Diogenes*.

Antium, *i. n.* a city of Italy, and the metropolis of the *Volsci*, *hod.* *Anzo*.
Autónia, *m. f.* the mother of *Nero*.
Autónius, *i. m.* (1) *Pius*, the 16th Roman emperor; (2) *Aurelius*, surnamed the Philosopher, the 17th emperor, a man of wonderful humanity and princely virtues; (3) *Commodus*, his son, and 18th Roman emperor.
Autónius Marcus, *i. m.* a Roman orator, slain by the *Marian* faction; (2) *Marcus Antonius*, his grandson, who, with *Octavius* and *Lepidus*, formed a triumvirate; (3) *Julius*, son of *Marcus*; he was consul with *Paulus Fab. Maximus*; (4) *Gaius*, a Gaul, who, when yet a boy, taught rhetoric and poetry gratis in the house of *Julius Cæsar*.
Anúbis, *idris, m.* a god of the *Egyptians*, of the form of a dog.
Anxur, *ñris, m. & n.* a town in Italy, *hod.* *Tarracina*.
Anýtus, *i. m.* one of the three accusers of *Socrates*.
Áonia, *m. f.* the hilly part of *Bœotia*.
Áonides, *um. pl. f.* the *Muses*, worshipped in *Mount Helicon*.
Áornus, *i. m. i. g.* *Avernus*.
Ápamea (& -ia), *m. f.* a city of *Bithynia*, *hod.* *Apamiz*; (2) other cities.
Ápelles, *is. m.* a painter of *Coe*, in favour with *Alexander the Great*: he only used four colours, white, yellow, red, and black.
Ápenninus (& *Ápennius*), *sc. mons*, a ridge of hills, parting Italy through the whole length of it.
Ápicius, *i. m.* an epicure, who ate a large estate, and, growing poor and despised, hanged himself.
Ápidânus, *i. m.* a river in *Thessaly*, *hod.* *Epideno*.
Ápis, *is. m.* a god of the *Egyptians*, called also *Serápis* and *Ostris*.
Ápollo, (& *Á.*) *ñlis, m.* the son of *Jupiter* and *Latóna*, born in *Delos*, at a birth with *Diana*, who is called *Phœbe*, as he *Phœbus*, or the sun and moon: he presided over the *Muses*; he was the god of *physic*, *music*, *divination*, and *poetry*, and had a temple and oracle at *Delphi*.
Ápollódorus, *i. m.* a grammarian of *Athens*, and scholar of *Aristarchus*, *Panctius*, &c.
Ápollonia, *m. f.* a town of *Thrace*, *hod.* *Sisopoli*; (2) several other cities.

Apollonius Tyænæus, i. m. a Pythagorean philosopher.
Appia Via, æ, f. a way from Rome to Brundisium, so called from Appius Claudius.
Apulia (& App.) (v. ù), æ, f. a country in Italy, near the Adriatic, between Druinia and Calabria, *hod. la Puglia*.
Aquæ Sextiæ, Ærum, pl. f. a city of Provence, *hod. Aix*.
Aquileia (v. leja), æ, f. a rich town near the Adriatic, and once capital of Venice, now a village.
Aquilum, i, n. a town near Samnium, and the birth place of Juvenal; *hod. Aquino*.
Aquisgranum, i, u. a city between the Rhine and Moselle, *hod. Aix-la-Chapelle*, *ap. Germ. Aken*.
Aquitania, æ, f. the part of Gaul nearest Spain.
Arabia (& Arr. v. *Ar. per diast.*) æ, f. a country in Asia, between India and Egypt, divided into Deserta, Felix, and Petraea.
Archeus (& Arr.) sinus, the Red Sea.
Arabs, Æbis, m. an Arabian, *Arab.*
Arachne, es, f. the daughter of Idmon a Lydian, very skillful at her needle; turned by Minerva into a spider.
Arar (v. *Aris*) Æris, m. (acc. lin.) a river of Provence in France; a bridge was made over it by Cæsar's soldiers, *hod. la Saône*.
Aratus, i, m. a Grecian astronomer and poet.
Araxes, is, m. a river, parting Armenia from Media, and running into the Hyrcanian sea.
Arbela, Ærum, pl. n. a city of Assyria, near which Alexander defeated Darius.
Arctes, um, pl. m. Arcadians.
Arctia, æ, f. (1) a country in the Morea; (2) a town in Crete.
Arctas, Ælia, m. (acc. -da) the son of Jupiter by Calisto, and with her turned into Ursa minor & major; (?) an Arcadian.
Arctasilaus, æ m. (v. Ælis, i, m.) a philosopher too tenacious of his own opinions.
Arctæus, i, m. the son of Jupiter, and grandfather to Ulysses.
Archæus, i, m. (1) a king of Macedonia; (2) an Athenian philosopher, the scholar of Anaxagoras.
Archias, æ, m. a poet of Antioch, who wrote the Cimbrian war in Greek verse.
Archilochus, i, m. a poet of Paros, the inventor of iambic verse.

Archimædes, is, m. a geometrician, mechanic, and astronomer, of Syracuse.
Archylas, æ, m. a philosopher of Tarentum.
Arctophylax, Æcis, m. a constellation near the greater bear, called also Bôtes.
Arctos, i, f. (acc. -on) the name of two constellations, viz. Ursa major & minor.
Arcturus, i, m. a large star in the constellation Bôtes.
Ardea, æ, f. a city of Latium, where was the court of king Tullus.
Arêlæ, es, f. (v. is, n. 3.) a town in France, *hod. Arles*.
Arémorica (v. Arm.), æ, f. the peninsula of Bretagne in France.
Arênum, i, n. a town in Holland, *hod. Arnheim*.
Arêplogita, æ, m. one of the judges that sat in the court of Mars' hill at Athens.
Arêplogus, i m. Mars' hill or court at Athens.
Arêthusa, æ, f. the daughter of Nereus & Doris, and one of Diana's nymphs.
Arëthum, i, n. a city in Tuscany, *hod. Arezzo*.
Argivi, Ærum, pl. m. citizens of Argos, Argives.
Argo, Æs, f. the ship that carried Jason and his Æ Thessalian heroes to Colchis.
Argolicus, u, um, adj. of Argos, of Greece, Grecian; sinus, a gulf, *hod. Napoli*.
Argonautæ, Ærum, pl. m. the Greeks in the ship Argo.
Argos, eos, u. (& pl. -æ, Ærum, m.) a city of Peloponnesus.
Argus, i, m. the keeper of Io; he had 100 eyes.
Ariadne, es (& -na, æ,) f the daughter of Minos king of Crete.
Arîrathes, is, m. a king of Cappadocia, conquered by Perdiccas.
Arîcia, æ, f. a town of Latium, *hod. l' Ariccia*.
Aries, Ætis, m. the Ram, the 1st sign of the zodiac, into which the sun entering Mar. 21st makes the vernal equinox.
Arîmaspeus, i, m. a river of Scythia, having golden sands.
Arîminum, i, n. a town in Italy, *hod. Rimini*.
Arîobazanes, is, m. a king of Cappadocia.
Arion, Ætis, m. a musician and lyric poet of Lesbos.
Arîsteus, i, m. the son of Apollo by Cyrene, the daughter of Penëus.
Arîstarchus, i, m. a famous grammarian and critic.
Arîstides, is, m. a noble Athe-

nian, surnamed the Just; (2) Theban painter.
Aristippus, i, m. a Cyrenaean philosopher.
Aristophanes, is, m. a comic poet of Athens.
Aristôrides, æ, m. Argus, the son of Aristor.
Aristôtiles, is, m. Aristotle, the son of Nicomachus. He was born at Stagira, whence he was called Stagira; he was Plato's scholar, tutor to Alexander the Great, and founder of the Peripatetics.
Arménia, æ, f. a country of Asia, divided into two provinces, *hod. Turcomania*.
Armenius, i. m. an Armenian.
Arînorici, Ærum, pl. m. the people of Arémorica.
Arîobius, i, m. a rhetorician of Africa, and master to Lactantius; he wrote seven books against the Gentiles, &c.
Arno, i. m. a river in Italy, *hod. Arno*.
Arpi, Ærum, pl. m. a city of Apulia in Italy, *hod. l' Arpi*.
Arplum, i, n. a town of the Volsci in Italy, the birth-place of C. Marus, Plautus, and Cicero, *hod. Arpino*.
Arria, æ, f. a Roman matron, the wife of Pætus.
Arâces, is, m. a king of Parthia, the founder of that empire, whose successors were called Arsacides.
Aratûde, es, f. (1) the daughter of Ptolemaus Lagus, and wife of Lycimachus; (2) the sister of Cleopatra.
Artâbanus, i, m. the son of Hyaspes and brother to Darius king of Persia.
Artaxâta, Ærum, pl. n. (& æ, f.) a city of Armenia.
Artaxerxes, is, m. a name of two kings in the 1st Persian empire, Longimanus and Mnemon.
Artimidorus, i, m. a teacher of Greek at Rome.
Artémisia, æ, f. the wife of Mausolus, whose ashes she drank up.
Artémôn, Ætis, m. (1) a Clazomenian, who found out the battering-ram, and tested it; (2) a Syrian, so like Antiochus the Syrian king, that he got his kingdom by stratagem.
Arvêles Frâtres, twelve priests instituted by Romulus.
Arverni, Ærum, pl. m. a people of Gaul whose chief town was Augustonemetum, *hod. Clermont*.
Arviragus, i, m. a king of Britain, in the time of Domitian.
Asclêpius, i, m. the son of

Aschelon and **Orphne**, turned into an owl.
Asclion, **Onis**, f. a city in Palestine, *hod. Scalona*.
Asclius, i, m. the son of **Enéas**, who built a city called **Alba Longa**.
Asclurgium, i, n. a town in Germany, *hod. Asburg*.
Asclupides, m. m. a physician of **Prusa** in **Bithynia**.
Asclla, **drum**, pl. n. a feast at **Athens** in honour of **Bacchus**.
Ascra, m, f. a village of **Greece** near **mount Helicon**.
Asculum, i, n. a town of **Picenum** in **Italy**, *hod. Ascoli*; (2) in **Apulia**, *hod. Ascolidi Satriano*.
Asdrubal, **klis**, m. a **Carthaginian** nobleman, who, on the surrender of **Carthage** in the third **Punic** war, burnt himself.
Asia, m, f. (& **Asia**, **Idos**, f.) one of the three parts of the world known to the ancients; a part of **Asia**, called **Anatolia**, *hod. Naotia*.
Asia, a, um, adj. of **Asia**.
Asines, is, m. a river in **Sicily**, *hod. Freddo*.
Asinius, i, m. *vide* **Pollio**.
Asius, a, um, adj. of **Asia**.
Asopides, m, m. **Ædus**, the grandson of **Asopus**.
Aspasia, m, f. the daughter of **Hermotimus**, a **Phocian**, greatly beloved by **Cyrus** the younger, and afterwards by **Artaxerxes**.
Aspendus, i, m. a famous harper.
Asphaltites, m, m. (*ec. lãcius*.) the dead sea or lake of brimstone, in which **Sodom**, **Gomorra**, and other cities were sunk, *hod. Dead Sea*.
Aspis, **Idos**, f. a town in **Africa**, *hod. Meis*.
Aspiricus, i, m. the son of **Tros**.
Assyria, m, f. a spacious country in **Asia**, but often confounded with **Syria**.
Assyrius, a, um, adj. **Assyrian**.
Asta, m. i. (1) a city of **Andalusia** in **Spain**, on the river **Gualetta**, *hod. Xeres de la Frontera*; (2) another of **Piedmont** in **Italy**, *hod. Asti*.
Astarte, m, f. a goddess of the **Sidonians** and **Assyrians**, called also **Ashtaroth**.
Astræa, m, f. the daughter of **Astræa**, king of **Arcadia** and **Aurora**, as some write, or, as others, of **Jupiter** and **Themis**.
Asturia, m, f. a province of **Aragon** in **Spain**, *hod. Asturias*.
Asylges, is, m. the last king of the **Nedes**, who gave his daughter in marriage to **Cambyses**, a Persian of a mean family, by

whom he had **Cyrus**, who effected his grandfather, and translated the monarchy to the Persians.
Astyknax, **actis** (v. -os.) m. the son of **Hector** and **Andromache**.
Atypklæa, m, f. an island in the **Archipelago**, *hod. Stampalia*.
Atlanta, m, f. the daughter of **Schœneus** king of **Seyrus**, and wife of **Hippomènes**; (2) one of **Diana's** nymphs.
Ates, m, f. the daughter of **Jupiter**, and goddess of evil.
Atella, m, f. a town of **Campania** in **Italy**.
Ateste, is, n. a town in **Italy**, *hod. Este*.
Atthamas, **antis**, m. the son of **Æolus**, and king of **Thebes** in **Bœotia**.
Athensæ, **krum**, pl. f. **Athens**, a city of **Greece**, the capital of **Attica**; it is yet said to contain near 10,000 persons, *hod. Setines*.
Athénagoras, m, m. (1) a **Persian** general under **Darius** **Codomanus**; (2) a rustic writer; (3) a **Christian** philosopher, who prevented an idolatry for his religion to **M. Aur. Antoninus**.
Atthis, is, m. a river of **Lombardy**, *hod. Adige*.
Atthus, v, m. (& -on, **Onis**.) a mountain in **Macedonia**, *hod. Monte Santo*.
Athyra, m, m. a river in **Thrace**, *hod. Glycynero*.
Atina, m, f. a town in **Italy**, *hod. Atino*.
Atlantides, m, m. **Mercury**, the grandson of **Atlas**.
Atlantæus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to **Atlas**, **Atlantic**.
Atlantici insulæ, the **Fortunate Isles**, where the poets placed their **Elysium**, *hod. the Canaries*.
Atlas, **antis**, m. a high hill in **Mauritania**.
Atrébates, **ium**, pl. m. a people of **Belgic Gaul**, *hod. Artois*.
Atreüs, el & eos, m. the son of **Pelops** and **Hippodamia**, and king of **Mycænæ**.
Atria, m, f. a town in **Italy**, *hod. Adria*.
Atreides, m, m. **Agamemnon**, or **Menelæus**, both sons of **Atreus**.
Atropæ, i, f. one of the three fatal sisters, who cut the thread of life.
Attalus, i, m. the name of three kings of **Pergamus** in **Asia**, all great friends to the Romans.
Atticus, v, um, adj. of or belonging to the country of **Attica**, **Attic**.
Atticus, i, m. **Pomponius**, an intimate friend of **Cicero**, & **Rô-**

man knight, and perfect master of the **Greek** tongue in its purity.
Attilius Régulus, i, m. a consul of **Rome** in the first **Punic** war, *A. U. 420*.
Atys, yos, & **Attis**, **Idis**, m. a son of **Creteus**, who was dumb many years, till perceiving one of **Cyrus's** soldiers going to kill his father, his passion broke the string that held his tongue, and he cried out. Save the king.
Avallites, is, f. a town of **Ethiopia**, *hod. Zeila*.
Avâricum, i, n. a town of **France**, *hod. Bourges*.
Avénio, **Onis**, f. a town of **France**, *hod. Avignon*.
Aventinus, m. **mount Aventine**, one of the seven hills on which **Rome** was built.
Ævernus, i, m. (& -na, **drum**, pl. n.) a lake of **Campania** in **Italy**, taken by the poets for **Hell**, *hod. Averno*.
Aufidena, m, f. a town in **Italy**, *hod. Alfidena*.
Aufidus, i, m. a river in **Italy**, *hod. l'Ofanto*.
Augeas, m, m. a king of **Elis**, who had a stable that would hold 3000 oxen, which in 30 years had not been cleansed: he hired **Hercules** to clean it out, who did so by drawing through it the river **Alphæus**.
Augusta, m, f. a title of the wives of the **Roman** emperors while they lived, as that of **Diva** afterwards.
Augusta, m, f. a title given to several cities. **Bracærum**, in **Portugal**, the metropolis of **Entre Minho e Douro**, *hod. Braga*. **Emerita**, in **Spain**, *hod. Merida*. **Prætoris**, in the principality of **Piedmont**, *hod. Aosta*, or **Aouste**. **Rauracorum**, in **Switzerland**, *hod. Aost*. **Suessonium**, in **Champagne**, in the isle of **France**, *hod. Soissons*. **Taurindrum**, the capital of **Piedmont**, *hod. Turin*. **Trevirorum**, of **Germany**, in the circle of **Lower Rhine**, *hod. Trier*. **Trinobantina**, the metropolis of **England**, *hod. London*. **Veromandubrum**, of **Picardy** in **France**, *hod. St. Quentin*. **Vindelicorum**, in **Germany**, *hod. Augsburg*.
Augustus, i, m. the second emperor of **Rome**.
Aulis, **Idis** (v. -os.) f. a city and port of **Bœotia**.
Aulon, **Onis**, m. a mountain of **Calabria**.
Aurelianus, i, m. the 37th **Roman** Emperor.
Aurora, m, f. the daughter of **Titan** and **Terra**, and goddess of the mornings.
Aurunci, **drum**, pl. m. a people.

of *Latium*, *hod. Terra di Lavoro*.

Ausci, *Drum*, pl. m. a people of *Gaul*, near *Aur*.

Ausēris, is, m. a river of *Etruria*, *hod. Serchio*.

Ausduēs, um, pl. m. a people of *Capua*.

Ausōnia, ē, f. (1) the country of the *Ausōnes*, (2) *Italy*.

Ausōnidēs, ārum (& ūm), pl. m. a people of *Ausonia*, the *Italians* or *Romans*.

ausōnius, a, um, adj. *Italian*.

Autōlŷus, i, m. the son of *Mercury*.

Autōmēdon, ontis, m. the charioteer of *Achilles*, and armour-bearer of *Pyrhus*.

Autōnōs, es, f. the daughter of *Cadmus* and *Hermione*.

Axēnus pontus, the *Euxine sea*.

Axiis, i, m. a river in *Paphlagonia*, *hod. Vardari*.

Axōna, ē, f. a river in *Gaul*, *hod. l'Aine*.

Azōtus, i, f. a city in *Palestine*, called also *Ashdod*.

city of *Africa*; (2) the nurse of *Sichæus*.

Barcino, ōnis, m. & f. a town in *Spain*, *hod. Barcelona*.

Bārŷium, i, n. a city of *Naples*, *hod. Bari*.

Barŷēne (v.-st.) es, f. a daughter of *Darius* and wife of *Alexander the Great*.

Basius, i, m. (1) *Aufidius*, an *historian* in the time of *Augustus* and *Tiberius*; he wrote de bello Germ. (2) *Cæsius*, a *lyric poet*.

Bastarnēs (v.-ster.) ārum, pl. m. a people of *Sarmatia*.

Bāthŷi, ōrum, pl. m. a people of *Spain*.

Bātŷi, (& -tŷ.) ōrum, pl. m. the people of *Holland*.

Bātŷus, (& -tŷ.) a, um, adj. of or pertaining to *Holland*.

Bāthyllus, i, m. (1) a *Samian* youth, the minion of *Anacreon*; (2) a famous dancer and mimic of *Alexandria*.

Battŷides, ē, m. *Callimachus*, a son or descendant of *Battus*.

Battus, i, m. (1) a king of *Cyrene* in *Africa*; (2) a shepherd of *Pylus*.

Baucia, idis, f. the wife of *Philemon*.

Bāvius, i, m. a silly *Roman* poet.

Bauli, ōrum, pl. m. a hill in *Italy*.

Debrŷeia, (ŷ. *Dionŷi*.) ē, f. a country and town in *Asia*.

Belgæ, ārum, pl. m. a people occupying the northern part of *Gaul*.

Belgicæ, ē, f. the Northern division of *Gaul*.

Belgicus, a, um, adj. *Belgic*.

Belgium, i, n. (1) a province of *Gaul*, (2) *Belgic Gaul*, *hod. the Netherlands*.

Bēlides, ē, m. *Palamedes*, as descended from *Belus*.

Bēlides, um, pl. f. the 50 daughters of *Danaüs*.

Bellērōphontes, ē, m. (& -on, ontis, m.) the son of *Glaucus* king of *Ephŷra*.

Bellōcassi, ōrum, pl. m. a people of *Normandy*.

Bellōna (& *Duel*.) ē, f. the sister of *Mars*, and goddess of war.

Bellōnārŷi, ōrum, pl. m. priests of *Bellōna*.

Bellōvāci, ōrum, pl. m. the people of *Beauvais* in *France*.

Belus, i, m. the son of *Nimrod*, and father of *Ninus*, the first student in *astronomy*; the *Chaldeans* deified him, as *Baal*.

Bēlŷicus, i, m. a lake in *Lombardy*, *hod. Lago di Garda*.

Bēnēventum, i, n. a town of *Italy*, *hod. Benevento*.

Bērēcyntus (v.-tus.) i, m. a mountain of *Phrygia*.

Bērēnice, es, f. the daughter of *Philadelphus* and *Arsinoë*, and wife of *Euergetes*.

Bergōnium, i, n. a city in *Italy* *hod. Bergamo*.

Bērŷē, es, f. the nurse of *Se-mēle*.

Bēræa, ē, f. a city of *Macedonia*, *hod. Veria*; (2) a city of *Syria*, *hod. Aleppo*.

Bērōsēs, i, m. an ancient *historian* of the *Chaldean* and *Assyrian* affairs, *astrology* &c.

Bērŷius, i, f. a city of *Syria*, *hod. Bairout*.

Bēsidiæ, ārum, pl. f. a town of *Calabria*, *hod. Bisignano*.

Bessi, ōrum, pl. m. a people of *Thrace*.

Biānōr, ōris, m. the founder of *Mantua*.

Bias, antia, m. a philosopher of *Priene*, and one of the seven wise men of *Greece*.

Bibracte, is, n. the capital of the *Edui* in *Gaul*, *hod. Autun*.

Bibrŷci, ōrum, pl. m. the people of *Berkshire*.

Bitŷulus, i, m. a consul joined with *Cæsar*.

Bion, ōnis, m. a very snarling poet.

Bisaltæ, ārum, pl. m. a people of *Thrace*.

Bistōnis, is, f. a lake in *Thrace*, *hod. Bouron*.

Bithŷulia (& *Bl*.) ē, f. a country of *Asia Minor*, near *Troas*, on the *Euxine sea*.

Bitŷurges, um, pl. m. (1) a people of *Gaul*, *hod. Berri*; (2) *Cubi*, a people of *Aquitain*, *hod. Bordelais*.

Blandæ, ārum, pl. f. a town in *Italy*, *hod. Belvidere*.

Blandŷisia, (or, more correctly, *Bandusia*.) ē, f. a fountain celebrated by *Horace*.

Bocchus, i, m. a king of *Mauritania*, and ally of the *Romans*.

Bōdōtria, ē, f. a river of *Scotland*, *hod. the Forth*.

Bōbēŷi, idis, f. a lake in *The-saly*.

Bōtŷis, ē, f. a country of *Greece*, between *Achaia*, *Thessaly*, and the *Euxinus*.

Bōtŷici ingēni, dull, stupid.

Bōtŷi, ōrum (v. ūm.) pl. m. *Bœotians*.

Boii, (disŷyl.) ōrum, pl. m. a people of *Gaul*, *hod. Bourgogne*.

Bōmilcar, ŷris, m. the son of *Hamilcar*, a *Carthaginian* commander.

Bōnōnia, ē, f. a city in *Italy*, *hod. Bologna*.

Bōtēa, ē, m. a constellation following the great bear; also called *Arctophylax*.

Bōrŷythēnes, is, m. a river of *Sarmatia*, *hod. Nieper*.

B

Bābŷylon, ōnis, f. (ac. na.) the metropolis of ancient *Chaldæa*.

Bābŷylōnia, ē, f. the country about *Babŷlon*; (2) *Babŷlon*.

Bacchæ, ārum, pl. f. women sacrificing to *Bacchus*.

acchiādæ, ārum, pl. m. a people of *Corinth*.

icchius, i, m. the son of *Jupiter* and *Semēle*, the god of wine and drunkards.

ictra, ōrum, pl. n. the capital of *Bactriana*, in *Upper Asia*.

ætlica, ē, f. a province in *Spain*, *hod. Andalusia*.

Bætis, is, f. a river in *Spain*, *hod. Guadalquivir*.

Bagrāda, ē, f. a river in *Africa*, *hod. Megrada*.

Bāŷe (& *ŷi*.) ārum, pl. f. a city of *Campania*, *hod. Castel di Baia*.

Bāŷŷinus sinus, the bay of *Naples*.

Balbŷnus, i, m. with *Pupienus*, the 21th *Roman Emperor*.

Bālēkres, ium, pl. f. two islands in the *Mediterranean sea*, opposite *Catalonia* in *Spain*, *hod. Majorca* and *Minorca*.

Bantia, ē, f. a town in *Italy*, *hod. S. Maria di Vanze*.

Bapte, ārum, pl. m. lewd priests of *Colyto*.

Barce, es, f. (1) a country and

Bospōrus, (v.-phō.) i, m. (1) *Thracius*, the strait of *Constantinople*; (2) *Cimmerius*, the strait of *Caffa* or *Jenikael*.

Bōvianum, i, n. a city of *Naples*, hod. *Buiano*.

Bōvillæ, ārum, pl. f. a town in *Italy*, near *Rome*.

Brachmānes, um, pl. m. *philosophers of India*; called also *Gymnosophistæ*.

Bratūspanium, i, n. a town of *Gaul*, hod. *Beauvais*.

Brennus, i, m. a commander of the *Galli Senōnes*, who routed the *Romans* at the *River Allia*, and took *Rome*.

Brikrēus, (triy.) ei & eōs, m. the son of *Titan* and *Terra*, a huge giant called also *Eggon*, who had one hundred arms and fifty heads.

Brigantes, ium, pl. m. a people of *England*, inhabiting *Lancashire*, *Yorkshire*, *Durham*, *Cumberland*, and *Northumberland*.

Briatēa, Idia, f. a damsel of *Lyrnessus*, who fell to the lot of *Achilles*.

Britannia, æ, f. the isle of *Great Britain*; (2) minor, *Bretagne* in *France*.

Britannicus (& -tannus,) a, um, adj. of or belonging to *Britain*, *British*.

Britannus (& ān.) i, m. (& Brito, ōnis, m.) a *Briton*.

Brixellum, (& -ill.) i, n. a town in *Italy*, hod. *Brixello*.

Brōmius, i, m. a title of *Bacchus*.

Brontes, æ, m. a *Cyclop*.

Brundisium (v. di.) & *Brentesium*, n. a sea-port of *Naples*, hod. *Brindisi*.

Brūdum (v. -utt.) i, n. a part of *Italy*, below *Lucania*.

Brūtus, i, m. (1) *Lucius Junius*, the first consul with *Collatinus*, after the expulsion of the kings, U. C. 266; (2) *M. Junius*, an acute orator, and good lawyer; (3) *M. Junius*, one of the chief conspirators against *Jul. Cæsar*.

Būcēphāla, æ, f. a city in *India*.

Būcēphālus, i, m. the wgr horse of *Alexander the Great*.

Bulla Rēgia, æ, f. a town in *Nu-midia*, hod. *Beije*.

Būpklus, i, m. a *statuary*.

Burrhus, i, m. *Afranius*, an officer of *Nero*.

Būstria, Idia, m. (1) the son of *Neptunus* by *Lybia* the daughter of *Epāphus*; (2) a city in *Egypt* built by him.

Būtes, æ, m. (1) the son of *Amphēchus* king of the *Bebrycians*; (2) a *Trojan*.

Būthrotos, i, f. (& -um, i, n)

a city in *Epirus*, hod. *Buthrinto*.

Byblis, Idia, f. the daughter of *Miletus* and *Cyāne*.

Byrsa, æ, f. a citadel in the midst of *Carthage*.

Byzācium, i, n. a country of *Africa*, hod. *Tunis*.

Byzantium (& -on,) i, n. a capital city of *Thrace*, and the seat of the *Western empire*, called *Constantinople*; and by the *Turks*, *Stambolin*, or *Stamboul*.

Byzia, æ, f. a city in *Thrace*.

C

Cābillonum (& -il.) i, n. a town in *France*, hod. *Chalons-sur-Saone*.

Cācus, i, m. the son of *Vulcan*, a notable thief and robber.

Cadmēs, Idia, f. *Ino*, a daughter of *Cadmus*.

Cadmus, i, m. the son of *Agenor* king of the *Phenicians*, and founder of *Thebes*; he introduced sixteen letters of the *Greek alphabet*, vide *Palamedes* and *Simonides*.

Cādūceus, i, m. (& -um, i, n.) *Mercury's golden rod* or wand.

Cādurci, ōrum, pl. m. a people of *Guienne*, hod. *Quercy*.

Cacēbūm, i, n. a town of *Campania*.

Cacūlus, i, m. the son of *Vulcan*, and founder of *Prænestæ*.

Cælius, i, m. (Mons) one of the 7 hills of *Rome*, hod. *M. di S. Giovanni*.

Cælus, i, m. vide *Cælus*.

Cænis, Idia, f. a *Thessalian virgin*, the daughter of *Elātheus*, one of the *Lapthæ*.

Cære, Etia & Idia, n. a city of *Tuscany*, hod. *Cerveteri*.

Cæsar, Aris, m. the surname of the *Julian family* in *Rome*; and of the first 12 Emperors from *Julius Cæsar* the first; (2) title of the heir of the *Empire*.

Cæsar-Augusta, æ, f. a city in *Spain*, hod. *Saragossa*.

Cæsarēa, æ, f. (1) the capital of *Cappadocia*; (2) a city of *Palentine*, hod. *Kaisariëh*;

(3) *Philippi*, a city of *Galilee*; (4) the island of *Jersey*.

Cāstia (v. Cal. v. Cal.), æ, f. a sea-part of *Naples*, hod. *Gaeta*.

Caius (dissyl.) & *Cāius*, i, m. a prænomē among the *Romans*, as *Cais* was of *women*.

Calabria, æ, f. the most southern part of *Naples*.

Calīgūria, is, f. a city in *Spain* hod. *Calahorra*.

Calātia (v. Call.), æ, f. a city of *Campania*, hod. *Cajazzo*.

Calāuria (& -ræa), æ, f. an island in the gulph of *Egina*, off the coast of *Argolis*.

Calchas, antis, m. a *Greek soothsayer* who went to the *Trojan war*.

Cālēdōnia, æ, f. *Scotland* or *North Britain*.

Cālēdōniū, ōrum, pl. m. the people of *Scotland*.

Cālēnum, i, n. (& -es, ium, pl. f.) a city of *Italy*, hod. *Calvi*.

Calīgūla, æ, m. *Calus Cæsar*, 4th emperor of *Rome*, and son of *Germanicus*.

Callāici, ōrum, pl. m. a people in *Spain*, hod. *Gallicians*.

Callicrītes, is, m. an artist, who made very small ants, &c. of ivory.

Callicrītidas (& -es), æ, m. a *Spartan general* in the *Peloponnesian war*.

Callimāchus, i, m. (1) a *Greek poet*, and king *Ptolemy's librarian*; (2) *Rōmānus*, a name assumed by *Propertius*.

Calliōpe, æs, f. the mother of *Orpheus*, and one of the nine muses; called also *Calliōpæa*.

Callisthēnes, is, m. a philosopher of *Olynthus*.

Callisto, ūs, f. a nymph of *Diāna*.

Callistrātus, i, m. an orator at *Athens*, tutor to *Demosthēnes*.

Calpe, æs, f. a mountain of *Spain*, one of *Hercules' pillars*, hod. *Gibraltar*.

Cālūdōn, ōnis, f. (acc. -ōna,) a city of *Ætolia* in *Greece*.

Cālypo, ūs, f. the daughter of *Oceānus* and *Tethys*, and queen of *Ogygia*.

Cāmēlodōnum, i, n. a *Roman colony* in *Britain*, hod. *Malden*.

Cāmārīna, æ, f. (1) a fetid lake in *Sicily*; (2) a town near the lake.

Cambrina, æ, f. the principality of *Wales*.

Cambyses, is, m. (& æ,) a *Persian*, father of *Cyrus the Great*; (2) the 2nd king of *Persia* and son of *Cyrus*.

Cāmilla, æ, f. a queen of the *Volscians*.

Cāmillus, i, m. a *Roman* who saved *Rome* from the *Gauls*.

Cāmœne, ārum, pl. f. the *Muses*.

Campānia, æ, f. a campaign country of *Naples*, hod. *Terre di Lavoro*.

Campanus, a, um, adj. of *Campania*; sinus, the Bay of *Naples*.

Camaspæ, es, f. *Alexander's most beautiful concubine.*
Campus, i, m. (1) *Martius, a large field near Rome, on the Tiber, for all manner of robust exercises, and the choice of magistrates;* (2) *Sceleratus, a place near the Porta Collina, where the unchaste Vestal virgins were interred alive.*
Cānce, es, f. *the daughter of Æolus.*
Candace, es, f. (& -cis, is, f.) *the general name of the queens of Ethiopia.*
Candavia, æ, f. *a part of Macedonia.*
Candaules, is, m. *a king of Lydia, slain by Gyges.*
Cānes, tis, f. *the fond wife of Picus, king of the Laurentines.*
Cannæ, ærum, pl. f. *a village in Apulia, where 40,000 Romans were slain by Hannibal.*
Cānopus, i, m. *a city in Egypt.*
Cantabri, ðrum, pl. m. *a people of Spain, hod. Biscay.*
Cantium, i, n. *the county of Kent.*
Cānūsium, i, n. *a town of Apulia, hod. Canosa.*
Cāpna, æ, f. *a town of Tuscan.*
Cāpharëus, (trisyl.) el, m. & oðs, m. (acc. -es,) *a mountain and promontory of Eubœa, hod. Capo dell' Oro.*
Cāpitoliūm, i, n. *the Capitol, or great tower or strong castle of Rome.*
Cappadōcia, æ, f. *a country in Asia the Less, hod. Tocat.*
Cappadox, ðcis, m. *a Cappadocian.*
Cāpæ, ærum, pl. f. *an island near Naples, hod. Capri.*
apea, æ, f. *a town in Africa.*
āpua, æ, f. *a city of Campania.*
āpys, yðs, m. (ac. -yn,) (1) *the son of Asarāch, and father of Anchises;* (2) *a follower of Æneas, and the founder of Capua.*
Cāriscalla, æ, m. M. Aur. Antoninus, the 2nd Roman emperor, son and successor of Sept. Severus; so called from a Gaulish garment which he wore.
Cāriscus, i, m. *a British prince in the time of Claudius, and carried to Rome in triumph.*
Cārulis, is, f. *the capital of Sardinia, hod. Cagliari.*
Cāria, æ, f. *a country in Asia Minor.*
Carmānia, æ, f. *a country of Asia near Persia.*
Carmenta, æ, f. (& -tis, is, f.) *a prophetic of Arcadia, mother of Evander.*

Carneades, is, m. (& æ,) *a philosopher of Cyrene, scholar of Chrysippus.*
Carnūti, ðrum, pl. m. *a people of Chartres in France.*
Carpāthium märe, the sea of Scarpanto.
Carpāthus, i, f. *an island near Rhodes, hod. Scarpanto.*
Carpentoracte, es, f. *a town in France, hod. Carpentras.*
Caræ (& -hæ), ærum, pl. f. *a city of Mesopotamia, hod. Heren.*
Caræbli, ðrum, pl. m. *a city in Italy.*
Carasūle, ærum, pl. f. *a city in Italy.*
Carteia, (trisyl.) æ, f. *a town in Spain.*
Carthago, inls, f. (1) *Carthage, a city of Africa, built by Dido, 72 years before Rome; Scipio destroyed it;* (2) *Nova, a city of Murcia in Spain, hod. Cartagena.*
Cārus, i, m. *the 1st Roman emperor.*
Casparia, æ, f. *a town of the Sabines in Italy.*
Caspium märe, the Caspian sea.
Cassandra, æ, f. *the daughter of Prium and Hecuba.*
Cassiōpe, es, (& -pea v. pēla, æ,) f. (1) *the wife of Cepheus king of Ethiopia;* (2) *a town in the island of Corcyra, hod. Cassiopo.*
Cassius, i, m. (1) *one of the chief conspirators against Julius Cæsar;* (2) *a poet of Parma.*
Castāllides, um, pl. f. *the nine Muses, so called from*
Castāllus, i, m. *a fountain of Phocia, on mount Parnassus.*
Castor, ðris, ia. *the son of Tyn-darus king of Laconia, and Leda the daughter of Theetis.*
Castrum Inui, a city of Tuscan, hod. Nettuno.
Castūlo, ðnis, f. *a town in Spain, hod. Calsona Vieja.*
Cātāllūpa, ðrum, pl. n. *the cat-tracts of the Nile in Ethiopia.*
Cātina (v. -ti.), æ, (& -ne, es,) f. *a sea-port and city of Sicily, hod. Catana.*
Cātūlna, æ, m. *a debauchee and traitor of Rome, whose plots Cicero defeated.*
Cāto, ðnis, m. *the surname of several Romans;* (.) *Marcus Porcius, called Major and Censorius; he learnt Greek at the age of 60. He was 80 times accused, and always acquitted with honor;* (2) *Marcus Uticensis, his great-grandchild, a very strict moralist; he joined Pompey against Cæsar and*
 (316)

slew himself at Utica; (3) *Valerius, a grammarian in Sylla's time.*
Catti, ðrum, pl. m. *a people of Germany.*
Cātullus, i, m. (1) *a poet of Verona;* (2) *a friend of Martial.*
Caucāsus, i, m. *a mountain in Asia, between the Euxine and Caspian seas.*
Caudium, i, n. *a town of Naples in Italy, hod. Arpaia.*
Caulon, ðnis, m. *a city of Calabria in Italy, hod. Castel Vetere.*
Cāycus, (& ic.) i, m. *a river of Mysia;* (2) *friend of Æneas.*
Caystrus, i, m. *a river in Asia Minor.*
Cēbes, ðis, m. *a Theban philosopher, and disciple of Socrates.*
Cecrōpidæ, ærum, pl. m. *the Athenians, descendants of Cecrops.*
Cecrops, ðpis, m. *the first king and founder of Athens, called Cecroia.*
Cēlennæ, ærum, pl. f. *the chief city of Phrygia.*
Cēlæno, ða, f. (1) *one of the Harpies;* (2) *one of the Plesides.*
Cēleus, i, m. *a king of Eleusis.*
Celmis, is, m. *the foster-father of Jupiter.*
Celsus, i, m. *a physician in the time of Tiberius.*
Celue, ærum, pl. m. *a people of Gaul, between the rivers Garonne and Seine.*
Celtiberi, ðrum, pl. m. *a people dwelling near the river Iberus in Spain.*
Celtica, a, um, adj. *of Gaul, Gallic, Celtic.*
Cenchreæ (& -ræ), ærum, pl. *one of the harbours of Corinth, hod. Kenkri.*
Cenchreus, a, um, adj. *of Cenchreæ.*
Cēneus, el, m. (& eos, m.) *a Thessalian, thought invulnerable.*
Centauri, ðrum, pl. m. *a people of Thessaly, near mount Pelion, who broke horses for war.*
Centumellæ, ærum, pl. f. *a sea-port of Italy, hod. Civita Vecchia.*
Centūripæ, ærum, pl. (& -pe, es,) f. (Plol. τρυ) *a city in Sicily, hod. Centorbe.*
Cēbs, i, f. *an island in the Ægean Sea, one of the Cyciades, hod. Zia.*
Cēphālus, i, m. *the son of Mercury and Heræ, a famous hunter.*
Cēpheus, el, m. (v. oðs, m.) *a king of Ethiopia.*
Cērasus, untis, f. *a city in Pontus.*
Cēraunil montes, *high hills on*

- the borders of Epirus, hod. Monti di Chimera. The extremity of the range formed a promontory, running into the Adriatic, and called Acrocerania, hod. Cape Linguetta.
- Cerberus, i, m. a dog with three heads, the keeper of Pluto's palace in hell.
- Cercetæ, Ærum, pl. m. a people of Sarmatia in Asia, hod. Circassians.
- Cercopes, um, pl. m. a people of the island Pithecusæ, changed by Jupiter into apes.
- Cercyon, Ænis, m. a very noted robber, slain by Theseus.
- Cerealia, Ærum, pl. n. (& um,) the sacred rites of Ceres.
- Ceres, Æris, f. the daughter of Saturn and Ops, and the goddess of corn and tillage: (2) corn.
- Cethæus, i, m. one of Catiline's accomplices.
- Ceyx, Æcis, m. a king of Thrace, transformed with his wife Alcynone into a bird called Halcyon.
- Chabrias, æ, m. an Athenian general.
- Chæronia, æ, f. a village of Boætia, where Philip conquered Greece, and Mithridates was routed by the Romans.
- Chalcædon, Ænis, f. a city of Bithynia, opposit Constantinople.
- Chalcis, Idis, f. (1) a city of Eubæa, hod. Egripo; (2) of Macedonia; (3) of Syria, hod. Chinsarin.
- Chaldæa, æ, f. a country of Asia, from the confluence of the Tigris and Euphrates to Bassora.
- Chaldæi, Ærum, pl. m. the Chaldeans.
- Chāmāvi (v. æv.), Ærum, pl. m. a people of Germany, near Munster.
- Chānān, n. ind. the holy land.
- Chāon, Ænis, m. a son of Priam.
- Chāonia, æ, f. a district of Epirus.
- Chærares, is, m. the brother of Sappho.
- Chæridæmus, i, m. an Athenian, who joined the Persians against the Greeks.
- Chærites, um, pl. f. (d. pl. ræt) the three Graces, Aglaia, Thalia, and Euphrosyne, daughters of Jupiter and Autondæ or Eurynome.
- Chæron, ontis, m. the son of Eræus and Nox, and ferryman of Hell.
- Chærybdis, is, f. a whirlpool in the strait of Sicily, opposite the rock Scylla.
- Cheræusæus (v. Cherr.), i, f. a peninsula; Taurica, the Crimea; Cimbrica, Jutland in Denmark; Thracica, near the Hellespont.
- Chilo, Ænis, m. a Lacedæmonian, and one of the seven Grecian sages.
- Chimæra, æ, f. a mountain of Lycia in Asia Minor.
- Chione, es, f. the daughter of Dedalion, and rival of Diana.
- Chios, i, f. an island in the Archipelāgo, hod. Scio.
- Chiron, Ænis, m. one of the Centaurs.
- Cholaspis, is, m. a river in Persia.
- Chærilus, i, m. a foolish poet, who wrote of the exploits of Alexander.
- Christianus, i, m. a Christian, follower or disciple of Christ.
- Christus, i, m. a name of the Son of God, Christ, Messiah, or the Anointed One.
- Chryseis, Idis, f. the daughter of Chryses priest of Apollo.
- Chrysippus, i, m. a Stoic philosopher.
- Cicero, Ænis, m. Marcus Tullius, the father of Latin eloquence.
- Cicænes, um, pl. m. a people of Thrace.
- Cilicia, æ, f. a country of Asia Minor.
- Ciliciæ portæ, pl. f. a narrow pass of Mount Taurus in Cilicia, hod. Straits of Scanderon.
- Cimbri, Ærum, pl. m. a people of Germany, supposed, though not very correctly, to have had for their original place of settlement the Cimbric Chersonese, hod. Jutland.
- Cimmerius Bosphorus, i, m. the Strait of Caffa, which joins the Euxine with the Palus Mæotis.
- Cimolus, i, f. an island in the Archipelāgo, hod. Kimoto or Argentiera.
- Cimon, Ænis, m. an Athenian general.
- Cincinnatus, i, m. a senator and dictator of Rome.
- Cinæus, (v. Cy.) æ, m. a Thesalian, and favorite of king Pyrrhus.
- Cingulum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. Cingoli.
- Cinna, æ, m. a Roman, who slew his fellow consul Octavius; he was stoned to death: (2) Lucius, a grandson of Pompey, who conspired against Augustus, and being pardoned, made Augustus his heir.
- Cinypus, i, m. (& -nypæ, Æphis, m.) a river of Africa.
- Cinyras, æ, m. a king of Cyprus.
- Circe, es, f. a sorceress, daughter of Sol and Peresæis.
- Circeii, Ærum, pl. m. a town of Campania in Italy, hod. S Felice.
- Circesium, i, n. a city in Mesopotamia.
- Cirrhænius, æ, um, adj. on this side of the Rhine.
- Cisseia, Idos, f. Hecuba, the daughter of Cisseus of Thrace.
- Citheron, Ænis, m. a mountain of Boætia, sacred to Bacchus.
- Cilnius, i, m. a river of Campania in Italy.
- Cikrus, i, m. an epithet of Apollo; (2) vid. Antimachus.
- Cikros, i, f. (1) an island in the Archipelago, hod. Calamo; (2) a city of Ionia where Apollo had an oracle.
- Clandia, æ, f. a vestal virgin.
- Claudianus, i, m. Claudian, a poet in the time of Theodosius and Honorius, born at Alexandria in Egypt.
- Claudius, i, m. the fifth Roman emperor; (2) also the thirty-fifth Roman emperor; (3) P. a Roman leader in the first Punic war.
- Clazmène, es, (v. æ, Ærum, pl.) f. a city of Ionia in Asia Minor.
- Cleantes, is, m. a Stoic philosopher of Assos, and successor of Zeno.
- Cleombræus, i, m. (1) a king of Lacedæmonia, and son of Pausanias; (2) a youth, who, having read Plato on immortality, jumped into the sea.
- Cleopatras, æ, f. a queen of Egypt, sister and wife of the last Ptolemy.
- Clio, Æa, f. one of the nine Muses, the patroness of history, and heroic poets.
- Clitumnus, i, m. a river of Campania, hod. Clitunno.
- Clitus, i, m. one stabbed by Alexander the Great when drunk.
- Clodius, i, m. a Roman of good family, but bad life.
- Clotho, Æs, f. one of the three Fates.
- Cloentius, i, m. a Roman defended by Cicero.
- Cluæa (v. Æp.), æ, f. a city in Africa, hod. Quipia.
- Clusium, i, n. a city of Etruria in Italy, hod. Chiusti.
- Clymène, es, f. (1) the daughter of Oceanus and Tethys; (2) the mother of Phædon.
- Clytemnestra, æ, f. the daughter of Tyndarus and Leda, and wife of Agamemnon.
- Clytia, æ, (v. æ, es.) f. a nymph, daughter of Oceanus, and beloved by Apollo.
- Cnidus, i, f. a city of Caria in Asia Minor.
- Cnosus, vide Gnosus.

Cōclius, i, m. a king of Sicily.
Cockes, itis, m. a Roman, who alone opposed the Tuscan army, under Porcenna, on a wooden bridge.

Cōcytus, i, m. a river of Epirus, said by the poets to be a river of hell.

Cōdānus sinus, the Baltic Sea.

Codrus, i, m. the son of Melander, and last king of Athens.

Colāsyria (v. -lo.), æ, f. a part of Syria, whose chief city was Antioch, or, as some say, Damascus, hod. Sourietan.

Cōlus, i, m. a Roman Deity, same as Cælum or Heaven.

Cōus, i, m. a giant, the son of Titan and Terra.

Colchia, itis, f. (ac. da,) a country of Asia, near Pontus, E. of the Euxine sea; hod. Mingrelia and Georgia.

Collātinus, i, m. Lucius Tarquinius, the husband of Lucretia, and first consul with Junius Brutus.

Cōlōnia, æ, f. a name of several Roman colonies; Agrippina, a city of Germany, hod. Cologne.

Colōphon, ðnis, f. a city of Ionia, in Asia Minor, between Ephesus and Smyrna.

Cōlūmella, æ, m. l. Jun. Moderātus, a writer on husbandry, in the reign of Claudius Cæsar.

Cōlumnæ Hercūlis, vide Calpe and Abyla.

Commōdus, i, m. the 18th Roman emperor, son and successor of M. Aurelius.

Compitāles ðil, a sort of deities, the guardians of cities and highways.

Impitālia sacra, feasts in which they offered sacrifices to the ðil Compitāles.

Impia, æ, f. a city of Naples, od. Conza.

Imum, i, n. a city of Milan in Italy, hod. Como.

Imus, i, m. the god of festivals and mirth.

Concordia, æ, f. a goddess among the Romans.

Congōdus, i, m. a river near Bilboa in Spain, hod. Congedo.

Cōnon, ðnis, m. (1) a mathematician of Samos; (2) an Athenian general.

Constans, itis, m. vide Constantinus (2).

Constantinōpōlis, in v. eos, f. the city Constantinople, formerly called Byzantium, q. v.

Constantinus, i, m. (1) Magnus, son of Constantius Chlorus; the 44th (and 1st Christian) emperor of Rome; (2) his son, who (with his brothers Constans and Constantius) was 45th emperor.

Constantius, i, m. (1) Chlorus,

43d Roman emperor with Galerius, q. v. (.) vide Constantinus.

Coptos, i, f. a city of Egypt.

Corcýra (& ý. ap. Av.) æ, f. an island in the Ionian sea, hod. Corfu.

Corduba, æ, f. a city of Bética in Spain, the country of Lucan and the two Sencas; hod. Cordova.

Cōrinna, æ, f. (1) Ovid's mistress; (2) a Theban poetess.

Cōrinthii, ðrum, pl. m. the inhabitants of Corinth.

Cōrinthius, i, m. a Corinthian.

Cōrinthus, i, f. Corinth; a city of Achaia on the isthmus between Greece Proper and the Peloponnesus, hod. Coranto.

Cōribānus, i, m. a Roman, banished by the people.

Cornēlia, æ, f. a Roman matron, sister to Scipio, wife of Semp. Gracchus, and mother of Tib. and C. Gracchus.

Cōrōnēa, æ, f. a city of Bæotia.

Cōrōnia, itis, f. a nymph, called also Arsinoë, beloved by Apollo.

Cors, ðrum, pl. m. the people of Corsica, æ, f. an island in the Mediterranean, between Sardinia and Italy.

Cortōna, æ, f. a city of Tuscany in Italy.

Cōrybantes, um, pl. m. Cybèle's priests.

Cōs, an island off the coast of Doris, hod. Stanco.

Cōsa, æ, (& -æ, ðrum, pl.) f. (1) a city of Tuscany; (2) one in Naples, hod. Cascano.

Cotta, æ, m. a Roman who warred against Mithridates, and reconciled Cæsar to Sylla; (2) a man in Martial.

Cōtyto (& -yto) ðis, f. the goddess of unchastity.

Crānāus, i, m. the second king of Athens.

Cranon, ðnis, m. a city in Thessaly.

Crantor, ðris, m. an Academic philosopher, scholar to Plato, and schoolfellow with Xenocrates.

Crassus, i, m. the name of several Romans; Marcus, the richest of all the Romans.

Crātūsus, i, m. a comic poet of Athens very fond of drinking.

Crātippus, i, m. an Athenian philosopher, and tutor to Cicero's son Marcus.

Crāmōnia, æ, f. a city of Italy.

Creon, ontis, (ac. -ntis) m. the son of Menætiæ, and king of Thebes; killed by Theseus.

Cres, itis, m. an inhabitant of Crete.

Cressa, æ, f. a port of Caria.

Crēta, æ, (p. -te, es) f. an island in the Mediterranean, south

of the Archipelāgo, hod. Candia.

Crētensis, is, c. g. a Cretan, one of Crete.

Crēusa, æ, f. (1) the daughter of Creon king of Corinth, whom Jason married, having deserted his first wife Medea; (2) the daughter of king Priam, and first wife of Æneas.

Crīnēus, i, m. a river in Sicily, hod. Freddo.

Crispus, vide Sallustius and Vibius.

Crissæus sinus, the gulph of Lepanto.

Crēus, i, m. (ac. -on) a youth who pined away into a flower for love of Smilax.

Cræsus, i, m. the last king of Lydia, and son of Halyattes; proverbially rich.

Crēnia, ðrum, pl. n. feasts in honour of Saturn.

Crēton, ðnis, m. (ac. -na,) a city of Naples, in Italy, hod. Crotona.

Crustūmērium, i, n. a city of the Sabines, hod. Marcigliano.

Cūmæ, ðrum, pl. (& -me, es) f. a city of Æolis; (2) one in Campania, hod. Cumæ.

Cunctātor, ðris, m. an epithet of Quintus Fabius, the conqueror of Annibal.

Cūpio, itis, m. Cupid the God of love, son of Venus, by Jupiter, the inciter of celestial love; (2) another, son of Eribus and Nox, author of terrestrial amours.

Cūres, iun, pl. m. a city of the Sabines, in Italy, hod. Correse.

Cūrtes, um, pl. m. a people of Crete, also i. q. Corybantes.

Curiātii, ðrum, pl. m. three Alban brothers conquered by three Horatii.

Cūrius, i, m. Dentātus, a Roman, thrice consul; a great and temperate man.

Curtius, i, m. a Roman, who plunged into a gulf to save his country.

Cýræ, es, f. a river in Sicily, hod. Cicabo.

Cýbèle (& -ē.) es, f. the mother of the gods, daughter of heaven and earth, and wife of Saturn.

Cyclādes, um, pl. f. a cluster of islands in the Archipelāgo.

Cyclopæ, um, pl. m. the sons of Neptune and Amphitrite, Vulcan's workmen. Polyphæmus, Brontes, Steropes, and Pyracmon, are the most noted.

Cycnus, i, m. a king of the Lægians, turned into a swan.

Cýdnus, i, m. a river in Cilicia.

Cýlon, ðnis, f. a town in Crete, hod. Canea; (m.) a man of Cydon.

Cyllone, es, f. a mountain in Arcadia, on which Mercury was born; hod. *Cylleno*.
Cynætrus, (v. γ-.) i, m. an Athenian soldier at Marathon, who detained a Persian vessel by his right hand, then with his left, and lastly by his mouth.
Cyneas, vide *Cineas*.
Cynici, drum, pl. m. the Cynic philosophers.
Cynobūra, z, f. the less Bear-star, the guide of the mariners of Tyre and Sidon, as the greater was that of the Grecians.
Cynthia, z, f. a title of Diana; (2) the moon.
Cynthus, i, m. Apollo, born on mount *Cynthus*.
Cynthus, i, m. a mountain in Delos.
Cyparissus, i, m. a youth beloved by Apollo, and turned into a cypress.
Cyprus, i, f. an island in the Mediterranean, sacred to Venus, called the happy isle.
Cyrenāica, z, f. a country in Africa.
Cyrenāici, drum, pl. m. philosophers, who accounted pleasure the chief good, and virtue only as subsidiary to it.
Cyrène (& γ.) es, (& -næ, drum, pl.) f. a city of Africa, one of the *Pentapōlis*, hod. *Curin*.
Cyrēne, es, f. the daughter of *Peneüs*.
Cyrrus, i, f. the island of *Corseica*.
Cyrus, i, m. the first Persian emperor, son of *Cambyses*; (2) second son of *Darius Nothus*, who rebelled against his brother *Artaxerxes*.
Cythēra, drum, pl. n. an island south of *Peloponnesus*, consecrated to *Venus*; hod. *Cerigo*.
Cytnos, i, f. one of the *Cyclades*, hod. *Citno*.
Cydrus, i, m. a town and mountain of *Galatia*.
Cyricus, i, f. an island and city in the *Propontis*, hod. *Chizico*.

D

Dacia, z, f. a country containing the present *Moldavia*, *Transylvania*, and *Wallachia*.
Dadklus, i, m. an ingenious Athenian artificer.
Dalmātia, z, f. a country in European Turkey, on the East coast of the gulf of *Venice*.

Dāmascus, i, f. the chief city of *Syria*, hod. *Damas*.
Dāmocles, is, m. a flatterer of *Dionysius the Sicilian tyrant*.
Dāmon, onis, m. a Pythagorean philosopher, famous for his friendship with *Pythias*.
Dānāë, es, f. (acc. aēn) the daughter of *Acrisius* king of the *Argives*.
Dānatides, um, pl. f. the fifty daughters of *Danāus*, who were married to the fifty sons of *Egyptus*, q. v.
Dānāus, i, m. a king of the *Argives*, and brother of *Egyptus*; who sailed into Greece, expelled king *Sthenelus*, and abode at *Argos*.
Dānūbius, i, m. the *Danube*, a river in Europe; after its junction with the *Saavus*, (hod. *Saave*) it was called *Ister*, and falls into the *Euxine sea*.
Daphne, es, f. a nymph, the daughter of the river *Pentūs*.
Daphnis, idis, m. a young man of *Sicily*, the son of *Mercury*, and the first writer of *Pastorals*.
Darlānia, z, f. a country in *Asia Minor*; also the city of *Troy*.
Dardānidæ, drum, pl. m. *Trojans*, as descended from *Dardānus*.
Dardānides, z, m. *Æneas*.
Dardānus, i, m. the son of *Jupiter* and *Electra*, who killed his brother *Iasius*, fled into the *Less Phrygia*, and built *Dardania*.
Dāres, ātis, m. (1) an ancient historian, who wrote the *Trojan wars*; (2) a boasting champion.
Dārius, i, m. (1) the son of *Hystaspes*, chosen king of *Persia* from the neighing of his horse; (2) *Nothus*, son of *Artaxerxes Longimanus*, and king of *Persia*; (3) *Codomanus*, the last king of *Persia*, and conquered by *Alexander*.
Daunia, z, f. a country on the coast of *Apulia*.
Daunus, i, m. the son of *Pilumnus* and *Danāë*, and father of *Turnus*.
Dēcius, i, m. the name of three Romans, who willingly gave up their lives for their country, in the *Latin*, *Hetruscan*, and *Pyrrhic wars*; (2) the thirtieth Roman emperor.
Dēānira, (& -eān.) z, f. the daughter of *Æneus* king of *Ætolia*.
Dēāklia, z, f. the daughter of *Iacomedes* king of *Scyros*, by whom *Achilles* begat *Pyrrhus*.
Dēōpeia (pentasyll.) z, f. one of the nymphs of *Juno*.

Dēōtārus (& e.) i, m. a king of *Galatia*, who fought for *Pompey* against *Cæsar*.
Dēphōbe, es, f. the daughter of *Glaucus*, called also *Sibylla Cumāna*.
Dēphobus, i, m. a son of *Priam* and *Hecuba*.
Delos, i, f. an island in the *Ægean sea*, the chief of the *Cyclades*, where *Latona* was delivered of *Apollo* and *Diana*.
Delphi, drum, pl. m. a city of *Phocis* in Greece, on mount *Parnassus*, where *Apollo* had an Oracle; supposed to be in the midst of the earth, and called *umbilicus orbis terrarum*.
Delphicus, a, um, adj. of or belonging to *Delphi*, *Delphic*.
Dēmādes, z, m. an Athenian orator, adversary to *Demosthenes*.
Dēmētrius, i, m. (1) the son of *Antigonus*, surnamed *Polioretes*: he took *Megara*; (2) *Phalēreus*, a scholar of *Theophrastus*.
Dēmōchāres, ātis, m. an Athenian orator, nephew to *Demosthenes*.
Dēmōcritus, i, m. a laughing philosopher of *Abdera*.
Dēmōphodō, onis, m. the son of *Theseus* and *Phædra*, and twelfth king of *Athens*.
Dēmōsthēnes, is, m. the most famous orator of Greece.
Dercōto, ūs, f. (& -tis, is, f.) an idol worshipped at *Joppa* and *Ascdon*, called also *Dagon*; like a man above and a fish below.
Deucaliōn, onis, m. the son of *Prometheus*, king of *Thessaly*, and husband of *Pyrrha* the daughter of *Epimetheus*.
Dia, z, f. an island in the *Archipelāgo*, hod. *Standin*.
Diligōras, z, m. (1) a man of *Rhodes*, who died with joy that his three sons on the same day won the *Olympic prize*; (2) an Athenian philosopher, banished for denying there was any God, or perhaps only for contemning the idols and false gods of his time.
Diāna (& Di-) z, f. the daughter of *Jupiter* and *Latona*, at the same birth with *Apollo*; called in heaven *Phæbe*, on earth *Diāna*, and under the earth *Heckē*.
Dictamnū, i, n. a town in *Crete*, hod. *Dictamno*.
Dictē, es, f. a mountain in *Crete*, hod. *Lassiti*.
Dictynna, z, f. a nymph of *Crete*, called also *Briomartis*, who invented hunting-nets; (2) *Diana*.
Dictys, yōs, m. *Cretean*, a

man who went to and wrote the wars of Troy.
 Dido, ōnis, f. (& ūs, f.) the daughter of Belus king of Tyre, and wife of Sichelus. She built Carthage.
 Didymē, es, f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. le Saline.
 Dispiter, tris, m. (v. tri, vid. Antipater, tri) a title given to Jupiter.
 Dindymēne, es, f. Cybèle, worshipped on Mount Dindymus.
 Dindymus, i, m. (& -ma, ōrum, pl. n.) a mountain of Phrygia, near the city of Pessinus.
 Diocletianus, i, m. the forty-second Roman Emperor with Maximian; he reigned from the throne to Salona.
 Dioklorus, i, m. (1) Sicilius, an historian in the time of Julius Cæsar; (2) a Stoic philosopher.
 Diogenes, is, m. (1) a Cynic philosopher, scholar to Antisthenes; (2) Laertius, who wrote the lives of the philosophers.
 Diomedes, is, m. (1) a king of Thrace, who fed his horses with men's flesh; eaten by his own horses; (2) a king of Etolia, the son of Tydæus and Deipyla, one of the Greeks in the Trojan war.
 Diomedon, ōnis, m. a man of Cyzicus employed by Artaxerxes to bribe Epaminondas.
 Dionē, es, f. a sea-nymph, the mother of Venus.
 Dionysia, ōrum, pl. n. festivals in honour of Bacchus.
 Dionysius, i, m. (1) the name of two tyrants of Sicily; (2) a Stoic philosopher, one of Zeno's scholars; (3) Halicarnassus, an historian, who wrote the history of Rome; (4) Areopagita, who when in Egypt saw an eclipse of the sun, contrary to nature, at the Crucifixion, and said, Aut Deus naturæ patitur, aut mundi machina dissolvitur; (5) Periegetes, who in the time of Augustus wrote a geography in Greek hexameter verse.
 Dioscorides, es, m. a physician of Anazarba, in Nero's time.
 Dira, ōrum, p. f. the three Furies, Tisiphœe, Megera, and Alecto.
 Dirce, es, f. the wife of Lycus king of Thebes.
 Dis, tis, m. the god of hell; also called Pluto.
 Discordia, es, f. the goddess of discord.
 Dodona, es, f. a city of Epirus in Greece.
 Doliabella, es, m. a Roman, the son-in-law of Cicero.

Dolon, ōnis, m. a Trojan, slain by Ulysses.
 Doliopes, um, pl. m. a people of Epirus.
 Domitianus, i, m. the twelfth emperor of Rome, son of Vespasian, and brother of Titus.
 Dōres (& -rienses), ium, pl. m. & -ril, ōrum, m.) the people of Doris.
 Doris, idis (v. os) f. (1) a nymph of the sea, daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, married to her brother Nereus, and had by him the Nereides; (2) a part of Greece Proper.
 Draco, ōnis, m. a lawgiver of the Athenians, who punished every fault with death.
 Drances, is, m. an enemy to Turnus.
 Dravus, i, m. the river Drave in Hungary.
 Drēpanum, i, n. (1) a sea-port of Sicily, hod. Trapani; (2) a promontory of Crete, hod. Cape Mechia.
 Drientia, es, f. a river in Gaul, hod. Durance.
 Druide, ōrum, pl. m. (& -des, um, pl. m.) priests of the ancient Gauls and Britons.
 Drusus, i, m. (1) the grandfather of Cato; (2) brother of Tiberius.
 Dryades, um, pl. f. (d. ōsi) goldenesses of the woods.
 Dryas, antis, m. (ac. ta) the son of Orion, slain by Diana in the Theban war.
 Dryopes, um, pl. m. a people of Greece near Parnassus.
 Dullichium, i, n. a small island in the Ionian sea.
 Durius, i, m. (ū. Sil.) a river in Spain, hod. Douro.
 Dymæ, ōrum, pl. f. a city of Achæia in Greece, the farthest to the west.
 Dyrrachium, i, n. a sea-port town in Macedonia, hod. Durazzo.

E

Edora, es, f. (δ. Lesb.) a city in Portugal, hod. Evora.
 Ebdia, ōrum, pl. f. a group of islands West of Scotland, hod. Hebrides.
 Ebūrōnes, um, pl. m. the people of Liege.
 Ebusus, i, f. (ū. Sil. ōsca, Stat.) an island off the coast of Spain, hod. Yviza.

Ecbātana, ōrum, pl. n. the chief city of Media.
 Echidnæ, ōrum, pl. f. (& -inides, um,) five small islands in the Ionian Sea, hod. Curzolaras.
 Echion, ōnis, m. a companion of Cadmus.
 Echionides, es, m. Peniæus, the son of Echion.
 Echo, ūs, f. a nymph, who from love to Narcissus, pined away to a mere voice.
 Edonides, um, pl. f. (δ. Lucr.) the priestesses of Bacchus.
 Edonæ, i, m. a people of Thrace.
 Edonus, a, um, (-ōnius, ōo.) adj. Thracian.
 Elaphēbolia, ōrum, pl. n. venison feasts, in honor of Diana, celebrated in February, thence called Elaphēbolion.
 Electra, es, f. (1) the daughter of Agamemnon; (2) the daughter of Atlas.
 Elia, ōrum, pl. m. the people of Elia.
 Eleusis, is (& -sin, inis,) f. a town in Attica, hod. Lepina.
 Eleusinia sacra, ōrum, pl. n. secret sacrifices to Ceres.
 Elis, is & idia, f. (1) a country in Peloponnesus; (2) a city of Elis, near the river Penæus.
 Elisea, es, f. a name of Dido, q. v.
 Elisa (& ū.) es, f. a city in France, hod. Eause.
 Elÿsium, i, n. the receptacle of the souls of good men after death.
 Emathia, es, f. Macedonia, or Thessaly.
 Emmaüs (v. Em.) ōntis, f. (1) a place in Judæa, near Tiberias; (2) a village in Judæa, about 60 furlongs from Jerusalem.
 Empedocles, is, m. a philosopher and poet of Agrigentum.
 Encellādes, i, m. a giant, the son of Titan and Terra.
 Endymion, ōnis, m. a shepherd, beloved by Diana.
 Entpeüs, el v. eos, m. a river of Thessaly.
 Enna, es, f. a city and plain in Sicily, hod. Castro Janni.
 Ennius, i, m. an ancient poet of Calabria.
 Enyo, ūs, f. the sister of Mara, and goddess of war; (2) War.
 Eua (& E.) ūs, f. the goddess of the morning.
 Eous (& E.) i, m. Lucifer, or the morning star.
 Epaminondas, es, m. the son of Polymnus, a Theban.
 Epaphrōditus, i, m. Nero's secretary, put to death by Domitian for helping to kill his master.
 Epaphus, i, m. the son of Jupiter and Io, who founded Memphis.

Epōos (v. -us), i, m. the builder of the Trojan horse.

Epheūs, i, f. the capital of Ionia.

Epheiri, drum, pl. m. magistrates of the Lacedemonians.

Epiphyre, es, (v. -ra, e,) f. the ancient name of Corinth.

Epicharmus, i, m. a philosopher and comic poet of Sicily.

Epictetus, i, m. a Stoic philosopher.

Epicturus, i, m. a philosopher of Athens.

Epidaunum, i. n. (& -nus, i, f.) a town of Macedonia, called also Dyrrachium, hod. Durazzo.

Epidaurum, i, n. (& -rus, i, f.) (1) a city of Argolis in Peloponnesus; (2) a colony of Dalmatia, hod. Ragusi Vecchio; (3) a seaport town in Peloponnesus, hod. Malvasia.

Epimēdēs, e, m. an Epic poet of Gnosus in Crete.

Epimētheūs, ei, m. the son of Jupiter, and brother of Prometheus.

Epimēthia, Idis, f. Pyrrha, the daughter of Epimetheus.

Epirōta, e, m. an inhabitant of Epirus.

Epirōtēus, a, um, (v. -ensis, e,) adj. of or from Epirus.

Epirus, i, f. a part of Greece, west of Macedonia.

Epōrēdia, e, f. a city in Piedmont, hod. Ivrea.

Equisia, drum, pl. n. games instituted by Romulus in honor of Mars, (Feb. 27.) with horse-races.

Erato, ūs, f. the Muse of love and amorous poetry.

Erāstothēnēs, is, m. a Cyrenæan philosopher, poet, historian, and astronomer, scholar of Aristotle and Callimachus.

Erēbus, i, m. son of Chaos and Darkness; (2) Hell.

Erechtheūs, ei, m. a king of Athens, father of Cecrops; his four daughters scrupled not to die for their country.

Erechia, Idis, f. a name of Procris, daughter of Erechtheus.

Eretria, e, f. a city in Eubœa.

Erethoth, ūs, f. a woman of Thessaly, skilful in magic; (2) a Fury.

Erichonius, i, m. a king of Athens, who invented chariots.

Eridanus, i, m. a river of Italy, called by the Romans Padus, hod. the Po.

Eriōnē, es, f. the daughter of Icarus, changed to the sign Virgo.

Erinnyes, yōs, f. a name common to the three Furies.

Eriphyie, es, f. the wife of Amphiarāus.

Eryclaea, e, f. a title of Venus.

Erymanthus, i, m. a mountain in Arcadia.

Erythræum mare, the Indian Ocean.

Eryx, ūcis, m. (1) a man killed by Hercules at the cestus, and buried near (2) a mountain & town near Drepanum in Sicily, hod. Giuliano.

Esquilia, ūrum, pl. f. one of the seven hills of Rome.

Etœoles, is & eōs, m. the elder son of Œdipus by Jocasta.

Etrūria, e, f. a country of Italy, hod. Tuscany.

Etrusci, ūrum, pl. m. the people of Etruria, Tuscans.

Evadne, es, f. the daughter of Mars.

Evander, ūri, m. an Arcadian, the son of Mercury, and Nicos-trata, for her prophetic verses called Carmenta; he built Pal-lantem.

Evas (v. -ans,) antis, f. a votress of Bacchus.

Eubœa, e, f. an island near Boeotia, hod. Negropont.

Euclides, is, m. (v. e,) a geometer, mathematician, and musician, of Alexandria.

Eudoxus, i, m. a geometer and astronomer of Cnidus.

Evenus, i, m. a river in Ætolia, hod. Pidiari.

Euhēmēus, i, m. an atheistic historian of Sicily, who wrote of the heathen Gods and Egyptian pyramids.

Eumenides, um, pl. f. the three Furies, daughters of Achæron and Nox: vide Diræ.

Euphorbus, i, m. the son of Panthus, slain by Menelaus.

Euphōrion, ōnis, m. a poet of Chalcis.

Euphrates, is, m. (v. e,) a river of Mesopotamia.

Euphrāsine, es, (& -an, e,) f. one of the three Graces.

Euphrosia, Idis, m. a comic poet of Athens.

Euripides, is, m. (& e,) a tragic writer, born at Salmis, the day Xerxes was defeated; the scholar of Anaxagoras and Socrates.

Euripus, i, m. a narrow sea, between Boeotia and Eubœa, hod. the straits of Negropont.

Europa, e, f. Europe, one of the three ancient and four modern quarters of the world.

Eurōpæus, a, um, adj. of Europe, European.

Eurōtas, e, m. a river in Laconia, hod. Basilipotamo.

Euryale, es, f. the daughter of Minos, king of Crete, and mother of Orion by Neptune.

Eurydice, es, f. the wife of Orpheus.

Eurylochus, i, m. one of the companions of Ulysses.

(31)

Eurypylus, i, m. a soothsayer of the Island of Cos.

Eurystheūs, ei, m. & eos, m. the son of Sthenelus king of Mycenæ, who, to please Juno, enjoined on Hercules his twelve labours.

Eurytis, Idos f. Idæ, the daughter of Eurystus.

Eurystus, i, m. a king of Œchalia, whom Hercules slew and carried away his daughter Idæ.

Enterpe, es, f. one of the nine Muses.

Eutrōphus, i, m. a Roman historian in the time of Valens.

Euxinus Pontus, i, m. the Euxine or Black sea.

Exigonus, (v. Hex-) i, m. an envoy of the Ophiogones, to the Romans: who being exposed to serpents, they only licked him.

F

Fābrius, a, m. (ac. im.) a river in Italy, hod. Farfar.

Fābia, e, f. the sister of Terentia, Cicero's wife.

Fābius, i, m. the name of a noble family in Rome: Max-timus, one surnamed Cunctator.

Fabricius, i, m. the name of a Roman family; (2) C. Lucet-nus, a consul, who conquered Pyrrhus king of Epirus.

Fasūla, ūrum, pl. (& -la, e,) f. a city of Tuscany in Italy, hod. Fiesoli.

Fāstōrii, ūrum, pl. m. a city of Tuscany, hod. Città di Castella.

Fālernus, i, m. a mountain of Naples, producing good wine, hod. Monte Massico.

Fālinici, ūrum, pl. m. a people of Etruria.

Faunus, i, m. [crepitus Fauni in pl.] gods of the fields and woods; also of fowlers.

Faustulus, i, m. the shepherd who found Romulus and Remus.

Febris, is, f. a goddess worshipped for fear.

Februus, ūrum, pl. n. (& um, n.) a feast of atonement for twelve days together in February.

Fērālia, um, pl. n. (& drum, n.) a festival to the manes, the last of the Februa.

Fērēntinum, i, n. a town in Italy, hod. Ferenti.

Frentum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. *Frosina*.

Feretrius, i, m. a name of Jupiter.

Feronia, z, f. a goddess of the groves.

Fescennia, z, f. (& -ium, i, n.) a town in Italy, near the Tiber, hod. *Galesse*.

Fescenninus, a, um, adj. merry, as at nuptials.

Fidena (& i, z), (& z, -um, pl.) f. a city of Latium, hod. *Castel Fidele*.

Firmum, i, n. a city of Picenum in Italy, hod. *Fermo*.

Fiaminius, i, m. the name of several noble Romans; (1) T. Quintus, son of C. Fiaminius, who overcame Philip king of Macedon; (2) Lucius, turned out of the senate by Cato the censor.

Flora, z, f. the goddess of flowers.

Floralia, um & -um, pl. n. the festival of Flora, instituted in the year of Rome 516.

Florentia, z, f. Florence, a city of Tuscany.

Florentini, -um, pl. m. the inhabitants of Florence, Florentines.

Florianus, i, m. the 39th Roman Emperor.

Fontinalia, (o. -tān.) um & -um, pl. n. a festival on the third of the Ides of October, in which they adorned their fountains and wells with chaplets.

Formis, -um, pl. f. a city of Naples in Italy, hod. *Mola*.

Formisium, i, n. a country-seat belonging to Cicero, near Formis.

Forisclia, um & -um, pl. n. sacrifices, at the parching of corn, to the goddess Fornax.

Fortunæ insula, -um, pl. f. seven islands called happy, where the souls of the virtuous went after their death.

Forum, i, n. a market-place or town; Appii, in Campania, hod. *S. Donato*; Corneli, in Romagna, hod. *Imola*; Flaminii, in Umbria, hod. *Forlani*; Julii, (1) in Italy, hod. *Friuli*; (2) in Gaul, hod. *Fresus*; Livii, in Italy, hod. *Forlì*.

Fosi, -um, pl. m. a people of Germany.

Franci, -um, pl. m. a people of Franconia in Germany, who migrated into Gaul, which from them began to be called Francia Occidentalis, to distinguish it from their Frangonia.

Francia, z, f. a part of ancient Gaul, between the Loire and the Seine, hod. *France*.

Frugella, -um, pl. f. a town in Italy, hod. *Ponte Corvo*.

Frisii, -um, pl. m. a people of Germany, between the rivers Rhine and Visurgis: they are now divided into East and West Frieslanders.

Fronto, -um, m. (1) a philosopher, so beloved by M. Antoninus, that he erected him a golden statue; (2) the patron of Martial; he was both consul and tribune.

Frusino, -um, m. a city of Campania, hod. *Frosinone*.

Fulginium, i, n. a city of Umbria in Italy, hod. *Foligno*.

Fundi, -um, pl. m. a town of Naples in Italy, hod. *Fondi*.

Fürze, id. qu. *Dürz*, q. v.

G

Gabla, ind. a sea-port in Syria, hod. *Gibei*.

Gabii, -um, pl. m. a town of the Volscians, near Rome, hod. *Campo Gabio*.

Gabinius, i, m. a Roman who was proconsul of Syria, and, when consul, banished Cicero.

Gades, -um, pl. m. the port of Cadiz without the strait of Gibraltar.

Gaditani, a, um, adj. of or belonging to Cadiz.

Gatuli, -um, pl. m. the people of

Gætulia, z, f. a country of Africa beyond Numidia.

Galanthis, -idis, f. the handmaid of Alcmena, changed into a weasel for deceiving Juno.

Gallitæa, z, f. a sea nymph, the daughter of Nereus and Doris.

Gallia (& -tia), z, f. a country in Asia Minor, so called from those Gauls who went over thither, and joined with the Greeks: their settlement was called indifferently Galatia or Gallogrecia, hod. *Chiangare*.

Galba, z, m. (Servius Sulpicius) the seventh Roman emperor.

Galenus, i, m. the son of Nicom the geometrician; he was born at Pergamus, and studied logic, philosophy, and physic.

Galsius, i, m. Val. Maximilianus, a Dacian, the successor of Diocletian, and with Constantine Chlorus, 43rd Roman emperor.

Gallæus, i, m. a river in Italy, hod. *Galeo*.

Galli, -um, pl. m. priests of Cybele.

Gallia, z, f. Gaul, a country of Europe, divided, in Caesar's time, into (1) Cisalpine, v. Citerior, (also called *Tona* & *Togata*), South of the Alps, hod. *Lombardy*; (2) Transalpine, v. Ulterior, North of the Alps, hod. *France* & *Netherlands*, containing Braccata, the Roman Province, hod. *Provence*, &c. and Comata, inhabited by the Aquitani, Belgæ, & Celtæ or Galli.

Belgica, from the Seine to the Rhine, hod. *Netherlands*, &c.

Braccata, v. *Narbonensis*, *Narbonne*, *Provence*, *Languedoc*, *Dauphiné*, *Savoie*, &c.

Celtica, from the Garonne to the Seine, hod. *Bretagne*, *Normandy*, *Burgundy*, &c. &c.

Cisalpine, divided into (1) Cispadana, from the Rubicon to the Po, hod. *Parma*, *Modena*, &c. (2) Transpadana, from the Po to the Alps, hod. *Mantua*, *Milan*, and *Piedmont*.

Gallienus, i, m. the 34th Roman emperor.

Gallus, i, m. a confidant of Mars, and turned by him into a cock for falling asleep; (2) the thirty-first Roman emperor.

Gambrii, -um, pl. m. a people near Hamburg.

Ganges, i, m. a river in the east, dividing the Indies into two parts.

Gangeticus, a, um, adj. of the Ganges: sinus, the bay of Bengal.

Gaiymedes, i, m. the son of Troes king of Troy, and Jupiter's cupbearer.

Girāmantēs, um, pl. m. a people of Lybia interior.

Girāmanticus, a, um, adj. of Garamantia, African.

Girāmantis, -idis, f. a woman of Garamantia.

Gargānus, i, m. a promontory in Apulia, hod. *Gargano*.

Gargārus, i, m. (brum, n.) part of the range of Ida; the name is commonly applied to the summit of the mountain.

Girumna, z, m. a river of Gaul, hod. *Garonne*.

Gaurus, i, m. a mountain in Italy, hod. *Barbaro*; (2) a rich old man in Martial.

Gaza, z, f. a city of Palestine, hod. *Gazzara*.

Gibenna (v. Cē.) z, (& -ae, -um, pl.) f. a town and mountain between Auvergne and the

Helvii, *hod. les Monts des Cévennes*.
Gēla, *m. f. a town and river of Sicily, hod. Alicata*.
Gellius, *i. m. (Aulus) a critic and grammarian, scholar of Corn. Fronto*.
Gēlōi, *drum, pl. m. a people of Scythia, who painted their bodies*.
Gēnkhos, *i. f. a city of Gaul called also Aurelia, hod. Orleans*.
Gēnauni, *drum, pl. m. a people of Switzerland*.
Gēnēva, *m. f. a city of the Allobroges in Gaul*.
Gēnius, *i. m. a genius or angel, good or bad, which latter they called Lastror*.
Gēnuā, *m. f. the chief city of the Ligurians in Italy, hod. Genoa*.
Gērgēica, *drum, pl. n. a poem of Virgil on husbandry*.
Gērmatūs, *i. f. a town in Eubœa, hod. Gereste*.
Gergovia, *m. f. the chief town of the Arverni in Gaul, hod. Gergrève*.
Germania, *m. f. Germany, a country in Europe*.
Germanicus, *i. m. the son of Nero Drusus*.
Gērōn, *(J. Claud.) ōnis, m. (& -ōnes, m. m.) a giant, king of Erythra in Spain, slain by Hercules*.
Gessoriacum, *i. n. a town on the north coast of France, hod. Boulogne*.
Gēta, *krum, pl. m. a nation on the Ister, hod. Moldavia and Wallachia*.
Gigantes, *um, pl. m. giants, the sons of Titan and Tellus*.
Glaucis, *i. m. a fisherman of Anthedon, transformed into a Triton, and made one of the sea-gods*.
Glycēra, *m. f. a mistress of Horace*.
Glycērium, *i. f. the mistress and wife of Pampilius in Terence's Andria*.
Gūtho, *ōnis, m. a comic person or parasite in Terence*.
Gūnos (*v. -nos*) *i. f. a city of Crete, the abode of Minos, hod. Cnōsa*.
Gordii montes, *mountains in Armenia, hod. Gibel Noe*.
Gordianus, *i. m. the 28th Roman emperor*.
Gordius, *i. m. a Phrygian, made king by an oracle*.
Gorgias, *m. m. Leontinus, son of Carmentides, the scholar of Empedocles, and master of Isocrates*.
Gorgon, *ōnis, (& pl. -ōnes, um) f. the three daughters of Phorcus and Ceto; who had but one eye between them all; their*

names were Sthenyo, Medūsa, and Euryale.
Gorgōneus, *a, um, adj. of a Gorgon*.
Gorgōnius, *i. m. a dirty offensive fellow in Horace*.
Gortynia, *m. f. a city of Crete*.
Gortynius, *a, um, adj. of Gortyna, Gortynian*.
Gōthi (*& Gotth. & -thini*) *drum, pl. m. (& -thōnes, um, m.) Goths, a people in the north of Europe, hod. Danes, Swedes, and Norwegians*.
Grādīvus (*& -ā*) *i. m. a title of Mars*.
Græci, *drum, pl. m. Greeks*.
Græcia, *m. f. the country of Græces; (2) Magna, the southern part of Italy*.
Grajūgena, *m. c. g. a Greek or Grecian*.
Graius (*dissyl.*) (*& -āi*) *a, um, adj. Grecian*.
Grāncus, *i. m. a river of Mysia, near Troy, running into the sea of Marmōra*.
Grātīe, *krum, pl. f. the three Graces, Aglaja, Thalia, and Euphrōsyne, daughters of Bacchus and Venus, or of Jupiter and Eurydōme*.
Gyāras (*& -ra*) *m. f. an island of the Ægean sea, one of the Cyclādes, hod. Calairo*.
Gyges (*& γ.*) *m. m. a Lydian, to whom king Candaules showed his queen naked; (2) son of Cælus and Terra*.
Gymnōsophistæ, *krum, pl. m. Indian philosophers, Brachmans and Semanæi*.
Gyrōna, *m. f. a town of Thesaly, hod. Tachi Volicati*.
Gythium, *i. n. a sea-port town in Laconia, hod. Paleapoli*.

H

Hadria, *m. m. vid. Adria*.
Hadriānus, *i. m. Hadrian or Adrian, the 15th emperor of Rome: he reigned twenty years*.
Hēmōlia, *m. f. a name of Thesaly*.
Hemus, *i. m. a mountain in Thrace, hod. Argentario*.
Hālēsus, *i. m. (1) a son of Agamannon, and friend of Turnus; (2) a river and mountain in Sicily*.
Haliartus, *i. f. a town in Bœotia, hod. Haliarta*.
Halicarnassus, *i. f. a maritime city of Caria*.
Hālīcyæ, *krum, pl. f. a town in Sicily, hod. Saleme*.
Hāllyattes, *is, m. (& -eus, ei, m.) the father of Cræsus king of Lydia*.
Hāmadyādes, *um, pl. f. wood nymphs*.
Hāmoxōbii, *drum, pl. m. a name given to the Scythians from their living in waggons*.
Hammon, *ōnis, m. vid. Ammon*.
Hannibal, *klis, (ālīs, Val. Prob. ap. Gell.) m. vid. Annibal*.
Hanno, *ōnis, m. a Carthaginian general, the son of Bomilear*.
Harmōdius, *i. m. an Athenian who conspired against the sons of Pisistrādis*.
Harmōnia, *m. f. the daughter of Mars and Venus*.
Harmonides, *m. m. a Trojan, taught by Minerva all kinds of workmanship*.
Harpēgus, *i. m. a friend of Astyages the Mede, who preserved Cyrus*.
Harpalyce, *es, f. the daughter of Lycurgus king of Thrace, and queen of the Amazons*.
Harpocrātes, *is, m. the Egyptian god of silence*.
Harpylæ (*trisyf.*) *krum, pl. f. the daughters of Pontus and Terra, having the faces of virgins, and the bodies of birds: Hesiod calls them Iris, Aëlo, and Ocypēta; and Virgil, in general, Furæ, and Diræ; naming one Celeno*.
Hārudes, *um, pl. m. a people of Germany*.
Hēbe, *es, f. the daughter of Jupiter and Juno, and the goddess of youth*.
Hebrus, *i. m. a river of Thrace, rising in Mount Rhodope, and falling into the Ægean sea, hod. Mariza*.
Hēkēte, *es, f. a goddess, so called in hell; but Luna in heaven, and Diana on earth*.
Hēkktompōlis, *is & eos, f. a name of Crete, from its 100 citie, in the time of Minos*.
Hēkktompōloa, *i. f. a name of Thebes in Egypt, which had 100 gates; (2) the capital of Parthia, hod. Isphahan*.
Hector, *ōris, m. (acc. -ōra) a son of Priam, and the bravest of all the Trojans*.
Hēcūba, *m. (& -e, es.) f. the daughter of Dymas, (Hom. & Ov.) or Cisseus, (Virg.) and second wife of king Priam*.
Hēgēsias, *m. m. a philosopher of Cyrene*.
Hēlēna, *m. (v. -ne, es.) f. the daughter of Leda and Jupiter, and wife of Meneldās king of Lacedæmonia: being stolen by Paris, she occasioned the Trojan war*.
Hēlēnus, *i. m. a son of king Priam*.
Hēliādes, *um, pl. f. the daughter*

ters of Phæbus and Clymène, called Phæthûsa and Lampe-
the.
Hëlîce, es, f. the Greater Bear.
Hëlîcon, ònis, m. a hill of Bœo-
tia, near Thebes, sacred to
Apollo and the nine Muses,
hod. Zagaya.
Hëlîconiâdes (& Ides) um, pl. f.
the Muses.
Hëlîgûbûlus (v. Æl.) i, m. the
24th Roman emperor.
Hëlîpôlia, is, f. a city of Egypt,
hod. Bahalbeth; (1) one in
Phœnicia, near Mount Leba-
non, hod. Balbec.
Hellas, Ædis, f. an ancient name
of Greece, also of Thessaly.
Helle, es, f. the daughter of
Athamâs king of Thebes, who
fell into the sea and was drown-
ed in the strait called Helles-
pont.
Hellespontus, i, m. a Strait of
the sea, between Thrace and
Phrygia, separating Europe
from Asia; hod. Dardanelles,
and Strait of Gallipoli.
Hëlîorus, i, m. (& -um, i, n.) a
town and river in Sicily.
Hêlos, i, f. a town of Laconia.
Hêlvetîa, æ, f. (sc. civitas) the
country of the Hêlvetii, hod.
Switzerland.
Hêlvêti, drum, pl. m. the Swiss.
Hênêti, drum, pl. m. Paphlago-
nians, who, under Antenor, set-
tled near the Adriatic, and
were afterwards called Ven-
eti.
Hêphæstia, æ, f. a town in Lem-
nos, hod. Cœchino.
Hêphæstion, ònis, m. a friend
of Alexander.
Hêrâclêa, (Hêrâclêa, Ov.) æ, f.
the name of several cities
founded by, or sacred to, Her-
cules; as, Acarnaniz, hod.
Ergel; Ægypti, Heractia;
Æoliz, Heractia; Bithyniz,
Penderachi; Medôrûm, Hêra-
clia; Syriz, Heractia; Thru-
ciz, Pantiro, &c. &c.
Hêrâclides, æ, m. a philosopher
of Pontus, and scholar to
Plato.
Hêrâclitus, i, m. a philosopher
of Ephêrus; (2) an historian
of Lesbos.
Hêrêbêus (& es.) i, f. a city of
Sicily, hod. Palazzuolo.
Hêrbita, æ, f. a city in Sicily,
hod. Nicosia.
Hêrcûlâneum, i, m. a city of
Italy.
Hêrcûles, ia, m. (& -us, i,) the
son of Jupiter, by Alcimêna
wife to Amphitryô.
Hêrcûlius, i, m. one who with
Galerius urged Diocletian to
resume his abdicated throne.
Hêrcynia, æ, f. a forest in Ger-
many, hod. the Black Forest.
Hêrmea, æ, f. a city and pro-

montory of Africa, hod. Cabo
Denubia.

Hermâgôras, æ, m. a rhetori-
cian, surnamed Carion, at
Rome in the time of Augustus.
Hermâphrôditus, i, m. the son
of Mercury and Venus, joined
to the nymph Salmâcia.

Hermes, æ & Ætis, m. a name of
Mercury; (2) a philosopher,
called Trismegistus, who first
divided the day into hours.

Hermiône, es, f. the daughter of
Menelâus and Hêlêna, and the
spouse of Orestes.

Hermocrâtes, ia, m. a sophist,
at whose suggestion one Pau-
sanias slew Philip king of
Macedon.

Hermôdôrus, i, m. (1) A scholar
of Plato; (-) a philosopher of
Ephêrus.

Hermôgênes, is, m. (1) a philo-
sopher of Tarsus; (-) another
put to death by Domitian.

Hermônassa, æ, f. a city of My-
sia, hod. Mastriga.

Hermus, i, m. a river of Lydia,
having golden sands, which
falls into the bay of Phœcia or
Phocæa, hod. Sarabat.

Hernici, drum, pl. m. a people
of Latium, whose chief city
was Anagnia, hod. Anagni, in
the Campagna di Roma.

Hêro, Æis, f. a beautiful maid of
Sestos, loved by Leander of
Abdôdes.

Hêrôdes, is, m. (& æ,) the name
of three kings of Judæa; (1)
surnamed Magus; (-) Anti-
pas, his son, and (3) Agrippa,
his grandson.

Hêrôclîanus, i, m. an historian
of Alexandria.

Hêrôclîtus, i, m. an historian of
Halicarnassus, called the fa-
ther of history; he wrote nine
books in the Ionic dialect,
named after the nine Muses.

Herse, es, f. the daughter of
Cecrops, beloved by Mercury.

Hêrêtia, æ, f. the wife of Ro-
mulus.

Hêsiôdus, i, m. an ancient Greek
poet.

Hêsiône, es, f. the daughter of
Lrômêdon king of Troy, deliv-
ered by Hercules from a sea-
monster, and given to Telê-
mon.

Hespêria, æ, f. the West coun-
try; (1) Italy; (-) Spain.

Hespêrides, um, pl. f. the daugh-
ters of Hespêrus, whose or-
chards in Africa bore golden
fruit.

Hespêrus, i, m. the son of Ia-
pêtus, after whom Italy was
called Hesperia.

Hetrûria, Hetrusci, &c. vide
Etruria, &c.

Hibernia, æ, f. Ireland.

Hîêrâpôlia, is, f. (1) a city of

Phrygia, hod. *Sideschaher*;
(2) one in Syria, hod. *Aleppo*.
Hiêro, ònis, m. a king of Sicily.
Hiêrocles, is, m. an Alexandrian
philosopher.

Hiêrônymus, i, m. the grandson
of Hiêro king of Sicily.

Hiêrôstôlyma, æ, f. Jerusalem,
the metropolis of Judæa.

Hîlâria, drum, pl. n. (v. um,)
feasts of mirth, kept March
25th.

Himêra, æ, f. a river and city of
Sicily.

Hippias, æ, m. a philosopher of
Elis.

Hippo, ònis, m. (1) a city of
Africa, hod. Bona; (2) a city
of Spain.

Hippocentauri, drum, pl. m. a
people of Thessaly, half man
and half horse.

Hippocrâtes, is, m. a physician
of Cos.

Hippocrêne, es, f. a fountain
near Helicon, sacred to Apollo
and the Muses.

Hippodâmnia, æ, (& -me, es,) f.
the daughter of Enomâus,
king of Elis and Pisa.

Hippolyte, es, f. a queen of the
Amazons.

Hippolytus, i, m. the son of The-
seus by Hippolyte.

Hippomêdon, ontis, m. the son
of Nesimâchus and Nausiclêe.

Hippônênes, is, m. the son of
Macarêus and Merope. Vid.
Atalanta.

Hippônax, actis, m. a poet of
Ephêrus.

Hippotâles, æ, m. a title of
Æolus.

Hirpini, drum, pl. m. a people
of the Samnites.

Hirtius (v. -ci) i, m. a consul
joined with Pansa: he wrote
the eighth book in Cæsar's
Commentaries, and probably
those of the Alexandrine and
African wars.

Hispâlia, is, f. a city in Spain,
hod. Seville.

Hispânia, æ, f. a country in the
South West of Europe, also
called Hesperia and Iberia
hod. Spain.

Hispelium, i, n. a city of Um-
bria, hod. Spello.

Hômêrus, i, m. a Greek poet, so
eminent that seven cities con-
tended for his birth; viz.
Sinyrna, Rhodes, Colophon,
Salâmis, Chios, Argos, and
Athens.

Hôrâti tres, Roman brothers
who conquered the three Cu-
riatii.

Hôrâtius, i, m. (1) vide Cocles;
(2) Flaccus, a famous Roman
lyric poet, born at Venusia a
town of Apulia.

Hortensia, æ, f. the daughter of
Hortensius, of great eloquence.

Hortensius, i, m. (1) a Roman orator, and friend of Cicero.
Hostilius, i, m. vide Tullius.
Hungaria v. **gavária**, w, f. a country anciently called Pannonia; but was overrun by the Hunni and the Aváres.
Hunni (v. Hon.) **Drum**, pl. m. the Huns, a barbarous people from Scythia, who about A. D. 400, laid waste all before them, settling in Italy, and northern Europe.
Hyacinthia, **Drum**, pl. n. a Spartan festival, three nights successively.
Hyacinthus, i, m. the son of Amyclas, beloved by Apollo and Zephyrus; out of his blood Apollo produced the Hyacinth.
Hyades, um, pl. f. seven stars in the head of Taurus, or the seven daughters of Atlas and Æthra.
Hyampolis, is, f. a town in Phocis, hod. *Jamboti*.
Hyantes, um, pl. m. a people of Æthiopia.
Hybla, w, f. a mountain and town in Sicily, hod. *Paderno*; (2) a town in Attica.
Hyblæus, a, um, adj. of Hybla, Attic.
Hydaspes, is, m. (1) a river in India, hod. *Chilum*; (2) another in Persia, hod. *Rowey*.
Hydra, w, f. a water-serpent with fifty heads, destroyed by Hercules in the lake of Lerna.
Hydruntum, i, n. the capital of the Salentini in Naples, hod. *Otranto*.
Hygnus, i, m. (C. Julius,) a Spaniard, and librarian to Augustus.
Hylas, w, m. the son of Theodamas, beloved by Hercules, drowned in the river Ascanius.
Hyllus, i, m. the son of Hercules and Dejanira, and husband of Iole; (2) river of Phrygia.
Hymen (v. *ÿ*.) & **ênis**, m. (& *mênæus*, i. m.) & conjunct Hymen Hymenæus, the son of Apollo and Urania, and god of marriages.
Hymettus, i, m. a mountain of Attica, famous for honey.
Hypnitis, is, m. (acc. -im) a river in Scythia, hod. the *Bog*.
Hypocrites, w, m. an Athenian orator, slain by Antipater, and his tongue cut out.
Hypérion, **ênis**, m. (acc. -óna,) a name of the sun.
Hypermetra, w, f. one of the fifty daughters of Danáus, v. v.
Hypsipyle, es, f. the daughter of Thodas, and queen of Lemnos.
Hyrcania, w, f. a country of Asia; hod. *Tabristan* and *Gurgistan*.
Hyrie, es, f. the mother of Cyc-

nus changed into a lake of *Boetia*.
Hyrtæides, w, m. Nisus, the son of Hyrtæus.
Hystaspes, is, m. the father of Darius the first.

I

Iacchus, i, w. a name of Bacchus.
Iäder, eris, n. a river of Illyricum.
Jamblichus, i, m. a Pythagorean philosopher, scholar to Porphyry.
Janiculum, i, n. a hill near Rome; hod. *Montori*.
Janthe, es, f. a Cretan lady, the wife of Iphis.
Janus, i, m. the most ancient king of Italy.
Japetus, i, m. the son of Titan, or of Calus and Terra.
Jaspis, idis, m. a physician.
Japygia, w, f. a region of Apulia, called also Salentina, hod. *Terra di Otranto*.
Jarbas, w, m. a king of Gellia, who courted, and afterwards waged war against, Dido.
Jasides, w, m. *Patinærus*, the son of Iasius.
Jæson, **ênis**, m. the son of Æson, king of Thebes.
Jaxartes, is, m. a river of Sogdiana, hod. *Sir* or *Sihon*.
Jazyges (& *I*.) um, pl. m. a people of Tartary.
Jbéri, **Drum**, pl. m. (1) inhabitants of Asia, between the Black and Caspian seas, hod. *Gurgistan*; (2) a people of Spain.
Iberia, w, f. a name of Spain, or part of it.
Iberus, i, m. a river of Spain, hod. *Ebro*.
Ibærus, a, um, adj. of Spain, Spanish.
Ichærus (& -rus) i, m. the son of Cebalus, who first taught the use of wine.
Ichærus, i, m. the son of Dædalus, who gave his name to the Icarian sea.
Ichthyophagi, **Drum**, pl. m. a people of Arabia Felix, living on fish.
Iconium, i, n. the metropolis of Lycania, in Asia Minor, hod. *Cogni* or *Konie*, capital of Carmania.
Ida, w, (v. -de, es,) f. a hill in Phrygia, near Troy, hod. *Kanydoc*; (2) a mountain in

Crete where Jupiter was brought up.
Idalia, w, f. (& -um, i, n.) a town of Crete, whence Venus is called *Idalia*.
Idalius, i, m. a mountain of Crete.
Idomeneüs, (& -ëus,) **es**, m. (v. *es*, m.) a king of Crete.
Idümæa, w, f. a country of Palestine.
Ierna, w, (v. -ne, es,) f. Ireland.
Iguvium, i, n. a city of Umbria in Italy, hod. *Eugubio*.
Ilerda, w, f. a city in Spain, hod. *Lerida*.
Ilia, w, f. (called also *Rhea Sylvia*) the daughter of Numitor king of the Albans, and mother of Romulus and Remus.
Illicus, a, um, adj. of Troy or Ilium, Trojan.
Illickes, um, pl. f. Trojan women.
Illeus, is, m. a Trojan, one of Ilium or Troy.
Ilione, es, f. the eldest daughter of Priam.
Ilioneüs, **es** & **eos**, m. (acc. *ên*) the son of Phorbos, and attendant of Æneas.
Ilios, i, f. (& -ou v. -um, i, n.) the city of Troy.
Iliussus, i, m. a river of Attica.
Illyricum, i, n. (& -ria, w, f.) a country of Europe, on the borders of the Adriatic, including Croatia, Dalmatia, Slavonia, &c.
Ilius, i, m. the son of Tros king of Troy, by Calirhoe, from whom Troy had its name *Ilium*; (2) a name of Ascanius.
Inächis, idis (v. *es*.) f. Id, the daughter of Inachus.
Inachus, i, m. (1) the first king of the Argives; (2) a river of Argos, hod. *Planizza*.
Indi, **Drum**, pl. m. Indians.
Indis, w, f. a country of Asia, called the East Indies, but by the natives *Indoostan*.
Indigetes dii, gods of human origin, gods made of men, topical or tutelary gods.
Indus, i, m. a river of Asia, hod. *Sinde*; it rises in mount Caucasus, and falls into the Indian Ocean.
Inguani, **Drum**, pl. m. a people of Liguria.
Ino, **üs**, f. the daughter of Cadmus and Hermione or Harmonia, and wife of Athamas.
Insubria, w, f. the country of the Insubres in N. Italy, near Milan.
Intèramna, w, f. (1) a town of the Volscians near *Samnium*; (2) a city of Umbria, hod. *Terramo*.
Id (& *I*.) **üs**, f. the daughter of the river Inachus, whom Ju-

After transformed into a heifer.

Ibusta (& Jo.) *æ, f.* the daughter of Menætiæ, sister of Creon, and wife of Laius, afterwards unconsciously married to her son *Edipus*.

Iblæus, *i, m.* the son of *Iphiclus*, Hercules' brother.

Iolichus, *i, f.* a town in *Thessaly*, hod. *Jaco*.

Iolæa, *ea, f.* a daughter of *Eurytus* king of *Echalia*, whom *Hercules* loved, and afterwards gave to his son *Hyllus*.

Iones, *um, pl. m.* the people of *Ionia*.

Ionia, *æ, f.* a country of *Asia Minor*, on the coast of the *Archipelago*.

Ionicus, *Ionicus & Ionius*, *a, um, adj.* *Ionian*.

Joppe, *es, f.* a town of *Palestine*; hod. *Jaffa*.

Jordānes (& Jo.) *is, m.* the *Jordan*, a river of *Palestine*.

Ios, *i, f.* an isle in the *Archipelago*, where *Homer* was buried, hod. *Nio*.

Iovianus, *i, m.* the 43th *Roman* emperor.

Jovia, *is, m.* *Jove* or *Jupiter*, the king of the gods, vide *Jupiter*.

Iphigenia, *æ, f.* a daughter of *Prætus* king of the *Argives*, wife of *Menelaus*, and sister of *Lysippe* and *Iphinoë*.

Iphicrætes, *is, m.* an *Athenian* general.

Iphigénia, *æ, f.* the daughter of *Agamemnon*, saved by *Diana* from being sacrificed, and made her priestess.

Iris, *Idia v. Is, f.* (acc. -im & Ida) (1) the daughter of *Thaumas* and *Electra*, and messenger of *Juno*; (2) a river of *Cappadocia*, hod. *Casalmach*.

Isara, *æ, m.* a river in *Gaul*, hod. the *Isere*.

Isauria, *æ, f.* a country of *Asia Minor*.

Isis, *Idia, f.* (acc. -im) an *Egyptian* goddess.

Ismarus, *i, m.* a mountain in *Thrace*, hod. *Polystillo*.

Ismenides, *um, pl. f.* *Theban* women.

Ismenus, *i, m.* a river in *Bœotia*, hod. *Ismeno*.

Isocrætes, *is, m.* an *Athenian* rhetorician.

Issa, *æ, f.* an island in the *Adriatic*, hod. *Lissa*.

Issenses, *um, pl. m.* the people of *Issa*.

Issus, *i, m.* a city of *Cilicia*, near which *Alexander* conquered *Darius*.

Ister, *tri, m.* a river in *Germany*, hod. *Danube*.

Isthmia, *um, pl. n.* solemn games, kept every fifth year

at *Corinth*, in honour of *Nephtune*.

Istri, *um, pl. m.* the people of *Istria*.

Istria, *æ, f.* a peninsula at the North of the *Adriatic*.

Italia (& I.) *æ, f.* a country of *Europe*, called *Latium*, *Hesperia*, *Ænotria*, & *Ausonia*, hod. *Italy*.

Italica (& I.) *æ, f.* a city of *Spain*, built by *Scipio Africanus*, hod. *Seville*.

Ithaca, *æ, (& -ce, ea.) f.* an island in the *Ionian sea*, where *Ulysses* reigned, hod. *Thiaki*.

Ithacus, *i, m.* *Ulysses*, *q. v.*

Ithacus (& -is), *i, m.* a king of *Thessaly*, and son of *Deucalion*, who first taught men to melt metals and coin money.

Iudæa, *æ, f.* a country of *Palestine*.

Iys, ys & ysa, *m.* the son of *Tereus* and *Progne*, turned into a pheasant.

Juba, *æ, m.* a king of *Mauritania*, who sided with *Pompey*;

(2) his son, an excellent scholar, and husband of *Cleopatra Selene*.

Judæa, *æ, f.* the country of *Palestine*; (2) that part inhabited by the two tribes of *Juda* and *Benjamin*.

Judæicus (*v. daus.*) *a, um, adj.* of the Jews, Jewish.

Jugurtha, *æ, m.* a king of *Numidia*, and grandson of *Masinissa*.

Julianus, *i, m.* (1) *Didius*, the 20th *Roman* emperor; (2) the 41th *Roman* emperor, called the *Apostate*.

Julius, *i, m.* the name of many *Romans*; vide *Cæsar*.

Iulus, *i, m.* the son of *Æneas*; (2) *Canus*, a *Roman* put to death by *Caligula*.

Juno, *onis, f.* the daughter of *Saturn*, and sister and wife of *Jupiter*: called *Saturnia*, from her father, and *Pronuba*, *Lucina*, *Moneta*, &c. from her offices.

Jundnius, *a, um, (& -nllis, e.) adj.* of or sacred to *Juno*: *ales v. volucris*, a peacock.

Jupiter, gen. *Jovis*, (*qu. Jovispater*, *Father Jove* or *Jupiter*) *m.* the supreme god of the *heathens*, called *Optimus*, for his benefits, and *Maximus*, for his power; the son of *Saturn* and *Ops*, and brother and husband of *Juno*.

Justinianus, *i, m.* a *Roman* emperor of *Constantinople*; he framed the *Code*, and the *Digest* or *Pandects*.

Justinus, *i, m.* a *Roman* historian, whose epitome is extant.

Juturna, *æ, f.* the daughter of *Dæmon*, and sister of *Turnus*.

Juvénalis, *is, m.* (*Decius Junus*), a *Roman* satirist.

Jüventas, *Itis, f.* the goddess of youth, called *Hebe*.

Jüverna, *æ, f.* *Hibernia* or *Ireland*.

Ixion, *onis, m.* the father of the *Centauræ*, and king of *Thesaly*.

L

LABEATES, *is, m.* a lake and city of *Dalmatia*, hod. *Scutari*.

Labeo, *onia, m.* *Antistius*, a great scholar and good lawyer;

(2) *Quintus Fabius*, a *Roman* who conquered king *Antiochus*.

Labicum, *i, n.* a city in *Italy*, hod. *Valmontona*.

Labiæus, *i, m.* an historian in the time of *Augustus*, surnamed *Rabienus*.

Lacena, *f. ex Laco*, *adj.* *Lacedæmonian*, *Spartan*.

Lacædæmon, *onis, f.* the metropolis of *Laconia*, also called *Sparta*.

Lacædæmonius, *a, um, adj.* of *Lacedæmon*, *Lacedæmonian*.

Lachæsis, *is, f.* one of the three *Fates*, supposed to spin the thread of human life.

Læcinia, *æ, f.* a title of *Juno*.

Læcinium, *i, n.* a promontory in *Italy*, hod. *Capo delle Colonne*.

Læco (*v. -on.*) *m. & n. -enna, f. adj.* *Laconian*, *Spartan*.

Læcinia, *æ, f.* a country of *Peloponnesus*, whose chief city was *Lacedæmon*, *q. v.*

Læcônicus, *a, um, adj.* *Laconian*, *Lacedæmonian*, *Spartan*; *la. conic*.

Lælius, *i, m.* a friend of *Scipio Africanus*.

Lærtæes, *æ, m.* a king of *Ithaca*, the son of *Arceus*.

Lærtiades, *æ, m.* *Ulysses*, the son of *Lærtæes*.

Læstrýgonæ, *um, pl. m.* (acc. *nas.*) a people of *Sicily*; also a colony of them near *Fermia* in *Italy*.

Læte, *Idia, f.* a notable courtizan of *Sicily* and *Corinth*.

Lællæge, *ea, f.* a mistress of *Horace*.

Lællænia, *æ, f.* a province in *Spain*, hod. *Catalonia*.

Lampæus, *i, f.* a city and port of *Myria*, at the mouth of the *Hellespont*.

Læmus, i, m. (1) a king of the *Læstrygones*; (2) a son of *Hercules* by *Omphale*; (3) a Latin chief killed by *Nisus*; (4) a river of *Bœotia*; (5) a city of Italy near *Formia*; a (6) noble horse.

Lænavium, i, n. a small town of *Latium*.

Læocœon, ontis, m. the son of *Priam* and *Hecuba*, and priest of *Apollo Thymbræus*.

Læodamia, æ, f. the daughter of *Acastus*, and wife of *Protesilaüs*.

Læodice, es, f. the daughter of *Priam* and *Hecuba*, and wife of *Helicœon* son of *Antenor*.

Læomœdon, ontis, m. the son of *Ilus* king of *Troy*, for whom *Apollo* and *Neptune* built the walls of *Troy*.

Læpithæ, ærum, pl. m. a people of *Thessaly*, who first tamed horses.

Lar, æris, m. in pl. *Læres*, demons, genii, or spirits.

Lærinum, i, n. a city of *Naples* in Italy, hod. *Larina*.

Lærisia, æ, f. a city of *Thessaly*.

Lærisseus, a, um, adj. *Thessalian*.

Lærisus, i, m. a river of *Peloponnesus*.

Lærus, i, m. a lake in Italy, hod. *Lagodi Como*.

Larymæ, æ, f. a town of *Bœotia*.

Latiſſia, (& *Æris*) e, adj. of Italy, Latin, Italian.

Lâtini, ærum, pl. m. the Latins, inhabitants of *Latium* or Italy.

Lælius, i, m. the son of *Faunus* king of *Latium*, and father of *Lavinia*.

Lætium, i, n. a country of Italy, between *Tuscany* and *Campania*.

Lætius, a, um, adj. of Italy, Italian, Latian, Latin.

Lætnus, i, m. a mountain in *Caria*, hod. *Palatia*.

Læto, i, m. a people of *Gaul* near the *Helvetii*.

Lætola, æ, f. (& *-lola*, *Idon*, f.) *Diana*, the daughter of *Lato*.

Lætônia, æ, f. a daughter of *Cœus* the Titan, or of *Saturn*, and mother of *Diana* and *Apollo*.

Lætônia, id. qu. *Latola*.

Læverna, æ, f. the goddess of thieves.

Lævium, id. qu. *Labium*.

Lævnia (& *Æ*) æ, f. the daughter of *Lætnus*, and wife of *Æneas*.

Lævnum, i, n. a city of Italy.

Lævnius, a, um, adj. of *Lavinia*, Italian.

Laurens, tis, adj. *Laurentian*.

Laurentum, i, n. a city in Italy.

Lausus, i, m. the son of *Mezentius*, slain by *Æneas*.

Læander (& *Æ*) dri, m. a youth of *Abdœa*, who loved *Hero*.

Læarchus, i, m. the son of *Athamas* and *Ino*, killed by his distracted father.

Læbædia, æ, f. a town in *Bœotia*, hod. *Livadia*.

Læbynthos, i, f. an island in the *Ægean* sea, hod. *Levita*.

Læcheum, i, n. one of the ports of *Corinth*.

Læda, æ, f. the daughter of *Thestius*, and wife of *Tyndarus* king of *Laconia*, and mother of *Pollux* and *Heleña*, *Castor* and *Clytemnestra*.

Lemænus, i, m. the lake of *Geneva*.

Lemnos, i, f. an island in the *Ægean* sea, sacred to *Vulcan*, hod. *Stalimene*.

Lemnives, um, pl. m. a people of *Gaul*, hod. *les Limosins*.

Lemurælia, um, pl. n. (& *Drum*, n.) a festival, May 15th, when they sacrificed to the *lemures*.

Lemuria, (pro *Ræ*) ium, pl. n. idem.

Læonidas (& *-es*) æ, m. a king of *Sparta*, who with 300 men defended the strait of *Thermopylae* against 5,000,000 men led by *Xerxes*; (2) a tutor of *Alexander*.

Leontium, i, n. a city in *Sicily*, hod. *Lentini*.

Læponti, ærum, pl. m. a people of the Alps.

Leprium, i, n. a town in *Arcadia*, hod. *Chaiapa*.

Leptis, is, f. *Major et Minor*, two cities of *Africa*, hod. *Lebida* and *Monastero*.

Lerna, æ, f. a lake near *Argos* in *Peloponnesus*.

Lero, Æs, f. an island on the coast of *France*, hod. *S. Margarete*.

Lesbides, um, pl. f. *Lesbian* women.

Lesbos, i, f. an isle in the *Ægean* sea, hod. *Metelin*.

Læstrygones, i, q. *Læstrygones*.

Læthe, es, f. a river in *Africa*, near *Berenice*, and one of the rivers in *hell*.

Leucas, Ædis, f. (& *-lida*, æ, f.) an island in the *Ionian* sea, hod. *Santa Maura*.

Leucætes, æ, m. a promontory on the isle *Leucas*.

Leuci, ærum, pl. m. a people of *Lorrain*, near the city *Toul*.

Leucippus, i, m. a philosopher of *Abdera*.

Leucæyria, æ, f. a country of *Cappadocia*.

Læcæthos, es, f. the wife of *Athamas*.

Leuctra, ærum, pl. n. a town in *Bœotia*, where *Epaminondas*

vanquished the *Lacedæmonians*.

Lexovii, ærum, pl. m. a people of *Celtic Gaul*.

Libanius, i, m. a sophist of *Antioch* and *Constantinople*.

Libanus, i, m. a mountain in *Syria*.

Liber, æri, m. a name of *Bacchus*.

Libera, æ, f. a name of *Proserpine*.

Libærtia, um, pl. n. & *Drum*, a feast in honor of *Bacchus*, kept March 17th.

Libærtitas Jüllia, a town of *Læstania*, hod. *Evora*.

Libæthra, æ, f. a fountain of *Magnesia*, sacred to the *Muses*.

Libæthris, idis, adj. *Libethrian*.

Libitina, æ, f. the goddess *Venus* or *Proserpine*, presiding over births and burials.

Liburnia, æ, f. a country of *Illyria*, hod. *Croatia*.

Libya, æ, f. that part of *Africa* which borders on *Egypt*; (2) *Carthage*, hod. *Barca*.

Libyæus, a, um, adj. *Libyan*, *African*.

Libyphæntia, æ, f. the country about *Tunis* in *Africa*.

Libys, yds, m. a *Libyan*.

Libysæus (v. *-ist*) a, um, id. qu.

Libysus, a, um, adj. *Libyan*, *African*.

Lýbius, idis, f. adj. idem.

Lichas, æ, m. a boy who brought the poisoned shirt to *Hercules*.

Liger, æris, m. a river in *Gaul*, hod. *Loire*.

Ligur (& *-us*) æris, m. a *Ligurian*.

Ligúria, æ, f. (v. *ü*) a country of Italy, between the *Apennines* and the *Tuscan* sea.

Lilybæum, i, n. a promontory West of *Sicily*, hod. *Capo Boco*; (2) a town near it, hod. *Marsala*.

Limnus, i, f. an island near *Ireland*, hod. *Ramsey*.

Lingones, um, pl. m. a people of *Belgic Gaul*, hod. *Langres* in *Champagne*; (2) a colony of them in Italy, hod. *Imola*.

Linus, i, m. a *Theban*, son of *Apollo* and *Terpsichore*, the master of *Orpheus*, and *Hercules*.

Lipære, es, f. the chief of the *Æolian Isles*, North of *Sicily*, hod. *Lipari*.

Liquentia, æ, f. a river of *Venice* in Italy, hod. *Livenza*.

Liris, is, m. a river of *Campania* in Italy, hod. *Garigliano*.

Lissus, i, f. a city of *Macedonia*, hod. *Alessio*.

Livius, i, m. (*Titus*) a Roman historian of *Padua*.

Locri, *drum*, pl. m. *Locrians*.
 Locria, *Idia*, f. a country of Greece.
 Lōcūsta, *æ*, f. a woman used in poisoning Britannicus, and others.
 Londinum (& -nium), *i*, n. London, the metropolis of England.
 Lōpādūsa, *æ*, f. an island in the Mediterranean, East of Tunis, *hod. Lampedosa*.
 Lōtōphāgi, *drum*, pl. m. a people of Barbary, who lived on the fruit of the lote-tree.
 Lūca, *æ*, f. a town of Lombardy, *hod. Lucea*.
 Lūcānia, *æ*, f. a province of Magna Græcia in Italy.
 Lūcānus, *i*, m. Lucan, a poet of Corduba in Spain.
 Lūcēria, *æ*, f. a city of Apulia in Italy, *hod. Lucero*.
 Lūciānus, *i*, m. Lucian of Samosata, a witty writer in a pure Greek style.
 Lūcllius, *i*, m. a Roman satirist.
 Lūcina, *æ*, f. a goddess of childbirth, a title given to Juno and Diana, or Luna.
 Lucrētia, *æ*, f. a daughter of Lucretius prefect of Rome, and wife of Tarquinius Collatinus, ravished by Sextus Tarquinius.
 Lucrētilla, *is*, m. a mountain of the Sabines.
 Lucrētius, *i*, m. a Latin poet, whose Nature of Things is still extant.
 Lucrinius, *i*, m. a lake of Campania.
 Lucrinus, *a*, um, adj. *Lucrine*.
 Lucullus, *i*, m. (1) Lucius, a Roman, who beat Mithridates; (2) Marcus, his kinsman, who subdued Thrace.
 Luddūm, *i*, n. Celtūm, a city of Gaul, *hod. Lyons*; (2) Batavdum, a city in Holland, *hod. Leyden*.
 Lūpercal, *ilis*, n. a place under mount Palatine, sacred to Pan.
 Lūpercālia, *um*, pl. n. & *drum*, n. a festival sacred to Pan, Feb. 15th.
 Lūperci, *drum*, pl. m. priests of Pan.
 Lūpia, *æ*, f. a river and town of Germany, *hod. Lype*.
 Lupia, *æ*, f. a city of Calabria, *hod. Lazo*.
 Lūstāni, *drum*, pl. m. the people of Lusitania, *hod. Portuguese*.
 Lūstānia, *æ*, f. the third part of ancient Spain, *hod. Portugal*.
 Lūstētia, *æ*, f. Parisiūm, the metropolis of France, *hod. Paris*.
 Lyæna, *i*, m. a name of Bacchus.

Lŷcus, *i*, m. a mountain of Arcadia, sacred to Pan and Jupiter.
 Lŷcōn, *ōnis*, m. a king of Arcadia.
 Lŷcōnes, *um*, pl. m. the people of Lycæonia in Asia Minor.
 Lŷcōnis, *Idia*, f. Calisto, the daughter of Lŷcōn.
 Lŷcūm, *i*, n. Aristotle's school near Athens; also Cicero's school in the Tuscūm.
 Lychnidium, *i*, n. a city in Macedonia, *hod. l'Orchrida*.
 Lŷcia, *æ*, f. a country between Pamphylia and Caria; *hod. Mentesia*.
 Lŷcius, *a*, um, adj. *Lycian*.
 Lŷcōmēdes, *is*, m. a king of Scyros.
 Lŷcōn, *ōnis*, m. a Peripatetic philosopher called Glyson, for his eloquence; (2) a town in Portugal.
 Lŷcōphron, *ōnis*, m. a poet of Chalcia.
 Lŷcōria, *Idia*, m. (voc. *tri*) a freed-woman of Volturnus, who slighted C. Gallus, and followed M. Antony.
 Lŷcūrgus, *i*, m. a Spartan lawgiver, the son of Polydeces, and brother of Eūnūmus; (2) a king of Thrace, who destroyed all the vines of his country.
 Lŷcus, *i*, m. a king of Bæotia.
 Lydda, *æ*, f. a city of Palestine, near Joppa; *hod. S. Georgia*.
 Lŷdi, *drum*, pl. m. the Lydians, a people of Asia Minor.
 Lŷdia, *æ*, f. an inland country of Asia Minor.
 Lŷucestia, *Idia*, f. a country and river of Macedonia.
 Lŷcēus, *et & eos*, m. (1) one of the Argonauts, very quick-sighted; (2) a son of Ægyptus, whom his wife Hypermnestra saved.
 Lynceus, *i*, m. a king of Scythia, turned into a lynx.
 Lŷrcēus, *i*, m. a fountain of Arcadia.
 Lŷrncus (v. -ness), *i*, f. a city of Pamphylia, *hod. Lyrnesso*; (-) one of Troas in Phrygia.
 Lŷsander, *dri*, m. a Lacedæmonian commander, who destroyed the Athenian fleet.
 Lŷsias, *æ*, m. the son of Cædālus, and one of the ten orators commended by Cicero.
 Lŷsimāchia, *æ*, f. (la. *lab*.) a city of Thrace, *hod. Heramili*; (2) a city of Etolia.
 Lŷsimāchus, *i*, m. a valiant Macedonian, son of Agathocles.
 Lŷsippus, *i*, m. a statuary of Sicily.
 Lŷsis, *is*, m. a Pythagorean philosopher, master 'o Epaminondas.

Lŷsistrātus, *i*, m. a statuary in plaster, as his brother Lŷsipus was in brass.
 Lŷstra, *æ*, f. a city of Iauria near Lycæonia.

M

Māchæus, *et*, m. (& *eds*, m.) the son of Ædōlus; who had a child by his sister Candæ.
 Mācēdon, *ōnis*, m. a Macedonian.
 Mācēdōnia, *æ*, f. a country between Thrace, Epirus, and Greece.
 Mācēdōnēus, (& *cēdōnius*), *a*, um, adj. *Macedonian*.
 Mācer, *acri*, m. a Roman poet, contemporary with Ovid.
 Māchio, *ōnis*, m. the son of Æsculapius, a physician.
 Macra, *æ*, f. a river which separates Liguria from Etruria, *hod. la Magra*.
 Macri campi, *drum*, pl. m. a plain near Parma in Italy, *hod. Brescelli*.
 Macrinus Opilius, the 23rd Roman emperor.
 Macrōbius, *i*, m. a consular man contemporary with Servius: he wrote two books on Scipio's dream, and seven called Saturnalia.
 Madaura, *æ*, f. a city of Africa.
 Meander (& -drius), *i*, m. a river of Phrygia.
 Mæcenas, *itis*, m. the friend of Augustus and patron of Horace.
 Mēnādes, *um*, pl. f. (& *aliq. sing.* -nas, *ūdia*.) woman sacrificers to Bacchus.
 Mēnālus, *i*, m. (in pl. -la, *drum*, n.) a mountain in Arcadia.
 Mēdōnia, *æ*, f. a name for Lydia.
 Mēnōides, *æ*, m. a title given to Homer, from Mæonia his country.
 Mēdōnius, *a*, um, adj. *Mæonian*.
 Mēdōtis, *Idia*, f. (ac. in & *ida*.) Palus, a lake beyond the Euxine sea, into which the river Tanais falls, *hod. the sea of Asop or Azov*.
 Mævius, *i*, m. a poet in Virgil's time.
 Magna Græcia, *vide* Græcia.
 Magnētia, *æ*, f. (1) a country of Macedonia; (2) a city of Asia Minor; (3) another in Lydia, *hod. Magnisan*.
 Magnēsius, *a*, um, adj. of Magnesia.

Magnesia, *m. f.* a woman of *Magnesia*.
Māgo, *ōnis*, *m.* (1) a brother of *Hannibal*; (2) *Magonis Portus*, *Port Mahon*, in the island *Minorca*.
Maguntiacum (& -gon.) *i. n.* a city of *Germany* on the *Rhine* and *Maine*, *hod. Metz*.
Maia, (*dissyl.*) *m. f.* the daughter of *Atlas* and *Pléione*.
Malāca, *m. f.* a city in *Spain*, *hod. Malaga*.
Māleū (& -lū) *m. f.* a promontory of the *Peloponnesus*, *hod. Cape Malio* or *Malea*.
Mālikūcus sinus, the gulf of *Zintum*.
Malienses, *iūm*, *pl. m.* a people of *Thessaly*.
Mallos, *i. f.* a city in *Cilicia*, *hod. Mallo*.
Māmertini, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Campania* who possessed themselves of *Messāna* in *Sicily*.
Māmurra, *m. m.* a Roman knight who introduced the use of marble.
Mañcius, *i. m.* a consul of *Rome*, who made a dishonourable peace with the *Numantines*.
Mañdāne, *es. f.* the daughter of *Astāgēs*, and mother of *Cyrus* the Great.
Mañdēia, *m. f.* a village of the *Sabines*.
Mañdubil, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Gaul*, near *Burgundy*.
Mañduria, *m. f.* a city of the *Salentini* in *Calabria*.
Mānia, *m. f.* the goddess of mad people; (2) a city of *Parthia*.
Mañilius, *is. m.* (1) *Octavius*, a king of *Etruria*, and son-in-law to *Tarquin*; (2) a Roman who wrote on *Astronomy*.
Mañlius, *i. m.* (1) *Marcus*, a Roman, who retired into the *Capitol*, and saved it from the *Gauls*; (2) *T.* surnamed *Torquānus*, who beheaded his son for want of discipline; (3) another, who though banished by his father, defended and freed him from a trial.
Mañtinēa (& -nēa) *m. f.* a city of *Arcadia*, where *Epanimondas* conquered and fell.
Mañto, *ūs*, *f.* a sorceress, the daughter of *Tiresias*.
Mañtua, *m. f.* a city in the North of *Italy*.
Mārkhon, *ōnis*, *f.* a town in *Attica*, where *Miltiades* routed a *Persian* army of 100,000 foot & 10,000 horse, with only 10,000 men.
Mārkhōnius, *a, um, adj.* of *Marathon*.
Marcellus, *i. m.* (1) *Claudius M.* a Roman commander, called *Eusis Romanorum*, who first

conquered *Hannibal*, and took *Syracuse*; (2) *Marcus*, a friend of *Cicero*.
Marcōmanni (& -māni) *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Germany*.
Māre Infērūm, the *Tuscan sea*: *Supērūm*, the *Adriatic*.
Māreōtē, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of *Māreōtis*, *Idia*, *f.* a country of *Libya*, *hod. Barca*; (2) a lake near *Alexandria*.
Margiāna, *m. f.* a country in *Asia Minor*.
Mār'andyni, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Asia*, near *Bithynia*.
Mārica, *m. f.* the wife of *Faunus* and mother of *Latinus*.
Mārius, *i. m.* *Caius*, born at *Arpinum*, of low origin, but possessed of great power, he and *Sylla* carried on civil war; (2) *Priscus*, proconsul of *Africa*.
Marmārica, *m. f. id. qu.* *Mareōtis*.
Marmāridē, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of *Marmarica*.
Māro, *ōnis*, *m.* *Virgil's* surname from his father.
Mārōnēa, a city in *Thrace*, *hod. Marogna*.
Mārōnēus (& -nēus), *a, um, adj.* of or belonging to *Virgil*.
Marpēsia (*v. -thē*), *m. f.* the first queen of the *Amazons*.
Marpissa, *m. f.* the wife of *Idæus* and mother of *Cleopatra* the wife of *Meleager*.
Marrubium, *i. n.* a town of the *Marsi* in *Italy*.
Marrucini, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Italy* near *Abruzzo*.
Mars, *tis. m.* the god of war, and son of *Jupiter* and *Juno*.
Marsi, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Italy*; (2) another in *Germany*.
Marsicus (& -sus), *a, um, adj.* of the *Marsi*, *Marsian*.
Marsigni, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Germany*.
Marsyas (*v. -ya*), *m. m.* (1) a *Phrygian* satyr and musician, changed into a river in *Phrygia*.
Martia, *m. f.* a Roman lady, wife of *Cato Uticensis*, who gave her to *Hortensius*, and after his decease took her back again.
Martilla, *is. m.* a witty epigrammatist of *Bilboa* in *Spain*.
Martius, *proprie adj.* (1) *Anceus*, the 4th king of *Rome*; (2) *Campus*, a plain between *Rome* and the *Tiber*, consecrated to *Mars*.
Mārullus, *i. m.* (1) *Seneca's* master in rhetoric; (2) *Pomponius*, a grammarian at *Rome*, and a severe critic.

Marus, *i. m.* a river in *Germany*, *hod. Morave*.
Māsēylii, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *W. Numidia*.
Māsēnissa, *m. m.* a king of *Numidia*, and an ally of the *Romans*.
Massāgētē, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Scythia*.
Massicus, *i. m.* a mountain in *Campania*, *hod. Mondragone*.
Massilia, *m. f.* a city of *Provence* in *France*, *hod. Marseille*.
Massyla, (*Esyla*, *ap. Prisc.*) *m. f.* a town of *Cyrene* in *Africa*.
Massylus (& -lūs), *a, um, adj.* *Massylian*.
Mātho, *ōnis*, *m.* a lawyer in *Dominian's* time.
Mātūm, *i. m.* a hill of *Apulia*.
Mātisco, *ōnis*, *f.* a town in *Burgundy*, *hod. Maçon*.
Matidōna, *m. f.* a river of *Gaul*, *hod. Marne*.
Matticēi, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of *Matticum*, *i. n.* a town of *Germany*, *hod. Marourg*.
Mattus, *i. m.* a friend of *Martial*.
Mātūta, *m. f.* the goddess of the morning.
Māvora, *rits. m.* *Mars*, the god of war.
Māvortius, *a, um, adj.* of or belonging to *Mars*, *martial*, warlike.
Mauri, *drum*, *pl. m.* *Moors*, the people of *Mauritania*, *m. f.* a country on the *N.* and *N. W.* coast of *Africa*, *hod. Barbary* and *Morocco*; (2) *Cæsariensis*, *Algiers*; (3) *Tingitāna*, *Tangier*.
Maurūsius, *a, um, adj.* *Mauritanian*.
Mausōlus, *i. m.* a king of *Caria*, whose monument was one of the seven wonders of the world.
Maxentius, *i. m.* a tyrant and usurper, overcame by *Constantine*.
Maximīnus, *i. m.* a *Thracian* shepherd, soldier, commander, and lastly the 26th emperor of *Rome*.
Maximus, *i. m.* the name of several men; (1) one called *Princeps iuventutis*; (2) *Tyrius*, a Platonic philosopher and master of *M. Antoninus*.
Mazyces, *um, pl. m.* a people of *Mauritania*.
Mēcēnas, *vide Mēcēnas*.
Mēdēa, *m. f.* a sorceress, daughter of *Æetes* king of *Colchis*.
Mēdia, *m. f.* a country of *Asia*, having *Persia* on the South, & *Hyrcania* and *Parthia* on the East.

Mediolanum, (6 Ans.) *i*, *n*. a city in Italy, *hod.* Milan.
Mēdīmātrici, *drum*, *pl. m.* (& -es, *um*), a people near *Meutz* in Germany.
Mēdon, *ontis*, *m*, the son of *Codrus* the last king of Athens; the first Archon after their change of government.
Mēdus, *i*, *m*. a river of *Media*.
Mēdūsa, *z*, *f*. the daughter of *Phorcus*, her fine head of hair was changed into snakes, &c.
Mēdūsæus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of *Mēdūsa*; of *Pegāus*.
Mēgēra, *z*, *f*. one of the *Furiss*.
Mēgilenses ludi, a festival and games in honour of *Cybele*, April 12th.
Mēgilēsikius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *Megaleian*, *Circensian*.
Mēgilōpolis, *is*, *f*. the capital of *Arcadia*.
Mēgāra, *z*, *f*. (1) a daughter of *Creon* king of Thebes, and wife of *Hercules*; (2) a city of *Achāia*, between Athens and Corinth, the birth-place of *Euclid*.
Mēla (*v.* *Mella*), *z*, *m*. (1) a river of Italy; (2) *vide* *Pompoius*.
Mēlampus, *pōdis*, *m*. a famous soothsayer and physician.
Mēlantho, *ūs*, *f*. the daughter of *Proteus* and mistress of *Neptune*.
Mēlas, *ānos*, *m*. a river of *Mygdonia*; *hod.* *Rio-Negro*.
Mēlēger, *ēgros & rus*, *gri*, *m*. son of *Ēneus* and *Althea*.
Mēlēsigenēs, *is*, *m*. a name of *Homer*, so called because *Smyrna*, near which the river *Mēles* runs, seems to have the best title to his birth-place.
Mēlibæ, *z*, *f*. a city of *Magnesia*, near *Thessaly*.
Mēlicerta, *z*, *m*. the son of *Ino* and *Atthanas* king of Thebes.
Mēlissa, *z*, *f*. the daughter of *Metæus* king of *Crete*, and co-nurse of *Jupiter* with *Amalthea*.
Mēlissus, *i*, *m*. (1) a king of *Crete*; (2) *Chlus*, a grammarian; (3) a Samian philosopher, and chief magistrate and naval commander at *Ephesus*.
Mēlita, *z*, (& -te, *es*), *f*. an island in the *Mediterranean*, *hod.* *Malta*.
Mēlus Spurius, *i*, *z*. a Roman, slain by *C. Servius Atila*.
Mēlos, *i*, *f*. an island in the *Archipelago*, *hod.* *Milo*.
Mēlupōne, *es*, *f*. one of the nine *Muses*, presiding over tragedy.
Mēmulus, *i*, *m*. *C. Gemellus*, a Roman knight, the son of *Lucius*.

Memnon, *ōnis*, *m*. the son of *Thēon* and *Aurora*.
Memphis, *is*, *f*. a city of *Egypt*.
Mēnālippe, *es*, *f*. the sister of *Antiope*, queen of the Amazons, and wife of *Theseus*.
Mēnāllippus, *i*, *m*. a Theban who killed *Tydeus*.
Mēnander, *dri*, *m*. a comic poet of Athens.
Mēnāpī, *drum*, *pl. m*. a people of *Belgic Gaul*.
Mendes, *is*, *f*. a city of *Egypt*.
Mēnecrātes, *is*, *m*. a physician, who styled himself *Jupiter*.
Mēnēlāus, *i*, *m*. a king of *Sparta*, brother to *Agamemnon*, and husband to *Helēna*.
Mēnephron, *ōnis*, *m*. a man changed into a beast for attempted incest.
Mēnēstrātus, *i*, *m*. the statuary of the image of *Hecate* in the temple of *Diana*.
Mēnippus, *i*, *m*. (1) a *Cynic* philosopher; (2) an orator, and preceptor of *Cicero*.
Mēnius, *i*, *m*. (1) a Roman naval commander; (2) an architect.
Mēnētādes, *z*, *m*. *Patroclus*, the son of *Menæti* and *Sthenēle*.
Mercūrius, *i*, *m*. the son of *Jupiter* and *Maia*, god of merchandise, and messenger of the gods.
Mēribæa, *is*, *m*. a *Cretan* admiral.
Mēros, *es*, *f*. an island and city of *Ethiopia*, formed by the Nile.
Mērope, *es*, *f*. the daughter of *Atlas*, wife of *Sisyphus*, and the darkest of the *Pleiades*.
Mēsēmbria, *z*, *f*. a city of *Thrace*.
Mēsōpōtāmia, *z*, *f*. a country of Asia, between the *Tigris* and *Euphrates*.
Mēsāllina, *z*, *f*. the wife of *Claudius Cæsar*, and afterwards of *C. Silius*.
Mēsāna, *z*, *f*. the capital of *Sicily*, *hod.* *Messina*.
Mēsāpia, *z*, *f*. a province of *Naples*, *hod.* *Terra d' Otranto*.
Mēsāpus, *i*, *m*. an assistant of *Turnus*, against *Æneas*.
Mēsēna, *z*, *f*. a city of *Peloponnēsus*.
Mētābus, *i*, *m*. the father of *Camilla*.
Mētāpōntum, *i*, *n*. a city of Italy in the bay of *Tarentum*, *hod.* *Torre di Mare*.
Mētāurum, *i*, *n*. (& -rus, *i*, *m*.) a river of *Umbria*, *hod.* *Metauro*.
Mētellus, *i*, *m*. (1) *Lucius Pontifex Maximus*, who triumphed over the *Carthaginians*; (2) *Macedonius*, who subdued *Macedon*.

Mēthōne, *es*, *f*. (1) a city of *Macedonia*; (2) one in *Magnesia*; (3) one in the S. W. of *Peloponnēsus*, *hod.* *Modon*.
Mēthymna, *z*, *f*. a city in *Lesbos*, *hod.* *Petra*.
Mētiscus, *i*, *m*. the charioteer of *Turnus*.
Metius, *i*, *yn*. surnamed *Suffetius* or *Fuffetius*, commander of the *Albans* against the *Fidenates*, dragged piecemeal between them.
Metrodōrus, *i*, *m*. (1) an *Athenian* philosopher, scholar to *Carnædes*; (2) *Melicus*, one who perfected the art of memory; (3) a scholar of *Epicūrus*.
Mēvānia, *z*, *f*. a city of *Umbria* in Italy, *hod.* *Bevagna*.
Mezentius, *i*, *m*. a prince of the *Tyrrhenes*, who assisted *Turnus* against *Æneas*; an atheist and cruel.
Micipsa, *z*, *m*. the son of *Masimissa*.
Midas, *z*, *m*. a king of *Phrygia*.
Milātus (*v.* *tos*) *i*, *f*. a city in *Asia Minor*, near the mouth of the *Maander*, *hod.* *Melasso* or *Melazo*.
Milo, *ōnis*, *m*. (1) a strong man of *Crōtona*; (2) a Roman, who killed *Clodius*, and was defended by *Cicero*; (3) a tyrant of *Pisa*, in *Peloponnēsus*.
Miliādes, *is*, *m*. (*v.* *z*.) an *Athenian* general who conquered the *Persians* at *Marathon*.
Mincius, *i*, *m*. a river in the North of Italy, *hod.* *Mincio*.
Minerva, *z*, *f*. the goddess of wisdom and the liberal arts.
Minio, *ōnis*, *m*. a river of *Tuscany*, *hod.* *Mugnone*.
Minius, *i*, *m*. a river in *Spain*, *hod.* *Minho*.
Minōia, *idia*, *f*. a daughter of *Minos*, in particular *Ariadne*.
Minos, *ōis*, *m*. a king and law giver of *Crete*, the son of *Jupiter* and *Europa*, and chief judge of hell.
Minotaurus, *i*, *m*. a monster conceived by *Pasiphaë*, and killed by *Theseus*.
Minturnæ, *drum*, *pl. f*. a city near the *Liris* in Italy, *hod.* *la Barba del Garigliano*.
Minūtius, *i*, *m*. (1) *Augūrinus*, a tribune of the people; (2) *Felix*, a lawyer, scholar, and Christian.
Minyides, *um*, *pl. f*. the daughters of *Minyas* a Theban, turned into bats.
Mistūm, *i*, *n*. a promontory and town of *Campania*, *hod.* *Miseno*.
Mistenus, *i*, *m*. the son of *Æolus*, and trumpeter of *Hector*.

who followed *Aeneas* into Italy.

Mitaridates, *is*, *m.* a king of Pontus, and head of twenty-two states: he was routed by Pompey.

Mitylēne, *ārum*, *pl. f.* the capital of Lesbos, *hod. Metelino*.
Mitylēnai, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of Mitylēne.

Mnēmosyne, *es*, *f.* the mother of the nine Muses.

Mænus, *i*, *m.* a river in Germany, *hod. Main*.

Mæsi, *drum*, *pl. m.* inhabitants of Mæsia, *w. f.* a province of Europe between Macedonia and Thrace, *hod. Servia & Bulgaria*.

Möguntia, *w. f.* (& -tiſcum, *i. n.*) a city in Germany, *hod. Mentz*.

Mōio, *ōnis*, *m.* a Rhodian orator, and Caesar's master.

Mōlorchus, *i*, *m.* an old shepherd who entertained Hercules.

Mōloasi, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of Epirus.

Mōmus, *i*, *m.* the god of carping and censure, the son of Somnus and Ncz.

Mōna, *w. f.* the isle of Anglesey in North Wales, between England and Ireland; (2) the isle of Man.

Mōnases, *is*, *m.* a king of Parthia, who put a stop to the Roman conquests.

Mōnacus, *i*, *m.* a fort, harbour, and principality, of Liguria, *hod. Monaco*.

Mōpsōpia, *w. f.* a region of Attica.

Mōpsōpius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Athenian.

Mōrini, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people on the North coast of Gaul, about Boulogne.

Mōrphæus, *ei*, *m.* the god of dreams.

Mōsa, *w. f.* a river of Belgic Gaul, *hod. Maese or Meuse*.

Moschi, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of East Scythia, *hod. Mingrelia*.

Mōsella, *w. f.* a river in Germany, *hod. Moselle*.

Mōses, *is*, *m.* the lawgiver of the Israelites.

Mulciber, *bris v. Ibris*, *m.* (*v. bri*, *m.*) a name of Vulcan.

Mummius, *i*, *m.* a Roman Consul of a mean family, and no taste, called Achilicus; (2) Lucius, a man of great dexterity and address; (3) a Latin poet.

Munda, *w. f.* a town of Bætic Spain, *hod. Monda*.

Mūnychius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Athenian.

Mūrēna, *w. m.* Lucius, a Roman consul, whom Cicero defended.

Murcia, *w. f.* the goddess of sloth.

Murgantia, *w. f.* a city of the Samnites in Naples, *hod. Mercone*.

Mūsæ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* the nine Muses, daughters of Jupiter and Mnemosyne, and the patronesses of music and poetry, and the liberal sciences. They were Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpomene, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, Thalia, and Urania.

Mūsæus, *i*, *m.* a poet, the scholar of Orpheus.

Mūtina, *w. f.* a city of Gallia Togata, *hod. Modena*.

Mūtius, *i*, *m.* Cordus, a Roman surnamed Scævola, who attempted to kill Porcenna.

Mūtucæ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* a town in the North of Italy, *hod. Monte Leone*.

Mūtūca, *w. f.* a town in Sicily, *hod. Modica*.

Mycæle, *es*, *f.* a town and mountain of Caria.

Mycænæ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* a city of Peloponnesus.

Mycænæ, *es*, *f.* (& -nus, *i*) an island in the Ægean sea.

Mygdonia, *w. f.* a province of Macedonia, *hod. Parga*; (2) a part of Phrygia.

Mygdônides, *w. m.* Choræbus, the son of Mygdon.

Myle, *es*, *f.* a sea-port in Sicily, *hod. Milazzo*.

Myndus, *i*, *f.* the capital of Caria, *hod. Mentæ*.

Myra, *w. f.* the chief city of Lycia, *hod. Strumita*.

Myrtilōnes, *um*, *pl. m.* a people of Ægina, and followers of Achilles.

Mýron, *ōnis*, *m.* a Grecian statuary.

Myrrha, *w. f.* the daughter of Cinyras, king of Cyprus.

Myrtæa, *w. f.* a name of Venus.

Mýrtillus, *i*, *m.* the charioteer of Ænomides, bribed by Pelops to overturn his master.

Mýri, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of Mysia, *w. f.* a country of Asia the Less, near the Hellespont, *hod. Beçanguil*.

Mýus, *untis*, *f.* a city of Ionia in Natolia, *hod. Metæa*.

N

Nābāthea, *w. f.* a country of Arabia Felix.

Nābāthel, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of Nabathæa.

Nænia (& *Nē*) *w. f.* the goddess of funeral songs.

Nævius, *i*, *m.* a Roman poet.

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Nēides (& *Nal. trisyi*), *um*, *pl. f.* (& *rar. in sing.* Nēias, *iēdos*, & *Nals*, *idos*), nymphs of springs and fountains.

Nannētes, *um*, *pl. m.* a people of Gaul, near Nantes.

Nāpææ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* nymphs of the woods.

Nar, *āris*, *m.* a river of Umbria in Italy, *hod. Nera*.

Narbo, *ōnis*, *f.* a city of Gaul, *hod. Narbonne*.

Narbōnensis, *e*, *adj.* of or near Narbonne: Gallia, a province of Gaul, *hod. Savoy, Dauphine, Languedoc, and Provence*.

Narcissus, *i*, *m.* the son of the river Cephissus and the nymph Liriope.

Narisci, *drum*, *pl. m.* a German nation beyond the Danube.

Narnia, *w. f.* a city of Umbria, *hod. Narni*.

Nārōna, *w. f.* a city in Dalmatia, *hod. Narenza*.

Nāsāmōnes, *um*, *pl. m.* a people of Africa near the Syrtis.

Nāscæ, *m.* (Scipio) a friend of Ennius.

Nāva, *w. f.* a river in Belgic Gaul, *hod. Nahe*.

Naucrætes, *is*, *m.* an orator, scholar to Isocrætes.

Naulōchus, *i*, *m.* (& -a, *drum*, *pl. n.*) a sea-port and river on the North coast of Sicily, *hod. Diveta*.

Naupactus, *i*, *m.* (& -um, *n.*) the capital of Ætolia, *hod. Lepanto*.

Nauplia, *w. f.* a sea-port of Argos, *hod. Napoli di Romagna*.

Naupliādes, *w. m.* Palamēdes the son of

Nauplius, *i*, *m.* the son of Neptune and Eubæa.

Nausicaā, *w.* (*v. Æe*, *es*) *f.* the daughter of Alcinoüs king of the Phæacians.

Nautes, *w. m.* a Trojan soothsayer.

Naxos, *i*, *f.* one of the Cyclādes, called also Dionysia, *hod. Nazia*.

Næthus, *i*, *m.* a river of Italy.

Nēpōlis, *is* & *eos*, *f.* (1) a city of Italy, called anciently Parthenope, *hod. Naples*; (2) another, near Thrace, by the river Strymon.

Nēbrodes, *is*, *m.* a high hill in Sicily, *hod. Madonia*.

Nēlcus, *i*, *m.* (ac. *ſa.*) the son of Neptune, and father of Nestor.

Nēmansua, *i*, *f.* a city of Gallia Narbonensis, *hod. Nîmes*.

Nēmæa, *w.* (& -e, *es*) *f.* a town of Arcadia with a wood and rock near, where Hercules killed a lion, *hod. Triestena*.

Nēmēsis, *is*, *f.* the daughter of

Jupiter and Necessitas, and distributor of rewards and punishments; chiefly the latter.
Nēmētes, um, pl. m. a people of the Rhine, near Spire.
Nebocadrezzar, (v. -ria) æ, f. a city in Cappadocia, hod. Tocat.
Neoptolēmus, i, m. Pyrrhus, son of Achilles.
Nepētē, es, f. a city of Etruria, hod. Nepi.
Néphēlē, idos, f. Helle, the daughter of Nephēlē wife of Athanas.
Nepos, otis, m. (Cornellus) a Roman biographer.
Neptūnius, a, um, adj. of Neptune.
Neptūnus, i, m. the son of Saturn and Ops, the god of the sea, and father of fountains and rivers; as Hippas, he presided over horse and chariot-races; his chariot was drawn by Hippocampi, i. e. horses in the fore part, and in their hinder, fishes.
Nērēis, idos, (& pl. -ides, um,) f. the daughters of Nereus, and Doris, nymphs of the sea.
Nēreus, ei, in: & eds, m. the son of Oceānus and Tethys.
Nēritos (v. -itis), i, f. a mountain in Ithaca.
Nēro, onis, m. (Claudius Cæsar) the sixth Roman emperor.
Nerva, æ, m. the thirteenth Roman emperor.
Nervi, ñrum, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul, near Hainault.
Nessactium, i, n. a city in Istria, hod. Castel Nuovo.
Nēsis (& -essa), idis, f. an island near Naples, hod. Nisita.
Nessus, i, m. a Centaur, killed by Hercules.
Nestor, ñris, m. the son of Neleus king of Pylos.
Nētum, i, n. a city in Sicily, hod. Noto.
Nēsa (& -ce), æ, f. a city of Bithynia, hod. Isnik; (2) a city of Liguria, hod. Nice or Nizza.
Nicōmēdes, is, m. a king of Bithynia.
Nicōmētia, æ, f. a city of Bithynia, hod. Isnikmid.
Nigidius Figulus, i, m. a learned nobleman in Cicero's time.
Niliacus (& -loticus) a, um, adj. of the Nile; tellus, Egypt.
Nilus, i, m. the greatest river in Africa.
Ninos, i, f. the capital of the Assyrians, on the Tigris, called also Nineve.
Ninus, i, m. the founder of the Assyria empire, and husband of Semiramis.
Niobē, es, f. the daughter of Tantūlus, and wife of Amphion king of Thebes, whose seven

sons were slain by Apollo, and seven daughters by Diana.
Niphātēs, æ, m. a mountain and river of Armenia.
Nisus, i, m. a king of the Megarenses.
Nola, æ, f. a city of Campania, where Hannibal and Marcellus fought, and Augustus died.
Nōmādes, um, pl. m. a people of Africa, dispersed in Scythia, and now called Tartars; (2) in Parthia; also in India, Arabia, &c.
Nōmentum, i, n. a town of the Sabines in Italy, hod. Lamentana.
Nōnācris, is, f. a town of Arcadia.
Nōrica, æ, f. a city in Germany, hod. Nuremberg.
Nōrtium, i, n. a part of Illyria, hod. Austria, Carniola, &c.
Nōtus, i, m. the south wind.
Nōvālia, æ, f. a city of Umbria in Italy, hod. Novaro.
Nōvellus, i, m. a Milanese, and consul, a great drinker, and nicknamed Tricongius.
Nōvenales Dii, Gods received by the Romans from the Sabines, or the gods of the conquered provinces and kingdoms.
Nōvidūnum, i n. a city of Aquitain, hod. Soissons; (2) another in Gaul, hod. Neury sur Baranjon.
Nūbē, ñrum, pl. m. the people of Nubia in Africa.
Nūcēria, æ, f. (1) a city in the North of Italy, hod. Nocera; (2) a city in Campania, hod. Luceria.
Nūma, æ, m. Pompilius, the second king of Rome; he first divided the year into twelve months, and waged no war.
Nūmāna, æ, f. a city of Picenum in Italy, hod. Humana.
Nūmantia, æ, f. a city of Spain, besieged by the Romans twenty years, hod. Almazara.
Nūmicius, i, m. a friend of Horace.
Nūmidæ, ñrum, pl. m. Numidians, in Africa. Vide Nomades.
Nūmidia, æ, f. a country of Africa, hod. Algiers; (2) all Africa.
Nūmistro, onis, m. a town of Lucania in Italy, hod. Nicastro.
Nūmītor, ñris, m. the fifteenth king of Alba, dethroned by his brother Amulius, and restored by his grandsons Romulus and Remus.
Nursia, æ, f. a city of the Sabines in Italy, hod. Norcia.
Nyctēis, idis, f. Antigone, the daughter of Nycteus.

Nycteus, ei & eds, m. the son of Neptune.
Nyctimēne, es, f. the daughter of Nycteus, changed into an owl for committing incest.
Nysa, æ, f. (1) a city of Arabia, hod. Nisi; (2) a city of India; (3) a hill near that city; (4) one of the tops of Parnassus; (5) the name of Bacchus' nurse.

O

Oaxes, is, m. a river of Crete.
Oaxia tellus, Crete.
Obiōgēs (v. Ōphi.) um, pl. m. a people of Cyprus.
Oceānus, i, m. the god of the sea, son of Cæus and Vesta, husband of Tethys, and father of the Naides or Naiads.
Ocnus, i, m. a lazy fellow, who gave rise to the proverb, Ocnū fūnicūlum torquēre, to labour in vain.
Oericūlum, i, n. a town near Rome, hod. Otricoli.
Octāvia, æ, f. (1) the sister of Augustus and wife of M. Antonius; (2) the daughter of Claudius and wife of Nero.
Oetolūrum, i, n. a town of the Helvetii, hod. Mortigny.
Ocyroē, es, f. the daughter of Chiron, turned into a mare.
Odesus, i, f. a city in Mysia, hod. Lenvino.
Ōdræ, ñrum, pl. m. a people of Thrace.
Oëgrus, i, m. a king of Thrace.
Ōbālā, æ, f. (1) the country of Laconia; (2) the city Tarentum.
Ōbālūm, i, n. a town of Laconia, Lacedæmonian.
Ōdipus, i, m. & -ōdis, m. the son of Laius king of Thebes.
Oëneus, ei & eos, m. a king of Calydon.
Ōntides, æ, m. Meleager, the son of Oëneus.
Ōntinasūs, i, m. the son of Mars, and king of Elis and Pisa.
Ōuōne, es, f. a nymph of mount Ida, and mistress of Paris.
Ōnōpia, æ, f. the island Ægina.
Ōnotria, æ, f. an ancient name of Italy.
Ōnus, i, m. a river in Germany, hod. Inn.
Ōta, æ, m. a mountain in Thessaly.
Ōgyzēs, is, m. a king of Thebes in Boeotia.
Ōgygius, a, um, adj. Theban.

Orneus, *ei, ei, & eds*, m. a king of the *Locrians*.
Orbia, *æ, f.* a town of *Gallia Narbonensis*, *hod. Hieres*: (2) one in *Bithynia*, *id. qu. Nicæa*; (3) one in *Sarmatia*.
Orionos v. us, *i, f. (& -um, n.)* a city of *Achaia*; (2) one in *Etolia*, *hod. Oleno*.
Orionos v. us, *i, m.* a son of *Vulcan* and husband of *Lethæa*.
Olympia, *æ, f.* a place and sacred grove in *Elis*, on the *Alpheus*, where the *Olympic games* were celebrated.
Olympiæcus (*o. -piæus*) *a, um, adj.* of or at *Olympia*, *Olympic*.
Olympus, *i, m.* a high hill between *Thessaly* and *Macedonia*.
Olynthus, *i, f.* a city of *Thrace*, on the border of *Macedonia*, *hod. Olintho*.
Olyssippo (*& -ysipp. Donat.*) *onis*, *f.* a city of *Lusitania*, *hod. Lisbon*, the metropolis of *Portugal*.
Omolæ, *es, f.* a mountain of *Thessaly*.
Omphale, *es, f.* a queen of *Lydia*, whose slave *Hercules* became for love.
Opiâia, *drum, pl. n.* sacrifices in honor of the goddess: *Ops*.
Opheltes, *æ, m.* the son of *Lycurgus* king of *Nemea*, slain by a serpent.
Ophissæ, *æ, f.* an island on the coast of *Spain*, *hod. Formentera*.
Opiet, *drum, pl. m.* a people of *Italy*.
Opis, *is, f.* one of *Diana's nymphs*.
Opiatrigum, *i, n.* a town of *Venice* in *Italy*, *hod. Oderzo*.
Oppidânus, *i, m.* a poet of *Anazarbus* in *Cilicia*: he wrote five books of fishing and four of hunting.
Ops, *Opiæ, f.* the daughter of *Cælus* and *Vesta*, and the sister and wife of *Saturn*: also called *Cybele*, *Rhea*, & *Mater Deum*.
Opus, *untis, f. (ac. ta.)* a city in *Locris*, *hod. Talandi*.
Orbilius, *i, m.* a severe schoolmaster.
Orcades, *um, pl. m.* the islands of *Orkney*, North of *Scotland*.
Orchâmus, *i, m.* a king of *Assyria*, who buried his daughter *Leucothea* alive, for lying with *Phæbus*.
Oræas, *ædis, (& pl. -ædes, um.) f.* nymphs of *Diana's* train.
Orestes, *is, m. (& æ.)* the son of *Agamemnon* and *Clytemnestra*: he slew his own mother, and *Ægisthus* her adulterer: he was the faithful friend of *Pylades*.

Orgia, *drum, pl. n.* rites of *Bacchus*.
Oricos, *i, f. (& -um, i, n.)* a sea-port in *Epirus*.
Oriens, *ntis, m.* the East.
Orion (*& O.*) *onis, m.* a giant, slain by *Diana*, and made a constellation after death.
Orithya (*quadrizyl.*) *æ, f.* the daughter of *Erectheus*, and mistress of *Boreas*.
Orôles, *æ, m.* a king of *Parthia*, who poured melted gold into the throat of *Crassus*.
Orontes, *æ, m.* (1) a river of *Syria*, rising in mount *Libanus*, and running by *Antioch* into the sea; (2) a companion of *Æneas*.
Orpheus, *ei & eds, m.* a *Thracian* poet, the husband of *Eurydice*.
Oriygia, *æ, f.* an ancient name of the isle of *Delos*; (2) an island near *Sicily*; (3) a grove near *Ephesus*; (4) *Diana*.
Osci, *drum, pl. m.* the ancient people of *Italy*.
Osi, *drum, pl. m.* a people near *Danuburg* in *Germany*.
Ostris, *is, m.* the son of *Jupiter* and *Nioûe*, murdered by his brother *Typhon*. He was a famous deity with the *Egyptians*.
Ossa, *æ, m.* a mountain in *Thessaly*.
Ostin, *æ, f.* a city at the mouth of the *Tiber* in *Italy*.
Otho, *onis, m.* (1) the eighth Roman emperor; (2) a tribune of the people, and author of the *Roscan law*, which divided the seats of the equestrian order from those of the *Senators*.
Othryâles, *æ, m.* a *Spartan*, one of 300 who survived the combat with 300 of the *Athenians*, and having raised a trophy, slew himself.
Othrys, *yds, m.* a hill of *Thessaly*.
Oydis, *i, m.* surnamed *Naso*, a Roman poet, banished to *Tomos*.
Oxus, *i, m.* a river of *Bactriana*, falling into *Lake Aral*, *hod. Jihon*.
Oxydrice, *ærum, pl. m.* a people of *India*.

called *Chrysorrhœa*, for its golden sands.
Pæcivius, *i, m.* a tragic poet of *Brundisium* in *Calabria*: several fragments of his are preserved.
Pædus, *i, m.* a river of *Italy*, rising out of the Alps, and by seven months discharging itself into the *Adriatic*: called also *Eridânus*, *hod. Po*.
Pædûas, *æ, f.* an arm of the *Po*.
Pæan, *ænis, m. (ac. æna.)* a name of *Apollo*; (2) a song.
Pæonia, *æ, f.* a part of *Macedonia*.
Pæstum, *i, n.* a city of *Lucania*, called by the *Greeks* *Posidonia*.
Pætus, *i, m.* the husband of *Arria*, *q. v.*
Pægûas, *ærum, pl. f.* a sea-port of *Thessaly*, the port of the *Phæacians*, and where the ship *Argo* was built; *hod. Volo*.
Pælmmon, *onis, m.* (1) the son of *Athamas* and *lno*, called also *Meliceretes*, and by the *Latins* *Portunus*, as the god of mariners: in his honor the *Grecians* celebrated the *Isthmian games*; (2) a conceited grammarian.
Pælestina, *æ, f.* a country of *Asia*, containing *Idumæa*, *Judea*, *Samaria*, and *Galilee*.
Pælmædes, *is, m.* the son of *Nauplius* king of *Eubœa*, said to have invented the three *Greek aspirates*, *phi*, *chi*, *theta*, and the double letter *zeta*.
Pæles, *is, f.* the goddess of husbandry, and feeding cattle.
Pælmîrus, *i, m.* the pilot of *Æneas*.
Pællâllum, *i, n.* a wooden image of *Pallas*, whose eyes seemed to move, and the bulwark of *Troy*, which *Diomedes* and *Ulysses* stole from the temple of *Minerva*.
Pællâdus, *i, m.* a writer on husbandry.
Pællantis, *Idos, (& -tis, ædos.) f.* *Aurora*, the daughter of the giant *Pallas*.
Pællas, *ædis v. ædos, f.* the daughter of *Jupiter's* brain, the goddess of wisdom and arms; and named *Minerva*, *Athênâ*, and *Tritonia*.
Pællène, *es, f.* a peninsula and town of *Macedonia*.
Pælmîra, *æ, f. (ÿ Lab.)* a city of *Syria*, in the deserts of *Arabia*; *hod. Tadmor*.
Pæmphyliæ, *æ, f.* the country of *Asia Minor*, between *Cilicia* and *Lycia*.
Pan, *ænis, m.* the god of *Arcadia*, and of shepherds, hunters, rural sports, &c.; half-man and half-goat.
Pænætus, *i, m.* a *Stoic philosopher*.

P

Pæchynus v. us, *i, f. (& -um, i, n.)* the S. promontory of *Sicily*, *hod. Cape Passaro*.
Pæctolus, *i, m.* a river in *Lydia*,
 (363)

Panchæa, *æ*, *f.* a country of Arabia Felix.

Pandæus, *i*, *m.* a Trojan, who broke the truce between the Trojans and Greeks.

Pandataria (& -ter.) *æ*, *f.* an island in the Tuscan sea.

Pandion, *ōis*, *m.* the son of Erectheus king of Athens.

Pandora, *æ*, *f.* a woman made by Vulcan, to whom every god gave a gift, to make her perfect.

Pandrosos, *i*, *f.* a daughter of Cecrops.

Pangeus, *i*, *m.* (& *pl. æa*, *drum*, *n.*) a mountain in Thrace.

Panisci, *drum*, *pl. m.* small deities of the woods.

Pannōnes, *um*, *pl. m.* (& -*nil*, *drum*, *m.*) the people of

Pannonia, *æ*, *f.* a large country, *hod. part* of Hungary, and Sclavonia.

Panormus, *i*, *f.* the capital of Sicily, *hod. Palermo*.

Pantégias, *æ*, *m.* a river in Sicily, *hod. Porcari*.

Panthēon, *i*, *n.* a temple in Rome, consecrated to all the gods; *hod. S. Maria Rotundo*.

Panthōides, *æ*, *m.* Euphorbus, the son of Panthoüs.

Paphlāgōnes, *um*, *pl. m.* Paphlagonians.

Paphlāgōnia, *æ*, *f.* a country in Asia Minor.

Pāphos (*v. -us*), *i*, *f.* a city of Cyprus, *hod. Baffo*.

Pārmōnium, *i*, *n.* a town and port of Africa, forming the limit of Egypt on the west.

Parca, *æ*, (*sed freq. -æm*, *drum*, *i*.) *f.* the poetical Fates or destinies, daughters of Erēbus and Nox; called Clotho, Lachēs, and Atropos; who, severally, held the distaff, drew the thread of human life, and cut it off.

Paris, *Idis*, *m.* the son of Priam and Hecuba, whose abduction of Helena to Troy occasioned the Trojan war.

Parisi, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people and city of Celtic Gaul, *hod. Paris*, the metropolis of France.

Parma, *æ*, *f.* a city of Italy, south of the Po and the small river Parma.

Parmōnion, *ōis*, *m.* a general under Alexander the Great.

Parnēus (*v. -nassus*), *i*, *m.* a mountain in Phocia, on the south-east side of which stood Delphi.

Pāros, *i*, *f.* one of the Cyclādes.

Parrhāia, *æ*, *f.* a city of Arcadia.

Parrhāsius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Arcadian.

Parthēnōpe, *es*, *f.* the city of Naples in Italy.

Parthēnōpe, *es*, *f.* one of the Sirens.

Parthia, *æ*, *f.* a country of Asia near the Caspian Sea. The Parthian Empire extended over a great part of Asia, and made itself formidable to the Romans.

Parthus, *i*, *m.* a Parthian.

Pārthiāa, *es*, *f.* the daughter of Sol, and wife of Minos king of Crete: she brought forth the Minotaur, partly man and partly bull.

Pārthea, *æ*, *f.* the daughter of Jupiter, one of the three Graces, called also Aglaia.

Pāthra, *æ*, *f.* a city of Lycia, *hod. Patara*.

Pāthreus, *ei* & *ēs*, *m.* a title of Apollo.

Pāthvium, *i*, *n.* the city of Padua in Italy.

Pāter, *at, æ*, *m.* Jupiter or Jove. **Pathmos** (*v. Patm.*) *i*, *f.* one of the Sporādes.

Patroclus, *i*, *m.* a Grecian, the son of Menætiſ, and friend of Achilles; slain by Hector.

Paulus, *i*, *m.* vid. *Æmilii*.

Pausānias, *æ*, *m.* (1) a Lacedæmonian commander; (2) a noble Lacedæmonian youth, who killed king Philip; (3) a geographer, the scholar of Herōdes Atticus.

Pædum, *i*, *n.* a town of Italy near Rome.

Pēgāis, *Idis*, *f.* a fountain-Nymph or Naiad, in *pl. the Muses*.

Pēgāos (*v. -us*) *i*, *m.* (1) a poetical winged horse, sprung from the blood of Medūsa; (2) a constellation.

Pelasgi, *pl. m.* an ancient race, remarkable for civilization, and who settled in various quarters, particularly in Greece and Italy.

Pelasgia, *æ*, *f.* a name given to Greece, especially the Peloponnesus, from the Pelasgi who settled there.

Pelasgiæ, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Pelasgian, Grecian.

Pēlus, *ei* & *ēs*, *m.* the son of *Æacus*, and king of Thessaly.

Pēlias, *Idis*, *adj. f.* of Achilles.

Pēlias, *æ*, *m.* the son of Neptune and Tyro, and king of Thessaly.

Pēlides, *æ*, *m.* Achilles, the son of Peleus.

Pēlignī, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people near Sulmo in Italy, *hod. Abruzzo*.

Pellon, *i*, *n.* a mountain in Thessaly.

Pella, *æ*, *f.* a chief in Macedonia.

Pēloptas, *æ*, *m.* a Theban general.

Pēlōponnēsiacus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Peloponnesian.

Pēlōponnēus, *i*, *f.* a peninsula of Greece, including all the country south of the isthmus of Corinth, *hod. the Morea*.

Pēlops, *ōpis*, *m.* the son of Tantalus.

Pēlōrus, *i*, *m.* the Eastern promontory of Sicily, *hod. Capo di Faro*.

Pēlūsium, *i*, *n.* a city in Egypt.

Pēnēa, *Idis*, *f.* Daphne, the daughter of

Pēnēus, *i*, *m.* a river in Thessaly near the mouth of which is the vale of Tempe. It flows into the sea between Ossa and Olympus.

Pēnēōpe, *es*, *f.* the daughter of Icarus, and wife of Ulysses.

Pēnthēsiāa, *æ*, *f.* an Amazonian queen.

Pentheus, *ei* & *ēs*, *m.* the son of Echion and Agave.

Pēpārēthos, *i*, *f.* an island in the *Ægean* sea, *hod. Piperi*.

Percōte, *es*, *f.* a city of Troas.

Perdiccas, *æ*, *m.* one of Alexander's captains.

Perdix, *icis*, *m.* the nephew of Dædalus, turned into a partridge.

Perga, *æ*, *f.* a city of Pamphylia in Asia.

Pergāmus, *i*, *f.* (& -*ma*, *drum*, *pl. n.*) (1) the citadel or (2) the city of Troy; (3) a city near the coast of Mysia, below Troas, where parchment (hence called charta Pergamena) was either invented or else greatly improved.

Pērinder, *dri*, *m.* the last king of Corinth, and one of the seven wise men of Greece.

Pēricles, *is*, *m.* a statesman, who governed Athens forty years.

Pērillus, *i*, *m.* an artist who made, and first suffered in, a bull of brass, heated by order of Phalaris the tyrant.

Pērinthus, *i*, *f.* the capital of Thrace, called also Heraclea *hod. Pantiro*.

Pērīpātēti, *drum*, *pl. m.* the followers of Aristotle.

Pērnessus, *i*, *m.* a river in Boeotia, rising from mount Helicon.

Pēro, *ūs*, *f.* the daughter of Cimon; she suckled her father in prison.

Persæ, *drum*, *pl. m.* inhabitants of Persia, Persians.

Pērseis, *Idis*, *f.* the daughter of Perseus.

Pērēphōne, *es*, *f.* vide Proserpina.

Pērēpōlis, *is*, *f.* a royal city of Persia, the residence of her kings, *hod. Estakar*.

Perseus, *is*, *m.* a king of Ma-

cedonia, subdued by *P. Emilius*.
Perseus, ei & eds, m. (ac. ea & eum,) the son of *Jupiter* and *Danaë*, to whom *Mercury* gave a falchion, with wings for his feet, and *Minerva* an agis.
Persia, æ, f. (& -ia, *Idis*.) a country of *Asia*.
Persicus, a, um, adj. *Persian*.
Persinus, the *Persian gulf*.
Persius, i, m. (A.) *Flaccus*, a *Roman satirist* and philosopher who flourished in the time of *Nero*.
Pertinax, ælis, m. (*Pub. Helvius*) the nineteenth emperor of *Rome*.
Pérusia, æ, f. a city of *Etruria*.
Pessinus (& *Pést. ap. Ptol.*) untis, m. v. f. a city in *Phrygia*.
Pétilla, æ, f. a city of *Magna Græcia* in *Italy*.
Petrôcili, drum, pl. m. a people of *Aquitaine*, hod. *Perigord*.
Petrônus, i, m. a name of several *Romans*; (2) *Arbiter*, master of *Nero's* revels.
Peuce, es, f. an island at the mouth of the *Ister*.
Phæaces, um, pl. m. the people of *Corcyra*.
Phædon, ðnis, m. a man of *Elis*, and scholar of *Socrates*.
Phædra, æ, f. the daughter of *Minos* king of *Crete*, by *Pasiphaë*.
Phædrus, i, m. a freedman of *Tiberius Cæsar*, who wrote a book of fables.
Phæthûsa, æ, f. the daughter of *Phæbus* and *Næara*, and the eldest of *Phæton's* three sisters.
Phæthôn, ontis, m. the son of *Phæbus* and *Clymène*.
Phêlêris, *Idis*, m. a tyrant of *Agri-genium*, in *Sicily*.
Phêlera, æ, f. (v. -ra, drum, pl. n.) one of the three harbours of *Athens*.
Phêlêreus, a, um, adj. of *Phælera*.
Phêlêreus, i, m. vide *Demetrius*.
Phæon, ðnis, m. a youth of *Lesbos* beloved by *Sappho*.
Phêria, æ, f. an island near *Italy*, hod. *Lesina*.
Pharnaces, i, m. the son of *Mithridates* king of *Pontus*, whom *Cæsar* so quickly discomfited, that he wrote, *Veni, vidi, vici*.
Phêros (& -rus,) i, f. an island in the *Nile*, with a light-house.
Pharsalla, æ, f. (-sâ, *Calp.*) a plain in *Thessaly*.
Phæstis *Idis*, f. a city in *Pamphylia*, hod. *Fionda*.
Phâsis, is & *Idis*, f. a river and town in *Colchis*, hod. *Phaso*.
Phêmbos, ea, f. *Sibylla*, the daughter of *Apollo*, and one of the *Sibylls*.

Phêneüs, i, f. (& -on v. -um, i. n.) a lake and town of *Arcadia*.
Phêræ, ærum, pl. f. (i) a town of *Thessaly*, hod. *Jenizar*.
Phêræus, æ, um, adj. of *Phêræ*.
Phêrécýdes, æ, m. a *Syrian philosopher*, and master to *Pythagoras*.
Phêlêicus, a, um, adj. of *Phêlêias*.
Phêdias, æ, m. an *Athenian* statu-ary.
Phêladelphis, æ, f. a city of *Egypt*.
Phêladelphus, i, m. *Ptôlémæus*, a king of *Egypt*, who founded a great library at *Alexandria*; he caused the *Old Testament* to be turned into *Greek* by seventy-two *Jews*, hence called the *Septuagint*, i. e. 70.
Phêlêni, drum, pl. m. two patriotic *Carthaginian* brothers.
Phêlammon, ðnis, m. the son of *Apollo*, and a famous poet and musician.
Phêlêtas, æ, m. an elegiac poet of *Cos*; a severe critic, and preceptor to *Ptolemæus Phêladelphus*.
Phêlippêus, a, um, adj. of *Phêlippi*, drum, pl. m. a city of *Macedonia*, hod. *Filippo*.
Phêlippicæ orationes, *Demosthênes'* orations against *Philip* king of *Macedon*; (2) *Cicero's* orations against *Antony*.
Phêlippôpolis, is, f. a city of *Thrace*, hod. *Filippopolis*.
Phêlippus, i, m. *Philip* king of *Macedon*, father of *Alexander the Great*; (2) (*M. Jul.*) the *Arabian*, twenty-ninth emperor of *Rome*.
Philo, ðnis, m. *Judæus*, born of *Jewish* parents at *Alexandria*.
Philôstêtes, æ, m. the son of *Pæas*: he lighted *Hercules'* funeral pile.
Philôdêmus, i, m. an *Epicuræan* philosopher and poet.
Philômêla, æ, f. the daughter of *Pandion* king of *Athens*.
Philostratus, i, m. (1) an orator at *Rome* in the reign of *Nero*; (2) his son, secretary to *Julia* wife of *Severus*; he wrote the several *Lives* in *Greek* still extant.
Philîrides (& *Phill.*) æ, m. *Chiron*, the son of *Philyra*.
Phineus, ei, m. a king of *Arcadia*, or of *Paphlagonia*.
Phlêgêthôn, ontis, m. one of the five infernal rivers.
Phlegra, æ, f. a city of *Campania*.
Phlegras, æ, m. the son of *Mars* and king of the *Lapithæ*.
Phocæa, æ, f. a city of *Ionia* in *Asia Minor*, hod. *Focchia Vecchia*.
Phôclon, ðnis, m. an *Athenian* general.

Phôcis, *Idis*, f. a country of *Greece* north and west of *Boeotia*; now forming part of *Livadia*.
Phœbas, ðlis, f. the priestess of *Apollo*.
Phœbe, es, f. the sister of *Phœbus*.
Phœbigêna, æ, m. *Æsculapius*, the son of *Apollo*.
Phœbus, i, m. a name of *Apollo* or *Sol*.
Phœntes, es, (& -cia, æ,) f. a country of *Asia*: *Phœnicia*.
Phœnices, um, pl. m. the *Phœnicians*, reputed the first sailors, and inventors of letters.
Phœnissa, æ, f. a woman of *Phœnicia*.
Phœræ, antis, m. (1) one of the companions of *Æneas*; (2) a *Thessalian*, the son of *Lapitha*; a robber: he challenged the gods, and was slain by *Apollo*.
Phorcýnis (& *cys*) *Idos*, f. *Medûsa*, the daughter of *Phorcus*.
Phôrônîa, *Idis* v. *Idos*, f. *Io*, the grand-daughter of *Phoroneus*.
Phosphôrus, i, m. the day or morning star.
Phrâstês, is, m. a king of *Parthia*.
Phrygia, æ, f. a country of *Asia Minor*: it was divided into the *Greater* and *Lesser*.
Phrygiæ, a, um, adj. *Phrygian*, *Trojan*.
Phryne, es, f. a rich courtesan of *Athens*.
Phryx, ýgis, m. a *Phrygian* or *Trojan*.
Phryxus (v. -ix,) i, m. the son of *Atthamas* and *Nephêlê*.
Phthia, æ, f. a town and district in *Thessaly*.
Phthioticus & *Phthius*, a, um, adj. *Thessalian*.
Phýcus, untis, m. a promontory of *Cyrène*, hod. *Rusato*.
Phýlêce, es, f. a town in *Thessaly*.
Phyllis, *Idis*, f. the daughter of *Sithon* king of *Thrace*, changed into an almond-tree.
Picentes, um, pl. m. the people of *Picenum*.
Picentia, æ, f. the capital of *Picenum*, hod. *Vicenza*.
Picentinus (& -cenus,) a, um, adj. of *Picenum*.
Picëum, i, n. a country on the East coast of *Italy*.
Picti, drum, pl. m. the *Picts*, a people of *Britain*.
Pictônes, um, pl. m. the people of *Positum* in *France*.
Picus, i, m. the son of *Saturn*, and grandfather of *Latinus*; a king of *Italy*, changed into a woodpecker.
Pîeria, æ, f. a district of *Mace-*

donia, where Jupiter begat the Muses.
Pleris, *Idis*, (æ. r. ri) one of the nine Muses, called
Plerides, um, pl. f. the nine Muses; (2) daughters of Pierus, turned into magpies for vying with the Muses.
Plerius, a, um, adj. of the Muses, *Pierian*.
Plumus, i, m. the god of conjugal auguries and education of children; he was an ancient king of the Rutuli.
Pimpla, æ, f. a mountain of Bœotia, near Hælicon, sacred to the Muses.
Pimplea, æ, f. (& -læ, *Idis*, f.) another Muse.
Pinarius, i, m. a priest of Hercules.
Pindarus, i, m. a Theban, and chief of the nine Lyric poets; viz. Alceus, Alcan, Anacreon, Bacchylides, Ibycus, Pindarus, Sappho, Simonides, and Stesichorus.
Pindus, i, m. a mountain of Thessaly. The range of Pindus forms the western boundary of this country.
Piræus, ei & eös, m. The principal one of the three harbours of Athens, *hod. Porto Leone*.
Phæne, es, f. a fountain in Acrocorinthus, sacred to the Muses.
Phithous, i, m. the son of Ixion, husband of Hippodamia, and friend of Theseus.
Pisa, æ, f. a city of Elis, on the Alpheus.
Pisa, ærum, pl. f. a city in Italy, *hod. Pisa*.
Pesaurum, i, n. a city in Italy, *hod. Pesara*.
Pisidia, æ, f. a country in Asia Minor.
Pisistratus, i, m. an Athenian, absolute at Athens: he founded the first library there.
Piso, ñis, m. a Roman, head of the Calpurnian family.
Pitho, ñs, f. the goddess of eloquence or persuasion.
Pithecus, i, m. a philosopher of Mitylene, and one of the seven wise men of Greece.
Pitheis, *Idis*, f. Æthra, the daughter of Pitheus.
Pityusæ, ærum, pl. f. an island near Spain, *hod. Yviga*.
Placentia, æ, f. a city in Italy, *hod. Placenza*.
Planiaria, (v. n. s.), æ, f. an island in the Tuscan sea. *hod. Pianosa*.
Platæa (v. -læ), ærum, pl. f. a city of Bœotia, where Pausanias defeated the army of Mardonius.
Plato, ñis, m. an Athenian philosopher, the son of Ariston and Peractonia.
Platades (& -lei. *trisy.*), um, pl. f. seven stars near Taurus, and

Aries, called also Vergilæ; they were daughters of Atlas and Pleione.
Pleuron, i, n. a city of Ætolia, *hod. Bozichistran*.
Plinius, (Caius) Secundus, i, m. surnamed Major, or the elder, a Roman philosopher, naturalist, &c. (2) Cæcilius, surnamed Junior, a Roman orator, &c. nephew of the elder Pliny.
Plutarchus, i, m. an historian and philosopher, of Charonea in Bœotia, in the time of Trajan: he wrote many Lives and moral treatises.
Pluto, ñis, m. the son of Saturn, and brother of Jupiter and Neptune; he was king of hell.
Plutus, i, m. the god of wealth, and the son of Jasion, or Jasionus, by Ceres.
Pollalrus, i, m. a famous Greek physician, son of Æsculapius: (2) a Rutulian on the side of Æneas.
Pœni, ærum, pl. m. (1) a people of Africa, near Carthage; (2) per synecd. the Carthaginians.
Pœnicus (& nus), a, um, adj. Punic, Phœnician, Carthaginian, African.
Pœmon, ñis, m. an Athenian, reformed by Xenocrates, whom he succeeded.
Pœntia (& Poll.), æ, f. a city of Liguria.
Pœlorcetes, æ, m. a surname of Demetrius.
Pollio, ñis, m. (Asinius) a Roman orator, friend of Augustus, patron of Virgil, and consul, A. U. C. 714.
Pollux, ñis, m. the twin brother of Castor, famous for boxing, as his brother was for horsemanship.
Polyænus, i, m. a Macedonian writer, who wrote eight books of military stratagems.
Polybius, i, m. an historian of Arcadia, and friend of Scipio Africanus: part of his history of the Greeks and Romans is extant.
Polyclitus, i, m. a statuary.
Polycrates, is, m. a tyrant of Samos.
Polydæmas (& Pyl.), antis, m. the son of Panthous, and son-in-law of Priam: he betrayed Troy to the Greeks.
Polydorus, i, m. a son of Priam and Hecuba.
Polyhymnia, æ, f. one of the nine Muses.
Polyommestor, ñis, m. a king of Thrace.
Polyntes, is, m. the son of Œdipus, and brother of Eteocles.
Polyphæmus, i, m. a Cyclop and giant, a son of Neptune, with

only one eye, and that in the middle of his forehead.
Polyxena, æ, f. the daughter of king Priam, betrothed to Achilles, and sacrificed at his tomb.
Polyxo, ñs, f. a woman of Lemnos, and priestess of Apollo.
Pomæia, æ, f. a city of the Volsci.
Pomona, æ, f. the goddess of gardens and fruit-trees.
Pompeianum, i, n. Cicero's country-seat at Nola, twelve miles from Naples.
Pompeii, ærum, pl. m. a city of Campania, overwhelmed by an eruption of Vesuvius.
Pompeius (v. pelus), i, m. the name of several Romans; (1) (Cneius) Magnus, Pompey the Great; (2) Cn. his eldest son, defeated by Cæsar at Munda in Spain; (3) Sextus, the younger son of Magnus; defeated in a sea-fight, he fled into Asia, and was there killed.
Pompilius, i, m. vide Numa.
Pomponius, i, m. the name of several Romans; (1) Titus, called Atticus, from learning Greek perfectly at Athens; (2) Mela, a Spaniard and geographer, in the time of Claudius Cæsar.
Pontia, æ, f. (1) an island in the Gulf of Gaëla: the birth-place of Pontius Pilate, *hod. Ponza*; (2) a Roman matron, slain by Octavius Sagitta; (3) the daughter of Pub. Petronius, and wife of Vectius Bolanus.
Ponticus, a, um, adj. of Pontus.
Ponticus, i, m. an heroic poet, friend of Propertius and Ovid.
Pontius, i, m. (1) a commander of the Samnites; (2) Pilatus, procurator of Judæa, when Jesus Christ was crucified.
Pontus, i, m. (1) the Euxine, (i. e. hospitable) or Black, sea; (2) a country of Asia Minor, *hod. Bulgaria*.
Poppilius (v. o.), i, m. Lænas, a client and assassinator of Cicero.
Poppæa, æ, f. Sabina, the wife of Rufus Crispus, and afterwards of Nero.
Populifugium (v. li), i, n. the anniversary of the flight of the Romans from the Tuscans, kept July 5th.
Populonia, æ, f. (& -um, i, n.) a city of Tuscany. The modern Piombino is near its site.
Porcia, æ, f. the daughter of Marcus Percius Cato of Utica, and wife of Brutus.
Porphyrion, ñis, m. one of the giants that opposed the gods

Porphyrius, i, m. a *Tyrian philosopher, the scholar of Longinus and Plotinus: he wrote against the Christians.*
Porſenna (v. enna), m, m. a king of *Etruria, who took Tarquin's part against the Romans.*
Portūnus (v. umnus), i, m. a god of the sea.
Portus, ūs, m. a port; (1) *Hercūlis, in Calabria, hod. Tropea*; (2) *Hercūlis Monaci, in Liguria, hod. Monaco*; (3) *Magnus, in Africa, hod. Marzagliuer*; (4) *Romānus, on the Tiber, near Rome, hod. Porto*; (5) *Veneris, near the Pyrenees, hod. Porto Venere.*
Pōrus, i, m. a king of *India, defeated by Alexander the Great.*
Præneste, is, n. (& -tes, is, f.) a city of *Italy, south east of Rome, hod. Palestrina.*
Prænestinus, a, ūm, adj. of *Præneste.*
Prætūli, ōrum, pl. m. a people of *Italy.*
Praxiteles, is, m. a *statuary and writer of Magna Græcia.*
Priamides (& -ri.), m, m. a son of *Priam.*
Prīamus, i, m. the son of *Læonædon, and last king of Troy, slain by Pyrrhus the son of Achilles.*
Prīapus, i, m. the son of *Bacchus and Venus; the keeper of lakes and gardens.*
Prīene, es, f. a city of *Ionia, in Asia Minor.*
Priscianus, i, m. a *grammarian of Cæsarea, in time of Justinian.*
Privernum, i, n. a town in *Italy near Naples, hod. Piperno.*
Prōbus, i, m. (M. Aur.) the 40th emperor of *Rome.*
Prōcas, m, in. the 14th king of *Alba.*
Prōchŷta, m, f. an island in the *Tuscan Sea, hod. Proclita.*
Prōconnessus (& -onē. ap. Prisc.), i, f. an island in the *Propontis, famous for marble; hod. Marmora.*
Prōcōpius (-rō, ap. Sidon.), i, m. a *Greek historian of Cæsarea in Palestine, who wrote the history of the wars of Justinian. He was secretary to Belisarius.*
Procris, is, f. the daughter of *Erechtheus, and wife of Cephalus.*
Procrustes, is, m. a robber of *Attica, who stretched his short, and shortened his tall, captives, to the size of an iron bedstead.*
Prōcilleus, i, m. a *Roman knight in favour with Augustus.*

Prōcyōn, ōnis, m. the less dog-star, which rises *July 15th.*
Proetides, um, pl. f. the daughters of
Prætus, i, m. a king of the *Argives, petrified by a sight of Gorgon's head.*
Progne, es, f. the daughter of *Pandion king of Athens, wife of Tereus king of Thrace, and sister of Philomela; turned into a swallow.*
Prōmētheus, ei, m. the son of *Iapetus and Clymēne: he stole fire from heaven, and was chained to Caucasus, as a punishment, where a vulture or eagle fed continually on his liver.*
Prōmēthides, m, m. *Deucalion the son of Promætheus.*
Præptertius, i, m. (Sextus Aurelius,) an elegiac poet of *Umbria.*
Præpōntis, Idis, f. the sea between the *Hællæspont and the Thracian Bosporus; hod. Sea of Marmora.*
Præserpina (& ō), m, f. the daughter of *Jupiter and Ceres, and ravished by Pluto out of Sicily.*
Prōtāgōras, m, m. a scholar of *Democritus.*
Prōtēllāus, i, m. a *Grecian, slain by Hector. He was the first that was slain on the disembarkation of the forces.*
Prōteus, ei & eōs, m. a sea-god, foretelling future events, and able to assume any shape.
Prōsa, m, f. a city of *Bithynia, hod. Bursa.*
Prūsias, m, m. a king of *Bithynia, to whom Hannibal fled after his overthrow.*
Prōlēmaia, Idis, f. (1) a city of *Cyrène, hod. Toloneta*; (2) one in *Phanicia, hod. Acre.*
Prōlēmeus, i, m. (1) the name of the *Egyptian kings after Alexander the Great*; (2) an astronomer and geographer of *Alexandria.*
Publius, i, m. a prenomen or first name of many Romans.
Pūnicus, a, um, adj. *Punic, Phœnician, Carthaginian; treacherous, false, faithless.*
Pupienus, i, m. colleague of *Balbīnus, the 21th emperor of Rome.*
Puppius, i, m. a *Roman tragical poet.*
Purpurāria, ōrum, pl. f. two islands *W. of Mauritanian.*
Pūteoli, ōrum, pl. m. a city of *Campania in Italy, hod. Puzzuolo.*
Pygmæi, ōrum, pl. m. a people only three inches high. *Placed by some in Egypt; by others in Thrace, and elsewhere.*
Pygmālion, ōnis, m. the son of

Belus king of Tyre, who murdered Sichæus, his sister Didō's husband.
Pylides, m, m. the friend of *Orestes.*
Pyramon, ōnis, m. a *Cyclop.*
Pyræmus, i, m. a river in *Asia Minor, hod. Malmisre*; (2) a *Babylonian youth, in love with Thise.*
Pyræne, es, f. the daughter of *Bebrus, defied by Hercūles.*
Pyrænai montes, the *Pyrenees, mountains separating Spain from France.*
Pyrcha, m, f. the wife of *Deucalion.*
Pyrrho, ōnis, m. a *Grecian philosopher, founder of the Sceptics.*
Pyrrhus, i, m. a king of *Epirus, killed at Argos.*
Pythāgoras, m, m. a philosopher of *Samos.*
Pythia, m, f. a priestess of *Apollo.*
Pythia, ōrum, pl. n. games in honor of *Apollo.*
Pythias, m, m. a *Pythagorean, and friend of Damon.*
Pythius, i, m. a name of *Apollo*; (2) a priest of *Pytho* or *Apollo.*
Pytho, ūs, f. the city of *Delphi.*
Pythōn, ōnis, d. g. a serpent shot by *Apollo, hence called Pythius.*

Q

Quadi, ōrum, p. m. a people of *Germany, between Bohemia and the Danube.*
Quinctius (v. int.), i, m. a noble *Alban, founder of the Quintian family.*
Quintilianus, i, m. (M. Fabius) a *Spanish rhetorician at Rome in Domitian's time; he wrote twelve books de Institut. Orator. nunc extant.*
Quintilius, i, m. *Varus, a Roman præfect under Augustus in Germany, where he lost three whole legions.*
Quintillus, i, m. (M. Aur. Cl.) brother of *Claudius the II., and 26th emperor of Rome.*
Quirinalis, e, adj. *Quirinal, Roman.*
Quirinus, i, m. a name of *Romulus.*
Quiris, Idis, (sed freq. -ites, um, pl.) m. (1) the *Curætes* or the *Sabines*; (2) the *Romans.*

R

Rāvenna, *m. f.* a city in Italy, on the Adriatic.

Raurāci (v. -ici), *drum*, pl. *m.* a people of Switzerland about Bâle.

Reāte, *n. indecl.* a town of Italy, *hod.* Rieti.

Rēgilae, *ārum*, pl. *f.* (& -ili, *drum*, *m.*) a town in Italy.

Rēgulus, *i. m.* (Attilius) a Roman consul and general, killed by the Carthaginians in the first Punic war, A. U. 420.

Rēmūs, *i. m.* the twin brother of Romulus, slain in a quarrel between him and his brother.

Rhādāmanthus, *i. m.* a laugiver of Crete, and one of the judges of hell.

Rhēma Sylvia, *m. f.* (called also Ilia,) the daughter of Numitor, and mother of Romulus and Remus.

Rhætia, *m. f.* a country of Germany, *hod.* Tyrol and the Grisons.

Rhamnus, *untis*, *f.* a town of Attica, *hod.* Taurocastro; (2) one in Crete, near Cape Crio.

Rhedōes, *um*, pl. *m.* the people of Rennes in France.

Rhēgium, *i. n.* a city in Italy, opposite Sicily, *hod.* Reggio.

Rhēnus, *i. m.* the river Rhine.

Rhūpæus (v. Ri), *a, um*, adj. *Scythian, Russian.*

Rhūm, *i. n.* (1) the entrance of the Gulf of Corinth, *hod.* Strait of Lepanto; (2) the promontory on the S. side, as Antirrhium on the North.

rhōdānus, *i. m.* a river of Gaul, rising from the Alps, *hod.* the Rhone.

Rhōdius, *i. m.* a Rhodian.

Rhōdōpe, *es*, *f.* a mountain in Thrace.

Rhōdus, *i. f.* Rhodes, an island in the Mediterranean, where was a Colossus or statue of Apollo seventy feet high, one of the seven wonders of the world.

Rhætūm, *i. n.* a promontory near Troy.

Rhætūs (& -tēus), *a, um*, adj. of Rhætūm, Trojan.

Rhoxāne (v. Rox.), *es*, *f.* the daughter of Oxyartes a Persian nobleman, and wife of Alexander.

Robigus (v. Rūb.), *i. m.* a god worshipped in order to keep blasting and mildew from corn.

Rōma, *m. f.* Rome, the capital of Italy, built on the Tiber.

Rōmāni, *drum*, pl. *m.* the Romans.

Rōmānus, *a, um*, adj. Roman.

Rōmulus, *i. m.* the supposed son of Mars, by Ilia a Vestal Virgin; the grandson of Numitor and twin brother of Remus. He laid the foundation of the Roman Empire, as the first king, and reigned thirty-seven years.

Rōmulus (& lēus), *a, um*, adj. of Romulus or Rome, Roman.

Roscius, *i. m.* (1) an excellent actor, and Cicero's teacher; (2) a tribune of the people.

Roxolāni, *drum*, pl. *m.* a people of Scythia, *hod.* Lithuania and Poland.

Rūbi, *drum*, pl. *m.* a town of Apulia in Italy.

Rūbicon, *ōnis*, *m.* a small river, which formerly parted Cisalpine Gaul and Italy, by passing which, Caesar declared war against his country.

Rubricātus, *i. m.* a river of Catalonia in Spain.

Rūdīe, *ārum*, pl. *f.* a sea-port of Calabria, in the bay of Tarentum.

Rūfā (v. -fræ), *ārum*, pl. *f.* a city in Italy, *hod.* Ruvo.

Rūfus, *i. m.* (1) a poet of Bononia, and friend of Martial; (2) vide Curtius.

Ruscīno, *ōnis*, *f.* a town of Gaul, near the Pyrenees, *hod.* Rousillon.

Ruspina, *m. f.* a sea-port town in Africa, *hod.* Susa.

Rūtūli, *drum*, pl. *m.* an ancient people of Italy, under Tivrus.

Rūtūpæ (v. -piæ), *ārum*, pl. *f.* a sea-port on the S. E. coast of Britain.

Rūtūpānus, *a, um*, adj. of Rūtūpæ.

S

Sābe, *es*, (v. -ba, *m.*) *f.* a city and district of Arabia Felix.

Sābens, *a, um*, adj. *Sabean.*

Sābelli, *drum*, pl. *m.* an ancient people of Italy.

Sābellus (& -licus), *a, um*, adj. *Sabellian.*

Sābini, *drum*, pl. *m.* a people of Italy, between the Umbrians & Latins.

Sābis, *is*, *m.* a river in Belgic Gaul, *hod.* Sambre in Flanders.

Saortna, *m. f.* a river which divides England and Wales, *hod.* Severn.

Sācer, *cri*, *m.* a hill near Rome, *hod.* Cesena.

Sacra via, *m. f.* a street in Rome, which led to the Capitol.

Sāguntum, *i. n.* a city in Spain, *hod.* Morvedro.

Sais, *is*, *f.* a city in Egypt, *hod.* Said.

Sala, *m. f.* a town in Africa, *hod.* Sallee.

Sālāmin, (v. -mis), *inis*, *f.* (& -mina, *m. f.*) (1) an island and city of the Ægean sea, near Attica, *hod.* Coluri; (2) a city in Cyprus, built by Teucer the son of Telamon; *hod.* Constantia.

Sālpia, *m. f.* a town in Italy, *hod.* Salpi.

Salassi, *drum*, pl. *m.* a people of *hod.* Piedmont.

Sālentini, *drum*, pl. *m.* the people of the S. E. of Italy, Terra di Otranto.

Sālernum, *i. n.* a town of Picenum, in Italy, *hod.* Salerno.

Sālii, *drum*, pl. *m.* priests of Mars, instituted by Numa.

Sallustius, *i. m.* Crispus, a Roman historian, born at Amiternum, and educated at Rome.

Salmūcia, *idis*, *f.* a nymph who loved Hermaphroditus, and, at her desire, united to his body.

Salmōneūs, *ei & eūs*, *m.* the son of one Ædus of Elis: imitating thunder, he was thunder-struck and sent to hell.

Sālo, *ōnis*, *m.* a river and town in Spain, *hod.* Xalon.

Sālōna, *m. f.* (& -næ, *ārum*, pl.) a town in Dalmatia, *hod.* Spoleto.

Sālus, *ūtis*, *f.* the goddess of health and safety.

Sāmāria, *m. f.* a country and city of Palestine, between Judea and Galilee.

Sāme, *es*, *f.* Cephalonia; vide Samos.

Sāmites, *um*, pl. *m.* a people of Abruzzo in Italy.

Sāmos (v. -us), *i. f.* the name of three islands; (1) an island in the Ionian sea; (2) one in the Icarian sea, *hod.* Samo; (3) third near Thrace commonly called Samothracia.

Sāmoētia, *m. f.* a city in Syria, *hod.* Scempeal.

Sāmothrace, (*es*, & -ācia, *m.*) *f.* an island in the Ægean sea near Thrace, *hod.* Samandracchi.

Sangārius, *i. m.* a river in Phrygia, *hod.* Sangari.

Santōnes, *um*, pl. *m.* (& *i*, *drum*, *m.*) a people of Aquitaine, *hod.* Saintonge, N. of Guienne.

Skpis, is, m. a river in Italy, *hod. Sasio*.
Skpor (v.-dres.) *oris*, m. a name common to several kings of the second Persian empire.
Sappho, ūs, f. a poetess of Lesbos.
Sardānāpīlus, i, m. the last king of Assyria.
Sardīnia, ē, f. an island in the Mediterranean, rich in corn and fruit.
Sardis, is, (&-es, lum, pl.) f. formerly the chief city of Lydia, *hod. Sart*.
Sardōus (&-dus), a, um, adj. of Sardinia, Sardinian.
Sārepta, ē, f. a city of Phœnicia, *hod. Sarphat*.
Sarmāta, ē, c. g. a Sarmatian.
Sarmātia, ē, f. a large northern country, partly in Asia, *hod. Circassia and Tartary*; partly in Europe, containing Poland, Prussia, Lithuania, and part of Russia.
Sarmentus, i, m. a buffoon, of equestrian rank, who made sport at Caesar's table.
Sarnus, i, m. a river of Campania, *hod. Sarno*.
Sārōnīcus sinus, a bay between Attica and Peloponnesus, *hod. the gulf of Engia*.
Sarpēdon, ūis, m. the son of Jupiter and Laodamia; a king of Lycia, and slain by Patroclus.
Sarra, ē, f. the city of Tyre.
Sarrānus, a, um, adj. Tyrian.
Sarrastes, ium, pl. m. a people of Campania.
Sarsina, ē, f. a city of Umbria.
Sātkūla, ē, f. a town of Samnium in Italy, *hod. Caserta*.
Sāūra, ē, f. a lake in Italy.
Sāturnia, ē, f. (1) Juno, the daughter of Saturn; (2) a Roman colony in Etruria; (3) a city of Italy; (4) Italy itself.
Sāturnīni, ōrum, pl. m. a people of Tuscany.
Sāturnus, i, m. the son of Cælus and Terra or Vesta, whom some call his daughter; or, as Plato, of Oceanus and Tethys.
Sāvo, ōnis, m. a river of Campania in Italy, *hod. Saona*.
Saurōmāte, ārum, pl. m. i. g. Sarmatæ.
Sāvus and **Sāūs** (v.-bus.) i, m. a river of Pannonia, *hod. Saave*.
Saxōes, um, pl. m. a people of Germany.
Scæa porta, ē, f. a gate of Troy.
Scævōla, ē, m. vide Mutius.
Scābia, is, m. a river of Belgic Gaul, *hod. Scheidt*.
Scāmānder (v.-drus.) i, m. a river of Troas, rising out of

mount Ida; (2) a son of Hector.
Scandia, ē, f. the island of Scandia or Schonen, beyond the Orkneys.
Scandinavia, ē, f. Sweden, Norway, Denmark, &c.
Scēnitæ, ārum, pl. m. a name given to the Arabians from their living in tents.
Sciāthos, i, f. an island in the Archipelago, *hod. Sciato*.
Scipio, ōnis, m. the surname of a noble family in Rome; first given to P. Cornelius, from his lending about his blind father; he defeated Annibal, and raised Carthage.
Sciron, ōnis, m. a robber slain by Theseus.
Scavi, ōrum, pl. m. a people of Germany.
Scodra, ē, f. a city of Albania in Turkey, *hod. Scutari*.
Scordisci, ōrum, pl. m. a people of Pannonia, *hod. Servians*.
Scōti, ōrum, pl. m. a people of Scotland, Scots.
Scōtia, ē, f. the north part of Great Britain, *hod. Scotland*.
Scōticus, a, um, adj. of the Scots, Scotch, Scottish.
Scyllædum, i, n. (Scyll. ap. Sol. & -yllædon, ap. V. Flac.) a city of Italy, *hod. Squillace*.
Scylla, ē, f. a rock between Italy and Sicily.
Scyros, i, f. one of the Cyclades, in the Archipelago, *hod. S. Giorgio di Scyro*.
Scythæ & -thes, ē, m. a Scythian; in pl. a people of Asia and Europe.
Scythia, ē, f. the country of the Tartars; (2) all Sarmatia; Asiatica, Great Tartary; int. Imatium, Sogdiana; ext. Imatium, Calhai.
Scythicus, a, um, adj. Scythian.
Scythia, idos, f. (&-thissa, ē, f.) a Scythian woman.
Sēgasta, ē, f. a town of Sicily.
Segontiaci, ōrum, pl. m. a people of Britain, *hod. Silcester in Hampshire*.
Segovia, ē, f. a town of Spain.
Sējanus, i, m. the son of Seius Strabo, an equestrian, who was the prime minister of, and afterwards conspired against, Tiberius.
Sēleucia, ē, f. the name of nine cities.
Sēleucus, i, m. one of Alexander's captains, and the founder of the Syrian kingdom.
Sēlinus, untis, f. a town of Sicily.
Sēlymbria, ē, f. a city of Thrace.
Sēmēle, es, f. the mother of Bacchus by Jupiter.
Sēmīrāmis, idia, f. the widow of Ninus king of Assyria.

Sēna, ē, f. Gallia, a town in N. Italy, *hod. Sinigaglia*; (2) one in Tuscany, *hod. Siena*.
Sēneca, ē, m. (1) Marcus Annæus, a Spaniard, Roman knight, and orator, and brother of Gallio, Acts 18, 12; (2) Lucius, his son, and tutor to Nero; he was an orator, philosopher, poet, and historian.
Sēndōes, um, pl. m. a people in Celtic Gaul, who, under Brennus, sacked and burnt Rome, but were defeated by Camillus; their capital city is, *hod. Sens*.
Senta, ē, f. a daughter of king Picus, and wife of Faunus his brother.
Sēquāna, ē, f. a river of Gaul, *hod. Seine*.
Sēquāni, ōrum, pl. m. the people of Burgundy in France.
Sērāpis, is, m. (-h. M. Cap.) a god of the Egyptians.
Sēres, um, pl. m. a people in the E. of Asia, perhaps, Chinese.
Sergestus, i, m. a companion of Æneas.
Sērphus, i, m. one of the Cyclades, *hod. Serpho*.
Sertorius, i, m. a Roman of Marius' party, famous for his military talents, and for the long resistance which he offered in Spain to the Roman arms.
Servius Tullius, i, m. the sixth king of Rome; he reigned forty-four years, and was killed by Tarquinius Superbus.
Sēsotris, is, m. (Sōbat. ap. Aus.) an Egyptian king.
Sestos (v. us.) i, f. a city in the Thracian Chersonesus, opposite Abdydos, *hod. Sesto*.
Sētābis, i, f. (ē. ap. Strabo) a city of Spain.
Sētia, ē, f. a city of Campania.
Sēvērus, i, m. (L. Sept.) the twenty-first Roman emperor: he enlarged the empire, built the Picts' wall in England, and died at York; (2) vide Alexander.
Sibylla, ē, f. one of those women who pretended to be divinely inspired; Varro makes the whole number of Sibyls in the ancient world, at various times, to have been ten.
Sicambri, ōrum, pl. m. a people of Spain, who retired into Gaul, *hod. Guelderland, and Zutphen*.
Sicānia (& Sicā) ē, f. Sicily.
Sicēlis, idia, f. adj. Sicilian.
Sichæus, i, m. a priest of Hercules, and husband of Dido.
Sicilia, ē, f. an island between Africa and Italy.
Sicōris, is, m. a river in Spain, *hod. Segre*.

Stēdū, drum, pl. m. Sicilians.
Stēdūlus, a, um, adj. Sicily, Sicilian.
Steyon, ōnis, f. a city of Peloponnēsus, hod. Basilica.
Stēdētum, i, n. vide Tēknum.
Sidon, ōnis, f. once the metropolis of Phœnicia, hod. Saïda or Seïda.
Sidōnius (& -ō.) a, um, adj. Sidonian.
Sigēum, i, n. a promontory and town near Troy, hod. Jannizari.
Signia, æ, f. a city in Italy, hod. Signi.
Silēnus, i, m. the foster-father and pedagogue of Bacchus; the god of abstruse mysteries and knowledge.
Silures, um, pl. m. the people of S. Wales.
Simæthus, i, m. (1. ap. Ov.) id. qu. Symæthus.
Simois, entis, m. a river near Troy.
Simōndes, æ, m. a poet of Cea, the inventor of the four Greek letters, xi, psi, eta, omēga.
Sinon, ōnis, m. a Greek, who caused the Trojans to take into their city a wooden horse full of armed men.
Sinope, es, f. a city of Pontus, the birth-place of Diogenes the Cynic.
Sinuessa, æ, f. a city of Campania.
Siphnus, i, f. one of the Cyclades, hod. Sifano.
Sipontum, i, n. a town of Apulia, hod. Sponto.
Sylus, i, f. a city and mountain of Maonia.
n, ōnis, f. (v. pl. rēnes, um) tical monsters, partly vīrs, partly fowls; who belled mariners by their songs.
ilo, ōnis, f. a peninsula in lake Benacus, hod. Serlone.
mium, i, n. a city in Hungary, hod. Sirmick.
aspo, ōnis, f. a town in Spain, hod. Almaden.
Sisygambis, is, f. the mother of Darius.
Stēphus, i, m. (1. ap. Theogn.) the son of Æolus; the most crafty prince of the heroic age; he was condemned after death to be ever rolling a great stone to the top of a mountain in hell from whence it again returned.
Sithōnia, æ, f. a part of Thrace.
Sythōnius, a, um, adj. Thracian.
Smilax, ælis, f. a beautiful virgin, slighted by Crocus.
Smintheus, ei & eds, m. a title of Apollo.
Smyrna, æ, f. a maritime city of Ionia in Asia Minor.

Sōcrātes, is, m. an Athenian philosopher, the wisest of men, the son of Sophroniscus, and Panarrēte a midwife.
Sogdiana, æ, f. a country in Asia, hod. Al Sogd.
Sōli, drum, pl. m. a city of Cilicia, the birth-place of Aratus; also of Chrysippus the philosopher, and of Philemon the comic poet.
Sōlon, ōnis, m. one of the seven Grecian sages, and the Athenian lawgiver.
Sōlymæ, ārum, pl. the city of Jerusalem.
Sōphocles, is, m. a Greek tragic poet.
Soracte, is, n. a mountain in Tuscany.
Sparta, æ, (v. -te, -es) f. the capital of Laconia, on the river Eurotas: hod. Palæo Chori.
Spartacus, i, m. a Thracian, a soldier, robber, gladiator, and rebel: he defeated several Roman armies, but was overcome and slain by M. Crassus.
Spartani, drum, pl. m. Spartans.
Spartēnus, a, um, adj. Spartan, Lacedæmonian.
Spartiatēs, æ, m. a Spartan, one of Sparta.
Sperchēos (& -chius), i, m. a river in Thessaly.
Sphinx, gis & gos, f. a monster near Thebes, with the face of a virgin, wings of a bird, body of a dog, and claws of a lion.
Spōletum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. Spoleto.
Spōrādes, um, pl. f. scattered islands in the Archipelago.
Spurinua, æ, m. a mathematician who warned Cæsar to beware of the ides of March.
Stabie, ārum, pl. f. a sea-port town of Campania, destroyed along with Herculaneum and Pompeii by an eruption of Vesuvius.
Stagira, æ, f. a maritime town in Macedonia, the birth-place of Aristotle, hence called the Stagyræ.
Stātius, i, m. (1) Cæcilius, of Gaul, a comic poet, contemporary with Ennius; (2) Papinius, an epic poet of Naples, in the time of Domitian.
Stellatēs Campi, fruitful plains in Campania, hod. Campo Marzone.
Stentor, ōris, m. a Grecian, who had a voice equal to fifty men.
Stērōpe, es, f. one of the Pleiades.
Stērōpes, is, m. the son of Vulcan, and one of the Cyclopes.
Sterquilus (& -linus, Stercilius v. -lius), i, m. the son of Faunus, and the first that manured lands.

Stētychōrus, i, m. a poet of Sicily, about 600 B. C.
Stihōnēlus, i, m. a Grecian general, son of Capaneus.
Stihēndōna, æ, f. the wife of Prætus.
Stilpo, ōnis, m. a philosopher of Megara.
Stōici, drum, pl. m. philosophers so called from the porch in which Zeno, their founder, delivered his lectures.
Strābo, ōnis, m. a Cappadocian, and author of a valuable work on geography, written in Greek.
Strongile, es, f. one of the Lipari islands, hod. Stromboli.
Strōphādes, um, pl. islands in the Ionian Sea, hod. Strivait.
Strōmōn, ōnis, m. a river in Thrace.
Stymphālis (& -ā. ap. Virg.) idis, f. adj. of
Stymphālus, i, f. (& -la, drum, pl. n.) a hill and city in Arcadia.
Styx, ŷgis, m. (ac. -ga) an infernal lake, by which the gods swore.
Suessa, æ, f. a city of Campania, hod. Sessa.
Suētōnius, i, m. (C.) Paulinus, a Roman prefect of Britain under Otho; (2) (C.) Tranquillus, a Roman biographer of the first twelve Cæsars.
Suēvia, æ, f. the country of th Suēvi, drum, pl. m. (& ūē.) nation of Germany, reaching from the Rhine to the Elbe.
Sulmo, ōnis, m. a town of the Peligni in Italy, the birth-place of Ovid.
Sulpicius, i, m. Servius, a friend of Cicero.
Sulpitia (v. -ci), æ, f. a Roman poetess, chaste and virtuous, wife of Calenus.
Sommānus, i, m. a title of Pluto.
Sūnium, i, n. a promontory and port near Athens, hod. Cape Colonne.
Sūperbus, vide Tarquinius.
Surrentum, i, n. a sea-port of Campania; hod. Sorrento.
Sūsā, drum, pl. n. the chief city of Susiana, and the winter residence of the ancient Persian kings, hod. Suster.
Sūsiāna, æ, f. a country between Persia and the Tigris, hod. Chusistan.
Sybaris, is, f. a city of Calabria.
Sybaritæ, ārum, pl. m. inhabitants of Sybaris, proverbial for luxury.
Syēne, es, f. an island and town of Egypt.
Sylla (v. Sulla), æ, m. a Roman quæstor under Marius, with whom he maintained civil war: he was surnamed Felix, from

the success which attended his arms.

Sylvānus, i, m. a god of woods. *Sylvia*, vide *Rhea*.

Symæthus, (& ŷ) i, m. a river in Sicily, hod. *Jarretta*.

Syræmachus, i, m. a Roman orator and prefect under Theodosius.

Sÿphax, ŷcia (ŷ. ap. Claud.) m. a king of Numidia, taken by Scipio in the third Punic war.

Sÿracôsius, a, um, adj. *Syracusan*, Sicilian; pastoral: ars, mechanism, Ov.

Sÿracûse, ŷrum, pl. f. the capital of Sicily, built and inhabited by a colony of Corinthians.

Sÿracûsius, i, m. a *Syracusan*.

Sÿria, æ, f. a large country of Asia.

Sÿrius, ingis, f. (ac.-ga) an Arcadian nymph, turned into a reed.

Sÿrtis, is, (& tes, um, pl.) f. two quicksands in the north coast of Africa, distant from each other 255 miles.

Sÿsigambis, pro *Sisygambois*, q. v.

T

Tabrâca, æ, f. a town and port of Africa near Algiers.

Tæctus, i, m. (1) P. Cornelius, an orator and historian; (2) the thirty-eighth Roman emperor.

Tænâros, i, f. (& -rus, i, m. & -um, i, n. pl. -a, ŷrum) a promontory of Laconia, hod. Cape Matapan.

Tæges, is, (-ŷis, ap. Fest.) m. the son of Genius, who first taught the Tuscans the art of divination.

Tægus, i, m. a river of Portugal, famous for golden sands, hod. *Taio*.

Tælus, i, m. a nephew of Dædalus, who invented the saw.

Tamesis (v. Tha.), is, m. a principal river in England, formed by the rivers Thame and Isis, hod. *Thames*.

Tânŷger, agri, m. a river of Lucania in Italy.

Tânagra, æ, f. a city of Bæotia.

Tânais, is, m. a river dividing Europe and Asia, hod. the Don.

Tantalides, æ, u. (& -lis, idos. f.) a descendant of Tantalus.

Tantælus, i, m. a king of Corinth & Phrygia, who, for disul-

ing the secrets of the gods, was condemned to be placed in hell in the midst of water, and unable to drink; to have fruit suspended over his head which he could not eat; and to be always in fear of a great stone falling on his head.

Taprobâne (& -bā), es, f. an island in the Indian sea, rich in elephants, spices, &c. hod. *Ceylon* or *Sumatra*.

Tarbelli, ŷrum, pl. m. a people of Gaul, between the Garonne and the Pyrenees.

Tarentum, i, n. (& -us, i, f.) a city of Calabria founded by a Spartan colony, hod. *Taranto*.

Tarpela, æ, f. a vestal virgin, the daughter of Tarpeius governor of the Capitol.

Tarquinius, i, m. (1) Priscus, the 5th king of Rome, and son of Demaræus, of Corinth; he added 100 senators to those of Romulus; conquered the Latins and Sabines; and, after 33 years' reign, was murdered by the sons of Ancus; (2) Superbus, the 7th and last king of Rome: he married Tullia, daughter of Servius Tullius, slew his father-in-law, and usurped his kingdom: his son Sextus Tarquinius having ravished Lucretia, the family was expelled, and the government changed from regal to consular; (3) vide *Colatinius*.

Tarracina (& -chl.), æ, f. a city of Italy.

Tarrâco, ŷnis, f. a city in Spain hod. *Tarragona*.

Tarsus (v. -sos), i, f. the metropolis of Cilicia, hod. *Tarsos*.

Tartarus, i, m. (pl. ra, ŷrum, n.) the place of punishment in the lower world.

Tartessus, i, f. a town of Spain, supposed by some to be the same with Hispalis, hod. *Seville*. Others, however, make it an island at the mouth of the river Bætis: and others again, Gades, hod. *Cadiz*.

Tâtus, i, m. a king of the Sabines, but afterwards a partner with Romulus.

Tauri, ŷrum, pl. m. the people of Crim Tartary.

Taurinum, i, n. the city of Turin.

Taurôminium, i, n. a city of Sicily, hod. *Taormina*.

Taurus, i, m. a high mountain chain of Asia.

Tâyŷtus, i, m. (& -a, ŷrum, n.) a mountain of Laconia.

Teânium, i, n. (1) Sklêicium, a city of Campania, in the Apulian way, hod. *Piano*; (2) one in Apulia.

Tectôŷges, um, p. m. (& -gi, ŷrum), a people of Gaul, who,

passing through Greece, settled in Asia Minor, near *Ancyra*.

Tégea, æ, f. (1) a city of Crete, built by Agamemnon; (2) another of Arcadia, hod. *Moklia*.

Tégeæus, a, um, adj. *Arcadian*.

Têium, i, n. & Teos, i, f. a city of Ionia, the birth-place of *Anacreon*.

Têius, a, um, adj. of *Teos*.

Têlâmôn, ŷnis, m. the son of *Æacus*, brother of *Peleus*, companion of *Hercules*, and one of the *Argonauts*.

Têlâmônides, æ, m. (& -nius, i, m.) *Ajax*, the son of *Têlâmôn*.

Têlêŷônus, i, m. a son of *Ulysses* and *Circe*, who slew his father by mistake.

Têlêmâchus, i, m. the son of *Ulysses* and *Penelope*.

Têlêphus, i, m. the son of *Hercules* and *Auge*, cured by the rust of *Achilles'* spear that wounded him.

Têmêse, es, f. a city in Italy, hod. *Torre Loppa*.

Tempe, pl. n. pleasant fields in Thessaly, through which the *Peneus* glides.

Tencteri, ŷrum, pl. m. a people of Germany near the Rhine.

Tênêdos, i, f. a small island and city in the Archipelago near *Sigêum*, hod. *Tenedo*.

Tênœa, i, f. one of the *Cyclades*, famous for the temple of *Nephtis*, hod. *Teno*.

Tentÿra (ŷ. ap. Ov.) ŷrum, pl. n. a city of Egypt.

Terentia, æ, f. the wife of *Cicero*.

Terentius, i, m. (1) M. vide *Varro*; (2) P. Afer, the freedman of *Terentius Lucanus*, author of many comedies, of which six only remain.

Têreus, ei & eds, m. a king of Thrace, who ravished *Phæomele*, sister of his wife *Progne*.

Tergeste, es, f. a city of Istria, hod. *Trieste*.

Terina, æ, f. a sea-port of the *Bruttii* in Italy, hod. *Nucera*.

Termessus, i, f. a city of *Pisidia*.

Terminûs, i, m. the tutelar god of bounds.

Terpsichôre, es, f. one of the nine *Muses*.

Têthys, yds & yls, f. the daughter of *Cælus* and *Terra*, wife of *Oceanus*, and mother of the river-nymphs.

Teuca, æ, f. a martial queen of the *Ilyrians*, who killed *P. Junius* and *T. Coruncæus*, Roman ambassadors.

Teucer, cri, m. the son of *Scamander*, and king of *Phrygia*; (2) son of *Têlâmôn*, and brother of *Ajax*.

Teucri, ŷrum, pl. m. *Trojans*.

Teucra, *æ*, *f.* *Troy*.
Teumēsius (*v. es.*) *i*, *m.* *a mountain of Boetia*.
Teutōnes, *um*, *pl. m.* (& -*ni*, *drum*, *m.*) *a German race who invaded Italy in conjunction with the Cimbri, and were defeated by Marius. The name is thought by some to have been a general one for the whole German race*.
Thāls, *Idis*, *f.* *a courtesan at Athens*.
Thāles, *Stis* & *is*, *m.* *a Milesian, one of the seven sages of Greece: he first foretold a solar eclipse, A. M. 3379*.
Thalestria, *æ*, *f.* (*v. -tris*, *is*, *f.*) *a queen of the Amazons*.
Thāla, *æ*, *f.* *one of the nine Muses*.
Thāmyras, *æ*, *m.* (*v. -ris*, *is*, *m.*) *a musician, who challenged and was overcome by the Muses*.
Thapsus, *i*, *f.* *a maritime town of Africa*.
Thāos *v. us*, *i*, *f.* *an island near Thrace*.
Thaumantias, *Idis*, (& -*tis*, *Idis*) *f. Iris, the daughter of Thau-mas*.
Thēgēnes, *is*, *m.* (1) *an Athenian, who wrote on Homer*; (2) *one surnamed Capnus, i. e. smoke, a great promiser and doing nothing*; (3) *one rich and beneficent to all*.
Thēbæ, *ārum*, *pl.* (& -*be*, *es*), *f.* (1) *a city in Egypt, built by Busiris, and called Heliopolis, and, from its 100 gates, Hecatompylos*; (2) *one in Boetia, built by Cadmus, called Heptapyllos, from its seven gates*; (3) *city of Cilicia*.
thēbais, *Idis*, *f.* (1) *a part of Egypt near Ethiopia, Thebes*; (2) *a Theban woman*; (3) *a poem of Statius on the Theban war*.
thēbæus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *of Thebes, Theban*.
thēmis, *Idis*, *f.* *the daughter of Cælus and Terra, and sister of Saturn*.
Thēmistius, *i*, *m.* *a philosopher and orator in the time of Julian*.
Thēmistocles, *is*, *m.* *the son of Neocles; an Athenian commander, who defeated Xerxes*.
Theocritus, *i*, *m.* *a poet of Syracuse; he wrote 56 idylls in the Doric and Ionic dialects*.
Theōclestes, *æ*, *m.* *a poet and orator, called a polite writer, by Aristotle and Cicero*.
Theōdōrus, *i*, *m.* *a Gadarean, who wished to be called a Rhodian; Tiberius was his constant hearer at Rhodes*; (2) *a philosopher*.
Theōdōsia, *æ*, *f.* *a city of Chersonesus Taurica, hod. Caffa*.

Theōdōtus, *i*, *m.* *a rhetorician, slain by Brutus*.
Theognis, *Idis*, *m.* *a poet of Megara*.
Theōninus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *of Theon*.
Theōphānes, *is*, *m.* *an historian of Mitylene, the biographer of Pompey the Great*.
Theōphrastus, *i*, *m.* *a Peripatetic philosopher and writer, who succeeded Aristotle in his school*.
Theōpōlēmus, *i*, *m.* *one who, with his brother Hērō, robbed the temple of Apollo*.
Theōpompus, *i*, *m.* *a Cnidian orator and historian*.
Theoxēnā, *æ*, *f.* *a Thessalian lady, who, to avoid being taken by Philip of Macedon, leapt into the sea*.
Thēra, *æ*, *f.* *one of the Cyclādes, hod. Santerini*.
Thērāmēnes, *is*, *m.* *an Athenian philosopher, politician, and orator, killed by poison*.
Thērānne (& -*apne*), *es*, *f.* *a city of Laconia*.
Thermæ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* (*i. e. baths*), *a name of several cities, in the vicinity of which were hot springs*; (1) *one in the north-west of Sicily on the river Himēra, hod. Termini*.
Thermalicus sinus, *the gulf of Thessalonica, hod. Salonichi.
Thermōdon, *ontis*, *m.* (1) *a river of Cappadocia*; (2) *one in Thrace*.
Thermopylæ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* *straits between Thessaly and Phocis, where Leonidas opposed the Persians*.
Thēsēus, *eī* & *ēds*, *m.* *the son of Ægeus king of Athens by Æthra*.
Thēstides, *æ*, *m.* *Hippolytus, the son of Theseus: in pl. the Athenians*.
Thespiæ, *ārum*, *pl. f.* *a city of Boetia*.
Thespis, *is*, *m.* *an Athenian poet, the inventor of tragedy*.
Thessālia, *æ*, *f.* *Thessaly, a country of Greece*.
Thessālis, *Idis*, *f.* *adj. Thessalian*.
Thessālōnica, *æ*, *f.* *a city of Macedonia, at the head of the Sinus Thermaicus. Its previous name was Therma, hod. Saloniki*.
Thessālus, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *Thessalian*.
Thēstīdes, *æ*, *m.* *Calchas, the son of Thestor*.
Thētis, *Idis* & *Idos*, *f.* (1) *the daughter of Neptune, or of Nereus; wife of Pelæus king of Thessaly, and mother of Achilles*; (2) *the sea*.
Thisbe, *es*, *f.* *the mistress of Pyramus*.
Thēas, *antis*, *m.* *a king of Tau-**

ris, before whom Orestes and Pylades were brought.
Thūmyris, *is*, *f.* *a queen of Scythia, who took prisoner Cyrus the Great, and cut off his head*.
Thrāces, *um*, *pl. m.* *Thracians, the people of*.
Thrācia, *æ*, *f.* *the most eastern country in the S. of Europe, hod. Romania*.
Thrācius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *Thracian*.
Thrāseæ, *æ*, *m.* *Pæus, a Roman senator and patriot*.
Thrāsius, *i*, *m.* (& -*eas*, *æ*, *m.*) *a noted soothsayer*.
Thrāsībūlus, *i*, *m.* *an Athenian, who expelled the thirty tyrants*.
Thrēcius, *Thrāsias*, & *Thresus*, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *Thracian*.
Thūcydides, *is*, *m.* (*v. æ*, *m.*) *an Athenian historian, the son of Olorus*.
Thūle, *es*, *f.* *a remote northern island, either Iceland, or Shetland, called by seamen Thylen-sel*.
Thūrii, *drum*, *pl. m.* (& -*lumi*, *n.*) *a district and town of Magna Græcia*.
Thuscia, *æ*, *f.* *Etruria in Italy, hod. Tuscany*.
Thyās, *ādis*, *f.* *a priestess of Bacchus*.
Thyātra, *æ*, *f.* *a town of Lydia, near the river Lycus; hod. Ak-hissar*.
Thyestes, *æ*, *m.* *the son of Pelops, and brother of Atreus, whose wife he defiled*.
Thymbra, *æ*, (& -*re*, *es*) *f.* *a place in Troas, where Apollo had a temple*.
Thyōneūs, *eī* & *ēds*, *m.* *a title of Bacchus*.
Tiber (& -*bēris* *v. -lbris*), *ēris*, *m.* *a river in Italy, called at first Albūla*.
Tībērias, *ādis*, *f.* *a city of Gallies, hod. Tabaria*.
Tībērinus, *i*, *m.* *the son of Capæ-tus, and ninth king of Alba, drowned in the river Albūla, thence called Tiberinus or Tiber*.
Tībērius, *i*, *m.* (-*ē*, *ap. Sid.*) *the third Roman emperor*.
Tibiscus, *i*, *m.* *a river in Germany, hod. Teisse*.
Tibullus, *i*, *m.* *Albius, an elegiac Latin poet*.
Tibur (& *Ty.*) *ēris*, *n.* *a city near Rome, on the Anio, hod. Tivoli*.
Tiburnus, *i*, *m.* *the son of Amphiaræus, and brother of Catilius*.
Ticinum, *i*, *m.* *a town in the N. of Italy, near the mouth of the Ticinus, hod. Pavia*.
Ticinus, *i*, *m.* *a river in Italy running into the Po, hod. Tesino*.
Tifāta, *æ*, *f.* (& -*ph.*) *a mouse*

tain of Campania in Italy, hod. Caserta.
Tiferus, i, m. a river of Naples in Italy, hod. Tiferno.
Tigræa, is, m. a king of Armenia the Greater, and the son-in-law and city of Mithridates.
Tigris, is & Idis, m. a river in Asia, parting Mesopotamia and Assyria.
Tigürin, drum, pl. m. the people of Zurich in Switzerland.
Tímæus, i, m. a Pythagorean philosopher.
Tímægæus, is, m. a rhetorician and historian of Alexandria.
Tímævus, i, m. a river of Italy at the head of the Adriatic.
Timoleon, ontis, m. a Corinthian, the deliverer of his country.
Timon, onis, m. an Athenian, called Misanthropus, or, man-hater.
Timophanes, is, m. the brother of Timoleon.
Timotheus, i, m. (1) the son of Conon; (2) a musician of Macedonia.
Tingi, is, n. (v.-gis, f.) a town of Mauritania, hod. Tangier.
Tinia, æ, f. a river in Italy, hod. Topino.
Tiphys, yds, m. the pilot of the ship Argo.
Tiræias, æ, m. a blind soothsayer and prophet of Thebes.
Tiro, onis, m. a freedman of Cicero, said to have invented the art of writing in ciphers.
Tiryas, yuthis, f. a city of Peloponnesus, the birth-place of Alcmena.
Tirynthius, i, m. an epithet of Hercules.
Tirynthius, a, um, adj. Tirynthian.
Tisaphææ, es, f. one of the Furies.
Titan, ænis, m. (v.-ænis, i.) the son of Cæus and Vesta, and elder brother of Saturn.
Titænes, um, pl. m. the Titans, sons of Titan and Terra, who warred against Jupiter.
Titænia, æ, f. a daughter of Titan.
Tithonus, i, m. the brother, or, as others, the son, of Laomedon, with whom Aurora fell in love.
Titus, i, m. the son of Vespasian, and the eleventh Roman emperor, called the delight of mankind.
Titurus, i, m. a shepherd in Virgil.
Tityüs, i, m. the son of Terra, a giant struck with thunder by Jupiter.
Tispölämus, i, m. the son of Hercules and Ascyöche, slain by Serpædon.

Timolus, i, m. a mountain of Phrygia.
Tölösa, æ, f. a city of Gaul, hod. Thoulouse.
Tolpäkeum, i, n. a town in Belgic Gaul, hod. Zulpich.
Torquatus, i, m. Titus Manlius, a Roman, thrice consul, and thrice dictator, who beheaded his son for a want of discipline.
Trächin, inis, (&-yn, ynle), f. a city of Thessaly.
Trachönlis, Idis, f. a region of Palestine.
Trajanus, i, m. the 14th emperor of Rome, a Spaniard by birth, and called by the Senate Optimus Princeps.
Tralles, ium, pl. a city in Asia Minor.
Träpæus, untis, f. a city of Pontus in Asia Minor, hod. Trebisond.
Träsymænus (v.-süm.) i, m. a lake near Perugia in Tuscany, where Hannibal defeated the Romans.
Tröbätius, i, m. a Roman knight, soldier, and lawyer, and the friend of Cicero and Horace.
Tröbellius Maximus, i, m. a covetous governor of Britain.
Tröbia, æ, f. a river of Italy near Placentia, famed for a victory which Hannibal here gained over the Romans.
Tröbönus, i, m. a conspirator with Brutus and Cassius against Julius Cæsar.
Triballi, drum, pl. m. a people of Mæzia, hod. Bulgaria.
Tribocci, drum, pl. m. a people of Germany about Strasburg.
Tricca, æ, f. a town in Thessaly, hod. Tricala.
Tridentum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. Trent.
Triästerica, drum, pl. n. a festival to Bacchus every three years.
Trimonthum, i, n. a city of Thrace, called also Philippopolis.
Trinacria, æ, f. Sicily, so called from its three promontories or triangular form.
Trinacrius, a, um, adj. Sicilian.
Trinöbantes, um, pl. m. a people of Britain, about Middlesex, Essex, and Hert's.
Triöckla, (&-ch.) æ, f. a city in Italy, hod. Troccoli.
Tripölis (i. ap. Ar.), is, f. (1) a city in Phœnicia; (2) a district of three cities in Thessaly; (3) another in Laconia; (4) a country and city of Africa, between the Syries.
Triptölæmus, i, m. the son of Cælus, king of Eleusis in Attica.
Triquetrus, a, um, adj. Sicilian.

Trition, onis & onos, m. (1) Neptune's trumpeter, the son of Neptune and Amphitrite, partly man, partly fish, and partly horse; (2) a lake and river in Africa.
Tritionia, æ, f. (&-onis, Idis, f.) a name of Minerva.
Trivia, æ, f. Diana, having three faces, as Luna in heaven; Diana on earth, and Hecätë in hell; or as presiding over trivia.
Tröäa, ädis, f. a country in Asia Minor, near the Hellespont called also Phrygia Minor.
Trocmi, drum, pl. m. a people of Galatia.
Troæen, onis, f. a city of Peloponnesus, hod. Trezina.
Trogldöyte, ärum, pl. m. a people of Ethiopia, near the Arabian gulf, who live in caves.
Troja (&-öla), æ, f. (1) a city of Asia Minor; (2) the country of Phrygia.
Trojanus, Tröicus (&-öius), a, um, adj. Trojan.
Tröilus, i, m. a son of Priam and Hecibæ.
Tröphönus, i, m. a Boeotian, who gave oracles in a vault or cave, and was worshipped in Boeotia.
Trës, öis, m. (1) the third king of Phrygia Minor, from him called Troy; (2) a Trojan.
Trossüllum, i, n. a town of Tuscany, hod. Tresso.
Truentum, i, n. a river and town in Picenum.
Trütölensis portus, Sandwich, or Richborough, in Kent.
Tucca, æ, m. a Roman poet, who (with Plotius and Varius) corrected Virgil's Æneid.
Tüder, eris, n. (&-ertum, i, n.) a town of Umbria, hod. Todi.
Tullia, æ, f. the wicked daughter of Servius Tullius, and wife of Tarquinius Superbus; (2) a daughter of Cicero.
Tullöla, æ, f. put endearingly for Tullia, the daughter of M. T. Cicero.
Tullius, vide Servius.
Tullus Hostilius, i, m. the name of the third Roman king.
Tünes, ötis, m. (&-ëtum, i, n.) a city of Africa, hod. Tunis.
Tungri, drum, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul near Tongres.
Turdüll, drum, pl. m. the people of Granada in Spain.
Turnus, i, m. a king of the Rutulians, and the rival of Æneas.
Türönes, um, pl. m. a people of Gaul, whose capital was Cassodanum, hod. Tours.
Tuaci, drum, pl. m. Tuscanæ, Etrurians.
Tuscia, æ, f. the country of Tuscany in Italy.
Tuscüllänensis, æ, &-änis, a

um,) adj. of or at *Tusculum*, *Tusculan*.

Tusculum, i, n. a city of Italy, near Rome, where Cicero had a villa, *hod. Frascati*.

Tyberina, æ, f. a city of *Cappadocia*.

Tybris, pro *Tibris*, q. v.

Tyndáridæ, árum, pl. m. *Castor* and *Pollux*, the sons of *Leda* wife of *Tyndárus*.

Tyndáris, ídii, f. *Helen* the daughter of *Tyndárus*.

Tyndárus (v.-reña), i, m. a king of *Lacedæmon*, and the husband of *Leda*.

Týphoeüs, ei & eös, m. a giant, the son of *Titan* and *Terra*, who fought against the gods.

Týphon, ónis, m. a giant, the son of *Terra*.

Týra (v.-ras), æ, m. a river of *Sarmatia* in Europe, *hod. Dnieper*.

Týrins, a, um, adj. *Tyrian*.

Týros, i, f. *Tyre*, a city of *Phœnicia*, famous for its commerce.

Týrrhénia, æ, f. the country of *Etruria* or *Tuscany*.

Týrrhénus, a, um, adj. *Tuscan*.

Týrrheüs, ei & eös, m. a herdsman of king *Latinus*.

Týrtæus, i, m. an ancient poet of *Athens*.

V

Vaccæi, órum, pl. m. the people of *Æon* in Spain.

Vácúna, æ, f. the goddess of rest and ease.

Vága, æ, f. a city of *Africa Propria*, on the river *Rubricatus*, famed for its trade.

Váleus, entis, m. the first Roman emperor of the East, i. e. of *Constantinople*.

Válériánuš, i, m. the thirty-third Roman emperor.

Válérius, i, m. (1) *Poplicola*, a Roman senator and patriot; (2) *Flaccus*, a poet of *Padua* or of *Setia*; (3) *Maximus*, a scholar, soldier, and writer of *Memorabilia*.

Vandáli, órum, pl. m. the *Vandals*, a tribe of barbarians from the North, dispersed over Germany, Italy, France, Spain, &c.

Vangiónes, um, pl. m. a people of *Belgic Gaul* near *Worms*.

Várius, i, m. a Roman epic poet, highly praised by *Quintilian*.

Varro, ónis, m. the name of several Romans; (2) (*M. Teren-*

tius) a learned Roman, friend of *Cicero*, and voluminous writer.

Várus, i, m. (1) *Quintilius*, a prefect of *Cisalpine Gaul*; he lost his life and three legions in Germany; (2) a friend of *Marial*; (3) a river between France and Italy, *hod. the Var*.

Vascones, um, pl. m. a people of Spain, between the *Iberus* and *Pyrenees*, *hod. Navarre*: a part of *Aquitain* is from them called *Gascogne*.

Váticánuš (& -ti.), i, m. one of the hills of Rome.

Váttilius, i, m. a Roman noted for his scurrilous language.

Vébil, órum, pl. m. a people of Germany, *hod. Cologne*.

Véclégom, ontis, m. a Trojan, who kept the gates of Troy.

Vectia, is, f. (& -ta, æ,) the isle of Wight.

Veil (dissyl. & -ei.), órum, pl. m. a city of *Etruria*, taken by *Camillus*.

Velia, æ, f. a sea-port town in Italy, *hod. Castel di Brucca*.

Véltius lacus, a lake in Italy, *hod. Lago di Piediluco*.

Véltre, árum, pl. f. a city of the *Volsci* in Italy.

Véltius (v.-ei.) i *Vitércúš*, i, m. a Roman historian and soldier, in the time of the emperor *Tiberius*.

Vellocaſses, ium, pl. m. a people of Normandy, about *Rouen*.

Vénáfrum, i, n. a city of *Campania* in Italy, famed for its olives and oil.

Véndi, órum, pl. m. (1) a people of Gaul, about *Vannes*; (2) the *Venetians*, in Italy.

Vénus, íris, f. (1) the goddess of love and beauty.

Vénúšia, æ, f. v. ium, i, n. (ũ *Juv.*) a city of *Apulia*, *hod.*

Vén-æ. It was the birth-place of *Horace*.

Vercelle, árum, pl. f. a city of Italy, *hod. Vercelli*.

Vértia, útis, f. the daughter of *Saturn*, and patroness of virtue.

Veromandui, órum, pl. m. a people of the *Vernandois* in France.

Véróna, æ, f. a city of Italy, on the river *Atesia*.

Verres, is, m. a Roman pretor in Sicily infamous for his extortions. He was accused by *Cicero*, on behalf of the *Sicilians*, and went into voluntary exile in order to avoid the sentence which threatened him.

Vertumnus, i, m. a Roman deity, the god of change, and graceful under every form.

Vésévuš (& -úvius), (*Vé. Sil.*) i, m. a volcanic mountain in

Campania; here the elder *Pliny* perished.

Vésévuš, a, um, adj. of *Vesuvius*.

Vesontio, ónis, f. the chief city of the *Segudni*, *hod. Besançon*.

Vespásiánuš, i, m. T. *Flavius*, the tenth Roman emperor.

Vesta, æ, f. (1) the goddess of fire; (2) the goddess of earth.

Vestáles virgines, *Virgins* obliged by vow to chastity, and greatly revered: but, if unchaste, buried alive.

Vestui, órum, pl. m. a people of Italy, east of the *Sabines*, and bordering on the *Adriatic*.

Vésúli, i, m. a mountain in the chain of the *Maritime Alps*; *hod. Monte Vio*. It gives rise to the river *Po*.

Vetónes (& ec.). um, pl. m. a people of Spain.

Ufens, ntis, m. a river of *Latium*.

Vibius, i, m. (*Virtus*), a senator and patriot of *Capua*; (2) *Crispus*, an orator, attendant on *Domitian*.

Vienna, æ, f. (1) a city in *Savo*, *hod. Vienne*.

Vindélici, órum, pl. m. a German nation whose capital was *Augusta Vindelicorum*, *hod. Augsburg*.

Virbius, i, m. a son of *Hippolytus*, restored to life by *Æsculapius*. According to others, he was the same with *Hippolytus*.

Virgilius, i, m. (P.) *Maro*, *Virgil*, the prince of Latin poets, born at *Andes*, a small village near *Mantua*.

Virgínia, æ, f. a Roman virgin, daughter of *Lucius Virginius*, a Roman centurion, and whose death caused an edict to be put to the decemviral power.

Viriáthus (& -tus), i, m. a Spanish shepherd, hunter, soldier, and general, who fought against the Romans.

Virtus, útis, f. a Roman goddess: her temple led to that of *Honor*.

Vistula (v. *Vist.*) æ, f. a river of Poland, dividing Germany and Sarmatia.

Visurgis, is, m. a river in Germany, *hod. the Weser*.

Vitellius, i, m. the ninth Roman emperor, put to death in the eighth month of his reign.

Vitruvius, i, m. an engineer and architect in the time of *Julius* and *Augustus* *Cæsar*: ten of his books are extant.

Ulpíánuš, i, m. a Tyrian by birth, and lawyer in the reign of *Alexander Severus*.

Ulbære, árum, pl. f. a town of *Campania* in Italy.

Ulysses, is, m. the son of *Lætes*, and king of *Ithaca*: he went to the siege of *Troy*.

Umbri, drum, pl. m. the people of

Umbria, æ, f. a spacious country of *Italy*.

Umbro, onis, f. a river of *Tuscany*, hod. *Ombrone*.

Vocontii, (& -cun.) drum, pl. m. a people of *Gaul* about *Dauphiné*.

Vogesus, i, m. a mountain of *Belgic Gaul*, between the *Saguntini* and *Lingones*, hod. *Vosges*.

Volsaterræ, ærum, pl. f. a city of *Tuscany*, hod. *Volterra*.

Volsus, i, m. a consul of *Asia* under *Augustus*, brutally cruel.

Volsi, drum, pl. m. a people of *Latium*.

Volscus, a, um, adj. *Volscian*.

Volsinii, drum, pl. m. a city of *Etruria*, hod. *Bolsena*.

Vomanius, i, n. (& -us, i, m.) a river of *Picenum* in *Italy*.

Vopiscus, i, m. *Flavius*, a biographer of some of the *Roman* emperors.

Urania, æ, (& -ie, es), f. one of the nine *Muses*, who presided over *astronomy*.

Urpætes, um, pl. m. a people of *Germany*.

Ustica, æ, f. a mountain in *Italy*.

Utica, æ, f. a city of *Tunis* in *Africa*, hod. *Satcor*.

Utiensis, is, m. a name given to the second *Cato*, from his having killed himself at *Utica*, after the battle of *Thapsus*.

Vulcanilla, um & drum, pl. r. a feast, Aug. 22, in honor of *Vulcan*.

Vulcanius, a, um, adj. of *Vulcan*.

Vulcanus, i, m. the son of *Jupiter* and *Juno*, as *Phurnutus*, or of *Juno* alone, as *Hesiod*. He was *Jupiter's* founder, and with his servants, the *Cyclops*, he forged *Jupiter's* bolts, *Achilles' arms*, &c.; see *Mulciber*.

Vultur, ūris, m. a mountain of *Apulia*.

Vulturum, i, n. (& -us, i, m.) a town and river of *Campania*, hod. *Voltorno*.

Uxellodūnum, i, n. a town of *Gaul*.

X

Xanthippus (& -ti.) i, m. a Spartan commander, who assisted the *Carthaginians* in the first *Punic* war, and defeated and took prisoner *Regulus*.

Xanthus, i, m. a river near *Troy*, called also *Scamander*.

Xantippe, es, f. the wife of *Socrates*.

Xenocrates, is, m. a philosopher of *Chalcedon*, and one of *Plato's* scholars; he succeeded *Speusippus* in his school.

Xenophanes, is, m. a philosopher of *Colophon*.

Xenophon, ontis, m. a scholar of *Socrates*, an officer under *Cyrus* the younger, and an elegant writer and historian.

Xerxes, is, m. (& m.) a king of *Persia*, son of *Darius* the second: he invaded *Greece*, but was defeated.

Z

Zacynthus, i, f. an island in the *Ionian* sea, hod. *Zante*.

Zaleucus, i, m. a lawgiver of *Locris*.

Zama, æ, f. an inland town of *Africa*, where *Scipio* gained a

(405)

victory over *Hannibal*, hod *Zamora*.

Zancle, es, f. a city in *Sicily*, also called, at a later period, *Messana*.

Zeno, ōnis, m. a citizen of *Citium* in *Cyprus*, and founder of the *Stoics*.

Zēnobia, æ, f. the wife of *Odenatus* king of *Palmyra*.

Zēnōdōtus, i, m. (1) a grammarian and librarian of the first *Ptolemy* at *Alexandria*, and tutor to his sons; (2) another grammarian of *Alexandria*, who criticised *Homer*, and wrote against *Plato*.

Zēphyrum, i, n. a promontory in the lower part of *Italy*, hod. cape *Bureano*.

Zēthes (v. -tes), is, m. the son of *Boreas* and *Orithyia*, and brother of *Calais*.

Zēthus (v. -tus), i, m. the twin brother of *Amphion*.

Zeugma, ūtis, f. a city of *Syria*.

Zeuxis, idis, m. a painter of *Heraclæa*.

Zioberia, is, n. a river of *Asia*, near the *Caspian* sea.

Zōllus, i, m. a grammarian of *Amphipolis*, called *Homermastix*; he also carpied at the writings of *Plato*, and other approved authors; (2) any snarling critic.

Zōpȳrus, i, m. (1) a Persian nobleman, who by stratagem delivered *Babylon* to his master *Darius*; (2) a physiognomist, who pronounced *Socrates* to be naturally passionate and ill-tempered.

Zōroāstres, is, m. a king of the *Bactrians*: he first studied magic, astronomy, and the *Chaldean* arts; (2) a friend of *Cyrus* the Great.

Zōsimus, i, m. a Greek historian in the time of *Theodosius* the younger. He wrote the history of the *Roman* emperors from the age of *Augustus* to the beginning of the fifth century.

Zyras, æ, m. a river of *Mæsia* that runs into the *Euxine*, hod. *Varne*.

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